

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION IN CONNECTION WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sayville Union Free School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Nawrocki**Smith**

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Changes in Accounting Principles**

As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, in fiscal 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The effect of GASB Statement No. 87 required a restatement to the financial statements, as described in Note 17 to the financial statements.

# Nawrocki**Smith**

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, on pages 4-15 and 52-55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the New York State Education Department and by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hauppauge, New York October 13, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Sayville Union Free School District's (the "District") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information including management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two financial statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining financial statements are *governmental fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-wide financial statements. The *governmental fund financial statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements including a comparison of the District's General Fund budget and actual results for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

Table A 1. Major Fastur	son of the District Wide and	L Fund Financial Statementa
Table A-T: Major Featur	les of the District-wide and	Fund Financial Statements
	District Midda First and sight	Fund Financial Statements
	District-Wide Financial	Governmental Funds
	Statements	
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are
		not proprietary, such as special
		education and building maintenance
Required financial	<ul> <li>Statement of Net</li> </ul>	Balance Sheet
statements	Position	<ul> <li>Statement of Revenues,</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Statement of</li> </ul>	Expenditures and Changes in
	Activities	Fund Balance
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual accounting and
measurement focus	economic resources	current financial focus
	focus	
Type of asset/deferred	All assets, deferred	Generally, assets and deferred
outflows of	outflows of resources,	outflows of resources expected to be
resources/liability/	liabilities, and deferred	used up and liabilities and deferred
deferred inflows of	inflows of resources	inflows of resources that come due
resources information	both financial and	during the year or soon thereafter;
	capital, short-term and	no capital assets or long-term
	long-term	liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is received
information	expenses during the	during or soon after the end of the
	year, regardless of	year; expenditures when goods or
	when cash is received	services have been received and the
	or paid	related liability is due and payable
<u> </u>		

# **District-wide Financial Statements**

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

## Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

The District's governmental funds are described as follows:

Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, reconciliations of the District-wide and fund financial statements are provided which explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

# **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- During the fiscal year, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which provides clearer guidance on the treatment of leases for accounting and reporting purposes.
- On the District-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the
  District exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal
  year by \$100,197,656. The District's total net position increased by \$12,617,722 for the year
  ended June 30, 2022. The unrestricted portion of net position as of June 30, 2022 was a deficit
  of \$155,935,606, as a result of the effect of the continued recognition of the District's total other
  post-employment benefits liability under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.
- Principal paid down on outstanding serial bond debt amounted to \$2,460,000.
- The District continued to offer all programs, without reducing services.
- The District's residents authorized the proposed 2022-23 budget in the amount of \$99,302,157 in accordance with the New York State Tax Levy Limit.
- The District proposed a bond in the amount of \$15 million, which the taxpayers approved on May 17, 2022.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# Net Position

The District's net position increased by 11.2% from the year before to a net deficit position balance of \$100,197,656 as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3.

The restricted net position balance of \$22,935,196 represents assets that are restricted by external sources, imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of June 30, 2022, the District has an unrestricted net deficit of \$155,935,606. This deficit is driven by the District's recognition of the total other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") liability of \$144,718,952 as required by GASB Statement No. 75.

Table A-2: Condensed Statements of Net Position - Governmental Activities									
	<u>6/30/22</u>	(As Restated) <u>6/30/21</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>					
Current assets Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net	\$ 20,650,732 64,242,562 62,603,871	\$ 15,055,145 26,609,752 64,408,511	\$ 5,595,587 37,632,810 (1,804,640)	37.2 141.4 (2.8)					
Total assets	147,497,165	106,073,408	41,423,757	39.1					
Deferred outflows of resources	30,404,259	32,896,952	(2,492,693)	(7.6)					
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	10,860,743 179,623,779	9,805,654 218,281,386	1,055,089 (38,657,607)	10.8 (17.7)					
Total liabilities	190,484,522	228,087,040	(37,602,518)	(16.5)					
Deferred inflows of resources	87,614,558	23,698,698	63,915,860	269.7					
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	32,802,754 22,935,196 (155,935,606)	31,077,270 24,293,393 (168,186,041)	1,725,484 (1,358,197) 12,250,435	5.6 (5.6) 7.3					
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (100,197,656)	\$ (112,815,378)	\$ 12,617,722	11.2					

As of June 30, 2022, the District had positive working capital of \$9,789,989 as compared to \$5,249,491 as of June 30, 2021. The increase is primarily due to a increase in receivables.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had an investment in capital assets of \$62,603,871 as compared to \$64,408,511 as of June 30, 2021. The decrease is due to depreciation expense for the year exceeding current year additions.

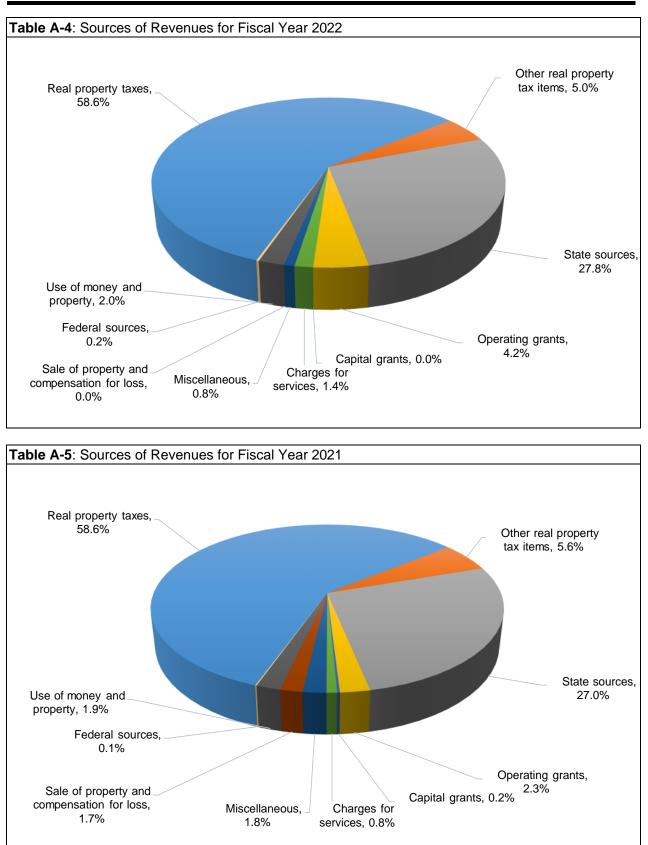
## Changes in Net Position

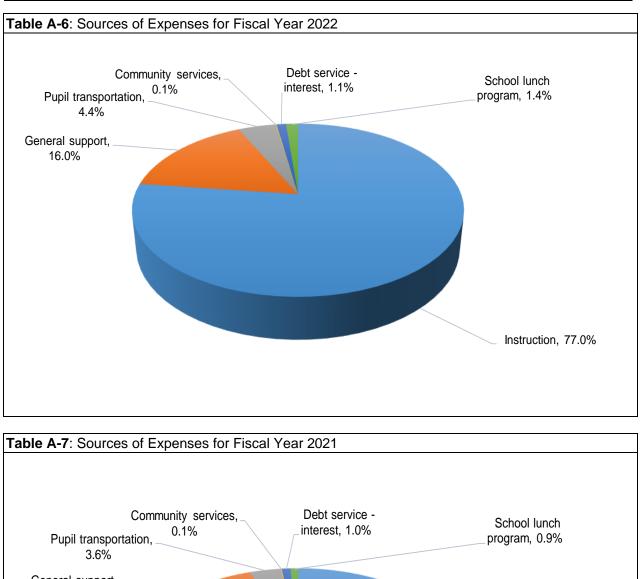
The District's fiscal year 2022 revenues totaled \$96,585,704 (See Table A-3). Property and other taxes and State sources accounted for most of the District's revenues (91.4%) (See Table A-4). The remainder came from charges for services, operating grants, capital grants, sale of property and compensation for loss, miscellaneous sources, use of money and property and federal sources.

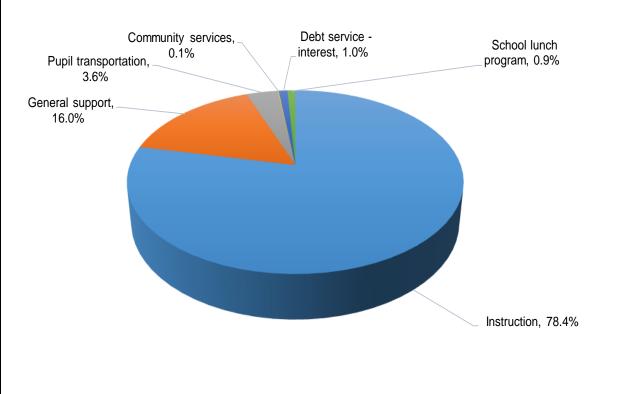
Revenues increased 0.6% or \$618,775, primarily as a direct result of an increase in operating grants of \$1,825,962 offset by a decrease in sale of property and compensation for loss of \$1,609,660.

The District's fiscal year 2022 expenses totaled \$83,967,982 (See Table A-3). These expenses (93.0%) are predominantly related to instruction and general support (See Table A-6).

Table A-3: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results - Governmental Activities Only									
	<u>6/30/22</u> <u>6/30/21</u>				<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>			
Revenues									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,381,778	\$	745,302	\$	636,476	85.4		
Operating grants		4,064,439		2,238,477		1,825,962	81.6		
Capital grants		-		167,055		(167,055)	(100.0)		
General revenues:									
Real property taxes		56,643,889		56,278,298		365,591	0.6		
Other real property tax items		4,780,309		5,324,518		(544,209)	(10.2)		
Use of money and property		1,934,806		1,795,286		139,520	7.8		
Sale of property and									
compensation for loss		17,917		1,627,577		(1,609,660)	(98.9)		
State sources		26,817,721		25,923,130		894,591	3.5		
Federal sources		166,954		114,300		52,654	46.1		
Miscellaneous		777,891		1,752,986		(975,095)	(55.6)		
Total revenues		96,585,704		95,966,929		618,775	0.6		
Expenses									
General support		13,469,661		15,816,460		(2,346,799)	(14.8)		
Instruction		64,631,205		77,320,363		(12,689,158)	(16.4)		
Pupil transportation		3,702,881		3,505,873		197,008	5.6		
Community services		103,867		52,856		51,011	96.5		
Debt service - interest		900,548		1,008,830		(108,282)	(10.7)		
School lunch program		1,159,820		898,910		260,910	29.0		
Total expenses		83,967,982		98,603,292		(14,635,310)	(14.8)		
Change in net position		12,617,722		(2,636,363)		15,254,085	578.6		
Net position (deficit), beginning of year		(112,815,378)		(110,179,015)		(2,636,363)	(2.4)		
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$	(100,197,656)	\$	(112,815,378)	\$	12,617,722	11.2		







## **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$96,585,704 while total expenses equaled \$83,967,982. The overall sound financial condition of the District, as a whole, can be credited to:

- Continued leadership of the District's Board and Administration;
- The Community's continued approval and support of the District's annual budgets;
- Long-range fiscal strategies that have effectively utilized the District's available resources to provide for fiscal stability and tax rate stabilization;
- Favorable debt costs due to a high Moody's Investors Service rating;
- Continued funding of reserves to stabilize the impact of cost increases; and
- Strategic use of services from the Eastern Suffolk BOCES and other cooperative bidding alternatives.

The major changes in revenues and expenses are as follows:

Revenues:

- Real property taxes increased by \$365,591. This increase was within the tax cap and reflects a modest tax increase to residents that allows for the continued stabilization of the District's comprehensive educational program opportunities.
- Operating grants increased by 1,825,962 based on an increase in federal source grants for School Lunch.
- Sale of property and compensation for loss and miscellaneous decreased by \$2,584,755. This decrease is related to the District receiving a settlement from Suffolk School Employees Health Plan in the prior fiscal year.

#### Expenses:

• Instruction related expenses decreased by \$12,689,158 primarily due to decreases related to other post-employment benefits, pension costs and non-recurring post-COVID expenses.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's combined governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$33,823,817 which is an decrease of \$1,017,872 from the prior year. This decrease is due primarily to the District receiving full settlement payment of \$1,600,000 in accordance with a settlement agreement with the Suffolk School Employees Health Plan in the prior year.

Fund balances for the District's governmental funds for the past two years were distributed as follows:

Table A-8: Fund Balances - Governmental Funds							
		<u>6/30/22</u>		<u>6/30/21</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
General Fund							
Nonspendable:							
Leases	\$	72,921	\$	-	\$	72,921	100.0
Restricted:							
Retirement Contributions		10,363,072		10,820,772		(457,700)	(4.2)
Workers' Compensation		1,770,191		2,075,431		(305,240)	(14.7)
Unemployment Insurance		1,667,912		1,678,897		(10,985)	(0.7)
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		7,860,536		8,332,539		(472,003)	(5.7)
Bonded Debt		575,323		634,241		(58,918)	(9.3)
Tax Reduction		-		53,800		(53,800)	(100.0)
Assigned:							
Appropriated for subsequent							
year's expenditures		2,889,401		2,882,549		6,852	0.2
Encumbrances		1,873,389		1,004,349		869,040	86.5
Committed:							
Health Insurance		1,300,000		1,600,000		(300,000)	(18.8)
Unassigned		3,875,990		3,878,538		(2,548)	(0.1)
Total General Fund	3	32,248,735		32,961,116		(712,381)	(2.2)
School Lunch Fund							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		38,624		32,394		6,230	19.2
Assigned:						,	
Food service program		354,134		-		354,134	100.0
Unassigned		-		(121,642)		121,642	(100.0)
Total School Lunch Fund		392,758		(89,248)		482,006	(540.1)
Other Missellenseus Special Bayanya Fund							
Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund Restricted:							
Scholarships		698,162		697,713		449	0.1
Committed:		090,102		097,713		449	0.1
Extraclassroom activity funds		198,806		199,837		(1,031)	(0.5)
Assigned:		190,000		199,037		(1,031)	(0.5)
Student activities		101,001		99,209		1,792	1.8
		101,001		00,200		1,702	1.0
Total Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund		997,969		996,759		1,210	0.1
Capital Projects Fund							
Assigned:							
District improvements		184,355		973,062		(788,707)	(81.1)
Total Capital Projects Fund		184,355		973,062		(788,707)	(81.1)
Total fund balance	\$ 3	33,823,817	\$	34,841,689	\$ (	1,017,872)	(2.9)
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## General Fund

The General Fund reported an decrease in fund balance of \$712,381 for fiscal 2022, as compared to an increase of \$1,487,993 for fiscal 2021. Revenues decreased \$1,811,030 mainly as a result of the District received a one-time \$1,600,000 settlement in the prior year related to the Suffolk School Employees Health Plan. Expenditures increased \$640,483 primarily as a result of operations returning to normal from the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result of expenditures being greater than revenues, the District reported an decrease in the change in fund balance.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District's General Fund original budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$96,978,058. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year in the amount of \$1,004,349. On December 9, 2021, the Board of Education authorized the appropriation of up to \$75,000 from unappropriated fund balance to the transfer of capital appropriation code to fund the emergency Lincoln Avenue Elementary staff bathroom project, thus bringing the final budget to \$98,057,407.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's unassigned and committed fund balance was \$5,175,990 which exceeded the allowable 4% of the subsequent year's original budget \$99,302,157 as promulgated by New York State (see page 56). The District's fund balance subject to the §1318 limit exceeded 4% due to the Suffolk Schools Employee Health Plan settlement which is shown as committed fund balance and is included in the Districts General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law. The following is a reconciliation of the General Fund's unassigned and committed fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Unassigned fund balance, beginning of year Add:	\$ 5,478,538
Prior-year encumbrances	1,004,349
Prior-year appropriated fund balance	2,882,549
Board approved use of Retirement Contributions Reserve	1,800,000
Board approved use of Workers' Compensation Reserve	305,240
Board approved use of Unemployment Reserve	10,985
Board approved use of Bonded Debt Reserve	59,078
Board approved use of Tax Reduction Reserve	53,800
Board approved use of Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	743,968
Less:	
Current-year encumbrances	(1,873,389)
Current-year appropriated fund balance	(2,889,401)
Current-year nonspendable fund balance	(72,921)
Transfer to Retirement Contribution Reserves (including allocated interest)	(1,342,300)
Transfer to Bonded Debt Reserves (including allocated interest)	(160)
Transfer to Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (including allocated interest)	(271,965)
Net change in fund balance	 (712,381)
Unassigned and committed fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,175,990

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

By the end of 2022, the District had invested \$62,603,871 net of depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, school buildings, buildings and improvements, construction-in-progress, furniture, machinery, equipment and vehicles.

Table A-9: Capital Assets (net of depreciation)											
	<u>6/30/22</u>			<u>6/30/21</u>	4	Change	<u>% Change</u>				
Land	\$	303,740	\$	303,740	\$	-	-				
Construction-in-progress		2,299,589		2,190,824		108,765	5.0				
Buildings and building improvements		53,975,145		55,684,788		(1,709,643)	(3.1)				
Machinery and equipment		2,205,446		2,182,587		22,859	1.0				
Vehicles		163,549		157,175		6,374	4.1				
Site improvements		3,656,402		3,889,397		(232,995)	(6.0)				
Totals	\$	62,603,871	\$	64,408,511	\$	(1,804,640)	(2.8)				

## Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$183,496,516 in general obligation bonds and other long-term liabilities.

Table A-10:         Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities											
	<u>6/30/22</u>	<u>6/30/21</u>	<u> \$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>							
Bonds payable, net	\$ 22,051,103	\$ 24,721,335	\$ (2,670,232)	(10.8)							
Installment purchase debt payable	8,064,915	8,978,125	(913,210)	(10.2)							
Lease liabilities	801,010	716,359	84,651	11.8							
Other post-employment benefits	144,718,952	173,326,493	(28,607,541)	(16.5)							
Compensated absences	7,860,536	8,332,539	(472,003)	(5.7)							
Totals	\$ 183,496,516	\$ 216,074,851	\$ (32,578,335)	(15.1)							

# FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial status in the future:

- In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.
- New York State imposed a maximum tax levy increase of the lesser of 2% or the CPI for the fiscal year 2021-2022 budget, subject to certain exclusions. Based on the value of obligatory contractual increases and continued increases in the State's unfunded mandates, it is expected that reductions may be necessary. The District will continue to evaluate and consolidate services to maintain its high standards. If the downward economic trend continues, and State mandates and legal requirements continue to escalate, there will be an inevitable negative impact on District programs.
- The General Fund budget for the 2022-2023 school year was approved by the voters in the amount of \$99,302,157. This is an increase of 2.4% over the previous year's budget.
- The 2022-2023 budget is impacted by certain trends affecting school districts. These include increases in health insurance costs, retirement costs, workers' compensation judgments, COVID-19 related expenditures and potential unemployment insurance claims, which are beyond the District's control.
- Continued fiscal burden for local school districts to fund additional Federal, State, and local unfunded mandates.

- On May 17, 2022, the District residents approved the 2022-23 budget for \$99,302,157.
- On May 17, 2022, the District residents also approved a board resolution totaling \$15 million, for the purposes of roof replacement and related capital projects at all district buildings.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Sayville Union Free School District Dr. Sam Gergis Assistant Superintendent for Business 99 Greeley Avenue Sayville, New York 11782

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Unrestricted cash         \$         13,308,633           Receivables:         3,016,388           State and federal aid         3,016,388           Other         38,271           Leases receivable         4,248,836           Inventories         38,271           Proportionate share of net pension asset         32,212,424           Right-to-use assets, net         73,941           Capital assets:         74,941           Non-depreciable         2,603,329           Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation         60,000,542           Total assets         147,497,165           Deferred outflows from pensions         26,119,337           Deferred outflows from OPEB         3,063,952           Accounts payable         1,070,222           Accounts payable         1,070,222           Accounts payable         101,809           Due to teachers' retirement system         2,470,33           Une aread regiver interiment system         2,470,33           Unearmed regivers interiment system         2,470,33 <t< th=""><th>ASSETS</th><th></th></t<>	ASSETS	
State and federal aid     3,016.382       Other     38,271       Leases receivable     4,248,836       Inventories     38,624       Restricted cash     24,235,197       Proportionate share of net pension asset     39,212,424       Right-to-use assets, net     79,424       Capital assets:     70,000,000,542       Non-depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation     2,603,329       Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation     60,000,542       Total assets     147,497,165       DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES     30,603,652       Deferred outflows from pensions     26,119,337       Deferred outflows from pensions     26,119,337       Deferred outflows for OPEB     3,863,462       Accrued inabilities     1,070,222       Accrued inabilities     1,070,222       Accrued inabilities     1,11       Accrued inabilities     1,070,222       Long-term labilities, due within one year:     3,888,143       Due to eachers' retirement system     2,670,232       Long-term labilities, due within one year:     847,546       Long-term liabilities, due after one year:     2,670,232       Bonds payable, net     9,30,3971       Compensated absences     6,47,546       Long-term liabilities     14,471,8952       Defered outflows	Unrestricted cash	\$ 13,308,633
Other38.271Cher38.624Restricted cash4.248.836Inventories38.624Restricted cash24.235.191Proportionate share of net pension asset32.212.424Right-to-use assets.net794.941Capital assets:2.603.329Depreciable2.603.329Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation60.000.542Total assets147.497.165DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES3.963.962Deferred outflows from pensions26.119.337Deferred outflows from OPEB3.963.962Accounts payable1.070.222Accounts payable1.070.222A		0.040.000
Leases receivable       42.48.836         Inventories       36.24         Restricted cash       24.235,197         Proportionate share of net pension asset       32.21.2424         Right-to-use assets, net       2.603,329         Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation       2.603,329         Obspreciable, net of accumulated depreciation       60.000,542         Total assets       147.497,165         Deferred charges on bond refunding       32.09,370         Deferred outflows from pensions       26.119,3962         Deferred outflows from OPEB       3.963,962         Accrued liabilities       1.070,222         Accrued interest payable       1.070,222         Accrued interest payable       1.018,003         Due to teachers' retirement system       3.888,143         Due to teachers' retirement system       2.670,232         Energy performance contract payable       2.670,232         Energy performance contract payable       7.123,471         Lease       1.9380,871         Compensated absences       6.47,546         Long-term liabilities, due within one year:       1.9380,871         Bonds payable, net       19.380,871         Energy performance contract payable       7.123,471         Leas		
Restricted cash     24.25; 197       Proportionale share of net pension asset     39.212,242       Proportionale share of net pension asset     39.212,242       Capital assets:     2.603,329       Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation of \$76,043,597     60.000,542       Total assets     147,497,165       Deferred charges on bond refunding     320,970       Deferred outflows from pensions     28,119,337       Deferred outflows from pensions     30,404,259       Caccuel liabilities     886,139       Querter outflows from pensions     10,700,222       Accrued liabilities     886,139       Due to other governments     11       Accrue liabilities     886,139       Due to teacher's retirement system     2,670,232       Long-term liabilities, due within one year:     26,670,232       Bonds payable, net     24,073       Uneared revenue     26,670,232       Energy performance contract payable     941,444       Lease liabilities     26,670,232       Energy performance contract payable     941,444       Lease liabilities     26,670,232       Energy performance contract payable     7,123,471       Lease liabilities     26,670,232       Energy performance contract payable     7,123,471       Lease liabilities     19,800,871		•
Proportionate share of net pension asset     39/212,424       Right-to-use assets, net     794,941       Capital assets:     2,603,329       Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation     0,600,0542       Total assets     147,497,165       DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES       Deferred networking     320,970       Deferred outflows from pensions     26,119,337       Deferred outflows from oPEB     3,963,952       Calable Intervention of seources       Accounts payable       Accounts payable       Account interest payable       Accound liabilities       Bonds payable, net       Accound liabilities       Defered outflows of resources       Defered outflows of resources       Accound liabilities       Defered outflows of resources       Accound liabilities       Defered outflows of resources       Accound liabilities       Defered outflows of resources       Defered outflows of resources       Calabilities       Accound liabilities       Defered outflows of resources       Defered outflows of resources       Defered outflows form pensions <td></td> <td>•</td>		•
Right-to-use assets, net       794,941         Capital assets:       2,603,329         Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation       61,76,043,597         Total assets       147,497,165         Deferred charges on bond refunding       320,970         Deferred outflows from pensions       26,119,337         Deferred outflows from OPEB       3,963,962         Total deferred outflows of resources       30,404,259         Accrued liabilities       1,070,222         Accrued liabilities       1,080         Due to teachers' retirement system       2,470,73         Unearmed revenue       1,0232         Long-term liabilities, due after one year:       2,670,232         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Energy performance contract payable       7,123,471         Leases liabilities       1,939,492         Co		, ,
Capital assets:       2.603,329         Non-depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation       60,000,542         Total assets       147,497,165         DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred durflows from pensions       26,119,337         Deferred outflows from OPEB       3.963,952         Total deferred outflows of resources       30,404,259         LIABILITIES         Acccured liabilities       886,139         Due to other governments       111,809         Accrued liabilities, due within one year:       886,133         Due to employees' retirement system       2,2670,232         Energy performance contract payable       101,809         Long-term liabilities, due within one year:       2,670,232         Bonds payable, net       2,670,232         Energy performance contract payable       241,041         Long-term liabilities, due after one year:       860,536         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Energy performance contract payable       7,123,471         Lease liabilities       190,484,522         Deferred inflows from OPEB       34,107,061         Long-term liabilities       190,484,522         Deferred inflows of resources       7,860,536         Other postemp		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation of \$76,043,597         60,000,542           Total assets         147,497,165           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         220,970           Deferred charges on bond refunding         320,970           Deferred outflows from pensions         26,119,337           Deferred outflows from OPEB         3.963,952           Total deferred outflows of resources         30,404,259           LIABILITIES         4           Accoured liabilities         886,139           Due to other governments         11           Accrued liabilities, due within one year:         101,809           Due to employees' retirement system         247,473           Unearmed revenue         120,063           Long-term liabilities, due within one year:         26,70,232           Bonds payable, net         26,70,232           Energy performance contract payable         241,041           Lease liabilities         241,041           Lease liabilities         539,949           Compensated absences         7,860,536           Long-term liabilities         193,80,871           Energy performance contract payable         7,123,471           Lease liabilities         539,949           Compensated absences         7,860,5	Capital assets:	
of \$76,043,597       60,000,542         Total assets       147,497,165         DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred outflows from onesions       26,119,337         Deferred outflows from OPEB       3,963,952         Total deferred outflows for no oPEB       3,963,952         Accured liabilities       10,70,222         Accured liabilities       11         Accured liabilities       11         Accured liabilities       11         Accured interest payable       111         Accured interest payable       111         Accured interest payable       111         Due to teachers' retirement system       274,073         Une or eployees' retirement system       274,073         Unagreent liabilities, due within one year:       26,003         Bonds payable, net       26,70,232         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Compensated absences       261,061         Compensated absences       7,180,474         Lease liabilities       539,949         Compensated absences       7,860,536         Other postemployment benefits obligation       144,718,952         Deferred inflows from OPEB       34,107,061         Total liabilities       190,484,52	•	2,603,329
Total assets147,497,165DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred charges on bond refunding Deferred outflows from Pensions320,970Deferred outflows from OPEB3,983,952Total deferred outflows of resources30,404,259LIABILITIESAccound liabilities886,139Due to other governments11Accrued liabilities886,139Due to other governments11Accrued interest payable101,809Due to teachers' refirement system274,073Une armed revenue226,70,232Energy performance contract payable241,444Lease liabilities2610,611Compensated absences2647,546Long-term liabilities (due after one year: Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable539,494Compensated absences539,494Compensated absences539,494Compensated absences539,494Compensated absences190,484,522Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total liabilities190,484,522Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,75,915Deferred inflows from OPEB32,802,754Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,75,915Deferred inflows from OPEB34,607,912 <td>• •</td> <td>60.000.542</td>	• •	60.000.542
DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred charges on bond refunding320,970Deferred outflows from DPEB3,963,952Total deferred outflows of resources30,404,259LIABILITES2Accounts payable101,022Accrued liabilities886,139Due to other governments11Accrued liabilities, due within one year:3,888,143Due to employees' retirement system274,073Unearned revenue120,063Long-term liabilities, due within one year:26,10,81Bonds payable, net2,670,232Energy performance contract payable941,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:930,8971Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,1860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES34,107,061Leases34,107,061Total deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,67,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,800,536Deferred inflows from Detail assets684,62,912Restricted:1,667,912Retirement Contributions1,667,912Employee		
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Deferred outflows from OPEB       26,119,337         Deferred outflows from OPEB       3,963,952         Total deferred outflows of resources       30,404,259         LIABILITIES       1,070,222         Accrued liabilities       886,139         Due to other governments       11         Accrued interest payable       101,809         Due to tochers' retirement system       274,073         Une to employees' retirement system       2261,061         Long-term liabilities, due within one year:       2610,063         Bonds payable, net       2610,063         Compensated absences       261,061         Compensated absences       647,546         Long-term liabilities, due atter one year:       39,349         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Compensated absences       647,546         Long-term liabilities, due atter one year:       39,949         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Lease liabilities       539,949         Compensated absences       7,860,536         Other postemployment benefits obligation       144,718,952         Total liabilities       190,484,522         Deferred inflows from pensions       4,9331,582         Deferred inflows form pensions       34,307,06	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows from OPEB       3,963,952         Total deferred outflows of resources       30,404,259         LIABILITIES       886,139         Accounts payable       886,139         Due to other governments       11         Accrued liabilities       886,139         Due to other governments       111         Accrued interest payable       101,809         Due to eachers' retirement system       274,073         Unearned revenue       120,063         Long-term liabilities, due within one year:       Bonds payable, net         Bonds payable, net       2,670,232         Energy performance contract payable       941,444         Lease liabilities       261,061         Compensated absences       264,7546         Long-term liabilities, due after one year:       Bonds payable, net         Bonds payable, net       7,123,471         Lease liabilities       539,949         Compensated absences       7,860,536         Other postemployment benefits obligation       144,718,952         Total liabilities       190,484,522         Deferred inflows from pensions       49,331,582         Deferred inflows of resources       87,614,558         Net investment in capital assets       32,802,754		
Total deferred outflows of resources       30,404,259         LIABILITIES       1,070,222         Accrued liabilities       886,139         Due to other governments       11         Accrued interest payable       101,809         Due to teachers' retirement system       274,073         Unearned revenue       120,063         Long-term liabilities, due within one year:       2670,232         Bonds payable, net       261,061         Compensated absences       261,061         Long-term liabilities, due after one year:       806,139         Bonds payable, net       19,380,871         Energy performance contract payable       7,123,471         Lease liabilities       539,949         Compensated absences       539,949         Compensated absences       7,860,536         Other postemployment benefits obligation       144,718,952         Total liabilities       190,484,522         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       87,614,558         Leases       87,614,558         Net investment in capital assets       32,802,754         Restricted:       10,363,072         Workers' Compensation       1,770,191         Unemployment Insurance       1,667,912         Employee Benefit	•	
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Accounts payable1,070,222Accrued liabilities886,139Due to other governments11Accrued interest payable101,809Due to teachers' retirement system274,073Unearned revenue120,063Long-term liabilities, due within one year:2670,232Bonds payable, net2,670,232Energy performance contract payable941,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:9Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952DefErRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES190,484,522Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonds dedbt573,233Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	LIABILITIES	
Due to other governments11Accrued interest payable101,809Due to teachers' retirement system274,073Unearned revenue120,063Long-term liabilities, due within one year:2Bonds payable, net2,670,232Energy performance contract payable941,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:19,380,871Bonds payable, net19,380,871Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases41,75,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows for models34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,223Scholarships698,162Urrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		1,070,222
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Due to employees' retirement system274,073Unearned revenue120,063Long-term liabilities, due within one year:2,670,232Bonds payable, net2,670,232Energy performance contract payable941,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:8Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bond debt575,323Scholarships698,162Urrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		,
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:2,670,232Bonds payable, net9,41,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:800,871Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION10,363,072Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
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Energy performance contract payable941,444Lease liabilities261,061Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:930,871Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships638,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		2.670.232
Compensated absences647,546Long-term liabilities, due after one year:19,380,871Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilitiesDEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Long-term liabilities, due after one year:19,380,871Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Bonds payable, net19,380,871Energy performance contract payable7,123,471Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	•	647,546
Lease liabilities539,949Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	• •	19,380,871
Compensated absences7,860,536Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Other postemployment benefits obligation144,718,952Total liabilities190,484,522DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
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DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESLeases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Leases4,175,915Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Retirement Contributions1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Deferred inflows from pensions49,331,582Deferred inflows from OPEB34,107,061Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION10,363,072Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		4.175.915
Total deferred inflows of resources87,614,558NET POSITION32,802,754Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	Deferred inflows from OPEB	 34,107,061
Net investment in capital assets32,802,754Restricted:10,363,072Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	Total deferred inflows of resources	 87,614,558
Restricted:10,363,072Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Retirement Contributions10,363,072Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	•	32,802,754
Workers' Compensation1,770,191Unemployment Insurance1,667,912Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		10.363.072
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability7,860,536Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	Workers' Compensation	1,770,191
Bonded debt575,323Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)	• •	
Scholarships698,162Unrestricted (deficit)(155,935,606)		
Unrestricted (deficit) (155,935,606)		
Total net position (deficit) \$ (100,197,656)		
	Total net position (deficit)	\$ (100,197,656)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		 Program	et (Expense) Revenue and		
	Expenses	harges for Services	(	Dperating Grants	Changes in Net Position
Functions and programs: General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services	\$ 13,469,661 64,631,205 3,702,881 103,867	\$ - 1,010,378 - -	\$	2,812,297 - -	\$ (13,469,661) (60,808,530) (3,702,881) (103,867)
Debt service - interest School lunch program	 900,548 1,159,820	 - 371,400		- 1,252,142	 (900,548) 463,722
Total functions and programs	\$ 83,967,982	\$ 1,381,778	\$	4,064,439	 (78,521,765)
General revenues: Real property taxes Other tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and					56,643,889 4,780,309 1,934,806
compensation for loss State sources Federal sources Miscellaneous					 17,917 26,817,721 166,954 777,891
Total general revenues					 91,139,487
Change in net position					12,617,722
Total net position, beginning of year					 (112,815,378)
Total net position, end of year					\$ (100,197,656)

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

					Ма	jor Funds					
		General		Special Aid		al Revenue School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Unrestricted cash	\$	12,491,601	\$	301,468	\$	197,115	\$	299,807	\$ 18,642	\$	13,308,633
Receivables: State and federal aid Due from other funds Other Leases receivable Inventories Restricted cash		1,154,778 1,492,301 38,271 4,248,836 - 23,537,035		1,169,030 - - - - - -		225,782 - - 38,624 -	·	- - - - - 698,162	 466,778 - - - - -		3,016,368 1,492,301 38,271 4,248,836 38,624 24,235,197
Total assets	\$	42,962,822	\$	1,470,498	\$	461,521	\$	997,969	\$ 485,420	\$	46,378,230
LIABILITIES											
Payables: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$	872,600 834,660 - -	\$	99,320 20,853 - 1,289,538	\$	- 30,626 11 -	\$	- - -	\$ 98,302 - - 202,763	\$	1,070,222 886,139 11 1,492,301
Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Compensated absences Unearned revenues		3,888,143 274,073 647,546 21,150		- - - 60,787		- - - 38,126			 - - - -		3,888,143 274,073 647,546 120,063
Total liabilities		6,538,172		1,470,498		68,763		-	 301,065		8,378,498
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Leases		4,175,915							 -		4,175,915
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,175,915		-		-		-	 -		4,175,915
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		72,921 22,237,034 1,300,000 4,762,790 3,875,990		- - - -		38,624 - - 354,134 -		- 698,162 198,806 101,001 -	 - - - 184,355 -		111,545 22,935,196 1,498,806 5,402,280 3,875,990
Total fund balance		32,248,735		-		392,758		997,969	 184,355		33,823,817
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	42,962,822	\$	1,470,498	\$	461,521	\$	997,969	\$ 485,420	\$	46,378,230

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	33,823,817
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different due to the following:			
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position: Capital assets: Non-depreciable Depreciable	\$    2,603,329 136,044,139		
Accumulated depreciation	(76,043,597)		62,603,871
Right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements: Right-to-use assets Accumulated amortization	1,039,337 (244,396)		794,941
Deferred charges on advance refunding of bonds are not reported on the Balance Sheet, but are reflected on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the life of the related bonds.			320,970
Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with participation in the State retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the governmental funds: Deferred outflows of resources - pension related Proportionate share of net pension asset Deferred inflows of resources - pension related	26,119,337 39,212,424 (49,331,582)		16,000,179
Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources associated with the total OPEB liability are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the fund financial statements. Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related Total OPEB liability	(34,107,061) 3,963,952 (144,718,952)	ļ	(174,862,061)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position: Bonds payable, net Installment purchase debt payable Lease liabilities, net Compensated absences payable	(22,051,103) (8,064,915) (801,010) (7,860,536)		(38,777,564)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included in			(404.000)
the Statement of Net Position.			(101,809)
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	(100,197,656)

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Major Funds				-	
		Special Revenue				
	General	Special Aid	School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ 56,643,889	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 56,643,889
Other real property tax items	4,780,309	Ψ -	Ψ -	φ -	Ψ -	4,780,309
Charges for services	1,010,378	-	-	-	-	1,010,378
Use of money and property	1,934,125	-	681	-	-	1,934,806
Sale of property and compensation for loss	17,917	-	-	-	-	17,917
State sources	26,817,721	392,354	16,213	-	-	27,226,288
Federal sources	166,955	2,419,942	1,235,929	-	-	3,822,826
Sales	-	-	371,400	-	-	371,400
Miscellaneous	269,530	-	14,371	491,069	-	774,970
Total revenues	91,640,824	2,812,296	1,638,594	491,069		96,582,783
EXPENDITURES						
Current -						
General support	12,176,981	-	-	-	-	12,176,981
Instruction	50,408,389	2,729,006	-	489,859	-	53,627,254
Pupil transportation	3,591,367	96,590	-	-	-	3,687,957
Community services	87,077	-	-	-	-	87,077
Employee benefits Cost of sales	20,752,060	83,388	84,319 1,072,269	-	-	20,919,767 1,072,269
Capital outlay	-	-	1,072,209	-	- 1,663,707	1,663,707
Debt service -					1,000,707	1,000,707
Principal	3,611,538	-	-	-	-	3,611,538
Interest	1,077,083					1,077,083
Total expenditures	91,704,495	2,908,984	1,156,588	489,859	1,663,707	97,923,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(63,671)	(96,688)	482,006	1,210	(1,663,707)	(1,340,850)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Issuance of leases	322,978	-	-	-	-	322,978
Transfers in	-	96,688	-	-	875,000	971,688
Transfers out	(971,688)	-		-		(971,688)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(648,710)	96,688			875,000	322,978
Change in fund balance	(712,381)	-	482,006	1,210	(788,707)	(1,017,872)
Fund balance, beginning of year	32,961,116		(89,248)	996,759	973,062	34,841,689
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 32,248,735	\$-	\$ 392,758	\$ 997,969	\$ 184,355	\$ 33,823,817

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ (1,017,872)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period is: Capital outlay, net Depreciation expense	\$    1,899,888 (3,704,528)	(1,804,640)
Governmental funds report lease outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those leases is allocated over their lease term and reported as amortization expense. Right-to-use assets Amortization expense	322,978 (244,396)	78,582
Amortization of bond premiums and deferred charges on bond refundings do not affect the governmental funds, but are recorded in the Statement of Activities. Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges	210,232 (47,249)	162,983
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Issuance of leases Repayment of bond principal Repayment of installment purchase debt payable Principal payments on lease liabilities	(322,978) 2,460,000 913,210 238,327	3,288,559
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated absences payable Accrued interest costs	472,003 13,552	485,555
Changes in the amounts related to the OPEB liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.		4,487,150
Changes in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the State retirement plans reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System	5,822,181 1,115,224	6,937,405
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 12,617,722

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to government units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below:

## A. <u>Reporting entity</u>

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on such criteria the District has determined there are no component units to be included within their reporting entity.

# B. Joint venture

The District is a component district in the Eastern Suffolk Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services and programs that provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

During the year, the District was billed \$4,769,615 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,306,632.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

## C. Basis of presentation

## 1. <u>District-wide financial statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These financial statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation and amortization, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. <u>Fund financial statements</u>

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: Used to account for proceeds received from State and federal grants that are restricted for educational programs.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: Used to account for child nutrition activities whose funds are restricted as to use.

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

<u>Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u>: Used to account for the activities of student groups, extraclassroom activity funds and scholarships for students.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of District facilities.

#### D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, State aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

## E. <u>Property taxes</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than November 1<sup>st</sup>, and become a lien on December 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are collected by the Town of Islip and remitted to the District. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County.

#### F. <u>Restricted resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

## G. Interfund transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

Advances to/from other funds represent loans to other funds which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent year. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

In the District-wide financial statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 12 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

# H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, useful lives of long-lived assets, computation of the expected lease payments or receipts to present value, the proportionate share of net pension assets and liabilities, and the total OPEB liability.

#### I. Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies; obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts and obligations issued by other than New York State rated in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (if permitted by the District's policy).

#### J. <u>Accounts receivable</u>

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### K. Lease receivable

The District's lease receivable is measured at the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in the amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### L. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories of food in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and may be recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A portion of the fund balance in the amount of these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been identified as not available for other subsequent expenditures (nonspendable).

### M. Other assets/restricted assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the District-wide financial statements as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

In the District-wide financial statements, bond discounts and premiums, and any prepaid bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt issue. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

# N. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to June 30, 1975. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 1975, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide financial statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life	
Buildings and building	¢	1 000	Ctroight line	15 50 10000	
improvements	\$	1,000	Straight-line	15-50 years	
Site improvements	\$	1,000	Straight-line	20 years	
Equipment and vehicles	\$	1,000	Straight-line	5-20 years	

## O. <u>Right-to-use assets</u>

The District has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 87. The right-to-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term and ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service, less lease incentives. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

# P. <u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District may have four items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is the District contributions to the pension systems (NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems) and OPEB subsequent to the measurement date. The fourth item relates to OPEB reporting in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the actual and expected experience.

# Q. <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have five items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue - property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability (NYSTRS and NYSERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions. The fourth item is related to OPEB reported in the Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net changes of assumptions or other inputs. The fifth item is related to leases which are recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

# R. <u>Unearned revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

# S. <u>Vested employee benefits - compensated absences</u>

Select District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on last-in first-out (LIFO) basis.

Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Pronouncements, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

# T. Other benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

## U. <u>Short-term debt</u>

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes ("RAN") and Tax Anticipation Notes ("TAN"), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes ("BAN"), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within seven years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

As of June 30, 2022, the District does not have any outstanding RAN's, TAN's, BAN's or deficiency notes.

# V. Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### W. Equity classifications

#### District-wide financial statements

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

- 1. <u>Net investment in capital assets</u>: Consists of capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.
- 2. <u>Restricted net position</u>: Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. <u>Unrestricted net position</u>: Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### Fund financial statements

In the fund financial statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- 1. <u>Nonspendable</u> Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the difference between the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources for leases of \$72,921 and the inventory recorded in the School Lunch Fund of \$38,624.
- 2. <u>Restricted</u> Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Workers' Compensation

According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

# Unemployment Insurance

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to the tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

# Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System is included in this reserve, but is separately administered and complies with all existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

# Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

# Bonded debt

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement.

- 3. <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education.
- 4. <u>Assigned</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

5. <u>Unassigned</u> - Includes all other General Fund fund balance that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted or assigned.

Fund balances for all governmental funds as of June 30, 2022 were distributed as follows:

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	General	School Lunch	Other Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	\$-	\$ 38,624	\$-	\$-	\$ 38,624
Leases	72,921		-	-	72,921
Total nonspendable	72,921	38,624	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	111,545
Restricted:					
Retirement Contributions	10,363,072	-	-	-	10,363,072
Workers' Compensation	1,770,191	-	-	-	1,770,191
Unemployment Insurance	1,667,912	-	-	-	1,667,912
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	7,860,536	-	-	-	7,860,536
Bonded Debt	575,323	-	-	-	575,323
Scholarships			698,162		698,162
Total restricted	22,237,034		698,162	<u> </u>	22,935,196
Committed:					
Health Insurance	1,300,000	-	-	-	1,300,000
Extraclassroom activity funds			198,806		198,806
Total committed:	1,300,000		198,806	<u>-</u>	1,498,806
Assigned:					
Appropriated for subsequent					
year's expenditures	2,889,401	-	-	-	2,889,401
Encumbrances	1,873,389	-	-	-	1,873,389
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	184,355	184,355
Student activities	-	-	101,001	-	101,001
Food service program		354,134			354,134
Total assigned	4,762,790	354,134	101,001	184,355	5,402,280
Unassigned	3,875,990				3,875,990
Total	\$ 32,248,735	\$ 392,758	\$ 997,969	\$ 184,355	\$ 33,823,817

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the school district's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year, encumbrances and amounts reserved for insurance recoveries are also excluded from the 4% limitation. Committed fund balance of the General Fund is included in the 4% limitation. Order of use of fund balance

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (CONTINUED)

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. In the General Fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (i.e. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the District-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

## 2. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>AND DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the District-wide financial statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the District-wide financial statements, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

# A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and long-term liabilities, including pensions.

# B. <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities</u>

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories. The categories are shown below:

#### 1. <u>Long-term revenue/expense differences</u>

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

# 2. <u>Capital related differences</u>

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund financial statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund financial statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

# 3. <u>Right-to-use asset related differences</u>

Right-to-use asset related differences include the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of right-to-use assets in the fund financial statements and amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

## 4. Long-term debt transaction differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

## 5. <u>Pension differences</u>

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

# 6. <u>OPEB differences</u>

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

# 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective for the 2022 fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the District's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

# 4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level. Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments are approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Budgets are established and used for the individual Capital Projects Fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

The portion of the District's fund balance subject to NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The District's fund balance subject to the §1318 limit exceeded 4% due to the Suffolk Schools Employee Health Plan settlement, in the prior fiscal year.

The portion of the District's School Lunch Fund fund balance subject to federal regulations 7CFR Part 210.14(b) limit exceeded the amount allowable, which is three months average expenditure level. This is the direct effect of the USDA National School Lunch Program SSO waiver which provided all students free school meals through June 30, 2022. As a result, the District received reimbursements from NYSED for all student meals in 21-22. Actions the District plans to pursue to address this issue include purchasing several new pieces of kitchen equipment and making substantial improvements to the school kitchen serving lines in the upcoming year.

#### 5. <u>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT,</u> <u>AND INTEREST RATE RISKS</u>

The District's aggregate bank balances, including balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, are collateralized as follows:

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name \$39,842,620

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$24,235,197 within the governmental funds.

#### Investment and deposit policy

The District follows an investment and deposit policy, the overall objective of which is to adequately safeguard the principal amount of funds invested or deposited; conformance with federal, State and other legal requirements; and provide sufficient liquidity of invested funds in order to meet obligations as they become due. Oversight of investment activity is the responsibility of the Business Official of the District.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will be affected by changing interest rates. The District's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit risk

The District's policy is to minimize the risk of loss due to failure of an issuer or other counterparty to an investment to fulfill its obligations. The District's investment and deposit policy authorizes the reporting entity to purchase the following types of investments:

- Interest bearing demand accounts
- Certificates of deposit
- Obligations of the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations of New York State and its localities

#### Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the reporting entity may not recover its deposits. In accordance with the District's investment and deposit policy, all deposits of the District including interest bearing demand accounts and certificates of deposit, in excess of the amount insured under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDIC) shall be secured by a pledge of securities with an aggregate value equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of deposits. The District restricts the securities to the following eligible items:

- Obligations issued, fully insured or guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest, by the United States Treasury and United States agencies
- Obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by New York State and its localities
- Obligations issued by other than New York State in one of the three highest rating categories by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### 6. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

A. State and federal aid

State and federal aid receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

General Fund: Excess cost aid BOCES aid Other	\$ 431,534 587,985 135,259
Special Aid Fund: State and federal grants	1,169,030
School Lunch Fund: School lunch reimbursement	225,782
Capital Projects Fund: State and federal grants	\$ 466,778 3,016,368

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

### 7. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions/ <u>Reclassifications</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 303,740	\$-	\$-	\$ 303,740
Construction-in-progress	2,190,824	1,663,707	(1,554,942)	2,299,589
Total nondepreciable assets	2,494,564	1,663,707	(1,554,942)	2,603,329
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and building				
improvements	122,648,864	-	1,423,022	124,071,886
Machinery and equipment	5,645,525	185,513	55,613	5,886,651
Vehicles	825,314	50,668	(37,595)	838,387
Site improvements	5,247,215			5,247,215
Total depreciable assets	134,366,918	236,181	1,441,040	136,044,139
Loss sourcested depresention:				
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and building				
improvements	66,964,076	3,132,665	-	70,096,741
Machinery and equipment	3,462,938	294,574	(76,307)	3,681,205
Vehicles	668,139	44,294	(37,595)	674,838
Site improvements	1,357,818	232,995		1,590,813
Total accumulated depreciation	72,452,971	3,704,528	(113,902)	76,043,597
Total capital assets, net	\$ 64,408,511	\$ (1,804,640)	\$-	\$ 62,603,871

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 159,263
Instruction	3,542,033
School lunch	3,232
	\$ 3,704,528

#### 8. <u>RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS</u>

The District has recorded right-to-use assets for leased equipment. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-Term Liabilities section in Note 10. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related leases.

Right-to-use asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	B	eginning					Ending
Governmental activities:	E	Balance	A	dditions	Redu	uctions	 Balance
Right-to-use asset: Leased equipment	\$	716,359	\$	322,978	\$	-	\$ 1,039,337
Less accumulated amortization: Leased equipment				244,396		-	 244,396
Total right-to-use asset, net	\$	716,359	\$	78,582	\$	-	\$ 794,941

Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction \$ 244,396

#### 9. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	eginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	nding alance
TAN matured on 6/24/22 at 1.50%	\$ _	\$ 14,250,000	\$ 14,250,000	\$ -

Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$21,019.

#### 10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

					Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 22,940,000	\$-	\$ 2,460,000	\$ 20,480,000	\$ 2,460,000
Bond premium	1,781,335		210,232	1,571,103	210,232
Bonds payable, net	24,721,335	-	2,670,232	22,051,103	2,670,232
Energy performance contract					
debt payable	8,978,125	-	913,210	8,064,915	941,444
Lease liabilities	716,359	322,978	238,327	801,010	261,061
Other post-employment benefits	173,326,493	8,443,637	37,051,178	144,718,952	-
Compensated absences	8,332,539		472,003	7,860,536	647,546
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 216,074,851	\$ 8,766,615	\$ 41,344,950	\$ 183,496,516	\$ 4,520,283

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the liabilities above.

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness:

Description	lssue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	at 6/30/2022
Serial bonds - refunding	2015	2025	3.00%	\$ 405,000
	2016	2028	4.00%	4 115 000
Serial bonds - refunding Serial bonds - refunding	2016	2029	4.00%	4,115,000 3,935,000
Serial bonds	2017	2032	2.00 - 3.00%	9,350,000
Serial bonds	2018	2033	3.00 - 3.25%	2,675,000
				\$ 20,480,000
Energy performance contract	2011	2026	3.24%	\$ 2,651,403
Energy performance contract	2019	2034	2.82%	5,413,509

\$ 8,064,912

	 Serial	Serial Bonds		Er	nergy Perforn		
	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ended							
<u>June 30,</u>							
2023	\$ 2,460,000	\$	696,775	\$	941,444	\$ 231,400	\$ 4,329,619
2024	2,455,000		610,675		970,553	202,291	4,238,519
2025	2,580,000		524,825		1,000,606	172,279	4,277,710
2026	2,460,000		434,525		1,031,511	141,333	4,067,369
2027	2,450,000		347,875		744,443	109,427	3,651,745
2028-2032	7,825,000		687,138		2,363,276	331,208	11,206,622
2033-2034	 250,000		8,125		1,013,079	 36,672	 1,307,876
	\$ 20,480,000	\$	3,309,938	\$	8,064,912	\$ 1,224,610	\$ 33,079,460

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

Interest paid \$	1,056,064
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(115,361)
Plus amortization of deferred charges	47,249
Less amortization of bond premium	(210,232)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	101,809
Total interest expense	879,529

In the District-wide financial statements, the District is amortizing deferred charges on the advance refunding and a refunding bond premium relating to bond issuance as a component of interest expense on a weighted average basis as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Premium		Deferred Charge		Net Decrease in Interest Expense		
2023	\$	210,232	\$	(47,249)	\$	162,983	
2024		210,232		(47,249)		162,983	
2025		210,232		(47,248)		162,984	
2026		201,826		(44,806)		157,020	
2027		201,826		(44,806)		157,020	
2028 - 2032		535,883		(89,612)		446,271	
2033		869		-		869	
Total	\$	1,571,100	\$	(320,970)	\$	1,250,130	

#### Lease liabilities

The District has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The Lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB Statement No. 87 and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of July 1, 2021.

The first agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 29 monthly payments of \$4,033. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.25%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$65,655 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The second agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 18 monthly payments of \$1,718. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.74%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$10,059 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The third agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 41 monthly payments of \$4,228. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.46%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$117,262 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The fourth agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 53 monthly payments of \$7,062. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 1.40%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$280,302 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The fifth agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease an equipment and requires 29 monthly payments of \$1,279. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 3.47%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$20,768 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The sixth agreement was executed on July 1, 2021, to lease a copier machine and requires 44 monthly payments of \$6. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 2.16%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$7,727 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

The seventh agreement was executed on January 1, 2022, to lease an equipment and requires 65 monthly payments of \$5,219. There are no variable payment components of the lease. The lease liability is measured at a discount rate of 1.92%, which was the District's borrowing rate at the inception of the lease agreement. As a result of the lease, the District has recorded a right-to-use asset with a net book value of \$293,168 as June 30, 2022. The right-to-use asset is discussed is more detail in the Right-To-Use Assets section in Note 8.

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	261,061	\$	14,440	\$	275,501	
2024		225,625		8,757		234,382	
2025		173,178		4,626		177,804	
2026		107,544		1,897		109,441	
2027		33,602		324		33,926	
	\$	801,010	\$	30,044	\$	831,054	

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

#### 11. PENSION PLANS

#### General information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("NYSTRS") and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("NYSERS"). These are cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

#### Provisions and administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. NYSTRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Annual Comprehensive Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

NYSERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL governs obligations of employees and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. NYSERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

#### Funding policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under NYSERS Tier VI vary between 3% to 6% based on a sliding salary scale. For NYSTRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For NYSERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the NYSERS' fiscal year ended March 31.

The District share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required. The contributions shown below are based upon the measurement date of the respective plans, and were as follows:

Year	NYSERS	NYSTRS
2022	\$ 1,533,817	\$ 3,444,538
2021	1,519,399	3,134,585
2020	1,450,037	3,134,970

Pension assets, liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset for its proportionate share of the net pension asset for each of the Systems. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 for NYSTRS and March 31, 2022 for NYSERS. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSTRS and NYSERS Systems in reports provided to the District:

	NYSERS			NYSTRS
Measurement date	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Net pension asset	\$	2,310,529	\$	36,901,895
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset		0.02826%		0.21295%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$271,067 for NYSERS and pension income of \$2,128,583 for NYSTRS. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O R€	Deferred utflows of esources - NYSERS	Deferred Outflows of Resources - NYSTRS	F	Deferred Inflows of Resources - NYSERS	R	Deferred Inflows of esources - NYSTRS
Difference between expected experience and actual experience	\$	174,980	\$ 5,086,535	\$	226,958	\$	191,721
Changes of assumptions		3,856,013	12,137,805		65,066		2,149,427
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	-		7,566,013		38,621,652
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		525,543	176,245		239,676		271,069
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		274,073	 3,888,143				-
Total	\$	4,830,609	\$ 21,288,728	\$	8,097,713	\$	41,233,869

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	NYSERS		 NYSTRS
Year ended June 30,:			
2023	\$	(466,274)	\$ (4,776,598)
2024		(771,450)	(5,602,496)
2025		(1,903,575)	(7,071,903)
2026		(399,878)	(9,333,451)
2027		-	1,739,261
Thereafter		-	1,211,903

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total pension asset as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2021	June 30, 2020
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	*Rates of increase differ based on service
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.70%	2.40%

\*The salary scale used for NYSTRS changes based upon levels of service as defined below:

Service	Rate
5	5.18%
15	3.64%
25	2.50%
35	1.95%

For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020. For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020.

For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020. For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	NYS	NYSERS		TRS
	Target allocation	Long-term rate	Target allocation	Long-term rate
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Asset type				
Cash	1.00%	(1.00%)	1.00%	(0.20%)
Credit	4.00%	3.78%	-	-
Domestic equity	32.00%	3.30%	33.00%	6.80%
Domestic fixed income	-	-	16.00%	1.30%
Fixed income	23.00%	0.00%	-	-
Global equity	-	-	4.00%	7.10%
Global fixed income	-	-	2.00%	0.80%
High-yield fixed income	-	-	1.00%	3.80%
International equity	15.00%	5.85%	16.00%	7.60%
Opportunistic porfolio	3.00%	4.10%	-	-
Private debt	-	-	1.00%	5.90%
Private equity	10.00%	6.50%	8.00%	10.00%
Real assets	3.00%	5.58%	-	-
Real estate debt	-	-	7.00%	3.30%
Real estate equities	9.00%	5.00%	11.00%	6.50%
	100.00%		100.00%	

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) to the discount rate assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.90% for NYSERS and 5.95% for NYSTRS) or 1 percentage point higher (6.90% for NYSERS and 7.95% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

NYSERS	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (5,947,276)	\$ 2,310,529	\$ 9,217,783
<u>NYSTRS</u>	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 3,872,316	\$ 36,901,895	\$ 64,660,860

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension asset of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(	Dollars in Thousands	)
	NYSERS	NYSTRS	Total
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2021	
Employers' total pension asset	\$ 223,874,888	\$ 130,819,415	\$ 354,694,303
Plan net position	232,049,473	148,148,457	380,197,930
Employers' net pension asset	\$ 8,174,585	\$ 17,329,042	\$ 25,503,627
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset	103.65%	113.25%	107.19%

#### Payables to the pension plan

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are paid to the system in September, October and November 2022 through a State aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$3,888,143.

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid NYSERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$274,073. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

#### 12. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Interfund							
	F	Receivable		Payable	R	evenues	Exp	penditures
General Fund	\$	1,492,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	971,688
Special Aid Fund		-		1,289,538		96,688		-
School Lunch Fund		-		-		-		-
Capital Projects Fund		-		202,763		875,000		-
Totals	\$	1,492,301	\$	1,492,301	\$	971,688	\$	971,688

Interfund receivables and payables are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS ("OPEB")

#### A. <u>General information about the OPEB plan</u>

#### Plan description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

#### Benefits provided

The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms

As of July 1, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	528
Active plan members	318
Total plan members	846

B. <u>Total OPEB liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$144,718,952 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

#### Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, with update procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases	2.60% average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.54%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.1% scaling down to 4.1% over 54 years
Retirees' share of benefit-related	0% to 8% of projected health insurance
costs	premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the June 30, 2022 Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to the valuation date with Scale MP-2021.

#### C. <u>Changes in the total OPEB liability</u>

Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 173,326,493
Changes for the year -	
Service cost	4,649,093
Interest	3,794,544
Demographic gains or losses	(19,247,254)
Change of assumptions	(13,174,707)
Benefit payments	 (4,629,217)
Net changes	 (28,607,541)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 144,718,952

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase					
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)					
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$168,120,926	\$144,718,952	\$125,807,010					

#### Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.1%) or one percentage point higher (6.1%) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	assumption	1% Increase
	(4.1%	(5.1%	(6.1%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	3.1%)	4.1%)	5.1%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$124,380,002	\$144,718,952	\$170,900,912

#### D. <u>OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to</u> <u>OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$142,067. At June 30, 2022 the District reported the following deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources:

		Deferred Dutflows of		Deferred Inflows of						
	R	esources -	Resources -							
		OPEB		OPEB						
Demographic gains or losses	\$	3,184,255	\$	15,741,477						
Changes in assumptions		779,697		18,365,584						
Total	\$	3,963,952	\$	34,107,061						

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,:	
2023	\$ (8,301,570)
2024	(8,301,568)
2025	(6,057,982)
2026	(6,234,993)
2027	(1,246,996)
Thereafter	-

#### 14. <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District has not purchased any annuity contracts.

#### 15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Government grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Property tax cap

In June 2011, the New York State Legislature enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions. For fiscal years through at least June 15, 2022, growth in the property tax levy (the total amount to be raised through property taxes charged on a municipality's taxable assessed value of property) will be capped at 2 percent, plus the inflation factor (but not less than 0 percent), whichever is less, with some exceptions. The New York State Comptroller set the allowable levy growth factor for local governments for fiscal years beginning July 1, 2021 at 1.01 (before exemptions). School districts can exceed the tax levy limit by a 60% vote of the governing body, subject to voter approval.

#### Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of business. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in excess of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time. It is the opinion of the District's attorneys that this will not exceed insurance coverage.

#### COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") as a pandemic. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operational and financial performance, and cash flow needs will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on funding sources, employees and vendors, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted as of the date of these financial statements.

#### 16. TAX ABATEMENTS

In 2012, the Town of Islip Industrial Development Agency ("IDA") made an agreement with Engel Burman of Sayville, LLC to give financial assistance through exemptions for the building of a \$40 million assisted living facility. This agreement was amended and assumed by HSRE-EB Sayville, LLC in 2015.

The original taxable assessed value of the property was \$329,500 with a projected taxable assessed value of the facility upon completion of \$2,500,000. The taxable assessed value will increase by \$217,050 annually until it approximates \$2,500,000. The District receives a payment in lieu of taxes until the PILOT Agreement expires in 2024/25. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District received \$538,496 as a PILOT payment.

#### 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 have been restated as of July 1, 2021 to give the effect to the following:

	0	Right-To-Use Assets		se Liability	F	Leases Recievable	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Balance as of July 1, 2021, as previously stated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
GASB Statement No. 87 implementation:									
Add: Right-to-use lease assets, lease liability, leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources		716,359		716,359		5,032,197		5,032,197	
Balance as of July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	716,359	\$	716,359	\$	5,032,197	\$	5,032,197	

#### 18. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The District will evaluate the impact each of these upcoming pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material. The following is a list of GASB pronouncements issued but not yet effective:

GASB Statement No.	Effective Fiscal Year				
Statement No. 91	Conduit Debt Obligations	June 30, 2023			
Statement No. 94	Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availablity Payment Arrangements	June 30, 2023			
Statement No. 96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	June 30, 2023			

#### 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the Statement of Net Position through the date of October 13, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, noting no matters requiring further consideration.

## SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Adopted Budget			Final Budget	Actual		En	Year-end cumbrances	,	Variance
REVENUES										
Local sources:	•		•		<b>^</b>				•	
Real property taxes	\$	56,917,087	\$	56,277,087	\$	56,643,889			\$	366,802
Other real property tax items		5,118,713		5,118,713		4,780,309				(338,404)
Charges for services		695,000		695,000		1,010,378				315,378
Use of money and property		1,844,532		1,844,532		1,934,125				89,593
Sale of property and compensation for loss		29,200		29,200		17,917				(11,283)
Miscellaneous		200,000		200,000		269,530				69,530
Total local sources		64,804,532		64,164,532		64,656,148				491,616
State sources		26,428,099		26,888,099		26,817,721				(70,378)
Federal sources		125,000		125,000		166,955				41,955
Total revenues		91,357,631		91,177,631		91,640,824			\$	463,193
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE										
Issuance of leases		-		-		322,978				
Appropriated fund balance		2,889,401		2,889,401		-				
Prior year encumbrances		1,004,349		1,004,349		-				
Appropriated reserves		2,731,026		2,986,026		-				
Total revenues, other financing sources and										
appropriated fund balance		97,982,407		98,057,407		91,963,802				
EXPENDITURES										
General support:										
Board of Education		85,575		88,125		69,653	\$	1,718	\$	16,754
Central administration		389,554		390,354		388,417	Ψ	100	Ψ	1,837
Finance		1,320,143		1,528,086		1,338,921		41,146		148,019
Staff		906,808		862,409		716,416		83,283		62,710
Central services		8,732,897		10,106,327		8,741,609		1,061,625		303,093
Special items		934,600		952,645		921,965		-		30,680
Total general support		12,369,577		13,927,946		12,176,981		1,187,872		563,093
Instruction:										
Instruction, administration and improvement		3,375,447		3,463,781		3,184,094		19,413		260,274
Teaching - regular school		26,980,097		27,150,723		26,407,058		57,777		685,888
Programs for children with handicapping conditions		12,801,872		12,197,225		11,260,078		215,405		721,742
Occupational education		702,219		704,167		704,167		-		-
Teaching - special school		189,318		170,326		62,531		-		107,795
Instructional media		4,039,744		4,121,107		3,792,101		113,900		215,106
Pupil services		5,180,521		5,342,130		4,998,360		80,885		262,885
Total instruction		53,269,218		53,149,459		50,408,389		487,380		2,253,690
Pupil transportation		4,404,247		3,741,145		3,591,367		63,046		86,732
Community services		114,803		114,803		87,077		-		27,726
Employee benefits		22,203,841		21,354,534		20,752,060		135,091		467,383
Debt service:										
Principal Interest		3,373,213 1,247,508		3,611,540 1,082,980		3,611,538 1,077,083		-		2 5,897
Total expenditures		96,982,407		96,982,407		91,704,495		1,873,389		3,404,523
		. /		. /		. , .				- /
OTHER FINANCING USES Interfund transfers		1,000,000		1,075,000		971,688		_		103,312
		1,000,000		1,070,000		371,000		-		100,012

	I	,000,000	1,075,000	971,000		-	 103,312	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	97	7,982,407	98,057,407	92,676,183	\$	1,873,389	\$ 3,507,835	
Net change in fund balance	\$	- 9	<u> </u>	(712,381)				
Fund balance, beginning of year				32,961,116	_			
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 32,248,735	=			

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 4,649,093	\$ 5,198,002	\$ 5,450,542	\$ 5,913,107	\$ 5,740,881
Interest	3,794,544	3,772,510	5,777,669	5,167,585	4,985,348
Plan changes	-	-	(43,398)	-	-
Demographic gains or losses	(19,247,254)	-	7,526,422	-	(661,373)
Changes in assumptions or inputs	(13,174,707)	1,357,249	(7,937,705)	(13,098,652)	-
Benefit payments	(4,629,217)	(4,982,965)	(4,793,825)	(4,605,542)	(3,725,955)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(28,607,541)	5,344,796	5,979,705	(6,623,502)	6,338,901
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	173,326,493	167,981,697	162,001,992	168,625,494	162,286,593
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 144,718,952	\$ 173,326,493	\$ 167,981,697	\$ 162,001,992	\$ 168,625,494
Covered payroll	\$ 33,750,901	\$ 32,673,467	\$ 32,673,467	\$ 41,059,180	\$ 41,059,180
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	428.79%	530.48%	514.12%	394.56%	410.69%

#### Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

The District has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay OPEB benefits, as New York State currently does not allow school districts to establish this type of trust. The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-yougo basis.

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#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

NYSERS																
		2022		(A) 2021		(B) 2020		2019		2018		2017		(C) 2016		2015
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	(	).02826%	0	.03032%	0	.03036%	0	.33240%	0	.03405%	0	.03390%	0.	.03363%	0.(	03375%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	2,311	\$	(30)	\$	(8,040)	\$	(2,355)	\$	(1,099)	\$	(3,185)	\$	(5,398)	\$	(1,141)
District's covered payroll	\$	10,823	\$	9,504	\$	10,667	\$	10,426	\$	10,471	\$	10,501	\$	9,935	\$	9,495
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll		21.35%		0.32%		75.37%		22.59%		10.50%		30.33%		54.33%		12.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)		103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%		90.68%		97.95%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of March 31.

NYSTRS											
	(D) 2022	2021	(E) 2020	2019	(F) 2018	(G) 2017	2016	2015			
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.21295%	0.20844%	0.21038%	0.20804%	0.20959%	0.21174%	0.21048%	0.20804%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 36,902	\$ (5,760)	\$ 5,466	\$ 3,762	\$ 1,593	\$ (2,268)	\$ 21,863	\$ 23,174			
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,556	\$ 35,776	\$ 36,348	\$ 34,403	\$ 33,603	\$ 31,860	\$ 31,191	\$ 30,568			
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of covered payroll	100.95%	16.10%	15.04%	10.94%	4.74%	7.12%	70.09%	75.81%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	105.53%	111.48%	110.46%	99.01%	100.66%			

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined (bi-annually) as of June 30.

(A) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 6.8% to 5.9% effective with the March 31, 2021 measurement date.

(B) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

(C) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

(D) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.10% to 6.95% effective with the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

(E) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.25% to 7.10% effective with the June 30, 2019 measurement date.

(F) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was decreased from 7.5% to 7.25% effective with the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

(G) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8.0% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

#### \*Note to Required Supplementary Information

Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.

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#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS - NYSERS & NYSTRS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS\* (Dollar amounts in thousands)

			NYSERS					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,534	\$ 1,519	\$ 1,450	\$ 1,521	\$ 1,563	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,695	\$ 1,814
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,534	1,519	1,450	1,521	1,563	1,494	1,695	1,814
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$-
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,812	\$ 10,118	\$ 10,028	\$ 10,419	\$ 10,616	\$ 10,099	\$ 9,974	\$ 9,846
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.19%	15.02%	14.46%	14.60%	14.72%	14.79%	16.99%	18.42%
			NYSTRS					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,445	\$ 3,135	\$ 3,729	\$ 3,321	\$ 3,893	\$ 3,893	\$ 4,333	\$ 5,543
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,445	3,135	3,729	3,321	3,893	3,893	4,333	5,543
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,769	\$ 36,556	\$ 35,776	\$ 36,348	\$ 34,403	\$ 33,603	\$ 31,860	\$ 31,191
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.37%	8.57%	10.42%	9.14%	11.32%	11.59%	13.60%	17.77%

\*Note to Required Supplementary Information Ten years of historical information was not available upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until ten years of historical data is available.



#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Change from adopted budget to final budget:

Adopted budget	\$ 96,978,058	
Add: Prior year's encumbrances Add: Board authorized appropriation	 1,004,349 75,000	
Final budget		\$ 98,057,407
§1318 of real property tax law limit calculation:		
2022-2023 voter-approved budget		\$ 99,302,157
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		\$ 3,972,086
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Committed fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 4,762,790 1,300,000 3,875,990	\$ 9,938,780
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances	 2,889,401 1,873,389	 4,762,790
General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of real property tax law		\$ 5,175,990
Actual percentage		 5.21%

# SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING SOURCES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Expenditures								Methods of Financing											
Project Title		Original Budget		evised Budget		Prior Years	 Current Year		Total	expended Balance		ceeds of igations		State Aid	<b>.</b>	Local Sources		Total	Ba	Fund alance 9 30, 2022
Sunrise Drive Unit Vents	\$	543,136	\$	546,770	\$	500,932	\$ 45,838	\$	546,770	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	546,770	\$	546,770	\$	-
High School Masonry Reconstruction		36,969		325,855		22,049	303,806		325,855	-		-		-		325,855		325,855		-
Bond Issues - District-Wide Improvements		-	1	9,230,618		19,110,614	118,624		19,229,238	1,380	1	7,575,000		-		1,655,618	1	9,230,618		1,380
Middle School Pool Locker Room Alterations		763,031		780,179		39,401	740,778		780,179	-		-		-		780,179		780,179		-
High School Spline Ceiling Replacement		567,904		567,904		-	338,287		338,287	229,617		-		-		567,904		567,904		229,617
Lincoln Avenue Emergency Staff Bathroom		69,732		69,732		-	65,884		65,884	3,848		-		-		69,732		69,732		3,848
Lincoln Avenue Restroom Alterations		-		-		-	50,490		50,490	(50,490)		-		-		-		-		(50,490)
Smart bond		71,399		1,064,748		1,064,748	 -		1,064,748	 -				1,064,748		-		1,064,748		-
Totals	\$	2,052,171	\$2	2,585,806	\$	20,737,744	\$ 1,663,707	\$	22,401,451	\$ 184,355	\$ 1 <sup>°</sup>	7,575,000	\$	1,064,748	\$	3,946,058	\$ 2	2,585,806	\$	184,355

#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS JUNE 30, 2022

Capital assets, net		\$ 62,603,871
Add: Right-to-use assets, net Deferred charges for advance refunding	 794,941 320,970	1,115,911
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable, net Long-term portion of bonds payable, net Short-term portion of energy performance contract payable Long-term portion of energy performance contract payable Short-term portion of lease liabilities Long-term portion of lease liabilities	\$ 2,670,232 19,380,871 941,444 7,123,471 261,061 539,949	30,917,028
Net investment in capital assets		\$ 32,802,754

#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Cluster Title/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Programs From:			
New York State Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster: IDEA, Part B, Section 611, Special Education Grants to States IDEA, Part B, Section 619, Special Education Preschool Grants	84.027A 84.173A	0032-22-0461 0033-22-0461	\$    708,057 36,703
Total Special Education Cluster			744,760
Education Stabilization Fund Cluster: ARP Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 3 ARP, UPK Federal Expansion CRRSA Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief 2 CRRSA Act, ESF, Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund 2	84.425U 84.425U 84.425D 84.425C	5880-21-2950 5870-22-9207 5891-21-2950 5896-21-2950	104,021 248,400 798,026 211,988
Total Education Stabilization Fund Cluster			1,362,435
Title I, Part A Cluster: ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies ESEA, Title I, Part A, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A	0021-21-1680 0021-22-1680	82,497 189,535
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			272,032
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants ESEA, Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment ESEA, Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.367A 84.367A 84.424A 84.424A	0147-21-3125 0147-22-3125 0204-21-3125 0204-22-3125	10,298 18,171 8,646 3,600
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,419,942
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Programs From:			
New York State Office of General Services			
Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program Supply Chain Assistance National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A	71,438 56,598 1,104,888
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,232,924
P-EBT Local Level Administrative Cost Grant	10.649	N/A	3,005
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,235,929
TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 3,655,871

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance of the District.

#### 2. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The amounts reported as federal expenditures were obtained from the federal financial reports for the applicable program and periods. The amounts reported in these reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are reconciled with the District's financial reporting system. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Matching costs (the District's share of certain program costs) are not included in the reported expenditures.

The basis of accounting varies by federal program consistent with the underlying regulations pertaining to each program.

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received, which is provided by New York State.

#### 3. INDIRECT COSTS

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 4. <u>SUBRECIPIENTS</u>

No amounts were provided to subrecipients.

#### 5. <u>OTHER DISCLOSURES</u>

No insurance is carried specifically to cover equipment purchased with federal funds. Any equipment purchased with federal funds has only a nominal value, and is covered by the District's casualty insurance policies.

There were no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year end.

#### 6. MAJOR PROGRAM DETERMINATION

The District was deemed to be a "low-risk auditee", therefore, major programs were determined based on 20% of total federal award expenditures.



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Sayville Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Reference is made to the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations accompanying this report for additional observations on internal control.

# Nawrocki**Smith**

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hauppauge, New York October 13, 2022

Nawrocki Smith IIP



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Sayville Union Free School District Sayville, New York:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### **Opinion of Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Sayville Union Free School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District compiled, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

# Nawrocki**Smith**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hauppauge, New York October 13, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### 1. <u>Summary Of Auditor's Results</u>:

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance was disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were reported during the audit of the major federal award programs.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. No audit findings relative to the major federal award programs that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516 (a) of the Uniform Guidance, were disclosed during the audit.
- 7. The programs tested as a major program included:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
	U.S. Department of Education -
84.425C	CARES Act, ESF, Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund
84.425D	CARES Act, ESF, Elementary and Secondary School
	Emergency Relief Fund
84.425U	CARES Act, ESF, American Rescue Plan Elementary and
	Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
84.425U	ARP, UPK Federal Expansion
	•

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### 2. Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

#### 3. Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

None reported.

#### SAYVILLE UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### Findings - Financial Statement Audit

None reported.

#### Findings And Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None reported.

#### CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

We noted no other areas of improvement as a result of our audit procedures for the current year.