

Big Lake Schools, ISD 727

Public Hearing for Taxes
Payable in 2024

DECEMBER 14, 2023

PRESENTED BY:

ANGIE MANUEL, DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS SERVICES

Minnesota State Law Requirements

A Public Meeting...

- Between November 25th & December 28th
- At 6:00 PM or later
- May be part of regularly scheduled meeting
- Must allow for public comments
- May adopt final levy at same meeting

...and Presentation of:

- Current year budget
- Proposed property tax levy

Hearing Agenda



Background Information on School Funding



District's Budget



District's Proposed Tax Levy for Taxes Payable in 2024



Public Comments

MN Legislature Must Set Funding for Minnesota Public Schools

Minnesota Constitution ARTICLE XIII

MISCELLANEOUS SUBJECTS

Section 1

"UNIFORM SYSTEM OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS. The stability of a republican form of government depending mainly upon the intelligence of the people, it is the duty of the legislature to establish a general and uniform system of public schools. The <u>legislature shall make such provisions by taxation or otherwise</u> as will secure a thorough and efficient system of public schools throughout the state."

As a Result, Funding is Highly Regulated

State Sets:

- Formulas which determine revenue; most revenue based on specified amounts per pupil
- Tax policy for local schools
- Maximum authorized property tax levy
 - Districts can levy less, but not more than amount authorized by state, unless approved by voters in November

State also authorizes school board to submit referendums for operating & capital needs to voters for approval

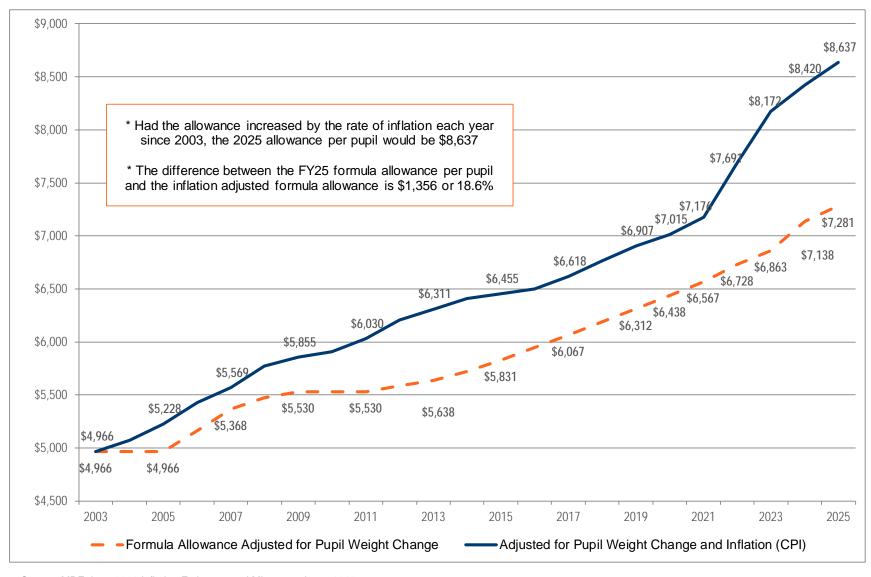
Basic General Education Formula Lags Inflation

- Since 2002-03, state General Education Revenue formula has not kept pace with inflation
- For Fiscal Year 2023-24, an increase of 4.00% or \$275 over previous year was approved
- For Fiscal Year 2024-25, an increase of 2.00% or \$143 over previous year was approved

Per-pupil allowance for Fiscal Year 2024-25 of \$7,281 would need to increase by another \$1,356 (18.6%) to have kept pace with inflation since 2002-03, resulting in an allowance of \$8,637

General Education Formula Allowance, 2003-2025

Adjusted for Pupil Weight Change and Inflation (CPI)

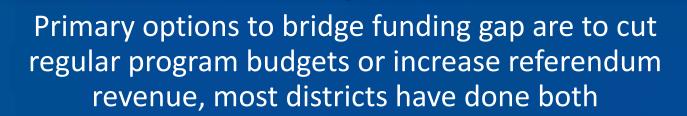


Source: MDE June 2023 Inflation Estimates and Minnesota Laws 2023

According to MN Department of Education (MDE):

FY 2022 costs of providing programs were underfunded statewide by \$712 million

Even with recent improvements in funding, by FY 2027 costs of providing programs statewide will be underfunded by \$408 million



Underfunding of Special Education

Change in Tax Levy <u>does not</u> Determine Change in Budget



Tax levy is based on many state-determined formulas plus voter approved referendums



Some increases in tax levies are revenue neutral, offset by reductions in state aid



<u>Expenditure budget is limited</u> by state-set revenue formulas, voter-approved levies & fund balance



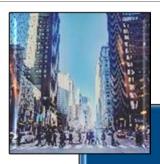
An increase in school taxes <u>does not</u> always correlate to an equal increase in budget

Difference in Levy Cycles



School District:

- Budget year begins July 1st
- 2024 taxes provide revenue for 2024-25 fiscal year
- Budget adopted in June 2024



City/County:

- Budget year begins Jan. 1st
- 2024 taxes provide revenue for 2024 calendar year budget

Budget Information

Because approval of school district budget lags certification of tax levy by six months, state requires <u>only current year budget information be presented at this hearing. Fiscal Year 2024-25 budget will be adopted by School Board in June 2024.</u>

School district budgets are divided into separate funds, based on purposes of revenue, as required by law.

Our District's Funds:

- General
- Food Service
- Community Service
- Building Construction
- Debt Service
- OPEB* Trust







^{*}Other Post-Employment Benefits

District Revenues & Expenditures

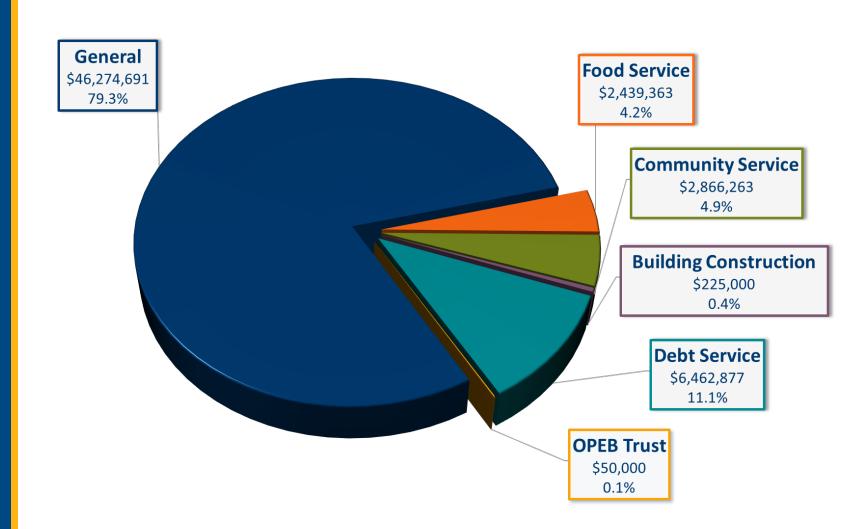
Actual for FY 2023, Budget for FY 2024

	FISCAL 2023 BEGINNING	2022-23 ACTUAL		JUNE 30, 2023 ACTUAL	2023-24 BUDGET		JUNE 30, 2024 PROJECTED
FUND	FUND BALANCES	REVENUES & TRANSFERS IN	EXPENDITURES & TRANSERS OUT	FUND BALANCES	REVENUES & TRANSERS IN	EXPENDITURES & TRANSFERS OUT	FUND BALANCES
General/Restricted	\$1,908,800	\$3,363,101	\$3,421,197	\$1,850,704	\$4,610,081	\$4,276,330	\$2,184,455
General/Other	10,033,093	38,257,376	38,990,837	9,299,632	41,664,610	41,410,545	9,553,697
Food Service	705,734	2,145,035	2,044,434	806,335	2,439,363	2,680,332	565,366
Community Service	912,605	3,353,129	3,074,681	1,191,053	2,866,263	2,905,975	1,151,341
Building Construction	27,590,333	496,703	9,603,563	18,483,473	225,000	9,728,058	8,980,415
Debt Service	1,582,724	5,928,563	6,049,728	1,461,559	6,462,877	6,464,376	1,460,060
OPEB* Irrevocable Trust	1,394,029	71,412	184,804	1,280,637	50,000	164,419	1,166,218
Total All Funds	44,127,318	53,615,319	63,369,244	34,373,393	58,318,194	67,630,035	25,061,552

^{*}Other Post Employment Benefits

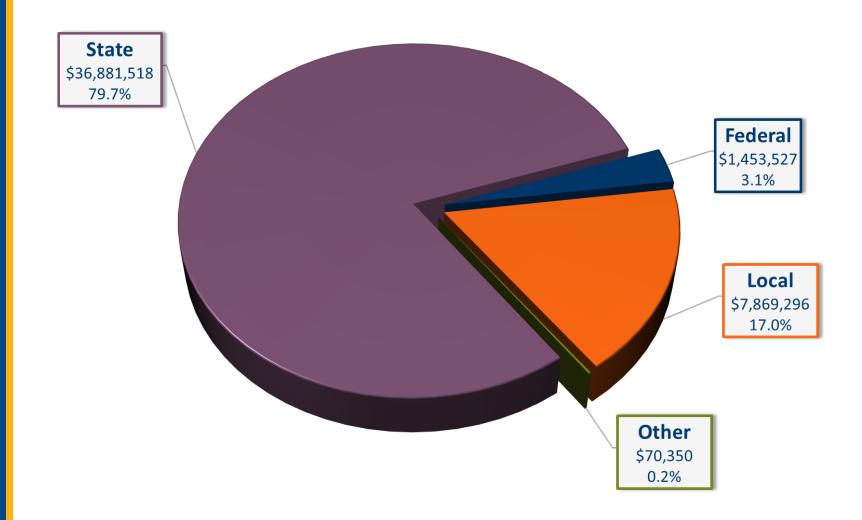
Revenue - All Funds -

2023-24 Budget \$58,318,194



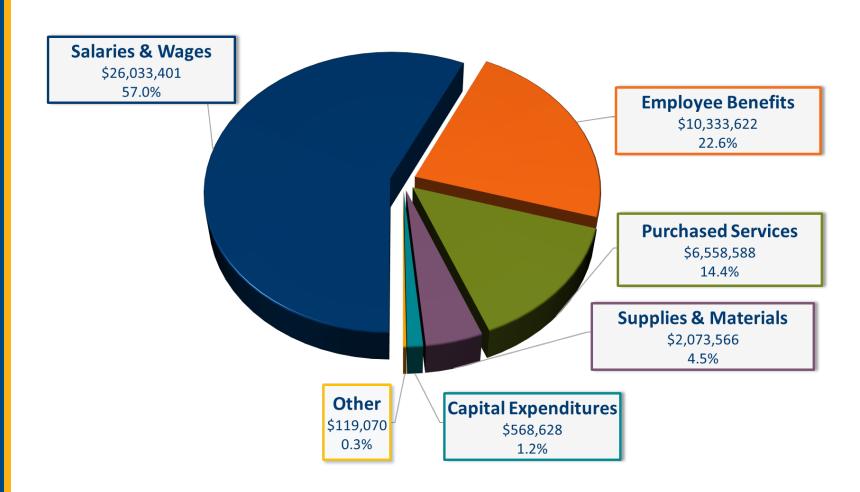
General Fund Revenue

2023-24 Budget \$46,274,691



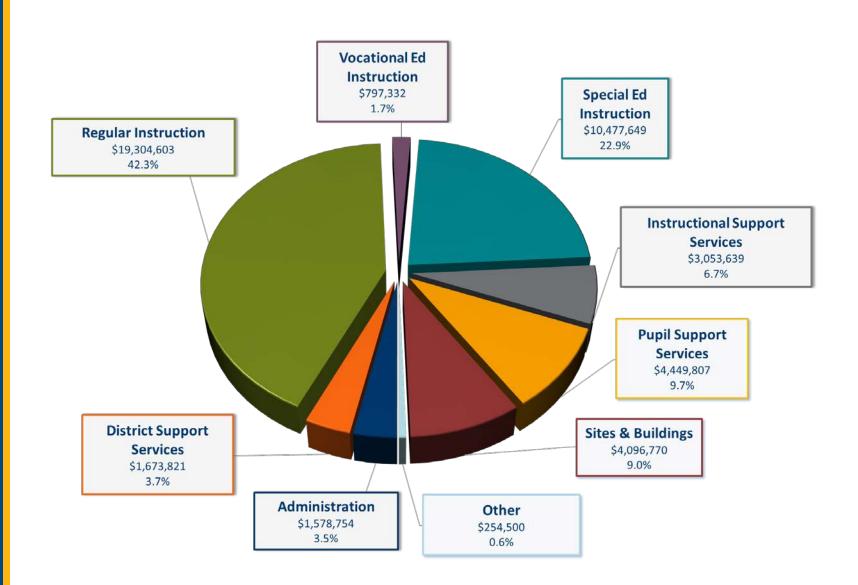
General Fund Expenditures - by Object -

2023-24 Budget \$45,686,875



General Fund Expenditures - by Program -

2023-24 Budget \$45,686,875



Payable 2024 Property Tax Levy



Determination of levy



Compare 2023 to 2024 levies



Reasons for changes in tax levy



Impact on taxpayers

Property Tax Background

- Every owner of taxable property pays property taxes to various "taxing jurisdictions" (county, city/township, school district, special districts) in which property is located
- Each taxing jurisdiction sets own tax levy, often based on limits in state law
- County sends bills, collects taxes from property owners & distributes funds back to other taxing jurisdictions

Sample of parcel specific notice mailed to every property owner between November 11 & November 24

Contents:

- Proposed property taxes compared to last year
 - By taxing jurisdiction
 - By voter approved & other for school district
- Time & place of public meetings



Spruce County Jane Smith, Auditor-Treasurer 345 12th Street East, Box 78 Spruceville, MN 5555-5555 (555) 345-6789 www.co.spruce.mn.us

TAXPAYER(S):

John and Mary Johnson 123 Pine Rd S Spruceville, MN 55555-5555

Property Information

PIN Number: 01.234.56.789.R1

Property Address: 789 Pine Rd S Spruceville, MN 55555

Property Description: Lot 1, Block 1, Spruce Acres Subdivison

PROPOSED TAXES 2024

THIS IS NOT A BILL. DO NOT PAY.

	PROPOSED TAX				
	Class	Res NHmstd	Res Hmstd		
	Taxable Market Value	\$125,000	\$126,200		
- 1	Homestead Exclusion	\$	\$23,800		
- 1	Estimated Market Value	\$125,000	\$150,000		
эшр	Taxes Payable Year	2023	2024		
Step	VALUES AND CLASSIFICATION				

tep Property Taxes before credits \$1,479.52 School building bond credit \$12.00 Agricultural market value credit

Other credits
Property Taxes after credits
\$1,467.52

PROPERTY TAX STATEMENT Coming in 2024

The time to provide feedback on PROPOSED LEVIES is NOW

It is too late to appeal your value without going to Tax Court.

Proposed Property Taxes and Meetings by Jurisdiction for Your Property

Contact Information	Meeting Information	Actual 2023	Proposed 2024
State General Property Tax	No public meeting	\$0	\$0
County of Spruce Spruce County Courthouse 123 Spruce St Spruceville, MN 55555 www.co.spruce mn.us (555) 123-4567	December 6, 7:00 PM	\$438.06	\$484.18
City of Spruceville Mayor's Office 456 Spruce St Spruceville, MN 55555 www.ci.spruceville.mn.us (555) 123-7654	December 2, 6:30 PM Spruceville City Hall	\$273.79	\$312.06
Spruceville School District 999 150 1st St N Spruceville, MN 55555 syruceville, MR 55555 (555) 123-6789	December 9, 7:00 PM Spruceville High School Cafeteria		
Voter Approved Levies Other Levies		\$289.35 \$340.11	\$296.68 \$374.60

Your school district was scheduled to hold a referendum at the November general election. If the referendeum was approved by the voters, the school district's voter approved property tax for 2024 may be higher than the proposed amount shown on this notice.

Total excluding any special assessments

\$1,341.31

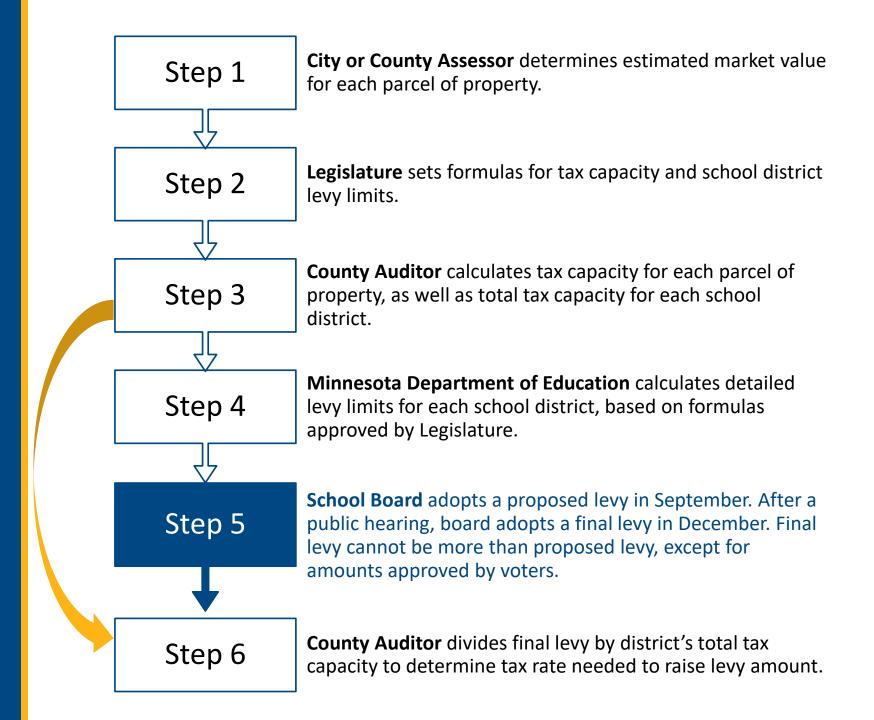
\$1,467.52 9.4%

School District Property Taxes

- Each school district may levy taxes in over 40 different categories
- Maximum levy amounts (calculated by MDE) for each category are set by:
 - State law
 - Voter approval
- Property Tax Process
 - Key steps in process are summarized on next slide
 - Any of these steps may affect taxes on a parcel of property, but district has control over only 1 of 6 steps

School District Property Tax Process

Note: For certain levy categories, tax rates & levy amounts are based on referendum market value, rather than tax capacity.



Approval of District's Tax Levy in 2023 (Payable 2024)





Overview of District's Proposed Tax Levy

- Proposed Payable 2024 tax levy is an increase from 2023 of \$915,039 or 7.3%
- Changes by levy category and reasons for major increases & decreases in levy are included on following slides

Comparison of Actual Tax Levy Payable in 2023 to Proposed Levy Payable in 2024

	Actual Levy	Proposed Levy		
Fund Levy Category	Payable in 2023	Payable in 2024	\$ Change	% Change
General				
Voter Approved Operating Referendum	\$2,013,110	\$2,358,622	\$345,512	
Local Optional Revenue (LOR)	1,956,298	2,177,500	221,203	
Equity	439,777	466,818	27,042	
Voter Approved Technology Referendum	669,369	851,190	181,821	
Operating Capital	215,569	257,757	42,188	
Alternate Teacher Compensation	290,950	291,289	340	
Long Term Facilities Maintenance	222,367	261,409	39,042	
Instructional Lease	136,407	137,294	887	
Other	296,511	393,848	97,336	
Prior Year Adjustments	141,867	223,598	81,731	
Total, General Fund	\$6,382,225	\$7,419,325	\$1,037,101	16.2%
Community Service				
Basic Community Education	\$148,275	\$100,661	(\$47,614)	
Early Childhood Family Education	55,715	53,759	(1,956)	
School-Age Child Care	115,000	125,000	10,000	
Other	5,975	3,613	(2,362)	
Prior Year Adjustments	76	(3,956)	(4,032)	
Total, Community Service Fund	\$325,041	\$279,077	(\$45,964)	-14.1%
Debt Service				
Voter Approved	\$5,429,433	\$4,499,868	(\$929,565)	
Other	217,770	222,390	4,620	
Long Term Facility Maintenance	608,024	1,092,952	484,928	
Reduction for Debt Excess	(365,195)	0	365,195	
Prior Year Adjustments	2,391	1,116	(1,276)	
Total, Debt Service Fund	\$5,892,423	\$5,816,325	(\$76,098)	-1.3%
Total Levy, All Funds	\$12,599,689	\$13,514,727	\$915,039	7.3%
Subtotal by Truth in Taxation Categories:				
Voter Approved	8,036,312	7,892,265	(144,047)	
Other	4,563,377	5,622,462	1,059,086	
Total	\$12,599,689	\$13,514,727	\$915,039	7.3%

Category:

General Fund - Voter Approved Operating Referendum

Change:

+\$345,512

Use of Funds:

General Operating Expenses

Reasons for Change:

- Revenue is provided through a combination of local tax levy and state aid; because District's total property value increased, share of funding provided through tax levy increased
- All revenue for taxes payable in 2024 is local levy (approximately \$240,000 is state aid for taxes payable in 2023 and \$0 for Pay 2024

Category:

General Fund – Local Optional Revenue (LOR)

Change:

+\$221,203

Use of Funds:

General Operating Expenses

Reasons for Change:

- Revenue is provided through a combination of local tax levy and state aid
- Because District's property value increased, share of funding provided through tax levy increased

Category:

General Fund – Voter Approved Technology Referendum

Change:

+\$181,821

Use of Funds:

Technology Costs

Reasons for Change:

- Levy is based on voter approved tax rate applied to tax base
- District's tax base increased

Debt Service – Voter Approved, Long Term Facilities Maintenance (LTFM) **Category:** & Reduction for Debt Excess -\$929,565 (Voter Approved), \$484,928 (LTFM) & +\$365,195 (Debt Change: Excess) **Use of Funds: Debt Payments** • Debt service levies are coordinated to maintain a level or declining tax rate • Districts are required to levy at 105% of debt service payment **Reasons for** amounts to cover delinquencies in tax collections **Changes:** • Because delinquencies are generally less than 5%, most districts gradually build up fund balances in debt service funds • Formulas in state law determine adjustments to tax levy for debt excess balances

Factors Impacting Individual Taxpayers' School Taxes

Many factors can cause a tax bill for an individual property to increase or decrease from year to year

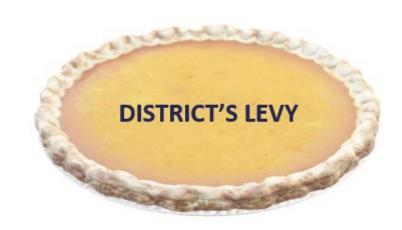
- Changes in value of individual property
- Changes in total value of all property within District
- Increases or decreases in levy amounts caused by changes in state funding formulas, local needs & costs, voter-approved referendums & other factors

What's happening with each slice?

Higher Market Value Increase = Bigger Slice



Lower Market Value Increase = Smaller Slice





Each Property Owner pays a portion of the pie

Impact of Property Valuations

Two properties in the district

Both houses are valued at \$100,000

Total levy of \$500

Each property will pay \$250 of levy





\$100,000



Impact of Property Valuations

Two properties in the district

- Orange house value increases by 10%
- Blue house value increases by 25%

Total levy of \$500

- School District will still generate the same amount of levy even though values increased
- Orange house pays less
- Blue house pays more

\$110,000





\$125,000



Four Year School Levy Comparison

- Examples include school district taxes only & are shown based on no change and a 37.4% increase in property value for residential homes over the past four years
 - Actual changes in value may be more or less than this for any parcel of property
 - Intended to provide a fair representation of what happened to school district property taxes over this period for typical properties
- Amounts for 2024 are preliminary estimates; final amounts could change slightly
- Estimates prepared by Ehlers (District's municipal financial advisors)

Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2021 to 2024 Based on No Changes in Property Values

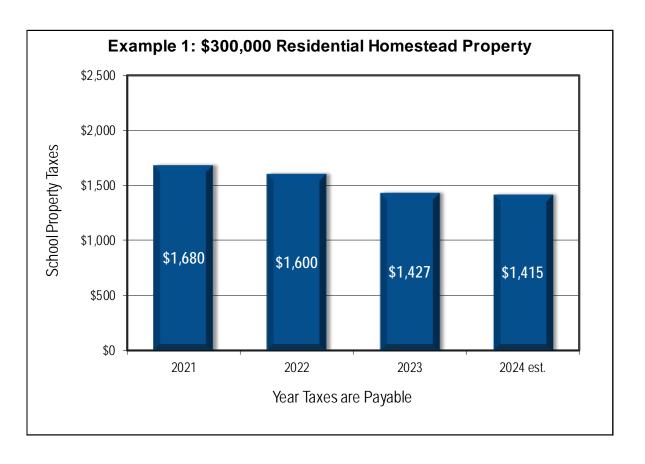
Type of Property	Estimated Market Value	Actual Taxes Payable in 2021	Actual Taxes Payable in 2022	Actual Taxes Payable in 2023	Estimated Taxes Payable in 2024	Change in Taxes 2021 to 2024	Change in Taxes 2023 to 2024
Residential Homestead	\$200,000 300,000 350,000 400,000 500,000	\$1,072 1,680 1,983 2,287 2,865	\$1,023 1,600 1,889 2,178 2,728	\$915 1,427 1,684 1,940 2,430	\$908 1,415 1,668 1,922 2,407	-\$164 -265 -315 -365 -458	-\$7 -12 -16 -18 -23
Commercial/ Industrial	\$250,000 500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	\$2,102 4,492 9,271 18,829	\$1,983 4,232 8,730 17,725	\$1,738 3,701 7,626 15,476	\$1,703 3,620 7,454 15,122	-\$399 -872 -1,817 -3,707	-\$35 -81 -172 -354
Apartments and Res. Non-Homestead (2 or more units)	\$500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	\$3,343 6,687 13,374	\$3,170 6,340 12,680	\$2,804 5,608 11,215	\$2,764 5,527 11,054	-\$579 -1,160 -2,320	-\$40 -81 -161

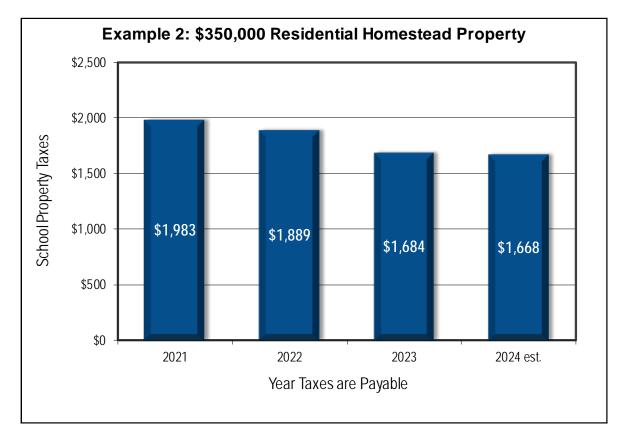
General Notes

- 1. Amounts are based on school district taxes only, and do not include taxes for city or township, county, state, or other taxing jurisdictions.
- 2. Estimates of taxes payable in 2024 are preliminary, based on the best data available.
- 3. For all examples of properties, taxes are calculated based on no changes in estimated market value from 2021 to 2024.

Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2021-24

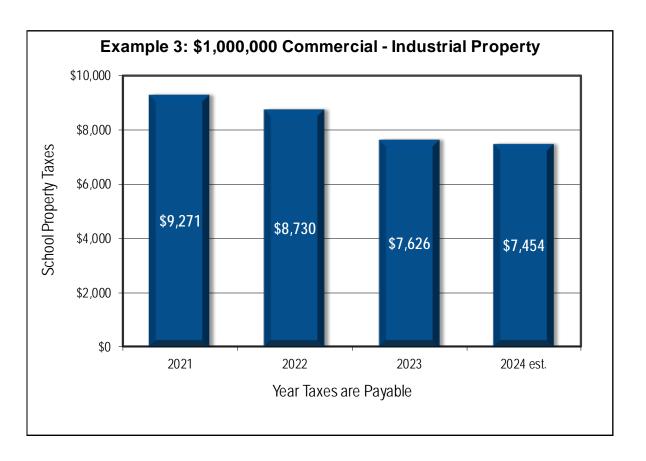
Based on No Changes in Property Value

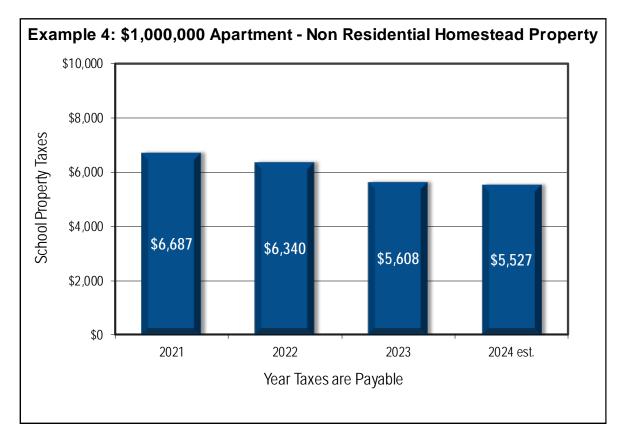




Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2021-24

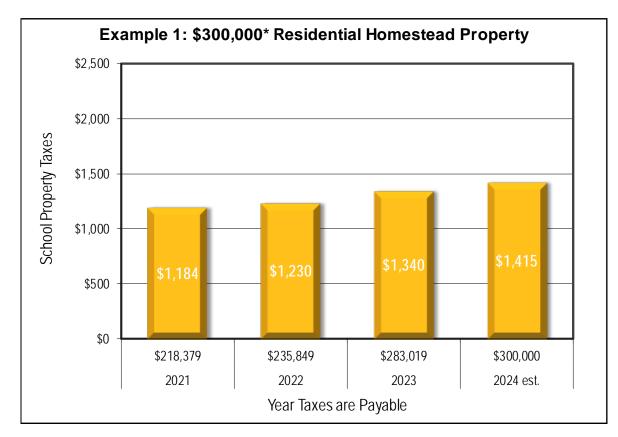
Based on No Changes in Property Value

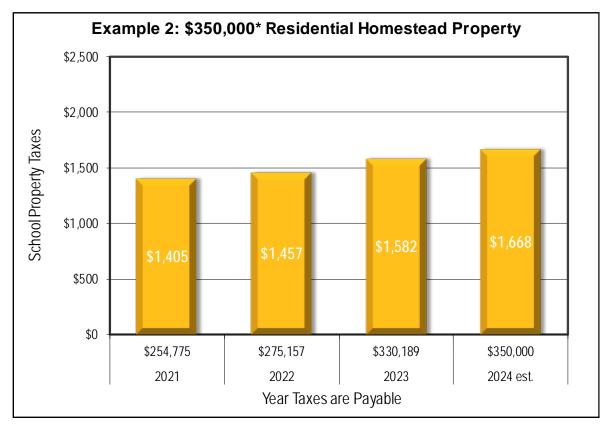




Estimated Changes in School Property Taxes, 2021-24

Based on 37.4% Cumulative Changes in Property Value





^{*} Estimated market value for taxes payable in 2024. Taxes are calculated based on changes in market value of 8.0% from 2021 to 2022, 20.0% from 2022 to 2023 and 6.0% from 2023 to 2024.

State Property Tax Refunds & Deferral

Homestead Credit Refund

- Available for all homestead property, both residential and agricultural (house, garage and one acre (HGA) only)
- Refund is sliding scale, based on total property taxes and income (maximum refund is \$3,140 for homeowners and \$2,440 for renters)

Special Property Tax Refund

- Available for all homestead property, both residential & agricultural (HGA only) with a gross tax increase of at least 6% and \$100 over prior year
- Refund is 60% of tax increase that exceeds greater of 6% or \$100 (max \$2,500)

Senior Citizen Property Tax Deferral

- Allows people 65 years of age or older with household income of \$96,000 or less to defer a portion of property taxes on their home
- Deferred property taxes plus accrued interest must be paid when home is sold or homeowner(s) dies

Next Steps

Board accepts public comments on proposed levy

Board certifies 2024 property tax levy



PUBLIC COMMENTS