## PASCACK VALLEY REGIONAL HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Pascack Hills High School, Montvale, New Jersey Pascack Valley High School, Hillsdale, New Jersey

Course Name: Keyboard / Piano

Born On: July 2021 Revised On: August, 2023

Board Approval: 8/28/23

## Course Description: Keyboard/Piano

The keyboard/piano course is a performance-based class for those students who are interested in learning to play piano/keyboard, or seeking to improve their keyboard skills. The class is open to students from beginner to advanced level. No audition is required to be accepted to this class. Each student will develop a repertoire of piano pieces that will be suitable to his/her level. The students will be evaluated based on their performances at the end of each semester. Students will have an opportunity to perform at a student-organized recital at the end of each semester. In addition, students are encouraged to participate in school concerts as accompanists, chamber music players, or soloists.

As a result of completing the keyboard/piano course, students learn to appreciate the joy of the musical performer. Students develop an awareness of the discipline and effort that evolves from preparing musical selections. They develop the physical as well as musical coordination necessary for musical performance on an instrument. Through the study of many styles, the student learns to respect the technique and creativity of artists in the many diverse expressions of musical performance.

Generally, the course is taught in group classes, with individual instruction inserted as the need develops. Periods of time for individual practice are scheduled within the framework of the course after the introduction of new materials.

By the end of this course, all students demonstrate proficiency in at least one chosen arts discipline by meeting or exceeding the content knowledge and skills delineated in the arts standards.

In today's global economy, students need to be lifelong learners who have the knowledge and skills to adapt to an evolving workplace and world. To address these demands, Standard 9, Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills, which includes the 12 Career Ready Practices, establishes clear guidelines for what students need to know and be able to do in order to be successful in their future careers and to achieve financial independence. Career readiness, life literacies and key skills education provides students with the necessary skills to make informed career and financial decisions, engage as responsible community members in a digital society, and to successfully meet the challenges and opportunities in an interconnected global economy.

Descriptors for High School Proficiency Levels Sources: NJ Department of Education 2020 NJSLS-VPA (see below)

## **Interdisciplinary Connections**

Music encompasses a broad multidisciplinary field within its own academic area, including the teaching of creative process, history of the arts and culture, performing and aesthetic responses & critique methodologies. The NJSLS are designed to integrate four core music standards related to creative process, history of the arts and culture, performing and aesthetic responses & critique methodologies. These interdisciplinary

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connections, as a result, are present within the current standards. Below are some ways that interdisciplinary connections can be implemented into music curricula.

Social studies	Standards
<ul> <li>Develop an understanding of the role of music in government, democracy, human rights, and civil discourse.</li> <li>Explore the American identity through music that reflects the nation's values and principles.</li> <li>Examine how historical events are represented and reflected in music.</li> <li>Engage in discussions about music's role in citizenship and democracy.</li> </ul>	6.1.12.HistoryCC.8.c 6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.c
World Languages	Standards
<ul> <li>Study songs in different languages to deepen understanding of linguistic and cultural nuances.</li> <li>Explore the cultural significance of music in various regions of the world.</li> <li>Analyze lyrics for their linguistic content and what they reveal about the culture of the language.</li> </ul>	7.1.NH.IPRET.4 7.1.NH.IPRET.6 7.1.NH.IPERS.5 7.1.IL.PRSNT.5 7.1.NH.IPRET.6
Health and Physical Education:	Standards
<ul> <li>Learn about the physical demands of playing an instrument or singing and maintaining proper posture.</li> <li>Discuss the mental health benefits of engaging with music, such as stress relief and emotional expression.</li> <li>Describe strategies to appropriately respond to stressors such as performance anxiety</li> <li>Explore the role of music in promoting a healthy lifestyle, including exercise and movement.</li> </ul>	2.1.12.EH.1 2.1.12.EH.3 2.2.12.MSC.2 2.2.12.MSC.2

## **Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills**

**9.1.12.CFR.1:** Compare and contrast the role of philanthropy, volunteer service, and charities in community development and quality of life in a variety of cultures.

**Computer Science: 8.1.12.DA.5** 

## **<u>Differentiation, Accommodations & Modifications:</u>**

Gifted and Talented	Multilingual Learners	Students with Disabilities	Students at Risk of School Failure
Extension Activities	Modifications for Classroom	*Appropriate accommodations,	Modifications for Classroom
		instructional adaptations, and/or	Pair visual prompts with verbal
Thematic topics for discussion and	Multi-sensory approach	modifications as determined by the	presentations
research: families & communities, science and technology, beauty and aesthetics, contemporary life, global challenges, personal and public identities.	Pair Visual Prompts with verbal presentation  Provide repetition and practice	IEP or 504 team  Modifications for Classroom  Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations	Ask students to restate information, directions, and assignments.  Repetition and practice
Use of technological devices to gain	Restate Directions (verbal or written)  Model skills / techniques to be	Ask students to restate information, directions, and assignments.	Model skills / techniques to be mastered.
access to online resources in order to research and explore current events	mastered	Repetition and practice	Extended time to complete class work
and cultural practices.	Provide summary of text or study guides	Model skills / techniques to be mastered.	Provide copy of class notes
Use advanced supplementary / reading materials	Native Language Translation (peer, online assistive technology, translation	Extended time to complete class work	Preferential seating to be mutually determined by the student and teacher
Use of authentic resources to promote a deeper understanding of culture.	device, bilingual dictionary) Use graphic organizers	Provide copy of class notes	Students may request to use a computer to complete assignments.
Provide opportunities for open-ended, self-directed activities	Highlight key vocabulary	Preferential seating to be mutually determined by the student and teacher	Establish expectations for correct spelling on assignments.
	Extended time for assignment completion as needed		

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Communication outside the language classroom for travel, study, work, and/or interviews with community members.

Provide opportunities to develop depth and breadth of knowledge in the subject area (examples: create drawings/illustrations, use of music, create poems/songs, write opinion letters, create videos/stories/comic strips, etc.)

Conduct research and provide presentations on a variety of cultural topics.

Design surveys to generate and analyze data to be used in discussion.

Debate topics of interest / cultural importance.

Authentic listening and reading sources that provide data and support for speaking and writing prompts.

Exploration of art and/or artists to understand society and history.

Implement RAFT Activities as they pertain to the types / modes of communication (role, audience, format, topic).

**Anchor Activities** 

Assess comprehension through demonstration such as gestures, drawing and retelling.

Modified tests (orally)

Use anecdotal records or portfolio work as a form of assessment

## Modifications for Homework/Assignments

**Modified Assignments** 

Native Language Translation (peer, online assistive technology, translation device, bilingual dictionary)

Extended time for assignment completion as needed

Highlight key vocabulary

Use graphic organizers

Students may request to use a computer to complete assignments.

Establish expectations for correct spelling on assignments.

Extra textbooks for home.

Students may request books on CD / digital media, as available and appropriate.

Assign a peer helper in the class setting

Provide oral reminders and check student work during independent work time

Assist student with long and short term planning of assignments

Encourage student to proofread assignments and tests

Provide regular parent/ school communication

Teachers will check/sign student agenda daily

Student requires use of other assistive technology device

## Modifications for Homework and Assignments

Extended time to complete assignments.

Students require more complex assignments to be broken up and

Extra textbooks for home.

Students may request books on tape / CD / digital media, as available and appropriate.

Assign a peer helper in the class setting

Provide oral reminders and check student work during independent work time

Assist student with long and short term planning of assignments

Encourage student to proofread assignments and tests

Provide regular parent/ school communication

Teachers will check/sign student agenda daily

Student requires use of other assistive technology device

## Modifications for Homework and Assignments

Extended time to complete assignments.

Students require more complex assignments to be broken up and explained in smaller units, with work to be submitted in phases.

Provide the student with clearly stated (written) expectations and grading criteria for assignments.

Use of Higher Level Questioning	explained in smaller units, with work to	Implement RAFT activities as they
Techniques	be submitted in phases.	pertain to the types / modes of
		communication (role, audience, format,
Provide assessments at a higher level of	Provide the student with clearly stated	topic).
thinking	(written) expectations and grading	
	criteria for assignments.	Modifications for Assessments
	Implement RAFT activities as they	Extended time on classroom tests and
	pertain to the types / modes of	quizzes.
	communication (role, audience, format,	
	topic).	
	topicj.	Students may take/complete tests in an
	Modifications for Assessments	alternate setting as needed.
	Extended time on classroom tests and	Restate, reread, and clarify
	quizzes.	directions/questions
	quizzesi	an ections, questions
		Distribute study guide for classroom
	Students may take/complete tests in an	tests.
	alternate setting as needed.	
	Restate, reread, and clarify	Establish procedures for
	directions/questions	accommodations / modifications for
		assessments.
	Distribute study guide for classroom	
	tests.	
	Establish procedures for	
	accommodations / modifications for	
	assessments.	

## **21st Century Themes & Skills**

The following content statements can be integrated into any of the adopted Music strands (creative process, history of the arts and culture, performing and aesthetic responses & critique methodologies).

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.
- CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies.
- CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.
- CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals.
- CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity.
- CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence

At the high school level (grades 9–12), all students are required to complete five credits in Visual and Performing Arts as part of the course requirements to receive a high school diploma (N.J.A.C. 6A:8-5.1). Because students' experiences and course offerings at the middle and high school levels may vary, the new grade 9–12 standards are described in three levels of proficiency. The three levels—proficient, accomplished, and advanced—are flexible enough to accommodate varying degrees of achievement by students during high school, including those who build on their K–8 foundation by pursuing deeper engagement in one arts discipline, as well as those who explore a wide range of artistic pursuits and experiences at the high school level.

Proficient	Accomplished	Advanced
Students at the proficient level have developed the foundational technical and expressive skills and understandings in an art form necessary to solve assigned problems or prepare assigned repertoire for presentation; make appropriate choices with some support; and may be prepared for active engagement in their community. They understand the art form to be an important form of personal realization and well-being, and make connections between the art form, history, culture and other learning.	Students at the accomplished level are, with minimal assistance, able to identify or solve arts problems based on their interests or for a particular purpose; conduct research to inform artistic decisions; and create and refine arts performances, products, or presentations that demonstrate technical proficiency and personal communication and expression. They use the art form for personal realization and well-being and have the necessary skills for and interest in participation in arts activity beyond the school environment.	Students at the advanced level independently identify challenging arts problems based on their interests or for specific purposes and bring creativity and insight to finding artistic solutions. They are facile in using at least one art form as an effective avenue for personal communication, demonstrating a higher level of technical and expressive proficiency characteristic of honors or college level work. As arts learners, they exploit their personal strengths and apply strategies to overcome personal challenges. They are capable of taking a leadership role in arts activity within and beyond the school environment.
A level of achievement attainable by most students who complete a high school level course in the arts (or equivalent) beyond the foundation of quality K–8 instruction.	A level of achievement attainable by most students who complete a rigorous sequence of high-school level courses (or equivalent) beyond the proficient level.	A level and scope of achievement that significantly exceeds the accomplished level. Achievement at this level is indisputably rigorous and substantially expands students'

knowledge, skills, and understandings beyond the expectations articulated for accomplished achievement.

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## 1.3C Music Ensembles Standards

## Creating

## Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.

Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas?

**Practice:** Imagine

#### **Performance Expectations:**

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#### Novice

1.3.C.12nov.Cr1a: Compose and improvise ideas and motives for melodies and rhythmic passages based on characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal.

#### Intermediate

1.3.C.12int.Cr1a: Compose and improvise ideas and motives for melodies and rhythmic passages based on characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal.

#### **Proficient**

1.3.C.1prof.Cr1a: Compose and improvise ideas for melodies, rhythmic passages and arrangements for specific purposes that reflect characteristic(s) of music from a variety of historical periods or cultures studied in rehearsal.

#### Accomplished

1.3.C.1acc.Cr1a: Compose and improvise ideas for arrangements, sections and short compositions for specific purposes that reflect characteristic(s) of music from a variety of historical periods or cultures studied in rehearsal.

#### Advanced

1.3Cadv.Cr1a: Compose and improvise musical ideas for a variety of purposes and contexts.

## Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.

Essential Question: How do musicians make creative decisions?

Practices: Plan, Make

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Cr2a: Select and develop draft melodic and rhythmic ideas or motives that demonstrate understanding of characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal.

#### Intermediate

1.3C.12int.Cr2a: Select and develop draft melodies and rhythmic passages that demonstrate understanding of characteristic(s) of music or text(s) studied in rehearsal.

#### Proficient

1.3C.12prof.Cr2a: Select and develop draft melodies, rhythmic passages and arrangements for specific purposes that demonstrate understanding of characteristic(s) of music from a variety of historical periods studied in rehearsal.

## Accomplished

1.3C.12acc.Cr2a: Select and develop arrangements, sections, and short compositions for specific purposes that demonstrate understanding of characteristic(s) of music from a variety of cultures studied in rehearsal.

#### Advanced

1.3C.12adv.Cr2a: Select and develop composed and improvised ideas into draft musical works organized for a variety of purposes and contexts.

### **Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.**

Enduring Understanding: Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence, and the application of appropriate criteria.

**Essential Question:** How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?

Practices: Evaluate, Refine

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

- 1.3C.12nov.Cr3a: Evaluate and refine draft compositions and improvisations based on knowledge, skill and teacher-provided criteria.
- 1.3C.12nov.Cr3b: Share personally developed melodic and rhythmic ideas or motives (individually or as an ensemble) that demonstrate understanding of characteristics of music or texts studied in rehearsal.

#### Intermediate

- 1.3C.12int.Cr3a: Evaluate and refine draft compositions and improvisations based on knowledge, skill and collaboratively developed criteria.
- 1.3C.12int.Cr3b: Share personally developed melodies and rhythmic passages (individually or as an ensemble) that demonstrate understanding of characteristics of music or texts studied in rehearsal.

#### Proficient

- 1.3C.12prof.Cr3a: Evaluate and refine draft melodies, rhythmic passages, arrangements, and improvisations based on established criteria, including the extent to which they address identified purposes.
- 1.3C.12prof.Cr3b: Share personally developed melodies, rhythmic passages, and arrangements (individually or as an ensemble) that address identified purposes.

#### Accomplished

- 1.3C.12acc.Cr3a: Evaluate and refine draft arrangements, sections, short compositions, and improvisations based on personally developed criteria, including the extent to which they address identified purposes.
- 1.3C.12acc.Cr3b: Share personally developed arrangements, sections and short compositions (individually or as an ensemble) that address identified purposes.

#### Advanced

- 1.3C.12adv.Cr3a: Evaluate and refine varied draft musical works based on appropriate criteria, including the extent to which they address identified purposes and contexts.
- 1.3C.12adv.Cr3b: Share varied, personally developed musical works (individually or as an ensemble) that address identified purposes and contexts.

## **Performing**

## Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing and interpreting work.

**Enduring Understanding:** Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.

**Essential Question:** How do performers select repertoire?

Practices: Select, Analyze, Interpret

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

• 1.3C.12nov.Pr4a: Select varied repertoire to study based on interest, music reading skills (where appropriate), an understanding of the structure of the music, context, and the technical skill of the individual or ensemble.

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improvised performances.

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• 1.3C.12nov.Pr4b: Demonstrate, using music reading skills (where appropriate) how knowledge of formal aspects in musical works inform prepared or

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• 1.3C.12nov.Pr4c: Identify expressive qualities in a varied repertoire of music that can be demonstrated through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Intermediate

- 1.3C.12int.Pr4a: Select varied repertoire to study based on music reading skills (where appropriate), an understanding of formal design in the music, context, and the technical skill of the individual and ensemble.
- 1.3C.12int.Pr4b: Demonstrate, using music reading skills (where appropriate), how the setting and formal characteristics of musical works contribute to understanding the context of the music in prepared or improvised performances.
- 1.3C.12int.Pr4c: Demonstrate understanding and application of expressive qualities in a varied repertoire of music through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Proficient

- 1.3C.12prof.Pr4a: Explain the criteria used to select varied repertoire to study based on an understanding of theoretical and structural characteristics of the music, the technical skill of the individual or ensemble, and the purpose or context of the performance.
- 1.3C.12prof.Pr4b: Demonstrate, using music reading skills (where appropriate), how compositional devices employed and theoretical and structural aspects of musical works impact and inform prepared or improvised performances.
- 1.3C.12prof.Pr4c: Demonstrate an understanding of context in a varied repertoire of music through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Accomplished

- 1.3C.12acc.Pr4a: Develop and apply criteria to select a varied repertoire to study and perform based on an understanding of theoretical and structural characteristics and expressive challenges in the music, the technical skill of the individual or ensemble, and the purpose and context of the performance.
- 1.3C.12acc.Pr4b: Document and demonstrate, using music reading skills (where appropriate), how compositional devices employed, and theoretical and structural aspects of musical works, may impact and inform prepared and improvised performances.
- 1.3C.12acc.Pr4c: Demonstrate how understanding the style, genre and context of a varied repertoire of music influences prepared and improvised performances as well as performers' technical skills to connect with the audience.

#### Advanced

- 1.3C.12adv.Pr4a: Develop and apply criteria to select varied programs to study and perform based on an understanding of theoretical and structural characteristics and expressive challenges in the music, the technical skill of the individual or ensemble, and the purpose and context of the performance.
- 1.3C.12adv.Pr4b: Examine, evaluate, and critique, using music reading skills (where appropriate), how the structure and context impact and inform prepared and improvised performances.

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• 1.3C.12adv.Pr4c: Demonstrate how understanding the style, genre and context of a varied repertoire of music informs prepared and improvised performances as well as performers' technical skills to connect with the audience.

## Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.

**Enduring Understanding:** To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

**Essential Question:** How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?

Practices: Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine

#### **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Pr5a: Use self-reflection and peer feedback to refine individual and ensemble performances of a varied repertoire of music.

#### Intermediate

1.3C.12int.Pr5a: Develop strategies to address technical challenges in a varied repertoire of music and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.

#### **Proficient**

1.3C.12prof.Pr5a: Develop strategies to address expressive challenges in a varied repertoire of music, and evaluate their success using feedback from ensemble peers and other sources to refine performances.

#### Accomplished

1.3C.12acc.Pr5a: Develop and apply appropriate rehearsal strategies to address individual and ensemble challenges in a varied repertoire of music and evaluate their success.

#### Advanced

1.3C.12adv.Pr5a: Develop, apply, and refine appropriate rehearsal strategies to address individual and ensemble challenges in a varied repertoire of music.

## Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.

**Enduring Understanding:** Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place, and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.

**Essential Question:** When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?

**Practice:** Present

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

- 1.3C.12nov.Pr6a: Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire of music.
- 1.3C.12nov.Pr6b: Demonstrate an awareness of the context of the music through prepared and improvised performances

#### Intermediate

- 1.3C.12int.Pr6a: Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire of music representing diverse cultures and styles.
- 1.3C.12int.Pr6b: Demonstrate an understanding of the context of the music through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Proficient

- 1.3C.12prof.Pr6a: Demonstrate attention to technical accuracy and expressive qualities in prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire of music representing diverse cultures, styles, and genres.
- 1.3C.12prof.Pr6b: Demonstrate an understanding of expressive intent by connecting with an audience through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Accomplished

- 1.3C.12acc.Pr6a: Demonstrate mastery of the technical demands and an understanding of expressive qualities of the music in prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire representing diverse cultures, styles, genres, and historical periods.
- 1.3C.12acc.Pr6b: Demonstrate an understanding of intent as a means for connecting with an audience through prepared and improvised performances.

#### Advanced

- 1.3C.12adv.Pr6a: Demonstrate an understanding and mastery of the technical demands and expressive qualities of the music through prepared and improvised performances of a varied repertoire representing diverse cultures, styles, genres, and historical periods in multiple types of ensembles.
- 1.3C.12adv.Pr6b: Demonstrate an ability to connect, engage and respond to audiences through prepared and improvised performances.

## Responding

## Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.

**Enduring Understandings:** Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

Essential Questions: How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?

Practices: Select, Analyze

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#### Novice

- 1.3C.12nov.Re7a: Identify reasons for selecting music based on characteristics found in the music, connection to interest, and purpose or context.
- 1.3C.12nov.Re7b: Identify how knowledge of context and the use of repetition, similarities and contrasts inform the response to music.

#### Intermediate

- 1.3C.12int.Re7a: Explain the reasons for selecting music citing characteristics found in the music and connections to interest, purpose and context.
- 1.3C.12int.Re7b: Describe how understanding context and the way the elements of music are manipulated inform the response to music.

#### Proficient

- 1.3C.12prof.Re7a: Apply criteria to select music for specified purposes, supporting choices by citing characteristics found in the music and connections to interest, purpose and context.
- 1.3C.12prof.Re7b: Explain how the analysis of passages and understanding the way the elements of music are manipulated informs the response to music.

#### Accomplished

- 1.3C.12acc.Re7a: Apply criteria to select music for a variety of purposes, justifying choices citing knowledge of the music and the specified purpose and context.
- 1.3C.12acc.Re7b: Explain how the analysis of structures and contexts inform the response to music.

#### Advanced

- 1.3C.12adv.Re7a: Use research and personally developed criteria to justify choices made when selecting music, citing knowledge of the music and individual and ensemble purpose and context.
- 1.3C.12adv.Re7b: Demonstrate and justify how the analysis of structures, contexts and performance decisions inform the response to music.

## Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

**Enduring Understanding:** Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers.

**Essential Question:** How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

**Practice:** Interpret

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Re8a: Identify interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, referring to the elements of music, contexts and the setting of the text (when appropriate).

Intermediate

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1.3C.12int.Re8a: Identify and support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts and the setting of the text (when appropriate).

#### Proficient

1.3C.12prof.Re8a: Explain and support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works, citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts, the setting of the text (when appropriate), and personal research.

#### Accomplished

1.3C.12acc.Re8a: Support interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works citing as evidence the treatment of the elements of music, contexts, the setting of the text (when appropriate), and varied researched sources.

#### Advanced

1.3C.12adv.Re8a: Justify interpretations of the expressive intent and meaning of musical works by comparing and synthesizing varied researched sources, including reference to other art forms.

#### Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

Enduring Understanding: The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation and established criteria.

**Essential Question:** How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

**Practice:** Evaluate

## **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Re9a: Identify and describe the effect of interest, experience, analysis, and context on the evaluation of music.

#### Intermediate

1.3C.12int.Re9a: Explain the influence of experiences, analysis and context on interest in and evaluation of music.

#### Proficient

1.3C.12prof.Re9a: Evaluate works and performances based on personally or collaboratively developed criteria, including analysis of the structure and context.

#### Accomplished

1.3C.12acc.Re9a: Evaluate works and performances based on research as well as personally and collaboratively developed criteria, including analysis and interpretation of the structure and context.

#### Advanced

1.3C.12adv.Re9a: Develop and justify evaluations of music, programs of music, and performances based on criteria, personal decision-making, research, and understanding of contexts.

## Connecting

## Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

Essential Question: How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

**Practice:** Interconnection

#### **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Cn10a: Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12nov.Cr2a,1.3A.12nov.Cr3b, 1.3A.12nov.Pr5b, 1.3A.12nov.Re7a

#### Intermediate

1.3C.12int.Cn10a: Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12int.Cr2a,1.3A.12int.Cr3b, 1.3A.12int.Pr5b, 1.3A.12int.Re7a

#### Proficient

1.3B.12prof.Cn10a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12prof.Cr2a, 1.3A.12prof.Cr3b, 1.3A.12prof.Pr5b, 1.3A.12prof.Re7a

## Accomplished

1.3B.12acc.Cn10a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12acc.Cr2a,1.3A.12acc.Cr3b, 1.3A.12acc.Pr5b, 1.3A.12acc.Re7a Advanced

1.3B.12adv.Cn10a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12adv.Cr2a,1.3A.12adv.Cr3b, 1.3A.12.Pr5b, 1.3A.12adv.Re7a

### Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas and knowledge to creating, performing and responding.

**Essential Question:** How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

**Practice:** Interconnection

#### **Performance Expectations:**

#### Novice

1.3C.12nov.Cn11a: Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12nov.Cr2a, 1.3A.12nov.Cr3b, 1.3A.12nov.Pr5b, 1.3A.12nov.Re7a

#### Intermediate

1.3C.12int.Cn11a: Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12int.Cr2a,1.3A.12int.Cr3b, 1.3A.12int.Pr5b, 1.3A.12int.Re7a

#### **Proficient**

1.3B.12prof.Cn11a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12prof.Cr2a, 1.3A.12prof.Cr3b, 1.3A.12prof.Pr5b, 1.3A.12prof.Re7a

## Accomplished

1.3B.12acc.Cn11a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music.

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12acc.Cr2a,1.3A.12acc.Cr3b, 1.3A.12acc.Pr5b, 1.3A.12acc.Re7a

#### Advanced

1.3B.12adv.Cn11a: Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music

This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.12adv.Cr2a,1.3A.12adv.Cr3b, 1.3A.12adv.Re7a

Music assessments like other content area assessments should be a natural and ongoing part of the teaching and learning process. The more authentic the assessment process is, the better the chance that students will see the interdisciplinary connections between music and other areas of study, as well as the role of music in their lives as citizens.

- 1. What factors should be considered in planning for assessment?
  - Content mastery (which standards are being assessed)
  - Analysis of content
  - Skills development
  - Connections between and among essential learnings
  - Connections between the past, present, and the future
  - Interdisciplinary connections
  - Diversity in student learning styles and needs
  - Opportunities for democratic participation
- 2. How are goals of instruction and assessment related?
  - Are the goals for learning actually being assessed?
  - To what degree are we asking students to extend learning?
  - Can students transfer their learning to a new situation?
  - Does the assessment reflect what is valued instructionally?
  - Does the assessment benefit the learner by informing teaching practices?
  - Does the assessment allow for a variety of learners to demonstrate their understanding?
- 3. What should you consider as you develop criteria for scoring?
  - How many ways can students demonstrate they have learned the material?
  - How will students be scored?
  - How will the needs of a variety of learners be addressed with this assessment?
  - Does the scoring tool reflect the learning goals?
- 4. What are the most constructive assessment designs and methods for music educators?
  - Performance assessment
  - Authentic assessment
  - Authentic instruction
  - Portfolio assessment

### Authentic Assessments: Muller Toolbox, NEA Toolbox, 21st Century Assessments

Authentic assessment can include (but are not limited to) the following:

- Observation
- Performance tasks
- Exhibitions and demonstrations
- Portfolios
- Journals
- Self- and peer-evaluation
- Project Based Learning: EduTopia
- Test and/or quizzes
- http://www.edutopia.org/blog/project-based-learning-music-andrew-miller
- Blogs, Vlogs, other Web 2.0 tools to extend beyond classroom walls

#### **Music and Technology K-12 Indicators**

As teaching, learning and curriculum across New Jersey evolves to better meet student needs, teachers when addressing standards in music are expected to integrate the adopted 8.1 Educational Technology, 8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming, and 21st Century Skills into their classroom practice. To that end, teachers will be expected to apply the following anchor standards into their classroom practice.

The following content statements can be integrated into any of the adopted Music strands (a methodologies).

#### **Educational Technology**

8.1.12.DA.5

8.1.12.CS.2

8.1.12.CS.3

- Understand and use technology systems.
- Select and use applications effectively and productively.
- Apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes
- Create original works as a means of personal or group expression.

## 8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming

8.2.12.NT.2

#### 8.2.12.ETW.1

The following content statements can be integrated into any of the adopted Music strands (creative process, history of the arts and culture, performing and aesthetic responses & critique methodologies).

- The characteristics and scope of technology.
- The core concepts of technology.
- The relationships among technologies and the connections between technology and other fields of study.
- The cultural, social, economic and political effects of technology.
- The effects of technology on the environment

## **Digital Resources/Technology**

Many instructional resources are available to educators to teach music with students' diverse interests and needs in mind. The below list represents current and prominent instructional resources that are referenced often in classrooms. Digital sources are hyperlinked.

The Arts and the New Jersey Student Learning Standards: A Review of Connections between New Jersey Student Learning Standards and the National Core Arts Standards Conceptual Framework.

Music Education Standards and Assessment: A resource for music educators across the United States.

Education World: Any teacher can integrate music into his or her curriculum. No special training or skills are necessary. This week, Education World offers lesson plans that will show you how you can integrate music and make your core curriculum sing. http://www.educationworld.com/a lesson/lesson/lesson303.shtml

Arts Education Partnership: Site dedicated to securing a high quality arts education for every young person in America. <a href="http://www.aep-arts.org/">http://www.aep-arts.org/</a>

ArtsEdge: Free digital resource for teaching and learning in, through, and about the rts. <a href="https://artsedge.kennedy-center.org/educators.aspx">https://artsedge.kennedy-center.org/educators.aspx</a>

Education Closet: Professional development for integration of New Jersey Student Learning Standards and the Arts. <a href="http://educationcloset.com/">http://educationcloset.com/</a>

## **Evidence of Student Learning Assessment Design**

## What have you learned?

#### **Assessment:**

Other Evidence: Through what other evidence (work samples, observations, quizzes, tests, journals, benchmark, alternative assessments or other means) will students demonstrate achievement of the desired results. Formative and summative assessments used throughout the unit to arrive at the outcomes.

Suggested Writing Activities:

- Essay responses to non-fiction reading Food label activities

**Student Self-Assessment:** How will students reflect upon or self-assess their learning?

## **Modifications and Accommodations for Differentiation Strategies:**

<u>Students with special needs:</u> Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Manipulatives, extra time, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

<u>Multilingual students:</u> Students will be supported according to the recommendations for "can do's" as outlined by WIDA based on the student's level of English Language Proficiency (ELP). - <a href="https://www.wida.us/standards/CAN">https://www.wida.us/standards/CAN</a> DOs/. Provide additional time as needed. Provide bilingual dictionaries for students who are literate in their first language.

<u>Students at risk of school failure:</u> Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success at first signs of failure student work will be reviewed to determine support this may include parent consultation, basic skills review, and differentiation strategies (i.e. provide vocabulary lists with user-friendly definitions, add images that illustrate the content).

<u>Gifted and Talented Students:</u> Students excelling in the mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high-level challenges related to reading and writing learning including variations in content, process, products, and learning environments.

#### Differentiation/Modifications

Curriculum Differentiation is a process teachers use to increase achievement by improving the match between the learner's unique characteristics: prior knowledge, cognitive level, learning style, motivation, strength or interest and various curriculum components: Nature of the objective, teaching activities, learning activities, resources and products. This broad notion applies to learners from a diverse range of abilities, including: Gifted and Talented, Multilingual Students, Students with Disabilities, and Students at Risk of School Failure. Music is a field of education that provides educators with a wealth of opportunities for differentiation, but also real challenges of meeting the needs of diverse learners. This addendum reveals pathways for music differentiation specific to four distinct student populations.

## Teachers can differentiate

- Content: What we teach and how we give students access to the information and ideas that matter
- Process: How students come to understand and "own" the knowledge, understanding, and skills essential to a topic
- Product: How a student demonstrates what he or she has come to know, understand and be able to do as a result of a segment of study

## According to students'

- Readiness-The current knowledge, understanding, and skill level a student has related to a particular sequence of learning
- Interest What a student enjoys learning about, thinking about, and doing
- Learning StyleA student's preferred mode of learning. It is influenced by learning style, intelligence preference, gender and culture

The NJ Visual and Performing Arts Model Curriculum <a href="https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/vpa/m/">https://www.state.nj.us/education/modelcurriculum/vpa/m/</a> contains an indepth overview for meeting the needs of diverse learners in Music. Many of these content specific suggestions are classroom ready.

Gifted and Talented (content, process, product and learning environment)	Multilingual Learners	Students with Disabilities (appropriate accommodations, instructional adaptations, and/or modifications as determined by the IEP or 504 team)	Students at Risk of School Failure
N.J.A.C. 6A:8-3.1 Curriculum and instruction  District boards of education shall develop appropriate curricular and instructional modifications	The purpose of adaptations is to reduce the complexity of the language, not the depth of the subject content. By lowering the language barrier and making the lessons as comprehensible as	Participation in and benefit from Visual and Performing Arts: Students with disabilities demonstrate a broad range of learning, cognitive, communication, physical,	Districts are required to administer grade level benchmark and/or interim assessments in Music  After each administration, districts should analyze the data

used for gifted and talented students indicating content, process, products, and learning environment.

Sample Differentiation Strategies and Techniques that apply to Music

#### **Acceleration:**

Involves grade-skipping or changing the rate of presentation of the general curriculum to enable the student to complete the program in less time than usual. Acceleration can occur in any subject area. Middle school students should be able to take high school courses; high school students take college courses with appropriate credit accrued. Some provision must be made

for continued acceleration or high-level enrichment. Unless the student has a pre-identified problem, social or emotional development should not inhibit acceleration. Acceleration can be achieved through the following:

- flexible pacing
- content acceleration
- early entrance to school
- multi-age classes
- compacting

possible, the students' ability to understand is increased. Two factors will influence the student's ability: (1) the level of familiarity the student has with the content; and (2) the degree to which the content is given meaning through visuals such as pictures, charts, and diagrams. Nonlinguistic cues enable the student to comprehend the material and the teacher's messages. The aim is to lower the language barrier by making the classroom communication simple, clear, and meaningful to the student. Students may sound "fluent" in a social setting but have difficulty with "academic" language. Students will go through stages of silence, then mimicking the language before using the language spontaneously.

## **Prepare for the Student**

- Work with
   Multilingual/Bilingual
   teacher to identify key
   objectives, skills, and
   concepts prior to
   introducing a unit.
- Have students retell in their own words before attempting the task.

sensory, and social/emotional differences that may necessitate adaptations to the general education program. Each pupil manifests his or her learning abilities, learning style, and learning preferences in a unique way. Consequently, the type of adaptations needed and the program in which the adaptations will be implemented are determined individually within the IEP or 504 planning processes.

Dance, music, theater, and visual arts require different forms of participation. The adaptations for the arts classroom are instructional as well as physical. Some adaptations may structure students' learning in an explicit and systematic way, including presenting and organizing instruction. An example of instructional adaptation may be placing greater emphasis on foundation skills.

## **Classroom Organization:**

Students with disabilities may require specific adaptations in the classroom in order for them to participate. Participation is to identify which students are at-risk in this content area.

## **Classroom Organization:**

Students with disabilities may require specific adaptations in the classroom in order for them to participate. Participation is enhanced by classroom organization and an environment that will maximize the students' attention, comfort, interaction, peer/adult communication, independence, and mobility. Some considerations are instructional grouping, individual support, environmental conditions, and adaptive equipment.

Instructional Presentation: The primary purpose of these adaptations is to provide special education students with teacher-initiated and teacher-directed interventions that prepare students for learning and engage students in the learning process (Instructional Preparation); structure and organize information (Instructional Prompts); and foster

- college course work
- early college admission
- advanced placement

## **Sample Resource:**

'http://www.nagc.org/sites/defa ult/files/Advocacy/Acceleration %20Policy%20Guidelines.pdf

http://www.psikiyatr.com/other/learninghandbook.pdf

Enrichment-way to meet the differentiated needs of exceptionally able students. Well-articulated assignments that require higher cognitive processing, in-depth content, and alternate modes of communication can be effective and stimulating. Acceleration can be achieved by:

- alternate learning activities/units
- independent study
- advanced thinking processes
- guest speakers
- mentors/internships
- alternate resources
- exchange programs

 Allow multilingual teacher to reiterate key concepts in simple English or student's language.

## Preparing students for the lesson:

- Building Background
   Information through
   brainstorming, semantic
   webbing, use of visual
   aids and other
   comprehension strategies.
- Simplifying Language for Presentation by using speech that is appropriate to students' language proficiency level. Avoid jargon and idiomatic speech.
- Developing Content Area
   Vocabulary through the use
   of word walls and labeling
   classroom objects.
   Students encounter new
   academic vocabulary in
   music.
- Concept

Development-Students will be learning about instruments, rhythm, and many new concepts.

enhanced by classroom organization and an environment that will maximize the students' attention, comfort, interaction, peer/adult communication, independence, and mobility. Some considerations are instructional grouping, individual support, environmental conditions, and adaptive equipment.

Instructional Presentation: The primary purpose of these adaptations is to provide special education students with teacher-initiated and teacher-directed interventions that prepare students for learning and engage students in the learning process (Instructional Preparation); structure and organize information (Instructional Prompts); and foster understanding of new concepts and processes (Instructional Applications)

## Preparation

- · Preview materials to increase interest
- · Use organizing tools highlight key ideas

understanding of new concepts and processes (Instructional Applications)

## Preparation

- · Preview materials to increase interest
- · Use organizing tools highlight key ideas
- · Use questioning techniques to elicit prior knowledge Prompts
- Mnemonics
- · Repeat and clarify directions
- · Segment techniques and task analysis

## **Application**

- · Dramatization
- · Props/manipulatives to relate to experience
- · Simulations
- · Games/puzzles to generalize information

#### **Instructional Monitoring**:

Frequent monitoring of the performance and progress of students with disabilities is essential to ensure that students are, in fact, understanding and benefiting from learning activities. Monitoring provides teachers with a means of obtaining information about students and their ability to

#### Sample resource:

http://www.kidsguidenj.com/enri chment/music.html

http://www.njschoolofmusic.com

Grouping: involves placing students of like ability together in homogeneous arrangements such as special classes or clustering in the same classroom. Grouping allows for more appropriate, rapid, and advanced instruction and challenges students without isolating them.

Flexible grouping is a range of grouping students together for delivering instruction. This can be as a whole class, a small group, or with a partner. Flexible grouping creates temporary groups that can last an hour, a week, or even a month.

Different Types of Grouping:

- Self-contained class
- Pullout program
- Cluster grouping in the regular classroom
- Honors and enriched classes
- Seminars
- Resource centers

• Giving Directions-Stated clearly and distinctly and delivered in both written and oral forms to ensure that LEP students understand the task. In addition, students should be provided with/or have access to directional words such as: circle, write, draw, cut, underline, etc.

#### **Prepare Instruction**

- Eliminate peripheral information.
- Translate abstract to concrete.
- Build background information with brainstorming, semantic webbing, and maps/graphics, photos, illustrations, and videos.
- Use KWL Charts
- Slowly expand the amount of material being learned.
- Maintain consistent classroom procedures/routines for prediction and comfort level.
- Share routine expectations.

- · Use questioning techniques to elicit prior knowledge Prompts
- Mnemonics
- Repeat and clarify directions
- · Segment techniques and task analysis

## **Application**

- · Dramatization
- · Props/manipulatives to relate to experience
- Simulations
- · Games/puzzles to generalize information

#### **Instructional Monitoring**:

Frequent monitoring of the performance and progress of students with disabilities is essential to ensure that students are, in fact, understanding and benefiting from learning activities. Monitoring provides teachers with a means of obtaining information about students and their ability to participate effectively in activities. Monitoring also provides a means for teachers to determine when and how to adjust instruction and provides supports to promote student development. Equally important is student self-monitoring,

participate effectively in activities. Monitoring also provides a means for teachers to determine when and how to adjust instruction and provides supports to promote student development. Equally important is student self-monitoring, self-evaluation, and self-management to promote student self-reflection and self-direction regarding task demands, goal attainment, and performance accuracy.

- Goal Setting
- · Anecdotal records
- Portfolios
- · Videos
- · Audio Tapes
- Student Contracts

#### **Student Motivation:**

Expanding student motivation to learn content in music can occur through: activity choice, appeal to diverse learning styles, choice to work with others or alone, hands-on activities, and multimodal activities.

#### **Student Response:**

Students with disabilities may require specific adaptations in

Course: Keyboard/Piano

## **Pacing Guide**

Rehearsal/Performance Techniques	ongoing
Music Notational Literacy	ongoing
Demonstrate Productive Rehearsal Habits	ongoing
Non-traditional music and music of diverse cultures	ongoing
Analyze and evaluate musical examples	ongoing
Music connects us to history, culture, heritage, community and develops a life long appreciation	ongoing

## COURSE: KEYBOARD/PIANO 2020 NJ Student Learning Standards - 1.3D Music Harmonizing Instruments Standards

## **Creating**

## Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.

Enduring Understanding: The creative ideas, concepts, and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

**Essential Question: How do musicians generate creative ideas?** 

Practice: Imagine

## Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.

**Essential Question: How do musicians make creative decisions?** 

Practices: Plan, Make

## Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence, and the application of appropriate criteria.

Essential Question: How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?

Practices: Evaluate, Refine

## **Performing**

## Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing and interpreting work.

Enduring Understanding: Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.

**Essential Question: How do performers select repertoire?** 

Practices: Select, Analyze, Interpret

## Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.

Enduring Understanding: To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Essential Question: How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?

Practices: Rehearse, Evaluate, Refine

## Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place, and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.

Essential Question: When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?

Practice: Present

## Responding

## Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.

Enduring Understandings: Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music. New Jersey Department of Education June 2020 91

Essential Questions: How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?

Practices: Select, Analyze

## **Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.**

Enduring Understanding: Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers.

Essential Question: How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

Practice: Interpret

## Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

Enduring Understanding: The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation and established criteria.

Essential Question: How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

Practice: Evaluate

## **Connecting**

## Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

Essential Question: How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

Practice: Interconnection

## Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding.

Enduring Understanding: Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas and knowledge to creating, performing and responding. Essential

Question: How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Practice: Interconnection

Content Area: Music New Jersey Music Anchor Standards

#	STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES	New Jersey Music Anchor Standards
1	Aurally and visually identify melodic and/or rhythmic motifs and identify changes in time signature, tempo, rhythm, melody, harmonic and timbre that are the same, different and/or recurring.	4
2	Identify the genre and historical period and culture of various musical selections, using identifying elements such as tempo, rhythm, melody, harmony and timbre.	4, 11
3	Analyze compositions from different world cultures and genres with respect to technique, musicality, and stylistic nuance, and sight-read/ or play simple pieces from at least two cultures or genres, with technical accuracy, appropriate musicality, and the relevant stylistic nuance.	7, 10, 11
4	Perform and record a musical selection (using a digital recording device or program such as Smart Music) and use self evaluation and/or class critique to identify what was performed well technically and where additional practice/study would improve performance and assist in accomplishing musical objectives. Record the same selection again and compare and contrast the two performances and set new performance goals.	2, 5, 9
5	Content Statement: Understanding nuanced stylistic differences among various genres of music is a component of musical fluency. Meter, rhythm, tonality, and harmonics are determining factors in the categorization of musical genres.  Cumulative Progress Indicator: Examine how aspects of meter, rhythm, tonality, intervals, chords, and harmonic progressions are organized and manipulated to establish unity and variety in genres of musical compositions.	9
6	Content Statement: Cultural and historical events impact art-making as well as how audiences respond to works of art.  Cumulative Progress Indicator: Determine how dance, music, theater, and visual art have influenced world cultures throughout history.	8,9,11

Course: Ke	eyboard/Piano PVRHSD CURRICULUM MAP	Grade Level: 9, 10, 11, 12
7	Content Statement: Access to the arts has a positive influence on the quality of an individual's lifelong learning, personal expression, and contributions to community and citizenship.  Cumulative Progress Indicator: Justify the impact of innovations in the arts (e.g., the	

availability of music online) on societal norms and habits of mind in various historical eras.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES	SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES	MATERIALS	ASSESSMENT	New Jersey Student Learning Standards (NJSLS)
Content Theme Practice/performance techniques				2020 NJSLS-VPA
<ul> <li>Play alone, and with others, a varied repertoire of music, representing significant historical periods and styles. This includes Renaissance, Baroque, Classical, as well as non-classical choral literature from musically valid popular genres (Broadway, film, jazz, patriotic)</li> <li>Demonstrate an awareness of and beginning proficiency in the use of distinctive stylistic choices befitting different genres and historical periods.</li> <li>Perform excerpts with technical accuracy, appropriate musicality, and the relevant stylistic nuance.</li> <li>Develop ensemble skills while performing with other students in the class as well as accompanying other instrumentalists.</li> <li>Perform music as indicated, with proper styling and using musical elements.</li> <li>Perform music written for both hands.</li> <li>Demonstrate proper sitting posture.</li> </ul>	Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually  • Learning keyboard literature  • Learning how to play each hand independently and how to play both hands together  • Perform a wide variety of keyboard music from all genres  • Individual and small group practice  • Music theory incorporation  • Sight Reading of appropriate levels  • Through listening examples, demonstrate the wide variety of musical styles needed to perform  • Public performances  • In school performances	<ul> <li>Piano Literature of appropriate level</li> <li>Practice time</li> <li>Listening to keyboard music performed by accomplished pianists.</li> <li>Recordings / YouTube</li> <li>Instrumental playing demonstrations</li> <li>Sight Reading books</li> <li>Scale/arpeggio books</li> <li>Individual and ensemble method books</li> <li>Online resources:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In class and public performances</li> <li>Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning</li> <li>Online video /audio performance submissions via Canvas platform</li> <li>Teacher evaluations and critiques</li> <li>Online video /audio performance submissions via Canvas platform for evaluation performance submissions via Canvas platform for evaluation purposes</li> <li>Peer critiques</li> </ul>	Anchor Standard 1 Anchor Standard 2 Anchor Standard 3 Anchor Standard 4 Anchor Standard 5 Anchor Standard 6

<ul> <li>Demonstrate an awareness of, and acquire proficiency in the use of, diaphragmatic breathing techniques.</li> <li>Exhibit proper performance etiquette</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Field trips</li> <li>Other activities which involve piano performances</li> <li>Community service performances</li> </ul>	Sight-Reading Factory Youtube Mp3 Files  Materials from a variety of styles and cultures  Teacher adapted materials  Other pedagogical materials  Cooperative learning/peer tutoring		2020
Content Theme: Music Notational Literacy  Students will be able to:  • Understand nuanced stylistic differences among various genres of music is a component of musical fluency. Meter, rhythm, tonality, and harmonics are determining factors in the categorization of musical genres.	Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually  Music theory incorporation  Sight Reading of appropriate levels  Through listening examples, demonstrate the wide variety of musical styles needed to perform  Public performances	<ul> <li>Piano Literature of appropriate level</li> <li>Practice time</li> <li>Listening to keyboard music performed by accomplished pianists.</li> <li>Recordings / YouTube</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In class and public performances</li> <li>Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning</li> <li>Online video /audio performance submissions via</li> </ul>	Anchor Standard 7 Anchor Standard 8 Anchor Standard 9

- Demonstrate an increasing ability to recognize and interpret the terms and symbols of music
- Analyze compositions from different world cultures and genres with respect to technique, musicality, and stylistic nuance.
- Identify the meter of two or more musical examples (i.e. 2/4, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, 4/4, 6/8.) and replicate selected rhythm patterns from a musical example.
- Identify and distinguish between a single melodic line, a single melodic line with harmonic accompaniment, a progression of chords, or a combination of melody and harmony.
- Aurally and visually identify melodic and/or rhythmic motifs and identify changes in time signature, tempo, rhythm, melody, harmonic and timbre that are the same, different and/or recurring.
- Read and interpret how music impacts musical fluency.

- In school performances
- Learning about music theory based on the current piano repertoire
- Play a wide variety of keyboard music from all genres and understand the differences in style/theory behind
- Music theory incorporation
- Through listening examples, learn about the theory and organization of piano repertoire.

- Instrumental playing demonstrations
- Sight Reading books
- Scale/arpeggio books
- Individual and ensemble method books
- Online resources:

Sight-Reading Factory YouTube Mp3 Files

- Materials from a variety of styles and cultures
- Teacher adapted materials
- Other pedagogical materials
- Cooperative learning/peer tutoring

Canvas platform for evaluation purposes

- Teacher evaluations and critiques
- Peer critiques

2020 NJSLS-VPA

In class and public performances

Anchor Standard 1 Anchor Standard 2

Content Theme: Demonstrate Productive Rehearsal Habits  Students will be able to:  • Exhibit respect for the collaborative rehearsal process through preparation, conscientious attendance, alertness, energetic participation, and ready cooperation.  • Contribute positively to the risk-taking rehearsal environment by showing patience, kindness, and respect to classmates and instructors  • Assist in the organization and care of supplies, facilities, and equipment.  • Demonstrate knowledge, use, and care of piano or keyboard as a performing instrument.  • Exhibit commendable performance etiquette.	Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually  Rehearsal drills with varied rhythmic and notational demands.  Sight-reading  Class rehearsal with music requiring notational understanding.  Individual and small group practice  performances in the school  Community service performances	<ul> <li>Individual and ensemble method books</li> <li>Online resources:         Sight-Reading Factory         YouTube         Mp3 Files</li> <li>Printed music</li> <li>Materials from a variety of styles and cultures</li> <li>Teacher adapted materials</li> <li>Other pedagogical materials</li> <li>Cooperative learning/peer tutoring</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning</li> <li>Online video /audio performance submissions via Canvas platform for evaluation purposes</li> <li>Teacher evaluations and critiques</li> <li>Peer critiques</li> </ul>	Anchor Standard 3 Anchor Standard 4 Anchor Standard 5 Anchor Standard 6
Content Theme: Non-traditional music and music of diverse cultures.		<ul> <li>Individual and ensemble method books</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In class and public performances</li> <li>Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at</li> </ul>	2020 NJSLS-VPA  Anchor Standard 7 Anchor Standard 8 Anchor Standard 9

<ul> <li>Students will be able to:</li> <li>Through music, students will be able to develop essential skills of communication and creativity</li> <li>Rehearse and perform music from diverse cultures and non-traditional styles.</li> <li>Perform with sensitivity, correct dynamics, phrasing, expression, and style.</li> <li>Study music of other cultures, compare and contrast western and non-western music.</li> <li>Perform and enjoy music related to various cultures, times, and places.</li> </ul>	Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually  Individual and small group practice  Full rehearsals and performances  Supplementary rehearsals  Public performances  In school performances  Community service performances	<ul> <li>Online resources:         Sight-Reading         Factory         YouTube         Mp3 Files</li> <li>Printed music</li> <li>Materials from a         variety of styles         and cultures</li> <li>Teacher adapted         materials</li> <li>Other         pedagogical         materials</li> <li>Cooperative         learning/peer         tutoring</li> </ul>	different points in their learning  Online video /audio performance submissions via Canvas platform for evaluation purposes  Teacher evaluations and critiques  Peer critiques	Anchor Standard 10 Anchor Standard 11
			In class and public performances	2020 NJSLS-VPA
Content Theme:	Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually	<ul> <li>Individual and ensemble method books</li> <li>Online resources: Sight-Reading Factory</li> </ul>	• Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning	Anchor Standard 7 Anchor Standard 8 Anchor Standard 9 Anchor Standard 10

#### **Musical connections**

Music connects us to history, culture, heritage, communities and develops a lifelong appreciation.

#### Students will be able to:

- Develop life-long learning and appreciation of music
- Demonstrate how people celebrate, mourn, create, communicate ideas, help others, express feelings, come together, and/or enjoy themselves through music.
- Explore the diverse music related careers other than performance: both vocational and avocational.
- Explain what the music experienced above means personally.
- Evaluate how the study of music expands the ability to communicate with and understand others
- Experience how music can be a joyful part of daily activities.
- Make music while developing interpersonal skills and fostering success in working with others.

- Individual and small group practice
- Sight-reading
- Full rehearsals and performances
- Supplementary rehearsals
- In school performances
- Field trips
- Other activities which involve vocal performances in the total school curriculum
- Attendance at concert performances

- YouTube Mp3 Files
- Printed music
- Materials from a variety of styles and cultures
- Teacher adapted materials
- Other pedagogical materials
- Cooperative learning/peer tutoring

- Online video
  /audio
  performance
  submissions via
  Canvas platform
  for evaluation
  purposes
- Teacher evaluations and critiques
- Peer critiques

Anchor Standard 11

•	Make music as a vehicle to be of service
	to others.

- Explore careers in music as well as outlets for avocational music.
- Identify many of the diversified options available to students through local and other programs at colleges and universities.

#### **Content Theme:**

Analyze and evaluate musical examples.

#### Students will be able to:

- List important criteria for determining the quality of a music performance.
- Evaluate, using this list, strengths and weaknesses in performance, and prepare suggestions for improvement.
- Demonstrate proper behavior while at a concert.
- Compare/contrast live musical performances with recordings.
- Describe, using the vocabulary of music, musical events as they occur in performance repertoire or in recorded examples.
- Analyze what the music is communicating and how.
- Make value judgments based on effectiveness of musical events and expressive effects.

# Note: These activities are conducted in-person or virtually

- In addition to rehearsal and note preparation, review musical forms, harmonic structures, and use of musical notation to create emotion.
- Attendance at musical performances.
- Full rehearsals and performances
- Supplementary rehearsals
- Public performances
- In school performances

- Individual and ensemble method books
- Online resources:
  Sight-Reading
  Factory
  YouTube
  Mp3 Files
- Printed music
- Materials from a variety of styles and cultures
- Teacher adapted materials
- Other pedagogical materials
- Cooperative learning/peer tutoring

- In class and public performances
- Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning
- Online video
  /audio
  performance
  submissions via
  Canvas platform
  for evaluation
  purposes
- Teacher evaluations and critiques
- Peer critiques
- In class and public performances
- Record and have students listen to and evaluate their performance at different points in their learning
- Online video /audio

## 2020 NJSLS-VPA

Anchor Standard 7 Anchor Standard 8 Anchor Standard 9 Anchor Standard 10 Anchor Standard 11 Anchor

2020 NJSLS-VPA

Anchor Standard 7 Anchor Standard 8 Anchor Standard 9 Anchor Standard 10 Anchor Standard 11

submissions via Canvas platform for evaluation	
<ul> <li>purposes</li> <li>Teacher evaluations and critiques</li> <li>Peer critiques</li> </ul>	

Grade Level: 9, 10, 11, 12

PVRHSD CURRICULUM MAP

Course: Keyboard/Piano