Pascack Valley Regional High School District

Pascack Hills High School, Montvale, New Jersey Pascack Valley High School, Hillsdale, New Jersey

Course Name: Statistics II

Born On: August, 2017

Previous Revision: August, 2020 Current Revision: August, 2023

Board Approval: 8/28/23

Course: Statistics II PVRHSD CURRICULUM MAP Grade Level: 11, 12

COURSE DESCRIPTION: Statistics II

Statistics II is a half-year, 2.5 credit course that builds on the knowledge and skills students will develop in Statistics I. Students will learn to compute probabilities and run simulations for situations where probability cannot be computed. Students will also be able to determine whether a finding is statistically significant through the creation of confidence intervals and hypothesis testing. 11th and 12th grade students enrolled in Statistics I and Statistics II have the option of earning college credit by registering with William Paterson University at a reduced price but at student expense. Please note that dual enrollment is not required, and that the course will have the same requirements and expectations whether or not students elect to register for college credit.

All mathematics courses in the Pascack Valley Regional High School District *are* designed to address multiple learning styles and needs, and accommodations and modifications are made for students with disabilities, multilingual students, students at risk of failure, gifted and talented students, and students with 504 plans. Students are encouraged to analyze data using tools and models to make valid and reliable claims (9.4.12.IML.3), and various technologies are integrated throughout the curriculum, including scientific calculators, graphing calculators, specialized software, and various Internet programs and subscriptions. These tools enrich the curriculum by giving students' access to additional mathematical representations, and they also help to differentiate by providing students with additional options to engage with mathematical tasks.

The Pascack Valley Regional High School Mathematics Department integrates 21st century life and career skills across its courses, with the dual goal of informing students about careers and fields of study that use mathematics (9.3.ST.5, 9.3.ST-ET.5 and 9.3.ST-SM.2), and helping students improve the quantitative, mathematical, and statistical reasoning skills they will need to be effective producers and consumers of quantitative information in their everyday lives (9.2.12.CAP.2). Mathematics courses address the *New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Career Readiness, Life Literacies and Key Skills*, with a particular emphasis on demonstrating the ability to reflect, analyze and use creative skills and ideas (9.4.12.CI.1), investigating new challenges and opportunities for personal growth, advancement and transition (9.4.12.CI.3), identifying problem-solving strategies used in the development of an innovative product or practice (9.4.12.CT.1), and explaining the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (9.4.12.CT.2). Mathematics courses also address the *New Jersey Student Learning Standards for English Language Arts Companion Standards*, with a particular focus on following complex multistep procedures (RST.9-10.3/RST.11-12.3), determining the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases (RST.9-10.4/RST.11-12.3), and translating quantitative or technical information expressed in words into visual forms and translating information expressed visually or mathematically into words (RST.9-10.7). Similarly, the mathematics department seeks to support students by providing them with opportunities to use quantitative, statistical, and mathematical reasoning in interdisciplinary contexts, in contexts that are meaningful to students, and in contexts that attend to the contributions and perspectives of historically marginalized groups. Specifically, mathematics courses will look to incorporate, when appropriate,

contributions and experiences of people from the LGBTQ+ community and individuals with disabilities, and references to issues of social and cultural relevance, including climate change.

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Content/Topic:	Key Learning Items/Concepts and Pacing Guide	Observable Proficiencies and Skills:	NJSLS	Formative, Summative, Benchmark, and Alternative Assessments	Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials/ Modifications and Accommodations
Unit 4 – Simulations Time: 2-3 weeks (See next column for specific time frames) Content Statement: Students will understand how to create and evaluate simulations of random events. Enduring Understandings: Observational studies are not always practical or available for determining numeric probabilities and expected values. Carefully crafted simulations can effectively determine probabilities and expected values. Random numbers may be	Key learning items/concepts: Design and simulations to match a variety of scenarios (2 days) Conduct a variety of simulations -lab replications (roll actual dice, toss actual coins) (2 days) -random number simulations with tables and technology (4 days) Content-specific modifications and accommodations - use multiple representations and technology to support conceptual understanding - allow calculator use to focus attention on conceptual understanding Interdisciplinary/additional connections	Proficiencies: Students will be able to design and conduct simulations to match scenarios. Students will be able to assess candidate simulations. Students will be able to properly assign random numbers. Skills: Design simulations	NJSLS Content Standards S-IC 2 NJSLS SMP MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them MP2. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others MP3. Reason abstractly and quantitatively MP4. Model with mathematics MP5. Attend to precision MP6. Use appropriate tools strategically MP7. Look for and make use of structure MP8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning NJSLS for ELA Companion Standards	Students will be assessed regularly throughout this course, with a focus on both conceptual understanding and procedural fluency. Assessment tools may include the following: - quizzes (F) - tests (S) - performance tasks (F/S) - projects (S) - homework (F) - discussions (F) - journals (F) - Form A, B, or C benchmark (B) - alternative assessments (A) - conduct simulations (F)	Selection of primary sources Suggestion(s): Texts: STATS Modeling The World 3rd Edition Bock, Velleman, De Veaux; College Board problems (advanced); Deltamath (remediation, on grade level, and advanced) Resources: - Core Math Tools - Microsoft Excel - Fathom - TI-83/84 Calculator Modifications and Accommodations: Students with special needs: Teachers and support staff will attend to all modifications and accommodations listed in students' IEPs and 504s. Teachers will incorporate manipulatives, extra time, alternative assessments, scaffolding, spiraling, technology, and flexible grouping to support student learning. Multilingual students: Teachers and

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used as surrogates for lab	- draw on contexts with	Assign	RST.9-10.3		support staff will work to support
replications of scenarios,	applications from other fields	random	RST.9-10.4		multilingual students in their first
but the assignments of the	- draw on contexts with climate	numbers	RST.9-10.7		language and in English, providing
numbers must match the	change applications		RST.11-12.3		materials and/or resources to support
inherent probability of the	- draw on contexts from	Conduct	RST.11-12.4		students' understanding. Students will
scenario.	diverse populations	simulations			be given additional time, as
Section 10.	1 1	Silliulations	NJSLS-CLKS		appropriate, and translation tools will
			- 21st Century Life		be utilized as needed.
			and Careers		Students at risk of school failure:
			9.4.12.CI.1		Formative and summative data will be
			9.4.12.CI.3		used to monitor student success, and
			9.4.12.CT.1		students at risk of failure will receive
			9.4.12.CT.2		additional supports and services,
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		which may include parent
			- Technology		consultation, extra help, and
			9.4.12.IML.3		differentiation strategies, including
			9.4.12.TL.2		small group instruction, group work,
			9.4.12.IML.4		scaffolding, and spiraling.
			9.4.12.IML.9		Gifted and Talented Students:
			9.4.12.IML.10		Students who excel in their mastery of
			7.1.12.11.1E.110		course standards will be further
			- Career Education		challenged with more complex tasks,
			9.2.12.CAP.2		extensions of concepts and skills, and
			9.3.ST.5		extended problem solving and critical
			9.3.ST-ET.5		thinking opportunities.
			9.3.ST-SM.2		tilliking opportunities.
			7.5.51 511.2		
			NJSLS – CSDT		
			8.1.12.DA.1		
			8.1.12.DA.5		
			8.1.12.DA.6		
			8.1.12.DA.0 8.1.12.AP.1		
			8.2.12.ETW.2		
			0.4.14.E1 W.4		

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Unit 5 - Probability Time: 6-7 weeks (See next column for specific time frames) Content Statement: Students will gain the skills to compute the likelihood of a variety of events. Enduring Understandings: The multiplication and addition rules can allow computation of a variety of likelihoods. Venn and tree diagrams can be used to organize information and aid computation of probability.	Key learning items/concepts: Addition and multiplication rules (5 days) Expected Value calculations and project (6 days) Geometric probability (3 days) Uses of permutations and combinations to compute probability plus binomial probability (7 days) Probability using Venn diagrams and 2-way tables with conditional probability (5 days) Probability trees and conditional probability (5 days) Content-specific modifications	Proficiencies: Students will be able to compute probability in a variety of situations, including conditional probability. Students will be able to compute the expected value of games of chance and warranties or insurance. Skills: Choosing when to apply the multiplication rule and the	S-CP 1 S-CP 2 S-CP 3 S-CP 4 S-CP 5 S-CP 6 S-CP 7 S-MD 1 S-MD 2 S-MD 3 S-MD 4 NJSLS SMP MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them MP2. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others MP3. Reason abstractly and quantitatively MP4. Model with mathematics MP5. Attend to precision MP6. Use appropriate tools strategically MP7. Look for and make use of structure MP8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning	Students will be assessed regularly throughout this course, with a focus on both conceptual understanding and procedural fluency. Assessment tools may include the following: - quizzes (F) - tests (S) - performance tasks (F/S) - projects (S) - homework (F) - discussions (F) - journals (F) - Form A, B, or C benchmark (B) - alternative assessments (A) - project-based expected value computations (S)	Selection of primary sources Suggestion(s): Texts: STATS Modeling The World 3rd Edition Bock, Velleman, De Veaux; College Board problems (advanced); Deltamath (remediation, on grade level, and advanced) Resources: - Core Math Tools - Microsoft Excel - Fathom - TI-83/84 Calculator Modifications and Accommodations: Students with special needs: Teachers and support staff will attend to all modifications and accommodations listed in students' IEPs and 504s. Teachers will incorporate manipulatives, extra time, alternative assessments, scaffolding, spiraling, technology, and flexible grouping to support

	Expected Value can be used to give a value to games of chance, warranties and insurance contracts.	and accommodations - use multiple representations and technology to support conceptual understanding - allow calculator use to focus attention on conceptual understanding Interdisciplinary/additional connections - draw on contexts with applications from other fields - draw on contexts with climate change applications - draw on contexts from diverse populations	addition rules Choosing when to use Permutations and Combinations Choosing when to use Venn Diagrams and/or trees to compute probability Organizing information to complete expected value calculations	NJSLS for ELA Companion Standards RST.9-10.3 RST.9-10.4 RST.9-10.7 RST.11-12.3 RST.11-12.4 NJSLS-CLKS - 21st Century Life and Careers 9.4.12.CI.1 9.4.12.CI.3 9.4.12.CT.1 9.4.12.CT.2 - Technology 9.4.12.IML.3 9.4.12.IML.3 9.4.12.IML.4 9.4.12.IML.9 9.4.12.IML.9 9.4.12.IML.10 - Career Education 9.2.12.CAP.2 9.3.ST.5 9.3.ST-ET.5 9.3.ST-SM.2 NJSLS - CSDT 8.1.12.DA.1 8.1.12.DA.5 8.1.12.DA.6 8.1.12.DA.6 8.1.12.AP.1	Multilingual students: Teachers and support staff will work to support multilingual students in their first language and in English, providing materials and/or resources to support students' understanding. Students will be given additional time, as appropriate, and translation tools will be utilized as needed. Students at risk of school failure: Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success, and students at risk of failure will receive additional supports and services, which may include parent consultation, extra help, and differentiation strategies, including small group instruction, group work, scaffolding, and spiraling. Gifted and Talented Students: Students who excel in their mastery of course standards will be further challenged with more complex tasks, extensions of concepts and skills, and extended problem solving and critical thinking opportunities.
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Unit 6 – Confidence intervals and hypothesis testing Time: 9-10 weeks (See next column for specific time frames) Content Statement: Students will be able to evaluate findings to determine if they are statistically significant. Enduring Understandings: The Central Limit Theorem assures that for a large enough sample size, all sample distributions are normally distributed. Confidence intervals give an expression of likelihood for a stated statistic.	Explain and demonstrate how the CLT creates normal sampling distributions for proportions or means, predict probabilities of events using samples and the CLT for proportions only (4 days) Create and interpret confidence intervals for proportions (8 days) Conduct hypothesis testing for proportions (8 days) Analyze intervals and hypothesis tests for proportions, including identifying Types I and II errors (4 days) Use CLT to compute std dev and predict probabilities of events using means (4 days)	Proficiencies: Students will use the normal distribution to compute the likelihood of events occurring for proportions and means. Students will be able to provide and explain confidence intervals for proportions and means. Skills: Apply CLT for proportions and means	NJSLS Content Standards S-IC 1 S-IC 4 S-IC 5 NJSLS SMP MP1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them MP2. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others MP3. Reason abstractly and quantitatively MP4. Model with mathematics MP5. Attend to precision MP6. Use appropriate tools strategically MP7. Look for and make use of structure MP8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning NJSLS for ELA Companion	Students will be assessed regularly throughout this course, with a focus on both conceptual understanding and procedural fluency. Assessment tools may include the following: - quizzes (F) - tests (S) - performance tasks (F/S) - projects (S) - homework (F) - discussions (F) - journals (F) - Form A, B, or C benchmark (B) - alternative assessments (A) - capstone project to tie together the concepts of the CLT, confidence intervals and hypothesis testing	Selection of primary sources Suggestion(s): Texts: STATS Modeling The World 3rd Edition Bock, Velleman, De Veaux; College Board problems (advanced); Deltamath (remediation, on grade level, and advanced) Resources: - Core Math Tools - Microsoft Excel - Fathom - TI-83/84 Calculator Modifications and Accommodations: Students with special needs: Teachers and support staff will attend to all modifications and accommodations listed in students' IEPs and 504s. Teachers will incorporate manipulatives, extra time, alternative assessments, scaffolding, spiraling, technology, and flexible grouping to support

	Create and interpret confidence	Create and	Standards	(S)	student learning.
	_	describe	Standards	(3)	Multilingual students: Teachers
Hypothesis testing	intervals and hypothesis tests for	confidence	RST.9-10.3		and support staff will work to
allows educated	means using the t-distribution (4		RST.9-10.4		support multilingual students in
opinions on whether	days)	intervals for	RST.9-10.7		their first language and in English,
conclusions can be		proportions	RST.11-12.3		providing materials and/or
drawn from	Create and interpret confidence	and means			
observations.	intervals and hypothesis tests for		RST.11-12.4		resources to support students'
	the difference of two proportions	Choose	NICLO CLIZO		understanding. Students will be
The t-distribution	(4 days)	sample size to	NJSLS-CLKS		given additional time, as
must be used for		support a	- 21st Century Life		appropriate, and translation tools
intervals and tests on	Create and interpret confidence	given	and Careers		will be utilized as needed.
means.	intervals and hypothesis tests for	confidence	9.4.12.CI.1		Students at risk of school failure:
	the difference of two means (4	interval	9.4.12.CI.3		Formative and summative data will
	days)		9.4.12.CT.1		be used to monitor student success,
		Conduct and	9.4.12.CT.2		and students at risk of failure will
	Content-specific modifications and	analyze			receive additional supports and
	accommodations	hypothesis	- Technology		services, which may include parent
	- use multiple representations and	tests for	9.4.12.IML.3		consultation, extra help, and
	technology to support conceptual	proportions	9.4.12.TL.2		differentiation strategies, including
	understanding	and means	9.4.12.IML.4		small group instruction, group
	- allow calculator use to focus	and means	9.4.12.IML.9		work, scaffolding, and spiraling.
	attention on conceptual understanding		9.4.12.IML.10		Gifted and Talented Students:
	attention on conceptual understanding	Compare two			Students who excel in their mastery
	Intendicainline my/additional	proportions	- Career Education		of course standards will be further
	Interdisciplinary/additional		9.2.12.CAP.2		challenged with more complex
	connections	Compare two	9.3.ST.5		tasks, extensions of concepts and
	- draw on contexts with applications from other fields	means	9.3.ST-ET.5		skills, and extended problem
			9.3.ST-SM.2		solving and critical thinking
	- draw on contexts with climate				opportunities.
	change applications		NJSLS – CSDT		
	- draw on contexts from diverse		8.1.12.DA.1		
	populations		8.1.12.DA.5		
			8.1.12.DA.6		
			8.1.12.AP.1		
			8.2.12.ETW.2		