TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2023



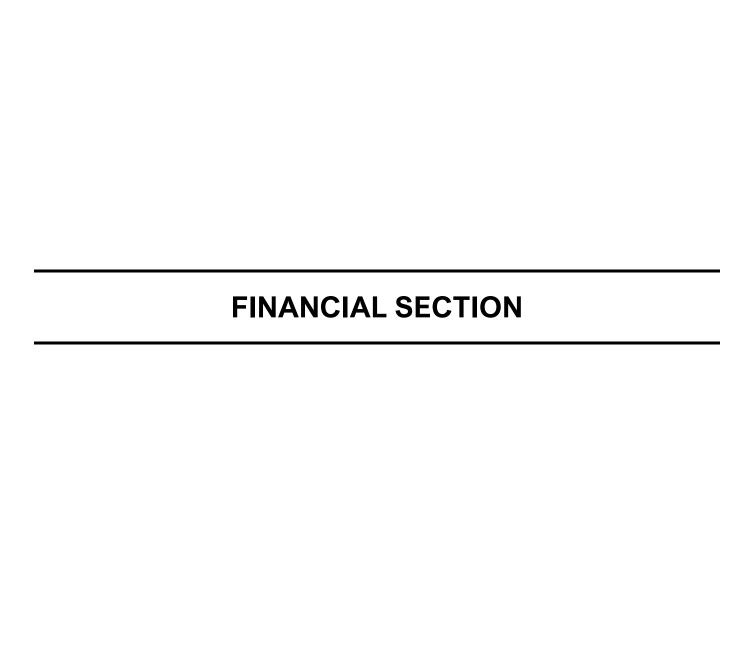
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REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Twin Hills Union School District Sebastopol, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Hills Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Hills Union School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Hills Union School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Twin Hills Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Twin Hills Union School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Twin Hills Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Twin Hills Union School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, schedules of district contributions for pensions and schedule of District's total CRSP liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Twin Hills Union School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Christy White, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2023 on our consideration of the Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 14, 2023

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

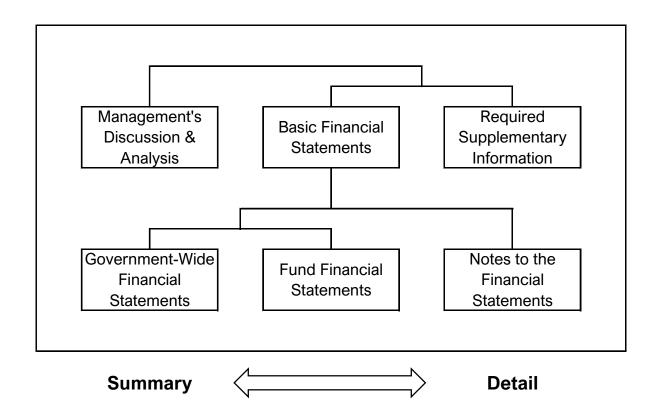
Our discussion and analysis of Twin Hills Union School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$2,191,946 at June 30, 2023. This was an increase of \$2,318,332 from the prior year, after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$16,923,189, which exceeded expenses of \$14,604,857.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$2,191,946 at June 30, 2023, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(5,346,029) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmer							
		2023	2022	Net Change				
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	10,720,650 \$	8,669,882 \$	2,050,768				
Capital assets		7,056,511	7,494,591	(438,080)				
Total Assets		17,777,161	16,164,473	1,612,688				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,271,680	5,059,550	212,130				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		2,352,782	1,415,057	937,725				
Long-term liabilities		16,877,148	13,761,445	3,115,703				
Total Liabilities		19,229,930	15,176,502	4,053,428				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,626,965	6,233,949	(4,606,984)				
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		4,501,299	4,513,171	(11,872)				
Restricted		3,036,676	1,629,094	1,407,582				
Unrestricted		(5,346,029)	(6,328,693)	982,664				
Total Net Position	\$	2,191,946 \$	(186,428) \$	2,378,374				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022		Net Change		
REVENUES								
Program revenues								
Charges for services	\$	159,495	\$	180,198	\$	(20,703)		
Operating grants and contributions		3,155,355		1,527,204		1,628,151		
General revenues								
Property taxes		5,197,707		4,809,285		388,422		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		7,766,733		6,156,029		1,610,704		
Other		643,899		736,220		(92,321)		
Total Revenues		16,923,189		13,408,936		3,514,253		
EXPENSES								
Instruction		8,226,636		8,061,374		165,262		
Instruction-related services		1,469,859		1,136,750		333,109		
Pupil services		1,458,780		898,699		560,081		
General administration		1,334,419		1,168,213		166,206		
Plant services		1,108,803		932,681		176,122		
Ancillary and community services		566,078		398,681		167,397		
Debt service		368,272		357,775		10,497		
Other outgo		72,010		70,924		1,086		
Total Expenses		14,604,857		13,025,097		1,579,760		
Change in net position		2,318,332		383,839		1,934,493		
Net Position - Beginning, as restated*		(126,386)		(570,267)		443,881		
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,191,946	\$	(186,428)	\$	2,378,374		

^{*}Beginning net position was restated for the 2023 year only.

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$14,604,857 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$5,197,707, because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions, charges for services and other general revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2023		2022			
Instruction	\$	6,207,052	\$	6,853,041			
Instruction-related services		1,300,831		1,126,015			
Pupil services		631,077		594,782			
General administration		1,334,419		1,166,953			
Plant services		1,106,749		902,802			
Ancillary and community services		316,899		299,140			
Debt service		368,272		357,775			
Transfers to other agencies		24,708		17,187			
Total	\$	11,290,007	\$	11,317,695			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,854,561, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$7,283,396. The District's General Fund had \$1,012,545 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's Charter Schools Fund had \$534,936 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2022-2023

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2022-2023 the District had invested \$7,056,511 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities								
		2023		2022		Net Change			
CAPITAL ASSETS									
Land	\$	23,604	\$	23,604	\$	-			
Construction in progress		1,300		1,300		-			
Land improvements		1,768,412		1,768,412		-			
Buildings & improvements		13,797,168		13,797,168		-			
Furniture & equipment		616,799		562,211		54,588			
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(9,150,772)		(8,658,104)		(492,668)			
Total Capital Assets	\$	7,056,511	\$	7,494,591	\$	(438,080)			

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$16,877,148 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 27% from last year – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities								
		2023	2022	Net Change					
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Total general obligation bonds	\$	5,066,633	\$ 5,194,551	\$ (127,918)					
Compensated absences		108,837	104,835	4,002					
Total OPEB liability		64,306	73,828	(9,522)					
Net pension liability		12,102,372	8,328,189	3,774,183					
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(465,000)	(440,000)	(25,000)					
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	16,877,148	\$ 13,261,403	\$ 3,615,745					

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its June 2023 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was not in a recession yet, but the forecast comes with a caution. Anti-inflation actions by the Federal Reserve could still trigger a near-term recession. The Federal Reserve has said that its actions will be dependent on data. If data shows that the labor market continues to remain robust and if another jobs report shows strong growth in payroll employment and inflation remains sticky, the Federal Reserve will likely err on the side of further tightening of monetary policy and thus, a mild recession later this year is the most likely. The Forecast anticipates that there will be a mild impact on the State of California's economy regardless of the Federal Reserve's policy actions. The California unemployment rate averages for 2023, 2024, and 2025 are expected to be 4.1%, 4.0% and 4.0%, respectively, and non-farm payroll jobs are expected to grow at rates of 2.0%, 1.3%, and 1.6%, during the same three years.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2023 Budget Revision includes a total Proposition 98 guarantee of \$106.8 billion (\$77.4 billion General Fund and \$29.4 billion local property tax) down from the January 2023 Governor's Budget Proposition 98 guarantee of \$108.8 billion (\$79.6 billion General Fund and \$29.2 billion local property tax). The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2022-23 and 2023-24. At May Revision, the 2023-24 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 8.22 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF. Additionally, the May revise saw a reduction of \$1.8 billion to the Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary Block Grant and a \$2.5 billion reduction of the Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2023-24 is 26.68 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2023-24 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Patty Nosecchi, 700 Watertrough Road, Sebastopol, CA 95472, or (707) 823-0871.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 8,797,138				
Accounts receivable	1,906,438				
Inventory	457				
Other current assets	16,617				
Capital assets, not depreciated	24,904				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	7,031,607				
Total Assets	17,777,161				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	5,271,680				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,271,680				
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	1,490,832				
Unearned revenue	396,950				
Long-term liabilities, current portion	465,000				
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	16,877,148				
Total Liabilities	19,229,930				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,626,965				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,626,965				
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	4,501,299				
Restricted:					
Capital projects	39,341				
Debt service	644,093				
Educational programs	2,193,892				
Food service	10,762				
Associated student body	148,588				
Unrestricted	(5,346,029)				
Total Net Position	\$ 2,191,946				

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Program Revenues						Re C	venues and hanges in et Position
Function/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmenta Activities	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	8,226,636	\$	77,916	\$	1,941,668	\$	(6,207,052)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		179,155		-		158,790		(20,365)
Instructional library, media, and technology		53,677		-		-		(53,677)
School site administration		1,237,027		2,112		8,126		(1,226,789)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		255,965		-		-		(255,965)
Food services		603,177		45,660		555,957		(1,560)
All other pupil services		599,638		6,152		219,934		(373,552)
General administration								
All other general administration		1,334,419		-		-		(1,334,419)
Plant services		1,108,803		-		2,054		(1,106,749)
Ancillary services		170,273		-		159,901		(10,372)
Community services		395,805		27,655		61,623		(306,527)
Interest on long-term debt		368,272		-		-		(368,272)
Other outgo		72,010		-		47,302		(24,708)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,604,857	\$	159,495	\$	3,155,355		(11,290,007)
	Gene	eral revenues				_		
	Tax	es and subventi	ons					
	Pi	roperty taxes, lev	ied for	general purpos	es			4,640,086
	Pi	roperty taxes, lev	ied for	debt service				557,621
Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes						purposes		7,766,733
Interest and investment earnings								(167,263)
Interagency revenues							164,794	
	Mis	cellaneous						646,368
	Subt	otal, General Re	evenue					13,608,339
	CHA	NGE IN NET PO	SITION					2,318,332
	Net F	Position - Begin	ning, as	Restated				(126,386)
	Net P	Position - Ending	g				\$	2,191,946

Net (Expenses)

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fun		Ch	arter Schools Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	6,843,597	\$	427,999	\$ 1,525,542	\$	8,797,138	
Accounts receivable		1,631,928		184,235	90,275		1,906,438	
Due from other funds		245,610		100,000	422		346,032	
Stores inventory		-		-	457		457	
Other current assets		16,617		-	-		16,617	
Total Assets	\$	8,737,752	\$	712,234	\$ 1,616,696	\$	11,066,682	
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,368,635	\$	32,236	\$ 68,268	\$	1,469,139	
Due to other funds		100,422		220,500	25,110		346,032	
Unearned revenue		328,604		68,346	-		396,950	
Total Liabilities		1,797,661		321,082	93,378		2,212,121	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		9,000		-	8,457		17,457	
Restricted		1,907,230		286,662	1,020,243		3,214,135	
Committed		-		-	280,221		280,221	
Assigned		3,325,962		104,490	214,397		3,644,849	
Unassigned		1,697,899			 		1,697,899	
Total Fund Balances		6,940,091		391,152	1,523,318		8,854,561	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,737,752	\$	712,234	\$ 1,616,696	\$	11,066,682	

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 8,854,561					
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of ne are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	et position						
Capital assets:							
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net p assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:	osition, all						
Capital assets \$ 16	6,207,283 9,150,772)	7,056,511					
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:							
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognize period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the operiod was:	zed in the	(21,693)					
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net p liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities regovernmental activities consist of:							
Total general obligation bonds \$ 5	5,066,633						
Compensated absences	108,837 64,306						
Total OPEB liability Net pension liability 12	2,102,372	(17,342,148)					
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.							
•	5,271,680	2 644 745					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions(1	1,626,965)	3,644,715					

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$

2,191,946

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ger	neral Fund	CI	harter Schools Fund	G	Non-Major iovernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	8,907,320	\$	2,246,343	\$	50,000	\$	11,203,663
Federal sources		453,786		-		158,423		612,209
Other state sources		2,999,607		407,063		234,300		3,640,970
Other local sources		1,241,813		(2,703)		996,480		2,235,590
Total Revenues		13,602,526		2,650,703		1,439,203		17,692,432
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		7,547,180		1,749,999		-		9,297,179
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		236,622		-		-		236,622
Instructional library, media, and technology		51,899		-		-		51,899
School site administration		1,097,153		290,197		-		1,387,350
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		255,965		-		-		255,965
Food services		179,232		-		420,583		599,815
All other pupil services		584,080		35,791		-		619,871
General administration								
All other general administration		1,392,704		3,978		-		1,396,682
Plant services		1,064,699		35,802		11,499		1,112,000
Facilities acquisition and construction		16,166		-		11,457		27,623
Ancillary services		19,683		-		152,674		172,357
Community services		84,524		-		304,302		388,826
Transfers to other agencies		60,074		-		11,936		72,010
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		440,000		440,000
Interest and other		-		-		63,068		63,068
Total Expenditures		12,589,981		2,115,767		1,415,519		16,121,267
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		1,012,545		534,936		23,684		1,571,165
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		515,610		160,403		80,000		756,013
Transfers out		(240,403)		(490,500)		(25,110)		(756,013)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		275,207		(330,097)		54,890		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,287,752		204,839		78,574		1,571,165
Fund Balance - Beginning		5,652,339		186,313		1,444,744		7,283,396
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,940,091	\$	391,152	\$	1,523,318	\$	8,854,561

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,571,165
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 54,588 Depreciation expense: (492,668)	(438,080)
Debt service:	
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	440,000
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	6,878
Accreted interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.	(312,082)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:	(4,002)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:	9,522
Pensions:	
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:	1,044,931
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,318,332
	 _,0.0,002

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Twin Hills Union School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund. The activity for Sunridge Charter School and Twin Hills Charter Middle School is also combined into the General Fund in this report.

Charter Schools Fund: This fund may be used by authorizing District's to account separately for the activities of District-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing District's General Fund. Orchard View Charter School is accounted for in this fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Funds: (continued)

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. <u>Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue (continued)

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class Land Improvements Buildings and Improvements Equipment Equipment Estimated Useful Life 5-20 Years 5-20 Years 5-20 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Gov	/ernmental							
	Activities								
Investment in county treasury	\$	8,933,501							
Fair value adjustment		(301,951)							
Cash on hand and in banks		148,588							
Cash in revolving fund		17,000							
Total	\$	8,797,138							

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Sonoma County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of \$8,631,550. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 539 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2023, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Sonoma County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	8,631,550
Total	\$	8,631,550

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major	
			Ch	narter Schools	(Governmental	Governmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund		Funds	Activities
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$	360,430	\$	-	\$	17,718	\$ 378,148
State Government							
Apportionment		374,156		103,644		-	477,800
Categorical aid		462,798		62,948		33,219	558,965
Lottery		42,420		12,345		-	54,765
Local Government							
Other local sources		392,124		5,298		39,338	436,760
Total	\$	1,631,928	\$	184,235	\$	90,275	\$ 1,906,438

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

		Balance ly 01, 2022	Additions	Deletions	J	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	23,604	\$ - \$		- \$	23,604
Construction in progress		1,300	-		-	1,300
Total capital assets not being depreciated		24,904	-		-	24,904
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		1,768,412	-		-	1,768,412
Buildings & improvements		13,797,168	-		-	13,797,168
Furniture & equipment		562,211	54,588		-	616,799
Total capital assets being depreciated		16,127,791	54,588		-	16,182,379
Less: Accumulated depreciation	·					
Land improvements		1,005,225	74,993		-	1,080,218
Buildings & improvements		7,301,993	397,756		-	7,699,749
Furniture & equipment		350,886	19,919		-	370,805
Total accumulated depreciation		8,658,104	492,668		-	9,150,772
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, net	\$	7,494,591	\$ (438,080) \$		- \$	7,056,511

Depreciation expense was charged to the Instruction function in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds											
Due To Other Funds	Ger	neral Fund	Cha	rter Schools Fund	Gove	ı-Major rnmental unds		Total					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	422	\$	100,422					
Charter Schools Fund		220,500		-		-		220,500					
Non-Major Governmental Funds		25,110		-		-		25,110					
Total	\$	245,610	\$	100,000	\$	422	\$	346,032					
Due from the General Fund to the Charter Schools Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to			t to sup	oport Orchard	View.		\$	100,000 422					
Due from the Charter Schools Fund to the General	I Fund for excess	s costs for spe	cial ed	ucation.				101,800					
Due from the Charter Schools Fund to the General	I Fund for district	t reimburseme	nts thr	ough MOU ba	sed on AD	DA.		118,700					
Due from the Child Development Fund to the Gene	eral Fund for ann	ual district reir	nburse	ement costs.				25,110					
Total							\$	346,032					

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

				Interfund 1	ransf	ers In		
Interfund Transfers Out	Gei	neral Fund	Ch	arter Schools Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds			Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	160,403	\$	80,000	\$	240,403
Charter Schools Fund		490,500		-		-		490,500
Non-Major Governmental Funds		25,110		-		-		25,110
Total	\$	515,610	\$	160,403	\$	80,000	\$	756,013
Transfer from the General Fund to the Charter Schools Fund for a Transfer from the General Fund to the Charter Schools Fund for a				•	d on Al	DA.	\$	150,000 10,403
Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for meal pro	•		inioat	od omployees.				80,000
Transfer from the Charter Schools Fund to the General Fund for c	•		s thro	ugh MOU based	on AI	DA.		283,700
Transfer from the Charter Schools Fund to the General Fund for e				•				206,800
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for								25,110
Total							\$	756,013

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Non-Major Charter Schools Governmental											
			Ch	arter Schools		Government						
	Ge	neral Fund		Fund		Funds	District-Wide			Activities		
Payroll	\$	3,617	\$	-	\$	17,349	\$	-	\$	20,966		
Vendors payable		1,155,162		292		50,919		-		1,206,373		
Unmatured interest		-		-		-		21,693		21,693		
Due to grantor government		209,856		31,944		-		-		241,800		
Total	\$	1,368,635	\$	32,236	\$	68,268	\$	21,693	\$	1,490,832		

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

			Ch	arter Schools	G	overnmental
	Ger	neral Fund		Fund		Activities
Federal sources	\$	58,926	\$	-	\$	58,926
State categorical sources		269,678		68,346		338,024
Total	\$	328,604	\$	68,346	\$	396,950

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Restated Balance lly 01, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Balance Due In One Year	
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,139,964	\$ -	\$	428,986	\$ 2,710,978	\$ 445,912
Accreted interest	2,054,587	312,082		11,014	2,355,655	19,088
Total general obligation bonds	 5,194,551	312,082		440,000	5,066,633	465,000
Compensated absences	 104,835	4,002		-	108,837	-
Total OPEB liability	73,828	-		9,522	64,306	-
Net pension liability	8,328,189	3,774,183		-	12,102,372	-
Total	\$ 13,701,403	\$ 4,090,267	\$	449,522	\$ 17,342,148	\$ 465,000

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$108,837. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. General Obligation Bonds

Below is a schedule of bonds issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2023:

					Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2022	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2023
2007 Refunding	1/24/2007	8/1/2025	3.50 - 4.00%	\$ 2,910,000	\$ 595,000	\$	-	\$ 260,000	\$ 335,000
2011A	3/17/2011	8/1/2036	3.70 - 6.00%	1,334,964	1,334,964		-	3,986	1,330,978
2011B	3/17/2011	8/1/2025	5.94 - 6.85%	1,330,000	1,210,000		-	165,000	1,045,000
					\$ 3,139,964	\$ -	-	\$ 428,986	\$ 2,710,978

This schedule does not include accreted interest in the amount of \$2,355,655 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

B. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds payable are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 445,912	\$ 62,788	\$ 508,700
2025	470,262	46,237	516,499
2026	483,429	45,404	528,833
2027	89,190	445,810	535,000
2028	83,087	476,913	560,000
2029 - 2033	598,466	2,551,534	3,150,000
2034 - 2038	540,632	2,464,368	3,005,000
Accretion	2,355,655	(2,355,655)	-
Total	\$ 5,066,633	\$ 3,737,399	\$ 8,804,032

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$73,828 and decreased by \$9,522 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 was \$64,306. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$8,328,189 and increased by \$3,774,183 during the year ended June 30, 2023. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2023 was \$12,102,372. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2023:

	Ge	neral Fund	Cł	narter Schools Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$	9,000	\$	_	\$ 8,000	\$	17,000
Stores inventory		-		-	457		457
Total non-spendable		9,000		-	8,457		17,457
Restricted							
Educational programs		1,907,230		286,662	-		2,193,892
Food service		-		-	10,762		10,762
Associated student body		-		-	148,588		148,588
Capital projects		-		-	195,107		195,107
Debt service		-		_	665,786		665,786
Total restricted		1,907,230		286,662	1,020,243		3,214,135
Committed							
Deferred maintenance	-	_		_	280,221		280,221
Total committed					280,221		280,221
Assigned							
RESIG deductible 8th grade field trip		18,000		-	-		18,000
Charter school reserve		531,898		104,490	-		636,388
West County JPAs		70,000		-	-		70,000
Fund balance support for charters		347,922		-	-		347,922
Technology hardware replacement		500,000		-	-		500,000
Facilities		600,000		-	-		600,000
Pension and salary increase support		300,000		-	-		300,000
Assignment reductions due to supports		(12,484)		-	-		(12,484)
COVID19 legal: distance learning		100,000		-	-		100,000
Lottery carryover		27,511		-	-		27,511
Other than capital outlay		306,975		-	-		306,975
Retirement program liability (CRSP)		536,140		-	-		536,140
Capital equipment purchases		-		-	94,891		94,891
Child development program	-	_		-	119,506		119,506
Total assigned		3,325,962		104,490	214,397		3,644,849
Unassigned		1,697,899			_		1,697,899
Total	\$	6,940,091	\$	391,152	\$ 1,523,318	\$	8,854,561

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than seventeen percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Twin Hills Union School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Twin Hills Union School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The District entered into a contract with a retired former superintendent whereby the District will pay for the retiree's health benefits for life. Health benefits include medical, dental, and vision. Benefits are provided by a third-party insurer, and full cost of benefits are covered by the plan. The District does not offer an OPEB Plan to any other active or inactive employee.

C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$5,491 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	1
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	
Total number of participants**	1

^{*}Information not provided

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Twin Hills Union School District's total OPEB liability of \$64,306 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

^{**}As of the June 30, 2023 valuation date

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Economic assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	3.86%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2015-2018 CalSTRS Mortality Table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	June	e 30, 2023
Total OPEB Liability		
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	2,624
Difference between expected and actual experience		(5,956)
Changes of assumptions		(699)
Benefits payments	-	(5,491)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(9,522)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	-	73,828
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	64,306
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%

No measure of covered-employee payroll is presented because there are no active employees who qualify for the plan.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Twin Hills Union School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.86 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.86 percent) than the current discount rate:

			Va	aluation		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	1%	Increase
	((2.86%)		3.86%)	(4.86%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	68,627	\$	64,306	\$	60,442

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Twin Hills Union School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valua	tion Trend		
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1%	Increase
	(4.00%)	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	60,447	\$	64,306	\$	68,535

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Twin Hills Union School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(4,031). At June 30, 2023, the Twin Hills Union School District reported no deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Certain eligible certificated employees also participate in the Certificated Retirement Support Program (CSRP). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension	Deferred flows related	erred inflows related to		
		liability	 pensions	pensions	Pensi	ion expense
STRS Pension	\$	6,530,133	\$ 2,986,537	\$ 1,192,323	\$	(92,669)
PERS Pension		4,551,538	2,077,841	312,473		681,853
CRSP		1,020,701	207,302	122,169		93,333
Total	\$	12,102,372	\$ 5,271,680	\$ 1,626,965	\$	682,517

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2023, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,053,753 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$524,650 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 6,530,133
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	3,270,309
Total	\$ 9,800,442

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.009 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$(92,669). In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(244,593) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	319,242
Differences between expected and	5,357		489,624
actual experience Changes in assumptions	323,847		409,024
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	020,011		
proportionate share of contributions	1,603,580		383,457
District contributions subsequent			
to the measurement date	 1,053,753		
Total	\$ 2,986,537	\$	1,192,323

The \$1,053,753 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	rred Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
2024	\$ 630,959	\$ 438,512
2025	357,013	458,154
2026	333,609	584,083
2027	293,646	(386,495)
2028	273,137	75,609
2029	44,420	22,460
Total	\$ 1,932,784	\$ 1,192,323

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)		 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of		•		0 = 40 = 04
the net pension liability	\$ 11,090,587	\$	6,530,133	\$ 2,743,584

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023 was 25.37% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$569,291 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$4,551,538 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.013 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$681,853. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 537,413	\$	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	20,570		113,248
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	336,697		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	613,870		199,225
to the measurement date	569,291		-
Total	\$ 2,077,841	\$	312,473

The \$569,291 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deter	rred Outflows	Detei	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	of Resources		Resources
2024	\$	544,794	\$	220,766
2025		485,609		57,873
2026		150,451		33,834
2027		327,696		-
Total	\$	1,508,550	\$	312,473

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 6.90%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of scale MP 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2000 through 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*
Global Equity – cap-weighted	30.0%	4.45%
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.0)%	(0.59)%
	100.0%	

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period. Figures are based on the 2021-22 CalPERS Asset Liability Management Study

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease (5.90%)	Discount Rate (6.90%)		Increase (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of	•	_	,	_	 _
the net pension liability	\$	6,574,927	\$	4,551,538	\$ 2,879,281

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. <u>Certificated Retirement Support Program (CRSP)</u>

Plan Description and Membership

The Twin Hills Union School District administers a single-employer unfunded defined benefit Pension plan, under Article 19. The Certificated Retirement Support Program (CRSP) is offered for all certificated employees qualifying under the eligibility criteria. As of June 30, 2023, the liability is presented in accordance with the GASB Statement 73 based on the District's most recent actuarial study.

Membership in the CRSP consisted of the following:

	Number of
	participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	8
Participating active employees	39
Total number of participants*	47

^{*}As of the July 1, 2021 valuation date

Benefits Provided

Certificated employees on Column 5 of the salary schedule (for at least four years) may retire and receive District-paid benefits upon attainment of age 55 and completion of 15 years of District service (the last five years must be continuous). On February 8, 2018, the District extended plan eligibility to Certificated Administrators.

Eligible employees receive a percentage of the teacher's highest earnable salary on the Salary Schedule, depending on age at retirement:

Age	Percent
55-58	65%
59-60	55%
61-65	35%

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the District's bargaining units and unrepresented groups. The District currently finances benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Total Pension Liability

The District's Total Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. <u>Certificated Retirement Support Program (CRSP) (continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate

The discount rate of 3.69 percent is the index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality Rates

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based Mortality Rates for active employees from CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018). Post-retirement mortality rates were based on Mortality Rates for retired members and beneficiaries from CalSTRS Experience Analysis (2015-2018).

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021.

Changes in Total CRSP Pension Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	69,963
Interest on total pension liability		21,504
Changes of assumptions		(72,193)
Benefits payments		(96,712)
Net change in total pension liability		(77,438)
Total pension liability - beginning		1,098,139
Total pension liability - ending	\$	1,020,701
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,614,571
District's total pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		22.12%

Sensitivity of the Total CRSP Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total CRSP pension liability of the Twin Hills Union School District, as well as what the District's total CRSP pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.69 percent) than the current discount rate:

			'	/aluation		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
	(2.69%)		(3.69%)		(4.69%)	
Total pension liability	\$	1,060,823	\$	1,020,701	\$	982,418

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. <u>Certificated Retirement Support Program (CRSP) (continued)</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CRSP Pension For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Twin Hills Union School District recognized pension expense of \$93,333. At June 30, 2023, the Twin Hills Union School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pension and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of F	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	45,156	\$	53,863
Changes in assumptions		54,638		68,306
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		107,508		-
Total	\$	207,302	\$	122,169

The \$107,508 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of I	Resources
2024	\$	23,425	\$	21,559
2025		23,425		21,559
2026		23,425		19,848
2027		20,286		19,118
2028		6,950		19,118
Thereafter		2,283		20,967
Total	\$	99,794	\$	122,169

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had no commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the Redwood Empire Schools' Insurance Group and the West County Transportation Agency. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension Plans

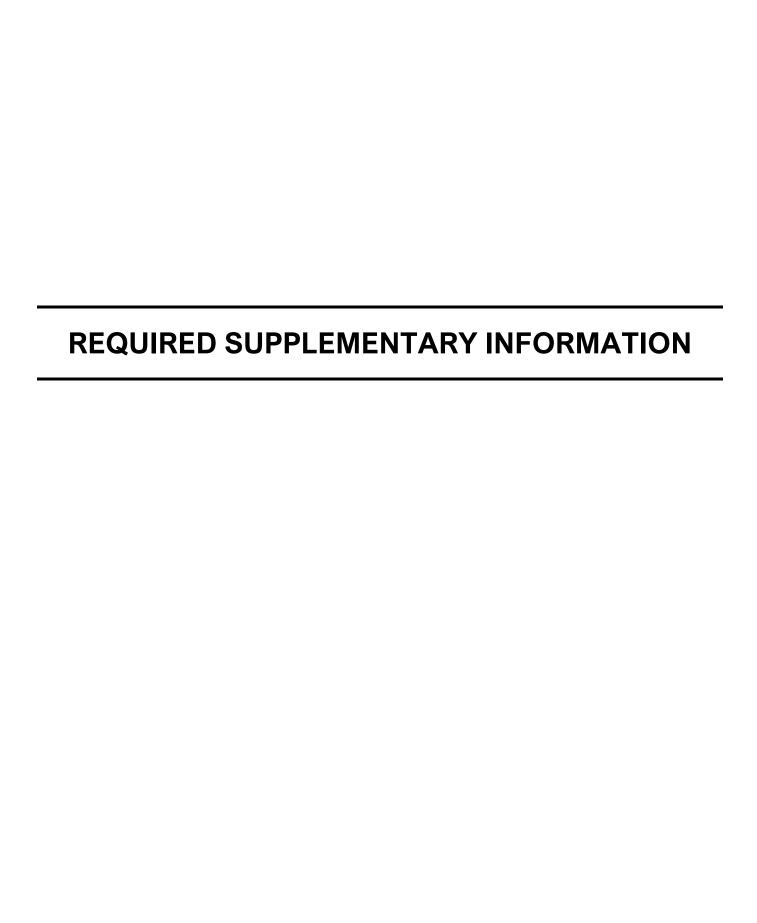
Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2023, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$5,271,680 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$1,626,965.

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT TO NET POSITION

The District's net position at July 1, 2022 was restated to remove the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability for the MPP Program due to materiality considerations as shown below:

	GU	veriiiileiilai			
	Activities				
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	(186,428)			
Restatement		60,042			
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	(126,386)			

Governmental



TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual*	Variances -		
	 Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	Fina	I to Actual	
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$ 8,476,510	\$	8,907,311	\$	8,907,320	\$	9	
Federal sources	529,829		453,659		453,786		127	
Other state sources	843,669		2,996,034		2,999,607		3,573	
Other local sources	 950,062		1,532,080		1,256,409		(275,671)	
Total Revenues	 10,800,070		13,889,084		13,617,122		(271,962)	
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries	4,386,338		4,641,242		4,615,974		25,268	
Classified salaries	1,885,685		2,062,053		2,019,630		42,423	
Employee benefits	2,939,800		2,949,345		2,923,240		26,105	
Books and supplies	320,101		583,685		399,061		184,624	
Services and other operating expenditures	2,075,380		2,659,951		2,569,272		90,679	
Capital outlay	-		2,800		2,730		70	
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	 60,074		60,074		60,074			
Total Expenditures	 11,667,378		12,959,150		12,589,981		369,169	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	 (867,308)		929,934		1,027,141		97,207	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	1,294,961		1,492,022		1,492,021		(1)	
Transfers out	 (920,787)		(1,105,683)		(1,105,683)			
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 374,174		386,339		386,338		(1)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(493,134)		1,316,273		1,413,479		97,206	
Fund Balance - Beginning	 4,683,497		4,683,497		4,683,497			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,190,363	\$	5,999,770	\$	6,096,976	\$	97,206	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT CHARTER SCHOOLS FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Final to Actual		
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	2,217,074	\$	2,246,352	\$	2,246,343	\$ (9)		
Other state sources		198,289		406,410		407,063	653		
Other local sources		2,000		12,272		(2,703)	(14,975)		
Total Revenues		2,417,363		2,665,034		2,650,703	(14,331)		
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		1,098,024		1,192,111		1,187,319	4,792		
Classified salaries		142,279		146,635		145,288	1,347		
Employee benefits		628,676		652,716		651,319	1,397		
Books and supplies		68,716		97,044		47,509	49,535		
Services and other operating expenditures		52,200		93,726		84,332	9,394		
Total Expenditures	·	1,989,895		2,182,232		2,115,767	66,465		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		427,468		482,802		534,936	52,134		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		60,387		160,403		160,403	-		
Transfers out		(380,000)		(490,500)		(490,500)	-		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(319,613)		(330,097)		(330,097)	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		107,855		152,705		204,839	52,134		
Fund Balance - Beginning		186,313		186,313		186,313	-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	294,168	\$	339,018	\$	391,152	\$ 52,134		

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	June 30, 2023		3 June 30, 2022		Jun	e 30, 2021	June	e 30, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability	'			_				_				_
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	2,624	\$	1,584	\$	2,218	\$	2,257	\$	3,481	\$	-
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		17,400		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(5,956)		2,466		(7,908)		7,064		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(699)		(9,830)		3,410		14,737		(59,195)		(3,566)
Benefits payments		(5,491)		(5,798)		(5,677)		(5,542)		(5,722)		(6,145)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(9,522)		(11,578)		(7,957)		18,516		(44,036)		(9,711)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		73,828		85,406		93,363		74,847		118,883		128,594
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	64,306	\$	73,828	\$	85,406	\$	93,363	\$	74,847	\$	118,883
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

No measure of covered-employee payroll is presented because there are no active employees who qualify for the plan.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	J	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.009%		0.010%		0.009%		0.009%		0.009%		0.009%		0.009%		0.008%		0.009%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,530,133	\$	4,557,371	\$	8,408,464	\$	8,155,899	\$	8,384,073	\$	8,436,898	\$	7,602,168	\$	5,655,216	\$	4,967,145
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	3,270,309 9,800,442	\$	2,293,092 6,850,463	\$	4,334,564 12,743,028	\$	4,449,587 12,605,486	\$	4,800,274 13,184,347	\$	4,991,196 13,428,094	\$	4,327,779 11,929,947	\$	2,990,718 8,645,934	\$	2,999,407 7,966,552
District's covered payroll	\$	5,450,140	\$	6,200,031	\$	4,087,439	\$	3,096,566	\$	3,224,153	\$	2,980,159	\$	2,973,123	\$	2,454,538		N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		119.8%		73.5%		205.7%		263.4%		260.0%		283.1%		255.7%		230.4%		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.2%		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		N/A

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior. The amounts in the June 30, 2015 column marked N/A were not previously reported.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Jui	ne 30, 2023	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Jı	ıne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.013%		0.013%		0.010%		0.012%		0.012%		0.012%		0.013%		0.012%		0.011%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,551,538	\$	2,672,679	\$	3,049,374	\$	3,522,736	\$	3,228,033	\$	2,893,364	\$	2,508,258	\$	1,827,772	\$	1,282,670
District's covered payroll	\$	2,027,359	\$	1,699,734	\$	1,490,827	\$	1,090,040	\$	1,545,054	\$	1,494,355	\$	1,359,017	\$	1,153,576		N/A
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		224.5%		157.2%		204.5%		323.2%		208.9%		193.6%		184.6%		158.4%		N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.8%		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		N/A

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior. The amounts in the June 30, 2015 column marked N/A were not previously reported.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Jı	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ine 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,053,753	\$	922,164	\$	1,001,305	\$	698,952	\$	504,121	\$	490,879	\$	501,114	\$	347,432	\$	319,090
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,053,753)		(922,164)		(1,001,305)		(698,952)		(504,121)		(612,589)		(506,627)		(386,506)		(319,090)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$		\$	(121,710)	\$	(5,513)	\$	(39,074)	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,521,225	\$	5,450,140	\$	6,200,031	\$	4,087,439	\$	3,096,566	\$	3,224,153	\$	2,980,159	\$	2,973,123	\$	2,454,538
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.09%		16.92%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		15.23%		16.82%		11.69%		13.00%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jui	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	569,291	\$	464,468	\$	351,845	\$	294,006	\$	196,883	\$	162,298	\$	180,795	\$	161,722	\$	136,122
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(569,291)		(464,468)		(351,845)		(294,006)		(196,883)		(214,608)		(180,817)		(161,723)		(136,122)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	(52,310)	\$	(22)	\$	(1)	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	2,243,601	\$	2,027,359	\$	1,699,734	\$	1,490,827	\$	1,090,040	\$	1,545,054	\$	1,494,355	\$	1,359,017	\$	1,153,576
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		25.37%		22.91%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		10.50%		12.10%		11.90%		11.80%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S TOTAL CRSP LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ju	June 30, 2023		ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total pension liability				_		_				_		_
Service cost	\$	69,963	\$	61,117	\$	66,100	\$	55,759	\$	52,486	\$	50,957
Interest on total pension liability		21,504		28,519		34,705		30,955		24,375		23,214
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		75,220		-		_
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(73,101)		-		92,692		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(72,193)		28,876		30,696		29,697		(17,817)		_
Benefits payments		(96,712)		(99,816)		(42,926)		(39,059)		(37,921)		(36,252)
Net change in total pension liability		(77,438)		(54,405)		88,575		245,264		21,123		37,919
Total pension liability - beginning		1,098,139		1,152,544		1,063,969		818,705		797,582		759,663
Total pension liability - ending	\$	1,020,701	\$	1,098,139	\$	1,152,544	\$	1,063,969	\$	818,705	\$	797,582
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,614,571	\$	4,839,145	\$	4,942,299	\$	5,320,967	\$	5,165,988	\$	5,015,522
District's total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		22.12%		22.69%		23.32%		20.00%		15.85%		15.90%

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.69% to 3.86% since the previous measurement.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuation for CalSTRS. The discount rate changed from 7.15% to 6.90% and the inflation rate changed from 2.50% to 2.30% since the previous measurement for CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of the District's Total CRSP Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total CRSP liability, including beginning and ending balances, and the total CRSP liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Benefit Terms

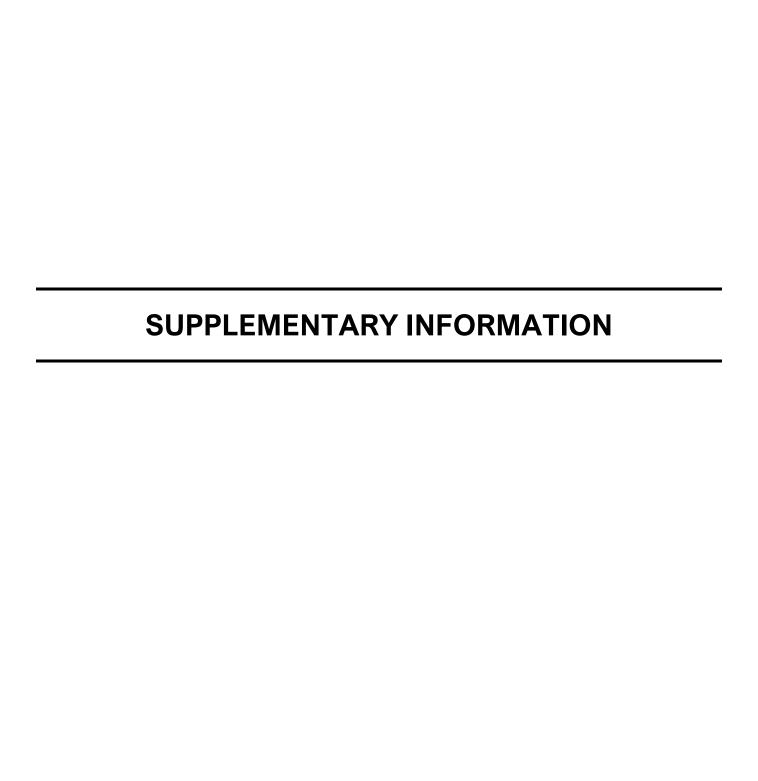
There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 1.92% to 3.69% since the previous measurement.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred no excesses of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code.



TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	179.90	182.43
Total TK/K through Third	179.90	182.43
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	92.21	92.25
Total Fourth through Sixth	92.21	92.25
Seventh through Eighth		
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.10	0.10
Total Seventh through Eighth	0.10	0.10
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	272.21	274.78
	Second	
	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Orchard View Charter School	Period	
Orchard View Charter School TK/K through Third	Period	
	Period	
TK/K through Third	Period Report	Report
TK/K through Third Regular ADA	Period Report	Report 36.53
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third	Period Report	Report 36.53
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth	Period Report 36.41 36.41	36.53 36.53
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA	Period Report 36.41 36.41 40.64	36.53 36.53 40.91
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Total Fourth through Sixth	Period Report 36.41 36.41 40.64	36.53 36.53 40.91
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Total Fourth through Sixth Seventh through Eighth	Period Report 36.41 36.41 40.64 40.64	36.53 36.53 40.91 40.91
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Total Fourth through Sixth Seventh through Eighth Regular ADA	36.41 36.41 40.64 40.64 41.89	36.53 36.53 40.91 40.91 42.05
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Total Fourth through Sixth Seventh through Eighth Regular ADA Total Seventh through Eighth	36.41 36.41 40.64 40.64 41.89	36.53 36.53 40.91 40.91 42.05
TK/K through Third Regular ADA Total TK/K through Third Fourth through Sixth Regular ADA Total Fourth through Sixth Seventh through Eighth Regular ADA Total Seventh through Eighth Ninth through Twelfth	36.41 36.41 40.64 40.64 41.89 41.89	36.53 36.53 40.91 40.91 42.05 42.05

TOTAL CLASSROOM-BASED CHARTER SCHOOL

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA), continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SunRidge Charter School		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	114.46	114.26
Total TK/K through Third	114.46	114.26
Fourth through Sixth		_
Regular ADA	64.24	64.05
Total Fourth through Sixth	64.24	64.05
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	35.03	34.88
Total Seventh through Eighth	35.03	34.88
TOTAL CHARTER SCHOOL	213.73	213.19
TOTAL CLASSROOM-BASED CHARTER SCHOOL	213.73	213.19
	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
Twin Hills Charter Middle School		
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	49.68	49.77
Total Fourth through Sixth	49.68	49.77
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	137.60	137.29
Total Seventh through Eighth	137.60	137.29
TOTAL CHARTER SCHOOL	187.28	187.06
TOTAL CLASSROOM-BASED CHARTER SCHOOL	187.28	187.06

District

2022-23	
2022-23	

	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	43,500	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	51,640	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	51,640	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	51,640	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	56,040	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	56,040	180	Complied

SunRidge Charter School

2022-23

	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	42,000	175	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,790	175	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,790	175	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,790	175	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	59,300	175	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	59,300	175	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	59,300	175	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	59,300	175	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	59,300	175	Complied

Twin Hills Charter Middle

2022-23

	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Grade 6	54,000	54,231	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	54,231	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	54,231	180	Complied

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Orchard View Charter School

Number						
Grade Level	of Days	Status				
Kindergarten	175	Complied				
Grade 1	175	Complied				
Grade 2	175	Complied				
Grade 3	175	Complied				
Grade 4	175	Complied				
Grade 5	175	Complied				
Grade 6	175	Complied				
Grade 7	175	Complied				
Grade 8	175	Complied				
Grade 9	175	Complied				
Grade 10	175	Complied				
Grade 11	175	Complied				
Grade 12	175	Complied				

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	20	24 (Budget)	2023		2022	2021
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	13,672,773 \$	15,109,143	\$	11,724,653 \$	11,985,546
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		14,772,002	13,695,664		11,893,731	11,643,686
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,099,229) \$	1,413,479	\$	(169,078) \$	341,860
Ending Fund Balance	\$	4,997,747 \$	6,096,976	\$	4,683,497 \$	4,852,575
Available Reserves*	\$	1,805,470 \$	1,697,899	\$	1.665.000 \$	1,550,940
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo	,	12.22%	12.40%	,	14.00%	13.32%
Long-term Liabilities Average Daily	\$	16,877,148 \$	17,342,148	\$	13,761,445 \$	18,163,016
Attendance At P-2***		929	881		893	1,101

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$1,244,401 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-24 budget projects a decrease of \$1,099,229. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 5% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-24 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$820,868 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 220 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 48 ADA is anticipated during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

^{***}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects		Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits	
June 30, 2023, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$	6,096,976	\$	306,975	\$	536,140
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		843,115		(306,975)		(536,140)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	-	843,115		(306,975)		(536,140)
June 30, 2023, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	6,940,091	\$	-	\$	-

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Included in
Charter #	# Charter School	Status	Audit Report
0310	Orchard View Charter	Active	Yes
0481	SunRidge Charter	Active	Yes
0904	Twin Hills Charter Middle	Active	Yes

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	Stu	dent Activity Fund	Chil	d Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund	Building Fund	C	apital Facilities Fund	Fu	pecial Reserve and for Capital utlay Projects		and Interest and	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS		i unu		1 unu	Careteria i una		maintenance i ana	Dullullig Fullu		i unu		atiay i rojects	110	demption i una	Tulius
Cash and investments	\$	148,588	\$	131,258	\$ 9,69	1	\$ 280,221	\$ 155,766	\$	39,341	\$	94,891	\$	665,786	\$ 1,525,542
Accounts receivable		_		39,338	50,93	7	_	_		· -		-		· -	90,275
Due from other funds		-		· -	42	2	-	-		-		-		-	422
Stores inventory		-		-	45	7	-	-		-		-		-	457
Total Assets	\$	148,588	\$	170,596	\$ 61,50	7	\$ 280,221	\$ 155,766	\$	39,341	\$	94,891	\$	665,786	\$ 1,616,696
LIABILITIES															
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	21,980	\$ 46,28	8	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 68,268
Due to other funds		-		25,110		-	-	-		-		-		-	25,110
Total Liabilities		-		47,090	46,28	8	-	-		-		-		-	93,378
FUND BALANCES															
Non-spendable		-		4,000	4,45	7	-	-		-		-		-	8,457
Restricted		148,588		-	10,76	2	-	155,766		39,341		-		665,786	1,020,243
Committed		-		-		-	280,221	-		-		-		-	280,221
Assigned		-		119,506		-	-	-		-		94,891		-	214,397
Total Fund Balances		148,588		123,506	15,21	9	280,221	155,766		39,341		94,891		665,786	1,523,318
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	148,588	\$	170,596	\$ 61,50	7	\$ 280,221	\$ 155,766	\$	39,341	\$	94,891	\$	665,786	\$ 1,616,696

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Charles A strates	Obild Davidson and		Defermed		Oi4-1 Fili4i	Special Reserve	Bandletanatand	Non-Major
	Student Activity Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES	- Tunu	runu	Ourotoria i una	Municipanoe i una	Dunum g r unu	runa	Cuttay 1 Tojects	Redemption runa	- Tunus
LCFF sources	\$	- \$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,000
Federal sources			118,748	· -	· -	· -	-	39,675	158,423
Other state sources			231,326	-	-	-	-	2,974	234,300
Other local sources	160,157	308,422	(79)	(5,245)	(2,778)	(560)	(1,646)	538,209	996,480
Total Revenues	160,157	308,422	349,995	44,755	(2,778)	(560)	(1,646) 580,858	1,439,203
EXPENDITURES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	, ,		,	
Current									
Pupil services									
Food services			420,583	-	-	-	-	-	420,583
Plant services		-	-	11,499	-	-	-	-	11,499
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-	-	-	11,457	-	11,457
Ancillary services	152,674	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	152,674
Community services		304,302	-	-	-	-	-	-	304,302
Transfers to other agencies			-	-	-	11,936	-	-	11,936
Debt service									
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	440,000	440,000
Interest and other		-	-	-	-	-	-	63,068	63,068
Total Expenditures	152,674	304,302	420,583	11,499	-	11,936	11,457	503,068	1,415,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	7,483	4,120	(70,588)	33,256	(2,778)	(12,496)	(13,103)	77,790	23,684
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									·
Transfers in	-	-	80,000	-	-	-	-	-	80,000
Transfers out		- (25,110)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,110)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		- (25,110)	80,000	-	-	-		-	54,890
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	7,483	3 (20,990)	9,412	33,256	(2,778)	(12,496)	(13,103) 77,790	78,574
Fund Balance - Beginning	141,105		5,807	246,965	158,544	51,837	107,994	587,996	1,444,744
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 148,588	3 \$ 123,506	\$ 15,219	\$ 280,221	\$ 155,766	\$ 39,341	\$ 94,891	\$ 665,786	

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2023

The Twin Hills Union School District was established in July 1, 1955 and is located in Sebastopol, California. The District comprises two traditional academic schools, Apple Blossom, offering kindergarten through fifth grade, and Twin Hills (Charter) Middle School (established July 12, 2007), which offers sixth through eighth grade. The District also comprises Orchard View (Charter) School (established July 13, 2000), which addresses the individual needs of students and their families with nonclassroom-based instruction from kindergarten through twelfth grade, and SunRidge Charter School (established June 27, 2002), which offers an integrated Waldorf methods program from kindergarten through eighth grade. All charter schools were granted authority by the Twin Hills Union School District. There were no changes in District boundaries during the current year.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Michael Ost	President	November, 2024
John Moise	Clerk	November, 2026
Melissa Bechtel	Trustee	November, 2026
Terry Beck	Trustee	November, 2024
Dr. Jeff Harding	Trustee	November, 2026

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Anna Maria Guzman Superintendent

> Patty Nosecchi Business Manager

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Twin Hills Union School District Sebastopol, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Hills Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Hills Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Hills Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Hills Union School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Hills Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 14, 2023

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Twin Hills Union School District Sebastopol, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Twin Hills Union School District's compliance with the requirements specified in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting applicable to Twin Hills Union School District's state program requirements as identified in the table in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, Twin Hills Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the applicable laws and regulations of the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Twin Hills Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Twin Hills Union School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Twin Hills Union School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Twin Hills Union School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Twin Hills Union School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Twin Hills Union School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Hills Union School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine Twin Hills Union School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Yes
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Yes
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because the ADA reported did not meet the threshold required for testing.

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Christy White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 14, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS	
The District was not subject to Uniform Guidance Single Audit for the year ended June 30, 2023 because federal award expenditures did not exceed \$750,000.	
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	
with 2022-23 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
Inventory of Equipment

Internal Control

20000 30000

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2023.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

TWIN HILLS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.