## The University of the State of New York REGENTS HIGH SCHOOL EXAMINATION

## **GEOMETRY** (Common Core)

Wednesday, August 17, 2016 — 8:30 to 11:30 a.m., only

Student Name: 

School Name: 

A C B and C O

The possession or use of any communications device is strictly prohibited when taking this examination. If you have or use any communications device, no matter how briefly, your examination will be invalidated and no score will be calculated for you.

Print your name and the name of your school on the lines above.

A separate answer sheet for Part I has been provided to you. Follow the instructions from the proctor for completing the student information on your answer sheet.

This examination has four parts, with a total of 36 questions. You must answer all questions in this examination. Record your answers to the Part I multiple-choice questions on the separate answer sheet. Write your answers to the questions in Parts II, III, and IV directly in this booklet. All work should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale.

The formulas that you may need to answer some questions in this examination are found at the end of the examination. This sheet is perforated so you may remove it from this booklet.

Scrap paper is not permitted for any part of this examination, but you may use the blank spaces in this booklet as scrap paper. A perforated sheet of scrap graph paper is provided at the end of this booklet for any question for which graphing may be helpful but is not required. You may remove this sheet from this booklet. Any work done on this sheet of scrap graph paper will not be scored.

When you have completed the examination, you must sign the statement printed at the end of the answer sheet, indicating that you had no unlawful knowledge of the questions or answers prior to the examination and that you have neither given nor received assistance in answering any of the questions during the examination. Your answer sheet cannot be accepted if you fail to sign this declaration.

Notice...

A graphing calculator, a straightedge (ruler), and a compass must be available for you to use while taking this examination.

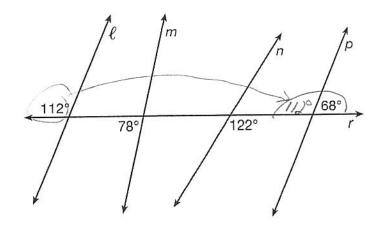
DO NOT OPEN THIS EXAMINATION BOOKLET UNTIL THE SIGNAL IS GIVEN.

## Part I

Answer all 24 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. No partial credit will be allowed. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For each statement or question, choose the word or expression that, of those given, best completes the statement or answers the question. Record your answers on your separate answer sheet. [48]

1 In the diagram below, lines  $\ell$ , m, n, and p intersect line r.

Use this space for computations.



68 + 112 = 180 ... Con L's = 1

Which statement is true?

 $(1) \ell || n$ (2) e p

- (3)  $m \| p$
- (4)  $m \mid n$
- 2 Which transformation would not always produce an image that would be congruent to the original figure?
  - (1) translation
- (3) rotation

(2) dilation

- (4) reflection
- 1,3,+4 are all

risid motions.

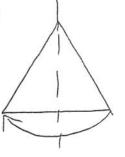
3 If an equilateral triangle is continuously rotated around one of its medians, which 3-dimensional object is generated?

(1) cone

(3) prism

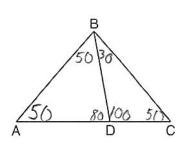
(2) pyramid

(4) sphere



4 In the diagram below,  $m \angle BDC = 100^{\circ}$ ,  $m \angle A = 50^{\circ}$ , and  $m \angle DBC = 30^{\circ}$ .

Use this space for computations.



ZBDA = 80 Linear pairs sum to 180°.

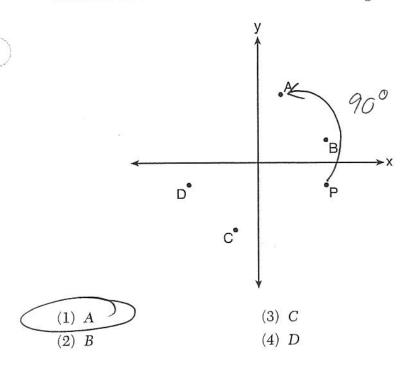
LBCD=50 DS Sam to 180° LABD=50 DS Sam to 180°

Which statement is true?

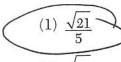
- (1)  $\triangle ABD$  is obtuse.
- (3)  $m \angle ABD = 80^{\circ}$
- (2)  $\triangle ABC$  is isosceles.
- (4)  $\triangle ABD$  is scalene.

Base 4's =.

**5** Which point shown in the graph below is the image of point *P* after a counterclockwise rotation of 90° about the origin?

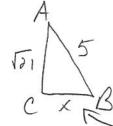


6 In  $\triangle ABC$ , where  $\angle C$  is a right angle,  $\cos A = \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$ . What is  $\sin B$ ?



(3) 
$$\frac{2}{5}$$

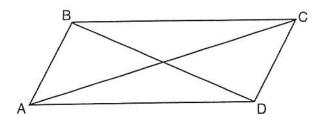
(4) 
$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{21}}$$



Use this space for computations.

 $x^{2} + (\pi)^{2} = 5^{2}$   $x^{2} + 21 = 25$   $x^{2} = 4$  x = 2

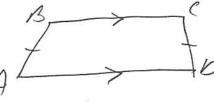
7 Quadrilateral ABCD with diagonals  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{BD}$  is shown in the diagram below.



Which information is not enough to prove ABCD is a parallelogram?

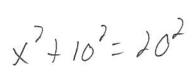
- (1)  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$  and  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$
- (2)  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$  and  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{DA}$
- (3)  $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$  and  $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$
- (4)  $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$  and  $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$

This could be an Isos. Trap.

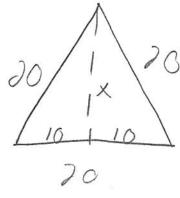


- 8 An equilateral triangle has sides of length 20. To the nearest tenth, what is the height of the equilateral triangle?
  - (1) 10.0
  - (2) 11.5

- (3) 17.3
- (4) 23.1

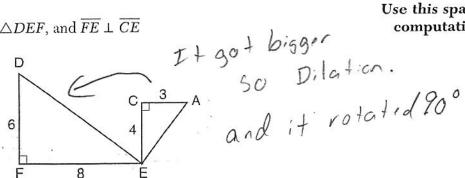


$$\chi^{2} + 100 = 400$$
 $\chi^{2} = 300$ 
 $\chi^{-17.7}$ 



Use this space for computations.

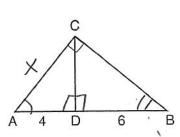
**9** Given:  $\triangle AEC$ ,  $\triangle DEF$ , and  $FE \perp CE$ 



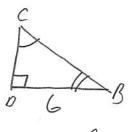
What is a correct sequence of similarity transformations that shows  $\triangle AEC \sim \triangle DEF$ ?

- (1) a rotation of 180 degrees about point E followed by a horizontal translation
- (2) a counterclockwise rotation of 90 degrees about point E followed by a horizontal translation
- (3) a rotation of 180 degrees about point E followed by a dilation with a scale factor of 2 centered at point E
- (4) a counterclockwise rotation of 90 degrees about point E followed by a dilation with a scale factor of 2 centered at point E

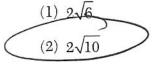
10 In the diagram of right triangle ABC,  $\overline{CD}$  intersects hypotenuse AB at D.





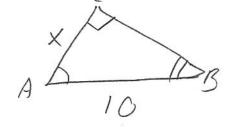


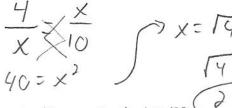
If AD = 4 and DB = 6, which length of  $\overline{AC}$  makes  $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{AB}$ ?



(3) 
$$2\sqrt{15}$$

$$(4) \ 4\sqrt{2}$$





DADC ~ DACB

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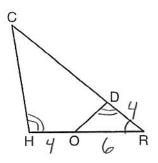
[5]

[OVER]



- 11 Segment CD is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{AB}$  at E. Which pair of segments does not have to be congruent?
  - (1)  $\overline{AD}$ ,  $\overline{BD}$
  - (2)  $\overline{AC}$ ,  $\overline{BC}$

- $\overline{DE}, \overline{CE}$
- 12 In triangle CHR, O is on  $\overline{HR}$ , and D is on  $\overline{CR}$  so that  $\angle H \cong \angle RDO$ .







Use this space for

computations.

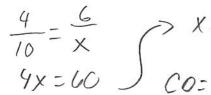
If RD = 4, RO = 6, and OH = 4, what is the length of  $\overline{CD}$ ?

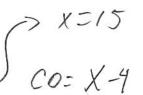
 $(1) 2\frac{2}{3}$ 

(3) 11

(2)  $6\frac{2}{3}$ 

(4) 15





- 13 The cross section of a regular pyramid contains the altitude of the pyramid. The shape of this cross section is a
  - (1) circle

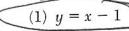
(3) triangle

(2) square

(4) rectangle



14 The diagonals of rhombus TEAM intersect at P(2,1). If the equation of the line that contains diagonal  $\overline{TA}$  is y = -x + 3, what is the equation of a line that contains diagonal  $\overline{EM}$ ?

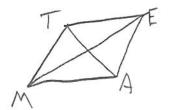


$$y = -x - 1$$

(2) 
$$y = x - 3$$

$$y = -x - 1$$

$$y = -x - 3$$



MME = neg,

Geometry (Common Core) - Aug. '16

[6]

0°, m ME = 1

Use this space for computations.

15 The coordinates of vertices A and B of  $\triangle ABC$  are A(3,4) and B(3,12). If the area of  $\triangle ABC$  is 24 square units, what could be the coordinates of point C?

- (1) (3,6)
- (2) (8,-3)

Use graph paper!

Try each point

16 What are the coordinates of the center and the length of the radius of the circle represented by the equation Halfit Square it!

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 8y + 11 = 0$$
?

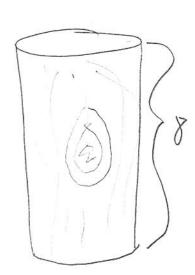
- (1) center (2,-4) and radius 3
  - (2) center (-2,4) and radius 3
  - (3) center (2, -4) and radius 9
  - (4) center (-2,4) and radius 9

(x-2) + (y+4) = 9

17 The density of the American white oak tree is 752 kilograms per cubic meter. If the trunk of an American white oak tree has a circumference of 4.5 meters and the height of the trunk is 8 meters, what is the approximate number of kilograms of the trunk?

(1) 13(2) 9694

- (3) 13,536
- (4) 30,456



CITTA

[OVER]

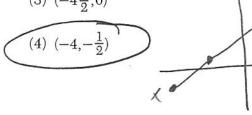
18 Point P is on the directed line segment from point X(-6,-2) to point Y(6,7) and divides the segment in the ratio 1:5. What are the coordinates of point P?

Use this space for computations.

$$(1)$$
  $(4,5\frac{1}{2})$ 

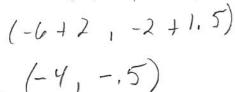
$$(3) \ (-4\frac{1}{2},0)$$

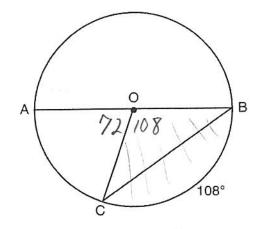
$$(2) \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -4\right)$$



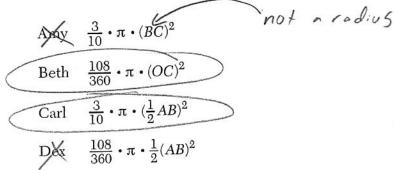
(-6+= (12), -2+= (9))

19 In circle O, diameter  $\overline{AB}$ , chord  $\overline{BC}$ , and radius  $\overline{OC}$  are drawn, and the measure of arc BC is 108°.





Some students wrote these formulas to find the area of sector COB:



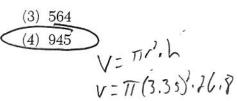
Which students wrote correct formulas?

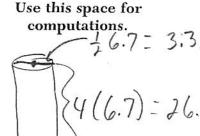
- (1) Amy and Dex
- (3) Carl and Amy
- (2) Beth and Carl
- (4) Dex and Beth

20 Tennis balls are sold in cylindrical cans with the balls stacked one on top of the other. A tennis ball has a diameter of 6.7 cm. To the nearest cubic centimeter, what is the minimum volume of the can that holds a stack of 4 tennis balls?



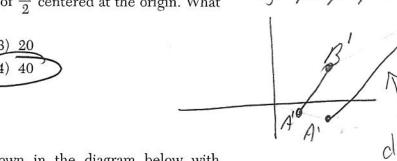
(2) 282



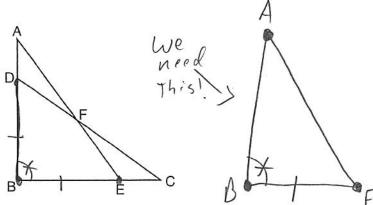


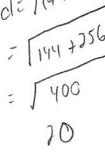
- 21 Line segment A'B', whose endpoints are (4,-2) and (16,14), is the image of  $\overline{AB}$  after a dilation of  $\frac{1}{2}$  centered at the origin. What is the length of  $\overline{AB}$ ?
  - (1) 5
  - (2) 10





**22** Given:  $\triangle ABE$  and  $\triangle CBD$  shown in the diagram below with  $DB \cong BE$ 

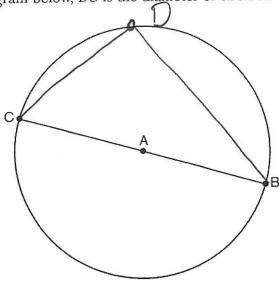




Which statement is needed to prove  $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle CBD$  using only SAS  $\cong$  SAS?

- (1)  $\angle CDB \cong \angle AEB$
- (2)  $\angle AFD \cong \angle EFC$
- (3)  $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CE}$ 
  - (4)  $\overrightarrow{AE} \cong \overrightarrow{CD}$

23 In the diagram below,  $\overline{BC}$  is the diameter of circle A.

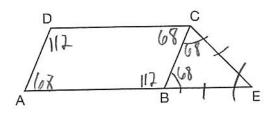


Use this space for computations.

Point D, which is unique from points B and C, is plotted on circle A. Which statement must always be true?

- (1)  $\triangle BCD$  is a right triangle.
- (2)  $\triangle BCD$  is an isosceles triangle.
- (3)  $\triangle BAD$  and  $\triangle CBD$  are similar triangles.
- (4)  $\triangle BAD$  and  $\triangle CAD$  are congruent triangles.

24 In the diagram below, ABCD is a parallelogram,  $\overline{AB}$  is extended through B to E, and  $\overline{CE}$  is drawn.



LETTEBL TECB=180 ZE + 68 +68=180 LE =44

If  $\overline{CE} \cong \overline{BE}$  and  $m \angle D = 112^{\circ}$ , what is  $m \angle E$ ?

(1) 44°

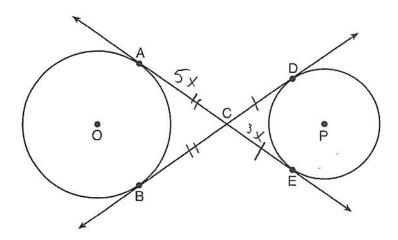
(3) 68°

(2) 56°

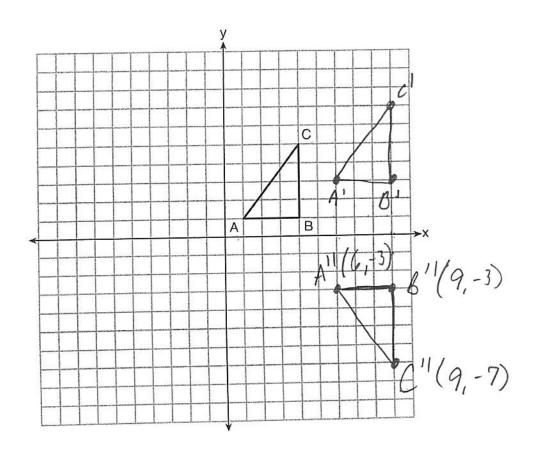
(4) 112°

Answer all 7 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 2 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only 1 credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [14]

25 Lines AE and BD are tangent to circles O and P at A, E, B, and D, as shown in the diagram below. If AC:CE = 5:3, and BD = 56, determine and state the length of  $\overline{CD}$ .



26 In the diagram below,  $\triangle ABC$  has coordinates A(1,1), B(4,1), and C(4,5). Graph and label  $\triangle A''B''C''$ , the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after the translation five units to the right and two units up followed by the reflection over the line y=0.



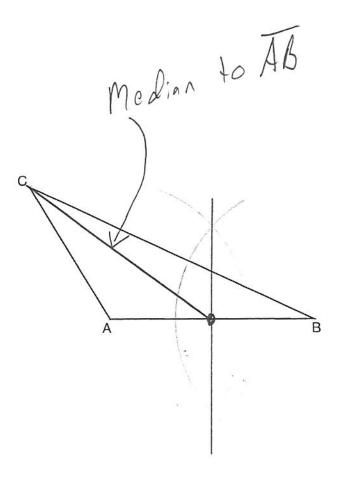
27 A regular hexagon is rotated in a counterclockwise direction about its center. Determine and state the minimum number of degrees in the rotation such that the hexagon will coincide with itself.

360

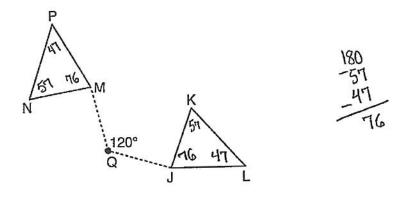
M

360 = 160°

28 In the diagram of  $\triangle ABC$  shown below, use a compass and straightedge to construct the median to  $\overline{AB}$ . [Leave all construction marks.]



29 Triangle MNP is the image of triangle JKL after a 120° counterclockwise rotation about point Q. If the measure of angle L is 47° and the measure of angle N is 57°, determine the measure of angle M. Explain how you arrived at your answer.



m/M is. 76° because angle K is angle N after the rotation, and angle L becomes P and angle J becomes angle M. Rotation is a rigid motion, so their measures will be the same.

On AMNP m/P=470 and m/N=570. A triangle is 180° so 180°-57°-47°=76°, the measure of LM.

Score 2: The student had a complete and correct response.

30 A circle has a center at (1,-2) and radius of 4. Does the point (3.4,1.2) lie on the circle? Justify your answer.

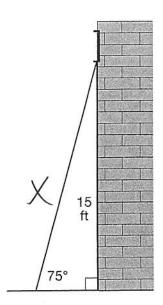
$$(X-1)^{2} + (Y+2)^{2} = 4^{2}$$

IF (3.4,1.2) lies on the Circle then it works in the circle equation

above.

$$(3.4-1)^{2}+(1.2+2)^{\frac{27}{2}}$$

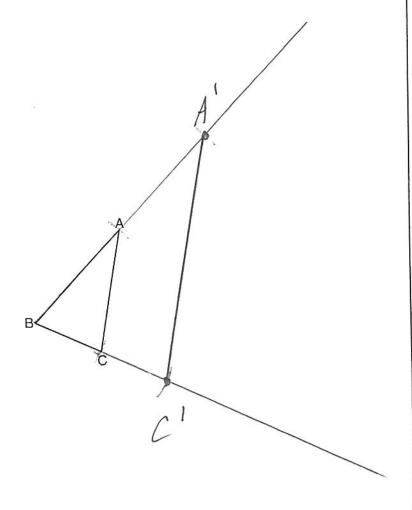
31 In the diagram below, a window of a house is 15 feet above the ground. A ladder is placed against the house with its base at an angle of 75° with the ground. Determine and state the length of the ladder to the *nearest tenth of a foot*.



$$\frac{5in 75}{1} = \frac{15}{x}$$

Answer all 3 questions in this part. Each correct answer will receive 4 credits. Clearly indicate the necessary steps, including appropriate formula substitutions, diagrams, graphs, charts, etc. Utilize the information provided for each question to determine your answer. Note that diagrams are not necessarily drawn to scale. For all questions in this part, a correct numerical answer with no work shown will receive only I credit. All answers should be written in pen, except for graphs and drawings, which should be done in pencil. [12]

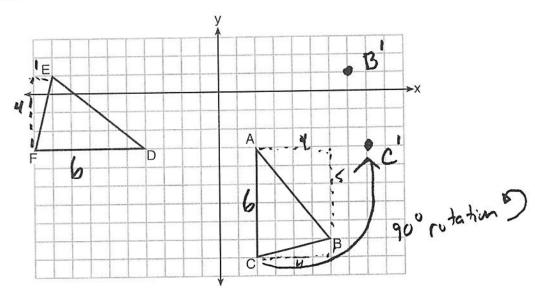
32 Using a compass and straightedge, construct and label  $\triangle A'B'C'$ , the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after a dilation with a scale factor of 2 and centered at B. [Leave all construction marks.]



Describe the relationship between the lengths of  $\overline{AC}$  and  $\overline{A'C'}$  .

1. A'C' = 2 AC

**33** The grid below shows  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle DEF$ .



Let  $\triangle A'B'C'$  be the image of  $\triangle ABC$  after a rotation about point A. Determine and state the location of B' if the location of point C' is (8,-3). Explain your answer.

Is 
$$\triangle DEF$$
 congruent to  $\triangle A'B'C'$ ? Explain your answer. YES

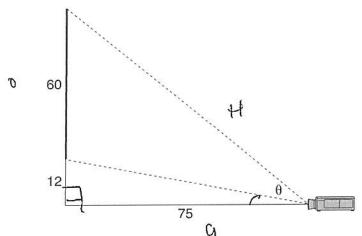
$$AC = b \quad DF = 6 \quad \text{Counted}$$

$$BC = \sqrt{4^2 11^2} = \sqrt{17}, \quad EF = \sqrt{4^2 11^2} = \sqrt{17} \quad \text{by SSS}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{5^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{41}, \quad DE = \sqrt{5^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{41} \quad \text{by SSS}$$
Since a rotation preserves distance,  $\triangle ABC = \triangle A'BC'$ 
So by Substitution  $\triangle DEF = \triangle A'B'C'$ 

The student had a complete and correct response. Score 4:

34 As modeled below, a movie is projected onto a large outdoor screen. The bottom of the 60-foot-tall screen is 12 feet off the ground. The projector sits on the ground at a horizontal distance of 75 feet from the screen.



Determine and state, to the nearest tenth of a degree, the measure of  $\theta$ , the projection angle.

 $tan \times = \frac{12}{75}$   $(tan-1)tan \times = \frac{12}{75}(tan-1)$ 

 $(4an-1)+an y = \frac{72}{75}(+an-1)$ 

Y=43.8308

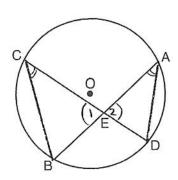
x= 9.0903

43.8208 -39.0903

The measure of 1 is 34.7°

**Score 4:** The student had a complete and correct response.

**35** Given: Circle O, chords  $\overline{AB}$  and  $\overline{CD}$  intersect at E



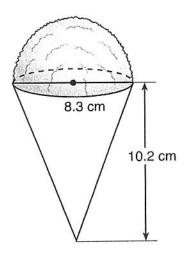
Theorem: If two chords intersect in a circle, the product of the lengths of the segments of one chord is equal to the product of the lengths of the segments of the other chord.

Prove this theorem by proving  $AE \cdot EB = CE \cdot ED$ .

ove this theorem by proving $AE \cdot EB = CE \cdot ED$ .	
Statement	Reason
O Circle O, chords AB+00	
@ CB and AD are drawn	@auxiliary lines can be drawn
3 41 2 42	® Vertical 14's are ≥
⊕40 №4A	1 Inscribed x's that intercept the same arc are of
	the same arc are ?
⑤ Δ BCE ~ Δ DAE	© AA
	Ocaresponding sides of Similar N's are proportional
CF SP	Is are proportional
TAE.EB = CE.ED	n a proper tron, the product of the means
	equals the product of
	the extremes

Score 6: The student had a complete and correct response.

36 A snow cone consists of a paper cone completely filled with shaved ice and topped with a hemisphere of shaved ice, as shown in the diagram below. The inside diameter of both the cone and the hemisphere is 8.3 centimeters. The height of the cone is 10.2 centimeters.



The desired density of the shaved ice is 0.697 g/cm³, and the cost, per kilogram, of ice is \$3.83. Determine and state the cost of the ice needed to make 50 snow cones.

Veone = 
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h$$
 Vsphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3}$   
=  $\frac{1}{3}\pi (4.15)^{2}(10.2)$  =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi (4.15)^{3}$   
= 58.5765 $\pi = 183.966$  = 95.29783333 $\pi / 2 = 149.693$   
 $V = Cone + 1/2 50harr$  =  $\frac{3}{3}3.6537$ 

$$D=\frac{m}{333.6537}$$
  $(.697) = 232.5566 : 9$   
 $m = 11.62773145$  for I snowcone  $\times$  3.83  $\times$  50  $\times$  50  $\times$  1627.83145 g  $\times$  11627.83145 g  $\times$  11627.83145 kg

Score 5: The student found the volume of a sphere and not a hemisphere.