

# FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of School Directors Governor Mifflin School District Shillington, Pennsylvania

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Governor Mifflin School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Governor Mifflin School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Governor Mifflin School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Governor Mifflin School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, Governor Mifflin School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Governor Mifflin School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the Governor Mifflin School District's ability to continue as a going concern
  for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, and pension and other postemployment benefit information on pages 86 through 90 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Governor Mifflin School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying individual general fund schedules, the combining fiduciary fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual general fund schedules, combining fiduciary fund financial statements, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2023, on our consideration of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Governor Mifflin School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hervier + Company, Inc.



LISA TEMPLIN HESS, ED.D.
SUPERINTENDENT
MARY E. LIBBY, ED.D.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT
KELLY PRICE
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Governor Mifflin School District's annual financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- District-wide revenue of \$86.6 million exceeded expenditures of \$72.7 million by \$13.9 million. General revenues in the form of property and other taxes along with state subsidies and investment earnings accounted for \$63.6 million or 73.4% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions totaled \$23 million or 26.6% of total revenues. Instruction, instructional student support, and student transportation expenses accounted for \$52.3 million or 71.9% of total expenses. Operation and maintenance of plant, administrative, financial support and other services totaled \$20.5 million or 28.1% of total expenses.
- The Taxpayer Relief Act of 2006, or more commonly referred to as Act 1, subjects Pennsylvania Public Schools to a real estate property base tax cap, or adjusted tax cap, if applicable, annually. For fiscal year 2022-23, the District's adjusted tax cap was 4.3%, or 1.2513 mills. Millage was set at 29.6 mills, which was an increase of only 0.5 mills and therefore did not need to include any exceptions approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Education.
- Under the provisions of the Homestead Property Exclusion Program Act and the Taxpayer Relief Act, the School Board passed the 2022-23 Homestead and Farmstead Exclusion Resolution in June 2022 whereby County approved homestead and farmstead property taxpayers received an assessment reduction on the July 1, 2022 real estate tax bills of \$5,302 each, which resulted in a \$156.94 tax reduction per homestead and farmstead. This property tax reduction was the result of the District's allocation of gambling tax funds, Philadelphia tax credit reimbursement funds, as well as remaining property tax reduction funds totaling \$1,088,448.
- Act 1 also requires each school district to offer homestead and farmstead property owners the option of paying the flat rate of their real estate taxes in installments. Act 25 of 2011 broadened the mandatory real estate tax installment option to include small business owners. The District allows all District property owners to choose the installment option, in fiscal year 2022-23 the District offered installments with three equal installment payments due July 31, September 30, and November 30. Approximately 3.26% of District real estate properties elected the installment method for the 2022-23 fiscal year.
- Salary increases during the 2022-23 school year were as follows: Governor Mifflin Education Association, 3.9 %; Act 93 Professionals, 3%, Act 93 Support, 3%, and AFSCME Support, \$.60/hr.

- The required District contribution to the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) increased from 34.94% to 35.26% for 2022-23, with additional rate increases projected in future years.
- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, adopted by the District establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures in order to improve accounting and financial reporting for pensions by governments and establishes standards for recording and reporting contributions made to a defined benefit plan after the measurement date of the government's net pension liability. Pension expense recognized in the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$5.7 million, with a District-wide net pension liability of \$93,941,000 as of June 30, 2023 in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources of \$14.8 million and deferred inflows of resources of \$4.3 million as of June 30, 2023 related to the pension calculation in accordance with these GASB statements. See Note 9 for details and further explanation.
- Effective July 1, 2017, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Statement No. 75 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures in order to improve accounting and financial reporting by governments for other postemployment benefit plans. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources of \$1,383,292, deferred inflows of resources of \$4,335,203 and a liability of \$6,559,708, related to other postemployment benefit plans. The District does not fund this liability, but rather pays for benefits as they become due. See Note 10 for details and further explanation.
- GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, adopted by the District effective July 1, 2021, was established to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Right-to-use lease assets are recognized in the Statement of Net Position as \$1,092,935 and lease liability is recognized as \$1,080,823.
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), adopted by the District effective July 1, 2022, was established to (1) define a SBITA, (2) establish that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding liability, (3) provide capitalization criteria, and (4) enhance note disclosures. As a result of this standard implementation, capital assets were increased \$305,039 with an offsetting noncurrent liability of the same amount. At June 30, 2023, right-to-use subscription assets of \$189,802 are recognized and the SBITA liability is \$186,562.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: (1) management's discussion and analysis, (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

The first two statements include two district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. The remaining statements are the fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District - reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. The governmental fund statements indicate how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as indicate future spending plans. Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like a business, such as food services. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, such as student activity funds and scholarship funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements, as well as provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure 1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure 1 Organization of the Governor Mifflin School District Annual Financial Report

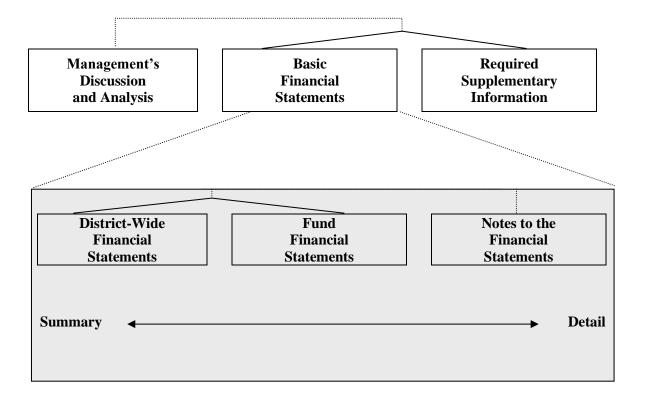


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements including the portion of the District activity they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2

	Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements								
District-Wide Fund Financial Statements									
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	Activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as general operating and capital projects	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, such as food services	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of net position Statement of changes in net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or noncurrent liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, current and noncurrent, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources	All assets and liabilities, both current and noncurrent; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can					
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the District's assets and liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources with the difference reported as "net position." Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the District's financial condition is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some events that will result in cash flows in future periods: uncollected taxes, accrued interest expense, retirement incentives, and unused sick leave.

Both statements report two activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the District's basic services such as regular and special education, maintenance and operation of plant services are reported under this category. Taxes, state subsidies, and state and federal grants generally finance these programs.
- Business-Type Activities The District charges fees to cover the costs of business-type services it
  provides. For food service operations these consist of charges for meal purchases, federal and
  state subsidies and in-district catering.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the major individual funds of the District. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular programs. The District's funds are divided into three categories - (1) governmental, (2) proprietary, and (3) fiduciary.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds
that focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and the balances left at the year-end
for future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term
view of the general operations and the basic services provided and provide some direction as to
whether there will be more or fewer resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the
District's programs.

Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, an explanation of the relationship (and differences) between the fund statements and district-wide statements is provided on the reconciliations following the fund statements.

- Proprietary Funds (Enterprise) Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported
  in the proprietary fund and utilize the accrual accounting method the same method used by private
  sector businesses.
- Fiduciary Funds The District acts as a trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds or student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for the intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. These activities are excluded from the District-wide financial statements since these assets cannot be used to finance the District's operations.

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position contains information about what the District owns, owes, i.e., assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources and the remaining financial position. Figure 3 shows a comparative summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023.

Figure 3
Condensed Statements of Net Position

Fiscal Years as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type				
	Activ	rities	Activ	/ities	Total			
•	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023		
	(restated)				(restated)			
Current and other assets	\$ 74,146,587	\$ 58,618,754	\$ 1,563,396	\$ 2,096,044	\$ 75,709,983	\$ 60,714,798		
Capital assets	81,154,228	101,874,434	213,139	213,671	81,367,367	102,088,105		
Total Assets	155,300,815	160,493,188	1,776,535	2,309,715	157,077,350	162,802,903		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,292,619	16,331,303	351,559	370,012	18,644,178	16,701,315		
Current liabilities	17,181,950	18,262,261	83,509	24,496	17,265,459	18,286,757		
Noncurrent liabilities	196,298,401	193,599,992	1,822,880	1,969,098	198,121,281	195,569,090		
Total Liabilities	213,480,351	211,862,253	1,906,389	1,993,594	215,386,740	213,855,847		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,489,867	8,270,283	780,234	401,635	17,270,101	8,671,918		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	13,662,545	27,524,796	213,139	213,671	13,875,684	27,738,467		
Restricted for Capital Projects	18,431,042	12,172,891	-	-	18,431,042	12,172,891		
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(88,470,371)	(83,005,732)	(771,668)	70,827	(89,242,039)	(82,934,905)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (56,376,784)	\$ (43,308,045)	\$ (558,529)	\$ 284,498	\$ (56,935,313)	\$ (43,023,547)		

Total assets increased by \$5.7 million from the prior year due to an overall increase in capital assets of \$20.7 million and a decrease in cash, investments and receivables of \$15 million. Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$1.9 million due to a decrease in deferred pension and other postemployment benefits. The overall decrease in liabilities of \$1.5 million is primarily the result of a \$4.8 million decrease in bonds and notes payable, a \$5.1 million increase in net pension liability related to GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71, and a \$3.8 million decrease in other postemployment benefit liabilities. Deferred inflows of resources decreased over the prior year by \$8.6 million related to a \$12.2 million decrease for pension, offset by a \$3.6 million increase for other postemployment benefits.

District-wide revenue exceeded expenses by \$13.9 million, which effectively decreased the net deficit for the year ended June 30, 2023 made up of \$13.1 million positive change in net position in the Governmental Activities and \$0.8 million in the Business-Type Activities.

The results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Figure 4 is a comparative summary of changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023.

Figure 4 Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

	Governr		Business-Type							
	Activi		Activities				Total			
	 2022	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 526,021	\$ 394,304	\$	265,353	\$	787,639	\$	791,374	\$	1,181,943
Operating grants and										
contributions	14,875,684	15,616,661		2,817,223		2,210,805		17,692,907		17,827,466
Capital grants and										
contributions	1,108,993	4,032,444		-		-		1,108,993		4,032,444
General Revenues										
Property taxes and other										
taxes levied for general										
purposes	51,969,463	52,716,553		-		-		51,969,463		52,716,553
Grants, Subsidies, and										
Contributions Not Restricted	7,985,677	9,061,527		-		-		7,985,677		9,061,527
Other	176,863	1,810,193		(26,466)		34,622		150,397		1,844,815
Total Revenues	76,642,701	83,631,682		3,056,110		3,033,066		79,698,811		86,664,748
Expenses										
Instruction	41,385,262	43,022,131		-		-		41,385,262		43,022,131
Instructional student support	6,546,297	6,316,148		-		_		6,546,297		6,316,148
Administrative and financial										
support services	5,743,355	6,040,431		-		_		5,743,355		6,040,431
Operation and maintenance										
of plant services	7,650,479	7,795,416		-		_		7,650,479		7,795,416
Pupil transportation	2,783,318	2,954,646		_		_		2,783,318		2,954,646
Other	4,451,538	4,434,171		1,936,457		2,190,039		6,387,995		6,624,210
Total Expense	68,560,249	70,562,943	_	1,936,457		2,190,039		70,496,706	_	72,752,982
Change in Net Position	\$ 8,082,452	\$ 13,068,739	\$	1,119,653	\$	843,027	\$	9,202,105	\$	13,911,766
Beginning Net Position (Deficit)	 (64,459,236)	(56,376,784)		(1,678,182)		(558,529)		(66,137,418)		(56,935,313)
Ending Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (56,376,784)	\$ (43,308,045)	\$	(558,529)	\$	284,498	\$	(56,935,313)	\$	(43,023,547)

Revenues are defined as either program or general revenues. Program revenues are generated by the services themselves or provided externally for use in a particular function. Program revenues reduce the net expense to the public. Program revenues are categorized as charges for services, operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. General revenues include the basic education subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, local taxes assessed to community taxpayers, and other general revenues the District uses to finance the total net cost of programs. District-wide revenues totaled \$86.7 million, an increase of \$6.9 million or 9% over the prior year, which represents the increase in governmental activities' revenue, offset by a slight decrease in business-type activities revenues.

Figure 5 depicts the 2022-23 sources of revenues as of percentage of District-wide revenues.

District-wide expenses are categorized into six major activities: instruction, instructional student support, administrative and financial support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, pupil transportation, and other. Figure 6 presents these categories of expenditures as a percentage of 2022-23 district-wide expenses. District-wide expenses totaled \$72.8 million, an increase of \$2.3 million or 3% over the prior year.

Figure 5 Sources of District-Wide Revenues for Fiscal Year 2023

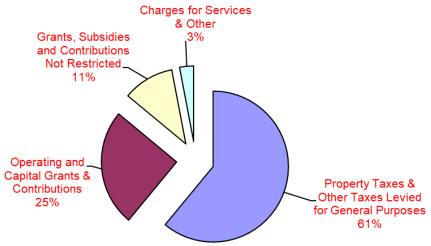


Figure 6
District-Wide Expenses for Fiscal Year 2023

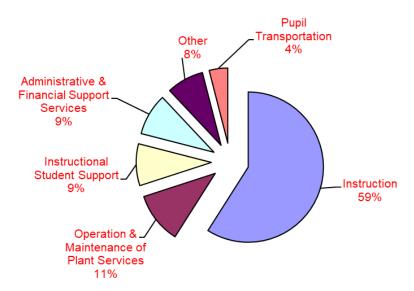


Figure 7 represents the cost of six major District governmental activities: instruction, instructional student support, administrative and financial support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, pupil transportation, and other. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and governmental aid provided for specific programs). For the year ended June 30, 2023, general revenue supported 90% of governmental activities' costs, and program revenue supported 28% of governmental activities' costs.

Figure 7
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

	Total	Cost	Net	Cost
	of Ser	vices	of Se	rvices
	2022	2023	2022	2023
Instruction	41,385,262	43,022,131	\$ 30,454,955	\$ 31,241,236
Instructional Student Support	6,546,297	6,316,148	5,103,057	5,023,390
Administrative and Financial				
Support Services	5,743,355	6,040,431	4,869,762	5,162,752
Operation and Maintenance				
of Plant Services	7,650,479	7,795,416	7,077,110	4,306,477
Pupil Transportation	2,783,318	2,954,646	1,659,299	1,842,996
Other	4,451,538	4,434,171	2,885,368	2,942,683
Total	\$ 68,560,249	\$ 70,562,943	\$ 52,049,551	\$ 50,519,534

Figure 8 represents the total cost and net cost (income) of services in the District's business-type activities. Program revenue supported more than 100% of food services activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Figure 8
Net Cost (Income) of Business-Type Activities

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

		l Cost	Net Cost	` ,
	of Se	rvices	of Ser	rvices
	2022	2023	2022	2023
Food Services	\$ 1,936,457	\$ 2,179,794	\$(1,146,119)	\$ (818,650)

### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's governmental funds include the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service fund. Figure 9 details the current and prior year end fund balances and change therein for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Figure 9 Fund Balances

#### For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

					Increase
	<u> </u>	Fund E	Balance		 (Decrease)
		2022		2023	
General Fund	\$	7,629,694	\$	7,629,694	\$ -
Capital Projects Fund		54,152,932		36,434,168	(17,718,764)
Debt Service Fund		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
Total	\$	61,782,626	\$	44,063,862	\$ (17,718,764)

The District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances as of June 30, 2023 of \$44 million. The decrease of \$17.7 million compared to the prior year is due to the drawing down of cash in the capital projects fund due to construction costs.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, fund balances are required to be classified into the following categories - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. As of June 30, 2023, general fund balance of \$7.6 million consisted of \$1.25 million in committed fund balance for the District's construction project, \$0.5 million in assigned fund balance which represents the 2023-24 budgeted deficit, \$0.07 million in nonspendable fund balance which represents prepaid expenses, and unassigned fund balance of \$5.8 million. The capital projects fund had \$36.4 million in restricted fund balance, consisting of reserve funds for capital expenditures and anticipated construction projects.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District adopted a budget for the fiscal year projecting a loss of \$500,000, related to the budgetary reserve. The General Fund had no change in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Revenues exceeded budget by \$4,032,355. These additional revenues were utilized to fund expenditures, which exceeded budget by \$2,403,753. Other financing uses also exceeded budget due to additional transfers to the Capital Projects Fund.

# Governmental Funds' Revenues and Expenditures

In the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds, for the year ended June 30, 2023, total revenues of \$83.6 million are comprised of local revenues of 66.6% with state and federal revenues contributing 26.7% and 6.7%, respectively. Expenditures of governmental funds totaling \$102.2 million are categorized as current (instructional, support and operation of noninstructional services) representing 70% of the total, capital outlay represents 22%, with debt service comprising 8% of total expenditures. Figures 10 and 11 depict the percentages of total governmental revenue and expenditure categories for the fiscal year 2022-23.

Figure 10 Sources of Governmental Funds' Revenues for Fiscal Year 2023

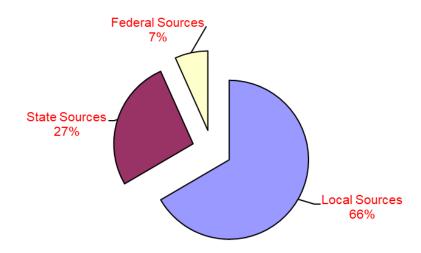
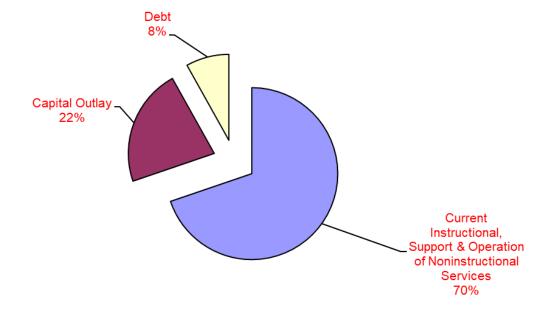


Figure 11 Governmental Funds' Expenditures for Fiscal Year 2023



# **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

In total, net capital assets increased \$20.7 million as a result of a \$23 million increase in construction in progress, and an overall net decrease in all other assets of \$2 million.

Figure 12
Capital Assets (net of depreciation and amortization)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
	(	2022 (restated)		2023	2022		2023	(	2022 (restated)		2023
Land	\$	14,780,338	\$	14,780,338	\$ -	\$	-	\$	14,780,338	\$	14,780,338
Construction in progress		15,079,838		38,434,958	-		-		15,079,838		38,434,958
Site Improvements		417,997		444,415	-		-		417,997		444,415
Building and Building											
Improvements		47,229,332		44,399,882	-		-		47,229,332		44,399,882
Machinery and Equipment		2,504,825		2,532,104	213,139		213,671		2,717,964		2,745,775
Right to Use Assets		1,141,898		1,282,737	 -		-		1,141,898		1,282,737
Total	\$	81,154,228	\$	101,874,434	\$ 213,139	\$	213,671	\$	81,367,367	\$	102,088,105

# **Long-Term Debt**

Outstanding long-term debt totaling \$98.9 million as of June 30, 2023, consists of general obligation bonds and notes of \$92.1 million with varying maturities through year 2046, bond premiums of \$5.5 million, lease payables of \$1.1 million, and subscription liabilities of \$0.2 million. Principal payments totaled \$4.9 million during the fiscal year, with interest payments totaling \$2.8 million.

Figure 13 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

For Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023

		To	 Change		
	2022 2023				
		(restated)			
General Obligation Bonds & Notes	\$	96,960,000	\$	92,103,000	\$ (4,857,000)
Bond Premiums		5,796,997		5,552,913	(244,084)
Lease Payable		829,786		1,080,823	251,037
Subscription Liability		305,039		186,562	(118,477)
Total		103,891,822	\$	98,923,298	\$ (4,968,524)

More detailed information on capital assets and long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances that may affect its future financial growth.

- Under Act 1, Pennsylvania Public Schools are subject to a real estate property base tax cap of 4.1% for fiscal years 2023-24 and 5.3% for 2024-25. Due to the District's aid ratio exceeding 0.4 for both the 2023-24 and the 2024-25 fiscal years, the District's millage is limited to a 5.2% and a 6.8% increase, respectively. The District's 2023-24 millage increased from 29.6 mills to 30.1 mills. If the District anticipates the need to exceed the cap, it must have exceptions approved through the courts or the Pennsylvania Department of Education or seek voter approval. The adoption of the preliminary budget or a resolution stating that the District will not raise the millage by more than the Act 1 index is due in January 2024.
- The District's collective bargaining agreement with the Governor Mifflin Education Association is effective for July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2025. Salary increases will be 3.9% for 2023-24 and 2024-25.
- The District's collective bargaining agreement with AFSCME for support personnel is effective for July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2024. Wage increases will be \$0.60 for 2023-2024.
- The required District contribution to the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System decreased from 35.26% to 34% for 2023-24 with rate increases projected in future years.
- Health Trust insurance premiums for 2023-24 increased 8.75% over the prior year.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Governor Mifflin School District, 10 S. Waverly St, Shillington PA 19607.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### June 30, 2023

		Business-	
	Governmental	Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 50,079,568	\$ 2,013,531	\$ 52,093,099
Restricted cash	2,370,920	-	2,370,920
Internal balances	(31,369)	31,369	-
Taxes receivable, net	1,910,896	-	1,910,896
Intergovernmental receivables	4,143,515	15,805	4,159,320
Other receivables	69,746	1,946	71,692
Inventories	-	33,393	33,393
Prepaid expenses	75,478	-	75,478
Capital assets:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	53,215,296	-	53,215,296
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	47,376,401	213,671	47,590,072
Right-to-use assets, net of accumulated amortization	1,282,737		1,282,737
TOTAL ASSETS	160,493,188	2,309,715	162,802,903
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on bond refunding	557,724	-	557,724
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	14,416,433	343,866	14,760,299
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	1,357,146	26,146	1,383,292
beterred outliens of resources for other posteriployment benefits	1,337,1110	20,110	1,000,202
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,331,303	370,012	16,701,315
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	5,211,019	2,132	5,213,151
Accrued interest	715,169	-	715,169
Accrued salaries and benefits	7,765,273	1,283	7,766,556
Unearned revenues	51,646	21,081	72,727
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year	4,519,154	-	4,519,154
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds and notes payable, net	93,912,913	-	93,912,913
Lease payable	602,295	-	602,295
Subscription liability	77,630	-	77,630
Long-term portion of compensated absences	416,169	-	416,169
Long-term portion of retirement severances	46,375	-	46,375
Long-term portion of early retirement incentives	13,000	-	13,000
Net pension liability	92,165,515	1,775,485	93,941,000
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	6,366,095	193,613	6,559,708
TOTAL LIABILITIES	211,862,253	1,993,594	213,855,847
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,,		
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	4,023,491	313,224	4,336,715
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits	4,246,792	88,411	4,335,203
beferred lilliows of resources for other posteriployment benefits	4,240,792	00,411	4,333,203
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,270,283	401,635	8,671,918
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	27,524,796	213,671	27,738,467
Restricted for capital projects	12,172,891	, -	12,172,891
Unrestricted (deficit)	(83,005,732)	70,827	(82,934,905)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (43,308,045)	\$ 284,498	\$ (43,023,547)

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenue			(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Positio	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:	ć 42.022.424	¢ 460.630	ć 44.630.365	<b>^</b>	ć (24.244.22C)	<b>.</b>	¢ (24.244.226)
Instruction Instructional student support	\$ 43,022,131 6,316,148	\$ 160,630	\$ 11,620,265 1,292,758	\$ -	\$ (31,241,236) (5,023,390)	\$ -	\$ (31,241,236) (5,023,390)
Administrative and financial support services	6,040,431	_	1,292,738 877,679	-	(5,023,390)	-	(5,162,752)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	7,795,416	94,193	472,582	2,922,164	(4,306,477)	_	(4,306,477)
Pupil transportation	2,954,646	5 <del>-</del> ,155	1,111,650	2,322,104	(1,842,996)	-	(1,842,996)
Student activities	1,579,119	139,481	219,123	-	(1,220,515)	-	(1,220,515)
Community services	172,391		22,604	-	(149,787)	-	(149,787)
Interest on long-term debt	2,682,661			1,110,280	(1,572,381)		(1,572,381)
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	70,562,943	394,304	15,616,661	4,032,444	(50,519,534)	-	(50,519,534)
Business-Type Activities:							
Food services	2,179,794	787,639	2,210,805			818,650	818,650
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 72,742,737	\$ 1,181,943	\$ 17,827,466	\$ 4,032,444	(50,519,534)	818,650	(49,700,884)
	General Revenues						
	Taxes: Property taxes				45,975,386	_	45,975,386
	Earned income				5,555,493	_	5,555,493
		ealty, and mercantile	e tax		1,185,674	-	1,185,674
			not restricted for a s	pecific program	9,061,527	-	9,061,527
	Investment earn	ings			1,764,658	34,622	1,799,280
	Miscellaneous in	icome			35,290	-	35,290
	Transfers				10,245	(10,245)	
	Total G	eneral Revenues an	d Transfers		63,588,273	24,377	63,612,650
	Change	in Net Position			13,068,739	843,027	13,911,766
	Net Position (Defic	cit) - Beginning of Ye	ear		(56,376,784)	(558,529)	(56,935,313)
	Net Position (Defic	cit) - End of Year			\$ (43,308,045)	\$ 284,498	\$ (43,023,547)

# BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 14,589,942	\$ 35,489,626	\$ -	\$ 50,079,568
Restricted cash	-	2,370,920	-	2,370,920
Interfund receivables	5,084	2,384,390	-	2,389,474
Taxes receivable	1,938,207	-	-	1,938,207
Intergovernmental receivables	4,143,515	-	-	4,143,515
Other receivables	69,746	-	-	69,746
Prepaid expenditures	75,478			75,478
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 20,821,972	\$ 40,244,936	\$ -	\$ 61,066,908
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Interfund payables	\$ 2,420,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,420,843
Accounts payable	1,400,251	3,810,768	-	5,211,019
Accrued salaries and benefits	7,953,967	-	-	7,953,967
Unearned revenues	51,646			51,646
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,826,707	3,810,768	-	15,637,475
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,365,571	-	-	1,365,571
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	75,478	-	-	75,478
Restricted	-	36,434,168	-	36,434,168
Committed for:				
Construction	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
Assigned	500,000	-	-	500,000
Unassigned	5,804,216			5,804,216
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	7,629,694	36,434,168		44,063,862
TOTAL HADILITIES DEFENDED INC. ONLY				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 20,821,972	\$ 40,244,936	\$ -	\$ 61,066,908

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### June 30, 2023

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 44,063,862
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$179,891,416 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$78,016,982.		101,874,434
Property and other taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds adjusted for allowance for doubtful accounts.		1,338,260
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds and notes payable Leases payable Subscription liability Accrued interest on bonds and leases Unamortized bond premium Deferred charge on bond refunding Long-term portion of compensated absences Long-term portion of retirement severances Long-term portion of early retirement incentives	\$ (92,103,000) (1,080,823) (186,562) (715,169) (5,552,913) 557,724 (416,169) (46,375) (13,000)	(99,556,287)
The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for pensions are not reflected on the fund financial statements.		(81,772,573)
The net other postemployment benefit liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits are not reflected on the fund financial statements.		(9,255,741)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (43,308,045)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 54,630,252	\$ 1,033,197	\$ -	\$ 55,663,449
State sources	22,306,715	-	-	22,306,715
Federal sources	5,608,834			5,608,834
TOTAL REVENUES	82,545,801	1,033,197	-	83,578,998
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional services	46,259,971	8,348	-	46,268,319
Support services	21,770,130	988,922	-	22,759,052
Operation of noninstructional	, ,	,		, ,
services	1,915,117	228,150	-	2,143,267
Facilities acquisition, construction,		·		
and improvement services	2,922,165	19,666,369	-	22,588,534
Debt service:				
Principal	694,883	-	4,857,000	5,551,883
Interest	38,711	979,225	1,771,213	2,789,149
Refund of prior year revenues	61,309	<u> </u>		61,309
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	73,662,286	21,871,014	6,628,213	102,161,513
	,			
<b>EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES</b>				
OVER EXPENDITURES	8,883,515	(20,837,817)	(6,628,213)	(18,582,515)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from issuance of leases	851,051	-	-	851,051
Transfers in	10,245	3,119,053	6,628,213	9,757,511
Sale of capital assets	3,955	-	-	3,955
Transfers out	(9,748,766)			(9,748,766)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(0.002.545)	2 440 052	C C20 242	062.754
SOURCES (USES)	(8,883,515)	3,119,053	6,628,213	863,751
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(17,718,764)	-	(17,718,764)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,629,694	54,152,932		61,782,626
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,629,694	\$ 36,434,168	\$ -	\$ 44,063,862

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ (17,718,764)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays Less: depreciation and amortization expense Less: loss on lease modification	\$ 24,767,051 (4,012,401) (34,444)	20,720,206
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds.		49,025
Issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Repayment of bond and note principal Issuance of leases Repayment of lease principal Lease modification Repayment of subscription liability Amortization of bond premium Amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding	4,857,000 (851,051) 576,406 23,608 118,477 244,084 (120,525)	4,847,999
Interest expense incurred on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources.		(16,776)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The difference in the amount incurred and amount paid of these activities is:		
Long-term portion of compensated absences  Long-term portion of retirement severances  Long-term portion of early retirement incentives	43,636 22,375 (1,000)	
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows  Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows	5,126,313 (4,275)	5,187,049
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 13,068,739

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

# June 30, 2023

		erprise Fund od Service
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and investments Interfund receivables	\$	2,013,531 31,369
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables Inventories		15,805 1,946 33,393
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,096,044
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Machinery and equipment, net		213,671
TOTAL ASSETS		2,309,715
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources for pension		343,866
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		26,146
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		370,012
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		2,132
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,283
Unearned revenues		21,081
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		24,496
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		4 775 405
Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefit liabilities		1,775,485 193,613
		·
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		1,969,098
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,993,594
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources for pension  Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		313,224 88,411
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		401,635
NET POSITION		242.574
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted		213,671 70,827
	<u> </u>	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	284,498

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Enterprise Fund Food Service
OPERATING REVENUES		
Food service revenue		\$ 787,639
	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	787,639
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries		678,845
Employee benefits		411,780
Pension and OPEB valuation adjustments		(250,834)
Purchased professional services		3,430
Purchased property services		27,555
Other purchased services		496
Supplies		1,278,454
Depreciation Other operating expenses		26,316 2,753
Other operating expenses		3,752
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,179,794
	OPERATING LOSS	(1,392,155)
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Earnings on investments		34,622
State sources		316,693
Federal sources		1,894,112
	TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES	2,245,427
	INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	853,272
TRANSFERS OUT		(10,245)
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	843,027
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(558,529)
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 284,498

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund Food Service	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Received from users  Payments to employees for services  Payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$	758,408 (1,092,569) (1,156,877)
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(1,491,038)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  State sources Federal sources Transfers out		324,884 1,954,058 (10,245)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		2,268,697
CASH FLOWS CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Purchases of equipment		(26,848)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Earnings on investments		34,622
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		785,433
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,228,098
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	2,013,531

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUND

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Enterprise Fund Food Service		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash				
<u>Used For Operating Activities</u> :				
Operating less	\$	(1 202 155)		
Operating loss	Ş	(1,392,155)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash				
used for operating activities:  Depreciation		26.216		
Donated commodities used		26,316 202,055		
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,		202,055		
and deferred inflows of resources:				
Interfund receivables		(30,391)		
Other receivables		(1,946)		
Inventories		16,599		
Deferred outflows of resources for pension		(22,774)		
Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		4,321		
Accounts payable		(31,453)		
Accrued salaries and benefits		(1,944)		
Unearned revenues		(27,285)		
Net pension liability		222,097		
Net other postemployment benefits liabilities		(75,879)		
Deferred inflows of resources for pension		(449,999)		
Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits		71,400		
		, .30		
Total adjustments		(98,883)		
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(1,491,038)		

# **NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

During the year, the District used \$202,055 of commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# June 30, 2023

	 Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 376,818
TOTAL ASSETS	376,818
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 14,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 14,381
NET POSITION	\$ 362,437

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		C	ustodial Funds
ADDITIONS  Earnings on investments  Contributions		\$	2,176 526,167
	TOTAL ADDITIONS		528,343
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and fees Student activities			3,525 551,076
	TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		554,601
	LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS		(26,258)
TRANSFERS IN			1,500
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(24,758)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR			387,195
	NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	362,437

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

Governor Mifflin School District ("School District" or the "District") is located in Berks County, Pennsylvania. The District tax base consists of Brecknock Township, Cumru Township, Kenhorst Borough, Mohnton Borough, and Shillington Borough. Governor Mifflin School District is governed by a board of nine school directors who are residents of the School District and who are elected every two years, on a staggered basis, for a four-year term.

The board of school directors has the power and duty to establish, equip, furnish, and maintain a sufficient number of elementary, secondary, and other schools necessary to educate every person, residing in such district between the ages of 6 and 21 years, who may attend.

In order to establish, enlarge, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain any school herein provided, or to pay any school indebtedness which the School District is required to pay, or to pay an indebtedness that may at any time hereafter be created by the School District, the board of school directors are vested with all the necessary authority and power annually to levy and collect the necessary taxes required and granted by the legislature, in addition to the annual state appropriation, and are vested with all necessary power and authority to comply with and carry out any or all of the provisions of the Public School Code of 1949.

#### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of Governor Mifflin School District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting principles are as follows:

#### A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District and its component units.

The District used guidance contained in generally accepted accounting principles to evaluate the possible inclusion of related entities (authorities, boards, councils, fiduciary activities, etc.) within its reporting entity. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity consists of the primary government and legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine through the exercise of management's professional judgment that the inclusion of a legally separate entity that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that legally separate entity should be included as a component unit if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government or other component units are such that the exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements incomplete or misleading. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### A. Reporting Entity - continued

Based on the foregoing criteria, the District has determined it has no component units.

Governments commonly enter into special arrangements with each other to provide or obtain needed services. A common type of such an arrangement is a joint venture. In addition to joint ventures, governments also enter into contracts to plan for and address certain activities for their mutual benefits; i.e., a jointly governed organization. The District has one of each of these relationships:

**Joint Venture:** The District is a participating member of the Berks Career & Technology Center. See Note 11 for details of involvement and financial information of the joint venture.

**Jointly Governed Organizations:** The District is a participating member of the Berks County Intermediate Unit (BCIU). BCIU is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of school directors of each participating district must approve BCIU's annual operating budget.

BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the BCIU. BCIU contracts with participating districts to supply special education services, computer services, and to act as a conduit for certain federal programs.

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting entity, except for its fiduciary activities. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, as well as any discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function to the District are offset by the program revenues related to that function. Direct expenses are those that are directly related to and clearly identified with a function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services or goods provided by a given function, or 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a function. Taxes and other items properly not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements - continued

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the contributions made to any component units from the District's governmental funds and transfers between governmental funds and business-type and fiduciary funds. Elimination of these contributions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### The District Reports the Following Major Governmental Funds:

**General Fund:** This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the District performs. Intergovernmental revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the District are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the District for which a separate fund has not been established.

**Capital Projects Fund:** This fund is established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital equipment and facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

**Debt Service Fund:** This fund is established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

#### The District has the Following Major Enterprise Fund:

**Food Service Fund:** The food service fund is authorized under section 504 of the Public School Code of 1949 to account for all revenues, food purchases, and costs and expenses for the food service program. The food service fund is the District's only major enterprise fund where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing food services are covered by user charges and subsidies received.

#### Additionally, the District Reports the Following Fund Type:

**Fiduciary Funds:** The District's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Custodial funds are fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. The District's custodial funds are the scholarship and student activities funds.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# C. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements - continued

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as interfund receivables and payables. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the food service fund are charges to customers for sales and services provided. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Federal and state subsidies are considered non-operating revenues as no exchange transaction occurs.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. If time-eligibility requirements are not met, deferred inflows of resources would be recorded. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt, including leases and subscriptions payable, are reported as other financing sources.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED**

# E. Budgetary Process

An operating budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required.

In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the board shall annually, but not later than 110 days before the primary election, decide the budget option to be used for the following fiscal year. The board shall approve either the Accelerated Budget Process Option or the Board Resolution Option.

# **Accelerated Budget Process Option**

Under this option, a preliminary budget must be adopted 90 days prior to the primary election. The preliminary budget must be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to the budget adoption. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt the preliminary budget at least 10 days prior to the adoption.

If the primary budget exceeds the increase authorized by the Index, an application for an exception may be filed with the Pennsylvania Department of Education and made available for public inspection. The board may opt to forego applying for an exception by submitting a referendum question seeking voter approval for a tax increase, in accordance with Act 1.

The final budget shall include any necessary changes from the adopted preliminary budget. Any reduction required as the result of the failure of referendum shall be clearly stated. The final budget shall be made available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to final adoption. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board prior to June 30.

### **Board Resolution Option**

Under the Board Resolution Option, the board shall adopt a resolution that it will not raise the rate of any tax for the following fiscal year by more than the Index. Such resolution shall be adopted no later than 110 days prior to the primary election. At least 30 days prior to adoption of the final budget the board shall prepare a proposed budget. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to adoption of the budget. The board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt at least 10 days prior to adoption of the proposed budget. The board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the board by June 30.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The PA School Code allows the school board to make budgetary transfers between major function and major object codes only within the last nine months of the fiscal year, unless there is a two-thirds majority of the board approving the transfer. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### F. Financial Position

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly-liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized cost if required criteria are met as outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments will occur in the near-term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

### 3. Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventories of the governmental funds, consisting principally of textbooks and instructional supplies, are not valued since it is the policy of the District to charge these items to expense upon acquisition.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items - continued

Inventories of the enterprise fund consisting of food and paper supplies are carried at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Federal donated commodities are valued at their fair market value as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture at the date of donation. The inventories on hand at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Purchased food	\$ 16,200
Supplies	7,430
Donated commodities	 9,763
	\$ 33,393

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The costs of prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### 5. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The District's capital assets with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective financial statements. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Right-to-use assets are reported when a qualifying lease or subscription liability is incurred.

The District generally capitalizes assets with costs of \$2,500 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. Management has elected to include certain homogeneous asset categories with individual assets less than \$2,500 as composite groups for financial reporting purposes. Assets purchased or constructed with long-term debt may be capitalized regardless of the threshold established. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Construction in progress is stated at cost and consists primarily of costs incurred on construction projects. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until the assets are complete and placed into service. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 5. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization - continued

Estimated useful lives for depreciable and amortizable assets are as follows:

Assets	Years
Building and building improvements	20 - 50
Land improvements	5 - 10
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20
Right-to-use lease assets	2 - 6
Right-to-use subscription assets	2 - 3

# 6. Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets to be held and used are required to be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In general, any long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The District periodically evaluates the recoverability of its long-lived assets, including real estate and improvements and deferred costs, using objective methodologies. Such methodologies include evaluations based on cash flows generated by the underlying assets or other determinants of fair value. None of the District's long-lived assets were considered to be impaired as of June 30, 2023.

#### 7. Unearned Revenues

Revenues that are received but not earned are reported as unearned revenues in the government-wide, governmental and proprietary fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the respective financial statements and revenue is recognized.

### 8. Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation days based on employment agreements. Payments for vacation days are expensed as paid in the governmental fund statements. Accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has matured is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability in the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated vacation leave that is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and that has not matured is reported as a long-term liability in the proprietary funds and the government-wide financial statements and is expensed as incurred.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 9. Retirement Severances

The District offers a retirement severance for teaching-level professional employees. To be eligible for a severance payment, the commitment to retire must be officially submitted by April 1 of the school year of retirement or 60 days prior to the date of retirement if not at the end of the school year. Upon actual retirement from the District under the provisions of the Public School Employees Retirement System of Pennsylvania, each professional employee shall be paid a severance payment based on years of service. The rate varies from \$75 - \$150 per year of service and shall be made to a 403(b) plan of the employee's choice from the District's approved vendors.

### **10.** Early Retirement Incentives

The District offers an early retirement incentive plan for teaching-level professional employees. In order to obtain the benefit, the employee must apply on or before January 31<sup>st</sup> of the current school year, qualify for retirement in accordance with the provisions of the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), and have 25 years of PSERS eligibility prior to the effective date of retirement. The early retirement incentive is a one-time district-funded payment that varies from \$3,500 to \$10,000 according to years of service as recognized by PSERS. All payments shall be made to a 403(b) plan of the employee's choice from the District's approved vendors.

# 11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the statement of net position. This same treatment also applies to proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Other bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and original issue discounts or premiums are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs and underwriter's discount, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

# F. Financial Position - continued

### 12. Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Governor Mifflin School District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). The District recognizes a lease or subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (lease or subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease or SBITA, the District initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The right-to-use asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases and SBITAs include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) term, and (3) payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged under the agreement as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The term includes the noncancellable period of the agreement. Also included within the term
  are any qualifying renewals or early termination options that the District is reasonably certain
  to exercise or not exercise. Payments included in the measurement of the liability are
  composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain
  to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease or SBITAs and will remeasure the asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liability.

Lease and subscription assets are reported with capital assets and related liabilities are reported with noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 13. Pension

The District contributes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The District accounts for the plan under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures.

For the purpose of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 14. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District's other postemployment benefit plans are accounted for under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit expense and related liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, certain required supplementary information, and note disclosures. The District provides OPEB under the following two plans:

# **PSERS OPEB Plan**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# **District OPEB Plan**

The District sponsors a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District OPEB plan is unfunded.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

A deferred charge on bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension relates to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arises from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions made to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. The contributions will be recognized as a reduction in net pension liability in the following year.

Deferred outflows of resources for other postemployment benefits relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from the changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred outflow. Also included are contributions or benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date and prior to the District's year end. These payments will be recognized as a reduction to the net other postemployment benefit liability in the following year.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Unavailable revenue arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source - property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Deferred inflows of resources for pension relates to the District's net pension liability and pension expense and arises from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the pension plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the net pension liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

Deferred inflows of resources for other postemployment benefits relate to the District's liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions and related expenses and arise from changes in assumptions, actual versus expected results, changes in benefits, variances in expected versus actual investment earnings, changes in the employer's proportion, differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total contributions reported by the plan, or changes in the internal allocation of the other postemployment benefit liability between governmental and business-type activities or funds. These amounts are deferred and amortized over either a closed 5-year period or the average remaining service life of all employees depending on what gave rise to the deferred inflow.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### F. Financial Position - continued

### 16. Net Position and Flow Assumptions

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in the capital assets component of net position is comprised of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. In addition, any deferred outflows of resources and/or deferred inflows of resources related to such capital assets or liabilities associated with the capital assets should also be added to or deducted from the overall net investment in capital assets. If there are unspent related debt proceeds at year end, the portion of debt attributed to the unspent bond proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. The restricted component of net position is used when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by a higher governmental authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The remaining component of net position is unrestricted.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both the restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available.

### 17. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The nonspendable fund balance classification represents assets in nonspendable form and includes items such as prepaid expenditures and inventory.

The restricted fund balance classification represents funds that are limited in use due to constraints for a specific purpose through restrictions by external parties, grant agreements, or enabling legislation.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of school directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### F. Financial Position - continued

### 17. Fund Balance Policies and Flow Assumptions - continued

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The finance committee or business manager may assign fund balance. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

The District's unassigned fund balance of the general fund should not be less than 5% of the following year's budgeted expenditures. In any fiscal year where the school district is unable to maintain this minimum reservation of fund balance, the school district shall not budget any amount of unassigned fund balance for the purpose of balancing the general fund budget until this level is achieved.

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. The District's policy states that committed amounts will be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts for unrestricted fund balances used. However, the District reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### H. Adoption of Accounting Standard

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District adopted new accounting guidance GASB Statement No. 96 retroactive to July 1, 2022. GASB Statement No. 96 was issued to (1) define subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) (2) establish that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provide the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) require note disclosures regarding a SBITA. As a result of this standard implementation, capital assets (including right-to-use assets) were increased \$305,039 with an offsetting long-term liability of the same amount. There was no change to beginning net position or fund balance.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

# A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The District had no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

#### B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023, no individual funds had a deficit fund balance or net position.

### C. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$2,403,753, which was satisfied with excess revenues received including unbudgeted grant funds received.

### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended, the District is permitted to invest funds in the following types of investments:

Obligations of (a) the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, (b) the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or (c) any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision.

Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits, or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent that such accounts are so insured and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law therefore, shall be pledged by the depository.

Pennsylvania Act 10 of 2016 became effective May 25, 2016, and expanded the permitted investment types to include commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, and insured bank deposit reciprocals as long as certain safeguards related to credit quality and maturity are met.

The deposit and investment policy of the District adheres to state statutes. There were no deposits or investment transactions during the year that were in violation of either the state statutes or the policy of the District.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

The breakdown of total cash and investments at June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Petty cash	\$ 3,450
Cash	6,707,005
Certificates of deposit	1,965,000
Pooled cash and investments	 46,165,382
	\$ 54,840,837

### **Deposits**

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk on deposits. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$8,672,005 and the bank balance was \$9,228,174. Of the bank balance, \$2,484,602 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$6,743,572 was exposed to custodial credit risk but covered by collateralization requirements in accordance with Act 72 of the 1971 Session of the General Assembly. Included in deposits are certificates of deposit (CDs) that have original maturity dates of greater than three months. The CDs are considered deposits for the purposes of this disclosure and included as deposits in the custodial credit risk disclosure above. The District has CDs outstanding \$1,965,000.

### **Restricted Cash**

Restricted cash consists of \$2,370,920 of cash held in escrow related to the District's current construction projects.

### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following pooled cash and investments:

	Maturities	Fair Value	Carrying	Level
PA Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT):				
PLGIT/Prime		\$ 12,199,788	\$ 12,199,788	N/A
PLGIT/Class		3,396,372	3,396,372	N/A
PLGIT/Term	< 1 year	28,590,961	28,590,961	N/A
PA School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF):				
MAX Account Balance		994,362	994,362	N/A
U.S. Treasuries	<1 year	983,899	983,899	N/A
Tot	tal Pooled Cash a	and Investments	\$ 46,165,382	

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

#### Pooled Cash and Investments - continued

Certain external investments held by the District, based on portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity measures, qualify for measurement at amortized cost at both the pool and participating government level consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The District measures those investments, which include \$44,187,121 (PLGIT) and \$1,978,261 (PSDLAF) at amortized cost. All investments in external investment pools that are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission are subject to oversight by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

PLGIT invests primarily in U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, as well as certain municipal obligations and collateralized or insured certificates of deposit. The fund manager intends to comply with guidelines similar to those mandated for money-market funds as contained in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

PLGIT/Prime is a variable rate investment portfolio. There is no minimal balance requirement and redemptions/exchanges are limited to two per calendar month.

PLGIT/Class Shares are a flexible option within the PLGIT fund which requires no minimum balance, no minimum initial investment, and a one-day minimum investment period. Dividends are paid monthly.

PLGIT/Term is a fixed term investment portfolio with maturity of up to one year, depending on the termination date of any particular series within the PLGIT/TERM portfolio. This option requires a minimum initial investment of \$100,000, a minimum investment period of 60 days, and has a premature withdrawal penalty.

A portion of the District's deposits are in the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund. PSDLAF acts like a money market mutual fund in that the objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, and is subject to an independent annual audit.

The PSDMAX fund invests in U.S. treasury securities, U.S. government securities, its agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements, collateralized by such securities and contracted with highly-rated counterparties. Weighted average portfolio maturity for the fund is expected to be kept at or below 60 days. PSDMAX does not have limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

The PSDLAF U.S. Treasury Securities, as part of the Fixed-Income Series at PSDLAF, is fixed-term investments collateralized in accordance with Act 72 and invests in assets listed above as permitted under Section 440.1 of the Public School Code of 1949. The Fixed-Term Series are fixed-term investment vehicles with maturities depending upon the maturity date of each particular Fixed-Term Series. All investments in a Fixed-Term Series by a Settlor are intended to be deposited for the full term of the particular Fixed-Term Series; however, participants in the full flex pool may remove funds without early withdrawal penalty. Whether a Fixed-Term Series has only one Settlor or more than one Settlor participating in it, each certificate of deposit in which the monies in such Fixed-Term Series are invested is registered in the name of that particular Fixed-Term Series.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

#### Pooled Cash and Investments - continued

As of June 30, 2023, the entire PLGIT and PSDLAF book balance of \$46,165,382 is considered to be a cash equivalent for presentation on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### **Credit Risk**

The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments were rated as:

	Standard
Investment	& Poor's
	<del></del> -
PLGIT	AAAm
PSDLAF	AAAm

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2023, the District has no investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 4 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE**

The District has five independently elected tax collectors who are responsible for the collection of real estate taxes. Assessed values are established by the County Board of Assessment. All taxable real property was assessed at \$1,602,083,300. In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the District received \$1,085,259 in property tax reduction funds for the 2022/2023 fiscal year. The District tax rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 29.60 mills (\$29.60 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) as levied by the board of school directors. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for the current fiscal year was as follows:

July 1Levy dateJuly 1 - August 312% discount periodSeptember 1 - November 30Face payment periodDecember 1 - January 1410% penalty periodJanuary 15All taxes unpaid become delinquent and are turned over to the County Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

The District, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes as determined by administration. A portion of

as revenue and the balance unavailable in the fund financial statements.

The balances at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Gross Taxes Receivable	 wance for collectible Taxes	Net Estimated to be Collectible	-	Tax Revenue ecognized	Unavailable Revenue
Real estate tax Other taxes - earned	\$ 1,475,627	\$ 27,311	\$ 1,448,316	\$	110,056	\$ 1,365,571
income, real estate transfer	462,580	 	462,580		462,580	
	\$ 1,938,207	\$ 27,311	\$ 1,910,896	\$	572,636	\$ 1,365,571

the net amount estimated to be collectible, which was measurable and available within 60 days, was recognized

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 5 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES**

The following schedule represents intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2023:

	General Fund	terprise d Service
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:		
Retirement	\$ 2,141,566	\$ -
Social Security	442,723	-
Pre-K Counts	36,310	-
Transportation	4,813	-
Berks County IU - Special Education Grants to States	216,322	-
Berks County IU - Other	45,180	-
Other LEA's	52,359	-
Other	6,420	-
E-Rate Rebate	15,607	-
Federal Subsidies:		
Title I - Grants to Local Education Agencies	38,732	-
English Language Acquisition State Grant	5,563	-
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	1,133,723	-
Medical Assistance Program	4,197	-
Summer Food Programs		15,805
Total	\$ 4,143,515	\$ 15,805

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS**

The following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2023:

		Interfund Receivables								Interfund Payables
General Fund Capital Projects Enterprise Fund - Food Service	\$ 2	5,084 2,384,390 31,369	\$	2,420,843 - -						
	\$ 2	2,420,843	\$	2,420,843						

Interfund receivables and payables exist as a result of a time lag between dates when payments between funds are made. All will be paid within one year.

The District made the following interfund operating transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Transfers In		In Transfer	
Conoral Fund	<u></u>	10 245	_	0.740.766
General Fund	\$	10,245	\$	9,748,766
Capital Projects Fund	3	3,119,053		-
Debt Service Fund	(	6,628,213		-
Enterprise Fund - Food Service		-		10,245
Custodial Fund - Student activities	1,500			-
	\$ 9	9,759,011	\$	9,759,011

Transfers were made to pay debt service, to provide resources for student activities, and to fund current and future capital needs. Transfers from the food service fund to the general fund were made to cover indirect costs.

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Increase	(Reclass) Decrease	Ending Balance
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(Nestated)			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 14,780,338	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,780,338
Construction in progress	15,079,838	23,376,905	(21,785)	38,434,958
TOTAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	29,860,176	23,376,905	(21,785)	53,215,296
TOTAL ASSETS NOT BEING BEING BEINGE	23,000,170	23,370,303	(21,703)	33,213,230
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and building improvements	100,239,246	26,256	-	100,265,502
Land improvements	6,704,041	85,643	-	6,789,684
Machinery and equipment	17,054,259	387,340	21,785	17,463,384
Totals being depreciated	123,997,546	499,239	21,785	124,518,570
- '				
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and building improvements	53,009,914	2,855,706	-	55,865,620
Land improvements	6,286,044	59,225	-	6,345,269
Machinery and equipment	14,549,434	381,846		14,931,280
Total accumulated depreciation	73,845,392	3,296,777		77,142,169
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING				
DEPRECIATED, NET	50,152,154	(2,797,538)	21,785	47,376,401
DEFRECIATED, NET	30,132,134	(2,737,336)	21,763	47,370,401
Right-to-use assets:				
Leased machinery and equipment	1,192,100	890,907	(230,496)	1,852,511
Subscriptions	305,039	-	-	305,039
,				
Total right-to-use assets				
being amortized	1,497,139	890,907	(230,496)	2,157,550
Loss communicated amountination for				
Less accumulated amortization for:	255 241	600 207	(106.053)	750 576
Leased machinery and equipment	355,241	600,387	(196,052)	759,576
Subscriptions		115,237		115,237
Total accumulated amortization	355,241	715,624	(196,052)	874,813
			(====)	
TOTAL RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS				
BEING AMORTIZED, NET	1,141,898	175,283	(34,444)	1,282,737
COVEDN: 1515 1 1 2511				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES,	ć 01.1E4.220	¢ 20.754.650	¢ (24.444)	ć 101 07 <i>4 4</i> 24
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 81,154,228	\$ 20,754,650	\$ (34,444)	\$ 101,874,434
				54

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 7 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED**

	lr	icrease	•	,		Ending Balance
\$ 1,283,256	\$	26,848	\$	-	\$	1,310,104
1,070,117		26,316		-		1,096,433
	•					
\$ 213,139	\$	532	\$	-	\$	213,671
	1,070,117	Balance In  \$ 1,283,256 \$  1,070,117	Balance       Increase         \$ 1,283,256       \$ 26,848         1,070,117       26,316	Balance         Increase         De           \$ 1,283,256         \$ 26,848         \$           1,070,117         26,316	Balance         Increase         Decrease           \$ 1,283,256         \$ 26,848         \$ -           1,070,117         26,316         -	Balance         Increase         Decrease           \$ 1,283,256         \$ 26,848         \$ - \$           1,070,117         26,316         -

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/program of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Instruction	\$ 375,789
Instructional student support	720,552
Administrative and financial support services	104,168
Operation and maintenance of plant services	2,780,536
Pupil transportation	4,024
Student activities	27,332

**TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** \$ 4,012,401

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

# **Bonds and Notes Payable**

The District issues general obligation notes and bonds to provide resources for major capital improvements. The bonds and notes are issued on a pledge of the full faith and credit of the District as well as their general taxing authority.

Bonds and notes payable are as follows at June 30, 2023:

# General Obligation Notes - Series A of 2020 (Bond Issue):

The District is liable for a general obligation note dated July 1, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$26,680,000. Principal maturities occur on April 1, 2021 through the year 2046. Interest is payable semi-annually on October 1<sup>st</sup> and April 1<sup>st</sup>. Interest rates vary from 1.00% to 4.00%. The proceeds of this note were used to finance various capital projects and to pay debt issuance costs.

\$ 26,665,000

# General Obligation Notes - Series B of 2020 (Bond Issue):

The District is liable for a general obligation note dated July 1, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$14,575,000. Principal maturities occur on April 1, 2021 through the year 2034 Interest is payable semi-annually on October 1<sup>st</sup> and April 1<sup>st</sup>. Interest rates vary from 1.998% to 2.378%. The proceeds of this note were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2012, to advance refund the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series B of 2012, and to pay debt issuance costs. This refunding was performed as a restructuring of the District debt. No savings were realized.

14,575,000

### General Obligation Notes - Series C of 2020 (Bank Loan):

The District is liable for a general obligation note dated July 1, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$24,960,000. Principal maturities occur on April 1, 2021 through the year 2030. Interest is payable semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st at a fixed interest rate of 1.46%. The proceeds of this note were used to advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2012 and to pay debt issuance costs. The District realized a savings of \$374,935 as a result of the refunding.

22,090,000

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

# **Bonds and Notes Payable - continued**

# General Obligation Notes - Series D of 2020 (Bank Loan):

The District is liable for a general obligation note dated August 13, 2020, in the original principal amount of \$9,285,000. Principal maturities occur on March 15, 2021 through the year 2024. Interest is payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 at an interest rate of 0.85%. The proceeds of this note were used to currently refund the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015 and to pay debt issuance costs. The District realized a savings of \$189,241 as a result of the refunding.

1,038,000

### General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2021:

The District is liable for general obligation bonds dated April 1, 2021, in the original principal amount of \$27,740,000. Principal maturities occur on April 1, 2023, through the year 2046. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. Interest rates vary from 1.00% to 4.00%. The proceeds of this issuance were used for the funding of various capital projects and to pay debt issuance costs.

27,735,000

**Total Bonds and Notes Payable** 

\$ 92,103,000

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

**NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED** 

# **Bonds and Notes Payable - continued**

The future annual payments required to amortize all notes and bonds payable for the years ending June 30 are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings								
		General		General				General	
	(	Obligation	C	bligation	Total		(	Obligation	
		Notes,		Notes,	Direct			Notes,	
	Ser	ies C of 2020	Seri	es D of 2020	Borrowings		Ser	ies A of 2020	
		_				_		_	
2024	\$	2,695,000	\$	1,038,000	\$	3,733,000	\$	5,000	
2025		3,185,000		-		3,185,000		5,000	
2026		3,240,000		-		3,240,000		5,000	
2027		3,300,000		-		3,300,000		5,000	
2028		3,350,000		-		3,350,000		5,000	
2029-2033		6,320,000		-		6,320,000		45,000	
2034-2038		-		-		-		7,850,000	
2039-2043		-		-		-		11,020,000	
2044-2046						_		7,725,000	
Total	\$	22,090,000	\$	1,038,000	\$	23,128,000	\$	26,665,000	
iotai	<del></del>	22,030,000	<del></del>	1,038,000	<del></del>	23,128,000	<del></del>	20,003,000	
		General		General		Total			
	(	Obligation	C	bligation		General			
		Notes,		Bonds,	L	.ong-Term		Total	
	Ser	ies B of 2020	Sei	ries of 2021		Debt		Interest	
2024	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	3,743,000	\$	2,701,574	
2025		30,000		190,000		3,410,000		2,653,304	
2026		20,000		195,000		3,460,000		2,604,254	
2027		10,000		195,000		3,510,000		2,553,551	
2028		5,000		200,000		3,560,000		2,502,171	
2029-2033		11,255,000		575,000		18,195,000		11,642,757	
2034-2038		3,255,000		7,660,000		18,765,000		9,343,104	
2039-2043		-		11,010,000		22,030,000		5,776,500	
2044-2046				7,705,000		15,430,000		1,250,400	
Total	\$	14,575,000	\$	27,735,000	\$	92,103,000	\$	41,027,615	

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

### **Events of Default**

The District's general obligation bonds and notes contain a provision that in the event of default of non-payment of principal and interest, the School Code allows for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to withhold monies from the School District subsidies and pay any past due amounts directly to the paying agent for payment to the bond holders.

#### Leases

The District has entered into lease agreements for various technology equipment including copiers, printers, and computers. The leases have various termination dates through February 2029. These leases include either monthly, quarterly, or annual payments of principal and interest at rates ranging from 4.44% to 6.56%.

Future lease maturities as of June 30 are as follows:

	 Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$ 478 <i>,</i> 528	\$	51,718	\$	530,246
2025	297,607		30,564		328,171
2026	252,972		15,424		268,396
2027	37,239		1,881		39,120
2028	13,733		767		14,500
2029	 744		6		750
	_				
	\$ \$ 1,080,823		100,360	\$	1,181,183

# **Subscriptions**

The District has entered into various agreements for subscription-based information technology arrangements. The arrangements mature through June 2025. Annual payments are made and interest is accrued at a rate of 5%.

Future subscription liability maturities as of June 30 are as follows:

	Principal	In	terest	 Total
2024	\$ 108,932	\$	9,545	\$ 118,477
2025	77,630		3,972	 81,602
	\$ 186,562	\$	13,517	\$ 200,079

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

**NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED** 

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
General Obligation Bonds					
and Notes:			4		
Bonds/notes payable	\$ 68,985,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 68,975,000	\$ 10,000
Premiums	5,796,997		244,084	5,552,913	10.000
Total bonds/notes payable	74,781,997	-	254,084	74,527,913	10,000
Direct borrowings	27,975,000		4,847,000	23,128,000	3,733,000
Bonds, notes,					
and payable, net	102,756,997	-	5,101,084 -	97,655,913	3,743,000
Leases payable	829,786	851,051	600,014 *	1,080,823	478,528
Subscription liability	305,039	-	118,477	186,562	108,932
Compensated absences	567,101	77,908	107,296	537,713	121,544
Retirement severance	153,063	46,775	86,313	113,525	67,150
Early retirement incentive	14,000	-	1,000	13,000	-
Net pension liability	87,211,612	15,330,498	10,376,595	92,165,515	-
Net other postemployment					
benefit liabilities	10,063,243		3,697,148	6,366,095	
Total governmental long-term liabilities	\$ 201,900,841	\$ 16,306,232	\$ 20,087,927	\$ 198,119,146	\$4,519,154
Business-Type Activities		<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	4	
Net pension liability	\$ 1,553,388	\$ 421,824	\$ 199,727	\$ 1,775,485	\$ -
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	260 402		75 070	102 612	
benefit liabilities	269,492		75,879	193,613	
Total business-type long-term liabilities	\$ 1,822,880	\$ 421,824	\$ 275,606	\$ 1,969,098	\$ -

<sup>\*</sup> Includes lease modification of \$23,608

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

Total interest paid during the year ended June 30, 2023, was \$2,789,149. Payments on bonds and notes payable are made by the general fund via transfer to the debt service fund. The lease, subscription, compensated absence, retirement severance, and early retirement incentive liabilities will be liquidated by the general fund. The net pension and PSERS OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future contributions to PSERS at the statutory rates; contributions will be made from the general and food service funds. The District OPEB Plan portion of the OPEB liability will be liquidated through future payments from the general and food service funds.

#### **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS**

### **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

# **General Information About the Pension Plan**

# Plan Description

PSERS (the System) is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under Title 24 Part IV of the Pennsylvania General Assembly. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

### **Benefits Provided**

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

# General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

### Benefits Provided - continued

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of 3 years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally between 1% and 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.0% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

# General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

# Contributions

The contribution policy is set by state statute and requires contributions by active members, employers, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

	Member Contribution Rates						
Membership	<b>Continuous Employment</b>	Defined Benefit (DB)	DC Contribution				
Class	Since	<b>Contribution Rate</b>	Rate	<b>Total Contribution Rate</b>			
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25%	N/A	5.25%			
1-0	Prior to July 22, 1965	5.25%	IN/A	6.25%			
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25%	N/A	6.25%			
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50%	N/A	6.50%			
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50%	N/A	7.50%			
		7.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50%			
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	shared risk provision	N/A	After 7/1/21: 8.00%			
		10.30% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 10.30%			
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	shared risk provision	N/A	After 7/1/21: 10.80%			
		5.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 8.25%			
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	shared risk provision	2.75%	After 7/1/21: 9.00%			
		4.50% base rate with		Prior to 7/1/21: 7.50%			
T-H	On or after July 1, 2019	shared risk provision	3.00%	After 7/1/21: 8.25%			
DC	On or after July 1, 2019	N/A	7.50%	7.50%			

Shared Risk Program Summary								
Membership	Defined Benefit (DB) Base	<b>Shared Risk</b>						
Class	Rate	Increment	Minimum	Maximum				
T-E	7.50%	+/- 0.50%	5.50%	9.50%				
T-F	10.30%	+/- 0.50%	8.30%	12.50%				
T-G	5.50%	+/- 0.75%	2.50%	8.50%				
T-H	4.50%	+/- 0.75%	1.50%	7.50%				

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

### General Information About the Pension Plan - continued

Contributions - continued

**Employer Contributions:** 

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 34.31% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that when combined with employee contributions is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$11,077,886 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Contributions to the defined contribution pension plan from the District were \$64,575 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for healthcare insurance premium assistance. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare (OPEB). This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net pension liability and related pension expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$5,905,103.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$93,941,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported contributions as it relates to the total one-year reported contributions. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.2113%, which was a decrease of 0.0049% from the proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

# **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,700,897. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ows of ources
Resources Res	ources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$ 43,000 \$	813,000
Change in assumptions 2,805,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual	
investment earnings - 1,	593,000
Changes in proportion - plan level 457,000 1,	695,000
Changes in proportion - internal 235,715	235,715
Difference between employer contributions and	
proportionate share of total contributions 141,698	-
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 11,077,886	-
\$ 14,760,299 \$ 4,	336,715

The \$11,077,886 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ 76,409
2025	36,532
2026	(3,000,795)
2027	 2,233,552
	 _
	\$ (654,302)

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability at June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability at June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2021
- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.50%.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The PSERS pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

# **Actuarial Assumptions - continued**

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 is:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global public equity	28.0%	5.3%
Private equity	12.0%	8.0%
Fixed income	33.0%	2.3%
Commodities	9.0%	2.3%
Infrastructure/ MLPs	9.0%	5.4%
Real estate	11.0%	4.6%
Absolute return	6.0%	3.5%
Cash	3.0%	0.5%
Leverage	(11.0%)	0.5%
	100.0%	

# **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 121,507,000	\$ 93,941,000	\$ 70,700,000

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

# Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS, including contributions related to pension and OPEB of \$3,095,346. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2023 through June 2023.

# 403(b) Tax Shelter Plan

The District has established a 403(b) tax shelter plan permitting the establishment of accounts for school employees to voluntarily set aside monies to supplement their retirement income. All school employees are eligible to participate. The District does not contribute to the Plan.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

# **Employee Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans**

The District has other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under two different plans: (1) a cost-sharing, multiple employer, employee defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered through PSERS (PSERS OPEB Plan) and (2) a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan (District OPEB Plan). The District's aggregate net OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

				Deferred		Deferred	
		Net OPEB		Outflows		Inflows	
Plan			Liability	of	Resources	of	Resources
PSERS OPEB Plan		\$	3,890,000	\$	749,158	\$	1,103,000
District OPEB Plan			2,669,708		634,134		3,232,203
	Total	\$	6,559,708	\$	1,383,292	\$	4,335,203

### **PSERS OPEB Plan**

### General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan

### Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

### Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the System can participate in the Premium Assistance Program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- · Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age.

For Class DC members to become eligible for Premium Assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24 ½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

# General Information About the PSERS OPEB Plan - continued

# Pension Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.psers.pa.gov">www.psers.pa.gov</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program.

### **Contributions**

The contribution policy is set by state statute. A portion of each employer's contribution is set aside for premium assistance. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$242,158 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District is also required to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to PSERS for pension benefits. Under the current legislation, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania reimburses the District for no less than one-half of the employer contributions made, including contributions related to pension and healthcare. This arrangement does not meet the criteria of a special funding situation in accordance with GASB Standards. Therefore, the net PSERS OPEB liability and related expense represents 100% of the District's share of these amounts. The total reimbursement recognized by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, for pension and OPEB benefits was \$5,905,103.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

#### PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$3,890,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.2113%, which was a decrease of 0.0049% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$63,928. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Determed

Determed

	Ou	eferred Itflows of Esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	432,000	\$	919,000
investment earnings		11,000		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		36,000		21,000
Changes in proportion - plan level		28,000		163,000
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		242,158		-
	\$	749,158	\$	1,103,000

The \$242,158 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ (148,000)	
2025	(99,000)	
2026	(111,000)	
2027	(111,000)	
2028	(127,000)	_
Total	\$ (596,000)	

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

# PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2021
- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in Premium Assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 improvement scale.
- Participation rate:
  - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre-age 65 at 50%
  - Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post-age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2020.

For the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.18% to 4.09%.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date
- Asset valuation method: Market Value
- Participation rate: The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumptions for eligible retirees.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

# **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

# PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

#### Actuarial Assumptions - continued

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

The PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 is:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	100.0%	0.5%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trend</u>
Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2022, 93,392 retirees were receiving the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. As of June 30, 2022, 611 members were receiving less than the maximum amount allowed of \$1,200 per year. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date, calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if the health cost trends were one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current Trend					
	19	6 Decrease		Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	3,889,000	\$	3,890,000	\$	3,890,000

#### Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (3.09%) or one-percentage point higher (5.09%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (3.09%)	Dis	scount Rate (4.09%)	 .% Increase (5.09%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,399,000	\$	3,890,000	\$ 3,464,000

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **PSERS OPEB Plan - continued**

PSERS OPEB Liability, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

#### Payables Related to the Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District had an accrued balance due to PSERS of \$3,095,346, including balances related to pension and OPEB. This amount represents the District's contractually obligated contributions for wages earned in April 2023 through June 2023.

#### **District OPEB Plan**

#### General Information About the District OPEB Plan

## <u>Plan Description</u>

Governor Mifflin School District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (the OPEB Plan). The District OPEB Plan provides medical and prescription drug insurance for eligible retirees through the District's health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members until the member reaches Medicare age. Benefit provisions are established through negotiation with the District and the unions representing the District's employees. The OPEB Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

#### General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

## **Benefits Provided**

The District classifies employees in the following categories: Administrators, Teachers, Non-Professional Union, and Non-Professional Nonunion. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the District and union representatives. Below is a summary of the postemployment benefits provided to each of these groups:

#### Administrators, Teachers, Non-Professional Union, and Non-Professional Nonunion:

ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
Must be eligible for PSERS retirement	Coverage Medical and Prescription Drug	Member is covered until Medicare age
	Premium Sharing Member and spouse must pay 102% of full premium for coverage  Dependents Spouse and Family included	Spouse is covered until the earlier of member reaches Medicare age or spouse reaches Medicare age

Pennsylvania Act 110 of 1988 and Act 43 of 1989 require school employers in Pennsylvania to give retirees and their dependents the right to continue coverage in the group health plan to which they belonged as employees, until they reach Medicare age. To be eligible for this benefit, retirees must provide payment equal to the premium determined for the purpose of COBRA.

#### **PSERS Retirement:**

- 1) Pension Class T-C or T-D: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: a) PSERS early retirement while under 62 with 5 years of PSERS service or b) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, age 62 with 1 year of PSERS service, or 35 years of PSERS service regardless of age. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who were members of PSERS prior to July 1, 2011.
- 2) Pension Class T-E or T-F: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: a) PSERS early retirement while under 65 with 10 years of PSERS service or b) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 65 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of a total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, these pension classes apply to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2011 and prior to July 1, 2019.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

#### General Information About the District OPEB Plan - continued

#### Benefits Provided - continued

- 3) Pension Class T-G: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: a) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS service or b) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS service or upon attainment of a total combination of age plus service equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of PSERS service. In general, this pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.
- 4) Pension Class T-H: An employee is eligible for PSERS retirement if he (or she) is eligible for either: a) PSERS early retirement while under 67 with 10 years of PSERS service or b) PSERS superannuation retirement upon reaching age 67 with 3 years of PSERS. In general, this pension class applies to individuals who became members of PSERS on or after July 1, 2019.
- 5) All individuals except those in Pension Class T-G are eligible for a special early retirement upon reaching age 55 with 25 years of PSERS service. Individuals in Pension Class T-G are eligible for a special early retirement upon reaching age 57 with 25 years of PSERS service.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At July 1, 2022, the date of the most recent actuary valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active participants	435
Retired participants	15

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

#### **OPEB Liability**

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the District's total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2021 to July 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal.
- Salary increases 2.50% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%.
- Discount rate 4.06% based on the Standard & Poor's Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.
- Mortality rates PubT-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for teachers. PubG-2010 headcount-weighted mortality table including rates for contingent survivors for all other employees. Incorporated into the tables are rates projected generationally using Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.
- Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% in 2022, 6.0% in 2023, 5.5% in 2024 through 2025. Rates gradually
  decrease from 5.4% in 2026 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run
  Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Participation rates 50% of employees are assumed to elect coverage.

The actuarial assumptions were selected using input from the District based on actual experience.

### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

#### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2022	\$ 5,207,735
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	410,704
Interest	125,646
Differences between expected and	
actual experience	(1,332,562)
Changes of assumptions	(1,543,055)
Benefit payments	(198,760)
Net changes	(2,538,027)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 2,669,708

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect the following changes: (1) the discount rate changed from 2.28% to 4.06%, (2) the trend assumption was updated, (3) assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal, and retirement were updated based on new PSERS assumptions, (4) the election assumption was decreased from 60% to 50% and, (5) the marriage assumption was decreased from 50% to 45%.

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage point lower (3.06%) or one-percentage point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	3.06%	4.06%	5.06%	
ODED Diag. Total ODED liability	¢ 2.000.477	¢ 2.000.700	¢ 2.470.606	
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,880,477	\$ 2,669,708	\$ 2,470,696	

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - continued

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan - Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,374,569	\$ 2,669,708	\$ 3,016,566

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$311,155. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	488,523 16,803 128,808	\$ 1,649,435 1,582,768
	\$	634,134	\$ 3,232,203

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED**

#### **District OPEB Plan - continued**

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - continued

The \$128,808 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB liabilities resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ (225,195)
2025	(225,195)
2026	(225,195)
2027	(225,195)
2028	(225,195)
Thereafter	(1,600,902)
Total	\$ (2,726,877)

#### **NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURE**

The District is a participating member of the Berks Career & Technology Center. The Berks Career & Technology Center is controlled and governed by a joint board, which is composed of representative school board members of the participating schools. Direct oversight of Berks Career & Technology Center operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of annual operating and capital costs for Berks Career & Technology Center fluctuates based on the percentage of enrollment. The District's share for the 2022/2023 year was \$1,515,564. The District also paid \$11,186 for additional services provided.

Summary financial information as of June 30, 2022 (the most recent information available) is as follows:

Berks Career & Technology Center (Governmental Activities)								
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$ 33,587,790 30,523,935							
Total net position	\$ 3,063,855							

Separate financial statements of the Berks Career & Technology Center have been prepared and are available.

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. The District's Workmen's Compensation policy is a retrospectively rated policy; the final total premium is based on the actual payroll for the policy year and is determined by the insurance carrier. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages for the 2022/2023 year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS**

The District receives federal, state, and local funding through a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

The District has entered into an agreement for the transportation of students. The agreement is for the period of July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2030, with the option to renew upon mutual agreement with the contractor. The contractor provides all equipment, fuel, and labor necessary. The District is billed monthly, based on rates per mile and per hour as stipulated in the contract.

At June 30, 2023, the District has entered into a number of contracts related to school expansion and renovation projects. Commitments outstanding are as follows at June 30, 2023 and will be satisfied through the capital projects fund:

	Contract Amount			Commitmen Remaining		
Guaranteed Energy Savings Project Community Athletic Center District VOIP Project High School Renovation High School Auditorium Stage Redesign Building Automation System Project Middle School Renovation	\$	15,643,170 30,089,280 147,634 479,816 738,990 47,150 335,241		\$	2,163,618 6,716,785 41,804 333,247 446,655 3,835 193,402	
	\$	47,481,281		\$	9,899,346	

#### **NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2023

### **NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE**

Details of the District's governmental fund balance reporting and policy can be found in Note 1, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. Fund balance classifications for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

#### **General Fund**

The general fund has nonspendable funds of \$75,478, committed funds of \$1,250,000 for construction, assigned funds of \$500,000 appropriated for the 2023/2024 budget, and unassigned fund balance of \$5,804,216. The commitment was authorized by the board of school directors' motion to set aside resources to fund anticipated future construction expenditures.

### **Capital Projects Fund**

The capital projects fund has restricted funds of \$36,434,168 comprised of \$24,261,277 of unspent bond funds and \$12,172,891 of surplus monies transferred from the general fund for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and qualifying capital assets as authorized by Municipal Code P.L. 145 Act of April 30, 1943.

#### **NOTE 15 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following standards which have not yet been implemented:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of Statement No. 62 The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences The primary objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District has not yet completed the analysis necessary to determine the actual financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.



# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE GENERAL FUND

	BU[	OGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	Final to Actual
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 52,652,826	\$ 52,652,826	\$ 54,630,252	\$ 1,977,426
States sources	20,876,218	20,876,218	22,306,715	1,430,497
Federal sources	4,984,402	4,984,402	5,608,834	624,432
TOTAL REVENUES	78,513,446	78,513,446	82,545,801	4,032,355
EXPENDITURES				
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:				
Regular programs - elementary/secondary	29,772,471	29,765,801	30,289,469	(523,668
Special programs - elementary/secondary	12,853,956	12,851,456	13,529,237	(677,781
Vocational education	1,515,564	1,515,564	1,515,564	-
Other instructional programs - elementary/secondary	433,448	418,598	507,656	(89,058
Nonpublic school programs Pre-kindergarten	13,431	13,431	22,889	(9,458
Pre-kindergarten	350,000	350,000	395,156	(45,156
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	44,938,870	44,914,850	46,259,971	(1,345,121)
SUPPORT SERVICES:				
Students	2,874,172	2,874,022	2,929,950	(55,928)
Instructional staff	3,215,555	3,225,396	3,373,714	(148,318
Administration	3,976,528	3,970,641	3,633,674	336,967
Pupil health	535,843	538,443	636,321	(97,878
Business Operation and maintenance of plant	1,204,544	1,204,544	1,094,930	109,614 (110,542
Student transportation	5,296,969 3,048,287	5,312,955 3,048,287	5,423,497 2,953,854	94,433
Central	1,491,226	1,491,226	1,671,459	(180,233
Other	56,500	56,500	52,731	3,769
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	21,699,624	21,722,014	21,770,130	(48,116)
	21,033,021	21,722,011	21,770,130	(10,110)
OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:	1 505 500	4 600 330	4 722 040	/24.700
Student activities	1,696,600 228,000	1,698,230 228,000	1,733,010 182,107	(34,780 45,893
Community services	228,000	228,000	162,107	45,695
TOTAL OPERATION OF NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	1,924,600	1,926,230	1,915,117	11,113
FACILITIES ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION,				
AND IMPROVEMENT SERVICES	2,695,439	2,695,439	2,922,165	(226,726
DEBT SERVICE	-	-	733,594	(733,594
REFUND OF PRIOR YEARS REVENUES			61,309	(61,309
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	71,258,533	71,258,533	73,662,286	(2,403,753)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,254,913	7,254,913	8,883,515	1,628,602
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from issuance of leases	_	_	851,051	851,051
Transfers in	35,000	35,000	10,245	(24,755
Sale of capital assets	-	-	3,955	3,955
Transfers out	(7,289,913)	(7,289,913)	(9,748,766)	(2,458,853)
Budgetary reserve	(500,000)	(500,000)		500,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(7,754,913)	(7,754,913)	(8,883,515)	(1,128,602
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ (500,000)	\$ (500,000)	-	\$ 500,000
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			7,629,694	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 7,629,694	
See note to required supplementary information.				84
see note to required supplementally injulination.				04

# NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2023

### **BUDGETARY DATA**

The budget for the general fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the PDE 2028 when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all 2022/2023 budget transfers.

# **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Individual Funds**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations of \$2,403,753, which was satisfied with excess revenues received including unbudgeted grant funds received.

### **Budgetary Compliance**

The District's only legally adopted budget is for the General Fund. All budgetary transfers were made within the last nine months of the fiscal year. The District cancels all purchase orders open at year end; therefore, it does not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2023. In addition, the District includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS PENSION PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
District's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.2113%	0.2162%	0.2143%	0.2143%	0.2200%	0.2213%	0.2268%	0.2207%	0.2221%	0.2196%	
District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 93,941,000	\$ 88,765,000	\$ 105,519,000	\$ 100,255,000	\$ 105,611,000	\$ 109,297,000	\$ 112,395,000	\$ 95,597,000	\$ 87,909,000	\$ 89,896,000	
District's covered payroll	\$ 31,070,363	\$ 30,654,823	\$ 30,118,234	\$ 29,550,691	\$ 29,623,412	\$ 29,466,062	\$ 29,376,144	\$ 28,392,397	\$ 28,336,379	\$ 28,179,341	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	302.35%	289.56%	350.35%	339.26%	356.51%	370.93%	382.61%	336.70%	310.23%	319.01%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%	54.50%	

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net pension liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

#### Changes in benefit terms

With the passage of Act 5 on June 12, 2017, class T-E & T-F members are now permitted to elect a lump sum payment of member contributions upon retirement.

#### Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The Discount Rate decreased from 7.25% to 7.00%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

#### Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total Pension Liability beginning June 30, 2016

- The Investment Rate of Return was adjusted from 7.50% to 7.25%. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,077,886	\$ 10,576,322	\$ 10,289,687	\$ 10,148,076	\$ 9,821,362	\$ 9,454,544	\$ 8,420,726	\$ 7,509,949	\$ 5,889,211	\$ 4,593,178
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	11,077,886	10,576,322	10,289,687	10,148,076	9,821,362	9,454,544	8,420,726	7,509,949	5,889,211	4,593,178
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 32,834,613	\$ 31,070,363	\$ 30,654,823	\$ 30,118,234	\$ 29,550,691	\$ 29,623,412	\$ 29,466,062	\$ 29,376,144	\$ 28,392,397	\$ 28,336,379
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.74%	34.04%	33.57%	33.69%	33.24%	31.92%	28.58%	25.56%	20.74%	16.21%

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the collective net PSERS OPEB liability	0.2113%	0.2162%	0.2146%	0.2143%	0.2200%	0.2213%	0.2268%
District's proportionate share of the collective net PSERS OPEB liability	\$ 3,890,000	\$ 5,125,000	\$ 4,637,000	\$ 4,558,000	\$ 4,587,000	\$ 4,509,000	\$ 4,885,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 31,070,363	\$ 30,654,823	\$ 30,118,234	\$ 29,550,691	\$ 29,623,412	\$ 29,466,062	\$ 29,376,144
District's proportionate share of the net PSERS OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.52%	16.72%	15.40%	15.42%	15.48%	15.30%	16.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total PSERS OPEB liability	6.86%	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%	5.47%

The District's covered payroll noted above is as of the measurement date of the net PSERS OPEB liability, which is one year prior to the fiscal year end.

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

#### Changes in benefit terms

None.

#### Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB Liability beginning June 30, 2021

- The inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50%. Payroll growth assumption decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.00%, which was comprised of inflation of 2.75%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.25%, to an effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.50% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to a blended table based on 50% PubT-2010 Employee (Total Teacher dataset) and 50% PubG-2010 (Total General Employees data), adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version MP-2020.
- For disabled annuitants the rates were modified from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females to Pub-2010 Disability Mortality Non-Safety Headcount Weighted table, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020.

#### Changes in assumptions used in measurement of the Total OPEB liability beginning June 30, 2016

- Salary growth changed from an effective average of 5.50%, which was comprised of inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases of 2.50%, to an effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were modified from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females to the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

#### For each year presented, the discount rate is updated using the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.

### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS OPEB PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 242,158	\$ 248,928	\$ 251,791	\$ 255,528	\$ 250,053	\$ 247,236	\$ 239,356	\$ 252,334	\$ 258,551	\$ 266,978
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	242,158	248,928	251,791	255,528	250,053	247,236	239,356	252,334	258,551	266,978
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 32,834,613	\$ 31,070,363	\$ 30,654,823	\$ 30,118,234	\$ 29,550,691	\$ 29,623,412	\$ 29,466,062	\$ 29,376,144	\$ 28,392,397	\$ 28,336,379
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.74%	0.80%	0.82%	0.85%	0.85%	0.83%	0.81%	0.86%	0.91%	0.94%

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - DISTRICT OPEB PLAN

#### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability:						
Service cost	\$ 410,704	\$ 415,158	\$ 314,683	\$ 314,974	\$ 276,268	\$ 269,782
Interest	125,646	99,636	164,061	142,092	140,812	104,997
Difference between expected and						
actual experience	(1,332,562)	-	(458,524)	-	27,303	-
Changes of assumptions	(1,543,055)	(160,829)	555,123	(128,542)	4,733	108,819
Benefit payments	(198,760)	(191,625)	(213,907)	(213,385)	(224,304)	(188,848)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,538,027)	162,340	361,436	115,139	224,812	294,750
Total OPEB liability, beginning	5,207,735	5,045,395	4,683,959	4,568,820	4,344,008	4,049,258
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 2,669,708	\$ 5,207,735	\$ 5,045,395	\$ 4,683,959	\$ 4,568,820	\$ 4,344,008
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 28,192,504	\$ 27,794,850	\$ 27,794,850	\$ 27,141,063	\$ 27,141,063	\$ 24,952,172
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	9.47%	18.74%	18.15%	17.26%	16.83%	17.41%

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

Changes of Benefit Terms None.

#### Changes of Assumptions

Significant changes in assumptions for the July 1, 2022 measurement date are as follows:

- The discount rate changed from 2.28% to 4.06%.
- · The trend and marriage assumptions were updated.
- Assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on the new PSERS assumptions.
- The election assumption was decreased from 60% to 50%.
- The marriage assumption was decreased from 50% to 45%.

Significant changes in assumptions for prior measurement dates are as follows:

- The discount rate was updated each year based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Index.
- · The healthcare cost trend assumption was updated each year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information for only those years available is shown.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		Budget	Actual	Variance
	nues from Local Sources			
<u>Taxes</u> 6111	Current real estate taxes	\$ 44,762,316	\$ 44,772,754	\$ 10,438
6112	Interim real estate taxes	40,000	224,568	184,568
6113	Public utility realty tax	49,896	48,918	(978)
6114	Payments in lieu of current taxes	1,489	1,489	(378)
6120	Current per capita taxes, Section 679	88,500	86,672	(1,828)
6141	Current Act 511 per capita taxes	88,500	86,722	(1,778)
6142	Current Act 511 per capita taxes	65,000	63,460	(1,540)
6143	Current Act 511 local services taxes	45,000	54,523	9,523
6151	Current Act 511 local services taxes  Current Act 511 earned income taxes	4,700,000	5,555,493	855,493
6153	Current Act 511 real estate transfer taxes	700,000	815,488	115,488
6400	Delinquent taxes (all levies)	930,000	957,441	27,441
0400	Belliquent taxes (all revies)	330,000	337,441	27,441
	Total	51,470,701	52,667,528	1,196,827
Other				
6510	Earnings on investments	100,000	731,461	631,461
6700	Admissions and fees	130,000	139,481	9,481
6810	Revenue from local government units	-	30,000	30,000
6830	Federal revenue from intermediary sources	734,625	765,083	30,458
6910	Rentals	52,000	94,193	42,193
6920	Contributions	7,500	6,708	(792)
6940	Tuition from patrons	150,000	160,630	10,630
6991	Refund of prior year expenditure	-	4,565	4,565
6990	Miscellaneous revenue	8,000	30,603	22,603
	Total	1,182,125	1,962,724	780,599
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM LOCAL SOURCES	52,652,826	54,630,252	1,977,426
7000 Reve	nues from State Sources			
7111	Basic education formula payments	7,470,425	7,737,038	266,613
7112	Basic education social security reimbursement	1,179,097	1,154,562	(24,535)
7160	Tuition/court placed institutions	25,000	239,230	214,230
7270	Special education of exceptional pupils	2,651,272	2,947,835	296,563
7292	Pre-K Counts Grant	350,000	400,000	50,000
7310	Transportation	1,053,130	1,086,110	32,980
7320	Rental and Sinking Fund Payments	1,052,996	1,110,280	57,284
7330	Health services	77,800	70,095	(7,705)
7340	State property tax reduction allocation	1,085,259	1,085,259	-
7361	School safety and security grants	-	733	733
7505	Ready to Learn Block Grant	436,905	686,905	250,000
7820	State share of retirement	5,494,334	5,788,668	294,334
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM STATE SOURCES	20,876,218	22,306,715	1,430,497

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED

		Budget	Actual	Variance
8000 Reve	nues from Federal Sources			
8390	Other restricted federal grants	-	285,701	285,701
8514	Title I	590,210	581,006	(9,204)
8515	Title II	109,704	100,988	(8,716)
8516	Title III	20,041	26,116	6,075
8517	Title IV	41,657	46,623	4,966
8741	Elementary and Secondary School			
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	-	1,814	1,814
8743	ESSER II - Elementary and Secondary School			
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	1,098,847	1,131,920	33,073
8744	ARP ESSER - Elementary and Secondary School			
	Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	2,914,943	2,940,443	25,500
8749	Other CARES Act, CRRSA Act, and ARP Act Funding	-	2,699	2,699
8751	ARP ESSER - Learning Loss	-	216,424	216,424
8752	ARP ESSER - Summer Programs	-	45,939	45,939
8753	ARP ESSER - Afterschool Program	-	16,955	16,955
8755	ARP ESSER Emergency Relief for Other			
	Educational Entities	-	2,973	2,973
8810	Access Medical Assistance Reimbursement	200,000	200,000	-
8820	Access Medical Assistance Reimbursement - Admin	9,000	9,233	233
	TOTAL DEVENUES EDOM			
	TOTAL REVENUES FROM	4.004.402	F 600 034	624.422
	FEDERAL SOURCES	4,984,402	5,608,834	624,432
9000 Othe	r Financing Sources			
9220	Proceeds from issuance of leases	-	851,051	851,051
9350	Transfers in	35,000	10,245	(24,755)
9400	Sale of capital assets		3,955	3,955
	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	35,000	865,251	830,251
	TOTAL REVENUES AND			
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 78,548,446	\$ 83,411,052	\$ 4,862,606

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		Budget	Actual	Variance
	uctional Services			1 /
1100	Regular programs - elementary/secondary	\$ 29,765,801	\$ 30,289,469	\$ (523,668)
1200	Special programs - elementary/secondary	12,851,456	13,529,237	(677,781)
1300	Vocational education	1,515,564	1,515,564	-
1400	Other instructional programs -	440 500	E07.6E6	(00.050)
1500	elementary/secondary	418,598	507,656	(89,058)
1500	Nonpublic school programs	13,431	22,889	(9,458)
1800	Pre-kindergarten	350,000	395,156	(45,156)
	Total instructional services	44,914,850	46,259,971	(1,345,121)
2000 Supp	ort Services			
2100	Students	2,874,022	2,929,950	(55,928)
2200	Instructional staff	3,225,396	3,373,714	(148,318)
2300	Administration	3,970,641	3,633,674	336,967
2400	Pupil health	538,443	636,321	(97,878)
2500	Business	1,204,544	1,094,930	109,614
2600	Operation and maintenance of plant	5,312,955	5,423,497	(110,542)
2700	Student transportation	3,048,287	2,953,854	94,433
2800	Central	1,491,226	1,671,459	(180,233)
2900	Other	56,500	52,731	3,769
	Total support services	21,722,014	21,770,130	(48,116)
3000 Oper	ration of Noninstructional Services			
3200	Student activities	1,698,230	1,733,010	(34,780)
3300	Community services	228,000	182,107	45,893
	Total operation of noninstructional services	1,926,230	1,915,117	11,113
4000 Facil	ities Acquisition, Construction, and Improvement Service	es		
4000	Facilities Acquisition, Construction,			
	and Improvement Services	2,695,439	2,922,165	(226,726)
5000 Othe	r Expenditures and Financing Uses			
5100	Debt service	-	733,594	(733,594)
5130	Refund of Prior Year Revenues		61,309	(61,309)
5200	Fund transfers	7,289,913	9,748,766	(2,458,853)
5900	Budgetary reserve	500,000		500,000
	Total other financing uses	7,789,913	10,543,669	(2,753,756)
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND			
	OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 79,048,446	\$ 83,411,052	\$ (4,362,606)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# June 30, 2023

ASSETS		Sch	nolarship	-	Student activities	 Total Custodial Funds
Cash and investments		\$	39,960	\$	336,858	\$ 376,818
	TOTAL ASSETS		39,960		336,858	376,818
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>-</u>		14,381	 14,381
NET POSITION	TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	39,960		14,381 322,477	\$ 14,381 362,437

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	Sch	Scholarship		Student Activities		Total Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS  Earnings on investments  Contributions	\$	1,292 1,103	\$	884 525,064	\$	2,176 526,167	
TOTAL ADDITIONS		2,395		525,948		528,343	
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships and fees Student activities		3,525 -		- 551,076		3,525 551,076	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		3,525		551,076		554,601	
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS		(1,130)		(25,128)		(26,258)	
TRANSFERS IN				1,500		1,500	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,130)		(23,628)		(24,758)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		41,090		346,105		387,195	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	39,960	\$	322,477	\$	362,437	

See accompanying notes. 95

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2023

			June 30, 2023						
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Program or Award Amount	Receipts for the Year	Accrued/ (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2022	Revenue Recognized/ Expenditures	Accrued/ (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION									
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1	84.010	013-23-0167	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	\$ 581,006	\$ 542,274	\$ -	\$ 581,006	\$ 38,732
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1	84.010	013-22-0167	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	590,210	(13,582)	(13,582)		
Subtotal - ALN 84.010						528,692	(13,582)	581,006	38,732
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	1	84.367	020-23-0167	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	99,354	99,354	-	99,354	-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	1	84.367	020-22-0167	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	109,704	20,819	19,185	1,634	-
Subtotal - ALN 84.367						120,173	19,185	100,988	-
English Language Acquisition State Grants	1	84.365	010-23-0167	07/01/22 - 09/30/23	26,116	20,553	_	26,116	5,563
English Language Acquisition State Grants	i	84.365	010-23-0107	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	20,041	1,568	1,568	20,110	5,505
Subtotal - ALN 84.365	•	04.303	010 22 0107	07/01/21 05/50/22	20,041	22,121	1,568	26,116	5,563
Ctudent Cuppert and Academic Enrichment Drogram		04.424	144 22 0167	07/01/22 00/20/22	46 246	46.246		44 720	/1 40C
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	!	84.424 84.424	144-23-0167 144-22-0167	07/01/22 - 09/30/23 07/01/21 - 09/30/22	46,216 41,657	46,216 19,428	- 17,550	44,720 1,903	(1,496) 25
Subtotal - ALN 84.424	'	04.424	144-22-0167	07/01/21 - 09/30/22	41,057	65,644	17,550	46,623	(1,471)
Subtotal - ALN 64.424						03,044	17,550	40,023	(1,4/1)
Education Stabilization Fund									
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	I	84.425C	224-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	86,605	23,620	13,470	2,973	(7,177)
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425D	200-20-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/22	460,242	-	(1,814)	1,814	-
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	1	84.425D	200-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/23	2,045,520	1,284,396	152,476	1,131,920	-
Passed through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime & Delinquency:									
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	I	84.425D	2020-ES-01-35350	03/13/20 - 09/30/22	115,706	2,699		2,699	
Subtotal - ALN 84.425D						1,287,095	150,662	1,136,433	-
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	f I	84.425U	223-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	4,137,495	2,031,134	212,721	2,940,443	1,122,030
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		84.425U	225-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	45,939	41,763	26,478	16,955	1,670
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		84.425U	225-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	45,939	41,763	(2,506)	45,939	1,670
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	f I	84.425U	225-21-0167	03/13/20 - 09/30/24	229,698	208,816	745	216,424	8,353
Subtotal - ALN 84.425U						2,323,476	237,438	3,219,761	1,133,723
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School									
Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	I	84.425W	181-21-2258	07/01/21 - 09/30/24	29,399	29,399	29,399		
Total Education Stabilization Fund - ALN 84.425						3,663,590	430,969	4,359,167	1,126,546
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)									
Passed through Berks County Intermediate Unit:									
Special Education - Preschool Grants	1	84.173	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	8,960	8,960	-	8,960	-
Special Education - Grants to States	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	695,531	479,209	_	695,531	216,322
Special Education - Grants to States	i	84.027	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	734,625	253,774	253,774	-	-10,522
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Grants to States	İ	84.027X	N/A	07/01/21 - 09/30/23	171,471	109,788	49,196	60,592	-
Subtotal - ALN 84.027			•		,	842,771	302,970	756,123	216,322
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)						851,731	302,970	765,083	216,322
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION						5,251,951	758,660	5,878,983	1,385,692
						-,,	,	-,,	,,,,,,,,,

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Program or Award Amount	Receipts for the Year	Accrued/ (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2022	Revenue Recognized/ Expenditures	Accrued/ (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES									
Medicaid Cluster									
Passed through Pennsylvania Department of Human Services:									
Medical Assistance Program	!	93.778	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	5,036	-	9,233	4,197
Medical Assistance Program	ı	93.778	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	6,437	6,437		
TOTAL MEDICAID CLUSTER AND U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						11,473	6,437	9,233	4,197
U.S. DEPARTIVENT OF HEALTH AND HOMAN SERVICES						11,475	0,437	9,233	4,197
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Child Nutrition Cluster									
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Education:									
School Breakfast Program	I	10.553	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	302,922	-	302,922	-
School Breakfast Program	ı	10.553	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	45,762	45,762		
Subtotal - ALN 10.559						348,684	45,762	302,922	-
Summer Food Program	ı	10.559	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	15,321	-	31,126	15,805
Summer Food Program	1	10.559	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	9,011	9,011	-	-
Subtotal - ALN 10.559						24,332	9,011	31,126	15,805
National School Lunch Program	i	10.555	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	1,241,441	_	1,241,441	_
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/21 - 06/30/22	N/A	223,033	223,033	, , -	_
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	113,433	-	113,433	_
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture:			•		,	,		,	
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	203,724	(8,094)	202,055	(9,763)
Subtotal - ALN 10.555						1,781,631	214,939	1,556,929	(9,763)
Total Child Nutrition Cluster						2,108,885	223,950	1,890,977	6,042
Passed through Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Education: Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs		10.649	N/A	07/01/22 - 06/30/23	N/A	3,135	_	3,135	_
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	,	10.045	14/7	0,,01,22 00,30,23	N/A	2,157,782	269,712	1,894,112	6,042
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS						\$ 7,421,206	\$ 1,034,809	\$ 7,782,328	\$ 1,395,931

Source Code: I = Indirec

NOTE: No funds were passed through to subrecipients in the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Governor Mifflin School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Governor Mifflin School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Governor Mifflin School District.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to the reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business for amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### **NOTE 3 - DE MINIMIS RATE FOR INDIRECT COSTS**

The District did not elect to use the de minimis rate for indirect costs.

#### **NOTE 4 - ACCESS PROGRAM**

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding classified as fee-for-service and recognized for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$200,000.

#### **NOTE 5 - FOOD COMMODITIES**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$9,763 of food commodity inventory.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of School Directors Governor Mifflin School District Shillington, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Governor Mifflin School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Governor Mifflin School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Governor Mifflin School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

Hervier + Company, Inc.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Governor Mifflin School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Governor Mifflin School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

December 18, 2023





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of School Directors Governor Mifflin School District Shillington, Pennsylvania

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Governor Mifflin School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Governor Mifflin School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Governor Mifflin School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Governor Mifflin School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, Cost Principles, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Governor Mifflin School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination Governor Mifflin School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Governor Mifflin School District's federal programs.



## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Governor Mifflin School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Governor Mifflin School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding Governor Mifflin School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Governor Mifflin School District's internal control over compliance relevant
  to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
  and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
  the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Governor Mifflin School District's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reading, Pennsylvania

Hervier + Company, Inc.

December 18, 2023

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

<u>Financial</u>	<b>Statements</b>

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>					
Internal control over financial reporting:  Material weakness(es) identified?	yes X no					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be						
material weaknesses?	yes <u>X</u> none reported					
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>X</u> no					
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes X none reported					
material weakinesses:	yesXnone reported					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for						
major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no					
Identification of major program(s):						
Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cl	<u>luster</u>					
Education Stabilization	on Fund					
	r's Emergency Education Relief Fund					
	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief					
84.425U COVID 19 - American Emergend	n Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School by Relief					
Special Education Clu	ster					
	rants to States (IDEA Part B)					
	ducation- Grants to States (IDEA Part B)					
	reschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type	B programs: \$750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X _ yesno					

# **SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

There were no financial statement findings reported.

# **Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs**

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs reported.



LISA TEMPLIN HESS, ED.D.
SUPERINTENDENT
MARY E. LIBBY, ED.D.
ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT
KELLY PRICE
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

### STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

There were no financial statement findings reported for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs**

There were no federal awards findings or questioned costs reported for the year ended June 30, 2022.