







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021
York County, South Carolina

YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE

York, South Carolina

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



Prepared By:

York School District One
Office of Finance
Amy Hagner, Assistant Superintendent for Finance &
Operations

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YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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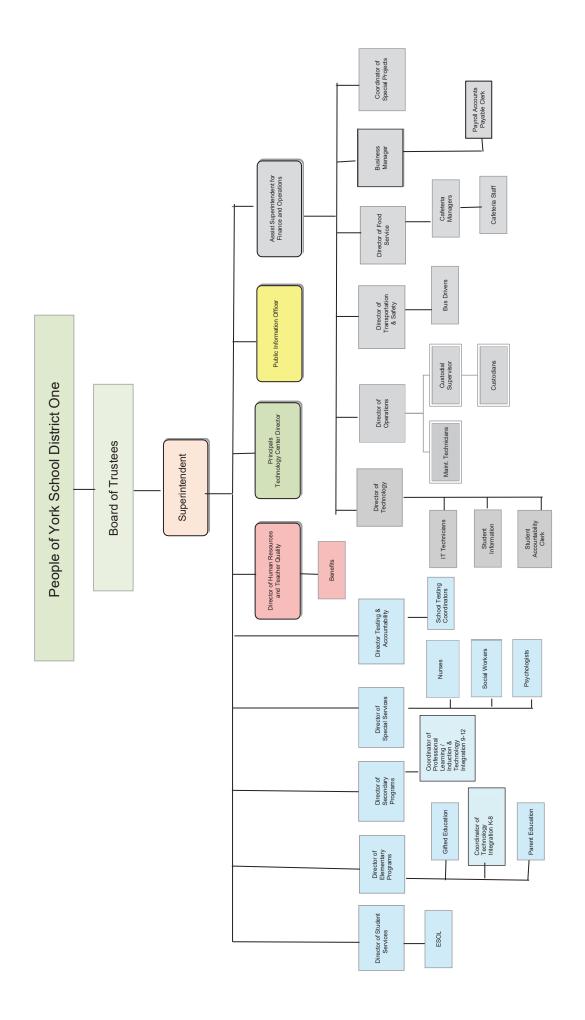
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YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE

List of Principal Officials June 30, 2021

Board Meetings are held on the second Tuesday of each month at 6:30 PM. Five Board of Trustee members are elected for four year terms from single member districts, and two are elected at-large, for a four-year term. The Superintendent is appointed by the Board of Trustees.

Board of Trustees

Chris Revels, Vice Chair Tracy Miskelly, Secretary Wade Anderson Scott Childers Diane Howell, Chair Mike Smith Betty Johnson

Administrative

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Superintendent	Kelly Coxe
Assistant Superintendent for Finance & Operations	Amy Hagner
Director of Secondary Education	Elissa Cox
Director of Elementary Programs and Gifted Education	Dr. Latoya Dixon
Director of Human Resources	Oliver Love
Coordinator of Instructional Technology (Grades 7-12)	Becky Funderburk
Director of Special Services	Bryan Greeson
Director of School Food Service	Latisha Holt
Director of Transportation/Safety	Kevin Queen
Director of Maintenance	Charlie Westbrook
Director of Testing and Accountability	Jessica Koon
Coordinator of Special Projects	Lisa Spangler
Director of Technology	Chuck Wallace
Coordinator of Parent Involvement	Jessica Elliot
Coordinator of Student Services	Chad Carper
Accounting Manager	Sherry Hernandez
Coordinator of Instructional Technology (K-6) / Public Information	Tim Cooper
District Instructional Facilitator	April Aulmer



November 1, 2021

To the Citizens of York School District One:

We are pleased to submit to you the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* ("CAFR") of York School District One ("District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. State law requires that all school districts publish within five months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements. This report has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other recognized authoritative sources.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Greene Finney, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

York School District One Learn ■ Serve ■ Give PO Box 770 York, SC 29745 The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this comprehensive annual financial report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the MD&A, which can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

REPORTING ENTITY

The District defines its reporting entity by applying the criteria set forth in GASB #14 and GASB #39 to potential component units. Briefly, a component unit is an organization for which the District is financially accountable or other organizations that, because of the nature or significance of their relationship with the District, would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete if they were omitted from the reporting entity. These criteria are discussed in more detail in Note 1 to the financial statements.

Using these criteria, management has determined that the District has no component units, nor is it a component unit of any other organization.

GENERAL INFORMATION, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The District is one of four K-12 school districts within York County, and is located in the southwestern region of the County. The District encompasses the entire City of York, and several smaller municipalities located on the western border of York County. Geographically, the District is the largest of the four districts and encompasses approximately 40% of the land use in the County, but only makes up approximately 10% of the County's total assessed value, which was \$121,466,959 for tax year 2020.

The District was created in 1954 by the consolidation of seven school districts within the County. The District has approximately 4,707 students in 2020-2021. For the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the district is projecting enrollment to be approximately 5,000. The district currently operates ten schools: Hunter Street Elementary School (4K-4), Jefferson Elementary School (4K-4), Cotton Belt Elementary (4K-4), Hickory Grove Sharon Elementary (4K-6), Harold C Johnson Elementary (4K-4), York Intermediate School (5-6), York Middle School (7-8), York Comprehensive High School (9-12), Floyd D Johnson Technology Center (9-12), and York One Academy – Alternative School (5-12). The District also hosts a Family Resource Center with parenting education resources and a free medical clinic.

The age of active school buildings in the School District range from 1974 to 2012 and can be found in Table 17 of the statistical section of this report. The School District continues to monitor the long-term capital needs and maintenance needs of facilities throughout the District.

The District has established and maintains strong collaborative relationships with higher education institutions in the area including Winthrop University, York Technical College and the University of South Carolina at Lancaster for dual credit course offerings and professional development for staff. Additionally, the District partners with local businesses through the Greater York Chamber of Commerce to provide School to Work opportunities for students. Through collaborations with local health and human service agencies to include Keystone Substance Abuse Services, The Early Learning Partnership of York County, York County First Steps, York County All on Board, and Dental Access Carolina, among others, the district is able to provide needed services and support to students.

The District received District-level accreditation through the COGNIA. District accreditation is a national protocol for school districts committed to systemic, systematic, and sustainable improvement. When a district earns accreditation, all schools in the district must meet the COGNIA Accreditation standards for quality school systems, engage in continuous improvement, and demonstrate quality assurance through internal and external review. Accreditation standards a district must demonstrate are:

- Vision and Purpose
- Governance and Leadership
- Teaching and Learning
- Documenting and Using Results
- Resources and Support Systems
- Stakeholder Communications and Relationships
- Commitment to Continuous Improvement

The School Board of Trustees is made up of seven members elected by the qualified electors of the District. Five of the members are elected from a single member district, and two members are elected at large. The Board meets the second Tuesday of each month except for July. The Superintendent is appointed by the Board of Trustees and is responsible to the Board for the operation of all phases of the District's activities.

York County is located in the Piedmont section of South Carolina and is bordered on the north by North Carolina. The county has a land area of 685 square miles and had an estimated population of 295,373 in 2021. This figure represents an approximate 30.56% increase in population over the 2010 census of 226,073. The District encompasses approximately 316 square miles of the County. The County's per capita income was \$48,588 in 2019. The County's unemployment rate was 4.5% at June 30, 2021, which is lower than 9.6%, at June 30, 2020. The County is served by two major interstates: Interstate 85 and Interstate 77, which provide access to the larger metropolitan area of Charlotte, North Carolina. The City of York is the County seat of York County, and had a population of approximately 8,531 in 2019.

While industrial and manufacturing plants are still a major source of employment for York County residents, a broader, more diversified base of employment also exists in the County, with Duke Energy Corporation, Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, the County of

York, Winthrop University, Paramount Parks-Carowinds, and all 4 of the County's school districts being in the list of top 25 employers in the County.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The following are initiatives the District focused on during the 2020-2021 fiscal year:

Academic Resources:

- The elementary schools operated Girls on the Run programs, providing curriculum that combines character education focused on building self esteem with a physical education component, leading ultimately to participants running 5k events.
- Through a grant to Keystone Substance Abuse Services, the District participated on an advisory board which planned and implemented parent information sessions in each district in the county. The RAP (Raising Awareness for Parents) sessions were held throughout the year and ranged by topics from mental health issues, faces of depression and human trafficking.
- The District has an Academic Reinforcement Center (ARC) which is a comprehensive approach for students to earn credits that otherwise would have been lost due to poor grades, absenteeism or other factors.
- Through continued collaborative efforts with Affinity Health Care and York County First Steps, the free medical clinic offered within the Parenting Partnerships Family Resource Center offers services of a family nurse practitioner in addition to a pediatrician and nurse. Services were expanded through Affinity's management to also include prevention and treatment for uninsured and underinsured adults in addition to children in the district.
- The District continues to partner with York Technical College to expand our ability to bring dual credit opportunities to our students. York Tech has made it possible for the district to administer the COMPASS college placement test to targeted juniors/seniors. These test scores will be used as the main qualifying criteria for admittance into dual credit courses offered at York Comprehensive High School through York Technical College.
- The District continued with the Middle College program with a joint partnership with York Technical College. The program is a non-traditional high school program designed for juniors and seniors with a high aptitude and potential for college success. The long-term goal of the Middle College is to promote a college going culture by engaging students in relevant learning while providing them an opportunity to graduate. Students participate in the course on the campus of York Technical College.
- The District continued our partnership with York Technical College for an Early College program targeting high achieving 8th grade students. These students have the opportunity to earn a University Studies Certificate over the course of their high school career, the equivalent of 31 hours of college transferrable courses.
- The District is a partner with Winthrop University's NetScope (Network of Sustained, Collaborative, Ongoing Preparation for Educators) grant. Through this partnership, schools in the district who are identified as partner schools or professional development schools participate in extensive based professional development to improve preservice and in-service training.

- The district offered a summer academic recovery camp for struggling third graders. The camp offered social-emotional literacy curriculum and a high level of classroom engagement. Each student was able to receive 9 books over the course of the camp.
- Winthrop University Center of Excellence that will focus on teacher residences as a viable opportunity to address the teacher shortage. ASPIRE, Addressing Shortages Partnership Internship Residences in Education, seeks to design, study, and disseminate best practices for Internship certification implementation specifically with undergraduate teacher candidates. In partnership with York School District One, Rock Hill School District, and Clover School District, ASPIRE will utilize a case study and improvement science approach to develop an undergraduate Internship Certificate program that addresses teacher recruitment and retention at all pre-baccalaureate levels.
- The district is excited to announce a new partnership with Atrium Health.
 Through this partnership a full-time athletic trainer will be hired to work with
 athletes at York Comprehensive High School. The new Athletic Trainer was in
 place during the 2020-2021 school year.
- The district was identified by the South Carolina Education Oversight Committee as an eLearning district. The District will utilize eLearning when schools are forced to close for short periods of time.
- Superintendent Mrs. Kelly Coxe received the NAACP Education Leadership Award on October 30, 2020. This is a prestigious award that is given to individuals who exhibit exceptional leadership in public education. An excerpt from her nomination form read "Her great leadership ability is only surpassed by her love for children and community, as she passionately lives out a slogan she coined, "Connected as One."
- The instruction department rolled out a comprehensive professional development plan for teachers. Topics included remote, blended and virtual learning environment practices, canvas sessions, edgenuity learning sessions, and universal screener sessions.
- The SC Department of Education (SCDE) saw a need to support the Profile of a South Carolina Graduate competencies by providing opportunities to learn and practice SEL competencies as students struggled with social and emotional issues. The SCDE SEL committee approved SEL screening tools in the fall of 2020. The district selected Panorama Ed which also offers Adult SEL screeners and support.
- Through a partnership with York County First Steps, at risk 4-year old's
 participate in a Count Down to Kindergarten summer program prior to entering
 kindergarten during which they receive educational home visits to prepare them
 with skills which promote school readiness.

Literacy:

 The District continues to partner with the Early Learning Partnership of York County and York County First Steps and through local fundraising efforts in the Imagination Library with over 400 children ages birth to five years. This program encourages reading by mailing a developmentally appropriate book to each participant's home monthly. • Schools in the District continued to implement reading programs in order to promote literacy and prevent regressions of reading and comprehension skills.

Technology:

- The District has two Technology Coordinators that provides professional development and training to all employees in the district. In addition, the district hired three instructional technology integration specialists to assist with training for staff
- The District did a complete computer replacement at York Comprehensive High School.
- The District replaced all promethean boards at York Comprehensive High School with interactive panels.
- The District utilized CARES Act Funding to purchase devices for all students and teachers in grades 7-12.
- Education for South Carolina Educational Television (SCETV), delivered our first set of Datacasting devices for use in the district. York School District One partnered with SCETV to be a pilot district in this first-in-the-nation project to deliver computer data over television signals to student homes without available internet connectivity.

Construction:

- The District continued to enhance safety and security features at all of the district facilities.
- The District partnered with Cumming to conduct a facility and enrollment study for the district. The comprehensive study will take a detail look at all facilities including roofs, HVAC, capacity, use of space within buildings, etc.

<u>District-Wide Accomplishments for FY 2020-2021 were as follows:</u>

- The District partnered with Clover School District in offering a Utility Line Worker Program for high school students. When students complete the program their senior year, they will have a certification as a utility line worker. The district hosted our first Utility Line Worker Rodeo Student Showcase.
- The District had sixteen teachers that were awarded Family Trust Grants. The grants fund projects that encourage unique and creative learning opportunities or enrich regular classroom activities.
- York Comprehensive High School continued with the Alive at 25 course. This 4
 ½ course focuses on the behaviors, decision-making and risks facing young drivers every time they get behind the wheel.
- York Middle School is a Winthrop Professional Development School. By being a
 Professional Development School, York Middle School will have an in-house
 professor that assists in professional development for teachers as well as assist
 in planning, co-teaching, and motivating "at-risk" students.
- The District, along with Chartwells, operated the Summer Feeding Program. The
 district served 32 sites which included schools, parks, churches and summer
 camps. The District also promoted literacy by giving donated books to kids at the
 parks being served.
- The District received continuation funding for the School Resource Officer Grant from the South Carolina Department of Education. The grant will fund a full-time SRO at Hickory Grove Sharon Elementary School, Hunter Street Elementary School, Harold C Johnson Elementary School and York Intermediate School.

- The grant expands the district's safety measures through partnering with the York County Sheriff's Office.
- York Middle School continued under priority school status. Funds will be used to expand professional development opportunities, implement evidence-based initiatives, and add additional chromebooks.
- The District was awarded a 4K Community Block Grant from the Education Oversight Committee. This grant funded the registration carnival, summer kindergarten camp, professional development for 4K teachers, assistants and Head Start Staff.
- The district was awarded two equipment grants by the SCDE. These grants will
 provide a Single Tank High Temperature Conveyor Dish Machine for York
 Intermediate School and Jefferson Elementary. The grants are valued at over
 \$24,000 each.
- The York County Community Foundation awarded the district \$18,000 to purchased devices for students.
- DSS Childcare Center awarded \$10,000 each to Jefferson Elementary, Hickory Grove Sharon Elementary, Hunter Street Elementary, Cotton Belt Elementary and Harold C Johnson Elementary. Funds were used for cleaning and sanitation including sprayers, disinfectant for the sprayers, hand sanitizer and masks.
- The district received a COPS grant through the Office School Violence Prevention Program in the amount of \$332,493. The grant will help fund electronic badge door access system in all school buildings, professional development for our school resource officers, and a portable metal detector.
- United Way awarded the district \$25,000 to offer a Microsoft Office Specialist Certification Program. Through a partnership with York Technical College, adults in our community will be able to take the courses on the YCHS campus. Classes will meet twice a week over a 15-week period in the evenings at York Comprehensive High School. This exciting opportunity allows the district to help to address United Way's goal of assisting 3000 families reach financial stability by 2030.
- The district received \$10,000 from the SC Energy Office for a "Trimming Energy Savings in the Gyms" project. The money was used to purchase LED lamps to replace existing metal halide gymnasium lights at Cotton Belt Elementary and Jefferson Elementary.
- The school district continued its partnership with the American Red Cross on a safety initiative known as the Pillowcase Project. The project promotes awareness and understanding of natural hazards with students in third through fifth grade. This initiative teaches safety, emotional coping skills, and personal preparedness.
- Through its partnership with York County First Steps, the district houses the tri county Nurse Family Partnership Program. Through this program, at risk, first time expectant mothers are provided home visitation through nurses for up to 2 years. The Nurse Family Partnership doubled the number of families served and has added additional nurses to accommodate the larger caseloads.
- The District continues to work in collaboration with the Second Harvest Food Bank of Metrolina in the "backpack" program for students in our district who need food in their homes over the weekends.

- The after-school dinner program continued to offer meals to student athletes at York Middle School and York Comprehensive High School in conjunction with tutoring and homework assistance as well as elementary, intermediate and middle school sites offering after school programs. This program is coordinated by the district's food service department and funded by the DSS Dinner program.
- The York School District One Education Foundation awarded \$500 teacher grants to each school and an overall \$2,000 to York Intermediate School.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Control

The District's budget process is developed using, as a foundation, the District's Vision Statement, Mission Statement, and Beliefs.

District's Vision Statement

To Learn, Serve, and Give as ONE.

District's Mission Statement

Our mission is to cultivate a service-oriented community of learners who strive for personal growth and excellence as communicators, collaborators, creators, and critical thinkers.

District's Beliefs:

- Learning is a life-long, ever-changing process for students and staff.
- Each child is unique and should have the opportunity to reach his/her full potential.
- A safe, orderly and nurturing environment is essential for learning.
- Education is a collaborative effort between schools and the community.
- Technology is a tool that should be leveraged to enhance the teaching and learning process.
- Teaching and learning should be relevant, individualized, and intentional to equip students for success.

Commitments:

- We will embrace a commitment to continuous learning for students and staff.
- We will partner and collaborate with students, families, and the community to enhance the educational experiences.
- We will foster and maintain a safe learning environments for students and staff.
- We will establish and nurture trusting and caring relationships with students, families, community members, and colleagues.
- We will provide quality learning experiences to meet the individual needs of students.

The District exercises budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the provisions set forth in the annual appropriations adopted by the Board of Trustees. Beginning in February, the Superintendent, Assistant

Superintendent, Director of Technology, Director of Human Resources, and the Maintenance Director visit each location to discuss capital and personnel needs with the building level administrator. With direction from these meetings, and the Superintendent, the Assistant Superintendent prepares a proposed budget to be presented to the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees annually adopts and approves the General Fund budget by June 30th. The District maintains the modified accrual system for all governmental funds, and uses encumbrance accounting to accomplish budgetary controls at the function level. District policies allow funds to be transferred between function and object amounts as long as the total spending does not exceed the approved budget. Board approval is needed for supplemental appropriations that are additions to the budget. Encumbrances are utilized to assist in budgetary control and encumbrances lapse at fiscal year-end. The Board of Trustees is given a budget status report on a monthly basis, and is reviewed by the members of the Board.

Special revenue fund budgets are controlled in conformance with the specific requirements of that fund, and budgets are not legally adopted. Budgets are not adopted for the Capital Projects Fund or the Debt Service Fund. Debt Service expenditures are set in accordance to the bond issue requirements, with revenues needed to pay the debt service requirements levied by the County Auditor.

Subsequent to the adoption of the budget by the Board, the Assistant Superintendent certifies to the County Auditor the amount of millage required to raise sufficient funds to defray the cost of operating the District and to pay the bonded indebtedness incurred by the District. Pursuant to Act No. 449 enacted during the 1975 Session of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, the General Assembly provided for the levying of school taxes for the District. Part III, Section 6 of Act No. 449 empowers the Board of the District to levy taxes to provide funds for school operating expenses provided such levy may not be increased more than four mills in any year over that levied for a preceding year without the approval of the qualified electors of the District voting in a referendum. Act No. 744 enacted at the 1990 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina increased this limitation from four to six mills. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2007-2008, the provisions of Act No. 388 of the 2006 Acts and Joint Resolutions of the General Assembly ("Act 388") limited annual millage increases for operations to growth factors based upon inflation and population growth.

Since 1969, a county-wide millage has been levied for the operation of the four school districts of York County pursuant to Act No. 1663 of the Acts and Joint Resolutions of the General Assembly for the year 1968. Beginning with the 1981-82 school year and continuing through the 1986-87 school year, the proceeds of the county levy were distributed on a per pupil (average daily membership) basis to the four districts within the County. However, pursuant to the provisions of Act No. 292 passed by the General Assembly in 1987, authorization was provided to distribute the receipts from one mill levied under the countywide school levy to the school district with the lowest assessed value. Pursuant to the provisions of Act No. 744 enacted during the 1990 Session of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, the countywide levy was raised to thirty-three mills and the authorization to distribute the receipts from one mill to the district with the lower assessed value was continued. After reappraisal of all property in calendar year in 2005, the total of countywide mills was reduced to thirty. The District has the lowest assessed value in the County.

Long Term Financial Planning

The major focus areas for the District are technology, safety and facilities. During the 2020-2021 year, the District continued to spend money for technology needs throughout the district and the bond proceeds on capital needs.

In addition, capital projects are another main area of focus of the district's long-term financial planning component. The issuance of over \$85 million in bonds demonstrates the district's commitment to safe, secure, quality educational facilities. In addition, the district issued \$6,500,000 in 2019 to continue our commitment to safety and security in our facilities. The District evaluates facilities on an ongoing basis in order to provide additional instructional space prior to the existing space becoming overcrowded.

The unassigned fund balance in the general fund at year end was \$11,689,873. The District feels a positive fund balance is sound financial management. A positive fund balance serves several purposes. The first is to ensure that the instructional process is not interrupted by unforeseen budgetary constraints such as state budget cuts which we have seen over the last couple of years. Secondly, the District is able to reduce short term borrowing by having cash available in the later months of the year. The third purpose is to maintain a positive bond rating.

The fund balance will allow the District not only to maintain its ability to handle any major shortfalls due to the economic decline but also to handle the increase in operating costs.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Greene Finney, LLP, was selected by the District's Board of Trustees to perform the Districts' annual audit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. In addition, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the provisions of the Uniform Guidance. The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report, and the auditor's report related specifically to the single audit are included in the Compliance Section of this report.

Awards

Our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was a recipient of the prestigious awards of excellence, from both the Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") with their Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and from the Association of School Business Officials ("ASBO") with their Certificate of Excellence in Financial This is the eighteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved these prestigious awards. These two awards are made only to governmental units that publish a comprehensive annual financial report that is easily readable, efficiently organized, and conform to program standards, as well as satisfy generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

These awards are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet each program's requirements

and we are submitting it to the GFOA and to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The completion of this comprehensive annual financial report is attributed to the hard work and professional dedication of the entire Finance Department. Their dedication and efficient services have made the timely preparation of this report possible. I would like to acknowledge the cooperation and assistance of the District's school and departmental administration throughout the year in the efficient management of the District's financial operations. I would also like to thank our audit firm Greene Finney, LLP for their professional services in auditing the information contained within this document and their invaluable assistance with the compiling and printing of this financial report.

The administration would also like to thank the entire School Board of Trustees for their continued support of excellence in financial reporting and fiscal integrity. Without their help, we would not be able to maintain the exceptional staff needed to assure such a high level of competency.

This report reflects the District's commitment to the citizens of York School District One and the financial community to provide information in conformance with the highest standards of financial accountability.

Respectfully Submitted,

Amy Hagner

Amy Hagner

Assistant Superintendent Finance and Operations





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

York School District One South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

York School District One

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal President

W. Edward Chabal

David J. Lewis
Executive Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees York School District One York, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of York School District One, South Carolina (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of York School District One, South Carolina, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.C in the notes to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2021 the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, the pension plan schedules, and the other postemployment benefit plan schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the introductory section and the statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina November 1, 2021

Greene Finney, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

INTRODUCTION

This discussion and analysis of York County School District One's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 ("2021") compared to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 ("2020"). The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year yielding a net deficit of approximately \$89.1 million. Of this amount, approximately \$101.7 million was the District's unrestricted net deficit, which was caused primarily by the impact of the District's net pension and net other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") liabilities and the related deferred inflows/outflows of approximately \$65.4 million and \$57.5 million, respectively. Without these liabilities, the District would have total positive net position of approximately \$21.2 million.
- The District's total net position decreased by approximately \$0.6 million compared to a \$2.7 million decrease in the prior year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$31.0 million. The District had an increase of approximately \$3.0 million in the current year compared to a decrease of approximately \$0.2 million in the prior year. The change compared to the prior year is primarily attributable to the District's revenues exceeding its expenditures.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was approximately \$11.7
 million, which is approximately 24% percent of total General Fund expenditures. The entire amount is
 unassigned.
- The District's total capital assets decreased approximately \$3.5 million during the current fiscal year. The key factor was depreciation expense of approximately \$4.0 million, partially offset by additions of \$0.5 million.
- The District's total long term obligations decreased by approximately \$6.2 million during the current fiscal year which was due to regularly scheduled principal payments of approximately \$5.2 million and amortization of premiums of approximately \$1.0 million.
- During fiscal year 2021, the District's governmental fund type revenues were approximately \$74.9 million compared to approximately \$71.0 million in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to an increase in local taxes of approximately \$2.6 million and an increase in funding from state sources of approximately \$0.3 million.
- The District had approximately \$71.9 million in governmental fund expenditures compared to approximately \$71.1 million in the prior year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in instruction expenditures of approximately \$1.3 million and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures of approximately \$0.6 million, partially offset by a decrease in support expenditures of approximately \$0.2 million combined with an increase in principal and interest payments of approximately \$0.3 million.
- The District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Boards ("GASB") Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" ("Statement" or "GASB #84") for the year ended June 30, 2021. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement made it clear that pupil/student activity funds (due to administrative involvement) should be reported by the District in either the General Fund or a special revenue fund. The balances and activities were previously recorded in a fiduciary fund (agency fund).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

• The adoption of GASB #84 has resulted in the restatement of the District's fund balance and net position as of July 1, 2020 for its governmental fund financial statements and its government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of the pupil/student activity funds in the Special Revenue Fund. Fund balance of the District's governmental funds and net position of the District's governmental activities as of July 1, 2020 was increased by approximately \$545,000, reflecting the cumulative change in accounting principle related to the adoption of GASB #84.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The financial statements include two kinds of statements, (the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements) that present different views of the District. The government-wide statements are intended to give the reader both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements are intended to provide a more detailed look at specific financial activities.

Reporting the District as a Whole - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide a broad overview of the District's overall financial status, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise. These statements report information about the District as a whole.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these items reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, other non-financial factors, such as the District's property tax base, the condition and age of school buildings, as well as other physical assets, should be considered.

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, for some items, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). All of the District's activities are reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District does not report any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Reporting the District's Major Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The remaining financial statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, and not the District as a whole. The fund financial statements report the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements, and focus on the District's most significant or "major" funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reporting the District's Major Funds - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the District are categorized as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the District's basic services are included within the governmental funds. The governmental funds generally focus on two things-how cash and other assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund statements provide a more detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the district's programs. However the governmental fund statements do not encompass the additional long-term focus as that of the government-wide financial statements, and as a result additional information at the end of the governmental fund statements, in the form of reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the governmental fund statements and the government-wide statements.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Special Revenue - EIA Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Special Revenue - Food Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The governmental fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information

The combining and individual fund financial schedules referred to earlier in connection with governmental funds can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget only for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets. This schedule can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by approximately \$89.1 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for the current fiscal year 2021, as well as the preceding fiscal year 2020:

Table 1
Net Position - Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities					
		2021	2020			
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	41,674,917	\$	36,573,183		
Capital Assets, Net		84,983,811		88,512,565		
Total Assets		126,658,728		125,085,748		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Pension Charges		11,719,003		7,333,447		
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges		14,344,638		6,883,681		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		26,063,641		14,217,128		
Liabilities						
Other Liabilities		8,016,676		6,185,352		
Net Pension Liability		76,651,759		68,763,758		
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability		67,340,199		56,504,752		
Long-Term Liabilities		84,868,504		91,051,926		
Total Liabilities		236,877,138		222,505,788		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Pension Credits		484,029		520,328		
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits		4,464,102		5,336,279		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,948,131		5,856,607		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,798,094		3,010,228		
Restricted		7,840,877		6,366,778		
Unrestricted		(101,741,871)		(98,436,525)		
Total Net Position	\$	(89,102,900)	\$	(89,059,519)		

The District's current and other assets at June 30, 2021 increased by approximately \$5.1 million from the prior year primarily due to an increase in cash of approximately \$4.8 million and increases in other assets of approximately \$0.3 million. The District's capital assets at June 30, 2021 decreased by approximately \$3.5 million from the prior year due to depreciation expense of approximately \$4.0 million, partially offset by additions of approximately \$0.5 million. The District's total liabilities at June 30, 2021 increased by approximately \$14.4 million from the prior year primarily due to an increase in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, partially offset by a decrease in long-term liabilities (because of regularly scheduled principal payments on debts).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The District's net position decreased by approximately \$0.6 million during the current fiscal year due to current year expenses exceeding current year revenues. Please see discussion following the next table regarding this decrease.

Approximately \$4.8 million of the District's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, infrastructure, etc.) less any related outstanding debt/lease purchase obligations used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt generally must be provided from other sources, since generally the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position of approximately \$7.8 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restrictions are for debt service, student activities, and food service (\$5.0 million, \$0.6 million, and \$2.2 million, respectively). The remaining portion of the District's net position is unrestricted net position (deficit) of approximately (\$101.7) million. Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the current fiscal year 2021 as well as for the preceding fiscal year 2020:

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		2021*		2020		
Revenues		_				
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	18,946	\$	414,834		
Operating Grants		39,364,602		37,333,381		
General Revenues:						
Taxes, including State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes		34,961,449		32,061,658		
Other		180,448		697,624		
Total Revenues		74,525,445		70,507,497		
Program Expenses						
Instruction		41,341,413		40,225,654		
Supporting Services		31,225,705		30,268,722		
Interest and Other Charges		2,546,483		2,706,469		
Total Program Expenses		75,113,601		73,200,845		
Change in Net Position		(588,156)		(2,693,348)		
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported		(89,059,519)		(86,366,171)		
Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle - GASB #84		544,775		-		
Net Position, Beginning of Year		(88,514,744)		(86,366,171)		
Net Position, End of Year	\$	(89,102,900)	\$	(89,059,519)		

^{*} The District adopted GASB #84 in FY 2021. See Financial Highlights section for more details.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities

The District's governmental activities net position decreased approximately \$0.6 million in 2021 compared to a decrease of approximately \$2.7 million in the prior year. This decrease was less than in the prior year primarily due to an increase in operating grants of approximately \$2.0 million in ESSER and CRF grants and an increase in tax revenues due to an increase in assessed values of approximately \$2.9 million, partially offset by an increase in instruction expenses of approximately \$1.1 million and support expenses of approximately \$1.0. Depreciation expense of approximately \$4.0 million was a significant factor in the decrease in the District's governmental activities net position.

FUND ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds

The analysis of governmental funds serves the purpose of looking at what resources came into the funds, how they were spent and what is available for future expenditures. Did the government generate enough revenue to pay for current obligations? What is available for spending at the end of the year?

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$31.0 million as compared to approximately \$28.0 million for the prior year. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2021, the District's unassigned fund balance for all governmental funds was approximately \$11.7 million which solely represents the General Fund. Approximately \$4.3 million, \$5.1 million, \$0.6 million, and \$2.2 million are restricted for capital projects, debt service, student activities and food service, respectively. Approximately \$7.1 million is assigned for capital projects.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was approximately \$11.7 million, the entirety of which was unassigned.

The District's General Fund balance increased approximately \$0.4 million from the prior year. This increase was due to revenues coming in approximately \$1.5 million over budget due to an increase in assessed value, expenditures coming in \$1.5 million under budget and a transfer to the capital projects fund of approximately \$2.7 million offset by a transfer in to the General Fund of approximately \$1.9 million. The fund balance in the General Fund is approximately 24% of 2021 General Fund expenditures.

The District's Special Revenue Fund and Special Revenue – EIA Fund, are used to account for revenues derived from the State of South Carolina and the Federal Government. Special Revenue funds generally do not have fund balances as revenues should be expended, deferred, or returned to the grantor. However, at the end of the fiscal year in the Special Revenue Fund, the District did have a fund balance of approximately \$0.6 million which consists of fund balance restricted for the District's Student Activities. The Special Revenue Fund's fund balance increased \$0.1 million. The Special Revenue Fund - EIA does not have a fund balance as revenues should be expended, deferred, or returned to the grantor.

The Debt Service Fund is shown in the accompanying financial statements of the District. This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds for debt retirement. The District's debt millage rate was 84 mills (same as the prior year). The fund balance in the Debt Service Fund increased approximately \$0.8 million in 2021. The fund balance for the Debt Service Fund at June 30, 2021 was approximately \$5.1 million which is restricted for debt service payments. Revenues increased over the prior year by approximately \$1.2 million, primarily due to an increase in tax revenues of approximately \$1.3 million. Regularly scheduled debt service payments increased over the prior year by approximately \$0.3 million due to increased principal and interest payments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FUND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for the District's major capital project expenditures. The District's Capital Projects Fund balance increased by approximately \$1.6 million in 2021 to approximately \$11.4 million at June 30, 2021, as revenues and transfers in of approximately \$3.2, which were comprised of short term debt in the amount of approximately \$0.5 million and a transfer in of approximately \$2.7 million, exceeded expenditures of approximately \$1.6 million.

The Food Service Fund is utilized to account for the District's food service program. The Food Service fund balance slightly increased by approximately \$0.1 million during 2021 to approximately \$2.2 million at June 30, 2021, as revenues of approximately \$2.8 million exceeded expenditures and transfers out of approximately \$2.7 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared according to South Carolina law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The only budgeted fund is the General Fund. Budget amendments may occur during the year, but none in FY 2021 that caused the total budget to exceed the original approved General Fund budget. During fiscal year 2021, General Fund revenues came in approximately \$1.5 million higher than budgeted revenues, primarily due to higher tax revenues, because of an increase in assessed values, of approximately \$1.9 million, partially offset by lower revenue from state sources of approximately \$0.4 million. Actual expenditures came in approximately \$1.5 million lower than budgeted expenditures primarily due to lower instruction expenditures of approximately \$0.6 million and lower support expenditures of approximately \$0.9 million. The District's transfers in came in approximately \$0.3 million over budget primarily due to transfers from other funds for indirect costs. The District's transfers out came in approximately \$2.7 million over budget primarily due to the District transferring \$2.7 million to the Capital Projects Fund at the end of the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2021, the District had approximately \$85.0 million in net capital assets. The total decrease in the District's net capital assets was approximately \$3.5 million. While there were capital asset additions of approximately \$0.5 million, depreciation expense was approximately \$4.0 million. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- Depreciation expense of approximately \$4.0 million.
- Furniture and equipment capital asset additions of approximately \$0.4 million.
- Buildings and improvement additions of approximately \$0.1 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Table 3 shows fiscal 2021 balances compared to 2020:

Table 3 Capital Assets at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government Activities			
		2021		2020
Land and Construction in Progress Buildings, Improvements, and Equipment	\$	3,180,954 81,802,857	\$	3,180,954 85,331,611
Totals	\$	84,983,811	\$	88,512,565

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At fiscal year-end, the District had approximately \$77.2 million in gross bonds outstanding versus approximately \$82.5 million in the prior year, a decrease of approximately \$5.2 million as shown in Table 4. All of the District's debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District as is typical with general obligation bond ("GOB") indebtedness.

Table 4
Outstanding Gross Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020	
Qualified Zone Academy GOB, Series 2012	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015		32,405,000		32,405,000	
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2016		37,795,000		41,760,000	
General Obligation Bonds, 2019		4,040,000		5,305,000	
Total Gross Debt	\$	77,240,000	\$	82,470,000	

Key highlights related to the District's gross debt for fiscal year 2021 are as follows:

• Principal payments of approximately \$5.2 million were made on the various bonds.

Section 15 of Article X of the South Carolina State Constitution allows Districts to incur a legal debt limit not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the District, unless approved by a majority vote in a referendum authorized by law. At June 30, 2021, the District's assessed property valuation was approximately \$121.5 million. The District had approximately \$4.4 million (\$3.0 million of the Qualified Zone Academy GOB less the funded debt service for the Qualified Zone Academy GOB of approximately \$2.7 million and \$4.0 million in Series 2019 General Obligation Bonds) of bonded debt subject to the 8% limit of approximately \$9.7 million resulting in unused legal debt margin of approximately \$5.3 million.

As noted earlier, other long-term obligations consist of premiums, and accrued compensated absences. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

ECONOMIC FACTORS

York School District One is located in the southwestern region of York County. The District encompasses the entire City of York and several smaller municipalities located on the western border of York County. The District has a tax base of \$121,467,000 million in 2021 which is a 13.2% increase from 2020. Recently, the District has seen growth in assessed valuation slow. Total property tax collections have historically been strong, averaging more than 90% collection rate.

FY 2022 BUDGETS

The FY 22 General Fund Budget of approximately \$51.2 million represents a 2.4% increase over FY 21. The main priorities for the FY 22 General Fund Budget were: (1) being able to maintain the same quality of education for our students due to the continuous shortfall in state funding, (2) maintaining manageable class sizes, and (3) have a balanced budget without using the district's unassigned fund balance. The District's goal is to continue to provide the same level of educational programs and to continue to improve academic performance. However, this goal continues to become more challenging with the effects of the passage of Act 388, which eliminated school operating millage on owner-occupied homes and replaced it with a less stable one percent sales tax increase.

Because this is a labor-intensive operation, the largest budgeted expenditure increase pertains to personnel, which makes up approximately 86% of the General Fund budget. The base student cost, which is the determining factor for the majority of the state's formula funding provided to public districts, is projected to be funded at the rate determined by the State Budget and Control Board to keep pace with inflation. The state base student cost increased to \$2,516 which is a 1.1% increase over 2021 (\$2,489). The Base Student Cost amount is still well below the projected amount determined by the State Budget and Control Board needed for inflation.

The Board of Trustees approved a 5.0 mill increase (increased to 199.6 mills from 194.6 mills in the prior year) for the 2021 property tax year for general operations of the District. The Board of Trustees also approved to maintain 84 mills for the 2021 property tax year for the District's scheduled debt service requirements.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide those interested with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, at York County School District One, PO Box 770, York, South Carolina, 29745. In addition, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be found on the District's website at: www.york.k12.sc.us.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

	PRIMARY GOVERNM	ENT
	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 22,65	51,022
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Restricted	6	7,394
Investments	2	21,489
Investments, Restricted	2,65	1,729
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer		26,375
Property Taxes Receivable, Net		7,029
Accounts Receivable, Net		1,904
Other Receivables, Net		4,232
Due from State		31,573
Due from Federal		39,930
Due from Other Governments		59,674
Inventories		2,566
Capital Assets:	•	2,000
Non-Depreciable	3 18	80,954
Depreciable, Net		2,857
TOTAL ASSETS	126,65	
		0,120
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Charges		9,003
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Charges	14,34	4,638
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	26,06	3,641
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		9,456
Accrued Interest Payable	1,09	1,421
Due to State Agencies		7,643
Due to Federal Agencies	4	3,912
Unearned Revenue	1,27	4,244
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Net Pension Liability - Due in More than One Year	76,65	1,759
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Liability - Due in More than One Year	67,34	0,199
Long-Term Obligations - Due Within One Year	8,88	32,000
Long-Term Obligations - Due in More than One Year	75,98	86,504
TOTAL LIABILITIES	236,87	7,138
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Credits	48	34,029
Deferred Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Credits		34,102
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,94	8,131
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4 79	8,094
Restricted For:	1,1.0	,
Debt Service	5.06	8,543
Student Activities	•	9,021
Special Revenue - Food Service		3,313
Unrestricted	(101,74	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u> </u>	2,900)
	+ (00,10	_,-,-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			PF	ROGRAM REVENUE	s	REVEN	T (EXPENSE) UE AND CHANGE IET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		ary Government overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support Services Interest on Long-Term Obligations Total Governmental Activities	\$	41,341,413 31,225,705 2,546,483 75,113,601	18,946 - 18,946	22,867,439 16,497,163 - 39,364,602	- - -	\$	(18,473,974) (14,709,596) (2,546,483) (35,730,053)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	75,113,601	18,946	39,364,602		=	(35,730,053)
GENERAL REVENUES General Revenues: Property Taxes Levied Property Taxes Levied State Revenue in Lieu Other Taxes Investment Earnings Intergovernmental Rev Miscellaneous - Not Re	for Ge for De of Tax venue	ebt Service kes - Not Restricted					16,790,831 9,594,791 8,075,540 500,287 70,476 43,619 66,353
Total General Revenues							35,141,897
CHANGE IN NET POSI	ΓΙΟΝ						(588,156)
NET POSITION - Begini Cumulative Change in A							(89,059,519) 544,775
NET POSITION - Beginn	ning of	Year					(88,514,744)
NET POSITION - Endin	g of Y	ear				\$	(89,102,900)

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	GE	NERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	21,093,085	587,329	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Restricted		67,394	-	-
Investments		-	21,489	-
Investments, Restricted Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer		- 886,493	- -	-
Receivables, Net:		000,430	_	_
Taxes		3,359,629	-	-
Accounts		-	-	-
Other		-	4,232	-
Due From:				
State		52,326	76,447	102,800
Federal Other Governments		- 59,049	2,038,647 625	-
Other Funds		59,049	023	493,972
Inventories		-	-	-30,372
TOTAL ASSETS		25,517,976	2,728,769	596,772
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts Payable		2,783,880	-	-
Accrued Salaries, Fringe & Benefits		2,703,160	-	-
Accrued Expenditures		112,416	-	-
Due To:				
State Agencies		7,643	-	-
Federal Agencies Other Funds		43,912 5,460,634	- 1,871,534	-
Unearned Revenue		5,460,634	248,214	- 596,772
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,111,645	2,119,748	596,772
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		2,716,458	-	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,716,458	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,828,103	2,119,748	596,772
FUND BALANCES:				
Fund Balances				
Restricted For:				
Debt Service		-	-	-
Capital Projects		-	-	-
Student Activities		-	609,021	-
Special Revenue - Food Service Assigned For:		-	-	-
Capital Projects		_	-	_
Unassigned		11,689,873	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		11,689,873	609,021	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	25,517,976	2,728,769	596,772

DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
-	-	970,608	\$ 22,651,022
-	-	-	67,394
-	-	-	21,489
2,651,729 2,595,201	- 5,844,681	-	2,651,729 9,326,375
1,087,400	-	-	4,447,029
-	-	1,904	1,904
-	-	-	4,232
-	-	-	231,573
-	-	101,283	2,139,930
·	5,566,352	- 1,446,210	59,674 7,506,534
- -	-	72,566	72,566
6,334,330	11,411,033	2,592,571	49,181,451
174,366 - 174,366 - 174,366	- - - - - - -	- - - - - 429,258 429,258	2,783,880 2,703,160 112,416 7,643 43,912 7,506,534 1,274,244 14,431,789
1,053,211			3,769,669
1,227,577		429,258	18,201,458
5,106,753 - - - - - - -	4,322,659 - - - 7,088,374 - -	- - 2,163,313 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5,106,753 4,322,659 609,021 2,163,313 7,088,374 11,689,873
5,106,753	11,411,033	2,163,313	30,979,993
6,334,330	11,411,033	2,592,571	\$ 49,181,451

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 3	0,979,993
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Outstanding property taxes and other revenues which will be collected in the future, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures are therefore unavailable in the funds.			3,769,669
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$179,437,991, and the accumulated depreciation is \$94,454,180.		8	4,983,811
The District's proportionate shares of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resource deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State pension plans are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.		(6	5,416,785)
The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, a deferred inflows of resources related to its participation in the State OPEB plan are not recorded in the governmental funds but are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.	and	(5	7,459,663)
Interest is recorded as an expenditure when due and payable in the governmental funds. Interest is recorded in the government-wide statements when it is due. This amount represents the amount of interest due but unpaid at year-end.		((1,091,421)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities consisted of the following:			
Long-Term Debt Net Premium Compensated Absences	(77,240,000) (7,268,376) (360,128)	(8)	4,868,504)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (8	9,102,900)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. See accompanying independent auditor's report.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	SPECIAL REVENUE - EIA
REVENUES			
Local Sources: Taxes Investment Earnings Other Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 17,062,652 37,067 34,559 32,508,371 -	275 1,363,669 2,127,743 4,997,780 43,619	- - - 3,736,923 - -
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	 49,642,649	8,533,086	3,736,923
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Instruction Support Services Intergovernmental Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Charges TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	28,442,581 19,864,714 - 144,623 - - - - 48,451,918	4,764,268 3,344,391 46,281 12,000 - - - - 8,166,940	1,750,474 441,610 - 60,645 - - - 2,252,729
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 1,190,731	366,146	1,484,194
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	 1,956,955 (2,703,020)	35,000 (336,900)	(1,484,194)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (746,065)	(301,900)	(1,484,194)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	444,666	64,246	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle - GASB #84	11,245,207 -	- 544,775	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year, Restated	 11,245,207	544,775	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 11,689,873	609,021	<u>-</u>

DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	SPECIAL REVENUE - FOOD SERVICE	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
9,689,385	_	_	\$ 26,752,037
18,415	14,466	253	70,476
-	4,840	45,897	1,448,965
500,147	-	-	38,873,184
-	-	2,705,798	7,703,578 43,619
		-	
10,207,947	19,306	2,751,948	74,891,859
-	1 121 160	- 2,581,292	34,957,323
-	1,131,160	2,561,292	27,363,167 46,281
- -	452,259	-	669,527
5,230,000	-	-	5,230,000
3,610,143	-	-	3,610,143
10,535	-	-	10,535
8,850,678	1,583,419	2,581,292	71,886,976
1,357,269	(1,564,113)	170,656	3,004,883
-	3,187,578	-	5,179,533
(519,558)	-	(135,861)	(5,179,533)
(519,558)	3,187,578	(135,861)	
837,711	1,623,465	34,795	3,004,883
4,269,042	9,787,568	2,128,518	27,430,335
-	-	-	544,775
4,269,042	9,787,568	2,128,518	27,975,110
5,106,753	11,411,033	2,163,313	\$ 30,979,993

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,004,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. They are considered revenues in the Statement of Activities.	(366,414)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	5,230,000
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	87,166
Bond premiums are recorded in the year they are received in governmental funds, but are amortized over the lives of the bonds in the Statement of Activities.	987,029
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(33,607)
Changes in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	(3,466,146)
Changes in the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities.	(2,502,313)
Governmental funds report capital asset additions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital asset additions of \$478,074 were exceeded by depreciation expense of \$4,006,828 during the year.	(3,528,754)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (588,156)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A) Reporting Entity

York School District One, South Carolina (the "District"), established in 1954, is controlled by a Board of Trustees (the "Board"), which has oversight responsibility over the public school education activities in the District. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the related requirements of these funding source entities. The District is governed by a seven member Board.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

As required by GAAP, the financial statements must present the District's financial information with any of its component units. The primary criterion for determining inclusion or exclusion of a legally separate entity (component unit) is financial accountability, which is presumed to exist if the District both appoints a voting majority of the entity's governing body, and either 1) the District is able to impose its will on the entity or, 2) there is a potential for the entity to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District. If either or both of the foregoing conditions are not met, the entity could still be considered a component unit if it is fiscally dependent on the District and there is a potential that the entity could either provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on the District.

In order to be considered fiscally independent, an entity must have the authority to do all of the following: (a) determine its budget without the District having the authority to approve or modify that budget; (b) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by the District; and (c) issue bonded debt without approval by the District. An entity has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the District if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists: (a) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the entity's resources, (b) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits or, or provide financial support to, the entity, or (c) the District is obligated in some manner for the debt of the entity. Finally, an entity could be a component unit even if it met all the conditions described above if excluding it would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government in the fund financial statements. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the District. Based on the criteria above, the District does not have any component units.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District (the "Primary Government"). For the most part, the effect of interfund activity (except for interfund services provided and used between functions) has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. The District does not report any business-type activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statements are prepared using a different measurement focus from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared (see further detail below). Governmental fund financial statements therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental **fund financial statements** are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, federal and state grant programs, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash has been received by the government.

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are a minimum number of funds maintained to keep the accounts consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The following major funds and fund types are used by the District.

Governmental Fund Types are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The District's expendable financial resources and related assets and liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The **General Fund**, a **major fund** and a budgeted fund, is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (that are expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District has the following major Special Revenue Funds:

- i) The Special Revenue Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report financial resources provided by federal, state, and local projects and grants (including pupil/student activity funds) that are restricted, committed or assigned for special education programs.
- ii) The *Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund* and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the restricted revenues from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 (which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source) which are restricted for specific programs authorized or mandated by the EIA.
- iii) The Food Service Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report activity for the District's food service program.

The **Debt Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of all long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for the District.

The **Capital Projects Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures of capital outlay related to site acquisitions, construction, equipment, and renovation of all major capital facilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Change in Accounting Principle

The District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Boards ("GASB") Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" ("Statement" or "GASB #84") for the year ended June 30, 2021. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement made it clear that pupil/student activity funds (due to administrative involvement) should be reported by the District in either the General Fund or a special revenue fund. The balances and activities were previously recorded in a fiduciary fund (agency fund).

The adoption of GASB #84 has resulted in the restatement of the District's fund balance and net position as of July 1, 2020 for its governmental fund and government-wide financial statements to reflect the reporting of the pupil/student activity funds in the Special Revenue Fund. Fund balance of the District's governmental funds and net position of the District's governmental activities as of July 1, 2020 was increased by approximately \$545,000, reflecting the cumulative change in accounting principle related to the adoption of GASB #84.

D) Budgetary Data

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management tool for the District. Each budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America. Prior to July 1 of each fiscal year, the York District Board of Trustees legally adopts an operating budget for the General Fund only. The budget is a legal document that establishes total expenditure limits with the same basis of accounting being used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgetary control is established at the departmental level or by projects.

The Director of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, the Board of Trustees must approve any revisions that alter total expenditures. The legal level of control is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. While budgets were transferred between function and object, there were no supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year that changed the total amount of the budget.

E) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assist in budgetary control through the use of purchase orders, which are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation during the year. Encumbrances open at year-end lapse, and are subject to reappropriation in the budget of the subsequent year and are not carried forward.

F) Prepaid Items and Inventories

Prepaid items in the governmental funds are accounted for using the purchase method (expended when paid).

Inventories in the Food Service Fund consist of purchased goods, supplies and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities, which are stated at values assigned by the USDA. Under the system for accounting for inventories, materials and supplies are carried in an inventory account at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting, and are subsequently charged to expenditures/expenses when consumed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less when purchased and investments in the South Carolina Pooled Investment Fund ("Pool") to be cash equivalents. Securities with an initial maturity of more than three months (from when initially purchased) that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments

The District's investment policy is designed to operate within existing statutes (which are identical for all funds, fund types and component units within the State of South Carolina) that authorize the District to invest in the following:

- (a) Obligations of the United States and its agencies, the principal and interest of which is fully guaranteed by the United States.
- (b) Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (c) (i) General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units; or (ii) revenue obligations of the State of South Carolina or its political units, if at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating category by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations.
- (d) Savings and Loan Associations to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (e) Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (a) and b) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (f) Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in this section.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

(g) No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit, political subdivision, or county treasurer if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (a), (b), (c), and (f) of this subsection, and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method. The District's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. The District reports its cash and investments at fair value which is normally determined by quoted market prices.

The District currently or in the past year has used the following investments:

- Cash and Investments held by the County Treasurer which are property taxes collected by the
 District's fiscal agent that have not been remitted to the District. The County Treasurer invests
 these funds in investments authorized by state statute as outlined above. All interest and other
 earnings gained are added back to the fund and are paid out by the County Treasurer to the
 respective governments on a periodic basis.
- Local Government Investment Pool ("Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement #72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon (a) quoted market prices for identical or similar investments or (b) observable inputs other than quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, P.O. Box 11778, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.
- Treasury bills are negotiable debt obligations issued by the U.S. government and backed by its
 full faith and credit, having a maturity of one year or less and are exempt from state and local
 taxes.

H) Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of reimbursement arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position. All trade and property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I) Compensated Absences

District employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon termination of employment, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days not to exceed 20 days. Unused sick leave is not reimbursed and therefore is not reported in the financial statements.

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." The entire compensated absence liability and expense is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds will only recognize compensated absences liability if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

J) Fund Balance

GASB #54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in the governmental funds. The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).

Restricted – includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action made by the highest level of decision-making authority (The Board) before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed amounts for the District consist of amounts approved by a majority vote, through an ordinance, of the Board Members in subsequent requests made throughout the year.

Assigned – includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date. The Board adopted a policy that grants the Superintendent and the Finance Director the right to make assignments of fund balance for the District. The District has approximately \$7,088,000 in fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund that is classified as Assigned, as it represents funds transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund in the current and prior years for future construction and other capital outlay expenditures.

Unassigned – includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts of restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J) Fund Balance (Continued)

The District generally uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available unless there are legal documents, contracts, or agreements that prohibit doing such. Additionally, the District generally would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District's fund balance policy is for the General Fund unassigned fund balance to be a minimum of 17% of current year General Fund operating expenditures.

K) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt which has not been spent is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

L) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

M) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

N) Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the District can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:

Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.

Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.

Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N) Fair Value (Continued)

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include: Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. The District believes that the valuation methods used are appropriate and consistent with GAAP. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value.

O) Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, non-current portion of capital leases, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts (if any) are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District currently has two types of deferred outflows of resources: (1) The District reports deferred pension charges in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (2) The District reports deferred OPEB charges in in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB charges are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability (which includes contributions made after the measurement date) or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational method as pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District currently has three types of deferred inflows of resources: (1) The District reports unavailable revenue for property taxes only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet; it is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) in the period the amounts become available. (2) The District also reports deferred pension credits in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System and South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. (3) The District reports deferred OPEB credits in its Statement(s) of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB credits are amortized in a systematic and rational method and recognized as a reduction of pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

Q) Capital Assets

General capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value (as estimated by the District) at the date of donation.

The District maintains a capitalization threshold as follows:

Asset Category	Capitalization Limits
Land/non-depreciable land improvements (produce permanent benefits,	
i.e. filling and excavation costs)	All land will be capitalized
Depreciable land improvements (deteriorate with the use or passage of	
time, i.e. fencing, landscaping, lighting, paving)	\$100,000
Buildings, Building Improvements (must add square footage to asset and	
extend the useful life)	\$100,000
Intangible Assets	\$100,000
Equipment	\$5,000

The District's infrastructure assets have been reported with the buildings and improvements. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. The District does not maintain ownership of any public domain ("infrastructure") general capital assets.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Construction projects begin being depreciated once they are completed and placed in service, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category.

Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Q) Capital Assets (Continued)

Asset Category	Useful Life Range
Land (not depreciated)	not applicable
Land improvements	20–50 years
Buildings and improvements	10–50 years
Furniture and equipment	3–12 years
Vehicles	3–10 years
Construction in progress (not depreciated)	not applicable

R) Pensions and Other Employment Benefits

In government-wide financial statements, pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 10 and Note 11) and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements for more information), regardless of the amounts recognized as pension and OPEB expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District recognizes net pension and net OPEB liabilities (assets) for each plan for which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension and OPEB liabilities over the fiduciary net position of the qualified plan, or the District's proportionate share thereof in the case of a costsharing multiple-employer plan, measured as of the District's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities during the period are recorded as pension and OPEB expenses, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension and OPEB liabilities that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified plan and recorded as a component of pension and OPEB expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Any projected earnings on qualified pension and OPEB plan investments are recognized as a component of pension and OPEB expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

Note 2-Deposits and Investments

Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits:</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits might not be recovered. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2021, none of the District's bank balances of approximately \$4,067,000 (book balance of approximately \$3,977,000) were exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2-Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Credit Rating ^	Fair Value Level (1)	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
State Local Government Investment Pool	NR	N/A	\$ 18,762,686	< 1 Year
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer	NR	N/A	9,326,375	< 1 Year
United States Treasury Strip Coupon	NR	Level 1	2,651,729	< 1 Year
Total			\$ 30,740,790	

[^] If available, credit ratings are for Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Services, and Fitch Ratings.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> The District does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk for Investments:</u> Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina. As of June 30, 2021, none of the District's investments was exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments</u>: The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt from concentration of credit risk disclosures.

<u>Credit Risk for Investments</u>: Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have an investment policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina.

Note 3-Property Taxes

Real Property taxes are levied on October 1 on the assessed valuations of property located in York County as of the preceding January 1, and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 15 of the following year, and property taxes attach as an enforceable lien if not paid by March 16 of the following year. Penalties are added to taxes depending on the date paid as follows:

January 16-February 1 3% of tax February 2-March 16 10% of tax

March 17 and thereafter 15 % of tax plus collection costs

⁽¹⁾ See Note 1(N) for definition of fair value hierarchy.

NR - Not rated.

N/A - Not applicable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3-Property Taxes (Continued)

Motor vehicle taxes are levied on the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires and is due by the end of the month. Property taxes are billed and collected by York County. Property tax revenue is recognized when collected and deposited to the District's account by the County Treasurer's Office. Real property taxes collected within 60 days after fiscal year end are also recognized as revenue for the year. Assessed values for real estate are established annually by the York County Tax Assessor at 4% of market value for legal residence and 6% of market value for rental and other real property.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, millage was set at 194.6 mills (203.6 mills in the prior year) to cover the District's general operating services and uses. The millage was set at 84.0 mills (no change from the prior year) to cover the District's scheduled debt service requirements.

In addition, the District receives a prorated share, based on pupil attendance, of the County-wide 30 mill levy for school operations that is divided between the four Districts within the County, and an additional County-wide special 1 mill levy for school operations for the District having the lowest assessed valuation in the County, which is York School District One.

The records of the York County Treasurer's Office reported uncollected delinquent property taxes at June 30, 2021 of approximately \$2,737,000 for the General Fund (net of allowance for uncollectible portion of approximately \$114,000) and \$1,087,000 for the Debt Service Fund (net of allowance for uncollectible portion of \$45,000). In addition, there is approximately \$623,000 included in the General Fund's property tax receivable amount at June 30, 2021 that is revenue in lieu of taxes related to Property Tax Relief (Act 388).

Of these amounts, approximately \$2,716,000 and \$1,053,000, respectively, have been recorded as unavailable property taxes because they were not collected within sixty days after the year end and are not considered susceptible to accrual. Allowances for uncollectibles were not necessary for the other receivable accounts.

Included in property taxes receivable are approximately \$20,000 in the General Fund, and approximately \$34,000 in the Debt Service Fund that have been recognized as revenue at June 30, 2021 because they were collected within sixty days after year end and are considered measurable and available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 4-Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,180,954	-	-	-	\$ 3,180,954
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	3,180,954	-	-	-	3,180,954
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	168,322,674	135,289	-	-	168,457,963
Furniture and Equipment	5,549,995	342,785	6,187	-	5,886,593
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,912,481	-	-	-	1,912,481
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	175,785,150	478,074	6,187	-	176,257,037
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	83,776,164	3,762,469	-	-	87,538,633
Furniture and Equipment	4,789,343	236,659	6,187	-	5,019,815
Improvements Other than Buildings	1,888,032	7,700	-	-	1,895,732
Total Accumulated Depreciation	90,453,539	4,006,828	6,187	-	94,454,180
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	85,331,611	(3,528,754)		-	81,802,857
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 88,512,565	(3,528,754)	<u>-</u>	-	\$ 84,983,811

Capital asset additions and depreciation expense were charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

		Capital Asset Additions		•		epreciation Expense
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	227,695	\$	2,563,949		
Support Services		250,379		1,442,879		
Total - Governmental Activities	\$	478,074	\$	4,006,828		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5-Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2021 (all of which are expected to be repaid within one year), are summarized in accordance to generally accepted accounting principles as disclosure requirements, as follows:

	R	teceivables	Payables		
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,460,634	
Special Revenue Fund		-		1,871,534	
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		493,972		-	
Debt Service Fund		-		174,366	
Capital Projects Fund		5,566,352		-	
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund		1,446,210		-	
Totals	\$	7,506,534	\$	7,506,534	

All cash activities are recorded in the General Fund, and as a result, receivable and payables exist at year end that are either due to or due from the General Fund in the other funds. Various differences include Special Revenue payments not received from the State Department of Education until after the fiscal year ended, fringe amounts paid by the General Fund for the Food Service Fund, taxes receivable for Debt Service Fund, and building project costs.

Note 6-Transfers In and (Out)

Transfers from (to) other funds for the year ended June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	1	Transfers	Transfers
		<u>In</u>	 Out
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	\$	1,956,955	\$ 2,703,020
Special Revenue Fund		35,000	336,900
Special Revenue - EIA Fund		-	1,484,194
Debt Service Fund		-	519,558
Capital Projects Fund		3,187,578	-
Special Revenue - Food Service Fund		-	135,861
Totals	\$	5,179,533	\$ 5,179,533

Transfers typically include funding allowed for indirect costs, required matches, supplemental funding, state cuts, and discretionary transfers between funds. In addition, the General Fund transferred approximately \$2,668,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to fund construction cost associated with school construction and technology needs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 7-Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

The significant components of accounts payable and accrued expenses on the government-wide statement of net position at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

Accounts Payable	\$ 2,783,880
Accrued Salaries, Fringe, and Benefits	2,703,160
Accrued Expenses	112,416
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,599,456

Note 8-Short-Term Obligations

In September 2020, the District issued a \$522,000 general obligation bond ("General Obligation Bond, 2020") at a rate of 2% for the principal portion of the debt service on the bond. The District repaid the General Obligation Bond, 2020 for approximately \$527,000 (including interest) in March of 2021.

Following is a summary of the changes in the District's short-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	 jinning Ilance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Short-Term Obligation General Obligation Bond, 2020	\$ -	522,000	522,000	\$ -
Total Governmental Activities	\$ -	522,000	522,000	\$ -

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations consist of general obligation bonds (including bond premiums) and the liability for compensated absences. Principal and interest payments on the District's bonded debt are secured solely by ad valorem property taxes. Payments for the general obligation bonds are funded and recorded in the Debt Service Fund. Resources from the General Fund have been used to fund the compensated absence liability.

The uses of the proceeds of the general obligation bonds ("GOB") issued by the District and outstanding at year end are as follows:

- In April 2012, the District issued \$3,000,000 in General Obligation Qualified Zone Academy Bonds for technology and capital improvements.
- In March 2015, the District issued \$32,405,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds to refund all of the remaining principal amount of the Build America Bonds, 2009.
- In January 2016, the District issued its Series 2016A General Obligation Advanced Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$45,380,000 (par value), receiving a premium of approximately \$9,890,000, to provide funds to advance refund a portion of the outstanding Series 2009A GOB in the amount of \$49,385,000.
- In April 2019, the District issued \$6,500,000 in General Obligation Bonds for technology and capital improvements.

The District does not anticipate positive arbitrage on any of its indebtedness as of June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Details of the District's outstanding debt at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following issues:

Long-Term Obligations	0	riginal Issue Amount	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate	(Outstanding Balance
Gross Debt:				-			
Direct Placement:							
Qualified Zone Academy GOB, 2012	\$	3,000,000	4/12/2012	3/1/2022	0.0%	\$	3,000,000
Publically Traded:							
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2015		32,405,000	3/18/2015	9/1/2032	3.25-4.00%		32,405,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2016		45,380,000	1/27/2016	3/1/2028	3.0-5.0%		37,795,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, 2019		6,500,000	4/17/2019	3/1/2026	5.0%		4,040,000
Total Gross Debt	\$	87,285,000				\$	77,240,000

The following table represents debt service requirements on all outstanding bond obligations through maturity for the governmental activities of the District as of June 30, 2021:

Year Ended	Publically Traded Bonds			Direct Placement Bond				
June 30,	Principal	Ir	nterest	Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 5,655,000	3	3,274,263	3,000,000		-	\$	11,929,263
2023	5,515,000	2	2,991,513	-		-		8,506,513
2024	5,980,000	2	2,715,763	-		-		8,695,763
2025	6,470,000	2	2,416,763	-		-		8,886,763
2026	6,765,000	2	2,093,263	-		-		8,858,263
2027-2031	35,620,000	6	5,035,123	-		-		41,655,123
2032	8,235,000		329,400	-		-		8,564,400
Totals	\$ 74,240,000	19	9,856,088	3,000,000		-	\$	97,096,088

Section 15 of Article X of the South Carolina State Constitution allows Districts to incur a legal debt limit not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the District, unless approved by a majority vote in a referendum authorized by law. At June 30, 2021, the District's assessed property valuation was approximately \$121,467,000. The District had approximately \$4,388,000 of bonded debt subject to the 8% limit of approximately \$9,717,000, resulting in unused legal debt margin of approximately \$5,329,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

A summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Gross Debt:						
QZAB, 2012 - Direct Placement	\$ 3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	
GORB, 2015 - Publically Traded	32,405,000	-	-	32,405,000	-	
GORB, 2016 - Publically Traded	41,760,000	-	3,965,000	37,795,000	4,335,000	
GOB, 2019 - Publically Traded	5,305,000	-	1,265,000	4,040,000	1,320,000	
Total Gross Debt	82,470,000	-	5,230,000	77,240,000	8,655,000	
Plus Deferred Amounts:						
Premium on GORB Series 2016	6,275,114	-	818,494	5,456,620	-	
Premium on GORB Series 2015	1,980,291	-	168,535	1,811,756	-	
Total Net Debt	90,725,405	-	6,217,029	84,508,376	8,655,000	
Compensated Absences	326,521	260,857	227,250	360,128	227,000	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 91,051,926	260,857	6,444,279	84,868,504	\$ 8,882,000	

Note 10-Retirement Plan

A) Retirement Plan

The District participates in the State of South Carolina's retirement plans. The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various retirement systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' ("Systems") five defined benefit plans. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors ("PEBA Board"), appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the Systems and the assets of the retirement trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with GAAP. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

The PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the System' Pension Trust Funds. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is publicly available through the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the state.

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The State Optional Retirement Program ("State ORP") is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to the SCRS to certain newly hired employees of state agencies, institutions of higher education, public school districts, and individuals first elected to the S.C. General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into an account administered by one of four third party service providers. The PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the four third party service providers. For this reason, State ORP assets are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate judges, and magistrates.

Plan Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute
 to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and
 individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012
 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to
 July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of
 membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- State ORP As an alternative to membership in the SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals first elected to the S.C. General Assembly at or after the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State ORP. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as the SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the member's account with the ORP service provider for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to the SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by the SCRS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Membership (Continued)

• PORS – To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in the PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in the PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Plan Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

• PORS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Benefits (Continued)

Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty. The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Plan Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS ("Plans") contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00 percent for SCRS and 9.75 percent for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with state statute. However, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS and PORS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the PEBA Board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Additionally, the PEBA Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85 percent. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85 percent, then the PEBA Board, effective on the following July 1, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85 percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 85 percent, then effective on the following July 1, and annually thereafter as necessary, the PEBA Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85 percent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

As noted earlier, both employees and the District are required to contribute to the Plans at rates established and as amended by the PEBA. The District's contributions are actuarially determined but are communicated to and paid by the District as a percentage of the employees' annual eligible compensation. Required employer and employee contribution rates for the past three years are as follows:

	SCRS	and State ORF	Rates		PORS Rates	
	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2021
Employer Contribution Rate: ^						
Retirement*	14.41%	15.41%	15.41%	16.84%	17.84%	17.84%
Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Accidental Death Contributions	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
	14.56%	15.56%	15.56%	17.24%	18.24%	18.24%
Employee Contribution Rate ^	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.75%	9.75%	9.75%

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required contributions and percentages of amounts contributed to the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended	SCRS Co	ntributions	State ORP	Contributions		PORS (Contributions
June 30,	Required	% Contributed	Required	% Contributed		Required % Contribute	
2021	\$ 5,006,264	100%	280,641	100%	\$	-	100%
2020	4,905,411	100%	302,093	100%		51	100%
2019	\$ 4,383,130	100%	244,767	100%	\$	2,806	100%

In an effort to help offset a portion of the burden of the increased contribution requirement for employers, the State General Assembly ("State") funded 1 percent of the SCRS and PORS contribution increases for the year ended June 30, 2020. The State's budget appropriated these funds directly to the PEBA for the South Carolina Retirement System Trust Fund and the Police Officers Retirement System Trust Fund. The amount of funds appropriated by the State (nonemployer contributing entity) for the year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement date) to the District were approximately \$304,000 and \$0 for the SCRS and PORS, respectively.

The District recognized contributions (on-behalf benefits) from the State of approximately \$304,000 and \$0 for the SCRS and PORS, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2021. These contributions by the State are recognized as intergovernmental revenues and pension expenditures in the District's governmental fund financial statements.

^{*} Of the rate for the State ORP Plan, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plan Contributions (Continued)

Eligible payrolls covered under the Plans for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	S	CRS Payroll	State ORP Payroll	PORS Payroll	Total Payroll
2021	\$	32,173,931	2,657,582	-	\$ 34,831,513
2020		31,525,776	2,860,727	282	34,386,785
2019	\$	30,103,914	2,560,320	16,450	\$ 32,680,684

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2019 for first use in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation (previous report was issued for the period ending June 30, 2015).

The June 30, 2020 total pension liability ("TPL"), net pension liability ("NPL"), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company, and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The TPL was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the Plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2020 for the SCRS and PORS.

Actuarial Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:
Investment Rate of Return*
Projected Salary Increases*
Benefit Adjustments

^{*} Includes inflation at 2.25%.

SCRS	PORS		
Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
7.25% 3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service) Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	7.25% 3.5% to 9.5% (varies by service) Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table ("2016 PRSC"), were developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%		
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the following table. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Laura Tamas Estad

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Allocation/Exposure	Policy Target	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return	
-			11000111	
Global Equity	51.0%			
Global Public Equity	35.0%	7.81%	2.73%	
Private Equity	9.0%	8.91%	0.80%	
Equity Options Strategies	7.0%	5.09%	0.36%	
Real Assets	12.0%			
Real Estate (Private)	8.0%	5.55%	0.44%	
Real Estate (REITs)	1.0%	7.78%	0.08%	
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0%	4.88%	0.10%	
Infrastructure (Public)	1.0%	7.05%	0.07%	
Opportunistic	8.0%			
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	7.0%	3.56%	0.25%	
Other Opportunistic Strategies	1.0%	4.41%	0.04%	
Credit	15.0%			
High Yield Bonds/Bank Loans	4.0%	4.21%	0.17%	
Emerging Markets Debt	4.0%	3.44%	0.14%	
Private Debt	7.0%	5.79%	0.40%	
Rate Sensitive	14.0%			
Core Fixed Income	13.0%	1.60%	0.21%	
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	1.0%	0.56%	0.01%	
Total Expected Real Rate of Return	100.0%	<u> </u>	5.80%	
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		=	2.25%	
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.05%	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The NPL is calculated separately for each System and represents that particular System's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date, for the SCRS and PORS, are presented in the following table:

System	stem Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$	51,844,187,763	26,292,418,682	\$	25,551,769,081	50.7%
PORS	\$	8.046,386,629	4,730,174,642	\$	3,316,211,987	58.8%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each Plans' fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2021 the District reported liabilities of approximately \$76,651,000 and \$1,000 for its proportionate share of the NPL for the SCRS and PORS, respectively. The NPL were measured as of June 30, 2020, and the TPL for the Plans used to calculate the NPL were determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of July 1, 2019 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The District's proportion of the NPL were based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the District's SCRS proportion was 0.299984 percent, which was a decrease of 0.001018 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the District's PORS proportion was 0.000019 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000918 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of approximately \$8,753,000 and \$0 for the SCRS and PORS, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
Description	Resources	Resources
SCRS		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 884,453	\$ 289,851
Change in Assumptions	93,910	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's	5,638,334	-
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	105,482	171,454
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,982,969	-
Total SCRS	11,705,148	461,305
PORS		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	13	3
Change in Assumptions	8	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's	63	-
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	13,771	22,721
Total PORS	13,855	22,724
Total SCRS and PORS	\$ 11,719,003	\$ 484,029

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Approximately \$4,983,000 and \$0 that were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS and PORS, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred pension charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred pension credits) related to the SCRS and PORS will increase (decrease) pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	SCRS		PORS	Total		
2021 2022	\$	1,180,740 1,735,551	(501) (1,200)	\$	1,180,239 1,734,351	
2023		1,905,803	(5,927)		1,899,876	
2024		1,438,780	(1,241)		1,437,539	
Total	\$	6,260,874	(8,869)	\$	6,252,005	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in the SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the NPL of the Plans to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.25 percent) or 1% point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

System	 1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the SCRS District's proportionate share	\$ 94,999,689	76,651,140	\$	61,329,880
of the net pension liability of the PORS	820	619		458
Total	\$ 95,000,509	76,651,759	\$	61,330,338

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Retirement Plan (Continued)

A) Retirement Plan (Continued)

Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the Plans administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the SCRS and PORS. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to Plans

The District reported a payable of approximately \$808,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2021, representing required employer and employee contributions for the month of June 2021 for the SCRS. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe and Benefits on the financial statements and was paid in July 2021.

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

The PEBA is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other postemployment benefits trusts, and retirement systems. The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to all activities of the PEBA. By law, the SFAA also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB"). See Note 10 for more details on the PEBA and the SFAA.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

The PEBA – Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB trust funds. This information is publicly available through the PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. The PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, OPEB trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts" or "OPEB Plans"), collectively refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective on May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability ("BLTD") Income Benefit Plan.

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA – Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The PEBA Board has been designated as the Trustee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plans, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides postemployment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Plan Benefits

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability. Since the employer contribution/premium paid and the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCLTDITF are not material to the District, no SCLTDITF OPEB amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and only limited note disclosures have been provided related to these benefits.

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through nonemployer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits. Nonemployer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves.

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Nonemployer contributions include the mandatory transfer of accumulated PEBA – Insurance Benefits' reserves and the annual appropriation budgeted by the General Assembly. It is also funded through investment income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Plan Contributions and Funding Policies (Continued)

The covered payroll surcharge rates for the past three years were as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,				
	2019	2020	2021		
Employer Contribution Rate^	6.05%	6.25%	6.25%		

[^] Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

The required payroll surcharge, percentages of amounts contributed, and eligible payroll covered by the SCRHITF for the past three years were as follows:

Year Ended		Contrib			
June 30,	Required		% Contributed	Eligible Payroll	
2021	\$	2,176,970	100%	\$	34,831,513
2020		2,149,174	100%		34,386,785
2019	\$	1,977,181	100%	\$	32,680,684

The State (via state appropriations) and the PEBA – Insurance Benefits (via state statute to transfer amounts above 140% of incurred but not reported claims) contributed to the SCRHITF on behalf of the District approximately \$498,000 for the year ended June 30, 2020 (measurement period).

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from nonemployer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and the Schedule of the District's Contributions, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multi-year trend information about the District's net OPEB liability, funded status of the OPEB Plan, and the District's contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information were determined by the consulting actuary and are based on the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the OPEB plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest valuation for the SCRHITF:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation: 2.25%

Investment Rate of Return: 2.75%, net of plan investment expense (including inflation)

Single Discount Rate: 2.45% as of June 30, 2020

Demographic Assumptions: Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina Retirement

Systems for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015

Mortality: For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for

Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. Multipliers are applied to the based tables based on gender and

employment type.

Health Care Trend Rate: Initial trend starting at 6.40% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of

4.00% over a period of 15 years

Participation Assumption: 79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums

59% for retirees who are eligible for partial funded premiums 20% for retirees who are eligible for non-funded premiums

Notes: The discount rate changed from 3.13% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30,

2020; updates were also made to the healthcare trend rate assumption, including an

adjustment to reflect the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of returns represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Allocation-Weighted Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Domestic Fixed Income	80.0%	0.60%	0.48%
Cash	20.0%	0.10%	0.07%
Total	100.0%	_	0.55%
Expected Inflation			2.25%
Total Return			2.80%
Investment Return Assumption			2.75%

Single Discount Rate

The Single Discount Rate of 2.45% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the SCRHITF's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

OPEB Liabiliies, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability ("NOL") is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less its fiduciary net position. NOL totals, as of the June 30, 2020 measurement date for the SCRHITF, are presented in the following table:

System	To	tal OPEB Liability	OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position	ployers' Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
SCRHITF	\$	19,703,745,672	1,652,299,185	\$ 18,051,446,487	8.39%

The total OPEB liability is calculated by PEBA's actuary, and the fiduciary net position is reported in the PEBA's financial statements. The NOL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the PEBA's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the PEBA's actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the OPEB Plans' funding requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of approximately \$67,340,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation report of June 30, 2019 that was projected forward to the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the SCRHITF relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At the June 30, 2020 measurement date, the District's proportion was 0.373046 percent, which was an decrease of 0.000625 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$5,152,000 for the SCRHITF. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	1,925,991	\$	1,533,578
Change in Assumptions		10,021,062		2,681,831
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		-		157,069
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between the Employer's				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		220,615		91,624
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		2,176,970		-
Total	\$	14,344,638	\$	4,464,102

Approximately \$2,177,000 that was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRHITF, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred OPEB charges) and deferred inflows of resources (deferred OPEB credits) related to the SCRHITF will increase (decrease) OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	ease (Decrease) PEB Expense
2021	\$ 992,293
2022 2023	970,588 936,193
2024 2025	1,533,033 1,704,049
Thereafter	1,567,410
Total	\$ 7,703,566

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 11-Other Postemployment Benefit Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's net OPEB liability for the SCRHITF to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 2.45%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (1.45%) or 1% point higher (3.45%) than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease (1.45%)	Current Discount Rate (2.45%)	1% Increase (3.45%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	80,350,375	67,340,199	\$	56,944,096	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following table presents the sensitivity of the District's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 6.40% decreasing to 4.00%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% point lower (5.40% decreasing to 3.00%) or 1% point higher (7.40% decreasing to 5.00%) than the current rate:

			Current Healthcare		
	19	% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1	% Increase
	`	0% decreasing to 3.00%)	(6.40% decreasing to 4.00%)	(7.40% decreasing to 5.00%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	54,505,427	67,340,199	\$	84,195,948

OPEB Plans' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plans administered by the PEBA is available in the separately issued financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, Insurance Benefits and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the Insurance Benefits' link on the PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223.

Payable to SCRHITF

The District reported a payable of approximately \$215,000 to the PEBA as of June 30, 2021, representing required employer contributions for the month of June 2021 for the SCRHITF. This amount is included in Accrued Salaries, Fringe and Benefits on the financial statements and was paid in July 2021.

Note 12-Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of damage to, and destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The District has property and casualty insurance with Surry Insurance and workers compensation insurance with Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. Risk Management Services, Inc. Through Surry Insurance, the District maintains general liability protection of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to \$220 million per occurrence, \$5 million earthquake, \$5 million flood zone and \$1 million newly acquired buildings, automobile coverage to \$1 million per occurrence, school board legal liability of \$1 million per occurrence and activity bus accidents coverage to \$60,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12-Risk Management (Continued)

The District pays annual premiums for its workers' compensation and property liability insurance coverage based upon the total payroll of the school district for each plan year. The annual premiums paid for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, totaled approximately \$236,000 for workers' compensation and \$221,000 for property coverage. The District maintains workers' compensation benefits coverage up to statutory limits through the South Carolina State Accident Fund. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the previous year. Insurance settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

The District also participates in the State Health Plan through the South Carolina State Budget and Control Board Office of Insurance Services, a self-insured medical plan trust administered by the State Board. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees are eligible to receive health benefits up to a \$1 million lifetime limit. In addition, employees have the option of receiving health care benefits through health maintenance organizations and insurance carriers.

Note 13-Tax Abatements

District's Tax Abatements

The District does not have any of its own tax abatement agreements.

York County Tax Abatements

The following table details which entities in the District have received tax abatements in the year ended June 30, 2020 (amounts are disclosed one year behind as the tax abatement disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2021 were not available as of the report date, and management does not believe the amounts have changed significantly from the prior year), as well as the District's portion of the County-wide taxes that have been abated as of that date:

Entity		Taxes Abated		
Elkem Silicones USA Corp.	\$	205,879		
Fomas Inc.		24,302		
Lap Tech Industries Inc.		32,028		
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Sys LLC		106,826		
Silcotech Carolina Inc.		93,948		
District's Portion of County-wide Abatements		48,295		
Total Tax Abatements	\$	511,278		

Note 14-COVID-19 Pandemic

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of these financial statements. The District is actively monitoring the impact from this health crisis on its financial position.

Note 15-Subsequent Events

In September 2021, the District issued a Series 2021B SCAGO General Obligation Bond in the amount of \$1,400,000. The bond matures in March 2022 with interest at 3.00%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



York School District One York, South Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report General Fund

The **General Fund, a major fund** and a budgeted fund, is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGETS AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	BUDGETED A	AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Local Sources: Taxes	\$ 15,180,497	15,180,497	17,062,652	\$ 1,882,155
Investment Earnings	50,000	50,000	37,067	(12,933)
Other Local Sources	10,000	10,000	34,559	24,559
State Sources	32,879,956	32,879,956	32,508,371	(371,585)
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	48,120,453	48,120,453	49,642,649	1,522,196
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	29,044,792	29,044,792	28,442,581	602,211
Support Services	20,783,338	20,783,338	19,864,714	918,624
Capital Outlay	150,989	150,989	144,623	6,366
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	49,979,119	49,979,119	48,451,918	1,527,201
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,858,666)	(1,858,666)	1,190,731	3,049,397
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,696,275	1,696,275	1,956,955	260,680
Transfers Out	(35,000)	(35,000)	(2,703,020)	(2,668,020)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,661,275	1,661,275	(746,065)	(2,407,340)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(197,391)	(197,391)	444,666	642,057
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year	11,245,207	11,245,207	11,245,207	
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ 11,047,816	11,047,816	11,689,873	\$ 642,057

Note: This schedule has been presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.299984%	0.301002%	%068008:0	0.299361%	0.295548%	0.300563%	0.306019%	0.306019%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability \$76,651,140	\$76,651,140	68,731,254	67,419,795	67,390,976	63,128,617	57,003,222	52,686,327	\$54,888,892
District's Covered Payroll	\$34,386,503	32,664,234	32,054,692	31,337,836	29,796,343	29,151,387	28,689,289	\$29,785,288
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	222.91%	210.42%	210.33%	215.05%	211.87%	195.54%	183.64%	184.28%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	50.71%	54.40%	54.10%	53.34%	52.91%	26.99%	59.92%	26.39%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year. The District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available. The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% beginning with the year ended June 30, 2017 measurement date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

				Year Ended June 30,	1 June 30,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 5,286,904	5,207,504	4,627,896	4,228,082	3,491,554	3,165,354	3,071,539	3,071,539 \$ 2,944,948
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution:								
Contributions from the District	4,982,969	4,903,569	4,323,961	3,924,147	3,491,554	3,165,354	3,071,539	2,944,948
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	- '000	- '000				-
District's Covered Payroll	\$34,831,513	34,386,503	32,664,234	32,054,692	31,337,836	29,796,343	29,151,387	29,151,387 \$28,689,289

Notes to Schedule:

The District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available.

Due to the health pandemic, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the SCRS employer contribution rate that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020.

10.26%

10.54%

10.62%

11.14%

13.19%

14.17%

15.14%

15.14%

Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

					Year Ended June 30,	June 30,				
•		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0	0.00002%	0.00113%	0.02000%	0.00000%	0.00000%	%00000.0	0.00004%	0).00004%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	↔	619	32,504	5,574	1	•	•	727	↔	788
District's Covered Payroll	↔	282	16,450	2,723	1	1	1	451	↔	26,658
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		219.50%	197.59%	204.70%	%00:0	%00:0	%00.0	161.03%		2.96%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		58.79%	62.69%	61.73%	60.94%	60.44%	64.57%	67.55%		62.98%

Notes to Schedule:

The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25% beginning with the year ended June 30, 2017 measurement date. The District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE OFFICERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

					Year Ended June 30,	June 30,				
	5	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	4
Contractually Required Contribution	↔	,	51	2,836	442			1	⇔	28
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution:										
Contributions from the District		1	21	2,836	442	•	•	1		28
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	θ							j.	↔	.
	,									
District's Covered Payroll	s		282	16,450	2,723	•	•	•	↔	451
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll:		%00.0	18.09%	17.24%	16.23%	0.00%	0.00%	%00.0	7	12.85%

Notes to Schedule:

The District implemented GASB #68/71 during the year ended June 30, 2015. Information before 2014 is not available.

Due to the health pandemic, the General Assembly postponed the one percent increase in the PORS employer contribution rate that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		Yea	Year Ended June 30,	_^	
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.3730460%	0.3736710%	0.3717360%	0.3711617%	0.371617%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 67,340,199	56,504,752	52,677,166	50,334,914	\$ 53,767,892
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 34,386,785	32,680,684	32,054,692	31,337,836	\$ 29,796,343
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	195.8%	172.9%	164.3%	160.6%	180.5%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	8.4%	8.4%	7.9%	%9'.	%9:9

Notes to Schedule:

3.56% The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th of the preceding year (measurement date). The District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information prior to 2017 is not available. 3.62% The discount rates used by year were as follows:

2.92%

YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE YORK, SOUTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

		Yea	Year Ended June 30,			
	2021	2020	2019	2018		2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,176,970	2,149,174	1,977,181	1,763,158 \$ 1,670,307	↔	1,670,307
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	2,176,970	2,149,174	1,977,181	1,763,158		1,670,307
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)					s	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 34,831,513	34,386,785	32,680,684	32,057,415	& 3	\$ 31,337,836
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.25%	6.25%	6.05%	2.50%		5.33%

Notes to Schedule:

The District adopted GASB #75 during the year ended June 30, 2018. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
REVENUES		71010712	.,
1000 Revenues from Local Sources: 1100 Taxes: 1110 Ad Valorem Taxes-Including Delinquent (Independent) 1140 Penalties & Interest on Taxes (Independent)	\$ 11,728,561 -	12,979,488 387,706	\$ 1,250,927 387,706
1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs: 1210 Ad Valorem Taxes-Including Delinquent (Dependent) 1240 Penalties & Interest on Taxes (Dependent)	3,451,936 -	3,596,903 98,555	144,967 98,555
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	50,000	37,067	(12,933)
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1910 Rentals 1990 Miscellaneous Local Revenue:	-	1,530	1,530
1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources	10,000	33,029	23,029
Total Revenue from Local Sources	15,240,497	17,134,278	1,893,781
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3100 Restricted State Funding: 3130 Special Programs: 3131 Handicapped Transportation 3160 School Bus Driver's Salary (Includes Hazardous	-	1,270	1,270
Condition Transportation) 3161 EAA Bus Driver Salary 3162 Transportation Workers' Compensation 3180 Fringe Benefits Employer Contributions (No Carryover Provision) 3181 Retiree Insurance (No Carryover Provision) 3186 State Aid Classroom Teacher Supplies 3189 Teacher Step	465,394 - - 6,859,404 1,519,908 1,011,096 -	537,924 1,141 25,557 6,653,125 1,520,683 1,070,663 230,520	72,530 1,141 25,557 (206,279) 775 59,567 230,520
3300 Education Finance Act: 3310 Full-Time Programs: 3311 Kindergarten 3312 Primary 3313 Elementary 3314 High School 3315 Trainable Mentally Handicapped 3316 Speech Handicapped (Part-Time Program) 3317 Homebound	659,620 1,790,559 3,231,769 995,189 59,273 977,091 \$ 3,922	571,822 1,681,645 2,964,755 1,035,426 51,191 925,462 789	(87,798) (108,914) (267,014) 40,237 (8,082) (51,629) \$ (3,133)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED		
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
3320 Part-Time Programs:			
3321 Emotionally Handicapped	\$ 80,400	64,134	\$ (16,266)
3322 Educable Mentally Handicapped	65,478	53,855	(11,623)
3323 Learning Disabilities	1,995,504	2,055,914	60,410
3324 Hearing Handicapped	83,783	61,184	(22,599)
3325 Visually Handicapped	32,001	30,062	(1,939)
3326 Orthopedically Handicapped	24,220	21,482	(2,738)
3327 Vocational	2,169,462	2,035,804	(133,658)
3330 Other EFA Programs:			
3331 Autism	358,751	366,437	7,686
3332 High Achieving Students	191,703	196,800	5,097
3334 Limited English Proficiency	64,420	63,822	(598)
3350 Residential Treatment Facilities (RTF)			, ,
3351 Academic Assistance	535,968	507,460	(28,508)
3352 Pupils in Poverty	1,411,930	1,313,006	(98,924)
3353 Dual Credit Enrollment	68,508	45,062	(23,446)
3392 NBC Excess EFA Formula	-	41,760	41,760
2500 5-1			
3500 Education Improvement Act:		140	110
3599 Other EIA	-	140	140
3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes:			
3810 Reimbursement for Local Residential Property Tax Relief (Tier 1)	1,805,466	1,805,466	-
3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2)	586,051	586,051	-
3825 Reimbursement for Property Tax Relief (Tier 3)	5,482,711	5,633,649	150,938
3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax	50,375	50,375	-
3900 Other State Revenue:			
3993 PEBA on-Behalf	300,000	303,935	3,935
Total Revenue from State Sources	32,879,956	32,508,371	(371,585)
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	48,120,453	49,642,649	1,522,196
EXPENDITURES			
100 Instruction:			
110 General Instruction:			
111 Kindergarten Programs:			
100 Salaries	1,013,142	1,001,995	11,147
200 Employee Benefits	477,139	468,395	8,744
300 Purchased Services	41,000	4,711	36,289
400 Supplies and Materials	11,793	11,744	49
112 Primary Programs:	,	,	
100 Salaries	3,033,692	3,025,984	7,708
200 Employee Benefits	1,333,449	1,327,454	5,995
300 Purchased Services	104,033	70,561	33,472
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 44,473	42,461	\$ 2,012
		•	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
113 Elementary Programs:			
100 Salaries	\$ 5,847,213	5,842,971	\$ 4,242
200 Employee Benefits	2,417,524	2,414,778	2,746
300 Purchased Services	83,367	52,083	31,284
400 Supplies and Materials	98,098	84,199	13,899
114 High School Programs:	•	,	•
100 Salaries	3,799,232	3,791,041	8,191
200 Employee Benefits	1,631,211	1,624,745	6,466
300 Purchased Services	152,584	147,679	4,905
400 Supplies and Materials	122,586	105,692	16,894
500 Capital Outlay	31,989	28,727	3,262
600 Other Objects	6,975	6,975	-
115 Career and Technology Education Program:	0,010	0,070	
100 Salaries	1,124,862	1,117,801	7,061
200 Employee Benefits	478,084	470,511	7,573
300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition	37,226	36,260	966
400 Supplies and Materials	44,564	43,919	645
600 Other Objects	1,804	1,804	-
120 Exceptional Programs:	1,004	1,004	_
121 Educable Mentally-Handicapped:			
100 Salaries	436,965	431,640	5,325
200 Employee Benefits	192,311	184,580	7,731
300 Purchased Services	10,000	6,115	3.885
400 Supplies and Materials	500	101	3,883
	500	101	399
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped: 100 Salaries	468,934	460,011	8,923
			9,429
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	217,976	208,547 266	
	24,900		24,634
400 Supplies and Materials	1,000	209	791
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:	151 715	144.064	7 604
100 Salaries	151,745	144,064	7,681
200 Employee Benefits	56,858	53,844	3,014
300 Purchased Services	2,900	1,854	1,046
124 Visually Handicapped:	25.000	00.007	40.000
100 Salaries	35,000	22,637	12,363
125 Hearing Handicapped:	40.000	44.000	0.040
100 Salaries	48,000	41,082	6,918
400 Supplies and Materials	50	-	50
126 Speech Handicapped:	000.450	004 700	40.750
100 Salaries	298,459	284,700	13,759
200 Employee Benefits	156,547	130,708	25,839
300 Purchased Services	75,200	69,315	5,885
127 Learning Disabilities:		4 600 40:	0= 00-
100 Salaries	1,666,032	1,630,104	35,928
200 Employee Benefits	734,851	722,980	11,871
300 Purchased Services	28,162	8,473	19,689
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 18	-	\$ 18

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
128 Emotionally Handicapped:		_	
100 Salaries	\$ 309,782	283,145	\$ 26,637
200 Employee Benefits	149,956	128,919	21,037
300 Purchased Services	37,200	28,342	8,858
133 Pre-School Handicapped-Self-Contained (5-Yr. Olds)			
100 Salaries	156,623	148,788	7,835
200 Employee Benefits	86,857	79,268	7,589
300 Purchased Services	1,500	505	995
139 Early Childhood Programs:			
100 Salaries	2,000	1,052	948
200 Employee Benefits	500	81	419
140 Special Programs:			
141 Gifted and Talented - Academic:			
100 Salaries	228,759	227,217	1,542
200 Employee Benefits	89,009	88,911	98
300 Purchased Services	1,500	385	1,115
400 Supplies and Materials	5,000	1,158	3,842
145 Homebound:			
100 Salaries	17,000	10,430	6,570
200 Employee Benefits	9,018	3,008	6,010
300 Purchased Services	5,500	3,115	2,385
147 CDEP:			
100 Salaries	391,838	382,732	9,106
200 Employee Benefits	201,768	196,439	5,329
300 Purchased Services	14,600	11,678	2,922
400 Supplies and Materials	2,383	1,480	903
160 Other Exceptional Programs:			
161 Autism:	0.10.1 - 1		
100 Salaries	312,474	306,806	5,668
200 Employee Benefits	189,588	183,788	5,800
300 Purchased Services	4,226	1,063	3,163
162 Limited English Proficiency: 100 Salaries	170,278	167,732	2.546
200 Employee Benefits	70,504	68,436	2,068
300 Purchased Services	10,000	616	9,384
400 Supplies and Materials	1,000	690	310
••	1,000	030	010
182 Adult Secondary Education Programs: 300 Purchased Services	25,000		25,000
188 Parenting/Family Literacy:	25,000	-	25,000
100 Salaries	25,690	13,874	11,816
200 Employee Benefits	13,380	6,838	6,542
300 Purchased Services	300	121	179
400 Supplies and Materials	1,100	971	179
•			
Total Instruction	\$ 29,076,781	28,471,308	\$ 605,473

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
200 Support Services:			
210 Pupil Services:			
211 Attendance and Social Work Services:			
100 Salaries	\$ 124,58	83 120,120	\$ 4,463
200 Employee Benefits	44,6	11 44,118	493
300 Purchased Services	3,6	50 2,263	1,387
400 Supplies and Materials	4:	50 46	404
212 Guidance Services:			
100 Salaries	787,0	39 779,651	7,388
200 Employee Benefits	369,8	79 362,793	7,086
300 Purchased Services	1,5	70 370	1,200
400 Supplies and Materials	8,2	97 7,961	336
213 Health Services:			
100 Salaries	267,1	50 250,582	16,568
200 Employee Benefits	121,20		6,689
300 Purchased Services	2,2		433
400 Supplies and Materials	6,3	,	1,352
214 Psychological Services:	5,5.		1,000
100 Salaries	190,69	95 187,553	3,142
200 Employee Benefits	76,3		1,900
300 Purchased Services		91 379	112
215 Exceptional Program Services:	• •	010	
100 Salaries	42,5	75 41,128	1,447
200 Employee Benefits	16,29	•	567
220 Instructional Staff Services:	10,2	10,121	001
221 Improvement of Instruction-Curriculum Development:			
100 Salaries	663,68	80 645,545	18,135
140 Terminal Leave	-	5,061	(5,061)
200 Employee Benefits	271,8		10,168
300 Purchased Services	30,8		11,681
400 Supplies and Materials	30,0	,	7,573
222 Library and Media Services:	30,0	20 22,441	1,515
100 Salaries	584,9	47 582,250	2,697
	255,69		2,839
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,039 954
	8,5		
400 Supplies and Materials	62,6	56 60,579	2,077
223 Supervision of Special Programs:	20.5	04 44 000	6.046
100 Salaries	20,50		6,216
200 Employee Benefits	6,2	52 4,394	1,858
224 Improvement of Instruction-Inservice and Staff Training:	0.00	00 000	2.000
100 Salaries	6,0		3,000
200 Employee Benefits	5,00		2,988
300 Purchased Services	50	00 174	326
230 General Administrative Services:			
231 Board of Education:			
200 Employee Benefits	325,0		26,677
300 Purchased Services	41,20		(2,838)
318 Audit Services	48,00		4,500
600 Other Objects	\$ 19,70	00 19,446	\$ 254

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
232 Office of Superintendent:		·	
100 Salaries	\$ 220,335	208,596	\$ 11,739
200 Employee Benefits	79,576	71,870	7,706
300 Purchased Services	30,000	22,154	7,846
400 Supplies and Materials	31,928	30,509	1,419
600 Other Objects	13,820	11,117	2,703
233 School Administration:			
100 Salaries	2,753,593	2,729,184	24,409
140 Terminal Leave	-	4,490	(4,490)
200 Employee Benefits	1,184,530	1,178,236	6,294
300 Purchased Services	43,957	39,831	4,126
400 Supplies and Materials	26,867	19,958	6,909
500 Capital Outlay	2,500	807	1,693
600 Other Objects	8,225	6,844	1,381
250 Finance and Operations Services:			
252 Fiscal Services:			
100 Salaries	343,832	339,359	4,473
140 Terminal Leave	-	402	(402)
200 Employee Benefits	140,383	137,356	3,027
300 Purchased Services	23,000	16,815	6,185
400 Supplies and Materials	127,000	112,921	14,079
600 Other Objects	3,500	3,161	339
254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant:			
100 Salaries	2,227,274	2,216,778	10,496
140 Terminal Leave	-	3,435	(3,435)
200 Employee Benefits	1,007,334	997,214	10,120
300 Purchased Services	1,147,000	996,042	150,958
321 Public Utilities (Excludes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	230,000	232,897	(2,897)
400 Supplies and Materials	547,000	474,309	72,691
470 Energy (Includes Gas, Oil, Elec. & Other Heating Fuels)	1,710,000	1,442,327	267,673
500 Capital Outlay	116,500	115,089	1,411
255 Student Transportation (State Mandated):			
100 Salaries	929,103	920,089	9,014
200 Employee Benefits	487,398	475,296	12,102
300 Purchased Services	21,000	5,778	15,222
400 Supplies and Materials	12,000	10,884	1,116
600 Other Objects	500	176	324
256 Food Service:			
100 Salaries	40,000	39,600	400
200 Employee Benefits	190,000	172,344	17,656
258 Security:			
300 Purchased Services	241,000	239,048	1,952
260 Central Support Services:			
262 Planning, Research, Development and Evaluation:			
300 Purchased Services	1,000	87	913
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 10,500	6,164	\$ 4,336

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REVISED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	REVISED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
263 Information Services:			
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ 6,034	-	\$ 6,034
264 Staff Services:	272 420	270.750	1.660
100 Salaries	272,428	270,759	1,669
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	107,198 10.000	105,310 3.727	1,888 6,273
400 Supplies and Materials	12,000	11,508	0,273 492
266 Technology and Data Processing Services:	12,000	11,500	492
100 Salaries	469,231	467,224	2,007
140 Terminal Leave	-	323	(323)
200 Employee Benefits	180,582	179,399	1,183
300 Purchased Services	120,500	72,576	47,924
400 Supplies and Materials	550,000	522,232	27,768
270 Support Services Pupil Activity: 271 Pupil Services Activities:	F40 422	E46 660	2.765
100 Salaries (Optional) 200 Employee Benefits (Optional)	519,433 162,898	516,668 161,184	2,765 1,714
300 Purchased Services (Optional)	97,500	93,665	3,835
300 Fulchased Services (Optional)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Support Services	20,902,338	19,980,610	921,728
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	49,979,119	48,451,918	1,527,201
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:			
5230 Transfer from Special Revenue EIA Fund	1,496,275	1,484,194	(12,081)
5280 Transfer from Other Funds Indirect Costs	200,000	472,761	272,761
424-710 Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	_	(2,668,020)	(2,668,020)
426-710 Transfer to Pupil Activity Fund	(35,000)	(35,000)	-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,661,275	(746,065)	(2,407,340)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(197,391)	444,666	642,057
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year	11,245,207	11,245,207	
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	\$ 11,047,816	11,689,873	\$ 642,057

York School District One York, South Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (that are expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District has the following major Special Revenue Funds:

- i) The **Special Revenue Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report financial resources provided by federal, state, and local projects and grants (including pupil/student activity funds) that are restricted, committed or assigned for special education programs.
- ii) The *Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund* and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the restricted revenues from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 (which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source) which are restricted for specific programs authorized or mandated by the EIA.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	(BA Pı	tle I rojects) 01)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)		
REVENUES					
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	\$	-	-		
1700 Pupil Activities: 1710 Admissions 1720 Bookstore Sales 1730 Pupil Organization Membership Dues and Fees 1740 Student Fees 1790 Other		- - - -	- - - -		
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1920 Contributions and Donations Private Sources 1930 Medicaid 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources		- - -	- - -		
Total Revenue from Local Sources		-			
2000 Intergovernmental Revenue: 2300 Payments from Non-Profit Entities (for First Steps)		-	-		
Total Intergovernmental Revenue		-			
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3100 Restricted State Funding: 3110 Occupational Education: 3113 12-Months (Ag.) Program 3118 EEDA Career Specialist 3120 General Education: 3127 Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers 3130 Special Programs: 3135 Reading Coaches 3136 Student Health and Fitness - Nurses 3140 General Education: 3143 Formative Assessment (Carryover Only) 3190 Miscellaneous Restricted State Grants: 3193 Education License Plates 3199 Other Restricted State Grants		- - - - -	- - - - -		
3995 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) 3999 Revenue from Other State Sources		-	- -		
Total Revenue from State Sources		-	-		
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4200 Occupational Education: 4210 Perkins Aid, Title I	\$	-	-		

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)	Totals
-	-	-	-	275	\$ 275
- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	44,792 7,497 24,850 43,838 631,791	44,792 7,497 24,850 43,838 631,791
- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- 289,198 306,539 595,737	15,164 - - - 768,207	15,164 289,198 306,539 1,363,944
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	43,619 43,619	- -	<u>-</u>	 43,619 43,619
<u>-</u>	19,079 -	- 235,765	- -	- -	19,079 235,765
-	-	36,232	-	-	36,232
-	- -	361,772 172,885	- -	-	361,772 172,885
-	-	5,342 715	-	-	5,342
-	-	-	90,768	-	715 90,768
- 	- - 19,079	- - 812,711	1,165,277 39,908 1,295,953	<u>-</u>	 1,165,277 39,908 2,127,743
-	99,797	<u> </u>	-	_	\$ 99,797

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

4520 Preschool Grants (IDEA) (Carryover Provision) - - 4900 Other Federal Sources: - - 4977 Coronavirus Alk, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act - - 4977 Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act - - 4997 Community Service Learning Grant - - 4998 Revenue from Other Federal Sources 1,445,912 1,262,897 TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES 1,445,912 1,262,897 EXPENDITURES 100 Instruction: - - 110 General Instruction: - - 110 General Instruction: - - 110 Salaries 218,873 - 200 Employee Benefits 103,656 - 300 Purchased Services 138,656 - 300 Purchased Services 1,348 - 400 Supplies and Materials 10,968 - 113 Elementary Programs: - - 100 Salaries 115,512 - 200 Employee Benefits 46,432 - 300 Purchased Services 623 - 400 Supplies and M		Title I (BA Proje (201)	cts)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)
	4310 Title I, Basic State Grant Programs (Carryover Provision) 4341 Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students, Title III (Carryover Provision)	\$ 1,44	45,912 - -	- - -
4975 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act - <t< td=""><td>4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) (Carryover Provision)</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>1,262,897 -</td></t<>	4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) (Carryover Provision)		-	1,262,897 -
EXPENDITURES 1,445,912 1,262,897 100 Instruction:	4975 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act 4977 Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act 4997 Community Service Learning Grant 4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources			
SEXPENDITURES 100 Instruction: 110 General Instruction: 111 Kindergarten Program: 111 Kindergarten Program: 100 Salaries 218,873 - 200 Employee Benefits 103,656 - 300 Purchased Services 539 - 2112 Primary Programs: 112 Primary Programs: 100 Salaries 466,241 - 200 Employee Benefits 191,528 - 200 Employee Benefits 191,528 - 200 Employee Benefits 191,528 - 200 Employee Benefits 10,968 - 200 Employee Benefits 10,968 - 200 Employee Benefits 10,968 - 200 Employee Benefits 46,432 - 200 Employee Benefits 500 Purchased Services 623 - 200 Employee Benefits - 200 Employee Bene				
111 Kindergarten Program: 218,873 - 100 Salaries 218,873 - 200 Employee Benefits 103,656 - 300 Purchased Services 539 - 112 Primary Programs: - - 100 Salaries 466,241 - 200 Employee Benefits 191,528 - 300 Purchased Services 1,348 - 400 Supplies and Materials 10,968 - 113 Elementary Programs: - - 100 Salaries 46,432 - 200 Employee Benefits 46,432 - 300 Purchased Services 623 - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 115 Career and Technology Education Program: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition -			<u>, </u>	
100 Salaries 466,241 - 200 Employee Benefits 191,528 - 300 Purchased Services 1,348 - 400 Supplies and Materials 10,968 - 113 Elementary Programs: 115,512 - 100 Salaries 115,512 - 200 Employee Benefits 623 - 300 Purchased Services 623 - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 114 High School Programs: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 115 Career and Technology Education Program: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition - -	111 Kindergarten Program: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		03,656	- - -
100 Salaries 115,512 - 200 Employee Benefits 46,432 - 300 Purchased Services 623 - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 114 High School Programs: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 115 Career and Technology Education Program: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition - -	100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	19	91,528 1,348	- - -
114 High School Programs: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - - 400 Supplies and Materials - - 115 Career and Technology Education Program: - - 100 Salaries - - 200 Employee Benefits - - 300 Purchased Services - Other Than Tuition - -	113 Elementary Programs:100 Salaries200 Employee Benefits300 Purchased Services		16,432	- - - -
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	114 High School Programs: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		- - -	- - - -
TOO Dupplies and inaterials	100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits	\$	- - -	- - - -

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)	Totals
-	-	-	42,329	-	\$ 1,488,241
_	_	_	24,731	_	24,731
-	-	-	188,280	-	188,280
-	_	-	28,285	-	1,291,182
57,340	-	-	-	-	57,340
-	-	-	771,161	-	771,161
-	-	-	620,659	-	620,659
-	-	-	96,376	-	96,376
<u>-</u>		- .	360,013		 360,013
57,340	99,797	-	2,131,834		 4,997,780
57,340	118,876	856,330	4,023,524	768,207	 8,533,086
-	<u>-</u>	-	37,861	<u>-</u>	256,734
-	-	-	9,540	-	113,196
-	-	-	-	-	539
-	-	31,871	287,372	-	785,484
-	-	4,360	93,108	-	288,996
-	-	-	715	-	2,063
-	-	-	42,576	-	53,544
-	-	-	243,944	-	359,456
-	-	-	56,992	-	103,424
- -	- -	-	63,205 363,634	-	63,828 363,634
-	-	-	163,850 18,902	-	163,850 18,902
-	-	-	6,900	-	6,900
-	-	715	481,465	-	482,180
-	31,579	-	17,364	-	48,943
-	3,646	-	2,148	-	5,794
-	-	-	371	-	371
-	23,563	-	13,678	-	\$ 37,241
					(Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Title I (BA Projects) (201)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)
120 Exceptional Programs:		
121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:		
100 Salaries	\$ -	19,640
200 Employee Benefits	<u>-</u>	10,736
300 Purchased Services	<u>-</u>	501
400 Supplies and Materials	<u>-</u>	10,470
122 Trainable Mentally Handicapped:		
100 Salaries	-	21,231
200 Employee Benefits	-	6,272
300 Purchased Services	-	25
400 Supplies and Materials	-	5,353
123 Orthopedically Handicapped:		•
400 Supplies and Materials	-	4,612
124 Visually Handicapped:		•
300 Purchased Services	-	24,880
400 Supplies and Materials	-	2,982
125 Hearing Handicapped:		
300 Purchased Services	-	39,240
400 Supplies and Materials	-	11,940
126 Speech Handicapped:		
100 Salaries	-	50,721
200 Employee Benefits	-	19,461
300 Purchased Services	-	36,140
400 Supplies and Materials	-	4,099
127 Learning Disabilities:		
100 Salaries	-	324,031
200 Employee Benefits	-	146,308
300 Purchased Services	-	4,004
400 Supplies and Materials	-	15,929
128 Emotionally Handicapped:		
100 Salaries	-	16,287
200 Employee Benefits	-	14,400
300 Purchased Services	-	304
400 Supplies and Materials	-	748
133 Pre-School Handicapped Self-Contained (5-Yr. Olds):		
100 Salaries	-	10,494
200 Employee Benefits	-	8,056
300 Purchased Services	-	9,822
400 Supplies and Materials	-	4,539
139 Early Childhood Programs:		
100 Salaries	-	-
200 Employee Benefits	-	-
300 Purchased Services	-	-
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ -	-

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)		Totals
_	_	_	14,909	_	\$	34,549
_	-	_	3,127	_	Ψ	13,863
_	-	-	280	-		781
-	-	-	-	-		10,470
-	-	-	19,899	-		41,130
-	-	-	4,403	-		10,675
-	-	-	-	-		25
-	-	-	-	-		5,353
						4,612
-	-	-	-	-		4,012
-	-	-	-	-		24,880
-	-	_	_	_		2,982
						,
-	-	-	-	-		39,240
-	-	-	-	-		11,940
-	-	-	34,122	-		84,843
-	-	-	9,235	-		28,696
-	-	-	25,000	-		61,140
-	-	-	1,908	-		6,007
			81,285			405,316
-	-	-	21,014	-		167,322
_	_	_	426	<u>-</u>		4,430
- -	- -	- -	-	- -		15,929
						.0,020
-	-	-	7,372	-		23,659
-	-	-	1,648	-		16,048
-	-	-	-	-		304
-	-	-	-	-		748
37,037	-	-	5,971	-		53,502
14,567	-	-	1,541	-		24,164
- 3,367	-	-	-	-		9,822 7,906
3,307	-	-	-	-		7,900
_	_	26,548	-	-		26,548
-	-	7,924	-	-		7,924
-	-	7,844	_	_		7,844
-	-	1,304	-	-	\$	1,304
						•

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Title I (BA Projects) (201)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)	
140 Special Programs:			
141 Gifted and Talented - Academic:			
100 Salaries	\$ -	-	
200 Employee Benefits	-	-	
147 CDEP:			
100 Salaries	-	-	
200 Employee Benefits	-	-	
300 Purchased Services	-	-	
400 Supplies and Materials	-	-	
160 Other Exceptional Programs:			
161 Autism:			
100 Salaries	-	15,631	
200 Employee Benefits	-	9,122	
300 Purchased Services	-	420	
400 Supplies and Materials 162 Limited English Proficiency:	-	6,235	
100 Salaries			
200 Employee Benefits	-	<u>-</u>	
400 Supplies and Materials	- -	<u>-</u>	
188 Parenting/Family Literacy:			
100 Salaries	82,262	_	
200 Employee Benefits	41,002	-	
300 Purchased Services	1,741	-	
400 Supplies and Materials	3,709	-	
190 Instructional Pupil Activity:			
660 Pupil Activity	-	-	
Total Instruction	1,284,434	854,633	
200 Support Services:			
210 Pupil Services:			
211 Attendance and Social Work Services:			
400 Supplies and Materials	1,146	-	
212 Guidance Services:			
100 Salaries	-	-	
200 Employee Benefits	-	-	
213 Health Services:			
100 Salaries	-	-	
200 Employee Benefits	-	-	
300 Purchased Services	-	-	
214 Psychological Services: 100 Salaries		6,807	
200 Employee Benefits	- -	1,992	
300 Purchased Services	- -	47,587	
400 Supplies and Materials	\$ -	9,091	
and know and more rough	*	3,331	

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)		Totals
- -	- -	-	5,053 1,489	- -	\$	5,053 1,489
		4,126	54,986			59,112
- -	- -	1,216	15,239	- -		16,455
-	-	-	9,313	-		9,313
-	-	-	3,970	-		3,970
-	-	-	59,585	-		75,216
-	-	-	29,896	-		39,018
-	-	-	- 5,360	-		420 11,595
	_	_	0,000	_		11,000
-	-	-	20,979	-		20,979
-	-	-	6,180	-		6,180
-	-	-	3,845	-		3,845
-	-	-	699	-		82,961
-	-	-	206	-		41,208
-	-	-	-	-		1,741
-	-	-	66	-		3,775
-	-	-	-	72,903		72,903
54,971	58,788	85,908	2,352,631	72,903		4,764,268
-	-	-	-	-		1,146
_	34,383	101,099	21,031	_		156,513
-	15,435	41,992	6,186	-		63,613
-	-	125,557	97,814	-		223,371
- -	- -	47,328	39,974 510	-		87,302 510
-	-	-	310	-		310
-	-	-	-	-		6,807
-	-	-	-	-		1,992
-	-	-	-	-	\$	47,587 9,091
-	-	-	-	-	φ	9,091

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA F	itle I Projects) 201)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)
215 Exceptional Program Services: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 216 Vocational Placement Services:	\$	- -	12,051 4,743
300 Purchased Services 217 Career Specialists Services:		-	-
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 220 Instructional Staff Services:		-	-
221 Improvement of Instruction - Curriculum Development:100 Salaries200 Employee Benefits		-	-
222 Library and Media: 100 Salaries		-	- -
200 Employee Benefits 223 Supervision of Special Programs: 100 Salaries		- 70,586	- 164,779
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		27,954 -	71,929 31,020
400 Supplies and Materials 224 Improvement of Instruction - Inservice and Staff Training: 100 Salaries		2,049	6,083
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials		- - -	- - -
233 School Administration: 100 Salaries		-	-
200 Employee Benefits 251 Student Transportation (Federal/District Mandated): 100 Salaries		-	-
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 254 Operation and Maintenance of Plant:		-	-
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		- -	- -
400 Supplies and Materials 500 Capital Outlay 255 Student Transportation (State Mandated):		-	- -
100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services		- - -	- - -
256 Food Service: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits		-	-
400 Supplies and Materials (Include Energy) 500 Capital Outlay	\$	- - -	- - -

CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)		Totals
-	-	-	-	\$	12,051
-	-	-	-		4,743
120	-	-	-		120
-	65,145 27,529	-	-		65,145 27,529
-	259,630 102,142	9,121	-		268,751 104,829
-	102,142		-		
- -	- -	12,257 3,611	- -		12,257 3,611
-	-	10,782	-		246,147
-	-		-		103,060
- -	- -	12,269 -	-		43,289 8,132
-	-	8,625	-		8,625
-	-	2,511	-		2,511
10,150	-		-		48,135 2,247
		ـ,ـ ۱۰			2,2
-	-	15,070	-		15,070
-	-	4,440	-		4,440
-	-	1,812	-		1,812
-	-		-		528
-	-		-		2,580
-	-	1,576	-		1,576 464
- -	-		-		28,884
-	-	179,199	-		179,199
-	-	41,818	-		41,818
-	-		-		11,154
-	-	6,339	-		6,339
-	-	6,960	-		6,960
-	-		-		2,050
-	-		-	φ	5,059
-	-	10,239	-	Ф	15,239
	(VA Projects) (207) - - 120	CATE (VA Projects) (207) State Grants (900s) CATE (VA Projects) (900s) CATE (VA Projects) (900s) CATE (Part 120) CATE (Part 12	CATE (VA Projects) Designated State Grants (900s) Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s) - - - - - - - - - 120 - - - 65,145 - - 27,529 - - 259,630 9,121 - 102,142 2,687 - - 3,611 - - 3,611 - - 3,611 - - 12,269 - - 12,269 - - 2,511 10,150 - 37,985 - - 2,247 - - 15,070 - - 4,440 - - 2,580 - - 2,580 - - 1,576 - - 464 - - 2,884 -	CATE (VA Projects) (207) Designated Restricted State Grants (900s) CATE Revenue Programs (200s/800s) Pupil Activity (700s) -	CATE (VA Projects) (207) Designated State Grants (900s) Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s) Pupil Activity (700s) - - - - \$ 120 - - - - \$ 120 - - - - - - \$ - 65,145 -

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	(BA	Title I Projects) (201)	IDEA (CA Projects) (203)
258 Security: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials	\$	- -	<u>-</u>
500 Capital Outlay		-	-
260 Central Support Services: 262 Planning: 300 Purchased Services		_	_
264 Staff Services:			
300 Purchased Services		-	-
400 Supplies and Materials		-	-
266 Technology and Data Processing Services: 100 Salaries			
200 Employee Benefits		<u>-</u>	-
300 Purchased Services		<u>-</u>	- -
400 Supplies and Materials		_	-
600 Other Objects		-	-
270 Support Services - Pupil Activity:			
271 Pupil Services Activities:			
300 Purchased Services (Optional)		-	-
600 Other Objects (Optional)		-	-
272 Enterprise Activities:			
660 Pupil Activity 273 Trust and Agency Activities:		-	-
660 Pupil Activity		_	_
	-	101 705	050.000
Total Support Services	-	101,735	356,082
410 Intergovernmental Expenditures: 411 Payments to SDE			
720 Transits		-	-
Total Intergovernmental Expenditures		-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,386,169	1,210,715
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:			
5210 Transfer from General Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs)		-	-
431-791 Special Revenue Fund Indirect Costs (Use Only for Transfer of Indirect Costs to General Fund)		(59,743)	(52,182)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	(59,743)	(52,182)
TOTAL OTTILITE INAMOUNO GOOTOLO (GOLO)	_ ψ	(33,143)	(32,102)

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)	Totals
- - -	- - -	- - -	97,581 434,805 9,681	- - -	\$ 97,581 434,805 9,681
-	- -	- -	8,664 1,200	-	8,664 1,200
- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	509 17,062 8,128 12,375 189,702 23,340	- - - -	509 17,062 8,128 12,375 189,702 23,340
- -	- -	- -	5,000	441,472	5,000 441,472
- - -	60,088	- - 770,422	- - 1,402,006	167,475 57,111 666,058	167,475 57,111 3,356,391
<u>-</u> <u>-</u> :	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	46,281 46,281	<u>-</u>	46,281 46,281
54,971	118,876	856,330	3,800,918	738,961	8,166,940
-	-	-	-	35,000	35,000
(2,369)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(222,606) (222,606)	35,000	(336,900)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Title I (BA Projects) (201)		IDEA (CA Projects) (203)	
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	-	-	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year, As Previously Reported Cumulative Change in Accounting Principle - GASB #84		-		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of Year, As Adjusted		-	-	
FUND BALANCES, End of Year	_ \$			

Preschool Handicapped (CG Projects) (205)	CATE (VA Projects) (207)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Pupil Activity (700s)	Totals
-	-	-	-	64,246	\$ 64,246
- -	-			- 544,775	- 544,775
-	-	-	-	544,775	544,775
-	-	-	-	609,021	\$ 609,021

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SUPPLEMENTAL LISTING OF LEA SUBFUND CODES AND TITLES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS

919	Education License Plates
924	GEER Summer - CERDEF
928	EEDA Career Specialists
935	Reading Coaches

Student Health and Fitness - Nurses 936 937 Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers

990 First Steps

OTHER SPE

ECIAL REVENUE PE	ROGRAMS
210	Title IV SSAE
212	Extended School Year - Federal
217	CRF Pupil Funding
220	Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES)
225	ESSER II
237	Title I School Improvement
264	Language Instruction for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students, Title III
267	Improving Teacher Quality (Carryover Provision)
271	JROTC
299	Medicaid Reimbursement
816	High School Summer School
817	Profound Mental Disabled
833	Special Needs Transportation
834	Allen Tate Donation
835	Technology Professional Development
837	Special Olympics
839	ABT Special Fund
845	School Supply Donations
856	Mayday Project-Homeless
858	Bigger than Bullying Proceeds
861	HCJ-Fidelity
865	Meritor-FDJTC & YMS
866	I3DP
867	Courageous Cougars
868	EIA Equipment Sale Proceeds
869	EOC - Community Block Grant
872	Youth Risk Behavior Study
873	Transition Advisory Council
876	Early Childhood Literacy
877	Duke Energy - Working Smart
878	Tobacco Free
881	Line Worker Program/Donations
883	Duke Energy Line Worker Grant
885	Vocational Rehabilitation
886	JES DHEC Recycling Education Grant
888	Foundation for the Carolinas
889	DSS Grant

Stanley Black & Decker Rural Recruitment Initiative No Kid Hungry 895 896 COPS Grant 897 **Energy Grant** 898 Heroes Funds

890

891 892

893 894

899 YIS Education Foundation Grant

YCHS Needy Family Fund United Way of York County SC

HGSES Donation

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SUMMARY SCHEDULE FOR OTHER DESIGNATED RESTRICTED STATE GRANTS

Subfund	Revenue	Programs	Revenues	Expenditures	Special Interfund Transfers In (Out)	Revenue Other Fund Transfers In (Out)	Re F	oecial venue und earned
919	3193	Education License Plates	\$ 715	715	-	_	\$	_
924	3143	GEER Summer - CERDEP	5,342	5,342	-	-		25,330
928	3118	EEDA Career Specialists	235,765	235,765	-	-		-
935	3135	Reading Coaches	361,772	361,772	-	-		-
936	3136	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses	172,885	172,885	-	-		-
937	3127	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers	36,232	36,232	-	-		-
990	3680	First Steps FAMILY LITERACY Program	43,619	43,619	-	-		-
		Totals	\$ 856,330	856,330			\$	25,330

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
3500 Education Improvement Act:	
3502 ADEPT	\$ 5,644
3509 Arts in Education	5,741
3518 Adoption List of Formative Assessment	5,621
3519 Grade 10 Assessments	19,662
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits	40,288
3528 Industry Credentials/Certifications	35,813
3529 Career & Technology Education	102,684
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)	378,841
3533 Teacher of the Year Awards (No Carryover Provision)	1,077
3538 Student at Risk of School Failure	571,313
3541 CDEP (Child Development Education Program) - Full Day 4K	456,354
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)	1,193,729
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)	290,465
3557 Summer Reading Program	89,105
3571 Palmetto Priority Schools	83,248
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)	106,425
3594 EEDA Supplemental Programs	108,154
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials	6,728
3597 Aid to Districts	236,031
Total Revenue from State Sources	 3,736,923
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	\$ 3,736,923

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	A	CTUAL
EXPENDITURES		
100 Instruction:		
110 General Instruction:		
111 Kindergarten Programs:		
100 Salaries	\$	7,500
200 Employee Benefits		2,216
400 Supplies and Materials		13,662
112 Primary Programs:		
100 Salaries		113,295
200 Employee Benefits		34,219
300 Purchased Services		16,473
400 Supplies and Materials		65,967
113 Elementary Programs:		
100 Salaries		358,004
200 Employee Benefits		148,057
400 Supplies and Materials		79,138
600 Other Objects		800
114 High School Programs:		407.045
100 Salaries		107,645
200 Employee Benefits		42,822
400 Supplies and Materials		75,252
115 Career and Technology Education Program: 100 Salaries		12,500
200 Employee Benefits		3,664
400 Supplies and Materials		55,447
500 Capital Outlay		60,645
600 Other Objects		1,000
·		1,000
120 Exceptional Programs:		
121 Educable Mentally Handicapped:		
100 Salaries		5,000
200 Employee Benefits		1,477
128 Emotionally Handicapped:		7.500
100 Salaries		7,500
200 Employee Benefits		2,203
130 Pre-School Programs:		
133 Preschool Handicapped Self- Contained (5Yr. Olds) 100 Salaries		7,500
	¢	7,500 2,196
200 Employee Benefits	\$	2,190

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 ACTUAL
140 Special Programs: 141 Gifted and Talented - Academic:	
100 Salaries	\$ 5,000
200 Employee Benefits 147 CDEP:	1,465
100 Salaries	323,105
200 Employee Benefits	152,620
400 Supplies and Materials	1,277
180 Adult/Continuing Educational Programs: 188 Parenting/Family Literacy:	
100 Salaries	69,548
200 Employee Benefits	 33,922
Total Instruction	 1,811,119
200 Support Services: 210 Pupil Services:	
210 Pupil Services. 212 Guidance Services:	
100 Salaries	27,505
200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services	10,621 4,228
400 Supplies and Materials	7,175
213 Health Services: 100 Salaries	3,050
200 Employee Benefits	899
220 Instructional Staff Services:	
221 Improvement of Instruction-Curriculum Development: 100 Salaries	17,787
200 Employee Benefits	5,166
222 Library and Media: 100 Salaries	7,500
200 Employee Benefits	2,169
400 Supplies and Materials 223 Supervision of Special Programs:	2,200
100 Salaries	108,234
200 Employee Benefits	\$ 48,884

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ALL PROGRAMS

	 ACTUAL
 224 Improvement of Instruction-Curriculum Development: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 	\$ 25,236 394 440 5,621
250 Finance and Operations Services: 255 Student Transportation (State Mandated): 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services 256 Food Services: 200 Employee Benefits	3,973 1,170 7,147 200
258 Security: 400 Supplies and Materials	41,507
260 Central Support Services: 264 Staff Services: 400 Supplies and Materials 266 Technology and Data Processing Services: 400 Supplies and Materials	5,500 105,004
Total Support Services	 441,610
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 2,252,729
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
420-710 Transfer to General Fund	(1,484,194)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,484,194)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$

EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT

SUMMARY SCHEDULE BY PROGRAM

Program	Revenue	s Expenditures	EIA Interfund Transfers In/(Out)	Other Fund Transfers In/(Out)	EIA Fund Unearned Revenue
3500 Education Improvement Act:					
3502 ADEPT	\$ 5,64	14 5,644	-	-	\$ -
3509 Arts in Education	5,74	5,741	-	-	-
3518 Adoption of Formative Assessment	5,62	21 5,621	-	-	-
3519 Grade 10 Assessments	19,66	32 19,662	-	-	1,652
3526 Refurbishment of Science Kits	40,28	38 40,288	-	-	14,107
3528 Industry Credentials/Certifications	35,8	35,813	-	-	12,262
3529 Career & Technology Education	102,68	102,684	-	-	103,936
3532 National Board Salary Supplement (No Carryover Provision)	378,84	11 378,841	-	-	-
3533 Teacher of the Year Awards (No Carryover Provision)	1,07	77 1,077	-	-	-
3538 Student at Risk of School Failure	571,3°	571,313	-	-	-
3541 CDEP (Child Development Education Program) - Full Day 4K	456,35	456,354	-	-	-
3550 Teacher Salary Increase (No Carryover Provision)	1,193,72	29 -	-	(1,193,729)	-
3555 Teacher Salary Fringe (No Carryover Provision)	290,46	35 -	-	(290,465)	-
3557 Summer Reading Program	89,10	9,105	-	-	97,906
3571 CSI & Palmetto Priority	83,24	18 83,248			185,434
3577 Teacher Supplies (No Carryover Provision)	106,42	25 106,425	-	-	-
3594 EEDA Supplemental Programs	108,15	108,154	-	-	-
3595 EEDA - Supplies and Materials	6,72	28 6,728	-	-	4,153
3597 Aid to Districts	236,03	31 236,031	-	-	156,298
3599 Other EIA	-	-	-	-	21,024
Totals	\$ 3,736,92	2,252,729		(1,484,194)	\$ 596,772

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF DUE TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Amount Due	
				to State Dept.	
	Project/	Revenue		of Education	Status of
	Grant	& Subfund		or Federal	Amount Due
Program	Number	Code	Description	Government	to Grantors

None



York School District One York, South Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Debt Service Fund

The **Debt Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of all long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for the District.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1200 Revenue from Local Governmental Units Other than LEAs: 1210 Ad Valorem Taxes-Including Delinquent (Fiscally Dependent LEA) 1240 Penalties & Interest on Taxes (Dependent)	\$ 9,343,747 345,638
1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	18,415
Total Revenue from Local Sources	9,707,800
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3800 State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes: 3820 Homestead Exemption (Tier 2) 3830 Merchant's Inventory Tax	481,137 19,010
Total Revenue from State Sources	500,147
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	10,207,947
EXPENDITURES	
500 Debt Service: 610 Redemption of Principal 620 Interest 690 Other Objects (Includes Fees for Servicing Bonds) Total Debt Service	5,230,000 3,610,143 10,535 8,850,678
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,850,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
424-710 Transfer to Capital Projects Fund	(519,558)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(519,558)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	837,711
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	4,269,042
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 5,106,753

York School District One York, South Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Capital Projects Fund

The *Capital Projects Fund, a major fund* and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures of capital outlay related to site acquisitions, construction, equipment, and renovation of all major capital facilities.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
REVENUES	
1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments 1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources	\$ 14,466 4,840
Total Revenue from Local Sources	19,306
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	19,306
EXPENDITURES	
250 Finance and Operations: 253 Facilities Acquisition & Construction: 300 Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials 500 Capital Outlay: 530 Improvements Other Than Buildings 540 Equipment Total Support Services TOTAL EXPENDITURES	265,619 865,541 442,855 9,404 1,583,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
5210 Transfer from General Fund (Exclude Indirect Costs) 5240 Transfer from Debt Service Fund	2,668,020 519,558
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	3,187,578
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,623,465
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	9,787,568
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 11,411,033

York School District One York, South Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Special Revenue Fund - Food Service

The **Food Service Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the financial resources received that are restricted for the cafeteria operations at school locations. These resources primarily consist of revenues received from (a) breakfast, lunch, and other food sales and (b) from the United States Department of Agriculture's ("USDA") approved school breakfast and lunch programs.



FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	A(CTUAL
1000 Revenues from Local Sources: 1500 Earnings on Investments: 1510 Interest on Investments	\$	253
1600 Food Service: 1610 Lunch Sales to Pupils 1620 Breakfast Sales to Pupils 1630 Special Sales to Pupils 1640 Lunch Sales to Adults 1650 Breakfast Sales to Adults 1660 Special Sales to Adults		5,691 262 5,431 7,108 48 406
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1999 Revenue from Other Local Sources		26,951
Total Revenue from Local Sources 4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4800 USDA Reimbursement: 4810 School Lunch and After School Snacks Program and Special Milk Program 4830 School Breakfast Program (Carryover Provision) 4880 Summer Feeding - COVID School Closure		9,639 4,567 2,378,236
4900 Other Federal Sources: 4991 USDA Commodities (Food Distribution Program) (Carryover Provision) 4999 Revenue from Other Federal Sources Total Revenue from Federal Sources		189,351 124,005 2,705,798
TOTAL REVENUE ALL SOURCES	\$ 2	2,751,948

FOOD SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	ACTUAL
EXPENSES	
256 Food Service: 100 Salaries 200 Employee Benefits 300 Purchased Services (Exclude Energy Costs) 393 Direct Purchased Services 400 Supplies and Materials (Include Energy Costs) 600 Other Objects	\$ 781,526 221,201 518,892 832,286 225,941 1,446
Total Food Services Expenses	2,581,292
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,581,292
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Interfund Transfers, From (To) Other Funds:	
432-791 Food Service Fund Indirect Costs	(135,861)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(135,861)
EXCESS/DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	34,795
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	2,128,518
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 2,163,313

LOCATION RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE

LOCATION ID	LOCATION DESCRIPTION	EDUCATION LEVEL	COST TYPE	EXF	TOTAL PENDITURES
00	District-Wide	Non-School	Central	\$	13,837,582
01	Education Service Center	Non-School	Central		597,600
02	Floyd D. Johnson Technology Center	Other Schools	School		2,303,425
03	York Comprehensive High School	High School	School		13,190,720
06	District Office	Non-School	Central		7,029,246
08	Jefferson Elementary	Elementary	School		3,993,900
09	York Intermediate School	Middle School	School		5,792,735
15	York One Academy	Alternative	School		1,307,488
44	York Middle School	Middle School	School		6,853,680
45	Hickory Grove-Sharon Elementary	Elementary	School		3,721,628
46	Hunter Street Elementary	Elementary	School		4,370,728
47	Cotton Belt Elementary	Elementary	School		4,093,016
49	Harold C. Johnson Elementary	Elementary	School		4,795,228
Total Expe	nditures/Disbursements for all funds			\$	71,886,976
The above	expenditures are reconciled to the District's financi	al statements as follow	/s:		
	General Fund			\$	48,451,918
	Special Revenue Fund (Subfunds 200's, 800's, 9	00's, & 700s)			8,166,940
	Special Revenue - EIA Fund (Subfunds 300's)	·			2,252,729
	Debt Service Fund				8,850,678
	Capital Projects Funds (Subfund 500's)				1,583,419
	Special Revenue - Food Service Fund (Subfund	600)			2,581,292
Total Expe	nditures/Disbursements for all funds			\$	71,886,976



STATISTICAL SECTION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

This section of the York School District One's (the "District") comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed trend and other information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

	Page Number
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	129
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	135
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current level of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	139
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	143
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District's provides and the activities it performs.	145

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2012	2013 ²	2014³	20154	2016	2017	2018 ⁵	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 24,764,029	18,966,916	14,613,621	14,143,451	6,943,438	8,360,535	5,350,310	4,384,672	3,010,228	\$ 4,798,094
Restricted	3,461,012	3,678,473	2,919,412	2,184,969	5,687,962	3,372,828	5,402,980	5,887,482	6,366,778	7,840,877
Unrestricted	9,382,086	10,443,078	12,612,000	(38,514,153)	(38,292,449)	(41,747,773)	(95,387,187)	(96,638,325)	(98,436,525)	(101,741,871)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 37,607,127	33,088,467	30,145,033	(22,185,733)	(25,661,049)	(30,014,410)	(84,633,897)	(86,366,171)	(89,059,519)	\$ (89,102,900)
Business-Type Activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 810,596	714,919	608,962	506,164	525,177	421,988				. \$
Unrestricted	684,929	909'088	1,086,563	713,250	939,374	628,673				
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 1,495,525	1,595,525	1,695,525	1,219,414	1,464,551	1,050,661	 -			9
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 25,574,625	19,681,835	15,222,583	14,649,615	7,468,615	8,782,523	5,350,310	4,384,672	3,010,228	\$ 4,798,094
Restricted	3,461,012	3,678,473	2,919,412	2,184,969	5,687,962	3,372,828	5,402,980	5,887,482	6,366,778	7,840,877
Unrestricted	10,067,015	11,323,684	13,698,563	(37,800,903)	(37,353,075)	(41,119,100)	(95,387,187)	(96,638,325)	(98,436,525)	(101,741,871)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 39,102,652	34,683,992	31,840,558	(20,966,319)	(24,196,498)	(28,963,749)	(84,633,897)	(86,366,171)	(89,059,519)	\$ (89,102,900)

Note 1: The net position of governmental activities decreased from 2011 to 2012 due to an increase in instructional expenses.

Note 2: The net position of governmental activities decreased from 2012 to 2013 due expenses exceeding revenues in the current fiscal year.

Note 3: The net position of governmental activities decreased from 2013 to 2014 due to expenses exceeding revenues in the current fiscal year.

Note 4: The District implemented GASB #68/71 in 2015

Note 5: The District converted Food Service balances from business type activities to governmental activities.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

	Fynancae	2012²	2013³	20144	2015 ⁵	Fiscal Year 2016	Year 2017 ⁷	20188	2019*	202010	2021
- 0	Governmental Activities:	\$ 28 530 775	31 405 400	30 377 162	31 353 768	32 481 326	3/ 352 771	37 523 407	37 650 262	40 225 BEA	6 41 241 413
	Support Services		21,161,233	20,253,881	21,728,654	22,930,865	24,328,809	29,381,761	29,502,178	30,268,722	
	intergoverrmental Interest and Other Charges	- 5,243,748	5,053,739	6,224,137	4,170,449	6,209,181	2,763,817	2,687,662	2,040,884	2,706,469	2,546,483
	Total Governmental Activities Expenses	57,627,037	57,620,372	56,855,180	57,252,871	61,621,372	61,445,397	69,592,920	69,202,324	73,200,845	75,113,601
	Business-Type Activities: Food Services	2,345,603	2,353,674	2,421,927	2,816,279	2,846,331	3,350,863	•		•	•
	Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	2,345,603	2,353,674	2,421,927	2,816,279	2,846,331	3,350,863				
	Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 59,972,640	59,974,046	59,277,107	60,069,150	64,467,703	64,796,260	69,592,920	69,202,324	73,200,845	\$ 75,113,601
130	Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charges for Services: Operating Grants and Contributions Charges for Services: Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 24,587,788	25,326,132	24,985,478	26,777,487	27,489,089	29,095,326	34,287,825 498,615	35,109,598 544,844	37,333,381 414,834	\$ 39,364,602
	Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	24,587,788	25,326,132	24,985,478	26,777,487	27,596,884	29,095,326	34,786,440	35,654,442	37,748,215	39,383,548
	Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services: Food Service Operating Grants and Contributions	653,165 1,927,686	616,173	615,816 2,041,698	596,771 2,448,014	615,767 2,482,238	556,194 2,514,429				
	Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	2,580,851	2,589,135	2,657,514	3,044,785	3,098,005	3,070,623				1
	Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 27,168,639	27,915,267	27,642,992	29,822,272	30,694,889	32,165,949	34,786,440	35,654,442	37,748,215	\$ 39,383,548
_ 0 Ш	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (33,039,249) 235,248	(32,294,240) 235,461	(31,869,702) 235,587	(30,475,384) 228,506	(34,024,488) 251,674	(32,350,071) (280,240)	(34,806,480)	(33,547,882)	(35,452,630)	\$ (35,730,053)
	Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (32,804,001)	(32,058,779)	(31,634,115)	(30,246,878)	(33,772,814)	(32,630,311)	(34,806,480)	(33,547,882)	(35,452,630)	\$ (35,730,053)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	ear					
	2012 ²	2013³	2014 ⁴	2015 ⁵	2016 ⁶	2017	2018 ⁸	2019	2020 ¹⁰	2021	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes by Source:											
Property Tax - General Operations	\$ 11,455,061	12,403,242	13,371,086	13,675,538	14,973,251	13,042,887	15,075,561	15,274,490	15,413,739	\$ 16,790,831	
Property Tax - Debt Service	6,759,604	6,887,351	7,127,507	7,242,780	7,572,988	6,706,877	7,473,782	7,525,783	8,304,698	9,594,791	
State Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	6,786,798	6,983,336	7,119,379	7,261,593	7,382,306	7,401,702	7,507,266	7,739,483	7,859,439	8,075,540	
Other Taxes	363,665	379,302	394,628	408,895	406,652	417,288	429,819	427,303	483,782	500,287	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	51,370	53,880	36,241	55,878	135,668	222,520	314,190	628,283	516,674	70,476	
Transfers	135,861	135,861	135,861	135,861	8,201	135,860					
Miscellaneous	258,078	186,138	34,497	39,352	33,112	27,571	384,465	176,012	137,490	66,353	
Other Revenues	764,210	746,470	707,069	700,078	36,994	42,005	48,835	44,254	43,460	43,619	
Total Governmental Activities	26,574,647	27,775,580	28,926,268	29,519,975	30,549,172	27,996,710	31,233,918	31,815,608	32,759,282	35,141,897	
Business-Type Activities: Unrestricted Investment Earnings	613	400	274	561	1,664	2,210					
Transfers	(135,861)	(135,861)	(135,861)	(135,861)	(8,201)	(135,860)	1	•	1	,	
Total Business-Type Activities	(135,248)	(135,461)	(135,587)	(135,300)	(6,537)	(133,650)			-		
Total Primary Government	\$ 26,439,399	27,640,119	28,790,681	29,384,675	30,542,635	27,863,060	31,233,918	31,815,608	32,759,282	\$ 35,141,897	
Change in Net Position:											
Governmental Activities	\$ (6,464,602)	(4,518,660)	(2,943,434)	(955,409)	(3,475,316)	(4,353,361)	(3,572,562)	(1,732,274)	(2,693,348)	\$ (588,156)	
Business-Type Activities	100,000	100,000	100,000	93,206	245,137	(413,890)				•	
Total Primary Government	\$ (6,364,602)	(4,418,660)	(2,843,434)	(862,203)	(3,230,179)	(4,767,251)	(3,572,562)	(1,732,274)	(2,693,348)	\$ (588,156)	

Note 1: Net Position in governmental activities decreased primarily due to a decrease in property tax and state revenue, partially offset by increase in expenses. Net Position in business-type activities increased because of a decreased in 2013 due to an increase in instructional expenses.

2: Net Position decreased in 2013 due to expense exceeding revenues.

3: Net Position decreased in 2014 due to expense exceeding revenues.

5: Net Position decreased in 2015 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

7: Net Position decreased in 2015 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

7: Net Position decreased in 2017 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

8: Net Position decreased in 2016 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

8: Net Position decreased in 2018 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

9: Net Position decreased in 2019 due to expenses exceeding revenues.

9: Net Position decreased in 2019 due to expense exceeding revenues.

10: Net Position decreased in 2019 due to expense exceeding revenues.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund Unassigned	\$ 7,719,414 6,631,829	6,631,829	6,958,944	7,526,415	8,385,819	9,374,529	10,504,515	10,644,705	11,245,207	11,245,207 \$ 11,689,873
Total General Fund	\$ 7,719,414	6,631,829	6,958,944	7,526,415	8,385,819	9,374,529	10,504,515	10,644,705	11,245,207	\$ 11,689,873
All Other Governmental Funds										
Non-Spendable	· \$		•	•		,	9,197	•	•	· \$
Restricted	7,192,650	5,139,274	4,705,102	5,224,736	6,619,277	6,936,950	8,476,649	16,941,292	16,185,128	12,201,746
Assigned	214,549	2,253,098	3,779,993	3,880,260	3,544,096	•	1	1	•	7,088,374
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 7,407,199 7,392,372	7,392,372	8,485,095	9,104,996	10,163,373	6,936,950	8,485,846	16,941,292	16,185,128	16,185,128 \$ 19,290,120

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	ŕear				
	2012	2013	2014 ²	2015³	2016	20174	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues			<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>			<u>.</u>		
Local Sources:										
Taxes by Source:										
Property Tax - General Operations	\$ 12,072,613	12,284,522	13,070,676	13,491,332	14,585,862	12,779,549	14,842,406	15,169,926	15,765,790	\$ 17,062,651
Property Tax - Debt Service	6,893,791	6,839,683	7,031,199	7,206,959	7,417,749	6,603,645	7,413,055	7,630,347	8,396,379	9,689,385
Investment Earnings	51,370	53,880	36,241	55,878	135,668	222,520	314,190	628,283	516,674	70,476
Other Local Sources	797,223	1,293,053	565,728	326,968	682,174	372,515	1,351,506	1,150,734	1,025,484	1,448,966
State Sources	27,191,788	27,722,640	28,189,450	30,627,623	31,461,985	33,376,733	35,806,765	36,855,168	38,530,667	38,873,184
Federal Sources	4,714,540	4,566,435	4,429,800	4,188,683	3,274,795	3,192,639	5,949,719	5,991,338	6,672,774	7,703,578
Intergovernmental Revenue	26,987	39,246	56,070	44,129	36,994	42,005	48,835	44,254	43,460	43,619
Total Revenues	51,778,312	52,799,459	53,379,164	55,941,572	57,595,227	56,589,606	65,726,476	67,470,050	70,951,228	74,891,859
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction	\$ 27,084,309	27,188,035	26,208,604	26,805,387	27,861,812	29,476,178	31,025,426	31,690,503	33,635,294	\$ 34,957,323
Support Services	20,164,598	19,302,700	18,611,877	19,844,189	20,595,677	21,226,258	25,174,704	26,062,996	27,534,947	27,363,167
Intergovernmental	102,561	104,690	82,624	82,061	121,230	76,968	84,572	102,768	88,789	46,281
Capital Outlay	1,036,352	237,795	156,203	380,922	805,670	1,627,572	1,669,310	1,126,836	1,286,797	669,527
Debt Service:										
Principal	7,940,000	1,739,000	2,003,000	37,959,000	2,467,000	2,646,000	3,114,000	3,407,000	4,815,000	5,230,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,531,424	5,182,558	5,021,648	4,913,319	3,963,931	3,875,040	3,686,498	3,587,317	3,742,277	3,610,143
Other Charges	142,538	282,954	11,231	175,284	435,029	35,163	27,606	111,009	3,786	10,535
Total Expenditures	62,001,782	54,037,732	52,095,187	90,160,162	56,250,349	58,963,179	64,782,116	66,088,429	71,106,890	71,886,976
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (10,223,470)	(1,238,273)	1,283,977	(34,218,590)	1,344,878	(2,373,573)	944,360	1,381,621	(155,662)	\$ 3,004,883

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

UNAUDITED

						Fiscal Year	ear				
		2012	2013	2014 ²	2015³	2016	20174	2018	2019	2020	2021
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers In	s	2,021,579	2,859,865	3,301,732	4,074,050	8,210,608	6,128,849	3,359,584	11,746,463	3,459,452 \$	5,179,533
Transfers Out		(1,885,719)	(2,724,004)	(3,165,871)	(3,938,189)	(8,074,747)	(5,992,989)	(3,359,584)	(11,746,463)	(3,459,452)	(5,179,533)
Proceeds of Bonds Sold		6,310,000			32,405,000						
Premium on Bonds Sold		275,166			2,865,101	9,890,126			714,015		
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds		3,000,000			•	45,380,000		•	6,500,000		,
Issuance of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note											
Issuance of Capital Leases											
Issuance of Refunding Bonds											
Payment to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent		,	,		,	(54,833,084)		,	,		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,721,026	135,861	135,861	35,405,962	572,903	135,860		7,214,015		
Net Change in Fund Balances	↔	(502,444)	(1,102,412)	1,419,838	1,187,372	1,917,781	(2,237,713)	944,360	8,595,636	(155,662) \$	3,004,883
Capital Asset Expenditures	ઝ	1,859,880	38,913	51,367	283,029	297,558	517,919	251,017	151,300	1,192,095	478,074
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		22.4%	12.8%	13.5%	47.7%	11.5%	11.2%	10.5%	10.6%	12.2%	12.4%

Note 1: Expenses decreased due to the completion of the new high school and technology center.

Note 2: Expenses decreased due to significant budget cuts the District made from the previous year.

Note 3: Total expenses and revenues increase due to the refunding of \$32.0 million in bonds.

Note 4: Expenses exceeded revenue due to a tax refund related to prior years to a company in the District's tax base.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Assessed Real Property	eal Property	Assessed Personal Property	nal Property	Total Taxable	Total Direct	Estimated	Assessed Value as a
Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Motor Vehicles	Other	Assessed Value	Tax Rate	Actual Tax Value	Percentage of Actual Value
2012	\$ 49,550,485	10,148,894	10,071,795	23,313,608	\$ 93,084,782	242.60	\$ 1,644,357,375	2.7%
2013	49,283,332	10,818,292	10,717,983	23,339,873	94,159,480	248.60	1,777,877,552	2.3%
2014	50,074,064	10,256,115	11,713,607	24,867,478	96,911,264	253.60	1,727,340,196	9:9
2015	50,622,858	10,368,462	12,489,726	24,682,992	98,164,038	257.60	1,750,810,848	9:9
2016	49,140,103	10,786,778	12,568,993	29,501,610	101,997,484	260.10	1,769,603,493	2.8%
2017	49,881,824	10,949,659	13,902,785	26,599,637	101,333,905	262.60	1,779,223,872	2.7%
2018	51,425,956	11,288,614	13,410,604	26,669,877	102,795,051	267.60	1,814,369,188	2.7%
2019	52,529,341	11,529,210	13,844,298	26,461,291	104,364,140	274.60	1,860,192,086	9:9
2020	55,063,345	12,085,456	13,927,139	26,199,721	107,275,661	287.60	1,892,317,811	2.7%
2021	\$ 64,416,872	12,268,300	15,515,326	29,266,461	\$ 121,466,959	278.60	\$ 2,204,203,186	2.5%

Source: York County Government

Property in the county was last reassessed for fiscal year 2015. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value. Beginning in fiscal year 2003, the state legislature decreased the vehicle tax assessment rate by .75% per year until the rate is lowered to 6% in fiscal year 2008. Note:

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

	York	York School District One	0		Overlapping Rates ¹	~~	
Fiscal Year		Debt			York County	York County	Total Direct and
Ended June 30	Operating Millage	Service Millage	Total Millage	City of York Millage	Incorporated Millage	Unincorporated ² Millage	Overlapping Rates
2012	164.60	78.00	242.60	115.00	62.50	9.40	429.50
2013	170.60	78.00	248.60	115.00	64.50	9.40	437.50
2014	175.60	78.00	253.60	115.00	64.50	9.40	442.50
2015	179.60	78.00	257.60	117.20	68.70	9.40	452.90
2016	182.10	78.00	260.10	117.20	02.69	9.60	456.60
2017	184.60	78.00	262.60	117.20	72.80	9.60	462.20
2018	189.60	78.00	267.60	117.20	74.80	9.80	469.40
2019	196.60	78.00	274.60	124.60	83.20	10.00	492.40
2020	203.60	84.00	287.60	124.60	83.50	10.60	506.30
2021	194.60	84.00	278.60	111.00	76.50	10.60	476.70

Source: York School District One and York County Government

Note 1: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the York School District. Not all overlapping rates apply to all of the York School District property owners (i.e., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the York School District's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district)

2: The Unincorporated tax rates for York County are levied on all property for taxpayers who do not reside within a municipality.

TABLE 7

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

UNAUDITED

		2021			2012	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Duke Energy Corporation	\$ 5,983,140	1	4.9%	\$ 3,941,570	1	4.2%
York Electric Coop Inc.	3,086,580	2	2.5%	2,886,963	2	3.1%
Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems LLC	2,203,045	3	1.8%	1,097,649	4	1.2%
Elkem Silicones USA Corp/Bluestar Silicones	1,914,753	4	1.6%	-		
Plains LPG Services	1,634,076	5	1.3%	-		
Maclean Power York LLC	1,455,240	6	1.2%	992,020	6	1.1%
FOMAS Inc.	1,073,485	7	0.9%	-		
BellSouth Telecommunications	873,038	8	0.7%	1,288,070	3	1.4%
WPM Holdings LLC	800,515	9	0.7%			
Lava USA Inc.	636,480	10	0.5%	-		
Hella Lighting Corporation	-			1,077,904	5	1.2%
Champion Laboratories Inc.	-			701,140	7	0.8%
Canton Textile Mills Inc.	-			598,399	8	0.6%
Ambassador Packaging, Inc	-			447,980	9	0.5%
D & S Express Inc.	-			413,690	10	0.4%
Totals	\$ 19,660,352		16.2%	\$ 17,676,518		19.0%

Source: York County Government

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Year				วั	collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	n the Fiscal ∍ Levy	ပိ	Collections in		Total Collections to Date	ons to Date
Ended June 30	Tax Year	_	Local Tax Levy	Ā	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	2011	↔	26,539,951 \$	5	25,053,108	94.4%	↔	1,175,701	↔	26,228,809	98.8%
2013	2012		27,330,092	7	25,670,016	93.9%		1,091,830		26,761,846	%6'26
2014	2013		28,489,872	7	27,039,331	94.9%		1,154,985		28,194,316	%0.66
2015	2014		29,002,778	7	27,419,374	94.5%		1,112,120		28,531,494	98.4%
2016	2015		30,685,830	7	29,250,819	95.3%		1,027,834		30,278,653	%2'86
2017	2016		30,410,753	7	28,666,380	94.3%		748,623		29,415,003	%2'96
2018	2017		31,201,118	7	29,668,772	95.1%		551,497		30,220,269	%6.96
2019	2018		31,676,772	ന	30,542,654	96.4%		456,124		30,998,778	%6'26
2020	2019		33,649,734	ന	32,051,070	95.2%		477,813		32,528,883	%2'96
2021	2020	s	35,782,860 \$	3	34,800,660	97.3%	s	1	s	34.800.660	97.3%

Source: York County Government

TABLE 9

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Fiscal	Governmental	Activities				
Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	(Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	\$ 99,299,000	10,806,000	\$	110,105,000	1.3%	\$ 469
2013	97,479,790	10,567,000		108,046,790	1.2%	451
2014	95,530,582	10,193,000		105,723,582	1.1%	431
2015	92,820,916	9,604,000		102,424,916	1.0%	408
2016	84,223,691	8,852,000		93,075,691	0.9%	360
2017	81,000,000	6,306,000		87,306,000	0.7%	328
2018	80,895,000	3,297,000		84,192,000	0.7%	307
2019	96,527,434	-		96,527,434	N/A	344
2020	90,725,405	-		90,725,405	N/A	N/A
2021	\$ 84,508,376	-	\$	84,508,376	N/A	N/A

Note: Details regarding the York School District One's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data. N/A = Not Available

Note: Fiscal years 2012 through 2021 are shown gross of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

TABLE 10

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2012	\$ 99,299,000	3,604,799	\$ 95,694,201	5.8%	\$ 408
2013	97,479,790	3,593,718	93,886,072	5.3%	392
2014	95,530,582	3,575,431	91,955,151	5.3%	375
2015	92,820,916	2,496,780	90,324,136	5.2%	360
2016	84,223,691	5,894,194	78,329,497	4.4%	303
2017	81,000,000	3,316,470	77,683,530	4.4%	292
2018	80,895,000	3,395,895	77,499,105	4.3%	283
2019	96,527,434	3,831,874	92,695,560	5.0%	330
2020	90,725,405	4,238,260	86,487,145	4.6%	N/A
2021	\$ 84,508,376	5,068,543	\$ 79,439,833	3.6%	N/A

Note: Details regarding the York School District One's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Fiscal years 2012 through 2021 are shown net of related premiums, discounts, and adjustments.

Table 11

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

UNAUDITED

Governmental Unit	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes: City of York York County Government	\$ 3,456,525 \$ 131,702,710	100.0% 7.4%	\$ 3,456,525 9,751,892
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	Ψ 101,702,710	7.470	13,208,417
York School District One Direct Debt			84,508,376
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 97,716,793

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages and amount of debt outstanding provided by the applicable County and City.

- Note 1: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the York School District One's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by York County's total taxable assessed value.
 - 2: Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within York School District One. Not all overlapping rates apply to all of the York School District One's property owners (i.e., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the York School District One's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE YORK, SOUTH CAROLINA

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

				Fiscal Year	Year					
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Debt Limit	\$ 7,409,001	7,494,572	7,726,575	7,814,198	8,119,039	8,039,846	8,181,006	8,302,056	8,582,053 \$	9,717,357
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	3,213,528	2,881,895	2,549,370	2,224,463	1,965,868	1,705,657	1,440,603	7,588,659	5,983,930	4,388,271
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 4,195,473	4,612,677	5,177,205	5,589,735	6,153,171	6,334,189	6,740,403	713,397	2,598,123 \$	5,329,086
Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	43.4%	38.5%	33.0%	28.5%	24.2%	21.2%	17.6%	91.4%	69.7%	45.2%
				Ľ	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year	alculation for Fisc	al Year			
				ĭ	Total Assessed Value	a.			€	121,466,959
				Õ	Debt Limit (8% of Total Assessed Value)	al Assessed Value)				9,717,357
				A 7	Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: Total Bonded Debt Less: Debt Issued Through Referendum Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	cable to Debt Limit: hrough Referendun Applicable to Debt I	imit			77,240,000 (72,851,729) 4,388,271
				Γ	Legal Debt Margin				₽	5,329,086

Note: Article Eight (8), Section Seven (7) of the South Carolina Constitution

Assessed value obtained from York County Auditor's Office.

TABLE 13

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	(1) Population	(2) Personal Income*	(2) Per Capita Personal Income	(3) School Enrollment	(4) Unemployment Rate
2012	234,635	\$ 8,364,450	\$ 35,649	4,933	10.8%
2013	239,363	8,781,682	36,688	4,906	8.2%
2014	245,124	9,299,290	37,903	4,931	5.9%
2015	251,195	9,992,132	39,778	4,973	6.0%
2016	258,526	10,486,063	40,561	4,946	4.9%
2017	266,439	11,814,573	42,979	4,946	4.0%
2018	274,118	12,792,401	32,227	5,004	4.0%
2019	280,979	\$ 13,652,312	\$ 48,588	4,956	3.5%
2020	288,176	N/A	N/A	4,976	9.6%
2021	295,373	N/A	N/A	4,707	4.5%

Data Sources:

- (1) South Carolina Division of Research and Statistics. This number represents the County population.
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

These numbers represent the County personal income and per capita income.

- (3) York School District One.
- (4) South Carolina Employment Security Commission.
- * This number represents the County unemployment rate for the month of June for the corresponding year.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

UNAUDITED

		2021			2012	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Rock Hill School District	2,294	1	1.83%	2158	2	2.13%
Ross Stores, Inc.	2,269	2	1.81%	1790	3	1.76%
LPL Financial	2,158	3	1.72%	-		
Lash Group	2,142	4	1.71%	-		
Fort Mill School District	2,124	5	1.70%	1,240	5	1.22%
Piedmont Medical Center	1,711	6	1.37%	1,531	4	1.51%
Clover School District	1,371	7	1.10%	1,002	8	0.99%
Schaeffler Group USA, Inc	1,297	8	1.04%	968	9	0.95%
Wells Fargo	1,283	9	1.03%	2,335	1	2.30%
Comporium Communications	1,050	10	0.84%	-		
York County Government	-		-	967	10	0.95%
Duke Power Catawba Nuclear Station				1,228	6	1.21%
Citi Financial	-		-	1,100	7	1.08%
Totals	17,699		14.14%	14,319		14.11%

Source: York County Government and South Carolina Virtual Onestop.

Note: These figures represent Top County Employers. Figures are not available for York School District One.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	20181	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
Instruction										
Teachers	344	341	338	340	345	320	352	326	357	358
Librarians	6	6	∞	80	∞	∞	80	∞	80	∞
Guidance	14	15	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Other	92	95	88	91	94	26	86	100	103	106
Support Services										
Principals	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Assistant Principals	13	13	12	12	12	13	13	13	13	13
Administration	1	1	1	1	1	17	1	1	7	1
Other	195	195	188	188	189	189	254	257	258	259
Business-Type Activities										
Food Services	59	22	22	29	29	09	•	•		
Total	750	746	729	736	745	755	763	772	777	782
		<u>.</u>								

Source: York School District One Personnel Department

Note 1: 2018 amounts have been restated to reflect the conversion of Food Service from business-type activities to governmental activities.

Percentage

YORK SCHOOL DISTRICT ONE YORK, SOUTH CAROLINA

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

Fiscal											of Students Receiving
Year		Modified Acc	Modified Accrual Basis of Acc	Accounting	Accrua	Basis of	Accrual Basis of Accounting	g		Pupil/	Free or
Ended June 30	Pupil Enrollment	Operating Expenditures	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Expenses	Cost per Pupil		Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Teacher Ratio	Reduced Meals
2012	4,933	\$ 47,494,006	\$ 9,628	%6.9	\$52,383,289	\$ 10,6	10,619	13.0%	344	14	63.0%
2013	4,906		9,555	-0.8%	52,566,633	10,7	0,715	%6.0	341	14	61.4%
2014	4,931			-4.7%	50,631,043	10,5	10,268	4.2%	338	15	61.7%
2015	4,973	46,906,921	9,432	3.5%	53,082,422	10,6	10,674 4	4.0%	340	15	62.4%
2016	4,946	49,013,748		5.1%	55,412,191	11,2		2.0%	345	14	65.8%
2017	4,946	50,814,567	10,274	3.7%	58,681,580	11,8		2.9%	320	14	64.5%
2018	5,004	56,312,308	•	9.5%	66,905,258	13,370		2.7%	352	14	61.1%
2019	4,956	57,967,276	11,696	3.9%	67,161,440	13,6		1.4%	356	14	55.2%
2020	4,976	61,262,816	12,312	2.3%	70,494,376	14,	14,167 4	4.5%	357	14	64.7%
2021	4,707	\$ 62,377,306	\$ 13,252	%9'.	\$72,567,118	\$ 15,4	5,417	8.8%	358	13	51.7%

York School District One Sources: Operating expenditures are total expenditures in the governmental funds less debt service and capital outlay. Expenses are total expenses of the District's governmental activities less interest and other charges. Note:

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	í ear				
School	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Elementary										
Cotton Belt Elementary (1998)										
Square Feet	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650
Capacity	969	695	695	695	695	695	695	695	969	969
Enrollment	394	376	383	426	378	372	371	384	373	331
Hickory Grove-Sharon Elementary (1987)										
Square Feet ¹	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769	73,769
Capacity	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280	280
Enrollment	368	383	383	375	369	392	412	391	396	353
Hunter Street Elementary (1982)										
Square Feet ²	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093	90,093
Capacity	920	920	920	920	920	920	920	920	920	920
Enrollment	411	388	378	376	398	388	399	414	421	384
Jefferson Elementary (1998)										
Square Feet	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650	88,650
Capacity	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675	675
Enrollment	432	417	425	412	420	417	452	426	397	369
Harold C Johnson Elementary (2012)										
Square Feet	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245	124,245
Capacity	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Enrollment	407	415	418	419	420	407	433	441	427	408

(Continued)

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

UNAUDITED

					Fiscal Year	Year				
School	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Intermediate School York Intermediate School (1988) Square Feet Capacity Enrollment	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536	119,536
	765	765	765	765	765	765	765	765	765	765
	707	683	639	604	613	646	648	634	679	634
Middle School York Middle School (1974) Square Feet Capacity Enrollment	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692	192,692
	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030	1,030
	795	823	836	788	766	751	744	793	799	749
High York Comprehensive High & Technology Center (2010) Square Feet Capacity Enrollment	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326	385,326
	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
	1,419	1,421	1,469	1,573	1,582	1,573	1,545	1,473	1,484	1,479

Sources: Various York School District One Departments.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
	US Department of Agriculture			
	Pass-through State Department of Education:			
600 600 600	National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance Summer Feeding Program	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.559 otal 10.553, 10.555, & 10.	N/A N/A N/A N/A	\$ 4,567 9,639 189,351 2,378,236 2,581,793
	Passed Through Department of Social Services			
600	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	124,005
000	Total US Department of Agriculture	10.000	14// 1	2,705,798
	US Department of Education			
201 201 201 237 237	Pass-through State Department of Education: Title I Title I - Mini Grant Title I - School Improvement Targeted Support and Improvement Targeted Support and Improvement	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.010 84.010 Total 84.010	19BA 20BA 21BA 19 20	18,893 44,971 1,382,048 22,118 20,211 1,488,241
	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act:			
203 203 203 203 212 205 205 205	Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Grants to States IDEA (Supplemental) - 19 Extended School Year Special Education - Preschool Grants - 19 Supplemental Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.027 84.027A 84.027A 84.027 84.027A 84.173 84.173A	19CA 20CA 21CA N/A ESY 19CG 20CG 21CG	23,170 261,647 907,577 70,503 28,285 3,512 1,198 52,630
203	Opedial Education - Freschool Grants	Total 84.027 & 84.173		1,348,522
207 207 207	Occupational Education Occupational Education Occupational Education	84.048A 84.048A 84.048A Total 84.048A	20VA 21VA 21 CTE PPE	17,807 79,990 2,000 99,797
210	Title IV SSAE (19)	84.424A	N/A	32,607
210 210	Title IV SSAE (20) Title IV SSAE (20)	84.424A 84.424A	N/A N/A	52,740 11,029
		Total 84.424A		96,376
220 225	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency and Relief Fun- COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency and Relief Fun-		21 ESSER I 21 ESSER II	771,161 620,659 1,391,820
		10141 07.7200		1,001,020
264 264 264	Title III - English Language Acquisition Title III - English Language Acquisition Title III - English Language Acquisition	84.365 84.365 84.365	19BP 20BP 21BP	5,946 10,702 8,083
		Total 84.365A		\$ 24,731
				(Continued)

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LEA Subfund Code	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
267 267	Improving Teacher Quality Improving Teacher Quality	84.367 84.367	20TQ 21TQ	\$ 3,404 184,876
		Total 84.367A		188,280
	Total US Department of Education			4,637,767
	US Department of Defense			
271	Direct Programs: NJROTC	12.000	N/A	73,525
	Total US Department of Defense			73,525
	SC Office of Regulatory Staff			
897	Direct Programs: Trimming Energy Savings in the Gyms	81.041	N/A	10,000
	Total SC Office of Regulatory Staff			10,000
	US Department of Justice			
896	Direct Programs: COPS School Violence Prevention Program	16.710	N/A	276,488
	Total US Department of Justice			276,488
	TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE EXPENDED			\$ 7,703,578

There were no expenditures to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

A - General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents the activity of all federal award programs of York School District One, York, South Carolina (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2021. All federal awards received directly from the federal agencies, as well as those passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule.

B - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in the notes to the District's financial statements.

C - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal award expenditures are reported in the District's financial statements as expenditures in the Special Revenue Funds.

D - Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports except for timing differences relating to expenditures made subsequent to the filing of the federal financial reports.

E - Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees York School District One York, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of York School District One, South Carolina (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP

Mauldin, South Carolina

Greene Finney, LLP

November 1, 2021



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees York School District One York, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited York School District One, South Carolina's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Greene Finney, LLP Mauldin, South Carolina

Green Finney, LLP

November 1, 2021

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

There were no audit findings in the prior year.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Χ No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not X None Reported considered to be material weaknesses? Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (Uniform Guidance)? Yes X No Identification of major programs: Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553, 10.555, 10.559 National School Breakfast and Lunch Cluster 84.425D Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund 16.710 Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: 750,000 \$ Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

NONE

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE