# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Required Supplementary Information:  Management's Discussion And Analysis ("MD&A")	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
District-Wide Financial Statements -	
Statement Of Net Position Statement Of Activities	14 15
Fund Financial Statements -	13
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation Of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To The Statement Of Net Position	17
Fund Financial Statements -	17
Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And	
Changes In Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation Of Governmental Funds Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures  And Changes In Fund Balance To The Statement Of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements -	19
Statement Of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	20
Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net Position -	
Fiduciary Funds Notes To Financial Statements	21 22
Notes To Financial Statements	22
Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A:	
General Fund - Schedule Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes	
In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual	50
Schedule Of Changes In The District's Total OPEB Liability And Related Ratios	51
Schedule Of District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability - NYSERS	52
Schedule Of District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Asset/(Liability) - NYSTRS	53
Schedule Of District Pension Contributions - NYSERS Schedule Of District Pension Contributions - NYSTRS	54 55
Schedule Of District Pension Contributions - NYSTRS	55
Other Supplementary Information (Required by the New York State Education Department):	
General Fund -	
Schedule Of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit	56
Schedule Of Project Expenditures And Financing Sources -	
Capital Projects Fund	57
Net Investment In Capital Assets	58
Extraclassroom Activity Funds	59
Federal Award Program Information:	
Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards	65
Notes To Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards	66
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over	
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed	
In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	67
Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance For Its	
Major Program And On Internal Control Over	
Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance	69
Schedule Of Findings And Questioned Costs Summary Schedule Of Prior Audit Findings	71 72
Schedule Of Findings And Recommendations	73



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville. New York:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Nawrocki Smith

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 3-13 and 50-55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information requested by the New York State Education Department and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Melville, New York October 10, 2019

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### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Sayville Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's Fund Balance Policy recognizes that the maintenance of fund balance is essential to the preservation of the financial integrity of the school district and is fiscally advantageous for both the District and the taxpayer in that it helps mitigate current and future risks (e.g., revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures) and assists in ensuring stable tax rates. The policy establishes goals and provides guidance concerning the desired level of year-end fund balance to be maintained by the District. As a result, the District seeks to maintain the amount of Unassigned Fund Balance allowable by New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318, which restricts unassigned fund balance in the General Fund to no more than 4.00% of the District's Adopted Budget for the ensuing fiscal year. For the year-ended June 30, 2019, the balance to be maintained is \$3,626,011 or 3.84%.
- As of June 30, 2019, the District's fund level financial statements report a combined ending fund balance of \$36,234,336, which is an increase from the prior year of \$6,161,743 is primarily due to the funding of the District's Energy Performance Projects (Installment Purchase Debt) and the issuance of Serial Bonds.
- On the District-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$106,488,159. The District's total net position decreased by \$2,946,488 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The unrestricted portion of net position as of June 30, 2019 was a deficit of \$147,888,514, as a result of the effect of the continued recognition of the District's total other post-employment benefits liability under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- Principal paid down on outstanding serial bond debt amounted to \$2,815,000.
- The District continued to offer all programs, without reducing services.
- The District's residents authorized the proposed 2019-20 budget in the amount of \$94,353,656 in accordance with the New York State Tax Levy Limit.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information including management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the operations in more detail than the District-wide financial statements.
- The governmental fund financial statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

• Fiduciary fund financial statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements including a comparison of the District's General Fund budget and actual results for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

Table A-1: Major Featur	es of the District-wide and	d Fund Financial Statements						
	District-wide Financial	Fund Financial Statements						
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activity monies					
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of         Fiduciary Net         Position</li> <li>Statement of         Changes in         Fiduciary Net         Position</li> </ul>					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/ deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

#### **District-wide Financial Statements**

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, reconciliations of the District-wide and fund financial statements are provided which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship funds and student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's net position decreased by 2.8% from the year before to a net deficit position balance of \$106,488,159 as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3.

The restricted net position balance of \$20,523,974 represents assets that are restricted by external sources, imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2019, the District has an unrestricted net deficit of \$147,888,514. This deficit is driven by the District's recognition of the total other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") liability of \$162,001,992 as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

Table A-2: Condensed Statements of Net Position - Governmental Activities									
	6/30/19	6/30/18	\$ Change	% Change					
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 46,170,314 61,605,736	\$ 37,868,392 60,956,062	\$ 8,301,922 649,674	21.9 1.1					
Total assets	107,776,050	98,824,454	8,951,596	9.1					
Deferred outflows of resources	22,418,269	25,142,819	(2,724,550)	(10.8)					
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	9,933,110 209,775,801	9,647,779 209,323,305	285,331 452,496	3.0 0.2					
Total liabilities	219,708,911	218,971,084	737,827	0.3					
Deferred inflows of resources	16,973,567	8,537,860	8,435,707	98.8					
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	20,876,381 20,523,974 (147,888,514)	26,476,259 20,439,172 (150,457,102)	(5,599,878) 84,802 2,568,588	(21.2) 0.4 1.7					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (106,488,159)	\$ (103,541,671)	\$ (2,946,488)	(2.8)					

As of June 30, 2019, the District had positive working capital of \$5,759,113 as compared to \$6,147,876 as of June 30, 2018. The decrease is primarily due to an increase in compensated absences due within one year and pension obligations.

As of June 30, 2019, the District had an investment in capital assets of \$61,605,736 as compared to \$60,956,062 as of June 30, 2018. The increase is due to the current year outlay for ongoing capital projects exceeding depreciation charges and asset disposals.

Long-term liabilities increased \$452,496 primarily due to the net change in the total OPEB liability and the issuance of bonds and installment purchase debt payables offset by current year principal payments.

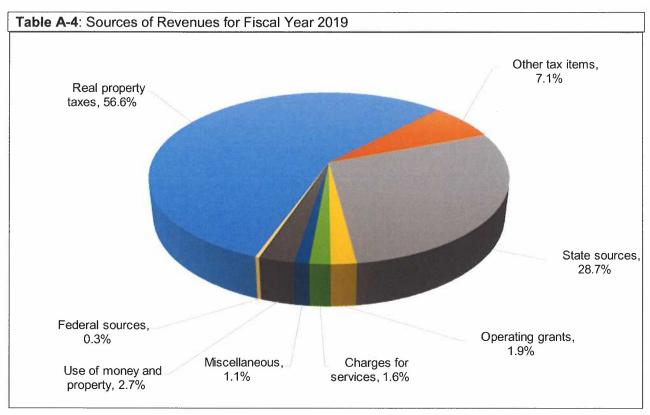
#### **Changes in Net Position**

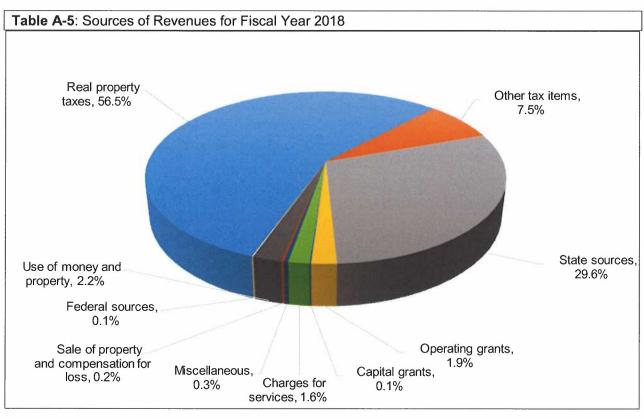
The District's fiscal year 2019 revenues totaled \$92,743,034 (See Table A-3). Property and other taxes and State sources accounted for most of the District's revenues (92.4%) (See Table A-4). The remainder came from charges for services, operating grants, sale of property and compensation for loss, miscellaneous sources and use of money and property.

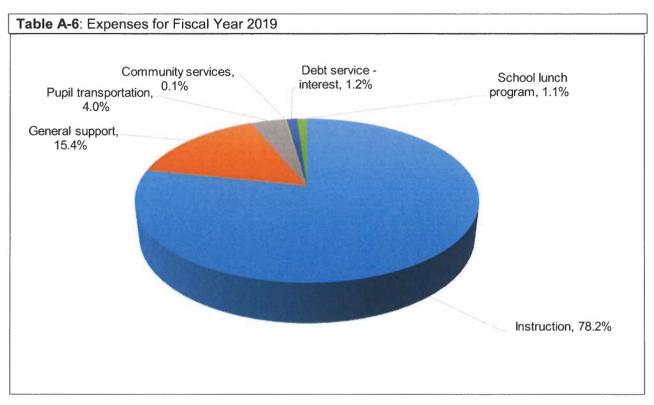
Revenues increased 2.0% or \$1,813,066, primarily as a direct result of an increase in real property taxes of \$1,163,334 (based on changes in assessed valuation and base allocations of real property), as well as, increase in interest income earned on investments and refunds of prior year expenditures.

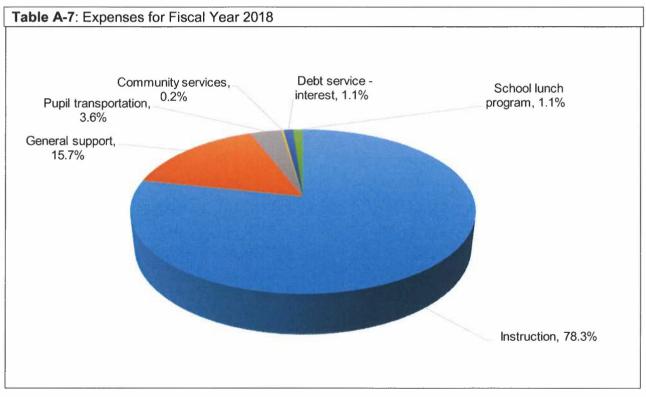
The District's fiscal year 2019 expenses totaled \$95,689,522 (See Table A-3). These expenses (93.6%) are predominantly related to instruction and general support (See Table A-6).

Table A-3: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results - Governmental Activities Only									
	<u>6/30/19</u> <u>6/30/18</u>		\$ Change		% Change				
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,486,641	\$	1,421,895	\$	64,746	4.6		
Operating grants		1,772,268		1,713,060		59,208	3.5		
Capital grants		-		48,316		(48,316)	(100.0)		
General revenues:									
Real property taxes	5	2,512,608		51,349,274		1,163,334	2.3		
Other tax items		6,588,100		6,829,608		(241,508)	(3.5)		
Use of money and property		2,511,326		2,010,562		500,764	24.9		
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss		16,103		190,352		(174,249)	(91.5)		
State sources	2	6,577,027		26,959,013		(381,986)	(1.4)		
Federal sources		249,060		119,188		129,872	109.0		
Miscellaneous		1,029,901		288,700		741,201	256.7		
Total revenues	9	2,743,034		90,929,968		1,813,066	2.0		
Expenses									
General support	1	4,740,626		15,523,435		(782,809)	(5.0)		
Instruction	7	4,791,002		77,213,880		(2,422,878)	(3.1)		
Pupil transportation		3,765,269		3,577,098		188,171	5.3		
Community services		134,549		146,981		(12,432)	(8.5)		
Debt service - interest		1,189,267		1,114,065		75,202	6.8		
School lunch program		1,068,809		1,038,365	_	30,444	2.9		
Total expenses	9	5,689,522		98,613,824		(2,924,302)	(3.0)		
Decrease in net position	(	2,946,488)		(7,683,856)		4,737,368	61.7		
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	(10	3,541,671)		(95,857,815)		(7,683,856)	(8.0)		
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (10	6,488,159)	\$ (	(103,541,671)	\$	(2,946,488)	(2.8)		









#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$92,743,034 while total expenses equaled \$95,689,522. The overall sound financial condition of the District, as a whole, can be credited to:

- Continued leadership of the District's Board and Administration;
- The Community's continued approval and support of the District's annual budgets;
- Long-range fiscal strategies that have effectively utilized the District's available resources to provide for fiscal stability and tax rate stabilization;
- Favorable debt costs due to a high Moody's Investors Service rating;
- Continued funding of reserves to stabilize the impact of cost increases; and
- Strategic use of services from the Eastern Suffolk BOCES and other cooperative bidding alternatives.

The major changes in revenues and expenses are as follows:

#### Revenues:

- Real property taxes increased by \$1,163,334. This increase was within the tax cap and reflects a modest tax increase to residents that allows for the continued stabilization of the District's comprehensive educational program opportunities.
- Miscellaneous sources increased by \$741,201. This increase is primarily due to refunds of prior year expenditures.
- State sources (aid) decreased by \$381,986, or 1.4%. This decrease is primarily due to a timing difference in the receipt of building aid. The District will begin to receive additional Building Aid once current outstanding capital projects are completed and finalized with the State Education Department.

#### Expenses:

• Instruction related expenses decreased by \$2,422,878, primarily due to decreases related to other post-employment benefits and pension costs.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2019, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$36,234,336 which is an increase of \$6,161,743 from the prior year. This increase is due primarily to bond and installment purchase debt issuances.

Fund balances for the District's governmental funds for the past two years were distributed as follows:

Table A-8: Fund Balances - Governmental Funds								
2	6/30/19	6/30/18	\$ Change	% Change				
General Fund								
Restricted:								
Retirement Contributions	\$ 8,952,244	\$ 8,549,345	\$ 402,899	4.7				
Workers' Compensation	1,832,828	1,988,946	(156,118)	(7.8)				
Unemployment Insurance	701,195	696,832	4,363	0.6				
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	7,860,339	7,823,795	36,544	0.5				
Bonded Debt	773,568	801,454	(27,886)	(3.5)				
Tax Reduction	403,800	578,800	(175,000)	(30.2)				
Assigned:								
Appropriated for subsequent								
year's expenditures	2,706,549	2,454,000	252,549	10.3				
Encumbrances	897,244	1,182,142	(284,898)	(24.1)				
Unassigned	3,626,011	3,602,466	23,545	0.7				
Total General Fund	27,753,778	27,677,780	75,998	0.3				
School Lunch Fund								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	20,210	25,918	(5,708)	(22.0)				
Assigned:								
Food Service Program	243,805	186,747	57,058	30.6				
Total School Lunch Fund	264,015	212,665	51,350	24.1				
Capital Projects Fund								
Assigned:								
District improvements	8,216,543	2,182,148	6,034,395	276.5				
Total Capital Projects Fund	8,216,543	2,182,148	6,034,395	276.5				
Total fund balance	\$ 36,234,336	\$ 30,072,593	\$ 6,161,743	20.5				

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$75,998 for fiscal 2019, as compared to a increase of \$403,996 for fiscal 2018. Revenues increased \$1,772,876 mainly as a result of an increase in the budgeted property tax levy and interest and earnings. Expenditures increased \$1,476,188 primarily due to increased instructional and employee benefit expenditures, all of which were budgeted for and actual results were below budget. Other financing uses decreased \$612,555 due to reclassification of prior year premium on obligations. As a result of revenues being greater than expenditures, the District reported an increase in the change in fund balance. Compared to projected performance, the District performed better than expected.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District's General Fund original budget for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$93,555,280. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$1,182,142 and a supplemental appropriation to State aid in the amount of \$53,000 to establish the final budget of \$94,790,422.

At June 30, 2019, the District's unassigned fund balance was \$3,626,011 which was within the allowable 4% of the subsequent year's original budget (\$94,353,656) as promulgated by New York State (see page 56). The following is a reconciliation of the General Fund's unassigned fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Unassigned fund balance, beginning of year Add:	\$ 3,602,466
Prior-year encumbrances	1,182,142
Prior-year appropriated fund balance	2,454,000
Board approved use of Retirement Contribution Reserve	1,195,000
Board approved use of Workers' Compensation Reserve	231,118
Board approved use of Unemployment Reserve	20,637
Board approved use of Bonded Debt Reserve	43,212
Board approved use of Tax Reduction Reserve	175,000
Board approved use of Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	392,847
Less:	
Current-year encumbrances	(897,244)
Current-year appropriated fund balance	(2,706,549)
Transfer and interest allocated to Retirement Contribution Reserves	(1,597,899)
Transfer and interest allocated to Workers' Compensation Reserve	(75,000)
Transfer and interest allocated to Unemployment Reserve	(25,000)
Interest allocated to Bonded Debt Reserves	(15,327)
Transfer and interest allocated to Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	(429,390)
Net change in fund balance	75,998_
Unassigned fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,626,011

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2019, the District had invested \$61,605,736 net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, buildings and improvements, construction-in-progress, furniture, machinery, equipment and vehicles.

Table A-9: Capital Assets (net of depreciation)										
	6/30/19		<u>6/30/19</u> <u>6/30/18</u>			Change	% Change			
Land	\$	303,740	\$	303,740	\$	-	15.1			
Construction-in-progress		6,986,177		2,737,052		4,249,125	155.2			
Buildings and building improvements		48,802,856		52,111,063	(	(3,308,207)	(6.3)			
Machinery and equipment		1,571,774		1,680,158		(108, 384)	(6.5)			
Vehicles		188,738		167,544		21,194	12.6			
Site improvements		3,752,451		3,956,505		(204,054)	(5.2)			
Totals	\$	61,605,736	\$	60,956,062	\$	649,674	1.1			

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$211,424,635 in general obligation bonds and other long-term liabilities.

Table A-10: Outstanding Long-Term L	iabilities			
	6/30/19	6/30/18	\$ Change	% Change
Bonds payable, net Installment purchase debt payable Other post-employment benefits	\$ 30,919,878 10,369,316 162,001,992	\$ 30,434,182 4,706,918 168,625,494	\$ 485,696 5,662,398 (6,623,502)	1.6 120.3 (3.9)
Compensated absences	8,133,449	7,970,509	162,940	2.0
Totals	\$ 211,424,635	\$ 211,737,103	\$ (312,468)	(0.1)

#### **FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial status in the future:

- New York State imposed a maximum tax levy increase of the lesser of 2% or the CPI for the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget, subject to certain exclusions. Based on the value of obligatory contractual increases and continued increases in the State's unfunded mandates, it is expected that reductions may be necessary. The District will continue to consolidate services to maintain its high standards. If the downward economic trend continues, and State mandates and legal requirements continue to escalate, there will be an inevitable negative impact on District programs.
- The General Fund budget for the 2019-2020 school year was approved by the voters in the amount of \$94,353,656. This is an increase of .85% over the previous year's budget.
- The 2019-2020 budget is impacted by certain trends affecting school districts. These include increases in health insurance costs, workers' compensation judgments and potential unemployment insurance claims, which are beyond the District's control.
- Continued fiscal burden for local school districts to fund additional Federal, State, and local unfunded mandates.
- The effect of rising interest rates on the District's future borrowings that may increase future budgetary appropriations.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Sayville Union Free School District Mr. John J. Belmonte Assistant Superintendent for Business 99 Greeley Avenue Sayville, New York 11782

#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **JUNE 30, 2019**

#### **ASSETS**

A33E13	
Unrestricted cash	\$ 12,895,766
Receivables:	0.700.400
State and federal aid  Due from fiduciary funds	2,730,403 916
Other	44,928
Inventories	20,210
Restricted cash	26,716,228
Proportionate share of net pension asset	3,761,863
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable	7,289,917
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation of \$65,079,712	E4 21E 910
01 \$05,079,712	54,315,819
Total assets	107,776,050
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred charges on bond refunding	559,839
Deferred outflows from pensions	21,858,430
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,418,269
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	977,402
Accrued liabilities	611,908
Due to other governments	39
Accrued interest payable	81,335
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,825,194
Due to employees' retirement system	377,244
Unearned revenue	55,741
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:  Bonds payable, net	3,172,300
Energy performance contract payable	505,360
Compensated absences	326,587
Long-term liabilities, due after one year:	
Bonds payable, net	27,747,578
Energy performance contract payable	9,863,956
Compensated absences Proportionate share of net pension liability	7,806,862 2,355,413
Other postemployment benefits obligation	162,001,992
Total liabilities	219,708,911
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5 500 050
Deferred inflows from pensions Deferred inflows from OPEB	5,582,953 11,390,614
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,973,567
NET POSITION	00.070.004
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	20,876,381
Retirement Contributions	8,952,244
Workers' Compensation	1,832,828
Unemployment Insurance	701,195
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	7,860,339
Bonded debt	773,568
Tax reduction	403,800
Unrestricted (deficit)	(147,888,514)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (106,488,159)

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Program	ues		et (Expense) Revenue and		
			Charges for		(	Operating		Changes in	
		Expenses		Services		Grants	Net Position		
Functions and programs:									
General support	\$	14,740,626	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(14,740,626)	
Instruction		74,791,002		617,763		1,542,331		(72,630,908)	
Pupil transportation		3,765,269		-		-		(3,765,269)	
Community services		134,549		-		-		(134,549)	
Debt service - interest		1,189,267		-		-		(1,189,267)	
School lunch program	<del></del>	1,068,809		868,878		229,937	-	30,006	
Total functions and programs	\$	95,689,522	\$	1,486,641	\$	1,772,268	_	(92,430,613)	
General revenues:									
Real property taxes								52,512,608	
Other tax items								6,588,100	
Use of money and property								2,511,326	
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss								16,103	
State sources								26,577,027	
Federal sources								249,060	
Miscellaneous								1,029,901	
Total general revenues								89,484,125	
Change in net position								(2,946,488)	
Total net position, beginning of year								(103,541,671)	
Total net position, end of year							\$	(106,488,159)	

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Major Funds									
			Special Revenue Funds							
ASSETS		General		Special Aid		School Lunch			Go	Total overnmental Funds
Unrestricted cash	\$	10,343,328	\$	256,343	\$	298,844	\$	1,997,251	\$	12,895,766
Receivables:	Φ	10,343,326	φ	250,545	Φ	290,044	Ф	1,997,251	Ф	12,095,700
State and federal aid		1,200,214		1,446,687		11,982		71,520		2,730,403
Due from other funds		1,500,108		-		-		- 1,020		1,500,108
Due from fiduciary funds		916		-		-		-11		916
Other		39,032		-		5,896		-		44,928
Inventories		· <del>-</del>		-		20,210		-		20,210
Restricted cash		20,564,454		-		-		6,151,774		26,716,228
Total assets	\$	33,648,052	\$	1,703,030	\$	336,932	\$	8,220,545	\$	43,908,559
LIABILITIES										
Payables:										
Accounts payable	\$	776,303	\$	194,885	\$	6,214	\$	2	\$	977,402
Accrued liabilities		568,129		12,039		31,740		2		611,908
Due to other governments		19		-		39		-		39
Due to other funds		-		1,496,106		-		4,002		1,500,108
Due to teachers' retirement system		3,825,194		-		-		-		3,825,194
Due to employees' retirement system		377,244		-		-		-		377,244
Compensated absences		326,587		-		-		-		326,587
Unearned revenues		20,817				34,924	_			55,741
Total liabilities		5,894,274		1,703,030		72,917		4,002		7,674,223
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		-		-		20,210		_		20,210
Restricted		20,523,974		-		· _		-		20,523,974
Assigned		3,603,793		-		243,805		8,216,543		12,064,141
Unassigned		3,626,011		-	_	-				3,626,011
Total fund balance		27,753,778		-		264,015		8,216,543		36,234,336
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	33,648,052	\$	1,703,030	\$	336,932	\$_	8,220,545	\$	43,908,559

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 36,234,336
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to the following:		
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position:		
Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable	\$ 7,289,917 119,395,531	
Accumulated depreciation	(65,079,712)	61,605,736
Deferred charges on advance refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are reflected on the Statement of Net Position		
and amortized over the life of the related bonds.		559,839
Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with		
participation in the State retirement systems or OPEB are not current		
financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the governmental funds:  Deferred outflows of resources - pension related	21,858,430	
Proportionate share of net pension asset Proportionate share of net pension liability	3,761,863 (2,355,413)	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension related Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related	(5,582,953) (11,390,614)	6,291,313
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities		0,20.,0.0
are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not		
reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position:		
Bonds payable, net Installment purchase debt payable	(30,919,878) (10,369,316)	
Total OPEB liability	(162,001,992)	
Compensated absences payable	(7,806,862)	(211,098,048)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the		
fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in		
the Statement of Net Position.		(81,335)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (106,488,159)

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### Major Funds

		Special Rev	enue Funds			
	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$ 52,512,608	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,512,608	
Other tax items	6,588,100	-	-	-	6,588,100	
Charges for services	617,763	-	-	=	617,763	
Use of money and property	2,506,271	-	5,055	-	2,511,326	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	16,103			-	16,103	
State sources	26,577,027	699,006	11,847	•	27,287,880	
Federal sources	249,060	843,325	218,090	- "	1,310,475	
Sales		-	868,878	5	868,878	
Miscellaneous	1,009,366		11,262		1,020,628	
Total revenues	90,076,298	1,542,331	1,115,132		92,733,761	
EXPENDITURES						
Current - General support	44 200 442				44 000 440	
Instruction	11,386,412 48,776,097	1,474,931	-	-	11,386,412	
Pupil transportation			1		50,251,028	
Community services	3,579,927 88,780	149,209	-	-	3,729,136	
Employee benefits	20,566,081	56,788	83,866	-	88,780 20,706,735	
Cost of sales	20,300,001	50,766	979,916		979,916	
Capital outlay			373,310	4,492,379	4,492,379	
Debt service -				4,402,010	7,732,373	
Principal	3,304,376		Ę	2	3,304,376	
Interest	1,372,160				1,372,160	
Total expenditures	89,073,833	1,680,928	1,063,782	4,492,379	96,310,922	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	1,002,465	(138,597)	51,350	(4,492,379)	(3,577,161)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from issuance of serial bonds		~	-	3,575,000	3,575,000	
Premium on issuance of serial bonds	12,130	-	-		12,130	
Proceeds from issuance of installment purchase debt	-		-	6,151,774	6,151,774	
Transfers in		138,597	-	800,000	938,597	
Transfers out	(938,597)				(938,597)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(926,467)	138,597		10,526,774	9,738,904	
Change in fund balance	75,998	-	51,350	6,034,395	6,161,743	
Fund balance, beginning of year	27,677,780		212,665	2,182,148	30,072,593	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 27,753,778	\$ -	\$ 264,015	\$ 8,216,543	\$ 36,234,336	

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 6,161,743
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period is:		
Capital outlay, net Depreciation expense	\$ 4,676,947 (4,027,273)	649,674
Amortization of bond premiums and deferred charges on bond refundings do not affect the governmental funds, but are recorded in the Statement of Activities.  Amortization of bond premiums	286,434	
Amortization of deferred charges	(101,458)	184,976
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		
Issuance of serial bonds	(3,575,000)	
Premium on issuance of serial bonds	(12,130)	
Issuance of installment purchase debt	(6,151,774)	
Repayment of bond principal  Repayment of installment purchase debt payable	2,815,000 489,376	(6,434,528)
repayment of installment purchase door payable	400,070	(0,434,320)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as		
expenditures in governmental funds:		
Total OPEB liability	6,623,502	
Compensated absences payable Accrued interest costs	16,573 (2,083)	6,637,992
Accided interest costs	(2,003)	0,037,992
Changes in the amount of total OPEB liability deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(10,822,392)
reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(10,022,392)
Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the State retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not		
provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore		
are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Proportionate share of net pension asset	2,168,781	
Deferred outflows of resources from pensions	(2,623,092)	
Proportionate share of net pension liability  Deferred inflows of resources from pensions	(1,256,327) 2,386,685	676,047
	2,300,000	 <u> </u>
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (2,946,488)

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Scholarship Trusts		Agency Funds	
ASSETS				
Restricted cash	\$	632,421	\$	487,958
Total assets	\$	632,421	\$	487,958
LIABILITIES				
Extraclassroom activity balances Other liabilities Due to governmental funds	\$		\$	209,234 277,808 916
Total liabilities		-	\$	487,958
NET POSITION				
Restricted: Scholarships		632,421		
Total net position		632,421		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	632,421		

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Scholarship Trusts	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions Investment earnings:	\$	31,084
Interest		12,398
Total additions		43,482
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships and awards		54,807
Total deductions		54,807
Change in net position		(11,325)
Net position, beginning of year		643,746
Net position, end of year	\$	632,421

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

#### A. Reporting entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of five members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on such criteria the District has determined there are no component units to be included within their reporting entity.

#### B. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found elsewhere in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

#### C. <u>Joint venture</u>

The District is a component district in the Western Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the

New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$2,850,939 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,486,252.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

#### D. Basis of presentation

#### 1. District-wide financial statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary.

Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid (sources), intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received from State and federal grants that are restricted for educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of District facilities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Private purpose trust funds</u>: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency funds</u>: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or Extraclassroom Activity Funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

#### E. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, State aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### F. Property taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than November 1<sup>st</sup>, and become a lien on December 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are collected by the Town of Islip and remitted to the District. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County.

#### G. Restricted resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

#### H. Interfund transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent year. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

In the District-wide financial statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 10 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of long-lived assets, the proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities, and the total OPEB liability.

#### J. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies; obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts and obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (if permitted by the District's policy).

#### K. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### L. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and may be recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### M. Other assets/restricted assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the District-wide financial statements as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

In the District-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

#### N. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 1975. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 1975, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	•	talization reshold	DepreciationMethod	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and building improvements Site improvements Equipment and vehicles	\$	1,000	Straight-line	15-50 years
	\$	1,000	Straight-line	20 years
	\$	1,000	Straight-line	5-20 years

#### O. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

#### P. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the Statement

of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability (NYSTRS and NYSERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs.

#### Q. Unearned revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### R. <u>Vested employee benefits - compensated absences</u>

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on last-in first-out (LIFO) basis.

Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Pronouncements, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

#### S. Other benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure (see Note 11 for more information).

#### T. Short-term debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") and Tax Anticipation Notes ("TAN"), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The

RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes ("BAN"), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

As of June 30, 2019, the District does not have any outstanding RAN's, TAN's, BAN's or deficiency notes.

#### U. Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### V. Equity classifications

#### District-wide financial statements

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

- 1. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u>: Consists of capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position: Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

3. <u>Unrestricted net position</u>: Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$20,210.
- 2. Restricted Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

#### **Unemployment Insurance**

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to the tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

#### Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

#### **Employee Benefit Accrued Liability**

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

#### Tax Reduction

According to Education Law §1604, permits the District to retain the proceeds from the sale of school district real property that are not needed to pay any debts. The proceeds are used to reduce real property taxes over a period not to exceed ten years. It may be established and expended without voter approval. This reserve was established in the current year with the sale of a library building. Such reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Bonded debt

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the General Fund.

- 3. <u>Committed</u>- Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.
- 4. <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.
- 5. <u>Unassigned</u> Includes all other General Fund fund balance that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted or assigned.

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 were distributed as follows:

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 were distributed as follows:

	General	School Lunch	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$ -	\$ 20,210	\$ -	\$ 20,210	
Total nonspendable		20,210		20,210	
Restricted:					
Retirement Contributions	8,952,244	£	-	8,952,244	
Workers' Compensation	1,832,828	-	-	1,832,828	
Unemployment Insurance	701,195		-	701,195	
<b>Employee Benefit Accrued Liability</b>	7,860,339	-	-	7,860,339	
Bonded Debt	773,568	-	-	773,568	
Tax Reduction	403,800			403,800	
Total restricted	20,523,974			20,523,974	
Assigned:					
Appropriated for subsequent					
year's expenditures	2,706,549	·	-:	2,706,549	
Encumbrances	897,244	-	-:	897,244	
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	8,216,543	8,216,543	
Food service program		243,805		243,805	
Total assigned	3,603,793	243,805	8,216,543	12,064,141	
Unassigned	3,626,011			3,626,011	
Total	\$ 27,753,778	\$ 264,015	\$ 8,216,543	\$ 36,234,336	

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year, encumbrances and amounts reserved for insurance recoveries are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### Order of use of fund balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

### 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the District-wide financial statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide financial statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

#### A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions.

### B. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities</u>

Differences between the funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The categories are shown below:

#### 1. Long-term revenue/expense differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### 2. <u>Capital related differences</u>

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### 3. Long-term debt transaction differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 4. Pension differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

#### OPEB differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgets**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments are approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the year, there was a supplemental appropriation for other state aid totaling \$53,000.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Budgets are established and used for the individual Capital Projects Fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

### 4. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, AND INTEREST RATE RISKS</u>

The District's aggregate bank balances, including balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, are collateralized as follows:

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name \$43,127,322

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$26,716,228 within the governmental funds and \$1,120,379 in the fiduciary funds.

### Investment and deposit policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Official of the District.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### Credit risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts
- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

### Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities
- Obligations issued by other than New York State in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### 5. RECEIVABLES

### A. State and federal aid

State and federal aid receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

General Fund:	
General aid	\$ 179,097
Excess cost aid	352,303
BOCES aid	668,814
Special Aid Fund:	
State and federal grants	1,446,687
Outside Frank	
School Lunch Fund:	44.000
School lunch reimbursement	11,982
Capital Projects Fund:	
State and federal grants	71,520
	\$ 2.730.403

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Beginning		Reductions/	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reclassifications	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:		1	_	
Land	\$ 303,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 303,740
Construction-in-progress	2,737,052	4,492,379	(243,254)	6,986,177
Total nondepreciable assets	3,040,792	4,492,379	(243,254)	7,289,917
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and building				
improvements	109,107,132	-	243,254	109,350,386
Machinery and equipment	4,506,821	116,985	(44,675)	4,579,131
Vehicles	730,035	67,583	-	797,618
Site improvements	4,668,396	-	-	4,668,396
Total depreciable assets	119,012,384	184,568	198,579	119,395,531
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and building				
improvements	56,996,069	3,551,461	-	60,547,530
Machinery and equipment	2,826,663	225,369	(44,675)	3,007,357
Vehicles	562,491	46,389	T-	608,880
Site improvements	711,891	204,054		915,945
Total accumulated depreciation	61,097,114	4,027,273	(44,675)	65,079,712
Total capital assets, net	\$ 60,956,062	\$ 649,674	\$ -	\$ 61,605,736

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$	166,977
Instruction		3,855,269
School lunch		5,027
	\$	4,027,273

### 7. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	eginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance
	 	100000		 Jaiarioo
TAN matured on 6/27/19 at 3.00%	\$ -	\$ 14,500,000	\$ 14,500,000	\$ -

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$192,415.

### 8. **LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

		Beginning Balance	Additions			Reductions	Ending Balance			Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:												
Bonds payable	\$	27,820,000	\$	3,575,000	\$	2,815,000	\$	28,580,000	\$	2,885,000		
Bond premium		2,614,182		12,130		286,434		2,339,878		287,300		
Bonds payable, net		30,434,182		3,587,130		3,101,434		30,919,878		3,172,300		
Energy performance contract												
debt payable		4,706,918		6,151,774		489,376		10,369,316		505,360		
Other post-employment benefits	1	68,625,494		-		6,623,502		162,001,992		-		
Compensated absences		7,970,509		162,940		-		8,133,449		326,587		
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2	11,737,103	\$	9,901,844	\$	10,214,312	•	211,424,635	\$	4,004,247		
Total long-term liabilities	Ψ Ζ	11,757,105	Ψ	9,901,044	Ψ	10,214,312	φ.	211,424,000	<u>Ф</u>	4,004,247		

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the liabilities above.

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

Description	Issue	Final	Interest	Outs	standing
of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	_at 6/	30/2019
Serial bonds - refunding	2012	2021	4.00%	\$	700,000
Serial bonds	2014	2020	1.70 - 2.10%	Ψ	75,000
Serial bonds - refunding	2015	2025	3.00%		780,000
Serial bonds - refunding	2016	2028	4.00%	5	,885,000
Serial bonds - refunding	2016	2029	4.00%		,815,000
Serial bonds	2017	2023	2.00 - 3.00%		,975,000
Serial bonds	2018	2032	3.00 - 3.25%		,350,000
Certai bortas	2010	2000	3.00 - 3.2370		,330,000
				\$ 28	,580,000
_					
Energy performance contract	2011	2026	3.24%		,217,542
Energy performance contract	2019	2034	2.82%	6	,151,774
				\$ 10	,369,316
	Serial Bonds	Energy P	erformance Contra	acts	
Prir	ncipal Interest	Princip	al Interes	t	Total
June 30,	885 000 ¢ 081 s	213 \$ 505	360 \$ 248	722 (	4 620 80

	Serial	Bonds	Energy Perform			
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
<u>June 30,</u>						
2020	\$ 2,885,000	\$ 981,813	\$ 505,360	\$ 248,723	\$ 4,620,896	
2021	2,755,000	880,825	885,831	287,014	4,808,670	
2022	2,460,000	782,875	913,212	259,632	4,415,719	
2023	2,460,000	696,775	941,444	231,400	4,329,619	
2024	2,455,000	610,675	970,553	202,291	4,238,519	
2025-2029	11,615,000	1,744,425	3,674,659	594,694	17,628,778	
2030-2034	3,950,000	258,063	2,478,257	196,225	6,882,545	
	\$ 28,580,000	\$ 5,955,451	\$ 10,369,316	\$ 2,019,979	\$ 46,924,746	

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

Interest paid	\$ 1,179,745
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(79,252)
Plus amortization of deferred charges	101,458
Less amortization of bond premium	(286,434)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	81,335
Total interest expense	\$ 996,852

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the District issued \$3,575,000 of Serial Bonds at an interest rate of 3.00% - 3.25% maturing on June 15, 2033.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District is amortizing deferred charges on the advance refunding and a refunding bond premium relating to bond issuance as a component of interest expense on a weighted average basis as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Deferred Premium		Deferred Charge		Net Decrease in Interest Expense		
2020	\$	287,300	\$	(101,458)	\$	185,842	
2021		271,243		(90, 162)		181,081	
2022		210,232		(47,249)		162,983	
2023		210,232		(47,249)		162,983	
2024		210,232		(47,249)		162,983	
2025 - 2029		1,017,538		(226,472)		791,066	
2030 - 2032		133,099		-		133,099	
Total	\$	2,339,876	\$	(559,839)	\$	1,780,037	

### 9. PENSION PLANS

#### General information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("NYSERS"). These are cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability

#### Provisions and administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. NYSTRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL governs obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. NYSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

### Funding policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under NYSERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For NYSTRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For NYSERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the NYSERS' fiscal year ended March 31.

The District share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	NYSERS		NYSTRS
2019 2018	\$ 1,521,315 1,562,552	\$	3,729,262 3,320,920
2017	1,493,981		3,892,908

Pension assets, liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2018 for NYSTRS and March 31, 2019 for NYSERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems in reports provided to the District:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (2,355,413)	\$ 3,761,863
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.03324%	0.20804%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,732,354 for NYSERS and \$2,933,519 for NYSTRS. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSERS		Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSTRS		Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSERS		l R	Deferred nflows of esources - NYSTRS
Difference between expected experience and actual experience	\$	463,830	\$	2,811,210	\$	158,114	\$	509,220
Changes of assumptions		592,055		13,150,178		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		604,529		4,175,954
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		427,105		211,614		35,982		99,154
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		377,244		3,825,194				
Total	\$	1,860,234	\$	19,998,196	\$	798,625	\$	4,784,328

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset/(liability) in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	1	NYSERS		NYSTRS		
For the year ended June 30,:						
2020	\$	644,807	\$	3,784,592		
2021		(349,569)		2,573,997		
2022		36,671		283,934		
2023		352,456		2,565,134		
2024		-		1,758,487		
Thereafter		•••		422,530		

### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/(liability) to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2018	June 30, 2017
Interest rate	7.00%	7.25%
Salary scale	4.20%	*Rates of increase differ based on service
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.25%

<sup>\*</sup>The salary scale used for NYSTRS changes based upon levels of service as defined below:

Service	Rate		
5	4.72%		
15	3.46%		
25	2.37%		
35	1.90%		

For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014. For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	NYS	NYSERS		NYSTRS		
	Target allocation	Long-term rate	Target allocation	Long-term rate		
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018		
Asset type						
Absolute return strategies	2.00%	3.75%	-	.21		
Bonds and mortgages	17.00%	1.31%	-	-		
Cash	1.00%	(0.25%)		=		
Domestic equity	36.00%	4.55%	33.00%	5.80%		
Domestic fixed income	=	-	16.00%	1.60%		
Global equities	-		4.00%	6.70%		
Global fixed income	-	-	2.00%	0.09%		
High-yield fixed income	-	-	1.00%	3.50%		
Inflation-indexed bonds	4.00%	1.25%	-	-		
International equity	14.00%	6.35%	16.00%	7.30%		
Opportunistic porfolio	3.00%	5.68%	-	-		
Private debt	¥	-	1.00%	6.80%		
Private equity	10.00%	7.50%	8.00%	8.90%		
Real assets	3.00%	5.29%	-	10.		
Real estate debt	-	-	7.00%	2.80%		
Real estate equities	10.00%	5.55%	11.00%	2.80%		
Short-term		-	1.00%	0.30%		
	100.00%		100.00%			

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/(liability) was 7.0% for NYSERS and 7.25% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/(liability).

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) to the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% for NYSERS and 7.25% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0% for NYSERS and 6.25% for NYSTRS) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0% for NYSERS and 8.25% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

<u>NYSERS</u>	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current assumption (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (10,298,241)	\$ (2,355,413)	\$ 4,317,126
<u>NYSTRS</u>	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current assumption (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (25,844,611)	\$ 3,761,863	\$ 28,563,860

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)			
	NYSERS	NYSTRS	Total	
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 189,803,429	\$ 118,107,253	\$ 307,910,682	
Plan net position	182,718,124	119,915,517	302,633,641	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (7,085,305)	\$ 1,808,264	\$ (5,277,041)	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	96.27%	101.53%	98.29%	

### Payables to the pension plan

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the system in September, October and November 2019 through a State aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$3,825,194.

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid NYSERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$377,244. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

### 10. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Interfund						
	<u>F</u>	<u>Receivable</u>		Payable	R	evenues	Exp	penditures
General Fund	\$	1,501,024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	938,597
Special Aid Fund		-		1,496,106		138,597		-
Capital Projects Fund		-		4,002		800,000		-
Fiduciary Funds		-		916		-		-
Totals	\$	1,501,024	\$	1,501,024	\$	938,597	\$	938,597

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

#### A. General information about the OPEB plan

### Plan description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

### Benefits provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

### Employees covered by benefit terms

As of July 1, 2017, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	525
Active plan members	413
Total plan members	938

### B. Total OPEB liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$162,001,992 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

### Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	3.00% average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.5% scaling down to 4.5% over 7 years
Retirees' share of benefit-related	0% to 8% of projected health insurance
costs	premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2018 Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2017.

### C. Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 168,625,494
Changes for the year - Service cost Interest Change of assumptions Benefit payments	5,913,107 5,167,585 (13,098,652) (4,605,542)
Net changes	(6,623,502)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 162,001,992

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase	
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)	
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$ 189,751,619	\$ 162,001,992	\$139,710,072	

### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.50%) or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase	
	(6.5%	(7.5%	(8.5%	
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to	
	3.5%)	4.5%)	5.5%)	
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019	\$ 133,353,178	\$ 162,001,992	\$ 201,821,740	

### D. <u>OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,804,432. At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources:

	Out Res	ferred flows of ources -	J	Deferred nflows of esources -
		PEB		OPEB
Difference between expected experience and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	-	\$	475,071 10,915,543
Total	\$		\$	11,390,614

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

\$ (2,276,260)
(2,276,260)
(2,276,260)
(2,276,260)
(2,276,258)
(9,316)
\$

### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

### Suffolk School Employees Health Plan

The Sayville Union Free School District was part of a self-insured health benefits plan (SSEHP) until January 1, 2015. Presently there is a pending legal matter involving funds collected by the Voluntary Employees Beneficiary Association ("VEBA") for the payment of claims. This litigation is still in the discovery phase. The District, to be conservative, had set up an amount for any potential remaining liabilities in the amount of \$759,465. Management had discussions with counsel during fiscal 2019 and it was decided to reduce the accrual and include the revenue (refund of prior years' expenses) in the 18/19 budget which was approved by the community. This reduced the tax rate. Counsel recently confirmed that at this point there is no amount anticipated as due to the prior self-insured plan.

### 13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### Government grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

### Property tax cap

In June 2011, the New York State Legislature enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions. For fiscal years through at least June 15, 2020, growth in the property tax levy (the total amount to be raised through property taxes charged on a municipality's taxable assessed value of property) will be capped at 2 percent, plus the inflation factor (but not less than 0 percent), whichever is less, with some exceptions. The New York State Comptroller set the allowable levy growth factor for local governments for fiscal years beginning July 1, 2018 at 1.02% (before exemptions). School districts can exceed the tax levy limit by a 60% vote of the governing body, subject to voter approval.

#### Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of business. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time. It is the opinion of the District's attorneys that this will not exceed insurance coverage.

### 14. TAX ABATEMENTS

In 2012, the Town of Islip Industrial Development Agency ("IDA") made an agreement with Engel Burman of Sayville, LLC to give financial assistance through exemptions for the building of a \$40 million assisted living facility. This agreement was amended and assumed by HSRE-EB Sayville, LLC in 2015.

The original taxable assessed value of the property was \$329,500 with a projected taxable assessed value of the facility upon completion of \$2,500,000. The taxable assessed value will increase by \$217,050 annually until it approximates \$2,500,000. The District receives a payment in lieu of taxes until the PILOT Agreement expires in 2024/25.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$352,040 as PILOT.

### 15. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The District will evaluate the impact each of these upcoming pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material. The following is a list of GASB pronouncements issued but not yet effective:

GASB Statement No.	GASB Accounting Standard	Effective Fiscal Year
Statement No. 84	Fiduciary Activities	June 30, 2020
Statement No. 87	Leases	June 30, 2021
Statement No. 89	Accounting For Interest Cost Incurred Before The End Of A Construction Period	June 30, 2021

### 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the Statement of Net Position through the date of October 10, 2019 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, noting no matters requiring further consideration.

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Year-end Encumbrances	Variance
REVENUES					
Local sources: Real property taxes	\$ 52,207,429	\$ 52,207,429	\$ 52,512,608		\$ 305,179
Other tax items	6,893,678	6,893,678	6,588,100		(305,578)
Charges for services	581,000	581,000	617,763		36,763
Use of money and property	1,932,925	1,932,925	2,506,271		573,346
Sale of property and compensation for loss	29,200	29,200	16,103		(13,097)
Miscellaneous	919,466	919,466	1,009,366		89,900
Total local sources	62,563,698	62,563,698	63,250,211		686,513
State sources Federal sources	26,742,582 85,000	26,795,582 85,000	26,577,027 249,060		(218,555) 164,060
Total revenues	89,391,280	89,444,280	90,076,298		632,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Premium on issuance of serial bonds	-	-	12,130		12,130
Total revenues and other financing sources	89,391,280	89,444,280	90,088,428		\$ 644,148
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE					
Appropriated fund balance	2,454,000	2,454,000	-		
Prior year encumbrances	1,182,142	1,182,142	-		
Appropriated reserves	1,710,000	1,710,000	-		
Total revenues, other financing sources and	0.4 707 400	0.4.700.400			
appropriated fund balance	94,737,422	94,790,422	90,088,428		
EXPENDITURES					
General support:					
Board of Education	64,019	73,019	63,270	\$ -	\$ 9,749
Central administration	379,019	417,571	416,164	75	1,332
Finance Staff	1,317,093	1,343,042	1,239,196	38,928	64,918
Central services	770,139 8,126,000	822,450 8,914,479	770,614 8,057,549	36,255 462,409	15,581 394,521
Special items	893,512	873,569	839,619	402,409	33,950
				507.007	
Total general support	11,549,782	12,444,130	11,386,412	537,667	520,051
Instruction:					
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,291,957	3,360,017	3,144,639	13,343	202,035
Teaching - regular school	25,705,663	25,911,999	25,222,630	50,361	639,008
Programs for children with handicapping conditions Occupational education	12,468,081 394,179	12,117,214 424,546	11,439,159	142,789	535,266 1
Teaching - special school	190,200	177,596	424,545 161,124	_	16,472
Instructional media	3,856,040	3,987,348	3,681,454	94,664	211,230
Pupil services	4,693,946	4,917,036	4,702,546	7,742	206,748
Total instruction	50,600,066	50,895,756	48,776,097	308,899	1,810,760
Pupil transportation	4,069,054	4,059,060	3,579,927	-	479,133
Community services Employee benefits	115,703 22,496,942	114,248 21,404,371	88,780 20,566,081	50,678	25,468 787,612
Debt service:	22,430,342	21,404,571	20,300,001	30,070	707,012
Principal	3,391,540	3,391,540	3,304,376	(4)	87,164
Interest	1,514,335	1,488,335	1,372,160	-	116,175
Total expenditures	93,737,422	93,797,440	89,073,833	897,244	3,826,363
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Interfund transfers	1,000,000	992,982	938,597		54,385
Total expenditures and other financing uses	94,737,422	94,790,422	90,012,430	\$ 897,244	\$ 3,880,748
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	75,998		
Fund balance, beginning of year			27,677,780		
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 27,753,778		

### Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

Measurement date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 5,913,107	\$ 5,740,881
Interest	5,167,585	4,985,348
Changes in assumptions or inputs	(13,098,652)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	-	(661,373)
Benefit payments	(4,605,542)	(3,725,955)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(6,623,502)	6,338,901
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	168,625,494	162,286,593
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 162,001,992	\$ 168,625,494
Covered payroll	\$ 41,059,180	\$ 41,059,180
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	394.56%	410.69%

### **Note to Required Supplementary Information**

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits, as New York State currently does not allow school districts to establish this type of trust. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - NYSERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	(A) 2016	2015	**2014	**2013	**2012	**2011	**2010
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.03324%	0.03405%	0.03390%	0.03363%	0.03375%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ (2,355)	\$ (1,099)	\$ (3,185)	\$ (5,398)	\$ (1,141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,426	\$ 10,471	\$ 10,501	\$ 9,935	\$ 9,495	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	22.59%	10.50%	30.33%	54.33%	11.71%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of March 31.

(A) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

Not Available = N/A

### \*\*Note to Required Supplementary Information

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) - NYSTRS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS\* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019	(A) 2018	(B) 2017	2016	2015	**2014	**2013	**2012	**2011	**2010
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.20804%	0.20959%	0.21174%	0.21048%	0.20804%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 3,762	\$ 1,593	\$ (2,268)	\$ 21,863	\$ 23,174	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll	\$ 34,403	\$ 33,603	\$ 31,900	\$ 31,191	\$ 30,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	10.93%	4.74%	7.11%	70.09%	75.81%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	101.53%	111.48%	110.46%	99.01%	100.66%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of June 30.

- (A) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.
- (B) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2016 measurement date.

Not Available = N/A

#### \*\*Note to Required Supplementary Information

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	*2014	*2013	*2012	*2011	*2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,521	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,695	\$ 1,814	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,521	1,563	1,494	1,695	1,814	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,419	\$ 10,616	\$ 10,099	\$ 9,974	\$ 9,846	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.60%	14.72%	14.79%	16.99%	18.42%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Not Available = N/A

### \*Note to Required Supplementary Information

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSTRS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	*2014	*2013	*2012	*2011	*2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,321	\$ 3,893	\$ 3,893	\$ 4,333	\$ 5,543	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,321_	3,893	3,893	4,333	5,543	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,348	\$ 34,403	\$ 33,603	\$ 31,860	\$ 31,191	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.14%	11.32%	11.59%	13.60%	17.77%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Not Available = N/A

### \*Note to Required Supplementary Information

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### Change from adopted budget to final budget:

Original budget	\$ 93,555,280	
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	1,182,142	
Adopted budget		\$ 94,737,422
Budget revisions relating to: State aid		 53,000
Final budget		\$ 94,790,422
§1318 of real property tax law limit calculation:		
2019-2020 voter-approved budget		\$ 94,353,656
Maximum allowed (4% of 2019-2020 budget)		\$ 3,774,146
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 3,603,793 3,626,011	\$ 7,229,804
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances	2,706,549 897,244	3,603,793
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law		\$ 3,626,011
Actual percentage		 3.84%

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Expenditures				Methods of Financing											
Project Title	 Original Budget	Revised Budget		Prior Years		Current Year	Total		expended Balance		oceeds of bligations	St	ate Aid		Local Sources	-63	Total	Fund Balance ne 30, 2019
Cherry Avenue Vents	\$ 45,182	\$ 645,083	\$	591,194	\$	53,889	\$ 645,083	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	645,083	\$	645,083	\$ -
Middle School Vents	267,693	874,646		46,428		729,337	775,765		98,881		2.7				874,646		874,646	98,881
High School Gym Floor Replacment	12,877	189,365		12,877		176,488	189,365		-		-		20		189,365		189,365	-
Smart Bond	71,399	71,521		71,521		-	71,521				-		-		71,521		71,521	-
High School Masonry Reconstruction	16,559	16,559		-		12,420	12,420		4,139		-		-		16,559		16,559	4,139
2019 Energy Performace Contract - District-wide	6,151,774	6,151,774		-		-	-		6,151,774		6,151,774		-		=		6,151,774	6,151,774
Bond Issues - District-wide Improvements	 	 19,230,618	_	13,748,624		3,520,245	 17,268,869	_	1,961,749		19,230,618		-		-	-	19,230,618	 1,961,749
Totals	\$ 6,565,484	\$ 27,179,566	\$	14,470,644	\$	4,492,379	\$ 18,963,023	\$	8,216,543	\$ :	25,382,392	\$		\$	1,797,174	\$ :	27,179,566	\$ 8,216,543

<sup>\*</sup> The residents of the District approved a \$19.2 million bond authorization for District wide improvements on May 19, 2015. Revised Budget includes a General Fund Appropriation for payment of BANs in the amount of \$1.6 million and \$33,617 in miscellaenous receipts.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2019

Capital assets, net		\$ 61,605,736
Add: Deferred charges for advance refunding		559,839
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable, net Long-term portion of bonds payable, net Short-term portion of energy performance contract payable Long-term portion of energy performance contract payable	3,172,300 27,747,578 505,360 9,863,956	41,289,194
Net investment in capital assets	,	\$ 20,876,381

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report On Extraclassroom Activity Funds Financial Statement	60
Financial Statement:	
Statement Of Cash Receipts And Disbursements:	
High School	62
Middle School	63
Note To Financial Statement	64



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

We have audited the accompanying statement of cash receipts and disbursements of the various Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related note to financial statement, which collectively comprise the financial statements of the District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of cash receipts and disbursements is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Nawrocki Smith

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the statement of cash receipts and disbursements referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the cash receipts and disbursements of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Sayville Union Free School District for the year ended June 30, 2019 in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of this financial statement, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statement is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Navrocli Smith LLP

Melville, New York October 10, 2019

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# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Cash Balances						Cash Balances
	July 1, 2018		Receipts		Disbursements		June 30, 2019	
High School:								
Class Funds	\$	25,092.33	\$	77,146.30	\$	84,032.22	\$	18,206.41
Anchor		763.88		820.00		965.60		618.28
Art Club		4,609.91		1,692.00		2,490.63		3,811.28
Athletes Helping Others		1,456.38		1,020.00		887.43		1,588.95
History Club		3,185.15		1,485.00		1,884.91		2,785.24
Interact Club		3,445.81		845.00		65.18		4,225.63
Jazz Choir		0.76		350.00		-		350.76
Jazz Ensemble		0.62		-		-		0.62
Key Club		2,341.76		-		400.00		1,941.76
Model UN		=		450.00		370.00		80.00
National Art Honor Society		126.07		5,140.00		575.00		4,691.07
National Honor Society		643.06		1,685.00		1,499.95		828.11
Orchestra Club		4,813.70		5,014.90		5,049.78		4,778.82
Publications		66,161.32		5,626.01		8,055.03		63,732.30
Robotics		1,837.96		750.00		1,395.68		1,192.28
S.A.D.D		1,322.93		-		150.00		1,172.93
School Store		7,543.63		3,210.49		3,381.58		7,372.54
Science Olympiad		231.37		-		-		231.37
Student Government		1,178.79		4,286.47		2,193.18		3,272.08
Sweep		207.83		3,360.00		3,400.00		167.83
Tri-M Music		2,263.85		5,159.00		1,785.46		5,637.39
	•	407.007.44	•	440.040.47	Φ.	440 504 00	¢.	400.005.05
	\$	127,227.11	\$	118,040.17	\$	118,581.63	\$	126,685.65

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Cash Balances July 1, 2018		Receipts Disbursements		Cash Balances June 30, 2019		
Middle School:	· · · · · ·							
Class Funds	\$	29,430.28	\$	219,382.68	\$	207,310.00	\$	41,502.96
Honor Society		2,666.09		1,566.00		-		4,232.09
Hope Club		2,487.69		8,888.11		9,125.93		2,249.87
Industrial Arts Club		382.86		-		-		382.86
Publications		15,495.44		395.00		101.85		15,788.59
School Store		3,884.68		3,145.85		2,433.72		4,596.81
Student Council		5,735.29		8,238.48		3,562.53		10,411.24
Theatre Club		793.30		-		-		793.30
Musical		2,111.00		900.00		420.00		2,591.00
		-						
	\$	62,986.63	\$	242,516.12	\$	222,954.03	\$	82,548.72

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District").

The accounts of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District are maintained on a cash basis, and the Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements reflects only cash received and disbursed. Therefore, receivables and payables, inventories, long-lived assets, and accrued income and expenses, which would be recognized under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and which may be material in amount, are not recognized in the accompanying financial statement.

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Cluster Title/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Programs From:			
New York State Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster: IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027A 84.173A	0032-19-0461 0033-19-0461	\$ 686,220 36,283
Total Special Education Cluster			722,503
Title I, Part A Cluster: ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	0021-19-1680	80,302
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.367A 84.424A	0147-19-3125 0204-19-3125	30,520 10,000
Total U.S. Department of Education			843,325
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Program From:			
New York State Office of General Services			
Child Nutrition Cluster: National Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program - Cash National School Lunch Program - Commodities  Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	10,970 154,655 52,465
			218,090
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			218,090
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 1,061,415

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received, which is provided by New York State.

### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The Sayville Union Free School District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and fiduciary funds of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2019.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Reference is made to the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations accompanying this report for additional observations on internal control.

### Nawrocki Smith

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Manorodi Smith UP

Melville, New York October 10, 2019



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Sayville Union Free School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### Nawrocki **Smith**

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nawcoclin Smith LLS

Melville, New York October 10, 2019

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### 1. Summary Of Auditor's Results:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance, were disclosed during the audit.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program included:

### CFDA Number

Name of Federal Program

U.S. Department of Education -

84.027A 84.173A IDEA Part B Section 611 Special Education Grants to States IDEA Part B Section 619 Special Education Preschool Grants

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

### 2. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

### 3. Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None reported.

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Findings - Financial S	tatement Audit	
None reported.		
Findings And Questio	ned Costs - Major Federal	Award Programs Audit
None reported.		

### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:**

We noted no other areas of improvement as a result of our audit procedures for the current year.