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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

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OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Oxford School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxford School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Oxford School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Oxford School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxford School District, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2008, on our consideration of the Oxford School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 9 and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and corresponding notes on pages 33 and 34 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Oxford School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. In addition, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and other Expenditures – Governmental Funds is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Working, Word and Stafford, PLLC

April 30, 2008

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



# OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

The discussion and analysis of Oxford School District's financial performance provides an overall narrative review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance. Information contained in this section is qualified by the more detailed information contained elsewhere in this district's financial statements, notes to financial statements and any accompanying materials. To the extent this discussion contains any forward-looking statements of the district's plans, objectives, expectations and prospects, the actual results could differ materially from those discussed herein.

This discussion and analysis is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net assets increased \$2,469,283 which represents a 14% increase from fiscal year 2006.
- General revenues account for \$26,581,484 in revenue, or 85% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,571,135 or 15% of total revenues.
- The District had \$28,415,654 in expenses; only \$4,571,135 of these expenses was offset by program specific
  charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$26,581,484 were adequate to provide for these
  programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$24,947,654 in revenues and \$22,513,836 in expenditures and the School Food Service Fund had \$1,383,177 in revenues and \$1,378,188 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased \$314,517 and the School Food Service Fund's fund balance increased \$4,989 from the prior year.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$9,612,409.
- Long-term debt increased by \$4,165,000. In addition, the liability for compensated absences increased by \$210,998 from the prior fiscal year.

#### OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and include all assets and liabilities.

The statement of net assets presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, and interest on long-term liabilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's current financing requirements. Governmental Funds are reported using modified accrual accounting. This method of accounting measures cash and other assets that can be easily converted to cash. The Governmental Funds Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the school district's operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are on pages 14 and 16, respectively.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all major funds. All other non-major funds are combined together and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 16 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The school district's fiduciary activities are presented in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 17.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-33 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major fund. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 32 - 34 of this report.

Additionally, a schedule of expenditures of federal awards is required by OMB Cir. A-133 and a schedule of instructional, administrative and other expenditures for governmental funds can be found on pages 36 and 37 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets: Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$20,451,288 as of June 30, 2007.

By far the largest portion of the District's net assets (40%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, furniture and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

The following table presents a comparison of the District's net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	6-30-07	<u>6-30-06</u>
Current assets	\$13,810,065	15,879,239
Capital assets, net	32,271,009	<u>22,658,600</u>
Total assets	46,081,074	<u>38,537,839</u>
Current liabilities	1,121,900	423,946
Long-term debt outstanding	24,507,886	<u>20,131,888</u>
Total liabilities	25,629,786	20,555,834
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8,141,009	2,693,600
Restricted	5,112,723	7,882,566
Unrestricted	7,197,556	7,405,839
Total net assets	\$20,451,288	17,982,005

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Assets.

- Increase in long-term debt of \$4,165,000.
- Increase in Capital Assets of \$10,494,423.

Changes in net assets: The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 were \$31,152,619. The total cost of all programs and services was \$28,415,654. The following table presents a comparison of the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

	6-30-07	6-30-06
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for service	\$ 1,119,477	1,096,216
Operating grants and contributions	3,350,686	3,655,662
Capital grants and contributions	100,972	96,825
General revenues:		
Property Taxes	13,042,855	11,947,659
Grants & contributions not restricted	12,993,322	11,986,904
Other	545,307	789,603
Total revenues	31,152,619	29,572,869
Expenses:		
Instruction	17,121,187	16,168,866
Support services	8,804,723	7,800,148
Non-instructional	1,483,430	1,365,787
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,006,314	1,114,509
Total expenses	28,415,654	26,449,310
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	\$ 2,736,965	3,123,559
Net Assets, July 1	\$17,982,005	14,858,446
Prior Period Adjustment	( 267,682)	0
11101 101104 Aujustment	207,002	
Net Assets, July 1, Restated	<u>17,714,323</u>	14,858,446
Net Assets, June 30	\$20,451,288	17,982,005

Governmental activities: The following table presents the cost of four major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional and interest and other expenses on long-term debt for fiscal years ending June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	6-30-07	6-30-07	6-30-06	6-30-06
	Total	Net (Expense)	Total	Net (Expense)
	Expenses	Revenue	<u>Expenses</u>	Revenue
Instruction	\$17,121,187	(14,881,477)	16,168,866	(13,666,698)
Support services	8,804,723	(7,818,600)	7,800,148	( 6,749,398)
Non-instructional	1,483,430	( 138,128)	1,365,787	( 70,002)
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,006,314	(1,006,314)	1,114,509	<u>(1,114,509)</u>
Total expenses	<b>\$28,415,654</b>	(23,844,519)	26,449,310	(21,600,607)

- Net cost of governmental activities \$23,844,519, was financed by general revenue, which is made up of primarily property taxes \$13,042,855 state revenue \$12,821,325, federal revenue \$171,997, other general revenues not otherwise classified \$545,307.
- Investment earnings accounted for \$405,854 of funding.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,851,383, a decrease of \$2,644,366 due primarily to capital improvement. \$7,996,273 or 62.2% of the fund balance constitutes unreserved and undesignated fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remaining fund balance of \$4,855,110 or 37.8% is reserved or designated to indicate that it is not available for spending because it has already been committed.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$46,835. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds decreased in the amount of \$2,701,902 which was due primarily to the costs of new construction in the District.

#### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and other major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2007, the District's total capital assets were \$43,003,543, including land, school buildings, building and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$10,425,583 from the previous year. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2007 was \$10,732,534 and total depreciation expense for the year was \$875,130 resulting in total net capital assets of \$32,271,009.

Additional information of the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 27 of this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2007, the District had \$24,130,000 in long-term debt outstanding, of which \$1,670,000 is due within one year. In addition, the liability for compensated absences increased by \$210,998 from the prior year.

The District does not have a bond rating.

Additional information of the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on pages 28-31 of this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Oxford School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The Oxford School District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The millage has decreased .30 mills over last year. In addition, the District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The district plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

Latest enrollment figures indicate that student enrollment in the District increased by 95 students. The budget for the next fiscal year has taken into account this increase in funding and staffing needs.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Oxford School District, 224 Bramlett Avenue, Oxford, Mississippi, 39655.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,698,240
Investments	91,082
Due from other governments	912,641
Inventories and prepaid items	36,805
Deferred Charges - Debt Issuance Cost	71,297
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	
Land	1,389,062
Construction in progess	10,715,815
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	,,
Buildings	13,675,301
Building improvements	4,804,250
Improvements other than buildings	551,958
Mobile equipment	1,091,860
Furniture and equipment	42,763
Total Assets	\$46,081,074
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 691,928
Due to other governments	195,457
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	234,515
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	
Capital related liabilities	1,670,000
Non-capital related liabilities	37,379
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year	
Capital related liabilities	22,460,000
Non-capital related liabilities	340,507
Total Liabilities	\$ 25,629,786
Net Assets	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 8,141,009
Restricted net assets:	
Expendable:	
School - based activities	294,418
Debt service	1,038,174
Capital Improvements	3,721,674
Unemployment benefits	58,457
Non-expendable:	
Other	
Unrestricted	7,197,556
Total Net Assets	\$20,451,288
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 46,001,074
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$46,081,074

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
			Program Revenues	Operating	Capital	Assets Primary Government
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	17,121,187	729,149	1,510,561		-14,881,477
Support services		8,804,723		885,151	100,972	-7,818,600
Non-instructional		1,483,430	390,328	954,974		-138,128
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	1,006,314				-1,006,314
Total governmental activities	\$ =	28,415,654	1,119,477	3,350,686	100,972	-23,844,519
			Ge	eneral Revenues:		
			T	axes:		
				General purpose l	evies	11,084,046
				Debt purpose levi	es	1,958,809
			U	nrestricted grants an	d contributions:	
				State		12,821,325
				Federal		171,997
			U	nrestricted investme	nt earnings	405,854
			0	ther		139,453
				Total General Reve	enues	26,581,484
			С	hange in Net Assets		2,736,965
			N	et Assets - Beginnin	g	17,982,005
				Prior period adjust	ment	-267,682
			N	et Assets - Beginnin	g Restated	17,714,323
			N	et Assets - Ending	\$	20,451,288

#### OXFORD SCHOOL DISRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

Exhibit C

Major Funds		Funds				
_		School	Other	Total		
	General	Food Service	Governmental	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds		
_						
\$	7,364,292	82,612	5,251,336	12,698,240		
			91,082	91,082		
	401,710	26,615	484,316	912,641		
	331,012			331,012		
_		36,805		36,805		
\$_	8,097,014	146,032	5,826,734	14,069,780		
_						
\$.	161.815	2 828	527 285	691,928		
•		2,020	027,200	195,457		
		101.339	228.591	331,012		
-	.,,,,,	101,000		0011012		
_	358,354	104,167	755,876	1,216,397		
			3,721,674	3,721,674		
		36,805		36,805		
			56,457	58,457		
			1,038,174	1,038,174		
	7.738.660			7,738,660		
	.,,	5.060	252,553	257,613		
-		-,				
_	7,738,660	41,865	5,070,858	12,851,383		
\$ _	8,097,014	146,032	5,626,734	14,069,780		
	\$ = \$ -	\$ 7,364,292 401,710 331,012 \$ 8,097,014  \$ 161,815 195,457 1,082 358,354	General Fund         School Food Service Fund           \$ 7,384,292         82,612           401,710         26,615           331,012         36,805           \$ 8,097,014         146,032           \$ 161,815         2,828           195,457         1,082         101,339           358,354         104,167           7,738,660         5,060           7,738,660         41,865	General Fund         School Food Service Fund         Other Governmental Funds           \$ 7,384,292         82,612         5,251,336 91,082 91,082 401,710 26,615 484,316 331,012 36,805           \$ 8,097,014         146,032         5,826,734           \$ 161,815 2,828 195,457 1,082 101,339 228,591 358,354 104,167 755,876         3,721,674 36,805 56,457 1,038,174           7,738,660 5,060 252,553 7,738,660 41,865 5,070,858		

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June  $30,\,2007$ 

		Amount
	ance - Governmental Funds	\$ 12,851,383
Amounts report different because	red for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are se:	
1.	Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of	
	accumulated depreciation of \$10,732,534	32,271,009
2.	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds, as follows.	
	Long-term Liabilities	(24,507,886)
	Accrued Interest on Debt	(234,515)
3.	Governmental funds recognize bond issue costs when it becomes due,	
	however the Statement of Net Assets recognizes the cost as it is amortized.	71,297
Total Net Asset	s - Governmental Activities	\$ 20,451,288

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

-		• •		_
Ex	h	hı	ı	1
		OI.		_

		Major	Funds		
	_		School	Other	Total
		General	Food Service	Governmental	Governmental
	_	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	•	11 001 200	202.000	2 22 ( 7 ( /	14 700 073
Local sources	\$	11,981,298	392,009	2,326,766	14,700,073
State sources		12,739,602	37,448	615,398	13,392,448
Federal sources	-	226,754	953,720	1,875,012	3,055,486
Total Revenues	-	24,947,654	1,383,177	4,817,176	31,148,007
Expenditures:					
Instruction		14,454,771		1,801,726	16,256,497
Support services		7,525,870	94,880	959,699	8,580,449
Noninstructional services		120,564	1,283,308	60,025	1,463,897
Facilities acquisition and construction		412,631		10,103,653	10,516,284
Debt service:					
Principal				1,335,000	1,335,000
Interest				839,176	839,176
Other	_			46,451	46,451
Total Expenditures	-	22,513,836	1,378,188	15,145,730	39,037,754
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	_	2,433,818	4,989	-10,328,554	7,889,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of new debt				5,500,000	5,500,000
Insurance Loss Recoveries		4,612		,,	4,612
Proceeds from sales of assets		2,739			2,739
Operating transfers in		22,701		2,238,583	2,261,284
Operating transfers out		-2,149,353		-111,931	-2,261,284
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-2,119,301	0	7,626,652	5,507,351
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	314,517	4,989	-2,701,902	-2,382,396
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2006		7,691,825	31,164	7,772,760	15,495,749
Prior period adjustment		-267,682			-267,682
Inc. (Dec.) in reserve for inventory			5,712		5,712
June 30, 2007	\$_	7,738,660	41,865	5,070,858	12,851,383

	e Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, hanges in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	Exhibit D-1
		Amount
Net Change in Fund	Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ -2,382,396
•	or governmental activities in the statement are different because:	
I.	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital assets purchased amounted to \$10,494,423 and the depreciation expense amounted to \$875,130.	9,619,293
2.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	-5,500,000
3.	Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activites.	1,335,000
4.	(Increase) decrease in compensated absence is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liability in the Statement of Activities.	-210,998
5.	Gains and losses on the sale or disposal of assets are not reported in the governmental funds, but are reported in the Statement of Activities, net of proceeds of \$2,739.	-6,884
	Governmental funds recognize interest on long-term debt when it becomes due, however, the Statement of Activities recognizes interest as it accrues regardless of when it becomes due.	-156,709
	Payment of bond issue cost is reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment is amortized in the Statement of Activities.	33,947
	An increase in the inventory is reported as an adjustment to fund balance in the governmental funds, but noninstructional expenditures are decreased	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

in the statement of activities.

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

5,712

\$ 2,736,965

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

June 30, 2007

	Private-Purpose		
	•	Trust	Agency
	I	unds	Funds
Assets	****		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	649	845,452
Total Assets	\$	649	845,452
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		831,180
Due to Student Clubs		0	14,272
Total Liabilities	\$	0	845,452
Net Assets			
Reserved for Endowments	\$	649	
Total Net Assets	\$	649	

Exhibit E

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2007		EXMIDIT F
Additions		
Interest earned	\$ _	23
Total Additions		23
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded	-	23
Total Deductions		23
Change in Net Assets		
Net Assets		
July 1, 2006		649
June 30, 2007	\$	649

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity.

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds that are covered by the oversight responsibility of the school district's governing board. As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Oxford since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

#### B. Basis of Presentation.

The school district's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the school district as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds, if applicable. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the school district at year-end. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the school district's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the school district, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the school district.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the school district are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category.

[continue]

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Program revenues on the Statement of Activities consist primarily of state appropriations and federal awards.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating funds. It accounts for all financial resources of the school district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

School Food Service Fund - These funds account for food district.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specific expenditure purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## [continue]

#### D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in Governmental Accounting Auditing, and Financial Reporting as issued in 2005 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003 issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### Encumbrances.

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents.

The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of amounts on deposit in demand accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are valued at cost.

#### G. Investments.

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have a maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### H. Inventories and Prepaid Items.

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis).

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### I. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

[continue]

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets are reported in the government-wide statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. The following schedule details those thresholds.

	 Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 4 for details.

## J. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, warrants, notes, or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. See Note 5 for details.

#### K. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Interfund transactions and balances are the result of timing differences between the date expenses/expenditures occur and the date payments are made. Short-term (due within one year) interfund loan receivables are reported as "due from other funds" and are considered available expendable resources. Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Assets. See Note 3 for details for interfund transactions, including receivables and

payables at year-end.

[continue]

L. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital
  assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds,
  mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
  improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved classified as designated and undesignated.

Fund reserves are portions of fund equity that are legally segregated for a specific future use or are not available for current operations. Following is a description of fund reserves used by the district:

Reserved for inventory - An account that represents a portion of the fund balance which indicates that inventories do not represent available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets.

Reserved for debt service - An account that represents that portion of fund balance in the Debt Service Fund which was legally restricted and not available for spending for any other purpose than that for which it is restricted.

Reserved for unemployment benefits - An account that represents a portion of the fund balance that is legally restricted for the payment of unemployment benefits.

Reserved for capital projects – An account that represents that portion of fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund which was legally restricted and not available for spending for any other purpose than that for which it is restricted.

Unreserved, undesignated – An account that represents the portion of fund balance that is expendable available financial resources.

## [continue]

#### M. Property Taxes.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

#### N. Mississippi Adequate Education Program Revenues.

Revenues from the adequate education program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the state of Mississippi.

### O. Compensated Absences.

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law or at a greater amount provided by school district policy. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term liabilities in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### P. Other Significant Accounting Policies.

The Debt Service Funds for long-term debt issued prior to April 15, 1986, under the provisions of Section 37-59-101, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), et seq., and prior to March 3, 1987, under the provisions of Section 37-59-1, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), et seq., are maintained by the governing authority of the city and are not included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district. The borrowing of money by the issuance of the debt referred to above was a function of the governing authority of the city prior to April 15, 1986, or March 3, 1987, as the case may be.

In our state, school boards and superintendents had no responsibility in connection with the debt issued before the dates referred to above. The payment of this debt is an obligation of the governing authority of the city who is acting for the school district.

In connection with any debt issued subsequent to the dates referred to above, the school board is responsible for the issuance and maintenance of school district related debt.

## Q. Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported statement of operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### [continue]

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments.

Cash and Cash Equivalents.

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits.

In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$12,698,240 and \$846,101, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide statements was: cash and cash equivalents \$12,698,240. The bank balance was \$14,563,726.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the district. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2007, none of the district's bank balance of \$14,563,726 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents.

The school district had no cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions at June 30, 2007.

Investments.

As of June 30, 2007, the district had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

Investment Type	Maturities (in years)		Fair Value	Rating
Hancock Horizon Treasury Securities Money Market Fund	Less than 1	\$.	91,082	AAAm
Total Investments		\$.	91,082	

The Hancock Horizon Treasury Securities Money Market Fund investments are not backed by the full faith and credit of the federal government and are not FDIC insured.

## [continue]

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk

#### (3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds:

	 Due From	Due To
Major funds: General funds School Food Service Non-major Funds	\$ 331,012	1,082 101,339 228,591
Total Funds	\$ 331,012	331,012

All due from's and due to's were to adjust deficit cash balances.

#### B. Transfers In/Out.

		Transfers In	Transfers Out
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$	22,701	2,149,353
Other governmental funds	_	2,238,583	111,931
Total Funds	\$_	2,261,284	2,261,284

Transfers in and out were for year-end closing entries and indirect cost.

# OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

[continue]

# (4) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance			Completed		Balance
	_	7/1/2006	Additions	Retirements	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2007
Non-depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$	1,389,062					1,389,062
Construction in Progress	_	2,277,975	10,230,411		(1,792,571)		10,715,815
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	3,667,037	10,230,411		(1,792,571)		12,104,877
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		17,451,533			862,163		18,313,696
Building improvements		7,498,381			691,008		8,189,389
Improvements other than buildings		685,537			239,400		924,937
Mobile equipment		2,433,030	247,659	(68,840)			2,611,849
Furniture and equipment		842,442	16,353				858,795
Total depreciable capital assets	-	28,910,923	264,012	(68,840)	1,792,571		30,898,666
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		4,311,727	326,668				4,638,395
Building improvements		3,057,563	327,576				3,385,139
Improvements other than buildings		335,982	36,997				372,979
Mobile equipment		1,412,496	169,449	(61,956)			1,519,989
Furniture and equipment		801,592	14,440				816,032
Total accumulated depreciation	-	9,919,360	875,130	(61,956)			10,732,534
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	18,991,563	(611,118)	(6,884)	1,792,571		20,166,132
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	22,658,600	9,619,293	(6,884)	0		32,271,009

## [continue]

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Amount
\$ 705,681
169,449
0
\$ 875,130

Commitments under construction contracts at June 30, 2007, are summarized as follows:

		Remaining commitment	Required Future Financing
3rd and 4th Grade Elementary School	\$	188,839	0
Oxford High School Physical Ed Facility		20,000	0
Transportation & Maintenance Facility Scott Center Playground		621,203	0
Total	\$ <u></u>	830,042	0

## (5) Long-term liabilities.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

			Balance			Balance	Due Within
			7/1/2006	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2007	One Year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$	16,175,000		985,000	15,190,000	1,030,000
В.	Limited obligation bonds payable		2,815,000		175,000	2,640,000	185,000
C.	Three mill notes payable		975,000	5,500,000	175,000	6,300,000	455,000
D.	Compensated absences payable		166,888	210,998		377,886	37,379
	Total	\$ :	20,131,888	5,710,998	1,335,000	24,507,886	1,707,379

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### [continue]

### A. General obligation bonds payable.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount issued	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation School Bonds, series 1998	4.5-6.25%	6/1/1998	6/1/2018 \$	6,000,000	4,085,000
General Obligation School Bonds, series 1999	4.25-5.25%	5/1/1999	5/1/2019	2,000,000	1,500,000
General Obligation School Bonds, series 2004	4.15%	12/1/2004	12/1/2024	9,000,000	8,455,000
2003 Refunding Bonds	2.79%	3/1/2004	3/1/2009	2,205,000	1,150,000
Total			\$_	19,205,000	15,190,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$	1,030,000	621,867	1,651,867
2009		1,070,000	580,140	1,650,140
2010		1,125,000	536,370	1,661,370
2011		790,000	495,359	1,285,359
2012		830,000	456,904	1,286,904
2013-2017		4,805,000	1,690,412	6,495,412
2018-2022		3,540,000	724,557	4,264,557
2023-2027		2,000,000	122,600	2,122,600
Total	\$ .	15,190,000	5,228,209	20,418,209

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by state statute. Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in state statutes, have been met. As of June 30, 2007, the amount of outstanding bonded indebted was equal to 8.3% of property assessments as of October 1, 2006. This debt will be retired from the corresponding debt service funds.

## [continue]

### B. Limited obligation bonds payable.

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
State aid capital improvement, series 1998	4.5-6%	6/1/1998	6/1/2018 \$_	3,630,000	2,640,000
Total			\$ <u>_</u>	3,630,000	2,640,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt.

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$	185,000	124,231	309,231
2009		195,000	114,519	309,519
2010		205,000	104,379	309,379
2011		215,000	94,949	309,949
2012		225,000	85,005	310,005
2013-2017		1,310,000	254,131	1,564,131
2018-2022		305,000	13,725	318,725
2023-2027		0	0	0
Total	\$ .	2,640,000	790,939	3,430,939

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage. This debt will be retired from the MAEP Retirement Fund.

## [continue]

C. Three mill notes payable.

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
3 Mill - 10 Year Note	5.70%	6/1/2001	6/1/2011 <b>\$</b>	1,700,000	800,000
3 Mill Limited Tax Note	3.5-5%	12/14/2006	12/14/2022	5,500,000	5,500,000
Total			\$	7,200,000	6,300,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2008		455,000	353,425	808,425
2009		475,000	228,280	703,280
2010		495,000	206,230	701,230
2011		520,000	183,155	703,155
2012		315,000	159,055	474,055
2013-2017		1,805,000	564,385	2,369,385
2018-2022		2,235,000	202,041	2,437,041
2023-2027	-	0	0	0
Total	\$ _	6,300,000	1,896,571	8,196,571

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Levy Retirement Funds.

## D. Compensated absences payable.

As more fully explained in Note 1(O), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

[continue]

### (6) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS, 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Funding Policy. PERS members are required to contribute 7.25% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 11.30% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$1,737,423, \$1,564,959 and \$1,300,636, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

(7) Other Commitments.

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 4.

(8) Prior Period Adjustments/Exhibits.

A summary of significant fund equity adjustments is as follows.

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Major Funds	Explanation		_	Amount
General Fund	Security officer FY '04-'05 & '05-'06 was not billed by the		\$	267,682
	City of Oxford until FY '06-'07.	Total	<b>\$</b>	267,682

#### (9) Risk Management.

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

[continue]

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 121 school districts and one community college and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the school district's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by BancorpSouth Bank in Jackson. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$700,000. For a claim exceeding \$700,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

### (10) Vocational Technical Consortium.

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated July 30, 2001, creating the Oxford /Lafayette County Vocational Technical Consortium. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Oxford School District and the Lafayette County School District. Section 37-31-73(6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education consortium. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those student.

The Lafayette County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Oxford / Lafayette County Vocational Technical Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

# OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

To the Teal Ended Julie 30, 2007				Variances Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Local sources	\$ 11,477,471	11,981,513	11,981,298	504,042	-215
State sources	12,720,573	12,739,602	12,739,602	19,029	0
Federal sources	196,643	226,754	226,754	30,111	0
Total Revenues	24,394,687	24,947,869	24,947,654	553,182	-215
Expenditures:					
Instruction	15,623,428	14,454,772	14,454,771	1,168,656	1
Support services	8,234,720	7,623,691	7,525,870	611,029	97,821
Noninstructional services	124,783	120,564	120,564	4,219	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,207,706	412,631	412,631	795,075	0
Debt service:				0	0
Principal	5,000			5,000	0
Total Expenditures	25,195,637	22,611,658	22,513,836	2,583,979	97,822
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	-800,950	2,336,211	2,433,818	3,137,161	97,607
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance Loss Recoveries		2,088	4,612	2,088	2,524
Sale of Transportation Equipment		2,739	2,739	2,739	0
Operating transfers in	1,631,242	1,569,358	1,569,358	-61,884	0
Operating transfers out	-2,045,131	-3,696,010	-3,696,010	-1,650,879	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-413,889	-2,121,825	-2,119,301	-1,707,936	2,524
Net Change in Fund Balances	-1,214,839	214,386	314,517	1,429,225	100,131
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2006	7,691,825	7,691,825	7,691,825		
Prior period adjustment			-267,682	0	-267,682
June 30, 2007	\$ 6,476,986	7,906,211	7,738,660	1,429,225	-167,551

Variances

OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

					Positive (Negative)	
	_	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	418,131	392,009	392,009	-26,122	0
State sources		7,323	37,448	37,448	30,125	0
Federal sources		909,002	953,720	953,720	44,718	0
Total Revenues	_	1,334,456	1,383,177	1,383,177	48,721	0
Expenditures:						
Instruction					0	0
Support services		107,229	94,880	94,880	12,349	0
Noninstructional services		1,227,227	1,283,308	1,283,308	-56,081	0
Facilities acquisition and construction					0	0
Debt service:					0	0
Principal					0	0
Total Expenditures	_	1,334,456	1,378,188	1,378,188	-43,732	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	_	0	4,989	4,989	4,989	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance Loss Recoveries					0	0
Sale of Transportation Equipment						0
Operating transfers in					0	0
Operating transfers out	_				0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	0	4,989	4,989	4,989	0
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2006		31,164	31,164	31,164		0
Inc. (Dec.) in reserve for inventory	_			5,712		5,712
June 30, 2007	s _	31,164	36,153	41,865	4,989	5,712

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

(1) Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and revisions.

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund and the school food service fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/	Catalog of	
Pass-through Grantor/	Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title	Assistance Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Non-cash assistance: Food Donation	40.550	70.034
Child Nutrition cluster:	10.550	\$
School breakfast program	10.553	267,317
National school lunch program	10.555	613,772
Summer food service program for children	10.559	28,785
Total child nutrition cluster	10.002	909,874
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture		982,505
U.S. Department of Defense		
Direct Program:		
Reserve officer training corp.	12.XXX	51,154
Flood control projects	12.106	14,297
Total U.S. Department of Defense		65,451
U. S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	460,732
Safe and drug-free school and communities - state grants	84.186	14,870
Education for homeless children and youth	84.196	40,662
Eisenhower professional development state grants	84.281	162,649
Foreign language assistance	84.293	20,814
State grants for innovative programs	84.298	2,789
Comprehensive school reform demonstration	84.332	132 3,344
Teacher quality enhancement grants	84.336 84.365	3,3 <del>44</del> 18,192
English language acquisition grants	84.367	
Improving teacher quality - state grants Grants for state assessments and related activities	84.369	153,175 19,587
Total	64.309	896,946
Special education cluster:		090,940
Special education - grant to states	84.027	698,703
Special education - grant to states  Special education - preschool grants	84.173	21,104
Total	04.110	719,807
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,616,753
Direct programs:		
Impact Aid	84.041	1,004
Impact Aid - facilities maintenance	84.040	622
Total direct programs		1,626
Total U. S. Department of Education		1,618,379
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered-through Universal Service Administration Company:		
The schools and libraries program of the Universal Service Fund	32.XXX	33,240
Total Federal Communications Commission		33,240
U.S. Department of Labor		
Passed through Three Rivers:		
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	41,879
Total U.S. Department of Labor		41,879
U.S. Department of Interior		
Direct Program:	45 220	22 602
Payments in lieu of tax Total Department of Interior	15.226	22,602
rotal Department of Interior		
Total for All Federal Awards	9	2,764,056
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### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

Other	2,606,380 15,977,452	18,583,832		5,559
School Administrative	1,301,926	1,331,156		398
General Administrative	812,438 152,192	964,630		288
Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	16,101,729 2,056,407	18,158,136		5,432
Total	20,822,473 18,215,281	39,037,754	3343	11,677
- 1	<del>⇔</del> '	↔		↔ "
Expenditures	Salaries and fringe benefits Other	Total	Total number of students	Cost per student

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Instuctional Expenditures - inlcudes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type. (All the 1000, 2100 & 2200 functional codes) General Adminstration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration (2300s); and Support Services -Business (2500s)

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Adminstration (2400s)

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories

## OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

### Watkins, Ward and Stafford

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

April 30, 2008

Superintendent and School Board Oxford School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxford School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Oxford School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorized, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as Finding 07-01 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the school district's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the school district's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Workins, Word and Stafford, PLLC

April 30, 2008

### Watkins, Ward and Stafford

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO
EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Superintendent and School Board Oxford School District

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Oxford School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007. The school district's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the school district's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the school district's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Oxford School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2007.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Oxford School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the school district's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, others within the entity, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Working, Ward and Staffard, PLLC

April 30, 2008

OXFORD SCHOOL DISTRICT
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

### Watkins, Ward and Stafford

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Oxford School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oxford School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Oxford School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds". As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported \$4,624 of classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Workins, Word and Stafford, PLLC

April 30, 2008

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

### Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

### Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Finar	cial Statements:	
1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:	Unqualified
2.	Material noncompliance relating to the financial statements?	No
3.	<ul> <li>Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>a. Material weakness (es) identified?</li> <li>b. Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	No Yes
Fede	al Awards:	
4.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unqualified
5.	Internal control over major programs:  a. Material weakness(es) identified?  b. Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No No
6.	Any audit finding(s) reported as required by Section510(a) of Circular A-133?	No
7.	Federal programs identified as major programs:  a. Child Nutrition Cluster	
8.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$300,000
9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes
10.	Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned cost relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings as discussed in Section315(b) of OMB Circular A-133?	No

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

### Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

### Significant deficiencies not considered material weaknesses

### Finding 07-01 Statement of Condition

As part of the audit, management requested us to prepare a draft of your financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements. Management reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements prior to their issuance; however management does not have the ability to evaluate the completeness of financial statement disclosures. The absence of this control procedure is considered a significant deficiency because the potential exists that a more than inconsequential but less than a material misstatement of the financial statements could occur and not be prevented or detected by the School District's internal control.

### Criteria

Preparation of the financial statements including the required note disclosures is the responsibility of the Oxford School District. Our responsibility as auditors is to express an opinion of the financial statements.

### Effect

A control deficiency exists due to the School District lacking controls and procedures necessary for the preparation of the financial statements. However, the Auditor prepared financial statements give the Oxford School District's management confidence that the financial statements are materially correct.

#### Cause

The Oxford School District is capable of preparation of the financial statements. However, they lack the expertise to prepare the required disclosures.

### Recommendation

Management of the Oxford School District should review, approve, and accept auditor prepared financial statements including disclosures prior to their issuance.

### Response

Auditor-prepared financial statements and disclosures will be reviewed, approved, and accepted by the Oxford School District's management prior to their issuance.

### Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.