

## Lesson

## 6-4

Slope-Intercept  
Equations for Lines

## Vocabulary

y-intercept  
slope-intercept form  
direct variation

► **BIG IDEA** The line that contains the point  $(0, b)$  and slope  $m$  has equation  $y = mx + b$ .

You have already worked with equations whose graphs are lines. In the following activity, you will use *dynamic graphing software* to experiment with equations. As you change the equation, watch how its graph changes in response. In many software applications, *sliders* allow you to change values in an equation. A slider consists of a portion of a number line that is used to control numeric values for a specific variable. As you drag a point along a slider, the value of a corresponding variable changes automatically.

## Mental Math

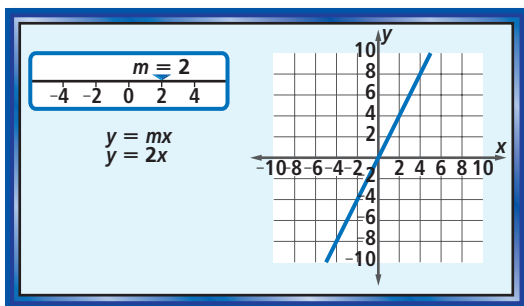
Express as a mixed number.

- 175 cm in meters
- 35 ounces in cups
- 5 feet, 7 inches in feet

## Activity

**Step 1** Create a slider for the variable  $m$ . Set the software so that  $m$  can vary in the interval  $-5 \leq m \leq 5$ . Move the slider so that  $m = 2$ .

**Step 2** Enter the equation  $y = mx$ . Since  $m = 2$ , you have created the graph of  $y = 2x$ .



**Step 3** Slowly move the slider to increase the value of  $m$ . What happens to the graph as  $m$  increases?

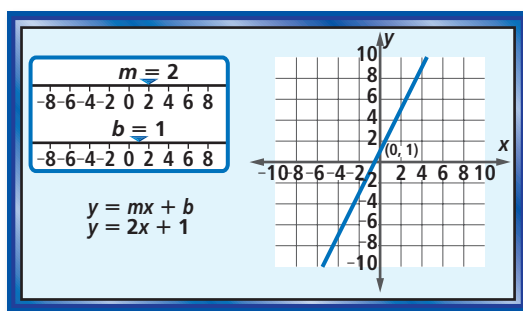
**Step 4** Now move the slider so  $m = 0$ . What is the graph like when  $m = 0$ ? Write an equation for this line.

**Step 5** Move the  $m$  slider to the left of zero (into the negatives). What happens to the graph when  $m$  is negative? What happens to the graph as  $m$  moves more and more to the left (“farther” into the negative values)?

What appears to be true about the line when  $m$  is

- positive?
- negative?
- zero (which is neither positive nor negative)?

**Step 6** Move the slider so that  $m = 2$ . Enter the equation  $y = mx + b$  and create a second slider for the variable  $b$ , using the interval  $-5 \leq m \leq 5$ . Move this slider so  $b = 1$ . Also, graph the point  $(0, b)$ .



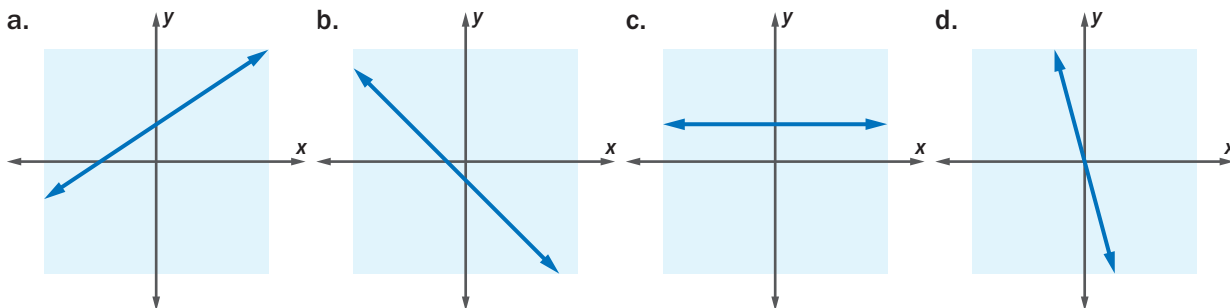
**Step 7** Slowly move the  $b$  slider to the right (toward greater values of  $b$ ). What happens to the graph as  $b$  increases?

**Step 8** Now move the  $b$  slider so  $b = 0$ . Describe the graph when  $b = 0$  and write the equation for this line.

**Step 9** Slide the  $b$  slider to the left of zero (into the negatives). What happens to the graph when  $b$  is negative? What happens to the graph as  $b$  moves farther to the left? What appears to be true about the line when  $b$  is

- positive?
- negative?
- zero (which is neither positive nor negative)?

**Step 10** Refer to the graphs below. Move both sliders until you have a graph that resembles the line pictured. Give the values of  $m$  and  $b$ . Write the equation for the line that is shown by using your slider values.



In the Activity, you should have seen that the graph of a line whose equation is of the form  $y = mx + b$  is determined by the values of  $m$  and  $b$ . In Steps 1–5, as you changed the value of  $m$ , the slope of the line changed.

When  $m = 2$  and you varied the value of  $b$  in Steps 6–10, the line shifted and the point at which it crossed the  $y$ -axis changed. That number is the  $y$ -intercept of the line. In general, when a graph intersects the  $y$ -axis at the point  $(0, b)$ , the number  $b$  is a  **$y$ -intercept** for the graph. Each line at the right has slope  $\frac{1}{2}$ , but the  $y$ -intercepts are different.

So the equation  $y = mx + b$  shows the slope of the line and its  $y$ -intercept. For this reason,  $y = mx + b$  is called the **slope-intercept form** for an equation for a line.

### Slope-Intercept Equation of a Line

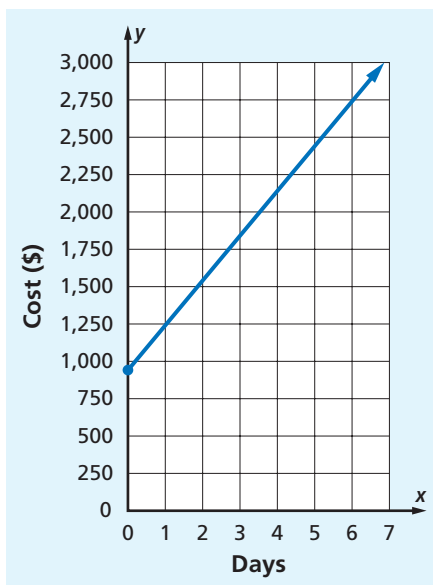
The line with equation  $y = mx + b$  has slope  $m$  and  $y$ -intercept  $b$ .

#### STOP QY1

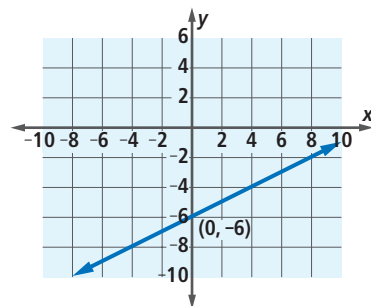
## Using the Slope-Intercept Form of the Equation of a Line

Slopes and  $y$ -intercepts can be seen in equations of real-world situations. Suppose Jody is going on a vacation to Istanbul. The airfare is \$940 and she expects to spend \$300 per day for hotel and expenses. Then after  $x$  days, the total cost  $y$  of her trip is given by  $y = 940 + 300x$ . With the Commutative Property of Addition,  $y = 940 + 300x$  becomes  $y = 300x + 940$ , which fits the slope-intercept form  $y = mx + b$ .

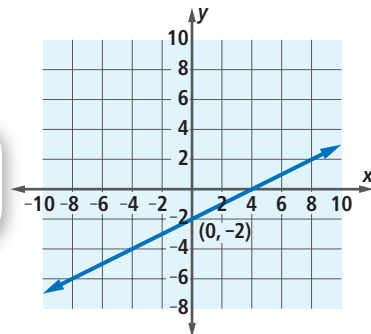
Notice how the two key numbers in Jody's expenses appear in the equation. Her starting cost of \$940 is the  $y$ -intercept. Her \$300 cost per day is the slope.



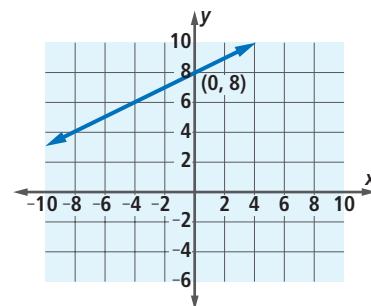
$b = -6$



$b = -2$



$b = 8$



#### QY1

- Find the slope and  $y$ -intercept of  $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 11$ .
- Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line with slope 3 and  $y$ -intercept of  $-7$ .

The same line can have many equations. For example,  $3x + y = 7$ ,  $30x + 10y = 70$ , and  $y = -3x + 7$  are all equations for the same line.

**STOP** QY2

Slope-intercept equations allow us to get information about a line quickly. For this reason, it is often helpful to convert other equations for lines into slope-intercept form.

**QY2**

Give the slope and y-intercept of  $y = -2 - 6x$ .

### Example 1

Write the equation  $3x + 7y = 9$  in slope-intercept form. Give the slope and y-intercept of the graph.

**Solution** Solve  $3x + 7y = 9$  for  $y$ .

$$3x + 7y = 9$$

$$7y = -3x + 9$$

$$\frac{7y}{7} = \frac{-3x + 9}{7}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{7}x + \frac{9}{7}$$

The slope is  $-\frac{3}{7}$ . The y-intercept is  $\frac{9}{7}$  or  $1\frac{2}{7}$ .

Recall that every vertical line has an equation of the form  $x = h$ , where  $h$  is a fixed number. Equations of this form clearly cannot be solved for  $y$ . Thus, equations of vertical lines cannot be written in slope-intercept form (and they cannot be graphed on many graphing calculators). This confirms that the slope of vertical lines cannot be defined.

## Writing an Equation for a Line from Its Graph

The graph of a line gives information that can be used to write its equation.

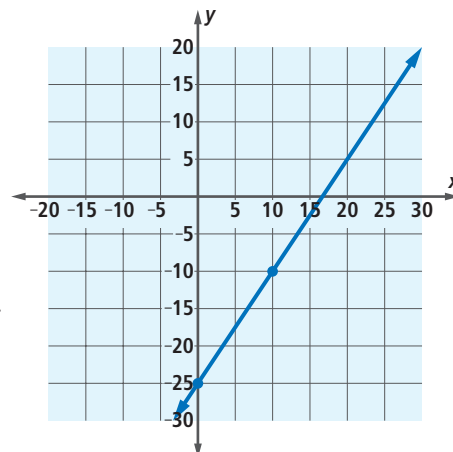
### Example 2

Find the equation of the line graphed at the right.

**Solution** The graph crosses the y-axis at  $-25$ , so  $-25$  is the y-intercept. The line contains  $(0, -25)$  and  $(10, -10)$ . Its slope is found below.

$$m = \frac{-25 - (-10)}{0 - 10} = \frac{-15}{-10} = 1.5$$

The slope-intercept equation of the line is  $y = 1.5x - 25$ .



(continued on next page)

**Check** Do the coordinates of the two known points  $(0, -25)$  and  $(10, -10)$  satisfy the equation?

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Does } -25 = 1.5(0) - 25? & \text{Does } -10 = 1.5(10) - 25? \\ -25 = 0 - 25 & -10 = 15 - 25 \end{array}$$

Yes, both points check.

Every constant-increase or constant-decrease situation can be described by an equation whose graph is a line. The  $y$ -intercept of that line can be interpreted as the starting amount. The slope of that line is the amount of increase or decrease per unit.

### Example 3

Assume that a skydiver opens a parachute and falls at a speed of 10 feet per second from 5,000 feet above the ground.

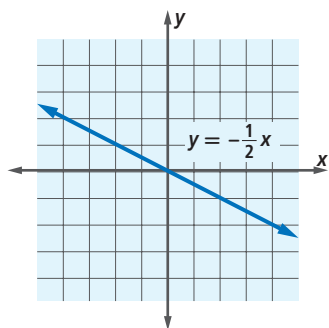
- Find a slope-intercept equation for the height  $h$  of the skydiver after  $x$  seconds.
- How high is the skydiver after 5 minutes (300 seconds)?

#### Solutions

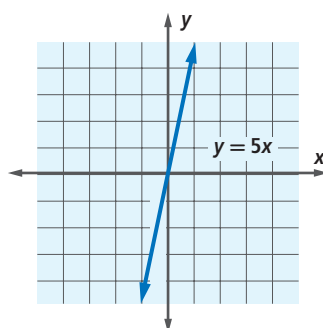
- The skydiver falls at 10 feet per second, so the slope is  $-10$ . The  $y$ -intercept is the starting height, 5,000 feet.  
 $y = 5,000 - 10x$  Write the equation.  
 $y = -10x + 5,000$  Rewrite in slope-intercept form.
- Use the equation and substitute 300 for  $x$  because 5 minutes equals 300 seconds.  
 $y = 5,000 - 10(300)$   
 $y = 2,000$   
 After 5 minutes, the height of the skydiver is 2,000 feet.

## Direct Variation

A special case of a linear equation occurs when the  $y$ -intercept is at the origin. Then the  $y$ -intercept is 0 and  $y = mx + 0$  becomes  $y = mx$ . This means that  $y$  is a constant multiple of  $x$ , as shown below.



$x$	$y$
-4	2
0	0
1	$-\frac{1}{2}$
10	-5



$x$	$y$
-2	-10
0	0
3	15
7	35

When  $y$  is a constant multiple of  $x$ , it is said that  $y$  varies directly as  $x$ . This situation is called **direct variation**. The amount you multiply each  $x$  by to get  $y$  is the slope, also called the *constant of variation*. Direct variation equations arise in large numbers of real-world situations. For example, the distance driven at a constant speed varies directly as the time driven. The circumference of a circle varies directly as the circle's radius.

**STOP** QY3

**QY3**

Determine which equation is an example of direct variation and give its constant of variation.

- $y = -4x + 1$
- $y = \frac{3}{4}x$
- $y = 8$

## Questions

### COVERING THE IDEAS

- Fill in the Blanks** The set of ordered pairs  $(x, y)$  that satisfy  $y = mx + b$  is a line with slope  $\underline{\quad}$  and  $y$ -intercept  $\underline{\quad}$ .
- A family is taking a car trip. They expect to pay \$150 for someone to look after their pet dog while they are gone. Then they think it will cost \$200 per day for a room and meals and \$80 per day for other expenses.
  - What is the expected cost  $y$  for  $x$  days of the trip?
  - If the equation in Part a is graphed, what are the slope and  $y$ -intercept of the graph?

In 3 and 4, an equation of a line in slope-intercept form is given.

- Determine the slope.
- Determine the  $y$ -intercept.
- Graph the line.

3.  $y = 2x + 3$

4.  $y = \frac{1}{4}x - 2$

In 5 and 6, an equation of a line is given.

- Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form.
- Determine the slope of the line.
- Determine the  $y$ -intercept of the line.

5.  $y = 5.6 - 1.3x$

6.  $x + 5y = 7$

- A hot air balloon begins 3 feet above the ground. It then climbs at a constant rate of 2 feet per second.
  - Determine an equation for the height  $h$  of the balloon at time  $t$ .
  - Draw a graph of the equation in Part a.
  - What are the slope and  $y$ -intercept of the graph in Part b?
  - How high is the balloon after 60 seconds?
- Find the equation in slope-intercept form using the data in the table at the right.
  - Is this an example of direct variation? Explain.



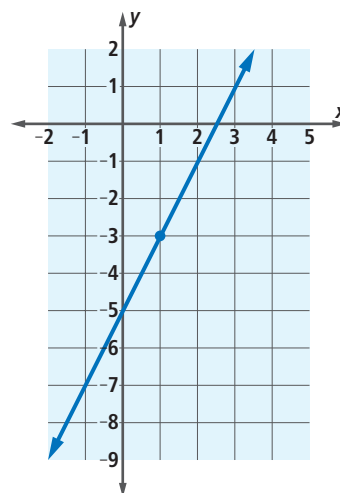
Hot air balloons were invented in France in 1783.

Source: [www.hotairballoons.com](http://www.hotairballoons.com)

$x$	$y$
1	6.5
2	11
3	15.5
4	20
5	24.5

In 9 and 10, write an equation of a line in slope-intercept form with the following characteristics.

9. slope 4, y-intercept 3      10. slope 0, y-intercept -2
11. Write the equation of the line graphed at the right in slope-intercept form.

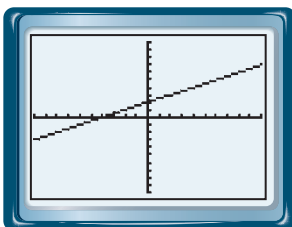


**APPLYING THE MATHEMATICS**

12. The equation  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$  was used to make the following table and graph. Find the slope and y-intercept. Explain how they are seen in the table and in the graph.

X	Y <sub>1</sub>
0	2
1	2.5
2	3
3	3.5
4	4
5	4.5

X = -3



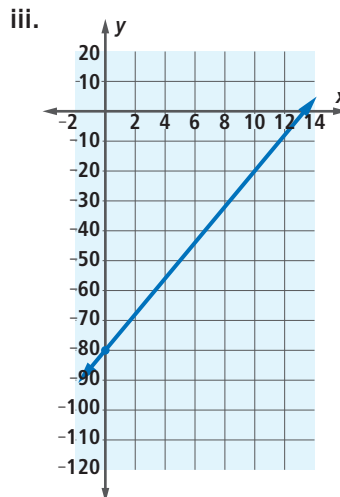
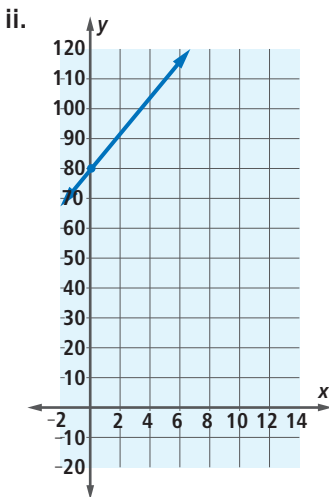
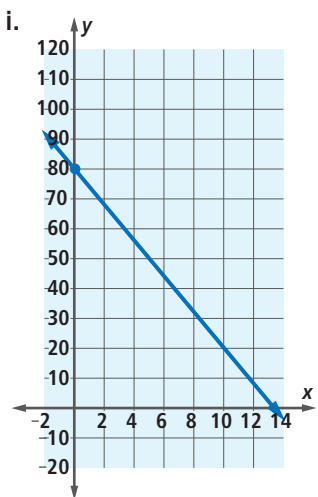
In 13–15, match the equation and graph with the situation.

Situation

Equation

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>13. Spencer has \$80 in the bank and is spending \$6 per week.</p> <p>14. Owen borrowed \$80 from his uncle and is paying him back \$6 per week.</p> <p>15. Savina has \$80 in the bank and is adding \$6 per week to the account.</p> | <p>a. <math>y = 6x - 80</math></p> <p>b. <math>y = 6x + 80</math></p> <p>c. <math>y = -6x + 80</math></p> |
|---|---|

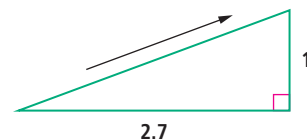
Graph



16. Consider the line through the points (3, 4) and (3, 7).  
 a. Why does this line *not* have an equation in  $y = mx + b$  form?  
 b. What is an equation for this line?
17. a. Graph the equation  $y = 3x + 4$  on a piece of graph paper.  
 b. Draw a line through (2, 2) that is parallel to  $y = 3x + 4$ .  
 c. Write an equation of the parallel line in slope-intercept form.  
 d. How are the two equations the same?
18. A line has the equation  $y = -3x + b$ . For what value of  $b$  does the line pass through exactly 2 quadrants? (The axes are not considered to be in any quadrant.)

### REVIEW

19. The Mount Washington Cog Railway in New Hampshire is one of the steepest mountain-climbing trains in the world with a gradient of 1 in 2.7. Find the slope of the path made as the train goes up the incline. (Lesson 6-3)
20. Determine if the following statement is *always*, *sometimes but not always*, or *never true* and explain your reasoning. *Vertical lines have a slope of zero.* (Lesson 6-3)



In 21 and 22, solve the equation. (Lesson 5-9)

21.  $\frac{6x - 4}{3 + 2x} = \frac{5}{6}$                       22.  $\frac{w + 3}{3} = 3w - 1$

23. The sum of two consecutive integers is 8 less than three times the difference of the two numbers. Find the two numbers. (Lesson 4-4)
24. What is the area of the rectangle formed by the lines  $y = 6$ ,  $y = 2$ ,  $x = -3$ , and  $x = 4$ ? (Lesson 4-2)



The Mount Washington Cog Railway is the world's first mountain-climbing cog railway.

Source: Mount Washington Cog Railway

### EXPLORATION

25. A line  $t$  has slope 4 and  $y$ -intercept 3.  
 a. What is an equation for line  $t$ ?  
 b. By experimenting with a graphing calculator, find an equation for the line that has  $y$ -intercept 3 and seems to be perpendicular to line  $t$ .

### QY ANSWERS

- 1a. slope =  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  
 $y$ -intercept = 11  
 b.  $y = 3x - 7$
2. slope =  $-6$ ,  
 $y$ -intercept =  $-2$
3. b.;  $\frac{3}{4}$