

Report for:

Brad Roberts Berks Fire Water Restoration 1145 Commons Blvd Reading, PA 19605

Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC

Regarding: Project: Schuylkill Valley School District - 2; Post Clean

EML ID: 3390745

Approved by:

Dates of Analysis:

Spore trap analysis: 09-19-2023

Technical Manager Ariunaa Jalsrai

Service SOPs: Spore trap analysis (EB-MY-S-1038) AIHA-LAP, LLC accredited service, Lab ID #103005

All samples were received in acceptable condition unless noted in the Report Comments portion in the body of the report. Due to the nature of the analyses performed, field blank correction of results is not applied. The results relate only to the samples as received and tested. Information supplied by the client which can affect the validity of results: sample air volume.

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Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC's LabServe® reporting system includes automated fail-safes to ensure that all AIHA-LAP, LLC quality requirements are met and notifications are added to reports when any quality steps remain pending.

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Client: Berks Fire Water Restoration Date of Sampling: 09-17-2023 Date of Receipt: 09-19-2023 C/O: Brad Roberts Re: Schuylkill Valley School District - 2; Post Clean Date of Report: 09-19-2023

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3631 6817 C-106	7:	3631 6812: C-108							
Comments (see below)		None		None							
Lab ID-Version‡:		16489485-	.1	16489486-1							
Analysis Date:		09/19/2023			09/19/2023						
Analysis Date.	marry at	% read	spores/m3	move of	spores/m3						
Ascosporas	raw ct.	70 TCau	spores/iii5	raw ct.	% read	spores/1115					
Ascospores Basidiospores	1	25	53	7	25	370					
Botrytis	11	23		/	23	370					
Chaetomium											
Cladosporium	1	25	53	1	25	53					
Curvularia	11	23		1	23						
Epicoccum Epicoccum											
Fusarium											
Myrothecium											
Nigrospora											
Other colorless											
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†											
Pithomyces											
Rusts											
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes											
Stachybotrys											
Stemphylium											
Torula											
Ulocladium											
Zygomycetes											
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+			1+							
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13			< 13							
Pollen/m3	< 13			< 13							
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+			1+							
Sample volume (liters)	75			75							
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3			110		430						

Comments:

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m³, per spore and per sample.

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

^{††}Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

For more information regarding analytical sensitivity, please contact QA by calling the laboratory. ‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

[§] Total Spores/m3 has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

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SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		3631 6794:										
		Outside										
Comments (see below)		None										
Lab ID-Version‡:		16489487-1										
Analysis Date:	09/19/2023											
	raw ct.	% read	spores/m3									
Ascospores	1	25	53									
Basidiospores	11	25	590									
Botrytis												
Chaetomium												
Cladosporium	1	25	53									
Curvularia												
Epicoccum												
Fusarium												
Myrothecium												
Nigrospora	1	100	13									
Other colorless												
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†												
Pithomyces												
Rusts												
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	1	100	13									
Stachybotrys												
Stemphylium												
Torula												
Ulocladium												
Zygomycetes												
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+											
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13											
Pollen/m3	< 13											
Skin cells (1-4+)	< 1+											
Sample volume (liters)	75											
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3			720									

Comments:

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m³, per spore and per sample.

[†] The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

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For more information regarding analytical sensitivity, please contact QA by calling the laboratory. ‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

[§] Total Spores/m3 has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.



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Dates of Analysis:

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Technical Manager Ariunaa Jalsrai

Service SOPs: Spore trap analysis (EB-MY-S-1038) AIHA-LAP, LLC accredited service, Lab ID #103005

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SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY

Location:		1 6817: -106		1 6812: -108	3631 6794: Outside				
Comments (see below)		None		Vone		Vone			
Lab ID-Version‡:	1648	89485-1	1648	39486-1	1648	89487-1			
Analysis Date:	09/1	19/2023	09/1	9/2023	09/1	9/2023			
,	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3	raw ct.	spores/m3			
Ascospores	1000	50105,1110	1000	50105/1110	1	53			
Basidiospores	1	53	7	370	11	590			
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	-								
Botrytis									
Chaetomium									
Cladosporium	1	53	1	53	1	53			
Curvularia									
Epicoccum									
Fusarium									
Myrothecium									
Nigrospora					1	13			
Other colorless									
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†									
Pithomyces									
Rusts									
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes					1	13			
Stachybotrys									
Stemphylium									
Torula									
Ulocladium									
Zygomycetes									
Background debris (1-4+)††	1+		1+		1+				
Hyphal fragments/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13				
Pollen/m3	< 13		< 13		< 13				
Skin cells (1-4+)	1+		1+		< 1+				
Sample volume (liters)	75		75		75				
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3		110		430		720			

Comments:

Spore types listed without a count or data entry were not detected during the course of the analysis for the respective sample, indicating a raw count of <1 spore.

The analytical sensitivity is the spores/m³ divided by the raw count, expressed in spores/m³, per spore and per sample.

§ Total Spores/m3 has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods. Also, some species with very small spores are easily missed, and may be undercounted.

^{††}Background debris indicates the amount of non-biological particulate matter present on the trace (dust in the air) and the resulting visibility for the analyst. It is rated from 1+ (low) to 4+ (high). Counts from areas with 4+ background debris should be regarded as minimal counts and may be higher than reported. It is important to account for samples volumes when evaluating dust levels.

For more information regarding analytical sensitivity, please contact QA by calling the laboratory. ‡ A "Version" indicated by -"x" after the Lab ID# with a value greater than 1 indicates a sample with amended data. The revision number is reflected by the value of "x".

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Client: Berks Fire Water Restoration
C/O: Brad Roberts
Date of Sampling: 09-17-2023
Date of Receipt: 09-19-2023
Re: Schuylkill Valley School District - 2; Post Clean
Date of Report: 09-19-2023

MoldRANGETM: Extended Outdoor Comparison

Outdoor Location: 3631 6794, Outside

Fungi Identified	Outdoor		Typica	l Outd	loor Da	ata for	:	,	Typica	l Outd	loor Da	ata for	:	
	data	Septe	mber in	Penns	ylvania	a† (n‡=	=3342)	The entire year in Pennsylvania† (n‡=29386)						
	spores/m3	very low	low	med	high	very high	freq %	very low	low	med	high	very high	freq %	
Generally able to grow indoors*														
Alternaria	-	13	17	50	110	190	69	10	13	40	93	160	44	
Bipolaris/Drechslera group	-	7	7	13	40	53	19	7	7	13	33	53	10	
Chaetomium	-	7	7	13	13	27	3	7	7	13	27	40	3	
Cladosporium	53	220	430	1,200	3,200	5,800	96	53	130	590	2,000	3,600	84	
Curvularia	-	7	13	27	59	130	41	7	8	17	53	84	16	
Nigrospora	13	7	13	27	53	110	37	7	7	13	44	67	17	
Penicillium/Aspergillus types	-	53	110	290	800	1,300	55	53	53	210	590	1,000	49	
Stachybotrys	-	7	7	13	33	100	< 1	7	7	13	45	170	< 1	
Torula	-	7	13	27	53	87	14	7	11	13	47	67	7	
Seldom found growing indoors**														
Ascospores	53	160	320	910	2,300	3,800	98	53	130	610	2,000	3,400	81	
Basidiospores	590	990	1,900	5,300	14,000	23,000	> 99	110	250	1,900	7,900	15,000	96	
Rusts	-	7	13	27	80	150	47	7	13	27	53	110	21	
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes	13	13	27	53	120	210	79	13	13	40	110	200	62	
§ TOTAL SPORES/m3	720													

[†]The "Typical Outdoor Data' represents the typical outdoor spore levels for the location and time frame indicated. The last column represents the frequency of occurrence. The very low, low, med, high, and very high values represent the 10, 20, 50, 80, and 90 percentile values of the spore type when it is detected. For example, if the frequency of occurrence is 63% and the low value is 53, it would mean that the given spore type is detected 63% of the time and, when detected, 20% of the time it is present in levels above the detection limit and below 53 spores/m3. These values are updated periodically, and if enough data is not available to make a statistically meaningful assessment, it is indicated with a dash.

 \ddagger n = number of samples used to calculate data.

Interpretation of the data contained in this report is left to the client or the persons who conducted the field work. This report is provided for informational and comparative purposes only and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. "Typical outdoor data" are based on the results of the analysis of samples delivered to and analyzed by Eurofins EMLab P&K and assumptions regarding the origins of those samples. Sampling techniques, contaminants infecting samples, unrepresentative samples and other similar or dissimilar factors may affect these results. In addition, Eurofins EMLab P&K may not have received and tested a representative number of samples for every region or time period. Eurofins EMLab P&K hereby disclaims any liability for any and all direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages arising out of the use or interpretation of the data contained in, or any actions taken or omitted in reliance upon, this report.

[§] Total Spores/m3 has been rounded to two significant figures to reflect analytical precision.

^{*} The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

^{**} These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

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MoldSCORETM: Spore Trap Report Outdoor Sample: 3631 6794 Outside

Fungi Identified	Oı	ıtc	lo	or	sam	pl	e	spo	res	s/ı	m3	Raw	Spores/
	<10	0			1K			10K		>1	00k	count	m3
Generally able to grow indoors*													
Alternaria												ND	< 13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group												ND	< 13
Chaetomium												ND	< 13
Cladosporium												1	53
Curvularia												ND	< 13
Nigrospora												1	13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†												ND	< 13
Stachybotrys												ND	< 13
Torula												ND	< 13
Seldom found growing indoors**													
Ascospores												1	53
Basidiospores			Ш									11	590
Rusts												ND	< 13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes												1	13
Total													720

Location: 3631 6817 C-106

Fungi Identified	In	do	or	sam	R	aw	Spores/				
	<100)		1K		10K	2	>100	K co	unt	m3
Generally able to grow indoors*											
Alternaria									N	1D	< 13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group									N	ND	< 13
Chaetomium									N	ND	< 13
Cladosporium										1	53
Curvularia									N	1D	< 13
Nigrospora									N	ND	< 13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†									N	1D	< 13
Stachybotrys									N	ND	< 13
Torula									N	1D	< 13
Seldom found growing indoors**											
Ascospores									N	1D	< 13
Basidiospores										1	53
Rusts									N	ND	< 13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes									N	ND	< 13
Total											107

	MoldSCORE 200 300												
			100										
			100										
			100										
			103										
			100										
			100										
			100										
			100										
			100										
			100										
			102										
			100										
			100										
Final Mo	ldSCO	RE	103										

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Date of Receipt: 09-19-2023
Date of Report: 09-19-2023

MoldSCORETM: Spore Trap Report

Location: 3631 6812 C-108

Fungi Identified	Inc	loc	or	sam	ple	S	pore	s/ı	n3	}	Raw	Spores/
	<100			1K			10K	>	-100)K	count	m3
Generally able to grow indoors*												
Alternaria											ND	< 13
Bipolaris/Drechslera group											ND	< 13
Chaetomium											ND	< 13
Cladosporium											1	53
Curvularia											ND	< 13
Nigrospora											ND	< 13
Penicillium/Aspergillus types†											ND	< 13
Stachybotrys											ND	< 13
Torula											ND	< 13
Seldom found growing indoors**												
Ascospores											ND	< 13
Basidiospores											7	370
Rusts											ND	< 13
Smuts, Periconia, Myxomycetes											ND	< 13
Total				•								427

_																				
,	^	^				N	1					5	C	()	F		E		
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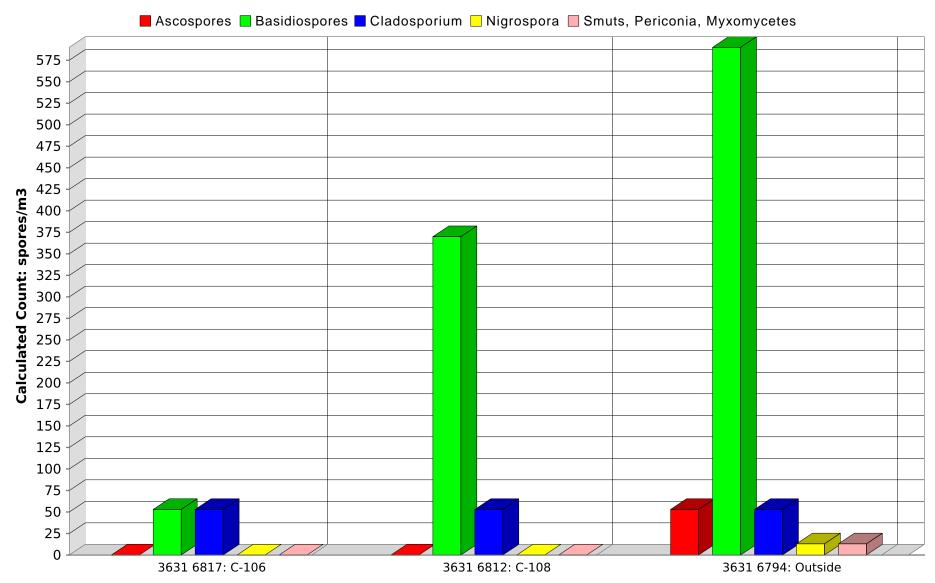
^{*} The spores in this category are generally capable of growing on wet building materials in addition to growing outdoors. Building related growth is dependent upon the fungal type, moisture level, type of material, and other factors. *Cladosporium* is one of the predominant spore types worldwide and is frequently present in high numbers. *Penicillium/Aspergillus* species colonize both outdoor and indoor wet surfaces rapidly and are very easily dispersed. Other genera are usually present in lesser numbers.

†The spores of Aspergillus and Penicillium (and others such as Acremonium, Paecilomyces) are small and round with very few distinguishing characteristics. They cannot be differentiated by non-viable sampling methods.

‡Rated on a scale from 100 to 300. A rating less than 150 is low and indicates a low probability of spores originating inside. A rating greater than 250 is high and indicates a high probability that the spores originated from inside, presumably from indoor mold growth. A rating between 150 and 250 indicates a moderate likelihood of indoor fungal growth. MoldSCORE is NOT intended for wall cavity samples. It is intended for ambient air samples in residences. Using the analysis on other samples (like wall cavity samples) will lead to misleading results.

^{**} These fungi are generally not found growing on wet building materials. For example, the rusts and smuts are obligate plant pathogens. However, in each group there are notable exceptions. For example, agents of wood decay are members of the basidiomycetes and high counts of a single morphological type of basidiospore on an inside sample should be considered significant.

SPORE TRAP REPORT: NON-VIABLE METHODOLOGY



Comments:

Note: Graphical output may understate the importance of certain "marker" genera. Eurofins EPK Built Environment Testing, LLC