

Pascack Valley Regional High School District

**Pascack Hills High School, Montvale, New Jersey
Pascack Valley High School, Hillsdale, New Jersey**

Course Name: United States History II Advanced Placement

Born on: August, 2014
Previous Revision: July, 2020
Current Revision: July, 2023
Board Approval: 8/28/23

AP U.S. HISTORY II: Course Description

The purpose of this required course is to stress the major events in our country's history beginning with the Post-Civil War Period and continuing through America's emergence as a world power in the Twentieth Century. Major units studied include: Imperialism, The Progressive Movement, The World Wars, The Period of Economic Crisis, The Vietnam Era, Conservative Revolution, and Contemporary America. Mixed throughout the course are opportunities for the student to learn more about the history of New Jersey, Black History, and the contributions of women, careers, values and current events.

Advanced Placement U.S. HistoryII builds upon the knowledge and skills developed in the Advanced Placement U.S. HistoryI course. The objectives of the AP program in Social Studies focus on the analysis, synthesis, and evaluation of historical data. Students are expected to maintain a high level of academic interest, demonstrate a sophisticated level of critical thinking, and be self-motivated learners and generators of scholarly material. AP students must additionally demonstrate their ability to be effective writers, in order to enhance communication and shared knowledge within the classroom. Learning methods will include summer reading assignments, extensive writing, exploration and analysis of primary documents, historiography, and skill development for the Advanced Placement style test questions (Stimulus Based Questions, Short Answer Questions, Long Essay Questions, and Document Based Questions). This course satisfies the NJ graduation requirement for one of the two years of American History.

Student Outcomes:

After successfully completing this course, the students will demonstrate a knowledge of US History compared favorably to that of a college student who has completed two semesters' work in the same subject. They will be able to:

- Demonstrate a knowledge of American History compared favorably to that of a college student who has completed two semesters' work in the same subject.
- Identify the principal interpretations of the major events in American History
- Prepare, in a timed period, a valid essay based on a given set of documents
- Indicate a general knowledge of America's literary, artistic and intellectual history
- Identify the importance of leadership in American society and history
- Compare short-term and long term cause and/or effects
- Analyze and evaluate the interaction of multiple causes or effects
- Analyze and evaluate historical patterns of continuity and change over time
- Connect patterns of continuity and change over time to larger processes and themes
- Explain ways that historical events and processes can be organized within blocks of time
- Explain and evaluate multiple and differing perspectives on a given historical phenomenon
- Analyze commonly accepted historical arguments and explain how an argument has been constructed from historical evidence.
- Evaluate and synthesize conflicting historical evidence to construct persuasive historical arguments
- Analyze features of historical evidence such as audience, purpose, point of view, format, argument, limitations, and context germane to the evidence considered
- Based on analysis and evaluation of historical evidence, make supportable inferences and draw appropriate conclusions

- Analyze historical interpretations
- Evaluate how historians' perspectives influence their interpretations and how models of historical interpretation change over time
- Apply insights about the past to other historical context or circumstances including the present
- Collaboratively evaluate possible solutions to problems and conflicts that arise in an interconnected world
- Critically analyze information, make ethical judgements, and responsibly address controversial issues
- Communicate through rational and persuasively written and oral arguments to present issues to controversial issues
- Take actions that result in a more equitable society.
- Analyze sources of prejudice and discrimination and propose solutions to eliminate them

Interdisciplinary Connections

Teachers will combine, integrate and infuse disciplines as needed. ELA reading, writing, speaking and listening assignments are infused throughout the curriculum to develop basic reading and comprehension skills. Other suggestions for interdisciplinary connections:

- Career Transition
- Mathematics and Business can be combined with economic units
- Science can be combined with discussion of climate change
- Art, music and literature will be called upon to supplement what is learned in history and develop cross curricular development
- The teacher will work with the library media specialist on various research units

Accommodations and Modifications: Each unit has examples of possible accommodations/modifications. Charts of accommodations/ modifications are found at the end of the document.

Amistad/Holocaust/LGBTQ+/Climate Change/AAPI/DEI Connections

Amistad Connection:

In Unit 1, The Emergence of Modern America, students will learn about the discrimination of African Americans in the workplace and in organized labor, as well as their contributions to the Industrial Revolution. They will study the opposing philosophies of Booker T. Washington and W.E.B. DuBois. In Unit 2, World War I, students will learn about the segregation of the U.S. military and the contributions of black soldiers, despite that segregation. They will learn about the Great Migration, as well. In Unit 3, The Roaring 20s, students will learn about the Harlem Renaissance and the contributions to American culture by African Americans. In Unit 4, The Great Depression, students will learn about the impact of the depression on African Americans, FDR's "black cabinet" and the mass exodus of black voters to the Democratic Party. In Unit 5, World War II, students will learn about the contributions of African American soldiers, their experience, and how it paved the way for the Civil Rights Movement. In Unit 6, the Cold War, students will learn about the effects of anticommunist sentiment on the African American community. In Unit 7, Civil Rights and Social Change, students will learn about the experience of individual African Americans and the community throughout the Civil Rights Movement.

Holocaust Connections:

In Unit 1, The Emergence of Modern America, students will learn about the discrimination Jewish immigrants faced in the United States. In Unit 3, The Roaring 20s, students will learn about the discrimination Jewish Americans faced during the 1920s. In Unit 5, World War II, students will learn

about the horrors of the Holocaust and the American response to Jewish refugees citing rising anti-Semitism in the State Department and the ultimate creation of the War Refugees Board.

LGBT/Disabilities:

Curriculum shall include instruction on the political, economic, and social contributions of persons with disabilities and lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender people, in an appropriate place as part of the district's implementation of the New Jersey Student Learning Standards. The contributions of people whom we may now identify as LGBTQ+ and persons with disabilities are integral and central to how we conceptualize our national history. The course will pick up with the reform movements of the 19th century that attempted to continue persecution of people in the lgbtq+ communities. The industrialization of the nation led to movement to cities and different groups began creating their own spaces in these cities. However, the eugenics movement and sterilization produced a model that would limit the lives of LGBTQ+ and persons with disabilities and rendered them medically inferior, legally unequal, morally suspect, socially outcast, with no right to reproduce. There was a new sexual freedom of the 1920s which marked a significant LGBTQ+ nightlife that flourished in American cities. Some highlighted stories in US II could include the activism of Jane Addams and her partner Mary Rozet Smith, Harry Hay and the founding of the Mattachine Society, George Takei and the Internment Camp experience, Marsha P. Johnson and the early Gay Liberation Movement/Stonewall Riots, the political election of Harvey Milk, James Baldwin as an activist and writer, and Billie Jean King as a leader in athletics, among others. The course will document activism within the LGBTQ+ movement citing an end to sodomy laws, the rise and fall of the *Don't Ask Don't Tell* policy in the military, and the ultimate Obergefell v. Hodges Supreme Court decision that legalized gay marriage. Pertaining to connecting the course with peoples of disabilities, USII will cite the contributions of individuals including with learning disabilities like Thomas Edison and Walt Disney, and individuals with physical disabilities like Helen Keller and Franklin Roosevelt. The course will also look at the response to people with disabilities including the eugenics movement (Buck vs. Bell court case) and the American with Disabilities Act (1990).

Climate Change:

The climate change connection in US II will explore the environmental impacts of the mechanization of agriculture, the conservation movement, the environmental movement that was catalyzed in the 1970s, and global warming in the 20th century. The course begins through an examination of the degradation of much of the American landscape through aggressive industrial revolution that sought to extract materials at an expedited pace from the land. The course will look at the impact of decades of mechanized agriculture with the advent of the conservation movement in the early 20th century and the environmental impact on land destruction with the 1930s Dust Bowl. New Deal policies learned about will examine the growth of programs like the TVA and the CCC, both which sought to address the American landscape, transform irrigation in flooded areas, and conserve land. In a heightened era of awareness of environmental issues, the course will look at the causes and effects of the creation of such legislation as the Environmental Protection Act and the Endangered Species Act. Finally, in the modern day, students will look at the government's response to global warming and how rising temperatures have altered landscapes, impacted communities, and altered immigration patterns.

Asian Americans & Pacific Islanders:

The AAPI experience in the United States extends into the 20th century. The story of AAPI individuals is interwoven into the broader history of the United States and can be further seen in the story of immigrants to the United States. The immigrant experience of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders contributed greatly to the diversity of American culture; however, there are many instances of racial discrimination against these people, leading to political and social segregation. The curriculum incorporates laws passed to oppose AAPI people throughout the 20th century, looking at the 1920s quota system, Japanese Internment Camps and a later reversal of immigration restrictions with the Immigration Act of 1965. The Civil Rights unit will look at progressive reform movements that sought to benefit Asian Americans, such as the farm working initiatives of AWOC in California in the 1960s. The curriculum includes the history and contributions of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders on the state and national levels. AAPI includes individuals who immigrated to the United States and who have impacted the country's politics, demography, economy, and culture. The contributions of people who identify as AAPI are central to how we conceptualize our national history.

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI):

Diversity is the presence of differences that may include race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, nationality, socioeconomic status, language, (dis)ability, age, religious commitment, and/or political perspective. Populations that have been, and remain, underrepresented among practitioners in the field and marginalized in the broader society. For example: Unit I - women and Chinese immigrants, Unit II - black soldiers in America, and Unit IV - Dust Bowl migrants. Equity is promoting justice, impartiality and fairness within the procedures, processes, and distribution of resources by institutions or systems. Inclusion is an outcome to ensure those that are diverse actually feel and/or are welcomed. To that end, this can be achieved through consideration of diverse histories, experiences and perspectives that promote the dignity and respect of all individuals. This can be seen through the lenses of the Amistad Connection, Holocaust Connections, LGBT/Disabilities, and AAPI, as well as other underrepresented groups in our nation's history. These resources and experiences are listed throughout this curriculum.

<p>6.1 U.S. History: America in the World. All students will acquire the knowledge and skills to think analytically about how past and present interactions of people, cultures, and the environment shape the American heritage. Such knowledge and skills enable students to make informed decisions that reflect fundamental rights and core democratic values as productive citizens in local, national, and global communities.</p>					
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 1 The Gilded Age & The Progressive Era</p> <p>Time: 15 classes</p> <p>Content Statements: Technological developments and unregulated business practices revolutionized transportation, manufacturing, and consumption and changed the daily lives of Americans.</p> <p>The Industrial Revolution and immigration had a powerful impact on labor relations, urbanization, the environment, and cultural values and created tensions between ethnic and social groups.</p> <p>Progressive reform movements promoted government efforts to address problems created by rapid industrialization, immigration, and unfair treatment of women, children, and minority groups.</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Big Business ▪ Industrialization ▪ Immigration ▪ Urbanization ▪ The Gilded Age ▪ Defacto Segregation ▪ Political Boss ▪ Political Machine ▪ Education Reforms ▪ Horizontal Integration ▪ Vertical Integration ▪ Triangle Shirtwaist Fire ▪ NAACP ▪ Women’s Suffrage ▪ Elizabeth Cady Stanton ▪ Susan B. Anthony ▪ Alice Paul ▪ Lucy Stone ▪ Muckraker ▪ The Progressive Era ▪ William Taft ▪ Theodore Roosevelt 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>Technological Innovation Evaluate the effects of technological advances in the development of the United States over time.</p> <p>The Rise of Industrial Capitalism Examine the socio economic continuities and changes associated with the growth of industrial capitalism from 1865 to 1898.</p> <p>Labor in the Gilded Age Examine the socioeconomic continuities and changes associated with the growth of industrial capitalism from 1865 to 1898.</p> <p>Immigration and Migration in the Gilded</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies 6.1.12.CivicsDP.5 6.1.12.CivicsDP.5.a 6.1.12.EconEM.5.a 6.1.12.GeoHE.5.a 6.1.12.GeoPP.5.a 6.1.12.EconEM.5.a 6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.a 6.1.12.HistoryNM.5.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.5.a 6.1.12.HistoryUP.5.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.5.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.b 6.1.12.CivicsPR.6.a 6.1.12.GeoHE.6.a: 6.1.12.GeoGM.6.a 6.1.12.EconEM.6.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.6.d 6.1.12.HistoryCA.6.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p>Triangle Shirtwaist Fire Political Cartoons and Primary Sources</p> <p><i>Survivor interviews (women and immigrants)</i></p> <p><i>Jacob Riis – “How the Other Half Lives” and photographs of tenements</i></p> <p>Howard Zinn, Chapter 11: “Robber Barons and Rebels”</p> <p>Graphic Organizer: Big Business Methods</p> <p><i>Lincoln Steffens – “Shame of Cities”</i></p> <p>Iron Jawed Angels (DVD)</p>

<p>Essential Questions: How did the Industrial Era define the US as a modern nation, specifically with regards to the consequences of industrialization, immigration, and urbanization?</p> <p>Were Progressives successful at achieving their goals?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Woodrow Wilson Paterson Silk Strike (1913) 	<p>Age Determine and analyze how cultural and economic factors affected migration patterns over time.</p> <p>Responses to Immigration in the Gilded Age Compare and contrast the various responses to immigration in the period over time.</p> <p>Development of the Middle Class Examine the causes of increased economic opportunity and its effects on society.</p> <p>Reform in the Gilded Age Assess how different reform movements responded to the rise of industrial capitalism in the Gilded Age.</p> <p>Controversies over the Role of Government in the Gilded Age Evaluate continuities and changes in the role of the government in the U.S. economy.</p> <p>Politics in the Gilded Age Compare and contrast the similarities and differences between the political parties during the Gilded Age.</p> <p>Continuity and Change Explain the extent to which industrialization brought changes from 1865 to 1898.</p> <p>The Progressives In what way did debates fostered by social and political groups about the role of government in</p>	<p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.1, RH.11-12.6, WHST.11-12.4</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: (1) Write a 2-page argument regarding the legacy of the Captains of Industry/Robber Barons. (2) Deliver a presentation about the Progressive Era. Math: Analyze the number of immigrants coming into the United States in the late 19th/early 20th century.</p> <p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p>	<p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p><i>Alice Paul describes forced feeding</i></p> <p><i>Ida B Wells speech on lynching</i></p> <p><i>Lucy Stone letter sent to Antoinette Brown Blackwell in 1870</i>. The letter concerns an effort to consolidate two suffrage organizations, the National Woman Suffrage Association and Stone's own American Woman Suffrage Association, despite their divergent political views.</p> <p><i>Upton Sinclair – "The Jungle"</i></p> <p>Graphic Organizer: The Progressive Era, Laws and Reforms</p> <p>Political cartoons on Prohibition and Woman's Suffrage</p> <p><i>Thomas Nast – Political Cartoons, Boss Tweed</i></p> <p><i>Chief Joseph "I surrender speech"</i></p> <p><i>Asian in America American Experience Series</i></p> <p><i>Indian Boarding School primary sources</i></p> <p><i>Lynching in America documents from the EJI</i></p> <p><i>Exploring America's</i></p>
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		<p>Provide an Outline for writing assessments</p> <p>Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes</p> <p>At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments</p> <p>Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>		<p><u>America as a history of immigration and xenophobia By Erika Lee (historian TED Talk)</u></p> <p><u>Chinese-Americans in California-1870s</u></p> <p><u>Chinese-Americans in California-1880s</u></p> <p><u>The Asian-American Education Project</u></p> <p><u>Swami Vivekananda's Address at the World Parliament of Religions, Chicago, 1893 - Hindu monk who introduced Vedanta--universality of religions at the Chicago Art Institute</u></p> <p><u>Sakadas - Filipino Contract Laborers in Hawaii (unionizing in sugar industry) 1906-1946</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Documentary on the Sakadas</u> <p><u>Chinese-Americans in the 1890s-</u></p> <p><u>Chinese-Americans in California-1900s</u></p> <p><u>Alien Land Law - prohibiting Asians from owning land (CA as well as other states during the 1920s)</u></p> <p><u>AFL-CIO AAPI labor activists</u></p>
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<p>Content/Topic: Unit 2 Imperialism and World War I</p> <p>Time: 12 classes</p> <p>Content Statements:</p> <p>United States involvement in World War I affected politics, the economy, and geopolitical relations following the war.</p> <p>Essential Questions: To what extent was this period of imperialism consistent with American ideals of morality and democracy?</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Imperialism ▪ Big Stick Diplomacy ▪ Dollar Diplomacy ▪ Moral Diplomacy ▪ The Spanish American War ▪ Monroe Doctrine ▪ Lusitania ▪ Unrestricted Submarine Warfare ▪ Espionage Act ▪ Sedition Amendment ▪ Technological Advancements ▪ War effort and effect on workforce ▪ Public opinion regarding the war ▪ League of Nations ▪ Treaty of Versailles ▪ Woodrow Wilson ▪ Isolationism 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>Imperialism: Debates Examine the similarities and differences in attitudes about the nation’s proper role in the world at the dawn of the 20th Century.</p> <p>The Spanish - American War Analyze the effects of the Spanish–American War.</p> <p>The Progressives Compare the goals and effects of the Progressive reform movement. Compare attitudes toward the use of natural resources from 1890 to 1945.</p> <p>World War I: Military and Diplomacy Differentiate and explain the causes and consequences of U.S. involvement in World War I. World War I: Home Front Assess the causes and effects of international and internal migration patterns over time.</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies 6.1.12.CivicsDP.7.a 6.1.12.EconNM.7.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.7.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.b 6.1.12.HistoryCA.7.c 6.1.12.HistoryUP.7.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.8, RH.11-12.9, WHST.11-12.4</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a 5-paragraph informative essay regarding the reasons for America’s entry into World War I. Math: Analyze the economic impact of World War I.</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p><i>Suggestion: Letter from the Trenches</i> F</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Primary Source Analysis F</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p>African American recruiting posters for WWI from Gilder Lehrman Institute</p> <p>Teaching Black History Year-Round Requires Rigorous Sight (Edutopia)</p> <p>The Harlem Hellraisers PBS resources Harlem Hellfighters - Homecoming Parade</p> <p>Map of Europe, 1914-1918</p> <p>Trench Poems</p> <p>Political Cartoons – League of Nations</p> <p>Graphic Organizer: The Spanish American War</p> <p>Wilson’s Fourteen Points</p> <p>Digital History – WWI: Primary Sources</p>

		<p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations</p> <p>Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments</p> <p>Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes</p> <p>At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments</p> <p>Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>	<p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p> <p>Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>	<p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p>Woodrow Wilson Library</p> <p>The Century: Shell Shock (DVD)</p> <p>Ghadar Party (anti-British colonization group of Indian immigrants) founded in San Francisco, 1913 - trial in San Francisco during WWI (collusion with German - charge: violation of U.S. neutrality)</p> <p>Letter from WEB Dubois to Woodrow Wilson about race in America</p> <p>Images of Black WWI soldiers</p> <p>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</p>
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 3 The Roaring Twenties</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p>	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p>

<p>Time: 10 classes</p> <p>Content Statement: The 1920s is characterized as a time of social, economic, technological, and political change, as well as a time of emerging isolationism, racial and social tensions, and economic problems.</p> <p>Essential Questions: How does the decade of the 1920's represent a stark clash between the traditional American ideals of the past and the emerging value system of modern America? To what extent did the results of World War I have an impact on the social, economic and political landscape of the United States during the 1920's? What is civic financial responsibility? Why is this term relevant to a study of the Boom to Bust period of 1920's.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Red Scare ▪ Palmer Raids ▪ Sacco and Vanzetti ▪ Isolationism ▪ Warren G. Harding ▪ Teapot Dome Scandal ▪ Immigration Act of 1924 ▪ Prohibition ▪ Scopes Trial ▪ Henry Ford ▪ Consumer Economy ▪ Model T ▪ Jazz Age ▪ The New Woman ▪ Speculation ▪ Harlem Renaissance ▪ Great Migration ▪ Anti-Lynching Movement 	<p>1920s: Innovations in Communication and Technology Measure the causes and effects of the innovations in communication and technology in the United States over time.</p> <p>1920s: Cultural and Political Controversies Evaluate the causes and effects of international and internal migration patterns over time.</p> <p>Interpret the causes and effects of developments in popular culture in the United States over time.</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsHR.8.a 6.1.12.GeoHE.8.a 6.1.12.EconET.8.a 6.1.12.EconNM.8.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.a 6.1.12.History CC.8.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.c 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.1, RH.11-12.2, RH.11-12.3 , RH.11-12.6, RH.11-12.8</p> <p>WHST.11-12.2 a-e, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a one-paragraph response regarding America's attempt at isolationism in the 1920s.</p> <p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p>	<p>& Assessments:</p> <p>Unit test S</p> <p>Unit quizzes F</p> <p>Homework Assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p>	<p>Venn Diagram – Rural Life vs. Urban Life</p> <p>Political Cartoons – Scopes Trial and Sacco and Vanzetti</p> <p>Chart – Prohibition, Causes and Effects</p> <p>Digital History – Controversies of the 1920s</p> <p>Mitchell Palmer – “A Case Against the Reds” (History Matters)</p> <p>Scottsboro Boys PBS materials</p> <p>Langston Hughes poetry</p> <p>The Great Migration by Jacob Lawrence</p> <p>Native American Citizenship Act 1924</p> <p><i>The Heartbeat of Wounded Knee: Native America from 1890 to the Present</i> by David Truer</p> <p>Immigration Quota Acts 1924, 1927 Powerpoint on Immigration Quota Law History of Immigration with answers</p> <p>Takao Ozawa & Bhagat Singh Thind v. US - Defining Race Tape v. Hurley, Lum v. Rice - School Segregation</p>
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					Queer America Podcast (Learning for Justice)
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 4 The Great Depression</p> <p>Time: 10 classes</p> <p>Content Statement: The Great Depression resulted from government economic policies, business practices, and individual decisions, and it impacted business and society.</p> <p>Essential Question: What were the many long-term and immediate causes of the stock market crash and the Great Depression?</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Stock Market Crash of 1929 ▪ Great Depression ▪ Gross Domestic Product ▪ Hoovervilles ▪ Black Tuesday ▪ Bull Market ▪ Bear Market ▪ Buying on Margin ▪ Bread Lines ▪ Effect on Minority groups ▪ Dust Bowl ▪ Keynesian Economics ▪ Demagogue 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>The Great Depression Illustrate and analyze the causes of the Great Depression and its effects on the economy. Analyze the long-term and immediate causes behind the stock market crash and the Great Depression Assess the application of knowledge and ethical values when making consumer financial decisions</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies 6.1.12.GeoHE.9.a 6.1.12.EconNE.9.a 6.1.12.EconNE.9.b 6.1.12.EconNE.9.c 6.1.12.EconNE.9.d 6.1.12.A.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryUP.9.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.1, RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.6, WHST.11-12.2 a-e</p> <p>WHST.11-12.8, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a 2-3 page essay regarding the causes of the Great Depression. Math: Analyze the economic impact of the stock market crash and the ensuing Great Depression.</p> <p>ELA NJSLSA.R8 NJSLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p> <p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p><i>Photographs of the Depression</i></p> <p>The Century: Stormy Weather (DVD)</p> <p>Diagram on the causes and effects of the stock market crash</p> <p>1929: The Crash (DVD)</p> <p>Cinderella Man</p> <p>FDR and his disability United Streaming: Effects of the Depression on Minority Groups</p> <p>Proquest Historical Newspapers</p> <p>Primary Sources about Dust Bowl Migrants</p> <p>I'd Rather Not be on Relief - Reflects Dust Bowl migrant experience.</p> <p>The Great Depression Interviews - Interviews gathered as part of The Great Depression, videos and transcriptions available</p> <p>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</p>

		<p>Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes</p> <p>At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments</p> <p>Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>	<p>MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p> <p>Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>		
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 5 The New Deal</p> <p>Time: 10 classes</p> <p>Content Statement: Aimed at the recovery, relief, and reform, New Deal programs had a lasting impact on the expansion of the role of the national government in the economy.</p> <p>Essential Question: What were the many long-term and immediate causes of the stock market crash and the Great Depression?</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ FDR ▪ Hoover ▪ Rugged Individualism ▪ New Deal Policies ▪ The Election of 1932 ▪ Keynesian Economics ▪ Court Packing ▪ Conservation Programs ▪ Eleanor Roosevelt ▪ Frances Perkins ▪ FDIC ▪ Social Security ▪ NLRB ▪ 1st 100 Days 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>Evaluate FDR and the New Deal (To what extent were they a success or failure?)</p> <p>Evaluate the impact of the New Deal and changes in ideas about the role of government.</p> <p>The New Deal Formulate an argument and defend with evidence how the Great Depression and the New Deal impacted American political, social, and economic life over time.</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504:</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies 6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.a 6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.b 6.1.12.GeoHE.10.a 6.1.12.EconEM.10.a 6.1.12.EconoNM.10.a 6.1.12.EconoNM.10.b 6.1.12.HistoryCA.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.b 6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.c 6.1.12.HistoryUP.9.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.1, RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.6, WHST.11-12.2 a-e</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p>New Deal Graphic Organizer</p> <p>1932 Campaign Cartoons and music</p> <p>Perspectives on the New Deal</p> <p>New Deal Political Cartoons</p> <p>Fireside Chats</p> <p>FDR Presidential Website</p> <p>Hoover Primary Source</p> <p>Court Packing Political Cartoon</p> <p>Redlining map</p> <p>Images of Native Americans and the New Deal</p>

		<p>Provide copies of notes and presentation</p> <p>Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents.</p> <p>Provide students with essential vocabulary</p> <p>Re-teaching and review</p> <p>Graphic organizers</p> <p>Scaffolding of assignments</p> <p>Guided questions and note taking</p> <p>Provide an Outline for writing assessments</p> <p>Multilingual:</p> <p>Use simplified text and summaries of content.</p> <p>Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text.</p> <p>Provide copies of notes</p> <p>At Risk Students:</p> <p>Provide copies of presentations and notes</p> <p>Extended time on assignments</p> <p>Gifted and Talented:</p> <p>Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>	<p>WHST.11-12.8, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a 2-3 page essay regarding the causes of the Great Depression. Math: Analyze the economic impact of the stock market crash and the ensuing Great Depression.</p> <p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p> <p>Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>	<p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p><u>Studs Terkel <i>Hard Times</i> (oral histories)</u></p> <p><u>How did redlining impact Asian communities.</u> <i>Use this resource to explore the impact, legacy, and application of redlining in Asian ethnic enclaves.</i></p> <p><u>Asian Americans and the New Deal</u> <i>Understanding the immigration implication of the Tydings Mcduffie Act granting the Philippines independence with the tradeoff of ending the longstanding open door to Filipino immigrants:</i></p> <p>Excerpts from, <i>The Heartbeat of Wounded Knee</i>, by David Treuer</p> <p><u>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</u></p> <p><u>Disabled Americans and the New Deal</u></p>
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 6 World War II</p> <p>Time: 15 classes</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Totalitarianism/Fascism ▪ Appeasement 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>Interwar Foreign Policy</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies</p> <p>6.1.12.CivicsDP.11.a 6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.a</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p>Maps of Europe and the Pacific</p>

<p>Content Statements: The United States participated in World War II as an Allied force to prevent military conquests by Germany, Italy, and Japan</p> <p>US entry dramatically changed the lives of Americans and values on the home front.</p> <p>Essential Questions: How did the results of World War I and the effects of the Great Depression create an atmosphere of war throughout the world? Why is World War II considered the defining event in the history of the United States and arguably the world? What effect did World War II have on the American home front? How did the US react to the Holocaust?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Isolationism/Neutrality ▪ Allies and Axis ▪ Pearl Harbor ▪ Mobilization ▪ Atlantic Charter ▪ D-Day ▪ The Holocaust ▪ War in Pacific ▪ Manhattan Project ▪ Impact on Minorities and Women ▪ Japanese Internment ▪ Code-Talkers ▪ Seabrook Farms ▪ Battleship New Jersey ▪ Albert Einstein ▪ United Nations ▪ Berlin Conference ▪ Harry Truman ▪ Rosie the Riveter 	<p>Examine the similarities and differences in attitudes about the nation's proper role in the world in the interwar period.</p> <p>World War II: Mobilization Create and defend, with evidence, an argument as to how and why U.S. participation in World War II transformed American society..</p> <p>World War II: Military Evaluate the causes and effects of the victory of the United States and its allies over the Axis powers.</p> <p>Explain why women, African Americans, Native Americans, Asian Americans, and other minority groups often expressed a strong sense of nationalism despite the discrimination they experienced in the military and workforce.</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsHR.11.b 6.1.12.EconET.11.a 6.1.12.EconNM.11.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.11.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.11.b 6.1.12.History CC.11.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.11.d 6.1.12.HistoryUP.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryUP.11.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS:</p> <p>9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.6, RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.8,</p> <p>WHST.11-12.1 a-e, WHST.11-12.4,WHST.11-12.7, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a one-paragraph response regarding the US response regarding human rights.</p> <p>Math: Analyze the economic impact of World War II.</p> <p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p>	<p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p> <p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p>Hitler's speech in response to Treaty of Versailles</p> <p>Excerpt from Roosevelt's Quarantine Speech</p> <p>Dr. Seuss political cartoons</p> <p>Pearl Harbor eyewitness accounts</p> <p>Propaganda posters</p> <p>The Century: Over the Edge (DVD)</p> <p>The Century: Civilians at War (DVD)</p> <p>Hiroshima: Why the Bomb was Dropped (DVD)</p> <p>Band of Brothers (HBO Series)</p> <p>The Pacific (HBO Series)</p> <p>Letter from Einstein</p> <p><u>Interview with a Bracero laborer</u></p> <p><u>Bracero Oral History Project</u></p> <p><u>Slave narratives from the WPA</u></p> <p><u>Tydings-McDuffie Act and Philippine Independence Excluding farm workers from the Wagner Act directly impacting West Coast Asian farm</u></p>
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		<p>Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents Skills: See Appendix B</p>	<p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2 Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8 Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>	<p><i>workers</i></p> <p><u>Asians in the Armed Forces Video PBS</u></p> <p><u>The forgotten Indian soldiers of Dunkirk</u></p> <p><u>Japanese Internment Camps Internment Camps Video</u></p> <p><u>FDR Library resources on Internment</u></p> <p><u>Korematsu vs. USA</u></p> <p><u>Philippine Independence History</u></p> <p><u>Race and War in the Pacific</u></p> <p><i>Utilizing the graphic novel to teach about Japanese Internment Camps:</i></p> <p><u>They Called Us Enemy</u> Graphic Novel by George Takei (Japanese Internment)</p> <p><u>Interviews with Tuskegee Airmen</u></p> <p><u>George Takei TED TALK Why I love a country that once betrayed me</u> <i>AAPI had major</i></p>
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					<p><i>contributions to WWII. Use this document to help navigate some of those topics.</i></p> <p><u>AAPI in WWII Filipino American Veterans Day Article History.com</u></p> <p><u>The Asian-American Education Project</u></p> <p><u>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</u></p> <p><u>Toward Responsibility: Social Studies Education that Respects and Affirms Indigenous Peoples and Nations (National Council for the Social Studies)</u></p> <p><u>Gay soldiers in WWII</u></p> <p><u>WWII Soldiers and disabilities</u></p> <p><u>How disabled veterans inspired a nation podcast</u></p> <p><u>Paralyzed veterans invented wheelchair basketball</u></p> <p><u>Video on being a gay soldier during WWII</u></p>
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 7 The Post War Period and The Cold War</p> <p>Time: 10 classes</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cold War ▪ Containment ▪ Marshall Plan 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>The Cold War from 1945 to 1980</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies</p> <p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.c</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p>“The Butter Battle Book” by Dr. Seuss</p> <p>Map of Cold War divisions</p>

<p>Content Statement: Cold War tensions between the United States and communist countries resulted in conflict that influenced domestic and foreign policy for over forty years.</p> <p>Essential Question: Why and how did the United States and the Soviet Union engage in a “Cold War” after World War 2?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ McCarthyism ▪ Korean War ▪ Arms Race ▪ Baby Boom ▪ GI Bill of Rights ▪ Nato ▪ Israel (Arab- Israeli Conflict) ▪ Space Race ▪ Conservative Era ▪ Cuban Missile Crisis ▪ Khrushchev ▪ Eisenhower ▪ Sputnik ▪ Suburbs ▪ Levittown 	<p>How did diplomatic, economic, cultural, and military interactions between empires, nations, and peoples shape the development</p> <p>The Cold War from 1945 to 1980 Explain the continuities and changes in Cold War policies from 1945 to 1980.</p> <p>The Red Scare Evaluate and analyze the causes and effects of the Red Scare after World War II.</p> <p>Economy After 1945 Analyze and explain the causes of economic growth in the years after World War II. Determine and evaluate the causes and effects of the migration of various groups of Americans after 1945.</p> <p>Culture after 1945 Appraise how mass culture has been maintained or challenged over time.</p> <p>Early Steps in the Civil Rights Movement (1940s and 1950s) Evaluate how and why the civil rights movements developed and expanded from 1945 to 1960.</p> <p>America as a World Power</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.d: 6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e 6.1.12.HistoryCC.12.e 6.1.12.EconNE.12.a</p> <p>6.1.12.EconEM.12.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.12.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.12.b 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2 9.4.12.TL.1</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.6, RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.9, WHST.11-12.1 a-e, WHST.11-12.7, WHST.11-12.8, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write an explanatory text that compares American public support of the government and military during the Vietnam War with previous conflicts such as WWII or modern day conflicts Math: Analyze the budget before and after the passage of NSC-68.</p> <p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics</p>	<p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p> <p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p>Truman Doctrine</p> <p>McCarthy political cartoons</p> <p>Kennedy Speech on Cuban Missile Crisis</p> <p>Proquest Historical Newspaper</p> <p>Multiple Perspectives of the Korean War - Korean War Legacy Foundation (AAPI)</p> <p>Statement by Syngman Rhee on proposed armistice</p> <p>Luce-Cellar Act (1946) - allows naturalization of Filipinos and Indians (as both are independent from Great Britain)</p> <p>Timeline of citizenship and naturalization</p> <p>Japanese American “Model Minority” article (NYTimes, 1966)</p> <p>McCarthyism and Profiling</p> <p>Washington Post and the Model Minority</p> <p>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</p> <p>James Baldwin on racism</p> <p>Harry Hay and the founding of the Mattachine Society</p> <p>Executive order 10450</p>
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<p>Content/Topic: Unit 8 The Civil Rights Movement</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p>	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p>
<p>Time: 10 Classes</p> <p>Content Statement: The Civil Rights movement marked a period of social turmoil and political reform, resulting in the expansion of rights and opportunities for individuals and groups previously discriminated against.</p> <p>Essential Questions: What is the legacy of the Civil Rights Movement? To what extent did the Civil Rights Movement achieve its goals both civil rights and socioeconomic goals?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sit-ins ▪ Freedom Rides ▪ Letter from Birmingham Jail ▪ Birmingham ▪ March on Washington, D.C. ▪ Civil Rights Act of 1964 ▪ Voting Rights Act of 1965 ▪ 24th Amendment ▪ Black Nationalism ▪ Brown v. Board ▪ Montgomery Bus Boycott ▪ Little Rock Nine ▪ Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. ▪ SCLC ▪ SNCC ▪ CORE ▪ Malcolm X ▪ Affirmative Action ▪ JFK ▪ LBJ ▪ New Jersey Court Decisions ▪ Title VII ▪ Title IX 	<p>The African American Civil Rights Movement (1960s) Differentiate how and why various groups responded to calls for the expansion of civil rights from 1960 to 1980. Assess the various ways in which the federal government responded to the calls for the expansion of civil rights.</p> <p>The Civil Rights Movement Expands Ascertain and evaluate how and why various groups responded to calls for the expansion of civil rights from 1960 to 1980.</p> <p>Youth Culture of the 1960s Determine and evaluate how and why opposition to existing policies and values developed and changed over the course of the 20th century.</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPI.13.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a 6.1.12.GeoPP.13.a 6.1.12.GeoPP.13.b 6.1.12.GeoHE.13.a 6.1.12.EconNE.13.a 6.1.12.EconEM.13.a 6.1.12.EconEM.13.a 6.1.12.EconNE.13.c 6.3.12.HistoryCA.1 6.3.12.HistoryCA.2 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d 6.1.12.HistoryUP.13.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.13.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.9, WHST.11-12.4, WHST.11-</p> <p>12.6, WHST.11-12.7, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write a narrative account that summarizes key social legislation enacted to end</p>	<p>Unit test S</p> <p>Unit quizzes F</p> <p>Homework Assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p>	<p>“I Have a Dream” speech</p> <p>Documents comparing/contrasting MLK and Malcolm X</p> <p>Letter from Birmingham Jail</p> <p>“Eyes on the Prize” DVD Proquest Historical Newspapers</p> <p>Boycotts were used as an economic measure to combat labor injustice by the Mexican and Filipino farm workers concurrent with the African American Civil Rights Movement. A case study of the Delano Farm Workers Strike co- led by Larry Itliong and Cesar Chavez helps to demonstrate the labor and civil rights movement of the Filipino people.</p> <p>AWOC PBS Video</p> <p>Delano Farm Workers Strike - Larry Itliong, PBS Video</p> <p>Philip Veracruz</p> <p>Two graphs that show post 1965 Asian immigration to the U.S.</p> <p>The Asian-American Education Project</p>

		<p>Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>	<p>poverty (e.g., Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, Medicare and Medicaid, Elementary and Secondary Education Act, Head Start) Math: Analyze the economic effects of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8 Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2 Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8 Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>	<p><u>Issues in Social Studies:</u> Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</p>
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<p>Content/Topic: Unit 9 The 1960's and 1970's- Vietnam and the Era of Activism</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p>	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p>
<p>Time: 10 classes</p> <p>Content Statements: Cold War tensions between the United States and communist countries resulted in conflict that influenced domestic and foreign policy for over forty years.</p> <p>The Civil Rights movement marked a period of social turmoil and political reform, resulting in the expansion of rights and opportunities for individuals and groups previously discriminated against.</p> <p>Essential Questions: Did the goals of American Foreign Policy (Vietnam, specifically) justify the costs or seek to improve social justice throughout the world?</p> <p>What social movements rose to prominence during this time period and what impact did each have on the United States?</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ JFK's and LBJ's Foreign Policy ▪ Domino Theory ▪ Vietnam ▪ Gulf of Tonkin Resolution ▪ Tet Offensive ▪ Protest Movements ▪ Election of 1968 ▪ Vietnamization ▪ Great Society ▪ Warren Court ▪ Women's Movement ▪ Roe v. Wade ▪ Ethnic Minorities ▪ Counterculture ▪ Social Movements ▪ Protest Music ▪ American Indian Movement ▪ Immigration and National Act Repealed ▪ Black Panthers ▪ Kent State Riots 	<p>The Vietnam War Determine and analyze the causes and effects of the Vietnam War.</p> <p>The Great Society Assess the causes and effects of continuing policy debates about the role of the federal government over time</p> <p>Summarize and analyze the continuities and changes in immigration patterns over time.</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments</p> <p>Multilingual: Use simplified text and summaries of content.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.a 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.b 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d 6.1.12.CivicsCM.14.b 6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.13.d 6.1.12.HistoryUP.9.a 6.1.12.HistoryUP.13.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.13.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.TL.1: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.9, WHST.11-12.4, WHST.11-12.6, WHST.11-12.7, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write an argumentative essay regarding American involvement in the Middle East Math: Analyze the amount the U.S. provides other countries in foreign aid and how it relates to our national budget</p>	<p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p> <p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p><i>Oral History from Vietnam vet</i></p> <p><i>Gulf of Tonkin Resolution</i> <i>Protest Music – “Ohio”</i> <i>Vietnam timeline (1954-1975)</i></p> <p><i>Graphic organizer on social movements</i></p> <p>The Century: Unpinned (DVD)</p> <p>Excerpts from “The Things They Carried”</p> <p>Vietnam in HD</p> <p>Luce-Cellar Act (1946) - allows naturalization of Filipinos and Indians (as both are independent from Great Britain)</p> <p>Timeline of citizenship and naturalization</p> <p>Vietnam War, Vietnamese Refugees, Boat</p> <p>Asians fighting in the Vietnam war</p> <p>People ; NEH Vietnam War Lesson Guide Asian Americans fighting in the Vietnam War</p> <p>The Hmong and the Secret War, Refugees; video</p> <p>Japanese American “Model Minority”article (NYTimes,</p>

		<p>Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents Skills: See Appendix B</p>	<p>ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p> <p>Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>	<p>1966)</p> <p>McCarthyism and Profiling Washington Post and the Model Minority</p> <p>Great Society: Immigration Act 1965</p> <p>Video on the impact of the 1965 end of the quota system</p> <p>Two graphs that show post 1965 Asian immigration to the U.S.</p> <p>The Asian-American Education Project</p> <p>MLK speech against the Vietnam War</p> <p>Pentagon Papers role play from various perspectives</p> <p>AIM Resources Song: We were all wounded at Wounded Knee</p> <p>Alcatraz Occupation proclamation</p> <p>Explore the roles of activists in the Stonewall Riots</p> <p>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity (Annenberg Learner)</p> <p>Toward Responsibility: Social Studies Education that Respects and Affirms Indigenous Peoples and Nations (National Council</p>
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					<p>for the Social Studies)</p> <p>Contextualizing LGBT+ History within the Social Studies Curriculum (National Council for the Social Studies)</p> <p>Incorporating LGBTQIA+ Content in History Lessons (Edutopia)</p> <p>Queer America Podcast (Learning for Justice)</p> <p>Harvey Milk “The Hope” Speech</p> <p>Marsha Johnson and Sylvia Rivera</p>
<p>Content/Topic: Unit 10 Nixon and Carter to the Present</p> <p>Time: 10 Classes</p> <p>Essential Questions: How were the events of this period a product of past events and what lessons do they provide for the present challenges facing America, New Jersey, and the world?</p>	<p>Key Learning Items/Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Energy Crisis ▪ Moon Landing ▪ Détente ▪ Watergate ▪ Ford Administration ▪ Carter Domestic Policy ▪ Carter Foreign Policy (Camp David) ▪ Election of 1980 ▪ The New Conservatism ▪ The Reagan Revolution ▪ Reagan’s Legacy ▪ OPEC ▪ Panama Canal ▪ George HW Bush’s Presidency ▪ William Clinton’s Presidency ▪ George W Bush’s Presidency 	<p>Observable Proficiencies & Skills:</p> <p>The Environment and Natural Resources from 1968 to 1980 Assess how and why policies related to the environment developed and changed from 1968 to 1980.</p> <p>Society in Transition Evaluate the causes and effects of continuing policy debates about the role of the federal government over time.</p> <p>Examine the effects of the growth of religious movements over the course of the 20th century.</p> <p>Reagan and Conservatism The causes and effects of continuing policy debates</p>	<p>NJSLS Social Studies 6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.a 6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.b 6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.10.b 6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.a 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.b 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c 6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d 6.1.12.CivicsCM.14.b 6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a 6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a 6.1.12.GeoPP.14.a 6.1.12.GeoPP.14.b 6.1.12.GeoHE.14.a 6.1.12.EconNE.14.a 6.1.12.GeoNE.14.a 6.1.12.EconET.14.a 6.1.12.EconET.14.b 6.1.12.EconEM.14.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.a 6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.b 6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.c</p>	<p>Benchmark Performance & Assessments:</p> <p>Unit Test S</p> <p>Essay or Authentic Assessment S</p> <p>Quizzes F</p> <p>HW assignments F</p> <p>Class Activities F</p> <p>Political Cartoon Analysis F</p> <p>Image Analysis F</p>	<p>Suggested Materials:</p> <p><i>Transcripts from Watergate</i></p> <p><i>* There are ample materials available due to the breadth and depth of the content of this unit.</i></p> <p><i>* It is suggested that the content of this period be tied to an integrated research project on topics nested in the NJSLS.</i></p> <p>Asian-Americans and US-Asian Relations</p> <p>https://asiasociety.org/education/asian-americans-and-us-asia-relations</p> <p>Asian View of the War on Terror</p> <p>Asian perspective on global war on terror</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Barak Obama’s Presidency Trump Presidency Challenges of the 21st Century 	<p>about the role of the federal government over time.</p> <p>The End of the Cold War The causes and effects of the end of the Cold War and its legacy.</p> <p>A Changing Economy the causes and effects of economic and technological change over time.</p> <p>Migration and Immigration in the 1990s and 2010s The causes and effects of domestic and international migration over time.</p> <p>Challenges of the 21st Century The causes and effects of the domestic and international challenges the United States has faced in the 21st century</p> <p>Develop an understanding of risk management and how it applies to problem solving.</p> <p>Skills: See Appendix B</p> <p>Differentiation for Diverse Learners/ Accommodations</p> <p>Special Ed/504: Provide copies of notes and presentation Provide excerpts of primary source documents instead of full documents. Provide students with essential vocabulary Re-teaching and review Graphic organizers</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.d 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.e 6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a 6.1.12.CivicsHR.15.a 6.1.12.EconNE.15.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.c 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.b 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.c 6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a 6.1.12.CivicsPR.16.a 6.1.12.GeoHE16.a 6.1.12.EconGE.16.a 6.1.12.EconNE.16.a 6.1.12.EconNE.16.b 6.1.12.HistoryUP.16.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.b 6.3.12.GeoGI.1 6.3.12.CivicsHR.1 6.3.12.CivicsPD.1 6.3.12.EconGE.1</p> <p>CR,LL,KS: 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.GCA.1 9.4.12.IML.2: 9.4.12.IML.5 9.4.12.IML.6 9.4.12.IML.7: 9.4.12.TL.1:</p> <p>ELA RH.11-12.3, RH.11-12.6, RH.11-12.7, RH.11-12.9, WHST.11-</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b 6.1.12.HistorySE.14.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.c 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.d 6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.e 6.1.12.CivicsPR.15.a 6.1.12.CivicsHR.15.a 6.1.12.EconNE.15.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.b 6.1.12.HistoryCC.15.c 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.a 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.b 6.1.12.HistorySE.15.c 6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a 6.1.12.CivicsPR.16.a 6.1.12.GeoHE16.a 6.1.12.EconGE.16.a 6.1.12.EconNE.16.a 6.1.12.EconNE.16.b 6.1.12.HistoryUP.16.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.a 6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.b 6.3.12.GeoGI.1 6.3.12.CivicsHR.1 6.3.12.CivicsPD.1 6.3.12.EconGE.1</p>	<p>Primary Source Analysis F</p> <p>DBQ S</p>	<p><i>Explore the wave of immigration to the United States from South East Asia</i></p> <p><u>South East Asian Immigration to the United States</u></p> <p><u>Vincent Chin Case Video</u></p> <p>Who Killed Vincent Chin documentary</p> <p><i><u>Lily Chin the Courage to Speak Out</u></i></p> <p><u>2014 Thirty Meter Telescope Protests- Hawaii</u></p> <p><u>9/11 Islamophobia</u></p> <p><u>Stacie Park Millbern - Korean-American, LGBTQ+, Disabilities activist</u></p> <p>Explore the Obergefell vs. Hodges court case and gay marriage in the United States</p> <p><u>Contextualizing LGBT+ History within the Social Studies Curriculum</u> (National Council for the Social Studies)</p> <p><u>Incorporating LGBTQ+ Content in History Lessons</u> (Edutopia)</p> <p><u>Issues in Social Studies: Unity and Diversity</u> (Annenberg Learner)</p> <p><u>Queer America Podcast</u> (Learning for Justice)</p> <p><u>ADA from their own words</u></p>
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		<p>Scaffolding of assignments Guided questions and note taking Provide an Outline for writing assessments Multilingual:: Use simplified text and summaries of content. Use art visuals for students to respond to instead of text. Provide copies of notes At Risk Students: Provide copies of presentations and notes Extended time on assignments Gifted and Talented: Vary level of reading and primary source documents</p>	<p>12.2a-f, WHST.11-12.6, WHST.11-12.7, WHST.11-12.8, WHST.11-12.9</p> <p>Interdisciplinary: Language Arts: Write an argumentative essay regarding American involvement in the Middle East Math: Analyze the amount the U.S. provides other countries in foreign aid and how it relates to our national budget ELA NJLSA.R8 NJLSA.W8</p> <p>Mathematics MP.3 MA.S-ID.A.2</p> <p>Art VA.K-2.1.5.2.R</p> <p>Technology and 21st Century Themes & Skills 9.4.12.CT.2 9.4.12.IML.8</p> <p>Computer Science 8.1.12.IC.3 8.1.12.DA.5</p>		
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APPENDIX A**Integrated Research Unit:****Summary**

In order to ensure that a variety of research skills are embedded into our curriculum, we have created an Integrated Research Unit for each semester of each US History class (4 total). The content of this unit is flexible as is the product (i.e., PowerPoint presentation, video, etc.) The skills are what will remain constant in an effort to develop them throughout a student's experience as a history student at MHS.

The required skills are as follows:

1. **Gathering source information** – Students will be able to identify valid, reliable, and relevant sources. This includes Internet sites, reference books, non-reference books, newspaper articles, and other print sources.
2. **Citations** – Students will be able to properly cite information in a Works Cited/Bibliography as well as in-text citations when applicable.
3. **Analysis and Synthesis of Research** – Students will be able to analyze sources in a constructive way. They will be able to identify important information, relate that information to their research topic, and synthesize information to complete their product.
4. **Written expression** – Students will be able to create a written component of their research. The written component can be in the form of an essay (persuasive, informative, etc.), a formal research paper, a speech, etc. The emphasis is on the student's ability to form a comprehensive, organized, and detailed product related to their research that is entirely of their own efforts; time should be provided to discuss plagiarism and how to avoid it.
5. **Visual/Oral expression** – Students will be able to present their research using visual and public-speaking skills. Students will create a presentation for the class based on their findings. It is suggested that this component emphasize technology.
6. **Technology** – Students will be able to utilize various types of technology, such as PowerPoint, video-streaming, etc. as a part of the research process. Technology is infused throughout the unit in the form of both research methods as well as student products.
7. **Personal Financial Literacy**- Students will be able to demonstrate personal and civic financial literacy. Students will be able to apply financial knowledge and skills when making ethical consumer and financial decisions.

APPENDIX B

SOCIAL STUDIES SKILLS TABLE	
Essential Question: What are effective strategies for accessing various sources of information and historical evidence, determining their validity, and using them to solve a problem or find a solution to a public policy question?	
Social Studies Skill	9-12
Chronological Thinking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare present and past events to evaluate the consequences of past decisions and to apply lessons learned. • Analyze how change occurs through time due to shifting values and beliefs as well as technological advancements and changes in the political and economic landscape.
Spatial Thinking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construct various forms of geographic representations to show the spatial patterns of physical and human phenomena. • Relate current events to the physical and human characteristics of places and regions.
Critical Thinking	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distinguish valid arguments from false arguments when interpreting current and historical events. • Evaluate sources for validity and credibility and to detect propaganda, censorship, and bias.
Presentational Skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take a position on a current public policy issue and support it with historical evidence, reasoning, and constitutional analysis in a written and/or oral format.

BENCHMARK ASSESSMENTS: 3x Per year based on Social Studies skills using Stanford History Education Group assessments:

Establish historical significance

Use primary source evidence

Identify continuity and change

Analyze cause and consequence

Take historical perspectives

Understand the ethical dimension of historical interpretations

Possible Curricular Modifications:

<p>Interdisciplinary Connections</p>	<p><u>Connections to NJSL – English Language Arts:</u></p> <p>WHST.9-12.2: Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes</p> <p>WHST.9-12.9: Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research</p> <p>RST.11-12.1: Accurately cite strong and thorough evidence from the text to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to precise details for explanations or descriptions.</p> <p><u>Connections to NJSL – Mathematics</u></p> <p>MP.4: Model with mathematics.</p> <p>NJSLSA.SL1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others’ ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p> <p>NJSLSA.SL2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.</p>
<p>Career Readiness, Life Literacies, and Key Skills</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 9.1.12.CFR.1: Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures. ● 9.1.12.CFR.2: Summarize causes important to you and compare organizations you seek to support to other organizations with similar missions. ● 9.1.12.CFR.3: Research companies with corporate governance policies supporting the common good and human rights. ● 9.4.12.IML.3: Analyze data using tools and models to make valid and reliable claims, or to determine optimal design solutions (e.g., S-ID.B.6a., 8.1.12.DA.5, 7.1.IH.IPRET.8) ● 9.4.12.IML.4: Assess and critique the appropriateness and impact of existing data visualizations for an intended audience (e.g., S-ID.B.6b, HS-LS2-4). ● 9.4.12.TL.3: Analyze the effectiveness of the process and quality of collaborative environments.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem (e.g., 7.1.AL.IPERS.6).● 9.4.12.IML.8: Evaluate media sources for point of view, bias, and motivations (e.g., NJSLSA.R6, 7.1.AL.IPRET.6).● 9.4.12.IML.9: Analyze the decisions creators make to reveal explicit and implicit messages within information and media (e.g., 1.5.12acc.C2a, 7.1.IL.IPRET.4).
Computer Science and Design Thinking	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 8.2.12.ETW.2: Synthesize and analyze data collected to monitor the effects of a technological product or system on the environment.● 8.2.12.ETW.3: Identify a complex, global environmental or climate change issue, develop a systemic plan of investigation, and propose an innovative sustainable solution.● 8.2.12.EC.1: Analyze controversial technological issues and determine the degree to which individuals, businesses, and governments have an ethical role in decisions that are made.● 8.2.12.EC.2: Assess the positive and negative impacts of emerging technologies on developing countries and evaluate how individuals, non-profit organizations, and governments have responded.● 8.2.12.EC.3: Synthesize data, analyze trends, and draw conclusions regarding the effect of a technology on the individual, culture, society, and environment and share this information with the appropriate audience.● 8.2.12.ETW.4: Research historical tensions between environmental and economic considerations as driven by human needs and wants in the development of a technological product and present the competing viewpoints.

Career Ready Practices**World History****US
I****US
II**

<p>CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee Career-ready individuals understand the obligations and responsibilities of being a member of a community, and they demonstrate this understanding every day through their interactions with others. They are conscientious of the impacts of their decisions on others and the environment around them. They think about the near-term and long-term consequences of their actions and seek to act in ways that contribute to the betterment of their teams, families, community and workplace. They are reliable and consistent in going beyond the minimum expectation and in participating in activities that serve the greater good.</p>	<p>In specific units students learn about the Enlightenment thinkers and how those concepts became the foundation for American Democracy and citizenship. Writings from John Locke, Thomas Hobbes, Voltaire, Montesquie and Rousseau are analyzed and parallels drawn between these ideas and modern civic engagement and civic virtue. As in all Social Studies classes, the importance of being an informed citizen and participant in our democracy are reinforced on a daily basis.</p>	<p>As in all Social Studies classes, the importance of being an informed citizen and participant in our democracy are reinforced on a daily basis. In US I a unit is dedicated to the origin and creation of the Constitution and how it established our system of government through checks and balances and federalism. Students learn about the 3 branches of government, the powers and members of each in modern day as well as examine key Supreme Court decisions that have shaped our nation, including current issues and decisions. Voter registration drives are also conducted in each school twice per year.</p>	<p>As in all Social Studies classes, throughout the US 2 curriculum the importance of being an informed citizen and participant in our democracy are reinforced on a daily basis. Supreme Court decisions relevant to each time period are examined, along with the election process. Students explore the Civil Rights Movement and Voting Right legislation.</p>
<p>CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. Career-ready individuals readily access and use the knowledge and skills acquired through experience and education to be more productive. They make connections between abstract concepts with real-world applications, and they make correct insights about when it is appropriate to apply</p>	<p>In all units of World History students engage in activities, assignments and projects to develop literacy, critical thinking, problem solving and technology skills that can be applied to the workplace.</p>	<p>In all units of US I students engage in activities, assignments and projects to develop literacy, critical thinking, problem solving and technology skills that can be applied to the workplace.</p>	<p>In all units of US II students engage in activities, assignments and projects to develop literacy, critical thinking, problem solving and technology skills that can be applied to the workplace.</p>

<p>the use of an academic skill in a workplace situation</p>			
<p>CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being. Career-ready individuals understand the relationship between personal health, workplace performance and personal well-being; they act on that understanding to regularly practice healthy diet, exercise and mental health activities. Career-ready individuals also take regular action to contribute to their personal financial wellbeing, understanding that personal financial security provides the peace of mind required to contribute more fully to their own career success.</p>			<p>Students engage in stock market analysis and personal finance simulations as part of the Great Depression/New Deal units</p>

Career Ready Practices

World History

US I

US II

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. Career-ready individuals communicate thoughts, ideas, and action plans with clarity, whether using written, verbal, and/or visual methods. They communicate in the workplace with clarity and purpose to make maximum use of their own and others’ time. They are excellent writers; they master conventions, word choice, and organization, and use effective tone and presentation skills to articulate ideas. They are skilled at interacting with others; they are active listeners and speak clearly and with purpose. Career-ready individuals think about the audience for their communication and prepare accordingly to ensure the desired outcome.

All units of World History include written, visual and verbal analysis of primary source documents and complex text to analyze historical questions clearly and effectively with reason. Specific texts and writing assignments are listed in each unit.

All units of US I include written, visual and verbal analysis of primary source documents and complex text to analyze historical questions clearly and effectively with reason. Specific texts and writing assignments are listed in each unit.

All units of US II include written, visual and verbal analysis of primary source documents and complex text to analyze historical questions clearly and effectively with reason. Specific texts and writing assignments are listed in each unit.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. Career-ready individuals understand the interrelated nature of their actions and regularly make decisions that positively impact and/or mitigate negative impact on other people, organization, and the environment. They are aware of and utilize new technologies, understandings, procedures, materials, and regulations affecting the nature of their work as it relates to the impact on the social condition, the environment and the profitability of the organization.

New technologies developed during the Scientific and Industrial Revolutions are examined and how they impacted the social, environmental and economic development of different regions of the world.

United States expansion in the 18th and 19th centuries created a seismic shift in the environment and landscape of North America. The industrial era formed a new reliance on resources that impacted the overall environment.

During the late 19th through the 20th century the United States grew exponentially. The economic expansion weighed heavily on the overall environment. As the century drew to a close, there became a greater awareness of the industrial expansion and government intervention and oversight became more prevalent.

Career Ready Practices

World History

US I

US II

<p>CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation. Career-ready individuals regularly think of ideas that solve problems in new and different ways, and they contribute those ideas in a useful and productive manner to improve their organization. They can consider unconventional ideas and suggestions as solutions to issues, tasks or problems, and they discern which ideas and suggestions will add greatest value. They seek new methods, practices, and ideas from a variety of sources and seek to apply those ideas to their own workplace. They take action on their ideas and understand how to bring innovation to an organization.</p>	<p>All units in World History include problem- solving activities and simulations to apply historical concepts and skills to real-world, modern issues.</p>	<p>All units in US I include problem- solving activities and simulations to apply historical concepts and skills to real-world, modern issues.</p>	<p>All units in US II include problem- solving activities and simulations to apply historical concepts and skills to real-world, modern issues.</p>
<p>CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies. Career-ready individuals are discerning in accepting and using new information to make decisions, change practices or inform strategies. They use a reliable research process to search for new information. They evaluate the validity of sources when considering the use and adoption of external information or practices in their workplace situation.</p>	<p>All units of World History include assignments and projects that are research based and require students to examine the validity and reliability of various sources including primary, secondary, periodicals, library historical databases and online historical research databases.</p>	<p>All units of US I include assignments and projects that are research based and require students to examine the validity and reliability of various sources including primary, secondary, periodicals, library historical databases and online historical research databases.</p>	<p>All units of US II include assignments and projects that are research based and require students to examine the validity and reliability of various sources including primary, secondary, periodicals, library historical databases and online historical research databases.</p>

<p>CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p> <p>Career-ready individuals readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.</p>	<p>All units of World History include assignments and projects that require students to engage in critical thinking skills and problem-solving skills. Students examine the content specific problems from each time period of study, analyze various primary source documents, engage in biographical readings and examine how society addressed the problems at the time and how those problems and solutions may still be relevant to today.</p>	<p>All units of US I include assignments and projects that require students to engage in critical thinking skills and problem-solving skills. Students examine the content specific problems from each time period of study, analyze various primary source documents, engage in biographical readings and examine how society addressed the problems at the time and how those problems and solutions may still be relevant to today.</p>	<p>All units of US II include assignments and projects that require students to engage in critical thinking skills and problem-solving skills. Students examine the content specific problems from each time period of study, analyze various primary source documents, engage in biographical readings and examine how society addressed the problems at the time and how those problems and solutions may still be relevant to today.</p>
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Career Ready Practices

World History

US I

US II

CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.
 Career-ready individuals consistently act in ways that align personal and community-held ideals and principles while employing strategies to positively influence others in the workplace. They have a clear understanding of integrity and act on this understanding in every decision. They use a variety of means to positively impact the directions and actions of a team or organization, and they apply insights into human behavior to change others' actions, attitudes and/or beliefs.
 They recognize the near-term and long-term effects that management's actions and attitudes can have on productivity, morals and organizational culture.

The Holocaust is used to study human behavior, patterns of discrimination, morality and ethics.

Unique patterns of discrimination, genocide of Native Americans, American Slavery and various reform movements of the time are analyzed throughout these units in the form of primary source readings, case studies, assignments and cooperative, problems solving simulations.

Case studies on the ethical decisions behind use of the Atomic Bomb are examined.

CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.
 Career-ready individuals take personal ownership of their own education and career goals, and they regularly act on a plan to attain these goals. They understand their own career interests, preferences, goals, and requirements. They have perspective regarding the pathways available to them and the time, effort, experience and other requirements to pursue each, including a path of entrepreneurship. They recognize the value of each step in the education and experiential process, and they recognize that nearly all career paths require

Lessons on government agencies and careers and guest speakers in the area of local government and law enforcement speak as part of our Constitution and Government Unit.

This standard is more specifically taught in our Social Studies elective courses. Those courses explore careers in civil service, law and law enforcement, social work, psychology and other humanities fields. Guest speakers (in person or virtual) are invited into classes and/or the History Club (PH/PV).

<p>ongoing education and experience. They seek counselors, mentors, and other experts to assist in the planning and execution of career and personal goals.</p>			
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Career Ready Practices

World History

US I

US II

CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.
 Career-ready individuals find and maximize the productive value of existing and new technology to accomplish workplace tasks and solve workplace problems. They are flexible and adaptive in acquiring new technology. They are proficient with ubiquitous technology applications. They understand the inherent risks-personal and organizational-of technology applications, and they take actions to prevent or mitigate these risks.

Students are required to utilize technology and refine 21st Century skills through database research and multimedia presentations in all units of World History.

Students are required to utilize technology and refine 21st Century skills through database research and multimedia presentations in all units of US I.

Students are required to utilize technology and refine 21st Century skills through database research and multimedia presentations in all units of US II.

CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.
 Career-ready individuals positively contribute to every team, whether formal or informal. They apply an awareness of cultural differences to avoid barriers to productive and positive interaction. They find ways to increase the engagement and contribution of all team members. They plan and facilitate effective team meetings.

In all units of World History students are required to consider multiple perspectives to evaluate issues of the past and today and develop critical thinking skills which enable them to function as lifelong learners and to examine and evaluate issues of importance to the modern global society.

In all units of US I students are required to consider multiple perspectives to evaluate issues of the past and today and develop critical thinking skills which enable them to function as lifelong learners and to examine and evaluate issues of importance to the modern global society.

In all units of US II students are required to consider multiple perspectives to evaluate issues of the past and today and develop critical thinking skills which enable them to function as lifelong learners and to examine and evaluate issues of importance to the modern global society.

Pascack Valley Regional High School District	
Social Studies/Business Accommodations/Modifications	
Category	Special Education Accommodations/Modifications (I.E.P. Specific)
Physical Arrangement of Room	Allow for preferential seating
	Seat student near the teacher/presentation
	Seat student near the door
	Seat student near high performing student for informal partner pairs
	Seat student near positive role model
	Seat student away from disruptive/distracting student(s)
	Set a designated study space in the room
Instructional Activities	Provide guided notes and/or copies of notes
	Provide students with summaries if applicable
	Repeat and clarify directions if needed to ensure comprehension.
	Allow students to choose partners or work independently, when needed
	Provide extended time for curricular assignments as needed or specified in the IEP. Offer after-school or common time support.
Independent Practice & Assignments	Allow extra time to complete tasks without penalty
	Reduce reading/math/writing level of assignments
	Require fewer correct responses to achieve grade
	Allow computer printed/electronic assignments
	Simplify complex written directions
	Do not penalize for handwriting/spelling
	Allow flexible grading on scoring rubric
	Include word banks if helpful.
	Bold, highlight, or underline instructions.
	Reduce wording and/or organize directions (into checklists, e.g.) to simplify or make

	expectations more manageable.
	Reduce quantity of sections on an assessment
	Shorten wording of questions.
	Allow use of notes or formula pages on assessments.
	Revise wording or vocabulary choice to enhance comprehension.
	Reduce length of written assignments if needed.
	Reduce number of calculation questions required.
	Reduce the number of questions on an assessment, answer choices in a multiple-choice test, or parts of a writing assignment.
	Grade projects based on content, not creativity. Or Creativity rather than content ... depending on the assignment.
	Make assessments visually appealing by reducing clutter and providing cues: for example, increase spacing, revise font, add or reduce lines, include boxes for responses, reduce the number of questions per page, highlight, bold or underline key words.
	Allow for extra time when needed. Offer options for completion during common time or after school.
	Offer re-test or re-do for assignments or assessments where effort was made but comprehension and skills need more time or opportunity to develop.
	Allow open book/notes for exams
	Give frequent short quizzes instead of lengthy exams
	Give exams/test items orally
	Give students their own copy of assessments that they can write on
	Allow extra time for assessments (specific to I.E.P.)
	Allow flexible schedule of assessment
	Allow flexible setting for assessment
	Allow student to asses on paper, if regularly schedule for computer-based testing
Organizational Skills	Provide a table of contents for notebook/binder; conduct a weekly clean-up
	Help the student create "to do" lists
	Provide opportunity for student to organize homework binder
	Set a designated study time during class/stick to a routine

	Assist student with maintaining a master calendar in the agenda book
Behavioral	Use self-monitoring/self advocacy strategies
	Allow legitimate movement-in/out of room/short breaks
	Implement periodic/weekly behavior communication tools

Pascack Valley Regional High School District	
Social Studies/Business Accommodations/Modifications	
Category	504 Plan Accommodations/Modifications (504 Specific)
Physical Arrangement of Room	Allow for preferential seating
	Seat student near the teacher/presentation
	Seat student near high performing student for informal partner pairs
Instructional Activities	Provide guided notes and/or copies of notes
	Provide student with summaries, if applicable
Independent Practice & Assignments	Provide extended time for curricular assignments as needed or specified in the 504 Plan. Offer after- school or common time support.
	Reduce homework/classwork, when appropriate
	Allow use of notes or formula pages on assessments.
	Allow for extra time when needed or specified in the 504 Plan. Offer options for completion during common time or after school.

Assessments	Offer re-test or re-do for assignments or assessments where effort was made but comprehension and skills need more time or opportunity to develop.
	Allow flexible schedule of assessment
	Allow flexible setting for assessment
Organizational Skills	Provide a table of contents for notebook/binder
	Help the student create "to do" lists
	Provide opportunity for student to organize homework binder
	Set a designated study time during class/stick to a routine
	Assist student with maintaining a master calendar in the agenda book
Behavioral	Use self-monitoring/self advocacy strategies
	Allow legitimate movement-in/out of room break, if needed
	Implement periodic/weekly behavior communication tools

Pascack Valley Regional High School District

Social Studies/Business Accommodations/Modifications

Category	At Risk Accommodations/Modifications
Instructional Activities	Provide a variety of concrete examples from familiar contexts
	Build background knowledge of content and vocabulary from familiar contexts prior to readings
	Use mental models to building understanding through familiar contexts
	Provide oral & written instructions
	Incorporate multimedia/audio visual representation (YouTube, Discovery Education, TV Show parodies, etc.) to build understanding.
	Use graphic organizers to guide notes, brainstorming, pre-writing, project planning, and test preparation
	Model through processes during assignments and elicit student-generated thoughts to determine gaps in understanding
	Highlight, bold, or underline main ideas in readings and in directions for writing assignments in the curricular areas
	Provide guiding questions to complete during the activity.

	Provide chunking of instructional notes and activities to allow for formative assessment (checks for understanding) before moving on to the next stage.
	Choose cooperative learning groups to ensure effective work, maximize productivity and support socialization.
	Use multiple intelligences or the student's learning style to facilitate effective learning when a student is having difficulty grasping concepts
	Provide demonstrations, utilize pictures, or graphic to assist visual learners to support written text information
	Include oral discussions, oral presentations, group collaboration, or other oral delivery methods to support auditory learners
	Utilize hands-on activities, movement or rhythmic experiences to engage tactile/kinesthetic learners.
Independent Practice & Assignments	Provide chunking of assignments into manageable steps, including checklists that clarify directions for assignments.
	Provide a clear, concise version of a scoring rubric prior to the assignment or assessment.
	Highlight distinctive features/key concepts
	Provide choice of projects depending on the student's interests or strengths.
	Provide peer assistance/study groups
Assessments	Provide study guides and support outside of class time to review before assessments (common time or after school)
	Provide extra time for review prior to an assessment
	Review, repeat, and clarify directions
	Include word banks if helpful
	Chunk sections of assessment
	Shorten wording of questions
	Allow use of notes or formula pages on assessments
	Revise wording or vocabulary choice to enhance comprehension
	Reduce length of written assignments if needed.
	Reduce number of calculation questions required.
Reduce the number of questions on an assessment, answer choices in a multiple-choice test, or parts of a writing assignment.	

	Grade projects based on content, not creativity. Or Creativity rather than content ... depending on the assignment.
	Allow for partial credit, when appropriate
	Provide choices of questions or choices of projects depending on the student's strengths
	Allow for alternative assessments to show comprehension of the content such as a project or other means
	Allow use of familiar contexts to demonstrate understanding of key concepts when use of text evidence is not necessary.
	Allow for extra time, when needed. Offer options for completion during common time or after school
	Offer retest or re-do for assignments or assessments where effort was made but comprehension and skills need more time or opportunity to develop.
Organizational Skills	Provide general assistance with organizational skills
	Utilize homework assignment notebook/planner/agenda
	Provide written intermediate timelines for long assignments
	Have student monitor grade average
Behavioral	Keep rules simple and clear
	Implement a behavior management system

Pascack Valley Regional High School District

Social Studies/Business Accommodations/Modifications

Category	Multilingual Learners Accommodations/Modifications
Instructional Activities	Provide a variety of concrete examples from familiar contexts
	Build background knowledge of content and vocabulary from familiar contexts prior to readings
	Provide oral & written instructions
	Incorporate multimedia/audio visual representation (YouTube, Discovery Education, TV Show parodies, etc.) to build understanding in native language.

	Use graphic organizers to guide notes, brainstorming, pre-writing, project planning, and test preparation
	Highlight, bold, or underline main ideas in readings and in directions for writing assignments in the curricular areas
	Provide guiding questions to complete during the activity.
	Provide chunking of instructional notes and activities to allow for formative assessment (checks for understanding) before moving on to the next stage.
	Choose cooperative learning groups to ensure effective work, maximize productivity and support socialization- Language teams
	Provide demonstrations, utilize pictures, or graphic to assist visual learners to support written text information
	Include oral discussions, oral presentations, group collaboration, or other oral delivery methods to support auditory learners - Conversely apply visual representations to ensure understandings
Independent Practice & Assignments	Provide chunking of assignments into manageable steps, including checklists that clarify directions for assignments.
	Provide a clear, concise version of a scoring rubric prior to the assignment or assessment.
	Highlight distinctive features/key concepts
	Provide choice of projects depending on the student's interests or strengths.
	Provide peer assistance/study groups/ ML support
Assessments	Provide extra time for review prior to an assessment
	Review, repeat, and clarify directions
	Include word banks if helpful
	Chunk sections of assessment
	Shorten wording of questions
	Allow use of notes or formula pages on assessments in native language
	Revise wording or vocabulary choice to enhance comprehension
	Reduce length of written assignments if needed.
	Reduce the number of questions on an assessment, answer choices in a multiple-choice test, or parts of a writing assignment.

	Grade projects based on content, not creativity. Or Creativity rather than content ... depending on the assignment.
	Allow for partial credit, when appropriate
	Allow for alternative assessments to show comprehension of the content such as a project or other means
	Allow use of familiar contexts to demonstrate understanding of key concepts when use of text evidence is not necessary.
	Allow for extra time, when needed. Offer options for completion during common time or after school
	Offer retest or re-do for assignments or assessments where effort was made but comprehension and skills need more time or opportunity to develop.
Organizational Skills	Provide general assistance with organizational skills
	Utilize homework assignment notebook/planner/agenda
	Provide written intermediate timelines for long assignments
	Have student monitor grade average
Behavioral	Keep rules simple and clear

Pascack Valley Regional High School District	
Social Studies/Business Accommodations/Modifications	
Category	Gifted and Talented Accommodations/Modifications
Instructional Activities	Provide supplementary or lengthier readings
	Provide enrichment activities
Independent Practice & Assignments	Use inquiry-based practices and allow student opportunities to conduct additional research
	Provide supplementary or lengthier readings with higher-level questions
	Provide assignment choices that require more detail and deeper understanding

Assessments	Provide additional questions that prompt extensions of understanding
	Require research for projects; in a specified format
	Provide assessment choices that require more detail and deeper understanding

Career Options for Jobs that Involve Social Studies

Social studies focus on society, and social studies professionals may concentrate on understanding how people are shaped and influenced by peer groups, their culture, or other societal factors. While some social studies professionals primarily conduct research to determine how people are affected by social variables, others may focus on how these social variables can be used to predict people's behavior. A handful of these social studies career options are profiled below:

Career Information for Jobs that Involve Social Studies

Sociologists

Sociologists are professionals with a master's or doctoral degree in their field. They focus on understanding social groupings and behavior, and may be involved in research or make recommendations about how to address specific issues in society. Since their work focuses on understanding how society can influence behavior, they work within the field of social studies.

Historians

Historians research the past and educate people about historic events, artifacts or developments. Their work focuses on civilizations and incidents involving people in the past, which is why it falls within the social studies field. They might use the data from their research to form conclusions about why a society relocated or how cultural beliefs in a particular group evolved. They may need a doctoral degree, although it is possible to enter this field with a master's degree in history.

Postsecondary Teachers

Postsecondary teachers instruct college and university students in a specific subject they've specialized in. They typically need a doctoral degree, although entry-level positions may be obtained with a master's degree in some cases. Postsecondary teachers who instruct students in subjects such as

criminology or history spend their career focused on social studies. As part of their work, postsecondary teachers usually also participate in research related to their specialty.

Anthropologists and Archeologists

Anthropologists and archeologists must have a master's or doctoral degree to work in their field. While archeologists may be involved in recovering historic artifacts from dig sites around the world, anthropologists focus on how humans have developed over time. Archeologists and anthropologists help discover evidence that relates to how cultures have evolved, how significant events have impacted people's behavior, and how social constructs, such as politics, have developed. Since they focus on issues related to society and behavior, they work within the field of social studies.

Political Scientists

Political scientists focus on the history and development of political systems. They may research political ideologies or study how political trends have evolved over time. They are social science professionals because understanding how politics shape society and impact individual and group behavior is part of what political scientists focus on. They are professionals with master's or doctoral degrees who perform research, analyze the information gained from their research, and use that data to develop predictions about the effects of political policies or structures.

Market Research Analysts

With a bachelor's degree, it's possible to become a market research analyst. Market research analysts examine consumer demographics, along with data collected from opinion polls and surveys, and then use what they learn to make recommendations about actions companies should or should not take. For example, they may recommend that a new product be developed and provide pertinent information about the customers they expect would be interested in that product. Market research analysts are professionals who focus on understanding what influences the purchasing decisions people make and the economic variables that should be considered when making business decisions. Since they focus on determining financial and societal factors that can affect consumer choices, their work involves the use of social studies.