FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

WITH REPORT OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of The Board of Education Southwestern Central School District Jamestown, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of **Southwestern Central School District** as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **Southwestern Central School District**'s basic financial statements as listed in the accompanying table of contents. We have also audited the fiduciary fund types of the **Southwestern Central School District** as of June 30, 2019, as displayed in the District's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information of **Southwestern Central School District** as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the **Southwestern Central School District's** June 30, 2018 financial statements, and our report dated October 9, 2018, expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-9), budgetary comparison information (pages 36-37), schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios (page 43), schedule of District contributions – OPEB (page 44), the schedule of District contributions for defined benefit pension plans (page 45) and the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability (page 46) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Southwestern Central School District's** basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and other schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and other schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 8, 2019 on our consideration of *Southwestern Central School District's* internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *Southwestern Central School District's* internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

Olean, New York October 8, 2019

I. <u>Discussion and Analysis</u>

The following is a discussion and analysis of the **Southwestern Central School District's** financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2019. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follows this section.

II. Financial Highlights

The following items are the financial highlights experienced by the **Southwestern Central School District** during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

- Overall net position from operations of the District increased during the current year in the amount of \$1,015,000 as compared to an increase of \$1,602,000 during the prior fiscal year.
- The District's total revenue increased 2% from \$28,246,000 during the year ended June 30, 2018 to \$28,841,000 during the year ended June 30, 2019. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in state aid and property taxes.
- The District's total expenses increased approximately 4% from \$26,644,000 during the year ended June 30, 2018 to \$27,826,000 during the year ended June 30, 2019. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in salaries, contractual expenses and depreciation. This increase was offset by a decrease in teachers' retirement system expense and OPEB expense resulting from an updated actuarial study.
- The District had capital outlays totaling \$8,269,000 during the current year related to Phases V and VI, and transportation vehicles.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of **Southwestern Central School District**.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

A. Reporting the School District as a Whole (District-wide Financial Statements):

The district-wide statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Activities that are fiduciary in nature are not included in these statements.

1. Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position (page 10) shows the School District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and the net position. The Statement categorizes assets to show that some assets are very liquid, such as cash and cash equivalents. Some assets are restricted for certain purposes or reserved for emergencies and cash flow purposes. Some assets are invested in "fixed" or "capital" assets, such as buildings, equipment and other long-lived property; and some assets are available to fund budgets of the following year.

2. Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities (page 11) shows the amounts of program-specific and general District revenue used to support the District's various functions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities divide the activities of the District into two categories: governmental activities (the school functions, including general support, instruction, transportation, administration, etc.; property taxes, state and federal revenue usually support most of these functions) and proprietary activities. The District only had governmental activities during the current fiscal year.

The two district-wide statements report the School District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements):

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or major funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Significance of funds is determined based on the proportional size of the funds, the relative importance of the activities of the funds to the District's operations, and the existence of legal budget requirements. Internal Service funds are never reported as major funds, but are combined and presented in a separate column.

The District has two kinds of funds:

1. Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently the governmental funds

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements) (continued):

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

2. Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

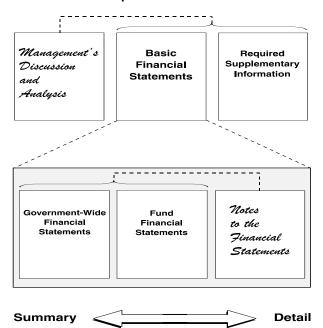
Figure A-1 - Major Features of the District-Wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financia	al Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources /liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

III. Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

B. Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds (Fund Financial Statements) (continued):

Figure A-2 - Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's total reporting entity net position was approximately \$10,822,000. The components of net position include: net investment in capital assets of \$24,424,000; restricted net position of \$2,302,000; and unrestricted net deficit of \$15,904,000.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total government-wide revenue increased by approximately 2% to \$28,841,000. Approximately 45%, 4% and 48% of total revenue is derived from the property taxes, operating grants and state aid, respectively. The remaining 3% comes from federal aid, use of money and property, miscellaneous, charges for services and other operating grants and contributions.

IV. Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

The total cost of all programs and services of the District increased 4% to \$27,826,000. The District's expenses cover a range of services, with 75% related to instruction and 15% related to general support. Figure A-4 through figure A-8 and the narrative that follows considers the operations of governmental activities, along with revenue and net costs percentages for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenue of the District's governmental activities increased approximately 2%, while total expenses increased 4%. The District's total net position from operations increased approximately \$1,015,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Revenue

Figure A-4 presents the major sources of revenue of the District. Revenue of the District totaled \$28,841,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The most significant changes in the District's governmental revenue are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

- Property tax revenue which represents approximately 45% of the District's total revenue for governmental activities increased approximately 1% during the year ended June 30, 2019 as a result of an increase in the tax levy.
- One of the District's most significant revenue is from state sources which represent \$13,991,000 or 48% of total governmental revenue. State sources increased by approximately 1%.
- During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District saw an increase in program revenue, which mostly resulted from an increase in operating grants of \$159,000 and an increase of charges for services which decreased by \$25,000, as compared with the prior year revenue. The increase in operating grants was the result of a shared fuel station grant.

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole</u> (continued)

Expenses

Figure A-8 presents the cost of each of the District's six largest expenditure-type, which include; general support, instruction, transportation, debt service, community services and cost of sales; as well as each expenditure-type's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers and NYS by each of these functions. Total costs of the District's governmental activities were \$27,826,000. The most significant changes in the District's governmental expenses are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

- The District's general support increased by approximately \$248,000 or 6% which was primarily the result of an increase in depreciation, contractual costs and materials and supplies.
- The District's instruction costs increased by approximately \$397,000 or 2%. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in salaries, contractual expenses and depreciation. This increase was offset by a decrease in teachers' retirement system expense and OPEB expense resulting from an updated actuarial studies.
- Debt service of the District increased approximately \$171,000 during the year ended June 30, 2019. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in interest costs.
- Transportation costs of the District increased 25% or \$314,000 during the year ended June 30, 2019 as a result of an increase in depreciation expense and costs related to the shared fuel station grant.
- The District's cost of sales (food service fund) totaled \$398,000 during the current year as compared to \$358,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.
 This increase is primarily caused by the increase in meals served.
- The District received approximately \$1,353,000 of operating grants and charges for services from its state and federal grants and tuition and transportation aid which subsidized certain programs of the District.
- Most of the District's net costs (\$26 million) were financed by real property taxes and state aid.

IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District as a</u> Whole (continued)

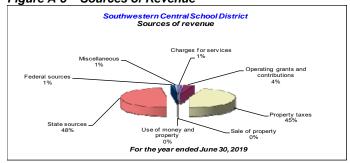
Figure A-3 – Condensed Statement of Net Position

Southwestern	Centr	al School D	istri	ct	
Condensed Statement of N	let Pos	ition (in tho	usa	nds of dolla	rs)
		Gove	nme	ental Activitie	s
		and 7	Γota	District-wide	•
		2019		2018	% Change
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$	6,845	\$	12,663	-46%
Capital assets		53,915		47,487	14%
Total assets		60,760		60,150	1%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		9,228		10,456	-12%
Total	\$	69,988	\$	70,606	-1%
Liabilities					
Other liabilities	\$	18,219	\$	16,413	11%
Long-term debt outstanding		38,612		41,505	-7%
Total liabilities	_	56,831		57,918	-2%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,335		2,881	-19%
Net position					
Invested in capital assets,					
net of related debt		24,424		21,874	12%
Restricted		2,302		2,707	-15%
Unrestricted (deficit)		(15,904)		(14,774)	8%
Total net position		10,822		9,807	10%
Total	\$	69,988	\$	70,606	-1%

Figure A-4 - Changes in Net Position

Southwestern Central School District Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (in thousands of Dollars) Governmental Activities and Total District-wide 6 Change Revenue rogram revenue Charges for services 164 \$ 139 18% 15% Operating grants and contributions 1,189 1,030 Seneral revenue Real property taxes 12,953 12,845 Use of money & property 54 23 135% Sale of property & comp for loss (25) 15 -267% 13,991 13,794 1% Federal sources 161 73 121% Miscellaneous Total revenue 28,841 28,246 2% General support 4.261 4.013 6% Instruction 20.774 20.377 2% Transportation 1,589 1,275 25% Community services 38 26 46% Debt service - interest Cost of sales 398 358 11% Total expenses 27,826 26.644 4% Change in net position 1.015 \$ 1.602 -37%

Figure A-5 - Sources of Revenue



IV. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole</u> (continued)

Figure A-6 - Expenses

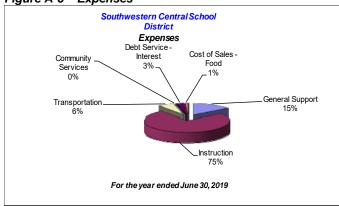


Figure A-7 – Expenditures Supported with Program Revenue

Nevenue				
Southwestern Cer	ntral School Di	strict		
Expenditures supported with progr	ram revenue (ir	n thousan	ds of dollars)
	Governme	ntal Activ	ites & Total Di	strict
	2019	1	2018	
Expenditures supported with general revenue (from taxes & other sources)	\$ 26,473	95%	\$ 25,475	96%
Expenditures supported with program revenue	1.353	5%	1.169	4%
with program revenue	1,555	370	1,109	4 /0
Total expenditures related to governmental activities	\$ 27,826	100%	\$ 26,644	100%

Figure A-8 - Net Cost of Governmental Activities

N// O						School L				1		
Net Co	ost	of Gover	nm	ental Ac	tiviti	ies (in tho	ousa	ands of d	IOII	ars)		
		Tota	al a	ost of ser	vico	0	,	Net cost o	of o	oniooo		
		2019	al C	2018		hange		2019	ЛЗ	2018	Ch	ange
General support	\$	4,261	\$	4,013	\$	248	\$	4,261	\$	4,013	\$	248
Instruction		20,774		20,377		397		19,881		19,552		329
Transportation		1,589		1,275		314		1,466		1,267		199
Community services		38		26		12		38		26		12
Debt service - interest		766		595		171		766		595		171
Cost of sales - food	_	398		358		40	_	61		22		39
Total	\$	27,826	\$	26,644	\$	1,182	\$	26,473	\$	25,475	\$	998

V. <u>Financial Analysis of the School District's</u> Funds

It is important to note that variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements (Balance Sheets and Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Equity) are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities). The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the statement of net position is presented on the full accrual method of accounting. Therefore, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt. Below is a description of the most significant changes to the fund financial statements from those reported in the previous year.

General Fund

- The District's general fund expenditures and other uses exceeded its revenues and other sources by approximately \$505,000.
- The District's general fund unassigned fund balance equated to approximately \$1,074,000 as of June 30, 2019.
- The District had many fund balance reserves which totaled approximately \$1,511,000 as of June 30, 2019.
- The District's total assets decreased approximately \$6,527,000 as of June 30, 2019 primarily due to a decrease in cash on hand. The District's liabilities decreased approximately \$6,023,000 primarily due to a decrease in amounts owed to other funds.
- Total revenue in the District's general fund increased \$788,000 due to an increase in state aid and property taxes.
- Total expenditures in the District's general fund increased by approximately \$1,023,000 due to a an increase in salaries, benefits and debt service costs.

Food Service Fund

 The District's food service fund experienced a \$97,000 decrease in fund equity during the current fiscal year.

V. Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds (continued)

Food Service Fund (continued)

Revenue in the District's food service fund was \$337,000 during 2019 as compared with \$335,000 in 2018. Expenditures increased approximately \$76,000 as compared with the prior year. The increase in expenditures was related to an increase in payments to the third-party provider and an increase in equipment purchases.

Special Aid Fund

The District's special aid fund revenue and expenditures increased approximately \$166,000 or 21% which was primarily related to the shared fuel station grant.

Capital Projects Fund

Total expenditures incurred during the current year amounted to was approximately \$ 7,797,000 and was related to Phases V and VI and the purchase of transportation vehicles.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District transferred \$34,000 of these funds to the general fund to offset debt service costs.

VI. General Fund Budgetary Highlight

Over the course of the year, the District makes many budget transfers. Actual expenditures were approximately \$1,480,000 below the revised budget. significant positive variance was in the area of instruction which totaled \$708,000 below that budgeted. Resources available for appropriations were approximately \$417,000 below the final budgeted amount.

Figure A-9 – Budget vs. Actual Comparison

South	western C	entral Sc	hoo	I District			
General Fund - Budget	t vs Actua	Compari	son	(in thous	sand	s of dollar	s)
	F	Revised					
		Budget		Actual	Dif	ference	%
Revenue							
Local sources	\$	13,195	\$	13,276	\$	81	19
State sources		14,595		13,991		(604)	-49
Federal sources		55		161		106	1939
Other sources		208		208		-	09
Total revenue	\$	28,053	\$	27,636	\$	(417)	-1%
Expenditures							
General support	\$	3,770	\$	3,512	\$	258	79
Instruction		14,272		13,564		708	59
Transportation		930		876		54	69
Community services		38		38		-	09
Employee benefits		6,077		6,046		31	19
Debt service		4,535		4,106		429	99
Operating transfers		-		-		-	09
Total expenditures	\$	29,622	\$	28,142	\$	1,480	5%

VII. Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As depicted in Figure A-10, as of June 30, 2019, the District had invested approximately \$53,915,000 in a broad range of capital assets, including reconstruction projects, transportation vehicles and other equipment. Capital additions made during the year ended June 30, 2019, totaled approximately \$8,269,000. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes of the financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

As depicted in Figure A-11, as of June 30, 2019, the District had approximately \$38,611,000 in bonds payable, net pension liability and other post-employment benefits, a decrease of approximately 7% as compared with the previous year. The decrease in bonds payable was the result of the District making regular principal payments during the year. With regards to the increase in the net pension liability and other post-employment benefits, during the current year the District received updated actuarial studies.

Firmer A 40 Ormital Assats

Figure A-10 – Capital As	sse	ts												
	Southwestern Central School District Capital Assets (net of depreciation)													
	G	Sovernmental A	ctiv	vities & Total D	istrict-wide									
		2019		2018	Change									
Land	\$	2,265,450	\$	2.265.450	0%									
Cost basis	~	72,249,783	٠	56,440,376	28%									
Construction in progress		2,866,918		10,483,747	-73%									
Accumulated depreciation		(23,467,188)		(21,702,119)	8%									
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	53,914,963	\$	47,487,454	14%									

Figure A-11 – Outstandii	ng Lo	ng-term De	<u>ebt</u>	f	
Southwes	stern C	entral School	Dis	trict	
Outstanding	Long-	Term Debt and	l Lia	bilities	
		Governmental A	Activ	rities & Total Di	strict-wide
		2019		2018	Change
Bonds payable	\$	13,220,337	\$	16,387,446	-19%
Net pension liability		454,300		195,338	133%
Other post-employment benefits		24,936,805		24,922,298	0%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	38,611,442	\$	41,505,082	-7%

VIII. Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

 The economic status of the State could put additional strain upon the District.

IX. Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Southwestern Central School District District Administrative Offices 600 Hunt Road Jamestown, New York 14701

Schedule 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

		2019		2018
Assets				
Cash	Φ.	4 000 005	Φ	4 707 475
Unrestricted	\$		\$	1,707,175
Restricted		2,302,583		2,706,736
Receivables		4 700 044		4 740 070
State and federal aid		1,732,914		1,710,878
Accounts receivable		1,610		- 45 500
Due from other governments		19,170		15,598
Due from fiduciary funds		144,515		239,611
Inventories		9,862		13,240
Cash to be used for capital assets		417,427		5,839,701
Net pension asset		1,013,628		429,265
Capital assets, net		53,914,963		47,487,454
Total assets		60,760,507		60,149,658
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to long-term debt		243,199		329,955
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		3,213,619		3,780,295
Deferred outflows related to pensions		5,770,766		6,345,778
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,227,584		10,456,028
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	69,988,091	\$	70,605,686
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	606,724	\$	902,558
Accrued liabilities		124,373		101,220
Accrued interest		98,000		110,000
Due to other governments		106,388		-
Due to retirement systems		1,095,981		1,006,445
Unearned revenue		15,071		39,180
Bond anticipation notes payable		16,172,531		14,253,433
Long-term liabilities				
Portion due or payable within one year				
Bonds payable		3,005,000		2,920,000
Portion due or payable after one year				
Bonds payable		10,215,337		13,467,446
Net pension liability		454,300		195,338
Other post-employment benefits		24,936,805		24,922,298
Total liabilities		56,830,510		57,917,918
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		920,467		1,075,938
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,414,935		1,805,265
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,335,402		2,881,203
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		24,424,095		21,874,226
Restricted		2,302,583		2,706,736
Unrestricted (deficit)		(15,904,499)	(14,774,397)
Total net position		10,822,179	,	9,806,565
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$		\$	70,605,686

	Expenses		Indirect Expenses Allocation		Program harges for Services		renues Operating Grants	. F	2019 et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	R	2018 et (Expense) devenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs											
General support	\$ 3,966,665	\$	294,853	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(4,261,518)	\$	(4,013,057)
Instruction	19,640,772	Ψ	1,133,458	Ψ	51,885	Ψ	841,432	Ψ	(19,880,913)	Ψ	(19,552,071)
Pupil transportation	1,202,961		385,987		-		122,956		(1,465,992)		(1,266,462)
Community services	37,743		-		_		-		(37,743)		(25,845)
Debt service	765,621		-		-		_		(765,621)		(594,840)
Food service program	398,049		-		112,613		224,574		(60,862)		(22,324)
Depreciation	1,814,298		(1,814,298)		-		-		-		-
·			, , , ,								
Total functions and programs	\$ 27,826,109	\$	-	\$	164,498	\$	1,188,962	_	(26,472,649)		(25,474,599)
General Revenues								_	12,952,708		12 045 077
Real property taxes Use of money and property									54,069		12,845,077 22,517
Sale of property and									54,009		22,317
compensation for loss									(25,253)		15,058
Miscellaneous and donations									354,178		326,830
State sources									13,991,209		13,794,077
Federal sources									161,352		73,319
									,		,
Total general revenues									27,488,263		27,076,878
Change in net position									1,015,614		1,602,279
Net position - beginning of year									9,806,565		7,999,286
Prior period adjustment									-		205,000
Net position - end of year								\$	10,822,179	\$	9,806,565

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICTCOMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule 3

				Govern	nme	ental Funds						
							М	liscellaneous		2019		2018
		Special	Food	Debt		Capital		Special	(1	Memo only)	(1	Memo only)
	 General	Aid	Service	Service		Projects		Revenue		Total		Total
Assets												
Unrestricted cash	\$ 1,293,553	\$ 14,849	\$ 30,135	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,338,537	\$	7,665,678
Restricted cash	1,511,327	-	-	391,550		417,427		265,004		2,585,308		2,587,934
Accounts receivable	(1,112)	-	2,722	-		-		-		1,610		-
Due from other funds	1,113,734	-	77,851	134,702		-		-		1,326,287		7,174,720
State and federal aid receivable	1,271,747	267,448	15,012	-		178,707		-		1,732,914		1,710,878
Due from other governments	19,170	-	-	-		-		-		19,170		15,598
Inventories	-	-	9,862	-		-		-		9,862		13,240
Total assets	\$ 5,208,419	\$ 282,297	\$ 135,582	\$ 526,252	\$	596,134	\$	265,004	\$	7,013,688	\$	19,168,048
Liabilities and Fund Equity												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 181,683	\$ -	\$ 26,266	\$ -	\$	398,775	\$	-	\$	606,724	\$	902,558
Accrued liabilities	117,040	-	7,333	-		-		-		124,373		101,220
Bond anticipation notes payable	-	-	-	-		16,172,531		-		16,172,531		14,253,433
Due to other funds	190,976	282,297	153	-		708,346		-		1,181,772		6,935,109
Unearned revenue	15,071	-	-	-		-		-		15,071		39,180
Due to other governments	104,057	-	2,331	-		-		-		106,388		-
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,022,647	-	-	-		-		-		1,022,647		933,404
Due to Employees' Retirement System	 73,334	-	-	-						73,334		73,041
Total liabilities	 1,704,808	282,297	36,083	-		17,279,652		-		19,302,840		23,237,945
Fund Equity												
Nonspendable	-	-	9,862	-		-		-		9,862		13,240
Restricted	1,511,327	-	-	526,252		-		265,004		2,302,583		2,706,736
Assigned	917,851	-	89,637	-		-		-		1,007,488		1,409,472
Unassigned (deficit)	1,074,433	-	-	-		(16,683,518)		-		(15,609,085)		(8,199,345)
Total fund equity (deficit)	3,503,611	-	99,499	526,252		(16,683,518)		265,004		(12,289,152)		(4,069,897)
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 5,208,419	\$ 282,297	\$ 135,582	\$ 526,252	\$	596,134	\$	265,004	\$	7,013,688	\$	19,168,048

Schedule 4

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Govern	nmental Funds			
						Miscellaneous	2019	2018
		Special	Food	Debt	Capital	Special	(Memo only)	(Memo only)
	General	Aid	Service	Service	Projects	Revenue	Total	Total
Revenue								
Real property taxes	\$ 12,952,708	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,952,708	\$ 12,845,077
Charges for services	51,885	-	-	-	-	-	51,885	35,640
Use of money and property	34,018	-	-	19,359	-	692	54,069	22,517
Sale of property compensation for loss	2,145	-	-	-	-	-	2,145	15,058
Miscellaneous	234,783	-	-	-	-	-	234,783	210,353
State sources	13,991,209	307,331	6,806	-	-	-	14,305,346	13,984,848
Federal sources	161,352	657,057	194,695	-	-	-	1,013,104	891,227
Surplus food	-	-	23,073	-	-	-	23,073	21,230
Sales (school food service)	-	-	112,613	-	-	-	112,613	103,384
Total revenue	27,428,100	964,388	337,187	19,359		692	28,749,726	28,129,334
Expenditures								
General support	3,511,785	_	_		_	_	3,511,785	3,371,706
Instruction	13,563,796	642,980	_		_	_	14,206,776	13,454,862
Pupil transportation	876,396	122,956	_		364,793	_	1,364,145	1,212,876
Community services	37,743	-	_		-	_	37,743	25,845
Employee benefits	6,045,814	198,452			_		6,244,266	5,892,085
Debt service	4,105,974	100,402			_	_	4,105,974	3,757,759
Capital outlay	4,100,014	_	_		7,431,960	_	7,431,960	8,989,112
Cost of sales	_	_	333,546		-, 101,000	_	333,546	295,822
Other expenses	_	_	100,181		_	_	100,181	61,834
Total expenditures	28,141,508	964,388	433,727		7,796,753		37,336,376	37,061,901
Excess (deficiency) of	20,141,000	304,000	400,121		7,700,700		07,000,070	07,001,001
revenue over expenditures	(713,408)	-	(96,540)	19,359	(7,796,753)	692	(8,586,650)	(8,932,567)
Other sources and uses								
Premiums earned from financing				119,395			119,395	116,477
BANs redeemed from appropriations	-		-	118,383	248,000	-	248,000	148,000
Operating transfers in	208,000	•	-	18,983	240,000	-	226,983	605,560
Operating transfers out	200,000	-	-	(174,000)	(18,983)	(34,000)	(226,983)	(605,560)
Total other sources (uses)	208,000			(35,622)	(' '	(34,000)	367,395	264,477
Total other sources (uses)	200,000	-	-	(33,022)	229,011	(34,000)	301,333	204,477
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
and other sources over								
expenditures and other uses	(505,408)	-	(96,540)	(16,263)	(7,567,736)	(33,308)	(8,219,255)	(8,668,090)
Fund equity (deficit), beginning of year	4,009,019	-	196,039	542,515	(9,115,782)	298,312	(4,069,897)	4,598,193
Fund equity (deficit), end of year	\$ 3,503,611	\$ -	\$ 99,499	\$ 526,252	\$ (16,683,518)	\$ 265,004	\$ (12,289,152)	\$ (4,069,897)

Schedule 5

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

	Pu	ivate pose usts	Agency Funds	(Total 6/30/2019	6	Total /30/2018
Assets Cash Other assets	\$	953 -	\$ 519,797 -	\$	520,750 -	\$	508,267 129
Total assets	\$	953	\$ 519,797	\$	520,750	\$	508,396
Liabilities Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Student extraclassroom activity funds	\$	- - -	\$ 298,052 144,515 77,230	\$	298,052 144,515 77,230	\$	189,778 239,611 78,615
Total liabilities		-	519,797		519,797		508,004
Net position Reserved for scholarships		953	-		953		392
Total net position		953	-		953		392
Total liabilities and net position	\$	953	\$ 519,797	\$	520,750	\$	508,396

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule 6

	6/	30/2019	6/30/2	2018
Additions Gifts and contributions	\$	1,000	\$	
Total additions		1,000		
Deductions Scholarships awarded		439		539
Total deductions		439		539
Change in net position		561		(539)
Net position - beginning of year		392		931
Net position - end of year	\$	953	\$	392

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	(12,289,152)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in		
governmental funds. Capital assets consist of the		
following at year-end: Cost of the assets	Ф 77 000 4 <i>5</i> 4	
	\$ 77,382,151	E2 044 062
Accumulated depreciation	(23,467,188)	53,914,963
The net difference in an advanced bond refunding between the acquisition price		
of the refunding bonds and the remaining principal of the refunded bonds is		
reported as a defeasement loss on the statement of net position and amortized		243,199
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset is reported on the statement		
of net position, whereas in the governmental funds, pension costs are based		
on required contributions		1,013,628
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to actuarial pension/OPEB		
differences are reported on the statement of net position and amortized over the		
average members' years of service. In the governmental funds, pension and		
OPEB expense is based on required contributions		6,648,983
Interest on long-term liabilities is not accrued in governmental		
funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.		(98,000)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at		
year-end consist of the following:		
Bonds payable, net	(13,220,337)	
Net pension liability	(454,300)	
Other post-employment benefits	(24,936,805)	(38,611,442)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$	10,822,179

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	G	Total overnmental Funds	Asse	ong-term et & Outflow ansactions		Long-term iability & Inflow Transactions		eclassification and Eliminations	S	Statement of Net Position
Assets										
Cash	\$	3,923,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(417,427)	\$	3,506,418
Due from other funds		1,326,287		-		-		(1,181,772)		144,515
State and federal aid receivable		1,732,914		-		-		-		1,732,914
Accounts receivable		1,610		-		-		-		1,610
Due from other governments		19,170		-		-		-		19,170
Inventories		9,862		-		-		-		9,862
Cash to be used for capital assets		-		-		-		417,427		417,427
Net pension asset		-		1,013,628		-		-		1,013,628
Capital assets, net		-		53,914,963		-		-		53,914,963
Total assets		7,013,688		54,928,591		-		(1,181,772)		60,760,507
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred outflows related to long-term debt		-		243,199		-		-		243,199
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		-		3,213,619		-		-		3,213,619
Deferred outflows related to pensions		-		5,770,766		-		-		5,770,766
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		9,227,584		-		-		9,227,58
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,013,688	\$	64,156,175	\$	-	\$	(1,181,772)	\$	69,988,09
and Fund Equity/Net Position Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	606,724	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	606,724
Accrued liabilities	*	124,373	*	_	Ψ.	-	Ψ.	_	Ψ.	124,37
Accrued interest		-		_		98,000		_		98,000
Due to other funds		1,181,772		_		-		(1,181,772)		-
Unearned revenue		15,071		_		_		(1,101,112)		15,07
Due to other governments		106,388		_		_		_		106,38
Due to retirement systems		1,095,981		_		_		_		1,095,98
Bond anticipation notes payable		16,172,531		_		-		_		16,172,53
Bonds payable, net		-		_		13,220,337		_		13,220,33
Net pension liability		_		-		454,300		_		454,300
Other post-employment benefits		_		_		24,936,805		-		24,936,80
Total liabilities		19,302,840		-		38,709,442		(1,181,772)		56,830,510
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		-		-		920,467		-		920,467
Deferred inflows related to pensions		-		-		1,414,935		-		1,414,93
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		2,335,402		-		2,335,402
Fund equity and net position		(12,289,152)		64,156,175		(41,044,844)				10,822,179
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund equity/net position	\$	7,013,688	\$	64,156,175	\$	_	\$	(1,181,772)	\$	69,988,09

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (8,219,255)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Activity for the current fiscal year ended was as follows: Capital outlays	\$ 8,269,205	
Depreciation expense	(1,814,298)	6,454,907
Proceeds from the sale of assets are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, whereas in the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported.		(27,398)
Repayment of bonds, bond anticipation notes and energy performance contract principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, debt issuance costs are expensed		
when incurred.		3,168,000
Bond anticipation notes redeemed from appropriations is recorded as revenue and other sources in the governmental funds, whereas the repayment reduces short-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		(248,000)
District's proportionate share of actuarial calculated pension expense and net amortization of deferred amounts are recorded in		
the statement of activities, whereas in the governmental funds, pension expense is based on the District's contribution to pension plans.		140,719
District's actuarial calculated OPEB expense and net amortization of deferred outflows and inflows are recorded in the statement of activities, whereas in the governmental funds, OPEB expense is based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan.		(425 742)
on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan.		(425,712)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Also, premiums earned from the issuance of long-term debt are recorded as revenue in		
in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, premiums earned are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt through interest expense.		476 272
This also includes the amortization of defeasement losses from bond refundings.		172,353
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,015,614

Povenue	G	Total overnmental Funds	Long-terr Asset & Out Transactio	flow	Liabi	ong-term ility & Inflow ansactions		assification and minations	S	tatement of Activities Totals
Revenue Real property taxes	\$	12,952,708	\$		\$		\$		¢	12,952,708
Charges for services	φ	51,885	Φ	-	φ	-	φ	(51,885)	Φ	12,932,700
Use of money and property		54,069		-		-		(31,003)		54,069
Sale of property compensation for loss		2,145	(27	- 398)		-		-		(25,253)
Miscellaneous		234,783	(21)	330)		-		119,395		(23,233) 354,178
State sources		14,305,346		-		-		(314,137)		13,991,209
Federal sources		1,013,104		_		_		(851,752)		161,352
Surplus food		23,073						(23,073)		101,002
Sales (school food service)		112,613		_		_		(112,613)		_
Total revenue		28,749,726	(27	398)				(1,234,065)		27,488,263
Total Tovollad	_	20,7 10,720	(2)	000)				(1,201,000)		27,100,200
Expenditures										
General support		3,511,785	169	068		_		580,665		4,261,518
Instruction		14,206,776	909			425,712		4,338,683		19,880,913
Pupil transportation		1,364,145	(66	079)		-		167,926		1,465,992
Community services		37,743	•	- ´		-		-		37,743
Employee benefits		6,244,266		-		(140,719)		(6,103,547)		-
Debt service		4,105,974		-		(3,340,353)		-		765,621
Capital outlay		7,431,960	(7,431	960)		-		-		-
Cost of sales		333,546		-		-		(272,684)		60,862
Other expenses		100,181	(35)	678)		-		(64,503)		
Total expenditures		37,336,376	(6,454	907)		(3,055,360)		(1,353,460)		26,472,649
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenue over expenditures		(8,586,650)	6,427	509		3,055,360		119,395		1,015,614
•		(, , , ,	•					,		 _
Other sources and uses										
Premiums earned from financing		119,395		-				(119,395)		-
BANs redeemed from appropriations		248,000		-		(248,000)		-		-
Operating transfers in		226,983		-		-		(226,983)		-
Operating transfers out		(226,983)		-		-		226,983		-
Total other sources (uses)		367,395		-		(248,000)		(119,395)		-
Net change for year	\$	(8,219,255)	\$ 6,427	509	\$	2,807,360	\$	-	\$	1,015,614

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the **Southwestern Central School District** have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements include all funds and account groups of the School District as well as the component units and other organizational entities determined to be includable in the School District's financial reporting entity.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity:

1. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the **Southwestern Central School District** represents funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Agency Fund of the District. The audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds are available in the District's offices.

B. Joint Venture

The Southwestern Central School District is one of 27 component school districts in the Erie 2 – Chautauqua-Cattaraugus Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Joint Venture (continued)

Each component school district's share of the administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

During the year, the District was billed approximately \$3,955,000 for BOCES administration, capital, and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid and refunds amounted to \$1,771,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Financial statements for the Erie 2 – Chautauqua-Cattaraugus BOCES are available at the BOCES administrative offices in Angola, New York

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as Federal and State grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

Food Service – is used to account for all revenue and expenditures pertaining to the cafeteria operations.

Capital Projects - is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Debt Service - is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue – is used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted and committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Fiduciary Fund Types - This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. Included in the Fiduciary Fund are Private Purpose Trust Funds and Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and generally are accounted for on the cash basis which approximates the modified accrual basis of accounting. Private Purpose Trust Funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial statement purposes, all highly liquid investments of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at the lower of cost or current market value.

G. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts have been provided since it is believed that such allowances would not be material.

H. Inventory

Inventories of food in the School Food Service Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

I. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities, and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the individual fund balances at year-end is provided subsequently in these notes.

J. Interfund Transfers

The operations of the School District give rise to certain transactions between funds, including transfers to provide services and construct assets.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. During the current year, the District had a full independent appraisal of its fixed assets and as a result restated its fixed assets to reflect estimated historical cost and accumulated depreciation as determined by the appraisal group.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements as follows:

	 Capitalization Threshold	Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings Site	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	40 years
improvements	5,000	Straight-line	20 years
Furniture and equipment Transportation	5,000	Straight-line	10-15 years
Vehicles	5,000	Straight-line	5-8 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

L. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government typically has several items that qualify for reporting in this category and is related to pensions and longterm debt reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also, the District contributions to the pension (TRS and ERS Systems) and OPEB systems subsequent to the measurement date qualifies as a deferred outflows or resources. the District reports Additionally, differences related to OPEB which are deferred and amortized as a deferred outflow. Finally, the net difference in an advanced bond refunding between the acquisition price of the refunding bonds and the remaining principal of the refunded bonds is reported as a deferred outflow on the statement of net position and is amortized.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category and is related to pensions in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS and TRS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents actuarial differences which are deferred and amortized.

M. Compensated Absences

Sick leave – the District's employee groups received a negotiated number of sick days which are earned on an annual basis. These sick days may be accumulated to a maximum of 200 days under the professionals and support staff contracts and 225 days for the administrators. Administrators and teachers hired after October 1, 2014 can convert unused sick leave towards the purchase of health insurance. Teachers hired after October 1, 2014 must meet a minimum of 10 years of service requirement and give notification by January 1st of the active school year prior to retirement.

N. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses.

O. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue is reported on the District's combined balance sheet. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

P. Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to the retirement benefits described elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage to certain retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of the employment contracts negotiated between the School District and its employee groups.

Professional staff may become eligible for these benefits if they are eligible to retire pursuant to the New York State Teacher's Retirement System. Support staff, hired before July 1, 2006, may become eligible for these benefits if they are employed with the District for 8 years prior to retirement. The agreements give such employee groups the following options:

 Option A: For professional staff hired before October 1, 2014, the District will pay 50% of the premium for single plans and 40% for family plans for a maximum of twenty five years. For support staff, the District will pay 55% of the premium for both single and family plans for life.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

P. Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

- Option B: Provided the District receives notice
 of the intent to retire and if the professional
 retires during the initial year he or she is
 eligible to retire, the District will pay 100% of
 the premium for single and family plans, until
 the retiree reaches the age of 65 years old.
- Option C: Provided 10 years of service with the District the employee can convert accumulated unused sick leave up to a maximum of 200 days at a rate of \$165 per day.

Employees hired after October 1, 2014 are only eligible for option C above. Also, certain administrators have also negotiated provisions of post-employment benefits into their contract.

Q. Fund Equity

1. Governmental Funds

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

A. Nonspendable

Fund balance associated with assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including inventories. prepaids. long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for relate (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned). Nonspendable Fund Balance includes the following category:

1. Inventory Reserve

This reserve is used to limit the investment in inventory and to restrict that portion of fund balance which is unavailable for appropriation. This reserve is accounted for in the School Food Service Fund.

B. Restricted

Fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation. Restricted Fund Balance includes the following categories:

Q. Fund Equity (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

B. Restricted (continued)

1. Capital Reserve

This reserve is used to accumulate funds to finance all or a portion of future capital projects for which bonds may be issued. Voter authorization is required for both the establishment of the reserves and payments from the reserves. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

2. Reserve for Retirement Contributions

This reserve is used to accumulate funds for employee retirement system contributions. The reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board of Education and is accounted for in the General Fund.

3. <u>Unemployment Reserve</u>

Unemployment Insurance Reserve is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may be either transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

4. Tax Certiorari Reserve

Tax Certiorari Reserve is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amounts which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

5. Reserve for Debt Service

This reserve is used to account for proceeds from the sale of property that was financed by

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Q. Fund Equity (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

B. Restricted (continued)

5. Reserve for Debt Service

obligations still outstanding, interest and earnings on outstanding obligations, and remaining bond proceeds not to be utilized for the intended purpose. These monies must be used to pay the debt service of the obligations from which they originated. Their reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

6. Endowment Scholarships and Foundation Endowment Reserve

This reserve is used to account for endowments, scholarships and other funds held in trust by the School District. These monies and earnings must be used for the specific purpose of the original contribution. This reserve is accounted for in the Private Purpose Trust fund.

C. Committed

Fund balance amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Education, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District did not have any committed fund balance as of June 30, 2019.

D. Assigned

Fund balance intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but does not meet the criteria to be restricted or committed. Along with the District's Board of Education, the Business Manager and Treasurer has been authorized to assign fund balance amounts for specific purposes through the establishment of an encumbrance.

1. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and commitments of the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund. If resources have already been restricted or committed for encumbrances, the encumbered amounts will be included with restricted or committed resources. If resources have not already been restricted or committed, amounts encumbered are considered assigned for the purpose of the expected expenditure. Reserve for encumbrances totaled \$267,851 as of June 30, 2019.

Q. Fund Equity (continued)

1. Governmental Funds (continued)

D. Assigned (continued)

2. Appropriated Fund Equity

General Fund - The amount of \$650,000 has been designated as the amount estimated to be appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2020 as allowed by Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law.

E. Unassigned

The residual classification of the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

2. Government-wide financial statements

A. Net Investment in Capital Assets

This designation of net position is used to accumulate the capital asset balance in the statement of net position less accumulated depreciation and outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

B. Restricted

This category represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers including creditors, grantors, contributors, etc., or through enabling legislation.

C. Unrestricted

This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any other purpose.

3. Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

When more than one classification of fund balance of the District are eligible to be utilized for an expenditure of the District, the order in which the fund balance classifications will be utilized will be as follows:

- Restricted fund balance for which action has been taken by the Board of Education, a designated school official, or by the voters of the District, specifically designating funds to the expenditure;
- Committed fund balance for which action has been taken by the Board of Education, a designated school official, or by the voters of the District, specifically designating funds to the expenditure;
- c. Assigned fund balance created specifically for the expenditure (encumbered fund balance);
- d. Assigned fund balance within funds other than the General Fund of the District to which the expenditure relates;
- e. Unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

R. <u>Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary</u> Accounting

1. Budget Policies

The budget policies are as follows:

- The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund and the School Food Service Fund.
- The proposed appropriations budget is approved by the voters within the District.
- Appropriations are adopted at the program level.
- d) Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures and encumbrances which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The District had supplemental appropriations which amounted to \$257,661 in the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Supplemental appropriations in the current year were primarily related to capital purchases and use of reserve funds and approved by the Board of Education.

2. Budget Basis for Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with the fund financial statements and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The budget and actual comparison for Special Revenue Funds, reflects budgeted and actual amounts for funds with legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

Budgetary controls for the special revenue (other than School Food Service Fund) and capital funds are established in accordance with the applicable grant agreement or authorized project limit which may cover a period other than the District's fiscal year. Consequently, the budgets for such funds have been excluded from the combined schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund equity budget and actual.

S. Property Taxes

1. Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1 and become a lien on October 31.

S. Property Taxes (continued)

2. Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County, in which the School District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the School District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. <u>Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities</u>

Total fund equity of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 2 - EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (continued)

3. Long-term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

I. Cash

The **Southwestern Central School District's** investment policies are governed by State statutes. School District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The District treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and School Districts.

- A. Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either:
 - Insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name:
 - (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency in the entity's name; or
 - (3) Uncollateralized

I. Cash (continued)

Total financial institution (bank) balances at June 30, 2019 per the bank were approximately \$4,612,000 Deposits are categorized as follows:

Category 1 Category 2		Catego	ry 3	Value			
¢	326 000	¢	4 286 000	¢		\$4 612 000	

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy with regards to custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies. At June 30, 2019, the District's bank deposits were fully collateralized.

II. Interfund Transactions

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$ 1,113,734	\$ 190,976
Food Service Fund	77,851	153
Special Aid Fund	-	282,297
Agency Fund	-	144,515
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	_	_
Debt Service Fund	134,702	-
Capital Fund	 	708,346
Total	\$ 1,326,287	\$ 1,326,287

Interfund transactions for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Interfund Revenue	Interfund Expenditures
General Fund Debt Service Fund	\$ 208,000 18.983	\$ - 174,000
Capital Projects Fund Miscellaneous Special	-	18,983
Revenue Fund	-	34,000
Total	\$ 226,983	\$ 226,983

The District transferred \$34,000 from the miscellaneous special revenue fund to the general fund which represents the local share of a previous District capital project, utilized to offset related debt service costs. The District transferred \$18,983 from the capital project fund to the debt service fund to close out a capital project. Finally the District transferred \$174,000 from the debt service fund to the general fund to offset principal and interest payments on outstanding debt obligations, as budgeted.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

III. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following, which are stated at gross value. District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

Fund	Description	Amount
Food Service	Accounts receivable	\$ 2,772
Food Service	State and Federal Aid	15,012
Special Aid	State and Federal Aid	267,448
General	Accounts receivable	(1,112)
General	State and Federal Aid	1,271,747
General	Due from Other	
	Governments	19,170
Capital	State and Federal Aid	178,707
		\$ 1.753.744

IV. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

·	Beginning Balance 06/30/18	Change	Ending Balance 06/30/19
Governmental activities:			
Capital assets that are not depreciated: Land	\$ 2,265,450 \$	-	\$ 2,265,450
Construction-in- Progress	10,483,747	(7,616,829)	2,866,918
Subtotal	12,749,197	(7,616,829)	5,132,368
Capital assets that are depreciated: Buildings and			
improvements Furniture and	52,199,409	15,112,789	67,312,198
equipment	 4,240,967	696,618	4,937,585
Total			
historical cost	 69,189,573	8,192,578	77,382,151
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and			
improvements	19,378,423 \$	1,382,336	20,760,759
Furniture and equipment	 2,323,696	382,733	2,706,429
Total accumulated depreciation	21,702,119	1,765,069	23,467,188
Total net book value	\$ 47,487,454		\$ 53,914,963

Additions totaling approximately \$8,269,000 during the current year related to Phases V and VI, and transportation vehicles and other miscellaneous equipment.

IV. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 294,853
Instruction	1,133,458
Pupil transportation	385,987
	\$ 1,814,298

V. Liabilities

A. Pension Plans

1. Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

a. Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost- sharing multipleemployer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

b. Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

- Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided (continued)
- b. Employees' Retirement System (ERS) (continued)

Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits found provided, may be at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

2. Contributions

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions (payments) for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	ERS			TRS	
2019	\$	293,000	\$	987,000	
2018	\$	286,000	\$	895,000	
2017	\$	265,000	\$	1,049,000	

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

3. Pension Asset (Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2019 for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The total pension asset (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

3. Pension Asset (Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Measurement date	ERS 3/31/2019	TRS 6/30/2018
Net pension asset (liability) District's portion of the Plan's	\$ (454,300)	\$ 1,013,628
total net pension liability	.0064119%	.056055%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District's recognized pension expense of \$333,985 for ERS and \$806,543 for TRS. At June 30, 2019 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred Outflows	of Resou		Deferred Inflows of Resou				
_		ERS		TRS		ERS		TRS	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	89.461	\$	_	\$	30.496	\$	137,208	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected	Ť	114,192	*	3,543,295	•	-	*	-	
and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the Districts		-		757,476		116,598		1,125,204	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions District's contributions subsequent		96,886		109,089		5,429		-	
to the measurement date		73,334		987,033		-			
Total _	\$	373,873	\$	5,396,893	\$	152,523	\$	1,262,412	

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

3. Pension Asset (Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset (liability) in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Year ending:		
2020	120,681	1,035,864
2021	(61,237)	709,671
2022	14,960	92,617
2023	73,612	707,283
2024	-	485,053
Thereafter	-	116,960

4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/(liability) to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	3/31/19	6/30/18
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/18	6/30/17
Interest rate	7%	7.25%
Salary scale	4.2% average	1.90% - 4.72%
	4/1/10 - 3/31/15	7/1/09 - 6/30/14
	System's	System's
Decrement tables	Experience	Experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.25%

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

4. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2014, applied on a generational basis.

For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

		Expected		Expected
	ERS	Rate of	TRS	Rate of
Measurement date	3/31/19	Return	6/30/18	Return
Asset Type:				
Domestic Equity	36%	4.55%	33%	5.8%
International Equity	14%	6.35%	16%	7.3%
Global Equity	-%	-%	4%	6.7%
Private Equity	10%	7.50%	8%	8.9%
Real Estate	10%	5.55%	11%	4.9%
Absolute return strategies	2%	3.75%	-%	-%
Opportunistic portfolio	3%	5.68%	-%	-%
Real assets	3%	5.29%	-%	-%
Domestic fixed income securities	-%	-%	16%	1.3%
Global fixed income securities	-%	-%	2%	.9%
High-yield fixed income	-%	-%	1%	3.5%
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	1.31%	-%	-%
Cash and short term	1%	(.25%)	1%	.3%
Inflation-indexed bond funds	4%	1.25%	-%	-%
Real estate debt	-%	-%	7%	2.8%
Private debt	-%	-%	1%	6.8%
Total:	100%		100%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

5. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset (liability) was 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset (liability).

6. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the</u> Net Pension Asset (Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6% for ERS and 6.25% for TRS) or 1-percentage point higher (8% for ERS and 8.25% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Assumption (7%)	1% Increase (8%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (1,986,272)	\$ (454,300)	\$ 832,665

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

6. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption (continued)</u>

TRS	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Assumption (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (6,963,789)	\$ 1,013,628	\$ 7,696,487

7. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset (liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)				
		ERS		TRS	
Measurement date		3/31/19		6/30/18	
Employers' total pension					
liability	\$	189,803,429	\$	118,107,253	
Plan net position	\$	182,718,124	\$	119,915,517	
Employers' net pension					
asset (liability)	\$	(7,085,305)	\$	1,808,264	
Ratio of plan net position to be Employers' total					
pension asset (liability)		96.27%		101.53%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

A. Pension Plans (continued)

8. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$73,334.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2019 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$1,022,647 (employer contribution of \$987,033 and employee contribution of \$35,614).

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The District maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the Plan). The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retires and their spouses. Benefit provisions are based on bargaining agreements as negotiated from time to time. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. Eligibility for the Plan is established by the District and specified in the District's employment contracts.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the plan had total active employees of 211 and retirees of 233.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$24,936,805, was measured as of March 31, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Methods and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.2% per year
Salary increases	3.36% per year
	3.61% for 2018 and 3.44%
Discount rate	for 2019
	2019 - 5.2% reduced to an
	ultimate rate of 4.32% after
Healthcare cost trend rates	2070.
Retirees' share of benefit-	Varies based on year
related costs	employed by District

The discount rate was based on a yield for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were chosen to be consistent with the requirements of GASB 75 and Actuarial Standards of Practice.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Service cost	\$ 552,638
Interest	889,236
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(338, 137)
Changes in assumptions	(246,871)
Benefit payments	(842,359)
Net changes	14,507
Net OPEB liability – beginning of year	24,922,298
Net OPEB liability – end of year	\$ 24,936,805

Changes in assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.61% in 2018 to 3.44% in 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.44%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.44%) that the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.44%)	Current Assumption (3.44%)	ion 1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 27,741,999	\$ 24,936,805	\$ 22,512,248		

<u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher that the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase	
	(4.2% -	(5.2% -	(6.2% -	
	3.32%)	4.32%)	5.32%)	
			_	
Total OPEB				
liability	\$ 21,090,212	\$ 24,936,805	\$ 29,820,026	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,273,661. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,003,029	\$	112,712
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date Changes in		210,590		-
assumptions		-		807,755
Total	\$	3,213,619	\$	920,467

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending:	
2020	\$ 100,786
2021	295,788
2022	295,788
2023	295,788
2024	295,788
Thereafter	798,624

V. Liabilities (continued)

C. Indebtedness

1. Short-Term Debt

a. Bond Anticipation Notes

Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. The liability for all bond anticipation notes issued by the District is included in the capital project fund. On July 27, 2017, the District issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$646,500 which matured on July 26, 2018 and carried interest at 1.89%. On June 28, 2018, the District issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$13,606,933 which matured on June 27, 2019 and carried interest at 2.27%. During the current year, the District redeemed from appropriations \$248,000 in bond anticipation notes. Below is a schedule of outstanding bond anticipation notes as of June 30, 2019.

Description of Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2019
Bond anticipation notes, issued on	
July 26, 2018 with maturity date of	
July 25, 2019, bonds carry interest	
rate of 2.75%	\$ 665,598
Bond anticipation notes, issued on	
June 27, 2019 with maturity date of	
June 25, 2020, bonds carry interest	
rate of 2.25%	 15,506,933
	\$ 16,172,531

b. Revenue Anticipation Note

Notes issued in the anticipation of revenue is recorded as a current liability of the fund that will actually receive proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The revenue anticipation note represents a liability that will be extinguished through the use of expendable available resources of the fund. There were no revenue anticipation notes issued or redeemed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

c. Short-term interest

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District had interest on short-term debt in the amount of \$403,211, which is included in the General Fund.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

C. Indebtedness (continued)

2. Long-Term Debt

a. Debt Limit

At June 30, 2019, the total indebtedness represents approximately 39% of its debt limit

b. Changes

The changes in the School District's indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Balance June 30, 2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds, net	\$ 13,220,337 \$	16,387,446	\$ 3,005,000
Net pension liability	454,300	195,338	-
Other post- employment benefit liability	24,936,805	24,922,298	_
-	\$ 38,611,442 \$	41,505,082	\$ 3,005,000

During the year, the District made principal payments in the amount of \$2,920,000 and recorded amortization of bond premiums in the amount of \$247,109. The increase in the other post-employment benefit liability of \$14,507 and increase in the net pension liability to the New York State Employees' Retirement System of \$258,962 were primarily related to updated actuarial studies.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

C. Indebtedness (continued)

2. Long-Term Debt (continued)

c. Summary

The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

Description of Issue		Outstanding June 30, 2019
General Obligation Bonds, issued in 2001 (refunded in 2010) with a maturity date of June 2021, bonds carry interest from 2 25%-5%	\$	340.000
General Obligation Bonds, issued in 2012 (which refunded 2003 bond) with a maturity date of June 2028, bonds carry	Ť	,
interest of 5%. General Obligation Bonds, issued in 2015- 16 (which refunded 2008 and 2010 bonds) with a maturity date of January		5,805,000
2025, bonds carry interest of 1.5%-2%.		6,470,000
		12,615,000
Plus: premiums earned on refunding, net of amortization		605,337
	\$	13,220,337

d. Maturity

 The following is a summary of maturity of serial bonds indebtedness on June 30, 2019.

Year General Obligation Bond—2001 Refunded in 2010 Principal Interest 2020 \$ 250,000 \$ 14,925 2021 90,000 3,050 Total \$ 340,000 \$ 17,975

	General Obligation Bond- 2012								
Year	Principal		Interest						
2020	\$ 1,480,000	\$	290,250						
2021	1,555,000		216,250						
2022	1,630,000		138,500						
2023	170,000		57,000						
2024	175,000		48,500						
2025-2028	795,000		101,750						
Total	\$ 5,805,000	\$	852,250						

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

V. Liabilities (continued)

C. Indebtedness (continued)

2. Long-Term Debt (continued)

d. Maturity (continued)

General Obligation Bond-2016 (refunded 2008 and 2010

		b	onds)	
Year	-	Principal		Interest
2020 2021	\$	1,275,000 1,295,000	\$	123,025 103,900
2022		1,320,000		78,000
2023 2024		1,345,000 845,000		51,600 24,700
2025		390,000		7,800
Total	\$	6,470,000	\$	389,025

e. Long-Term Debt Interest

Interest on long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019 amounted to approximately \$534,763 and is included in the General Fund.

3. Bond Premiums and amortization

Premiums resulting from bond and other debt refinancing are being amortized over the life of the relating debt using the effective interest rate method.

4. Refunding of Long-Term Debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

VI. Fund Equity

A. Classification

The District's fund equity is comprised of various components.

Category / Fund	Description	Balance June 30, 2019
Nonspendable:	Reserve for inventory	\$ 9,862
Restricted:		
General	Reserve for retirement contributions Tax Certiorari reserve Capital reserve Unemployment reserve	\$ 1,177,368 86,045 78 247,836 1,511,327
Debt Service	Reserve for debt service	\$ 526,252
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Reserve for foundation endowment	\$ 265,004
Trust and Agency	Reserve for endowment scholarships	\$ 953
Assigned:		
General	Appropriated Fund Balance Encumbrances	\$ 650,000 267,851 917,851
Food Service	Fund equity	\$ 89,637

B. <u>District-wide Net Position</u>

Net position of the District include restricted net position of \$2,302,583 which represent restricted amounts in the general, debt service and miscellaneous special revenue funds as presented above.

C. <u>Deficit Fund Balance</u>

The District's capital project fund had an accumulated deficit in the amount of \$ 16,683,518 as of June 30, 2019. It is not uncommon for school districts to have deficit fund balances in the capital projects fund as a result of short-term debt being recorded as liabilities until they are converted to long-term debt (serial bonds) or are redeemed at which time such proceeds are recorded as other financing sources revenue.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

1. General Information

The **Southwestern Central School District** is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

2. Risk Sharing Pools

For its employee health and accident coverage, the *Southwestern Central School District* is a participant in the Chautauqua County School Districts' Medical Health Plan, a public entity risk pool operated for the benefit of various governmental units located within Chautauqua County. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Plan for this health coverage. The Plan is authorized to assess supplemental premiums to the participating districts. The Chautauqua County School Districts' Medical Health Plan obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of this amount.

The **Southwestern Central School District** also participates in a risk sharing pool, Erie 2 – Chautauqua-Cattaraugus BOCES, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5, Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. Administrators of the Plan have indicated that the Plan's reserves are believed to be in excess of estimated unbilled and open claims.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

B. Federal and State Grants

The District has received grants reported in the special aid fund which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal government. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on past audits and no known significant areas of non-compliance, the District believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

C. Compensated Absences

The District does not accrue a liability for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave, since payment is based on an uncontrollable future event (sickness). In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, the value for accumulating, non-vesting sick leave is considered a contingent liability.

D. Litigation

The District, in the normal course of its operations, is involved in litigation. Management is of the opinion that any unfavorable outcome resulting from these actions would not have a material effect on the District's financial position.

NOTE 5 - MISCELLANOUS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Funds raised during the year ended June 30, 2007 from local foundations and donors amounted to \$595,149 of which \$490,000 represents the District's best current estimate of the local share of the cost of the athletic facilities complex project. Funds in excess of the determined local share represent the amount to be set aside for turf replacement. The total funds held, which also includes accumulated interest earned, amounted to \$265,004 as of June 30, 2019.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District transferred \$34,000 of these funds to the general fund to offset debt service costs. In future years, the District intends to transfer additional funds from the miscellaneous special revenue fund to the general fund to offset debt service costs not covered by state building aid (local share).

NOTE 6 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The County of Chautauqua, New York, enters into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The total amount of taxes abated from these abatement programs during the year ended June 30, 2019 was approximately \$421,000. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling approximately \$151,000 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District recorded a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$205,000 as an addition to the District's net position as a result of a change in accounting principle that occurred in the year ended June 30, 2017. The prior period adjustment made in 2018 adjusted the deferred outflow related to the OPEB liability to the amount that should have been recorded at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL PROJECT

The voters of **Southwestern Central School District** approved a resolution authorizing a capital project with a maximum amount of \$15,900,000 (Phase V) to be financed with serial bonds, state excel aid and District funds. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District expended a total of \$4,563,371 related to the project.

The voters of **Southwestern Central School District** approved a resolution authorizing a capital project with a maximum amount of \$12,600,000 (Phase VI) to be financed with serial bonds, state excel aid and District funds. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District expended a total of \$2,868,589 related to the project.

Also during the year ended June 30, 2019 the District incurred \$364,793 for the purchase of transportation vehicles.

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated by Management through October 8, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues	 Adopted Budget	Final Budget		Current Year's Revenue	0	Over (Under) Revised Budget
Local Sources:						
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 12,995,548	\$ 12,995,548	\$	12,952,708	\$	(42,840)
Charges for services	38,000	38,000		51,885		13,885
Use of money and property	15,500	15,500		34,018		18,518
Sale of property and compensation for loss	2,000	2,000		2,145		145
Miscellaneous	143,512	143,512		234,783		91,271
State Sources:						
Basic formula	12,858,100	12,858,100		12,191,350		(666,750)
BOCES	1,607,562	1,607,562		1,645,722		38,160
Textbooks	76,366	76,366		76,239		(127)
All other aid	52,946	52,946		77,898		24,952
Federal Sources:						
Medicaid reimbursement	55,000	55,000		161,352		106,352
Total revenue	27,844,534	27,844,534		27,428,100		(416,434)
Other Sources:						
Operating transfer in	 208,000	208,000		208,000		
Total revenue and other sources	28,052,534	28,052,534	\$	27,636,100	\$	(416,434)
Appropriated fund equity - reserves	85,000	85,000				
Appropriated fund equity - supplemental appropriation	-	257,661				
Appropriated fund equity - subsequent years budget	 550,000	1,226,673				
Total revenue, other sources and						
appropriated fund equity	\$ 28,687,534	\$ 29,621,868	•			

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	Current											
	Adopted Final Year's					U	nencumbered					
		Budget		Budget	E	Expenditures	penditures Encumbrances			Balances		
Expenditures												
General Support:												
Board of education	\$	29,307	\$	30,365	\$	29,863	\$	448	\$	54		
Central administration		229,899		233,073		232,745		185		143		
Finance		274,575		284,749		282,628		1,574		547		
Staff		112,316		104,759		92,475		-		12,284		
Central services		1,964,333		2,298,104		2,101,431		44,350		152,323		
Special items		700,454		818,924		772,643		-		46,281		
Instructional:												
Instruction, administration and												
improvement		898,025		911,556		876,335		197		35,024		
Teaching - regular school		7,316,397		7,456,019		7,060,659		148,956		246,404		
Programs for children with												
handicapping conditions		2,364,448		2,380,219		2,285,418		93		94,708		
Teaching - special schools		24,300		24,300		11,885		_		12,415		
Occupational education		889,232		887,922		879,515		137		8,270		
Instructional media		1,098,317		1,505,311		1,463,574		33,084		8,653		
Pupil services		1,090,803		1,106,602		986,410		18,803		101,389		
Pupil Transportation		837,320		930,291		876,396		20,024		33,871		
Community Services		32,316		38,261		37,743		-		518		
Employee Benefits		6,237,679		6,076,510		6,045,814		-		30,696		
Debt Service:						, ,				·		
Debt service principal		3,736,833		3,601,015		3,168,000		_		433,015		
Debt service interest		850,980		933,888		937,974		_		(4,086)		
Total expenditures		28,687,534		29,621,868		28,141,508		267,851		1,212,509		
Other Uses:												
Transfer to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		
Total other uses		-		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures and other uses	\$	28,687,534	\$	29,621,868		28,141,508	\$	267,851	\$	1,212,509		

Excess (deficiency) revenue and other sources over expenditures and other uses

\$ (505,408)

Schedule SS1A

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Page 37

	School Food Service Fund								
			Variance						
	(Amended)			Actual	Fav. (Unf.)				
Revenue									
State sources	\$	7,485	\$	6,806	\$	(679)			
Federal sources		212,000		194,695		(17,305)			
Sales		116,000		112,613		(3,387)			
Surplus food		27,000		23,073		(3,927)			
Total revenue		362,485		337,187		(25,298)			
Expenditures									
Cost of sales		340,000		333,546		6,454			
Other expenses		135,684		100,181		35,503			
Total expenditures		475,684		433,727		41,957			
Net Change	\$	(113,199)	=	(96,540)	\$	16,659			
Fund equity, beginning of year				196,039	•				
Fund equity, end of year			\$	99,499	ı				

Schedule SS2

3.68%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Page 38

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET	
Adopted budget	\$ 28,687,534
Additions:	
Prior year's encumbrances	676,673
Adopted budget after prior year encumbrances	29,364,207
Budget revisions:	
Supplemental appropriation - equipment purchase	88,525
Supplemental appropriation - vehicle purchase	33,000
Supplemental appropriation - budgetary adjustment	16,165
Supplemental appropriation - use of tax certiorari reserve	119,971
Total budget revisions:	257,661
Final budget	\$ 29,621,868
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION	
2019-20 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2019-20 budget)	\$ 29,207,170 \$ 1,168,287
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:	
Unrestricted fund balance:	
Committed fund balance	\$ -
Assigned fund balance	917,851
Unassigned fund balance	1,074,433
Total unrestricted fund balance	1,992,284
Less:	
Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance	650,000 267,851
Total adjustments	917,851
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:	\$ 1,074,433

^{*} Per Office of State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Orginally Issued November 2010), the portion of the General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

Actual percentage

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule SS3

Page 39

		_		Exper	nditures		Unexpended		Methods of	f financing		Fund
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current	Interfund		(Overexpended)	Proceeds of	State	Local		Balance
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	Year	Transfer	Total	Balance	Obligations	Sources	Sources	Total	June 30, 2019
School Reconstruction Project (Phase I-IV)	\$ 17,155,493	\$ 17,155,493	\$ 17,196,977	\$ -	\$ 18,983	\$ 17,215,960	\$ (60,467)	\$ 16,489,564	\$ 525,620	\$ 200,776	\$ 17,215,960	\$ -
School Reconstruction Project (Phase V)	15,900,000	15,900,000	10,990,427	4,563,371	-	15,553,798	346,202	13,670,933	-	2,295,500	15,966,433	412,635
School Reconstruction Project (Phase VI)	12,600,000	12,600,000	248,040	2,868,589	-	3,116,629	9,483,371	2,000,000	-	425,000	2,425,000	(691,629)
Energy Performance Improvements - 2017	1,325,000	1,325,000	2,137	-	-	2,137	1,322,863	-	-	-	-	(2,137)
Emergency projects	365,000	365,000	380,976	-	-	380,976	(15,976)	-	-	380,976	380,976	-
Smart Schools Bond Act	178,707	178,707	178,707	-	-	178,707	-	-	178,707	-	178,707	-
Transportation vehicles	2,932,728	2,932,728	2,533,644	364,793	-	2,898,437	34,291	2,668,034	-	547	2,668,581	(229,856)
	\$ 50,456,928	\$ 50,456,928	\$ 31,530,908	\$ 7,796,753	\$ 18,983	\$ 39,346,644	\$ 11,110,284	\$ 34,828,531	\$ 704,327	\$ 3,302,799	\$ 38,835,657	(510,987)

Less: Proceeds recorded as liability - BAN

(16,172,531)

Fund equity (deficit) as of June 30, 2019

\$ (16,683,518)

Schedule SS4A

BUDGET COMPARISON STATEMENT FOR STATE AND OTHER GRANT PROGRAMS - SPECIAL AID AND FOOD SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Page 40

Grant Title	Grantors Project No.	Grant Period	Award/ Program Budget	Total Revenue	Total Expenditures
School lunch programs	N/A	2018-19	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,380	\$ 5,380
School breakfast programs	N/A	2018-19	1,426	1,426	1,426
Universal Pre-kindergarten	0409-19-7573	2018-19	132,675	132,675	132,675
Shared Fuel Station Grant	C1001125	2017-2021	138,585	112,770	112,770
Summer school	N/A	2018-19	61,886	61,886	61,886
Total expenditures and revenue			\$ 339,952	\$ 314,137	\$ 314,137

Schedule SS4B

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the **Southwestern Central School District** and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting varies by Federal program consistent with underlying regulations pertaining to each program. The amounts reported as Federal expenditures generally were obtained from the appropriate Federal financial reports for the applicable programs and periods. The amounts reported in these Federal financial reports are prepared from records maintained for each program, which are periodically reconciled with the District's financial reporting system.

Note 2 - Non-monetary Federal Program

The accompanying **Southwestern Central School District** is the recipient of a non-monetary federal award program. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District reported in the Schedule of Federal Awards \$23,073 of donated commodities at fair market value received and disbursed.

Note 2 - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance in the current year.

Page 41

Federal Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program or Award Amount	Award		Ex	penditures
US Department of Education:							
Passed through NYS							
Department of Education:							
Title I	84.010A	0021-19-0315	\$ 316,28	5 \$	314,387	\$	314,387
Title I	84.010A	0021-18-0315	42		424	·	424
Title II, Part A	84.367A	0147-19-0315	60,62	7	13,558		13,558
Title II, Part A	84.367A	0147-18-0315	33,45		33,454		33,454
Title IV - SSAE	84.424A	0204-19-0315	20,50		16,519		16,519
IDEA, Part B Public Law 94-142 *	84.027A	0032-19-0096	299,15		274,733		274,733
IDEA, Pre-school Public Law 99-457 *	84.173A	0033-19-0096	5,28		3,982		3,982
Total U.S. Department of Education			735,73	7	657,057		657,057
US Department of Agriculture: Passed through NYS							
Department of Education:							
National School Lunch Program **							
Cash assistance	10.555	N/A	165,05)	165,050		165,050
National School Breakfast Program **	10.553	N/A	29,64		29,645		29,645
Passed through NYS							
Office of General Services:							
National School Lunch Program **							
Non-cash assistance (donated commodities)	10.555	N/A	23,07	3	23,073		23,073
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			217,76	3	217,768		217,768
Total expenditures and revenue				\$	874,825	\$	874,825
* Operation and the state of Forders I are stated as a second state of Forders I are stated as a second state of Forders I are stated as a second state of Forders I are stated as a second state of Forders I are stated as a second stated as a	ial Education Ob. 1					Φ.	070 745
* Constitutes a cluster of Federal programs named Spec			•			\$	278,715
** Constitutes a cluster of Federal programs named Chil	a Nutrition Cluster with	n total revenue and	expenditures of	TΟ		\$	217,768

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule SS5

Page 42

Capital assets	\$ 53,914,963
Less: Serial bonds, net Bond anticipation notes Accrued Interest	 (13,220,337) (16,172,531) (98,000)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 24,424,095

Schedule SS6

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH AND 2019

Page 43

As of the measurement date of March 31,		2019	2018		2017
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	552,638 \$	565,904	\$	490,413
Interest	,	889,236	916,195	•	687,167
Changes of benefit terms		, -	75,418		4,173,041
Differences between expected and actual experience		(338,137)	(622,339)		-
Changes in assumptions		(246,871)	442,636		(1,008,113)
Benefit payments		(842,359)	(820,060)		(725,610)
Net change in total OPEB liability		14,507	557,754		3,616,898
Total OPEB liability - beginning		24,922,298	24,364,544		3,574,640
Prior period adjustment		-	-		17,173,006
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	24,936,805 \$	24,922,298	\$	24,364,544
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	842,359 \$ - (842,359)	820,060 - (820,060) - - -	\$	725,610 - (725,610) - - -
District's net OPEB liability	\$	24,936,805 \$	24,922,298	\$	24,364,544
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,005,241 \$	10,807,498	\$	10,461,231
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		226.59%	230.60%		232.90%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: none

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate from 3.61% to 3.44%

Updated mortality tables and healthcare cost trend rates

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – OPEB FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 THROUGH 2019

Schedule SS7

Page 44

For the year ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 842,359	\$ 820,060	\$ 725,610
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (842,359)	(820,060)	(725,610)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,005,241	\$ 10,807,498	\$ 10,461,231
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	7.65%	7.59%	6.94%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date:

July 1, 2018, rolled forward to March 31, 2019

measurement date

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Discount Rate

Inflation

Healthcare cost trend rates

Salary increases

Mortality

Retiree Cost Sharing

Participants

Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary Method

3.61% for 2018 and 3.44% for 2019

2.2% per year

2019 - 5.2%. Rates expected to decrease each year

thereafter with an ultimate rate of 4.32%

3.36% per year

Based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, Headcount-Weighted, without separate Contingent Survivor mortality, fully

generational using scale MP-2018.

Varies based on contract 211 Active and 233 Retirees

Schedule SS8

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – NYSTRS AND NYSLERS FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Page 45

New York State Teachers	' Retirement S	ystem ((TRS)
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For the year ended June 30,	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 987,033	\$ 894,817	\$ 1,048,869	\$ 1,172,053	\$ 1,514,787	\$ 1,411,314	\$ 1,055,228
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(987,033)	(894,817)	(1,048,869)	(1,172,053)	(1,514,787)	(1,411,314)	(1,055,228)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,294,096	\$ 9,130,786	\$ 8,949,394	\$ 8,839,012	\$ 8,641,112	\$ 8,685,009	\$ 8,912,399
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%

New York State Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

For the year ended March 31,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 293,457	\$ 285,750	\$ 264,622	\$ 267,504	\$ 367,884	\$ 363,000	\$ 367,239
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(293,457)	(285,750)	(264,622)	(267,504)	(367,884)	(363,000)	(367,239)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,061,473	\$ 2,001,160	\$ 1,928,998	\$ 1,785,488	\$ 1,743,455	\$ 1,920,518	\$ 2,024,120
Contributions as a percentage of District's covered-employee payroll	14.24%	14.28%	13.72%	14.98%	21.10%	18.90%	18.14%

Schedule SS9

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET (LIABILITY) – NYSTRS AND PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – NYSLERS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019

Page 46

New York State Teachers'	Retirement S	vstem (TRS)
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As of the measurement date of June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	n/a	0.056055%	0.056475%	0.057281%	0.057526%	0.058795%	0.061161%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	n/a	\$ 1,013,628	429,265	\$ (613,502) \$	5,975,067	\$ 6,549,450	\$ 402,591
District's covered-employee payroll	n/a	\$ 9,130,786	8,949,394	\$ 8,839,012 \$	8,641,112	\$ 8,685,009	\$ 8,912,399
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	n/a	11.10%	4.80%	-6.94%	69.15%	75.41%	4.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset (liability)	n/a	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%

New York State Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

As of the measurement date of March 31,	2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	
District's proportion of the net pension (liability)	0.0064119%	0.0060524%	0.0059033%	(0.0060991%	0.0065167%	n/a	n/a	
District's proportionate share of the net pension (liability)	\$ (454,300)	\$ (195,338)	\$ (554,685)	\$	(978,917)	\$ (220,150)	\$ (294,481)	n/a	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,061,473	\$ 2,001,160	\$ 1,928,998	\$	1,785,488	\$ 1,743,455	\$ 1,920,518	n/a	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-22.04%	-9.76%	-28.76%		-54.83%	-12.63%	-15.33%	n/a	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.20%	98.24%	94.70%		90.70%	97.90%	n/a	n/a	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the President and Members of the Board of Education Southwestern Central School District Jamestown, New York

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of *Southwestern Central School District* as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise *Southwestern Central School District's* basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 8, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **Southwestern Central School District's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Southwestern Central School District's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Southwestern Central School District** internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exit that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified one deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in the District's internal control described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item II.A.2019-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Southwestern Central School District's** financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Southwestern Central School District's Response to Finding

Southwestern Central School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. **Southwestern Central School District's** response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not provided an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

Olean, New York October 8, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the President and Members of the Board of Education Southwestern Central School District Jamestown. New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Southwestern Central School District's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of **Southwestern Central School District's** major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. **Southwestern Central School District's** major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Audit Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **Southwestern Central School District's** major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **Southwestern Central School District's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination on **Southwestern Central School District's** compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, **Southwestern Central School District** complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of **Southwestern Central School District** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered **Southwestern Central School District's** internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal award program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafano PC BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.

Olean, New York October 8, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Page 51

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued or whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X	yes	X	no none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			X	no no
Noncompliance material to ilitariolal statements noted:		yes	^	110
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	Х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	Х	none reported
Type of auditor's opinion issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR-200.516(a)		yes	Х	no
	Federal CFDA			
Federal Program Title	Number	Amount		
Total expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 874,825		
Identification of Major Programs Tested:				
U.S. Department of Education - IDEA, Part B Section 611 * U.S. Department of Education - IDEA, Part B Section 619 * U.S. Department of Education - Title I	84.027A 84.173A 84.010A	\$ 274,733 3,982 314,811		
Total major programs tested		\$ 593,526		
% of Federal programs tested		68%		
* Constitutes a cluster of Federal programs				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low risk?		yes	Х	no

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT - FINDINGS

A. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

2019-001 Adjusting Journal Entries, Required Disclosures and Draft Financial Statements

Year ended June 30, 2019

Condition and Criteria: During the current year, adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditor's and accepted by the District to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Some of the adjustments and footnotes were related to converting to the full accrual method for GASB 34 purposes. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditor's and accepted by the District.

Effect: AU-C Section 265 entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency. Without this assistance, the potential risk exists of the District's financial statements not conforming to GAAP.

Auditor's Recommendation: Although auditor's may continue to provide such assistance both now and in the future, under the new pronouncement, the District should continue to review and accept both proposed adjusting journal entries and footnote disclosures, along with the draft financial statements.

School District's Response: The District has received, reviewed and accepted all journal entries, footnote disclosures and draft financial statements proposed for the current year audit and will continue to review similar information in future years. Further, the District believes it has a thorough understanding of these financial statements and has the ability to make informed judgments based on these financial statements.

B. <u>COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS</u>

Year ended June 30, 2019

There were no findings related to compliance and other matters during the year ended June 30, 2019.

SOUTHWESTERN CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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III. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. <u>COMPLIANCE</u>

Year ended June 30, 2019

There were no findings related to compliance during the year ended June 30, 2019.

B. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE</u>

Year ended June 30, 2019

There were no findings related to internal control over compliance during the year ended June 30, 2019.

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT - FINDINGS

A. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING</u>

2018-001 Adjusting Journal Entries, Required Disclosures and Draft Financial Statements (material weakness)

Year ended June 30, 2018

Summary of Prior Year Finding: Condition and Criteria: Adjusting journal entries, along with footnote disclosures were proposed by the auditors and accepted by the District to properly reflect the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In addition, a draft of the financial statements was prepared by the auditors and reviewed and accepted by the District. AU-C Section 265 entitled Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) considers the need for significant adjusting journal entries and assistance when preparing the financial statements to be indicative of an internal control deficiency.

Current Status: Similar finding related to internal control over financial reporting is being reported upon during the year ended June 30, 2019 as item 2019-001.

B. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

2018-002 Encumbrances and Budget Transfers

Year ended June 30, 2018

Summary of Prior Year Finding: As of June 30, 2018, the District reported approximately \$676,000 of encumbrances outstanding. However, we noted that in many instances the District did not have enough dollars remaining in the budget to cover the amount of the encumbrance. Also, the District recorded transfers between non-contingent budget codes for equipment purchases. The District also created purchase orders for equipment purchases that were not included in the budget. The District failed to make the necessary budget transfers to cover outstanding encumbrances and did not have sufficient funds in non-contingent codes for one encumbrance.

Current Status: Encumbrances and budget transfers were appropriately accounted for during the year ended June 30, 2019.

III. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

A. <u>COMPLIANCE</u>

Year ended June 30, 2018

There were no findings related to compliance during the year ended June 30, 2018.

B. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE</u>

Year ended June 30, 2018

There were no findings related to internal control over compliance during the year ended June 30, 2018.