# Douglas County School District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



### Douglas County School District Re 1

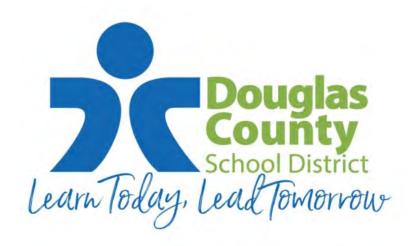
620 Wilcox Street Castle Rock, CO 80104 www.dcsdk12.org Douglas County School District learn lodgy, lead lomorrow

### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

620 Wilcox Street Castle Rock, Colorado 80104

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



# Corey Wise INTERIM SUPERINTENDENT

Prepared by: Office of Business Services

Jana L. Schleusner and Colleen Doan Acting Co-Chief Financial Officers

> Jana L. Schleusner Director of Finance



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### **Table of Contents**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Board of Education	8
Leadership Team	9
Organization Chart	10
Mission and Vision	11
Letter of Transmittal	13
ASBO International Certificate of Achievement	18
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	19
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	22
Management's Discussion and Analysis	25
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	41
Statement of Activities	42
Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	44
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Government-wide Statement of Net Position	45
Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	46
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	47
Duomi etem. Fund	
Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position	48
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	49
Statement of Cash Flows	50
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	51
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	52
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Notes to the Financial Statements	53
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Combined General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	88
Fund 22 - Budgetary Comparison Schedule	89
Defined Benefit Pension Plan Schedules	
Schedule of the District's Contributions - PERA	90
Schedule of the District's Proportionate - Share of the Net Pension Liability	92
Schedule of the District's Contributions - OPEB	94
Schedule of the District's Proportionate - Share of OPEB Liability	96
Supplementary Information	
Combined General Funds	
Comparative Balance Sheet	100
Combining Balance Sheet	101
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	102

**DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2020

### **Table of Contents**

CIAL SECTION (continuea)
Supplementary Information (continued)
Combined General Funds (continued)
Schedule of Expenditures by Object - Budget and Actual
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Fund 21 - Nutrition Services Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Fund 23 - Pupil Activity - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Fund 26 - Athletics and Activities Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Fund 28 - Nutrition Services Non-National School Lunch Program (NSLP) Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Fund 29 - Child Care Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Fund 39 - Certificates of Participation Lease Payment Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund
Fund 22 - Comparative Balance Sheets.
Fund 22 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Bond Redemption Fund
Fund 31 - Comparative Balance Sheets.
Fund 31 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Building Fund
Fund 41 - Comparative Balance Sheets
Fund 41 - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Internal Service Funds
Combining Balance Sheet

### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### **Table of Contents**

### FINANCIAL SECTION (continued) **Supplementary Information** (continued) Internal Service Funds (continued) Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position..... 131 Combining Statement of Cash Flows 132 Fund 65 - Medical Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position 133 Fund 66 - Short Term Disability Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. 134 Fiduciary Fund Fund 75 - Private Purpose Trust Scholarship—Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual..... 136 Component Units (Charter Schools - Discretely Presented) Combining Statement of Net Position 138 Combining Statement of Activities.... 143 STATISTICAL SECTION (unaudited) Listing of Statistical Information 151 Net Position by Component..... 152 Change in Net Position 154 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds 156 Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds 158 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property..... 160 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates.... 162 Principal Property Tax Payers ..... 163 Property Tax Levies and Collections..... 165

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type .....

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding

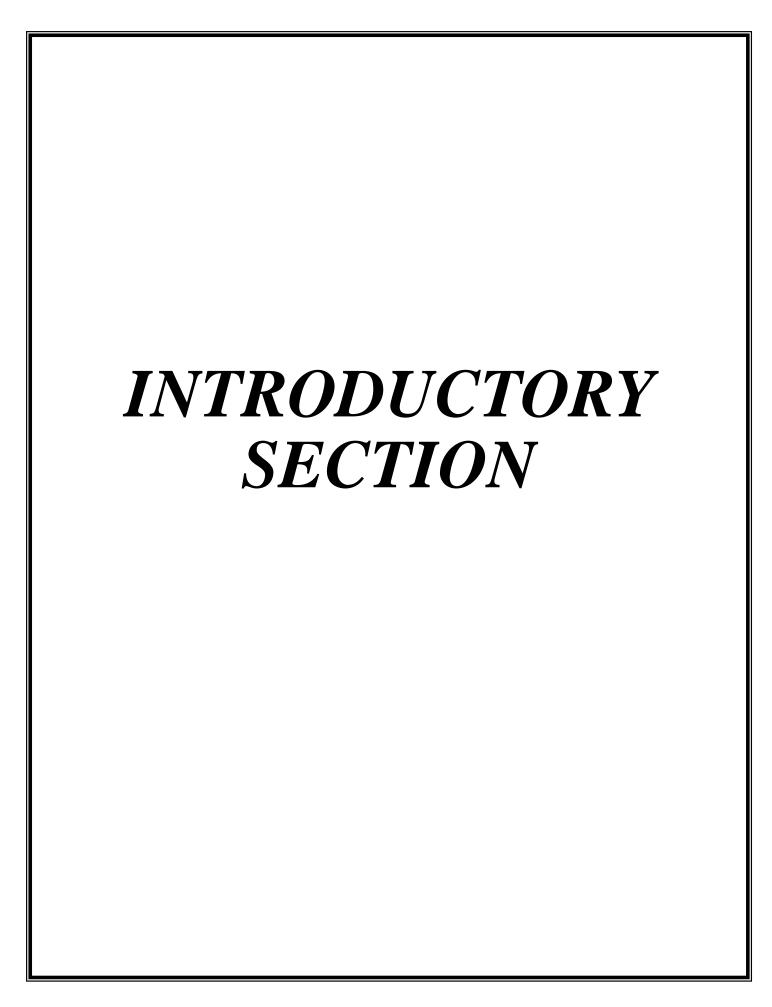
166

168

**DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1**Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2020

### **Table of Contents**

STATISTICAL SECTION (unaudited continued)	
Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt	169
Legal Debt Margin	174
Demographic and Economic Statistics.	176
Principal Employers	177
Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program FTE	178
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	180
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	182
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures	184



### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### **Board of Education**

### **Mission Statement**

The Douglas County School District Board of Education serves as the link between the school system and the community, setting the policies that allow students to acquire the knowledge, skills, and dispositions to be responsible citizens who contribute to our society.



From left to right: Anthony Graziano, Kevin Leung, Susan Meek, David Ray, Krista Holtzmann, Elizabeth Hanson, and Christina Ciancio-Schor

Name	<b>Position/District</b>	<b>Term Expires</b>
David Ray	President – District F	2023
Krista Holtzmann	Vice President – District G	2021
Susan Meek	Director - District A	2023
Anthony Graziano	Director – District B	2021
Elizabeth Hanson	Secretary – District C	2023
Christina Ciancio-Schor	Director – District D	2021
Kevin Leung	Treasurer – District E	2021

### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### **Leadership Team**

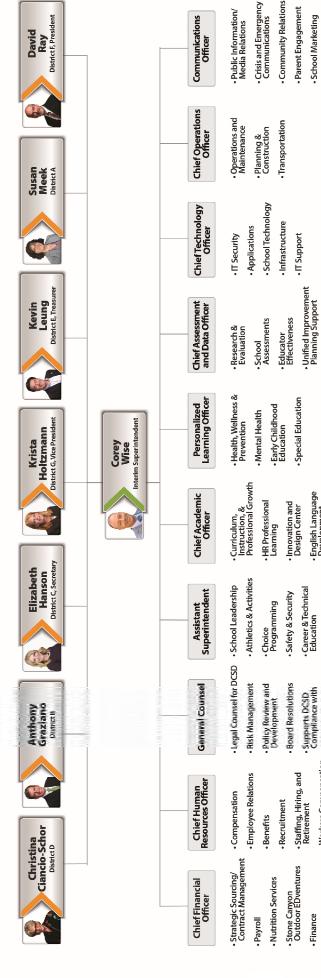
# Corey Wise Interim Superintendent



### **Superintendent Cabinet**

Richard Cosgrove Marlena Gross-Taylor Nancy Ingalls Mary Klimesh Ted Knight Kate Kotaska Stacy Rader Matt Reynolds Gautam Sethi Amanda Thompson Chief Operations Officer
Chief Academic Officer
Personalized Learning Officer
General Counsel
Assistant Superintendent
Chief Financial Officer
Communications Officer
Chief Assessment and Data Officer
Chief Technology Officer
Chief Human Resources Officer

# DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT





School Marketing

 English Language Development Gifted Education Senior Volunteer Program

State and Federal Laws Impacting Employees and the Workplace

-LEO and Title IX Legal Requirements

Workers Compensation

 Finance Budget • B.A.S.E.

ADA/Employee Accommodations Processes

-State and Federal Laws Impacting Students

Information Systems

Facilities Rentals

Represent and Support DCSD Related to OCR, EEDC, CCRD and CDE Complaints

Contract and Intergovernmental Agreement Review and Negotiation

Colorado Open Records Act (CORA) Requests/ Responses

Student Records Requests/Responses

Truancy Matters

- Coordinates DCSD Legal Services with Outside Legal Counsel

Litigation, including Administrative Hearings

Employee Health and Wellness Substitute Office Unemployment

### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### Mission and Vision

### **MISSION**

The mission of the Douglas County School District is to provide an educational foundation that allows each student to reach his or her individual potential.

### **VISION**

The Douglas County School District (DCSD) strives to maximize the potential of every student to pursue his or her chosen endeavor in society, including but not limited to postsecondary education, career, or military service.

### **Board of Education End Statements**

### I. Academic Excellence

- A. All students have equitable access to a Douglas County public school that promotes growth in their cognitive, physical, social and emotional needs and builds on their strengths.
- B. Academic expectations are clearly articulated and supported with an appropriate curriculum that includes contents, scope and sequence.
- C. Every student has equitable opportunity to acquire the knowledge and skills that will ensure performance at his/her highest individual potential.
- D. A diverse set of educational options are provided, which enables students to pursue different post-secondary options (e.g. college, career and technology education, independent living, military or direct entrance into the workforce).
- E. Students graduate with acquired content and cultural knowledge, workforce readiness, interpersonal skills, civic responsibility, global awareness, independent living and an understand of the essentials for health and wellness. (Approved at the March 20, 2018 Board of Education Meeting)

### II. Outstanding Educators and Staff

- A. Quality educators and staff have been recruited, developed, supported, retained and celebrate.
- B. A positive, growth-oriented performance assessment system has been identified, adopted, and implemented.
- C. Research-based professional development opportunities are consistently provided, reflect best practices, allow for innovation, and promote lifelong learning.
- D. Communication between and among students, parents, community, educators and staff is frequent, collaborative, and helpful.
- E. Educations and staff are valued and given multiple opportunities for their voices to be heard. (Approved at the May 8, 2018 Board of Education Meeting)

### III. Safe, Positive Culture and Climate

- A. A purposeful focus on creating a caring, safe, fun, supportive, and positive learning and working environment for all students, district employees, parents, and community is manifest throughout the district.
- B. There is clear evidence and a common understanding of the shared belief that all students can succeed when given a safe and caring learning environment. To that end:
  - 1. District employees, parents, and community work collaboratively, proactively and responsibly to ensure the psychological wellbeing of all students.
  - 2. A focused level of teamwork and professional development is on-going among district employees, community, and law enforcement agencies to ensure the physical safety of students, district employees and visitors.
- C. Behavior Expectations are clearly articulated, supported, and taught.
- D. Multiple communication systems are available and used by students, district employees, parents, and community to ensure all voices are heard.
  - (Approved at the August 7, 2018 Board of Education Meeting)

### DOUGLAS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RE.1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2020

### Mission and Vision

### **Board of Education End Statements (Continue)**

### IV. Collaborative Parent, Family, and Community Relations

- A. Parents, guardians, families, and community members partner with each other and the District to empower students to maximize their individual educational experience.
- B. Collaboration with community, business, government, educational, and organizational leaders is sought to provide opportunities for students to create positive change and provide service in our community.
- C. Schools are the center of community learning, entertainment and gathering.
- D. Multiple effective pathways for communication are available to all parents, guardians, families, community members, and district employees and are conducted with respect and kindness.

  (Approved at the September 18, 2018 Board of Education Meeting)

### V. Financial Well-Being

- A. The Board of Education and all district employees are good stewards of the financial resources belonging to the district on behalf of students and taxpayers.
- B. All district funds and expenditures are handled equitably, efficiently, transparently, responsibly, and purposefully to maximize the benefit for all students.
- C. All district fiscal transactions are legal, ethical, and appropriate in keeping with district regulations and goals.
- D. Long-term financial stability and accountability has been established, maintained, and actively monitored in order to accomplish Board of Education End Goals.

  (Approved at the October 2, 2018 Board of Education Meeting

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



Mr. Corey J. Wise Interim Superintendent

November 13, 2020

District Citizens and Members of the Board of Education Douglas County School District (DCSD) RE.1 Castle Rock, Colorado 80104

It is our pleasure to submit to you the Douglas County School District RE. 1 (the District or DCSD) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. State law requires that all local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of DCSD management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect District assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Under provisions of Article 29-1-603, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1973, an independent public accounting firm must perform an annual audit of the District's accounts. CliftonLarsonAllen LLP Certified Public Accountants have issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditors' report is located immediately following this letter of transmittal. The independent audit of the District's financial statements also includes the federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis involving the administration of federal awards. The results of the District's single audit for the period ending June 30, 2020, are reported in a separately issued report.

U.S. GAAP requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement

the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A of the Douglas County School District can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

### **Profile of the District**

The District's boundaries are largely coterminous with those of Douglas County with just a small portion of the District located in Elbert County. The District is located immediately south of the Denver metropolitan area along the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and includes the towns of Castle Rock, Sedalia, Parker, Franktown and Larkspur; the cities of Lone Tree and Castle Pines, and the unincorporated area of Highlands Ranch. The District encompasses approximately 867 square miles and has a population of about 370,000 in Douglas County in addition to a small population in Elbert County. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of each of these funding sources.

The District provides a full range of PreK-12 educational school programs and services for 67,305 students including basic education in elementary, middle and senior high schools, online educational options, vocational education, home schooled student support, and other opportunities for personalized learning designed to meet the unique needs of each individual student. About 1,958 of these students enroll in one of DCSD's online learning schools, eDCSD or HOPE Online. Both online schools enroll students from kindergarten through twelfth grade offering a valuable alternative to the traditional education environment. The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Education (the Board or BOE), whose members are elected by the qualified electors within the District's boundaries. General duties which the Board is empowered to perform include employing and compensating all personnel necessary to maintain operations and carry out the educational programs of the District; adjusting attendance boundaries; establishing annual budgets; determining the educational programs carried on in the schools of the District; and prescribing the textbooks of any course of instruction or study in such educational programs.

The District includes as discretely presented component units eighteen (18) charter schools; Academy Charter School, American Academy with three sites - one in Castle Pines and two located in the Town of Parker, Ascent Classical Academy of Douglas County, Aspen View Academy, Ben Franklin Academy, Challenge to Excellence Charter School, DCS Montessori Charter School, Global Village Academy-Douglas County, HOPE Online Learning Academy Co-Op, Leman Classical School, North Star Academy, Parker Core Knowledge, Parker Performing Arts School, Platte River Academy, Renaissance Secondary School, SkyView Academy, STEM School and Academy, and World Compass Academy.

Charter schools are public schools approved by the DCSD Board of Education and authorized by the State of Colorado to provide alternatives for parents, pupils and teachers. These schools have separate governing boards and are funded via the School Finance Act of the State of Colorado and Douglas County School District Mill Levy Override funds with revenues passing through the District. Though fiscally and programmatically independent, the District provides many supports and services for these charter schools.

### **Budget Process and Budgetary Controls**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. A proposed budget is developed based on budget requests of the individual departments and schools of the District. The administration presents the proposed budget to the Board of Education for review. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget, and a final budget is adopted no later than June 30 prior to the new fiscal year that begins July 1. The Board of Education may revise the budget due to unforeseen circumstances that did not exist at the time of the original budget adoption such as emergencies or unanticipated revenues.

The Board of Education may also revise the budget due to enrollment changes at October Count and/or the Mill Levy tax rate setting in December. The District maintains numerous budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the Board of Education while simultaneously providing autonomy and site level control to individual budget owners. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system. Encumbered amounts that lapse at year-end are generally re-established in the following year as an obligation against the appropriated budget of the next year.

### **Local Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

**<u>District Leadership:</u>** As of September 30, 2020, Thomas S. Tucker, Ph.D., resigned his position as Superintendent of DCSD after completing his second year with the District. Subsequently, Mr. Corey Wise was appointed as Interim Superintendent for the remainder of the 2020-2021 school year.

Throughout fiscal year 2019-2020, continued progress has been made towards implementing the Board's five goals, also referred to as "end statements". Those end statements include Academic Excellence, Outstanding Educators and Staff, Safe Positive Climate and Culture, Collaborative Parent, Family, and Community Relations and Financial Well-Being. The Board worked to define indicators of success in each area and obtain community feedback. Finally, the District officially launched its new strategic plan. This strategic plan works towards meeting our community's expectations requiring us to grow together to leverage the opportunities of the future and thrive.

During the 2019-2020 school year, the DCSD Human Resources Department, along with the DCSD Employee Council (made up of DCSD teachers, administrators, professional/technical and classified employees from across the school district) worked together to develop options for a new pay structure for the District. While much of this work was completed and work sessions had begun with the Board, this important work had to be suspended due to the state-wide closure and resulting state budget shortfalls due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The DCSD Board remains dedicated to creating a more competitive system of compensation in the District as evidenced by authorizing the investment of an additional \$60 million into employee compensation since 2016. However, the Board recognized that the unprecedented cuts made by the State to K-12 education made the implementation costs necessary for a new pay structure nearly impossible and would negatively impact programs to students.

<u>Demographic Trends:</u> The population in Douglas County continues to grow. It has increased to 370,000 residents as of January 2020 representing an increase of about 3.3 percent over the past year. In the first quarter of 2020, Colorado continued to outperform national unemployment figures with a rate of 3.7 percent versus the 4.1 percent national rate. Douglas County unemployment was a comparable 3.1 percent in the first quarter of 2020. The number of jobs located in Douglas County grew about 4.7 percent between the fourth quarters of 2018 and 2019 adding 5,436 jobs over the year.

The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic on March 11, 2020. Due to the virus's rapid spread, Governor Polis issued an executive order on March 25 ordering Coloradoans to stay in place, ultimately through May 8. This closure shifted most businesses and all schools to remote work/learning as of March 26. Recently, many non-essential businesses began reopening at about 50 percent capacity. COVID-19 effectively ended the longest economic expansion on record. The Household Pulse Survey from the Census Bureau ranked Colorado ninth for the most income lost due to the pandemic. The report found that 49.8 percent of Colorado households reported a loss of income. However, Colorado ranked 46th for the share of workers

who have filed for initial unemployment claims from March 1 to May 16, with 13.3 percent of the workforce filing a claim. Though the full extent of the COVID-19 effects are not captured here, the economic recovery during the July-September 2020 has outpaced initial expectations.

Douglas County School District enrollment is beginning to slow and slightly decrease, yet remains the third largest school district in the State of Colorado. Student growth remains an important factor in 2020-2021 and for the District's long-term future; however the impact the COVID-19 pandemic will have on future student enrollment as well as growth of the County is yet to be seen. The membership for 2020-2021 is estimated at 65,699 (charter schools are also included in pupil counts) students. The Funded Pupil Count (FPC) for 2020-2021 is projected at 63,861, of which 1,136 are online students.

Though the District is in a relatively low student growth point in its history, the Douglas County School District is expected to grow substantially over the next 20 years with residential and commercial growth. The new Sterling Ranch development which broke ground in July of 2015, is expected to generate approximately 2,500 elementary students, 750 middle school students and 1,500 high school students.

The Canyons Development recently under construction in the City of Castle Pines broke ground in 2018 and is anticipated to have 2,500 residential units, which currently translates to an additional 2,400 students at buildout. The Looking Glass Development, formerly the Anthology and Hess developments in the Town of Parker anticipates 6,100 new dwelling units and is expected to generate 4,700 students at build-out.

State Education Fund Revenue Forecast: The September 2020 Office of State Planning and Budgeting (OSPB) Revenue Forecast reported that over the past three months, the U.S. and Colorado economies have recovered at a stronger pace than expected. The pandemic has resulted in extensive and lasting damage to the economy and there are still economic challenges ahead. Consumer activity and business investments are expected to grow, but unevenly and cautiously as the uncertainty surrounding the spread of COVID-19 continues. General Fund revenues from 2019 income taxes exceeded June expectations, boosting the fiscal year 2019-2020 General Fund. The fiscal year 2020-2021 is beginning with slightly stronger economic expectations, but a significant amount of uncertainty still remains. The uncertainty around a COVID-19 resurgence, the availability of a vaccine or other treatments and will there be another round of federal fiscal stimulus leave significant questions around the future funding of many state programs including education. Additionally, the outcome of many ballot measures and, the number of students returning to the public school system add to the uncertainty. Due to these significant questions, the District will be looking to the December forecast for further forecasting information around the future funding of many state programs including education.

The Colorado Constitution requires that one-third of one percent of taxable income from Colorado taxpayers be credited to the State Education Fund. In addition to this revenue, policies enacted over the past several years have transferred other General Fund money to the State Education Fund.

The future of the state's PreK-12 funding remains uncertain. Without voter approval of new school finance funds, the future of education funding will be predicated on strong economic growth within the state sufficient to cover inflation and student growth. The recent pandemic has exemplified the issues surrounding these funding issues.

**Significant Financial Policy Changes** 

1. GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, was issued in January 2017, and was originally effective for reporting

periods beginning after December 15, 2019. GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the effective date for 18 months. The District

took advantage of the early adoption option for this statement.

Under GASB Statement No. 84, the District reclassified the pupil activity fund from an agency fund to a non-major special

revenue fund. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for

accounting and financial reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported.

2. GASB Statement No. 95 also allowed the District to postpone the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Leases, the

District is taking advantage of this extension.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA), and the International Association of

Business Officials (ASBO) both awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Douglas

County School District RE.1 for its comprehensive financial report for the year ended June 30, 2019. These Certificates of

Achievement are prestigious national awards recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and

local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently orga-

nized comprehensive financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally

accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District has received a GFOA Certificate of Achieve-

ment for the last 32 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987-2019). For the seventh year in a row, the District submitted for

the ASBO International award and was successful. We believe our current report continues to conform to Certificate of

Achievement requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The ASBO

International award submission will not continue in the near future due to budget cuts.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the

DCSD Business Office. We would like to thank all those who played a part in the preparation of this report. Additionally, we

express our appreciation to the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in conducting the financial

affairs of the District during the year.

Respectfully submitted,

Corey Wise

Interim Superintendent of Schools

Kate Kotaska

Chief Financial Officer

Jana L. Schleusner

Director, Finance



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **Douglas County School District RE 1**

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



Claire Hertz, SFO

President

David J. Lewis
Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

## Douglas County School District Re. 1 Colorado

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

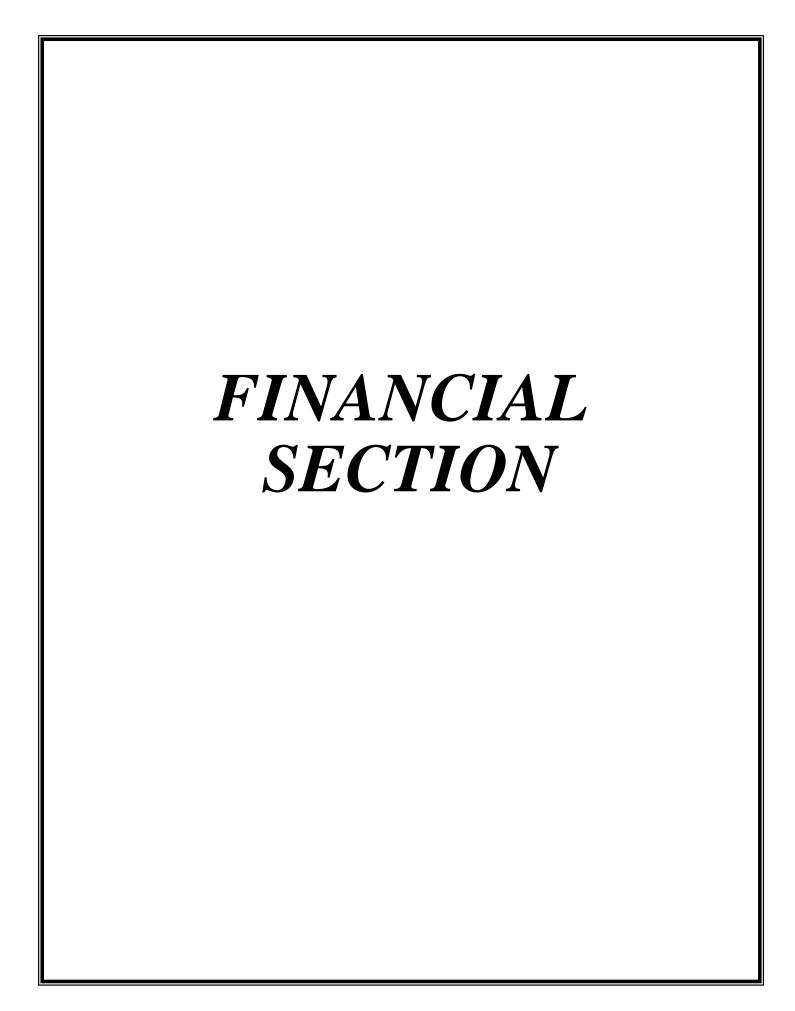
June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Douglas County School District, No. Re.1 Douglas County, Colorado

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Douglas County School District, No. Re.1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the District's Charter Schools, discretely presented component units, which represent 100 percent and 100 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows of resources and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the District's Charter Schools, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the District's Charter Schools, aggregate discretely presented component units, were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, with the exception HOPE Online Learning Academy Co-op, which was audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Emphasis of Matters

As described in Note 12 to the financial statements, the District restated beginning net position and fund balance due to a reclassification of a fiduciary fund to a special revenue fund in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to the restatement.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 25-37, the combined general fund budgetary comparison schedule on page 89, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 92, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability on page 96, the schedule of pension contributions and related ratios on page 90, and the schedule of OPEB contributions and related ratios on page 94 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2020 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements, the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2020.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2019, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2019 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The introductory section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado November 13, 2020

### Douglas County School District RE. 1 Management's Discussion and Analysis As of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

As management of Douglas County School District RE. 1 ("the District" or "DCSD"), we offer readers this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) as an overview of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider this narrative in conjunction with additional information furnished in the Letter of Transmittal located on pages 13-17 and the balance of information within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (the Report).

### Financial Highlights

- The District reports an increase in "Net Position" of \$189,900,417 over fiscal year 2019 due mostly to the decrease in the net pension liability (NPL) associated with Colorado PERA (Public Employees Retirement Association). The decreased NPL is directly related to the changes made in Senate Bill 18-200, which in addition to other changes, required the state to directly fund PERA in the amount of \$225 million annually. With the GASB Statement No. 68 requirement to post this liability to the government-wide financial statements, the District reported an increase in net position of \$189 million, since the liability actually decreased in the current year. If not for this reporting the District would instead have reported an increase in Net Position of over \$43 million.
  - ♦ In March 2020, the District moved to remote learning for the entire Spring semester due to COVID-19 pandemic closures. This closure had significant effects on the financials of the District. The largest revenue variances were in the non-major governmental funds as these funds have the largest reliance on charges for services. Before and After School programs were halted as were summer full day programs, Nutrition Services moved to an emergency feeding model only, and all athletic and student activity spring programs were both canceled and refunded in full.
  - During the closure, the District continued to pay all employees. While there were some savings related to no overtime and limited extra pay, most salary and benefit expenditures were paid in accordance with budgeted schedules. The District was able to realize savings related to bus fuel and maintenance, some building maintenance and utilities as well as savings related to vendor contract renegotiations related to the closure.
  - ♦ July 1, 2019 beginning balances are restated to account for the movement of the former Fiduciary Fund Pupil Activity Fund to a non-major governmental fund. The change is in accordance with GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*. The performance of this fund contributed about \$1.1 million to the net position improvement over restated fiscal year 2018-2019. The Private Purpose Trust Scholarship classification remains unchanged.
  - In February 2019, the District sold the \$250 million bond approved by the voters the previous November. The District was able to utilize over \$64 million during the fiscal year to continue improvements on our aging buildings, buy new buses and refresh technology. Additionally, the District realized over \$8 million in investment earnings on those unspent funds. The District plans on spending these funds on voter approved projects within the next three years.
  - The District continues to look for efficiencies in providing health-related benefits while still offering a valued benefit to our employees. As of June 30, 2020, due to the healthy net position balance in the Short Term Disability Insurance (STDI) plan, the District was able to cover all employees at the 70 percent level at no additional charge to the employees and eliminate the need for a Buy-up plan for the 2020 fiscal year and going forward. The STDI fund reported a loss of over \$71 thousand and the Medical Fund a loss of over \$1.6 million as planned. For the sixth year in a row, the District absorbed all increases in the projected costs for the four medical plans offered to all employees with a minimum of 0.5 Full Time Equivalent (FTE). The District continues to evaluate the appropriate net position balance for these funds to ensure the District can continue to cover all claims while maintaining reasonable premium charges for both the District and its employees.
  - ♦ The Combined General Fund revenue increased by over \$40 million. Most of this increase, about \$36 million, is due to an increase in PPR of \$360 per funded pupil count and a slight increase in funded pupil count. Additionally, the District received almost \$7 million from the County Commissioners for security and mental health support. These increases are slightly offset by a decrease in charges for services due to the COVID-19 closures in the spring semester. During the closure, the District refunded and waived most related student fees.
  - ♦ District policy of allowing schools to carryover discretionary budget dollars into the next fiscal year continues. Schools have savings of over \$22.5 million in the General Fund. This policy has empowered schools to scrutinize their expenditures without fear of losing unspent dollars. This practice promotes good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.

### **Financial Highlights (Continued)**

- The government-wide governmental activities liabilities and deferred inflows of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of fiscal year 2020 by \$816,780,947 (net deficit) due to the posting of the "Net Pension Liability" (NPL) of \$864,936,787 required pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68. The District portion of the PERA NPL decreased over fiscal year 2019 by \$127,609,735. The significant decrease is due to the non-employer contribution by the State required by SB 18-200 which both decreased the NPL through a direct contribution and increased the employer contribution percentage. DCSD's portion of the NPL increased by about 0.18 percent, from 5.61 percent to 5.79 percent.
  - ♦ It is important to note that the District does not have a responsibility to pay the amount shown as the NPL. The direct liability for DCSD is limited to the annually required contributions established by the Colorado State Legislature. In addition, the District does not have any control over the investment policies associated with PERA investments. These responsibilities lie solely with the PERA Board and the PERA administration. Decisions regarding the plan benefit design and the funding policies lie solely with the Colorado State Legislature.
  - ♦ The government-wide governmental activities liabilities *exclusive* of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and OPEB Liability total \$637,988,745 for the period ended June 30, 2020, a decrease from the prior year of \$1,302,112. This decrease is due primarily to the scheduled payments on the G.O. Bond as well as the amortization of Bond Premiums. Certificates of Participation (COPs) lease payments are accounted for in the COP Lease Payment Fund but this fund is sourced from a General Fund transfer. Contrary to this fact, G.O. bonded debt is serviced through revenues approved by the local taxpayer.
  - At the close of the fiscal year, the governmental funds of the District reported a combined ending fund balance of \$402,434,508. This ending fund balance represents an overall decrease of \$33,630,452 from the prior year primarily due to the scheduled spend of the 2018 bond proceeds in the Building Fund. The District continues to monitor the fund balance in the Combined General Fund. With the passing of the 2018 MLO, the District was able to make significant strides in increasing pay of all employees.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements of the District are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements inclusive of governmental, proprietary, and custodial funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The Report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide stakeholders (e.g. taxpayers, state and federal government agencies, and the Board of Education) with a relevant and reliable overview of the District finances, to assist the reader in their assessment of how District resources are acquired and used, to determine whether current resources were sufficient to meet current costs, and to determine whether the ability to provide educational services improved or deteriorated from the previous year. With the inclusion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL), stakeholders are provided additional information regarding the unfunded liability status of Colorado PERA. Though this NPL is not the responsibility of the District, it does provide information to the Colorado State Legislature and the governmental leadership of and around the District assisting them in future decisions regarding the funding of the School Division Trust Fund associated with PERA.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources of the District. The difference between District assets and deferred outflows from District liabilities and deferred inflows represents the net position of the District. Over time, assessing the trajectory and order of magnitude of increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Though the net position of the District is negative, this occurrence is only due to the posting of the District proportionate share of the PERA unfunded liability. Again, the District does not have any control over the funding level of the PERA School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF) nor any control over the investment policies and activities associated with this Trust.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation or sick leave). The governmental financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes from other functions intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the District include instruction and education support services of the District as well as payments to component units.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

### **Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)**

The government-wide financial statements are comprised of the activities of the District's "neighborhood" schools (collectively known herein as the primary government) and also eighteen (18) schools authorized under charter school contracts approved by the Douglas County School District Board of Education. Financial information for the charter schools is detailed as component units; accordingly, each is reported separately from the financial information of the primary government. Summaries of these component unit financial statements are presented from pages 136-145. All charter school audits are performed independent of each other and the District. There is one charter school operating in Douglas County that does not have a charter contract with Douglas County Board of Education. Instead, this charter school, Colorado Early Colleges Parker, has a charter contract with the Colorado Charter School Institute. The financial audit information for this charter school is not included within the Douglas County District as their School Finance Act revenues are received directly from the State of Colorado and not via a pass-through from DCSD.

The government-wide financial statements are located on pages 41-43 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and custodial funds.

### Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are a subset of the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the Combined General Fund, the Governmental Designated Purpose Grant Fund, the Bond Redemption Fund, and the Building Fund, as all are considered major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds; the Nutrition Services National School Lunch Program (NSLP) Fund, the Nutrition Services Non-NSLP Fund, the Athletics and Activities Fund, the Student Activity Fund, the Child Care Fund and the COP Lease Payment Fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is also provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplemental Financial Statement section of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Combined General Fund as well as all the other funds. On page 89, a budgetary comparison statement is provided for the Combined General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the annually appropriated budget.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The District maintains only one type of proprietary fund, an Internal Service Fund. Internal Service Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses two Internal Service Funds, the Medical Fund and the Short Term Disability Insurance Fund (STDI). The Medical Fund accounts for its self-insured and fully-insured medical programs as well as dental and vision insurance, and the Short Term Disability Fund accounts for short term disability claims and insurance activity.

The Medical Fund and the STDI Fund are governmental funds activities and are included in the government-wide financial statements within governmental activities. They are not included in the governmental funds on pages 44 and 46 but are included in the proprietary fund financial statements as internal service funds. Individual fund data for the Medical Fund and the STDI Fund are provided in separate detail on pages 130-134.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

### Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the Private Purpose Trust Scholarship, Fund 75, is only used for approved scholarships at verified educational institutions. Custodial funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of custodial funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for custodial funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. This additional *Note* detail can be found on pages 53-85.

### **Net Position**

The following table provides a summary of the Governmental net position as of June 30, 2020. Comparative data for June 30, 2019 is also presented. This financial statement reports that liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets plus deferred outflow of resources by \$816,780,947. This negative net position is solely due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68. Note that in comparison to the fiscal year 2019 data, the District net position increased by \$189,900,417. This increase, however, was due to the State non-employer contribution made to PERA in accordance with Senate Bill 18-200. This contribution of \$225 million made directly to PERA decreased the total net pension liability. Furthermore, the employer contribution rate increased from 10.15% to 10.40% (see page 71 for full rate breakout) further decreasing the overall net pension liability, both of which helped to generate pension income for the District in the amount of \$146,100,756.

### Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2018-201 2019-2020 (Restated				
Current and other assets	\$ 502,528,925 \$	496,693,034			
Capital assets	684,146,623	646,511,890			
Total assets	1,186,675,548 1	,143,204,924			
Deferred outflows of resources	151,690,915	323,955,951			
Current liabilities	132,060,944	89,232,737			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,413,393,975	1,592,193,194			
Total liabilities	1,545,454,919 1	,681,425,931			
Deferred inflows of resources	609,692,491	792,416,308			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	363,201,591	340,650,911			
Restricted for:					
TABOR Emergency	17,311,000	16,600,000			
Debt Service	65,605,873	60,271,834			
Nutrition Services	1,092,534	1,962,156			
Other Grants & Programs	2,906,904	2,843,817			
Unrestricted	(1,266,898,849) (1	,429,010,082)			
Total net position	\$ (816,780,947) \$ (1	1,006,681,364)			

Note from the table above that the largest portion of the District assets, about fifty-seven percent (57%), reflects investment in capital assets less accumulated depreciation. The largest portion of current assets, predominately cash on hand, is reported in the Building Fund resulting from the sale of the 2018 bond. These funds will be spent over the next three years for capital needs. The Combined General Fund and Bond Redemption Fund also report significant amounts of cash on hand. The Combined

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

### **Net Position (Continued)**

General Fund cash balances are held for TABOR and Board of Education required reserves as well as the carryover balances for schools. Smaller cash balances are reported in the non-major governmental funds, mostly in the Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund due to about \$20 million in Coronavirus Relief Funds received in March of 2020. Note that the cash balance in the Bond Redemption Fund is available to make the December 1, 2020 debt service payment. Property tax revenues for each fiscal year are largely received in the second semester of the school year between March and June though tax receipts continue through December 31 of the following fiscal year.

Note in the Condensed Statement of Activities below that governmental activity total revenues increased \$34,054,348 over fiscal year 2019 primarily due to an increase in the PPR of \$347 associated with the School Finance Act and a slight increase in the funded pupil count. Grants and contributions not to significant programs increased by \$6.4 million due to the Douglas County Commissioners donating \$6,823,182 to the District for increased security and metal health supports. These increases are offset by a \$13.5 million decrease in charges for services due to the spring closure of District buildings and the move to online learning.

Interest earnings increased by over \$2.2 million, mostly due to the District investing the 2018 bond proceeds for a full year versus a partial year in the prior year. During most of the 2019-2020 school year the District benefited from an increasing interest rate environment nationwide, however due to the COVID-19 closures to the economy nationwide, interest rates dramatically dropped in the spring. The District is closely watching the economy's recovery and continues to actively manage investments in response for the upcoming year.

The total expenses increased by \$10,799,687 from 2019 due to payments to component units (charter schools) due to both the increase in the per pupil revenue and an increase of funded pupils.

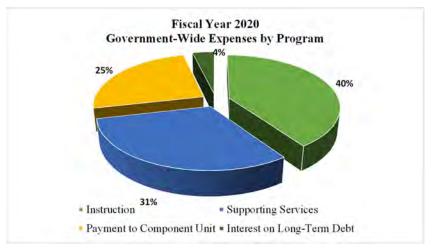
# Condensed Statement of Activities for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Governmental Activities			
	20	019-2020		(Restated) 2018-2019
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	53,385,531	\$	67,245,742
Operating/capital grants		49,786,156		48,402,673
General revenues:				
Property taxes		318,364,477		290,585,916
Specific ownership taxes		25,595,802		28,076,258
State equalization		335,347,882		319,317,806
Interest earnings		10,638,873		8,368,512
Grant contributions not specific to programs		11,633,777		5,162,745
Other		5,136,540		8,675,038
Total revenues		809,889,038		775,834,690
Expenses:				
Instruction		249,946,956		254,172,228
Supporting services		192,834,057		194,903,578
Payments to component units		153,937,969		140,793,998
Interest on long-term debt		23,269,639		19,319,130
Total expenses		619,988,621		609,188,934
Change in net position		189,900,417		166,645,756
NET POSITION, Beginning	(1,	006,681,364)	(	1,173,327,120)
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ (	816,780,947)	\$ (	1,006,681,364)

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

### **Net Position (Continued)**

The chart below as well as the previous "Condensed Statement of Activities" report the majority of spend in Instruction.



### **Governmental Fund Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In addition, fund accounting is used to report on the financial position of the District to maintain transparency and provide accountability.

### **Revenues and Other Financing Sources**

The District receives its revenues from local property taxes, intergovernmental sources through the state and federal government, charges for services rendered, returns on investment, issuance of bonds, COPs or capital leases, and several other minor sources. The table below is a comparative summary of the distribution of these revenues and sources for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2019. The accompanying chart graphically shows the proportion of revenues from all the sources for fiscal year 2020. The largest revenue source for the District is received from state and federal intergovernmental sources at \$403,203,088, an increase of 7.5 percent from the prior year. The increase is due to a slight increase in PPR and an increase in funded pupil count (FPC) of 1,479. The actual enrollment at DCSD decreased; however FPC increased due to full day kindergarten students now being funded at a 1.0 instead of the 0.58 in previous years.

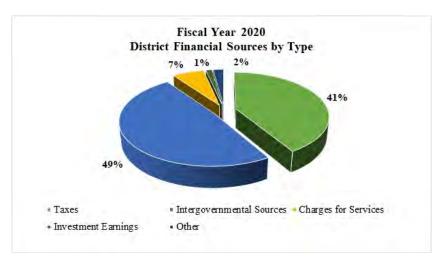
Property taxes represent the next significant source of revenue. The property tax revenue increase is due to an increase in assessed value. Note also that there was a small decrease in Specific Ownership Taxes indicative of the COVID-19 shutdown of the national and local economy.

The District charges its charter schools and students various fees. Recognize here that these charges include child care tuition and lunch charges in nutrition services. Charges for services decreased 20 percent, as a result of the midyear closure due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	2019-2020		2018-2019	)
Taxes	\$ 343,453,707	41.5%	\$ 317,096,992	40.6%
Intergovernmental Sources	403,203,088	48.6%	375,083,914	48.0%
Charges for Services	53,385,531	6.4%	67,245,742	8.6%
Investment Earnings	10,471,326	1.3%	8,150,604	1.0%
Other	17,863,071	2.2%	13,321,231	1.7%
	\$ 828,376,723 100%		\$ 780,898,483	100%

### **Governmental Fund Financial Analysis (Continued)**

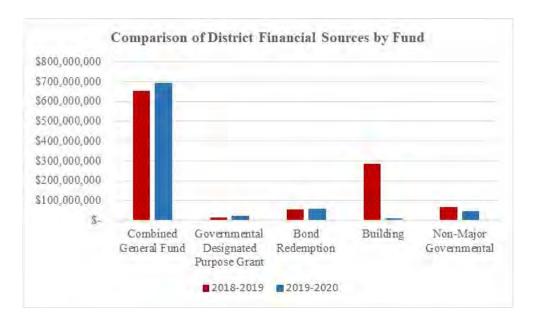
### **Revenues and Other Financing Sources**



The table below and the accompanying column chart show the same total revenue and other financing sources but reports these revenues by fund. Note that the majority of these revenues are accounted for in the Combined General Fund. The total Combined General Fund revenues are netted against the transfers out to the non-major governmental funds. The Non-major Governmental Fund is the second largest reported revenues, however revenues are down by 43 percent compared to the prior year. This is due to the midyear closure and mostly due to the decreased food sales and closure of before and after school care. Additionally, the Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund is considered major for the 2019-2020 school year. The large revenues reported in the Building Fund in the prior year was due to the issuance of the 2018 Bonds approved by voters.

(Restated)

2019-2020			2018-2019			Inc/(Dec)	
\$	692,799,812	83.6%	\$	652,446,466 60.9%		\$	40,353,346
	21,498,326	2.6%		14,028,498	1.3%		7,469,828
	59,276,574	7.2%		52,945,266	4.9%		6,331,308
	8,371,550	1.0%		284,402,282	26.5%		(276,030,732)
	46,481,514	5.6%		67,897,279	6.3%		(21,415,765)
\$ 828,427,776		100%	\$	1,071,719,791	100%	\$	(243,292,015)
	\$	\$ 692,799,812 21,498,326 59,276,574 8,371,550 46,481,514	\$ 692,799,812 83.6% 21,498,326 2.6% 59,276,574 7.2% 8,371,550 1.0% 46,481,514 5.6%	\$ 692,799,812 83.6% \$ 21,498,326 2.6% 59,276,574 7.2% 8,371,550 1.0% 46,481,514 5.6%	\$ 692,799,812 83.6% \$ 652,446,466 21,498,326 2.6% 14,028,498 59,276,574 7.2% 52,945,266 8,371,550 1.0% 284,402,282 46,481,514 5.6% 67,897,279	\$ 692,799,812 83.6% \$ 652,446,466 60.9% 21,498,326 2.6% 14,028,498 1.3% 59,276,574 7.2% 52,945,266 4.9% 8,371,550 1.0% 284,402,282 26.5% 46,481,514 5.6% 67,897,279 6.3%	\$ 692,799,812 83.6% \$ 652,446,466 60.9% \$ 21,498,326 2.6% 14,028,498 1.3% 59,276,574 7.2% 52,945,266 4.9% 8,371,550 1.0% 284,402,282 26.5% 46,481,514 5.6% 67,897,279 6.3%

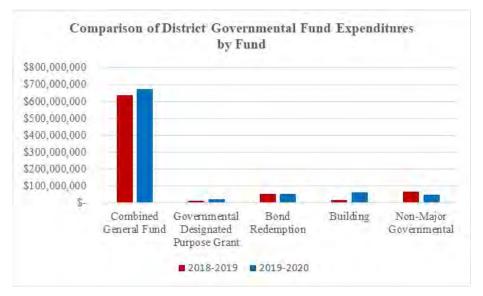


### **Governmental Fund Financial Analysis (Continued)**

### **Expenditures by Fund**

Recall that the District uses fund accounting to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund accounting may also enhance transparency and accountability. In this analysis, Governmental Fund expenditures increased by \$75,066,491 due primarily due to planned capital outlay in accordance with the issuance of the 2018 bond within the Building Fund. The Combined General Fund also increased by over \$36 million due to an increase of \$13 million to charter schools for increased pass through funding to account for more funded pupil count at charter schools. Salaries increased due to flat 3.5% raises and the addition of counselors as promised in the 2018 MLO. Additionally, other/chargebacks increased due to the accrued settlement of a lawsuit with the Union for \$2.697 million. Additionally, many of the transportation charge backs did not occur for athletics or field trips due to a bus driver shortage. Finally, the Non-major Governmental expenditures decreased due to the District closure related to COVID-19 pandemic and the Governmental Designated Purpose Grant Fund being moved to a major fund for the 2019-2020 school year.

(Restated) 2019-2020 2018-2019						Inc/(Dec)
\$ 672,647,294	78.0%	\$	635,963,305	80.8%	\$	36,683,989
21,498,326	2.5%		14,028,498	1.8%		7,469,828
53,496,425	6.2%		51,255,870	6.5%		2,240,555
64,310,428	7.5%		16,616,539	2.1%		47,693,889
50,105,755	5.8%		69,127,525	8.8%		(19,021,770)
\$ 862,058,228	100%	\$	786,991,737	100%	\$	75,066,491
\$	\$ 672,647,294 21,498,326 53,496,425 64,310,428 50,105,755	21,498,326 2.5% 53,496,425 6.2% 64,310,428 7.5% 50,105,755 5.8%	\$ 672,647,294 78.0% \$ 21,498,326 2.5% 53,496,425 6.2% 64,310,428 7.5% 50,105,755 5.8%	2019-2020     2018-2019       \$ 672,647,294     78.0%     \$ 635,963,305       21,498,326     2.5%     14,028,498       53,496,425     6.2%     51,255,870       64,310,428     7.5%     16,616,539       50,105,755     5.8%     69,127,525	2019-2020       2018-2019         \$ 672,647,294       78.0%       \$ 635,963,305       80.8%         21,498,326       2.5%       14,028,498       1.8%         53,496,425       6.2%       51,255,870       6.5%         64,310,428       7.5%       16,616,539       2.1%         50,105,755       5.8%       69,127,525       8.8%	2019-2020         2018-2019           \$ 672,647,294         78.0%         \$ 635,963,305         80.8%         \$           21,498,326         2.5%         14,028,498         1.8%           53,496,425         6.2%         51,255,870         6.5%           64,310,428         7.5%         16,616,539         2.1%           50,105,755         5.8%         69,127,525         8.8%



### **Ending Fund Balances**

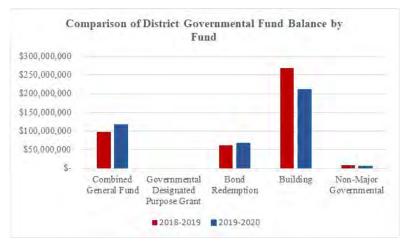
As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$402,434,508, a decrease of \$33,630,452 from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the capital outlay projects from the 2018 bond proceeds. The Combined General Fund increase of over \$20 million is due to almost \$34 million in savings realized due to COVID-19 midyear closures. While employees continue to be paid during closure, the District realized other savings due to building being closed. Transportation was able to save on gas and maintenance, buildings saved on utility costs, several vendor contracts were renegotiated to lower rates during closure and schools were able to save on overtime and extra pay activities that did not occur.

	(Restated)						
	2019-2020				2018-201	Inc/(Dec)	
Combined General	\$	117,800,104	29.3%	\$	97,647,586	22.4%	\$ 20,152,518
Governmental Designated Purpose Grants		-	0.0%		-	0.0%	-
Bond Redemption		67,613,197	16.8%		61,833,048	14.2%	5,780,149
Building		211,846,865	52.6%		267,785,743	61.4%	(55,938,878)
Non-major Governmental		5,174,342	1.3%		8,798,583	2.0%	(3,624,241)
Total	\$	402,434,508	100%	\$	436,064,960	100%	\$ (33,630,452)

(Doctated)

### **Governmental Fund Financial Analysis (Continued)**

### **Ending Fund Balances**



### **Combined General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District approves a budget in June based on enrollment projections for the following school year and State legislative action in the spring. Please reference the Budgetary Comparison Schedule on page 88. Note that the amended expenditure budget shows an increase over the Adopted Budget of about \$25 million. In Colorado, districts are funded on current year student counts. The student count day is on or around October 1 of each fiscal year. Once these student counts are known, the Colorado Department of Education recalculates the funding for each district. In addition, the fiscal year for school districts is July 1 through June 30, but the mill levy or tax rates are not set for the current year until December. The District budget is amended to account for both the changes in student counts from projection as well as changes in assessed value and the resulting tax rate set in December. Finally, the amount of carryover available for each school is not finalized until September once the sixty-day encumbrance period associated with the payment of invoices has expired. The budget is amended to account for the carryover amounts awarded to each school. Increases over projections in funded pupil counts combined with the increase in Per Pupil Revenue as well as increases in other intergovernmental revenue sources generated additional sources of revenue since original adoption.

After the District's financial plan is adopted in June of the prior year, budgets may be amended by the Board of Education or management. Once the budget is approved, individual sites may amend between individual expense items at any time as long as the total expenditures do not change. Total expenditures were amended by management and approved by the Board to align expenditures for changes in revenues as described above, as well as allocating funds for projects specifically identified in the Facility Acquisition and Construction category.

Note that the District expenditures were under budget in the Combined General Fund by \$34,907,569. Salaries were under budget due to the District closure. Even through the District continued to pay all employees their normal pay during the COVID -19 closure, the District was able to recognize some savings related to less overtime and extra pay opportunities available in a remote environment. Additionally, the District had significant vacancy savings as many positions were not filled in anticipation of large pending budget cuts in the 2020-2021 school year. Supplies were also under budget by almost \$17 million mostly due to school carryover that was not spent down due to the schools being closed during the Spring semester. The District schools continue to carefully monitor and review expenditures. This results in schools carrying over discretionary dollars in an amount of about \$24.1 million, increasing school carryover by \$580,563. Finally, in Colorado, State law requires that funds be fully appropriated before any spend is authorized. Because of the site based decision model regarding the budgeting and spending of school discretionary dollars, as well as the sixty-day encumbrance period, final school spend is not known until the end of August. We fully appropriate and budget all available funds ensuring that our schools have the authority to spend their discretionary dollars.

Actual revenues were under budgeted by \$9,618,507 due partially due to Specific Ownership Taxes coming in lower than expected due to COVID-19 closures as well as a reduction in fundraisers and donation activity. Fundraising events were not able to occur during the Spring semester also due to COVID-19 closures. Note, however, that even with the continued low price of gasoline, the Transportation Fund had expenditures greater than revenues (before transfers) by about \$17.1 million. The local market wage for bus drivers has continued to increase requiring the District to increase bus driver pay. In addition, increases in special education student enrollment has resulted in increased transportation needs as transportation for these students is mandated by Federal law and State statute. As previously mentioned, PPR was increased by \$360/student, which, combined with vacancy savings and benefit savings, and the additional MLO passed by voters, allowed the BOE to give additional pay increases and fully fund medical and PERA benefit increases.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

### **Capital Assets**

The District investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, equaled \$684,146,623, an increase of \$37,634,733 (net of accumulated depreciation) due to planned 2018 Bond projects in current year offset by \$30,973,848 in depreciation expense This investment in capital assets is in line with the improvement promises made to voters during the 2018 election such as security upgrades, facility repairs, classroom furnishings, buses and technology. Additional information on the District's capital assets is provided in Note 4 on page 63.

	Govern	Governmental				
	Activ	ities				
	2020	2019				
Capital Assets:						
Land	\$ 13,310,241	\$ 13,310,241				
Buildings and Improvements	964,019,649	955,179,861				
Land Improvements	3,669,596	3,029,377				
Machinery and Equipment	107,578,427	98,257,646				
Construction in Progress	57,415,591	17,047,314				
Accumulated Depreciation	(461,846,881)	(440,312,549)				
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 684,146,623	\$ 646,511,890				

### **Long-Term Debt**

As of June 30, 2020, the District had outstanding debt exclusive of NPL and OPEB, of \$549,450,491, a decrease of \$41,199,062 from the prior year. The District continues to pay off G.O. bonds and COPs. Of the outstanding long-term debt, \$455,050,000 is G.O. bonded debt that is backed by the full faith and credit of the District taxpayers. Please also note the \$24,965,000 in outstanding COPs. The District's COP policy requires that yearly lease payment liabilities be no more than one percent of yearly general fund revenues. In reviewing the Notes on page 67, we report that our maximum yearly COP Lease payments will be \$2,580,000, an amount well below one percent of about \$692.2 million (\$6,922,389) in General Fund revenues received in fiscal year 2020.

In addition, the District is required to report its portion of the PERA SCHTF Net Pension Liability (NPL) and PERA OPEB through the Health Care Trust Fund. This proportionate NPL is reported as \$864,936,787, over 12 percent lower than the prior year. OPEB liability is reported as \$42,529,387, over 14% lower than the prior year.

	Governmental Activities					
		June 30, 2020	%		June 30, 2019	%
General Obligation Bonds	\$	455,050,000	31.2%	\$	486,665,000	29.8%
Certificates of Participation		24,965,000	1.7%		27,490,000	1.7%
Accreted Interest		1,655,232	0.1%		1,142,467	0.1%
Bond Premiums		57,410,391	3.9%		64,228,806	3.9%
Extended Service Separation		204,300	0.1%		266,945	0.0%
Capital Leases		4,557,113	0.3%		5,465,076	0.3%
Compensated Absences		5,608,455	0.4%		5,391,259	0.3%
Total before NPL		549,450,491			590,649,553	
OPEB Liability		42,529,387	2.9%		49,571,265	3.0%
Net Pension Liability		864,936,787	59.4%		992,546,522	60.8%
Total	\$	1,456,916,665	100% 3	\$	1,632,767,340	100%

The \$24,965,000 of outstanding COPs are collateralized by specific buildings owned by the District. These COP lease payment obligations are subject to annual appropriation and are distinctly different from G.O. bonds. The issuance of G.O. bonds can only be completed upon voter approval associated with a dollar amount authorization. The aggregate yearly appropriation to Fund 39, the COP Lease Payment Fund, is just over \$2.4 million from the District and an additional amount of \$962,790 in revenues received from Aspen View Academy. See the Notes on page 65. Aspen View Academy was the first charter school to partner with the District as specified in the Board COP policy.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)**

### **Long-Term Debt (Continued)**

The District maintains credit ratings with two credit agencies as follows: Moody's Investors Services Inc. at Aa1, and Fitch, Inc. at AA+. Additional information on the District's long-term debt is provided in Note 6 starting on page 64.

At this time, identified capital projects are carefully prioritized to determine those with the greatest need or safety concern so that remaining capital projects dollars are used in the most effective way possible. The District and the LRPC (Long Range Planning Committee) continue to assess the status of facilities, to determine additional facility and technological needs based on student growth, and to update the Master Capital Plan with this information. As of June 30, 2020, the District has \$211,846,865 in proceeds remaining from the 2018 bond issuance.

### **Other Obligations of the District**

The District maintains two capital leases that, similar to COPs, require an annual appropriation and are collateralized by the equipment received and installed. These annual lease payments are budgeted and accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund that is funded by a transfer from the District General Fund and is reported as part of the Combined General Fund.

### **Fund Balance Policy**

Both the extent and the quality of educational services affect and are affected by the financial condition of the District. The District provides its best estimate of the end-of-year fund balances to be carried forward to the ensuing year as a beginning fund balance. At a minimum, the budget adopted by the District shall ensure that restricted General Fund or cash emergency reserves are held in the amount required under the provisions of the Colorado State Constitution. The Board of Education, by policy, mandates an additional reserve of three percent to further enhance the sustainability of the District financial position. This additional Board reserve is committed in the fund balance pursuant to GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The District maintains an ongoing three-year projection for significant operating funds.

The District continues to maintain a healthy fund balance. Our schools and departments regularly scrutinize their spend and have contributed greatly to the maintenance of this fund balance associated with the Board policy allowing school budget holders to carry unspent discretionary dollars into the new year. Compliance with and level of reserves and contingencies associated with Board policy shall be examined every year as part of the budget development process to determine if modifications are prudent in view of uncertainties in current and future revenues and expenses.

### **TABOR and Board of Education Reserves**

The financial statements report that the State of Colorado requires each school district to reserve three percent of cash or more of fiscal year spending to use only for declared emergencies. As mentioned above, in addition to the required TABOR Reserve, the Board of Education, by policy, requires an additional three percent of yearly spend held in reserve providing financial stability and available resources to fund any unexpected emergency. You can see on page 44 that the financial statements report the District meets the TABOR and additional Board of Education reserve policy reporting restricted and committed fund balances of \$17,311,000 and \$17,311,000 respectively. The District did not include the State non-employer contribution to PERA in the TABOR calculation since it is not the District's spend. A contingency budget line of \$5,118,931 is budgeted and appropriated each year also specified in Board policy.

### **Economic Factors and Subsequent Events**

• <u>State of Colorado Economy</u> - From the September 2020 Revenue Forecast from the Office of State Planning and Budgeting, the impacts of COVID-19 pandemic in Colorado will continue to weigh heavily on the fiscal year 2020-2021 general fund revenue collections, which are expected to decline 11.6 percent from a year-ago. While significant actions were taken to balance the budget during the 2020 legislative session, the future revenue outlook remains uncertain. The U.S. and Colorado economies have recovered at a stronger pace than expected, but labor markets have only partially recovered. Unemployment rate projections for the 2020 calendar year is at 6.9%, over double of the past five years historical rates. These job losses remain uneven across the sectors, but many of the hardest hit industries are showing signs of bouncing back.

Revenue to the State Education Fund is expected to decline an additional 4.4 percent in fiscal year 2020-2021 before rebounding to grow by 5.7 percent in fiscal year 2021-2022.

The State School Finance Act, which has not been fully funded since fiscal year 2008-2009, has a Budget Stabilization Factor - formerly the "Negative Factor" - of about \$572 million translating to approximately \$40.9 million for DCSD. Pursuant to the Colorado School Finance Act for fiscal year 2020, the District PPR (per pupil revenue) without the Budget Stabilization factor, would have been \$8,828/student, about \$620 more than the actual PPR of \$8,208. With the constraints

#### **Economic Factors and Subsequent Events (Continue)**

of TABOR and the Gallagher Amendment, Colorado does not have a sustainable plan to fund increases in PreK-12 education. PreK-12 education represents approximately 36 percent of the State General Fund. The funding of education is continually assessed against required increases in health care, Medicaid, and transportation competing for constrained State revenues.

- <u>Douglas County Economy</u> The County population continues to grow increasing to 370,000 residents. This increase of 12,000 residents represents a growth rate of about 3.4 percent. On March 26, 2020, as the COVID-19 pandemic swept through the nation, all businesses except those deemed essential were closed or shifted to remote work/remote learning, This resulted in a rapid loss in employment, effectively ending the longest economic expansion on record. The unemployment rate in Douglas County remains lower than state and national unemployment rates. As of March 2020, Douglas County unemployment rates rose 0.3 percentage points to 3.1 percent when compared to March 2019. From March 1 to May 16, 13.3 percent of the workforce in Colorado filed unemployment claims. The long lasting effects of COVID-19 on the County economy still remains uncertain as the resurgence of the virus or a vaccine are still both anticipated. Luckily the economy was strong prior to the pandemic and the County was able to add 5,936 jobs between the fourth quarters of 2018 and 2019, a 4.7 percent increase.
- <u>District Enrollment</u> The economic data reflected above is further affecting the already declining enrollment in Douglas County Schools. Parents are making different educational choices for their families due to COVID-19 and enrollment continues to be monitored as the elementary schools change from hybrid learning to full time in person learning. As of October 1, 2020 (fiscal year 2021), the District reported to CDE a decrease of about 4,325 students over prior year enrollment. This enrollment is inclusive of both charter and neighborhood schools.
- <u>Fiscal Year 2021 School Finance Act Approved Decreases and New District-wide Allocations</u> In July 2020, the District adopted a budget that includes an decrease in per pupil revenue of \$457/student from \$8,208 to \$7,751. Based on projected funded pupil count, this change will result in a reduction of \$29.9 million or a 5.6% reduction. The District's budget required a \$30.4 million reduction because the charter share of PPR is pass through (the budget cut is absorbed by the charter school) leaving the district-share at \$22.5 million plus the mandatory expense increase of \$7.9 million. Mandatory increases include the loss of projected neighborhood funded pupil count, increased special education school-based staffing and an increase to the employer-share PERA rate.

The District was fortunate to receive Coronavirus Relief Funds of about \$27 million in May of 2020 which was shared on a per pupil basis with charter schools. These funds helped to ensure students and staff could continue providing education to our students in a virtual manner and/or return to work with needed protective measures in place. These funds are required to be used in full by December 30, 2020 and in no way replaces the PPR cuts mentioned above.

Budget cuts of about \$30M were implemented with the 2020-2021 school year were spread across many program areas with the goal to keep cuts as far away from the classroom as possible with deeper department cuts and no structural changes to the site-based budgets or carryover policy. This included a combination of furlough days, small reduction in site-based budget pupil allocations, central/district-wide department cuts (including staff reductions), among many other expense cuts.

• <u>Colorado Governor's Budget Request for Fiscal Year 2022</u> - Based on the November 2020 Revised Budget Request, Governor Jared Polis submitted his fiscal year 2022 budget request to the Joint Budget Committee. This budget request calls for an average per pupil revenue increase of about \$902/student which represents a 19% increase over fiscal year 2021 and fully restores the cut that was made to public education in fiscal year 2021 by returning the Budget Stabilization Factor to the 2019-2020 level of \$572 million.

The Governor's budget request must be considered and approved by the legislature.

#### **Component Units**

Only summary information regarding component units appear in the District's financial statements. The District has eighteen component units, all of which are charter schools. Each charter school is represented in the Component Unit section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and is presented in the aggregate in a separate column in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Activities.

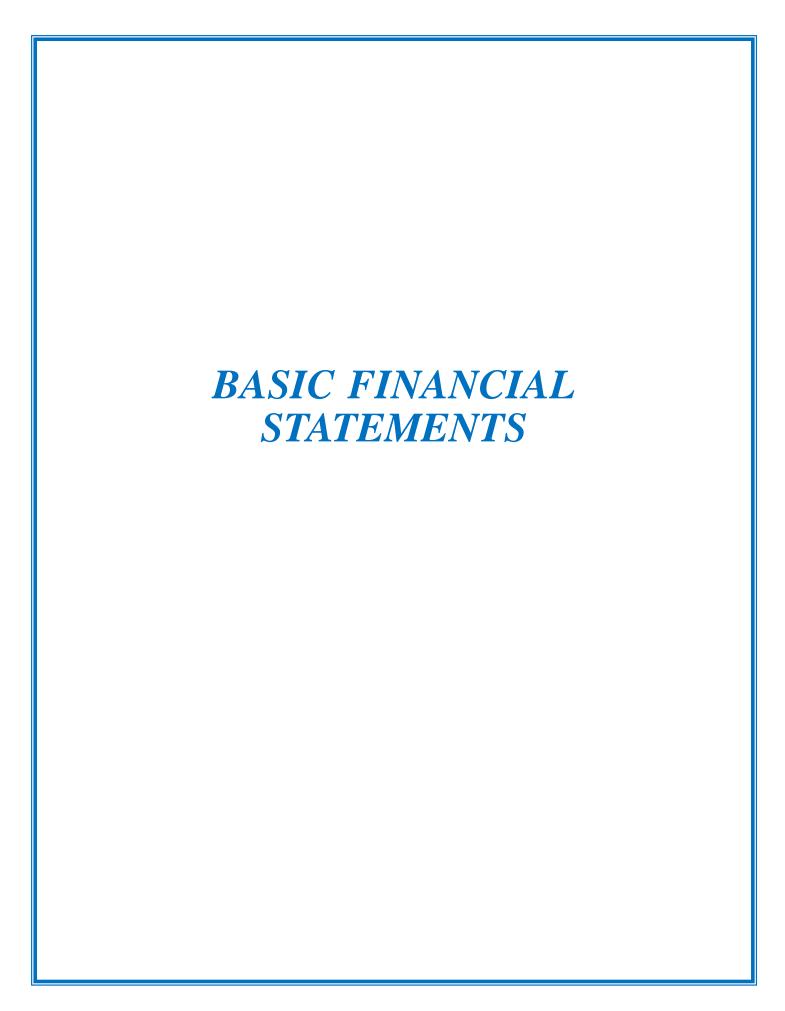
After a yearly review of the Foundation for Douglas County Schools financial activities, the District business administration has determined that its financial activities, due to the level of materiality and the independence of their activity in relation to the District, shall not be considered a component unit of the District. The financial activity of the Educational Foundation is not included in this report.

# **Requests for Information.**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the financial status of the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Ms. Kate Kotaska, 701 Prairie Hawk Drive, Castle Rock, Colorado 80109.
THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Primary Government Governmental	Component Units Charter
	Activities	Schools
Cash and Investments	\$ 174,265,066	\$ 67,434,389
Receivables:		
Property Taxes	16,004,763	-
Other	6,067,993	950,800
Inventories	1,980,461	16,632
Prepaid Costs and Other Assets	4,249,718	646,729
Restricted Cash and Investments Capital Assets:	299,960,924	29,924,441
Non-Depreciable	70,725,832	23,377,198
Depreciable, Net	613,420,791	187,188,430
Total Assets	1,186,675,548	309,538,619
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Amounts	137,386,618	36,355,031
OPEB Related Amounts	3,970,181	1,658,018
Deferred Amount on Refunding	10,334,116	5,354,766
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	151,690,915	43,367,815
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	30,349,348	4,595,371
Accrued Compensation	26,723,464	5,224,683
Unearned Revenues	23,803,296	6,711,301
Accrued Insurance Claims	4,613,973	-
Accrued Interest Payable	1,268,194	3,155,610
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Due within One Year	45,302,669	17,809,474
Due in More than One Year:		
Accrued Insurance Claims	1,779,979	-
Other Non-Current Liabilities	504,147,822	253,386,652
OPEB Liability	42,529,387	172,145,548
Net Pension Liability	864,936,787	8,463,860
Total Liabilities	1,545,454,919	471,492,499
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB Related Amounts	8,637,768	3,281,133
Pension Related Amounts	601,054,723	117,570,529
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	609,692,491	120,851,662
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	363,201,591	(41,218,534)
TABOR Emergency Reserve	17,311,000	5,114,552
Debt Service/Lease Obligation	65,605,873	18,833,911
Other Grants and Programs	2,906,904	988,807
Nutrition Services	1,092,534	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,266,898,849)	(223,156,463)
Total Net Position	\$ (816,780,947)	\$ (239,437,727)

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

### Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Prog	ram Revenues		
					Operating		Capital
		(	Charges for	(	Grants and	C	Frants and
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Co	ntributions
Primary Government:							
Instruction	\$ 249,946,956	\$	53,358,531	\$	19,666,840	\$	-
Supporting Services	192,834,057		-		30,119,316		-
Funding to Component Units -							
Unallocated	153,937,969		-		-		-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 23,269,639		-				
Total Governmental Activities	 619,988,621		53,358,531		49,786,156		
Component Units							
Charter Schools	\$ 152,974,159	\$	10,807,573	\$	6,484,190	\$	3,994,746

#### GENERAL REVENUES

**Property Taxes** 

Specific Ownership Taxes - Unrestricted

State Equalization

Investment Earnings

Grants and Contributions not specific to Programs

Cash in Lieu of Land

Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION, Beginning, restated

NET POSITION, Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Governmental Activities	 Component Units
\$ (176,894,585) (162,714,741)	\$ -
(153,937,969) (23,269,639)	- -
 (516,816,934)	-
<u>-</u> _	(131,687,650)
318,364,477 25,595,802	-
335,347,882	148,427,554
10,638,873	855,269
11,633,777	2,486,510
1,950,322	-
 3,186,218	 705,725
706,717,351	152,475,058
189,900,417	20,787,408
 (1,006,681,364)	(260,225,135)
\$ (816,780,947)	\$ (239,437,727)

# Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

A COLUMN	Combined General	Governmental Designated Purpose Grant	Bond Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$137,198,798	\$ 20,914,757	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,921,761	\$164,035,316
Receivables:	\$137,190,790	\$ 20,914,737	φ -	φ -	\$ 3,921,701	\$104,033,310
Property Taxes, Net of Allowance for Uncollectable Taxes Other Prepaid Costs Inventories, at Cost Restricted Cash and Investments	13,622,688 2,148,052 884,147 1,159,699	- 2,108,990 - - -	2,382,075 44,975 - - 66,102,249	1,143,458 - - 233,858,675	622,518 - 820,762	16,004,763 6,067,993 884,147 1,980,461 299,960,924
Total Assets	\$155,013,384	\$ 23,023,747	\$ 68,529,299	\$235,002,133	\$ 7,365,041	\$488,933,604
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Compensation Unearned Revenues	\$ 6,159,311 25,591,180 748,095	\$ 655,948 604,504 21,763,295	\$ - - -	\$ 23,155,268 - -	\$ 371,013 527,780 1,291,906	\$ 30,341,540 26,723,464 23,803,296
Total Liabilities	32,498,586	23,023,747		23,155,268	2,190,699	80,868,300
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	4,714,694		916,102			5,630,796
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable:  Inventories & Prepaid Costs	2,043,846	-	-	-	-	2,043,846
Restricted:	17.211.000					17.211.000
TABOR Emergency Reserve	17,311,000	-	-	-	1 002 524	17,311,000
Restricted Fund Balance Committed:	2,906,904	-	67,613,197	211,846,865	1,092,534	283,459,500
3% Board Reserves Assigned:	17,311,000	-	-	-	-	17,311,000
Extended Service Severance	204,300	-	-	-	-	204,300
Facility Use Revenue Share	988,565	-	-	-	-	988,565
Cash in Lieu	4,503,157	_	-	-	-	4,503,157
Master Capital Plan Projects	394,797	_	-	_	-	394,797
Security and Mental Health Initiatives	6,715,383	-	-	-	-	6,715,383
2018 Mill Levy Override Carryover	9,700,720	-	-	-	-	9,700,720
School Carryover	24,184,916	-	-	-	-	24,184,916
Subfund Carryover	7,304,860	-	_	-	4,081,808	11,386,668
Unassigned	24,230,656					24,230,656
Total Fund Balances	117,800,104		67,613,197	211,846,865	5,174,342	402,434,508
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$155,013,384	\$ 23,023,747	\$ 68,529,299	\$235,002,133	\$ 7,365,041	\$488,933,604

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds		\$	402,434,508
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial			
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			684,146,623
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period			
expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.			5,630,796
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance			
to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds			
are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.			9,888,113
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources that represent an acquisition or consumption			
of net position that applies to future periods and therefore is not reported in the funds:			
Deferred Amount on Refunding	\$ 10,334,116		
Deferred outflows of resources, pension-related amounts	137,386,618		
Deferred outflows of resources, other post employement benefit-related amounts	3,970,181		
Deferred inflows of resources, pension-related amounts	(601,054,723)		
Deferred inflows of resources, other post employement benefit-related amounts	(8,637,768)	(	(458,001,576)
Long-term liabilities, including long-term debt are not due			
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General Obligation Bonds	(455,050,000)		
Certificates of Participation	(24,965,000)		
Accreted Interest	(1,655,232)		
Bond Premiums	(57,410,391)		
Accrued Interest Payable	(1,268,194)		
Net Pension Liability	(864,936,787)		
Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	(42,529,387)		
Accrued Insurance Claims Payable	(2,694,552)		
Capital Leases	(4,557,113)		
Extended Service Severance	(204,300)		
Compensated Absences	(5,608,455)	(1,	,460,879,411)
Net Position (deficit) of Governmental Activities		\$ (	(816,780,947)

# Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Combined General	Governmental Designated Purpose Grants	Bond Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$259,475,542	\$ -	\$ 58,382,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$317,857,905
Specific Ownership Tax	25,595,802	-	-	-	-	25,595,802
Intergovernmental	377,246,553	21,375,421	-	-	4,581,114	403,203,088
Charges for Services	24,410,659	-	-	-	28,974,872	53,385,531
Fundraisers and Donations	9,578,319	-	-	-	2,055,458	11,633,777
Investment Earnings	1,205,565	-	894,211	8,371,550	-	10,471,326
Other	4,958,918	122,905			1,147,471	6,229,294
Total Revenues	702,471,358	21,498,326	59,276,574	8,371,550	36,758,915	828,376,723
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction	315,892,083	9,383,912	-	-	23,368,359	348,644,354
Supporting Services	198,469,379	12,114,414	-	-	23,330,290	233,914,083
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools	153,937,969	-	-	-	-	153,937,969
Capital Outlay	4,347,863	-	-	64,310,428	-	68,658,291
Debt Service/Lease Payments:						
Principal	-	-	31,615,000	-	2,525,000	34,140,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges			21,881,425		882,106	22,763,531
Total Expenditures	672,647,294	21,498,326	53,496,425	64,310,428	50,105,755	862,058,228
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	29,824,064		5,780,149	(55,938,878)	(13,346,840)	(33,681,505)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset Transfers In Transfers Out	41,376 - (9,712,922)	- - -	- - -	- - -	9,677 9,712,922 -	51,053 9,712,922 (9,712,922)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,671,546)		-		9,722,599	51,053
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	20,152,518		5,780,149	(55,938,878)	(3,624,241)	(33,630,452)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning, as restated	97,647,586		61,833,048	267,785,743	8,798,583	436,064,960
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$117,800,104	\$ -	\$ 67,613,197	\$211,846,865	\$ 5,174,342	\$402,434,508

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds		\$ (33,630,452)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlays exceeded loss on disposal of capital assets and depreciation.  Capital Outlay  Depreciation  Net Book Value of Disposed Assets	\$ 68,658,291 (30,973,848) (49,710)	37,634,733
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds. This amount represents the change in unavailable property tax revenue.		506,572
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:  Principal Payments - General Obligation Bonds  Principal Lease Payments - Certificates of Participation  Change in Accreted Interest  Change in Accreted Interest  Principal Payments Capital Leases  Amortization of Bond Premium and Deferred Charges  In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (sick leave), pension benefits, special termination benefits (extended service severance) and	31,615,000 2,525,000 (512,765) 6,657 907,963 5,168,579	39,710,434
liability claims - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used or due (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount represents the net effect of compensated absences, pension expense and claims payable on the statemen of activities:  Pension Income Other Post Employment Benefit Income Change in Compensated Absence Change in Extended Service Severance Liability Claims	e	147,409,428
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the cost of medical insurance and short term disability to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Funds are reported with governmental activities.		(1,730,298)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 189,900,417

# Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service		
		Funds	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$	10,229,750	
Prepaid Costs		3,365,571	
Total Assets	\$	13,595,321	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$	7,808	
Accrued Insurance Claims		3,699,400	
Total Current Liabilities		3,707,208	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		9,888,113	
Total Net Position		9,888,113	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	13,595,321	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Governmental Activities	
	Inte	rnal Service	
		Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Premium Revenue	\$	54,208,566	
Other		23,532	
Total Operating Revenues		54,232,098	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Insurance and Claims		54,952,823	
Salaries and Benefits		39,726	
Purchased Services		1,100,037	
Other		37,357	
Total Operating Expenses		56,129,943	
OPERATING INCOME		(1,897,845)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Investment Earnings		167,547	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		167,547	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,730,298)	
NET POSITION, Beginning		11,618,411	
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	9,888,113	

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		overnmental Activities
	Inte	ernal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	53,970,866 (56,421,630) (39,726)
Net Cash (Used by) Operating Activities		(2,490,490)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Earnings on Investments		167,547
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(2,322,943)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning		12,552,693
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$	10,229,750
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO  NET CASH PROVIDED TO (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Operating Loss  Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	(1,897,845)
Change in Prepaid Costs Change in Accounts Payable		(261,232) 7,587
Change in Accrued Insurance Claims		(339,000)
Total Adjustments		(592,645)
NET CASH (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(2,490,490)

# Fiduciary Fund Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship Fund 75
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 37,012
Total Assets	37,012
NET POSITION	
Held in Trust for Scholarships	37,012
Total Net Position	\$ 37,012

# Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Scholarship
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 58,000
Total Additions	58,000
DEDUCTIONS	
Grants and Scholarships	55,000
Total Deductions	55,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	3,000
NET POSITION, Beginning	34,012
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ 37,012

See accompanying notes to the financial statements

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Douglas County School District RE.1 (the District) is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado governed by an elected seven-member board of education. The accompanying financial statements represent the District and the component units for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the District.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The District's charter schools consist of eighteen separately authorized charters: Academy Charter School, American Academy, Ascent Classical Academy of Douglas County, Aspen View Academy, Ben Franklin Academy, Challenge to Excellence Charter School, DCS Montessori Charter School, Global Village Academy-Douglas County, Hope Online Learning Academy Co-Op, Leman Classical Academy, North Star Academy, Parker Core Knowledge, Parker Performing Arts School, Platte River Academy, Renaissance Secondary School, SkyView Academy, STEM School and Academy, and World Compass Academy. Beginning July 1, 2020, Ascent Classical Academy's authorizer will change from the District to Colorado Charter School Institute. Therefore, this is Ascent's final year of reporting under the District.

Charter schools are public schools authorized by the District to provide educational alternatives for parents, pupils and teachers. The schools have separate governing boards, but are fiscally dependent on the District for the majority of funding, and their exclusion would render the District's financial statements incomplete. Charter schools are considered discretely presented component units for external financial reporting purposes. The District considers each of the component units to be non-major component units because none of the schools individually has a financial relationship with the District that is significant enough to require separate reporting within the basic financial statements. Combining schedules are included within the supplementary section of this comprehensive annual financial report. The charter schools report within their reporting entities various foundations formed for fundraising or debt administration. Separate financial statements for all charter schools are available at each school location and online.

Joint Venture (Parker Joint Service Facility) - In September 1991, the District and the South Metro Fire Rescue (South Metro) entered into a joint venture agreement for the construction and operation of a transportation facility (the Facility). Currently, the District acts in the capacity of administrator under the joint control of the District Board and the governing body of South Metro. The District share of operating costs for the Facility is 45 percent.

The Facility is solely responsible for transportation operations, maintenance and services of the District and South Metro. The Facility is funded through the budgetary process of both parties to the joint venture in proportion to their respective shares and anticipated usage. The District records operating payments for transportation operations and usage as transportation expenditures in the Combined General Fund. The District does not have an equity interest in the Facility; therefore, it is not reflected within the basic financial statements as an investment. Separate financial statements for this joint venture can be obtained at its office; 17801 East Plaza Drive, Parker, Colorado.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-custodial activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for inter-fund services which are reasonably equivalent to the services provided to external organizations. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District does not report any business type activities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements** (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include; charges to students or other customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. The District does not allocate indirect expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the custodial fund even though the latter is excluded from the District government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary and custodial fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except grant revenues which are considered to be available if they are collected within 90 days. Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Alternatively, debt service and lease payment expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and risk management claims, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District, internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District reports the following major and non-major governmental funds:

The Combined General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Capital Projects Fund has been included in the Combined General fund as most resources come from a general fund transfer.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Major governmental funds: (Continued)

The Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund accounts for financial activities associated with most of its State and Federal grants.

The *Bond Redemption Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *Building Fund* accounts for only the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment funded by the sale of general obligation bonds.

#### Non-major governmental funds:

The Nutrition Services National School Lunch Program Fund (NSLP), accounts for the financial resources that are restricted for activities associated with the District's elementary, middle, and some charter school lunch programs.

The Student Activities Fund accounts for the financial resources restricted for the non-CHSSA student activities programs.

The Athletics and Activities Fund accounts for the financial resources restricted for activities associated with athletics and other CHSSA governed programs.

The Nutrition Services Non-National School Lunch Program Fund (Non-NSLP), accounts for the activities restricted for the District's school lunch programs not funded by the National School Lunch Program (high schools and two charter schools).

The *Child Care Fund* known as B.A.S.E. (Before and After School Enterprise), accounts for the financial resources that are restricted for activities associated with the District's tuition based child care programs. There are presently 43 elementary B.A.S.E. programs, 3 Pre-K B.A.S.E. programs, and 1 middle school B.A.S.E. program.

The Certificates of Participation (COP) Lease Payment Fund accounts for the yearly appropriated resources required to meet the principal and interest payments scheduled for outstanding certificates of participation.

#### The District reports the following other fund types:

The *Medical Fund, an internal service fund,* accounts for health activities associated with a self-funded health insurance plan, a fully insured Kaiser option, as well as other employee health benefits including dental and vision.

The Short Term Disability Fund, an internal service fund, accounts for short term disability activities associated with a self-funded disability insurance plan.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship Fund, a private-purpose trust fund*, accounts for the activities of various scholarship accounts. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, and other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

#### Cash and Investments

The pooled cash concept is used whereby cash balances of each of the District funds are pooled and invested in certain investments. All pooled cash investment income is allocated to the General Fund. The following are considered to be cash and cash equivalents: cash on hand, cash in the bank, and highly liquid investments which have a maturity of three months or less when purchased or which are subject to withdrawal.

As of June 30, 2020, the District invested in Colorado Statewide Investment Pool (CSIP) and Colorado Surplus Asset Fund (CSafe), both external investment pools. The District also invests proceeds from the 2019 bonds in various U.S. Treasury Notes, Federal Agency Bond Notes, Corporate Notes, Agency Bond and Certificates of Deposit. CSIP Term funds are reported at Net Asset Value (NAV). CSafe and CSIP LGIP funds are reported at amortized cost. All other securities are recorded at fair value.

#### Fair Value Measurement and Application

The District adopted GASB 72, which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The fair value is the price that would be received by the District to sell an asset or paid by the District to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement for financial reporting at fiscal year end June 30, 2020 and the application used is determined by a hierarchy of one of three levels. Level one is the most reliable and is quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, level two is reliable and consists of quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, other observable inputs, interest rates, credit spreads, condition of the asset, activity level of markets for observable input, and level three is least reliable which is based on unobservable inputs. All donated assets are measured at the estimated acquisition value.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either *due to* or *due from other funds* (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans).

Property taxes are levied on December 15. Property taxes are payable in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. The County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing districts within the County. Property tax receipts are remitted to the District in the subsequent month. Delinquent property taxes are subject to sale of tax certificates in the following November. Property taxes levied in the current year but not received at year-end are identified as *property taxes*, *net of allowance for uncollectible taxes*. Any taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are recorded as a *deferred inflow of resources* in the governmental fund financial statements.

Specific ownership taxes are collected by the County for motor vehicles registered in the District's assessment area. Tax receipts collected by the County are remitted to the District in the subsequent month. Specific ownership taxes are recorded as receivables and revenues when collected by the County.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Costs**

All inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The District records prepaid costs using the purchase method.

#### Restricted Assets

The District and its component units restrict cash and investments representing debt service reserves and unspent bond proceeds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual or aggregate cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset life are not capitalized.

First year depreciation is calculated at one-half year regardless of the purchase date. Property and equipment of the District, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	20 - 40
Land Improvements	5 - 20
Portable classrooms	25
Vehicles	8
Office equipment	7 - 10
Computer equipment	5

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements consists primarily of unearned tuition, fees, or prepaid student lunch accounts and Corona Virus Relief Fund Grant received in advance.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding which results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second is shown as pension-related amounts and includes items related to the District's portion of the Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) benefit plan. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. Additional information on pension-related amounts is included in Note 9. The third amount is shown as other post-employment benefit (OPEB) related amounts and includes items related to the District's portion of the Health Care Trust Fund administered by PERA. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments. Additional information on OPEB-related amounts is included in Note 10.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences

It is District policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. Unused sick leave is paid to employees, up to a maximum of 130 days, upon termination after completing ten years of service. Vacation time must be used the same fiscal year it is earned. The current and long-term liabilities for sick time are accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured.

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred.

#### Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classification of fund balance:

*Nonspendable* - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form - such as inventories - or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* - includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision such as Colorado TABOR or enabling legislation.

Committed - includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Education, the District's highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance of the District may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the Board of Education. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

Assigned - includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted fund balance. Under the District's adopted policy, the Board delegates authority to the Superintendent or the Chief Financial Officer to determine these assignments.

Unassigned - includes all other spendable amounts and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

#### Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets of \$363,201,591consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition or construction of improvements on those assets, excluding unspent bond and COP proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use, either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. As of June 30, 2020, the District has \$17,311,000 and the charter schools have \$5,114,552, restricted for TABOR emergency reserves.

#### Pensions

The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability (NPL), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. All funds with salary and benefit expenditures are used to liquidate pension liabilities.

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of June 30, 2020.

#### Deferred Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

At June 30, 2020, deposits and investments were reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental Activities *	\$ 474,225,990
Private Purpose Trust Scholarship	37,012
Total	\$ 474,263,002

<sup>\*</sup> Governmental Activities include Governmental Funds and the Internal Service Funds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 2,315,858
Cash on Hand	39,880
Cash with Fiscal Agent	76,000
Investments	471,831,264
Total	\$ 474,263,002

#### **Deposits**

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage for government accounts is \$250,000 per official custodian. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State statutes. The State regulatory commissioners regulate the eligible public depositories. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA.

PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be equal to at least 102 percent of the uninsured deposits. At June 30, 2020, the District bank deposits were covered by FDIC Insurance or fell under the provisions of PDPA.

#### **Investments**

The District is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity, and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include:

- · United States treasury obligations and certain U.S. agency securities
- · Corporate bonds
- · Mutual bonds
- · Short term certificates of deposit
- · Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- · Commercial paper
- · Repurchase agreements
- · Certain money market funds
- · Guaranteed investment contracts
- · Local government investment pools

The District's investment policy does not further restrict its investment options.

At June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments:

							Investmen	it Maturities (	In Months)
Investment Type	S &P/Fitch Ratings	Amortized Cost	Net Asset Value	Fair Market Value T		Total	12 Months or less	13-24 Months	25-60 Months
CSafe Funds	AAAm	\$ 823,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$	823,213	\$ 823,213	\$ -	\$ -
CSIP LGIP	AAAm	260,779,113	-	-		260,779,113	260,779,113	-	-
CSIP Term	AAAf	-	30,000,000	-		30,000,000	30,000,000	-	-
US Treasury Note	AA+	-	-	94,658,094		94,658,094	-	-	94,658,094
Federal Agency Bond/Note	AA+	-	-	59,962,943		59,962,943	-	-	59,962,943
Agency Bond/Note	AAA	-	-	543,176		543,176	-	-	543,176
Corporate Note	AA+/A+	-	-	5,922,073		5,922,073	-	-	5,922,073
Certificates of Deposit	A-1+/A1			19,142,652		19,142,652	19,142,652		-
Total		\$ 261,602,326	\$ 30,000,000	\$180,228,938	\$	471,831,264	\$310,744,978	\$ -	\$161,086,286

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2: <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)</u>

Local Government Investment Pools (LGIP) - At June 30, 2020, the District had dollars invested in local government investment pools with \$290,779,113 invested in CSIP, Colorado Statewide Investment Program. Term investments are measured at Net Asset Value (NAV) and LGIP investments are measured at amortized cost. CSIP is a statutory trust organized and existing under the laws of the State of Colorado intended solely for the use of Colorado local governments. Investments of the trust are limited to those allowed by State statutes. The District also had \$823,213 invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund (CSafe) at June 30, 2020. CSafe is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00 and is measured at amortized cost. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing CSafe.

CSIP is a statutory trust organized and existing under the laws of the State of Colorado intended solely for the use of Colorado local governments. Investments of the trust are limited to those allowed by State statutes. CSIP's sole purpose is to serve government entities in Colorado to meet their daily cash management needs with an emphasis on 1) safety, 2) liquidity, 3) transparency and 4) competitive yields. CSIP is a local government investment pool trust fund organized under C.R.S. § 24-75-701, et seq., registered as such with the Colorado Securities Commissioner pursuant to the Local Government Investment Pool Trust Fund Administration and Enforcement Act, C.R.S. § 11-51-901, et seq. As such a trust, CSIP pools and invests the funds of Colorado local government participants within the investment policies and limitations set forth in CSIP's Indenture of Trust and C.R.S. § 24-75-601, et seq. Participants include municipalities, counties, school districts and special districts.

CSIP offers two investment options, 1) CSIP Liquid Portfolio and 2) CSIP Term Portfolio. The CSIP Liquid Portfolio is a fully liquid, variable rate investment option, rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is a one-day redemption notice. The CSIP Term Portfolio offers the ability for participants to invest in shares of fixed-rate, fixed-term investments, rated AAAf by Fitch Ratings. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption period is planned at maturity, and the redemption period is a sixty-day minimum and one-year maximum.

Custodial Credit Risk - There is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. None of the District's investments are subject to custodial risk.

*Interest Rate Risk* - State statutes limit investments in U.S. Agency securities to an original maturity of five years, unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

*Credit Risk* - State statutes limit investments in U.S. Agency securities to the highest rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs).

The District's investment policy and State statutes limit investments in money market funds to those with the highest rating issued by NRSROs and with a constant share price, or to money market funds that invest only in specified securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State statutes and the District's investment policy do not limit the amount the District may invest in one issuer. As of June 30, 2020, the investments of Fannie Mae Notes \$37,360,739 individually garner greater than five percent of total investments.

#### Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted process; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District has the following fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

Investment by fair value level:	Jι	ine 30, 2020	 Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
US Treasury Notes	\$	94,658,094	\$	- :	\$ 94,658,094	\$ -
Federal Agency Bond/Note		59,962,943		-	59,962,943	-
Agency Bond/Note		543,176		-	543,176	-
Corporate Note		5,922,073		-	5,922,073	-
Certificates of Deposit		19,142,652			19,142,652	
Total Investments by fair value level	\$	180,228,938	\$	- :	\$ 180,228,938	\$ -

#### NOTE 3: <u>INTER-FUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS</u>

Inter-fund balances are created when there is a liability of one fund due to another fund. There are no interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the allocating system and (3) payments between funds are made. The interfund receivables and payables are expected to be collected/paid in the subsequent year.

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that collects them to specific programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorization. Transferred funds are without recourse. Transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Transfers From	Transfers To	_	Amount
General Fund	Nutrition Services NSLP Fund		351,634
General Fund	Nutrition Services Non-NSLP Fund		643,718
General Fund	Child Care Fund		487,045
General Fund	COP Lease Payment Fund		2,438,816
General Fund	Student Athletics & Activities Fund		5,791,709
	Total	\$	9,712,922

All transfers were made from the General Fund to support the operations of various other funds that statute or budget requires to expend them.

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

# NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital Asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities					
Land	\$ 13,310,241	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,310,241
Construction in Progress (CIP)	17,047,314	58,679,614	-	(18,311,337)	57,415,591
Total Capital Assets	30,357,555	58,679,614		(18,311,337)	70,725,832
(Not Depreciated)					
Buildings and Improvements	955,179,861	389,537	(30,534)	8,480,785	964,019,649
Land Improvements	3,029,377	270,489	(115,000)	484,730	3,669,596
Machinery and Equipment	98,257,646	9,318,651	(9,343,692)	9,345,822	107,578,427
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	1,056,466,884	9,978,677	(9,489,226)	18,311,337	1,075,267,672
Accumulated Depreciation					
Building and Improvements	(370,400,263)	(21,427,649)	6,107	-	(391,821,805)
Land Improvements	(760,935)	(619,967)	115,000	-	(1,265,902)
Machinery and Equipment	(69,151,351)	(8,926,232)	9,318,409		(68,759,174)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(440,312,549)	(30,973,848)	9,439,516	-	(461,846,881)
Net Depreciated Capital Assets	616,154,335	(20,995,171)	(49,710)	18,311,337	613,420,791
Net Capital Assets with					
Land and CIP	\$ 646,511,890	\$ 37,684,443	\$ (49,710)	\$ -	\$ 684,146,623

For the year ended June 30, 2020, depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

 Instruction
 \$ 4,329,100

 Supporting Services
 26,644,748

 Total
 \$ 30,973,848

# **Discretely Presented Component Units-**

Charter Schools		June 30, 2019		Additions	]	Deletions	June 30, 2020		
Land	\$	17,700,735	\$	2,109,522	\$	-	\$	19,810,257	
Construction in Progress (CIP)		630,543		4,071,682		(1,135,284)		3,566,941	
Total Capital Assets (Not Depreciated)		18,331,278		6,181,204		(1,135,284)		23,377,198	
Buildings and Improvements		203,937,848		28,479,277		(3,878,654)		228,538,471	
Machinery and Equipment		6,704,307		903,276		(529,597)		7,077,986	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets		210,642,155		29,382,553		(4,408,251)		235,616,457	
Accumulated Depreciation:									
Buildings and Improvements		(37,445,433)		6,329,061		770,714		(43,003,780)	
Machinery and Equipment		(5,306,648)		746,579		628,980		(5,424,247)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(42,752,081)		7,075,640		1,399,694		(48,428,027)	
Net Depreciated Capital Assets		171,617,572		22,306,913		(3,008,557)		187,188,430	
Net Capital Assets with Land and CIP	\$	189,948,850	\$	28,488,117	\$	(4,143,841)	\$	210,565,628	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 5: <u>ACCRUED COMPENSATION</u>

Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a 12-month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of approximately 9 to 10 months. Accordingly, the accrued compensation is reflected as a liability of the respective funds in the accompanying financial statements. The salaries and benefits earned but unpaid at June 30, 2020 are recorded in the funds as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Combined General Fund	\$	25,591,180
Governmental Designated Purpose Grand Fund	. \$	604,504
Non-major Governmental Funds		527,780
Total	\$	26,723,464

Accrued compensation for the charter schools as of June 30, 2020, is \$5,224,683.

#### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, is as follows:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

	Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
	June 30, 2019	Additions	1	Reductions	June 30, 2020		One Year	
Governmental Activities:	-	_		_				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 486,665,000	\$ -	\$	31,615,000	\$	455,050,000	\$	35,465,000
Certificates of Participation	27,490,000	-		2,525,000		24,965,000		2,580,000
Accreted Interest	1,142,467	512,765		-		1,655,232		(724,490)
Bond Premiums	64,228,806	-		6,818,415		57,410,391		6,517,787
Extended Service Severance	266,945	-		62,645		204,300		60,000
Capital Leases	5,465,076	-		907,963		4,557,113		933,248
Compensated Absences	5,391,259	680,735		463,539		5,608,455		471,124
OPEB Liability	49,571,265	-		7,041,878		42,529,387		-
Net Pension Liability	992,546,522	 		127,609,735		864,936,787		
Total	\$ 1,632,767,340	\$ 1,193,500	\$	177,044,175	\$	1,456,916,665	\$	45,302,669

The District issues general obligation (G.O.) bonds and certificates of participation (COP) to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The legal debt limit and debt margin as of June 30, 2020 are \$1,457,815,010 and \$914,177,274, respectively. Management of the District believes it is in compliance with the legal debt limits.

#### G.O. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

\$87,310,000 G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2009; interest ranging from 2% to 5.25% payable semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December 2009. The final payment is due December 2025.	\$ 61,725,000
\$85,845,000 G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010; interest ranging from 2% to 5% payable semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December 2010. The final payment is due December 2025.	47,905,000

(Continue on next page)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

# NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

\$70,995,000 G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012; yielding 0.28% to 2.86%; interest compounds semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December 2015. The final payment is due December 2030.	67,160,000
\$100,000 G.O. Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2012; yielding 3.2% to 3.35%; interest compounds semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December of 2022. The final payment is due December 2023.	100,000
\$31,020,000 G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, yielding 0.25% to 2.72%; interest compounds semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December 2013. The final payment is due December 2028.	29,910,000
\$249,975,000 G.O. Bond, Series 2019, yielding 1.660% to 3.080%; interest compounds semiannually: principal payable annually beginning December 2019. The final payment is due December 2038.	248,250,000
<b>Total General Obligation Bonds</b>	\$ 455,050,000

# **Certificates of Participation**

Certificate of participation obligations are satisfied using general operating funds. District buildings are held as collateral on the debt.

COPs outstanding at June 30, 2020, consist of the following:

\$15,500,000 Certificates of Participation, Series 2012; interest ranging from 2% to 3.5% payable semiannually; principal payable annually beginning January 2016. The final payment is due January 2037.	\$ 13,025,000
\$6,470,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2015; interest ranging from 2% to 3% payable semiannually; principal payable annually beginning December 2015. The final payment is due December 2021.	2,580,000
\$12,100,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2016; interest ranging from 2% to 4% payable semiannually; principal payable annually beginning January 2017. The final payment is due January 2031.	9,360,000
<b>Total Certificates of Participation</b>	\$ 24,965,000

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

### **Capital Leases**

Copier equipment lease beginning November 2017 in the amount of \$130,059. Monthly payments including interest at 2.4% are due beginning November 2017. The final payment is due October 2022.	\$ 15,570
Energy Performance Capital Lease Refinance beginning September 2016 in the amount of \$7,333,188. Semi-annual payments ranging from \$425,355 to \$543,230 are due beginning March 2017, including interest at 1.91%. Final payment is due September 2027.	4,541,543
<b>Total Capital Leases</b>	\$ 4,557,113
The net book value of the leased assets are as follows:	
Equipment (Energy Performance Contracts and Copiers)	\$ 13,303,235
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	3,716,409
Total	\$ 9,586,826
Accreted Interest	
Accreted compound interest on capital appreciation bonds, due and payable upon final payment of each respective bond.	\$ 1,655,232

# **Future Debt Service/Lease Obligations**

The following schedule represents the District's debt service and lease payment obligations to maturity for outstanding bonded debt, registered coupons and certificates of participation and capital leases at June 30, 2020:

# **General Obligation Bonds**

June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total		
2021	\$ 35,465,000	\$	20,467,581	\$	55,932,581	
2022	36,635,000		18,691,206		55,326,206	
2023	35,860,000		19,511,438		55,371,438	
2024	38,130,000		17,257,581		55,387,581	
2025	41,895,000		13,365,331		55,260,331	
2026-2030	138,605,000		44,939,881		183,544,881	
2031-2035	66,490,000		21,712,725		88,202,725	
2036-2040	61,970,000		6,060,375		68,030,375	
Total	\$ 455,050,000	\$	162,006,118	\$	617,056,118	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### **Future Debt Service/Lease Obligations (Continued)**

#### **Certificates of Participation**

June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2021	\$	2,580,000	\$ 819,656	\$	3,399,656	
2022		2,640,000	757,781		3,397,781	
2023		1,375,000	709,081		2,084,081	
2024		1,415,000	670,906		2,085,906	
2025		1,455,000	628,456		2,083,456	
2026-2030		8,155,000	2,242,681		10,397,681	
2031-2035		5,385,000	825,613		6,210,613	
2036-2040		1,960,000	 103,426		2,063,426	
Total	\$	24,965,000	\$ 6,757,600	\$	31,722,600	

#### **Capital Lease**

June 30,	 Principal Interest				Total			
2021	\$ 933,248	\$	82,568	\$	1,015,816			
2022	975,434		64,580		1,040,014			
2023	1,040,822		45,638		1,086,460			
2024	331,273		29,131		360,404			
2025	356,044		22,686		378,730			
2026-2030	 920,292		26,533		946,825			
Total	\$ 4,557,113	\$	271,136	\$	4,828,249			

#### **Compensated Absences**

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated with revenues of the General Fund.

#### **Extended Service Severance**

During the 2012 fiscal year, the District initiated a phase out of an extended service severance benefit offered within the Douglas County Federation of Teachers, division of American Federation of Teachers, certified and classified contracts. Employees who were eligible to retire by June 30, 2012, June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 were eligible to take advantage of this benefit phase out. The total liability was calculated at about \$6.2 million of which about \$6 million was paid out in October of the past seven years (2012-2019) leaving a liability of \$204,300. This liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements only as none of it is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### **Charter School Long-term Liabilities**

Charter school long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
<b>Charter Schools:</b>	Jı	ine 30, 2019	 Additions	I	Reductions	Jı	une 30, 2020		One Year
Loans	\$	222,074,598	\$ 105,948,723	\$	(70,139,608)	\$	257,883,713	\$	17,523,680
Capital Lease		495,257	187,686		(199,723)		483,220		196,934
Discount		(114,516)	(522,880)		3,817		(633,579)		-
Premium		1,823,044	11,571,095		(104,667)		13,289,472		24,408
Compensated Absences		249,708	57,113		(133,521)		173,300		64,452
	\$	224,528,091	\$ 117,241,737	\$	(70,573,702)	\$	271,196,126	\$	17,809,474

#### **Charter School Capital Leases and Loans**

Colorado Educational and Cultural Facilities Authority (Authority) has issued Charter School Revenue Bonds on behalf of the Charter Schools. The Charter Schools make monthly payments to the Authority under various lease agreements. Additionally, American Academy leases technology under a capital lease. Minimum lease payments to maturity for capital leases and loans, net of discounts and premiums, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	17,720,614	\$	10,587,914	\$ 28,308,528
2022		8,215,778		11,183,700	19,399,478
2023		4,009,573		11,043,510	15,053,083
2024		4,687,577		10,891,102	15,578,679
2025		5,131,889		10,643,900	15,775,789
2026-2030		37,987,502		47,424,833	85,412,335
2031-2035		33,215,000		41,158,637	74,373,637
2036-2040		35,179,000		32,873,824	68,052,824
2041-2045		34,550,000		24,526,960	59,076,960
2046-2050		38,725,000		15,256,344	53,981,344
2051-2055		38,945,000		5,756,974	44,701,974
Total	\$	258,366,933	\$	221,347,698	\$ 479,714,631

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### **Charter School Operating Leases**

Charter School operating lease expenses for the year ending June 30, 2020 are \$4,345,342.

### **Charter School Long Term Lease Commitments**

Year Ended	
June 30,	Total
2021	\$ 3,763,406
2022	3,799,532
2023	3,297,259
2024	3,304,425
2025	11,196,041
2026-2030	14,426,898
2031-2035	10,930,545
2036-2040	2,869,547
	\$ 53,587,653

#### NOTE 7: SHORT-TERM DEBT

Due to the cyclical nature of property tax cash flow that school districts significantly rely on for operation, the State Treasurer is authorized to issue short term debt in order to make interest-free loans to participating Colorado school districts.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District borrowed \$32,074,000 from the State-sponsored interest-free loan program to provide cash flow throughout the fiscal year. None of the amount borrowed was outstanding at June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The deductible for all perils, including flood, windstorm and earthquake, is subject to a per occurrence deductible of \$100,000. Auto per occurrence deductible is \$150,000. The District has no excess coverage for physical damage and collision, upset or overturning of vehicles off premises. Further, the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act provides local governments with immunity from liability in excess of \$387,000 per person per occurrence and \$1,093,000 aggregate per occurrence. The District is self-insured for its medical and property/workers' compensation claims.

The District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the District's self-insured retention. Settled claims for the past three fiscal years have not exceeded the commercial coverage.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR).

The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. The claims liability was determined actuarially. The property claims liability is based on the current reserves. The claims liability is considered to be reasonably estimated (measurable) and probable of assertion.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The following represents the change in the claims liability for the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

	Property/Workers				
		Medical		Compensation	Total
Claims Liability June 30, 2018	\$	3,494,240	\$	3,468,672 \$	6,962,912
Claims Incurred and Adjusted		27,383,933		1,812,577	29,196,510
Claims Payments		(26,839,773)		(1,782,948)	(28,622,721)
Claims Liability June 30, 2019		4,038,400		3,498,301	7,536,701
Claims Incurred and Adjusted		29,616,677		653,085	30,269,762
Claims Payments		(29,955,677)		(1,456,834)	(31,412,511)
Claims Liability June 30, 2020	\$	3,699,400	\$	2,694,552 \$	6,393,952

The District's property and workers' compensation activity is reported within the General Fund. The claims liability for property and workers' compensation is only reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as the liability is not a matured liability under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The District utilizes the Medical Fund, an internal service fund, for the accounting and reporting of its health insurance claims. Accordingly, the claims are expensed as they are incurred and the full medical claim liability of \$3,699,400 is reported within the Medical Fund as a current liability because District expects to pay full balance within a year.

#### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

<u>Plan Description</u> – Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado state law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

<u>Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019</u> - PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by Federal Internal Revenue Code.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)**

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, the annual increase for 2019 is 0.00 percent for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive an annual increase of 1.25%, unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

<u>Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2020</u>: Eligible employees, the District, and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8.75 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020
Employer Contribution Rate <sup>1</sup>	10.40%
Amount of Employer Contribution Apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as Specified in	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to the SCHDTF <sup>1</sup>	9.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411 <sup>1</sup>	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S.	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	19.38%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Contribition rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101 (42).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: <u>PENSION PLAN (Continued)</u>

### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)**

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Subsequent to the SCHDTF's December 31, 2019, measurement date, HB 20-1379 Suspend Direct Distribution to PERA Public Employees Retirement Association for 2020-21 Fiscal Year, was passed into law during the 2020 legislative session and signed by Governor Polis on June 29, 2020. This bill suspends the July 1, 2020, \$225 million direct distribution allocated to the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division, as required under Senate Bill 18-200.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$66.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to rollforward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$864,936,787 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$ 974,643,017
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District.	109,706,230
The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 864,936,787

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was approximately 5.789 percent, which was an increase of approximately 0.184 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension income of \$137,791,000 and revenue of \$8,309,195 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$47,139,624	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$24,692,625	\$392,327,131
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	\$102,460,372
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$32,283,456	\$106,267,220
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$33,270,913	N/A
Total	\$137,386,618	\$601,054,723

\$33,270,913 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Effect of Deferred Inflows/ Outflows on Pension Expense	
2021	\$ (280,807,028)	
2022	(189,200,156)	
2023	7,922,153	
2024	(34,853,987)	
Total	\$ (496,939,018)	

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Price Inflation	2.40%
Real Wage Growth	1.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.50% - 9.70%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expenses Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount Rate	7.25%
Post Retirement Benefit Increases: PERA Benefit Structure Hired Prior to January 1, 2007; and DPS Benefit Structure (Automatic) <sup>1</sup>	1.25% compounded annually
PERA Benefit Structure hired after December 31, 2006 (Ad Hoc, Substantively Automatic)	Financed by the Annual Increase Reserve (AIR)

(1) For 2019, the annual increase was 0.00 percent.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement, nondisabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015, as well as the October 28, 2016 actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by PERA's Board during the November 18, 2016 Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019 and effective 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019 and effective July 1, 2020. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- As specified in law, the State will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million, which
  commenced July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division
  Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases
  when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate</u> The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,147,091,371	\$864,936,787	\$628,043,429

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report, which can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

### Voluntary Investment Program

<u>Plan Description</u> - Employees of the District that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S, as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

#### Voluntary Investment Program

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2020 program members contributed \$8,039,740.

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

#### **Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

<u>Plan Description</u> - Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) - a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four divisions (State, School, Local Government, and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

<u>PERA Benefit Structure</u> -The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

### **Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)**

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

<u>Contributions</u> - Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$3,477,188 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$42,529,387 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District's proportion was 3.783 percent, which was an increase of approximately 0.140 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB income of \$659,474. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$141,134	\$7,146,501
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	352,836	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	709,871
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	1,725,111	781,396
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,751,100	-
Total	\$3,970,181	\$8,637,768

\$1,751,100 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Year ended June 30:	Effect of Deferred Inflows/ Outflows on Pension Expense
2021	(\$1,341,761)
2022	(1,341,685)
2023	(1,136,151)
2024	(1,451,796)
2025	(1,082,741)
2026	(64,553)
Total	(\$6,418,687)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Price Inflation	2.40%
Real Wage Growth	1.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increases Including Wage Inflation	3.50% in aggregate
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, Net of OPEB Plan Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount Rate	7.25%
Health Care Cost Trent Rates PERA Benefit Structure:	
Service-based Premium Subsidy PERACare Medicare Plans	0.00% 5.60% in 2019, gradually
Medicare Part A Premiums	Decreasing to 4.50% in 2029 3.5% in 2019, gradually Increasing to 4.50% in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuations were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium–free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 601	\$ 240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	605	237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age sixty—five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60%	3.50%
2020	8.60%	3.50%
2021	7.30%	3.50%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.70%	3.75%
2024	5.50%	3.75%
2025	5.30%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.00%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement, non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year
- Morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four of five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income - Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates</u> - The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$41,519,122	\$42,529,387	\$43,696,827

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10: POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active
  membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members
  assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was
  assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based
  upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous
  future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicated the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate</u> - The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$48,088,032	\$42,529,387	\$37,775,583

#### OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the HCTF plan's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

### NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Claims and Judgments**

The District participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the District may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2020, varying amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited by federal and state agencies, but the District believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits, will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the District.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

#### **Committed Construction**

At June 30, 2020, the District had contractual commitments for the construction of various major capital projects and facilities of \$49,943,561. Bonds, investment earnings, and general funds will provide funding for these immediate future expenditures.

#### Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation matters in which the outcome cannot be predicted at this time.

#### **TABOR Amendment**

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed Article X, Section 20 (TABOR Amendment), to the State Constitution which limits state and local government tax powers and imposes spending limitations. The District is subject to the TABOR Amendment. Fiscal year 1993 provides the basis for limits in future years to which may be applied allowable increases for inflation and student enrollment. In November 1998, voters within the District authorized the District to collect, retain, and spend all District revenues received in 1998 and each year thereafter, notwithstanding the limitations of the TABOR Amendment. The TABOR Amendment is subject to many interpretations, but the District believes it is in substantial compliance with the Amendment.

The TABOR Amendment requires the District to establish a reserve of 3 percent for emergencies. At June 30, 2020, the District and charter school reserves of \$17,311,000 and \$5,114,552 respectively, were recorded as a restricted fund balance in the Combined General Fund.

In addition to this TABOR Reserve, Board policy requires an additional 3 percent be held as a prudent reserve providing evidence of financial stability and maintaining the high credit rating the District presently holds. This policy also mandates a 1 percent contingency budget to be appropriated each year providing readily available resources in the event of unforeseen circumstances.

### NOTE 12: RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

In fiscal year 2019-2020, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to a reclassification of a fiduciary fund to a special revenue fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, issued January 2017, management of the District has reclassified the pupil activity fund from an agency fund to a non-major special revenue fund. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how these activities should be reported.

As a result, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance as follows:

	 Governmental Activities	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Beginning net position/fund balance, as originally reported	\$ (1,007,835,093)	\$ 7,644,854
Reclassification of Pupil Activity Fund	 1,153,729	1,153,729
Beginning net position/fund balance, as restated	\$ (1,006,681,364)	\$ 8,798,583

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

### NOTE 12: RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, prior period adjustments of \$(421,455) were made to Academy Charter School and \$(21,563) for American Academy. Additionally, Aspen View Academy's beginning balance net position increased by \$83,006 due to the removal of a note payable that was paid off the previous year.

	retely Presented mponent Units
Beginning net position, as originally reported	\$ (259,865,123)
Correction of an error	 (360,012)
Beginning net position, as restated	\$ (260,225,135)

### NOTE 13: NEW GASB PRONOUCEMENTS FOR FUTURE IMPLEMENTATION

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, issued June 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, with earlier adoption encouraged. Statement No. 87 establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. In addition, the District must report the (1) amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (2) interest expense on the lease liability and (3) note disclosures about the lease. The Statement provides exceptions from the single-approach for short-term leases, financial purchases, leases of assets that are investments, and certain regulated leases. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, non-lease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements), and leases with related parties.

### NOTE 14: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

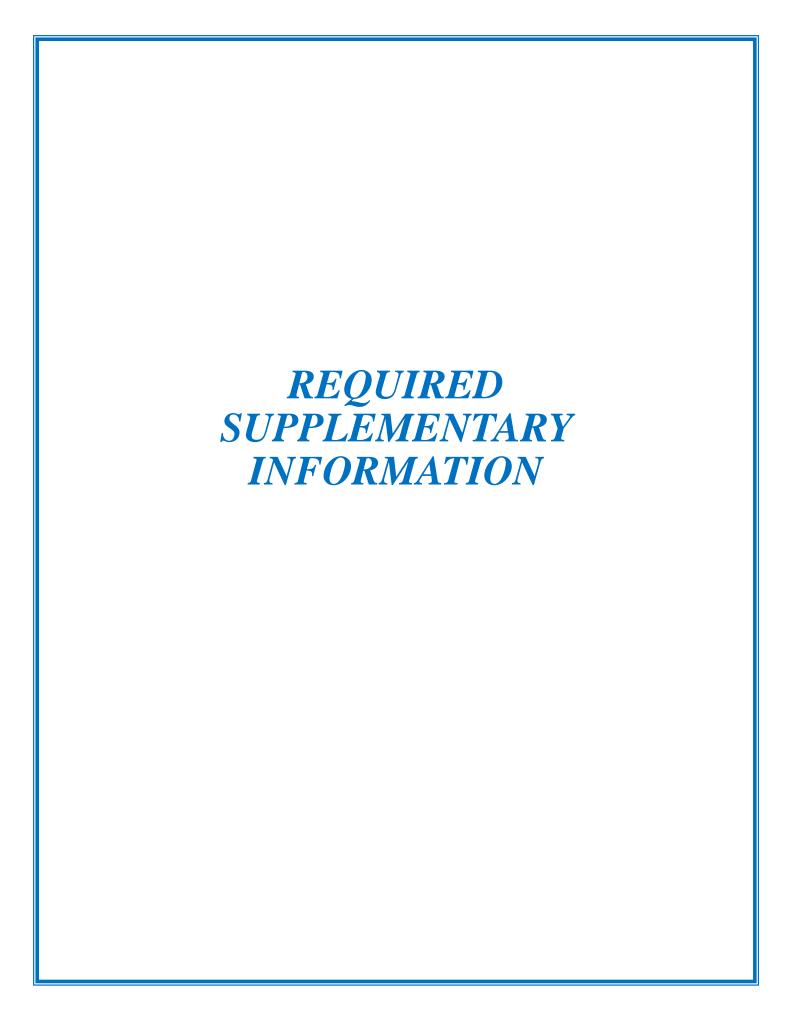
The novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic on March 11, 2020. Due to the virus's rapid spread, Governor Polis issued an executive order on March 25 ordering Coloradoans to stay in place, ultimately through May 8. This closure shifted most businesses and all schools to remote work/learning as of March 26. These closures resulted in significant revenue losses for the State forcing many budget cuts. One of those cuts was a decrease in K-12 education in which the budget stabilization factor was increased meaning the per pupil revenue was decreased by \$457 per student in Douglas County from \$8,208 to \$7,751 for school year 2020-2021. The District's 2020-2021 budget required a \$30.4 million reduction. Cuts were spread across many program areas with the goal of keeping cuts as far away from the classroom as possible with deeper department cuts. This includes a combination of furlough days, small reduction in site-based budget pupil allocations, central/district-wide department cuts (including staff reductions), among any other expense cuts.

Effective July 1, 2020, HOPE Online Learning Academy Co-Op has closed its elementary school and retains middle and high school going forward. The closure will result in a decrease in funding and a corresponding decrease in expenses. Further financial effects are unknown and dependent on future enrollment in the middle and high schools with the expectation that enrollment will initially be flat and then grow over future years.

Subsequent to year end, Parker Performing Arts School borrowed \$20,000,000 under a long-term credit facility. The proceeds were used to acquire the building the School has been leasing.



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



### Combined General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

				2020				
		Adopted		Amended				Variance
		Budget		Budget		Actual	W	ith Budget
REVENUES								
Taxes:	ф	252 707 070	Ф	250 105 620	ф	250 475 542	ф	260,002
Local Property Taxes	\$	253,707,070	\$	259,105,639	\$	259,475,542	\$	369,903
Specific Ownership Taxes Total Taxes		29,908,277 283,615,347		29,908,277 289,013,916		25,595,802 285,071,344		(4,312,475)
Total Taxes		283,013,347		289,013,910		283,071,344		(3,942,572)
Intergovernmental State Funding:								
State Equalization		337,998,981		335,511,373		335,347,882		(163,491)
Special Education		13,363,903		14,494,875		14,583,294		88,419
Vocational Education		800,293		875,382		875,382		=
Other		15,852,205		26,755,848		26,439,995		(315,853)
Total Intergovernmental State Funding		368,015,382		377,637,478		377,246,553		(390,925)
Other:								
Investment Income		1,003,521		1,400,000		1,205,565		(194,435)
Charges for Services		24,010,687		25,611,964		24,410,659		(1,201,305)
Fundraisers and Donations		21,010,007		23,011,501		9,578,319		9,578,319
Other		11,270,802		18,426,507		4,958,918		(13,467,589)
Total Other		36,285,010	_	45,438,471		40,153,461		(5,285,010)
Total Revenues		687,915,739		712,089,865		702,471,358		(9,618,507)
EXPENDITURES								
Current Operating:								
Instructional Services		320,238,946		334,987,065		315,892,083		19,094,982
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools		157,683,815		154,084,901		153,937,969		146,932
Supporting Services:								
Pupil Support Services		92,351,257		102,039,813		100,358,317		1,681,496
Operations and Maintenance		70,512,953		75,669,863		66,714,265		8,955,598
Central Supporting Services		33,921,752		33,210,725		33,955,539		(744,814)
Facility Acquisition and Construction		7,509,836		7,562,496		1,789,121		5,773,375
Total Expenditures		682,218,559		707,554,863		672,647,294		34,907,569
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		5,697,180		4,535,002		29,824,064		25,330,438
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		41,376		41,376
Transfers Out		(8,686,131)		(9,712,922)		(9,712,922)		
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(8,686,131)		(9,712,922)		(9,671,546)		41,376
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(2,988,951)	\$	(5,177,920)		20,152,518	\$	25,330,438
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						97,647,586		
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	117,800,104		

See accompanying independent auditor's report and note to required supplementary information

### Fund 22 Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

			20	20			
	Adopted	1	Amended				Variance
	Budget		Budget	_	Actual	v	vith Budget
REVENUES	 _		_		_		_
Intergovernmental:							
Federal	\$ 13,536,354	\$	40,336,665	\$	19,565,114	\$	(20,771,551)
State and Local	3,196,567		2,942,662		1,810,307		(1,132,355)
Other	 98,997		580,360		122,905		(457,455)
Total Revenues	 16,831,918		43,859,687		21,498,326		(22,361,361)
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction:							
Salaries and Benefits	8,289,061		7,226,401		7,861,801		(635,400)
Purchased Services	2,127,189		1,336,477		1,278,653		57,824
Supplies and Materials	350,141		27,623,310		128,954		27,494,356
Capital Outlay	1,490,459		1,500,066		114,504		1,385,562
Other	-		36,137		-		36,137
Support Services:							
Salaries and Benefits	3,212,257		3,717,655		3,158,387		559,268
Purchased Services	405,466		1,203,493		7,960,928		(6,757,435)
Supplies and Materials	308,257		346,236		519,299		(173,063)
Other	 649,088		869,912		475,800		394,112
Total Expenditures	16,831,918		43,859,687		21,498,326		22,361,361
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$	-		-	\$	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning							
FUND BALANCE, Ending				\$			

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Schedule of the District's Contributions-PERA For The Last Ten Years

### Fiscal Year

	2020	2019	2019		2018			2016	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 66,079,687	\$ 62,073,862	\$	57,670,732	\$	54,817,551	\$	54,252,218	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	66,079,687	62,073,862		57,670,732		54,817,551		54,252,218	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$ 340,900,760	\$ 324,484,391	\$	305,474,654	\$	298,405,538	\$	305,938,048	
Contributions as a precentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%		18.88%		18.37%		17.73%	

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 50,941,245 \$	47,195,796 \$	42,826,213 \$	39,172,115 \$	37,624,529
 50,941,245	47,195,796	42,826,213	39,172,115	37,624,529
\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
\$ 301,705,262 \$	295,363,179 \$	282,878,082 \$	276,125,761 \$	283,120,987
16.88%	15.98%	15.14%	14.19%	13.29%

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years\*

	2019	2018		2017	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	5.789%	5.605%		6.569%	6.525%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 864,936,787	\$ 992,546,522	\$ 2	2,124,245,847	\$ 1,942,879,251
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability associated with the District Total	\$ 109,706,230 974,643,017	\$ 135,716,953 1,128,263,475	\$	2,124,245,847	\$ - 1,942,879,251
District's covered payroll	\$ 342,875,788	\$ 323,494,720	\$	319,201,229	\$ 309,240,235
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	252.26%	306.82%		665.49%	628.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.52%	57.01%		43.96%	43.13%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the District.

2015		2014
6.601	1%	6.666%
\$ 1,009,505,04	41 \$	903,520,866
\$	- \$	
1,009,505,04	41	903,520,866
\$ 304,134,93	38 \$	296,685,729
331.93	3%	304.54%
59.16	5%	62.84%

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Schedule of the District's Contributions-OPEB For The Last Ten Years

### Fiscal Year

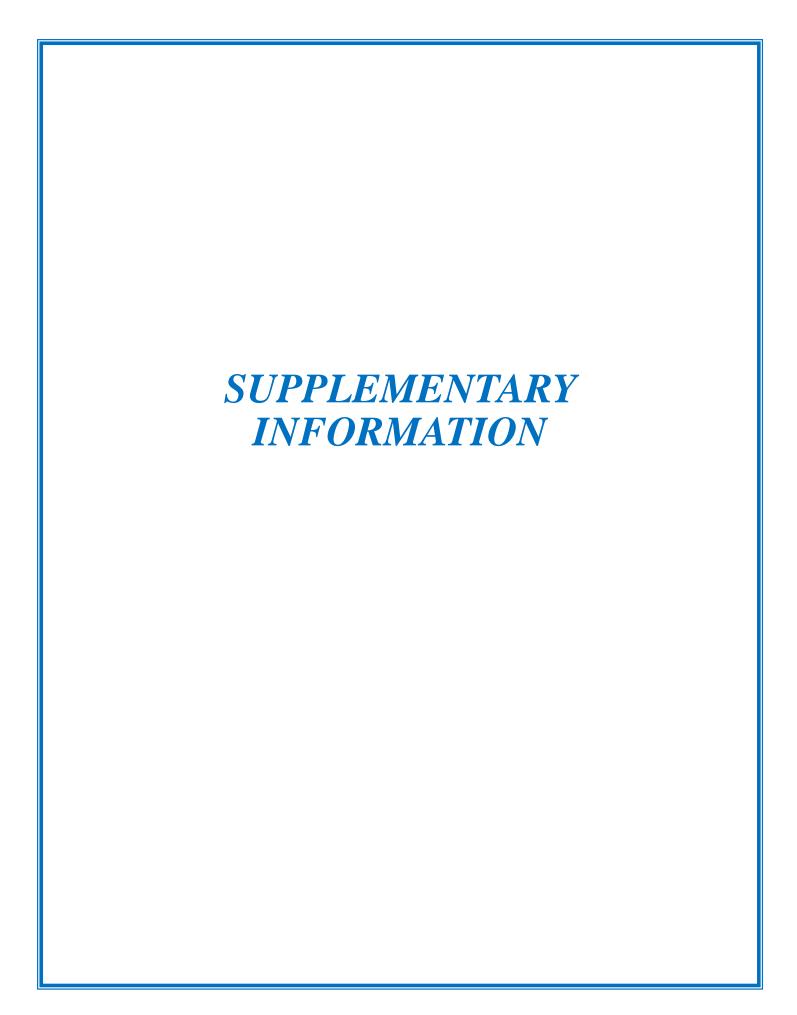
	2020 2019 2			2018	2016		
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,477,188	\$	3,309,741	\$	3,115,841	\$ 3,043,736	\$ 3,120,568
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 3,477,188		3,309,741		3,115,841	3,043,736	3,120,568
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$ 340,900,760	\$	324,484,391	\$	305,474,654	\$ 298,405,538	\$ 305,938,048
Contributions as a precentage of payroll	1.02%		1.02%		1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 3,077,393	\$ 3,033,567	\$ 2,885,356	\$ 2,816,483	\$ 2,887,834
 3,077,393	3,033,567	2,885,356	2,816,483	2,887,834
\$ - (	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
\$ 301,705,262	\$ 295,363,179	\$ 282,878,082	\$ 276,125,761	\$ 283,120,987
1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of OPEB Liability Last Ten Years\*

	 2019	2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the OPEB liability	3.783%	3.643%	3.732%	3.708%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 42,529,387	\$ 49,571,265	\$ 48,505,220	\$ 48,084,618
District's covered payroll	\$ 342,875,788	\$ 323,494,720	\$ 319,201,229	\$ 309,240,235
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.40%	15.32%	15.20%	15.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the District.





THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# Combined General Funds

Comparative Balance Sheets
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances
Schedule of Expenditures by Object
Schedule of Expenditures by Program
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance

### Combined General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$ 137,198,798	\$ 115,400,712
Receivables:	12 (22 (00	12 200 276
Property Taxes, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	13,622,688	12,289,376
Other	2,148,052	1,237,937
Inventories	1,159,699	1,137,752
Prepaid Costs	884,147	1,559,682
Total Assets	\$ 155,013,384	\$ 131,625,459
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,159,311	\$ 5,249,758
Accrued Compensation	25,591,180	24,132,785
Unearned Revenues	748,095	 327,210
Total Liabilities	 32,498,586	 29,709,753
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	4,714,694	4,268,120
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories & Prepaid Costs	2,043,846	2,697,434
Restricted:		
TABOR Emergency Reserve	17,311,000	16,600,000
Medicaid Grant	2,906,904	2,843,817
Committed:		
3% Board Reserves	17,311,000	16,600,000
Assigned:		
School Carryover	24,184,916	23,604,353
Extended Service Severance	204,300	266,945
Facility Use Revenue Share	988,565	1,474,007
Cash In Lieu	4,503,157	3,044,936
2018 Mill Levy Override Carryover	9,700,720	-
Security and Mental Health Initiatives	6,715,383	-
Master Capital Plan Projects in Process	394,797	386,857
Sub-fund Carryover	7,304,860	4,907,630
Unassigned	 24,230,656	25,221,607
Total Fund Balances	117,800,104	 97,647,586
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 155,013,384	\$ 131,625,459

### Combined General Fund Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	General Fund 10	Ed	outdoor lucation und 13	Capital Projects Fund 14	insportation Fund 25	Combined General Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$122,556,276	\$	40,377	\$ 10,849,064	\$ 3,753,081	\$137,198,798
Receivables:						
Property Taxes, Net of Allowance	12 (22 (22					12 (22 (99
for Uncollectible Taxes	13,622,688		-	46,238	43,726	13,622,688
Other Inventories	2,058,088 463,718		-	40,238	695,981	2,148,052 1,159,699
Prepaid Costs	403,718 884,147		-	-	093,981	1,139,699
Flepaid Costs	004,147				 	004,147
Total Assets	\$139,584,917	\$	40,377	\$ 10,895,302	\$ 4,492,788	\$155,013,384
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 5,718,541	\$	2,472	\$ 334,352	\$ 103,946	\$ 6,159,311
Accrued Compensation	25,126,402		15,671	_	449,107	25,591,180
Unearned Revenues	726,773		21,322			748,095
Total Liabilities	31,571,716		39,465	334,352	553,053	32,498,586
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	4,714,694		-	-	-	4,714,694
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories & Prepaid Costs	1,347,865		_	_	695,981	2,043,846
Restricted:	1,517,005				0,5,,01	2,013,010
TABOR Emergency Reserve	17,311,000		_	_	_	17,311,000
Medicaid Grant	2,906,904		_	_	_	2,906,904
Committed:	_,, , , , , , , , ,					_,, ,,
3% Board Reserves	17,311,000		_	-	_	17,311,000
Assigned:						
School Carryover	22,582,114		_	1,602,802	-	24,184,916
Extended Service Severance	204,300		-	-	-	204,300
Facility Use Revenue Share	988,565		-	-	-	988,565
Cash In Lieu	-		-	4,503,157	-	4,503,157
2018 Mill Levy Override Carryover	9,700,720		-	-	-	9,700,720
Security and Mental Health Initiatives	6,715,383		-	-	-	6,715,383
Master Capital Plan Projects in Process	-		-	394,797	-	394,797
Subfund Carryover	-		912	4,060,194	3,243,754	7,304,860
Unassigned	24,230,656		-		 	24,230,656
Total Fund Balances	103,298,507		912	10,560,950	3,939,735	117,800,104
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$139,584,917	\$	40,377	\$ 10,895,302	\$ 4,492,788	\$155,013,384

### Combined General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

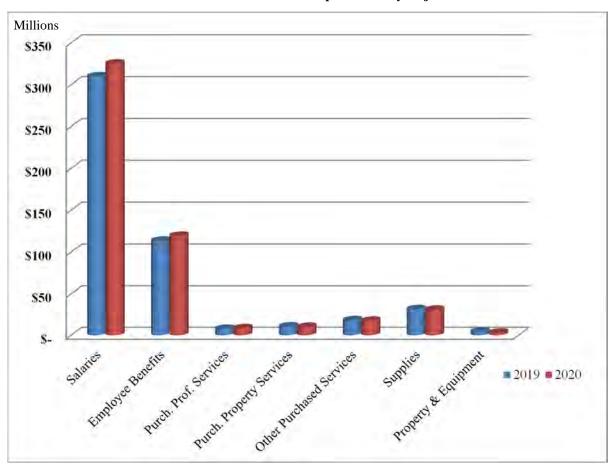
	General Fund 10	Outdoor Education Fund 13	Capital Projects Fund 14	Transportation Fund 25	Combined General Fund
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$259,475,542	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$259,475,542
Specific Ownership Tax	25,595,802	_	_	-	25,595,802
Intergovernmental State Sources:					
Equalization	335,347,882	-	-	-	335,347,882
Special Education	14,583,294	-	-	-	14,583,294
Vocational Education	875,382	-	-	-	875,382
Other State	20,958,390	132,419	114,407	5,234,779	26,439,995
Charges for Services	22,825,324	820,386	-	764,949	24,410,659
Contributions and Donations	9,037,710	2,341	56,076	482,192	9,578,319
Investment Earnings	1,205,565	-	-	-	1,205,565
Other	2,334,005		2,599,730	25,183	4,958,918
Total Revenues	692,238,896	955,146	2,770,213	6,507,103	702,471,358
EXPENDITURES					
Current Operating:					
Instructional Services	314,318,445	-	1,573,638	-	315,892,083
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools	153,937,969	-	-	-	153,937,969
Supporting Services:					
Pupil Support Services	98,910,883	1,194,900	252,534	-	100,358,317
Operations and Maintenance	42,130,648	24,184	883,813	23,675,620	66,714,265
Central Supporting Services	33,922,636	-	32,903	-	33,955,539
Facility Acquisition and Construction	580,379		1,208,742		1,789,121
Total Expenditures	643,800,960	1,219,084	3,951,630	23,675,620	672,647,294
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	48,437,936	(263,938)	(1,181,417)	(17,168,517)	29,824,064
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	41,376	_	-	-	41,376
Transfers In/Out	(32,561,982)	173,084	3,179,042	19,496,934	(9,712,922)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(32,520,606)	173,084	3,179,042	19,496,934	(9,671,546)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	15,917,330	(90,854)	1,997,625	2,328,417	20,152,518
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	87,381,177	91,766	8,563,325	1,611,318	97,647,586
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$103,298,507	\$ 912	\$ 10,560,950	\$ 3,939,735	\$117,800,104

### Combined General Fund Schedule of Expenditures by Object - Budget to Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	Adopted	Amended		Variance	2019
	Budget	Budget	Actual	with Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries	\$ 332,067,051	\$ 333,217,335	\$ 325,213,722	\$ 8,003,613	\$ 309,956,416
Employee Benefits	112,104,276	121,696,105	119,346,022	2,350,083	113,608,440
Purchased Professional Services	7,551,561	8,734,868	8,399,949	334,919	7,646,742
Purchased Property Services	10,712,986	10,561,247	10,079,939	481,308	10,546,520
Other Purchased Services	16,498,373	18,531,647	17,318,977	1,212,670	18,009,180
Supplies	39,226,379	48,144,168	31,175,721	16,968,447	31,839,079
Property & Equipment	848,915	5,225,999	3,215,034	2,010,965	4,467,594
Other, Chargebacks/Credits	5,525,203	7,358,593	3,959,961	3,398,632	(904,664)
Total Expenditures	524,534,744	553,469,962	518,709,325	34,760,637	495,169,307
Intergovernmental - Charter School	157,683,815	154,084,901	153,937,969	146,932	140,793,998
Interfund Transfers, net	8,686,131	9,712,922	9,712,922		9,934,436
Total Expenditures	\$ 690,904,690	\$ 717,267,785	\$ 682,360,216	\$ 34,907,569	\$ 645,897,741

### Fiscal Year 2020 and 2019 Combined General Fund Expenditures by Object

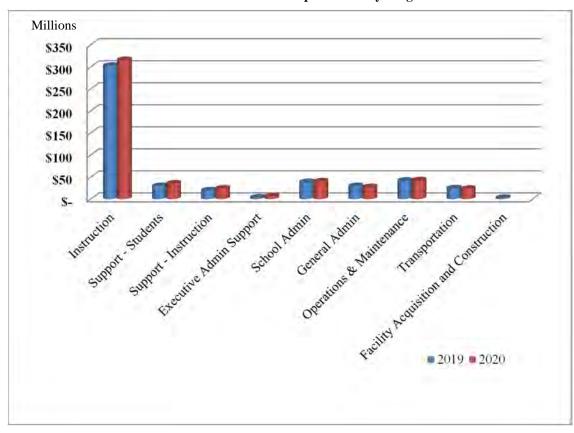


### Combined General Fund Schedule of Expenditures by Program - Budget to Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020									
		Adopted		Amended				Variance		2019
		Budget		Budget		Actual		with Budget		Actuals
EXPENDITURES										
Instructional:										
Instruction	\$	320,238,946	\$	334,987,065	\$	315,892,083	\$	19,094,982	\$	302,835,768
Support - Students		31,070,094		34,867,991		35,635,847		(767,856)		29,649,823
Support - Instruction		22,010,669		26,921,241		24,280,337		2,640,904		19,996,426
Support Services:										
Executive Admin Support		3,648,863		3,827,147		6,472,711		(2,645,564)		3,927,837
School Admin		39,270,494		40,250,581		40,442,133		(191,552)		38,833,440
General Admin		30,272,889		29,383,578		27,482,828		1,900,750		29,757,718
Operations & Maintenance		44,059,612		49,007,883		43,120,177		5,887,706		42,196,401
Transportation		26,453,341		26,661,980		23,594,088		3,067,892		24,654,928
Facility Acquisition and Construction		7,509,836		7,562,496		1,789,121		5,773,375		3,316,966
Total Expenditures		524,534,744		553,469,962		518,709,325		34,760,637		495,169,307
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools		157,683,815		154,084,901		153,937,969		146,932		140,793,998
Interfund Transfers, net (for										
Instructional Programs)		-		4,789,742		4,789,742		-		5,135,451
Interfund Transfers, net (for										
Support Programs)		8,686,131		4,923,180		4,923,180				4,798,985
Total Expenditures	\$	690,904,690	\$	717,267,785	\$	682,360,216	\$	34,907,569	\$	645,897,741

### Fiscal Year 2020 and 2019 Combined General Fund Expenditures by Program



# Combined General Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

REVENUES Taxes	\$ 	
Toyog	\$ 	
Taxes	285,071,344	\$ 265,279,580
Intergovernmental:		
State Equalization	335,347,882	319,317,806
Special Education	14,583,294	12,365,317
Vocational Education	875,382	816,227
Other State	26,439,995	25,166,707
Charges for Services	24,410,659	28,357,995
Contributions and Donations	9,578,319	3,071,997
Investment Earnings	1,205,565	1,378,942
Other	 4,958,918	 6,608,831
Total Revenues	 702,471,358	662,363,402
EXPENDITURES		
Current Operating:		
Instructional Services	315,892,083	302,835,768
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools	153,937,969	140,793,998
Supporting Services:		
Pupil Support Services	100,358,317	88,479,689
Operations and Maintenance	66,714,265	66,851,329
Central Supporting Services	33,955,539	33,685,555
Facility Acquisition and Construction	1,789,121	3,316,966
Total Expenditures	 672,647,294	 635,963,305
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 29,824,064	26,400,097
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	41,376	17,500
Transfers Out	 (9,712,922)	 (9,934,436)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (9,671,546)	 (9,916,936)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,152,518	16,483,161
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	97,647,586	81,164,425
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 117,800,104	\$ 97,647,586



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nutrition Services National School Lunch
Program (NSLP) Fund
Pupil Activity Fund
Athletics and Activities Fund
Nutrition Services Non-National School Lunch
Program (NSLP) Fund
Child Care Fund
Certificates of Participation Lease Payment Fund

### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Nutrition Services NSLP Fund 21		Pupil Activity Fund 23	Ā	hletics and Activities Fund 26	S	Jutrition Services on-NSLP Fund 28	Child Care Fund 29	Pa	P Lease ayment und 39		ıl Non-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 527,344	\$	1,116,443	\$	1,430,685	\$	510,920	\$2,315,836	\$	20,533	\$	5 001 761
Accounts Receivable	619,283	Ф	1,110,443	Ф	1,430,083	Ф	3,038	\$2,313,630	Ф	20,333	Ф	5,921,761 622,518
Inventories	820,762		-					-		-		820,762
inventories	620,702											620,702
Total Assets	\$1,967,389	\$	1,116,443	\$	1,430,882	\$	513,958	\$2,315,836	\$	20,533	\$	7,365,041
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$ 23,789	\$	55	\$	317.832	\$	2,517	26,820	\$	_	\$	371,013
Accrued Compensation	168,974	Ψ	-	Ψ	14,166	Ψ	85,511	259,129	Ψ	_	Ψ	527,780
Unearned Revenues	682,092		_		11,100		308,124	301,690		_		1,291,906
oneamed Revenues	002,072						300,124	301,070				1,271,700
Total Liabilities	874,855		55		331,998		396,152	587,639		_		2,190,699
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted	1,092,534		-		-		-	-		-		1,092,534
Assigned			1,116,388		1,098,884		117,806	1,728,197		20,533		4,081,808
Total Fund Balances	1,092,534		1,116,388		1,098,884		117,806	1,728,197		20,533		5,174,342
Total Tuna Balances	1,072,334		1,110,300		1,070,004		117,000	1,720,177		20,333		3,174,342
Total Liabilities and Fund												
Balances	\$1,967,389	\$	1,116,443	\$	1,430,882	\$	513,958	\$2,315,836	\$	20,533	\$	7,365,041

### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Nutrition Services Fund 21	Pupil Activity Fund 23	Athletics and Activities Fund 26	Nutrition Services Non-NSLP Fund 28	Child Care Fund 29	COP Lease Payment Fund 39	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,581,114	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,581,114
Charges for Services	7,868,551	995,447	6,919,783	5,573,451	7,617,640	-	28,974,872
Aspen View COP Lease Payment	-	-	-	-	-	962,790	962,790
Fundrasing and Donations	-	141,522	1,913,936	-	-	- 5.010	2,055,458
Other	73,108		105,338		417	5,818	184,681
Total Revenues	12,522,773	1,136,969	8,939,057	5,573,451	7,618,057	968,608	36,758,915
EXPENDITURES							
Current Operating:							
Instruction	_	1,174,310	12,526,418	_	9,667,631	-	23,368,359
Supporting Services	13,753,706	-	2,607,886	6,214,724	753,974	-	23,330,290
Lease Payments:							
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-	2,525,000	2,525,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges						882,106	882,106
Total Expenditures	13,753,706	1,174,310	15,134,304	6,214,724	10,421,605	3,407,106	50,105,755
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,230,933)	(37,341)	(6,195,247)	(641,273)	(2,803,548)	(2,438,498)	(13,346,840)
•							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In	351,634	-	5,791,709	643,718	487,045	2,438,816	9,712,922
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	9,677		·				9,677
Total Other Financing Sources	361,311		5,791,709	643,718	487,045	2,438,816	9,722,599
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(869,622)	(37,341)	(403,538)	2,445	(2,316,503)	318	(3,624,241)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning, as restated	1,962,156	1,153,729	1,502,422	115,361	4,044,700	20,215	8,798,583
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 1,092,534	\$ 1,116,388	\$ 1,098,884	\$ 117,806	\$ 1,728,197	\$ 20,533	\$ 5,174,342

### Fund 21 Nutrition Services NSLP Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	 Adopted	A	Amended			Variance	2019
	Budget		Budget	Actual	W	ith Budget	Actual
REVENUES							 
Intergovernmental:							
Federal Government Lunch Program	\$ 2,550,000	\$	2,550,000	\$ 3,618,717	\$	1,068,717	\$ 2,552,199
Commodity Contribution	748,495		822,352	813,143		(9,209)	738,879
State Match	145,000		145,000	149,254		4,254	154,657
Food Sales	10,301,800		10,376,800	7,868,551		(2,508,249)	9,905,722
Other	65,000		65,000	73,108		8,108	122,461
Total Revenues	 13,810,295		13,959,152	12,522,773		(1,436,379)	13,473,918
EXPENDITURES							
Supporting Services:							
Food Purchases	5,273,495		5,422,352	5,210,926		211,426	5,288,027
Salaries and Benefits	6,801,780		6,976,863	6,645,059		331,804	6,247,705
Purchased Services	468,605		468,605	326,982		141,623	415,556
Supplies and Equipment	750,380		750,380	691,941		58,439	748,147
Capital Outlay	51,000		51,000	81,043		(30,043)	62,498
Other	794,660		794,660	797,755		(3,095)	707,385
Total Expenditures	 14,139,920		14,463,860	 13,753,706		710,154	 13,469,318
1	 , ,		,,	 		, .	 - , ,
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(329,625)		(504,708)	(1,230,933)		(726,225)	 4,600
OVER EXPENDITURES							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In	351,634		351,634	351,634		_	351,634
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-		-	9,677		9,677	12,000
•						<u> </u>	 
Total Other Financing Sources	 351,634		351,634	 361,311		9,677	 363,634
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 22,009	\$	(153,074)	(869,622)	\$	(716,548)	368,234
FUND BALANCE, Beginning				1,962,156			1,593,922
FUND BALANCE, Ending				\$ 1,092,534			\$ 1,962,156

### Fund 23 Pupil Activity Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020									2019	
	-	Adopted	A	Amended			7	Variance Variance		Actual	
		Budget		Budget		Actual	wi	th Budget	(I	Restated)	
REVENUES											
Charges for Services:											
Student Fees	\$	1,701,154	\$	1,701,154	\$	963,751	\$	(737,403)	\$	1,283,246	
Gate Fees		-		-		27,293		27,293		96,795	
Merchandise Sales		-		-		4,403		4,403		8,232	
Fundraising and Donations		-		-		141,522		141,522		211,634	
Other						_		-		2,510	
Total Revenues		1,701,154		1,701,154		1,136,969		(564,185)		1,602,417	
EXPENDITURES											
Instructional:											
Salaries and Benefits		196,571		196,571		93,843		102,728		167,981	
Purchased Services		321,319		442,692		434,416		8,276		749,301	
Supplies		2,151,664		2,063,397		615,492		1,447,905		689,598	
Capital Outlay		65,106		65,106		12,589		52,517		6,937	
Other		87,117		87,117		17,970		69,147		34,298	
Total Expenditures		2,821,777		2,854,883		1,174,310		1,680,573		1,648,115	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,120,623)		(1,153,729)		(37,341)		1,116,388		(45,698)	
O TEACEM EMPITORES											
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,120,623)	\$	(1,153,729)	\$	(37,341)	\$	1,116,388	\$	(45,698)	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning, as restated						1,153,729				1,199,427	
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	1,116,388			\$	1,153,729	

### Fund 26 Athletics and Activities Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Adopted	Amended		Variance	2019	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	with Budget	Actual	
REVENUES						
Charges for Services:						
Student Fees	\$ 4,341,998	\$ 3,021,618	\$ 2,132,684	\$ (888,934)	\$ 3,438,720	
Gate Fees	926,805	972,629	927,504	(45,125)	1,175,929	
Merchandise Sales	3,493,427	3,969,203	3,859,595	(109,608)	4,772,950	
Fundraising and Donations	2,520,222	2,421,680	1,913,936	(507,744)	2,090,748	
Other	173,724	173,724	105,338	(68,386)	169,780	
Total Revenues	11,456,176	10,558,854	8,939,057	(1,619,797)	11,648,127	
EXPENDITURES						
Instructional:						
Salaries and Benefits	5,887,939	5,960,507	6,030,822	(70,315)	6,537,261	
Purchased Services	2,096,197	2,101,298	2,921,540	(820,242)	4,337,319	
Supplies	3,932,219	5,059,486	3,097,276	1,962,210	3,591,546	
Capital Outlay	83,054	304,645	341,601	(36,956)	104,836	
Other	363,982	461,301	135,179	326,122	223,260	
Supporting Services:						
Salaries and Benefits	273,225	604,657	476,293	128,364	452,215	
Purchased Services	3,097,642	2,388,904	1,098,134	1,290,770	975,607	
Supplies	1,995,010	223,020	503,748	(280,728)	577,668	
Capital Outlay	35,000	601,854	455,613	146,241	238,856	
Other	799,982	147,313	74,098	73,215	92,417	
Total Expenditures	18,564,250	17,852,985	15,134,304	2,718,681	17,130,985	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,108,074)	(7,294,131)	(6,195,247)	1,098,884	(5,482,858)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In	5,314,918	5,791,709	5,791,709		5,507,064	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,793,156)	\$ (1,502,422)	(403,538)	\$ 1,098,884	24,206	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning			1,502,422		1,478,216	
FUND BALANCE, Ending			\$ 1,098,884		\$ 1,502,422	

### Fund 28 Nutrition Services Non-NSLP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	A	Adopted	A	mended			Variance	2019
		Budget		Budget	 Actual	wi	th Budget	Actual
REVENUES								
Food Sales	\$	6,881,816	\$	6,881,816	\$ 5,573,451	\$	(1,308,365)	\$ 6,519,585
Total Revenues		6,881,816		6,881,816	 5,573,451		(1,308,365)	 6,519,585
EXPENDITURES								
Supporting Services:								
Food Purchases		2,872,333		2,872,333	2,130,979		741,354	2,526,389
Salaries and Benefits		3,348,597		3,387,913	3,384,799		3,114	3,088,046
Purchased Services		496,220		496,220	395,127		101,093	468,734
Supplies and Equipment		230,620		230,620	171,573		59,047	236,703
Capital Outlay		24,000		86,720	111,183		(24,463)	40,470
Other		20,340		20,340	 21,063		(723)	167,268
Total Expenditures		6,992,110		7,094,146	6,214,724		879,422	6,527,610
(DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(110,294)		(212,330)	 (641,273)		(428,943)	(8,025)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In		93,718		643,718	 643,718			93,718
Total Other Financing Sources		93,718		643,718	643,718			 93,718
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(16,576)	\$	431,388	2,445	\$	(428,943)	85,693
FUND BALANCE, Beginning					 115,361			29,668
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$ 117,806			\$ 115,361

### Fund 29 Child Care Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		lopted udget	1	Amended Budget	Actual		Variance th Budget	2019 Actual
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$ 1	2,058,344	\$	11,612,176	\$ 7,617,640	\$	(3,994,536)	\$ 11,686,568
Other					 417		417	 13,559
Total Revenues	1	2,058,344		11,612,176	 7,618,057		(3,994,119)	 11,700,127
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional:								
Salaries and Benefits		9,123,573		8,769,239	8,243,979		525,260	9,026,982
Purchased Services		1,230,852		1,153,611	812,573		341,038	1,235,707
Supplies		5,593,048		4,575,053	386,033		4,189,020	623,099
Capital Outlay		-		-	15,001		(15,001)	5,516
Other		707,217		677,655	210,045		467,610	406,401
Supporting Services:								
Salaries and Benefits		579,722		618,364	600,655		17,709	595,405
Purchased Services		13,500		13,500	15,063		(1,563)	20,948
Supplies		81,333		81,333	7,447		73,886	8,426
Other		239,185		255,166	 130,809		124,357	 1,796,258
Total Expenditures	1	7,568,430		16,143,921	10,421,605		5,722,316	13,718,742
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(	(5,510,086)		(4,531,745)	 (2,803,548)		1,728,197	 (2,018,615)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers In		487,045		487,045	 487,045			 487,045
Total Other Financing Sources		487,045		487,045	 487,045			 487,045
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (	(5,023,041)	\$	(4,044,700)	(2,316,503)	\$	1,728,197	(1,531,570)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning					 4,044,700			 5,576,270
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$ 1,728,197			\$ 4,044,700

### Fund 39

### Certificates of Participation Lease Payment Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	A	dopted	A	mended		Va	riance	2019	
	]	Budget		Budget	 Actual	with	Budget		Actual
REVENUES									
Aspen View COP Lease Payment	\$	962,790	\$	962,790	\$ 962,790	\$	-	\$	963,373
Investment Earnings		7,500		8,315	 5,818		(2,497)		9,962
Total Revenues		970,290		971,105	 968,608		(2,497)		973,335
EXPENDITURES									
Lease Payments:									
Principal Retirement		2,525,000		2,525,000	2,525,000		-		15,020,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		877,356		877,356	877,356		-		1,468,583
Other		6,750		6,750	4,750		2,000		4,750
Total Expenditures		3,409,106		3,409,106	3,407,106		2,000		16,493,333
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,438,816)		(2,438,001)	 (2,438,498)		(497)	(	15,519,998)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers In		2,438,816		2,438,816	 2,438,816				15,528,309
Total Other Financing Sources		2,438,816		2,438,816	2,438,816				15,528,309
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	815	318	\$	(497)		8,311
FUND BALANCE, Beginning					20,215				11,904
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$ 20,533			\$	20,215



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# Governmental Designated Purpose Grant Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

### Fund 22 Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$	20,914,757	\$	356,485
Accounts Receivable		2,108,990		2,092,048
Total Assets	\$	23,023,747	\$	2,448,533
LIABILITES				
Accounts Payable	\$	655,948	\$	258,777
Accrued Compensation		604,504		573,583
Unearned Revenues		21,763,295		1,616,173
Total Liabilites	\$	23,023,747	\$	2,448,533
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted		-		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	23,023,747	\$	2,448,533

### Fund 22 Governmental Designated Purpose Grants Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Adopted	Amended			Variance	2019
	Budget	Budget	Actual	with Budget		 Actual
REVENUES	_					
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	\$ 13,536,354	\$ 40,336,665	\$ 19,565,114	\$	(20,771,551)	\$ 12,907,722
State and Local	3,196,567	2,942,662	1,810,307		(1,132,355)	1,064,400
Other	 98,997	 580,360	 122,905		(457,455)	 56,376
Total Revenues	 16,831,918	43,859,687	 21,498,326		(22,361,361)	 14,028,498
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Salaries and Benefits	8,289,061	7,226,401	7,861,801		(635,400)	7,942,655
Purchased Services	2,127,189	1,336,477	1,278,653		57,824	1,392,461
Supplies and Materials	350,141	27,623,310	128,954		27,494,356	120,183
Capital Outlay	1,490,459	1,500,066	114,504		1,385,562	37,077
Other	-	36,137	-		36,137	-
Support Services:						
Salaries and Benefits	3,212,257	3,717,655	3,158,387		559,268	2,976,373
Purchased Services	405,466	1,203,493	7,960,928		(6,757,435)	843,862
Supplies and Materials	308,257	346,236	519,299		(173,063)	285,169
Other	 649,088	869,912	 475,800		394,112	 615,838
Total Expenditures	 16,831,918	43,859,687	21,498,326		22,361,361	14,213,618
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ _	\$ _	-	\$	_	(185,120)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						185,120
FUND BALANCE, Ending			\$ 			\$ -



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

## Bond Redemption Fund

Comparative Balance Sheets Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

### Fund 31 Bond Redemption Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	 2019
ASSETS	_	_
Receivables:		
Property Taxes, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$ 2,382,075	\$ 1,478,223
Accured Interest on Investments	44,975	293,479
Restricted Cash and Investment	 66,102,249	 60,917,450
Total Assets	\$ 68,529,299	\$ 62,689,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable - Property Taxes	\$ 916,102	\$ 856,104
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted:		
Debt Service	67,613,197	 61,833,048
Total Fund Balances	 67,613,197	 61,833,048
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	\$ 68,529,299	\$ 62,689,152

### Fund 31 Bond Redemption Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Adopted Budget	•		Variance with Budget	2019 Actual
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$52,661,639	\$ 58,693,094	\$ 58,382,363	\$ (310,731)	\$ 51,817,412
Investment Earnings	832,986	1,072,014	894,211	(177,803)	1,127,854
Total Revenues	53,494,625	59,765,108	59,276,574	(488,534)	52,945,266
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	31,615,000	31,615,000	31,615,000	-	35,745,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	21,879,625	21,879,625	21,879,625	-	15,509,341
Other	5,349	5,349	1,800	3,549	1,529
Total Expenditures	53,499,974	53,499,974	53,496,425	3,549	51,255,870
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,349)	6,265,134	5,780,149	(484,985)	1,689,396
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,349)	\$ 6,265,134	5,780,149	\$ (484,985)	1,689,396
FUND BALANCE, Beginning			61,833,048		60,143,652
FUND BALANCE, Ending			\$ 67,613,197		\$ 61,833,048



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **Building Fund**

Comparative Balance Sheets Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

# Fund 41 Building Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019		
ASSETS			_	
Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 233,858,675	\$	271,594,588	
Accounts Receivable	25,170		-	
Interest Receivable	 1,118,288		1,781,792	
Total Assets	\$ 235,002,133	\$	273,376,380	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 21,386,949	\$	5,194,428	
Retainage Payable	 1,768,319		396,209	
Total Liabilities	 23,155,268		5,590,637	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted:				
Building Expenditures	211,846,865		267,785,743	
Total Fund Balances	 211,846,865		267,785,743	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 235,002,133	\$	273,376,380	

### Fund 41 Building Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020								
		Adopted		Amended				Variance	2019
		Budget		Budget		Actual	W	ith Budget	Actual
REVENUES									
Investment Earnings	\$	6,550,790	\$	5,695,853	\$	8,371,550	\$	2,675,697	\$ 5,643,808
Total Revenues		6,550,790		5,695,853		8,371,550		2,675,697	5,643,808
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Outlay:									
Building and Building Improvements		48,325,138		46,232,501		47,548,530		(1,316,029)	10,056,842
Equipment and Vehicles		7,960,388		18,441,352		16,761,898		1,679,454	5,145,779
Underwriter Discount		-		-		-		-	1,062,394
Debt Issuance Cost									 351,524
Total Expenditures		56,285,526		64,673,853		64,310,428		363,425	16,616,539
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES		(49,734,736)		(58,978,000)		(55,938,878)		3,039,122	 (10,972,731)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Issuance of Bond		-		-		-		-	249,975,000
Bond Premium		_		-		_		-	40,816,808
Transfers Out for Acquisition of Property								_	(12,033,334)
Total Financing Sources									278,758,474
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(49,734,736)	\$	(58,978,000)		(55,938,878)	\$	3,039,122	267,785,743
FUND BALANCE, Beginning						267,785,743			 -
FUND BALANCE, Ending					\$	211,846,865			\$ 267,785,743



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### Internal Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows

> Medical Fund Short Term Disability Fund

### Internal Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Medical Fund 65		D	ort Term visability Fund 66	Total Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS		_			,		
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$	9,628,144	\$	601,606	\$	10,229,750	
Prepaid Costs		3,262,571		103,000		3,365,571	
Total Assets	\$	12,890,715	\$	704,606	\$	13,595,321	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	7,808	\$	-	\$	7,808	
Accrued Insurance Claims		3,699,400	,			3,699,400	
Total Current Liabilities		3,707,208				3,707,208	
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted		9,183,507		704,606		9,888,113	
Total Net Position		9,183,507		704,606		9,888,113	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	12,890,715	\$	704,606	\$	13,595,321	

# Internal Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Medical Fund 65		Short Term Disability Fund 66		Total Internal Service Funds		
REVENUES							
Premium Revenue	\$	53,713,369	\$	495,197	\$	54,208,566	
Other		23,532				23,532	
Total Revenues		53,736,901		495,197		54,232,098	
EXPENSES							
Insurance and Claims		53,856,307		398,081		54,254,388	
Stop Loss Premiums		698,435		-		698,435	
Salaries and Benefits		39,726		-		39,726	
Purchased Services		931,894		168,143		1,100,037	
Supplies		37,357				37,357	
Total Expenses		55,563,719		566,224		56,129,943	
OPERATING (LOSS)		(1,826,818)		(71,027)		(1,897,845)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES							
Investment Earnings		167,547				167,547	
Total Non-Operating Revenues		167,547				167,547	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,659,271)		(71,027)		(1,730,298)	
NET POSITION, Beginning		10,842,778		775,633		11,618,411	
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	9,183,507	\$	704,606	\$	9,888,113	

### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Medical Fund 65	I	hort Term Disability Fund 66	Total Internal Services Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$ 53,475,669 (55,855,406) (39,726)	\$	495,197 (566,224)	\$	53,970,866 (56,421,630) (39,726)
Net Cash (Used by) Operating Activities	(2,419,463)		(71,027)		(2,490,490)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Earnings on Investments	 167,547				167,547
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(2,251,916)		(71,027)		(2,322,943)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning	11,880,060		672,633		12,552,693
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	\$ 9,628,144	\$	601,606	\$	10,229,750
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH (USED BY) PROVIDED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating (Loss) Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$ (1,826,818)	\$	(71,027)	\$	(1,897,845)
Change in Prepaid Costs	(261,232)		-		(261,232)
Change in Accounts Payable	7,587		-		7,587
Change in Accrued Insurance Claims	 (339,000)				(339,000)
Total Adjustments	 (592,645)		<del>-</del>		(592,645)
NET CASH (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (2,419,463)	\$	(71,027)	\$	(2,490,490)

### Fund 65 Medical Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Adopted	Amended		7	Variance	2019
	Budget	Budget	Actual	wi	th Budget	Actual
REVENUES						
Health Revenue	\$ 48,102,721	\$ 49,684,120	\$ 50,291,493	\$	607,373	\$ 46,920,697
Dental Revenue	3,166,800	3,356,536	3,421,876		65,340	3,119,692
Other	 29,260	 29,260	 23,532	-	(5,728)	 33,687
Total Revenues	 51,298,781	53,069,916	53,736,901		666,985	 50,074,076
EXPENSES						
Health Plan	47,241,761	51,166,825	50,422,734		744,091	43,775,724
Dental Plan	3,313,000	3,402,736	3,433,573		(30,837)	3,152,650
Stop Loss Premiums	666,750	666,750	698,435		(31,685)	620,778
Salaries and Benefits	44,963	44,963	39,726		5,237	30,157
Purchased Services	942,750	942,750	931,894		10,856	923,858
Supplies	 56,245	56,245	 37,357		18,888	 34,823
Total Expenses	52,265,469	 56,280,269	 55,563,719		716,550	 48,537,990
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(966,688)	(3,210,353)	(1,826,818)		1,383,535	1,536,086
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Investment Earnings	 240,000	 240,000	 167,547		(72,453)	247,535
Total Non-Operating Revenues	240,000	 240,000	 167,547		(72,453)	247,535
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (726,688)	\$ (2,970,353)	(1,659,271)	\$	1,311,082	1,783,621
NET POSITION, Beginning			 10,842,778			 9,059,157
NET POSITION, Ending			\$ 9,183,507			\$ 10,842,778

### Fund 66 Short Term Disability Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	A	Adopted	A	Amended				Variance		2019
	]	Budget		Budget		Actual		with Budget		Actual
REVENUES										
Short Term Disability Revenue	\$	475,940	\$	490,000	\$	495,197	\$	5,197	\$	566,451
Total Revenues		475,940		490,000		495,197		5,197		566,451
EXPENSES										
Claims		517,000		517,000		398,081		118,919		414,555
Purchased Services		190,000		190,000		168,143		21,857		167,008
Total Expenses		707,000		707,000		566,224		140,776		581,563
OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME		(231,060)		(217,000)		(71,027)		145,973		(15,112)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(231,060)	\$	(217,000)		(71,027)	\$	145,973		(15,112)
NET POSITION, Beginning						775,633				790,745
NET POSITION, Ending					\$	704,606			\$	775,633

# Fiduciary Fund

Private Purpose Trust Scholarship Fund

### Fund 75

### Private Purpose Trust Scholarship

### Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	A	dopted	A	mended	Variance			2019		
	B	Budget		Budget	 Actual	with E	Budget	Actual		
ADDITIONS										
Contributions	\$	56,000	\$	58,000	\$ 58,000	\$	-	\$	56,600	
Total Additions		56,000		58,000	 58,000		-		56,600	
DEDUCTIONS										
Grants and Scholarships		57,000		55,000	 55,000		_		58,500	
Total Deductions		57,000		55,000	 55,000		_		58,500	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(1,000)	\$	3,000	3,000	\$			(1,900)	
NET POSITION, Beginning					 34,012				35,912	
NET POSITION, Ending					\$ 37,012			\$	34,012	

# Component Units (Charter Schools)

Component units (Charter Schools) have separate governing boards but are dependent upon the District for the majority of their funding. Charter Schools are responsible for their own audits.

Discretely Presented Component Units (Charter Schools)

Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Activities

A COLLING		Academy arter School	American Academy	Ascent Classical Academy	Aspen View Academy
ASSETS	Φ.	5 275 600	Φ 7.074.467	Φ 422.011	Φ 4.425.520
Cash and Investments	\$	5,275,609	\$ 7,974,467	\$ 432,911	\$ 4,437,530
Accounts Receivable Inventories		50	92,960	261,133	247 16,632
Prepaid Costs & Other Assets		37,316	156,573	81,157	10,032
Deposits		37,310	150,575	61,137	-
Restricted Cash and Investments		605,763	4,200,829	_	_
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		1,434,269	3,657,167	-	2,000,000
Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated  Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated		1,434,209	3,037,107	-	2,000,000
Depreciation		4,600,138	46,685,938	115,630	12,758,582
Depreciation		4,000,136	40,000,930	115,050	12,730,362
Total Assets		11,953,145	62,767,934	890,831	19,212,991
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to Pensions		987,754	7,663,606	-	2,219,774
Related to OPEB		20,363	356,454	-	89,487
Loss on Debt Refunding		408,262	1,068,920		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,416,379	9,088,980		2,309,261
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		10,260	315,763	342,168	1,010,299
Accrued Liabilities		10,200	515,705	342,100	429,797
Accrued Compensation		326,705	968,002	_	42),1)1
Accrued Interest Payable		9,019	233,565	22,590	_
Unearned Revenues		271,023	1,128,321	207,961	379,036
Non-Current Liabilities:		271,023	1,120,321	207,501	377,030
Due Within One Year		254,408	196,934	100,000	545,000
Due in More Than One Year		5,610,527	64,876,034	-	11,224,000
Pension Liability		7,747,770	30,883,959	_	10,868,136
OPEB Liability		380,805	1,518,578	_	534,256
Total Liabilities		14,610,517	100,121,156	672,719	24,990,524
Total Liabilities		14,010,317	100,121,130	072,719	24,990,324
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to Pension		5,629,735	18,205,682	-	7,530,912
Related to OPEB		83,269	1,768,259		98,692
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,713,004	19,973,941	-	7,629,604
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,016,483	(13,177,723)	115,629	2,989,582
Restricted for:			, , , ,		
Emergencies		200,419	900,000	156,000	289,000
Debt Service, Repairs		596,744	3,921,157	20,000	-
Capital Projects		-	-	-	-
Unrestricted		(8,767,643)	(39,881,617)	(73,517)	(14,376,458)
Total Net Position	\$	(6,953,997)	\$ (48,238,183)	\$ 218,112	\$ (11,097,876)

	Ben Franklin	Challenge to	DCS	
	Academy	Excellence	Montessori	Global Village
	Charter School	Charter School	Charter School	Academy
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,667,075	\$ 3,552,272	\$ 1,926,869	\$ 347,469
Accounts Receivable	4,333	1,611	7,943	123,049
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Costs & Other Assets	-	1,282	16,493	3,357
Deposits	-	-	-	11,200
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,989,669	29,245	1,134,018	-
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	-	1,010,419	508,415	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation	16,568,489	2,948,817	5,707,428	115,976
Total Assets	25,229,566	7,543,646	9,301,166	601,051
				,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to Pensions	1,761,822	021 0 <i>46</i>	705 710	1,288,493
Related to Pensions  Related to OPEB		831,946	785,719	
	79,051	41,970	20,422	37,957
Loss on Debt Refunding		168,701	334,251	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,840,873	1,042,617	1,140,392	1,326,450
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	22,438	11,279	30,087	_
Accrued Liabilities	106,495	1,781	-	_
Accrued Compensation	786,879	195,127	191,933	124,650
Accrued Interest Payable	397,450	15,461	159,088	, -
Unearned Revenues	383,621	201,207	240,351	171,159
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	355,000	163,350	300,000	-
Due in More Than One Year	18,707,892	5,167,867	7,263,210	_
Pension Liability	10,109,966	6,312,442	6,543,463	3,435,606
OPEB Liability	497,143	310,388	321,761	168,814
Total Liabilities	31,366,884	12,378,902	15,049,893	3,900,229
1 otal Eddomiles	31,300,001	12,570,502	13,017,073	3,700,227
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension	6,674,590	4,240,832	4,629,815	2,413,722
Related to OPEB	91,836	57,339	66,378	31,185
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,766,426	4,298,171	4,696,193	2,444,907
Total Belefied Inflows of Resources	0,700,120	1,200,171	1,000,100	2,111,207
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(2,494,403)	(1,203,280)	(1,013,116)	115,976
Restricted for:	-	-	-	-
Emergencies	262,695	160,000	173,789	110,300
Debt Service, Repairs	1,592,219	13,784	828,135	-
Capital Projects	-	-	152,108	-
Unrestricted	(10,423,382)	(7,061,314)	(9,445,444)	(4,643,911)
Total Net Position	\$ (11,062,871)	\$ (8,090,810)	\$ (9,304,528)	\$ (4,417,635)

	Hope Online Learning Academy Co-op	Leman Classical Academy	North Star Academy	Parker Core Knowledge
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,209,057	\$ 2,755,856	\$ 3,552,331	\$ 3,643,018
Accounts Receivable	239,683	14,576	8,771	344
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Prepaid Costs & Other Assets	118,735	3,534	28,851	4,130
Deposits	103,546	-	-	6,419
Restricted Cash and Investments	1,357,699	8,822,171	1,387,163	317,206
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,557,055	5,583,643	489,207	235,020
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated		3,303,043	407,207	233,020
Depreciation	190,580	19 641 020	7,168,141	9 220 004
•		18,641,920		8,320,004
Total Assets	3,219,300	35,821,700	12,634,464	12,526,141
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pensions	1,783,496	3,974,991	1,432,574	1,396,903
Related to OPEB	94,223	182,817	89,305	47,862
Loss on Debt Refunding	_		1,941,647	577,650
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,877,719	4,157,808	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,022,415
Total Defended Outflows of Resources	1,877,719	4,137,606	3,463,526	2,022,413
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	680,766	261,781	25,483	85,594
Accrued Liabilities	141,205	, <u>-</u>	, -	223,215
Accrued Compensation		175,475	375,065	
Accrued Interest Payable	_	828,269	80,719	25,770
Unearned Revenues	808,545	320,036	165,940	307,881
Non-Current Liabilities:	000,545	320,030	103,740	307,001
Due Within One Year			713,145	248,825
	-	34,210,120		
Due in More Than One Year	11 (20 102	* *	12,415,798	8,674,961
Pension Liability	11,630,193	4,366,748	8,582,257	9,536,432
OPEB Liability	571,957	214,611	421,951	468,909
Total Liabilities	13,832,666	40,377,040	22,780,358	19,571,587
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension	10,632,896	2,498,000	5,054,512	6,439,633
Related to OPEB	214,175	39,645	77,946	92,276
Related to GI LB	211,173	37,013	77,510	72,210
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,847,071	2,537,645	5,132,458	6,531,909
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	(4,629,445)	(2,615,949)	272,901
Restricted for:	_	(1,027, <del>11</del> 3)	(2,013,747)	272,701
Emergencies	549,154	213,000	208,000	232,500
<u> </u>	347,134			
Debt Service, Repairs	100 500	2,379,154	2,090,925	291,436
Capital Projects Unrestricted	190,580	(007 006)	101,520	- (12 251 777)
	(20,322,452)	(897,886)	(11,599,322)	(12,351,777)
Total Net Position	\$ (19,582,718)	\$ (2,935,177)	\$ (11,814,826)	\$ (11,554,940)

	Parker Performing Art	Platte River Academy	Renaissance Secondary School	Sky View Academy Charter School
ASSETS	4 740 40	4	Φ 4.00 <b>π</b> .00 <b>0</b>	A 4 5 4 5 0 5 0
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,740,134		\$ 1,085,892	\$ 4,717,863
Accounts Receivable	9,06	4 26,985	42,736	-
Inventories	2.71		7.044	4 021
Prepaid Costs & Other Assets	3,71	-	7,044	4,031
Deposits Restricted Cash and Investments		- 516,784	1 000 676	3,323,049
		,	1,088,676	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated		- 553,332	-	3,534,756
Depreciation	201.00	1 2 266 162	10 175 740	19 254 570
Depreciation	284,08	3,366,163	10,175,749	18,354,572
Total Assets	2,036,99	7,472,466	12,400,097	29,934,271
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pensions	1,457,64	934,963	2,445,002	2,670,561
Related to OPEB	90,16	5 29,090	161,317	109,078
Loss on Debt Refunding		- 855,335		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,547,81	1,819,388	2,606,319	2,779,639
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	118,159	63,015	11,614	72,456
Accrued Liabilities	110,13		-	72,130
Accrued Compensation	331,38	2 446,776	160,694	608,988
Accrued Interest Payable	231,30	- 80,633	55,963	733,309
Unearned Revenues	315,23		160,802	541,708
Non-Current Liabilities:	210,20	100,007	100,002	2.1,700
Due Within One Year	482,96	2 138,800	12,536,223	1,142,782
Due in More Than One Year	348,43		-	28,656,568
Pension Liability	8,025,60		4,231,249	16,646,124
OPEB Liability	394,512		208,100	818,356
Total Liabilities	10,016,28	<u> </u>	17,364,645	49,220,291
			·	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension	7,827,80		2,420,488	11,067,734
Related to OPEB	108,15	79,965	38,441	151,174
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,935,95	5,119,612	2,458,929	11,218,908
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	284,08	1 (1,080,973)	(945,575)	(6,055,672)
Restricted for:			-	-
Emergencies	204,00	159,839	108,000	415,856
Debt Service, Repairs		- 436,151	-	2,349,289
Capital Projects			-	240,451
Unrestricted	(14,855,520	0) (8,943,215)	(3,979,583)	(24,675,213)
Total Net Position	\$ (14,367,43)	9) \$ (9,428,198)	\$ (4,817,158)	\$ (27,725,289)

	STEM School	Totals		
ASSETS		Academy		
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,308,025	\$ 2,798,809	\$ 67,434,389	
Accounts Receivable	97,985	19,330	950,800	
Inventories	-	-	16,632	
Prepaid Costs & Other Assets	57,711	1,633	525,564	
Deposits	-	-	121,165	
Restricted Cash and Investments	2,732,628	2,419,541	29,924,441	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,370,970	2,000,000	23,377,198	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated	<b>2</b> ,5 / 5,5 / 5	2,000,000	20,077,190	
Depreciation	14,954,091	16,232,131	187,188,430	
•				
Total Assets	32,521,410	23,471,444	309,538,619	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pensions	3,120,128	1,599,654	36,355,031	
Related to OPEB	140,191	68,265	1,658,018	
Loss on Debt Refunding	-	-	5,354,766	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,260,319	1,667,919	43,367,815	
	- 9 9-	, ,		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	189,374	33,168	3,283,704	
Accrued Liabilities	333,451	75,723	1,311,667	
Accrued Compensation	533,007	-	5,224,683	
Accrued Interest Payable	199,478	314,296	3,155,610	
Unearned Revenues	607,306	395,666	6,711,301	
Non-Current Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	285,000	347,045	17,809,474	
Due in More Than One Year	26,855,842	23,642,955	253,386,652	
Pension Liability	19,388,674	7,133,331	172,145,548	
OPEB Liability	953,303	350,742	8,463,860	
Total Liabilities	49,345,435	32,292,926	471,492,499	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to Pension	12,910,429	4,354,096	117,570,529	
Related to OPEB	205,657	76,743	3,281,133	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,116,086	4,430,839	120,851,662	
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(7,819,181)	(4,977,869)	(41,218,534)	
Restricted for:	-	-		
Emergencies	575,000	197,000	5,114,552	
Debt Service, Repairs	2,229,002	2,085,915	18,833,911	
Capital Projects	304,148	-	988,807	
Unrestricted	(21,968,761)	(8,889,448)	(223,156,463)	
Total Net Position	\$ (26,679,792)	\$ (11,584,402)	\$ (239,437,727)	

### Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Academy Charter School		American Academy		Ascent Classical Academy		Aspen View Academy	
EXPENSES								
Instruction	\$	3,037,461	\$	7,094,818	\$	2,626,419	\$	5,400,896
Supporting Services		1,681,974		8,532,597		2,484,212		2,636,211
Interest on Long-Term Debt		220,150		-		-		434,632
Business Type Activities		_		5,859,623		-		185,417
Total Expenses		4,939,585		21,487,038		5,110,631		8,657,156
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Charges for Services		236,631		3,185,113		53,157		633,536
Capital Grants and Contributions		184,459		706,188		144,305		212,572
Operating Grants and Contributions		56,599		1,287,819		292,067		222,877
Total Program Revenues		477,689		5,179,120		489,529		1,068,985
Net Program Expenses		(4,461,896)		(16,307,918)		(4,621,102)		(7,588,171)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Per Pupil Operating Revenue		5,442,257		20,637,584		4,250,320		7,349,068
Mill Levy		770,699		2,961,528		605,703		1,046,875
Investment Earnings		39,320		127,053		-		-
Contributions and Grants		-		743,178		136,877		112,016
Other		7,263		72,004		8,018		124,369
Total General Revenues and Transfers		6,259,539		24,541,347		5,000,918		8,632,328
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,797,643		8,233,429		379,816		1,044,157
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated		(8,751,640)		(56,471,612)		(161,704)		(12,142,033)
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	(6,953,997)	\$	(48,238,183)	\$	218,112	\$	(11,097,876)

Functions/Programs	en Franklin Academy	E	hallenge to Excellence arter School	S Montessori arter School	Global Village Academy	
EXPENSES						
Instruction	\$ 2,908,893	\$	2,375,331	\$ 1,848,968	\$	2,055,987
Supporting Services	3,317,776		1,634,593	2,080,367		2,179,095
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-		-	-		-
Business Type Activities	1,387,870		422,724	763,219		<u> </u>
Total Expenses	 7,614,539		4,432,648	4,692,554		4,235,082
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Charges for Services	583,475		265,346	1,297,609		61,072
Capital Grants and Contributions	253,056		139,567	126,040		118,325
Operating Grants and Contributions	 64,568		49,542	 60,817		138,009
Total Program Revenues	 901,099		454,455	1,484,466		317,406
Net Program Expenses	(6,713,440)		(3,978,193)	(3,208,088)		(3,917,676)
GENERAL REVENUES						
Per Pupil Operating Revenue	7,424,013		4,114,208	3,688,450		3,214,806
Mill Levy	1,058,047		585,032	524,901		451,740
Investment Earnings	80,536		41,433	57,449		-
Contributions and Grants	14,767		-	154,838		-
Other	4,470		63,675	5,344		4,183
Total General Revenues and Transfers	8,581,833		4,804,348	 4,430,982		3,670,729
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,868,393		826,155	1,222,894		(246,947)
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated	 (12,931,264)		(8,916,965)	 (10,527,422)		(4,170,688)
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ (11,062,871)	\$	(8,090,810)	\$ (9,304,528)	\$	(4,417,635)

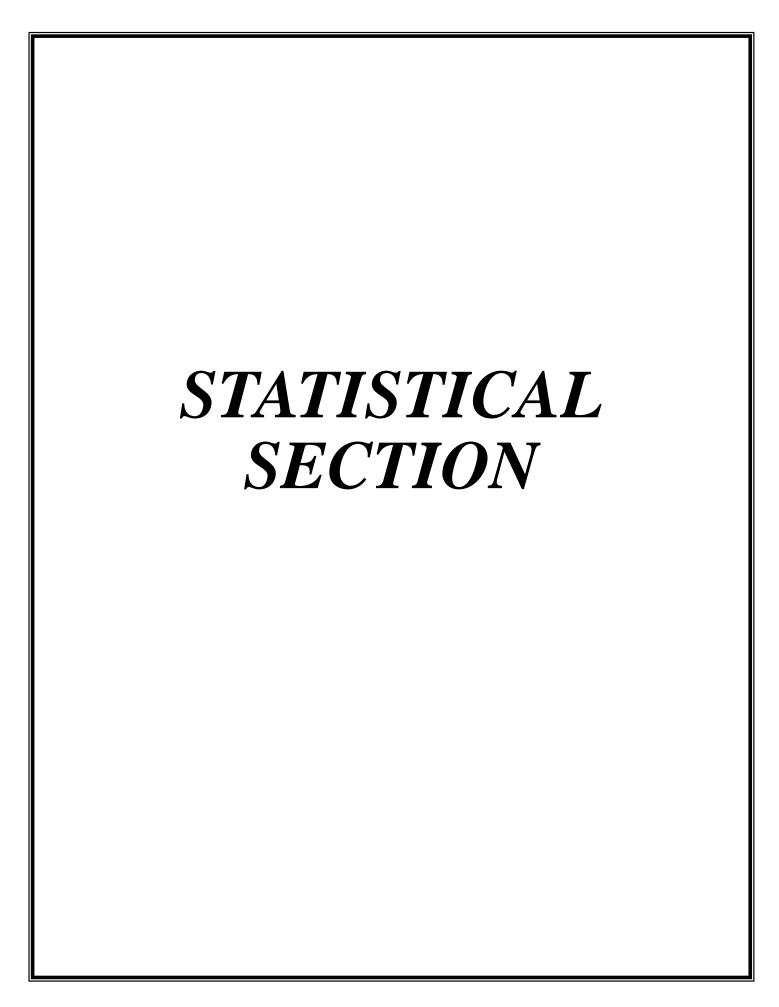
Functions/Programs		Tope Online Learning ademy Co-op	nan Academy Excellence	North Star Academy	Parker Core Knowledge
EXPENSES					
Instruction	\$	13,022,562	\$ 3,611,678	\$ 3,397,784	\$ 3,420,235
Supporting Services		2,962,803	2,683,749	1,324,700	1,842,543
Interest on Long-Term Debt		-	-	-	-
Business Type Activities			 2,644,352	 1,080,781	 724,521
Total Expenses		15,985,365	8,939,779	5,803,265	5,987,299
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for Services		-	153,352	341,396	761,234
Capital Grants and Contributions		-	221,519	206,796	195,753
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,113,739	15,454	 200,185	 92,179
Total Program Revenues	-	3,113,739	 390,325	 748,377	 1,049,166
Net Program Expenses		(12,871,626)	(8,549,454)	(5,054,888)	(4,938,133)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Per Pupil Operating Revenue		16,316,704	5,812,554	5,303,910	5,713,337
Mill Levy		-	827,602	758,482	815,222
Investment Earnings		5,240	100,972	32,080	43,587
Contributions and Grants		-	2,903	170,438	69,915
Other			9,605	5,543	6,638
Total General Revenues and Transfers		16,321,944	6,753,636	 6,270,453	 6,648,699
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		3,450,318	(1,795,818)	1,215,565	1,710,566
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated		(23,033,036)	(1,139,359)	 (13,030,391)	 (13,265,506)
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	(19,582,718)	\$ (2,935,177)	\$ (11,814,826)	\$ (11,554,940)

Functions/Programs	Parker Performing Arts			Platte River Academy	enaissance Secondary School	Sky View Academy Charter School		
EXPENSES								
Instruction	\$	3,094,498	\$	2,155,225	\$ 3,128,900	\$	6,135,526	
Supporting Services		3,700,782		1,240,531	2,944,882		3,242,274	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		196		-	671,550		-	
Business Type Activities				438,977	 		2,387,297	
Total Expenses		6,795,476		3,834,733	 6,745,332		11,765,097	
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Charges for Services		354,930		158,541	970,444		1,025,325	
Capital Grants and Contributions		222,759		141,098	102,554		360,274	
Operating Grants and Contributions		137,915		145,012	64,398		185,421	
Total Program Revenues		715,604		444,651	 1,137,396		1,571,020	
Net Program Expenses		(6,079,872)		(3,390,082)	 (5,607,936)		(10,194,077)	
GENERAL REVENUES								
Per Pupil Operating Revenue		6,885,885		4,148,794	2,651,387		10,562,498	
Mill Levy		2,494		585,171	379,160		1,500,381	
Investment Earnings		-		99,203	14,155		29,033	
Contributions and Grants		38,191		67,986	18,141		439,646	
Other		16,780		10,448	 97,221		89,689	
Total General Revenues and Transfers		6,943,350		4,911,602	3,160,064		12,621,247	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		863,478		1,521,520	(2,447,872)		2,427,170	
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated		(15,230,917)	,	(10,949,718)	(2,369,286)		(30,152,459)	
NET POSITION, Ending	\$	(14,367,439)	\$	(9,428,198)	\$ (4,817,158)	\$	(27,725,289)	

Functions/Programs	STEM School	World Compass Academy	Totals
Tunetions/Trograms	BILW Belloon		Totals
EXPENSES			
Instruction	\$ 7,418,097	\$ 2,164,662	\$ 74,897,940
Supporting Services	6,040,232	3,378,907	53,908,228
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	_	1,326,528
Business Type Activities	5,298,530	1,648,152	22,841,463
Total Expenses	18,756,859	7,191,721	152,974,159
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Charges for Services	422,268	304,144	10,807,573
Capital Grants and Contributions	487,709	171,772	3,994,746
Operating Grants and Contributions	299,132	58,457	6,484,190
Total Program Revenues	1,209,109	534,373	21,286,509
Net Program Expenses	(17,547,750	(6,657,348)	(131,687,650)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Per Pupil Operating Revenue	14,259,921	5,031,917	132,807,613
Mill Levy	2,031,088	715,816	15,619,941
Investment Earnings	142,832	42,376	855,269
Contributions and Grants	460,787	56,827	2,486,510
Other	120	180,355	705,725
Total General Revenues and Transfers	16,894,748	6,027,291	152,475,058
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(653,002	(630,057)	20,787,408
NET POSITION, Beginning, as restated	(26,026,790	(10,954,345)	(260,225,135)
NET POSITION, Ending	\$ (26,679,792	\$ (11,584,402)	\$ (239,437,727)



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### Listing of Statistical Information

The Statistical Section presents detailed information that assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, related notes to the financial statements as well as required and other supplementary information to assess the condition of Douglas County

School District Re.1. These schedules show trend information to help the reader understand the District's performance and financial position over time. Net Position by Component Change in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds These schedules present property tax information related to the District. Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections These schedules present information regarding the District's levels of outstanding debt and other related information. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding

These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators relative to the District.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt

Principal Employers

Legal Debt Margin

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data pertaining to the District operations for the last ten years.

Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Function/Program

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from internal sources.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

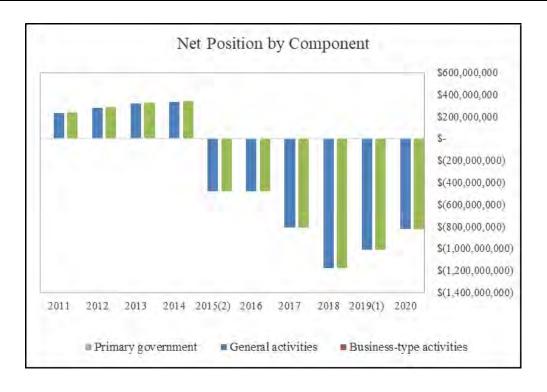
		Restated 2019 (1)	2018	
General activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	363,201,591	\$ 340,650,911	\$ 320,514,061
Restricted		86,916,311	81,677,807	78,274,093
Unrestricted		(1,266,898,849)	(1,429,010,082)	(1,573,314,701)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	(816,780,947)	\$ (1,006,681,364)	\$ (1,174,526,547)
Business-type activities Invested in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <del></del>
Primary government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	363,201,591	\$ 340,650,911	\$ 320,514,061
Restricted		86,916,311	81,677,807	78,274,093
Unrestricted		(1,266,597,159)	(1,429,010,082)	(1,573,314,701)
Total primary government net position	\$	(816,780,947)	\$ (1,006,681,364)	\$ (1,174,526,547)

- (1) In fiscal year 2019, the District restated beginning net position fund balance due to the reclassification of the agency fund to non-major special revenue fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activites* the District has reclassified the Pupil Activities Fund from a Fiduciary Fund to a Special Revenue Fund. Blances prior to 2019 have not been restated for these accounting changes.
- (2) In fiscal year 2017, the District restated beginning balance net position fund balance due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pension.

  In addition, the District restated Nutrituion Services Funds 21 and 28 due to the omission of accounts receivable and unearned revenues.
- (3) In fiscal year 2015, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to reclassification of non-major enterprise funds to non-major special revenue funds. Consistent with the guidance from the Colorado Department of Education and in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fiduciary Funds*, management of the District has reclassified the Nutrition Servies Fund and Child Care Fund from an enterprise fund to a special revenue fund, and the Outdoor Education Fund as part of the Combined General Fund.
  - In addition, during fiscal year 2015, the District adoped GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires the District to record its proportionate share of PERA's net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statement.
- (4) In fiscal year 2011, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to inaccurate information used to determine year-end balances in the Nutrition Services fund. In addition, two funds previously classified as special revenue funds were reclassified to Agency Funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

	2017 <sup>(2)</sup>	2016		2016 2015 <sup>(3)</sup>		2014		2013		2012	2011 <sup>(4)</sup>
\$	300,050,580	\$	266,307,934	\$	223,953,589	\$ 195,973,287	\$	174,072,099	\$	125,537,753	\$ 95,943,480
	85,827,425		87,678,033		102,440,756	95,722,952		74,749,578		92,237,379	100,536,282
(1	,188,832,840)	(	(829,825,456)		(800,342,280)	45,382,747		72,738,537		67,437,692	40,060,467
\$(8	302,954,835)	\$(4	75,839,489)	\$(	473,947,935)	\$ 337,078,986	\$	321,560,214	\$	285,212,824	\$ 236,540,229
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,528,490	\$	3,290,033	\$	3,721,875	\$ 4,090,512
	-		-		-	-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	4,526,262		839,446		181,336	(1,568,281)
\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,054,752	\$	4,129,479	\$	3,903,211	\$ 2,522,231

\$	300,050,580	\$	266,307,934	\$	223,953,589	\$	199,501,777	\$	177,362,132	\$ 129,259,628	\$	100,033,992
	85,827,425		87,678,033		102,440,756		95,722,952		74,749,578	92,237,379		100,536,282
(	1,188,832,840)		(829,825,456)		(800,342,280)		49,909,009		73,577,983	67,619,028		38,492,186
\$(	802,954,835)	\$(	475,839,489)	\$(	(473,947,935)	\$ :	345,133,738	\$ :	325,689,693	\$ 289,116,035	\$ :	239,062,460



#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2020		2019 <sup>(1)</sup>		2018
EXPENSES						
Governmental activities:	Ф	240.046.056	Φ.	054 150 000	Ф	575 126 210
Instruction	\$	249,946,956	\$	254,172,228	\$	575,136,210
Supporting services		192,834,057		194,903,578		358,768,350
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools (2)		153,937,969		140,793,998		116,696,635
Interest on long-term debt  Total primary government program expenses		23,269,639 619,988,621		19,319,130 609,188,934		15,244,244 1,065,845,439
		017,700,021		007,100,754		1,005,045,457
Business-type activities: Nutrition Services		_		_		_
Non-Major Enterprise Funds		_		_		-
Total business-type activities expenses		-		-		-
Total primary government program expenses		619,988,621		609,188,934		1,065,845,439
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services		53,385,531		67,245,742		64,905,244
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		49,786,156		48,402,673		41,319,993
Total governmental activities		103,171,687		115,648,415		106,225,237
Business type activities:						
Charges for services - Nutrition Services		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-
Charges for services - non-major enterprise funds		-		_		-
Total business-type activities		-		-		-
Total primary government program revenues		103,171,687		115,648,415		106,225,237
Net (Expense)/Revenue						
Governmental activities		(516,816,934)		(493,540,519)		(959,620,202)
Business-type activities Total primary government net expense		(516,816,934)		(493,540,519)		(959,620,202)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes		318,364,477		290,585,916		248,797,953
Specific ownership taxes		25,595,802		28,076,258		26,409,216
State equalization		335,347,882		319,317,806		295,788,353
COP Charter school repayment		10 629 972		9 269 512		2 105 921
Investment earnings Grants and contributions not specific to programs		10,638,873 11,633,777		8,368,512 5,162,745		2,195,821 4,999,420
Other		5,136,540		8,675,038		9,857,727
Transfers		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		706,717,351		660,186,275		588,048,490
Business-type activities:						
Other		-		-		-
Transfers		-		-		-
Total business-type activities  Total primary government general revenues		706,717,351		660,186,275		588,048,490
		/00,/1/,331		000,100,273		300,040,490
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		100 000 417		166 601 454		(271 571 712)
Governmental activities Business-type activities		189,900,417		166,691,454		(371,571,712)
TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	189,900,417	\$	166,691,454	\$	(371,571,712)
TO TALL CHANGE IN THE LABORITORY	Ψ	102,200,41/	ψ	100,071,434	ψ	(3/1,3/1,/12)

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal year 2019, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to the reclassification of the agency fund to non-major special revenue fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* the District has reclassified the Student Activities Fund from a Fiduciary Fund to a Special Revenue Fund. Balances prior to 2019 have not been restated for these accounting changes.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2015, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to reclassification of non-major enterprise funds to non-major

2017	2016	$2015^{(2)(3)}$	2014		2013	2012	2011
\$ 484,977,831 \$	329,000,833 \$	301,623,918	\$ 274,095,304	1 \$	270,892,918	\$ 266,574,362	\$ 255,901,180
345,400,596	220,462,709	224,759,449	192,408,770		171,113,103	149,913,182	142,363,827
105,366,488	91,493,127	80,957,702	73,281,995	5	59,994,588	54,244,208	46,384,715
17,549,955	20,438,609	24,041,678	28,911,330		30,187,963	28,148,114	35,322,746
953,294,870	661,395,278	631,382,747	568,697,399	)	532,188,572	498,879,866	479,972,468
-	-	-	14,628,994	1	14,470,523	14,163,053	14,396,183
-	-	-	9,938,248	3	9,457,490	8,945,976	8,560,831
-	-	-	24,567,242	2	23,928,013	23,109,029	22,957,014
953,294,870	661,395,278	631,382,747	593,264,641		556,116,585	521,988,895	502,929,482
58,998,077	53,412,403	53,492,483	28,530,827	7	27,874,860	26,326,938	24,594,662
41,944,598	40,351,338	36,769,664	30,342,355	5	28,777,165	23,774,694	28,805,131
 100,942,675	93,763,741	90,262,147	58,873,182	2	56,652,025	50,101,632	53,399,793
<u>-</u>	_	_	12,179,758	3	10,941,844	10,624,082	10,850,000
-	-	-	3,091,358		3,602,925	3,576,019	3,726,239
-	-	-	10,490,492		9,664,554	9,139,908	8,905,075
-	-	-	25,761,608	3	24,209,323	23,340,009	23,481,314
100,942,675	93,763,741	90,262,147	84,634,790	)	80,861,348	73,441,641	76,881,107
(852,352,195)	(564,631,537)	(541,120,600)	(509,824,217	7)	(475,536,547)	(448,778,234)	(426,572,675)
-	-	(8 :1,120,000)	1,194,366	*	281,310	230,980	524,300
(852,352,195)	(564,631,537)	(541,120,600)	(508,629,851	l)	(475,255,237)	(448,547,254)	(426,048,375
234,440,643	237,419,629	230,044,555	224,180,235	5	225,526,250	213,087,082	232,462,054
23,870,092	22,236,877	21,630,690	19,916,387		17,961,028	16,186,615	15,522,850
296,915,245	288,952,398	293,357,217	270,410,414	1	255,686,365	246,289,764	244,359,000
832,512	378 <b>,</b> 573	- 147 171	111 010	-	247 495	12,364,050 174,758	442,416
8,792,764	8,651,744	147,171	144,848	<b>)</b> -	247,485	159,476	1,572,533
7,472,809	5,100,762	9,923,025	13,296,105	5	12,407,767	10,339,083	9,160,063
-	-	-	(2,605,000		55,042	(1,150,000)	-
572,324,065	562,739,983	555,102,658	525,342,989	)	511,883,937	497,450,828	503,518,916
-	-	-	125,907	7	-	-	9,308
-	-	-	2,605,000		(55,042)	1,150,000	-
-	-	-	2,730,907		(55,042)	1,150,000	9,308
572,324,065	562,739,983	555,102,658	528,073,896	5	511,828,895	498,600,828	503,528,224
(280,028,130)	(1,891,554)	13,982,058	15,518,772	2	36,347,390	48,672,594	76,946,241
<u> </u>		-	3,925,273	3	226,268	1,380,980	533,608
\$ (280,028,130) \$	(1,891,554) \$	13,982,058	\$ 19,444,045	5 \$	36,573,658	\$ 50,053,574	\$ 77,479,849

<sup>(2)</sup> special revenue funds. Consistent with the guidance from the Colorado Department of Education and in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, management of the District has reclassified the Nutrition Services Fund and Child Care Fund from an enterprise fund to a special revenue fund, and the Outdoor Education Fund as part of the Combined General Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Increased due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, beginning in 2015.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019 <sup>(3)</sup>	2018*	2017
Combined General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,043,846	\$ 2,697,434	\$ 2,071,980	\$ 1,123,187
Restricted - TABOR Emergency Reserve & Medicaid	20,217,904	19,443,817	17,206,688	15,995,000
Committed	17,311,000	16,600,000	15,038,500	15,995,000
Assigned*	53,996,698	33,684,728	32,142,379	56,267,152
Unassigned	24,230,656	25,221,607	14,704,878	589,821
Total General Fund	\$ 117,800,104	\$ 97,647,586	\$ 81,164,425	\$ 89,970,160
All other governmental funds				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 559,786	\$ 524,065
Restricted:				
Building/Aspen View Academy	211,846,865	267,785,743	-	1,541,920
Debt Service	67,613,197	61,833,048	60,143,652	59,416,714
Other	1,092,534	1,962,156	1,219,256	8,873,791
Assigned	4,081,808	6,836,427	7,096,058	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 284,634,404	\$ 338,417,374	\$ 69,018,752	\$ 70,356,490
Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,043,846	\$ 2,697,434	\$ 2,631,766	\$ 1,647,252
Restricted	300,770,500	351,024,764	78,569,596	85,827,425
Committed	17,311,000	16,600,000	15,038,500	15,995,000
Reserved/Assigned	58,078,506	40,521,155	39,238,437	56,267,152
Unreserved	24,230,656	25,221,607	14,704,878	589,821
Total governmental funds	\$ 402,434,508	\$ 436,064,960	\$ 150,183,177	\$ 160,326,650

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal year 2011 the District adopted GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Fund Type Definitions, changing the titles and classifications of fund balance.

Balances prior to 2015 are shown as originally presented and have not been restated for accounting changes.

The District has retroactively applied this statement for the purposes of providing a comparative reference.

<sup>(2)</sup> In fiscal year 2015, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to a reclassification of a non-major enterprise funds to non-major special revenue funds. Consistent with the guidance from the Colorado Department of Education and in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, management of the District has reclassified the Nutrition Services Fund and Child Care Fund from an enterprise fund to a special revenue fund, and Outdoor Education Fund to the Combined General Fund.

	(2)				]	Restated (1)
 2016	2015 <sup>(2)</sup>	2014	2013	2012		2011
\$ 734,119	\$ 734,907	\$ 1,027,061	\$ 820,300	\$ 806,542	\$	762,782
15,995,000	15,290,000	15,132,000	14,043,000	12,790,000		11,745,301
15,995,000	20,390,000	20,200,000	18,724,000	-		-
70,091,929	58,787,558	51,379,987	70,303,824	68,735,779		41,226,027
555,667	463,134	786,854	537,143	18,052,019		26,815,727
\$ 103,371,715	\$ 95,665,599	\$ 88,525,902	\$ 104,428,267	\$ 100,384,340	\$	80,549,837
\$ 647,527	\$ 671,255	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$	-
5,727,695	9,071,898	14,986,393	14,342,407	18,002,255		15,338,607
59,084,589	68,501,246	62,838,660	59,535,070	60,333,964		59,340,736
6,870,749	7,368,073	2,765,899	1,171,508	1,111,160		185,120
101,953	-	-	-	-		1,076,248
-	-	-	-	-		-
\$ 72,432,513	\$ 85,612,472	\$ 80,590,952	\$ 75,078,985	\$ 79,447,379	\$	75,940,711
\$ 1,381,646	\$ 1,406,162	\$ 1,027,061	\$ 70,333,824	\$ 806,542	\$	762,782
87,678,033	100,231,217	95,722,952	89,091,985	92,237,379		86,609,764
15,995,000	20,390,000	20,200,000	18,724,000	-		-
70,193,882	58,787,558	51,379,987	820,300	68,735,779		42,302,275
 555,667	463,134	786,854	537,143	18,052,019		26,815,727
\$ 175,804,228	\$ 181,278,071	\$ 169,116,854	\$ 179,507,252	\$ 179,831,719	\$	156,490,548

<sup>\*</sup> In a change in practice from prior years, the District is no longer assigning specific line items to the budget for the subsequent school year, but rather electing to hold unassigned fund balance.

<sup>(3)</sup> In fiscal year 2019, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance due to the reclassification of the agency fund to non-major special revenue fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, the District has reclassified the Student Activities Fund from a Fiduciary Fund to a Special Revenue Fund. Balances prior to 2019 have not been restated for these accounting changes.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2020	2019		2018	2017	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 343,453,707	\$ 317,096,992	\$	275,111,761	\$ 258,474,17	<b>'</b> 4
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	, , -	·		-	, , ,	-
Intergovernmental	403,203,088	375,083,914		337,108,346	338,859,84	3
Charges for services	53,385,531	65,857,469		64,905,244	53,151,76	8
Investment Earnings	10,471,326	8,150,604		1,484,563	782,80	1
Other	17,863,071	13,107,087		11,864,422	20,395,92	6
Total Revenues	 828,376,723	779,296,066		690,474,336	671,664,51	2
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating:						
Instruction	348,644,354	338,420,071		319,563,484	306,149,14	17
Supporting Services	233,914,083	221,809,509		200,496,216	212,310,03	
Intergovernmental - Charter Schools	153,937,969	140,793,998		116,696,635	105,366,48	8
Capital Outlay	68,658,291	15,202,621		7,615,498	4,223,74	3
Debt Service:						
Debt issuance costs	-	-		-		-
Principal	34,140,000	50,765,000		35,629,571	40,170,14	3
Interest and fiscal charges	22,763,531	18,398,121		20,219,056	18,933,08	0
Total Expenditures	 862,058,228	785,389,320		700,220,460	687,152,63	5
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond Proceeds	-	249,975,000		-		-
Premium on Bonds	-	40,816,808		-		-
Payments to Refunded Bond Escrow	-	-		-		-
Issuance of COP	-	-		-		-
COP Charter School Repayment	-	-		-		-
Compensation for Loss of Asset	51,053	29,500		2,900	10,54	-5
Issuance of Capital Lease	-	-		130,087		-
Other Sources (Uses)	-	-		-		-
Transfers In	9,712,922	21,967,770		8,576,023	9,442,07	4
Transfers Out	(9,712,922)	(21,967,770)	)	(8,576,023)	(9,442,07	
Total other financing sources (uses)	51,053	290,821,308		132,987	10,54	5
Net change in fund balances	\$ (33,630,452)	\$ 284,728,054	\$	(9,613,137)	\$ (15,477,578	8)
Debt service as a percentage						
of non-capital expenditures	6.8%	9.1%		8.2%	8.8	%

<sup>(1)</sup> In fiscal year 2011, the District restated beginning net position/fund balance inaccurate information used to determine year-end balances in the Nutrition Services fund. In addition, two funds previously classified as special revenue funds were reclassified to Agency Funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	Restated (1) 2011
\$	260,227,313 \$	252 002 262     ¢	247 142 254   ¢	227 2 <i>45</i> 249   ¢	226 250 101 (	244 994 159
Ф	200,227,313 \$	252,092,362 \$	247,142,354 \$	237,365,348 \$	236,258,181 \$	244,884,158 92,000
	329,303,736	330,128,900	300,751,769	284,463,530	270,223,934	274,736,664
	51,086,322	53,492,483	28,530,827	27,874,860	26,326,938	24,594,662
	363,496	140,674	132,902	276,635	160,793	423,889
	20,046,480	12,803,286	13,932,610	12,211,910	10,188,833	8,908,432
	661,027,347	648,657,705	590,490,462	562,192,283	543,158,679	553,639,805
	299,786,084	283,860,606	276,669,387	274,167,817	247,204,042	246,797,488
	199,043,430	198,026,671	180,116,275	160,186,452	143,195,462	138,836,902
	91,493,127	80,957,702	73,821,995	59,994,588	54,244,208	46,384,715
	3,371,577	5,904,688	12,945,707	18,620,893	19,743,061	30,882,869
	190,545	431,679	172,052	483,024	489,201	542,871
	50,863,535	42,298,688	41,841,380	43,289,338	40,960,449	38,179,739
	23,014,446	29,681,349	32,193,583	29,603,277	29,153,263	30,532,096
	667,762,744	641,161,383	617,760,379	586,345,389	534,989,686	532,156,680
	12,100,000	47,135,000	-	31,020,000	71,095,000	86,405,000
	943,790	3,197,689	-	3,925,547	14,185,059	17,247,133
	(12,846,310)	(49,891,056)	-	(34,353,871)	(84,800,060)	(103,113,364)
	-	-	15,000,000	15,500,000	-	-
	-	-	-	-	12,364,049	-
	1,064,074	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	3,530,800	7,636,963	3,478,130	-
	-	-	122,719	100,000	-	-
	7,228,188	7,436,481	10,063,087	6,715,311	5,377,499	19,227,111
	(7,228,188)	(7,436,481)	(12,668,087)	(6,715,311)	(6,527,499)	(23,043,821)
	1,261,554	441,633	16,048,519	23,828,639	15,172,178	(3,277,941)
\$	(5,473,843) \$	7,937,956 \$	(11,221,397) \$	(324,466) \$	23,341,172 \$	18,205,185
	11.3%	11.7%	12.7%	12.8%	13.6%	14.7%

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Calendar Years

#### **Residential Property**

#### **Other Property Classes**

Tax	Collection	Assessed					
Year	Year	Value	Actual Value	Vacant Land	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural
2019	2020	\$ 4,466,842,560	\$ 56,116,112,563	\$ 312,951,200	\$ 2,042,457,140	\$ 202,691,420	\$ 19,835,070
2018	2019	3,842,166,270	48,268,420,477	267,594,630	1,937,411,920	163,037,980	18,791,620
2017	2018	3,732,587,220	46,891,799,246	299,988,170	1,893,860,500	163,071,690	18,256,950
2016	2017	3,443,604,810	43,261,366,960	221,157,040	1,634,129,580	131,056,010	19,095,700
2015	2016	3,348,508,890	42,066,694,598	233,290,650	1,625,150,430	129,205,900	18,640,540
2014	2015	2,772,808,070	34,834,272,236	207,204,100	1,438,065,210	116,662,310	17,590,720
2013	2014	2,700,797,330	33,929,614,698	212,708,100	1,409,372,620	113,493,760	17,339,320
2012	2013	2,633,649,430	33,086,048,116	230,484,200	1,352,916,980	107,361,790	16,897,990
2011	2012	2,605,060,140	32,726,886,181	237,907,000	1,352,671,890	106,996,720	16,967,090
2010	2011	2,835,278,200	35,619,072,864	328,390,830	1,461,043,520	114,075,070	18,733,120

http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-abstract.pdf

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: Douglas County Assessor

<sup>(2)</sup> Source Douglas County Assessors -2019 Tax Districts and Authorities http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-tax-districts-and-mill-levies.pdf

		C	ther Property	C	ther Property	Total	Grand	Direct (2)
Natural	State		Classes		Classes	Assessed	Total	Tax
 Resources	Assessed		Assessed		Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Rate
\$ 234,860	\$ 244,062,800	\$	2,822,232,490	\$	9,731,836,172	\$ 7,289,075,050	\$ 65,847,948,735	43.839
272,490	239,845,700		2,626,954,340		9,058,463,241	6,469,120,610	57,326,883,719	44.950
388,200	253,480,700		2,629,046,210		9,065,676,586	6,361,633,430	55,957,475,832	38.996
327,390	246,628,700		2,252,394,420		7,766,877,310	5,695,999,230	51,028,244,270	41.064
438,980	237,761,700		2,244,488,200		7,739,614,483	5,592,997,090	49,806,309,081	42.439
458,850	227,523,800		2,007,504,990		6,922,431,000	4,780,313,060	41,756,703,236	48.277
422,900	235,325,500		1,988,662,200		6,857,455,862	4,689,459,530	40,787,070,561	48.277
435,290	209,659,400		1,917,755,650		6,612,950,517	4,551,405,080	39,698,998,633	48.727
425,920	184,707,000		1,899,675,620		6,550,605,586	4,504,735,760	39,277,491,767	48.788
343,730	158,980,100		2.081.566.370		7.177.815.069	4.916.844.570	42,796,887,933	46.890

## Douglas County School District Re. 1 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Calendar Years

			Debt			
Assessment	Collection	General	Service		Douglas	
Year	Year	Fund	Fund	Total	County (2)	Total
2019	2020	35.785	8.054	43.839	23.774	67.613
2018	2019	36.896	8.054	44.950	24.274	69.224
2017	2018	30.942	8.054	38.996	24.274	63.270
2016	2017	31.508	9.556	41.064	23.774	64.838
2015	2016	31.763	10.676	42.439	24.270	66.709
2014	2015	32.849	15.428	48.277	24.270	72.547
2013	2014	32.935	15.342	48.277	24.270	72.547
2012	2013	33.599	15.128	48.727	24.270	72.997
2011	2012	33.341	15.447	48.788	24.270	73.058
2010	2011	32.644	14.246	46.890	24.270	71.160

- (1) In addition to the County and the School District, there are five cities and towns and one hundred three (103) special districts which levy property taxes in Douglas County. Because of this number of taxing entities, this table identifies only the District and the County.
- (2) Includes the Law Enforcement Authority (LEA) and Douglas County Government.

Source: Douglas County Treasurer

http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-tax-districts-and-mill-levies.pdf

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago as of December 31

			2019		2	2010	
				Percentage			Percentage
				of Total			of Total
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Park Meadows Mall LLC	\$	85,666,890	1	1.18%	\$ 62,380,020	1	1.27%
HCA HealthOne LLC		85,007,280	2	1.17%	50,269,000	2	1.02%
Intermountain Rural Elec Assn.		76,645,160	3	1.05%	28,118,500	5	0.57%
Public Service Co. of Colo (Xcel)		64,290,300	4	0.88%	36,830,000	4	0.75%
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals		29,509,310	5	0.40%	-	-	-
Charles Schwab Lone Tree		28,729,210	6	0.39%	-	-	-
Century Link (was Qwest Corporation)		25,782,900	7	0.35%	38,649,200	3	0.79%
Craig Realty Group Castle Rock LLC		24,492,050	8	0.34%	18,636,080	6	0.38%
Plaza Drive Properties LLC		21,662,120	9	0.30%	18,322,630	7	0.37%
Richmand American Homes of Colorado		20,642,330	10	0.28%	-	-	-
Target Corporation		-	-	-	16,442,270	8	0.33%
Visa USA Inc.		-	-	-	16,201,070	9	0.33%
DIRECTV Operations		-	-	-	13,560,230	10	0.28%
Total Principal Taxpayers	\$ 4	62,427,550		6.34%	\$ 299,409,000	i	6.09%

Source: Douglas County CAFR

htpp://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy<sup>(1)</sup>

				<b>.</b> . <i>j</i>	_		
					_		Percent of
			Current	Percent			Total Tax
Assessment	Collection	Total	Tax	of Levy	Collection in	Total Tax	Collections
Year	Year	TaxLevy	Collections	Collected	Subsequent Years	Collections	to Levy
2019	2020	\$ 319,558,356	\$ 310,078,679	97.03%	\$ 115,045	\$ 310,193,724	97.07%
2018	2019	290,654,450	283,933,533	97.69%	57,829	283,991,362	97.71%
2017	2018	248,074,817	242,414,296	97.72%	26,010	242,440,306	97.73%
2016	2017	234,851,135	227,683,294	96.95%	501,829	228,185,123	97.16%
2015	2016	238,509,546	237,545,623	99.60%	450,136	237,995,759	99.78%
2014	2015	231,973,131	229,982,554	99.14%	86,893	230,069,447	99.18%
2013	2014	227,593,608	227,223,163	99.84%	103,769	227,326,932	99.88%
2012	2013	223,058,985	215,369,540	96.55%	28,714	215,398,254	96.57%
2011	2012	221,044,051	219,450,816	99.28%	56,221	219,507,037	99.30%
2010	2011	233,933,234	231,099,780	98.79%	148,133	231,247,913	98.85%

Source: Douglas County Treasurer's Office

The above schedule lists property tax information for the assessment year. Property taxes are recognized by the District when due and payable in the year following the assessment year. Current tax allocation listed above represent actual cash collections by the County during the period. For financial purposes, the District includes within property tax revenue amounts received during the 60 days following the end of the fiscal year, resulting in final tax collections which may be higher than amounts reported above.

<sup>(1)</sup> Collections are from January 1 to August 31. Additional taxes will be collected from September 1 to December 31.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

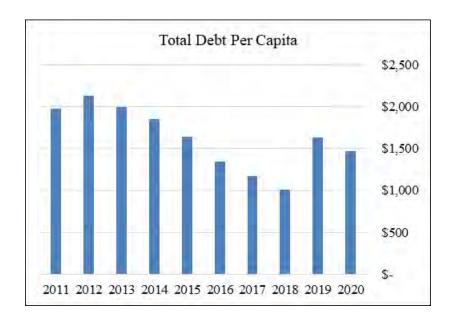
#### **Governmental Activities**

Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of articipation	_	Accreted Interest	Bond Premiums	Capital Leases	(	Total Primary Sovernment
2020 2019	\$ 455,050,000 486,665,000	\$ 24,965,000 27,490,000	\$	1,655,232 1,142,467	\$ 57,410,391 64,228,806	\$ 4,557,113 5,465,076	\$	543,637,736 584,991,349
2018	272,435,000	42,510,000		779,558	28,275,838	6,318,769		350,319,165
2017 2016	305,059,570 342,249,713	45,515,000 48,495,000		5,780,971 7,095,655	31,144,205 35,369,506	7,096,285 8,171,653		394,596,031 441,381,527
2015 2014	390,608,248 432,426,936	50,510,000 52,200,000		9,620,808 15,722,043	45,288,506 49,067,791	9,206,434 10,174,165		505,233,996 559,590,935
2013	470,743,316	40,735,000		19,695,769	53,252,046	7,364,704		591,790,835
2012 2011	509,211,093 543,221,501	26,505,000 27,540,000		18,532,441	63,924,242	1,159,302		619,332,078 570,761,501

Figures included in this schedule represent the most recent data available. 2019 and prior numbers have not been revised to match the County's updated data.

 <sup>(1)</sup> Douglas County Government http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-abstract.pdf
 (2) 2019 Douglas County CAFR - Demographic and Economic Statistics http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf

		Personal Income (2)		Percentage		Cotal
Assessed		income	(2)	of Personal	De	bt Per
 Value (1)	(In thousands)		Population (2)	Income	Capita	
\$ 7,289,075,050	\$	28,072,588	370,000	1.94%	\$	1,469
6,469,120,610		27,021,840	358,000	2.16%		1,634
6,361,633,430		22,765,492	346,000	1.54%		1,012
5,695,999,230		22,558,704	336,000	1.75%		1,174
5,592,997,090		21,713,011	328,990	2.03%		1,342
4,780,313,060		19,900,804	308,000	2.54%		1,640
4,689,459,530		18,561,913	302,464	3.01%		1,850
4,551,405,080		21,737,873	295,689	2.72%		2,001
4,504,735,760		20,801,664	291,083	2.98%		2,128
4,916,844,570		17,514,402	288,430	3.26%		1,979



#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year		General	Debt Service	Net	Percentage of Actual					
Ended	(	Obligation	Funds	Bonded	Taxable Value	Per	Actual	Assessed	Personal	
June 30		Bonds (3)	Available	Debt	of Property	Capita	Value	Value (1)	Income (2)	Population (2)
2020	\$	514,115,623	\$35,465,000	\$478,650,623	0.73%	\$ 1,294	\$ 65,847,948,735	\$7,289,075,050	\$ 28,072,588	370,000
2019		552,036,273	31,615,000	520,421,273	0.91%	1,454	57,326,883,719	6,469,120,610	27,021,840	358,000
2018		301,490,396	39,698,856	261,791,540	0.47%	757	55,957,475,832	6,361,633,430	22,765,492	346,000
2017		341,984,746	41,671,933	300,312,813	0.59%	894	51,028,244,270	5,695,999,230	22,558,704	336,000
2016		384,714,874	37,190,142	347,524,732	0.70%	1,056	49,806,309,081	5,592,997,090	21,713,011	328,990
2015		445,517,562	48,358,535	397,159,027	0.95%	1,289	41,756,703,236	4,780,313,060	19,900,804	308,000
2014		497,216,770	39,363,688	457,853,082	1.12%	1,514	40,787,070,561	4,689,459,530	18,561,913	302,464
2013		543,691,131	46,691,379	496,999,752	1.25%	1,681	39,698,998,633	4,551,405,080	21,737,873	295,689
2012		591,667,776	40,687,776	550,980,000	1.40%	1,893	39,277,491,767	4,504,735,760	20,801,664	291,083
2011		543,221,501	34,010,448	509,211,053	1.19%	1,765	42,796,887,933	4,916,844,570	17,514,402	288,430

(1) Douglas County Government http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-abstract.pdf

Douglas County CAFR

(2) Douglas County CAFR

http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf

(3) General Obligation Bond related amounts include General Obligation Bonds, accreted interest and bond premiums

Figures included in this schedule represent the most recent data available. Data is estimated and is subject to change based on updated information.

2019 and prior numbers have not been updated to match the County's updated data.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt

In addition to the general obligation indebtedness of the District, other taxing entities are authorized to incur general obligation debt within boundaries which overlap or partially overlap the boundaries of the District. The following table sets forth the estimated overlapping general obligation debt attributable to property owners within the District as of the date of this Offical Statement. Additional taxing enties may overlap with the District in the future.

#### **Estimated Overlapping Debt**

	2019 Assessed	Entity's Debt	Outstandi Attributable to	the District <sup>(3)</sup>
	Valuation (2)	Outstanding	Percent	Amount
Direct Debt				
Douglas County School District RE-1	\$ 7,289,075,050	\$ 543,637,736	100%\$	543,637,736
Overlapping G.O. Debt (1)				
(1)	(2)	Outstanding		
Name of Overlapping Entity <sup>(1)</sup>	Valuation <sup>(2)</sup>	G.O. Debt	Percent	Amount
Antelope Heights Metropolitan District	\$17,035,870	\$ 9,715,000	100.00% \$	9,715,000
Anthology West Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	8,478,290	1,797,500	100	1,797,500
Anthology West Metropolitan District No. 4 <sup>(4)</sup>	5,864,080	6,440,000	100	6,440,000
Anthology West Metropolitan District No. 5 <sup>(4)</sup>	1,020	5,328,000	100	5,328,000
Arapahoe County Water and Wastewater P.I.D.	658,697,614	132,599,702	8.36	11,085,335
Bella Mesa Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	1,840,700	15,747,961	100	15,747,961
Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District	35,423,750	8,600,000	100	8,600,000
Canterberry Crossing Metropolitan District II	26,129,400	8,765,000	100	8,765,000
Canyons Metropolitan District No. 3 <sup>(4)</sup>	310	15,750,000	100	15,750,000
Canyons Metropolitan District No. 5 <sup>(4)</sup>	8,754,870	75,707,000	100	75,707,000
Canyons Metropolitan District No. 6 <sup>(4)</sup>	8,754,860	18,914,000	100	18,914,000
Castle Oaks Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	30,691,790	15,570,000	100	15,570,000
Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 3 <sup>(4)</sup>	20,636,280	34,105,000	100	34,105,000
Castle Pines Commercial Metro. District No. 1 <sup>(5)</sup>	6,178,350	5,485,000	100	5,485,000
Castlewood Ranch Metropolitan District	42,263,000	16,015,000	100	16,015,000
Cherokee Ridge Estates Metropolitan District	3,662,000	815,000	100	815,000
Cherry Creek South Metropolitan District No. 1	53,809,650	750,000	100	750,000
Cherry Creek South Metropolitan District No. 11 <sup>(4)</sup>	17,650	500,000	100	500,000
Compark Business Campus Metropolitan District	59,087,530	50,179,000	100	50,179,000
Concord Metropolitan District	54,862,310	3,365,000	100	3,365,000
Consolidated Bell Mountain Ranch Metro. District <sup>(4)</sup>	19,107,500	11,585,000	100	11,585,000
Cottonwood Highlands Metropolitan District No. 1 <sup>(4)</sup>	12,623,250	19,155,000	100	19,155,000
Cottonwood Water and Sanitation District	122,832,775	10,246,371	100	10,246,371
Crowfoot Valley Ranch Metro. District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	615,230	35,205,000	100	35,205,000
Crystal Crossing Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	10,835,960	8,280,000	100	8,280,000
Crystal Valley Metropolitan District No. 2	58,052,340	60,090,000	100	60,090,000
Elkhorn Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1 <sup>(4)</sup>	12,943,370	8,325,714	100	8,325,714
Hess Ranch Metropolitan District No. 6 <sup>(4)</sup>	-	71,529,628	100	71,529,628
Highfield Metropolitan District	29,536,630	6,122,993	100	6,122,993
Highlands Ranch Metropolitan District	1,725,882,160	22,805,000	100	22,805,000
Horse Creek Metropolitan District	15,115,450	4,090,000	100	4,090,000
Horseshoe Ridge Metro. Districts Nos. 1 to 3 <sup>(6)</sup>	11,827,790	3,850,000	100	3,850,000
Hunting Hill Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	6,502,570	7,090,000	100	7,090,000
Inspiration Metropolitan District (4)	48,311,840	69,404,000	100	69,404,000
Inverness Metropolitan Improvement District	405,334,645	1,850,000	28.59	528,915
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,,	,,		- 7-

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt (Unaudited)

#### Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt

(Continued)

Name of Overlapping Entity <sup>(1)</sup>	Valuation <sup>(2)</sup>	G.O. Debt	Percent	Amount
Inverness Water and Sanitation District	407,112,513	8,104,292	28.47	2,307,292
Jordan Crossing Metropolitan District	3,389,120	1,395,000	100	1,395,000
Lanterns Metropolitan District No. 1 <sup>(4)</sup>	13,760	22,120,000	100	22,120,000
Larkspur Fire Protection District	158,573,700	1,580,000	100	1,580,000
Lincoln Creek Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	4,202,050	4,130,000	100	4,130,000
Lincoln Meadows Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	12,161,120	7,387,000	100	7,387,000
Lincoln Park Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	44,927,240	30,830,000	100	30,830,000
Lincoln Station Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	55,455,860	14,745,000	100	14,745,000
Louviers Water and Sanitation District <sup>(7)</sup>	2,770,290	1,768,090	100	1,768,090
Maher Ranch Metropolitan District No. 4 <sup>(4)</sup>	35,330,040	16,498,000	100	16,498,000
Meadow Station Public Improvement District	3,369,700	64,318	100	64,318
Meadowlark Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	2,103,310	9,609,000	100	9,609,000
Meadows Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 to 7 <sup>(8)</sup>	257,223,810	70,000,000	100	70,000,000
Meridian Metropolitan District	210,887,570	76,990,000	100	76,990,000
Meridian Village Metropolitan Dists. Nos. 1 and 2 <sup>(9)</sup>	75,917,550	34,685,000	100	34,685,000
Miller's Landing Business Improvement District (10)	260,930	21,250,000	100	21,250,000
Mirabelle Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	14,920	36,660,000	100	36,660,000
Neu Towne Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	9,579,310	11,000,000	100	11,000,000
North Meridian Metropolitan District	324,470	7,235,000	100	7,235,000
North Pine Vistas Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	3,047,720	10,545,000	100	10,545,000
North Pine Vistas Metropolitan District No. 3 <sup>(4)</sup>	10,387,960	12,318,000	100	12,318,000
North Pines Metropolitan District	5,116,460	1,975,000	100	1,975,000
Olde Town Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	3,419,420	970,000	100	970,000
Overlook Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	6,117,670	7,130,000	100	7,130,000
Parker Automotive Metropolitan District	9,638,480	15,411,000	100	15,411,000
Parker Homestead Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	14,323,290	8,140,000	100	8,140,000
Parker Water and Sanitation District	765,949,539	85,400,000	100	85,400,000
Pine Bluffs Metropolitan District	16,481,064	3,900,000	100	3,900,000
Pinery West Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	45,337,480	10,780,000	100	10,780,000
Promenade at Castle Rock Metro. District No. 1 <sup>(4)(11)</sup>	5,600,980	36,645,000	100	36,645,000
Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 1 <sup>(12)</sup>	40	186,400,000	100	186,400,000
Ravenna Metropolitan District	20,865,290	35,278,000	100	35,278,000
Reata North Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	35,047,390	10,225,000	100	10,225,000
Reata Ridge Village Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	861,240	5,739,000	100	5,739,000
Reata South Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	22,372,410	19,330,000	100	19,330,000
Regency Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	6,932,360	3,720,000	100	3,720,000
Robinson Ranch Metropolitan District	3,620,840	750,000	100	750,000
Rock Canyon Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	-	2,035,000	100	2,035,000
Roxborough Village Metropolitan District	80,194,600	3,659,560	100	3,659,560
Roxborough Water and Sanitation District <sup>(7)</sup>	243,883,573	19,937,239	78.77	15,704,563
Salisbury Heights Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	4,297,570	2,854,000	100	2,854,000
Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	33,434,620	30,000,000	100	30,000,000
Solitude Metropolitan District	924,380	5,000,000	100	5,000,000
South Meridian Metropolitan District	52,220,780	4,365,000	100	4,365,000

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt (Unaudited)

#### Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt

(Continued)

Name of Overlapping Entity <sup>(1)</sup>	Valuation <sup>(2)</sup>	G.O. Debt	Percent	Amount
South Suburban Park and Recreation District	3,546,680,532	40,285,000	22.91	9,229,294
Southeast Public Improvement Metro. District (4)	2,951,172,429	2,535,000	29.35	744,023
Spring Valley Metropolitan District No. 4 <sup>(4)</sup>	11,250	14,761,000	100	14,761,000
Sterling Ranch Colorado Metro. District No. 2 <sup>(13)</sup>	23,728,060	25,680,000	100	25,680,000
Sterling Ranch Colorado Metro. District No. 3 <sup>(13)</sup>	3,160,430	89,120,000	100	89,120,000
Stone Canon Ranch Metropolitan District	1,859,410	209,356	100	209,356
Stone Creek Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	5,215,040	9,470,000	100	9,470,000
Stonegate Village Metropolitan District	95,768,070	17,510,000	100	17,510,000
Tallman Gulch Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	4,993,440	9,465,000	100	9,465,000
Thunderbird Water and Sanitation District <sup>(7)</sup>	8,476,830	332,831	100	332,831
Timbers Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	6,335,740	5,300,000	100	5,300,000
Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan District No. 3 (f/k/a Hess Ranch	449,690	35,105,000	100	35,105,000
Metropolitan District No. 3) (4)	447,070	33,103,000	100	33,103,000
Two Bridges Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	2,359,300	3,723,000	100	3,723,000
Village on the Green Metro. District No. 1	2,841,780	1,365,000	100	1,365,000
Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan Dist. No. 4 and Founders	1,187,210	25,911,000	100	25,911,000
Village Metropolitan District <sup>(14)</sup>	1,107,210	20,511,000	100	20,511,000
Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 6 <sup>(4)</sup>	34,578,230	45,819,164	100	45,819,164
Villas Metropolitan District <sup>(4)</sup>	2,339,860	4,940,000	100	4,940,000
West Metro Fire Protection District	9,093,644,161	21,456,000	1.69	362,606
Westcreek Metropolitan District No. 2 <sup>(4)</sup>	1,953,570	7,800,000	100	7,800,000
Total Overlapping				\$ 1,838,316,514
Total Direct Debt and Overlapping Debt				\$ 2,381,954,250

The following entities also overlap the District, but have no outstanding general obligation debt: Airport Vista Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Anthology West Metropolitan Districts Nos. 3 and 6; City of Aurora; Belford North Metropolitan District; Belford South Metropolitan District; BMR Metropolitan District; Canyons Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1, 2, 4 and 7 to 11; Carousel Farms Metropolitan District; Castle Oaks Metropolitan District No. 2; City of Castle Pines; Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan Districts Nos. 2 and 5; Castle Pines Metropolitan District; Castle Pines North Metropolitan District; Castle Pines Town Center Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 to 3; Town of Castle Rock; Castle Rock Downtown Development Authority; Castleton Center Water and Sanitation District; Castleview Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Cedar Hill Cemetery Association; Centennial Water and Sanitation District; Chambers Highpoint Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Chatfield South Water District; Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority; Cherry Creek South Metropolitan Districts Nos. 4 to 10; Cielo Metropolitan District; Citadel Station-Castle Meadows Urban Renewal Plan; Clearwater Metropolitan District; Cottonwood Commercial Area Urban Renewal Plan; Cottonwood Highlands Metropolitan District No. 2; Cottonwood Metropolitan District; Crowfoot Valley Ranch Metropolitan District No. 1; Crystal Valley Metropolitan District No. 1; Dawson Ridge Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 to 5; Denver Southeast Suburban Water and Sanitation District; Devils Head Metropolitan District; Dominion Water and Sanitation District; Douglas County; Douglas County Law Enforcement Authority; Douglas County Libraries; Douglas County Soil Conservation District; Douglas County Local Improvement Districts Nos. 01-01, 01-02, 01-03, 07-01, 94-001, 95-001 and 97-001; Douglas County Woodmoor Mountain General Improvement District; E-470 Potomac Metropolitan District; E-470 Public Highway Authority; Elbert County; Elbert County Library District; Foxhill Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Franktown Business Area Metropolitan District; Franktown Fire Protection District; Grandview Estates Rural Water Conservation District; Heritage Hills Metropolitan District; Hess Ranch Metropolitan Districts Nos. 4, 5, 7 and 8; Hidden Pointe Metropolitan District; High Prairie Farms Metropolitan District; Hillside at Castle Rock Metropolitan District; Hilltop Metropolitan District; Jackson 105 Fire Protection District; Kings Point South Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Kiowa Soil Conservation District: Lanterns Metropolitan Districts Nos. 2 to 5; Town of Larkspur; City of Littleton; Littleton Fire Protection District; City of Lone Tree; Lone Tree Business Improvement District; McArthur Ranch Metropolitan Recreation District; Meridian Village Metropolitan Districts Nos. 3 and 4; Mirabelle Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1, 3 and 4; Mountain Communities Fire Protection District; North Fork Fire Protection District; North Pine Vistas Metropolitan District No. 1; Northern Douglas County Water and Sanitation District; Omnipark Metropolitan District; Park Meadows Business Improvement District; Park Meadows Metropolitan District; Town of Parker; Parker Central Area Urban Renewal Plan; Parker Road Area Urban Renewal

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt (Unaudited)

#### Estimated Overlapping General Obligation Debt

(Continued)

- Plan; Perry Park Metropolitan District; Perry Park Water and Sanitation District; Perry Park Water and Sanitation District (Water Service Area); Pinery Commercial Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Promenade at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 2; Rampart Range Metropolitan Districts Nos. 3 to 6, 8 and 9; Rattlesnake Fire Protection District; Reata Ridge Village Metropolitan District No. 1; Regional Transportation District; Remuda Ranch Metropolitan District; RockingHorse Metropolitan District No. 1; Sedalia Water and Sanitation District; Sierra Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1; Silver Heights Water and Sanitation District; South Metro Fire Rescue Fire Protection District; South Santa Fe Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; Southgate Sanitation District; Southgate Water District; Southwest Metropolitan Water and Sanitation District; Sterling Crossing Commercial Metropolitan District; Sterling Crossing Residential Metropolitan District; Sterling Ranch Colorado Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 4 to 7; Town of Castle Rock Festival Park Commons General Improvement District; Trails Metropolitan District; Trails at Crowfoot Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2 (f/k/a Hess Ranch Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2); United Water and Sanitation District; Upper South Platte Water Conservancy District; Urban Drainage and Flood Control District; Upper South Platte Levy; Ute Pass Regional Health Service District; Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan Districts Nos. 7 and 9; West Douglas County Fire Protection District; Westcreek Lakes Water District; Westcreek Metropolitan District Nos. 1; Westfield Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 and 2; and The Yard Metropolitan District.
- (2) The 2019 assessed valuation figures certified by the County Assessors are for the collection of ad valorem property taxes in 2020.
- (3) The percentage of each entity's outstanding debt attributable to the District is calculated by comparing the assessed valuation of the portion overlapping the District to the total assessed valuation of the overlapping entity. To the extent the District's assessed valuation changes disproportionately with the assessed valuation of overlapping entities, the percentage of debt for which property owners within the District are responsible will also change.
- (4) The debt of this district consists of limited tax general obligation bonds secured by a required mill levy, specific ownership taxes, and other available moneys.
- (5) Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan District No. 1 issued limited tax supported revenue bonds payable from the property taxes generated by the debt service levies of Castle Pines Commercial Metropolitan Districts Nos. 3 and 4. The 2019 assessed valuations of No. 3 and No. 4 are \$6,943,920 and \$8,638,750, respectively.
- (6) Under a Capital Pledge Agreement, Horseshoe Ridge Metropolitan Districts Nos. 2 and 3 pledge certain tax revenues to pay Horseshoe Ridge Metropolitan District No. 1's property tax supported revenue bonds.
- (7) The debt of this district consists of mill levy supported loans from Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority and/or the Colorado Water Conservation Board.
- (8) Seven contiguous districts formed as part of the Meadows project entered into a Regional Facilities Cost Sharing Agreement whereby each district is liable for a portion of the total general obligation debt incurred by the other districts.
- (9) Meridian Village Metropolitan District No. 1's debt is supported by pledged revenues partially consisting of ad valorem property taxes levied against all taxable property in Meridian Village Metropolitan District No. 2.
- (10) Miller's Landing Business Improvement District issued revenue bonds secured by contractually imposed public improvement fees with respect to certain retail sales transactions, a debt service mill levy, specific ownership taxes, revenue generated from an urban renewal plan, revenues from a contractually imposed requirement that payments in lieu of taxes be made by owners of tax-exempt property, and payments made under a guaranty agreement with the developer.
- (11) Pursuant to a Capital Pledge Agreement, Promenade at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 3 transfers property tax revenue to Promenade at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 1 for repayment of all the bonds. The 2019 assessed valuation of Promenade at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 3 is \$57,579,540.
- (12) Pursuant to a Capital Pledge Agreement, Rampart Range Metropolitan Districts Nos. 2 and 7 transfer property tax revenue to Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 1 for repayment of all the bonds. The 2019 assessed valuations of Nos. 2 and 7 are \$25,767,130 and \$213,182,320, respectively.
- (13) Sterling Ranch Colorado Metropolitan Districts Nos. 1 to 7 formed the Sterling Ranch Community Authority Board (the "SRCA Board") to provide public services and facilities. The SRCA Board issued limited tax and special revenue bonds secured by Sterling Ranch Colorado Metropolitan Districts Nos. 2 and 3's required mill levy, specific ownership taxes, and other available moneys.
- (14) Pursuant to a Plan for Adjustment of Debts approved by the United States Bankruptcy Court, Villages at Castle Rock Metropolitan District No. 4 ("Villages No. 4") issued Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1991 in the amount of \$29,970,000. Pursuant to an agreement with Villages No. 4, Founders Village Metropolitan District is obligated to levy a limited mill levy to pay debt service on the bonds. The bonds mature in 2031, and any outstanding current interest, accrued but unpaid interest (\$109,945,180 as of December 31, 2019), and principal amounts due as of such date will be discharged. The 2019 assessed valuation of Founders Village Metropolitan District is \$60,026,520.

Sources: Assessor's Offices of Arapahoe, Douglas, Elbert, and Jefferson Counties; Assessor's Office of the City and County of Denver; and individual taxing entities.



THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Legal Debt Margin For The Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Debt limit <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 1,457,815,010	\$ 1,293,824,122 \$	1,272,326,686	\$ 1,139,199,846 \$	1,118,599,418
Total debt applicable to limit	543,637,736	584,991,349	350,319,165	394,596,031	441,381,527
Legal debt margin <sup>(2)</sup>	914,177,274	708,832,773	922,007,521	744,603,815	677,217,891
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	37.29%	45.21%	27.53%	34.64%	39.46%

<sup>(1)</sup> Debt limits calculated by determining the total assessed value as reported in Table 9 and multiplying by 20 percent.

<sup>(2)</sup> Legal debt margin is calculated by subtracting the "total debt applicable to limit from the debt limit".

 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$ 956,062,612 \$	937,891,906 \$	910,281,016 \$	900,947,152 \$	983,368,914
505,233,996	559,590,935	591,790,835	619,332,078	570,761,501
450,828,616	378,300,971	318,490,181	281,615,074	412,607,413
52.85%	59.66%	65.01%	68.74%	58.04%

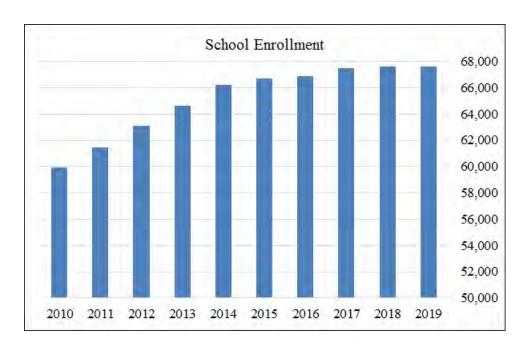
		Per Capita	Personal	Average			
	Estimated	Personal	Income Total	Household	Median	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	(In Thousands)	Size	Age	Enrollment	Rate
2019	370,000	\$ 75,872	\$ 28,072,588	2.79	38.1	67,591	2.8%
2018	358,000	75,480	27,021,840	2.81	38.1	67,597	3.4%
2017	346,000	65,796	22,765,492	2.75	38.9	67,470	2.6%
2016	336,000	67,139	22,558,704	2.76	37.6	66,896	2.8%
2015	328,990	65,999	21,713,011	2.84	37.2	66,702	2.6%
2014	308,000	64,613	19,900,804	2.82	36.9	66,230	4.5%
2013	302,464	61,369	18,561,913	2.80	37.5	64,657	5.6%
2012	295,689	73,516	21,737,873	2.95	37.4	63,114	5.9%
2011	291,083	71,463	20,801,664	2.79	36.6	61,465	6.1%
2010	288,430	60,723	17,514,402	2.86	36.6	59,932	6.7%

### (1) 2019 Douglas County CAFR <a href="http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf">http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf</a>

Figures included in this schedule represent the most recent data available.

Data is estimated and is subject to change based on updated information.

2017 and prior numbers have not been updated to match the County's updated data in their most recent Annual Financial Report.



#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	)
			% of			% of
			<b>Total County</b>			<b>Total County</b>
	Employees		Employment	Employees		Employment
Douglas County School District <sup>(1)</sup>	6,283	1	3.38%	6,245	1	4.02%
Charles Schwab	4,400	2	2.37%	-	-	-
EchoStar Communications	2,750	3	1.48%	1,840	2	1.19%
Centura Health	1,510	4	0.81%	840	8	0.54%
Healthone:Sky Ridge Medical	1,340	5	0.72%	1,030	7	0.66%
Douglas County Government	1,285	6	0.69%	1,061	6	0.68%
Jacobs Engineering (formerly CH2M Hill)	1,120	7	0.60%	1,600	3	1.03%
VISA Debit Processing Services	990	8	0.53%	-	-	-
Specialized Loan Servicing LLC	960	9	0.52%	-	-	-
Cognizant	850	10	0.46%	-	-	-
TW Telecom	-	-	-	1,100	4	0.71%
Western Union	-	-	-	1,090	5	0.70%
Liberty Media	-	-	-	730	9	0.47%
Information Handling Services	-	-	-	700	10	0.45%
Total for Principal Employers	21,488		11.6%	16,236		10.5%
Total Employment in Douglas County	185,768			145,954		

2019 Douglas County CAFR <a href="http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf">http://www.douglas.co.us/documents/2019-cafr.pdf</a>

(1) Based on full time equivalent.

### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Full-time Equivalent (FTE) District Employees by Function/Program FTE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018
Instructional Services:			
Teacher	2,581	2,539	2,551
Teacher - Special Education	581	562	545
Instructional & Educational Assistants (2)	307	291	291
Educational Assistants - Special Education (2)	607	567	539
Preschool (2)	89	85	89
Outdoor Education (2)	22	18	19
School Support			
Principals & Assistant Principals	171	170	167
Counselors	167	104	87
Student Support - Special Education	128	138	136
Student Support - Specialized Programming	9	8	6
Deans	26	24	25
Professional Learning Specialists	36	33	39
Librarians & Library Specialists/Assistants (2)	62	62	68
Nurses & Health Assistants (2)	84	74	70
Office/Administrative Support (2)	306	313	321
Professional, Technical & Administrators	81	77	72
General Administration			
Executive Cabinet	10	11	9
Office/Administrative Support (2)	57	60	66
Professional, Technical & Administrators	91	88	89
Other Support Staff (2)	5	6	6
Before and After School Child Care			
Preschool & Child Care (2)	118	132	142
Operations & Maintenance			
Office/Administrative Support (2)	8	8	9
Skilled Trade (2)	220	223	228
Security Services (2)	81	69	77
Transportation (2)	347	343	360
Professional, Technical & Administrators	13	13	12
Nutrition Services			
Kitchen & Office Workers (2)	270	265	260
	6,477	6,283	6,283

Note: This listing represents filled positions as of May 1 of each fiscal year.

<sup>(1)</sup> For fiscal year 2015 and prior, FTE for classified staff members (hourly workers) was defined as number of yearly hours worked divided by 2,080 hours.

Table 15

2017	2016	2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	2014	2013	2012	2011
2,563	2,579	2,608	2,525	2,436	2,400	2,478
521	497	471	451	429	418	399
295	288	343	341	296	236	246
510	441	411	301	286	309	311
84	85	81	51	49	47	35
18	17	13	4	1	0	0
153	153	148	143	134	126	131
78	75	75	66	62	62	65
127	129	128	104	117	111	108
11	8	8	7	7	7	7
39	33	34	23	25	26	25
46	51	55	46	40	33	41
68	71	77	49	46	48	35
57	84	61	44	48	46	47
324	296	280	218	212	206	219
78	84	70	67	64	62	63
10	13	14	10	9	9	9
72	69	82	52	50	48	49
89	82	83	77	73	64	59
7	6	5	5	5	4	5
147	142	126	130	124	125	121
147	142	120	130	124	123	121
9	8	9	7	7	6	7
232	232	238	236	239	238	277
73	70	71	32	35	35	31
368	398	381	308	272	267	264
16	14	16	11	11	11	9
246	240	225	162	149	150	153
6,241	6,165	6,113	5,470	5,226	5,094	5,194

<sup>(2)</sup> These staff members are the classified staff members identified in (1) above. For fiscal years after 2015, the FTE was calculted as weekly hours worked divided by 40 hours. For example, a classified employee working 20 hours per week is a 0.5 FTE.

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2020	2019	2018	2017
School Enrollment (1)	67,305	67,591	67,597	67,470
Funded Pupil Count (1)	65,405	63,926	63,977	63,729
Average Student Teacher Ratio (1)	18.9	18.8	20.1	20.3
Expenses - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 862,058,228	\$ 785,389,320	\$ 700,200,460	\$ 687,152,635
Cost per FPC	\$ 13,084	\$ 12,286	\$ 10,945	\$ 10,782
Building Square Footage	6,714,527	6,714,527	6,714,527	6,714,527
Free & Reduced Student Count (1)	7,896	8,053	8,135	7,788
% of Free & Reduced to Total School Enrollment	12.0%	11.9%	12.4%	11.9%
Graduation Rate (1)	*	91.7	90.8	90.4
Dropout Rate (1)	*	0.6	0.7	0.7
Average Teacher Salary (1)	\$ 60,557	\$ 59,471	\$ 53,080	\$ 52,044

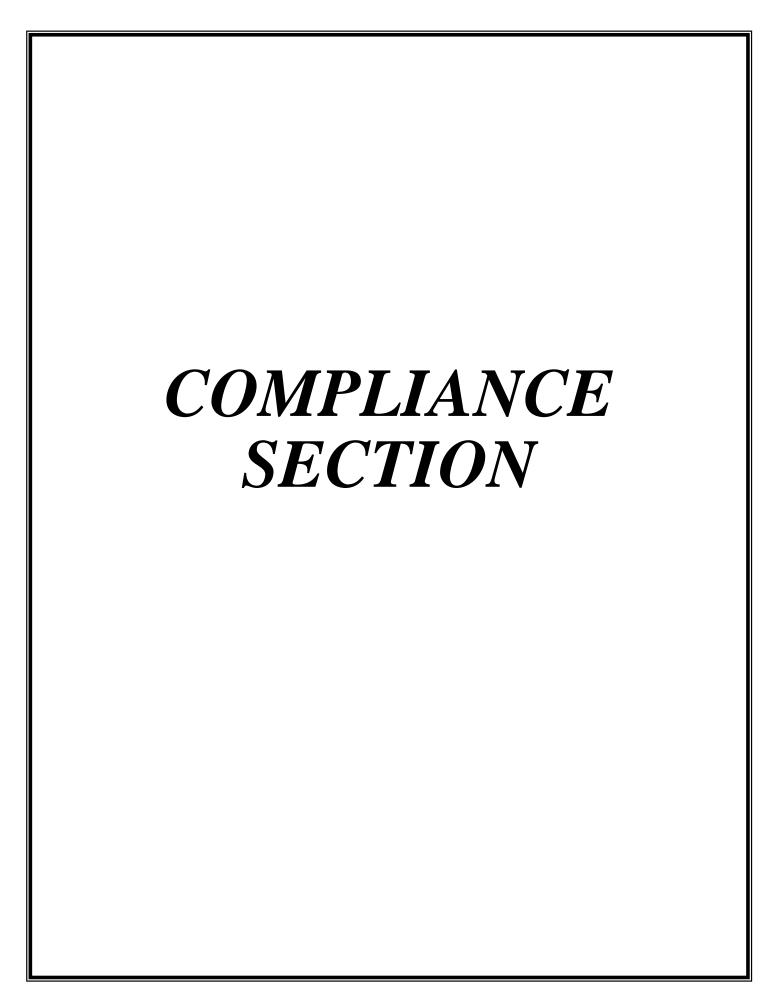
<sup>(1)</sup> Obtained from Colorado Department of Education, includes charter schools

<sup>\*</sup> Information not available

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		2011
66,896	66,702	66,230	64,657	63,114		61,465
· ·						
63,572	63,354	62,610	61,199	59,606		57,906
20.8	22.4	21.5	20.8	21.2		20.8
\$ 667,762,744	\$ 641,161,383	\$ 617,230,379	\$ 586,345,389	\$ 534,989,686	\$	485,771,964
\$ 10,504	\$ 10,120	\$ 9,858	\$ 9,581	\$ 8,975	\$	8,389
6,680,458	6,678,758	6,661,633	6,661,633	6,660,845		6,617,016
0,000,150	0,070,750	0,001,033	0,001,033	0,000,013		0,017,010
7,954	7,326	8,023	7,321	6,867		6,493
12.2%	11.2%	11.5%	11.6%	11.2%		10.9%
90.1	90.0	93.0	92.5	87.4		84.2
0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8		0.9
\$ 51,274	\$ 50,165	\$ 50,652	\$ 50,656	\$ 51,838	\$	52,805
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,	,

#### Douglas County School District Re. 1 Capital Asset Statistics by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Schools										
Elementary Schools	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
Middle Schools	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
High Schools	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Charter Schools	18	18	18	16	15	15	13	13	11	9
Magnet Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Alternative High Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Night Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Plum Creek - Special Education	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other Facilities										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Bus Terminals	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Operations & Maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Warehouse	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Stadiums	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3





# Colorado Department of Education Auditors Integrity Report District 0900—DOUGLAS COUNTY RE 1 Fiscal Year 2020

Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 – 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
Governmental	346		•	*
10 General Fund	96,036,270	518,324,471	500,500,372	113,860,369
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
Sub-Total	96,036,270	518,324,471	500,500,372	113,860,369
11 Charter School Fund	38,685,773	177,140,663	163,937,749	51,888,687
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	6,288,462	29,500,791	32,212,482	3,576,771
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07 Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	2,123,984	13,948,344	14,705,461	1,366,867
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	21.498.327	21,498,327	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	1,153,728	1,136,969	1,174,310	1,116,387
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	1,611,318	26,004,038	23,675,621	3,939,735
31 Bond Redemption Fund	61,833,049	59,276,574	53,496,425	67,613,198
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	20,214	3,407,425	3,407,106	20,533
41 Building Fund	267,785,743	8,371,550	64,310,429	211,846,864
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	0	0
46 Supplemental Cap Const. Tech. Main Fund	0	0	0	0
Totals	475,538,541	858,609,153	878,918,282	455,229,412
Proprietary				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	-19,788,524	10,184,789	19,552,632	-29,156,367
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	11,618,414	12,321,622	14,051,923	9,888,113
Totals	-8.170.110	22.506.410	33,604,555	-19.268.255
Fiduciary				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	34,012	58,000	55,000	37,012
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
	,	·		· ·

FINAL

11/23/20

