HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 INCLUDING REPORTS ON FEDERAL AWARDS AND EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

JUNE 30, 2020

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101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District Highland Falls, New York 10928

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 14 and 63 through 67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 68 through 70 are required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 68 through 70 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 68 through 70 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Jugant + Hauseler, P.C.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2020, on our consideration of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, New York

September 28, 2020

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

- The District received additional State Aid through the Bullet Aid program from the New York State Senate and Assembly in the amount of \$40,000.
- District tax levy increase was 2.47% which was at the computed property tax cap limit for 2019-2020 school taxes.
- West Point tuition revenue was approximately \$6,277,505 which exceeded the budgetary amount by \$245,985.
- Tuition Revenue from Garrison Union Free School District was \$752,758, which exceeded revenue projections by \$20,960.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

N	lajor Features of the District-	Wide and Fund Financial Staten					
		Fund Financial Statements					
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies				
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid				

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information provided in the notes to the financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the
 scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets
 reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong.
 The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these
 assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at June 30, 2020 is \$(15,923,888). This is a \$1,236,031 decrease from last year's net position of (\$14,687,857). The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

			School District	Activities	
	June 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	\$ Change	% Change
Current Assets	\$ 25,046,120	\$	27,153,179	\$ (2,107,059)	-7.76%
Non-Current Assets	28,875,521		16,267,115	12,608,406	77.51%
Total Assets	53,921,641		43,420,294	10,501,347	24.19%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,735,200	V	7,137,272	2,597,928	36.40%
Current Liabilities	21,174,257		12,910,985	8,263,272	64.00%
Non-Current Liabilities	50,321,680		43,753,073	6,568,607	15.01%
Total Liabilities	71,495,937		56,664,058	14,831,879	26.18%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,084,792	a	8,581,365	(496,573)	-5.79%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,577,603		14,441,463	2,136,140	14.79%
Restricted	8,618,512		11,327,557	(2,709,045)	-23.92%
Unrestricted	(41,120,003)		(40,456,877)	(663,126)	-1.64%
Total Net Position	\$(15,923,888)	\$	(14,687,857)	\$ (1,236,031)	8.42%

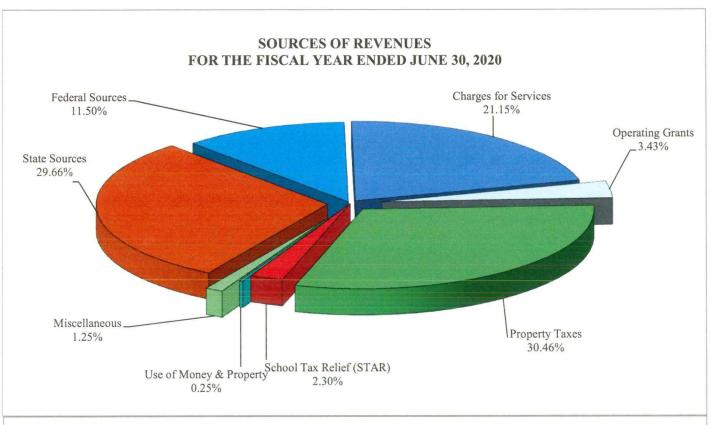
The following table and supporting graphs provides a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the years ended June 30 2020 and 2019:

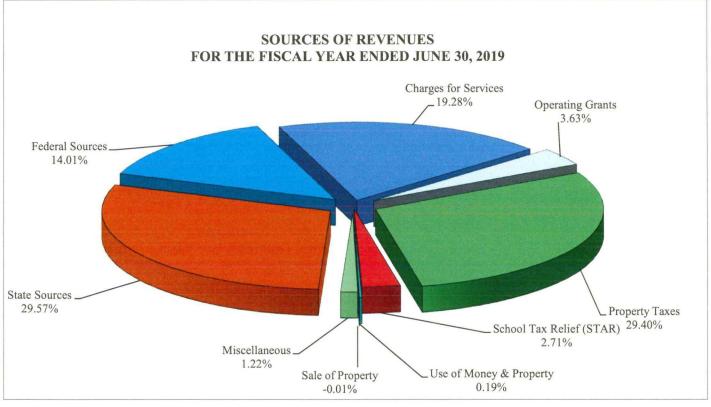
HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

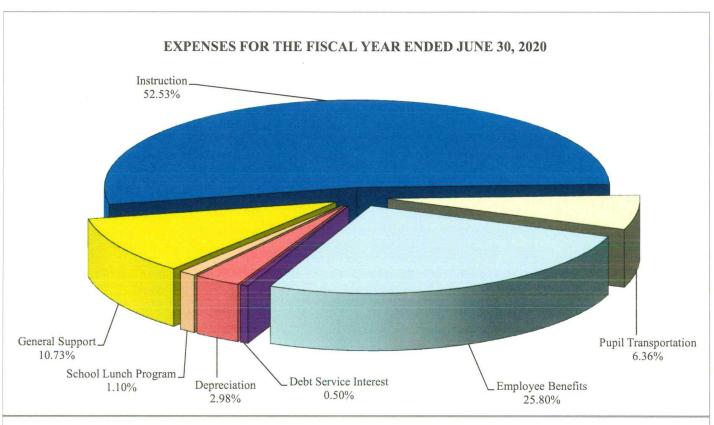
	FOR THE		FOR THE			
	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020	%	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019	%	\$ Change	%
REVENUES	JUNE 30, 2020		JOINE 30, 2019		- Grange	/0
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 7,193,467	21.15%	\$ 6,553,856	19.28%	\$ 639,611	9.76%
Operating Grants	1,164,950	3.43%	1,233,009	3.63%	(68,059)	-5.52%
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	10,357,575	30.46%	9,994,842	29.40%	362,733	3.63%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	781,973	2.30%	920,676	2.71%	(138,703)	-15.07%
Use of Money & Property	86,305	0.25%	63,371	0.19%	22,934	36.19%
Sale of Property	0	0.00%	(2,785)	-0.01%	2,785	-100.00%
Miscellaneous	426,016	1.25%	414,099	1.22%	11,917	2.88%
State Sources	10,086,250	29.66%	10,055,316	29.57%	30,934	0.31%
Federal Sources	3,909,057	11.50%	4,761,624	14.01%	(852,567)	-17.90%
TOTAL REVENUES	34,005,593	100.00%	33,994,008	100.00%	11,585	0.03%
EXPENSES						
General Support	3,782,054	10.73%	3,341,313	10.66%	440,741	13.19%
Instruction	18,508,482	52.53%	16,788,115	53.53%	1,720,367	10.25%
Pupil Transportation	2,242,962	6.36%	2,729,818	8.71%	(486,856)	-17.83%
Employee Benefits	9,093,698	25.80%	6,925,244	22.09%	2,168,454	31.31%
Debt Service Interest	177,239	0.50%	21,899	0.07%	155,340	709.35%
Depreciation	1,050,440	2.98%	1,126,670	3.59%	(76,230)	-6.77%
School Lunch Program	386,749	1.10%	423,697	1.35%	(36,948)	-8.72%
TOTAL EXPENSES	35,241,624	100.00%	31,356,756	100.00%	3,884,868	12.39%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ (1,236,031)		\$ 2,637,252		\$(3,873,283)	

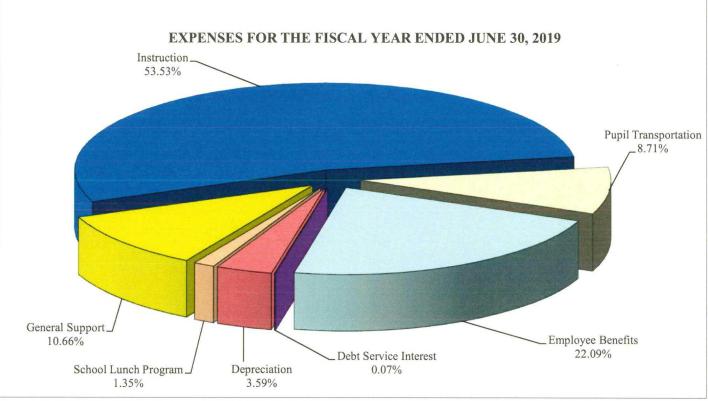
HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK





HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK





HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

	TOTAL COST OF SERVICES 2019-2020		OF	NET COST F SERVICES 2019-2020	OI	OTAL COST F SERVICES 2018-2019	OI	NET COST OF SERVICES 2018-2019		
General Support	\$	3,782,054	\$	3,772,971	\$	3,341,313	\$	3,332,009		
Instruction 2		18,508,482		10,651,373		16,788,115		9,532,116		
Pupil Transportation 3		2,242,962		2,158,742		2,729,818		2,653,388		
Employee Benefits 4		9,093,698		9,093,698		6,925,244		6,925,244		
Debt Service - Interest 5	1	177,239		177,239		21,896		21,896		
Depreciation 6		1,050,440		1,050,440		1,126,670		1,126,670		
School Lunch Program 7		386,749		(21,256)		423,697		(21,438)		
	\$	35,241,624	\$	26,883,207	\$	31,356,753	\$	23,569,885		
Instruction Pupil Transportation Employee Benefits Debt Service - Interest Depreciation 2 4 Depreciation 6	\$	18,508,482 2,242,962 9,093,698 177,239 1,050,440 386,749	\$	10,651,373 2,158,742 9,093,698 177,239 1,050,440 (21,256)		16,788,115 2,729,818 6,925,244 21,896 1,126,670 423,697	\$	9,532 2,653 6,925 21 1,126 (21		



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

			June	30, 2020					
	Nonspendable		Restricted Assigned			Unassigned	Total		
General	\$	0	\$ 4,675,450	\$ 898,597	\$	8,626,356	\$ 14,200,403		
Special Aid		0	12,839	0		0	12,839		
School Lunch		8,154	150,244	0		0	158,398		
Capital Projects		0	0	0		(10,586,143)	(10,586,143)		
Debt Service		0	154,923	0		0	154,923		
	\$	8,154	\$ 4,993,456	\$ 898,597	\$	(1,959,787)	\$ 3,940,420		
			June	30, 2019					
	Non	spendable	Restricted	Assigned		Unassigned	Total		
General	\$	0	\$ 4,331,971	\$ 464,974	\$	7,526,169	\$ 12,323,114		
Special Aid		0	12,839	0		0	12,839		
School Lunch		8,164	112,817	0		0	120,981		
Capital Projects		0	1,830,053	0		0	1,830,053		
Debt Service		0	70,580	0		0	70,580		
	\$	8 164	\$ 6.358.260	\$ 464,974	\$	7.526.169	\$ 14.357.567		

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was revised by \$45,283 during the year. The supplemental appropriations consisted of Bullet Aid Grant in the amount of \$40,000, and Donations of \$5,283.

In the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, actual revenues were greater than the final budgeted revenues by \$940,667 (2.96%). Revenue sources significantly over budget were from federal sources, in particular receipt of Impact Aid, tuition from Garrison CSD and West Point (DoDea).

Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the final budgeted expenditures by \$1,008,272 (3.12%). The District monitored its' expenses and looked for ways to reduce cost.

For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District has appropriated \$500,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- Property Tax Cap The Property Tax Cap continues to put constraints on the budgeting process as we are limited to the revenues that can be raised; limiting the increases to the expenditure budget.
- Employees Retirement Contributions and Teachers Retirement Contribution have been fluctuating during the past few budget seasons. These fluctuations will be monitored in future years as it can affect other areas in the budget in a negative way.
- State Aid Cuts The Gap Elimination Adjustment has been fully restored but, the freeze of the Foundation Aid formula continues to limit state aid increases, however this trend appears to be mitigating.
- Affordable Care Act The District continues to anticipate expenses and fees that will increase District health care costs as well as increases in the administration of soft costs related to managing the program. Calendar year 2015 was the first year that the District reported detailed health insurance information to the IRS for the employees of the District.

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2020-2021 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$12,839.

The School Lunch Program Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$172,873. The revenues exceeded expenditures by \$37,417. The District plans to enhance the school service operations through increased promotional and marketing efforts.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a fund balance of (\$10,586,143). The District began a capital project at the High School that was funded by a bond anticipation note which will be converted into long term financing.

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$154,923. This fund balance will be appropriated in future years to offset principal and interest payments.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$27,317,219. The total increase in this net investment was 80.12% for the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 was \$15,166,463. The District expended \$13,201,196 to acquire equipment and construct capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Depreciation expense for the year was \$1,050,440.

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	School Distr	rict Activities	
	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	% Change
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land	\$ 152,475	\$ 152,475	0.00%
Construction in Progress	16,099,127	1,718,384	836.88%
Depreciable Assets:			
Land Improvements	244,846	282,927	-13.46%
Building and Improvements	10,458,405	12,546,191	-16.64%
Furniture and Equipment	330,484	426,015	-22.42%
Vehicles	31,882	40,471	-21.22%
TOTALS	\$27,317,219	\$15,166,463	80.12%

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$615,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in bonded debt outstanding during the fiscal year was as follows:

	В	eginning					Ending	
	Balance		Issued		Paid	Balance		
Total Bonded Debt Outstanding	\$	725,000	\$	0	\$ 110,000	\$	615,000	

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of "A1" to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any such change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Denise S. Cedeira, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business offices at 21 Morgan Road, Highland Falls, New York 10928.

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Unrestricted Cash	\$ 11,367,156
Restricted Cash	12,435,432
State & Federal Aid Receivable	715,750
Due from Other Governments	507,617
Due from Fiduciary Funds	4,892
Other Receivables, Net	7,119
Inventories	8,154
TRS Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share	1,558,302
Non Depreciable Capital Assets	16,251,602
Capital Assets, Net	11,065,617
TOTAL ASSETS	53,921,641
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Postemployment Benefits	3,429,978
Pensions	6,305,222
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,735,200
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,878,504
Accrued Liabilities	137,988
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,066,583
Due to Employees' Retirement System	91,369
Other Liabilities	11,041
Bond Anticipation Notes	17,615,000
Overpayments and Collections in Advance	185,532
Unearned Revenue	57,434
Deferred Revenues	15,806
Long-term Liabilities:	13,000
Due and Payable Within One Year:	
Bonds Payable	115,000
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:	113,000
Bonds Payable	500,000
Compensated Absences	934,598
ERS Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share	1,943,506
Other Postemployment Benefits	46,943,576
TOTAL LIABILITIES	71,495,937
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Other Postemployment Benefits	5,789,830
Pensions	2,294,962
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,084,792
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,577,603
Restricted	8,618,512
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(41,120,003)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (15,923,888)

\$

(15,923,888)

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		PROGRAM	REVENUES	
ELINGTIONS & PROCEDANG	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE & CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS				
General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Debt Service - Interest School Lunch Program	\$ (5,254,128) (26,337,908) (3,078,043) (177,239) (394,306)	\$ 9,083 7,044,626 0 0 139,758	\$ 0 812,483 84,220 0 268,247	\$ (5,245,045) (18,480,799) (2,993,823) (177,239) 13,699
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS	\$ (35,241,624)	\$ 7,193,467	\$ 1,164,950	(26,883,207)
GENERAL REVENUES				
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Use of Money & Property Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources				10,357,575 781,973 86,305 426,016 10,086,250 3,909,057
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES				25,647,176
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(1,236,031)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YE	EAR			(14,687,857)

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			30111	30, 2020					
	(GENERAL		SPECIAL AID	CHOOL LUNCH	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT ERVICE	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Unrestricted Cash	\$	11,367,156	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	11,367,156
Restricted Cash		4,675,450		54,206	144,316	7,490,384	71,076		12,435,432
State & Federal Aid Receivable		257,876		437,471	20,403	0	0		715,750
Due from Other Governments		507,617		0	0	0	0		507,617
Due from Other Funds		470,824		0	0	785,000	83,847		1,339,671
Due from Fiduciary Funds		4,892		0	0	0	0		4,892
Other Receivables, Net		7,119		0	0	0	0		7,119
Inventories		0		0	8,154	0	0		8,154
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	17,290,934	\$	491,677	\$ 172,873	\$ 8,275,384	\$ 154,923	\$	26,385,791
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	636,334	\$	3,880	\$ 3,434	\$ 1,234,856	\$ 0	\$	1,878,504
Accrued Liabilities		132,856		0	0	0	0		132,856
Due to Other Funds		868,847		459,153	0	11,671	0		1,339,671
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,066,583		0	0	0	0		1,066,583
Due to Employees' Retirement System		91,369		0	0	0	0		91,369
Other Liabilities		0		0	11,041	0	0		11,041
Bond Anticipation Notes		0		0	0	17,615,000	0		17,615,000
Overpayments and Collections in Advance		185,532		0	0	0	0		185,532
Unearned Revenue		57,434		0	0	0	0		57,434
Deferred Revenues		51,576		15,805	0	0	0		67,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,090,531		478,838	14,475	18,861,527	0		22,445,371
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable		0		0	8,154	0	0		8,154
Restricted		4,675,450		12,839	150,244	0	154,923		4,993,456
Assigned		898,597		0	0	0	0		898,597
Unassigned		8,626,356		0	0	(10,586,143)	0		(1,959,787)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		14,200,403		12,839	158,398	(10,586,143)	154,923		3,940,420
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$	17,290,934	\$	491,677	\$ 172,873	\$ 8,275,384	\$ 154,923	\$	26,385,791

See notes to financial statement.

$\frac{\text{HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}{\text{HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK}}$

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION $\underline{\text{JUNE } 30,2020}$

A COURTS & DEPENDED OF THE OWN OF DEPOY DOES	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS	ONG-TERM ASSETS & IABILITIES	ASSIFICATIONS JIMINATIONS	TEMENT OF T POSITION
ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
ASSETS Unrestricted Cash	\$	11,367,156	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 11,367,156
Restricted Cash		12,435,432	0	0	12,435,432
State & Federal Aid Receivable		715,750	0	0	715,750
Due from Other Governments		507,617	0	0	507,617
Due from Other Funds		1,339,671	0	(1,339,671)	0
Due from Fiduciary Funds		4,892	0	0	4,892
Other Receivables, Net		7,119	0	0	7,119
Inventories		8,154	0	0	8,154
TRS Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share		0	1,558,302	0	1,558,302
Non Depreciable Capital Assets		0	16,251,602	0	16,251,602
Capital Assets, Net	-	0	 11,065,617	 0	 11,065,617
TOTAL ASSETS		26,385,791	28,875,521	(1,339,671)	53,921,641
Other Performance Programmer Prog		0	2 420 078	0	2 420 078
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	3,429,978	0	3,429,978
Pensions TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED	-	0	 6,305,222	 0	 6,305,222
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	26,385,791	\$ 38,610,721	\$ (1,339,671)	\$ 63,656,841
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$	1,878,504	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,878,504
Accrued Liabilities		132,856	 5,132	0	 137,988
Due to Other Funds		1,339,671	0	(1,339,671)	0
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,066,583	0	0	1,066,583
Due to Employees' Retirement System		91,369	0	0	91,369
Other Liabilities		11,041	0	0	11,041
Bond Anticipation Notes		17,615,000	0	0	17,615,000
Overpayments and Collections in Advance		185,532	0	0	185,532
Unearned Revenue		57,434	0	0	57,434
Deferred Revenue		67,381	(51,575)	0	15,806
Bonds Payable		0	615,000	0	615,000
Compensated Absences		0	934,598	0	934,598
ERS Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share		0	1,943,506	0	1,943,506
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	46,943,576	0	46,943,576
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	22,445,371	50,390,237	(1,339,671)	71,495,937
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Other Postemployment Benefits		0	5,789,830	0	5,789,830
Pensions		0	2,294,962	0	2,294,962
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		3,940,420	 (19,864,308)	 0	(15,923,888)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	26,385,791	\$ 38,610,721	\$ (1,339,671)	\$ 63,656,841

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES & CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GENERAL			SPECIAL AID	AL SCHOOL CAPITAL LUNCH PROJECTS			DEBT SERVICE		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
REVENUES	Φ	10 255 555	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	0	•	10.055.555
Real Property Taxes	\$	10,357,575	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	10,357,575
Other Tax Items		781,973		0		0		0		0		781,973
Charges for Services		7,053,710		0		0		0		0		7,053,710
Use of Money & Property Miscellaneous		85,809 342,169		0		0		0		496		86,305
State Sources				O		206		0		83,847		426,222
		10,212,603		264,236		9,866		0		0		10,486,705
Federal Sources		3,909,057		454,538		258,381		0		0		4,621,976
Sales	_	0		0	_	139,552	_	0	_	0		139,552
TOTAL REVENUES	li e	32,742,896		718,774		408,005		0		84,343	-	33,954,018
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		3,673,515		0		8,786		0		0		3,682,301
Instruction		17,783,822		724,660		0		0		0		18,508,482
Pupil Transportation		2,137,687		105,275		0		0		0		2,242,962
Employee Benefits		6,070,781		0		0		0		0		6,070,781
Debt Service:												
Principal		895,000		0		0		0		0		895,000
Interest		177,480		0		0		0		0		177,480
Cost of Sales		0		0		377,963		0		0		377,963
Capital Outlay		0		0		0	1	3,201,196		0		13,201,196
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		30,738,285		829,935		386,749	1	3,201,196		0		45,156,165
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,004,611		(111,161)		21,256	(1	3,201,196)		84,343		(11,202,147)
OTHER SOURCES & USES												
Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations		0		0		0		785,000		0		785,000
Operating Transfers In		0		111,161		16,161		0		0		127,322
Operating Transfers Out		(127, 322)		0		0		0		0		(127,322)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		(127,322)		111,161		16,161		785,000		0		785,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,877,289		0		37,417	(1	2,416,196)		84,343		(10,417,147)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,323,114		12,839		120,981		1,830,053		70,580		14,357,567
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$	14,200,403	\$	12,839	\$	158,398	\$ (1	0,586,143)	\$	154,923	\$	3,940,420

See notes to financial statement.

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		LONG-TERM REVENUE & EXPENSES			CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS		RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS		STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
REVENUES												
Real Property Taxes	\$	10,357,575	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	10,357,575
Other Tax Items		781,973		0		0		0		0		781,973
Charges for Services		7,053,710		0		0		0		0		7,053,710
Use of Money & Property		86,305		0		0		0		0		86,305
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		0		0		0		0		0		0
Miscellaneous		426,222		0		0		0		0		426,222
State Sources		10,486,705		51,575		0		0		0		10,538,280
Federal Sources		4,621,976		0		0		0		0		4,621,976
Sales		139,552		0		0		0		0		139,552
TOTAL REVENUES		33,954,018		51,575		0		0		0		34,005,593
EXPENDITURES												
General Support		3,682,301		108,539		104,381		0		1,358,907		5,254,128
Instruction		18,508,482		0		938,502		0		6,890,924		26,337,908
Pupil Transportation		2,242,962		0		0		0		835,081		3,078,043
Employee Benefits		6,070,781		3,022,917		0		0		(9,093,698)		0
Debt Service:		-,,		-,,						(,,,,,,,,,,,)		
Principal		895,000		0		0		(110,000)		(785,000)		0
Interest		177,480		(241)		0		0		0		177,239
Cost of Sales		377,963		0		7,557		0		8,786		394,306
Capital Outlay		13,201,196		0		(13,201,196)		0		0		0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		45,156,165		3,131,215	-	(12,150,756)		(110,000)	-	(785,000)		35,241,624
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3,101,210		(12,100,100)		(110,000)		(100,000)	-	20,211,021
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(11,202,147)		(3,079,640)		12,150,756		110,000		785,000		(1,236,031)
OTHER SOURCES & USES												
Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations		785,000		0		0		0		(785,000)		0
Operating Transfers In		127,322		0		0		0		(127,322)		0
Operating Transfers Out		(127,322)		0		0		0		127,322		0
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		785,000		0		0		0		(785,000)		0
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	(10,417,147)	\$	(3,079,640)	\$	12,150,756	\$	110,000	\$	0	\$	(1,236,031)

See notes to financial statement.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS		A(GENCY_
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	18,334	\$	93,067
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	18,334	\$	93,067
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES				
Due to Other Funds	\$	0	\$	4,892
Extraclassroom Activity Balances		0		88,175
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0	\$	93,067
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Scholarships		18,334		
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	\$	18,334		

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS		
ADDITIONS			
Investment Earnings	\$	364	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships & Awards		0	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		364	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		17,970	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	18,334	

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended by GASB Statement 39, <u>Component Units</u>. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Orange/Ulster Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District was billed \$5,396,987 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,013,856. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at Gibson Road, Goshen, New York 10924.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received from State and Federal grants that are restricted for specific educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and became a lien on August 23, 2019. Taxes were collected by the Town of Highlands during the period September 1, 2019 through November 2, 2019.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Orange County. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 9 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount. A reserve for these non-liquid assets has been recognized in the School Lunch Fund to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-process are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold		Method	Useful Life
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight Line	50 years
Land Improvements		5,000	Straight Line	15 - 25 years
Furniture and Equipment		5,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years
Vehicles		5,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. For additional information on pensions, see Note 8. The second relates to OPEB reporting in the district wide Statement of Net Position. For additional information on other postemployment benefits, see Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. For additional information on deferred inflows related to pensions, see Note 8. The second is related to OPEB reported in the district wide Statement of Net Position. For additional information on deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits, see Note 10.

O. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

P. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u> (Continued)

1. Compensated Absences (Continued)

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-asyou go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes are converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Q. Short-Term Debt (Continued)

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the year following the year in which they were issued.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. District-wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes inventory in the School Lunch Fund of \$8,154.

<u>Restricted</u>: Constraints have been imposed on the use of these amounts either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following reserves that have been included in restricted fund balance:

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Teachers Retirement Contribution Reserve

According to amendments to General Municipal Law §6-r, this reserve must be used to finance retirement contributions to the New York State Teachers Retirement System ("TRS") and/or offset all or some of the amount deducted from the moneys apportioned to the District from the state under Education Law § 521. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. The amount of moneys contributed to the TRS Subfund annually cannot exceed 2% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year. In addition, the total balance of the TRS Sub-fund cannot exceed 10% of the total salaries of all teachers employed by the District paid during the previous fiscal year.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2020 consisted of:

General Fund:		
Capital Reserve	\$ 2,751,855	
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	100,000	
Tax Certiorari Reserve	601,107	
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	419,892	
Teacher Retirement System Reserve	402,596	
Retirement Contribution Reserve	400,000	
General Fund Total		\$ 4,675,450
Special Aid Fund		12,839
School Lunch Fund		150,244
Debt Service Fund		154,923
Total Restricted Fund Balance		\$ 4,993,456

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

<u>Committed</u>: Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balances as committed as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Assigned</u>: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determine next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

• GASB Statement 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which provides temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in GASB Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the several pronouncements were postponed by one year. Effective dates provided in Note U have been updated to reflect this.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and will improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*, which will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics.

The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR (interbank offered rate). The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. This Statement will enhance the decision usefulness of a government's financial statements by requiring governments to report assets and liabilities related to PPPs consistently and disclose important information about PPP transactions. The required disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate a government's future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which will improve financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Establishing the capitalization criteria for implementation costs also will reduce diversity and improve comparability in financial reporting by governments. This Statement also will enhance the relevance and reliability of a government's financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The disclosures will allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's SBITA activities and evaluate a government's obligations and assets resulting from SBITAs. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2023 financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, which will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The requirements also will enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans to adopt it when required, which will be for the June 30, 2022 financial statements.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)
 - 1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 51,092,795
Accumulated Depreciation	(23,775,576)
	\$ 27,317,219

2. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	\$ 3,625,056
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	(2,294,962)
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(1,943,506)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	6,305,222
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 1,558,302

3. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Accrued Interest \$ 5,132

4. Revenues may be deferred on the Balance Sheet if they are not expected to be received in the current period. However, on the Statement of Net Position, these revenues are earned and not deferred accordingly. Adjustments to deferred revenues as of June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Deferred Revenue \$ 51,575

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)
 - 5. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ 615,000
Compensated Absences	934,598
Deferred Outflow of Resources - OPEB	(3,429,978)
Other Postemployment Benefits	46,943,576
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	5,789,830
	\$ 50,853,026

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

Pension plan transactions differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities: (Continued)
 - 5. Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Related Differences
 OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences
 between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

Total revenues reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5) Because some revenue will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds until the subsequent fiscal year. However, they were previously considered to be earned in the Statement of Activities. Total revenues in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)	\$ 33,954,018 <u>51,575</u> \$ 34,005,593
Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses	
Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)	\$ 45,156,165
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$13,201,196 were greater than depreciation of \$1,050,440 in the current year.	(12,150,756)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences, special termination benefits, and judgments and claims) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount	

108,539

of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The amount by which compensated absences earned exceeded the amount paid

during the year was \$108,539.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not under the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable last year exceeds the interest payable this year.

(241)

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost and change in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which the OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year.

1,678,676

In the Statement of Activities, pension expense related to ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds however, these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) the amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense was more than the amount of financial resources expended during the year.

1,344,241

Repayments of BAN's is an expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets, and does not affect the Statement of Net Position.

(785,000)

Repayments of bond and installment debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, when they are due and paid but reduce liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and do not affect the Statement of Activities.

(110,000)

Total expenses in the Statement of Activities (Schedule 2)

\$ 35,241,624

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on Supplemental Schedule #5.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Other Stewardship and Compliance Matters

The portion of the District's fund balance subject to the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. Actions the District plans to pursue to address this issue include appropriating sufficient fund balance in the 2019-2020 budget to ensure that the District is compliant with the §1318 limit in the future and potentially adding to underfunded reserves.

NOTE 4. CASH - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ 0

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name \$ 24,528,625

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$12,435,432 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the NYClass cooperative as of year-end are \$3,364,214,294, which consisted of \$214,167,351 in repurchase agreements, \$1,823,159,976 in U.S. Treasury Bills, \$242,274,458 in U.S. Treasury Securities and \$1,084,612,509 in collateralized bank deposits all with various interest rate and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

Fund	Bank Balance			Carrying Amount		
General Fund	\$	2,874,547	\$	2,874,547		
Capital Projects Fund		19		19		
Debt Service Fund		22,348		22,348		

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – New York (CLASS).

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 152,475	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 152,475
Construction in Progress	2,897,931	13,201,196	0	16,099,127
Total Nondepreciable Assets	3,050,406	13,201,196_	0	16,251,602
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Land Improvements	894,320	0	0	894,320
Buildings and Improvements	32,780,210	0	0	32,780,210
Furniture & Equipment	931,929	0	0	931,929
Vehicles	234,734	0	0	234,734
Total Depreciable Assets	34,841,193	0	0	34,841,193
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(22,725,136)	(1,050,440)	0	(23,775,576)
Capital Assets, Net	\$15,166,463	\$12,150,756	\$ 0	\$ 27,317,219

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental function as follows:

General Support	\$ 104,381
Instruction	938,502
Cost of Sales	7,557
Total Depreciation	\$ 1,050,440

NOTE 6. SHORT-TERM DEBT.

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning				Paid/	Ending
	Balance]	ssued	R	edeemed	Balance
BAN maturing 6/26/2021 at 1.25%	\$10,500,000	\$ 7	,900,000	\$	785,000	\$ 17,615,000
Interest on short-term debt for the ye	ar was composed	of:				
Interest Paid		\$	159,705			
Less Interest Accrued in the Prior Y	ear		(2,295)			
Plus Interest Accrued in the Current	Year		2,413			
Interest Expense		\$	159,823			

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

		eginning Balance		Issued	R	Paid/	Ending Balance	Du	mounts ne Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:									
Bonds and Notes Payable:									
Bonds Payable	\$	725,000	\$	0	\$	110,000	\$ 615,000	\$	115,000
Total Bonds and Notes Payable		725,000	-	0		110,000	 615,000		115,000
Other Liabilities:									
Compensated Absences		826,059		108,539		0	934,598		0
Net Pension Liability-									
Proportionate Share		515,221		2,802,127		1,373,842	1,943,506		0
Other Postemployment Benefits	4	1,796,793		6,212,450		1,065,667	 46,943,576		0
Total Other Liabilities	4	3,138,073		9,123,116		2,439,509	 49,821,680		0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4	3,863,073	\$	9,123,116	\$	2,549,509	\$ 50,436,680	\$	115,000

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial bond and installment purchase obligations are as follows:

	Issue	Final	Interest	
Description of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	Balance
Serial Bond	11/14/13	11/01/24	1.5% - 3%	\$ 615,000

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

		Bonds and N	Notes P	ayable	
For the Year Ended June 30,	I	Principal	Interest		
2021	\$	115,000	\$	15,381	
2022		120,000		12,588	
2023		125,000		9,369	
2024		125,000		5,775	
2025		130,000		1,950	
TOTAL	\$	615,000	\$	45,063	

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 17,775
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(3,078)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	2,719
Total interest expense	\$ 17,416

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS.

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November 2018, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2019. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Separately issued financial statements for the System can be accessed on the Comptroller's website at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about us/financial statements index.php.

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a member's tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the \$18,000 of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2019 is 1.0%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. The District paid 100% of

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years. These contributions were as follows:

Year	Year NYSTRS		IYSERS
2019 - 2020	\$ 1,000,484	\$	309,685
2018 - 2019	1,063,105		312,176
2017 - 2018	973,350		293,567

The District chose to prepay the required contributions to ERS by December 15th each year and received a discount.

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2019 for TRS and March 31, 2020 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

At March 31, 2020, the District's proportion of the ERS net pension liability/(asset) was 0.0073394%, which was an increase of .0000677% from its proportion measured as March 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion of the TRS net pension liability/(asset) was 0.059981%, which was a decrease of .0008870% from its proportion measured as June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$676,188 for ERS and \$1,896,972 for TRS. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		S	
		of Resources		of Resources		
	ERS	TRS	Total	ERS	TRS	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 114,383	\$ 1,056,022	\$1,170,405	\$ 33,791	\$ 115,878	\$ 149,669
Changes of Assumptions	39,133	2,943,842	2,982,975	0	717,792	717,792
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	996,335	0	996,335	0	1,249,678	1,249,678
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	55,649	89,256	144,905	12,837	164,986	177,823
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	91,369	919,233	1,010,602	0	0	0
Total	\$1,296,869	\$ 5,008,353	\$6,305,222	\$ 46,628	\$2,248,334	\$2,294,962

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	ERS	TRS
2020	\$ 0	\$ 676,058
2021	203,089	15,794
2022	292,849	673,503
2023	367,755	457,983
2024	295,180	59,413
Thereafter	0	(41,967)

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total ERS pension liability at March 31, 2020 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2020. The total TRS pension liability at June 30, 2019 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuations referred to above were as follows:

	ERS	TRS	
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.25%	
Projected Salary Increases	4.2%	Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. Calculations have been based upon recent NYSTRS member experience	
		Service	Rate
		5	4.72%
		15	3.46%
		25	2.37%
		35	1.90%
Projected Cost of			
Living Adjustments	1.3%	1.5% Compounded annually	
Investment Rate of Return	6.80% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense	7.10% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense	
	including inflation	including	mnation
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015	July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014	
	System's Experience	System's Experience	
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014	

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

EDC

	I	ERS			TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2019		Measurement Date	June	30, 2018
		Long-term			Long-term
	Target	expected real		Target	expected real
	Allocation	rate of return		Allocation	rate of return*
Asset Class:			Asset Class:		
Domestic Equity	36%	4.05%	Domestic Equities	33%	6.30%
International Equity	14%	6.15%	International Equities	16%	7.80%
Private Equity	10%	6.75%	Global Equities	4%	7.20%
Real Estate	10%	4.95%	Real Estate	11%	4.60%
Absolute Return Strategies(1)	2%	3.25%	Alternative investments	8%	9.90%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	4.65%	Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.30%
Real Assets	3%	5.95%	Global fixed income securities	2%	0.90%
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	0.75%	Private Debt	1%	3.60%
Cash	1%	0.00%	Real Estate Debt	7%	6.50%
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	0.50%	High Yield Fixed Income Securities	1%	2.90%
			Short-term	1%	0.30%
Total	100%				
				100%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% for 2018.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS & TRS net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rates referred to above:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
ERS	5.80%	6.80%	7.80%
Employer's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (3,566,882)	\$ (1,943,506)	\$ 448,370
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
TRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Employer's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (7,034,015)	\$ 1,558,302	\$ 8,766,287

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the measurement dates indicated below were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement Date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019	
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$ (194,596,261)	\$ (119,879,474)	
Plan net position	168,115,682	122,477,481	
Employer's net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (26,480,579)	\$ 2,598,007	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	86.39%	102.17%	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually in December based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$91,369 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Employer contributions are based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$1,066,583.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund							
	R	eceivable	Payable		ceivable Payable		Revenues		Expenditures	
General Fund	\$	475,716	\$	868,847	\$	0	\$	127,322		
Special Aid Fund		0		459,153		111,161		0		
School Lunch Fund		0		0		16,161		0		
Capital Fund		785,000		11,671		0		0		
Debt Service Fund		83,847		0		0		0		
Total Governmental Activities		1,344,563		1,339,671		127,322		127,322		
Fiduciary Agency Fund		0		4,892		0		0		
Totals	\$	1,344,563	\$	1,344,563	\$	127,322	\$	127,322		

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District based on employment contracts. As these contracts are renegotiated, eligibility and benefits may change over time. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan subsidizes the cost of healthcare for eligible retired employees, their spouses and their dependent children. Minimum eligibility requirements for postemployment benefits are as follows:

• Employees are eligible for postretirement benefits if he/she has met the following requirements specific to their bargaining unit:

0	Contractual	Age 55 with 5 Years of Service
0	School Related Personnel	Age 55 with 15 Years of Service
0	Teachers	Age 55 with 15 Years of Service
0	Transportation	Age 55 with 5 Years of Service

 The School District reimburses the cost of Medicare Part B premiums to both retirees and covered spouses. Surviving spouses are not eligible for Medicare Part B reimbursement. The duration of the benefits is lifetime for both the retiree and their spouse.

The retiree is required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage based upon their cost sharing agreement with the School District. Arrangements are written to identify the percentage that the District pays for the Retiree, then the percentage the District pays for the Spouse. Contribution amounts are the participant's share of the cost multiplied by the blended premium.

Blended	Premium
Retiree	Spouse
\$ 12,132	\$15,240
12,132	15,240
12,132	15,240
7,236	7,872
7,236	7,872
7,236	7,872
7,236	7,872
7,236	7,872
7,236	7,872
	Retiree \$ 12,132 12,132 12,132 7,236 7,236 7,236 7,236 7,236

Upon the death of the retiree, surviving spouses will contribute 100% of the cost of the Blended Premium.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	
Active employees	142
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	235

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$46,943,576 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

> 2.5% Inflation Rate

Projected Salary Increases N/A

Discount Rate 3.51%

Pre-65: 7.50% for 2018. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

> decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2027 and later

> > years

Post-65: 8.35% for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2027 and later

years

Current Retirees' Share of

Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 50% of the cost of single coverage and 50% - 65% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

Future Retirees' Share of

Benefit Related Costs

Retirees pay 0% - 50% of the cost of single coverage and 50% - 65% for the spouse/family based on years of service with the District.

The discount rate was based on a review of the yield derived from the Bond Buyer 20 GO Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 Headcount Weighted Mortality Table with projection scale MP-2018 varying based on Bargaining Unit Classification.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$41,796,793
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	1,874,338
Interest	1,671,126
Differences between expected and actual experience	(104,682)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	2,694,522
Benefit payments	(988,521)
Net Changes	5,146,783
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$46,943,576

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87% in the previous year to 3.51% in the current year.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.51 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.51 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current		1%
	Decrease	I	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.51%)		(3.51%)	(4.51%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 55,769,196	\$	46,943,576	\$ 39,981,155

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Curr	ent Health Care	1%
	Decrease	Co	st Trend Rates	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 38,737,156	\$	46,943,576	\$ 57,837,355

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,744,343. At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

	2010	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,364,311	\$	2,110,509	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		0		3,679,321	
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,065,667		0	
Total	\$	3,429,978	\$	5,789,830	

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts recognized in the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount			
2021	\$ (801,121)			
2022	(801,121)			
2023	(801,121)			
2024	(801,121)			
2025	(627,291)			
Thereafter	406,256			

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Consortium

The District participates in Orange/Ulster BOCES School District Health Plan, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of certain limits and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 13. ENCUMBRANCES.

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. As discussed in Note 1, Encumbrances of appropriations of budgets for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been included in the assigned fund balances of the following funds as of June 30, 2020:

General Fund	\$ 398,597

NOTE 14. OPERATING LEASES.

The District leases equipment and property under operating leases. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$2,626.

Minimum annual rentals for the remaining lease is:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Amount			
2021	\$	2,626		
2022		2,626		
2023		1,532		

NOTE 15. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards. The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 28, 2020 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. On August 13, 2020, the New York State Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the *FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update* which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the fiscal year 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20% of most local aid payments in June, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any. No other significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 1,874,338 1,671,126 (104,682) 2,694,522 (988,521)	\$ 1,689,780 1,558,482 (2,718,364) (99,982) (944,434)	\$ 2,050,973 1,351,506 0 (5,872,418) (1,169,827)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability-beginning	5,146,783 41,796,793	(514,518) 42,311,311	(3,639,766) 45,951,077
Total OPEB liability-ending	\$ 46,943,576	\$ 41,796,793	\$ 42,311,311
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,433,818	\$ 10,754,307	\$ 10,373,328
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	377.55%	388.65%	407.89%

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

^{*} GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

<u>REVENUES</u>	ORIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		R (UNDER) ED BUDGET
LOCAL SOURCES:					
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Charges for Services Use of Money & Property Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous	\$ 10,353,147 781,973 6,779,418 11,000 2,000 301,600	\$ 10,353,147 781,973 6,779,418 11,000 2,000 301,600	\$ 10,357,575 781,973 7,053,710 85,809 0 342,169	\$	4,428 0 274,292 74,809 (2,000) 40,569
STATE SOURCES	10,061,387	10,101,387	10,212,603		111,216
FEDERAL SOURCES TOTAL REVENUES	 3,471,694 31,762,219	 3,471,694 31,802,219	\$ 3,909,057 32,742,896	\$	437,363 940,677
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	 464,974	 470,257			
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$ 32,227,193	\$ 32,272,476			

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S ENDITURES	ENCU	JMBRANCES	NCUMBERED SALANCE
EXPENDITURES			-		,		
GENERAL SUPPORT:							
Board of Education	\$ 83,364	\$ 69,841	\$	58,588	\$	0	\$ 11,253
Central Administration	291,762	291,262		278,766		0	12,496
Finance	441,818	468,966		434,059		30,300	4,607
Staff	147,538	149,598		148,687		0	911
Central Services	2,536,219	2,981,518		2,418,310		352,434	210,774
Special Items	348,752	343,437		335,105		0	8,332
INSTRUCTIONAL:							
Instruction, Administration & Improvement	1,072,639	1,063,195		1,027,440		0	35,755
Teaching - Regular School	7,766,808	7,594,000		7,472,079		6,526	115,395
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	5,925,317	5,881,729		5,796,562		0	85,167
Occupational Education	467,221	291,345		291,300		0	45
Teaching - Special Schools	3,500	3,500		463		0	3,037
Instructional Media	914,381	1,672,416		1,658,417		0	13,999
Pupil Services	1,738,064	1,715,314		1,537,561		9,337	168,416
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION	2,862,891	2,322,337		2,137,687		0	184,650
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	6,491,144	6,222,882		6,070,781		0	152,101
DEBT SERVICE:							
Debt Service - Principal	840,000	895,000		895,000		0	0
Debt Service - Interest	233,775	178,775		177,480		0	 1,295
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 32,165,193	32,145,115		30,738,285		398,597	1,008,233
OTHER USES:							
Operating Transfers Out	62,000	 127,361		127,322		0	 39
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$ 32,227,193	\$ 32,272,476		30,865,607	\$	398,597	\$ 1,008,272
EXCESS OF REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES			\$	1,877,289			

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2020	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	3/31/2016	3/31/2015	3/31/2014	
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0073394%	0.0072717%	0.0075748%	0.0077075%	0.0075474%	0.0076673%	0.0076673%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (1,943,506)	\$ (515,221)	\$ (244,473)	\$ (1,355,260)	\$ (1,211,379)	\$ (259,021)	\$ (346,476)	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,278,137	\$ 2,304,800	\$ 2,163,435	\$ 2,305,416	\$ 1,961,614	\$ 1,971,916	\$ 1,897,530	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-85.31%	-22.35%	-11.30%	-58.79%	-61.75%	-13.14%	-18.26%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.95%	97.15%	
NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*								
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0599810%	0.060868%	0.060202%	0.058919%	0.056317%	0.058346%	0.058739%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 1,558,302	\$ 1,100,652	\$ 457,595	\$ (631,047)	\$ 5,849,561	\$ 6,499,350	\$ 386,653	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$10,462,332	\$ 10,193,936	\$ 9,932,139	\$ 9,537,527	\$ 8,459,606	\$ 8,618,572	\$ 8,632,407	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	14.89%	10.80%	4.61%	-6.62%	69.15%	75.41%	4.48%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%	

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2020	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	3/31/2017	3/31/2016	3/31/2015	3/31/2014		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 310,594	\$ 313,812	\$ 330,477	\$ 312,093	\$ 333,615	\$ 376,327	\$ 406,205		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	310,594	313,812	330,477	312,093	333,615	376,327	406,205		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,278,137	\$ 2,304,800	\$ 2,163,435	\$ 2,305,416	\$ 1,961,614	\$ 1,971,916	\$ 1,897,530		
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.63%	13.62%	15.28%	13.54%	17.01%	19.08%	21.41%		
	NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*								
	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,063,248	\$ 971,640	\$ 1,153,421	\$ 1,205,572	\$ 1,482,969	\$ 1,400,518	\$ 1,022,077		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,063,248	971,640	1,153,421	1,205,572	1,482,969	1,400,518	1,022,077		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 10,462,332	\$10,193,936	\$ 9,932,139	\$ 9,537,527	\$ 8,459,606	\$ 8,618,572	\$ 8,632,407		
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.16%	9.53%	11.61%	12.64%	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%		

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET		\$ 32,087,219
ADDITIONS: Encumbrances from Prior Year		139,974
ORIGINAL BUDGET		32,227,193
BUDGET REVISIONS: Budget Amendments for Grants: Bullet Aid -Instruction		40,000
Budget Amendments for Gifts and Donations: Instruction		5,283
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 32,272,476
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION 2020-2021 Voter-Approved Expenditure Budget Maximum Allowed (4% of 2020-2021 budget of \$33,251,722) General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Unrestricted Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$ 898,597 8,626,356 9,524,953	\$ 1,330,069
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance Encumbrances Included in Committed and Assigned Fund Balance Total Adjustments General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	500,000 398,597 898,597	\$ 8,626,356
Actual Percentage		25.94%
Notati i electrage		25.74/0

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS TO DATE							
	ORIGINAL APPROPRIATION		REVISED APPROPRIATION			PRIOR	CURRENT				UNEXPENDED	
					YEARS		YEAR		TOTAL		BALANCE	
HFIS Playground	\$	145,000	\$	145,000	\$	113,262	\$	7,860	\$	121,122	\$	23,878
Community Capital Assistance Prg		125,000		125,000		82,983		0		82,983		42,017
James O'Neill High School		21,475,612		21,475,612		2,520,669	12,4	16,250		14,936,919		6,538,693
Concession Building		376,919		376,919		131,921	4	49,500		581,421		(204,502)
Pole Barn		239,259		239,259		18,616	2	235,368		253,984		(14,725)
Pressbox		99,759		99,759		30,479		92,218		122,697		(22,938)
	\$	22,461,549	\$	22,461,549	\$	2,897,930	\$13,2	201,196	\$	16,099,126	\$	6,362,423

	METHODS OF FINANCING								FUND		
	PROCEEDS FROM DEBT			STATE	LOCAL				BALANCE		
			AID		SOURCES		TOTAL		JUNE 30, 2020		
HFIS Playground	\$	0	\$	145,000	\$	0	\$	145,000	\$	23,878	
Community Capital Assistance Prg		0		82,983		0		82,983		0	
James O'Neill High School		0		0		5,285,000		5,285,000		(9,651,919)	
Concession Building		0		0		0		0		(581,421)	
Pole Barn		0		0		0		0		(253,984)	
Pressbox		0		0		0		0		(122,697)	
	\$	0	\$	227,983	\$	5,285,000	\$	5,512,983	\$	(10,586,143)	

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET

\$ 27,317,219

DEDUCTIONS:

Bond Anticipation Note
Less: Unspent BAN proceeds

\$ 17,615,000 (7,490,384)

Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable 115,000 500,000

TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

10,739,616

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

\$ 16,577,603

101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTINGAND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District Highland Falls, New York 10928 Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary fund of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York

Mugant + Hamusler, P.C.

September 28, 2020

101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District Highland Falls, New York 10928 Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York September 28, 2020

Mugant + Houseler, P.C.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PASSED THROUGH TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES	
old. DEFINITION OF ES CONTION					
Passed-through NYS Education Department:					
Special Education Cluster:					
IDEA - Part B, Section 611	84.027	0032-20-0682	\$ 18,795	\$ 262,579	
IDEA - Part B, Section 619	84.173	0033-19-0682	1,900	5,455	
Total Special Education Cluster			\$ 20,695	268,034	
Title I Parts A&D, Basic Program	84.010	0021-20-2250		143,800	
Title III Part A, LEP	84.365	0293-20-2250		8,161	
Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367	0147-19-2250		1,903	
Title II Part A, Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367	0147-20-2250		18,334	
Title IV A SSAE	84.424	0204-19-2250		1,689	
Title IV A SSAE	84.424	0204-20-2250		12,617	
Total Passed-through NYS Education Department				454,538	
Direct Program:					
Impact Aid	84.041	N/A		3,890,448	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				4,344,986	
TOTAL C.S. DEFARTMENT OF EDUCATION				1,511,500	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed-through NYS Education Department:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Cash Assistance					
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A		58,865	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A		171,298	
Cash Assistance Subtotal				230,163	
Non-Cash Assistance (food distribution)					
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	N/A		28,218	
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, CHILD NUTRITION (CLUSTER			258,381	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 4,603,367	

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. Certain of the District's federal award programs have been charged with indirect costs, based upon an established rate applied to overall expenditures. There is no other indirect cost allocation plan in effect.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures. The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

NOTE 2. NON-CASH ASSISTANCE.

The District is the recipient of a federal award program that does not result in cash receipts or disbursements. The District was granted \$28,218 of commodities under the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CFDA 10.555).

NOTE 3. OTHER DISCLOSURES.

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of Report the Auditor Issued on Whether the Financial Statements Audited Were Presented in Accordance with GAAP: Unmodified Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Yes X None Reported Significant deficiencies identified? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No FEDERAL AWARDS Internal Control over Major Programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Yes X None Reported Significant deficiencies identified? Type of Auditor's Opinion Issued on Compliance for Major Federal Programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a)? Yes X No **IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS:** CFDA NUMBER NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM OR CLUSTER Impact Aid 84.041 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.00 X Yes ____ No Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no findings relating to the financial statements which were required to be reported.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. Significant Deficiencies in Internal Control

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a).

B. Compliance Findings

There were no findings relating to the major federal awards as required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR-200.516(a).



101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District Highland Falls, New York 10928

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's extraclassroom activity funds, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis—as of June 30, 2020, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balance of the extraclassroom activity funds of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and its receipts and disbursements for the year then ended, in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Montgomery, New York September 28, 2020

Mugant + Hamesler, P.C.

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

Cash		\$ 88,175
FUND BALANCE		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year:		
High School Extraclassroom Activities	\$ 83,550	
Middle School Extraclassroom Activities	13,467	
Total Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		\$ 97,017
Excess of Disbursements over Receipts		
High School Extraclassroom Activities	\$ (5,755)	
Middle School Extraclassroom Activities	(3,087)	
Total Excess of Disbursements over Receipts		 (8,842)
Fund Balance, End of Year:		
High School Extraclassroom Activities	\$ 77,795	
Middle School Extraclassroom Activities	10,380	
Total Fund Balance, End of Year		\$ 88,175

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - HIGH SCHOOL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2019	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	CASH BALANCE JUNE 30, 2020	
Class of 2016	\$ 1,485	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,485	
Class of 2019	141	0	0	141	
Class of 2020	4,437	45,396	48,422	1,411	
Class of 2021	79	3,000	1,000	2,079	
Class of 2022	750	0	0	750	
Anime Club	1,097	190	0	1,287	
Band / Auditorium	2,250	100	0	2,350	
Chorus	3,431	0	2,080	1,351	
Crew Team	855	1,128	0	1,983	
Drama	18,678	12,909	15,591	15,996	
Environmental Science	1,304	0	0	1,304	
Gay Straight Alliance	613	0	101	512	
Girls Basketball	267	0	0	267	
Girls Lacrosse	190	0	0	190	
Interact	2,685	0	0	2,685	
J.R.O.T.C.	12,365	7,000	12,373	6,992	
Literacy Magazine	314	162	0	476	
National Honor Society	1,584	0	0	1,584	
Reading Buddies Club	315	470	355	430	
Red Cross	340	280	0	620	
Science	115	0	0	115	
Science Buddies	162	0	0	162	
Soccer (Boys)	0	1,505	1,315	190	
Soccer (Varsity Girls)	1,784	350	0	2,134	
Student Council	8,257	12,107	8,828	11,536	
Student-to-Student	1,324	200	61	1,463	
Track and Field	1,201	1,034	1,269	966	
Varsity Baseball	1,395	0	0	1,395	
Varsity Basketball	2,552	2,000	2,000	2,552	
Volleyball	1,652	0	191	1,461	
Yearbook	11,928	0	0	11,928	
	\$ 83,550	\$ 87,831	\$ 93,586	\$ 77,795	

$\frac{ \hbox{HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT}}{ \hbox{HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK}}$

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND - MIDDLE SCHOOL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS & DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	CASH					CASH		
	BA	LANCE					BA	LANCE
	JUNI	E 30, 2019	RE	CEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS		JUNE 30, 2020	
Grade 7	\$	397	\$	456	\$	253	\$	600
Grade 8		(4,859)		8,226		3,348		19
Drama Club		1,220		1,034		494		1,760
Junior Honor Society		318		144		0		462
Memory Book		4,540		0		410		4,130
Music Club		2,467		30		0		2,497
Student Council		9,384		271		8,743		912
	\$	13,467	\$	10,161	\$	13,248	\$	10,380

HIGHLAND FALLS-FORT MONTGOMERY CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLAND FALLS, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of the Highland Falls-Fort Montgomery Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.