

# SAT Reading and Writing

## Week 8

<p>1. The Himalayas are one of the most geologically active mountain ranges on Earth, continuously forming as the Indian tectonic plate moves northwards and collides with the Eurasian plate. This ongoing geological activity results in frequent earthquakes and landslides, making the region vulnerable to natural disasters. Thus, it is crucial for local communities and governments to invest in _____.</p>	<p>1. Which choice most logically completes the text?</p> <p>A) disaster preparedness and infrastructure improvements B) promoting tourism to the area C) increasing agricultural production D) developing new transportation systems</p>
<p>2. The poem “The Road Not Taken” by Robert Frost delves into the intricacies of decision making and life’s unpredictabilities. A famous line from the poem goes: “Two roads diverged in a wood, and I— I took the one less traveled by, And that has made all the difference.” This line employs the imagery of diverging roads to depict the concept of _____.</p>	<p>2. What concept does the imagery of diverging roads represent in the poem “The Road Not Taken”?</p> <p>A) inevitable destiny B) past regrets C) choices and their consequences D) the journey of life</p>
<p>3. A geographer argues that the presence of natural resources, such as oil and minerals, can influence a country’s political stability. They suggest that countries with abundant resources may be more susceptible to political unrest and conflict.</p>	<p>3. Which finding, if true, would most directly support the geographer’s argument?</p> <p>A) Countries with significant natural resource wealth have a higher likelihood of experiencing political turmoil and civil strife. B) Developed countries with advanced economies tend to import resources from countries rich in natural resources. C) Some countries with abundant natural resources have established sovereign wealth funds to invest in social and economic development. D) Countries with limited natural resources often focus on developing their human capital and technological advancements.</p>

<p>4. Due to climate change, many coastal cities are experiencing more frequent and severe flooding. As a result, city planners and engineers have started to develop innovative solutions to mitigate the effects of these floods. One such solution involves the construction of large underground reservoirs that can store excess water during flood events, thus _____.</p>	<p>4. Which choice most logically completes the text?</p> <p>A) eliminating the need for further urban planning B) increasing property values in flood-prone areas C) reducing the damage caused by floods in urban areas D) preventing climate change from worsening</p>
<p>5. The invention of the printing press by Johannes Gutenberg in the 15th century revolutionized the way information was disseminated. Books became more widely available, leading to an increase in literacy rates. _____ the internet, which emerged in the late 20th century, further transformed the way people access and share information.</p>	<p>5. Which choice completes the text with the most logical transition?</p> <p>A) Similarly, B) Conversely, C) Likewise, D) Nevertheless,</p>
<p>6. Mountains are known to create their own microclimates, which can lead to different vegetation and wildlife existing at various altitudes. This phenomenon is known as altitudinal zonation. A study of a specific mountain range revealed a distinct change in vegetation every 1,000 meters. Based on this observation, it can be inferred that _____.</p>	<p>6. Which choice most logically completes the text?</p> <p>A) altitudinal zonation is present in the studied mountain range B) all mountain ranges have the same altitudinal zonation patterns C) vegetation changes are unrelated to altitude D) wildlife does not vary with altitude</p>