FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 Plummer, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44, as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

Management has recorded a liability for the implicit rate subsidy of the retiree healthcare. However, the District did not obtain a current actuarial report to determine the current amount of the liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the District record a liability for the excess of the age-adjusted health insurance premium over the blended health insurance premium for retirees, which would increase the liabilities, decrease the net position in the statement of net position, and increase expenses in the statement of activities. Since the District did not obtain a current actuarial report, the amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of pension and OPEB funding and budgetary comparison information on pages 7 through 14 and 43 through 45, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 24, 2023, on our consideration of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PRESNELL GAGE PLLC

October 24, 2023 Moscow, Idaho

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased by \$124,145 as a result of this year's operations.
- The total cost of District operations amounted to \$8,724,490 of which \$2,545,372 was generated from program revenues. General revenues amounted to \$6,278,220.
- The District recognized a net OPEB asset and a net pension liability of \$158,495 and \$3,733,473, respectively, at June 30, 2023. PERSI reflects that the OPEB and pensions are 127.21 and 83.09 percent funded, respectively.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) District-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) other supplementary information.

- The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances.
- The Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as
 what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations
 in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's
 most significant funds.
- The remaining statements and schedules provide information about individual funds within the District and the results of their operations compared to budget.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is: "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities"? The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that may help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax base and student enrollment to assess the overall health of the District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements begin on page 17 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants received through the Idaho State Department of Education).

Governmental Funds. Most of the District's day-to-day operations are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on pages 18 and 20.

Fiduciary Funds. The District is the fiduciary for its scholarship funds established through the District. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position on page 21. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-41.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$124,145 to a total of \$11,063,698 in fiscal year 2023 as a result of current operations. This is compared to \$10,939,553 in 2022 and \$11,066,330 in 2021. Unrestricted net position—the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements went from \$856,354 at June 30, 2022, to \$549,170 at this fiscal year-end.

Total assets increased to \$13,652,063 in 2023 compared to \$13,153,251 in 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Payables relating to payroll and taxes decreased from \$702,709 to \$650,284.

Table 1 presents the revenues and expenses for the District's programs.

Table 1								
Changes in Net Posit	Changes in Net Position							
	2023	2022						
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 25,043	\$ 102,192						
Operating grants and contributions	2,545,372	1,902,970						
General revenues								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	485,682	30,939						
State base support	3,269,176	3,149,290						
State and federal funding not restricted to	26.056	60 704						
specific programs	26,956	68,784						
P.L. 874 Impact Aid	1,552,161 101,949	1,493,382						
Interest and investment earnings Gain on sale	801,910	6,796						
Other general revenues	40,386	52,672						
Total revenues	8,848,635	6,807,025						
Program Expenses								
Instruction								
Regular programs	2,632,423	2,803,198						
Special programs	611,592	564,745						
Interscholastic and school activity	132,248	110,738						
Other instructional programs								
Support services								
Pupil support	449,939	477,374						
Staff support	435,561	600,821						
General administration School administration	247,930	237,405						
Business services	311,231 741,952	323,585 643,825						
Maintenance and operations	1,396,941	454,726						
Transportation	435,499	393,141						
Other support services	91,290	72,430						
Food services	433,320	444,845						
Community services	192,860	160,239						
Student activity	47,160	104,987						
PERSI retirement actuarial charges	564,544	(458,257)						
Total expenses	8,724,490	6,933,802						
Change in net position	<u>\$ 124,145</u>	\$ (126,777)						

The District experienced a revenue increase during the year ended June 30, 2023. The most notable increase was from operating grants and contributions and state base support.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Table 2 presents the cost of each of the District's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 2 – District Program Expense						
	Program <u>Expense</u>	Net Revenue (Expense)				
Instruction						
Regular programs	\$ 2,632,423	\$(2,073,185)				
Special programs	611,592	(539,775)				
Interscholastic and school activity	132,248	(132,248)				
Support services						
Pupil support	449,939	(383,949)				
Staff support	435,561	(156,811)				
General administration	247,930	(246,197)				
School administration	311,231	(309,034)				
Business services	741,952	(675,348)				
Maintenance and operations	1,396,941	(406,343)				
Transportation	435,499	(434,557)				
Other support services	91,290	(30,122)				
Food services	433,320	(175,419)				
Community services	192,860	(992)				
Student activity	47,160	(25,551)				
PERSI retirement actuarial charges	564,544	(564,544)				

Net Pension Asset. The District recognized a net pension liability of \$3,733,473 for its share of PERSI's net pension liability. PERSI is one of the strongest retirement systems in the nation, with funding at 83.09 percent of the pension obligation. The District recognized deferred outflows of \$2,330,101 for payments made towards the net pension asset and deferred inflows of \$16,664 for the District's share of earnings in excess of the minimum expectation by PERSI.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,532,344, which increased from last year's total of \$2,509,319.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the District amended their operating budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2023, the District had \$15,001,186 in capital assets, including buildings, computer equipment, and major school equipment. This year the District purchased a new Skyward system, two Ricoh-IM copiers, and an Accu Temp steamer. Total new additions were \$40,130.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Debt

The District does not have any long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2023.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District continues to be affected by COVID-19 initially hitting our nation March of 2020. The State of Idaho, through the Federal Government, received *CARES ACT*-ESSER (ESSER I) dollars and we have used these K-12 funds for COVID-19 related expenditures, which fall into various categories including:

- Activities authorized by ESEA, IDEA, AEFLA, the Perkins Act, and the McKinney-Vento Act.
- 2. Coordination of preparedness and response efforts.
- 3. Providing principals with resources necessary for their school-level needs.
- 4. Activities to address the needs of special-needs populations.
- 5. Development and implementation of preparedness and response systems.
- 6. Training and professional development on sanitization and the minimization of disease spread.
- 7. Purchasing cleaning supplies.
- 8. Planning and coordinating long-term closures.
- 9. Purchasing education technology for students.
- 10. Providing mental health services and supports.
- 11. Planning and implementing summer-learning and after-school programs.
- 12. Addressing learning loss of all students.
- 13. School facility repairs and improvements to enable operation of schools to reduce risk of virus transmission and exposure to environmental health hazards, and to support student health needs.
- 14. Inspection, testing, maintenance, repair, replacement, and upgrade projects to improve the in-door air quality in school facilities, including mechanical and non-mechanical heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems, and window and door repair and replacement.
- 15. Other activities necessary to maintain the operation of the LEA and for continuing to employ existing staff.

We have had available to us, ESSER I funds totaling \$247,246.76. These funds are to be used for expenditures from March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022. During the spring of 2020 we used \$7,069.00 of those funds. During the 2020-2021 school year we used an additional \$161,789. During the 2021-2022 school year we used \$74,419.44. Due to staff shortages, funds were used for a full-time substitute teacher at the secondary level to assist students in cohort groups. It was also used for bus costs for activity trips due to a shortage of staff in the transportation area due to COVID. In addition, extra hours for our school nurse were experienced to address contact tracing issues, purchase of masks for all students, and the need for additional technology to compensate for losses due to budget cuts in that area from the state. The District experienced additional custodial and maintenance costs due to the need for sanitizing, repairs to HVAC systems for the circulation of clean air, the purchasing of a used white bus to use when transportation staffing is not available due to staffing shortages. Remaining is \$3,968.76 intended for Social and Emotional Learning/Behavioral Health and Wellness services as well as the Learning Management System. In the 2022-2023 school year we used \$3,916 for Social and Emotional Learning/Behavior Health and Wellness services as well as the learning management system.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

We also have available *CRRSA ACT*-ESSER II F/T in the amount of \$938,977.66 to be spent January 5, 2021 through September 30, 2023, as well as ARP-ESSER III-F/T Discretionary in the amount of \$1,685,940.47 that can be spent between March 24, 2021 through September 30, 2024. ARP-ESSER III-F/T Discretionary funds spent through 2022-2023 in the amount of \$338,445. We will spend the remaining CRRSA ACT-ESSERR III F/T \$1,347,495.80 during the 2023-2024 school year. CRRSA ACT-ESSER II F/T we spent \$704,331 in the 2022-2023 school year. We spent \$234,640.65 in 2021-2022 school year for CRRSA ACT-ESSER II F/T. These funds started being used during the 2021-2022 school year. Because of COVID and staffing absences due to daycares closing down periodically, we used these funds to establish a daycare on-site for staff.

The School District will use the remaining ESSER II and ESSER III funds primarily for HVAC upgrades and maintenance in all school buildings. A portion will be used for technology, extra hours for staff due to COVID, Zoom licenses for parent meetings or when gathering of persons is inadvisable, as well as the District identified consistent staffing shortages as a result of staff daycares' long-term suspensions of services due to COVID. The remaining funds will be used as needed according to allowable uses.

The School District also has available and is required to expend awarded funds entitled ARP-ESSER III-F/T Learning Loss. These funds are provided in the amount of \$421,150.45 and are to be used from March 24, 2021 through September 30, 2024. For the 2021-2022 school year \$32,453.73 was used. For the 2022-2023 school year \$116,441 was used. The remaining funds of \$272,253.45 will be spent during the 2023-2024 school year. These funds are to be used for:

1. "The School District shall address learning loss through the implementation of evidence-based interventions, such as summer learning or summer enrichment, extended day, afterschool programs, or extended school year programs."

We had a summer "Jump Start" program for students prior to school in August 2023. This additional program was for students identified as having experienced learning loss during school closures and required additional educational services to curb additional learning loss. There will be other areas addressed over the next couple of years related to learning loss.

The School District received additional federal IDEA ARPA School Age and Preschool funds for one-time items for Special Education and Preschool. The school age extra funds are in the amount of \$17,948 and the preschool extra total \$1,662. The District used all of the preschool funds and most of the school age funds during the 2021-2022 school year. The balance of \$2,184.06 will be used during the 2023-2024 school year by September 30, 2023.

The District had available funds through the State entitled "2021 Recruit, Hire & Retain." We received \$2,500 during the 2022-2023 school year. These funds were to be used to recruit and retain staff critical to the ongoing operations of in-person instruction. Funds may be used to provide supplementary pay for school support staff, which included special education staff.

The District had available funds through the State entitled "ARPA State Fiscal Recovery SLFRF Instructional Staff Additional Compensation (HB793). The District received \$78,986. These funds were to be spent between July 1, 2022 and June 15,2023. We split this fund into two payments for certified staff additional pay and benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the 2022-2023 school year, there was a change in the salary-based apportionment funding. Due to the Career Ladder funding that the legislation put into effect with the 2015-2016 school year, beginning teacher salaries were increased from \$40,000 to \$40,369. For the 2022-2023 school year, the beginning teacher salaries will increase to \$40,742. The beginning teacher salaries are scheduled to increase over the next few years and for the 2024-2025 school year will be \$41,500. They also added a third level to the "Advanced Professional" level for the 2022-2023 school year that will be in the amount of \$55,389. Requirements for certificated teachers to attain this level are based on a variety of criteria, including, but not limited to student achievement, evaluation performance, and engaging in leadership opportunities.

We will see an increase in funding from the State of Idaho as the unit funding went from \$35,924 per unit to \$41,391. The unit funding is expected to be based on ADA (average daily attendance) for the entire school year. Due to COVID, legislation allowed for the 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 school years as well as the 2022-2023 school year to be paid as student enrollment instead of ADA. The 2023-2024 school year has reverted back to ADA (average daily attendance). The District budgeted at 20.91 units but actually ended the year at 22.60 units due to the way we counted our students. For the 2023-2024 school year, we are estimating our units to be at 20.91 for the full year, which should give us \$751,171. Our health insurance monthly rates were scheduled to increase for the 2023-2024 school year by \$56.48 a month per employee. For an estimated 79 employees for the year. The District's health insurance committee, consisting of staff, met and decided to change plans to reduce the monthly costs by \$23.27 per month instead of the increase of \$56.48. This is a savings in the amount of \$29,906 instead of an increase of \$69,433.28. We did add Allyhealth (Telehealth for Employees only at \$13 per employee per month for at least one year at \$1,027 per month, bringing our savings to \$28,879.

We had a 2-year supplemental levy of \$640,000 per year with the 2020-2021 school year being the second year. The School Board decided not to put the supplemental levy out for a vote during the 2021-2022 school year. It was decided to run the levy for 2 years at \$627,500 per year starting with the 2022-2023 school year. The levy was approved in August 2022 by patrons.

Although the District was eligible to approve the Emergency Levy based on increased ADA from the prior year, the School Board decided in September 2021 and 2022 not to approve the Emergency Levy. This Emergency Levy is part of *Idaho Code* 33-805.

The District has not received Education Donations from the Coeur d'Alene Tribe for 3 years as of the time of this submission. We have requested \$160,000 per year, which consists of \$82,000 for the music program, \$20,000 for Technology, and \$58,000 for Maintenance.

The District is receiving Federal School Improvement funds through the Idaho Comprehensive Support and Improvement program. Through the development of a Schoolwide Improvement Plan (SWIP), at each of the District's schools, a series of initiatives will be funded and monitored by the Idaho Department of Education. The District received funds during the 2018-2019, 2019-2020 and the 2020-2021 school years. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, disruption to this process was significant. All unused funds from the previous years were carried over to the 2021-2022 school year. The funds are designated to be spent in previously identified areas requiring support. Because much of the 2019-20 school year resulted in the halting of many of these initiatives, a fourth year (2021-2022) has been added to the program for all three schools. The District has been notified that the State of Idaho will be recognizing the 3 schools in the District as a comprehensive support and improvement recipient. Details of this program and the District's engagement will be forthcoming in the 2022-2023 school year after each respective school submits a detailed plan.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The District will be doing several maintenance projects during the 2022-2023 school year. The levy that was approved will provide funding each school year (for 2 years) of \$25,000 for exterior door replacement, \$5,000 for security camera replacement, \$50,000 for Middle School roof updates, \$50,000 to replace single pane windows, and \$17,500 for LED lighting replacement in student occupied areas. The District is also using the ESSER dollars for HVAC in the amount of \$1,836,302 at the secondary schools. Additional work will be done at the Elementary school related to HVAC repairs. The amount will be a result of a thorough due diligence process.

Due to COVID, our Food Service program is seeing costs rise on products, availability of products as well as availability of staff. Because of the excessive costs of plastic/paper trays students have used, we are using a student to wash trays/dishes during the 2021-2022 as well as the 2022-2023 school year and using trays that the school already possessed. We are also baking and preparing more homemade food because of product limitations with regard to availability. These additional efforts are causing staff to spend more hours preparing foods, and we currently have an additional full time staff to help with the additional work load.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Business Office at 1255 E. Street, Plummer, Idaho.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Current assets Investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Total current assets	\$ 3,898,114.0 73,535 444,450 4,416,099
Noncurrent assets Net OPEB asset Capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	185,752 15,001,186 (5,950,974) 9,235,964
Total assets	13,652,063
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB plan Defined benefit pension Total deferred outflows of resources	158,495 2,330,101 2,488,596
Current liabilities Checks in excess of deposit Payroll and taxes payable Unearned revenue Total current liabilities	112,587 650,284 52,102 814,973
Noncurrent liabilities Accrued post-employment benefits Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	428,412 3,733,473 4,161,885
Total liabilities	4,976,858
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB plan Defined benefit pension Total deferred inflows of resources	83,439 16,664 100,103
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Grant programs Unrestricted	9,050,212 1,389,409 74,907 549,170
Total net position	\$ 11,063,698

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program	n Reve	enues	(E	et Revenue xpense) and anges in Net Position
					Operating		
	_		arges for		Frants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Drawers	Expenses	S	ervices		ontributions		Activities
Functions/Programs Instruction							
Regular programs	\$ 2,632,423			\$	559,238	\$	(2,073,185)
Special programs	\$ 2,632,423 611,592			Φ	71,817	Ф	(539,775)
Interscholastic and school activity	132,248				11,011		(132,248)
Support services	132,240						(132,240)
Pupil support	449,939				65,990		(383,949)
Staff support	435,561				278,750		(156,811)
General administration	247,930				,		,
School administration	311,231				1,733 2,197		(246,197) (309,034)
Business services	741,952				66,604		(675,348)
Maintenance and operations	1,396,941				990,598		(406,343)
Transportation	435,499				942		(434,557)
Other support services	91,290	Φ	0.404		61,168		(30,122)
Food services	433,320	\$	3,434		254,467		(175,419)
Community services	192,860		04.000		191,868		(992)
Student activity	47,160		21,609				(25,551)
PERSI retirement actuarial charges	564,544						(564,544)
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,724,490	\$	25,043	\$	2,545,372		(6,154,075)
General revenues: Property taxes, levied for	general purposes	s					485,682
State base support	gonoral parpood						3,269,176
State and federal funding	not restricted to	specifi	c programs	;			26,956
P.L. 874 Impact Aid	, 1101 1001110104 10	оросии	o programe				1,552,161
Interest and investment	earnings						101,949
Gain on sale							801,910
Other general revenues							40,386
Guidi ganaran aranga							6,278,220
Change in net position							124,145
Net position, beginning							10,939,553
Net position, ending						\$	11,063,698

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

400570	General	-ood ervice	School Plant Facilities Reserve	Capital nstruction		Other /ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash					\$	10,807	\$ 10,807
Investments	\$ 2,774,391		\$ 1,035,707		Ψ	88,016	3,898,114
Property taxes receivable	73.535		Ψ 1,000,101			00,010	73,535
Accounts receivable	50,997					393,453	444,450
Interfund balances	46,487	\$ 63,968		\$ 798,819		394,562	1,303,836
Total assets	\$ 2,945,410	\$ 63,968	\$ 1,035,707	\$ 798,819	\$	886,838	\$ 5,730,742
LIABILITIES							
Checks in excess of deposit	\$ 123,394						\$ 123,394
Payroll and taxes payable	486,122	\$ 42,552			\$	121,610	650,284
Interfund balances	423,046		\$ 577,946			302,844	1,303,836
Unearned revenue						52,102	52,102
Total liabilities	1,032,562	42,552	577,946	0		476,556	2,129,616
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	68,782						68,782
Total deferred inflows of resources	68,782	0	0	0		0	68,782
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted for capital projects			457,761	798,819		132,829	1,389,409
Restricted for grant programs						74,907	74,907
Assigned for sick leave	29,332						29,332
Assigned, reported in:							
Special revenue funds		21,416				201,939	223,355
Unassigned, reported in:							
General fund	1,814,734	 		 		607	1,815,341
Total fund balances	1,844,066	 21,416	457,761	 798,819		410,282	3,532,344
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,945,410	\$ 63,968	\$ 1,035,707	\$ 798,819	\$	886,838	\$ 5,730,742

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION TO THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 3,532,344
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Excess funding of long-term liabilities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds: Net OPEB asset		185,752
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds: Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 15,001,186 (5,950,974)	9,050,212
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows for pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows		2,488,596
Deferred inflows		(100,103)
Property taxes receivable to be collected this year, but not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures are, therefore, deferred in the funds.		68,782
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Post-employment benefits Net pension asset (liability)		(428,412) (3,733,473)
Total net position - Governmental Activities		\$ 11,063,698

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES	General	Food Service	School Plant Facilities Reserve	Capital Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
General property taxes	\$ 462,638					\$ 462,638
State foundation program	3,262,932				\$ 6,224	3,269,156
Other state revenue	1.874	\$ 20			156.155	158,049
Federal revenue	1,529,153	260.773	\$ 23.008		2,095,485	3,908,419
Charges for services	1,020,100	3,434	Ψ 23,000		21,609	25,043
Earnings on investments	99,107	3,434			2,842	101,949
Other revenues	59,288			\$ 801,910	69,007	930,205
Total revenues	5,414,992	264,227	23,008	801,910	2,351,322	8,855,459
rotal revenues	0,414,002	204,221	20,000	001,010	2,001,022	0,000,400
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Regular programs	1,722,578				648,249	2,370,827
Special programs	492,542				71,817	564,359
Interscholastic and						
school activity	132,248					132,248
Other instructional programs						
Support services						
Pupil support	415,920				63,885	479,805
Staff support	156,811				278,750	435,561
General administration	246,197				1,733	247,930
School administration	309,034				2,197	311,231
Business services	675,348				82,715	758,063
Maintenance and operations	399,500			3,091	994,960	1,397,551
Transportation	391,938				942	392,880
Other support services	(354)				61,168	60,814
Food services		432,084			9,061	441,145
Community services					192,860	192,860
Student activity					47,160	47,160
Total expenditures	4,941,762	432,084	0	3,091	2,455,497	7,832,434
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	473,230	(167,857)	23,008	798,819	(104,175)	1,023,025
EXI ENDITORES	473,230	(107,007)	23,000	730,013	(104,173)	1,023,023
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from other funds		170,516			20,449	190,965
Transfers to other funds	(190,965)	,			,	(190,965)
Total other financing	(100,000)	-			-	(100,000)
sources (uses)	(190,965)	170,516	0	0	20,449	0
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	282,265	2,659	23,008	798,819	(83,726)	1,023,025
FUND BALANCES AT						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,561,801	18,757	434,753		494,008	2,509,319
				·		
FUND BALANCES AT END	¢ 1 044 000	e 24.44e	¢ 457.704	¢ 700.040	e 440.000	¢ 2 E20 244
OF YEAR	\$ 1,844,066	\$ 21,416	\$ 457,761	\$ 798,819	\$ 410,282	\$ 3,532,344

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,023,025
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation:	
Current year capital outlay Current year depreciation Loss on sale of capital assets	40,130 (367,642) (29,868)
Net pension liability and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not considered available for the governmental funds in the current year. Current year net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows Current year net OPEB asset, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows	(540,684) (23,860)
Some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year-ends and they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds. Instead, they are counted as deferred tax revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues on the statement of activities:	
Current year taxes receivable Prior year taxes receivable	 68,782 (45,738)
Change in net position - Governmental Activities	\$ 124,145

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trusts					
	Lloyd Selder Scholarship Fund			Wilson Scholarship Fund		
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	1,208	\$	6,667		
Investments		11,630		18,556		
Total current assets		12,838		25,223		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Total current liabilities		0		0		
NET POSITION						
Held for benefit of others		12,838		25,223		
Total net position	\$	12,838	\$	25,223		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Private-PurposeTrusts				
	Lloyd Se Scholars Fund			Wilson holarship Fund		
ADDITIONS	Φ.	4.000	Φ.	40.000		
Contributions	\$	1,200 361	\$	10,000 698		
Earnings on investments Total additions		1,561		10,698		
DEDUCTIONS						
Scholarships		0		8,333		
Total deductions		0		8,333		
Change in net position		1,561		2,365		
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		11,277		22,858		
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	12,838	\$	25,223		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 conform to United States generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

Reporting Entity. Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 is based in Plummer, Idaho, and is located in Kootenai and Benewah Counties. The District operates two school facilities: an elementary school for grades kindergarten through 6th grade and a junior/senior high school for grades 7 through 12.

The District has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities, which benefit the citizens of the District, should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the District (1) selects the governing authority or management, (2) has the ability to significantly influence operations, or (3) has accountability for fiscal matters (e.g., final budget approval of assets, etc.). The District has determined that no other outside agency meets the above criteria; therefore, no other agency has been included as a component unit in the District's financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight, resulting in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

The District's reporting entity includes the District government and all the student activity funds for which the District exercises oversight responsibility. The District does not exercise oversight responsibilities for any booster organizations or related groups such as Parent-Teacher Organizations.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. The District uses the following two bases of accounting in these financial statements:

Economic Resources Measurement Focus and Accrual Basis of Accounting

Under this measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Under this measurement focus, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 30 days after year-end. A 60-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes, the state foundation program, federal and state grants, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued).

<u>Current Financial Resources Measurement Focus and Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting</u>

The District reports unearned revenue in its Fund Financial Statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Restricted Resources. Program expenses are allocated to restricted program revenue first and then to the next highest level of net position/fund balance restrictions when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB #54) defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB #54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Nonspendable

Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted

Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purpose stipulated by external resource providers, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed

Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned

Includes amounts that are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Resources (Continued).

Unassigned

Residual classification of fund balance that includes all spendable amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

District-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the overall District except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements reflect only governmental activities of the District since there are no "business-type activities" within the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The District-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different functions of the District's governmental activities. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity, direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Program Revenue

The statement of activities reflects all restricted federal and state grants as program revenue, as well as all charges to students for classes, activities, and school lunches. In addition, a substantial portion of the State Foundation Program is restricted based upon salaries paid and related payroll benefits and has been treated as program revenue. Program expenses are allocated to restricted program revenue first when both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's fund categories. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- School Lunch. The federal government provides cash grants and food allotments to school
 districts to make a school lunch program available. These grants are based upon the
 number of children eating school lunch. In addition, the District charges students for lunch
 and breakfast.
- School Plant Facility Reserve. The State of Idaho allows the District to establish a special fund and levy a special property tax to acquire, purchase, and improve school sites, and build school buildings upon a vote of the District patrons.

Fiduciary Funds. The District reports one type of fiduciary funds: private purpose. Private purpose trusts are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The District has two private purpose trusts, namely the Lloyd Selder Scholarship Fund and the Wilson Scholarship Fund.

Budgets. Annual non-appropriated budgets are adopted for the governmental funds. Expenditures may not exceed the budget at the individual fund level.

Pensions. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERSI. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Encumbrances. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are included in the following year's budgeted expenditures.

Investments. The District's investments consist of deposits in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

Deposits in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are stated at cost, which approximates market. The State Treasurer combines deposits from all governmental entities in the State, which participate in the pool and purchases the following types of investments:

Local Certificates of Deposit Repurchase Agreements U.S. Government Securities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued). The entities participating in the pool own a percentage of each investment held. This percentage is calculated by dividing the individual entity's deposits by the total deposits held in the pool. The purpose of this is to:

Increase the overall rate of return.

Reduce the risk of default.

Place each entity under the FDIC and FSLIC limits of \$250,000.

Investments are authorized by Board policy as permitted by *Idaho Code*, Section 67-1210.

Prepaid Supplies. The District does not capitalize its supplies inventory at year end. All supplies are recorded as expenditures in the period in which they were purchased. Supplies purchased after the current school year for use in the subsequent school year are reflected as prepaid expenses at June 30.

Capital Assets. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. The District records all capital assets at their original cost. Assets acquired prior to 2003 are recorded at their estimated original cost. Interest is capitalized on capital assets during the construction period.

The District capitalizes equipment with an original unit cost of \$5,000 or more and an expected life of more than five years. The District capitalizes property improvements with an original cost of \$10,000 or more that is expected to extend the property life by 10 years or more. Equipment with an original unit cost of between \$100 and \$5,000 is not capitalized for depreciation purposes, but is recorded for inventory tracking purposes only.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings - 40 years; vehicles - 5 years; buses - 10 years; machinery and equipment - 7 years; computer equipment - 5 years.

Property Taxes. The District's property tax is levied by Benewah and Kootenai counties in November and payable on December 20 and June 20 following the levy date. Taxes are remitted to the District in the month following collection. The taxes are delinquent and a lien is filed the day following the due dates. A tax deed is issued on property three years from the date of delinquency.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB). For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense (expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or system) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compensated Absences. District employees are granted vacation and sick leave days in varying amounts under the terms of the *Plummer/Worley School District Personnel Manual*. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave. The estimated amount of compensation for future absences is believed to be immaterial to these financial statements and, accordingly, no liability has been recorded.

Use of Estimates. Management of the District uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates management uses.

2. LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The Board of Trustees follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. At least 14 days prior to the public hearing, the District publishes a proposed budget for public review.
- 2. A public hearing is set to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- 3. The final budget is adopted by resolution of the Board at the regular June meeting of the Board of Trustees.
- 4. Prior to July 15, the final budget is filed with the State Department of Education.
- 5. During the fiscal year, a revised budget can be prepared and adopted to reflect more accurate revenue and expenditure projections. The Board must hold public hearings and publish the proposed budget prior to adoption. The Board did not amend the budget during the current fiscal year.

Expenditures may not exceed the budget at the individual fund level. The District incurred expenditures in excess of budget in the following funds:

	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Ex</u>	<u>cpenditures</u>
Medicaid	\$ 27,86	7 \$	30,476

This resulted from expenditures being recorded in the current year from grant revenue that was not expended in the prior year and was allowed to be carried forward due to the COVID-19 shutdown.

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits. At June 30, 2023, the District had issued checks, which were in excess of deposits by \$112,587 for governmental activities. The bank balance was \$160,796 for governmental activities. All of the bank balances were covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments. At June 30, 2023, all District investments were held in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. The carrying value of investments approximates market value.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will reduce the value of the District's investments. The District does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk.

Custodial Risk. Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the investment custodian, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the custodian. The District owns a percentage of each investment held by the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool and all investments are held in the name of the pool.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that a borrower will fail to repay principal and interest in a timely manner. The District owns a percentage of each investment held by the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool and the Pool diversifies investments to minimize credit risk to any individual government. The District's investment in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool has not been issued an external credit quality rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District has no policy on the amount they may invest in any one issuer.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Details of accounts receivable at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

State of Idaho Foundation program	\$ 50,997
State of Idaho Federal grant funds	387,499
U.S. Government Federal grant funds	5,954
	\$ 444,450

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Details of property taxes receivable at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Governmental
	<u>Funds</u>
Benewah County, taxes, penalties and interest	\$ <u>12,3</u> 11
Kootenai County, taxes, penalties and interest	61,224
	\$ 73,535

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>A</u>	.dditions	<u> </u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets						
Land	\$ 280,751					\$ 280,751
Structures and improvements	13,310,683			\$	(440,729)	12,869,954
Equipment	599,934	\$	40,130			640,064
Buses and vehicles	1,210,417					1,210,417
	\$ 15,401,785	\$	40,130	\$	(440,729)	15,001,186
Accumulated depreciation Structures and improvements Equipment Buses and vehicles	\$ 4,439,309 502,590 1,052,294 5,994,193	\$	293,005 32,018 42,619 367,642	\$	(410,861) (410,861)	 4,321,453 534,608 1,094,913 5,950,974
Capital assets, net						\$ 9,050,212

Depreciation of \$367,642 was charged to the following programs in the statement of activities:

Instruction, regular program	\$ 325,023
Support services, transportation	 42,619
	\$ 367,642

7. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category in the current year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. NET POSITION FLOW ASSUMPTION

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. FUND BALANCE FLOW ASSUMPTIONS

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District contributes to the Base Plan, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

The Base Plan provides for retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based upon members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with 5 years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classifications. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0 percent of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1 percent minimum cost of living increase per year provided the *Consumer Price Index* increases 1 percent or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the *Consumer Price Index* movement or 6 percent, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1 percent minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60 percent of the employer rate for general employees. As of June 30, 2023, it was 7.16 percent (7.16 percent in 2022) for general employees. The employer contribution rate, as a percentage of covered payroll, is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94 percent (11.94 percent in 2022) for general employees. The District also pays 1.16 percent of eligible wages to the fund for future medical benefits to be provided. The District's contributions required and paid were \$451,859, \$446,306, and, \$414,627, for the three years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Assets, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, the District reported an liability of 3,733,473 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .0947881 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized a net pension expense of \$540,684. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Employer contributions made subsequent to the		
measurement date	\$ 451,859	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 410,546	\$ 16,664
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 608,668	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	\$ 859,028	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Assets, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued). Contributions made by the employer subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. These contributions were \$451,859 for the year ending June 30, 2023, and are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the system (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2022, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenues) as follows:

2024	\$ 445,171
2025	483,276
2026	223,515
2027	709,616
2028	0

Actuarial Assumptions. Valuations are based upon actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. PERSI amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return	6.35%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	1.00%

Several different sets of mortality rates are used in the valuation for contributing members, service retirement members, and beneficiaries. These rates were adopted for the valuation dated July 1, 2023.

Contributing Members, Service Retirement Members, and Beneficiaries.

General Employees and All Beneficiaries – Male	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%
General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Female	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
Teachers – Male	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
Teachers – Female	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued). An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020, which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2022.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach, which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers, and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Long-Term

CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

		Long-reini
		Expected
		Real Rate of
	Target	Return
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	(Arithmetic)
Cash	0%	0.00%
Large Cap	18%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11%	4.70%
International Equity	15%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20%	(0.25%)
TIPS	10%	(0.30%)
Real Estate	8%	3.75%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.35 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.35 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.35%)	Current Discount Rate (6.35%)	1% Increase (7.35%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,589,214	\$ 3,733,473	\$ 1,396123

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Insurance Extension. Retired employees can remain on the District's insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the monthly cost. This arrangement is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. The estimated amount of this implicit subsidy is considered material to these financial statements; however, the District has no plans to currently fund this liability. The "implicit subsidy" for retired employees is paid each year on a pay-as-you-go basis. The balance recorded by the District is \$428,412 at June 30, 2023.

Sick Leave Plan. The District contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI. The Sick Leave Insurance Retirement Fund is made up of two trust funds, one for school district employee benefits and one for state employee benefits. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statement and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sick Leave Plan (Continued). Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active PERSI Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the PERSI Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company. The amount available for benefit is limited to one-half of the employee's eligible sick leave balance and rate of compensation at retirement. The benefit terms are established and may be amended by the Idaho Senate.

The contribution rates for school members are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the District to certified teachers. The contribution rate of 1.16 percent for members with nine or ten sick days and 1.26 percent for members with 11-14 sick days. If a member has more than 14 days of sick leave, then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The school districts are responsible for any unfunded obligations through contribution rate adjustments. Effective in January 2020, the PERSI Retirement Board approved a sick leave rate holiday due to excess funds. This rate holiday has been approved through June 30, 2022, and does not require the District to pay the sick leave portion during that time frame. Given that fact, the District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. At June 30, 2023, the District reported a asset of \$185,752 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, and rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions in the OPEB plan relative to the total contributions of all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.2440020 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized an OPEB benefit offset of (\$23,860). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,868	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 36,259	\$ 83,439
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 77,368	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued). Contributions made by the employer subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as an increase of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2024. These contributions were \$0 for the year ending June 30, 2023, and are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through PERSI determined at the beginning of the measurement period is 7.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense (revenues) as follows:

2024	\$ 15,886
2025	17,009
2026	10,050
2027	34,460
2028	(2,234)
Thereafter	(115)

Actuarial Assumptions. Valuations are based upon actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return	5.45%, net of investment fees

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach, which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers, and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of the System's assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued). The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

CAPITAL MARKET ASSUMPTIONS

Asset Class Core Fixed Income Broad US Equities	Target Allocation 50.00% 39.30%	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic) 2.80% 8.00%	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) (0.20%) 6.00%
Developed Foreign Equities	10.70%	8.25%	6.25%
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.00%	2.00%
Assumed Inflation – Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return Portfolio Standard Deviation		6.18% 12.29%	4.18% 12.29%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		5.55%	3.46%
Assumed Investment Expenses Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		0.40% 5.15%	0.40% 3.06%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,		0.1070	
Net of Investment Expenses Portfolio Standard Deviation			4.14% 14.16%
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses Assumed Inflation Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return,			3.15% <u>2.30%</u>
Net of Investment Expenses			<u>5.45%</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.45 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the Fund's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Fund investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.45 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.45 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(4.45%)	(5.45%)	(6.45%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (131,057)	\$ (185,752)	\$ (235,761)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov..

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has the following insurance coverage:

- Property coverage Replacement cost coverage with a \$5,000 deductible.
- Boiler and Machinery \$50,000,000 limit per occurrence with a \$5,000 deductible.
- Crime \$125,000 limit for school officials and employees with a \$1,000 deductible.
- General Liability \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in aggregate. There is no deductible.
- Automobiles
 - Liability \$1,000,000 per occurrence; \$250,000 uninsured motorist; and \$5,000 medical payment. There is no deductible.
 - Comprehensive and Collision Coverage on 1996 passenger vehicles and newer; 1996 drivers training vehicles and newer. Owned buses are <u>not</u> covered.
- Educators Legal Liability \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in aggregate. There is a \$1,000 deductible.
- Abuse and Molestation Coverage \$3,000,000 limit per occurrence no deductible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

The State Department of Education requires that the District pay for the costs of school lunch personnel's' Social Security and retirement expense from general fund revenues as a condition of participation in the National School Lunch Program. The amount transferred from the general fund to the food service fund for the year ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$170,516.

Idaho Code, Section 33-901, requires that any amount paid by the State of Idaho to a school district for depreciation of school facilities shall be deposited in the plant facilities funds. Accordingly, the School District has transferred State foundation funds paid for depreciation of school buses in the amount of \$20,449 to the school bus reserve fund.

14. FUND BALANCE RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

Restricted Net Position. Restricted net position on the District-wide statements represents amounts whose use is restricted by creditors, grantors, laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation. Net position restricted for capital projects are restricted by *Idaho Code* for selected facilities' repairs and improvements and school bus purchases. Net position restricted for building maintenance is restricted by *Idaho Code* for maintenance on student occupied buildings. Net position restricted for debt service is restricted by *Idaho Code* for debt service on outstanding bonds. Net position restricted for federal grant programs is restricted by the granting agency for specific educational programs. These net positions are reflected as restricted since they are not available for general education expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balances. The fund balances of certain individual funds are restricted for particular purposes by the *Idaho Code* or by the granting agency. These fund balances are reflected as a restricted portion of fund balance in the fund financial statements since the funds are not available for general education expenditures.

Assigned Fund Balances. The forest reserve fund balance is restricted by State Code for capital improvements. However, if the Board of Trustees decides that these funds are not currently needed for capital improvements, then the funds may be expended for general educational purposes. This fund balance is reflected as an assigned portion of fund balance in the fund financial statements since the Board of Trustees has some discretion in using the funds for general educational expenditures. Additionally, multiple other funds have had their fund balances restricted where specific purposes are assigned, such as with sick leave, special revenue, and some state programs in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

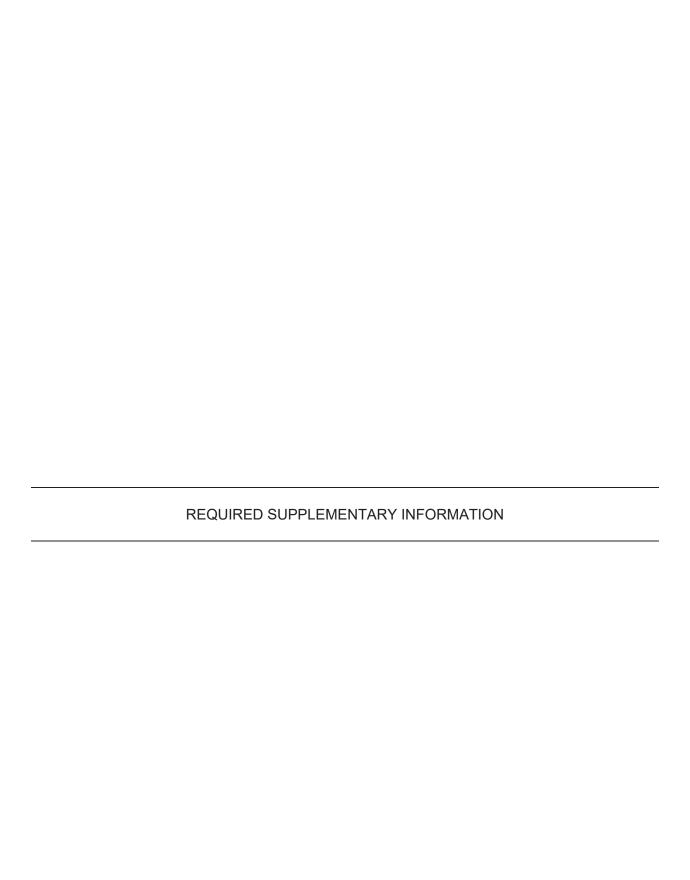
Individual Fund Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances. Such balances at June 30, 2023, were:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
General	\$ 46,487	\$ 423,046
Federal Forest Reserve	7,075	
Soar Grant	16,036	
CDA Bingo Donation	54,267	
Block Fest	500	
Playground Equipment	540	
Community Night	583	
Driver Education	1,680	
Vocational Education	789	
Public School Technology Grant	67,832	
Safe & Drug Free	5,854	
ESSER III		200,281
Title I-A Improving Basic Programs		32,196
IDEA Part B		5,254
IDEA Part B Preschool		589
Title V-A Innovative Programs		1,352
Title VI-A Rural Education		(8,506)
Perkins IV Professional Technical Act		34,044
Title VII Indian Education		18
Johnson O'Malley	49,922	
Title III-A ESSA	488	
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality		1,485
Twenty-First Century		27,625
Food Service	63,968	
Captial Construction	798,819	
School Plant Facilities Reserve		577,946
School Bus Reserve	97,415	
School Building Maintenance Reserve	35,414	
Daycare Fund	47,661	

Individual Fund Interfund Receivable and Payable Balances (Continued). The District uses a pooled cash arrangement whereby all receipts are deposited to the general fund on behalf of all District funds. Expenditures are paid out of this pooled account and charged to all District funds. The excess (deficiency) of receipts over expenditures is recorded as a short-term interfund receivable (payable).

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The District participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs, mainly Impact Aid, Title I, Title VI-B, and the National School Lunch Program. These programs can be subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.



SCHEDULE OF PENSION AND OPEB FUNDING Year Ended June 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF PENSION FUNDING

					Contribution			Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	Statutorily	Actual	Contribution		as a % of	Share of P	ERSI Net	Liability as %	Net Position
Fiscal	Required	Employer	Deficiency	Covered	Covered	Pension	Liability	of Covered	as % of Total
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll	%	Amount	Payroll	Pension Liability
2014	\$ 263,752	\$ 263,752	\$ 0	2,345,636	11.24%	(1)	\$ 1,645,000	70%	86%
2015	269,504	269,504	0	2,380,777	11.32%	0.0860042%	633,000	27%	95%
2016	289,927	289,927	0	2,561,196	11.32%	0.0849982%	1,119,000	44%	91%
2017	316,141	316,141	0	2,792,766	11.32%	0.0876633%	1,777,000	64%	87%
2018	329,358	329,358	0	2,909,524	11.32%	0.0899172%	1,413,000	49%	91%
2019	341,872	341,872	0	3,020,073	11.32%	0.0904320%	1,334,000	44%	92%
2020	392,900	392,900	0	3,304,110	11.89%	0.0889197%	1,015,000	31%	94%
2021	414,627	414,627	0	3,472,586	11.94%	0.0927012%	2,153,000	62%	88%
2022	446,306	446,306	0	3,737,905	11.94%	0.0930524%	73,491	2%	100%
2023	451,859	451,859	0	3,784,410	11.94%	0.0947881%	3,733,473	99%	83%

SCHEDULE OF OPEB FUNDING

					Contribution				Net OPEB	Plan Fiduciary
	Statutorily	Actual	Contribution		as a % of	Share of P	ERS	SI Net	Asset as %	Net Position
Fiscal	Required	Employer	Deficiency	Covered	Covered	OPEB .	Ass	et	of Covered	as % of Total
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll	%	Amount		Payroll	OPEB Liability
2015	\$ 27,617	\$ 27,617	\$ 0	\$ 2,380,777	1.16%	(2)		(2)		
2016	29,710	29,710	0	2,561,196	1.16%	(2)		(2)		
2017	32,396	32,396	0	2,792,766	1.16%	(2)	\$	143,000	5%	135%
2018	33,750	33,750	0	2,909,524	1.16%	0.2192492%		168,000	6%	137%
2019	35,033	35,033	0	3,020,073	1.16%	0.2164027%		179,193	6%	136%
2020	38,328	38,328	0	3,304,110	1.16%	0.2135782%		204,566	6%	139%
2021	40,282	40,282	0	3,472,586	1.16%	0%		300,139	9%	153%
2022	43,360	43,360	0	3,737,905	1.16%	0%		354,341	9%	153%
2023	43,899	43,899	0	3,784,410	1.16%	0%		185,782	5%	127%

⁽¹⁾ PERSI has not provided calculations for years prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

⁽²⁾ PERSI has not provided calculations for years prior to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2023

		geted	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$ 29,755	\$ 654,204	\$ 462,638	\$ (191,566)		
State foundation program	3,000,674	3,022,057	3,262,932	240,875		
Other state revenue	3,133	3,133	1,874	(1,259)		
Federal revenue	1,224,010	1,224,010	1,529,153	305,143		
Earnings on investments	5,800	5,800	99,107	93,307		
Other revenues	29,600	35,600	59,288	23,688		
Total revenues	4,292,972	4,944,804	5,414,992	470,188		
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Payroll	1,597,859	1,718,821	1,637,836	80,985		
Payroll burden and employee benefits	758,106	734,847	647,297	87,550		
Purchased services	37,350	48,600	27,194	21,406		
Supplies and materials	43,389	72,506	44,258	28,248		
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	511	489		
Support services	,	•				
Payroll	1,227,174	1,245,469	1,154,387	91,082		
Payroll burden and employee benefits	521,730	525,339	479,560	45,779		
Purchased services	618,739	943,333	417,376	525,957		
Supplies and materials	100,643	127,305	76,155	51,150		
Capital outlay	9,200	9,500	(1,551)	11,051		
Insurance	51,000	68,801	66,801	2,000		
Pupil transportation	410,553	447,572	391,938	55,634		
Contingency budget	64,728	309,401		309,401		
Total expenditures	5,441,471	6,252,494	4,941,762	1,310,732		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	(1,148,499)	(1,307,690)	473,230	1,780,920		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers to other funds	(198,140)	(244,879)	(190,965)	53,914		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(198,140)	(244,879)	(190,965)	53,914		
rotal other infancing sources (uses)	(198,140)	(244,679)	(190,903)	33,914		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(1,346,639)	(1,552,569)	282,265	1,834,834		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,346,639	1,552,569	1,561,801	9,232		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,844,066	\$ 1,844,066		

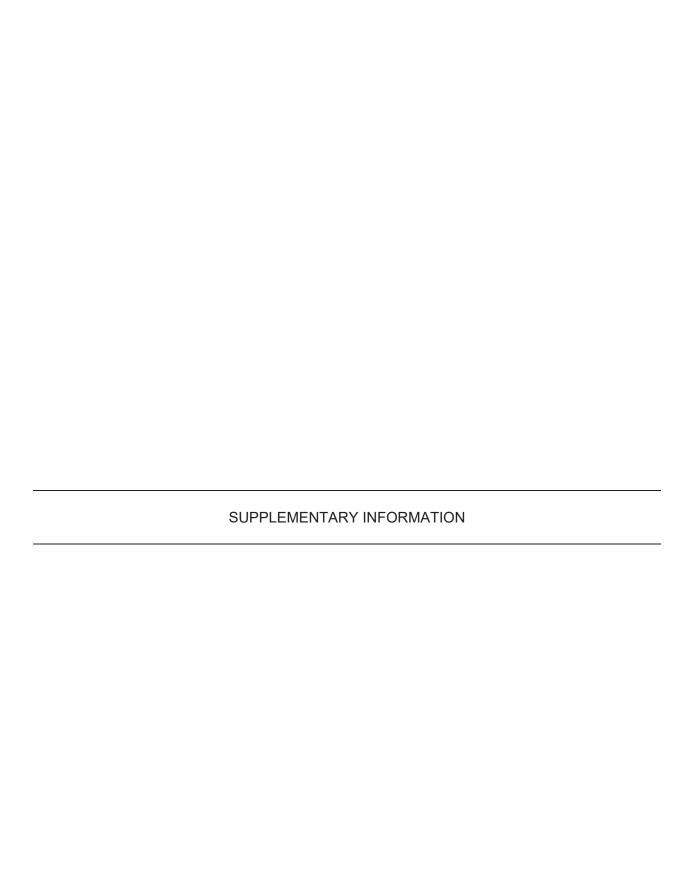
Note: The budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis of accounting used by the District in the fund financial statements.

FOOD SERVICE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budg Amo Original					Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES Federal revenue	\$	210,000	\$	258,967	\$	260,773	\$	1,806	
Charges for services Other revenues		3,200		3,200		3,434 20		234 20	
Total revenues		213,200		262,167		264,227		2,060	
EXPENDITURES									
Food services									
Payroll		140,585		167,617		165,700		1,917	
Payroll burden and employee benefits		95,906		107,519		105,293		2,226	
Purchased services		9,100		11,065		10,569		496	
Supplies and materials		143,300		190,240		142,048		48,192	
Capital outlay		2,000		10,156		8,474		1,682	
Total expenditures		390,891		486,597		432,084		54,513	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES		(177,691)		(224,430)		(167,857)		56,573	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers from other funds		177,691		224,430		170,516		(53,914)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		177,691		224,430		170,516		(53,914)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		0		0		2,659		2,659	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		0		0		18,757		18,757	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	0	\$	0	\$	21,416	\$	21,416	

Note: The budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis of accounting used by the District in the fund financial statements.







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 Plummer, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We di identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency (Finding #2023-001).

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PRESNELL GAGE PLLC

October 24, 2023 Moscow, Idaho





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT - UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 Plummer, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB's *Compliance Supplement*, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Uniform Guidance*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No.
 44's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control
 over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in
 the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with
 the *Uniform Guidance*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis.

A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *Uniform Guidance*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PRESNELL GAGE PLLC

October 24, 2023 Moscow, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through To Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed through the State of Idaho - Department of Education				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	202323N119947	None	\$ 51,066
National School Lunch Program	10.555	202323N119947	None	164,280
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	202323N119947	None	3,857
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	202322L160347	None	16,465
Subtotal School Lunch Cluster Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	202323N119947	None	235,668 9,975
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants	10.579	202323N119947 202222N810347	None	7,825
Child Nutrition Technology Innovation Grant	10.541	202120N760330	None	7,305
Passed through Benewah and Kootenai County Federal Forest Total Department of Agriculture	10.665	20212011700000	None	6,843 267,616
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR Direct Programs				
Indian Education Assistance to School	15.130	A16AV00941	None	13,494
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed through the State of Idaho - Department of Education	04.007	01 5000440	Nama	70.000
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Total Department of Treasury	21.027	SLFRP0142	None	78,986 78,986
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Programs				
Impact Aid, P.L. 81-874	84.041	SO41B-2022-1419	None	1,552,161 *
Indian Education - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.060A		None	47,674
Rural Education Achievement Program Passed through St. Maries School District Career and	84.358	S358B220012	None	6,983
Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Passed through the State of Idaho - Department of Education	84.048	VO48A220012	None	34,668 34,668
Title I-A	84.010	S010A220012	None	458,469
Title VI-B	84.027	H027A220088	None	72,667
Title VI-B Preschool	84.173	H173A220030	None	7,525
Subtotal Title VI-B Cluster				80,192
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	S287C220012	None	104,287
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	S367A220011	None	20,584
Student Support and Academic Enrollment	84.424	S424A220013	None	21,684
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425D	S425D210043	None	708,247
ARP - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.425U	S425U210043	None	454,886
Total Education Stabilization Fund Child Care and Development Block Grant	84.425 93.575	2101IDCSC6	None	1,163,133 * 27,780
Total Department of Education	93.373	2101100300	NONE	3,517,615
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 3,877,711

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule includes federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in compliance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Uniform Guidance*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate.

NOTE 4: MAJOR PROGRAMS

Programs indicated with "*" are major programs as reported on the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial	Statements			
Type of au	ditor's report issued	d:	Qualified	_
Internal co	ntrol over financial Material weakness	. •	yes	_X_ no
*	Significant deficier that are not consider material weakness	lered to be	_X_yes	none reported
	ance material to fin its noted?	ancial	yes	_X_ no
Federal A	wards			
Internal co	ntrol over major pro Material weakness	-	yes	_X_ no
*	Significant deficier that are not considerate material weakness	lered to be	yes	X none reported
Type of au	ditor's report issued	d on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	_
required	indings disclosed th to be reported in ac DMB's <i>Uniform Gui</i>	ccordance	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification	on of major progran <u>CFDA Numbers</u> 84.041 84.425	ns: <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Impact Aid P.L. 81-874 Education Stabilization Funds		
	shold used to distin type A and type B _I	-	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qu	alified as low-risk a	uditee?	yes	X no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Finding #2023-001

Criteria: Internal control systems generally attempt to divide up accounting tasks among multiple individuals (segregation of duties) to improve the ability of the organization to identify errors within the accounting system.

Condition: The Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44 has concentrated many accounting duties to a limited number of individuals such that the desired segregation of duties is not possible. There are a limited number of personnel available to provide for the desired "segregation of duties."

Effect: Many accounting duties are performed by a limited number of personnel with limited oversight available within the Plummer/Worley Joint School District No. 44.

Response: The District's management and Board of Trustees believe that the cost of hiring additional accounting staff outweighs the benefits that segregation of duties would provide.

Recommendation: We concur with the District's response.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were noted.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is also often referred to as the M&O (Maintenance and Operations) Fund. The District uses this fund to account for the basic educational programs of the District. In general, these programs are operated with a great deal of local input and control.

The general fund primarily receives funding from the State of Idaho through the Educational Foundation Program and through local general property taxes. The District is authorized to levy a tax upon property within the District boundaries for liability insurance. The District is authorized to levy an additional amount if approved by a majority of voters in a supplemental levy election.

Other sources of funds that are restricted are accounted for in the special revenue, capital projects, and trust funds.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, or to finance specific activities as required by law or administrative regulations. Although there is local input and control over the use of these proceeds, the party who provides the proceeds also has some type of external restriction on the use of the proceeds.

LOCAL SPECIAL PROJECTS

<u>Federal Forest Reserve</u> - The U.S. Forest Service pays a percentage of timber sales from federal forests to the County where the federal forest is located. In the State of Idaho, 30 percent of this amount is allocated to the public schools based upon their average daily attendance. These proceeds are restricted for the purchase of school sites, construction, or remodeling of school buildings. When, within the discretion of the trustees of the District, the proceeds are not needed for the foregoing items, they may be expended for current expenses. These proceeds may be accumulated for future projects.

<u>Soar Grant</u> – This is a grant program through the University of Idaho that aims to improve student achievement and classroom instruction.

<u>CDA Bingo Donation</u> – The Coeur d'Alene Tribe contributes funds to the District from time-to-time. While the funds are not restricted by the donor, they are used primarily for the purchase or renovation of capital assets.

<u>Playground Equipment</u> – This fund was established as a local, special-revenue fund that takes donations from the community to support funding for new playground equipment for the District.

<u>Driver Education</u> - The State of Idaho will reimburse the District for expenses up to \$150 per student who completes the driver education class at the District. In addition, the District charges students a \$225 fee to enroll in the class. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the above proceeds; however, the goal of the District is to make it a self-sufficient fund.

<u>Vocational Education</u> - The State of Idaho will reimburse the District for expenses incurred in operating certain vocational education programs. The State establishes a maximum reimbursement at the beginning of each school year based upon courses offered and numbers of students involved. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the above proceeds.

<u>Public School Technology Grant</u> - The State of Idaho awards technology grants on a noncompetitive basis to schools based upon average daily attendance. The grants provide equipment and resources to integrate information age technology into the classroom and to connect the classrooms with external telecommunications services. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. Unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>Safe & Drug Free</u> – The State of Idaho taxes the sale of tobacco products and uses a portion of the proceeds to provide substance abuse programs in the public school system. Proceeds are allocated to schools on a noncompetitive basis upon average daily attendance. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. Unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>Block Fest</u> – This program is designed to help parents support the development of pre-math and science skills through block play for children ages eight months to eight years.

<u>Student Activity</u> – This program supports activities that are based in student organizations. Students not only participate in the activities of the organization, but also are involved in managing and directing the organization's activities.

<u>Community Night</u> – This program is designed to help parents support the development of pre-math and science skills through block play for children ages eight months to eight years.

FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS

<u>Title I-A Improving Basic Programs</u> - The federal government provides Title I grants to improve the education of children who are at risk of not meeting academic standards and who reside in areas with high concentrations of children from low income families. The program is administered by the State and funds are allocated to the District based upon average daily attendance. Funds are modified based upon student counts from low income families. The District uses the grant primarily to provide additional classroom aides. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. In general, unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>CARES Act ESSER I, II, and III</u> - The federal government provides funding in order to address the impact of COVID-19 on elementary and secondary schools. The program is administered by the State and funds are allocated to the District for any allowable expenditure incurred on or after March 13, 2020, the date the President declared the national emergency due to COVID-19.

<u>IDEA Part B and IDEA Part B ARPA</u> - The federal government provides IDEA grants for special education to school-age children with disabilities. The program is administered by the State and funds are allocated to the District based upon a child count of eligible students as of December 1 of the prior year. Supplemental awards are also available. The District must meet nonsupplanting tests and maintenance of effort tests. These tests are to ensure that the District continues to provide the basic education curriculum and that the federal dollars provide additional educational opportunities. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. In general, unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>IDEA Part B - Preschool</u> - The federal government provides Title VI-B IDEA Preschool grants for special education to children with disabilities between the ages of three and five. The program is administered by the State and funds are allocated to the District based upon a child count of eligible students as of December 1 of the prior year. Supplemental awards are also available. The District must meet nonsupplanting tests and maintenance of effort tests. These tests are to ensure that the District continues to provide the basic education curriculum and that the federal dollars provide additional educational opportunities. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. In general, unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>Medicaid</u> - The federal government provides Medicaid grants to assist students in accessing their educational environment or educational curriculum.

<u>Title V-A Innovative Programs</u> – The federal government provides Title V-A grants to promote student achievement and preparation for global competitiveness by fostering educational excellence and ensuring equal access. Funding may be used for the following purposes: To support local education reform efforts; to provide funding to enable the implementation of promising education reform programs and school improvement programs that rely on scientifically based research; to provide a continuing source of innovation and education improvement, including support programs that provide library services and instructional and media materials; to meet the education needs of all students, including at-risk youths; and to develop and implement education programs to improve school, student, and teacher performance, including professional development activities and class-size reduction programs.

<u>Title VI-A Rural Education</u> - The federal government provides grants under the Rural Education Achievement Program to schools with an average daily attendance of less than 600 students to provide activities allowed under Title I; Eisenhower Professional Development State Grants; and Technology Literacy Challenge Fund Grants. The District has used the grant to pay teachers' salaries and benefits during the current year.

<u>Perkins IV Professional Technical Act</u> - The District is part of a consortium along with the St. Maries and Kootenai School Districts for this grant. Funds are used to give students opportunities and provide vocational training.

<u>Title VII Indian Education</u> - The grant funds are used to hire one staff person at each school facility to tutor Native American students.

<u>Title III-A Every Student Succeeds Act</u> – The federal government provides Title III-A ESSA grants to school districts under the requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), currently enacted as the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA). Funds are used to help students who are struggling and at-risk so they meet state academic standards.

<u>Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality</u> - The federal government provides Title II-A ESEA grants to provide assistance to classroom teachers. The District uses the funds generally for two purposes:

The District provides additional professional education for teachers in the core academic subjects by paying the costs for teachers to attend specific workshops designed to enhance their skills in teaching math and science classes. The program is administered through the State, and funds are allocated based upon student enrollment. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. Unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

The District can also use the grant to pay for an additional teaching position in the elementary grades. The goal of the program is to reduce the student-to-teacher ratio to 18 students per class. The program is administered through the State and funds are allocated based upon census poverty data (80 percent) and student enrollment (20 percent). The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the grant. Unused grant proceeds may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>SLFRF and Substitute Recruitment</u> – The State of Idaho used Coronavirus Relief Funds received from the federal government to help schools address the economic impact of COVID-19 by preventing, preparing for, and responding to the pandemic.

<u>Twenty-First Century</u> - This five-year grant began in fiscal year 2005 and is used to fund after-school programs designed to meet unique needs of students performing below grade level. By providing exciting cultural and academic opportunities, students will have assistance to overcome difficult challenges and experience academic and personal success.

<u>Daycare</u> – The state of Idaho used Child Care and Development Block Grant Funds from the federal government to help schools provide daycare services.

<u>Food Service</u> - The federal government provides cash grants and food allotments to school districts to make a school lunch program available. These grants are based upon the number of children eating school lunch and breakfast. In addition, the District charges adults for lunch and breakfast. Lunch and breakfast are served free to all students. Meals must meet certain dietary and nutrition requirements. The general fund pays Social Security taxes and retirement benefits as a "matching contribution" to the program. The general fund of the District pays expenses in excess of the revenue generated. Excess revenue may be carried over to the following school year.

<u>Johnson O'Malley</u> – The federal government provides grants in order to provide supplementary financial assistance to meet the unique and specialized educational needs of Indian children.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

<u>School Plant Facilities Reserve Funds</u> - The District has established School Plant Facility Reserve Funds. The funds may be used to acquire, purchase, and improve school sites, and build school buildings.

The Trustees of the District can request an election to approve a property tax levy of up to .4 percent of assessed market value in addition to the authorized general Fund tax levies.

- The Plant Facility levy requires 55 percent voter approval if the total levy (including any previously approved levies) is less than .2 percent of the assessed value.
- The Plant Facility levy requires 60 percent voter approval if the total levy (including any previously approved levies) is between .2 percent and .3 percent of the assessed value.
- The Plant Facility levy requires 66 2/3 percent voter approval if the total levy (including any previously approved levies) is between .3 percent and .4 percent of the assessed value.

<u>School Bus Reserve Fund</u> – The District has established this fund to accumulate funds for the future purchase of school buses.

<u>School Building Maintenance Reserve</u> - The District has established this fund in order to track the revenue and expenses related to the repair and maintenance of school buildings.

<u>Capital Construction</u> – The District has established this fund in order to track income from buildings that are sold.

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Public School Technology Grant	\$ 67,832	\$ 67,832		0 \$	0	67,832	67,832	\$ 67,832
Vocational Education	789	789	9	182	0		607	789
Voc	↔	₩	•	es ·				69
Driver Education	1,680	1,680		0	0	1.680	1,680	1,680
_ 9	↔	↔		↔				↔
Playground Equipment	540	540		0	0	540	540	540
Pla	↔	မှ		↔				69
CDA Bingo Donation	\$ 54,267	\$ 54,267	\$ 13,638	13,638	0	40.629	40,629	\$ 54,267
Soar Grant	\$ 16,036	\$ 16,036		0	0	16.036	16,036	\$ 16,036
Federal Forest Reserve	\$ 7,075	\$ 7,075		0	0	7,075	7,075	\$ 7,075
General	\$ 2,774,391 73,535 50,997 46,487	\$ 2,945,410	\$ 123,394 486,122 423,046	1,032,562	68,782	29,332	1,814,734	\$ 2,945,410
	ASSETS Cash Investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interfund balances	Total assets	LIABILITIES Checks in excess of deposit Payroll and taxes payable Interfund balances	Unearned revenue Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital projects Restricted for grant programs Assigned for sick leave Assigned for special revenue	Unassigned Total fund balances	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Medicaid		0		0	0		0	0
Med		↔		↔				↔
4RPA ant		0		0	0		0	0
IDEA-ARPA Grant		છ		↔				↔
IDEA Part B Preschool	1,741	1,741	1,152 589	1,741	0		0	1,741
]] S.G. P.E.	↔	€9	↔					↔
IDEA Part B	\$ 15,520	\$ 15,520	\$ 10,266 5,254	15,520	0		0	\$ 15,520
_	- 1	0			 o		0	0
ESSER								
۳		0		0				9
ESSERI								
й		↔		↔				↔
Title I-A Improving Basic Programs	80,219	80,219	48,023 32,196	80,219	0		0	80,219
Titl Impi Ba Prog	↔	S	↔					↔
\ =	214,646	214,646	14,365	214,646	0		0	214,646
ESSERIII	\$ 21	\$ 21	\$ 20	21				\$ 21
s & Free	5,854	5,854	2,733	2,733	0	3,121	3,121	5,854
Safe & Drug Free	€	€9	↔					↔
ASSETS Cash	Investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interfund balances	Total assets	Checks in excess of deposit Payroll and taxes payable Interfund balances	Unearned revenue Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital projects Restricted for grant programs Assigned for sick leave Assigned for special revenue	Total fund balances	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Student Activity Fund	\$ 10,807 88,016	\$ 98,823	0	0	98,823	\$ 98,823
Twenty-First Century	\$ 35,352	\$ 35,352	\$ 7,727 27,625 35,352	0	0	\$ 35,352
SLFRF		0	0	0	0	0
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	\$ 4,391	\$ 4,391	\$ 2,906 1,485	0	0	\$ 4,391
Title III-A Every Student Succeeds Act	\$ 488	\$ 488	\$ 488	0	0	\$ 488
Title VII Indian Education	\$ 5,954	\$ 5,954	\$ 5,936 18 5,954	0	0	\$ 5,954
Perkins IV Professional Technical Act	\$ 34,277	\$ 34,277	\$ 233 34,044 34,277	0	0	\$ 34,277
Title VI-A Rural Education	\$ 8,506	\$ 8,506	\$ 1,433 7,073 8,506	0	0	\$ 8,506
Title V-A Innovative Programs	4,353	\$ 1,353	1,352	0	0	\$ 1,353
	Cash Investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interfund balances	Total assets	LIABILITIES Checks in excess of deposit Payroll and taxes payable Interfund balances Unearned revenue Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital projects Restricted for grant programs Assigned for sick leave Assigned for special revenue Unassigned Total fund balances	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

Combined	\$ 10,807 3,898,114 73,535 444,450 1,303,836	\$ 5,730,742	\$ 123,394 650,284 1,303,836 52,102 2,129,616	68,782	1,389,409 74,907 29,332	1,815,341 3,532,344	\$ 5,730,742
Daycare	\$ 47,661	\$ 47,661	\$ 7,634	0	40.027	40,027	\$ 47,661
Johnson O'Malley	\$ 49,922	\$ 49,922	\$ 5,563 44,359 49,922	0		0	\$ 49,922
School Building Maintenance Reserve	\$ 35,414	\$ 35,414	O 49	0	35,414	35,414	\$ 35,414
Block Fest	\$ 200	\$ 500	0	0	CC	200	\$ 500
Community Night	\$	\$ 583	0	0	c a v	583	\$ 583
School Bus Reserve	\$ 97,415	\$ 97,415	O 49	0	97,415	97,415	\$ 97,415
School Plant Facilities Reserve	\$ 1,035,707	\$ 1,035,707	\$ 577,946	0	457,761	457,761	\$ 1,035,707
Capital Construction	\$ 798,819	\$ 798,819	0	0	798,819	798,819	\$ 798,819
Food Service	\$ 63,968	\$ 63,968	\$ 42,552	0	21 416	21,416	\$ 63,968
OLINO	Cash Cash Investments Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interfund balances	Total assets	LIABILITIES Checks in excess of deposit Payroll and taxes payable Interfund balances Unearned revenue Total liabilities	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	FUND BALANCES Restricted for capital projects Restricted for grant programs Assigned for sick leave	Unassigned Total fund balances	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Federal		ODA				Public
	General Fund	Forest	Soar Grant	Bingo Donation	Playground Equipment	Driver Education	Vocational Education	Technology
REVENUES General property taxes State revenue Federal revenue	\$ 462,638 3,264,806 1,529,153	\$ 7,075					\$ 60,232	\$ 57,047
Charges for services Earnings on investments Other revenues	99,107		\$ 10,866		\$ 100			
Total revenues	5,414,992	7,075	10,866	0 \$	100	0	60,232	57,047
EXPENDITURES Instruction								
Regular programs	1,722,578			88,951	09		59,625	
opeda programs Interscholastic and school activity	132,248							
ഗ								
රා Pupil support Staff support	415,920							44 358
General administration	246,197							
School administration	309,034							
Business services Maintenance and operations	675,348	6 843	16,111					5,201
Transportation	391,938	5,5						
Uther support services Food services	(354)							
Community services Student Activity								
Total expenditures	4,941,762	6,843	16,111	88,951	09	0	59,625	49,559
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	473,230	232	(5,245)	(88,951)	40	0	209	7,488
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds								
Transfers to other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	(190,965)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	282.265	232	(5.245)	(88.951)	40	0	209	7.488
					!			
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,561,801	6,843	21,281	129,580	200	1,680	0	60,344
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,844,066	\$ 7,075	\$ 16,036	\$ 40,629	\$ 540	\$ 1,680	\$ 607	\$ 67,832

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Medicaid	\$ 30,476	30,476		30,476			30,476	0		0	0	0	0 \$
IDEA-ARPA Grant	\$ 505	505	£8	187			505	0	c	О	0	0	0 \$
IDEA Part B Preschool	\$ 7,525	7,525	7,525				7,525	0	c	0	0	0	0
IDEA Part B	\$ 72,162	72,162	63,929	8,233			72,162	0	c	0	0	0	0 \$
ESSER II	\$ 704,331	704,331	10,803		59,781 624,495	3,979 5,228	704,331	0	C	О	0	0	0 \$
ESSERI	\$ 3,916	3,916		47 3,628	208	33	3,916	0	c	0	0	0	0 \$
Title I-A Improving Basic Programs	\$ 458,469	458,469	246,496	210,180		09	458,469	0	c	Э	0	0	0
ESSER III	\$ 454,886	454,886	110,450		338,445 942	5,049	454,886	0	c	0	0	0	0 \$
Safe & Drug Free	\$ 6,224	6,224	11,161		2,197		13,968	(7,744)	c	0	(7,744)	10,865	\$ 3,121
REVENIES	General property taxes State revenue Federal revenue Charges for services Earnings on investments Other revenue	Total revenues	Instruction Regular programs Special programs Interscholastic and school activity Sumort services	Pupil support Staff support General administration	School administration Business services Maintenance and operations Transportation	Offiel support services Food services Community services Strident Activity	Total expenditures	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	l otal other financing sources (uses)	NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Title V-A Innovative Programs	Title VI-A Rural Education	Perkins IV - Professional Technical Act	Title VII Indian Education	Title III-A Every Student Succeeds Act	Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality	SLFRF	Twenty-First Century	Student Activity Fund
REVENUES General property taxes State revenue Federal revenue Charges for services Earnings on investments	\$ 21,684	\$ 2,105	\$ 34,668	\$ 47,674		\$ 20,584	\$ 78,986	\$ 104,287	\$ 21,609
Otter revenues Total revenues	21,684	9,088	34,668	47,674	0	20,584	78,986	104,287	24,451
EXPENDITURES Instruction									
Regular programs Special programs Interscholastic and school activity	675	5,155	33,254				78,986		
Support services G Pupil support	21,009	3,933				20 584			
General administration School administration						† 000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Business services Maintenance and operations			1,414						
Transportation Other support services				47,674					
Food services Community services Student Activity								104,287	47 160
Total expenditures	21,684	9,088	34,668	47,674	0	20,584	78,986	104,287	47,160
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(22,709)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds									
Total other financing sources (uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(22,709)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	121,532
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	0	0	0 \$	0	0	0	0	0 \$	\$ 98,823

PLUMMER/WORLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Combined	\$ 462,638 3,427,205 3,908,419 25,043	930,205 8,855,459	2,370,827 564,359 132,248	479,805 435,561 247,930 311,231 758,063 1,397,551	392,880 60,814 441,145 192,860	7,832,434	1,023,025	190,965	0	1,023,025	2,509,319	\$ 3,532,344
Daycare	\$ 27,780	58,041			83,285	83,285	2,536		0	2,536	37,491	\$ 40,027
Johnson O'Malley	\$ 13,494	\$ 13,494			13,494	13,494	0		0	0	0	0
School Building Maintenance Reserve	\$ 36,771	36,771		24,567		24,567	12,204		0	12,204	23,210	\$ 35,414
Block Fest		0				0	0		0	0	200	\$ 500
Community Night		0	2,633			2,633	(2,633)		0	(2,633)	3,216	\$ 583
School Bus Reserve		0				0	0	20,449	20,449	20,449	76,966	\$ 97,415
School Plant Facilities Reserve	\$ 23,008	23,008				0	23,008		0	23,008	434,753	\$ 457,761
Capital Construction		\$ 801,910 801,910		3,091		3,091	798,819		0	798,819		\$ 798,819
Food Service	\$ 260,773 3,434	264,227			432,084	432,084	(167,857)	170,516	170,516	2,659	18,757	\$ 21,416
	REVENUES General property taxes State revenue Federal revenue Charges for servicess Farrings on investments	Cannings of myssarients Other revenues Total revenues	Instruction Regular programs Special programs Interscholastic and school activity	9 Pupil services 9 Pupil support Staff support General administration School administration Business services Maintenance and operations	Transportation Other support services Food services Commity services	Student Activity Total expenditures	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from other funds	Total other financing sources (uses)	NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR