

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022



NEWARK CITY SCHOOLS . NEWARK, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

NEWARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

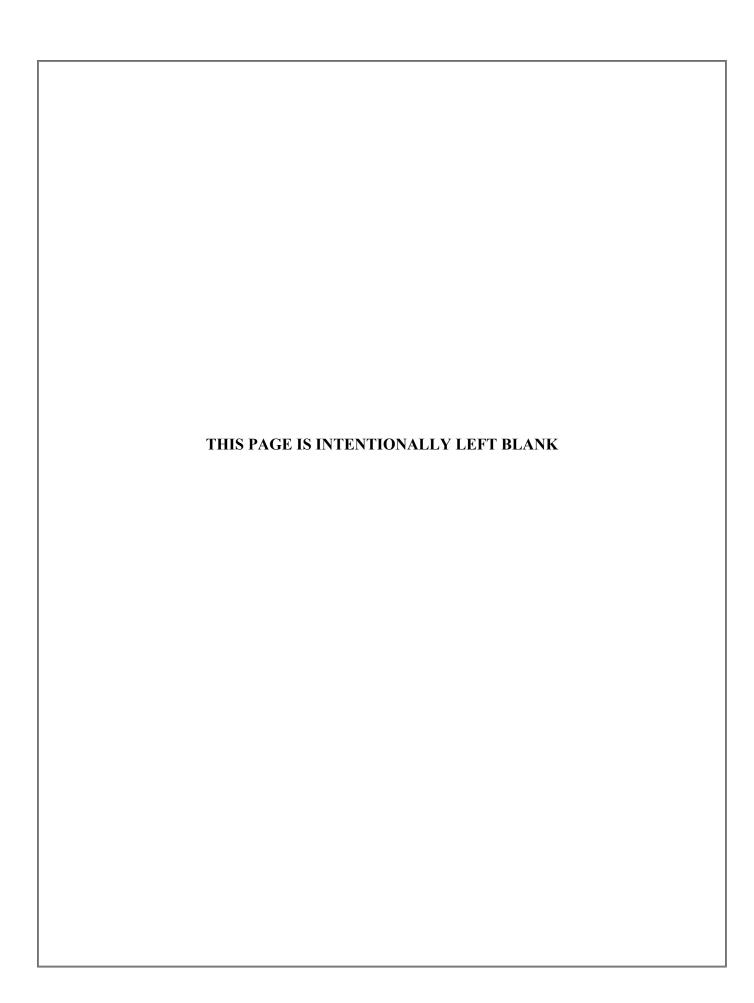
FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT
JULIO VALLADARES, TREASURER/CFO

621 MOUNT VERNON ROAD

NEWARK, OHIO 43055



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INTRODUCTORY SECTION
	Table of Contents
	Letter of Transmittal
	List of Principal Officers
	Organizational Chart
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting
II.	FINANCIAL SECTION
	INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
	MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:
	Statement of Net Position
	Statement of Activities
	Fund Financial Statements:
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
	Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position
	of Governmental Activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
	Balances - Governmental Funds
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
	Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund
	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in
	Net Position - Proprietary Fund
	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund
	Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:
	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:
	School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio
	State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio
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$REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION-(Continued):$

Schedule of District Pension Contributions:

School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	92-93
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	94-95
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:	
0.1 1.7 1 P. 1 0 (0770) 0.011	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	96-97
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	98-99
C. L. J. L. (D'. 4.' 4 OPED C. 44 'L-4'	
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	100-101
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) of Ohio	102-103
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	104-106
COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES:	
Fund Descriptions - Major Funds	108
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	109
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	110
Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	111-113
r und Descriptions - Nonnajor Special Revenue r unds	111-113
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	114-117
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	118-121
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Miscellaneous Grants Fund	122
District Managed Student Activity Fund	122
Auxiliary Services Fund	122
Student Managed Activity Fund	123
Public School Preschool Fund	123
Data Communications Fund	123
Special Trust Fund	123
	124
A :	124
Endowment Fund	124
Endowment Fund	125
Endowment Fund	125
Endowment Fund	125
Endowment Fund	125 125
Endowment Fund	125 125 126
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126 126
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127 127
Endowment Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127 127 127
Endowment Fund Student Wellness and Success Fund Miscellaneous State Grants Fund Title VI-B Fund Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund Title I Fund EHA Preschool Grant Fund Title II-A Fund Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund Food Service Fund Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund. Non-Competitive Supplemental Fund 21st Century Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127 127 128 128
Endowment Fund Student Wellness and Success Fund Miscellaneous State Grants Fund Title VI-B Fund Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund Title I Fund EHA Preschool Grant Fund Title II-A Fund Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund Food Service Fund Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund Non-Competitive Supplemental Fund 21st Century Fund Coronavirus Relief Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127 127 128 128
Endowment Fund Student Wellness and Success Fund Miscellaneous State Grants Fund Title VI-B Fund Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund Title I Fund EHA Preschool Grant Fund Title II-A Fund Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund Food Service Fund Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund. Non-Competitive Supplemental Fund 21st Century Fund	125 125 126 126 126 127 127 127 128 128

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES - (Continued):

Non	maior	Governmental	Funds	included	in the	General	Fund of	on (GAAP	basis:

	School Activity Trusts Fund
	Staff Trusts Fund
	Rotary Fund
	Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Debt Service Fund
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
	Debt Service Fund
	Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
	Permanent Improvement Fund
	Fund Description - Internal Service Fund
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
	Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund
I.	STATISTICAL SECTION
	Table of Contents
	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Years
	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Years
	Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago
	Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt - As of June 30, 2022
	Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years
	Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago
	Staffing Statistics, Full Time Equivalents by Type and Function -Last Ten Fiscal Years

STATISTICAL SECTION - (Continued):

Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	168-169
Capital Asset Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	170-171
School Building Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	172-175
Operating Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	176-177



December 22, 2022

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the Newark City School District:

We are pleased to submit to you the twentieth Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Newark City School District (the "District"). This ACFR, which includes an opinion from Ohio Auditor of State, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rest with the District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this ACFR and the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

State statute requires an annual audit by independent accountants. Julian & Grube, Inc. conducted the audit. The audit has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, generally accepted government auditing standards, and include a review of internal controls and test of compliance with Federal and State laws and regulations. The Independent Auditor's Report is included in the ACFR.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the District, as well as complement the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (discussed below). Unless noted otherwise, the financial data in this transmittal letter is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The District's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found on page 17 of the financial section of this report.

PROFILE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The City of Newark, the county seat of Licking County, is located approximately 33 miles east of Columbus in the central part of the State. The District serves an area of approximately 19 square miles and approximately 50,406 residents.

In the spring of 1802, General William Schenk platted around the ancient mounds of Central Ohio a settlement named after his hometown of Newark, New Jersey. There were many salt licks in the area and by 1808 the area known as Licking County was founded. In 1809 the first school was started in the Courthouse on the north side of the Town Square. James Maxwell was the first schoolteacher in this floorless room. The first official body designated as the Newark City Board of Education was formed in 1848.

The Board of Education (the "Board") of the District is composed of five members elected at large by the citizens of the District. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy initiator for the operation of the District. The Board is responsible for the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of the District. The Board is a body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02 of the Ohio Revised Code, and has only those powers and authority conferred upon it by the Code.

During fiscal year 2022, the District had 6,093 students enrolled in twelve schools: Carson Elementary, Cherry Valley Elementary, John Clem Elementary, Ben Franklin Elementary, Hillview Elementary, Legend Elementary, and McGuffey Elementary schools housing grades K through 5; Heritage Middle, Liberty Middle, and Wilson Middle housing grades 6 through 8; the Newark Digital Academy housing grades K through 12 and Newark High School housing grades 9 through 12.

The District provides a full range of traditional and non-traditional educational programs, services and facilities. These include elementary and secondary curriculum at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, special education programs and facilities.

Newark Catholic High School, St. Francis, Blessed Sacrament, and the Montessori School are located within the School District Service Area. The District acts as fiscal agent for state funds provided by the State of Ohio to these institutions. Revenues and expenditures of these schools are reported as a governmental activity of the District.

Internal Controls

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control required by Ohio Revised Code is at the fund level. The legal level of budgetary control imposed by the District (the highest level for which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level for all budgeted funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and are not re-appropriated.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The District is located approximately 33 miles from the metropolitan City of Columbus providing a wealth of opportunity for cultural, social and economic resources for its residents. Central Ohio Technical College and The Ohio State University of Newark share facilities at the Newark campus. Denison University is located in the adjoining Village of Granville. These colleges provide excellent educational opportunities for the Newark community.

The City of Newark offers an excellent opportunity for business growth and expansion. The City stimulates the economy through a diverse group of employers, from the small family operated business to the major commercial/industrial and service corporations. The five largest employers in the District in terms of numbers of employees are: Licking Memorial Hospital, Licking County Government, Newark City Schools, Anomatic Corporation and OSU-N/COTC.

Newark area businesses continue to manufacture and distribute a wide variety of products. Foremost among these products are plastics, insulation, prefabricated homes, prismatic reflectors, wiping cloths, quartz and specialty products, asphalt, automotive products, bricks, chemicals, electronic equipment, truck axles and transmissions, anodized aluminum products, wood veneer, dairy products, concrete products and many other industrial specialty items.

The District, during the 2009 and 2011 national recession was impacted regarding income tax revenues to the tune of collecting 3.5% less income tax. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, the local economy started to show signs of improvements that over the period of fiscal year 2016 through 2018, the District is collecting income tax revenues at an average of net 3.1%. For fiscal year 2019 income tax collections increased by 4.2%. For fiscal year 2020, income tax collections decreased by 7.8%. However, due to COVID-19, the District income tax collection in 2021 dropped by 0.02% or \$161,813 over the previous year.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The District prepares a five-year financial forecast annually for use as a tool for long range planning. The five-year forecast contains projected local and state revenues, spending patterns within each area of the budget, and cash balances in the District's operating fund. The five-year forecast provides early warning signs of potential financial problems.

The District uses the five-year forecast to provide a basis for making financial decisions, including the construction of the annual budget, adjustments to staffing levels, collective bargaining, and the placement of tax levies on the ballot. Recently, May 8, 2018, the District passed a 7.5 mil emergency property tax levy which would generate estimated annual revenues for the next 10 years of \$5.9 million. This levy will expire on December 31, 2029. The District's income tax levy was renewed for five years beginning January 2018 and is set to expire on December 31, 2022. This income tax levy was renewed at the election held on May 3, 2022 and will commence January 1, 2023.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Accomplishments for 2022

Financial

The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association for its fiscal year 2021 ACFR.

The District received the Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association for its fiscal year 2021 Popular Annual Financial Report.

The District is in the initial steps of centralizing the preschool program by acquiring an existing facility using ESSER funds and renovate it not only for the preschool program, but also for moving the digital academy and the Technology department into the new facility to allow for more space.

Instruction

The District obtains academic performance results from the State of Ohio's District report card. The District achieved the following grades on the 2021-2022 State of Ohio District report card:

Performance index 72.8% 4-year graduation 82.6% 5-year graduation 84.6%

*Closing the Gap *** Meets state standards in closing educational gaps.

^{*}FY22 - ODE switched to star rating

Achievement Tests

State and federal law requires testing students in grades 3 - 8 and high school in various subjects. During 2021-2022, the following tests were administered:

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3<sup>rd</sup> grade - reading and math
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High School end of course exams: Algebra, Geometry, Biology, American History, American Government and English LA2.

Student grades 9-12 - For each of the seven end-of-course state tests, a student earns one to five graduation points. Students have the potential to earn a total of 35 points. To meet this graduation pathway, a student must earn a minimum number of 18 points from the seven tests.

Retaking Exams - A Student who scores below Proficient on any end-of-course exam may retake the exam after receiving extra help from the school. A student scoring Proficient or higher can retake an exam only if he or she has taken all seven end-of-course exams and still is below the minimum point requirements. Any student who automatically earned three graduation points from a course can retake the exam for a higher score.

The percentage of High School students who have successfully passed the 2021-2022 End of Course Exams is listed here:

Algebra I	45.8%
Biology	63.0%
English II	57.9%
Geometry	36.5%
Government	69.6%
History	72.6%

INITIATIVES FOR 2022

Financial

To receive the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the GFOA for the District's fiscal year 2022 ACFR.

To receive the Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from the GFOA for the fiscal year 2022 Popular Annual Financial Report.

To stablish a health clinic for our students and staff to best serve their medical and dental needs.

To invest and enhance the District's social emotional needs programs to best serve our students, parents, staff, and community.

Instruction

- To improve the classroom technology by establishing a technology task force to assess all technology needs.
- To improve, continuously, the District's Graduation Rate.
- To achieve Annual Measurable Objectives as measured by the District's report card by improving
 the scores of students who are social economical disadvantaged with disabilities in reading and
 math
- Continue to implement the Ohio Improvement Process.

⁴th grade - reading and math

⁵th grade - reading, math, and science

^{6&}lt;sup>th</sup> grade – reading and math

^{7&}lt;sup>th</sup> grade - reading and math

⁸th grade - reading, math, and science

- To continue to implement and monitor the Response to Intervention (RtI) process.
- To evaluate high school textbook and instructional materials adoptions and purchase instructional materials as necessary.
- To continue to support staff and students for on-line assessments.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Newark City School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for their review.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the support and efforts of the staff in the Treasurer's office and many other dedicated employees of the District. Further appreciation is extended to the Licking County Auditor's office and the Newark City Auditor's office for their valuable research of records.

Respectfully submitted,

David Lewis

Superintendent

Julio Valladares Treasurer/CFO

NEWARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Board of Education

Tim Carr Board Member, President

Tom Bline Board Member, Vice President

Mike Blowers Board Member

Mark Christenberry Board Member

Warren Weber Board Member

Administration

David Lewis Superintendent

Julio Valladares Treasurer

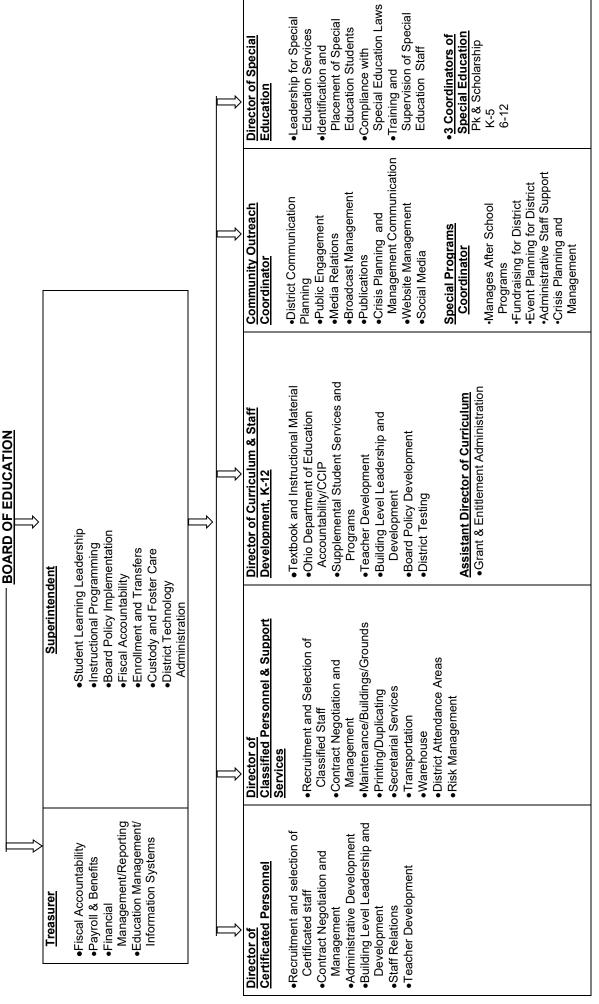
Mark Shively Director of Classified Personnel & Business Manager

Barbara Quackenbush Director of Certificated Personnel

Maura Horgan Director of Curriculum & Staff Development

Melinda Vaughn Director of Special Education

ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE NEWARK CITY SCHOOLS





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

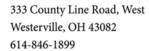
Newark City School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Newark City School District Licking County 621 Mount Vernon Road Newark, Ohio 43055

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Newark City School District, Licking County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Newark City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Newark City School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Newark City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Newark City School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Newark City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Newark City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Newark City School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Newark City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Newark City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contribution, listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Newark City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2022, on our consideration of the Newark City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Newark City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Newark City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 22, 2022

Julian & Sube, the.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Newark City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The District's net position of governmental activities increased \$12,981,051 which represents a 20.77% increase from 2021's net position.
- For governmental activities general revenues accounted for \$77,271,182 in revenue or 74.05% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$27,074,492 or 25.95% of total revenues of \$104,345,674.
- The District had \$91,364,623 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$27,074,492 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$77,271,182 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$79,628,234 in revenues and other financing sources and \$75,785,496 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the general fund's fund balance increased \$3,842,738 from a balance of \$45,278,192 to \$49,120,930.

Using the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the major fund is the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position and statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. The accrual basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities, and operation of non-instructional services. The statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 31-32, of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 26. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 33-36 and the budgetary statement for the general fund on page 37.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains only one type of proprietary fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District has an internal service fund to account for a self-insurance program which provides health and dental benefits to employees. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-40 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in a custodial fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations. For fiscal year 2022, the District's fiduciary activities reported no activity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 41-86 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 88-106 of this report.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021. Amounts from 2021 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Net Po	sition
	Governmental Activities 2022	Restated Governmental Activities 2021
Assets		-
Current and other assets	\$ 103,352,489	\$ 87,879,541
Net OPEB asset	6,181,647	4,907,425
Capital assets, net	130,112,850	132,087,604
Total assets	239,646,986	224,874,570
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	682,468	823,513
Pensions	22,022,848	17,126,038
OPEB	2,434,169	2,959,652
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,139,485	20,909,203
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	13,398,108	11,830,119
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	3,649,353	3,457,879
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	48,272,450	88,158,006
Net OPEB liability	5,716,216	6,976,422
Other amounts	40,256,716	43,331,551
Total liabilities	111,292,843	153,753,977
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes levied for next fiscal year	26,491,115	19,205,310
Lease	1,362,488	115,710
Pensions	39,386,539	850,290
OPEB	10,779,184	9,365,235
Total deferred inflows of resources	78,019,326	29,536,545
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	91,233,273	91,722,835
Restricted	9,172,704	6,989,084
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,931,675)	(36,218,668)
Total net position	\$ 75,474,302	\$ 62,493,251

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Current and other assets increased primarily due to an increase in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents due to current year activity and the property taxes receivable due to increased collection estimates. Capital assets, net, decreased as depreciation expense exceeded current year capital asset additions.

Deferred outflows related to pension increased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 14 for more detail.

Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 15 for more detail.

At year-end, capital assets represented 54.29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right use assets. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2022, was \$91,233,273. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Current liabilities increased primarily due to increased accrued wages and benefits payable due to normal wage increases for employees.

Deferred inflows related to pensions increased primarily due to the net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments for STRS. See Note 14 for more detail.

Long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to a decrease in the District's net pension liability. This liability is outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions and OPEB to District employees, not the District.

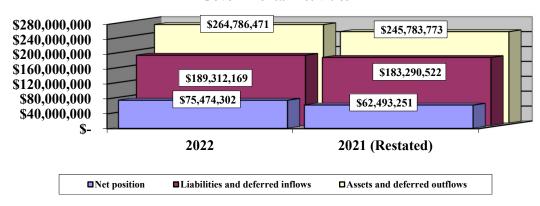
The net pension liability decreased \$39,885,556 or 45.24% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension increased \$38,536,249 or 4,532.13%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Net investment income on investments at both pension systems exceeded estimates for the fiscal year 2021 measurement that are used for the fiscal year 2022 reporting which cause a large increase in fiduciary net position

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2022, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$75,474,302.

A portion of the District's net position, \$9,172,704, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$24,931,675. The deficit balance in unrestricted net position was the result of reporting the net pension liability and net OPEB liability required by GASB 68 and GASB 75, respectively. The graph on the following page illustrates the District's governmental activities assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2022 and 2021. Certain amounts from 2021 have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the changes in net position for governmental activities between 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities				
	2022	2021			
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,850,9	,945 \$ 2,338,394	4		
Operating grants and contributions	25,223,5	.547 24,209,841	1		
Capital grants and contributions		- 52,019	9		
General revenues:					
Property taxes	29,540,9	,933 27,578,671	1		
School district income taxes	12,403,4	,471 10,627,611	1		
Payment in lieu of taxes	196,2	,202 239,184	4		
Grants and entitlements	34,834,0	,074 37,422,824	4		
Investment earnings	130,0	,015 135,660	0		
(Decrease) in fair value on investments	(205,7)	,756) -	-		
Gain on sale of capital assets	189,0	.019	-		
Other	183,2	250,521	1		
Total revenues	104,345,6	102,854,725	5		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	2022	2021
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	38,508,917	46,084,811
Special	14,609,140	18,635,843
Vocational	369,793	380,910
Other	209,401	280,310
Support services:		
Pupil	5,967,429	5,219,699
Instructional staff	4,333,654	5,262,866
Board of Education	205,208	149,182
Administration	4,725,856	5,449,105
Fiscal	1,597,082	1,653,583
Business	599,897	676,147
Operations and maintenance	9,124,343	7,949,267
Pupil transportation	3,791,213	4,037,653
Central	870,281	1,029,248
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	2,962,757	2,711,825
Other non-instructional services	607,372	799,413
Extracurricular activities	1,547,878	1,475,463
Interest and fiscal charges	1,334,402	1,788,748
Total expenses	91,364,623	103,584,073
Changes in net position	12,981,051	(729,348)
Net position at beginning of year	62,493,251	63,222,599
Net position at end of year	\$ 75,474,302	\$ 62,493,251

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$12,981,051. Total governmental expenses of \$91,364,623 were partially offset by program revenues of \$27,074,492 and general revenues of \$77,271,182. Program revenues supported 29.63% of the total governmental expenses.

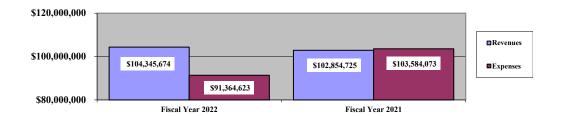
Overall, expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$12,219,450 or 11.80%. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in pension expense. Pension expense decreased approximately \$11,552,620. This decrease was the result of a decrease in expenses incurred at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) due to an increase in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from general revenues such as property taxes, school district income taxes, and grants and entitlements. These three sources of revenue total \$76,778,478 and represent 73.58% of total governmental revenue. School district income taxes increased \$1,775,860, or 16.71%, due to increased income tax collections resulting from the improving economy. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs decreased \$2,588,750, or 6.92%, due to decreased funding from the State of Ohio through Foundation payments. Operating grants and contributions increased \$1,013,706, or 4.19%, due to the District receiving money for the ARP ESSER program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2022 compared to 2021. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As stated earlier, fluctuations in pension expense reported under GASB 68 make it difficult to compare financial information between years.

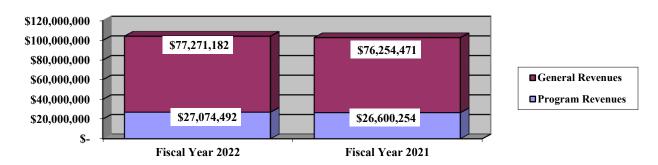
	Governmental Activities							
	Total Cost of Services 2022		_	Net Cost of Services 2022		Total Cost of Services 2021		Net Cost of Services 2021
Program expenses:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	38,508,917	\$	32,514,049	\$	46,084,811	\$	39,211,612
Special		14,609,140		5,294,123		18,635,843		7,798,068
Vocational		369,793		312,821		380,910		290,213
Other		209,401		209,401		280,310		280,310
Support services:								
Pupil		5,967,429		4,028,776		5,219,699		3,423,794
Instructional staff		4,333,654		2,717,386		5,262,866		3,644,308
Board of Education		205,208		205,208		149,182		149,182
Administration		4,725,856		4,182,698		5,449,105		4,986,974
Fiscal		1,597,082		1,597,082		1,653,583		1,653,583
Business		599,897		599,897		676,147		676,147
Operations and maintenance		9,124,343		8,013,337		7,949,267		7,717,254
Pupil transportation		3,791,213		2,721,789		4,037,653		2,684,666
Central		870,281		870,281		1,029,248		1,029,248
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		2,962,757		(1,313,328)		2,711,825		293,001
Other non-instructional services		607,372		(153,225)		799,413		53,351
Extracurricular activities		1,547,878		1,155,434		1,475,463		1,303,360
Interest and fiscal charges		1,334,402	_	1,334,402		1,788,748	_	1,788,748
Total expenses	\$	91,364,623	<u>\$</u>	64,290,131	\$	103,584,073	<u>\$</u>	76,983,819

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 71.38% of instruction activities, totaling \$38,330,394 are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 70.37%.

The graph below presents the District's general and program revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 33) reported a combined fund balance of \$54,189,318 which is more than last year's total of \$49,832,169. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2022	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Change	
General Other Governmental	\$ 49,120,930 5,068,388	\$ 45,278,192 4,553,977	\$	3,842,738 514,411
Total	\$ 54,189,318	\$ 49,832,169	\$	4,357,149

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$3,842,738. The table below summarizes the revenues and expenditures for fiscal year 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 35,728,337	\$ 32,478,181	10.01 %
Tuition	1,286,218	2,045,122	(37.11) %
Earnings on investments	(57,849)	176,047	(132.86) %
Intergovernmental	41,712,809	43,011,008	(3.02) %
Other revenues	682,420	676,682	0.85 %
Total	\$ 79,351,935	\$ 78,387,040	1.23 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 48,188,991	\$ 51,262,787	(6.00) %
Support services	26,187,148	23,545,569	11.22 %
Operation of non-instructional services	61,358	49,311	24.43 %
Extracurricular activities	1,040,455	904,731	15.00 %
Capital outlay	276,299	13,650	1,924.17 %
Debt service	31,245	161,039	(80.60) %
Total	\$ 75,785,496	\$ 75,937,087	(0.20) %

Taxes revenue increased due to improving economic conditions leading to increased income tax collections. Earnings on investments decreased due to declining interest rates on the District's investments. Tuition and fees decreased due to decreased special education tuition received for the education of students with special needs. The largest expenditure line item, instruction, decreased over fiscal year 2021 due to decreased regular instruction expenditures. Support services increased due to increased pupil services expenditures. Capital outlay increased due to the District entering into a lease payable during the fiscal year. Debt service decreased due to the District paying off some of its debt obligations. All other expenditures remained comparable to the prior fiscal year or changed an insignificant amount.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

The original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$81,494,602 were equal to the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2022 were \$78,919,397. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$2,575,205 lower than final budgeted revenues due to decreased revenues received from the State of Ohio..

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$88,109,406 were more than final budgeted appropriations of \$79,507,939. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$79,388,301 which was \$119,638 lower than the final budget appropriations due to the District's conservative budgeting.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2022, the District had \$130,112,850 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and intangible right to use assets. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2022 balances compared to 2021.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities			
	2022			2021	
Land	\$	2,305,317	\$	2,354,512	
Land improvements		978,343		1,092,286	
Building and improvements		122,976,769		124,396,469	
Furniture and equipment		353,804		379,694	
Vehicles		1,183,326		1,591,015	
Intangible right to use:					
Leased equipment		248,134		-	
Construction in progress		2,067,157		2,273,628	
Total	\$	130,112,850	\$	132,087,604	

Total additions to capital assets for 2022 were \$2,454,528. Depreciation/amortization recorded for the fiscal year totaled \$4,380,087 and disposals net of accumulated depreciation were \$49,195.

The overall decrease in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$1,974,754 is primarily due to the District's depreciation expense of \$4,380,087.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$36,977,866 in general obligation bonds and \$250,237 in lease payables. Of this total, \$3,070,270 is due within one year and \$34,157,833 is due in greater than one year. The District also reports \$48,272,450 as a net pension liability due to the application of GASB 68 and \$5,716,216 as a net OPEB liability due to the implementation of GASB 75.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The following table summarizes the bonds (excluding unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds) and capital lease obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021		
General obligation bonds:				
Refunding	\$ 36,977,866	\$ 39,408,571		
Lease payable	250,237			
Total	\$ 37,228,103	\$ 39,408,571		

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for further detail on the District's long-term obligations.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements, property taxes and school district income taxes. The current tax revenue, along with the District's cash balance, is projected (based on the November 2022 five-year forecast that can be found on the Ohio Department of Education's website) to provide the District with the necessary funds to meet its operating expenses through fiscal year 2027. The future financial stability is not without challenges.

The first issue facing the District is the instability of the local economy. The second issue is the uncertainty of the state budget allocations. The third issue is the uncertainty of the Federal Grant programs. During fiscal year 2021, the District's enrollment decreased by 423 students, and another 49 students during fiscal year 2022. These decreases was primarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In conclusion, the District must begin reviewing all programs "Cost versus Benefit". We must think outside of our normal paradigms. We can no longer continue to operate ".... Well that is how we have always done it." The District's 1% income tax renewal levy was successful in March 2022, and was changed from a 5 year renewal to permanent. The taxpayers passed a 7.5 mill renewal emergency property tax levy on May 8, 2018 that was originally passed on May 5, 2009. The 7.5 mill emergency levy expires on December 31, 2029. The continuing support of the community for the passage of the income tax Levy and emergency Levy helps the District maintain a healthy financial condition during the period of the 5-year forecast. The District will continue to look at ways to increase revenues or contain expenditures.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Julio Valladares, Treasurer/CFO at Newark City School District, 621 Mount Vernon Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 62,300,769	
Receivables:	\$ 02,300,709	
Property taxes	29,457,348	
Income taxes	5,214,125	
Accounts	58,438	
Accrued interest	11,610	
Intergovernmental	4,729,284	
Prepayments	182,135	
Materials and supplies inventory	8,101	
Inventory held for resale	27,324	
Net OPEB asset	6,181,647	
Lease receivable	1,363,355	
Capital assets:	4 272 474	
Nondepreciable capital assets	4,372,474	
Depreciable capital assets, net	125,740,376	
Capital assets, net Total assets	130,112,850 239,646,986	
Total assets	239,040,980	
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	682,468	
Pension	22,022,848	
OPEB	2,434,169	
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,139,485	
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,491,178	
Contracts payable	791,032	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	6,827,676	
Intergovernmental payable	209,049	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	1,262,932	
Accrued interest payable	116,623	
Unearned revenue	1,330,618	
Claims payable	369,000	
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	3,649,353	
Due in more than one year:	40.000 400	
Net pension liability	48,272,450	
Net OPEB liability	5,716,216	
Other amounts due in more than one year	40,256,716	
Total liabilities	111,292,843	
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	26,491,115	
Lease	1,362,488	
Pension	39,386,539	
OPEB	10,779,184	
Total deferred inflows of resources	78,019,326	
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	91,233,273	
Restricted for:		
Capital projects	25,321	
Classroom facilities maintenance	401,555	
Debt service	1,315,294	
State funded programs	339,810	
Federally funded programs	2,230,092	
Food service operations	4,104,175	
Student activities	368,536	
Other purposes	387,921	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,931,675)	
Total net position	\$ 75,474,302	

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

							I	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
				Program Revenues			Net Position	
		F		harges for	_	rating Grants	G	Sovernmental
Covernmental activities		Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction:								
	\$	38,508,917	\$	1,076,593	\$	4,918,275	\$	(22.514.040)
Regular	Ф		Ф	200,273	Ф		Ф	(32,514,049)
Special Vocational		14,609,140 369,793		200,273		9,114,744 56,972		(5,294,123) (312,821)
Other				-		30,972		` ' '
		209,401		-		-		(209,401)
Support services:		5.067.420				1 029 652		(4.029.776)
Pupil Instructional staff		5,967,429		-		1,938,653		(4,028,776)
		4,333,654		-		1,616,268		(2,717,386)
Board of education		205,208		-		542.150		(205,208)
Administration		4,725,856		-		543,158		(4,182,698)
Fiscal		1,597,082		-		-		(1,597,082)
Business		599,897		210.514		- 001 402		(599,897)
Operations and maintenance		9,124,343		219,514		891,492		(8,013,337)
Pupil transportation		3,791,213		14,375		1,055,049		(2,721,789)
Central		870,281		-		=		(870,281)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		2,962,757		53,909		4,222,176		1,313,328
Other non-instructional services		607,372		45,801		714,796		153,225
Extracurricular activities		1,547,878		240,480		151,964		(1,155,434)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,334,402		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	(1,334,402)
Totals	\$	91,364,623	\$	1,850,945	\$	25,223,547		(64,290,131)
			General revenues:					
			Property taxes levied for: General purposes			23,404,033		
				ebt service				4,642,499
				pital outlay				1,081,520
				assroom facilit	es ma	intenance		412,881
				nents in lieu of		michanee		196,202
			,	me taxes levied				170,202
				neral purposes	. 101.			12,403,471
				nts and entitlem	ents n	ot restricted		12, .55, . , 1
				pecific program				34,834,074
				stment earning				130,015
				rease) in fair v		finvestments		(205,756)
				on sale of asse				189,019
				cellaneous	,,,,			183,224
				l general reven	ues		_	77,271,182
			Chai	nge in net posit	ion			12,981,051
			Net	position at beg	ginning	g of year		62,493,251
			Net	position at end	l of ye	ar	\$	75,474,302

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Nonmajor Governmental (General Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	runus
Equity in pooled cash	
and cash investments \$ 50,001,976 \$ 8,914,536 \$	58,916,512
Receivables:	
Property taxes 24,292,945 5,164,403	29,457,348
Income taxes 5,214,125 -	5,214,125
Accounts 58,234 204	58,438
Accrued interest 11,610 -	11,610
Interfund loans 450,790 -	450,790
Intergovernmental 71,638 4,657,646	4,729,284
Prepayments 176,500 5,635	182,135
Materials and supplies inventory - 8,101	8,101
Inventory held for resale - 27,324	27,324
Advances to other funds 600,000 -	600,000
Lease receivable 1,363,355 -	1,363,355
Total assets \$ 82,241,173 \$ 18,777,849 \$	
	
Liabilities:	2 401 170
Accounts payable \$ 635,394 \$ 1,855,784 \$, - ,
Contracts payable - 791,032	791,032
Accrued wages and benefits payable 6,306,601 521,075	6,827,676
Compensated absences payable 32,977 -	32,977
Intergovernmental payable 202,454 6,595	209,049
Pension and postemployment benefits payable 1,166,384 96,548	1,262,932
Interfund loans payable - 450,790	450,790
Advance from other funds - 600,000 - 222,010 - 2231,024	600,000
Total liabilities <u>8,343,810</u> <u>4,321,824</u>	12,665,634
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 21,924,833 4,566,282	26,491,115
Delinquent property tax revenue not available 649,220 163,709	812,929
Income tax revenue not available 773,402 -	773,402
Intergovernmental revenue not available 58,380 4,657,646	4,716,026
Accrued interest not available 4,133 -	4,133
Miscellaneous revenue not available 3,977 -	3,977
Lease	1,362,488
Total deferred inflows of resources 24,776,433 9,387,637	34,164,070
Fund balances: Nonspendable:	
Materials and supplies inventory - 8,101	8,101
Prepaids 176,500 5,635	182,135
Long-term loans 600,000 -	600,000
Restricted:	
Debt service - 2,473,147	2,473,147
Classroom facilities maintenance - 401,555	401,555
Food service operations - 4,172,376	4,172,376
Non-public schools - 199,736	199,736
State funded programs - 45,589	45,589
Federally funded programs - 5,297	5,297
Extracurricular - 368,536	368,536
Other purposes - 68,785	68,785
Assigned:	
Student instruction 993,396 -	993,396
Student and staff support 2,254,082 -	2,254,082
Extracurricular activities 7,425 -	7,425
Subsequent year's appropriations 4,740,501 -	4,740,501
Other purposes 156,676 -	156,676
Unassigned (deficit) 40,192,350 (2,680,369)	37,511,981
Total fund balances (deficit) 49,120,930 5,068,388	54,189,318
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances <u>\$82,241,173</u> <u>\$18,777,849</u> <u>\$</u>	5 101,019,022

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 54,189,318
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		130,112,850
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 812,929 773,402 3,977 4,133 4,716,026	6,310,467
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		1,684,639
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(2,351,733)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		682,468
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(116,623)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	22,022,848 (39,386,539) (48,272,450) 2,434,169 (10,779,184) 6,181,647 (5,716,216)	(73,515,725)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Lease payable Compensated absences Total	(37,334,707) (250,237) (3,936,415)	(41,521,359)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 75,474,302

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 23,368,574	\$ 6,149,371	\$	29,517,945
Income taxes	12,359,763	-		12,359,763
Intergovernmental	41,712,809	16,700,374		58,413,183
Investment earnings	147,907	6,871		154,778
Tuition and fees	1,286,218	-		1,286,218
Extracurricular	17,862	242,170		260,032
Rental income	219,514	2 12,170		219,514
Charges for services	217,514	53,909		53,909
Contributions and donations	38,323	45,598		83,921
		43,396		
Payment in lieu of taxes	196,202	94.020		196,202
Miscellaneous	210,519	84,020		294,539
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	 (205,756)	 		(205,756)
Total revenues	 79,351,935	 23,282,313		102,634,248
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	35,201,286	3,692,542		38,893,828
		3,153,004		
Special Veretical	12,518,947	3,133,004		15,671,951
Vocational	240,865	-		240,865
Other	227,893	-		227,893
Support services:				
Pupil	4,707,551	1,471,682		6,179,233
Instructional staff	3,168,412	1,373,575		4,541,987
Board of education	206,893	-		206,893
Administration	4,333,738	555,583		4,889,321
Fiscal	1,568,585	91,158		1,659,743
Business	615,335	-		615,335
Operations and maintenance	7,290,538	1,534,831		8,825,369
Pupil transportation	3,397,918	240,702		3,638,620
Central	898,178	_		898,178
Operation of non-instructional services:	0,0,1,0			0,00,170
Food service operations		2,866,091		2,866,091
Other non-instructional services	61,358	547,376		608,734
Extracurricular activities	1,040,455	351,650		1,392,105
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	2,666,886		2,666,886
Capital outlay	276,299	-		276,299
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	26,062	2,430,705		2,456,767
Interest and fiscal charges	5,183	1,129,336		1,134,519
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds	 	 899,295		899,295
Total expenditures	 75,785,496	 23,004,416		98,789,912
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 3,566,439	 277,897		3,844,336
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale/loss of assets	-	238,214		238,214
Inception of lease	276,299	-		276,299
Total other financing sources (uses)	276,299	 238,214		514,513
Net change in fund balances	3,842,738	516,111		4,358,849
Fund balances at beginning of year	45,278,192	4,553,977		49,832,169
Change in reserve for inventory	 	 (1,700)		(1,700)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 49,120,930	\$ 5,068,388	\$	54,189,318

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	s	4,358,849
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation expense. Capital asset additions	\$ 2,454,528	
Current year depreciation/amortization	(4,380,087)	
Total		(1,925,559)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to		
decrease net position.		(49,195)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when		
purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		(1,700)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide		(1,700)
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in		
the funds.	22.000	
Property taxes Income taxes	22,988 43,708	
Earnings on investments	(17,892)	
Other local revenue Intergovernmental	3,977 1,469,626	
Total		1,522,407
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		
Bonds	2,270,000	
Capital appreciation bonds	160,705	
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds Lease payable	899,295 26,062	
Total		3,356,062
Issuance of lease payable are recorded as other financing		
sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities		
on the statement of net position.		(276,299)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,		
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being		
reported in the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	29,061	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums	(452,620) 364,721	
Amortization of deferred charges	(141,045)	
Total		(199,883)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports		
these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension OPEB	6,833,781 197,808	
Total	177,000	7,031,589
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes		
in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as		
pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension	(587,664)	
OPEB	397,188	(100.450
Total		(190,476)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current		
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		,
in governmental funds.		(75,526)
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in		
the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund		
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(569,218)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	12,981,051

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	((Negative)
Revenues:	Φ.	22 027 202	Ф	22 027 202	Ф	22.266.862	ф	120.550
Property taxes	\$	22,827,292	\$	22,827,292	\$	23,266,862	\$	439,570
Income taxes		9,601,919		9,601,919		11,479,422		1,877,503
Intergovernmental		46,274,690		46,274,690		41,689,467		(4,585,223)
Investment earnings Tuition and fees		180,000 1,661,701		180,000 1,661,701		151,948 1,285,329		(28,052) (376,372)
Rental income		50,000		50,000		176,056		126,056
Contributions and donations		23,000		23,000		34		(22,966)
Payment in lieu of taxes		230,000		230,000		196,202		(33,798)
Miscellaneous		203,572		203,572		427,796		224,224
Total revenues		81,052,174		81,052,174		78,673,116		(2,379,058)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		42,785,913		35,828,914		35,719,453		109,461
Special		13,697,750		12,973,900		12,964,919		8,981
Vocational		321,678		326,799		326,799		-
Other		209,531		238,312		238,312		-
Support services:		4.010.704		1.606.261		1.606.064		
Pupil		4,912,726		4,696,264		4,696,264		222
Instructional staff Board of education		2,999,452 232,970		3,519,947 252,625		3,519,724 252,625		223
Administration		4,770,833		4,426,445		4,426,184		261
Fiscal		1,872,096		1,600,553		1,600,553		201
Business		785,659		661,342		661,342		_
Operations and maintenance		9,247,857		8,436,388		8,436,388		_
Pupil transportation		3,973,066		3,767,898		3,767,898		_
Central		1,102,493		1,473,879		1,473,167		712
Operation of non-instructional services:		-,,		-,,		-,,		
Other non-instructional services		3,486		4,070		4,070		-
Extracurricular activities		1,012,559		1,034,242		1,034,242		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		2,900		-		-		-
Total expenditures		87,930,969		79,241,578		79,121,940		119,638
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(6,878,795)		1,810,596		(448,824)		(2,259,420)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		150,000		150,000		18,990		(131,010)
Refund of prior year's receipts		(15,452)		(9,120)		(9,120)		-
Transfers in		121,428		121,428		72,241		(49,187)
Transfers (out)		(162,985)		(72,241)		(72,241)		-
Advances in		150,000		150,000		150,000		-
Advances (out)		21.000		(185,000)		(185,000)		(15.050)
Sale of capital assets		21,000		21,000 176,067		5,050		(15,950)
Total other financing sources (uses)		263,991		<u> </u>		(20,080)		(196,147)
Net change in fund balance		(6,614,804)		1,986,663		(468,904)		(2,455,567)
Fund balance at beginning of year		43,880,045		43,880,045		43,880,045		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,881,420		2,881,420		2,881,420		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	40,146,661	\$	48,748,128	\$	46,292,561	\$	(2,455,567)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	3,384,257		
Total assets		3,384,257		
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Claims payable Unearned revenue Total liabilities		369,000 1,330,618 1,699,618		
Net position:				
Unrestricted		1,684,639		
Total net position	\$	1,684,639		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	14,328,035		
Total operating revenues		14,328,035		
Operating expenses:				
Purchased services		2,006,607		
Claims		12,890,646		
Total operating expenses		14,897,253		
Operating loss / change in net position		(569,218)		
Net position at beginning of year		2,253,857		
Net position at end of year	\$	1,684,639		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	A	overnmental activities - Internal ervice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$	14,559,392
Cash payments for purchased services	•	(2,006,607)
Cash payments for claims		(12,899,646)
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(346,861)
operating activities	-	(340,001)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash		
investments		(346,861)
m vestments		(5 10,001)
Cash and investments at beginning of year		3,731,118
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	3,384,257
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$	(569,218)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in unearned revenue		231,357
(Decrease) in claims payable		(9,000)
(=, F) more	-	(3,000)
Net cash (used in)		
operating activities	\$	(346,861)
		• / /

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Newark City School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the District's one administrative building, 12 instructional facilities, and one transportation/maintenance/warehouse building compound all staffed by 256 noncertified employees, 539 certified employees to provide services to approximately 6,093 students in grades K through 12.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Licking Area Computer Association (LACA)

LACA is the computer service organization or Data Acquisition Site (DAS) used by the District. LACA is an association of public school districts in a geographic area determined by the Ohio Department of Education. The Licking County Educational Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the association. The purpose of the association is to develop and employ a computer system efficiently and effectively for the needs of the member Boards of Education. All Districts in the association are required to pay fees, charges and assessments as charged. A Board made up of superintendents from all of the participating districts governs LACA. An elected Executive Board consisting of five members of the Governing Board is the managerial body of the association and meets on a monthly basis. The District does not maintain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. Payments in the amount of \$293,088 were made to LACA during the current fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Licking County Career and Technology Educational Center (C-TEC)

The C-TEC is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which provides vocational education for students. The C-TEC is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of three representatives from the Licking County Educational Service Center, two representatives from Newark City Schools, one representative from the Heath City Schools, and one representative from the Granville Exempted Village Schools elected boards. The C-TEC possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information can be obtained from Ben Streby, who serves as the Chief Fiscal Officer, at 150 Price Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Sheakley UniServe Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (GRP). The GRP is administered by Sheakley UniServe, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Licking County Library (the "Library")

The Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. A Board of Trustees appointed by the District's Board of Education governs the Library. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District serves as the taxing authority and may issue tax-related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The District has issued bonds on behalf of the Library (See Note 11). The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. The Library is not considered part of the District, and its operations are not included within the accompanying basic financial statements.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid.

The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects, and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides medical and dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's only custodial fund accounts for monies held and remitted to the Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA). The District's fiduciary funds had no activity during fiscal year 2022.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's health and dental self-insurance internal service fund are charges for services (premiums). Operating expenses for the internal service fund include claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within thirty-one days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the underlying exchange transaction occurred (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Note 14 and Note 15 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include deferred charges on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes, income taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

For the District, see Note 14 and Note 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Unpaid contractually required pension and OPEB obligations due at year end (See Notes 14 and 15) are recorded as liabilities and expenses/expenditures in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at the legal level of budgetary control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Tax Budget</u>: Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Licking County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Licking County Budget Commissioners waived this requirement for fiscal year 2022.

<u>Estimated Resources</u>: By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

<u>Appropriations</u>: Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying a new amended certificate is not necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter the legal level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

In the budgetary statement, the amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts represent the first appropriations passed by the Board during the fiscal year including amounts automatically carried over from prior years and the amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriations passed by the Board during the fiscal year; including all amendments.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit (non-negotiable CDs), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, U.S. Treasury Bonds, negotiable certificates of deposit (negotiable CDs), and a U.S. government money market mutual fund. The District measures investments at fair value which is based on quoted market prices except for non-negotiable CDs, which are reported at cost.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$147.907 which includes \$19.048 assigned from other District funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the basic financial statements and for the purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the cash management pool are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories of supplies are reported at cost, inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market, and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years
Intangible leased assets	5 years

The District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education or a District official delegated that authority by State statute. State statue authorizes the District Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchase on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the financial statements using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

Q. Issuance Costs/Bond Premiums and Discounts and Accounting Gain or Loss on Debt Refunding

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs, bond premiums, bond discounts, and deferred charges from debt refunding are recognized in the current period.

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are recognized in the current period and are not amortized. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. Unamortized bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had neither type of transaction during fiscal year 2022.

S. Nonpublic Schools

Within the boundaries of the District, Saint Francis Elementary, Blessed Sacrament Elementary and Newark Catholic High School are operated through the Columbus Catholic Diocese; and Montessori is operated as a private school. State Legislation provides funding to these parochial and private schools. The District receives the money and then disburses the money as directed by the parochial and private schools. These transactions are reported in a nonmajor governmental fund of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

T. Budget Stabilization Arrangement

The District has established a budget stabilization reserve. Additions to the budget stabilization reserve can only be made by formal resolution of the Board of Education. Expenditures out of the budget stabilization reserve can only be made to offset future budget deficits. At June 30, 2022, the balance in the budget stabilization reserve was \$934,406. This amount is included in unassigned fund balance of the general fund and in unrestricted net position on the statement of net position.

U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

V. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles/

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update - 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2022 financial statements. The District recognized \$115,710 in governmental activities in leases receivable at July 1, 2021, due to the implementation of GASB 87; however, this entire amount was offset by deferred inflows of resources for leases.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Elementary and secondary school emergency relief fund	\$2,108,857
21st Century	4,999
IDEA Part B	90,341
School improvement stimulus A	2
Title I	206,524
IDEA Part B preschool stimulus	30,245
Title II-A	45,757
Title IV-A	10,053
Permanent improvement	180,467

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts. Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited.

Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$5,745 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$58,225,267 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$58,636,055. Of the bank balance, \$56,462,095 was covered by the FDIC and \$2,173,960 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the District's financial institutions was approved for a collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturity:

Measurement/ Investment type	M	easurement Value	6	months or less	7 to 12 months		13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	reater than 24 months
Fair Value:									
Negotiable CD's	\$	2,948,788	\$	249,925	\$ 737,207	\$	411,375	\$ 243,184	\$ 1,307,097
FNMA		182,894		-	-		-	-	182,894
FHLB		238,753		-	-		-	-	238,753
FFCB		192,382		-	-		192,382	-	-
FHLMC		190,622		-	-		-	190,622	-
US Treasury bond		290,675		-	243,505		-	-	47,170
U.S. Government money									
market mutual fund		25,643		25,643	 	_		 	
Total	\$	4,069,757	\$	275,568	\$ 980,712	\$	603,757	\$ 433,806	\$ 1,775,914

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.85 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities (FNMA, FHLB, FFCB, and FHLMC), U.S. Treasury bonds, and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to three years or less.

Credit Risk: The federal agency securities and US Treasury bonds were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The negotiable CDs are not rated but are fully covered by the FDIC. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market mutual fund a AAAm money market rating. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities, commercial paper, and U.S. Treasury Bonds are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment policy does not place specific limits on the percentage of the District's portfolio that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

Measurement/	M		
Investment type		Value	% of Total
Fair Value:			
Negotiable CD's	\$	2,948,788	72.46
FNMA		182,894	4.49
FHLB		238,753	5.87
FFCB		192,382	4.73
FHLMC		190,622	4.68
US Treasury bonds		290,675	7.14
U.S Government money			
market mutual fund		25,643	0.63
Total	\$	4,069,757	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 58,225,267
Investments	4,069,757
Cash on hand	 5,745
Total	\$ 62,300,769

<u>Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position</u>

Governmental activities \$ 62,300,769

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans

Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 450,790

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

B. Advance to/from other funds

Receivable fundPayable fundAmountGeneral FundNonmajor governmental funds\$ 600,000

Advances are long-term interfund loans that will not be repaid within one year. The long-term advance from general fund to the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) is expected to be repaid in fiscal year 2027. Advances to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Licking County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022 was \$1,718,892 in the general fund, \$323,089 in the debt service fund, and \$111,323 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2021 was \$1,617,180 in the general fund, \$365,275 in the debt service fund, and \$103,035 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Second Half Collections				st tions	
	_	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	937,572,944 45,569,690	95.36 4.64	\$	941,527,742 51,500,490	94.81 5.19
Total	\$	983,142,634	100.00	\$	993,028,232	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	42.43		\$	41.33	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

A. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 29,457,348
School district income tax	5,214,125
Accounts	58,438
Accrued interest	11,610
Intergovernmental	4,729,284
Total	\$ 39,470,805

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

B. Leases Receivable

The District is reporting leases receivable of \$1,363,355 in the general fund. For fiscal year 2022, the District recognized lease revenue of \$62,367, which is reported in rental income, and interest revenue of \$11,761.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

The District has entered into lease agreements for cell towers and building space rental with multiple companies at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method
LACA	2018	5	2023	Monthly
COTC	2022	2	2024	Monthly

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	_	Principal_	 Interest	_	Total
2023	\$	759,015	\$ 38,985	\$	798,000
2024		604,340	 10,660		615,000
Total	\$	1,363,355	\$ 49,645	\$	1,413,000

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted tax of one percent for general operation on the income of resident and of estate. The tax was effective on January 1, 1998 and was renewed in 2011 for another five year period and was renewed again for an additional five years beginning in January 2017. The current income tax levy will not expire until December 31, 2022. Employers of the residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and totaled \$12,359,763 on the governmental fund financial statements during fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 9 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds (excluding those already included in payables) were as follows:

	•	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	<u>En</u>	cumbrances
General fund	\$	3,163,772
Other governmental		17,674,502
Total	\$	20,838,274

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The change in governmental activities capital assets for fiscal year 2022 is as follows:

	Balance		D: 1	Balance
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:		_		
Land	\$ 2,354,512	\$ -	\$ (49,195)	
Construction-in-progress	2,273,628	2,053,507	(2,259,978)	2,067,157
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	4,628,140	2,053,507	(2,309,173)	4,372,474
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	1,820,528	=	=	1,820,528
Building/improvements	166,500,622	2,259,978	-	168,760,600
Furniture/equipment	4,279,590	109,099	(252,284)	4,136,405
Vehicles	6,224,043	-	(214,159)	6,009,884
Intangible right to use:				
Leased equipment		291,922		291,922
Total capital asset, being depreciated/amortized	178,824,783	2,660,999	(466,443)	181,019,339
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(728,242)	(113,943)	-	(842,185)
Building/improvements	(42,104,153)	(3,679,678)	-	(45,783,831)
Furniture/equipment	(3,899,896)	(134,989)	252,284	(3,782,601)
Vehicles	(4,633,028)	(407,689)	214,159	(4,826,558)
Intangible right to use:				
Leased equipment		(43,788)		(43,788)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(51,365,319)	(4,380,087)	466,443	(55,278,963)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 132,087,604	\$ 334,419	\$ (2,309,173)	\$ 130,112,850

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	2,575,461
Special		2,000
Vocational		147,208
Support services:		
Pupil		91,194
Instructional staff		147,265
Administration		237,874
Business		45,067
Operations and maintenance		198,299
Pupil transportation		441,400
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations		212,914
Extracurricular activities	_	281,405
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$	4,380,087

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following.

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:					
Refunding bonds - Series 2012					
Current interest bonds	\$ 5,775,000	\$ -	\$ (1,790,000)	\$ 3,985,000	\$ -
Unamortized premium	394,518	_	(115,469)	279,049	-
Refunding bonds - Series 2013					
Current interest bonds	15,000	-	(15,000)	-	-
Refunding bonds - Series 2014					
Capital appreciation bonds	21,709	-	(21,709)	-	-
Accreted interest	603,038	165,253	(768,291)	-	-
Refunding bonds - Series 2016					
Current interest bonds	20,365,000	-	(465,000)	19,900,000	3,000,000
Unamortized premium	1,385,193	-	(121,332)	1,263,861	-
Refunding bonds - Series 2020					
Current interest bonds	12,855,000	-	-	12,855,000	-
Unamortized premium	936,743	-	(127,920)	808,823	-
Capital appreciation bonds	376,862	-	(138,996)	237,866	99,364
Accreted interest	200,478	287,367	(131,004)	356,841	95,100
Total general obligation bonds payable	42,928,541	452,620	(3,694,721)	39,686,440	3,194,464
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Lease payable	-	276,299	(26,062)	250,237	\$ 70,270
Net pension liability:					
STRS	67,563,173	-	(30,076,343)	37,486,830	-
SERS	20,594,833		(9,809,213)	10,785,620	
Total net pension liability	88,158,006		(39,885,556)	48,272,450	
Net OPEB liability:					
SERS	6,976,422		(1,260,206)	5,716,216	
Total net OPEB liability	6,976,422		(1,260,206)	5,716,216	
Compensated absences	3,860,889	737,174	(628,671)	3,969,392	384,619
Total other long-term obligations	98,995,317	1,013,473	(41,800,495)	58,208,295	454,889
Total long-term obligations	\$ 141,923,858	\$ 1,466,093	\$ (45,495,216)	\$ 97,894,735	\$ 3,649,353

Series 2012 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On May 8, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2012 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable of the Series 2005 school improvement current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of Net Position. The refunding bond proceeds were received in the debt service fund and disbursed to the bond escrow agent for payment of future debt service requirements on the refunded Series 2005 bonds. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$4,075,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,545,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 4.0% - 5.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2024.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,301,981. This amount is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized balance is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

Series 2013 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On December 30, 2013, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2013 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2005 school improvement bonds (\$5,930,000) and the Series 2005A school improvement bonds (\$3,225,000). This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$4,865,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,870,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$281,839. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.5 to 4.0 percent. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2017 (effective interest rate 30.0 percent) and on December 1, 2019 (effective interest rate 30.0 percent) at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond that matured December 1, 2017 was \$640,000 and the accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond that matured December 1, 2019 was \$355,000.

On July 23, 2020, the District refunded a portion (\$4,910,000) of the Series 2013 Refunding General Obligation bonds (current interest bonds).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$684,363. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized balance is reported as deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

Series 2014 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On April 9, 2014, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2014 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2005A school improvement bonds (\$9,010,000). This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$8,290,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,985,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$24,788. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.0 to 4.0 percent. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2020 (effective interest rate 53.0 percent) and on December 1, 2021 (effective interest rate 53.0 percent) at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond that matured December 1, 2020 was \$70,000 and the accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond that matured December 1, 2021 was \$790,000.

On July 23, 2020, the District refunded a portion (\$8,460,000) of the Series 2014 Refunding General Obligation bonds (current interest bonds).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$839,154. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized balance is reported as deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Series 2016 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On March 15, 2016, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2016 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2006 library refunding bonds (\$3,170,000), the Series 2005 school improvement bonds (\$21,630,000), and the Series 2005A school improvement bonds (\$3,390,000). This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$21,410,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,985,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.5 to 4.0 percent. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2032.

The net carrying amount of the old debt (including unamortized premiums and deferred charges) exceeded the reacquisition price by \$57,147. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized balance is reported as a component of deferred outflow on the statement of net position.

Series 2020 Refunding General Obligation Bonds

On July 23, 2020, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2020 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2013 Refunding General Obligation Bonds (\$4,910,000) and the callable portion of the Series 2014 Refunding General Obligation Bonds (\$8,460,000). This refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$13,370,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$12,855,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$510,491. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 0.75 to 2.16 percent. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2020 (effective interest rate 55.50 percent), on December 1, 2021 (effective interest rate 55.50 percent), on December 1, 2023 (effective interest rate 55.50 percent), and on December 1, 2024 (effective interest rate 55.50 percent) at a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond maturing December 1, 2020 is \$160,000, December 1, 2021 is \$270,000, December 1, 2022 is \$315,000, December 1, 2023 is \$640,000, and December 1, 2024 is \$125,000. Total accreted interest of \$356,841 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2022.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2033.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$546,731. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The unamortized balance is reported as deferred outflow on the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce future debt service payments by \$1,540,353 resulting in a current economic gain of \$1,358,762.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2022, which will be paid from the debt service fund, are as follows:

		Refi	unding Bond	S				Ref	funding Bon	ds	
Fiscal	-	Cu	rrent Interes	t		_	C	apit	al Appreciat	ion	
Year Ended	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	<u>I</u>	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2023	\$ 3,000,000	\$	1,045,290	\$	4,045,290	\$	99,364	\$	215,636	\$	315,000
2024	2,330,000		970,333		3,300,333		123,699		516,301		640,000
2025	2,925,000		885,039		3,810,039		14,803		110,197		125,000
2026	3,075,000		823,550		3,898,550		-		-		-
2027	3,175,000		766,354		3,941,354		-		-		-
2028 - 2032	17,300,000		2,254,700		19,554,700		-		-		-
2033 - 2034	4,935,000	_	101,676	_	5,036,676	_				_	
Total	\$ 36,740,000	\$	6,846,942	\$	43,586,942	\$	237,866	\$	842,134	\$	1,080,000

Lease Payable

The District has entered into lease agreements for the use of right to use equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund.

The District has entered into lease agreements for copier equipment:

	Lease	Lease		
	Commencement		End	Payment
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method
Gordon Flesch	2021	5	2026	Semi-Annual

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	_ <u>I</u>	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2023	\$	70,270	\$	9,153	\$	79,423
2024		57,710		6,090		63,800
2025		59,960		3,840		63,800
2026		62,297		1,503		63,800
Total	\$	250,237	\$	20,586	\$	270,823

Net Pension Liability

See Note 14 for information on the District's net pension liability. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the general fund.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 15 for information on the District's net OPEB liability/asset. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the general fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Compensated absences will primarily be paid from the general fund.

Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$54,867,822 (including available funds of \$2,473,147) and an unvoted debt margin of \$993,028.

NOTE 12 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-two days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made for twenty-five percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of seventy days for certificated employees and sixty-five days for classified employees. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio and School Employees Retirement System.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance in the amount of \$50,000 to certified employees. For classified employees, group term life insurance is provided in the amount of \$50,000 for employees under contract for thirty hours or more per week, \$20,000 for classified employees under contract for twenty to twenty-nine hours per week, and \$10,000 for employees working less than twenty hours per week.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District maintained comprehensive insurance coverage for liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. The District obtains insurance coverage through Wright Specialty Insurance (Andrew Insurance Agency). Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

Building and contents - replacement cost		251,325,669
Equipment breakdown		251,325,669
General Liability:		
Per occurrence		1,000,000
Annual aggregate		3,000,000
Data compromise coverage		1,000,000
Vehicle - combined single limit		1,000,000
Educators legal liability		1,000,000
Educators excess liability		4,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Group Health and Dental Insurance

Health, life, dental and other group insurance is offered to employees as a fringe benefit. The District provides medical and dental insurance for its employees on a self-insurance basis. Employer and employee contributions to premium are determined by negotiated agreements with employee labor unions. Classified, certified, administrative and exempt employees receive health insurance that is 80% Board-paid and 20% employee paid and dental insurance that is 75% Board-paid and 25% employee paid. All life insurance is 100% Board-paid for all full-time staff.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 15. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Risk Management Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay claims and actual amounts needed to pay fixed costs (premiums for stop-loss coverage and medical conversion and administrative fees and services). The claims liability of \$369,000 reported in the basic financial statements at June 30, 2022, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claim.

Claims activities for the current and prior year are as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Current	Claims	Ending
<u>Year</u>	Balance	Year Claims	<u>Payments</u>	Balance
2022	\$ 378,000	\$ 12,890,646	\$(12,899,646)	\$ 369,000
2021	545,000	10,324,356	(10,491,356)	378,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation Rating Program

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the Sheakley UniServe Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. Under the GRP, the participating districts continues to pay their own individual premiums and have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments based upon the combined performance of the group. Depending upon that performance, the participating districts receive either a premium refund or an assessment. The participating districts pay an experience- or base-rated premium under the same terms as if they were not in a retrospective group. The group-retrospective premiums are recalculated twelve months after the end of the policy year and the recalculated premium is compared to the standard premium. If the retrospective premium is lower than the standard premium, the participating districts receive a refund. If the retrospective premium is higher than the standard premium, the participating districts are charged an assessment. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniServe provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to		
	Retire on or before	Retire after		
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017		
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit		
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit		

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,626,041 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$165,482 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$5,207,740 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$899,224 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.	311372500%	0.	.279227720%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	<u>0.</u>	<u>292316200</u> %	0.	<u>.293188849</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0</u> .	<u>019056300</u> %	0.	.013961129%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	10,785,620	\$	37,486,830	\$ 48,272,450
Pension expense	\$	(269,463)	\$	857,127	\$ 587,664

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SER	<u>s</u>	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			_	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	1,041 \$	1,158,161	\$ 1,159,202
Changes of assumptions	227	7,113	10,399,518	10,626,631
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	215	5,482	3,187,752	3,403,234
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	1,626	5,041	5,207,740	6,833,781
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,069	9,677 \$	19,953,171	\$ 22,022,848
	SER	S	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 279	9,715 \$	234,967	\$ 514,682
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	5,554	1,906	32,306,471	37,861,377
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/				
change in proportionate share	696	5,777	313,703	1,010,480
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 6,53	1,398 \$	32,855,141	\$ 39,386,539

\$6,833,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2023	\$ (1,590,479)	\$	(4,378,023)	\$	(5,968,502)
2024	(1,471,510)		(3,545,858)		(5,017,368)
2025	(1,320,755)		(4,361,870)		(5,682,625)
2026	 (1,705,018)		(5,823,959)		(7,528,977)
Total	\$ (6,087,762)	\$	(18,109,710)	\$	(24,197,472)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00%
Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	17,944,623	\$	10,785,620	\$	4,748,120	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
(COLA)		

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

		Current					
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	70,198,802	\$	37,486,830	\$	9,845,283	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$197,808.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$197,808 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$197,808 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.3	321001900%	0.2	279227720%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.3	302032700%	0.2	<u>293188849</u> %	
Change in proportionate share	-0.0	018969200%	0.0	013961129%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	5,716,216	\$	-	\$ 5,716,216
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	6,181,647	\$ 6,181,647
OPEB expense	\$	2,073	\$	(399,261)	\$ (397,188)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Č	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 60,932	\$ 220,115	\$ 281,047
Changes of assumptions	896,739	394,855	1,291,594
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	561,512	102,208	663,720
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	197,808	<u> </u>	197,808
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,716,991	\$ 717,178	\$ 2,434,169
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 2,846,934	\$ 1,132,593	\$ 3,979,527
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	124,191	1,713,445	1,837,636
Changes of assumptions	782,790	3,687,811	4,470,601
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	489,092	2,328	491,420
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,243,007	\$ 6,536,177	\$10,779,184

\$197,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$	(577,343)	\$	(1,655,958)	\$	(2,233,301)
2024		(578,211)		(1,613,080)		(2,191,291)
2025		(584,200)		(1,607,518)		(2,191,718)
2026		(513,699)		(706,575)		(1,220,274)
2027		(312,005)		(242,663)		(554,668)
Thereafter		(158,366)		6,795		(151,571)
Total	\$	(2,723,824)	\$	(5,818,999)	\$	(8,542,823)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,083,084	\$	5,716,216	\$	4,624,265	
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,401,018	\$	5,716,216	\$	7,472,917	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2021	June 30, 2020			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%			
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20) to		
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation			
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%			
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%			
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%			
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A			
Health care cost trends						
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate		
Medical						
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%		
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%		
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%		
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%		

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current							
	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	5,216,354	\$	6,181,647	\$	6,988,004		
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	6,955,331	\$	6,181,647	\$	5,224,916		

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	C	apital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement	1	,091,071
Current year offsets	(1	,091,071)
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	_

NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(468,904)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		594,448
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(215,670)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		296,379
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(41,369)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	3,677,854
GAAP basis	\$	3,842,738

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. These include the public school support fund, the school activity trusts fund, the staff trusts fund, the rotary-special services fund, and the rotary fund.

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Newark has entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program within taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a direct incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate existing buildings or construct new buildings. Under this program, the City of Newark has designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing structures and the development of new structures.

The District has incurred a reduction in property tax receipts due to agreements entered into by the City of Newark. During fiscal year 2022, the District's property tax receipts were reduced under agreements entered into by the City of Newark as follows:

Government Entering	Tax Aba	tement Program
Into Agreement	-	CRA
City of Newark	\$	198,783

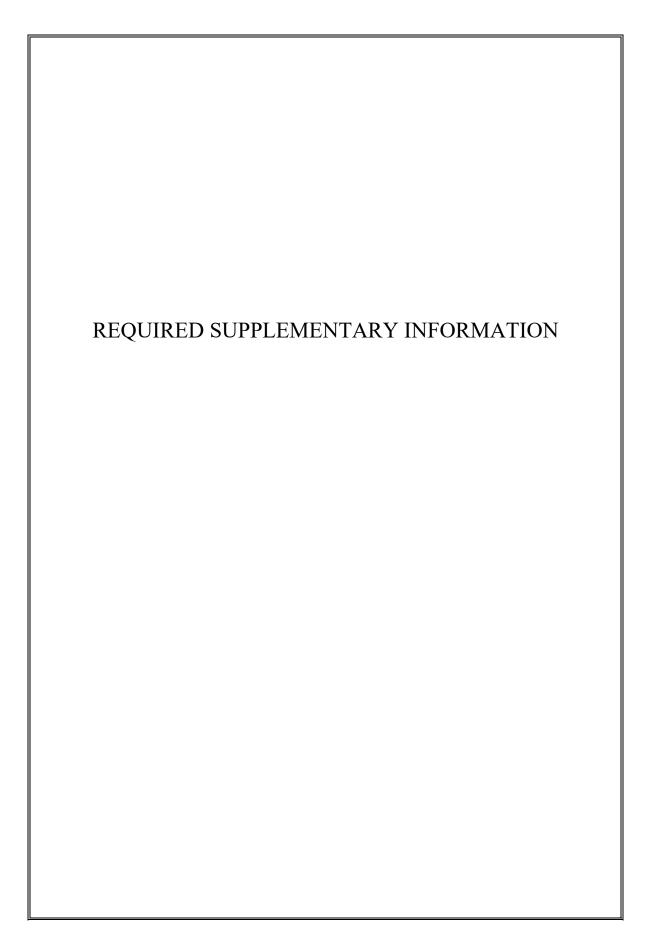
The District is not receiving any amounts from the City of Newark in association with the forgone property tax receipts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.29231620%		0.31137250%		0.29465500%		0.28852890%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,785,620	\$	20,594,833	\$	17,629,725	\$	16,524,585
District's covered payroll	\$	10,409,579	\$	10,634,229	\$	10,178,867	\$	9,415,074
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		103.61%		193.67%		173.20%		175.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018		2017 2016 2015				2014		
0.28053360%	,	0.28969410%		0.28561610%		0.28305800%		0.28305800%
\$ 16,761,263	\$	21,202,935	\$	16,297,532	\$	14,325,404	\$	16,832,551
\$ 9,025,736	\$	7,829,386	\$	8,598,536	\$	8,225,115	\$	7,804,321
185.71%		270.81%		189.54%		174.17%		215.68%
69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.29318885%		0.27922772%		0.28122668%		0.26918285%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	37,486,830	\$	67,563,173	\$	62,191,590	\$	59,187,265
District's covered payroll	\$	36,717,500	\$	34,023,021	\$	33,213,071	\$	31,039,436
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		102.10%		198.58%		187.25%		190.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

_	2018	 2017		2016		2015	 2014		
	0.26878668%	0.26604662%		0.26130152%		0.26130152%		0.26505768%	0.26505768%
\$	63,850,852	\$ 89,053,823	\$	72,216,097	\$	64,471,201	\$ 76,797,673		
\$	29,973,514	\$ 27,686,014	\$	27,573,121	\$	27,081,569	\$ 28,403,269		
	213.02%	321.66%		261.91%		238.06%	270.38%		
	75.30%	66.80%		72.10%		74.70%	69.30%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,626,041	\$ 1,457,341	\$ 1,488,792	\$ 1,374,147
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,626,041)	(1,457,341)	(1,488,792)	(1,374,147)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 11,614,579	\$ 10,409,579	\$ 10,634,229	\$ 10,178,867
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 1,271,035	\$ 1,263,603	\$ 1,096,114	\$ 1,133,287	\$ 1,140,001	\$ 1,080,118
 (1,271,035)	 (1,263,603)	 (1,096,114)	 (1,133,287)	 (1,140,001)	 (1,080,118)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 9,415,074	\$ 9,025,736	\$ 7,829,386	\$ 8,598,536	\$ 8,225,115	\$ 7,804,321
13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,207,740	\$ 5,140,450	\$ 4,763,223	\$ 4,649,830
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (5,207,740)	 (5,140,450)	 (4,763,223)	(4,649,830)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 37,198,143	\$ 36,717,500	\$ 34,023,021	\$ 33,213,071
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 4,345,521	\$ 4,196,292	\$ 3,876,042	\$ 3,860,237	\$ 3,520,604	\$ 3,692,425
 (4,345,521)	 (4,196,292)	 (3,876,042)	 (3,860,237)	 (3,520,604)	 (3,692,425)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 31,039,436	\$ 29,973,514	\$ 27,686,014	\$ 27,573,121	\$ 27,081,569	\$ 28,403,269
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020		2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.30203270%	0.32100190%	0.30116110%	(0.29179020%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,716,216	\$ 6,976,422	\$ 7,573,568	\$	8,095,048
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,409,579	\$ 10,634,229	\$ 10,178,867	\$	9,415,074
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	54.91%	65.60%	74.40%		85.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%		13.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
(0.28385870%	(0.29309130%
\$	7,618,022	\$	8,354,186
\$	9,025,736	\$	7,829,386
	84.40%		106.70%
	12.46%		11.49%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	_	2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0.29318885%	0.27922772%	0.28122668%		0.26918285%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (6,181,647)	\$ (4,907,425)	\$ (4,657,788)	\$	(4,325,493)
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,717,500	\$ 34,023,021	\$ 33,213,071	\$	31,039,436
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.84%	14.42%	14.02%		13.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%		176.00%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018	2017
0.26878668%	0.26604662%
\$ 10,487,064	\$ 14,228,242
\$ 29,973,514	\$ 27,686,014
34.99%	51.39%
47.10%	37.33%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 197,808	\$ 196,875	\$ 196,245	\$ 230,953
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (197,808)	 (196,875)	(196,245)	(230,953)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 11,614,579	\$ 10,409,579	\$ 10,634,229	\$ 10,178,867
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.70%	1.89%	1.85%	2.27%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 200,616	\$ 150,926	\$ 146,238	\$ 213,230	\$ 145,848	\$ 125,489
 (200,616)	 (150,926)	 (146,238)	 (213,230)	(145,848)	 (125,489)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 9,415,074	\$ 9,025,736	\$ 7,829,386	\$ 8,598,536	\$ 8,225,115	\$ 7,804,321
2.13%	1.67%	1.87%	2.48%	1.77%	1.61%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 	 	 	 <u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 37,198,143	\$ 36,717,500	\$ 34,023,021	\$ 33,213,071
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2018	2018 2017		2017 2016			2015	 2014	 2013			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 277,364	\$ 284,033			
							 (277,364)	 (284,033)			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 			
\$ 31,039,436	\$	29,973,514	\$	27,686,014	\$	27,573,121	\$ 27,081,569	\$ 28,403,269			
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	1.00%	1.00%			

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- $\ ^{\square}$ For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.66% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.

COMBINING STATEMENTS
AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

MAJOR FUNDS

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with a school district which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund. These activities include, but are not limited to, general instruction, pupil services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation, and administration.

Since the legal level of budgetary control is not greater than that presented in the basic financial statements, no additional financial statements are presented for the general fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor pital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	6,094,418	\$	2,150,058	\$	670,060	\$	8,914,536
Property taxes		-		3,992,673		1,171,730		5,164,403
Accounts		204		-		-		204
Intergovernmental		4,657,646		-		-		4,657,646
Prepayments		5,635		-		-		5,635
Materials and supplies inventory		8,101		-		-		8,101
Inventory held for resale Total assets	•	27,324	•	6 142 721	•	1 941 700	•	27,324
Total assets	\$	10,793,328	\$	6,142,731	\$	1,841,790	\$	18,777,849
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,808,043	\$	_	\$	47,741	\$	1,855,784
Contracts payable	Ψ	626,923	Ψ	_	Ψ	164,109	Ψ	791,032
Accrued wages and benefits		521,075		_		-		521,075
Intergovernmental payable		6,595		_		_		6,595
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		96,548		-		_		96,548
Interfund loan payable		300,790		-		150,000		450,790
Advances from other funds		-		-		600,000		600,000
Total liabilities		3,359,974		-		961,850		4,321,824
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		_		3,547,554		1,018,728		4,566,282
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		122,030		41,679		163,709
Intergovernmental revenue not available		4,657,646		-		-		4,657,646
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,657,646		3,669,584		1,060,407		9,387,637
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		8,101		-		-		8,101
Prepaids		5,635		-		-		5,635
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		2,473,147		-		2,473,147
Classroom facilities maintenance		401,555		-		-		401,555
Food service operations		4,172,376		-		-		4,172,376
Non-public schools		199,736		-		-		199,736
State funded programs		45,589		-		-		45,589
Federally funded programs		5,297		-		-		5,297
Extracurricular		368,536		-		-		368,536
Other purposes		68,785		-		(190.467)		68,785
Unassigned (deficit)		(2,499,902)		2.472.145		(180,467)		(2,680,369)
Total fund balances (deficit)		2,775,708		2,473,147		(180,467)		5,068,388
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	10,793,328	\$	2,473,147	\$	1,841,790	\$	18,777,849

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues: Property taxes \$ 412,881 \$ 4,659,316 \$ 1,077,174 \$ 6,149,3 Intergovernmental 15,849,498 685,785 165,091 16,700,3	
• •	
Intergovernmental 15,849,498 685,785 165,091 16,700,3),371
),374
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,871
Extracurricular 242,170 242,1	2,170
Charges for services 53,909 53,9	3,909
Contributions and donations 45,598 45,5	5,598
Miscellaneous 84,020 - 84,0	4,020
Total revenues 16,694,947 5,345,101 1,242,265 23,282,3	2,313
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Instruction:	
Regular 3,692,542 - 3,692,5	2,542
Special 3,153,004 - 3,153,0	3,004
Support services:	
Pupil 1,471,682 - 1,471,6	1,682
Instructional staff 1,373,575 - 1,373,5	3,575
Administration 555,583 555,5	5,583
Fiscal - 69,564 21,594 91,1	1,158
Operations and maintenance 1,437,411 - 97,420 1,534,8	1,831
Pupil transportation 149,109 - 91,593 240,7),702
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Food service operations 2,866,091 2,866,0	5,091
Other non-instructional services 547,376 - 547,3	7,376
Extracurricular activities 351,650 - 351,6	,650
Facilities acquisition and construction 2,147,310 - 519,576 2,666,8 Debt service:	5,886
Principal retirement - 2,430,705 - 2,430,7),705
Interest and fiscal charges - 1,129,336 - 1,129,3	
Accreation on capital appreciation bonds - 899,295 - 899,2	
Total expenditures 17,745,333 4,528,900 730,183 23,004,4	4,416
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,050,386) 816,201 512,082 277,8	7,897
Other financing sources:	
Sale of assets 238,214 238,2	3,214
Net change in fund balances (1,050,386) 816,201 750,296 516,1	5,111
Fund balances (deficit) at	
beginning of year 3,827,794 1,656,946 (930,763) 4,553,9	3,977
Change in reserve for inventory (1,700) (1,700)	1,700)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year \$ 2,775,708 \$ 2,473,147 \$ (180,467) \$ 5,068,3	3,388

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The nonmajor special revenue funds are:

Miscellaneous Grants

To account for a number of small local grants that are restricted for specific expenditures.

District Managed Student Activity

To account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. This fund includes athletic programs as well as band, cheerleaders, drama clubs, and other similar types of activities.

Auxiliary Services

To account for State funds which provide services and materials to students attending non-public schools within the boundaries of the District as provided by State law.

Student Managed Activity

To account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund includes activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

Public School Preschool

To account for State funds provided to the District for paying the cost of preschool programs for three and four year olds.

Data Communications

To account for revenues received from the State to be used to install and provide support costs for data communication links to connect any school to the local A-site.

Special Trust

To account for scholarship programs, not administered through a trust agreement, where the District has administrative involvement in the selection of the scholarship recipient.

Endowment Fund

To account for scholarship programs, not administered through a trust agreement, where money was endowed to the District and where the District has administrative involvement in the selection of the scholarship recipient.

Student Wellness and Success

To account for revenues received from the State to be used for students well being and success, sucah as providing mental health services for students.

Miscellaneous State Grants

To account for monies received from State agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Title VI-B

To account for Federal funds for the provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels; assist in the training of teachers, supervisors and other specialists in providing educational services to the handicapped.

Limited English Proficiency

To account for Federal funds to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Title l

To account for Federal funds for services provided to meet special educational needs of educationally deprived children.

EHA Preschool Grant

To account for Federal funds used for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five years.

Title II-A

To account for a Federal grant aimed at reducing class sizes through out the District.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants

To account for Federal revenues received through State agencies from the Federal government or directly from the Federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

Food Service

To account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of food services, including breakfast and lunch, for the District students and staff.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance

To account for revenues earmarked for the maintenance of facilities.

Non-Competitive Supplemental

A fund provided to account for reveneues received from the federal government to help schools improve teaching and learning of children failing, or most at risk of failing to meet challenging State academic achievement standards.

21st Century

To account for a Federal grant for the District's after school programs.

Coronavirus Relief Fund

To account for a Federal grant received by the District to combat the coronavirus pandemic.

Title IV-A

To account for a Federal grant received by the District to provide student support and academic enrichment programs.

ESSER

A fund used to account for a Federal grant received by the District to combat the coronavirus pandemic.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds since they are reported in the general fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

School Activity Trusts

To account for trust agreements in which the principal and income are used to support District programs.

Staff Trusts

To account for revenues and expenditures related to vending and donations from employees to support District programs.

Rotary Fund - Special Services

To account for operations made in connection with goods and services provided by the District.

Rotary Fund

To account for operations that provide goods or services to other governmental units on a cost-reimbusement basis.

Public School Support

To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (e.g. sales of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.). Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Miscellaneous Grants		N	District Managed Student Activity		Auxiliary Services		Student Managed Activity		Public School Preschool	
Assets:											
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	29,390	\$	546,321	\$	238,366	\$	76,277	\$	-	
Receivables:											
Accounts		-		204		-		-		100.000	
Intergovernmental Prepayments		-		-		157		-		100,000	
Materials and supplies inventory		_		-		-		_		_	
Inventory held for resale		-		-		-		_		_	
Total assets	\$	29,390	\$	546,525	\$	238,523	\$	76,277	\$	100,000	
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	129	\$	68,881	\$	23,890	\$	385	\$	-	
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-		-	
Accrued wages and benefits		-		-		12,806		-		-	
Intergovernmental payable		-		-		155		-		-	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable Interfund loan payable		-		185,000		1,779		-		-	
Total liabilities		129		253,881		38,630		385			
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-		-		_		_		100,000	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		100,000	
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaids		-		-		157		-		-	
Restricted:											
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		-		-		-		-	
Food service operations		-		-		-		-		-	
Non-public schools		-		-		199,736		_		-	
State funded programs		-		-		-		-		-	
Federally funded programs		-		-		-		-		-	
Extracurricular		-		292,644		-		75,892		-	
Other purposes		29,261		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned (deficit)										-	
Total fund balances (deficit)		29,261		292,644		199,893		75,892		-	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	29,390	\$	546,525	\$	238,523	\$	76,277	\$	100,000	

	Data Communication		Special Trust		Endowment Fund		Student Wellness and Success		cellaneous te Grants	T	itle VI-B		ed English oficiency
\$	1,800	\$	28,968	\$	10,556	\$	-	\$	48,142	\$	-	\$	5,297
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		921		2,981 34		580,295 430		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	1,800	\$	28,968	\$	10,556	\$	921	\$	51,157	\$	580,725	\$	5,297
Ψ	1,000	Ψ	20,700	<u> </u>	10,330	Ψ	721	<u> </u>	31,137	Ψ	300,723	<u> </u>	3,271
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,801	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		3,483		36,483		-
	-		-		-		-		50		456		-
	-		-		-		-		820		6,022		-
									4,353		17,009 90,771		<u> </u>
									4,333		50,771		
							_		2,981		580,295		-
									2,981		580,295		-
	_		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		921		34		430		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,800		-		-		-		43,789		-		5 207
	-		-		-		-		-		-		5,297
	-		28,968		10,556		_		_		_		_
					-						(90,771)		
	1,800		28,968		10,556		921		43,823		(90,341)		5,297
\$	1,800	\$	28,968	\$	10,556	\$	921	\$	51,157	\$	580,725	\$	5,297

- Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Title I		Preschool Grant	 itle II-A	Food Service		Classroom Facilities Maintenance	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,340,339	\$	767,822
Accounts		_	_	_		_		_
Intergovernmental		1,239,309	33,147	168,830		_		_
Prepayments		2,315	-	280		1,399		-
Materials and supplies inventory		-	-	-		8,101		-
Inventory held for resale			 -	 -		27,324		-
Total assets	\$	1,241,624	\$ 33,147	\$ 169,110	\$	4,377,163	\$	767,822
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	30	\$ -	\$ -	\$	34,256	\$	366,267
Contracts payable		-	-	-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits		147,192	2,827	26,649		126,302		-
Intergovernmental payable Pension and postemployment benefits payable		1,876 38,802	593	344 11,106		1,480 33,249		-
Interfund loan payable		20,939	26,825	7,938		33,249		-
Total liabilities		208,839	30,245	 46,037		195,287		366,267
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Intergovernmental revenue not available		1,239,309	33,147	168,830		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,239,309	33,147	168,830		-		
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		-	-	-		8,101		-
Prepaids		2,315	-	280		1,399		-
Restricted:								
Classroom facilities maintenance		-	-	-		-		401,555
Food service operations		-	-	-		4,172,376		-
Non-public schools		-	-	-		-		-
State funded programs		-	-	-		-		-
Federally funded programs		-	-	-		-		-
Extracurricular		-	-	-		-		-
Other purposes		-	-	-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(208,839)	 (30,245)	 (46,037)				
Total fund balances (deficit)		(206,524)	(30,245)	(45,757)		4,181,876		401,555
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	2,315	\$ 33,147	\$ 169,110	\$	4,377,163	\$	767,822

	Non-Competive Supplemental		21st entury	Ti	itle IV-A		ESSER		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	1,140	\$	-	\$	-		6,094,418
	-		-		-		-		204
	89,036		6,002		329,189		2,108,857		4,657,646
	3		94		2		-		5,635
	_		-		-		_		8,101 27,324
\$	89,039	\$	7,236	\$	329,191	\$	2,108,857	\$	10,793,328
\$		\$	-	\$	5,233	\$	1,278,171	\$	1,808,043
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,235	Ψ	626,923	Ψ	626,923
	-		4,810		-		160,523		521,075
	-		60		-		2,174		6,595
	-		1,363		-		2,814		96,548
	5				4,822		38,252		300,790
	5		6,233		10,055		2,108,857		3,359,974
	89,036		6,002		329,189		2,108,857		4,657,646
	89,036		6,002		329,189		2,108,857		4,657,646
	-		-		-		-		8,101
	3		94		2		-		5,635
	-		-		-		_		401,555
	-		-		-		-		4,172,376
	-		-		-		-		199,736
	-		-		-		_		45,589
	-		-		-		_		5,297
	-		-		-		-		368,536
	-		-		-		_		68,785
	(5)		(5,093)		(10,055)		(2,108,857)		(2,499,902)
	(2)		(4,999)		(10,053)		(2,108,857)		2,775,708
\$	89,039	\$	7,236	\$	2	\$	2,108,857	\$	10,793,328

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Miscellaneous Grants	District Managed Student Activity	Auxiliary Services	Student Managed Activity	Public School Preschool
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	551,719	-	120,000
Investments earnings	-	-	367	-	-
Extracurricular	-	206,428	-	35,742	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	28,541	16,357	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	81,674	-	111	-
Total revenues	28,541	304,459	552,086	35,853	120,000
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	29,717	-	-	-	-
Special	-	1,470	-	-	82,800
Support services:					
Pupil	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-	28,800
Administration	-	-	-	-	8,400
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	-
Other non-instructional services	11,259	-	413,143	425	-
Extracurricular activities	-	288,497	-	23,154	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	<u> </u>				
Total expenditures	40,976	289,967	413,143	23,579	120,000
Net change in fund balances	(12,435)	14,492	138,943	12,274	-
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year Change in reserve for inventory	41,696	278,152	60,950	63,618	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 29,261	\$ 292,644	\$ 199,893	\$ 75,892	\$ -

Data unications	Special Trust	lowment Fund	W	ellness Success	cellaneous te Grants	Title VI-B		ed English oficiency
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
1,800	-	-		-	25,589		2,348,641	3,359
-	4	-		-	-		-	-
_	-	_		_	-		-	_
-	700	-		-	-		-	-
 -	 -	 		-				 -
 1,800	 704	 			 25,589		2,348,641	 3,359
-	-	-		-	-		-	2,881
-	-	-		47,268	-		933,660	-
_	_	_		468,169	_		773,526	_
_	-	_		237,819	29,248		-	_
-	-	-		-	-		434,114	-
-	-	-		-	-		-	-
-	-	-		-	-		64,303	-
_	_	_		_	_		_	_
-	2,450	-		-	-		41,482	-
-	-	-		-	-		-	-
 	 	 -	-		 		<u>-</u>	
 	 2,450	 		753,256	 29,248		2,247,085	 2,881
1,800	(1,746)	-		(753,256)	(3,659)		101,556	478
-	30,714	10,556		754,177	47,482		(191,897)	4,819
\$ 1,800	\$ 28,968	\$ 10,556	\$	921	\$ 43,823	\$	(90,341)	\$ 5,297

- Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Title I	EHA Preschool Grant	Title II-A	Miscellaneous Federal Grants	Food Service	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	2,196,345	54,371	320,923	3,010	4,213,441	
Investments earnings	-	-	-	-	6,500	
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	53,909	
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous					2,235	
Total revenues	2,196,345	54,371	320,923	3,010	4,276,085	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	-	-	-	-	-	
Special	1,997,566	80,627	-	-	-	
Support services:						
Pupil	26	-	-	1	-	
Instructional staff	72,084	-	274,383	-	-	
Administration	113,069	-	-	-	-	
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-	-	
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	2,866,091	
Other non-instructional services	38,007	-	20,301	1	-	
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction					120,257	
Total expenditures	2,220,752	80,627	294,684	2	2,986,348	
Net change in fund balances	(24,407)	(26,256)	26,239	3,008	1,289,737	
Fund balances (deficit)	(100 ::=	(2.000)	(71 000	(2.000)	2 002 022	
at beginning of year Change in reserve for inventory	(182,117)	(3,989)	(71,996)	(3,008)	2,893,839 (1,700)	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (206,524)	\$ (30,245)	\$ (45,757)	\$ -	\$ 4,181,876	

Fa	ssroom cilities Non-Competive ntenance Supplemental						elief	T	itle IV-A	 ESSER	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	412,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$	412,881	
	69,931		124,188		507,133		971		46,343	5,261,734		15,849,498	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		6,871	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		242,170	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		53,909	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		45,598	
	482,812		124,188		507,133		971		46,343	 5,261,734		84,020 16,694,947	
	402,012		124,100		307,133		7/1		10,313	3,201,734		10,074,747	
	-		-		297,559		-		-	3,362,385		3,692,542	
	-		-		-		-		4,768	4,845		3,153,004	
	-		-		223,393		-		4,000	2,567		1,471,682	
	-		942		159		-		27,320	702,820		1,373,575	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		555,583	
	832,488		-		-		-		-	604,923		1,437,411	
	-		-		-		-		-	84,806		149,109	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		2,866,091	
	-		-		-		-		20,308	-		547,376	
	-		-		-		-		-	39,999		351,650	
	307,252		-		-				-	 1,719,801		2,147,310	
	1,139,740		942		521,111				56,396	 6,522,146		17,745,333	
	(656,928)		123,246		(13,978)		971		(10,053)	(1,260,412)		(1,050,386)	
	1,058,483		(123,248)		8,979 <u>-</u>		(971)		- -	(848,445)		3,827,794 (1,700)	
\$	401,555	\$	(2)	\$	(4,999)	\$		\$	(10,053)	\$ (2,108,857)	\$	2,775,708	

	 Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	 Original		Final		Actual		Negative)	
Miscellaneous Grants								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 51,350	\$	51,350	\$	28,541	\$	(22,809)	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 58,323		49,332		49,332		<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(6,973)		2,018		(20,791)		(22,809)	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 39,766 6,973		39,766 6,973		39,766 6,973		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,766	\$	48,757	\$	25,948	\$	(22,809)	
District Managed Student Activity								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 285,000	\$	285,000	\$	478,444	\$	193,444	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 312,445		435,838		435,838			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(27,445)		(150,838)		42,606		193,444	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 246,589 27,445		246,589 27,445		246,589 27,445		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 246,589	\$	123,196	\$	316,640	\$	193,444	
Auxiliary Services								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 614,479	\$	619,729	\$	552,087	\$	(67,642)	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 760,200		765,450		534,008		231,442	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(145,721)		(145,721)		18,079		163,800	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 47,941 97,780		47,941 97,780		47,941 97,780		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	163,800	\$	163,800	

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Student Managed Activity							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	67,000	\$	67,000	\$ 35,853	\$	(31,147)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		72,197		31,657	 31,658		(1)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,197)		35,343	4,195		(31,148)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		58,421 5,197		58,421 5,197	58,421 5,197		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	58,421	\$	98,961	\$ 67,813	\$	(31,148)
Public School Preschool							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	292,000	\$	300,000	\$ 120,000	\$	(180,000)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		292,000		300,000	120,000		180,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-		-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		(72,000) 72,000		(72,000) 72,000	 (72,000) 72,000		<u>-</u>
Fund balance (deficit)at end of year	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
Data Communications							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$ 1,800	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,800		1,800	 		1,800
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	1,800		1,800
Fund balance at beginning of year					 		
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$ 1,800	\$	1,800

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget- Over	
		Original		Final		Actual		Under)	
Special Trust									
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	704	\$	704	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		10,100		2,449		2,450		(1)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,100)		(2,449)		(1,746)		703	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		30,214 500		30,214 500		30,214 500		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	20,614	\$	28,265	\$	28,968	\$	703	
Endowment Fund									
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	175	\$	175	\$	-	\$	(175)	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		175							
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		175		-		(175)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,556		10,556		10,556			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,556	\$	10,731	\$	10,556	\$	(175)	
Student Wellness and Success									
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,703	\$	1,703	\$	-	\$	(1,703)	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		786,489		786,489		784,786		1,703	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(784,786)		(784,786)		(784,786)		-	
Fund balance at beginning of year		784,786		784,786		784,786			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$		

	 Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	 Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Miscellaneous State Grants						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 29,987	\$	29,987	\$ 25,827	\$	(4,160)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 29,511		29,511	 25,516		3,995
Net Change in Fund Balance	476		476	311		(165)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 46,890 941		46,890 941	46,890 941		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 48,307	\$	48,307	\$ 48,142	\$	(165)
Title VI-B						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 2,695,323	\$	2,964,726	\$ 2,384,523	\$	(580,203)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 2,659,439		2,928,935	2,562,789		366,146
Net Change in Fund Balance	35,884		35,791	(178,266)		(214,057)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 (189,148) 153,264		(189,148) 153,264	 (189,148) 153,264		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 	\$	(93)	\$ (214,150)	\$	(214,057)
Limited English Proficiency						
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 3,575	\$	3,359	\$ 3,359	\$	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	 8,394		8,178	 2,881		5,297
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,819)		(4,819)	478		5,297
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 3,949 870		3,949 870	 3,949 870		- -
Fund balance at end of year	 	\$		\$ 5,297	\$	5,297

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
Title I							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	3,364,311	\$	3,458,986	\$ 2,219,677	\$	(1,239,309)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		3,340,979		3,435,654	 2,262,454		1,173,200
Net Change in Fund Balance		23,332		23,332	(42,777)		(66,109)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(344,991) 321,659		(344,991) 321,659	 (344,991) 321,659		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ (66,109)	\$	(66,109)
EHA Preschool Grant							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	62,584	\$	87,631	\$ 54,485	\$	(33,146)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		62,471		87,518	 81,304		6,214
Net Change in Fund Balance		113		113	(26,819)		(26,932)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(883) 770		(883) 770	 (883) 770		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year			\$		\$ (26,932)	\$	(26,932)
Title II-A							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	496,263	\$	498,367	\$ 329,536	\$	(168,831)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		487,651		489,755	 359,234		130,521
Net Change in Fund Balance		8,612		8,612	(29,698)		(38,310)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(87,941) 79,329		(87,941) 79,329	 (87,941) 79,329		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$		\$ (38,310)	\$	(38,310)

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	180,564	\$	21,977	\$ 4,212	\$	(17,765)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		179,363		20,776	 3,011		17,765
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,201		1,201	1,201		-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(21,977) 20,776		(21,977) 20,776	(21,977) 20,776		<u>-</u>
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year			\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	
Food Service							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	3,032,335	\$	3,032,335	\$ 4,231,883	\$	1,199,548
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		3,603,878		3,216,704	3,216,704		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(571,543)		(184,369)	1,015,179		1,199,548
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,104,480 767,601		2,104,480 767,601	 2,104,480 767,601		- -
Fund balance at end of year		2,300,538	\$	2,687,712	\$ 3,887,260	\$	1,199,548
Classroom Facilities Maintenance							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$ 482,812	\$	(217,188)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,099,502		1,433,618	 1,433,618		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(399,502)		(733,618)	(950,806)		(217,188)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,005,942 149,502		1,005,942 149,502	 1,005,942 149,502		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	755,942	\$	421,826	\$ 204,638	\$	(217,188)

	Budgeted Amounts		A-7 -1		Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original	 Final		Actual	(]	Negative)
Non-Competitive Supplemental							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	215,163	\$ 215,163	\$	126,127	\$	(89,036)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		213,224	 227,797		124,193		103,604
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,939	(12,634)		1,934		14,568
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(129,547) 127,608	 (129,547) 127,608		(129,547) 127,608		<u>-</u>
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	-	\$ (14,573)	\$	(5)	\$	14,568
21st Century							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	513,136	\$ 513,136	\$	507,133	\$	(6,003)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		528,196	 528,196		521,053		7,143
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,060)	(15,060)		(13,920)		1,140
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		9,165 5,895	 9,165 5,895		9,165 5,895		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$ 	\$	1,140	\$	1,140
Coronavirus Relief Fund							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	45,015	\$ 60,667	\$	29,364	\$	(31,303)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		15,651	 31,303				31,303
Net Change in Fund Balance		29,364	29,364		29,364		-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(45,015) 15,651	 (45,015) 15,651		(45,015) 15,651		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Title IV-A							
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	199,180	\$ 375,532	\$	46,343	\$	(329,189)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		199,180	 375,532		81,796		293,736
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		(35,453)		(35,453)
Fund balance at beginning of year			 				_
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$ 	\$	(35,453)	\$	(35,453)

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		ositive egative)
ESSER								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	23,241,878	\$	30,160,554	\$	8,225,767	\$ (2	1,934,787)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		20,277,846		27,196,522		23,641,561		3,554,961
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,964,032		2,964,032	(15,415,794)	(1	8,379,826)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(3,744,568) 780,536		(3,744,568) 780,536		(3,744,568) 780,536		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$		\$ (18,379,826)	\$ (1	8,379,826)
School Activity Trusts								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,062	\$	33,062
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		80,448		105,000		105,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(80,448)		(105,000)		(71,938)		33,062
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		93,643 4,448		93,643 4,448		93,643 4,448		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,643	\$	(6,909)	\$	26,153	\$	33,062
Staff Trusts								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,738	\$	2,738
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		10,130		6,797		6,797		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(10,130)		(6,797)		(4,059)		2,738
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	_	17,241 4,460		17,241 4,460		17,241 4,460		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,571	\$	14,904	\$	17,642	\$	2,738

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Rotary Fund - Special Services								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	925	\$	(8,075)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		9,000						
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		9,000		925		(8,075)
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,919		11,919		11,919		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,919	\$	20,919	\$	12,844	\$	(8,075)
Rotary Fund								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	2,216	\$	(1,784)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		4,000		2,000		2,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		2,000		216		(1,784)
Fund balance at beginning of year		11,759		11,759		11,759		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,759	\$	13,759	\$	11,975	\$	(1,784)
Public School Support								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	44,996	\$	(80,004)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		132,042		55,717		55,717		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,042)		69,283		(10,721)		(80,004)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		124,694 7,042		124,694 7,042		124,694 7,042		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	124,694	\$	201,019	\$	121,015	\$	(80,004)

FUND DESCRIPTION

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

A fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain long-term obligations from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment. It is also used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bonds and library bonds payable, as required by Ohio Law.

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Debt Service					
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 4,584,936	\$ 4,584,936	\$ 5,387,288	\$ 802,352	
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	4,584,936	4,528,901	4,528,901		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	56,035	858,387	802,352	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,291,671	1,291,671	1,291,671		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,291,671	\$ 1,347,706	\$ 2,150,058	\$ 802,352	

FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The nonmajor capital projects funds are:

Permanent Improvement

To account for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Permanent Improvement								
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$	1,602,881	\$	1,602,881	\$	1,935,073	\$	332,192
Total Expenditures and Other Uses		1,652,734		1,674,328		1,674,328		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(49,853)		(71,447)		260,745		332,192
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(189,853) 239,853		(189,853) 239,853		(189,853) 239,853		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	_ \$	147_	\$	(21,447)	\$	310,745	\$	332,192

FUND DESCRIPTION

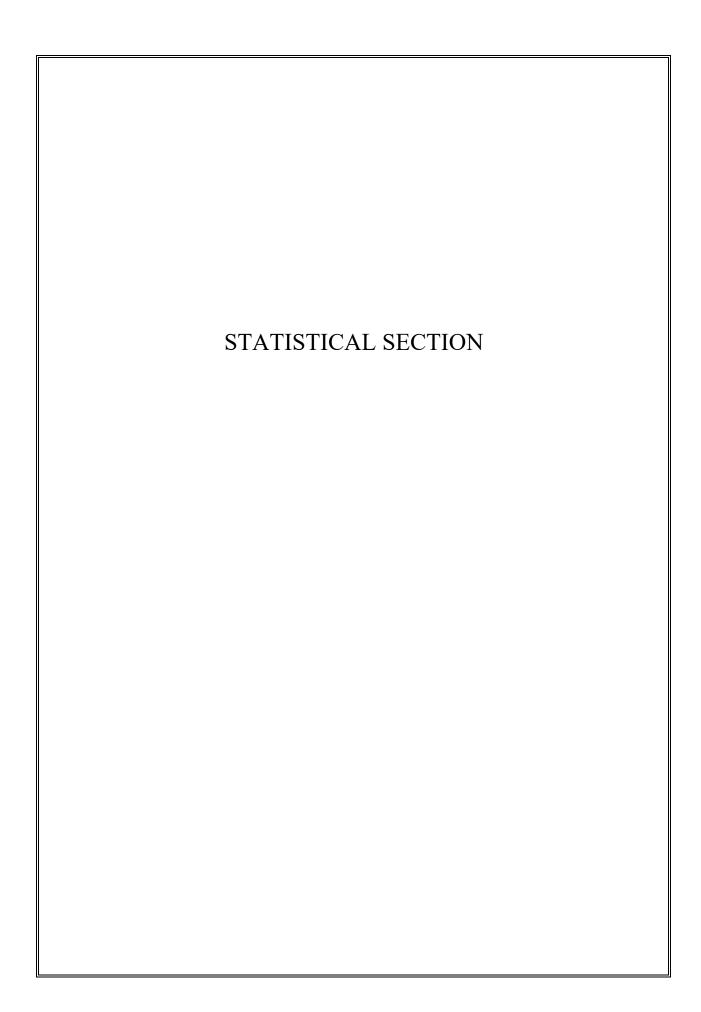
Internal Service Fund

A fund category used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of the District to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. Charges are intended only to recoup the total cost of such services.

Employee Benefits Self-Insurance

This fund is provided to account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing dental benefits. The Self-Insured Dental fund may make payments for services provided to employees, for reimbursement to employees who have paid providers, to third party administrators for claims payment or administration, for stop-loss coverage, or for any other reinsurance or other similar purposes.

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual		
Employee Benefits Self-Insurance					
Total Operating and Non-operating Revenues	\$ 13,875,000	\$ 13,875,000	\$ 14,559,392	\$ 684,392	
Total Operating and Non-operating Expenses	13,875,000	15,039,787	15,039,787		
Net change in fund equity	-	(1,164,787)	(480,395)	684,392	
Fund equity at beginning of year	3,731,118	3,731,118	3,731,118		
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 3,731,118	\$ 2,566,331	\$ 3,250,723	\$ 684,392	



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Newark City School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	140-153
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	154-159
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	160-163
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	164-165
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	166-177

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021		2020		2019 (3)	
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	91,233,273	\$	91,722,835	\$	89,197,522	\$	88,396,281
Restricted		9,172,704		6,989,084		7,252,514		5,123,792
Unrestricted (deficit)		(24,931,675)		(36,218,668)		(33,227,437)		(29,259,526)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	75,474,302	\$	62,493,251	\$	63,222,599	\$	64,260,547

⁽¹⁾ The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018.

Amounts for 2017 have been restated to reflect the implementation of this statement.

Amounts for 2015 have been restated to reflect the implementation of this statement.

Amounts for 2019 have been restated to reflect the implementation of this statement.

Source: School District financial records.

⁽²⁾ The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2016.

⁽³⁾ The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2020.

 2018 2017 (1)		2016		2015 (2)		2014		2013		
\$ 85,310,047	\$	85,515,706	\$	84,802,559	\$	89,306,195	\$	89,834,198	\$	87,567,379
8,272,223		8,694,181		11,693,660		10,338,400		10,295,131		13,354,997
(43,209,142)		(82,678,310)		(61,813,654)		(70,450,227)		11,672,708		10,090,041
\$ 50,373,128	\$	11,531,577	\$	34,682,565	\$	29,194,368	\$	111,802,037	\$	111,012,417

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 38,508,917	\$ 46,084,811	\$ 41,333,875	\$ 35,153,977
Special	14,609,140	18,635,843	18,114,502	14,109,189
Vocational	369,793	380,910	350,396	326,222
Other instructional	209,401	280,310	244,144	156,753
Support services:				
Pupil	5,967,429	5,219,699	5,475,988	4,946,968
Instructional staff	4,333,654	5,262,866	3,700,193	3,160,083
Board of education	205,208	149,182	160,036	195,240
Administration	4,725,856	5,449,105	5,256,579	4,373,035
Fiscal	1,597,082	1,653,583	1,602,781	1,363,855
Business	599,897	676,147	662,469	524,775
Operations and maintenance	9,124,343	7,949,267	8,113,087	6,947,510
Pupil transportation	3,791,213	4,037,653	4,533,278	4,624,303
Central	870,281	1,029,248	924,097	558,210
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	2,962,757	2,711,825	3,172,208	2,742,860
Other non-instructional services	607,372	799,413	634,636	1,247,063
Extracurricular activities	1,547,878	1,475,463	1,667,245	1,117,658
Interest and fiscal charges	1,334,402	1,788,748	1,707,831	1,718,585
Total governmental activities expenses	91,364,623	103,584,073	97,653,345	83,266,286

2018 2017		2016	2015	2014	2013		
\$ 21,433,067	\$ 37,735,297	\$ 35,039,883	\$ 33,574,541	\$ 34,785,398	\$ 33,001,079		
8,746,410	15,014,909	12,202,659	11,175,826	11,011,351	9,533,160		
234,237	369,372	337,294	392,481	405,009	370,850		
74,319	153,373	232,702	211,952	264,203	263,687		
2,699,314	4,539,392	4,037,014	3,662,387	3,860,974	3,694,655		
1,911,702	3,674,400	3,026,969	2,866,379	2,903,788	3,974,951		
180,770	150,549	259,894	150,058	163,268	130,169		
1,650,210	4,281,207	3,953,871	3,665,474	3,771,253	3,627,531		
1,004,123	1,372,452	1,475,422	1,316,322	1,346,565	1,283,969		
322,180	630,260	500,683	461,300	574,959	450,361		
4,947,884	7,176,597	7,243,616	6,701,896	6,447,978	6,094,397		
2,620,951	3,615,232	3,232,114	3,103,190	2,976,377	2,439,472		
437,122	537,799	538,794	511,210	402,627	1,055,945		
2,217,708	2,938,568	2,590,338	2,395,676	2,281,336	2,385,819		
609,437	2,470,071	670,056	847,440	540,290	775,455		
620,541	1,256,345	1,096,845	1,138,134	843,918	639,287		
1,802,473	1,900,549	2,075,843	2,358,614	2,646,583	2,718,848		
51,512,448	87,816,372	78,513,997	74,532,880	75,225,877	72,439,635		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - (Continued) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 1,076,593	\$ 1,605,813	\$ 1,758,790	\$ 1,840,113	
Special	200,273	440,172	156,378	116,150	
Support services:					
Operations and maintenance	219,514	104,150	108,117	110,351	
Pupil transportation	14,375	2,545	12,873	17,728	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	53,909	23,013	376,860	460,367	
Other non-instructional services	45,801	36,740	79,620	63,513	
Extracurricular activities	240,480	125,961	185,461	176,716	
Operating grants and contributions:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,918,275	5,267,386	726,349	596,369	
Special	9,114,744	10,397,603	10,356,604	8,460,689	
Vocational	56,972	90,697	90,697	90,697	
Support services:					
Pupil	1,938,653	1,795,905	1,720,343	770,592	
Instructional staff	1,616,268	1,618,558	1,520,192	1,056,598	
Administration	543,158	462,131	543,841	302,777	
Fiscal	-	=	-	-	
Operations and maintenance	891,492	127,863	67,981	180,724	
Pupil transportation	1,055,049	1,298,423	532,367	429,377	
Central	-	=	-	-	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	4,222,176	2,395,811	2,489,008	2,721,304	
Other non-instructional services	714,796	709,322	663,283	757,714	
Extracurricular activities	151,964	46,142	37,817	51,899	
Capital grants and contributions:					
Support services:					
Pupil transportation	=	52,019	=	-	
Central	=	=	=	-	
Extracurricular activities	=_	<u> </u>	35,000		
Total governmental program revenues	27,074,492	26,600,254	21,461,581	18,203,678	
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	(64,290,131)	(76,983,819)	(76,191,764)	(65,062,608)	

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
\$ 1,355,447	\$ 1,047,952	\$ 765,956	\$ 759,762	\$ 720,191	\$ 776,913		
140,532	67,249	123,414	166,875	175,956	180,189		
105,752	109,750	114,297	111,221	84,034	12,218		
18,876	24,623	117,754	105,598	102,525	94,812		
462,168	542,784	573,261	437,690	459,673	517,229		
64,700	62,319	44,163	48,670	50,791	36,846		
172,378	166,301	150,993	148,999	141,829	145,627		
640,572	404,649	510,119	203,894	321,031	446,406		
8,623,850	8,832,513	7,903,952	7,928,058	7,222,647	4,754,225		
75,659	75,377	65,170	27,992	28,462	74,615		
280,356	280,315	208,408	127,199	215,583	209,378		
1,024,943	1,209,845	1,138,034	1,263,858	995,815	2,334,546		
258,784	269,129	314,439	104,156	153,788	126,027		
7,364	7,639	7,500	6,100	7,756	7,756		
123,259	112,259	134,569	92,510	31,119	119,047		
467,131	388,981	415,828	353,892	295,828	432,112		
-	-	-	-	-	19,800		
2,791,046	2,414,080	2,138,339	1,943,880	1,886,745	1,945,837		
724,136	723,077	715,556	654,718	628,125	640,036		
53,844	49,606	35,173	32,526	29,498	59,442		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	405,000		
17,390,797	16,788,448	15,476,925	14,517,598	13,551,396	13,338,061		
(34,121,651)	(71,027,924)	(63,037,072)	(60,015,282)	(61,674,481)	(59,101,574)		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - (Continued) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

General Revenues and				
Other Changes in Net Position	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	\$ 23,404,033	\$ 21,526,591	\$ 21,300,057	\$ 20,622,930
Debt service	4,642,499	4,646,688	4,227,788	3,412,525
Capital outlay	1,081,520	992,511	1,060,566	1,011,279
Facilities maintenance	412,881	412,881	412,881	412,881
School district income taxes	12,403,471	10,627,611	9,107,699	9,873,513
Payment in lieu of taxes	196,202	239,184	100,672	202,392
Grants and entitlements not restricted				
to specific programs	34,834,074	37,422,824	36,650,466	37,764,786
Gain on sale of building and land	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	130,015	135,660	881,837	1,054,048
(Decrease) in fair value				
of investments	(205,756)	-	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	189,019	-	-	-
Insurance proceeds	-	-	1,010,530	-
Miscellaneous	183,224	250,521	401,320	327,382
Special Item:				
Newark Digital Academy				
accounts transfer	-	-	-	4,153,087
Total governmental activities	77,271,182	76,254,471	75,153,816	78,834,823
Total primary government	77,271,182	76,254,471	75,153,816	78,834,823
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 12,981,051	\$ (729,348)	\$ (1,037,948)	\$ 13,772,215

Source: School District financial records.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
\$ 20,005,333	\$ 19,201,896	\$ 19,434,839	\$ 19,580,708	\$ 19,646,227	\$ 19,435,032	
2,944,801	3,833,655	4,331,366	3,982,733	3,634,892	3,521,282	
974,468	931,011	960,058	964,252	963,608	943,709	
412,881	412,881	412,881	412,881	412,881	412,881	
9,478,714	8,870,372	8,745,391	8,447,025	8,251,484	8,119,680	
213,593	307,928	107,329	216,287	11,103	8,504	
36,990,552	36,105,065	34,014,142	32,076,321	29,074,075	28,256,565	
-	-	-	-	- -	56,789	
523,415	263,738	111,006	55,049	37,478	48,591	
_	_	_	_	_	_	
74,784	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	
344,661	381,892	408,257	641,976	432,353	461,302	
_	-	-	-	_	-	
72,963,202	70,308,438	68,525,269	66,377,232	62,464,101	61,264,335	
72,963,202	70,308,438	68,525,269	66,377,232	62,464,101	61,264,335	
\$ 38,841,551	\$ (719,486)	\$ 5,488,197	\$ 6,361,950	\$ 789,620	\$ 2,162,761	

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022	 2021		2020	 2019 (1)
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 776,500	\$ 932,780	\$	211,935	\$ 216,196
Committed	-	-		-	-
Assigned	8,152,080	6,219,619		6,034,450	1,658,385
Unassigned	 40,192,350	 38,125,793		36,948,402	 38,863,546
Total general fund	\$ 49,120,930	\$ 45,278,192	\$	43,194,787	\$ 40,738,127
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Nonspendable	\$ 13,736	\$ 13,580	\$	14,258	\$ 14,542
Restricted	7,735,021	6,900,643		5,946,172	5,446,515
Unassigned (deficit)	 (2,680,369)	 (2,360,246)	_	(1,634,924)	 (976,796)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,068,388	\$ 4,553,977	\$	4,325,506	\$ 4,484,261

⁽¹⁾ The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2020 Amounts for 2019 have been restated to reflect the implementation of this statement.

Source: School District financial records.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 219,705 - 2,552,697 30,637,459	\$ 200,754 889,729 967,189 25,911,744	\$ 79,861 889,729 2,054,393 20,452,402	\$ 78,073 889,729 4,937,642 13,498,927	\$ 74,875 889,729 2,708,548 11,801,805	\$ 69,412 689,729 1,607,892 12,006,734
\$ 33,409,861	\$ 27,969,416	\$ 23,476,385	\$ 19,404,371	\$ 15,474,957	\$ 14,373,767
\$ 16,819 7,929,056 (799,287)	\$ 14,551 8,601,863 (211,761)	\$ 5,546 10,788,025 (188,342)	\$ 9,274 9,511,461 (496,512)	\$ 47,267 9,779,886 (369,896)	\$ 40,317 11,030,073 (390,307)
\$ 7,146,588	\$ 8,404,653	\$ 10,605,229	\$ 9,024,223	\$ 9,457,257	\$ 10,680,083

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues				
Taxes and payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 42,073,910	\$ 38,803,330	\$ 36,448,306	\$ 35,528,496
Intergovernmental	58,413,183	60,173,874	53,965,478	53,417,591
Tuition	1,286,218	2,045,122	1,820,113	1,812,353
Transportation fees	-	-	12,873	17,728
Charges for services	53,909	23,013	376,860	460,367
Investment earnings	154,778	191,828	917,163	1,082,782
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	(205,756)	-	-	-
Extracurricular	260,032	139,620	202,551	196,179
Classroom materials and fees	-	-	92,497	125,328
Rental income, contributions and donations,				
contract services and miscellaneous	597,974	613,931	726,978	773,154
Total revenues	102,634,248	101,990,718	94,562,819	93,413,978
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	38,893,828	41,059,519	36,271,622	35,292,707
Special	15,671,951	17,630,311	17,017,090	15,706,598
Vocational	240,865	226,088	189,092	196,545
Other	227,893	258,731	214,352	187,508
Support services:				
Pupil	6,179,233	4,852,070	5,089,319	5,286,741
Instructional staff	4,541,987	4,710,934	3,293,430	3,509,136
Board of education	206,893	148,402	157,957	196,971
Administration	4,889,321	4,829,451	4,650,238	4,457,099
Fiscal	1,659,743	1,585,089	1,522,586	1,454,125
Business	615,335	634,913	610,876	584,235
Operations and maintenance	8,825,369	7,101,912	7,242,030	7,351,948
Pupil transportation	3,638,620	3,723,018	3,794,598	5,446,277
Central	898,178	1,005,181	894,311	589,230
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	2,866,091	2,400,837	2,819,190	2,725,020
Other non-instructional services	608,734	785,415	617,645	1,281,123
Extracurricular activities	1,392,105	1,109,455	1,158,564	1,124,513
Facilities acquisitions and construction	2,666,886	2,970,000	1,659,887	1,270,614
Capital outlay	276,299	-	-	894,950
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,456,767	3,354,326	4,098,972	3,343,533
Interest and fiscal charges	2,033,814	1,302,102	1,946,464	1,705,131
Bond issue costs		231,177		
Total expenditures	98,789,912	99,918,931	93,248,223	92,604,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,844,336	2,071,787	1,314,596	809,974

 2018	 2017		2016		2015	 2014		2013
\$ 34,277,320 51,317,064 1,231,263 18,949 462,168 517,992 - 197,340 138,904	\$ 34,276,376 50,796,475 799,207 24,550 542,784 271,043 - 181,788 123,060	\$	34,331,474 47,076,479 715,571 117,754 573,261 113,338 - 178,393 131,553	\$	33,599,404 44,536,828 751,183 105,598 441,786 56,110 - 195,530 121,403	\$ 32,822,596 40,902,951 711,432 102,525 464,574 37,743 - 186,521 129,646	\$	32,497,842 41,127,923 788,387 94,812 522,869 50,873 167,759 129,328
831,662	1,071,804		785,628		922,730	726,912		1,137,074
 88,992,662	 88,087,087	-	84,023,451	-	80,730,572	 76,084,900	-	76,516,867
34,582,118 15,087,315 189,953 174,544	33,914,883 14,526,157 208,428		32,792,831 12,331,857 189,787		32,536,337 11,720,826 276,845	32,219,790 11,013,686 255,081 265,161		31,221,725 9,558,244 264,377
1/4,344	166,388		234,913		228,104	203,101		260,394
4,526,415 3,085,990 189,012	4,305,825 3,390,875 149,365		4,013,386 2,925,740 260,100		3,719,856 2,842,134 150,430	3,780,884 2,746,522 163,268		3,611,968 3,860,664 130,169
3,971,152	4,033,561		3,906,213		3,823,224	3,697,181		3,556,450
1,384,312 610,620	1,378,473 600,326		1,478,900 518,884		1,343,235 474,504	1,344,376 569,533		1,283,155 450,846
6,670,483	6,441,782		6,881,027		6,728,725	6,593,304		5,989,433
4,125,899 551,240	3,554,821 528,126		3,283,030 537,230		3,277,007 522,941	2,944,998 396,894		2,699,744 1,055,074
2,803,855 749,729 1,122,283	2,689,528 2,654,023 1,059,073		2,415,481 673,773 955,881		2,207,019 856,472 995,828	2,087,522 533,221 702,956		2,211,304 767,454 427,811
1,332,003	1,360,303		2,093,329 252,284		574,873 -	2,208,994		10,866,526
2,552,363	2,996,878		2,599,105		2,647,146	2,422,425		2,336,866
2,179,201	1,836,659		1,778,440		2,285,831	2,386,382		2,775,471
 	 		326,815		-	 288,471		-
 85,888,487	 85,795,474		80,449,006		77,211,337	 76,620,649		83,327,675
3,104,175	2,291,613		3,574,445		3,519,235	(535,749)		(6,810,808)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Continued) (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021	2020	2019		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$ 366,548	\$ -	\$	-	
Transfers (out)		-	(366,548)	-		-	
Sale of capital assets		238,214	-	-		-	
Insurance proceeds		-	-	1,010,530		42,500	
Inception of lease		276,299	-	-		894,950	
Refunding bond issued		-	13,365,491	-		-	
Premium on bonds issuance		-	962,706	-		-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	(14,097,020)	-		-	
Issuance of notes/bonds			 	 		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		514,513	 231,177	 1,010,530		937,450	
Special Item:							
Newark Digital Academy account transfer			 -	 		2,768,670	
Net change in fund balances	\$	4,358,849	\$ 2,302,964	\$ 2,325,126	\$	4,516,094	
Debt service principal and interest as a							
percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.66%	4.80%	6.56%		5.58%	

Source: School District financial records.

2018	2017		2016		2015	 2014	 2013
\$ -	\$	155,163 (155,163)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 2,221,799 (2,221,799)
74,784 1,000,000		-		-	4,278	112,826	135,899
-		-		252,284 26,935,000	-	- 18,161,627	-
-		-		2,022,194 (28,630,379)	-	1,822,842 (19,688,517)	-
 				1,500,000	 	 -	
 1,074,784		<u> </u>		2,079,099	 4,278	 408,778	 135,899
\$ 4,178,959	\$	2,291,613	\$	5,653,544	\$ 3,523,513	\$ (126,971)	\$ (6,674,909)
5.60%		5.72%		5.61%	6.47%	6.51%	7.02%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real Pro	oper	rty (a)	Public Utility (b)					
Collection Year	Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value			Estimated Actual Value		
2022	\$	941,527,742	\$	2,690,079,263	\$	51,500,490	\$	147,144,257		
2021		937,572,944		2,678,779,840		45,569,690		130,199,114		
2020		811,503,418		2,318,581,194		42,993,230		122,837,800		
2019		804,545,444		2,298,701,269		40,524,110		115,783,171		
2018		806,049,778		2,302,999,366		39,031,530		111,518,657		
2017		740,257,563		2,115,021,609		33,848,440		96,709,829		
2016		735,178,590		2,100,510,257		34,608,820		98,882,343		
2015		763,994,270		2,182,840,771		33,481,090		95,660,257		
2014		775,983,370		2,217,095,343		32,918,010		94,051,457		
2013		767,933,100		2,194,094,571		30,950,060		88,428,743		

⁽a) The assessed value of real property is fixed at 35% of true value and is determined pursuant to the State Tax Commissioner.

⁽b) Assumes public utilities are assessed at true value which is 35%.

Total Direct Tax Rate		 Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	%		
\$	41.33	\$ 993,028,232	\$ 2,837,223,520	35.00%		
	42.43	983,142,634	2,808,978,954	35.00%		
	42.90	854,496,648	2,441,418,994	35.00%		
	42.90	845,069,554	2,414,484,440	35.00%		
	40.80	845,081,308	2,414,518,023	35.00%		
	43.50	774,106,003	2,211,731,438	35.00%		
	44.63	769,787,410	2,199,392,600	35.00%		
	43.86	797,475,360	2,278,501,028	35.00%		
	43.19	808,901,380	2,311,146,800	35.00%		
	42.67	798,883,160	2,282,523,314	35.00%		

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

	Overlappi	ng Rates		Licking				
Tax Year/ Collection Year	County	City	General	Voted Bond	Permanent Improvement	Unvoted	Total	County Joint Vocational School
2021/2022	9.50	3.70	29.40	4.93	2.90	4.10	41.33	2.50
2020/2021	9.50	3.70	29.50	5.93	2.90	4.10	42.43	2.50
2019/2020	9.50	3.70	30.50	5.40	2.90	4.10	42.90	2.55
2018/2019	9.50	3.70	30.50	5.40	2.90	4.10	42.90	2.55
2017/2018	9.50	3.70	30.50	3.30	2.90	4.10	40.80	2.55
2016/2017	8.00	3.70	31.10	5.40	2.90	4.10	43.50	2.57
2015/2016	8.00	3.70	31.10	6.53	2.90	4.10	44.63	2.58
2014/2015	8.00	3.70	30.90	5.96	2.90	4.10	43.86	2.54
2013/2014	7.70	3.70	30.77	5.42	2.90	4.10	43.19	2.56
2012/2013	7.70	3.70	30.87	4.80	2.90	4.10	42.67	2.48

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

December 31, 2021

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Value
Ohio Power	\$ 33,634,420	1	3.39%
AEP Ohio Transmission	7,377,220	2	0.74%
MIMG XXIII McMillen Woods LLC	6,779,690	3	0.68%
Columbia Gas of Ohio	5,779,060	4	0.58%
HPG OH Newark LLC	3,500,010	5	0.35%
National Gas & Oil	3,475,180	6	0.35%
Cole DC Newark Ohio LLC	3,428,150	7	0.35%
Southgate Company	2,952,180	8	0.30%
Walmart Real Estate Business Trust	2,849,000	9	0.29%
Park National Bank	2,783,230	10	0.28%
Total	\$ 72,558,140		\$ 993,028,232

December 31, 2012

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Value
Ohio Power	\$ 26,156,450	1	3.27%
Sharonbrooke Inn Limited	2,739,170	2	0.34%
State Farm Mutual Auto Insurance	2,553,540	3	0.32%
Newark Ambulatory Surgery Center	2,224,430	4	0.28%
Owens Corning Fiberglas	2,194,750	5	0.27%
Ohio II TIC EtA1	2,021,150	6	0.25%
Cole DC Newark Ohio LLC	1,826,060	7	0.23%
Columbia Gas of Ohio	1,771,670	8	0.22%
Meijer Stores Limited	1,727,880	9	0.22%
American Industrial Buildings	1,707,510	10	0.21%
Total	\$ 44,922,610		\$ 798,883,160

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	ollection Current		Delinquent Levy		Total Levy		Current Collection		Percent of Current Levy Collected	
2021/2022	\$	33,315,874	\$	1,379,582	\$	34,695,456	\$	32,743,648	98.28%	
2020/2021		29,682,936		1,861,837		31,544,773		29,028,365	97.79%	
2019/2020		29,516,365		2,096,264		31,612,629		28,799,845	97.57%	
2018/2019		28,157,966		1,523,064		29,681,030		27,494,119	97.64%	
2017/2018		27,337,831		1,478,703		28,816,534		26,693,320	97.64%	
2016/2017		27,978,452		2,933,117		30,911,569		27,204,739	97.23%	
2015/2016		28,890,018		2,957,898		31,847,916		27,899,534	96.57%	
2014/2015		28,365,346		3,226,488		31,591,834		27,131,371	95.65%	
2013/2014		28,046,339		4,208,425		32,254,764		26,919,561	95.98%	
2012/2013		26,303,564		1,308,609		27,612,173		23,382,892	88.90%	

Note: "Delinquent Levy" indicates the portion collected that was delinquent.

Delinquent Collection	 Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy			
\$ 794,932	\$ 33,538,580	96.67%			
921,735	29,950,100	94.94%			
763,348	29,563,193	93.52%			
795,825	28,289,944	95.31%			
772,646	27,465,966	95.31%			
936,639	28,141,378	91.04%			
1,319,020	29,218,554	91.74%			
1,166,491	28,297,862	89.57%			
1,181,677	28,101,238	87.12%			
1,215,269	24,598,161	89.08%			

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental A	Activities
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Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Obligation Anticipation		(a) Total Primary Government	(b) Per Capita	(b) Per ADM	(b) Percentage Personal Income
2022	\$ 39,686,440	\$ -	\$250,237	\$ 39,936,677	792	6,555	3.05%
2021	42,928,541	-	-	42,928,541	868	6,972	3.44%
2020	45,970,068	-	352,618	46,322,686	921	7,040	4.14%
2019	48,953,927	1,200,000	688,728	50,842,655	1,016	7,910	4.46%
2018	51,951,416	1,350,000	157,311	53,458,727	1,049	8,549	4.72%
2017	54,872,993	1,500,000	205,697	56,578,690	1,152	9,234	5.29%
2016	57,950,708	1,500,000	252,575	59,703,283	1,255	9,543	5.72%
2015	60,522,496	-	44,396	60,566,892	1,273	9,628	5.80%
2014	63,254,966	-	86,542	63,341,508	1,331	9,699	6.07%
2013	63,775,727	-	328,967	64,104,694	1,348	9,965	6.14%

Source: School District financial records

⁽a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt information. Includes unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

⁽b) See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Years" for personal income, population and enrollment information.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)		Re	Net Position Restricted for Debt Service (2)		Net neral Bonded t Outstanding	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	
2022	\$	39,686,440	\$	1,315,294	\$	41,001,734	1.45%	\$	813
2021		42,928,541		-		42,928,541	1.53%		868
2020		45,970,068		(258,252)		45,711,816	1.87%		909
2019		48,953,927		-		48,953,927	2.03%		979
2018		51,951,416		(658,336)		51,293,080	2.12%		1,006
2017		54,872,993		(1,539,363)		53,333,630	2.41%		1,085
2016		57,950,708		(2,101,564)		55,849,144	2.54%		1,174
2015		60,522,496		(1,770,261)		58,752,235	2.58%		1,235
2014		63,254,966		(2,132,581)		61,122,385	2.64%		1,285
2013		63,775,727		(2,524,112)		61,251,615	2.68%		1,288

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Total includes unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

Source: School District financial records

⁽²⁾ Amounts and calculations have been updated for 2018-2010 to reflect the net position restricted for debt service.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	 t General Tax pported Debt	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Newark City School District	\$ 39,936,677	100.00%	\$	39,936,677	
Overlapping debt:					
City of Newark	33,000,000	93.27%		30,779,100	
Licking County	26,085,126	18.35%		4,786,621	
Licking County Joint Vocational School	7,550,000	17.66%		1,333,330	
Total overlapping debt	 66,635,126			36,899,051	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 106,571,803		\$	76,835,728	

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the District's taxable assessed value that is within the subdivision's boundaries and dividing it by the District's total taxable assessed value. Net general tax supported debt includes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds but excludes unamortized bond premiums, discounts and deferred losses on refundings.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Voted Debt Limit		scal Debt Applicable		Debt Service Available Balance			Net Debt Applicable to Limit		Voted Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	
2022	\$	89,372,541	\$ 36,977,866	\$	2,473,147	\$	34,504,719	\$	54,867,822	38.61%		
2021		88,482,837	39,408,571		1,656,946		37,751,625		50,731,212	42.67%		
2020		76,904,698	42,414,788		668,986		41,745,802		35,158,896	54.28%		
2019		76,056,260	44,977,650		357,760		44,619,890		31,436,370	58.67%		
2018		76,057,318	47,807,650		658,336		47,149,314		28,908,004	61.99%		
2017		69,669,540	50,161,627		1,539,363		48,622,264		21,047,276	69.79%		
2016		69,280,867	53,111,627		2,101,564		51,010,063		18,270,804	73.63%		
2015		71,772,782	56,921,627		1,770,261		55,151,366		16,621,416	76.84%		
2014		72,801,124	59,526,627		2,132,581		57,394,046		15,407,078	78.84%		
2013		71,899,484	61,710,000		2,524,112		59,185,888		12,713,596	82.32%		

Source: Licking County Auditor and School District financial records

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt. House Bill 530 became effective on March 30, 2006, which excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

Voted Debt Margins are determined without reference to applicable monies in the District's debt service fund.

⁽¹⁾ Total debt applicable to limit excludes unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Year	Donulation (1)	P	r Capita ersonal	Personal	Median	School	Uname	alovim ont D	atas (3)
-	rear	Population (1)	111	come (1)	Income (1)	Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Licking	oloyment R	United
								County	Ohio	States
								County	Ono	States
	2022	50,406	\$	25,977	\$1,309,396,662	40.0	6,093	3.7%	3.9%	3.6%
	2021	49,470		25,259	1,249,562,730	37.4	6,157	10.3%	5.4%	5.2%
	2020	50,315		22,226	1,118,301,190	38.0	6,580	7.4%	10.9%	8.4%
	2019	50,029		22,764	1,138,860,156	37.2	6,428	4.2%	4.0%	3.7%
	2018	50,965		22,226	1,132,748,090	37.0	6,253	4.2%	4.5%	3.9%
	2017	49,134		21,770	1,069,647,180	38.5	6,127	4.4%	4.5%	5.3%
	2016	47,573		21,941	1,043,799,193	38.5	6,256	4.1%	4.7%	5.0%
	2015	47,573		21,941	1,043,799,193	38.5	6,291	3.8%	4.3%	5.2%
	2014	47,573		21,941	1,043,799,193	38.5	6,531	5.1%	5.5%	6.2%
	2013	47,573		21,941	1,043,799,193	38.5	6,433	6.5%	7.2%	8.1%

⁽¹⁾ U. S. Census Bureau information for the City of Newark

²⁰¹⁷⁻²⁰¹⁹ information reflects estimates from Census Bureau.

²⁰¹¹⁻²⁰¹⁶ information from 2010 Census.

²⁰⁰⁸⁻²⁰¹⁰ information from 2005 Census.

⁽²⁾ School District records.

⁽³⁾ ODJFS Office of Workforce Development - Bureau of Labor Market Information.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

December 31, 2021

Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank
Licking Memorial Hospital	Health Care	1,975	1
State Farm Insurance Company	Insurance	1,250	2
Licking County Government	Government	1,200	3
Owens Corning, Inc.	Fiberglass Insulation	970	4
Newark City Schools	Education	800	5
Park National Bank Corporation	Banking/Finance	750	6
Anomatic Corp.	Metal Finishers	730	7
OSU-N/COTC	Education	549	8
Newark City Government	Government	360	9
Ctec of Licking County	Education	312	10
Total		8,896	
Total Employment within the City (1)		N/A	

December 31, 2012

Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank
Licking County Memorial Hospital	Health Care	1,700	1
State Farm Insurance Company	Insurance	1,499	2
Licking County Government	Government	1,101	3
Anomatic Corp.	Metal Finishers	1,085	4
OSU-N/COTC	Education	1,082	5
Newark City Schools	Education	1,079	6
Walmart	Grocery Retail	960	7
Meijer, Inc.	Grocery Retail	701	8
Owens Corning, Inc.	Fiberglass Insulation	550	9
Newark City Government	Government	438	10
Total		10,195	
Total Employment within the City (1)		N/A	

(1) - Total employment within the City is not available.

Source: City of Newark Auditor's Office

STAFFING STATISTICS FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) BY TYPE AND FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Type	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Official - administrative	37.0	36.0	35.0	32.0	
Professional - educational	489.0	496.0	485.4	487.0	
Professional - other	13.4	13.4	20.0	20.2	
Technical	36.6	41.2	48.2	44.1	
Office - clerical	65.1	70.0	73.9	73.8	
Craft & trade	8.0	9.0	9.0	11.0	
Operative	35.6	36.7	43.3	45.2	
Service worker/laborer	111.4	121.0	134.4	134.3	
Total	796.1	823.3	849.2	847.6	
Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019
Instruction:				
Regular	356.8	361.0	339.0	299.9
Special	147.1	153.3	168.4	153.0
Vocational	2.0	1.0	2.0	3.0
Other	0.0	3.0	1.0	2.0
Support Services:				
Pupil	36.3	39.2	46.8	47.0
Instructional staff	40.7	34.6	41.3	94.0
Administration	48.3	52.6	53.0	54.9
Fiscal	7.0	7.0	8.0	6.0
Business	5.0	7.0	6.0	4.9
Operations and maintenance	68.4	71.0	87.0	64.3
Pupil transportation	46.1	52.7	53.6	73.8
Central	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Other non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	20.3	21.7	29.6	36.8
Other non-instructional	15.1	16.2	10.5	5.0
Extracurricular activities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Governmental Activities	796.1	823.3	849.2	847.6

Source: School District records

⁽¹⁾ For 2014, the Ohio Department of Education required new coding for special education aids. This new coding requirement moved FTE from instructional staff support to instruction special.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (1)	2013	
26.0	26.0	25.9	24.0	28.6	27.6	
459.0	443.9	433.5	432.1	431.5	425.2	
19.5	19.0	20.1	18.0	26.7	26.7	
51.7	42.5	42.9	42.9	40.5	41.4	
65.4	61.7	62.3	59.4	58.9	60.3	
10.0	11.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.3	
40.0	32.6	31.0	29.2	29.8	26.8	
126.5	111.7	108.6	101.0	103.7	99.2	
798.1	748.4	733.3	715.6	728.5	716.5	
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (1)	2013	
317.1	309.5	306.1	309.1	315.8	307.2	
167.2	155.7	151.7	141.5	147.3	95.8	
2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	
2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	3.0	3.0	
45.2	39.4	42.2	37.8	42.1	43.3	
31.0	33.6	27.8	29.8	34.4	71.3	
45.4	43.5	42.7	37.7	41.6	42.4	
8.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	7.0	8.0	
8.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	
70.1	61.6	59.4	59.3	58.0	60.0	
61.6	51.2	47.8	43.3	34.6	35.9	
2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	3.0	
36.2	32.9	34.2	30.2	26.6	30.9	
2.3	2.0	2.0	4.4	6.1	3.7	
0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
798.1	748.4	733.3	715.6	728.5	716.5	

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019
Instruction:				
Regular and Special				
Enrollment (students)	6,093	6,157	6,580	6,428
Graduates	391	440	428	478
Support services:				
Board of education				
Regular meetings per year	12	12	12	12
Special meetings per year	12	12	12	12
Administration				
Student attendance rate	89.70%	90.86%	93.27%	92.10%
Fiscal				
Nonpayroll checks				
issued	2,857	2,306	2,713	2,896
Operations and maintenance				
Square footage				
maintained	1,333,416	1,003,383	1,003,383	1,003,383
Pupil transportation				
Avg. students transported				
daily	2,445	1,812	2,763	2,937
Food service operations				
Lunches served to students	542,265	375,642	468,472	610,371

(1) Information not currently available.

Source: School District records

^{*}District enrollment included enrolled students at Headstart (90) and Ctec (119), who are educated outside of the NCS buildings.

 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
6,253	6,127	6,256	6,291	6,531	6,433
339	308	209	300	308	266
12	12	12	12	12	12
12	12	5	7	6	4
93.20%	94.00%	94.50%	94.20%	94.60%	94.60%
2,635	2,601	2,617	2,479	2,554	2,896
002 202	002.202	002.202	002.202	002.202	0.67.001
993,282	993,282	993,282	993,282	993,282	967,081
2,215	2,412	2,222	2,235	2,393	2,359
572,210	569,849	585,710	586,399	590,987	633,868

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022		2021	 2020	 2019
Land	\$ 2,305,317	\$	2,354,512	\$ 2,234,512	\$ 2,090,712
Land improvements	978,343		1,092,286	971,029	620,317
Buildings and improvements	122,976,769		124,396,469	128,053,547	131,710,625
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	353,804		379,694	559,683	638,518
Vehicles	1,183,326		1,591,015	1,630,472	1,558,445
Construction in progress	2,067,157		2,273,628	-	-
Intangible right to use:					
Leased equipment	 248,134	_		 	
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 130,112,850	\$	132,087,604	\$ 133,449,243	\$ 136,618,617

Source: School District financial records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

 2018	_	2017	 2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 1,970,712	\$	1,970,712	\$ 1,970,712	\$	1,592,635	\$	1,592,635	\$	1,599,684
669,740		689,207	694,228		730,592		449,426		458,575
130,893,157		132,358,997	135,656,952		138,958,985		142,202,567		138,758,171
737,222		834,302	932,492		729,922		704,736		755,154
1,519,179		1,517,578	1,505,857		1,534,832		1,439,343		1,484,290
1,366,752		2,281,317	1,426,964		48,623		78,536		4,550,028
 <u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	 						
\$ 137,156,762	\$	139,652,113	\$ 142,187,205	\$	143,595,589	\$	146,467,243	\$	147,605,902

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Tickmark	2022	2021	2020	2019
Ben Franklin Elementary (1954)					
Square feet		44,982	44,982	44,982	44,982
Capacity (students)		350	350	350	350
Enrollment		270	267	308	324
Carson Elementary (2008)	(5)	270	207	300	321
Square feet	(0)	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
Capacity (students)		500	500	500	500
Enrollment		393	382	456	425
Cherry Valley Elementary (2008)	(1)				
Square feet	(-)	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
Capacity (students)		500	500	500	500
Enrollment		434	403	472	462
Hillview Elementary (2008)	(5)				
Square feet		61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
Capacity (students)		500	500	500	500
Enrollment		462	427	474	462
John Clem Elementary (1958)	(7)				
Square feet		62,169	62,169	62,169	62,169
Capacity (students)		528	528	528	528
Enrollment		426	420	424	439
Legend Elementary (2007)	(2)				
Square feet	. ,	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
Capacity (students)		500	500	500	500
Enrollment		500	479	526	496
McGuffey Elementary (1958)	(6)				
Square feet	. ,	62,367	62,367	62,367	62,367
Capacity (students)		472	472	472	472
Enrollment		440	404	455	491
Heritage Middle School (2011)	(3),(8)				
Square feet		72,905	72,905	72,905	72,905
Capacity (students)		500	500	500	500
Enrollment		422	482	506	514
Liberty Middle School (2008)	(5)				
Square feet		69,922	69,922	69,922	69,922
Capacity (students)		450	450	450	450
Enrollment		464	492	521	490
Wilson Middle School (1929)					
Square feet		67,950	67,950	67,950	67,950
Capacity (students)		450	450	450	450
Enrollment		346	360	383	394
Newark Digital Academy	(4)				
Square feet		10,101	10,101	10,101	10,101
Capacity (students)		-	-	-	=
Enrollment		396	438	366	347
High School (1961)	(9)				
Square feet		302,094	302,094	302,094	302,094
Capacity (students)		1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523
Enrollment		1,331	1,411	1,402	1,365

2018	2017	2016 2015		2014	2013
44,982	44,982	44,982	44,982	44,982	44,982
350	350	350	350	350	350
327	370	415	446	451	424
61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
500	500	500	500	500	500
463	456	502	475	493	507
61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
500	500	500	500	500	500
488	463	470	468	479	462
61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
500	500	500	500	500	500
467	458	458	488	463	472
62,169	62,169	62,169	62,169	62,169	62,169
528	528	528	528	528	528
504	487	499	452	514	579
61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073	61,073
500	500	500	500	500	500
548	555	554	567	543	556
62,367	62,367	62,367	62,367	62,367	62,367
472	472	472	472	472	472
502	514	525	519	507	497
72,905	72,905	72,905	72,905	72,905	72,905
500	500	500	500	500	500
530	482	501	527	528	510
69,922	69,922	69,922	69,922	69,922	69,922
450	450	450	450	450	450
458	458	476	493	497	476
67,950	67,950	67,950	67,950	67,950	67,950
450	450	450	450	450	450
407	388	438	414	444	436
-	-	-	-	-	-
=	=	-	-	=	=
-	-	-	-	-	-
302,094	302,094	302,094	302,094	302,094	302,094
1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523	1,523
1,382	1,496	1,418	1,442	1,612	1,514

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - (Continued)

	Tickmark	2022	2021	2020	2019
State Farm Building					
Square feet	(11)	330,033	-	-	-
Administrative Service Center	(10)				
Square feet		45,201	45,201	45,201	45,201
Transportation and warehouse					
Square feet		25,628	25,628	25,628	25,628

Source: School District records

Note: Year of original construction is in parentheses

Note: For fiscal year 2017 - 2018, enrollment by building from District May enrollment. For fiscal years 2016-2009, enrollment b building from ODE Fall Headcount.

Tickmarks

- (1) Cherry Valley moved into a new building in January 2008. The old Cherry Valley building (1916) was demolished
- (2) North Elementary was renamed Legend and moved into a new building in January 2008. The old North building was demolished.
- (3) Lincoln was renamed Heritage beginning of 2007-2008 school year.
- (4) Newark Digital Academy building was acquired in fiscal year 2019.
- (5) Hillview, Liberty and Carson were opened in 2008.
- (6) McGuffey renovations were completed in 2012 increasing capacity and square footage.
- (7) John Clem renovations were completed in 2011 increasing capacity and square footage.
- (8) Heritage moved to a new building in January 2011. The former building was demolished.
- (9) High School renovations, demolition and additions started Summer 2010 and was a three year project.
- (10) Administrative Service Center moved August 2013 to former Roosevelt Building.

 Third floor rented to Licking Area Computer Association (LACA) and Licking County ESC. Part of second floor also LACA.

 Former Administrative Service Center on E. Main St. was sold in November 2013.
- (11) State Farm building acquired in fiscal year 2022.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
45,201	45,201	45,201	45,201	45,201	19,000	
21,400	21,400	21,400	21,400	21,400	21,400	

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Funds			Governmental Activities					
 Fiscal Year	Exp	penditures (1)	Cost per pupil	E	xpenses (1)	Cost per pupil		Enrollment	Percent Change	
2022	\$	94,299,331	15,477	\$	90,030,221	\$	14,776	6,093	(1.04)	%
2021		95,031,326	15,435		101,795,325		16,533	6,157	(6.43)	%
2020		87,202,787	13,253		95,945,514		14,581	6,580	2.36	%
2019		87,555,340	13,621		81,547,701		12,686	6,428	2.80	%
2018		81,156,923	12,979		49,709,975		7,950	6,253	2.06	%
2017		80,961,937	13,214		85,915,823		14,022	6,127	(2.06)	%
2016		75,744,646	12,108		76,438,154		12,218	6,256	(0.56)	%
2015		72,278,360	11,489		72,174,266		11,473	6,291	(3.67)	%
2014		71,523,371	10,951		72,579,294		11,113	6,531	1.52	%
2013		78,215,338	12,158		69,720,787		10,838	6,433	0.83	%

Source: School District financial records

⁽¹⁾ Debt Service totals have been excluded.

Teaching Staff	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage
489	12.46	89.70%
496	12.41	90.86%
485	13.56	93.27%
487	13.20	92.10%
459	13.62	93.20%
444	13.80	94.00%
434	14.43	94.50%
432	14.56	94.20%
431	15.15	94.60%
425	15.14	94.60%

