

A Program of Southwest Behavioral & Health Services

AZ Parents Connect

Thank you, Madison School District!

This project is supported by The Governor's Office of Youth, Faith and Family (GOYFF) and the Arizona Parents Commission on Drug Education and Prevention.

1. Why you need to connect

2. Why kids use drugs & alcohol

3. What are the current trends

4. What you can do



The Reality

Children are exposed to drugs





The Reality

Kids whose parents have talked to them about the dangers of drugs & alcohol are





Why do kids use?

Perception of risk
Social approval
Thrill seeking
To deal with problems



In their minds....



The human brain is not completely developed until the age of 25.

The part of the brain responsible for judgment and foresight is the <u>last</u> part to develop.



In their worlds...

SCHOOL Transitions

Pressures FRIENDS

DATING Family















Special Vulnerabilities

- Family history
- Close friends who use drugs or alcohol
- Early first-time use
- Diagnosed or undiagnosed mental health disorders & learning disabilities
- Academic & social challenges



Trends in Substance Abuse









Alcohol

Medicine

Tobacco & E-cigarettes

Marijuana



Trends in Substance Abuse

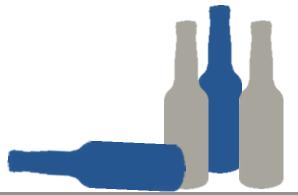




Underage Drinking **Today**

Alcohol

- Binge drinking
- Mixing alcohol with meds & energy drinks
- Social media
- 15% of teen drinkers say:
 "It is a habit; I cant stop."



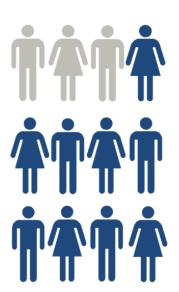




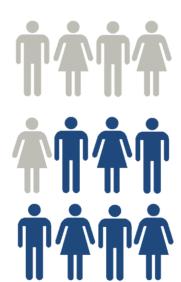
Consumption

Alcohol

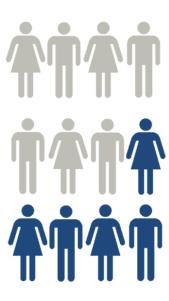
28%8th Grade



44% **10**th Grade



59% 12th Grade





Has consumed alcohol



Has not consumed alcohol



Short-Term Effects

Alcohol



Teens who drink alcohol are more likely to be part of physical or sexual assault



Short-Term Effects

Alcohol



Students who binge drink are 3 times more likely to get D's & F's



Short-Term Effects

Alcohol



 Dizziness, slurred speech, disturbed sleep, nausea & vomiting

 Impaired judgment (Increased likelihood to engage in other risky behavior)



Lack of coordination
 (Higher risk for car accidents and unintentional injuries to self or others)



Long-Term Effects





- Malnutrition
- Permanent damage to vital organs (heart, liver, kidneys)
- Weakened immune system



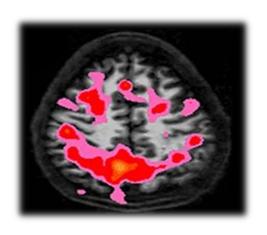
- High blood pressure
- Brain Damage



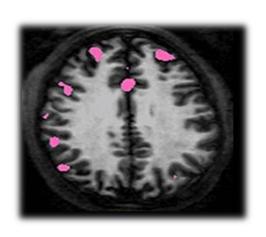


Long-Term Effects

Alcohol



Healthy, unaffected brain of 15 year old who has not had alcohol



Affected brain of 15 year old who has had alcohol



Long-Term Effects

Alcohol

Annual cost of underage drinking











Nearly \$57 Billion is spent each year in the US because of problems tied to underage drinking.



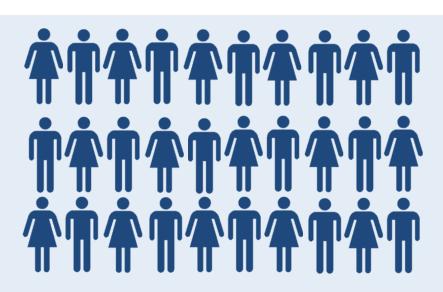
Trends in Substance Abuse





Medicine

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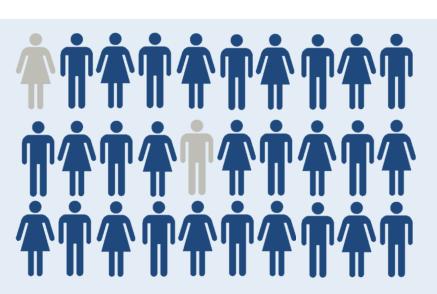




Medicine

8th GRADE

8%







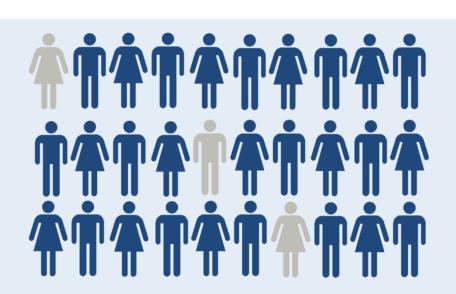




Medicine

10th GRADE

11%





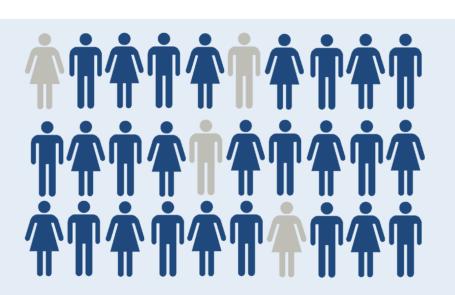




Medicine

12th GRADE

14%









Sedatives

Medicine





Amytal

Nembutal









A EFFECTS & RISKS

Sedation, drowsiness, impaired coordination and memory, slowed breathing, withdrawal.



Pain Killers

Medicine





Morphine





Oxycontin

Percocet





Vicodin

Demorol



EFFECTS & RISKS

Euphoria, nausea, impaired coordination, confusion, dry mouth, itching, sweating, clammy skin, slowed breathing, lowered pulse and blood pressure



Stimulants

Medicine





Adderall

Dexedrine



Concerta



Ritalin



Increased energy, mental alertness, increased heart rate, reduced appetite, nervousness, insomnia, seizures, stroke



DXM

Medicine







Euphoria, increased heart rate, dizziness, nausea, confusion, paranoia

Dextromethorphan



Youth Perceptions Medicine



"Sanitized"



"Sanctioned"



"Safe"



Safeguard

Medicine











Trends in Substance Abuse





Tobacco

Hookah



Cigarettes & Cigars



Dip & Chew









Health Impact

Tobacco

Short-Term



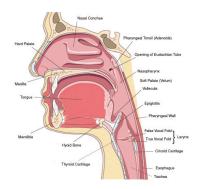




Long-Term



Respiratory Complications



Mouth & Throat Disease

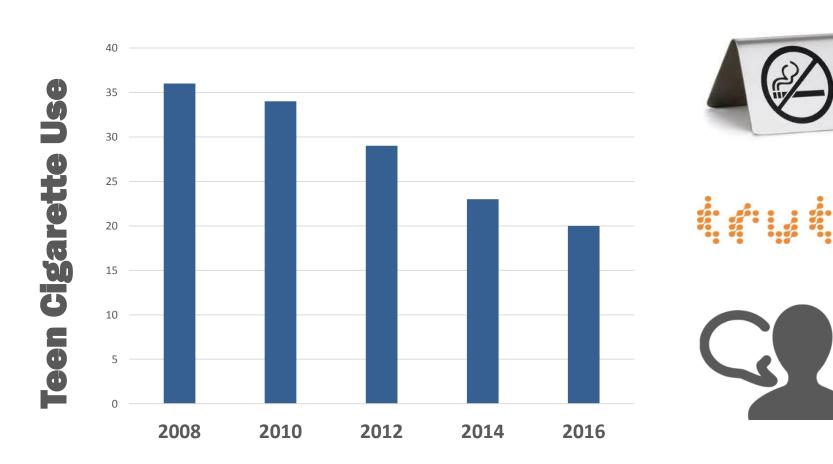


Failure of Vital Organs



Trends

Tobacco

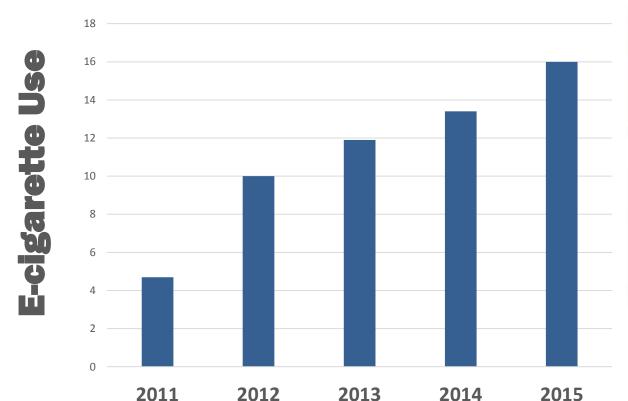




Trends

E-cigarettes

High School Students







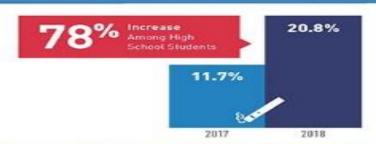


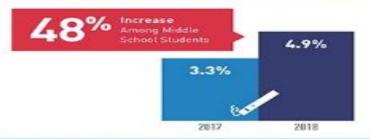


2018 NATIONAL YOUTH TOBACCO SURVEY FINDS CAUSE FOR CONCERN

Current e-cigarette use among middle and high school students increased alarmingly between 2017 and 2018. Here is a breakdown of the recent findings:

SURGE IN YOUTH CURRENT E-CIGARETTE USE - 1.5 Million More Students Used E-Cigarettes in 2018 vs 2017

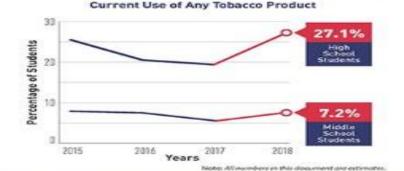




AMONG HIGH SCHOOL CURRENT E-CIGARETTE USERS — Rise in Frequency and Use of Flavors

E-CIGARETTE USE SURGE LED TO UPTICK IN OVERALL TOBACCO USE — Reversing Previous Declines





Sources: [1] Cullier KA, Ambrose BK, Sentoke AS, Apelberg BJ, Jamai A, King BA. Notes from the Field Increase in use of electronic cigarettes and any tobalcop product among middle and high school students. — United States, 2011–2018. MMMR Morbid Mortal Wildy Rtp. 2018;67(E2) Ullimor TW. Gentoke A, Sharapoe S, Cultin KA, Ambrose BK, Jamai A. Tebacco product use among middle and high school students. — United States, 2011–2017. MMMR Morb Mortal Wildy Rep. 2018;67(22)

CTP-116 Last Updated November 2016

CENTER FOR TOBACCO PRODUCTS

www.lda.gorg/tobacco

@FDATobacco

f facebook.com/fda

F





How They Work

E-cigarettes













Juuling in plain site





E-Cigarettes Sparking Teens' Attention

Attractive Flavors

Vaping with/without nicotine

Vaping with hash oil
 (makes marijuana use easy to disguise)







E-Cigarettes Sparking Teens' Attention

Vape Tricks







E-Cigarettes



Long-term health effects of nicotine use in this form are unknown

LONG-TERM PIMPACT?

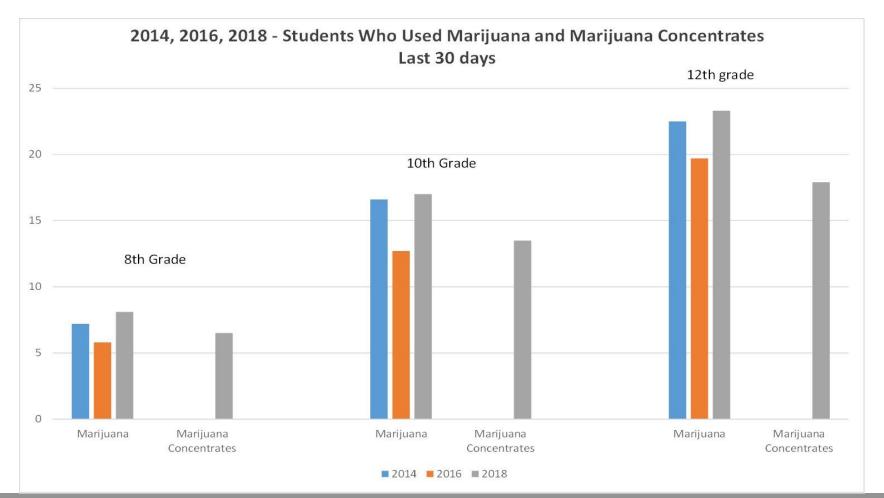
 Danger is to children (and adults) from refill liquid



Trends in Substance Abuse









Methods of Abuse

Marijuana













Butane Hash Oil "Dabbing"

Marijuana







NORML, a marijuana advocacy group:

"The dangers are dire enough to merit a special warning."





Health Impact

Marijuana







School Impact

Marijuana

Youth using marijuana daily before age 17 are over 60%

less likely

to complete high school or obtain a degree compared to those who have never used the drug.





Addiction

Marijuana

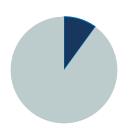
1 IN 11

1 in 11 marijuana users will become addicted

Daily users: 25% - 50%



Higher for those who start in their teen years (1 in 6)



90% of addictions begin before adulthood





Marijuana

24%

of AZ teens using pot report getting their marijuana from someone with a medical marijuana card







Marijuana

WARNING:

Possessing marijuana may be in violation of local, state or federal laws.

Possession of this card does not provide legal protection. Marijuana use can be addictive and can impair an individual's ability to drive a motor vehicle or operate heavy machinery.

Marijuana smoke contains carcinogens and can lead to an increased risk of severe health problems.

> KEEP MARUUANA OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANY UNAUTHORIZED INDIVIDUAL.

> > Call poison control 1-800-222-1222 with concerns.

Arizona Department of Health Services | Will Humble, Director | www.azhealth.gov

(Back of Arizona Medical Marijuana Card)





Spotting Drug/Alcohol Use

- Here are some changes to watch for
 - 1. Declining school work and grades
 - 2. Abrupt changes in friends or behavior
 - 3. Sleeping habits/abnormal health issues
 - 4. Deteriorating relationships with family
 - 5. Less openness and honesty
- Sometimes the signs are not obvious and tough to spot
- Be aware of special vulnerabilities
- Get outside or professional help Intervene early!



What Can You Do?

Clearly Communicate Expectations







What Can You Do?

Help Build Resilience



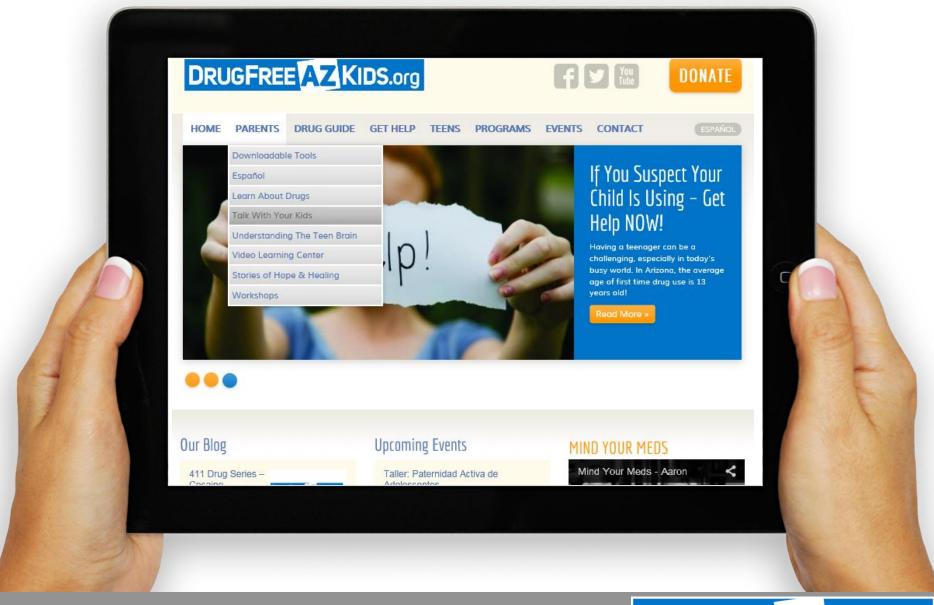




Build Resilience

- Walk away/leave
- Give an excuse or a reason
- Make a joke
- Hang with others who choose not to use
- Avoid problem situations
- Say "no" and repeat it if they keep pushing.
- Change the subject
- Ignore it
- Offer an alternative







A Program of Southwest Behavioral & Health Services

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