2-9B Lesson Master	Questions on SPUR Objective Student Edition pages 143–147 for objective
(SKILLS) Objective A	
In 1–5, write the statement as a variation equation.	
1. The area <i>A</i> of an ellipse varies jointly as its major sem minor semiaxis <i>h</i> .	axis <i>b</i> and its
2. The cost <i>C</i> of a square oak butcher block varies jointly and the square of a side length <i>s</i> .	as its thickness <i>t</i>
<b>3</b> . The load <i>L</i> which will buckle a column is inversely prosquare of its length $\ell$ and directly proportional to the radius <i>r</i> .	portional to the ourth power of its
4. In the middle 1800s, the French scientist Jean Poiseui rate <i>r</i> at which a fluid flows through a small tube varie pressure <i>p</i> acting on the fluid and the fourth power of the tube.	lle found that the s jointly as the the diameter <i>d</i> of
5. The speed <i>S</i> of a 10-speed bike varies directly as the n	umber of on the front
sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth $b$ on the	e back sprocket.
<ul> <li>6. Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies</li> </ul>	e back sprocket.
<ul> <li>6. Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies as the product of</li> </ul>	e back sprocket.
<ul> <li>6. Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies as the product of and</li> </ul>	e back sprocket.
fevolutions <i>i</i> per limit te and as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the formula $A = \pi ab$ , <i>A</i> varies as the product of and 7. Fill in the Blanks If $g = \frac{2d}{t^2}$ , <i>g</i> varies	e back sprocket.
sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the <b>6. Fill in the Blanks</b> In the formula $A = \pi ab$ , <i>A</i> varies as the product of and <b>7. Fill in the Blanks</b> If $g = \frac{2d}{t^2}$ , <i>g</i> varies as <i>d</i> , and as	
sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on the sprocket, and inversely as the formula $A = \pi ab$ , <i>A</i> varies as the product of and as the product of as <i>d</i> , and as as as as as	
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<ul> <li>Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies as the product of and as the product of and as the product of and</li> <li>Fill in the Blanks If g = <sup>2d</sup>/<sub>t<sup>2</sup></sub>, g varies as as as as as</li> <li>SKILLS Objective B</li> <li>a varies directly as b and inversely as the square of c. When b = -8 and c = 2, a = -6.</li> <li>a. Find a when b = 4 and c = -2.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies as the product of and as the product of and as the product of and</li> <li>Fill in the Blanks If g = <sup>2d</sup>/<sub>t<sup>2</sup></sub>, g varies as as</li></ul>	
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<ul> <li>revolutions <i>r</i> per limit te and as the number of teen <i>f</i> sprocket, and inversely as the number of teeth <i>b</i> on th</li> <li>6. Fill in the Blanks In the formula A = πab, A varies as the product of and as the product of and</li> <li>7. Fill in the Blanks If g = <sup>2d</sup>/<sub>t<sup>2</sup></sub>, g varies as as</li></ul>	e back sprocket

## 2-9B

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USES Objective G	
<ul> <li>10. The kinetic energy of an object varies jointly as its mass and the square of its velocity. The kinetic energy of an object with mass 12 kilograms moving at 8 meters per second is 384 joules. Find the kinetic energy of an object with mass 8 kilograms moving at 12 meters per second.</li> </ul>	
<b>11.</b> The wind force $F$ on a sail varies jointly as the area $A$ of the sail and the square of the wind speed $W$ . The force on a sail with area 500 square feet is 100 pounds when the wind speed is 20 miles per hour.	
a. What would the force be with a 30-mile-per-hour wind?	
b. What would the force be if the sail is a triangle 20 feet high and 20 feet at the base and the windspeed is 40 miles per hour?	
In 12 and 13, use this information: The speed $s$ at which water flows through a pipe is directly proportional to the pressure $p$ exerted by a pump and the fourth power of the radius $r$ .	
<b>12</b> . What effect will lime deposits on the inside of a pipe have on the speed of the water, if the pressure remains constant?	
<b>13.</b> If the speed of the water through a pipe of radius 2.5 centimeters is 600 centimeters per second when the pressure is 4 kilograms per square centimeter,	
a. what would be the speed if the pressure is doubled?	
<b>b.</b> what would be the speed if the radius is 5 centimeters?	
<ul><li>14. Bridge columns of a new material are 10 inches in diameter and 10 ft high. These columns are able to support up to 40 tons without collapsing. The weight <i>w</i> that collapses a column varies directly as the fourth power of its diameter <i>d</i> and inversely as the square of its height <i>h</i>. Give the maximum weight each column of this material with the given dimensions can support.</li></ul>	
a. diameter, 20 inches; height, 10 feet	
b. diameter, 10 inches; height, 20 feet	
c. diameter, 20 inches; height, 20 feet	