SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

-	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25
Required Supplementary Information other than MD&A:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	62
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	63
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Asset and Schedule of Employer's Contributions –Teachers' Retirement System	64
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions –Employees' Retirement System	65
Other Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget-General Fund, Use of Unassigned Fund Balance-General Fund and the Real Property Tax Limit	66
Schedule of Project Expenditures – Capital Projects Fund	67
Schedule of Certain Revenues and Expenditures Compared to ST-3 Data	68
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	69

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.



Pappas & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

3 Rensselaer Drive • Commack, NY 11725

(631) 462-0660 • Fax (631) 462-8664

<u>INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT</u>

The Board of Trustees Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

During this fiscal period the District implemented a new accounting standard, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.75 – <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u>. Refer to Note 1-U to the financial statements for details. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability, and the schedule of District's contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary financial information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required

part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued a report dated October 2, 2018 on our consideration of the Sayville Union Free District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Sayville Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Commack, New York October 2, 2018

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management offers readers of the Sayville Union Free School District financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and the District's performance during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. We would encourage readers to consider the information presented in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

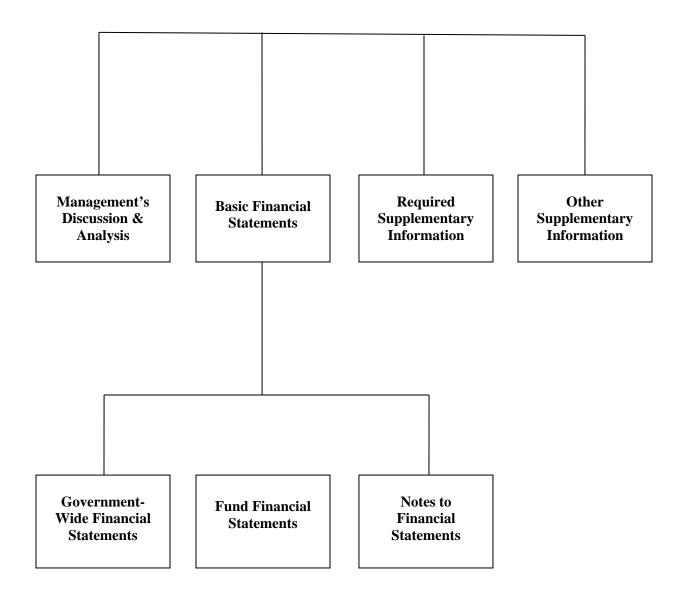
- Government-wide net position at June 30, 2018 was a deficit of (\$103,541,671). (For details please refer to Exhibit 1 in the Financial Statement section).
- Overall general revenues for all funds were \$90,929,968, which were less than expenditures by \$7,683,855 thus decreasing the District's net position. (See Exhibit 2 of the Financial Statements section. Overall revenue is the sum of general revenues, charges for services and operating grants).
- The ending fund balance of the District's General fund as of June 30, 2018 was \$27,677,780. Of this amount, \$3,602,466 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned).
- Principal paid down on outstanding serial bond debt amounted to \$2,835,000.
- For 2018-2019, the District continues to offer all programs. The proposed 2018-2019 budget in the amount of \$93,555,280 was approved by the District's residents.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's **overall** financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on **individual** parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. Government Fund statements tell how basic services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary Funds statements provide financial information where the District acts as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

Table A-1: Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report



Following is a chart that further describes the major features of the Government-Wide Statements and the Fund Financial Statements:

TABLE A-2			
	Government-	Fund Finan	cial Statements
	wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes In Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and Economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, both financial and capital, short term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Government-wide Statements

The Government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net Position – the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

Net position of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

Government-wide statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting;
- Allocate net position as follows:
 - O Net investment in capital assets-consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds and other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition,

- construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.
- o *Restricted* consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Unrestricted the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of the net investment in capital assets or restricted components of net position.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the district as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the district uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information is found in the two Exhibits that provide a reconciliation to explain the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the government fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.
- *Fiduciary funds*: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was less on June 30, 2018, than it was the year before, decreasing by \$7,683,855. Refer to (*) below.

Table A-3 Condensed Statement of Net Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	Government	al Activities Restated	Total Percentage
Assets:	2018	2017	Change
Current Assets	\$ 36,275	\$ 41,093	
Capital Assets-net	60,956	59,681	
Net Pension Asset-TRS	1,593	-	
Total Assets	98,824	100,774	(1.9%)
Deferred Outflows of Resources	25,143	25,206	(0.2%)
Liabilities and Unearned Revenue:			
Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue	9,648	10,240	
Non-Current Liabilities	209,323	210,235	
Total Liabilities/Unearned Revenue	218,971	220,475	(0.7%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,538	1,363	526.4%
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	26,476	21,708	
Restricted	20,439	19,560	
Unrestricted	(150,457)	(137,126)	
Net Position	\$ (103,542)	\$ (95,858)	8.0%

^{*}As a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 75, the opening Net Position was restated from \$16,278,840 to (\$95,857,816)—more fully explained in the notes to the financial statements-NOTE 1 (U).

In 2018, Current Assets showed a decrease in Cash.

Capital assets increased by various school district improvements and purchases/construction, as shown in Note 5 to the basic financial statements. The amount of investment was greater than the depreciation.

The Net Pension Asset-Proportionate share was provided by the New York State Teachers' Retirement System for GASB No. 68. In the prior year, this was a Net Pension Liability.

Deferred Outflows of Resources represents deferred charges as a result of several advanced refunding of bonds as well as amounts provided from cost sharing pension plans.

Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue as well as Non-Current Liabilities did not show a significant change.

Deferred Inflows of Resources relates to amounts provided from cost sharing pension plans. Pension information is included in Note 10 to the financial statements. In addition there was a deferred inflow related to OPEB - Note 11 to the financial statements.

Net investment in capital assets relates to capital assets at cost such as land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, etc. and subtracting accumulated depreciation, related bond debt and adjustments related to the refunding (premium and deferred outflows). The net investment in capital assets showed an increase over the prior year. The additions were more than the depreciation.

- Restricted resources of \$20,439,172 are composed of amounts detailed under "Financial Analysis of the District's Funds".
- The unrestricted resources deficit, in the amount of (\$150,457,102) relates to the balance of the District's net position including assigned and unassigned fund balances less unfunded liabilities. The District is only permitted to fund other postemployment benefits on a "pay as you go" basis. New York State has not put into legislation a vehicle to accumulate funds for the Net OPEB obligation.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in the accompanying financial statements. The comparison of fiscal years 2018 and 2017 follows in Table A-4.

*Information for 2017 has not been restated because all the information necessary was not readily available. Refer to Note 1 (U) for the adjustment to Beginning Net Position as well as Note 11 –OPEB.

Table A-4
Changes In Net Position From Operating Results (in thousands of dollars)

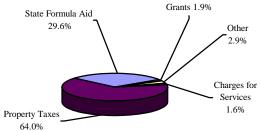
			rnmen tivities		Total Percentage
		2018		2017*	Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	1,422	\$	1,281	
Operating/Capital Grants		1,761		1,858	
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes and Tax Items		58,179		57,968	
State Aid - General		26,959		26,267	
Other		2,609		2,708	
Total Revenues	\$	90,930	\$	90,082	0.9%
Expenses					
General Support		15,524		14,743	
Instruction		77,214		74,981	
Pupil Transportation		3,577		3,582	
Community Service		147		141	
Debt Interest		1,114		881	
School Lunch Program		1,038		1,036	
Total Expenses	_	98,614		95,364	3.4%
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(7,684)	\$ _	(5,282)	

Revenues

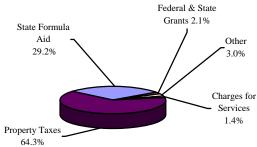
- Property taxes and state aid contributed most of the revenue.
- Charges for Services include tuition, fees and related services.
- Operating Grants are state and federal funds received for school lunch reimbursement and special aid instruction. The capital grant offset project expenses.

Table A-5
Source of Revenues for Governmental Activities Fiscal Year

Federal & State
Grants 1 9%



2018

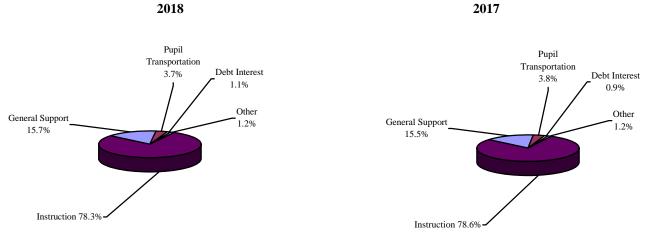


2017

Expenses

The District's expenses are predominantly related to general support, instruction and transporting students. The District's general support activities accounted for 15.7 percent of expenses. On the charts, "Other" includes community service and the school lunch program.

Table A-6 Expenses for Fiscal Year



Governmental Activities

The continued good health of the District's finances can be credited to:

- Leadership of the District's Board of Education.
- Board of Education and Administration's continued oversight of the District's finances.
- The District's Policy review process that has resulted in Policies and Procedures being updated in a timely manner.
- Continued assessment, implementation and improvement of financial internal control structure.
- The constructive recommendations provided by External, Internal, and Claims Audit processes.
- Approval of the annual budget and support of the community.
- Long-range fiscal strategies that have effectively utilized the District's available resources; and the use and availability of reserve and surplus funds.
- Responsible Budgeting practices have provided for the continued good fiscal health of the School District.
- A stable tax base with strong wealth levels.
- The District's continued strong financial position that will remain healthy given the sound fiscal management with conservative budget practices.
- The ability to provide additional cost effective program opportunities for students and the ability to adjust for economic or demographic changes.

- In accordance with the Fiscal Stress Monitoring System, implemented by the Office of the State Comptroller, Sayville School District has again received a "No Fiscal Stress Designation" for the five years the Monitoring System has been in place.
- The effective management and use of the District's strong fund balance and reserve levels that provides for fiscal stability and tax rate stabilization.
- The District aggressively managing retiring debt service against the need to issue new future debt for planned capital improvements.

Table A-7 shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in thousands of dollars)

			2	2018		2	017	
			Total		Net	Total		Net
			Cost	-	Cost	 Cost		Cost
General Support		\$	15,524	\$	15,475	\$ 14,743	\$	14,743
Instruction			77,214		75,135	74,981		72,905
Pupil Transportation			3,577		3,577	3,582		3,582
Debt Interest			1,114		1,114	881		881
Community Service			147		147	141		141
School Lunch		_	1,038		(17)	1,036		(26)
	Total	\$	98,614	\$	95,431	\$ 95,364	\$	92,226

- Most of the net costs of \$95,430,552 were financed by District's taxpayers and government aid.
- The total costs of all government activities this year was \$98,613,823.
- The users of the District's programs funded \$1,421,895 of the cost by "charges for services". Operating/Capital grants of \$1,761,376 received for instruction, the school lunch program and capital projects also reduced the total costs to the District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2018, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$30,072,593 which is a decrease of \$4,450,022 over the prior year. This decrease is due to an excess of expenditures over revenue. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund, presented in accordance with GASB 54 classifications, follows:

						Increase
	_	2018	_	2017	_	(Decrease)
General Fund						
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted for:						
Bonded debt		801,454		195,904		605,550
Tax Reduction		578,800		753,800		(175,000)
Employee benefit accrued liability		7,823,795		7,380,262		443,533
Retirement contribution		8,549,345		8,345,144		204,201
Workers' compensation		1,988,946		2,179,946		(191,000)
Unemployment insurance	_	696,832	_	705,310	_	(8,478)
Subtotal-Restricted	_	20,439,172		19,560,366	_	878,806
Assigned:						
Designated fund balance for subsequent						
year's budget		2,454,000		2,000,000		454,000
General Government expenditures		1,182,142		2,090,674		(908,532)
Unassigned		3,602,466	_	3,622,744	_	(20,278)
		27,677,780		27,273,784		403,996
School Lunch Fund						
Nonspendable: Inventory		25,918		18,523		7,395
Assigned	_	186,747	_	168,584	_	18,163
		212,665		187,107	_	25,558
Capital Projects Fund						
Assigned	_	2,182,148	-	7,061,724	-	(4,879,576)
	\$_	30,072,593	\$	34,522,615	\$	(4,450,022)

General Fund

The net change in the general fund – fund balance is an increase of \$403,996 as revenues of \$88,963,720 were more than expenditures of \$88,245,812.

A. School Lunch Fund

The school lunch fund had an ending balance of \$212,665 whereas the fund had a balance of \$187,107 the prior year. Nonspendable inventory amounted to \$25,918.

B. Capital Projects Fund

The net change in the capital projects fund – fund balance was (\$4,879,576) attributable to capital outlay exceeding revenue flows.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Many factors and variables occur during the daily business operations of the school district. The District actively manages the revenue budget to maximize all state aid claims and miscellaneous receipts.

Simultaneously, budgetary savings were achieved through competitive purchasing efforts and reduced spending. Other significant factors include:

(A) 2017-2018 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$90,594,753. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$2,090,674 for a final budget of \$92,685,427.

The actual results for the year show an excess of revenues over expenditures in the amount of \$403,996.

(B) Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is a component to total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is the balance that is commonly referred to as "Fund Balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

Unassigned Fund Balance

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,622,744
Revenues Over Budget	1,328,967
Appropriated Fund Balance	-
Restricted Reserves Appropriated	(960,000)
Expenditures and Encumbrances under Budget	2,943,561
Changes in Restricted Fund Balance	(878,806)
Assigned, Designated for June 30, 2018 budget	 (2,454,000)
	\$ 3,602,466

The unassigned fund balance represents the fund balance retained by the District that is not restricted or assigned for the subsequent year's budget. This amount is limited to 4% of the 2018-2019 budget. The actual unassigned fund balance for the period ending June 30, 2018 is \$3,602,466. This amount represents 3.85% of the 2018-2019 budget.

There were changes in revenue (plus and minus) that accounted for the Revenues over budget of \$1,328,967 or 1.5%.

In accordance with Schedule SS-1, the total unencumbered balance equaled \$2,943,561. The following represents a brief summary of the significant items that were under budget that resulted from savings achieved through reduced spending and effective budget management:

- The largest area of General Support under budget was for Central Services in the amount of \$85,972. The following are some of the significant factors attributable to this savings:
 - The majority of these savings were in the area of Operation and Maintenance of Plant and Central Printing Services. Savings were achieved in the area of salaries of approximately \$17,884 due to staffing retirements/changes and effective over-time utilization;
 - Savings of approximately \$34,850 was achieved in the area of Contractual/Contracted costs resulting from residual savings from a prior year Energy Performance Contract, and also a reduction in the utilization of outside contractors by having the District's in-house Maintenance staff perform more of the needed repair tasks;
 - Savings of approximately \$33,220 achieved in the area of Materials and Supplies that resulted through purchasing efficiencies from participating in various Local and National Purchasing Cooperatives and inventory control.
- Of the \$1,422,074 savings under Instruction, the greatest savings were experienced in Teaching-Regular School (\$441,141) and Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions (\$620,799).
 - o In the area of Teaching-Regular School, a significant budgetary savings was attributed to salary savings of approximately \$312,700, which resulted from several planned contingency positions not being filled and retirements during the school year. Other savings were achieved in the areas of Travel/Conferences, Professional Consultant Services, Out-of-District Tuition payments and on Materials/Supplies;
 - Budgetary savings within the area of Children with Handicapping Conditions is a direct result of several students being brought back in District from other Public School Special Education and BOCES Placements.
- Pupil Transportation had a savings of \$513,462 attributable to the renewal of the District's Transportation Contracts at the May 31, 2017 Consumer Price Index, in accordance with the provisions of Education Law.
- Employee Benefits shows an unencumbered balance of \$528,190. The predominant savings were in the areas of Teacher's Retirement and Hospital, Medical and Dental. This is a direct result of a combination of conservative budgeting practices, unused contingencies and personnel changes and retirements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By June 30, 2018 the District had invested \$60,956,062, net of accumulated depreciation where applicable, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, construction in progress, furniture, machinery and equipment and vehicles. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$4,019,300 and additions to building improvements, site improvements, machinery and equipment and vehicles amounted to \$9,342,244, which includes a rollover of Construction in Progress in the amount of \$4,048,088 as well as additional Construction in Progress.

Table A-8
Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in thousands of dollars)

		Gover	nme	ntal
	_	Acti	ivitie	es
		2018		2017
Land	\$	304	\$	304
Construction in Progress		2,737		4,909
Buildings		52,111		52,158
Site Improvements		3,956		392
Machinery/Equipment/Vehicles	_	1,848	_	1,918
Total	\$	60,956	\$	59,681

More detailed information can be found in Note 5 and Note 6 to the Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$25,230,000 (noncurrent portion) of general obligation bonds adjusted for the non-current portion of premium related of \$2,327,748 in addition to other long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information is presented in Note 8 to the Financial Statements. Information on the Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability is shown separately in Note 11 and the Net Pension Liability-ERS and TRS is addressed in Note 10.

Outstanding Long-Term Debt (in thousands of dollars)

	Fise	cal Year	
	2018		2017
Serial Bonds	\$ 27,558	\$	30,434
Net Pension Liability-ERS	1,099		3,185
Net Pension Liability-TRS	-		2,268
Energy Performance Contact	4,218		4,707
Compensated Absences	7,823		7,355
Total OPEB Liability	168,625	_	50,150
Total	\$ 209,323	\$	98,099

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Through the support of the Board of Education, the District has implemented a long-term fiscal plan that continues to enhance the fiscal health of the School District. This is evidenced by past and current year audited Financial Statements. Sayville School District is committed to providing quality instructional programs and educational opportunities for our students. The current fiscal plan provides the necessary foundation to support our exemplary programs – currently and into the future.

However, at the time these Financial Statements were prepared, the District was aware of several circumstances that could impact the future:

- On October 12, 2018 the District's Aa1 Moody's bond rating was reaffirmed.
- The tax levy cap percentage for school districts is based on the December consumer price index (CPI). The regulations require us to use the LOWER of 2% or the December 31st CPI. As of September 2018, CPI is currently trending about 2.3%. However, Sayville's Pilot Project, increases in annual debt service costs and additional anticipated building aid will continue to further reduce the calculated tax levy cap.
- Continued fiscal burden for local school districts to fund additional Federal, State, and local **unfunded mandates**.
- New York State's continued commitment to fund the current State aid formula.
- New York State's ability to provide mandate relief in order to reduce the fiscal burden to local taxpayers.
- New York State's ability to provide the necessary Legislation to allow public schools to begin funding Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) in accordance with GASB 75 disclosure and reporting requirements.
- New York State's ability to create Legislation that would allow public schools to establish a Teacher Retirement reserve (TRS) to help better plan for future retirement costs.
- The limited financial markets and the continued consolidation of financial institutions, coupled with raising interest rates on District investments should provide for additional resources in the near future.
- The effect of rising interest rates on the District's Tax Anticipation Notes (Tan's), Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN's) and future Bond borrowings will increase future budgetary appropriations.

While the District is aware of the potential fiscal effects of the above circumstances, its aggressive fiscal management Practices and Policies will continue to provide the oversight to maintain and grow the fiscal resources necessary to support our current programs and instructional opportunities in the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the district's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. John J. Belmonte, Assistant Superintendent for Business, Sayville Union Free School District, 99 Greeley Avenue, Sayville, New York 11782.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Carb \$ 13,286,98 Restricted Cash 20,479,655 Accounts Receivable 78,095 Due From Fiduciary 4,982 State and Federal Aid Receivable 2,399,677 Inventories 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets 3,040,792 Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of 57,915,270 Accumulated Depreciation 1,593,082 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 3,398,913 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Systern 3,398,913 Due to NYS Emp	ASSETS		
Restricted Cash 20,479,655 Accounts Receivable 78,095 Due From Fiduciary 4,982 State and Federal Aid Receivable 2,399,671 Inventories 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets 3,040,792 Capital Assets-Not Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of 57,915,270 Accumulated Depreciated, Net of 4,293,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Accounts Payabl	Current Assets:		
Accounts Receivable 78,095 Due From Fiduciary 4,982 State and Federal Aid Receivable 2,399,677 Inventories 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets 30,407,92 Capital Assets-Not Being Depreciated, Net of 57,915,270 Accumulated Depreciation 1,593,082 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 98,824,454 Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LABILITIES 2 Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Yeat 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 3,389,913 Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 338,559 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 33,5163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 51,627 Ser	Cash	\$	13,286,983
Due From Fiduciary 4,982 State and Federal Aid Receivable Inventories 2,390,677 Inventories 36,275,310 Total Current Assets 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets-Not Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of 57,915,270 Accumulated Depreciated, Net of 57,915,270 Accumulated Depreciated, Net of 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Yea 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Yea 33,359,91 Due To NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 333,599,13 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable- Due	Restricted Cash		20,479,655
State and Federal Aid Receivable 2,399,677 Inventorics 25,918 Total Current Assets 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets: 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 57,915,270 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 244,81,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 3,38,591 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 9,647,779 Compensated Absences Payable- Due Within One Year 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542	Accounts Receivable		78,095
Inventories	Due From Fiduciary		4,982
Total Current Assets: 36,275,310 Non-Current Assets: 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciation 57,915,270 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Systen 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Systen 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Systen 33,359 Compensated Absences Payable- Due Within One Year 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Orrent Liability-ERS 1,099,086	State and Federal Aid Receivable		2,399,677
Non-Current Assets: 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 57,915,270 Net Pension Asset TRS Total Assets 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 333,593 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 333,593 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 7,823,435 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,49		_	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated 3,040,792 Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 57,915,270 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Yea 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Yea 489,376 Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 35,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 55,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 56,477,79 Non-Current Liabilities 20,47,792 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Ket Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,6			36,275,310
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 57,915,270 Net Pension Asset-TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98.824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Use Within One Year Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 333,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearmed Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Accumulated Depreciation 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement System 338,359 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 42,17,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 20,333,305			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net Pension Asset TRS 1,593,082 Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:			57,915,270
Total Assets 98,824,454 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 333,98,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 20,333,305 Total Non-Current Liabilities 20,333,305 <tr< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	•		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS Deferred Charge on Refundings 661.297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 3,398,913 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 209,323,305 Total Individual Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total DEB Liability 168,625,494	Net Pension Asset-TRS	_	1,593,082
Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS	Total Assets	_	98,824,454
Deferred Charge on Refundings 661,297 Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES Current Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS	DECEMBED OFFICE ONG		
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions 24,481,522 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 25,142,819 LIABILITIES 2 Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 33,98,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 Net POSITION			
ILIABILITIES 25,142,819 Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION 26,476,259	e e		661,297
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION 8,537,860 Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrest	Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	_	24,481,522
Current Liabilities: 2,258,777 Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	25,142,819
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities 2,258,777 Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Systerr 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Systerr 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102) <td>LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td></td>	LIABILITIES		
Bond Interest and Matured Bonds 40,483 Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	Current Liabilities:		
Serial Bonds Payable - Due Within One Year 2,876,434 Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,258,777
Energy Performance Contract - Due Within One Year 489,376 Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	Bond Interest and Matured Bonds		40,483
Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement Syster 3,398,913 Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	·		2,876,434
Due to NYS Employees' Retirement Syster 383,559 Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	==		489,376
Compensated Absences Payable-Due Within One Year 147,074 Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Unearned Revenue 53,163 Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)			
Total Current Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 9,647,779 Non-Current Liabilities: 27,557,748 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Non-Current Liabilities: 3,3,3,4 Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)		_	
Serial Bonds Payable 27,557,748 Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)		_	9,647,779
Energy Performance Contract 4,217,542 Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)			
Net Pension Liability-ERS 1,099,086 Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	•		
Total OPEB Liability 168,625,494 Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	e:		
Compensated Absences Payable 7,823,435 Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)			
Total Non-Current Liabilities 209,323,305 Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)			
Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue 218,971,084 DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)		_	
DEFERRED INFLOWS Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)		_	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions 8,537,860 NET POSITION 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue	_	218,971,084
NET POSITION 26,476,259 Net Investment in Capital Assets 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	DEFERRED INFLOWS	_	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	_	8,537,860
Net Investment in Capital Assets 26,476,259 Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	NET POSITION		
Restricted 20,439,172 Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)			26,476.259
Unrestricted (Deficit) (150,457,102)	•		
		\$	

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

				Prograr	n R	evenues		Net (expense) Revenue and
		Expenses	. ,	Charges for Services		Operating Grants	 Capital Grant	Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Community Service Debt Interest School Lunch Program	\$	15,523,435 77,213,880 3,577,097 146,981 1,114,065 1,038,365	\$	595,555 826,340	\$	1,483,587 229,473	\$ 48,316	\$ (15,475,119) (75,134,738) (3,577,097) (146,981) (1,114,065) 17,448
Total Functions and Programs	\$	98,613,823	\$	1,421,895	\$	1,713,060	\$ 48,316	\$ (95,430,552)
GENERAL REVENUES Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Including STAR Reimbursem Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous Federal Sources State Aid-General	ent							51,349,274 6,829,608 2,010,562 190,352 288,700 119,188 26,959,013
Total General Revenues								87,746,697
Change in Net Position								(7,683,855)
Total Net Position - Beginning of	Year	-Restated						(95,857,816)
Total Net Position - End of Year								\$ (103,541,671)

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		General		Special Aid		School		Capital Projects		Governmental Total
ASSETS										
Cash	€	9,859,504	\$	434,326	€9	238,503	\$9	2,754,650	\$	13,286,983
Restricted Cash		20,479,655		•				•		20,479,655
State and Federal Aid Receivable		1,148,264		1,170,696		9,197		71,520		2,399,677
Due From Other Funds		2,142,654		•		∞		•		2,142,662
Due From Fiduciary		4,982		•		,				4,982
Accounts Receivable		74,089				4,006				78,095
Inventories		•		•		25,918		,		25,918
Total Assets	€	33,709,148	69	1,605,022	€	277,632	€9	2,826,170	↔	38,417,972
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	€9	2,040,850	\$	106,386	59	32,289	\$9	•	€9	2,179,525
Bond Interest and Matured Bonds		40,483								40,483
Due To Other Funds				1,498,636		4		644,022		2,142,662
Due To NYS Teachers' Retirement System		3,398,913								3,398,913
Due To NYS Employees' Retirement System		383,559						,		383,559
Compensated Absences Payable		147,074		,		,		•		147,074
Unearned Revenue		20,489	ļ		ļ	32,674				53,163
Total Liabilities and Unearned Revenue		6,031,368		1,605,022		64,967		644,022		8,345,379
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		•		•		25,918		•		25,918
Restricted										
Bonded Debt		801,454								801,454
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		7,823,795				•				7,823,795
Retirement Contribution		8,549,345								8,549,345
Workers' Compensation		1,988,946								1,988,946
Unemployment Insurance		696,832				•				696,832
Tax Reduction		578,800				•				578,800
Assigned:										
Appropriated Fund Balance		2,454,000		•				•		2,454,000
Unappropriated		1,182,142				186,747		2,182,148		3,551,037
Unassigned		3,602,466		•				-		3,602,466
Total Fund Balances		27,677,780				212,665		2,182,148		30,072,593
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	33,709,148	\$	1,605,022	↔	277,632	↔	2,826,170	↔	38,417,972

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances			\$ 30,072,593
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, building, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.			
Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	122,053,176 (61,097,114)	60,956,062
Net Pension Asset related to NYS Teachers' Retirement System. This asset does not appear on the funds balance sheet as it represents a long term asset.			1,593,082
Governmental funds report the issuance costs and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas the loss on refunding is amortized and treated as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable ir the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of			661,297
Bonds payable-including premium on refunding Energy Performance Contract Accrued interest on bonds payable Compensated absences (less portion in General Fund) Net Pension Liability-ERS Total OPEB Liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to	-	30,434,182 4,706,918 79,252 7,823,435 1,099,086 168,625,494	(212,768,367)
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to NYSTRS (\$20,982,708) and NYSERS (\$3,498,814) Deferred inflows of resources related to NYSTRS (\$4,493,459) and		24,481,522	
NYSERS (\$3,476,179)	-	(7,969,638)	16,511,884
Deferred inflow of resources related to other postemployment benefits			(568,222)
Total Net Position			\$ (103,541,671)

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Governme	Governmental Fund Types		Governmental Funds
	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:					
Real Property Taxes	\$ 51.349.274	· ·	· ·	•	\$ 51.349.274
Real Property Tax Items (Including STAR Reimbursement)					
Charace for Carriose	505 555				505 505
Ties of Money and Dronarty	2010366		106		2 010 562
Solo of Discourt, and Commenced for I and	100.353	•	130	•	100.353
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	190,332		1 6	1 00	190,552
Miscellaneous	262,196		1,229	15,000	284,425
State and Local Sources	26,959,013	625,441	11,062	48,316	27,643,832
Federal Sources	119,188	858,146	158,122		1,135,456
Surplus Food			60,289		60,289
Sales-School Breakfast and Lunch Program			826,340		826,340
Total Revenues	88,315,552	1,483,587	1.063,238	63,316	90,925,693
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Support	11.684.584	,	•	•	11.684.584
Instruction	47,919,846	1.459.675			49,379,521
Pupil Transportation	3.402.687	136.016			3.538.703
Community Services	92.132		,		65 135
Employee Benefits	800 806	49 976	83 681	,	20.02
Cost of Salas	020,000,01		953 999		650,720,02
Dabt Carrico			111,001		(11,66)
Deliacine	3 308 808				3 308 808
Interpar	1,303,460		•		1,308,838
Capital Outlay	67,567,1			- LCT NOO 3	5,0452,109
Capital Cutaty Total Expenditures	87.597.644	1.645.667	1.037.680	5.094.724	95,375,715
		0010011	00011		ar tarata
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	717.908	(162.080)	25.558	(5.031.408)	(4.450.022)
		(post-or)		(2011)	
Other Sources and (Uses):					
Operating Transfers In	648,168	162,080		800,000	1,610,248
Operating Transfers Out	(962,080)	•		(648,168)	(1,610,248)
	(0.00)	1 000		000	
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(313,912)	162,080		151,832	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other (Uses)	403.996		25.558	(4.879.576)	(4.450.022)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	27,273,784		187,107	7,061,724	34,522,615
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 27,677,780	· •	\$ 212,665	\$ 2,182,148	\$ 30,072,593

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF 8CTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other (Uses)		\$ (4,450,022)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital Related Differences: Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.		
Donated assets \$ Capital outlays - net of CIP rollover Depreciation expense	4,275 5,289,881 (4,019,300)	1,274,856
Long-Tern Debt Transaction Differences Additional Financing-New Serial Bond Issue-including Premium		
Repayment of bond principal and energy performance contract obligations is an expenditure in the government funds, but it reduces the long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Serial bonds Energy performance	2,835,000 473,898	3,308,898
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the government funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when		
it is due. Accrued interest for June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018 increased by		(5,572)
Government funds report the issuance costs and similar items when debt is issued, whereas premium on refunding as well as a deferred charge on refunding is amortized for the Statement of Activities. Amortization of premiums on refundings	286,434	404.0=4
Amortization of deferred charges on refundings	(101,458)	184,976
Long-Term Expense Differences In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		
Compensated absences changed by		(468,719)
Increases/decreases in the Total OPEB Liability and related inflows/outflows do not use current resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		(6,907,123)
Increases/decreases in the proportionate share of net pension asset/liability		
and related inflows/outflows do not use current resources and therefore		
are not reported in governmental funds.		
Teachers' Retirement System NYSLRS-ERS	(694,988) 73,839	 (621,149)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (7,683,855)

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Private Purpose	Agency
		Fund	 Fund
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	643,746	\$ 449,817
Total Assets			 449,817
LIABILITIES		_	
Extraclassroom Activity Balances			190,214
Due To Other Funds			4,982
Group Insurance and Benefits			119,179
Other Liabilities			135,442
Total Liabilities		-	\$ 449,817
NET POSITION			
Held in Trust For:			
Endowment Scholarships	-	643,746	
Total Net Position	\$	643,746	

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Private
		Purpose
		Fund
ADDITIONS	-	
Gifts and Donations	\$	122,629
Interest	_	6,139
Total Additions	-	128,768
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarship Expenses	_	32,071
Total Deductions	-	32,071
Change in Net Position		96,697
Net Position- Beginning	_	547,049
Net Position- Ending	\$	643,746

Note 1 – Summary of certain significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A) Reporting entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to, public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus--an amendment of GASB No. 14 and No.* 34. This statement modifies certain requirements for the financial reporting entity to address since the issuance of GASB Statement No. 14 (amended by GASB 80 as it relates to paragraph 53). The requirements of this Statement result in financial reporting entity financial statements being more relevant by improving guidance for including, presenting, and disclosing information about component units and equity interest transactions of a reporting financial entity.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, a financial benefit or burden relationship and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds:

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports the assets held by it as agent for the Extraclassroom organizations in the Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the District's business office. The

District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B) Joint venture:

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Suffolk County (BOCES.) A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District contracted with BOCES (\$5,265,169) for administrative and program costs. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES Administrative Offices.

C) Basis of presentation:

i) Government-wide financial statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column, if applicable, reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

ii) Fund financial statements:

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as Federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund:</u> This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's food service operations.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Fiduciary Fund: This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the Government-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds:</u> These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards

and scholarship for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency Funds:</u> These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

The Government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly, receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt, energy performance contracts and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E) Cash and investments:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies

located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Investments are stated at fair value.

F) Property taxes:

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than November 1, and become a lien on December 1. Taxes were collected by the Town(s) and remitted to the District. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County.

G) Accounts Receivable:

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

H) Inventories and prepaid items:

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventorial items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount. Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end.

I) <u>Due to/from other funds:</u>

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities, and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year-end is provided subsequently in these Notes.

J) <u>Capital assets:</u>

Capital assets are reported at actual cost where available. In certain cases, historical costs have been estimated based on appraisals conducted by an independent appraisal company. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The District's capitalization policy is as follows:

There is a threshold in place of \$1,000, which indicates the dollar value at and above which an acquisition is added to the capital assets report. However, all costs, regardless of the amount, are included for Land. No depreciation is calculated on Construction-in-progress until completion.

	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings/Building Improvements	Straight Line	15-50 years
Site Improvements	Straight Line	20 years
Equipment and Vehicles	Straight Line	5-20 years

K) <u>Vested employee benefits – Compensated absences:</u>

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on a last-in first-out (LIFO) basis.

Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, <u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

L) Other benefits:

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between

the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as expenditure in the General Fund. In the Government-wide statements, postemployment costs are measured and disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Additional information on the retirement system in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Reporting for Pensions is found in Note 10.

M) **Equity Classifications:**

Government-wide statements

In the government-wide statements there are three categories of net position:

Net Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds and other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to those assets are to be included in this component as well.

Restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Fund Statements

Fund balances are reported in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. The intention of the Statement to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the District's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the uses of those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balance, nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of a permanent fund. The District has inventories and may have prepaid expenses that are considered nonspendable.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of four spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints that impact the District.

• Restricted:

Fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. A discussion of the restricted amounts follows:

Reserve for Retirement Contribution

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML§6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML§6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program.

The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Debt Service

Mandatory reserve for debt service (GML§6-1) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earnings from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the reserve for debt and held until appropriated for debt payments. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund and terminates once outstanding obligations are repaid.

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML§6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon the termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Unemployment Insurance

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML§6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may be either transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to covert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Reserve for Tax Reduction

This reserve is authorized under Education Law (Education Law Section 1604 (36 and Section 1709 (37)) and permits the District to retain the proceeds from the sale of school district real property that are not needed to pay any debts. The proceeds are used to reduce real property taxes over a period not to exceed ten years. It may be established and expended without voter approval. This reserve was established in the current year with the sale of a library building. Such reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

• Committed:

Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government from its highest level of decision making authority are committed. The District has no funds classified as committed.

• Assigned:

Fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the government to be used for a particular purpose are assigned. This will include an amount

appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget as well as encumbrances, not otherwise classified as restricted.

• Unassigned:

Fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for a particular purpose is unassigned.

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose either by voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modifications to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the Assistant Superintendent for Business and/or the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (e.g. expenditures related to reserves) the expenditure is spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by either the budget vote or board approved budget revision and then from the unrestricted fund balance. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted fund balances shall be applied first to the assigned fund balance to the extent that there is an assignment and then to the unassigned fund balance.

N) **Budgetary procedures and budgetary accounting:**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances), which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally authorized appropriated budget.

O) Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as a control in preventing over expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as appropriated fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year. Refer to Note 14 for additional information.

P) Unearned revenue/Collections in advance:

Unearned revenues are reported when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them as a result of an exchange transaction or when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and the revenues are recorded.

Q) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

R) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from subsequent sale of bonds. The notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purpose be converted to long-term financing within in five years after the original issue date.

S) <u>Long-term liabilities:</u>

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the Government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:

The Statement of Net Position reports a section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents amounts to be amortized over a future period and will not be recognized as expenditures until such time. This amount relates to deferred charges on refunding of bonds and other outflows are related to pensions, more fully described in Note 10.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position has a section for deferred inflows of resources. This is an amount or amounts to be amortized as they apply to the acquisition of net position in future periods. The deferred inflows relate to pensions and are more fully described in Note 10.

U) Adoption of New Accounting Standard:

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board released Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for years beginning after June 15, 2017. "The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB"). It replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45 - Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended.

This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For a defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

As a result of the implementation of GASB No. 75, the opening Net Position was restated as follows:

Opening Net Position	\$ 16,278,840
Adjustment related to GASB 45	50,149,937
Adjustment related to GASB 75	 (162,286,593)
Opening Net Position – Restated	\$ (95,857,816)

<u>Note 2 – Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements:</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds

A) <u>Total fund balances of governmental fund vs. net position of governmental activities:</u>

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet.

B) <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs.</u> Statement of Activities:

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of the three broad categories.

i) <u>Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences</u>

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modification accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

ii) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

iii) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Note 3 – Stewardship and Compliance:

The District's unreserved-undesignated fund balance was 4%. The New York State Real Property Tax Law (1318) limit restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year.

Note 4 – Custodial Credit, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate and Foreign Currency:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as previously discussed in these Notes. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts. During the fiscal year 2018, the District has invested in deposits within the above-described parameters.

In order to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the District, bank balances are classified by the following categories:

- (1) Insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's Name
- (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or Agent in the District's name.
- (3) Uncollateralized (This includes any balance that is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the District's name.)

None of the District's aggregate bank balances, not covered by depository insurance, were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year-end. The District does not typically purchase investments for long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District does not typically purchase investments dominated in foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Restricted Cash represents amounts at year end that are set aside at June 30, 2018 for specific restricted reserves.

Note 5 – Capital assets:

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2018:

capital asset surances and activity to		Balance		Additions		Reclass.	Balance
Governmental Activities:	_						
Capital Assets That Are Not Depreciated:							
Land	\$	303,740	\$	-	\$	\$	303,740
Construction in Progress		4,909,395		1,875,745		(4,048,088)	2,737,052
Total Nondepreciable Cost	\$	5,213,135	\$	1,875,745	\$	(4,048,088) \$	3,040,792
Capital Assets That Are Depreciated:							
Buildings/Building Improvements	\$	105,497,375	\$	3,611,157	\$	(1,400) \$	109,107,132
Site Improvements		1,042,579		3,625,817			4,668,396
Machinery and Equipment		4,776,509		194,515		(464,203)	4,506,821
Vehicles		711,246		35,010		(16,221)	730,035
Total Depreciable Cost	_	112,027,709		7,466,499	_	(481,824)	119,012,384
Less:							
Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings/Building Improvements		53,339,573		3,657,896		(1,400)	56,996,069
Site Improvements		650,917		60,974			711,891
Machinery and Equipment		3,031,150		259,716		(464,203)	2,826,663
Vehicles		537,998		40,714		(16,221)	562,491
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	57,559,638	_	4,019,300	_	(481,824)	61,097,114
Total Depreciable-Net	\$_	54,468,071	\$_	3,447,199	\$_	- \$	57,915,270
Grand Total	\$_	59,681,206	\$_	5,322,944	\$	(4,048,088) \$	60,956,062

Depreciation has been allocated to governmental functions as follows:

General Support	\$ 197,484
School Lunch Program	5,860
Instruction	 3,815,956
	 _
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 4,019,300

Note 6 – Lease of Library Building:

On November 1, 2006 the voters of the Sayville Union Free School District approved the construction of a Library. The School District will lease the Library Building to the Library and the Library will rent and lease such interest under the terms of an Agreement dated January 10, 2008.

Custody of the Bond Proceeds was held in the name of the School District. The "Rent" for the School District's leasehold interest is directly related to the reimbursement for principal and interest on the outstanding bonds.

Note 7 – Short-term debt:

The District may issue Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs) prior to the receipt of tax revenue. In addition, Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) may be issued to finance certain capital projects. While such notes are payable one year after issuance, Bond Anticipation Notes may be refinanced over a five-year period through note renewals and principal reductions.

TANs were issued during the year in the amount of \$14,500,000 @ 2.00% and redeemed on June 27, 2018.

Note 8– Long-term debt:

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning				Ending		Due Within
	Balance	_	Additions	Reductions	Balance		One Year
Bonds Payable/Contracts:							
Serial Construction Bonds	\$ 30,655,000	\$		\$ (2,835,000) \$	27,820,000	\$	2,590,000
Premium on Issues	2,900,616			(286,434)	2,614,182		286,434
Energy Performance Contract	5,180,816		-	(473,898)	4,706,918	ı	489,376
Total Bonds Payable/Contracts	38,736,432			(3,595,332)	35,141,100		3,365,810
Other Liabilities:**							
Compensated Absences	7,611,560		666,290	(307,341)	7,970,509		147,074
Net Pension Liability -ERS	3,184,967		-	(2,085,881)	1,099,086		-
Net Pension Liability-TRS	2,267,854			(2,267,854)	-		-
Total OPEB Liability	162,286,593		6,338,901		168,625,494		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 214,087,406	\$	7,005,191	\$ (8,256,408) \$	212,836,189	\$	3,512,884

^{**} Restated to include Total OPEB Liability

Advance Refunding-Prior-Fiscal 2012-2013

In a prior year, the District issued \$11,050,000 of 2012 Refunding Bonds at an interest rate varying between 2.00%-4.00% maturing on April 15, 2021.

As of June 30, 2013, \$11,120,000 of outstanding Serial Bonds-2002, Series A, B, C and D are considered defeased.

Advance Refunding-Prior Fiscal 2014-2015

During 2014-2015 the District issued \$1,225,000 of 2015 Refunding Bonds at an interest rate of 3% maturing on June 15, 2025 to refund \$1,225,000 of 2005 Serial Bonds maturing June 15, 2025 and bearing interest at 4.000-4.250%).

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities.

As of June 30, 2015, \$1,225,000 of outstanding Serial Bonds-2005 is considered defeased.

Advance Refunding-Prior Fiscal Year 2016-2017

During 2016-2017 the District issued \$14,160,000 of Refunding Bonds at an interest rate of 2%-4% maturing in 2028/2029. The refunding was done in two parts: Part 1 refunded the Library issue of 2008 of \$7,750,000 remaining and maturing June 15, 2028 bearing interest of 4.125%-4.50%.; Part 2 refunded a 2010 Serial bond issue of \$7,700,000 remaining, bearing interest at 3%-4%, to mature June 15, 2029. The net present value of savings to the District by such refunding is approximately \$1,862,728.

The net proceeds of \$16,017,545 (representing an amount which included a premium of \$1,998,153 and payment of costs of issuance of \$140,608) were used to purchase U.S. Treasury Securities-State and Local Government Series (SLGS), to be deposited in escrow for the automatic payment of the refunded issues.

The reacquisition price (amount put in escrow) of \$16,017,545 exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$567,545 and is a deferred economic loss on refunding. The premium received of \$1,998,153 is amortized over the life of the new debt and is shown in the long term debt serial bond schedule above.

As of June 30, 2017, \$15,450,000 of outstanding Serial Bonds of 2008 and 2010 are considered defeased.

Serial Bonds:

Serial bonds outstanding will mature in installments, including interest as follows:

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	2,590,000	962,970	3,552,970
2020	2,660,000	879,438	3,539,438
2021	2,530,000	785,200	3,315,200
2022	2,235,000	694,000	2,929,000
2023	2,235,000	614,650	2,849,650
2024-2028	11,190,000	1,872,400	13,062,400
2029-2032	4,380,000	313,950	4,693,950
	\$ 27,820,000	\$ 6,122,608	\$ 33,942,608

	Original		Year of	Year of	Interest		
	 Amount	_	Issue	Maturity	Rates %	_	Balance
	\$ 11,050,000	R	2012	2021	4.00	\$	1,095,000
	299,000		2014	2020	1.70-2.10		145,000
	1,225,000	R	2015	2025	3.00		895,000
Part 1	7,130,000	R	2016	2028	4.00		6,415,000
Part 2	7,030,000	R	2016	2029	4.00		6,420,000
	14,000,000		2017	2032	2.00-3.00	_	12,850,000
	R	=Re	funding			\$	27,820,000

The following is a summary of amortization of the amounts on refunding-prior years and current year:

_		-			~ .	•	•	
Fiscal	2	012	2015	2017		2012	2015	2017
Year			Premium			D	eferred Out	flows
2019 \$	- 7	77,066	8,407	200,961	\$	54,209	2,443	44,806
2020	7	77,066	8,407	200,961		54,209	2,443	44,806
2021	6	51,011	8,406	200,960		42,913	2,443	44,806
2022		-	8,406	200,960		-	2,443	44,806
2023		-	8,406	200,960		-	2,443	44,806
2024-2028		-	16,812	1,004,800		-	4,885	224,030
2029-2032		-	-	330,593		-	-	44,806
\$	2	15,143	58,844	2,340,195	\$	151,331	17,100	492,866

Energy Performance Contract:

Financing is provided @3.240% for a 15 year energy performance contract provided by Johnson Controls (Equipment).

Fiscal Year	Principal		Principal Interest		Interest	_	Total
2019	\$	489,376	\$	148,572	\$	637,948	
2020		505,360		132,588		637,948	
2021		521,867		116,081		637,948	
2022		538,912		99,036		637,948	
2023		556,514		81,434		637,948	
2024-2026		2,094,889		137,930		2,232,819	
					_		
	\$	4,706,918	\$	715,641	\$	5,422,559	

Interest on long-term debt after adjustment for accruals and refunding/premium amounts amortized, amounted to \$1,189,668.

Note 9 – Interfund balances and activity:

	Interfund				In	ınd	
	Receivable	•	Payable	_	Revenues	i	Expenditures
General Fund Special Aid Fund School Lunch Fund	\$ 2,147,636 - 8	\$	- 1,498,636 4	\$	648,168 162,080	\$	962,080
Capital Projects Fund		•	644,022	_	800,000	in .	648,168
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,147,644	\$	2,142,662	\$	1,610,248	\$	1,610,248
Agency Fund			4,982	_	-	ı.	_
Grand Totals	\$ 2,147,644	\$	2,147,644	\$	1,610,248	\$	1,610,248

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. Interfund transfers are also eliminated. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All Interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Note 10– Pension plans:

Teachers' Retirement System-(TRS)

Plan Description

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS or the "System" is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-menber Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information, please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

Benefits

The benefits provided to members of the System are established by New York State law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1-Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2-Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provision of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law.

Tier 3-Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law.

Tier 4-Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law.

Tier 5-Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law.

Tier 6-Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credited service times final average salary. Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive a unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55-56 regardless of service credit, or 57-61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service for the first 20 years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times' final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55-62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits vest after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service retirements above.

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

Death Benefits

Death Benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active members who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index, not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2017 is 1.2%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the Retirement and Social Security Law are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

Contributions:

Employer Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate applicable to member salaries and adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Employer contributions for the current year and the two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required and were as follows:

	_	TRS
2018	\$	3,320,920
2017		3,892,908
2016		4,332,578

Member Contributions

Tier 3 and Tier 4 members are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Effective October 2000, contributions were eliminated for Tiers 3 and 4 members with 10 or more years of service or membership. Effective January 1, 2010, Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Effective April 1, 2012, Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulate member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

Collective Net Pension Liability and Actuarial Information

The components of the collective net pension liability (asset) of the participating school districts at June 30, 2017 (measurement date for TRS) were as follows:

	2017
Total pension liability System fiduciary net position	\$ 114,708,261,032 115,468,360,316
School districts' net pension liability (asset)	\$ (760,099,284)
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	100.66 %

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset for the June 30, 2017 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. The actuarial valuations used the following assumptions:

Inflation	2.5%
Projected salary increases	Rates of increase differ based
	on service. They have been
	calculated based upon recent
	NYSTRS member experience.

<u>Service</u>	<u>Rate</u>
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1.90%

Projected COLAs	1.	5	%	6 com	oound	led	l annual	ly
-----------------	----	---	---	-------	-------	-----	----------	----

Investment rate of return	7.25% compounded annually, net of
	pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 and June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP)) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expect future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the valuation dates of June 30, 2017 is summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	<u>allocation</u>	<u>of return</u>
Domestic Equity	35%	5.9%
International Equity	18	7.4
Real Estate	11	4.3
Private equities	8	9.0
Domestic fixed income securities	16	1.6
Global fixed income securities	2	1.3
High-yield fixed income securities	1	3.9
Mortgages	8	2.8
Short term	1	0.6
Total	100%	

^{*}Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for 2017.

(b) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected

future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(c) Sensitivity of the District's Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Sayville Union Free School District calculated using the discount rate of *7.25% as well as what the school district's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current			
	6.25%	*7.25%	8.25%		
June 30, 2017	\$ 27,444,092	(\$ 1,593,082)	(\$ 25,910,275)		

District Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits. The average of the expected remaining lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits through the System is 9.6 years for 2014, 9.4 years for 2015, 7.2 years for 2016 and 7.1 years for 2017.

Changes of Assumptions

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees that are provided with pension benefits. The amortization period for June 30, 2017 measurement date is 7.1 years.

Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Changes in Proportion

The change in proportion is based on a measure that compares the individual employer to the employers and other contributing entities collectively—the employer's

proportion. Changes are amortized over future periods equal to the remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual	\$	1,310,715	\$	621,124
earnings on pension plan investments		-		3,752,170
Changes in proportion		141,149		120,165
Changes of assumptions		16,209,924		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement	3,320,920			-
	_		_	
	\$	<u>20,982,708</u>	\$	4,493,459

^{*}The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense on the *measurement date* as shown below:

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$ 379,272
2019	4,299,264
2020	3,079,640
2021	772,499
2022	3,070,711
Thereafter	1,566,943

Pension Expense

Pension expense includes certain period changes in the District's net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period. As of June 30, 2017 the District had a pension expense of \$4,015,813 based on the measurement date.

Payables

The amount shown in the financial statements as Due to NYS Teachers' Retirement System represents a short term liability for an accrual of contractually required contributions for the current fiscal period.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Sayville Union Free School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) which is referred to as the "System". This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November 2014 he was elected for a new term commencing on January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute.

The Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP) provides death benefits in the form of life insurance.

Separately issued financial statements can be accessed on the Comptroller's website.

Membership Tiers

There are six tiers of membership. The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. For Tier 6 members (on or after April 1, 2012), the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Members who joined the System prior to January 1, 2010 require five years of service to be 100% vested while members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 require ten years of service credit to be 100% vested.

Employer Contributions

Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually adopts the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employer' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems fiscal year ending March 31. Employer contributions for the current year and the two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required and were as follows:

	 <u>ERS</u>		
2018	\$ 1,562,552		
2017	1,493,981		
2016	1,675,282		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018 the District reported a liability of \$1,099,086 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At March 31, 2018 the District's proportion was 0.0340544 percent. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,481,634 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	323,941	\$	392,008
Net Difference between projected and actual Investment earnings on Pension Plan investments		3,151,005		1,596,335
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of Contributions		1,233		398,127
Changes of assumptions		-		728,785
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	\$	3,476,179	\$ <u>_</u>	383,559 3,498,814

*The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability shown in the financials for the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense for the Plan Year as shown below:

Year ended March 31:	
2019	\$ 388,177
2020	\$ 296,545
2021	\$ (721,057)
2022	\$ (324 589)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2018 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2017, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net of
---------------------------	----------------------------------

investment expenses

Salary scale-ERS 3.8%

Inflation rate 2.5%

Mortality Improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014

Cost of Living Adjustment 1.3% annually

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010-March 31, 2015.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	36.0 %	4.55 %
International Equity	14.0	6.35
Private Equity	10.0	7.50
Real Estate	10.0	5.55
Absolute Return Strategies (1)	2.0	3.75
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.0	5.68
Real Assets	3.0	5.29
Bonds & Mortgages	17.0	1.31
Cash	1.0	(0.25)
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	4.0	1.25
	100.0 %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

(1) Excludes equity-oriented and long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
	 Assumption			
	 6.0%		7.0%	8.0%
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 8,315,979	\$	1,099,086	(\$5,006,117)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

• Difference in Expected and Actual Experience –

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors is amortized over a five year closed period for ERS. Remaining years (after the first year of amortization) is shown as a deferred outflow of resources and is part of the amount to be amortized in future Plan years as shown above.

 Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments –

The difference between the Systems' expected rate of return and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over a five-year closed period. Remaining years (after the first year of amortization) is shown as a deferred outflow of resources and is part of the amount to be amortized in future Plan years as shown above.

• Changes in Proportion and Differences between Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions –

The change in employer proportionate share is the amount of difference between the employer's proportionate shares of net pension liability in the prior year compared to the current year. This difference is amortized over a five-year closed period for ERS. Remaining years (after the first year of amortization) is shown as a deferred inflow of resources and is part of the amount to be amortized in future Plan years as shown above.

• Changes of Assumptions-

Changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are amortized over a closed period. During the measurement period beginning April 1, 2015, there was a change of assumptions.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension liability of the employers as of March 31, 2018 were as follows:

(Dollars in	Thousands)
-------------	------------

Employers' total pension liability Plan Net Position	\$ 183,400,590 (180,173,145)
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 3,227,445
System fiduciary net position as a Percentage of total pension liability	98.24 %

Payable to the Pension Plan

The amount shown on the financial statements as Due to NYS Employees' Retirement System represents a short term liability for an accrual of contractually required contributions for the period April 1, 2018-June 30, 2018.

Note 11- Postemployment Benefits:

The District provides postemployment health insurance coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels and employee contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. An outside actuarial firm determined the valuation for Sayville UFSD as of June 30, 2017 with a roll forward to the Total OPEB Liability with disclosures as of June 30, 2018.

Plan Description

The school district acquires health insurance through a New York State Health Insurance Plan (NYSHIP). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by New York State. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the District. Benefits provided by NYSHIP are administered by United Healthcare and BlueCross BlueShield. The NYSHIP plan covers medical and pharmaceutical costs. Many of the services in the NYSHIP plan require copayments at various levels depending on the nature of the service. The school district provides Medicare B and D reimbursements for retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided at retirement for employees at age 55 who meet the required service and eligibility requirements.

Funding

The contribution requirements of Empire Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. The District pays varying premium amounts for retirees, depending on coverage selected and date of retirement, and recognizes the cost of the healthcare plan annually as expenditures in the general fund of the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. Currently there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund other postemployment benefits by any means other than the "pay as you go" method.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	343
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	413
	756

Actuarial Assumptions and Input

The cost method used is Entry Age Normal (level percentage of salary).

Interest rate of 3.00% based on an index rate for 20 year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality: RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2017.

Inflation rate is 2.60%.

Participation rate: Assumed that 90% of future retirees eligible for coverage will elect the benefit.

Percent Married: Assumed that 70% of male retirees and 50% of female retirees will be married with male spouses assumed to be 3 years older than female spouses. For current retirees, actual census information was used.

Medical Trends

The rate of 7.5% was used for 2017, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% in 2023. For Medicare Part B, the rate was 4.5%.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Total OPEB Liability-Beginning		\$	162,286,593
Service Cost	\$ 5,740,881		
Interest	4,985,348		
Difference between expected and actual experience	(661,373)		
Benefit payments	 (3,725,955)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		_	6,338,901
Total OPEB Liability-June 30, 2018		\$	168,625,494

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	19	1% Decrease 2%		Surrent Rate 3%	 1% Increase 4%
Total OPEB Liability-6/30/18	\$	198,880,810	\$	168,625,494	\$ 144,488,377

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

	7.5	7.5% decreasing to 4.5%		% decreasing 6.5% decreasing to 4.5% to 3.5%		
Total OPEB Liability-6/30/18	\$	168,625,494	\$	137,248,137	\$ 210,243,403	

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The amount of \$661,373 was determined to be written off over a recognition period of 7.1 years. The amount of \$93,151 was a component of the OPEB expense calculated for June 30, 2018. The remaining amount \$568,222 is to be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Plan- \$568,222.

Year Ended June 30:

2019	\$ (93,151)
2020	(93,151)
2021	(93,151)
2022	(93,151)
2023	(93,151)
Thereafter	(102,467)

Note 12 – Risk Management:

General Information

The Sayville Union Free School District is exposed to various risks of loss. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties.

Note 13– Operating Leases

The District leases equipment under various non-cancelable leases. The rental expense for 2018 was \$498,482. The minimum annual rentals for each of the remaining years of the leases are:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 259,428
2020	158,501
2021	106,264
2022	20,620
2023	10,310
	\$ 555,123

Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies

(A) Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the district's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

(B) Encumbrances

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance – General Fund

General Support	\$ 680,904
Instruction	423,936
Pupil Transportation	36,001
Employee Benefits	 41,301
TOTAL	\$ 1,182,142

(C) Litigation

The District engages general counsel and labor counsel. Lawsuits arise from the normal conduct of its affairs. Reported lawsuits were either dismissed or result in being the obligation of a third party. Management believes that the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements. The following has been highlighted by legal inquiry:

Suffolk School Employees Health Plan

The Sayville Union Free School District was part of a self-insured health benefits plan (SSEHP) until January 1, 2015. Presently there is a pending legal matter involving funds collected by the Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") for the payment of claims. This litigation is still in the discovery phase. The District, to be conservative, had set up an amount for any potential remaining liabilities in the amount of \$759,465. Management had discussions with counsel during fiscal 2018 and it was decided to reduce the accrual going forth and include the revenue (refund of prior years' expenses) in the 18/19 budget which was approved by the community. This reduced the tax rate. Counsel recently confirmed that at this point there is no amount anticipated as due to the prior self-insured plan.

Note 15-Tax Abatement Disclosures as required by GASB 77

In 2012 the Town of Islip Industrial Development Agency (IDA) made an agreement with Engel Burman at Sayville, LLC to give financial assistance through exemptions for the building of a \$40 million assisted living facility (The Bristal). This agreement was amended and assumed by HSRE-EB Sayville, LLC in 2015.

The original Taxable Assessed Value of the property was \$329,500 with a projected TAV of the facility upon completion of \$2,500,000. The TAV will increase by \$217,050 annually until it approximates \$2,500,000. The Sayville School District receives a payment in lieu of taxes until the PILOT Agreement expires in 2024/25.

In 2017/18 the District received \$292,067 as PILOT.

Note 16 – Subsequent Events

Events and transactions are evaluated through the date of the financial report, October 2, 2018.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2018

		Unencumbered Balance	\$ 13,414 3,458 26,272 24,436 85,972 9,996 163,548	148,458 441,141 620,799 24,833 55,045 131,798 1,422,074 513,462 23,680 528,190	254,687 254,687 37,920 \$ 2,943,561
Over (Under) Budget	\$ 157,835 (151,811) 214,555 120,498 161,252 116,696 619,025 27,586 34,188 648,168	Encumbrances	\$ 3,235 \$ 110,001 1,695 565,801 172 680,904	51,284 91,143 202,895 - 77,134 1,480 423,936 36,001 - 41,301	\$
Actual Revenues	\$ 51,349,274 6,829,608 595,555 2,010,366 190,352 262,196 61,237,351 26,959,013 119,188 648,168 648,168	Actual Expenditures	\$ 42,481 371,096 1,054,380 925,648 8,458,884 832,095 11,684,584	3,087,226 24,635,080 11,296,937 388,294 149,893 4,029,781 4,332,635 47,919,846 3,402,687 92,132 19,896,028	3,308,898 1,293,469 4,602,367 962,080 88,559,724 \$
Final Budget	\$ 51,191,439 6,981,419 381,000 1,889,868 29,100 145,500 60,618,326 26,931,427 85,000 87,634,753 2,090,674	Final Budget	\$ 59,130 374,554 1,190,653 951,779 9,110,657 842,263 12,529,036	3,286,968 25,167,364 12,120,631 388,294 174,726 4,161,960 4,465,913 49,765,856 3,952,150 115,812 20,465,519	3,308,898 1,548,156 4,857,054 1,000,000 \$ 92,685,427
Original Budget	\$ 51,191,439 6,981,419 381,000 1,889,868 29,100 145,500 60,618,326 26,931,427 85,000 85,000 2,090,674 2,000,000 960,0000 960,0000	Original Budget	\$ 60,630 361,888 1,225,890 794,620 8,714,476 867,800 12,025,304	3,293,572 25,090,928 12,341,834 382,990 183,684 4,035,143 4,447,131 49,775,282 3,952,620 115,812 20,913,157	3,308,898 1,594,354 4,903,252 1,000,000 \$ 92,685,427
REVENUES	Local Sources Real Property Taxes Real Property Tax Items (Including STAR Reimbursement) Charges for Services Use of Money and Property Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous Total Local Sources State Sources Federal Aid Interfund Transfer Total Revenues Prior year's encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balance Appropriated Reserves Total Revenues and Appropriated Fund Balance	EXPENDITURES Ganaral Supports	Board of Education Central Administration Finance Staff Central Services Special Items Total General Support	Instruction. Instruction. Instruction. Administration and Improvement Teaching - Regular School Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions Occupational Education Teaching - Special Schools Instructional Media Pupil Services Total Instruction Pupil Transportation Community Services Employee Benefits Date Services	Principal Interest Subtotal Interfund Transfers Total Expenditures Excess Revenues / Expenditures

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2018

	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service Cost Interest Change of Benefit Terms Differences between expected and actual	\$ 5,740,881 4,985,348
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	(661,373)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,725,955) 6,338,901
Total OPEB liability-beginning	162,286,593
Total OPEB liability-ending	\$ 168,625,494
Covered employee payroll	\$ 41,059,180
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	410.69%

Note to Schedule:

This is the initial year of implementation for Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No, 75. Information for a full 10-year trend will be compiled as information becomes available.

See paragraph on required supplementary schedules included in auditor's report

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY: Proportionate % of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered employee payroll -measurement date basis Proportionate stare of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Amounts presented above were determined as of June 30, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 measurement dates. SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS: Contractually required contribution Contractually required contribution Contractually deficiency (excess)	* * *	0.208039% (23,174,206) 30,567,573 (75.81%) 111.48% 5,542,546	e e e e	0.210484% 0.210484% (21,862,535) 31,191,401 (70.09%) 110.46% 4,332,578	w w	June 30, 2016 0.211743% 2.267.854 \$ 31,859,812 \$ 7.12% 99,01% 3.892,908 \$	June 30, 2017 0.209588 (1,593.08 33,602.96 (4.74 (3,892.5 3,892.5
Covered employee payroll-fiscal year basis	 	31,191,401	₩ +	31,859,812	Ⅱ → •	.602,963	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		17.77%		13.60%	-	11.59%	

Additional years will be presented as they become available for a full 10-year trend.

REFER TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (NOTE 10-PENSION PLANS) FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE PENSION PLAN-TRS.

See paragraph on required supplementary schedules in auditor's report

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY:

SCHEDOLE OF EARL COLEN'S INCOMMISSIONE SHANE OF THE ABILITY	Mar	March 31, 2015	Ma	March 31, 2016	-1	March 31, 2017	I	March 31, 2018
Proportionate % of the net pension liability		0.0337482%		0.0336333%		0.0338962%		0.0340544%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	s	1,140,098	↔	5,398,241	↔	3,184,967	\$	1,099,086
Covered employee payroll -measurement date basis	∽	9,495,326	↔	9,935,285	↔	10,500,889	\$	10,470,829
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		12.0%		54.3%		30.3%		10.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		%6'.26		90.7%		94.7%		98.2%
Amounts presented above were determined as of March 31, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 measurement dates.								
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS: Contractually required contribution	∨	1,813,609	>	1,675,282	↔	1,493,981	↔	1,562,552
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,813,609		1,675,282		1,493,981		1,562,552
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S		∞		>		₩	
Covered employee payroll-fiscal year basis	↔	9,845,874	99	9,974,321	-	10,099,309	↔	10,616,308
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		18.4%		16.8%		14.8%		14.7%

Additional years will be presented as they become available for a full 10-year trend.

REFER TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (NOTE 10 PENSION PLANS) FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE PENSION PLAN-ERS.

See paragraph on required supplementary schedules in auditor's report

3.85%

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET-GENERAL FUND AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$	90,594,753
Add: Prior year's encumbrances		2,090,674
Original Budget		92,685,427
Budget Revisions	_	
Final Budget	_	92,685,427
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION 2018-19 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum Fund Balance allowed (4% of 2018-19 budget or \$3,742,211)	\$ <u></u>	\$93,555,280
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$	3,636,142
Unassigned fund balance		3,602,466
Total unrestricted fund balance		7,238,608
Less:		
Appropriated fund balance		2,454,000
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		1,182,142
Total adjustments	_	3,636,142
General Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Law	\$	3,602,466

Actual percentage

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND JUNE 30, 2018

								Expen	Expenditures to Date				
			Appro	Appropriation			Prior		Current			U	Unexpended
PR.	PROJECT TITLE		Original		Revised		Year's		Year		Total		Balance
	Cherry Avenue Vents	\$	45,182	↔	645,083	\$	187,242	↔	403,952	\$	591,194	\$	53,889
	Lincoln Avenue Vents		6,455		674,347		627,992		46,355		674,347		ı
	Middle School Vents		267,693		267,693		ı		46,428		46,428		221,265
	High School Gym Floor Replacement		12,877		12,877		1		12,877		12,877		ı
	SMART Bond		71,399		71,521		23,205		48,316		71,521		ı
*	* 2016 Bond Issue - District Wide Improvements				15,655,618		9,211,828		4,536,796		13,748,624		1,906,994
	Total	€	403,606	\$	17,327,139	↔	10,050,267	↔	5,094,724	∀	15,144,991	∨	2,182,148

* The residents of the District approved a \$19.2 million bond authorization for Districtwide improvements on May 19, 2015.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CERTAIN REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES COMPARED TO ST-3 DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Account Code	 ST-3 Amount	. <u> </u>	Audited Amount
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	A - 1001	\$ 51,349,274	\$	51,349,274
Non-property Taxes	AT - 1199	-		-
State Aid	AT - 3999	26,959,013		26,959,013
Federal Aid	AT - 4999	119,188		119,188
Total Revenues	AT - 5999	88,963,720		88,963,720
EXPENDITURES				
General Support	AT - 1999	11,684,583	*	11,684,584
Pupil Transportation	AT - 5599	3,402,688	*	3,402,687
Debt Service - Principal	AT - 9798.6	3,308,898		3,308,898
Debt Service - Interest	AT - 9798.7	1,293,470	*	1,293,469
Total Expenditures	AT - 9999	88,559,724		88,559,724

^{*}Minor \$1 differences due to rounding.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CC	Ω
22	ō.

SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Capital Assets, Net		\$ 60,956,062
Deduct:		
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable	\$ 2,590,000	
Long-term Portion of Bond Payable	25,230,000	
Short-term Portion of Energy Performance Contract	489,376	
Long-term Portion of Energy Performance Contract	4,217,542	
Unamortized Portion of Deferred Refunding Premium,		
Less Deferred Charge on Refunding	 1,952,885	 (34,479,803)
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 26,476,259

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.



Pappas & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

3 Rensselaer Drive • Commack, NY 11725

(631) 462-0660 • Fax (631) 462-8664

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Education Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Sayville Union Free School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Commack, New York

Pappas ? Company

October 2, 2018