Middleton School District No. 134

Year Ended June 30, 2020

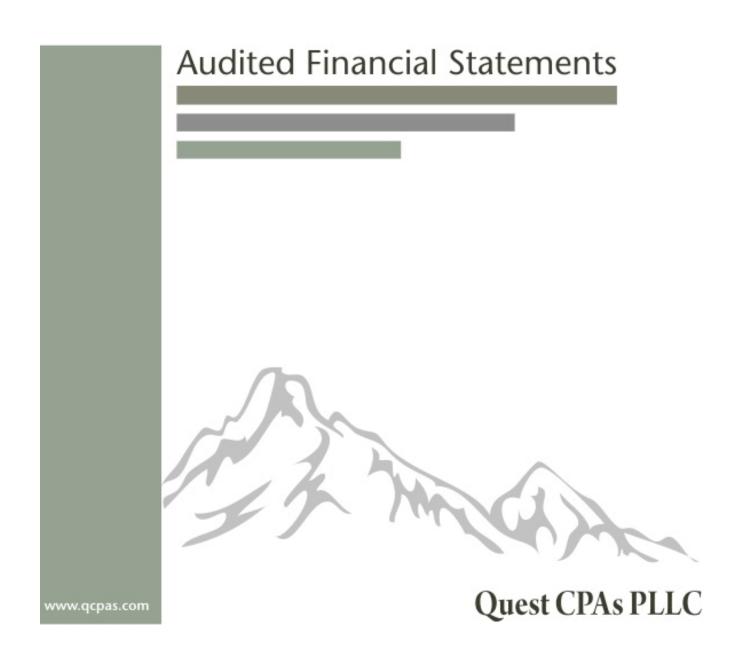


Table of Contents

Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	9
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	12
Notes to Financial Statements	13
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds	26
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	28
Schedule of Employer Contributions	29
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	30
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	38
Other Reports and Schedules	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	39
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	41
Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs	43



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Middleton School District No. 134

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Middleton School District No. 134 (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as certain note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 15, 2020

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$10,015,530
Receivables:	
Local Sources	2,454,995
State Sources	794,073
Federal Sources	527,554
Inventory	83,491
Total Current Assets	13,875,643
Noncurrent Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,067,444
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	52,092,992
Total Noncurrent Assets	54,160,436
Total Assets	68,036,079
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Sources	2,684,022
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,684,022
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$70,720,101
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$225,072
Salaries & Benefits Payable	2,895,179
Unspent Grant Allocation	107,358
Accrued Interest	380,363
Long-Term Debt & Obligations, Current	3,918,363
Total Current Liabilities	7,526,335
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Debt & Obligations, Noncurrent	35,726,900
Net Pension Liability	5,173,066
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	40,899,966
Total Liabilities	48,426,301
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2 271 007
Pension Sources	2,371,986
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,371,986
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	50,798,287
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,134,810
Restricted:	
Special Programs	27,594
Debt Service	8,364,402
Capital Projects	508,118
Unrestricted	(3,113,110)
Total Net Position	19,921,814
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$70,720,101

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Duoguam Davannas		Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in
			Program Revenues Operating	Capital	Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges For Services	Grants And Contributions	Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	\$5,302,081		\$282,438		(\$5,019,643)
Secondary School	5,796,109	\$7,980	657,424		(5,130,705)
Alternative School	692,012				(692,012)
Special Education	2,835,355		1,186,747		(1,648,608)
Special Education Preschool	35,450		28,241		(7,209)
Gifted & Talented	126,182		-,		(126,182)
Interscholastic	298,980				(298,980)
Summer School	24,069				(24,069)
Support Service Programs	,,				(= 1,447)
Attendance - Guidance - Health	790,286				(790,286)
Special Education Support Services	111,556				(111,556)
Instruction Improvement	1,116,405		116,148		(1,000,257)
Educational Media	194,011		110,110		(194,011)
Instruction-Related Technology	713,885				(713,885)
Board of Education	62,959				(62,959)
District Administration	468,920				(468,920)
School Administration	1,398,727				(1,398,727)
Business Operation	445,853				(445,853)
Buildings - Care	1,128,335				(1,128,335)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	5,777				(5,777)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	1,052,816				(1,052,816)
Maintenance - Grounds	227,583				(227,583)
Security	123,240		51,380		(71,860)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	1,492,683		31,300		(1,492,683)
Pupil-Activity Transportation	0				(1,472,003)
Non-Instructional Programs	V				V
Child Nutrition	1,400,407	388,405	864,510		(147,492)
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	1,532,600	300,403	004,510		(1,532,600)
Capital Assets - Student Occupied Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	447,961				
Debt Service - Principal	447,901				(447,961)
Debt Service - Frincipal Debt Service - Interest	1,228,943				(1,228,943)
Total	\$29,053,185	\$396,385	\$3,186,888	\$0	(25,469,912)
Total	\$27,033,163	\$370,363	\$3,100,000	50	(23,409,912)
	General Revenues				
	Local Taxes				6,292,972
	Other Local Rever				
	State Revenues	nues			424,360
					24,202,216
	Federal Revenues	Œ)			(1.712.220)
	Pension Revenue	(Expense)			(1,712,220)
	Total				29,207,328
	Change in Net Posi	tion			3,737,416
	Net Position - Begin	0			16,184,398
	Net Position - Endi	ng			\$19,921,814

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund	Capital Construction Fund
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$2,755,595	\$18,476	\$6,666,958	\$508,118
Receivables:				
Local Sources	542,566		1,912,429	
State Sources	794,073			
Federal Sources				
Due From Other Funds	260,509			
Inventory		83,491		
Total Assets	\$4,352,743	\$101,967	\$8,579,387	\$508,118
Liabilities				
	\$220,866			
Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds	\$220,866			
	2.500.042	¢101.067		
Salaries & Benefits Payable	2,598,942	\$101,967		
Unspent Grant Allocation Total Liabilities	2,819,808	101,967	\$0	\$0
Total Liabilities	2,819,808	101,907	\$0	\$0
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues	65,489		214,985	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	65,489	0	214,985	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				
Debt Service			8,364,402	
Capital Projects				508,118
Nonspendable				
Unassigned	1,467,446			
Total Fund Balances	1,467,446	0	8,364,402	508,118
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$4,352,743	\$101,967	\$8,579,387	\$508,118

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets		
Cash & Investments	\$66,383	\$10,015,530
Receivables:		
Local Sources	0	2,454,995
State Sources	0	794,073
Federal Sources	527,554	527,554
Due From Other Funds	0	260,509
Inventory	0	83,491
Total Assets	\$593,937	\$14,136,152
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$4,206	\$225,072
Due To Other Funds	260,509	260,509
Salaries & Benefits Payable	194,270	2,895,179
Unspent Grant Allocation	107,358	107,358
Total Liabilities	566,343	3,488,118
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable Tax Revenues	0	280,474
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	280,474
Fund Balances		
Restricted:		
Special Programs	27,594	27,594
Debt Service	0	8,364,402
Capital Projects	0	508,118
Nonspendable	0	0
Unassigned	0	1,467,446
Total Fund Balances	27,594	10,367,560
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$593,937	\$14,136,152

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$10,367,560
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	54,160,436
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	280,474
Certain liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(40,025,626)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,861,030)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$19,921,814

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Child Nutrition	Bond R & I	Capital Construction
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
Revenues				
Local Taxes	\$1,314,225		\$4,986,469	
Other Local Revenue	317,666	\$392,286	90,063	\$13,300
State Revenue	23,001,582		1,200,634	
Federal Revenue		864,510		
Total Revenues	24,633,473	1,256,796	6,277,166	13,300
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	5,924,055			
Secondary School	6,248,404			
Alternative School	692,012			
Special Education	1,649,398			
Special Education Preschool	7,209			
Gifted & Talented	126,182			
Interscholastic	298,980			
Summer School	24,069			
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	790,286			
Special Education Support Services	111,556			
Instruction Improvement	985,124			
Educational Media	194,011			
Instruction-Related Technology	713,885			
Board of Education	62,959			
District Administration	468,920			
School Administration	1,398,727			
Business Operation	445,853			
Buildings - Care	1,128,335			
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	5,777			
Maintenance - Student Occupied	1,052,816			
Maintenance - Grounds	227,583			
Security	70,594			
Pupil-To-School Transportation	1,492,683			
Pupil-Activity Transportation	, ,			
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	31,340	1,369,067		
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	,	, ,		
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				548,256
Debt Service - Principal			2,540,000	,
Debt Service - Interest			1,323,972	
Total Expenditures	24,150,758	1,369,067	3,863,972	548,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		1,000,000	5,005,772	0.0,200
Over Expenditures	482,715	(112,271)	2,413,194	(534,956)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	.02,710	(112,271)	2,.10,17	(00.,500)
Transfers In		219,100		
Transfers Out	(219,100)	217,100		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(219,100)	219,100	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	263,615	106,829	2,413,194	(534,956)
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,203,831	(106,829)	5,951,208	1,043,074
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$1,467,446	\$0	\$8,364,402	\$508,118
i unu Dalances - Enumg	Ψ1,707,770	Ψ0	ψυ,5υτ,τυ2	ψ300,110

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	1 41145	1 41145
Local Taxes	\$0	\$6,300,694
Other Local Revenue	8,980	822,295
State Revenue	543,313	24,745,529
Federal Revenue	1,777,515	2,642,025
Total Revenues	2,329,808	34,510,543
Expenditures	2,829,888	2 .,210,2 .2
Instructional Programs		
Elementary School	282,438	6,206,493
Secondary School	690,220	6,938,624
Alternative School	0	692,012
Special Education	1,185,957	2,835,355
Special Education Preschool	28,241	35,450
Gifted & Talented	0	126,182
Interscholastic	0	298,980
Summer School	0	24,069
Support Service Programs	U	24,009
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	790,286
Special Education Support Services	0	111,556
Instruction Improvement	131,281	1,116,405
Educational Media	0	194,011
Instruction-Related Technology	0	713,885
Board of Education	0	62,959
District Administration	0	468,920
School Administration	0	1,398,727
	0	445,853
Business Operation		,
Buildings - Care Maintenance Non-Student Commission	0	1,128,335
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0	5,777
Maintenance - Student Occupied	0	1,052,816
Maintenance - Grounds	v	227,583
Security Puril To School Transportation	52,646	123,240
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0	1,492,683
Pupil-Activity Transportation	0	0
Non-Instructional Programs Child Nutrition	0	1 400 407
	0	1,400,407
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	0 549.256
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	548,256
Debt Service - Principal	0	2,540,000
Debt Service - Interest	2 270 702	1,323,972
Total Expenditures	2,370,783	32,302,836
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(40.075)	2 207 707
Over Expenditures	(40,975)	2,207,707
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	210 100
Transfers In	0	219,100
Transfers Out	0	(219,100)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(40,975)	2,207,707
Fund Balances - Beginning	68,569	8,159,853
Fund Balances - Ending	\$27,594	\$10,367,560

Page 3 of 3

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Activities	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$2,207,707
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.	(1,300,888)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the funds.	(7,722)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.	2,540,000
Bond premium is amortized against interest expense over the term of the bond.	78,327
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, but the expenditure is reported when due in the governmental funds.	16,702
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	203,290

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$3,737,416

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2020

	Agency Funds - Student Activity
Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$545,276
Total Assets	\$545,276
Liabilities Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$545,276 545,276
Net Position Total Net Position Total Liabilities and Net Position	0 \$545,276

Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – Middleton School District No. 134 (the School) provides public school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code. The School's boundaries for taxing and school enrollment purposes are located within Canyon County.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to school districts. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements</u> - The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt. Major debt service funds include the bond redemption and interest fund, which accounts for accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets. Major capital project funds include the capital construction fund, used to account for the facility construction and betterments.

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds of the School include:

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School on behalf of students.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash and Investments</u> – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's respective investment balance. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants.

Notes to Financial Statements

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of all depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – The School's financial statements may report deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that apply to a future period. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources generally represent amounts that are not available in the current period.

<u>Net Position</u> – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u> – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Property Taxes</u> – The School is responsible for levying property taxes, but the taxes are collected by the respective county. Taxes are levied by the second Monday in September for each calendar year. Taxes are due in two installments – December 20th and June 20th. A lien is filed on real property three years from the date of delinquency.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Notes to Financial Statements

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Cash - Deposits	\$1,773,982	\$545,276	\$2,319,258
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	8,241,548		8,241,548
Total	\$10,015,530	\$545,276	\$10,560,806

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$2,319,258 and the bank balances were \$2,586,952. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was insured and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

	Thyestinent	investment waturky	
	Schedule (1	In Years)	
Investment Type	Less Than 1	Total	
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$8,241,548	\$8,241,548	
Total	\$8,241,548	\$8,241,548	

Credit rate risk:

	Investment Rat	ting Schedule
Investment Type	Not Rated	Total
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$8,241,548	\$8,241,548
Total	\$8,241,548	\$8,241,548

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

Investment Maturity

Notes to Financial Statements

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

		Special	Debt	
	General	Revenue	Service	
	Fund	Funds	Fund	Total
Local Sources				
Local Taxes	\$529,943		\$1,912,429	\$2,442,372
Other Local Sources	12,623			12,623
Total	\$542,566		\$1,912,429	\$2,454,995
State Sources				
Foundation Program	\$794,073			\$794,073
Total	\$794,073			\$794,073
Federal Sources				
Special Programs		\$527,554		\$527,554
Total		\$527,554		\$527,554

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$2,067,444			\$2,067,444
Total	2,067,444	\$0	\$0	2,067,444
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	71,503,057	100,295		71,603,352
Equipment	2,049,247	131,417		2,180,664
Subtotal	73,552,304	231,712	0	73,784,016
Accumulated Depreciation		_		
Buildings	18,554,937	1,392,378		19,947,315
Equipment	1,603,487	140,222		1,743,709
Subtotal	20,158,424	1,532,600	0	21,691,024
Total	53,393,880	(1,300,888)	0	52,092,992
Net Capital Assets	\$55,461,324	(\$1,300,888)	\$0	\$54,160,436

Depreciation expense of \$1,532,600 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

Notes to Financial Statements

E. LONG-TERM DEBT AND OBLIGATIONS

Bonded Debt - At year end, the School's bonded debt was as follows:

	Outstanding
2009B - \$5,000,000 - qualified school construction bonds due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at 1.98% through 2024/25, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	\$2,450,000
2010A - \$7,700,000 - qualified school construction bonds due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments (interest payments originally scheduled to be 100% federally subsidized, but currently subsidized at 93.8% due to sequestration) through 2029/30, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	7,000,000
2011 - \$3,615,000 - qualified school construction bonds due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments (interest payments originally scheduled to be 100% federally subsidized, but currently subsidized at 93.8% due to sequestration) through 2030/31, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	3,415,000
2015 - \$27,145,000 - general obligation refunding bonds due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at 2.00% - 5.00% through 2028/29, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	25,075,000
2019 - \$995,036 - general obligation bonds for capital improvements due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest payments with interest at 4.50% through 2020/21, secured by future taxes, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund Total	995,036 \$38,935,036

Maturities on the bonds are estimated as follows:

Year		
Ended	Principal	Interest
6/30/21	\$3,840,036	\$1,224,340
6/30/22	3,060,000	1,084,327
6/30/23	3,305,000	958,327
6/30/24	3,440,000	823,452
6/30/25	3,500,000	625,452
6/30/26-30	18,625,000	1,107,096
6/30/31	3,165,000	5,155
Total	\$38,935,036	\$5,828,149

Notes to Financial Statements

Changes in long-term debt and obligations are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Description	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
2009B QSC Bonds	\$2,650,000		\$200,000	\$2,450,000	\$525,000
2010A QSC Bonds	7,100,000		100,000	7,000,000	0
2010B GOR Bonds	210,000		210,000	0	
2011 QSC Bonds	3,440,000		25,000	3,415,000	25,000
2015 GOR Bonds	27,080,000		2,005,000	25,075,000	2,295,000
2019 GO Bonds	995,036			995,036	995,036
Bond Premiums	788,554		78,327	710,227	78,327
Total	\$42,263,590	\$0	\$2,618,327	\$39,645,263	\$3,918,363

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$1,228,943 and were charged to the debt service – interest program.

F. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$1,915,510 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2019, the School's proportion was 0.4531925 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$1,712,220). At June 30, 2020, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De fe rre d	De fe rre d
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$480,757	\$609,672
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	287,755	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		1,762,314
investments		1,702,314
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,915,510	
Total	\$2,684,022	\$2,371,986

\$1,915,510 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2021.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/21	(\$186,276)
6/30/22	(798,063)
6/30/23	(388,749)
6/30/24	(230,385)
Total	(\$1,603,473)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation3.00%Salary increases3.75%Salary inflation3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.05%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Capital Market Assumptions

		Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
	Target	of Return	of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	3.05%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.30%	6.05%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.45%	6.20%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.75%	4.50%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.54%	12.54%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of F	Return	6.13%	3.77%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of F	Return*	5.73%	3.37%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.19%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board	l		
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return* *Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to

Notes to Financial Statements

determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.05%)	(7.05%)	(8.05%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$15,624,653	\$5,173,066	(\$3,470,063)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

Notes to Financial Statements

G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due From	Due From Fund	
	Nonmajor		
	Governmental	Total	
Due To Fund			
General	\$260,509	\$260,509	
Total	\$260,509	\$260,509	

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Purpose
General		\$219,100	Support
Child Nutrition	\$219,100		Support
Total	\$219,100	\$219,100	

H. TAX ABATEMENTS

Idaho counties are authorized by state statute to transact certain property tax activity with property owners in their respective taxing districts. The counties collect the property taxes, then allocate and remit those collections among the taxing districts within the counties. The counties are authorized to cancel or reduce property taxes due to various reasons, including the circuit breaker program, agricultural and other exemptions, and section 63-602NN exemptions under Idaho code for real property improvements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance
General Fund	(GAAP E Original	Basis) Final	Actual	Positive
Revenues	Original	rinai	Amounts	(Negative)
Local Taxes	\$1,342,500	\$1,342,500	\$1,314,225	(\$28,275)
Other Local Revenue	267,820	267,820	317,666	49,846
State Revenue	23,349,113	23,349,113	23,001,582	(347,531)
Federal Revenue	25,547,115	0	0	(347,331)
Total Revenues	24,959,433	24,959,433	24,633,473	(325,960)
Expenditures	21,737,133	21,757,155	21,033,173	(323,700)
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	5,855,269	5,855,269	5,924,055	(68,786)
Secondary School	6,504,793	6,504,793	6,248,404	256,389
Alternative School	693,192	693,192	692,012	1,180
Special Education	1,826,488	1,826,488	1,649,398	177,090
Special Education Preschool	47,137	47,137	7,209	39,928
Gifted & Talented	128,931	128,931	126,182	2,749
Interscholastic	296,575	296,575	298,980	(2,405)
Summer School	25,191	25,191	24,069	1,122
Support Service Programs	23,171	23,171	21,009	1,122
Attendance - Guidance - Health	840,526	840,526	790,286	50,240
Special Education Support Services	152,714	152,714	111,556	41,158
Instruction Improvement	1,326,036	1,326,036	985,124	340,912
Educational Media	240,277	240,277	194,011	46,266
Instruction-Related Technology	667,126	667,126	713,885	(46,759)
Board of Education	32,465	32,465	62,959	(30,494)
District Administration	508,705	508,705	468,920	39,785
School Administration	1,467,192	1,467,192	1,398,727	68,465
Business Operation	552,739	552,739	445,853	106,886
Buildings - Care	1,355,894	1,355,894	1,128,335	227,559
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	1,555,654	0	5,777	(5,777)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	1,062,025	1,062,025	1,052,816	9,209
Maintenance - Grounds	159,464	159,464	227,583	(68,119)
Security	77,373	77,373	70,594	6,779
Pupil-To-School Transportation	1,705,800	1,705,800	1,492,683	213,117
Pupil-Activity Transportation	1,705,800	0	1,472,003	0
Non-Instructional Programs	U	U	U	U
Child Nutrition	35,152	35,152	31,340	3,812
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	613,369	613,369	0	613,369
Capital Assets - Student Occupied Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	013,309	013,309	0	013,309
Debt Service - Principal	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Interest	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	26,174,433	26,174,433	24,150,758	2,023,675 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	20,174,433	20,174,433	24,130,736	2,023,073
Over Expenditures	(1,215,000)	(1,215,000)	482,715	1,697,715
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,213,000)	(1,213,000)	402,713	1,097,713
Transfers In	15 000	15 000	0	(15,000)
Transfers In Transfers Out	15,000	15,000	(219 100)	(15,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,000	15,000	(219,100) (219,100)	(219,100) * (234,100)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	263,615	1,463,615
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,200,000	1,200,000)	1,203,831	
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$1,467,446	3,831 \$1,467,446
i una Baiances - Enunig		φυ	Ψ1,707,770	Ψ1,707,770
	*Total expenditures (over) under appropr	riations are:	\$1,804,575

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts (GAAP Basis)		Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive	
Child Nutrition Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Other Local Revenue	\$374,500	\$374,500	\$392,286	\$17,786	
Federal Revenue	951,526	951,526	864,510	(87,016)	
Total Revenues	1,326,026	1,326,026	1,256,796	(69,230)	
Expenditures					
Non-Instructional Programs					
Child Nutrition	1,326,026	1,326,026	1,369,067	(43,041)	
Total Expenditures	1,326,026	1,326,026	1,369,067	(43,041) *	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	0	0	(112,271)	(112,271)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	0	0	219,100	219,100	
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	219,100	219,100	
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	106,829	106,829	
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	(106,829)	(106,829)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	*Total expenditures (over) under approp	riations are:	(\$43,041)	

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2019	2018
School's portion of the net pension liability		-	0.4531925%	0.4560769%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability			\$5,173,066	\$6,727,214
School's covered payroll			\$15,390,433	\$14,712,350
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll			33.61%	45.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability			93.79%	91.69%
_	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.4435023%	0.4469911%	0.4439055%	0.4373221%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,971,094	\$9,061,196	\$5,845,513	\$2,932,603
School's covered payroll	\$15,183,763	\$14,422,606	\$12,014,240	\$11,137,182
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	45.91%	62.83%	48.65%	26.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years*

			2020	2019
Statutorily required contribution		•	\$1,915,510	\$1,742,197
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			\$1,915,510	\$1,742,197
Contribution deficiency (excess)			\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll		•	\$16,042,797	\$15,390,433
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll			11.94%	11.32%
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$1,665,438	\$1,718,802	\$1,632,639	\$1,360,012
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$1,665,438	\$1,718,802	\$1,632,639	\$1,360,012
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$14,712,350	\$15,183,763	\$14,422,606	\$12,014,240
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Go On Grant	TLC Grant	Driver Education	Professional Technical	
Assets			<u> </u>		
Cash & Investments	\$382	\$1,634	\$4,698	\$20,715	
Receivables:					
Local Sources					
State Sources Federal Sources					
Due From Other Funds					
Inventory					
Total Assets	\$382	\$1,634	\$4,698	\$20,715	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable				\$27	
Due To Other Funds					
Salaries & Benefits Payable				598	
Unspent Grant Allocation					
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	\$0	625	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:	202	1.624	4.600	20.000	
Special Programs Debt Service	382	1,634	4,698	20,090	
Capital Projects					
Nonspendable					
Unassigned					
Total Fund Balances	382	1,634	4,698	20,090	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows			,		
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$382	\$1,634	\$4,698	\$20,715	

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP	Title I-C ESSA EMC	
Assets					
Cash & Investments					
Receivables:					
Local Sources					
State Sources					
Federal Sources			\$220,864	\$21,785	
Due From Other Funds					
Inventory Total Assets	\$0	\$0	\$220.964	¢21.705	
1 otal Assets		\$0	\$220,864	\$21,785	
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable					
Due To Other Funds			\$124,436	\$8,262	
Salaries & Benefits Payable			52,604	6,680	
Unspent Grant Allocation			43,824	6,843	
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	220,864	21,785	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable Tax Revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances					
Restricted:					
Special Programs					
Debt Service					
Capital Projects					
Nonspendable					
Unassigned					
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	0	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$0	\$0	\$220,864	\$21,785	
of Resources and Fund Datances	\$0	\$ 0	\$220,004	φ41,700	

		Special Reve	nue Funds	
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE
Assets				
Cash & Investments		\$1,568	\$37,386	
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources Federal Sources	¢140.620	2.641		\$6.500
Due From Other Funds	\$140,639	3,641		\$6,599
Inventory				
Total Assets	\$140,639	\$5,209	\$37,386	\$6,599
			401,000	40,000
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds	\$41,086			
Salaries & Benefits Payable	85,229	\$5,209	\$36,596	
Unspent Grant Allocation	14,324			\$6,599
Total Liabilities	\$140,639	5,209	36,596	6,599
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs			790	
Debt Service				
Capital Projects				
Nonspendable				
Unassigned			700	
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	0	0	790	0
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$140,639	\$5,209	\$37,386	\$6,599

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Perkins III	Title III	Title II-A	
	Professional	ESSA	ESSA	
	Technical Act	ELA	SEI	Total
Assets				
Cash & Investments				\$66,383
Receivables:				_
Local Sources				0
State Sources	#20.454	Φ. π. σ. ο	000.044	0
Federal Sources	\$39,474	\$5,508	\$89,044	527,554
Due From Other Funds				0
Inventory	¢20.474	Ø5 500	¢00.044	<u>0</u>
Total Assets	\$39,474	\$5,508	\$89,044	\$593,937
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$4,179			\$4,206
Due To Other Funds	35,295	\$1,820	\$49,610	260,509
Salaries & Benefits Payable	33,273	3,688	3,666	194,270
Unspent Grant Allocation		3,000	35,768	107,358
Total Liabilities	39,474	5,508	89,044	566,343
		<u> </u>		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Tax Revenues				0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				27,594
Debt Service				0
Capital Projects				0
Nonspendable				0
Unassigned				0
Total Fund Balances	0	0	0	27,594
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$39,474	\$5,508	\$89,044	\$593,937

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Go On Grant	TLC Grant	Driver Education	Professional Technical
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue		\$1,000	\$7,980	
State Revenue			5,162	\$69,653
Federal Revenue				
Total Revenues	\$0	1,000	13,142	69,653
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School			12,912	49,563
Alternative School				
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented				
Interscholastic				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services				
Instruction Improvement		16,133		
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest		16 122	12.012	40.562
Total Expenditures	0	16,133	12,912	49,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	0	(15 122)	220	20,000
Other Einen sing Servers (Hear)	0	(15,133)	230	20,090
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Bond Issuance				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0 0	(15.122)	230	20,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	*	(15,133)		20,090
Fund Balances - Beginning	382 \$382	16,767 \$1,634	4,468 \$4,698	\$20,090
Fund Balances - Ending	\$382	\$1,034	\$4,098	\$20,090

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Reven	iue Funds	
	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP	Title I-C ESSA EMC
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue	\$417,118	\$51,380		
Federal Revenue	• • • • •	, , , , , , , , ,	\$352,476	\$49,352
Total Revenues	417,118	51,380	352,476	49,352
Expenditures				- /
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School			221,898	49,352
Secondary School	462,804		114,915	,
Alternative School	,		,	
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented				
Interscholastic				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services				
Instruction Improvement			15,663	
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security		52,646		
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	462,804	52,646	352,476	49,352
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_	_
Over Expenditures	(45,686)	(1,266)	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Bond Issuance				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(1.266)	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(45,686)	(1,266)	0	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	45,686	1,266	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Reve	nue Funds	
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE
Revenues				
Local Taxes				
Other Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$656,325	\$28,241	\$530,422	\$33,966
Total Revenues	656,325	28,241	530,422	33,966
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School				10,552
Alternative School				
Special Education	656,325	20.241	529,632	
Special Education Preschool		28,241		
Gifted & Talented				
Interscholastic				
Summer School				
Support Service Programs Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Special Education Support Services Instruction Improvement				23,414
Educational Media				23,414
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Pupil-Activity Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest		·		
Total Expenditures	656,325	28,241	529,632	33,966
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	790	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Bond Issuance				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	790	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>0</u> \$790	0
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$0</u>	20	\$/90	\$0

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Rever	nue Funds	
	Perkins III Professional	Title III ESSA	Title II-A ESSA	
.	Technical Act	ELA	SEI	Total
Revenues				Φ0
Local Taxes				\$0
Other Local Revenue				8,980
State Revenue	¢20.474	¢11 100	¢7.6 07.1	543,313
Federal Revenue	\$39,474	\$11,188 11.188	\$76,071	1,777,515
Total Revenues	39,474	11,188	76,071	2,329,808
Expenditures Instructional Programs				
Elementary School		11,188		282,438
Secondary School	39,474	11,100		690,220
Alternative School	39,474			090,220
Special Education				1,185,957
Special Education Special Education Preschool				28,241
Gifted & Talented				0
Interscholastic				0
Summer School				0
Support Service Programs				O
Attendance - Guidance - Health				0
Special Education Support Services				0
Instruction Improvement			76,071	131,281
Educational Media			,	0
Instruction-Related Technology				0
Board of Education				0
District Administration				0
School Administration				0
Business Operation				0
Buildings - Care				0
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				0
Maintenance - Student Occupied				0
Maintenance - Grounds				0
Security				52,646
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0
Pupil-Activity Transportation				0
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				0
Debt Service - Principal				0
Debt Service - Interest	20.454	11.100	5 60 5 1	0
Total Expenditures	39,474	11,188	76,071	2,370,783
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	0	0	0	(40.075)
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	(40,975)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				0
Proceeds from Bond Issuance				0
Transfers In				0
Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0 -	0	0	(40,975)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	
Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0		68,569 \$27,594
r unu Daiances - Enuilig	Φ0	Φ0	<u> </u>	\$41,39 4

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
US Dept of Agriculture Passed Through Idaho Dept of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program* Total Child Nutrition Cluster Total US Dept of Agriculture	10.553 10.555	201919/202020N109947 201919/202020N109947	\$187,225 677,285 864,510 864,510
US Dept of Education Passed Through Idaho Dept of Education: Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	H027A18/190088	656,325
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A18/190030	28,241
Total Special Education Cluster			684,566
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A18/190012	352,476
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A18/190012	49,352
Career & Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A190012	39,474
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A190012	11,188
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180011	76,071
Student Support & Academic Enrichment	84.424	S424A18/190013	33,966
Total US Dept of Education			1,247,093
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,111,603

NOTES:

- A. Basis of Presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the School under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements* for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School.
- **B.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The School has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

^{*}C. Nonmonetary Assistance - Included in the National School Lunch Program award is USDA food commodities stated at a fair market value of \$114,662.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Middleton School District No. 134

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middleton School District No. 134 (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The

results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 15, 2020



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Middleton School District No. 134

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Middleton School District No. 134's (the School's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report in internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 15, 2020

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report being issued:

Unmodified

Each Major FundAggreg Remain Fund Info

Qualified

• Gov't Activities

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Major program identification:

a. Child Nutrition Cluster – CFDA #10.553, 10.555

b. Special Education Cluster – CFDA #84.027, 84.173

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?