KINGSWAY REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



Course Name: Guitar	Grade Level(s):7 and 8
Department: Visual and Performing Arts	Credits: N/A
BOE Adoption Date: October 20, 2016	Revision Date(s): October 2019; September 2022

ABSTRACT

Music 7 – Beginning guitar is designed by teach the concepts and fundamentals needed to perform on the guitar. Students will explore the theoretical concepts needed to successfully read and write music. This course will also increase musical understanding of chords, scales, note reading and basic strumming. Styles of guitar playing will include the blues, folk, rock and classical. Students will be expected to practice and play during class on a daily basis.

- 1. Students develop a strong sense of rhythm, pitch, timing, note recognition, meter, tempo, clef recognition and musical vocabulary throughout this course. Students will be able to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of these musical concepts through the consistent performance, formative testing, summative testing and peer to peer critique.
- 2. Students perform independently and in groups and apply a theoretical understanding of musical terminology to their classroom performance.
- 3. Students learn how to care for and maintain their instruments throughout the 18-week period.
- 4. Students will examine the effect music had on popular guitarists both past and present.

Proficiencies and Pacing Guide:

Course Title: Music 7 - Guitar

Prerequisite(s): None

Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
Unit 1: Understanding Musical Concepts and Theory	2 Weeks Semester 1 September Semester 2 February	NJSLS VPA. ● 1.3A.8.Cr2b	 Students will understand that identifying musical elements is the key to music literacy. Students will be able to effectively use basic musical terminology such as rhythm, pitch, meter, note recognition, tempo, etc. to identify musical elements and to describe and critique music. 	 Show the proper finger technique on the fret board. Tuning and guitar maintenance Read music in relation to guitar performance. Correct way to hold the guitar.
Unit 2: Performing Musical Pieces and Applying Musical Concepts	13 Weeks	NJSLS VPA. 1.3A.8.Pr4c 1.3A.8.Pr4e 1.3A.8.Pr5a 1.3A.8.Pr6a 1.3A.8.Pr6b	 Students will synthesize the basic musical concepts learned into the performance of selected piano repertoire. Students will be able to perform independently for teacher. Students will be able to perform in a large group setting. Students will be able to use musical vocabulary to critique their performance. 	 Play on empty strings and learn their names. Play single notes on the first through the sixth strings on the guitar. Strum appropriately using a downward or upward stroke as necessary. Count and play through notes appropriately. Play individually and in groups chords and single note melodies.
Unit 3: Basic Chords, practice, performance and music choice performance	11 Weeks October- December	NJSLS VPA. • 1.3A.8.Pr4c • 1.3A.8.P4d • 1.3A.8.Pr4e • 1.3A.8.Pr5a	 The students will be able to play full bodied chords. The students will be able to play duets with another in the class. 11 Weeks 	 Play individually and in groups. Play full-bodied chords and be able to compare and contrast to single

May- June 1.3A.8.Pr6b 1.3A.8.Pr6b The students will be able to switch chords fluently. The students will be able to play different genres of music including but not limited to blues, pop, rock, finger chords. Perform music in front of their peers as an individual and in groups. Perform simple songs using certain chord structures	Unit Title:	Duration/ Month(s)	Related Standards:	Learning Goals:	Topics and Skills:
folk etc.		•		 The students will be able to play different genres of music including 	 Perform music in front of their peers as an individual and in groups. Perform simple songs using certain chord

Unit: 1: Understanding Musical Concepts and Theory

Recommended Duration: 2 Weeks in September and in January

Unit Description: This unit is an introduction to the basic elements of music theory. Throughout this unit, students will be introduced to the concepts of music theory as it relates to this course, basic pitch notation, meter and rhythm, note duration and recognition, dynamics, tempo and vocabulary. Students will demonstrate their understanding of these musical concepts by writing musical documents and critiquing the work of others.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
Why is it important for music students to learn and understand music theory?	The process of creating music is a highly personal one but does reflect the culture and historical background of the artist. A common vocabulary allows artists of varied cultures and backgrounds to gain insight, understanding and
How do the varied concepts of music come together to form a musical composition?	 appreciation of each other's works. The process of creating music is neither haphazard nor random. The way that the elements of rhythm, melody and harmony are used by each artist results in an aesthetically pleasing but unique composition. This, taken with the cultural and historical background of the artist, accounts for the wide diversity of styles of music.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
1.3A.8.Cr2b: Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording technology to document personal rhythmic phrases, melodic phrases and harmonic sequences.	 Students will understand that identifying musical elements is the key to music literacy. Students will be able to effectively use basic musical terminology such as rhythm, pitch, meter, note recognition, tempo, etc. to identify musical elements and to describe and critique music. 	 The students will be able to understand the parts of the guitar and be able to demonstrate their function. The students will understand the relative tuning system using the battery operated guitar tuner as a reference pitch. The students will be able to replace a broken string on a guitar. The students will be able to read and perform music on the treble clef staff. The students will be able to draw the note/rest value pyramid, allowing them to see relative note/rest values. The students will understand the relationship between different notes and rests.

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
 Daily practice exercise. Rehearsal technique Pre-Assessment 	Theory tests	 Tune guitar on a daily basis. Recall note names on a piece of music. 	 Maintain your guitar daily. Change a guitar string and tune appropriately. Major Assignments (required): Describe the musical concepts that make up a piece of guitar music. Replace a string on a guitar and tune. Major Activities (required): Guitar tuning and maintenance Read music pertaining to guitar music.

Possible Assessment Modifications / Accommodations / Differentiation:				
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Read directions to student Test in alternative site Allow for re-dos Provide study guides prior to tests. Truncated/shortened assessments. 	 Translation when possible Truncated/shortened assessments when necessary. Additional time to complete tasks/projects No penalty for spelling errors Read test passages/articles aloud 	 Additional time to complete tasks/projects Read test passages/articles aloud Provide study guides prior to tests. Highlight key directions Order test items from least complex to most complex. 	 Be a student helper Accept short answers if detailed and thorough. 	

Instructional Strategies:

- Organizing students to interact with new information
- Chunking
- Providing Resources and Guidance

	commodations/Differentiation:		
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
 Review of Directions Preferential Seating Follow a routine/schedule Teach time management skills Immediate feedback Alternate learning goals/objectives Shortening assignment Modified Grading 	 Peer note taking Extra Visual and verbal cues and prompts Preferential Seating No penalty for spelling errors 	 Peer note taking Change level of difficulty Extra Visual and verbal cues and prompts Preferential Seating No penalty for spelling errors 	 Help others with personalized examples. Peer to peer help Varied reinforcement procedures.

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: Guitar, Tune, Maintain, notes a,b,c,d,e,f,g, staff, treble clef

Non-Essential: tempo, dynamics, accent, solo

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
E/LA: NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 — Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text relate to each other and the whole.	 List specific technology used by students List how the specific technology aids in instruction 	Give a brief description of how themes connect to the unit (use only the ones that apply to your unit) • Global Awareness Show respect for music from other	Give a brief description of how skills connect to the unit (use only the ones that apply to your unit) • Creativity & Innovation Describing aural examples of a part of music or a rhythm.
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact	The students can use a tuner app on their phone which will help them tune the guitar. The app I use is Guitar Tuna.	cultures. • Health Literacy Students play with proper breathing and posture. • Civic Literacy	 Media Literacy Music students are taught how to analyze music performances. *Information & Communication Explain ways other content outside of the

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards): of specific word choices on meaning		Identify the roles of musicians in	arts are related to music.
and tone, including analogies or		different cultures	Technologies Literacy
allusions to other texts.		anterent careares	Communication & Collaboration
		Identify ways in which music	Communication & Conaporation
Mathematics:		relates to other subject areas.	Identify different musical settings in which
NJSLS 7.RP – Analyze proportional		Financial, Economic,	musicians can perform.
Relationships and use them to solve		Business, &	This is a second of the second
real-world and mathematical problems.		Entrepreneurial	Describe the aesthetic nature of music and
· ·		Discuss the roles of a professional	how elements of music can affect one's
Recognize and represent proportional		musician and their involvement in a	response to music.
relationships between quantities.		final production.	Information Literacy
			,
Science:			
Visual and Performing Arts:			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common			
recognizable musical forms often have			
characteristics related to specific			
cultural traditions.			
Analyze the application of the elements			
of music in diverse Western and non-			
Western musical works from different			
historical eras using active listening and			
by reading and interpreting written			
scores.			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional			
techniques used in different styles and			
genres of music vary according to			
prescribed sets of rules.			
Compare and contrast the use of			
structural forms and the manipulation			

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
of the elements of music in diverse			
styles and genres of musical			
compositions.			
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and			
metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.			
Interpret symbolism and metaphors			
embedded in works of dance, music,			
theatre, and visual art.			
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will			
demonstrate and apply an			
understanding of arts philosophies,			
judgment, and analysis to works of art in dance, music theatre and visual arts.			
Analyze the form function,			
craftsmanship, and originality of			
representative works of dance, music,			
theatre and visual art			
21 st Century Life and Careers:			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a			
varied repertoire of instrumental music			
representing diverse styles, cultures			
and historical periods.			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 –			
Demonstrate knowledge of music			
theory.			

Resources:

Texts/Materials:

• Alfred Beginning Guitar Methods Book1 and 2. Teacher generated chord sheet.

Unit: 2 Notes on the Strings, strumming and single note songs and 3 string chords, music performance

Recommended Duration: 3 Weeks

Unit Description: This unit is intended to introduce students to notes on the strings of the guitar, strumming and performance of single note songs, 3 string chords, and music performance in groups and individually.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
Why do we need to know note names in the treble clef? Why is the way we strum a guitar important?	 Knowing the note names on the treble clef staff is imperative for learning to play the guitar. Learning the notes on the guitar strings will help you recognize chord structure and help you read music. The way we strum a guitar will affect the sound of the music.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common recognizable musical forms often have characteristics related to specific cultural traditions. Analyze the application of the elements of music in diverse Western and non-Western musical works from different historical eras using active listening and by reading and interpreting written scores. NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional techniques used in different styles and genres of music vary according to prescribed sets of rules. Compare and contrast the use of structural forms and the manipulation of the elements of music in diverse styles and genres of musical compositions.	 Play on empty strings and learn their names. Play single notes on the first through the sixth strings on the guitar. Strum appropriately using a downward or upward stroke as necessary. Count and play through notes appropriately. Play individually and in groups chords and single note melodies. 	 The students will be able to play notes on single string, double string and three finger chords. The students will be able to follow along in a piece of music. The students will be able to name note names on the strings of the guitar. The students will develop their playing skills through practice and performance. The students will understand note durations and counting.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.		
Interpret symbolism and metaphors embedded in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.		
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of art in dance, music theatre and visual arts.		
Analyze the form function, craftsmanship, and originality of representative works of dance, music, theatre and visual art.		
NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 – Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text relate to each other and the whole.		
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts,		
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a varied repertoire of instrumental music representing diverse styles, cultures and historical periods.		

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals:	Learning Objectives:
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 – Demonstrate knowledge of music theory.		

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
 Daily practice exercise. Rehearsal technique 	 Performance of Music Theory tests 	 Strumming assessments Chord assessments Note recognition assessment 	 Perform the correct notes on the guitar strings and be able to label them aurally. Major Assignments (required): Describe the musical concepts that make up a piece of guitar music. Perform simple tunes and melodies on the acoustic. Major Activities (required): Performance of various pieces of music. Perform musical concepts contained in a piece of music.

Possible Assessment Modifications /Ac	Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation:			
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners	
 Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos/retakes Pace long-term assignments Chunk Long-term assignments Truncated/shortened assessment 	 Additional time Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos Truncated/shortened assessment. 	 Frequent rest breaks Additional time Allow for re-dos Chunk long term assignments 	 Pace long-term projects Preview test procedures Eliminate redundant test questions. Choice of test format 	

Possible Assessment Modifications /Accommodations/ Differentiation:			

Instructional Strategies (Robert Marzano's 41 Elements):

- Organizing students to interact with new information
- Chunking
- Providing Resources and Guidance

sible Instructional Modifications /Accommodation	<u></u>	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
 Review of Directions Additional time for assignments Preferential seating Hands-on activities Follow a routine/schedule Teach time management skills Personalized examples Change level of difficulty Shortening assignment Modified grading 	 Review of Directions Concrete examples Peer performance help Truncated/shortened assessments. 	 Additional time for assignments Concrete examples Study sheets and outlines Adjusted assignment timelines Change level of difficulty 	 Peer to Peer helper Immediate feedback Adjusted assignment timeline Alternate Learning Goals/objectives

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: E String, A string, D string, G string, B string, E string, staff, treble clef, time signature, notation, pitch

Non-Essential: tempo, dynamics, accent, solo

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
E/LA:		 Global Awareness 	Creativity & Innovation
	The students can use a tuner app	Show respect for music from other	Describing aural examples of a part of

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 – Analyze the	on their phone which will help	cultures.	music or a rhythm.
structure of texts, including how	them tune the guitar. The app I use		Media Literacy
specific sentences, paragraphs, and	is Guitar Tuna.	 Health Literacy 	Music students are taught how to analyze
larger portions of the text relate to		Students play with proper	music performances.
each other and the whole.		breathing and posture.	 *Information & Communication
			Explain ways other content outside of the
Determine the meaning of words and		 Civic Literacy 	arts are related to music.
phrases as they are used in a text,		Identify the roles of musicians in	 Technologies Literacy
including figurative, connotative and		different cultures	
technical meanings; analyze the impact			Communication & Collaboration
of specific word choices on meaning		Identify ways in which music	
and tone, including analogies or		relates to other subject areas.	Identify different musical settings in which
allusions to other texts,		 Financial, Economic, 	musicians can perform.
		Business, &	,
		Entrepreneurial	Describe the aesthetic nature of music and
Mathematics:		Discuss the roles of a professional	how elements of music can affect one's
		musician and their involvement in a	response to music.
NJSLS 7.RP – Analyze proportional		final production.	Information Literacy
Relationships and use them to solve			information Electacy
real-world and mathematical problems.			
,			
Recognize and represent proportional			
relationships between quantities.			
Science:			
Visual and Performing Arts:			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common			
recognizable musical forms often have			
characteristics related to specific			
cultural traditions.			
Analyze the application of the elements			

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
of music in diverse Western and non- Western musical works from different historical eras using active listening and by reading and interpreting written scores.			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional techniques used in different styles and genres of music vary according to prescribed sets of rules.			
Compare and contrast the use of structural forms and the manipulation of the elements of music in diverse styles and genres of musical compositions.			
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.			
Interpret symbolism and metaphors embedded in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.			
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of art in dance, music theatre and visual arts.			
Analyze the form function, craftsmanship, and originality of representative works of dance, music,			

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
theatre and visual art			
Health/PE:			
World Languages:			
Social Studies:			
Technology:			
21 st Century Life and Careers:			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a varied repertoire of instrumental music representing diverse styles, cultures and historical periods.			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 – Demonstrate knowledge of music theory.			
Library:			

Resources:

Texts/Materials:

• Beginning Guitar Superbook 5 books in one, various pieces of music.

Unit: 3 Basic Chords, practice, performance and music choice performance | Recommended Duration: 11 Weeks

Unit Description: This unit is intended to introduce students to basic chords, music practice, performance and music choice performance.

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
What is a lead sheet? Why is knowing the notes and the chords on a piece of music important?	 music lead sheets are simply the melody of a song, with chord symbols added above the notes. For a guitar player, usually the guitarist sings the melody and strums or picks the notes of the chord. Or in pairs one instrumentalist can play the melody while another plays the chords. Knowing the notes and chords on a piece of music will allow you to play successfully a lead sheet.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals: Students will	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common recognizable musical forms often have characteristics related to specific cultural traditions. Analyze the application of the elements of music in diverse Western and non-Western musical works from different historical eras using active listening and by reading and interpreting written scores. NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional techniques used in different styles and genres of music vary according to prescribed sets of rules. Compare and contrast the use of structural forms and the manipulation of the elements of music in diverse styles and genres of musical compositions.	 The students will be able to learn the basics of tablature. The students will learn the basic fingering of tab. PIMA The students will be able to perform a piece of music using tablature instead of traditional music. 	 The students will be able demonstrate full bodied chords using various strings on the fret board. The students will be able to follow along a lead sheet. The students will be able to recognize and interpret different key signatures including; c, g, d, and A major. The students will develop their playing skills through practice and performance. The students will be able to read music and repeat where noted on the music.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals: Students will	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.		
Interpret symbolism and metaphors embedded in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.		
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of art in dance, music theatre and visual arts.		
Analyze the form function, craftsmanship, and originality of representative works of dance, music, theatre and visual art.		
NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 – Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text relate to each other and the whole.		
Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts,		
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a varied repertoire of instrumental music representing diverse styles, cultures and historical periods.		

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals: Students will	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 – Demonstrate knowledge of music theory.		

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
Daily practice exercise. Rehearsal technique	 Performance of Music Theory tests 	 Note Identification assessment Chord assessments 	 Perform various pieces of music for guitar. Demonstrate the correct chords on the guitar strings and be able to label them aurally. Perform in the right key signature. Major Assignments (required): Describe the musical concepts that make up a piece of guitar music. Perform chords and notes in pieces of music. Practice chords and notes on the guitar along with proper posture and finger placement.
			 Major Activities (required): Performance of various pieces of music. Perform musical concepts contained in a piece of music. Proper performance of chords and notes within a piece of music. Perform individually and in groups.

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
 Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos/retakes Pace long-term assignments Chunk Long-term assignments Truncated/shortened assessment 	 Additional time Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos Truncated/shortened assessment. 	 Frequent rest breaks Additional time Allow for re-dos Chunk long term assignments 	 Pace long-term projects Preview test procedures Eliminate redundant test questions. Choice of test format

Instructional Strategies (Robert Marzano's 41 Elements):

- Organizing students to interact with new information
- Chunking
- Providing Resources and Guidance

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
 Review of Directions Additional time for assignments Preferential seating Hands-on activities Follow a routine/schedule Teach time management skills Personalized examples Change level of difficulty Shortening assignment Modified grading 	 Review of Directions Concrete examples Peer performance help Truncated/shortened assessments. 	 Additional time for assignments Concrete examples Study sheets and outlines Adjusted assignment timelines Change level of difficulty 	 Peer to Peer helper Immediate feedback Adjusted assignment timeline Alternate Learning Goals/objectives

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: staff, treble clef, time signature, notation, pitch, chords, key signature, repeat

Non-Essential: aural, fret board, strings

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):		•	·
E/LA:		Global Awareness	Creativity & Innovation
	The students can use a tuner app	Show respect for music from other	Describing aural examples of a part of
NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 – <i>Analyze the</i>	on their phone which will help	cultures.	music or a rhythm.
structure of texts, including how	them tune the guitar. The app I use		Media Literacy
specific sentences, paragraphs, and	is Guitar Tuna.	 Health Literacy 	Music students are taught how to analyze
larger portions of the text relate to		Students play with proper	music performances.
each other and the whole.		breathing and posture.	 *Information & Communication
			Explain ways other content outside of the
Determine the meaning of words and		Civic Literacy	arts are related to music.
phrases as they are used in a text,		Identify the roles of musicians in	 Technologies Literacy
including figurative, connotative and		different cultures	
technical meanings; analyze the impact			 Communication & Collaboration
of specific word choices on meaning		Identify ways in which music	
and tone, including analogies or		relates to other subject areas.	Identify different musical settings in which
allusions to other texts,		 Financial, Economic, 	musicians can perform.
		Business, &	
		Entrepreneurial	Describe the aesthetic nature of music and
Mathematics:		Discuss the roles of a professional	how elements of music can affect one's
		musician and their involvement in a	response to music.
NJSLS 7.RP – Analyze proportional		final production.	 Information Literacy
Relationships and use them to solve			
real-world and mathematical problems.			
Recognize and represent proportional			
relationships between quantities.			
relationships between quantities.			
Science:			
Visual and Performing Arts:			
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Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common recognizable musical forms often have characteristics related to specific cultural traditions.			
Analyze the application of the elements of music in diverse Western and non-Western musical works from different historical eras using active listening and by reading and interpreting written scores.			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional techniques used in different styles and genres of music vary according to prescribed sets of rules.			
Compare and contrast the use of structural forms and the manipulation of the elements of music in diverse styles and genres of musical compositions.			
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.			
Interpret symbolism and metaphors embedded in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.			
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies,			

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
judgment, and analysis to works of art			
in dance, music theatre and visual arts.			
Analyze the form function, craftsmanship, and originality of representative works of dance, music, theatre and visual art			
Health/PE:			
World Languages:			
Social Studies:			
Technology:			
21st Century Life and Careers:			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a			
varied repertoire of instrumental music			
representing diverse styles, cultures			
and historical periods.			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 –			
Demonstrate knowledge of music			
theory.			
theory.			
Library:			

Resources:

Texts/Materials:

• Beginning Guitar Superbook 5 books in one, various pieces of music.

Resources:		
Unit: 4 Guitar Tablature	Recommended Duration: 2 Weeks	
• Unit Description: This unit is intended to have identify tablature and how to use it in performance instead of traditional music. This unit also will		
identify the fingers used I tab.		

Essential Questions:	Enduring Understandings:
How is tablature different from traditional music?	There are many ways to play guitar and read music. You can play chords, traditional music, fingerpick and read tablature. Tablature
What is the relationship between tablature and traditional music?	 uses finger positions and fret positions instead of traditional music. Music is related in many ways no matter what it looks like. Tablature is another way of showing chords and finger positions instead of notes and note positions on a traditional staff; however, the end goal is the same. It is just another way to read guitar music.

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals: Students will	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to
NJSLS VPA 1.3.8.B.1 – Western, non-Western, and avant-garde notation systems have distinctly different characteristics. Perform instrumental or vocal compositions using complex standard and non-standard Western, non-Western, and avant-garde notation NJSLS VPA 1.3.8.B.2 – Stylistic considerations vary across genres, cultures, and historical eras. Perform independently and in groups with expressive qualities appropriately aligned with the stylistic characteristics of the genre.	 The students will be able to learn the basics of tablature. The students will learn the basic fingering of tab. PIMA The students will be able to perform a piece of music using tablature instead of traditional music. 	 Practice and perform individually and in groups. Play tablature and compare it to traditional music reading. Perform music in front of their peers as an individual and in groups. Perform simple songs using tablature

Relevant Standards:	Learning Goals: Students will	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to
NJSLS VPA 1.3.8.B.3 – Understanding of discipline-specifc arts terminology (e.g., crescendo, diminuendo, pianissimo, forte, etc.) is a component of music literacy.		
Apply theoretical understanding of expressive and dynamic music terminology to the performance of written scores in the grand staff.		

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments (required):
 Daily practice exercise. Rehearsal technique 	 Performance of Music Theory tests 	 Note Identification assessment Chord assessments 	 Perform various pieces of music for guitar. Demonstrate the correct chords on the guitar strings and be able to label them aurally. Perform in the right key signature. Major Assignments (required): Research a famous guitar musician. Create a PowerPoint presentation. Perform a piece of music by chosen musician.
			 Major Activities (required): Perform a piece of music by a popular guitarist or band. Present a PowerPoint

Formative Assessments	Summative Assessments:	Performance Assessments:	Major Activities/ Assignments
			(required):
			presentation on chosen guitarist.
			•

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos/retakes Pace long-term assignments Chunk Long-term assignments Truncated/shortened assessment	 Additional time Read directions to student Highlight key directions Allow for re-dos Truncated/shortened assessment. 	 Frequent rest breaks Additional time Allow for re-dos Chunk long term assignments 	 Pace long-term projects Preview test procedure Eliminate redundant teaquestions. Choice of test format

Instructional Strategies (Robert Marzano's 41 Elements):

- Providing clear learning goals and scales
- Previewing New Content
- Noticing when students are not engaged
- Understanding students' interests and background

Special Education Students	English Language Learners	At- Risk Learners	Advanced Learners
 Review of Directions Additional time for assignments Preferential seating Hands-on activities Follow a routine/schedule Teach time management skills 	 Review of Directions Concrete examples Peer performance help Truncated/shortened assessments. 	 Additional time for assignments Concrete examples Study sheets and outlines Adjusted assignment timelines Change level of difficulty 	 Peer to Peer helper Immediate feedback Adjusted assignment timeline Alternate Learning Goals/objectives

Possible Instructional Modifications / Accommodations / Differentiation:			
 Personalized examples 			
 Change level of difficulty 			
 Shortening assignment 			
 Modified grading 			

Unit Vocabulary:

Essential: staff, treble clef, time signature, notation, pitch, chords, key signature, repeat, tablature, PIMA

Non-Essential: aural, fret board, strings

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
E/LA:		 Global Awareness 	Creativity & Innovation
	The students can use a tuner app	Show respect for music from other	Describing aural examples of a part of
NJ SLSA R5.RI.8.4 – Analyze the	on their phone which will help	cultures.	music or a rhythm.
structure of texts, including how	them tune the guitar. The app I use		Media Literacy
specific sentences, paragraphs, and	is Guitar Tuna.	Health Literacy	Music students are taught how to analyze
larger portions of the text relate to		Students play with proper	music performances.
each other and the whole.		breathing and posture.	*Information & Communication
			Explain ways other content outside of the
Determine the meaning of words and		 Civic Literacy 	arts are related to music.
phrases as they are used in a text,		Identify the roles of musicians in	 Technologies Literacy
including figurative, connotative and		different cultures	
technical meanings; analyze the impact			Communication & Collaboration
of specific word choices on meaning		Identify ways in which music	
and tone, including analogies or		relates to other subject areas.	Identify different musical settings in which
allusions to other texts,		 Financial, Economic, 	musicians can perform.
		Business, &	
		Entrepreneurial	Describe the aesthetic nature of music and
Mathematics:		Discuss the roles of a professional	how elements of music can affect one's
		musician and their involvement in a	response to music.
NJSLS 7.RP – Analyze proportional		final production.	Information Literacy

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
Relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.			
Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities.			
Science:			
Visual and Performing Arts:			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.1 – Common recognizable musical forms often have characteristics related to specific cultural traditions.			
Analyze the application of the elements of music in diverse Western and non-Western musical works from different historical eras using active listening and by reading and interpreting written scores.			
NJSLS VPA 1.1.8.B.2 – Compositional techniques used in different styles and genres of music vary according to prescribed sets of rules.			
Compare and contrast the use of structural forms and the manipulation of the elements of music in diverse styles and genres of musical compositions.			
NJSLS VPA 1.4.8.A.5 – Symbolism and			

Interdisciplinary Connections (Applicable Standards):	Integration of Technology:	21st Century Themes:	21st Century Skills:
metaphor are characteristics of art and art-making.			
Interpret symbolism and metaphors embedded in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.			
NJ SLS VPA 1.4.8.A.7 – All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of art in dance, music theatre and visual arts.			
Analyze the form function, craftsmanship, and originality of representative works of dance, music, theatre and visual art			
Health/PE:			
World Languages:			
Social Studies:			
Technology:			
21st Century Life and Careers:			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.3 – Perform a varied repertoire of instrumental music representing diverse styles, cultures and historical periods.			

Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology:	21 st Century Themes:	21 st Century Skills:
(Applicable Standards):			
NJ SLS CTE 9.3.12.AR-PRF.4 –			
Demonstrate knowledge of music			
theory.			
Library:			

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Texts/Materials:

• Various materials chosen by the students, computer, cd player, cd