# Impact Fees

Town Council

May 1, 2024

### Impact Fee Background

- State Statute 4354 Impact Fees (1987) authorizes municipality's to require construction of off-site capital improvements or the payment of impact fees instead
- Applicable Infrastructure Facilities May Include:
  - Wastewater collection and treatment facilities
  - Municipal water facilities
  - Solid waste facilities
  - Public safety equipment and facilities
  - Roads and traffic control devices
  - Parks & other open space or recreational areas, and
  - School facilities

### Impact Fee Background - Town

- Scarborough began imposing impact fees on development in 1990 with traffic/roadway improvement fees that applied to the Payne Road corridor, which was part of a PACTS Regional approach to the corridor
- Additional traffic impact fees have been added over the last 30 years
- School Impact Fee added in 2002
- Many existing fees are outdated, or soon will be, as the improvements contemplated as the basis for the fee will be completed

### Existing Impact Fee Ordinances

- Chapter 415 Impact Fee Ordinance (2002, 2020)
  - Chapter 1 General Provisions
  - Chapter 2 School Impact Fees
- Chapter 415 A Dunstan Corner Capital Improvement District (2006, 2011)
- Chapter 415 B Haigis Parkway / Route One Capital Improvement District (2011)
- Chapter 410 Roadway Impact Fee Ordinance: Payne Road Area Capital Improvement District (1990, 2017)

### Proposed Amendments

- Chapter 415 Impact Fee Ordinance
  - Section 1 General Provisions Combined from all
  - Section 2 School Impact Fees
  - Section 3 NEW Recreation Impact Fees
  - Section 4 Reserved for Open Space
  - Section 5 Roadway Impact Fees -
    - General Roadway Impact Fee Standards
    - Dunstan Corner District (MOVED)
    - Haigis parkway / Route One District (MOVED)
    - Payne Road Area District 5 (MOVED) (1, 2 and 3 repealed)
    - NEW Payne Road and Ginn Road
    - NEW Payne Road and Nonesuch River
- Repeal Chapter 415 A Dunstan Corner Capital Improvement District
- Repeal Chapter 415 B Haigis Parkway / Route One Capital Improvement District
- Repeal Chapter 410 Roadway Impact Fee Ordinance: Payne Road Area Capital Improvement Districts (includes 1, 2 and 3)

### Process to Date

- Town Council Workshop October 4, 2023
- Ordinance Committee March 13, 2024
- Engage Development Community SEDCO March 21
- Transportation Committee Review March 26, 2024
- Town Council First Reading May 1
- SEDCO Community Forum May 23

### Recreation Impact Fee per Bedroom

#### Parks and Facilities Master Plan Applicable Cost: \$10,859,900

New Pro	piects:	\$5,262,700

- Expansion Projects: \$526,500
- Replacement Projects: \$5,070,700
- Maintenance Not included \$4,358,600
- 25% Contingency Not Included
  3.8 Million (Accelerator Clause Anticipated)

#### Percentage of Total Cost Assigned to New Development: 20% - \$2,171,980

- Total Units Per Year (10 years) 2,610
- Total Bedrooms Per Year (10 years) (assumes 3 br and under) 5,330
- Total Cost Per Bedroom (10 Years) \$408
- Total Persons per Year (10 Years) 5,234
- Total Cost Per Person (10 Years) \$415

Recreation Impact Fee: \$400 per bedroom (not to exceed \$1,600)

Total Captured (10 years): \$2,132,000

#### Payne Road and Ginn Road Intersection

New separate impact fee created

#### Payne Road and Nonesuch River Crossing

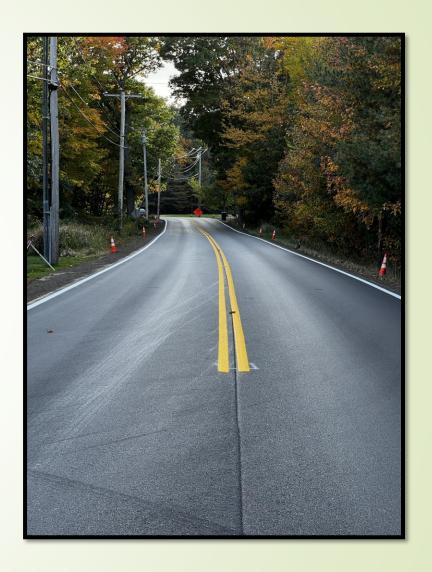
New separate impact fee created

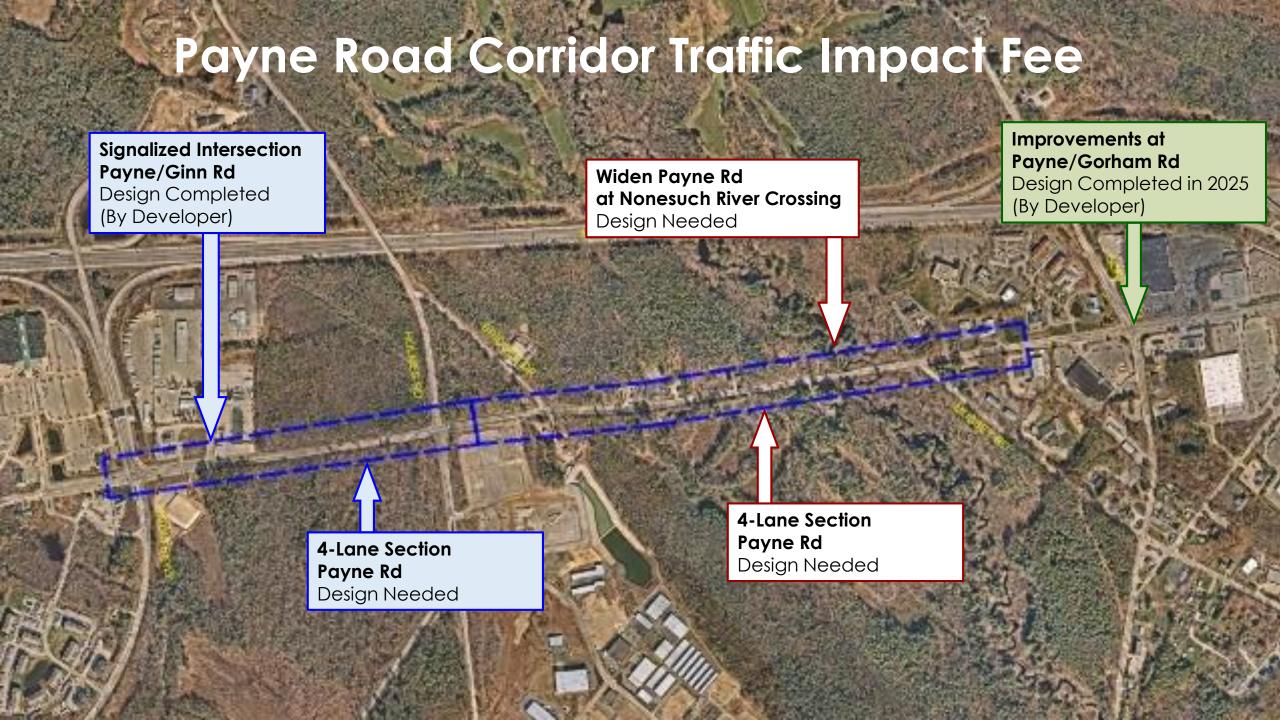
#### **Existing Payne Rd Districts**

- <u>District 1 and 2</u>: In 2023 Town Council approved the utilization of these fees towards the Payne Rd Signal Upgrade project from SP townline to Gorham Rd
- <u>District 3:</u> The FY25 proposed budget request, includes the allocation of these funds towards the Payne Rd/Mussey Rd Traffic Signal Installation
- District 4 was repealed in 2011

#### **Future Impact Fee Considerations**

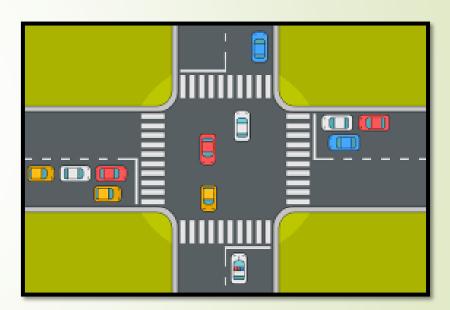
- Payne Road at Gorham Rd Improvements (Design complete 2025)
- Payne Road at Cummings (replacing Payne Rd District 2)
- Transportation Master Plan implementation projects to be determined from Town-wide Transportation Study





### Methodology - Traffic Impact Fees

- Model existing traffic volumes and existing capacity thresholds of the roadways or intersections.
- Factor in growth rates acceptable to Maine Department of Transportation to determine the improvements needed in the next 10 years for anticipated volumes
- Rerun model factoring in proposed improvements to determine the additional capacity
- Based on the design and construction estimates, a per trip fee is determined

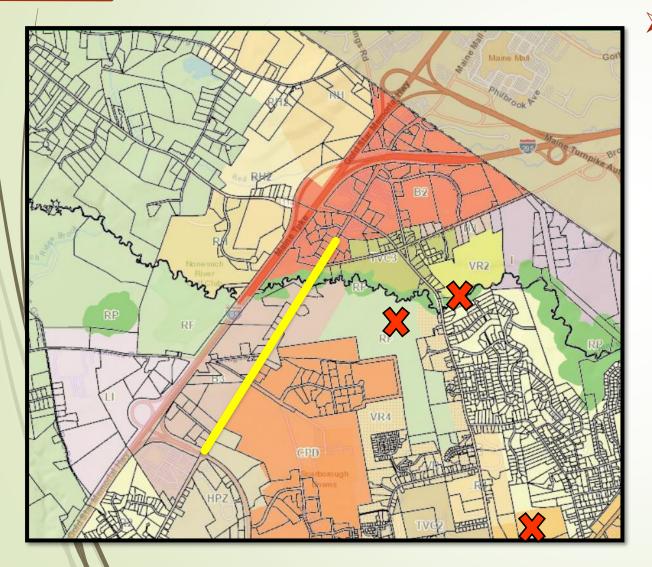


### Payne / Ginn District:

- ✓ Total Project Cost (2035): \$9,832,897.98
- ✓ Per Trip Fee: \$5,567.89
- √ 50% Cost Share for new Development: \$2,783.95

### Payne / Nonesuch River District

- ✓ Total Project Cost (2035): \$23,913,345.73
- ✓ Per Trip Fee: \$7,166.12
- √ 50% Cost Share for new Development: \$3,583.06
- Assumes 5% increase in construction costs (on low end)
- Does not include any cost associated with bonding or financing



#### Current Project Examples

- ✓ Mussey Road Hotel 120 units
  - Current = \$15,412.92
  - Proposed Fees = \$92,211.40
- ✓ AR Bldg Apt Complex 126 units
  - Current Fees = \$53,513.10
  - Proposed Fees = \$100,612.96
- ✓ Oak Hill Plaza Apt Bldg
  - Current Fees = \$37,270.88
  - Proposed Fees = \$36,686.04



#### Partnership Approach

- Cost to mitigate traffic impacts is significant
- Without Traffic Impact Fees the last one in pays for all impacts from previous development
- A portion of the increased future traffic volume can be attributed to other factors, beyond new development, therefore all Stakeholders will need to participate
- Need to find an equitable way to share the cost
- ✓ Example of Partnership Downs Development
  - Total Offsite Costs to Mitigate Approx. 3,000 trips = \$14,000,000
    - Department of Transportation portion = \$3,000,000
    - Town Share from Impact Fees Collected = \$2,800,000
  - Percentage paid by new development trips = 59%
- ✓ New Ordinance Proposal
  - New Development pay 50% of calculated project cost

# Next Steps - July 1 Implementation

- SEDCO Community Forum May 23
- Town Council Public Hearing May 15 or June 5
- Town Council Second Reading June 5 or June 26

# Questions and Discussion