# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



**Independent School District No. 347** 



NCA accredited

All-America City

Preparing All Students for a Successful Tomorrow

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2010

# WILLMAR PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 347

611 5<sup>th</sup> Street SW Willmar, Minnesota 56201-3218

Prepared by

**Business Office Staff** 

### INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 347 WILLMAR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

# SCHOOL BOARD AND ADMINISTRATION JUNE 30, 2010

#### **SCHOOL BOARD**

NAME	TERM EXPIRES	POSITION
Brad Schmidt	12/31/2010	Chairperson
Dion Warne	12/31/2010	Vice-Chairperson
Mike Carlson	12/31/2010	Clerk
Wayne Lenzmeier	12/31/2012	Treasurer
Mike Reynolds	12/31/2012	Director
Eric Roberts	12/31/2012	Director
Sandra Unger	12/31/2012	Director

#### **CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION**

DOCITION

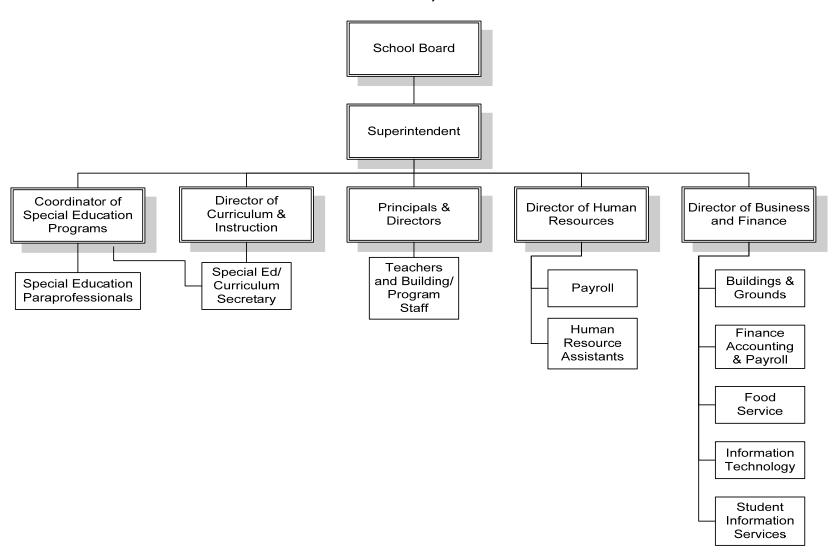
NAME	POSITION
Dr. Jerry Kjergaard	Superintendent
Pamela Harrington	Director of Business and Finance
William Busta	Director of Human Resources

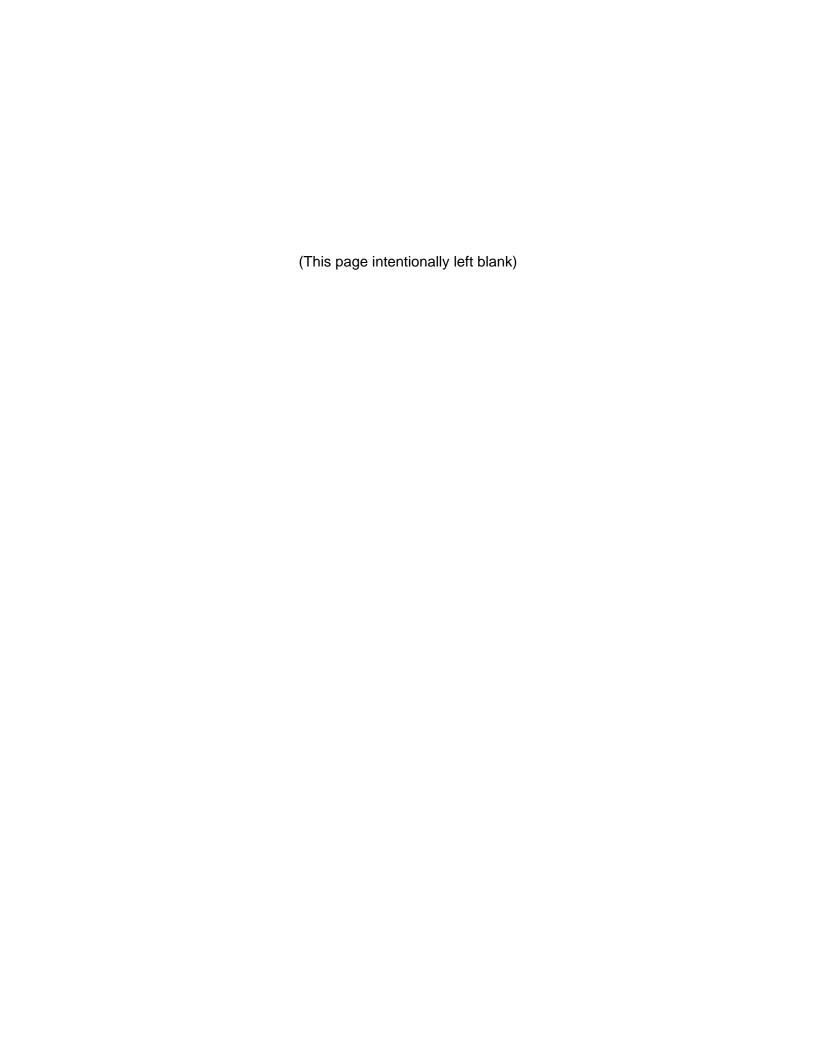
#### **District Offices:**

Willmar Public Schools Independent School District No. 347 611 5<sup>th</sup> St. SW Willmar, MN 56201-3218 320-231-8500 www.willmar.k12.mn.us

# INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 347 WILLMAR PUBLIC SCHOOLS

#### ORGANIZATIONAL CHART JUNE 30, 2010







#### The Willmar Public Schools

Independent School District 347 611 SW 5th St., Willmar, MN 56201 Phone: 320/231-8500 Fax: 320/231-8504 www.willmar.k12.mn.us

November 8, 2010

To: Citizens of Independent School District 347
Members of the Board of Education

Employees of the District

#### INTRODUCTION

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Willmar Public Schools – Independent School District No. 347 (District) is submitted for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2010. The enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner that fairly presents the District's financial position and results of operations. The District Administration accepts full responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of this presentation.

This report is prepared in conformance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This report is also consistent with legal reporting requirements of the State of Minnesota. In addition to meeting legal requirements, this report is intended to present a comprehensive summary of significant financial data to meet the needs of citizens, taxpayers, employees, financial institutions, and the School Board.

Since the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the readers of this financial report will notice that the two main financial statements created by this standard, the Statement of Net Assets along with the Statement of Activities, do not contain numerous columns for various funds that have been included in past governmental financial statements. These two statements consolidate much of the information contained in fund-based financial statements of the past into two statements which help to answer the question: "Is the District better or worse off financially than it was in the previous year?" A comparison of net assets should help the reader in answering that question. Also required as part of the "Required Supplementary Information" by GASB Statement No. 34 is a "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A) which allows the District to explain in layman's terms its financial position and results of operations of the past fiscal year.

#### REPORT FORMAT

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections.

**Introductory Section** – includes this letter of transmittal, an organization chart, and a list of School Board members and administrative personnel. The Introductory Section is not audited.

**Financial Section** – includes the independent auditor's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information and supplementary information.

**Statistical Section** – includes selected financial, demographic and economic information, generally presented on a multi-year comparative basis. The Statistical Section is not audited.

#### REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

Independent School District No. 347, also known as the Willmar Public Schools, is an instrumentality of the State of Minnesota established to function as an educational institution. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected seven member School Board. The School Board has the power and duty to set budgets, certify tax levies, issue debt and perform other tasks necessary to the operation of the District. The District is subject to the oversight of the Minnesota Department of Education. The District does not have any component units.

The District, established in 1881, serves the communities of Blomkest, Kandiyohi, Pennock and Willmar. The District is located in west-central Minnesota, approximately 100 miles west of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area. The District encompasses an area of approximately 149,294 acres in Kandiyohi County with an estimated population of 24,605 citizens, including a population of 19,072 in Willmar. All school buildings are located in Willmar. The District currently operates nine owned buildings with a total square footage of 875,804 square feet and an average age of over 54 years, with the oldest building built in 1924.

The Willmar Public Schools enrollment for FY 2010 is 4,031 ADM's (Average Daily Membership). The District projects that enrollment will level off with just slight variations up or down from year to year. More detailed enrollment information is included in the Financial Section in the MD&A.

The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to our students in grade levels ranging from pre-kindergarten through grade 12. These services include regular and enriched academic education, special education and career/vocational education. Food service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The District's community education program includes Early Childhood and Family Education programs, Adult Basic Education programs, School Readiness and a wide variety of classes for lifelong learning experiences for children and adults.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The area has begun to feel the impact of the economic recession. The City of Willmar serves as a regional center for medical care, retail, trade, education and small industries. The diversity of the economic base had provided stability. Willmar is seeing more and more housing foreclosures and homes sitting vacant. Business have laid off staff or reduced hours. It seems to be better for the District when business reduce hours versus laying off staff because families are less likely to look for employment outside of the District.

The City of Willmar was named an "All American City" in June 2005 by the National Civic League. Since 1949, only 18 Minnesota cities have received this significant honor.

Willmar has experienced some economic downturns even though the unemployment rate has decreased from 6.9% in 2009 to 5.9% in 2010. Some companies have opted to reduce employees work weeks in lieu of full layoffs.

With the exception of voter approved operating and bond referendums, the District is dependent on the State of Minnesota for its revenue authority. Recent experience demonstrates that legislated revenue increases are not sufficient to meet instructional program needs and increased costs due to inflation. As a result of these pressures, the District has had to rely on a property tax referendum to support its educational programs. The voters approved an operating referendum in 2001, scheduled to sunset in calendar year 2012. An increase in revenues from the 2001 operating referendum began in FY 2003. The voters approved an additional operating referendum in 2008 that began in FY 2010. In November 2010, the District will ask the voters to revoke the operating referendum from 2001 and replace it with a referendum amount that is almost double the 2001 amount.

In addition to passing the operating referendum, the School Board cut \$1.8 million in expenditures from the FY 2002 Budget. Additional budget cuts (primarily personnel) were enacted for FY 2006 (\$800,000) and FY 2007 (\$771,000). The District carefully added approximately \$800,000 in programming and services to positively impact student learning during the FY 2008 school year. The budget was reduced \$1,300,000 for FY 2009. Budget reductions again occurred for the FY 2010 school year in the amount of \$2.7 million and for FY 2011 in the amount of \$1.7 million.

The District will continue to be proactive in its financial management by seeking all available sources of revenue, responding to enrollment changes, controlling expenditures and seeking maximum efficiencies. Continued use of state of the art enrollment and long-range financial planning software, a Finance Advisory Committee (including

community members), updated budgeting processes, and a business office culture of continuous improvement all will continue contributing towards the quest for financial stability into the future.

The financial future for the District looks challenging. The 2009 Legislature approved a freeze in the General Education formula for 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. The result of this funding formula freeze is budget reductions and decrease of services provided to students. The District received some state funding replacement in 2009-10 in form of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 stabilization funding. Accordingly, the District continues to utilize sophisticated enrollment and financial planning tools, along with detailed and conservative budgeting and budget monitoring processes. The District will continue to seek all available sources of funding, balance revenue to expenditures, and maintain systems that ensure financial stability. If state funding remains below inflation levels, General Fund budget deficits will grow and the fund balance will decline in subsequent years. The legislature will be back in session in February of 2011 and will focus on the state budget deficit and education funding. Preliminary predictions indicate flat or reduced state education funding.

#### **MISSION STATEMENT**

#### Preparing All Students for a Successful Tomorrow

Purposeful Thinker
Effective Communicator
Self Directed Learner
Productive Group Participant
Responsible Citizen

#### **Long Term District Wide Goal**

Increase the academic proficiency of all students through effective instruction and appropriate curriculum and assessments in partnership with all staff as well as parents, guardians and community members.

In order to meet our mission and reach our goal it is understood that we must all work collaboratively to provide for the social, physical and emotional well being of every child.

The School Board reviewed and revised the major District-wide goals in FY 2010:

- Improve student lives
- Achievement for all students
- Fiscally responsible stewardship
- Strengthen school/community relationships to improve learning for all students

A copy of the strategic plan document based on the above goals is available in the District Office or from a building Administrator.

#### FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The District complies with the Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) for Minnesota schools. UFARS, established in 1976, dictates a modified accrual basis of accounting. An audited annual financial report is required to be provided to the Minnesota Department of Education by December 31, subsequent to the year end on June 30.

The District has established and maintained internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from theft, misuse or losses. These controls are also designed to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and Minnesota UFARS. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Minnesota school finance law requires that the budget fiscal year begin July 1 and end June 30. The District develops a General Fund Budget, Food Service Fund Budget, Community Service Fund Budget, Debt Service Budget and other necessary budgets on an annual basis.

The budget process is comprised of five phases – planning, preparation, adoption, implementation, and evaluation. Planning and preparation for the FY 2010 budget began in December of 2008 with approval of the budget development plan and analysis of the student enrollment trend. The current enrollment status provided the data to update allocations for site non-payroll budgets. Expenditure estimates were updated both on a site basis and district-wide in the spring. An enrollment projection was developed in early April and provided the key data for the budget's revenue projection. The FY 2010 Budget was adopted in June of 2009 and implemented on July 1, 2009. The District completes a budget revision during the fiscal year normally in April.

To accurately track and report financial activities with a focus on site responsibility, approximately 10,403 account codes have been defined in the District's chart of accounts.

The District's budget and financial management practices are evidenced by the following District policies:

Fund Balance Policy #703: Requires the District to maintain a minimum General Fund unreserved fund balance of 6% of the annual operating budget. When the unreserved fund balance is equal to or less than 6% of the expenditure budget, the administration shall alert the School Board and propose alternative measures such as, seeking additional funds through a referendum and/or reducing expenditures by curtailing program services.

Budgeting Policy #709 and 709.1: Requires the District to comply with the budget process as explained above.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

#### **Fiscal and Operational Integrity**

The District is committed to maintaining the General Fund according to Board Fund Balance Policy. The Willmar Public Schools is also committed to implementing and maintaining systems that ensure financial stability and operational efficiency.

Due to the combined effort of the Community, School Board, staff and students, the District's General Fund has remained at a reasonable and responsible level. The District's sound fiscal management has a long-term positive impact on the student success.

A sophisticated long-range financial planning model, a detailed enrollment projection model, a Finance Advisory Committee, enhanced communication, consistently improved financial accuracy and compliance, and improved budgeting and accounting processes all have played a role in the District's financial stability.

The District encourages constituents to look closely at the financial performance and management. The District welcomes the opportunity to be fully accountable to the School Board, Staff and Community.

Major fiscal and operational initiatives from FY 2010 include:

- The School Board decreased the FY 2011 Budget approximately \$1.7 million in June 2010. Positions were reduced and programs were impacted by budget reductions following a very deliberate prioritization process.
- Restructuring of District sites in FY 2010. As part of the budget reduction process for FY 2010, the
  District consolidated the four elementary schools down to two elementary schools with new attendance
  boundaries. The District repurposed one of the closed elementary schools for Willmar Community
  Education and Recreation. One building is for sale. A seven classroom addition was built on to
  Roosevelt Elementary using state capital outlay funding.
- Three National Financial Awards and one State Financial Award were received in 2010 See the Financial Awards section on page 12 for more information.

- The Food & Nutrition Services Department received the federal Fresh Fruits and Veggies Grant –
  The Fresh Fruits and Veggies program provided an afternoon snack of fruits and vegetables to be served
  in both of the elementary schools.
- Planning of an operating referendum question for November 2010 The District began planning for an operating referendum question that will be posed to the public in November 2010. The referendum would revoke a current referendum set to expire in FY 2013 and renew it for a higher amount.
- Mandarin Chinese program in the Senior High expanded The Mandarin Chinese program in the Senior High continues to be very successful. The District was awarded a very prestigious grant that put a teacher from China in a Senior High classroom teaching Chinese for FY 2010.

#### **Student Achievement**

The District's mission is "To Prepare All Students for a Successful Tomorrow." That mission is met with an intense effort at all levels of the Willmar Public Schools.

In order to have our mission become a reality, academic standards of the Willmar Public Schools are high. We use the Minnesota state standards in Mathematics, English Language Arts, Social Studies, Science and Art as the core of our curriculum. We use national or international standards in Business, Industrial Technology, Agriculture, World Languages, Health, Physical Education and Music.

Teaching our students to become contributing members of our society is also a high priority. Students, teachers and support staff participate in many community-building initiatives, such as service clubs, and volunteer activities. Character education is an integrated and important part of the education of all students.

Our high school leads all area schools in offering Advanced Placement (AP) opportunities in numerous subject areas. All students in grades 2 – 8 take the Northwest Educational Assessment (NWEA) exams three times a year in reading and mathematics. Students in grades 9-10 also take these tests, as appropriate to their course of study. Growth is measured individually, as well as by classroom and district. Opportunities for remediation and acceleration are available. In addition to national standardized tests and state assessments, formative and summative assessments are an expectation for all classroom teachers for all students.

The federal No Child Left Behind (NCLB) law requires schools to demonstrate that students are meeting Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) goals. This progress is measured by the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessments (MCA). Each year the achievement bar is set higher for districts, leading to the goal of all students being proficient in reading and math by 2013-2014. For the 2009-10 school year, Willmar Public Schools made AYP in participation, attendance and graduation rate. The District did not make AYP for proficiency for all students in reading and math. Numerous interventions have been put in place. The District continues to operate all-day, everyday kindergarten for all students as a way to assist in closing the achievement gap early in a child's learning experience.

Student Achievement Programs & Improvements:

- Continue to offer all-day, everyday kindergarten to better serve the needs our young learners as well as
  to attempt to close the achievement gap early.
- Continue to use NWEA testing in math and reading in grades 2-10 as a means of assessing student growth, as well as program and instructional quality. Use the NWEA science test at the middle school and high school, as appropriate to grade and course.
- Maintain and update a comprehensive strategic work plan that addresses goals and objectives for all District sites.
- Continue to offer a Mandarin Chinese language class at the Senior High School in FY 2010-11.
- Curriculum maps are developed according to the curriculum review cycle. They are available on the
  District website. This provides public awareness of curriculum content, assessment and implementation
  of standards.

- Continue to offer Project Lead the Way during the 2010-11 school year. Staff continue to be trained in this pre-engineering course of study.
- Maintain an active Curriculum Advisory Committee comprised of interested community members, parents and students.
- Provide Targeted Services summer and after-school programming for students needing academic and social development. Enrollment in the program is very strong.
- The District Site Council is involved in staff development activities and the funding of teacher-generated "Best Practices" initiatives.
- Gifted and Talented Education dollars are used for enrichment activities at the building level. This allows the District to provide additional opportunities for students needing acceleration and enrichments.
- Capitalize on volunteers, foundations, and the Parent-Teacher-Student-Association's willingness to bring value added opportunities to students via curriculum enhancements, student life enhancements, and hundreds of hours of assistance in the classroom.

#### **CASH MANAGEMENT**

Temporary cash balances during the year are invested in various securities per the District Investment Policy and statute. The District uses a twelve month cash flow projection, updated monthly, to guide investment terms. The District's investment policy is structured to minimize risk while maintaining a competitive yield. Accordingly, deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized in compliance with Minnesota statutes. Investment yield during FY 2010 ranged from 0.25% to 3.35%, resulting in a total net return of \$46,847.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

As of June 30, 2010, the District had net bonded debt (including bond premiums) of \$10,346,810, well below the legal limit of \$280,151,515, or fifteen percent of the actual value of all taxable property in the District. Outstanding bonds are reviewed on a continuous basis by the District and its bond consultant to determine if refunding is feasible. The District's bond rating is at the Aa3 level.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District maintains a comprehensive risk management program that includes a property/casualty insurance program specifically designed to meet school district needs. Other key aspects of the risk management program include a health & safety consultation arrangement, an active health & safety committee, annual safety inspections and periodic review of policies to assure regulatory compliance and adherence to legal constructs.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

District policy and state statutes require an annual financial audit by independent certified public accountants. The District engaged Conway, Deuth & Schmiesing, PLLP to conduct the annual audit. The District also engaged Conway, Deuth & Schmiesing, PLLP to perform the audit of its federal programs in accordance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* The District's federal programs are discussed in a report separate from the comprehensive annual financial report.

#### **FINANCIAL AWARDS**

The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International awarded the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This is the fifth year in a row the District received this award. Achieving recognition by this program provides a clear indication of the District's high standards for financial reporting and financial stewardship. It is the belief that this current report conforms to the Certificate of Excellence program requirements. This report will be submitted to ASBO to determine its eligibility for the certificate.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Willmar Public Schools for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This was the fifth year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily

readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. It is the belief that this current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and it is being submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ASBO awarded the Meritorious Budget Award to the District for its FY 2008, FY 2009, FY 2010 and FY 2011 Original Budgets. The Meritorious Budget Award is the highest form of recognition in budgeting for school districts. The award is presented after the document has been through a comprehensive review by an independent panel of budget professionals. The review not only critiques the budget document using rigorous criteria but also provides feedback with suggested comments for improvements.

The Minnesota Department of Education awarded a School Finance Award for FY 2010 to the Willmar Public Schools for its exhibition of sound fiscal health and financial management policies and procedures. The award is based on compliance with state statute on a number of finance issues and other means of demonstrating fiscal health. The District has received the award in FY 2004, FY 2005, FY 2008, FY 2009 and FY 2010.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Business Office staff. We very much appreciate the hard work and expertise from our auditors, Conway, Deuth & Schmiesing, PLLP. Their work has been instrumental in the preparation of this document. Finally, thanks also go to Sam Modderman, Kandiyohi County Auditor/Treasurer and his staff for their assistance with this report.

We would like to express our appreciation to the School Board for the interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Dr. Jerry Kjergaard Superintendent

Gung Gjenzaard

Pam Harrington

Director of Business and Finance

# OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OF INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL OFFICIALS



This Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

#### WILLMAR PUBLIC SCHOOLS ISD # 347

#### For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Upon recommendation of the Association's Panel of Review which has judged that the Report substantially conforms to principles and standards of ASBO's Certificate of Excellence Program

President

**Executive Director** 

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Willmar Public Schools ISD #347, Minnesota

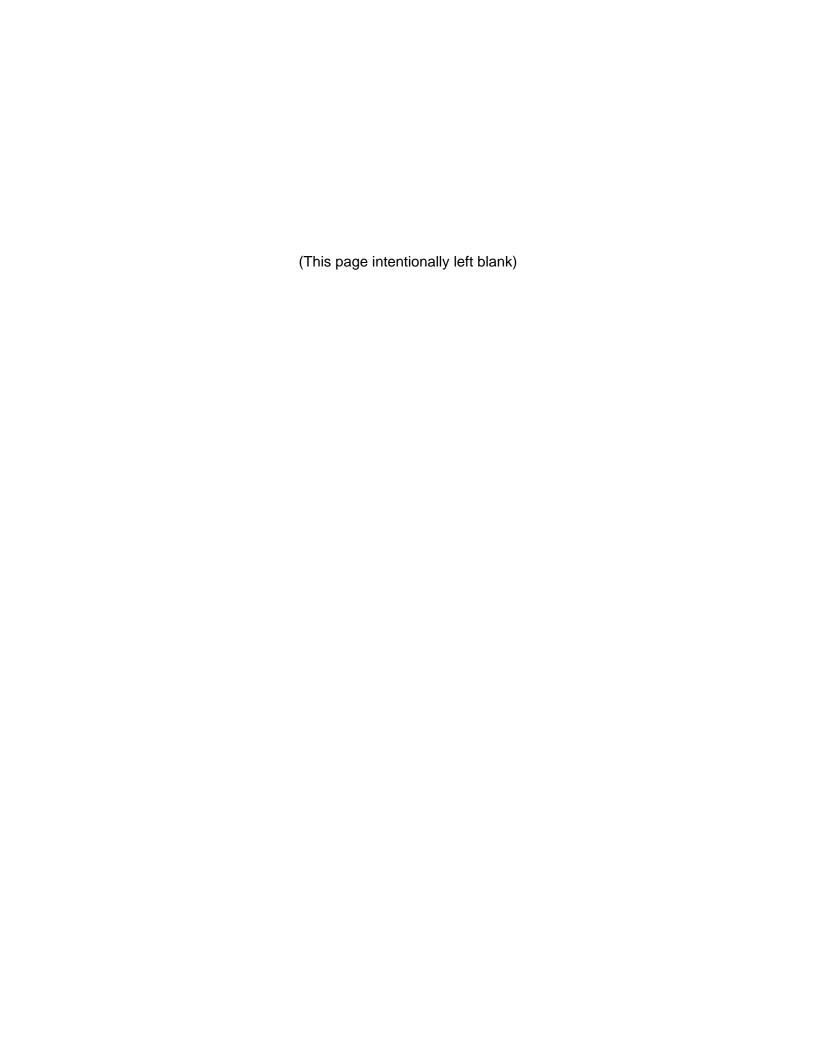
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE OFFICE STATES AND CORPORATION OF CHICAGO AT CHICAGO

President

**Executive Director** 



#### FINANCIAL SECTION



Quality | Dedication | Integrity

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Board of Education Independent School District #347 Willmar, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District #347, Willmar, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year partial comparative information has been derived from the District's 2009 financial statements and, in our report dated November 9, 2009, we expressed unqualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District #347, Willmar, Minnesota, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Food Service and Community Service Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2010, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

(17)

Members: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Minnesota Society of Certified Public Accountants

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, individual fund financial statement, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The individual fund financial statement is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

CONWAY, DEUTH & SCHMIESING, PLLP

Conway, South & Schmiesing, PLLP

Certified Public Accountants Willmar, Minnesota

November 8, 2010

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

This section of Willmar Public Schools – Independent School District No. 347's (District) annual financial report presents management's discussion of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year (FY) ending June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of a reporting model that is required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued in June 1999. Statement No. 34 contains significant requirements that enhance financial reporting. These requirements are also designed to make annual reports easier for the public to understand and more useful to stakeholders. Specifically, Statement No. 34 establishes reporting requirements that include financial statements, expanded disclosure, and supplemental information, including the MD&A (this section).

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

Key financial items for the 2009-2010 fiscal year include the following:

- The General Fund undesignated-unreserved fund balance again exceeded the School Board's fund balance goal of 6% of expenditures with a fund balance of \$4,798,469, equivalent to 11.9% of expenditures. The fund balance also exceeded the revised budget estimate of \$3,802,585 or 9.1% of expenditures. The additional fund balance is attributed to strategic under spending of budgeted expenditures in the areas of purchased services, supplies and capital outlay. The increased fund balance puts the district in a position to better weather the economical financial storm that continues to impact revenue and cash flow.
- Net Assets increased 19.9% from the prior year due to the addition of capital assets as a result
  of the Roosevelt Elementary School building addition and the increased undesignatedunreserved fund balance as discussed above.
- The combined Governmental Funds fund balance increased by 35.7%, or \$2,096,908.
- The overall net decrease to the District's long-term liabilities was \$1,685,964, or 9.6%.
- Enrollment decreased by 44 ADM's (Average Daily Membership) in FY 2010. This puts the
  District close to the FY 2008 enrollment. The District expects enrollment to increase and
  decrease slightly each year as enrollment remains fairly level.
- Four Financial Awards: The District's comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2009 was awarded several prestigious financial reporting awards by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO). The District's Original 2009-10 Budget received the ASBO Meritorious Budget Award. The District also received the Minnesota Department of Education 2010 School Finance Award.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial section of the annual report consists of three parts. They are:

- Independent Auditor's Report,
- Required Supplementary information which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), and
- Basic financial statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The government-wide financial statements, including the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements. The District maintains three groups of fund financial statements. They are:
  - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary funds statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses.
  - Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes **all** of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's **net assets** and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or **position**.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

In the government-wide financial statements the District's activities are shown in one category titled Governmental Activities:

• **Governmental Activities** – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food service, and community education. Property taxes and state aids finance most of these activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – rather than the District as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as a Scholarship fund to manage scholarship money.

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information (reconciliation schedules) is provided following the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.
- **Proprietary funds** Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements. The District's sole Proprietary fund is an internal service fund.
  - The District uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund for the dental self-insurance program.
- **Fiduciary funds** The District is a trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the Private-Purpose Trust Fund. This fund accounts for scholarship gifts and bequests. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net Assets.** As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The District's *combined* net assets were \$22,615,318 on June 30, 2010. This was an increase of 19.94% from the previous year (see Table A-1 below).

Table A-1
The District's Net Assets

Governmen	Percentage	
2010	2009	Change
\$ 18,922,373	\$ 16,616,602	13.88%
30,423,263	30,493,789	-0.23%
49,345,636	47,110,391	4.74%
\$ 10,935,245	\$10,773,074	1.51%
15,795,073	17,481,037	-9.64%
26,730,318	28,254,111	-5.39%
\$20,076,453	\$ 18,050,980	11.22%
1,767,076	1,618,837	9.16%
771,789	(813,537)	194.87%
\$22,615,318	\$ 18,856,280	19.94%
	\$18,922,373 30,423,263 49,345,636 \$10,935,245 15,795,073 26,730,318 \$20,076,453 1,767,076 771,789	\$18,922,373 \$16,616,602 30,423,263 30,493,789 49,345,636 47,110,391 \$10,935,245 \$10,773,074 15,795,073 17,481,037 26,730,318 28,254,111 \$20,076,453 \$18,050,980 1,767,076 1,618,837 771,789 (813,537)

The largest portion of the District's net assets (88.8%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture, and equipment net of accumulated depreciation); less any related outstanding debt (such as general obligation bonds) used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Unrestricted net assets is primarily the District's unreserved-undesignated fund balance offset by the liability for future severance and health benefits, which is not fully funded.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

A summary of the revenues and expenses for the last two fiscal years is presented in Table A-2 below.

Table A-2 Change in Net Assets

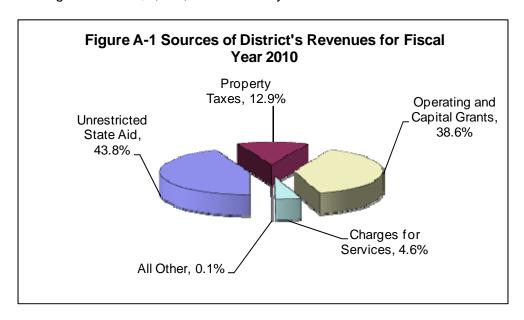
	Governmental Activities for				
	the f	fiscal year o	ed June 30,	Percentage	
		2010		2009	Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	2,258,163	\$	2,098,256	7.62%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1	8,501,962		15,442,107	19.82%
Capital Grants and Contributions		605,372		638,414	-5.18%
General Revenues					
Property Taxes		6,352,927		5,374,019	18.22%
Unrestricted State Aid	2	1,636,016		24,228,781	-10.70%
Investment Earnings		46,183		123,545	-62.62%
Other		12,484		9,393	32.91%
Total Revenues	4	9,413,107		47,914,515	3.13%
Expenses					
Administration	\$	1,653,919	\$	1,605,548	3.01%
District Support Services		949,578		986,334	-3.73%
Regular Instruction	2	0,103,140		21,236,601	-5.34%
Vocational Education Instruction		883,686		892,498	-0.99%
Special Education Instruction		7,752,733		8,355,384	-7.21%
Instructional Support Services		2,243,858		2,332,636	-3.81%
Pupil Support Services		3,538,480		3,607,987	-1.93%
Sites and Buildings		3,508,797		4,083,773	-14.08%
Fiscal and Other Fixed Costs Programs		130,321		130,872	-0.42%
Food Service		2,359,800		2,233,289	5.66%
Community Service		2,064,867		2,054,760	0.49%
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Liabilities		464,890		560,304	-17.03%
Total Expenses	4	5,654,069		48,079,986	-5.05%
Change in Net Assets	\$	3,759,038	\$	(165,471)	2371.72%
Beginning Net Assets	_ 1	8,856,280		19,021,751	-0.87%
Ending Net Assets	\$ 2	2,615,318	\$	18,856,280	19.94%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

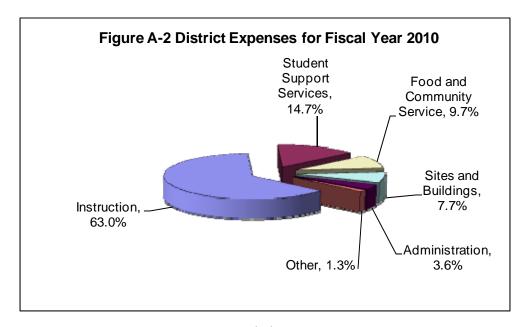
#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

**Changes in Net Assets.** The District's total revenues were \$49,413,107 for the year ended June 30, 2010. This is a 3.13% increase from the prior year's revenues.

Unrestricted State aid along with local property taxes accounted for 56.7% of the total revenue for the year (see Figure A-1 below). Another 43.2% came from restricted state, federal and local program revenues and the remaining 0.1% from earnings on investments and other. Total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net assets \$3,759,038 from last year.



The District's total expenditures for programs and services were \$45,654,069 for the year ended June 30, 2010. This is a 5.05% decrease from the prior year's expenditures. The District's expenses are predominantly related to student education (77.7%). (See Figure A-2). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 3.6% of total costs.



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

The net cost of all *governmental* activities is their total costs less program revenues applicable to each category. The total cost of all governmental activities for this year was \$45,654,069. Table A-3 presents the costs of twelve major District activities such as instruction, food service and others. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs).

- The users of the District's programs paid for 4.9%, or \$2,258,163 of the costs.
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. This totaled \$19,107,334, or 41.9% of the total costs for 2009-2010.
- The remainder of the District's costs (\$24,288,572), however, were paid for by: 1) state taxpayers based on the statewide education aid formula, 2) by District taxpayers, and 3) by investment earnings.

Table A-3 Change in Net Assets

	Total Cost of Services		Percentage	Net Cost of Services		Percentage
	2010	2009	Change	2010	2009	Change
Administration	\$ 1,653,919	\$ 1,605,548	3.01%	\$ 1,648,919	\$ 1,605,548	2.70%
District Support Services	949,578	986,334	-3.73%	907,759	956,176	-5.06%
Regular Instruction	20,103,140	21,236,601	-5.34%	9,923,072	14,117,114	-29.71%
Vocational Education Instruction	883,686	892,498	-0.99%	818,649	815,022	0.45%
Special Education Instruction	7,752,733	8,355,384	-7.21%	2,546,266	3,351,695	-24.03%
Instructional Support Services	2,243,858	2,332,636	-3.81%	1,638,483	1,668,266	-1.79%
Pupil Support Services	3,538,480	3,607,987	-1.93%	3,445,307	3,344,503	3.01%
Sites and Buildings	3,508,797	4,083,773	-14.08%	2,831,646	3,092,380	-8.43%
Fiscal and Other Fixed Costs Programs	130,321	130,872	-0.42%	130,321	130,872	-0.42%
Food Service	2,359,800	2,233,289	5.66%	(208,558)	(78,449)	165.85%
Community Service	2,064,867	2,054,760	0.49%	141,818	337,778	-58.01%
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Liabilities	464,890	560,304	-17.03%	464,890	560,304	-17.03%
Total	\$ 45,654,069	\$48,079,986	-5.05%	\$24,288,572	\$29,901,209	-18.77%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. At the end of the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$7,971,233, a 35.7% increase from last year's ending fund balance of \$5,874,325.

Revenues for the District's governmental funds totaled \$49,385,110 while total expenditures were \$47,290,302. Other financing sources totaled \$2,100. As a result, the District completed the year with an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures of \$2,096,908. Discussion about each governmental fund follows. A summary of the revenues and expenditures reported on the governmental fund financial statements for the past two years appears in Table A-4 below:

Table A-4
Revenues and Expenditures - Governmental Funds

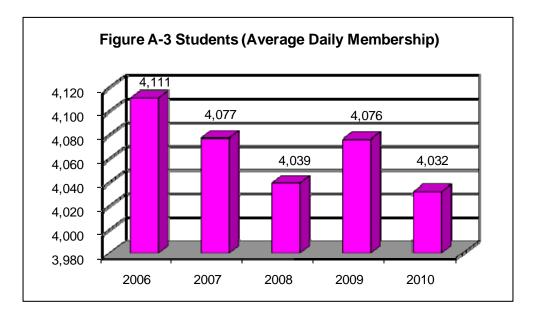
	2010					
	Davianua	Farman ditarea	Other Financing	Fund Balance Increase		
	Revenues	Expenditures	Sources(Uses)	(Decrease)		
General Fund Food Service Fund	\$ 42,068,352 2,570,666	\$ 40,313,101 2,359,800	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,757,351 210,866		
Community Service Fund	2,241,563	2,027,701		213,862		
Debt Service Fund	2,504,529	2,589,700		(85,171)		
Totals	\$49,385,110	\$ 47,290,302	\$ 2,100	\$ 2,096,908		
		2	009			
			Other	Fund Balance		
			Financing	Increase		
	Revenues	Expenditures	Sources(Uses)	(Decrease)		
General Fund	\$ 41,272,166	\$ 42,793,992	\$	\$ (1,521,826)		
Food Service Fund	2,322,833	2,233,289		89,544		
Community Service Fund	2,028,015	2,012,843		15,172		
Debt Service Fund	2,273,600	2,521,800		(248,200)		
Totals	\$ 47,896,614	\$ 49,561,924	\$ 0	\$ (1,665,310)		

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is used by the District to record the primary operations of providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12. Pupil transportation activities and capital and major maintenance projects are also included in the General Fund.

**Enrollment.** Funding for Minnesota school districts is largely driven by enrollment. The majority of Minnesota school districts are facing declining enrollment. Over the last five years, the District has averaged an annual 0.3% decline in the number of students. Figure A-3, below, shows that the number of students has generally decreased steadily since FY 2006 with enrollment increasing slightly in FY 2009 and declining again in FY 2010. The District expects enrollment to increase and decrease slightly each year as enrollment remains fairly level.



In general, the District has been experiencing enrollment decline which has been a function of demographic trends affecting the majority of Minnesota school districts. These trends include a decline in the number of households with children, lower overall populations of children, and increased mobility. In addition, the District also faces typical enrollment challenges from open enrollment options, drop outs and competition from local private schools and home schooling options.

Looking into the near future, demographic trends point to a more level enrollment trend. The grade level sizes are evening out. However, the leveling out will include slight increases or decreases to enrollment each year. Willmar has experienced some small impacts to enrollment due to the difficult economic times the country is facing. A few businesses have laid off employees and some have relocated to places where there is work.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)**

The following table presents a summary of General Fund revenues:

Table A-5
General Fund Revenues

	Year Ende	Year Ended June 30,		Percentage	
Sources	2010	2009	Difference	Change	
Local Sources					
Property Taxes	\$ 3,740,446	\$ 3,018,820	\$ 721,626	23.9%	
Interest Earnings	26,867	92,569	(65,702)	-71.0%	
Other	1,141,495	1,187,881	(46,386)	-3.9%	
State Sources	32,000,209	35,233,235	(3,233,026)	-9.2%	
Federal Sources	5,159,335	1,739,661	3,419,674	196.6%	
Total General Fund Revenues	\$42,068,352	\$41,272,166	\$ 796,186	1.9%	

Total General Fund revenue increased \$796,186, or 1.9%, from the previous year. Basic general education revenue is determined by a state per student funding formula. Other state-authorized revenue, including operating levy referendum, involves an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Therefore, the mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change in revenue.

Property taxes in 2010 were \$721,926, or 23.9%, more than the prior year. The increase is mainly the result of higher property values which causes an increase to the local levy and the passage of a referendum of \$201.52 per resident marginal cost pupil unit. Interest earnings decreased \$65,702 from the prior year as a result of declining interest rates due to the nationwide economic recession. Other local sources decreased \$46,386. The change to state and federal sources is predominantly offsetting as Minnesota replaced approximately \$2.5 million of the District's state funding with federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Stabilization funding.

The following table presents a summary of General Fund expenditures:

Table A-6
General Fund Expenditures

	Year Ende	ed June 30,	<b>A</b> mount	Percentage
Expenditures	2010	2009	Difference	Change
Salaries	\$23,671,721	\$25,147,873	\$ (1,476,152)	-5.9%
Employee Benefits	7,429,186	7,571,188	(142,002)	-1.9%
Purchased Services	6,426,371	6,817,910	(391,539)	-5.7%
Supplies and Materials	1,282,198	1,745,931	(463,733)	-26.6%
Capital Expenditures	1,341,055	1,343,764	(2,709)	-0.2%
Other Expenditures	162,570	167,326	(4,756)	-2.8%
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$40,313,101	\$42,793,992	\$ (2,480,891)	-5.8%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)**

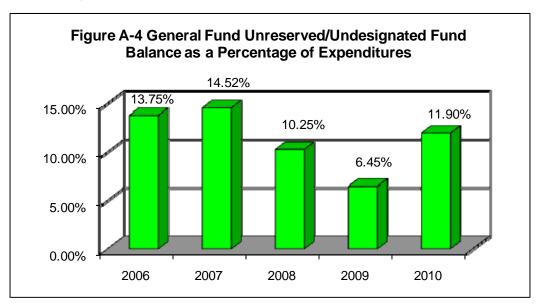
Total General Fund expenditures decreased \$2,480,891 or 5.8% from the previous year.

Salaries and employee benefits decreased due to the reductions in staffing made for the 2009-2010 school year. Benefits also decreased due to the reduction of staff. The District continues to proactively pursue various cost containment measures to minimize the effect of rising health insurance premiums on the costs of the District's employee compensation packages.

Combined non-payroll expenditures (Purchased Services, Supplies & Materials, Capital Expenditures and Other Expenditures) decreased \$862,737 or 8.6%, compared to last year. The decrease is primarily due to reductions and strategically under spending of budgeted expenditures in the areas of purchased services, supplies and capital outlay to help reduce the necessity for future reductions.

In summary, 2009-2010 General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded General Fund expenditures by \$1,757,351. As a result, the total fund balance is \$6,351,012 at June 30, 2010. After deducting statutory reserves, the unreserved-undesignated fund balance increased from \$2,760,494 on June 30, 2009 to \$4,798,469 on June 30, 2010.

Figure A-4, below, depicts the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund balance as a percentage of expenditures for fiscal years 2006 - 2010:



The graph above describing the District's unreserved-undesignated fund balance trend, offers the single best measure of the District's overall financial health. The unreserved-undesignated fund balance of \$4,798,469 on June 30, 2010 represents 11.90% of annual expenditures.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)**

The District closely monitors the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund balance through use of a detailed financial planning model, initiating necessary budget revisions during the year and with monthly budget analysis. The School Board has adopted a formal fund balance policy to maintain a minimum 6 percent (as a percentage of expenditures) fund balance in the General Fund unreserved-undesignated fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year (July 1). Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget once. The budget amendment usually falls into two categories:

- Implementing budgets for specially funded projects, which may include grants, adjusting staffing and various instructional building allocations based on enrollment, and budgeting for certain unspent funds that are required to be carried over from fiscal year 2009.
- Changes in appropriations for significant unbudgeted costs.

While the District's final budget for the General Fund anticipated that revenues and other financing sources would exceed expenditures by \$429,832, the actual results for the year show that revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$1,757,351. The main reason for the variance is due to strategic under spending of budgeted expenditures in the areas of purchased services, supplies and capital outlay to help reduce the necessity for future reductions.

#### **FOOD SERVICE FUND**

The Food Service Fund revenue for 2009-2010 totaled \$2,570,666 and expenditures were \$2,359,800, resulting in a fund balance increase of \$210,866. This fund balance improvement was primarily a result of continued effective cost control in an effort to finance kitchen remodel projects. The June 30, 2010 Food Service fund balance is \$493,708.

The Food Service Fund is anticipating the fund balance to remain steady or decline slightly as kitchen remodel projects begin in phases for 2010-2011.

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND**

In 2009-2010, total revenues for the Community Service Fund were \$2,241,563 and total expenditures were \$2,027,701 resulting in a fund balance increase of \$213,862. The Community Service fund balance as of June 30, 2010 is \$493,902. Community Service continues to monitor the fund balance and make adjustments that allow for the optimal level of programming for the District.

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

Revenues and expenditures for the District's Debt Service Fund are tied directly to the District's bond principal and interest payment schedules. The Debt Service Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$85,171 in 2009-2010. The resulting fund balance decrease leaves the Debt Service Fund with a fund balance of \$632,611 at June 30, 2010. This fund balance is only available for meeting future debt service obligations.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION Capital Assets

By the end of 2010, the District had net capital assets of \$30,423,263 representing a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, computer and audio-visual equipment, and other equipment for various instructional programs (see Table A-7 below). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,324,584. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Table A-7
The District's Capital Assets

	Year Ende	Percent	
Assets	2010	2009	Change
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 623,282	\$ 705,083	-11.6%
Land Improvements	3,146,715	3,146,715	0.0%
Buildings and Improvements	47,341,605	46,158,678	2.6%
Equipment	6,006,397	5,922,349	1.4%
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(26,694,736)	(25,439,036)	4.9%
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 30,423,263	\$ 30,493,789	-0.2%

#### **Construction Plans**

The School Board went through an intense process of looking at facility needs for the future of the District. The Board decided to close two elementary schools for the 2009 – 2010 school year and build an addition to Roosevelt Elementary that houses half of the District's kindergarten students. Construction began in June 2009 and was substantially completed in January 2010.

The School Board will continue to meet in a workshop setting with other local governmental entities annually to be apprised of other projects coming up in the District that will impact constituents of the city, county, and school district.

#### **Long-term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$10,346,810 in general obligation bonds outstanding including bond premium. This is a decrease of 16.8% from the previous year - as shown in Table A-8. The District continues to pay down its debt, retiring \$1,995,000 of outstanding bonds in the year ending June 30, 2010. The District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 45) during fiscal year 2009. The GASB 45 estimated liability is \$640,270 at June 30, 2010. The District also has \$4,779,844 in compensated absences payable and \$28,149 in pension benefits payable at June 30, 2010. Other postemployment benefits payable consist of postemployment health insurance benefits available to employees as specified in the employee's employment contract upon retirement. Health benefits have been paid by the General Fund. Pension benefits payable consist of pension benefit payments available to employees as specified in the employee's employment contract upon retirement. Pension benefits are paid by the General and Special Revenue Funds. Compensated absences payable consists of unused vacation at June 30, 2010 and other compensated absences paid at retirement for certain employees based on the employment contract. In the past, vacation expense has been paid by the General, Food Service, and the Community Service Funds. Overall, the District's outstanding long-term liabilities decreased by 9.6% in fiscal year 2010. More

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Table A-8
The District's Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term Liabilities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable	\$11,930,000	\$	\$1,995,000	\$ 9,935,000	\$2,100,000
Bond Premium	512,809		100,999	411,810	100,999
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	283,822	695,999	339,551	640,270	
Pension Benefits Payable		67,980	39,831	28,149	
Compensated Absences Payable	4,754,406	479,215	453,777	4,779,844	493,781
Total	\$17,481,037	\$ 1,243,194	\$2,929,158	\$15,795,073	\$2,694,780

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of a voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the State of Minnesota for its revenue authority. Recent experience demonstrates that legislated revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet instructional needs and increased costs due to inflation. The District has made significant spending reductions to remain fiscally responsible.

The 2009 Legislative Session was completed in May 2009. The basic formula for 2009-2010 was held flat for the 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 school years. There is quite a bit of concern regarding education funding in the future. In addition, the country has gone into an economic recession. The federal government enacted the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) to provide additional money to states, schools, businesses, etc. The District benefited from the ARRA money in the 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 school years. The federal government also enacted the EDU JOBS act to provide additional money to schools for 2010-2011. The state delayed March and April, 2010 aid payments and paid Districts back in May 2010. The state started delaying aid payments for 2010-2011 in September 2010 and expects to pay the money back to Districts in May 2011.

The District went to the voters in November 2008 to ask for additional operating revenue. The first operating referendum question passed and revenue increased \$201.51 per pupil. The District will again go to the voters in November 2010 to ask the voters to revoke the soon to be expiring \$498.49 per pupil operating referendum and replace it with a new \$898.49 per pupil operating referendum. If the operating referendum passes the additional money will not be available to the District until the 2011-2012 school year. The District still made \$1,744,362 of budget reductions for 2010-2011.

The Willmar area has felt the impact of the recession but continues to develop in some areas. Many businesses have reduced staff in order to remain viable during this economic crisis. The District feels the impact when service is slower or goods are no longer received in a timely manner. Chappell Central and Willmar Electric Service reduced staff over the past year. Jennie-O Turkey Store cut staff hours which allowed the District to maintain student enrollment because families remained in the area instead of relocating which is what would have happened if they were reduced. Papa Wheelies sold motor scooters when gas prices were high. As gas prices came down, Papa Wheelies went out of business and was replaced by a battery store. Alltel is relocating and remodeling the new location. Jimmy John's is being built and will bring a few jobs to the area.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE (CONTINUED)

The District will strive to maintain its longstanding commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunity for students within a framework of financial fiduciary responsibility.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide District citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives.

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District 347, 611 5<sup>th</sup> St SW, Willmar, MN 56201-3297, visit the Finance section of the District website at <a href="www.willmar.k12.mn.us">www.willmar.k12.mn.us</a> (click on District, Finance, and Finance Home), or contact Pam Harrington, Director of Business and Finance, at <a href="mailto:harringtonp@willmar.k12.mn.us">harringtonp@willmar.k12.mn.us</a> or 320-231-8511.

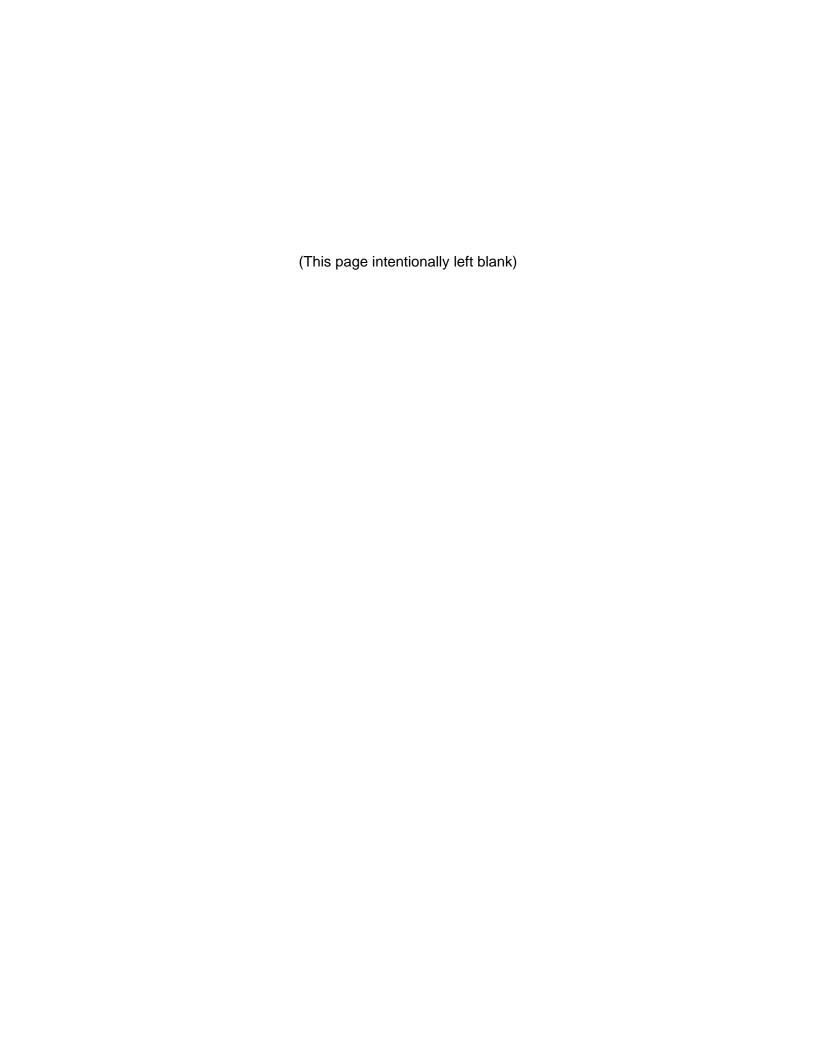
#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities					
	2010		2009			
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 4,902,235	\$	7,830,683			
Receivables						
Property taxes	3,554,243		3,492,983			
Other governments	10,218,824		5,059,850			
Other	119,351		69,591			
Prepaid items	20,733		22,072			
Inventories	59,583		81,664			
Bond issuance costs, net	47,404		59,759			
Capital assets:	•		,			
Assets not being depreciated	623,282		705,083			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	29,799,981		29,788,706			
outer capital accord, flot of acproclation	 20,100,001		20,100,100			
Total Assets	\$ 49,345,636	\$	47,110,391			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS						
Liabilities						
Salaries and wages payable	\$ 3,454,009	\$	3,452,311			
Accounts and contracts payable	502,060		541,955			
Due to other governmental units	138,418		122,137			
Accrued interest	205,688		246,854			
Unearned revenue						
Property taxes	6,489,215		6,285,042			
Local sources	145,855		124,775			
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year	2,694,780		2,718,561			
Due in more than one year	13,100,293		14,762,476			
Total Liabilities	26,730,318		28,254,111			
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for	20,076,453		18,050,980			
	152 090		440 240			
Operating capital purposes State-mandated reserves	153,980 198,563		440,240 144,787			
Food service	493,708		282,842			
	493,706		•			
Community service	•		280,040			
Debt service	426,923		470,928			
Unrestricted	 771,789		(813,537)			
Total Net Assets	 22,615,318		18,856,280			
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 49,345,636	\$	47,110,391			

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

						2010						2009
					Pro	gram Revenues			F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Re	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets
						Operating		Capital				
		_		Charges		Grants and	_	Grants and	G	Sovernmental		overnmental
		Expenses	fc	or Services		Contributions	C	ontributions		Activities		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	_		_		_		_		_			
Administration	\$	1,653,919	\$		\$	5,000	\$		\$	(1,648,919)	\$	(1,605,548)
District support services		949,578				41,819				(907,759)		(956,176)
Regular instruction		20,103,140		480,798		9,699,270				(9,923,072)		(14,117,114)
Vocational education instruction		883,686		5,082		59,955				(818,649)		(815,022)
Special education instruction		7,752,733		151,035		5,055,432				(2,546,266)		(3,351,695)
Instructional support services		2,243,858		1,810		603,565				(1,638,483)		(1,668,266)
Pupil support services		3,538,480				93,173				(3,445,307)		(3,344,503)
Sites and buildings		3,508,797		50,878		20,901		605,372		(2,831,646)		(3,092,380)
Fiscal and other fixed costs programs		130,321								(130,321)		(130,872)
Food service		2,359,800		794,307		1,774,051				208,558		78,449
Community service		2,064,867		774,253		1,148,796				(141,818)		(337,778)
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term liabilities		464,890								(464,890)		(560,304)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	45,654,069	\$	2,258,163	\$	18,501,962	\$	605,372		(24,288,572)		(29,901,209)
		IERAL REVENU										
		perty taxes levi										
		Seneral purpose								3,764,583		3,029,678
		community servi	ice							289,627		279,779
		ebt service								2,298,717		2,064,562
		ate aid not restri	cted to	specific purpo	ses					21,636,016		24,228,781
		erest earnings								46,183		123,545
	Mis	scellaneous								12,484		9,393
		Total Genera	I Reve	nues						28,047,610		29,735,738
		Change in Ne	et Asse	ets						3,759,038		(165,471)
	NET	ASSETS, BEG	INNIN	G OF YEAR						18,856,280		19,021,751
	NET	ASSETS, END	OF YI	EAR					\$	22,615,318	\$	18,856,280



#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

#### WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

	Food		Community		Debt		Total Governmental Funds				
	 General		Service		Service		Service		2010		2009
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ 1,966,207	\$	506,602	\$	548,207	\$	1,791,738	\$	4,812,754	\$	7,727,819
Receivables	1,940,386				198,511		1,324,611		3,463,508		3,428,145
Current property taxes  Delinquent property taxes	49,891				4,654		36,190		90,735		64,838
Due from other Minnesota school districts	260,585		95		17,344		30,190		278,024		205,147
Due from Minnesota Department of Education	8,589,994		3,855		264,125		52,322		8,910,296		3,939,666
Due from Federal through Minnesota Department of Education	931,058		64,033		2,996		02,022		998,087		773,131
Due from Federal Government received directly	29,567		0.,000		2,000				29,567		25,814
Due from other governmental units	1,508		1,342						2,850		116,092
Other receivables	92,574		8,353		18,424				119,351		69,591
Due from other funds											43,616
Prepaid items	19,216		246		1,271				20,733		22,072
Inventories	 40,732		18,851						59,583		81,664
Total Assets	\$ 13,921,718	\$	603,377	\$	1,055,532	\$	3,204,861	\$	18,785,488	\$	16,497,595
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE											
Liabilities											
Salaries and wages payable	\$ 3,298,119	\$	45,240	\$	110,650	\$		\$	3,454,009	\$	3,452,311
Accounts and contracts payable	445,676		20,848		29,499				496,023		530,551
Due to other governmental units	112,557				25,861				138,418		122,137
Due to other funds											43,616
Deferred revenue											
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	3,573,078				380,077		2,536,060		6,489,215		6,285,042
Delinquent property taxes	49,891		40.504		4,654		36,190		90,735		64,838
Local sources	 91,385		43,581		10,889				145,855		124,775
Total Liabilities	7,570,706		109,669		561,630		2,572,250		10,814,255		10,623,270
Fund Balance											
Reserved for	04.405								04.405		400 770
Staff development	91,105								91,105		100,772
Area learning center Gifted and talented	65,745 36,408								65,745 36,408		77,507 14,648
Operating capital	153,980								153,980		440,240
Basic skills	5,305								5,305		440,240
Adult basic education	0,000				49,865				49,865		
Community education programs					257,339				257,339		111,386
Early childhood and family education programs					84,881				84,881		72,889
School readiness					51,262				51,262		47,371
Unreserved, designated, reported in											
General fund	1,200,000								1,200,000		1,200,000
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in											
General fund	4,798,469								4,798,469		2,760,494
Debt service fund							632,611		632,611		717,782
Special revenue funds	 	_	493,708		50,555				544,263		331,236
Total Fund Balance	 6,351,012	_	493,708		493,902		632,611		7,971,233		5,874,325
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 13,921,718	\$	603,377	\$	1,055,532	\$	3,204,861	\$	18,785,488	\$	16,497,595
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	 (27)										

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010 WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

	2010	2009
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,971,233	\$ 5,874,325
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land and construction in progress	623,282	705,083
Land improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	1,354,584	1,472,649
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	26,654,443	
Equipment and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	1,790,954	1,963,128
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and		
therefore are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.	90,735	64,838
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.	(205,688	) (246,854)
g	(===,===,	(= : = ; = = : )
Governmental funds report debt issuance costs as expenditures at the time of issuance. Issuance costs are reported as an unamortized asset in the government-wide financial statements.	47,404	59,759
	·	,
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs associated		
with Delta Dental Insurance. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	83,444	91,460
		51,155
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable,		
are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported		
in the Statement of Net Assets. Balances at year-end are:	(0.025.000)	(11 020 000)
Bonds payable Unamortized premiums	(9,935,000 <u>)</u> (411,810 <u>)</u>	, ,
Other postemployment benefits	(640,270)	, ,
Pension benefits	(28,149)	
Compensated absences payable	(4,779,844)	
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 22,615,318	\$ 18,856,280

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

			Food	(	Community		Debt	Total Govern	menta	l Funds
		General	 Service		Service		Service	2010		2009
REVENUES										
Local sources										
Property taxes	\$	3,740,446	\$	\$	288,475	\$	2,297,174	\$ 6,326,095	\$	5,356,117
Interest earnings		26,867	2,308		3,438		13,570	46,183		123,544
Other		1,141,495	809,821		1,032,958			2,984,274		2,770,217
State sources		32,000,209	180,270		880,785		193,785	33,255,049		36,508,141
Federal sources		5,159,335	 1,578,267		35,907			 6,773,509		3,138,595
Total Revenues		42,068,352	2,570,666		2,241,563		2,504,529	49,385,110		47,896,614
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
Administration		1,557,761						1,557,761		1,740,466
District support services		942,076						942,076		946,171
Regular instruction		18,880,393						18,880,393		19,565,445
Vocational education instruction		780,689						780,689		857,961
Special education instruction		7,468,689						7,468,689		8,357,364
Instructional support services		2,111,164						2,111,164		2,273,127
Pupil support services		3,550,608			16,639			3,567,247		3,587,103
Sites and buildings		3,551,207						3,551,207		4,010,687
Fiscal and other fixed costs programs		129,459						129,459		130,010
Food service			2,246,359					2,246,359		2,213,875
Community service					1,973,659			1,973,659		1,994,607
Capital outlay		1,341,055	113,441		37,403			1,491,899		1,363,308
Debt service										
Principal							1,995,000	1,995,000		1,835,000
Interest and fiscal charges			 				594,700	 594,700		686,800
Total Expenditures		40,313,101	 2,359,800		2,027,701		2,589,700	 47,290,302		49,561,924
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,755,251	210,866		213,862		(85,171)	2,094,808		(1,665,310)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES										
Sale of equipment		2,100						2,100		
Sale of equipment	-	2,100	 	-		-		 2,100		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,757,351	210,866		213,862		(85,171)	2,096,908		(1,665,310)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,593,661	 282,842		280,040		717,782	 5,874,325		7,539,635
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	6,351,012	\$ 493,708	\$	493,902	\$	632,611	\$ 7,971,233	\$	5,874,325

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:  Capital outlay is reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Loss on disposal of capital assets  The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences is as follows:  Payment of bond principal  Change in accrued interest expense  Amortization of bond principal  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - pension, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.		2010	2009
Capital outlay is reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay Depreciation expense.  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Loss on disposal of capital assets  The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences is as follows:  Payment of bond principal Change in accrued interest expense Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premium 1,995,000 1,835,000 1,835,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,000 1,995,00	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,096,908	\$ (1,665,310)
Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay Depreciation expense (1,324,584) (1,313,594) Loss on disposal of capital assets (22,645) (1,000)  The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences is as follows:  Payment of bond principal Change in accrued interest expense Amortization of bond issuance costs (12,355) Amortization of bond premium  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - pension, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.	·		
of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of these differences is as follows:  Payment of bond principal Change in accrued interest expense 41,166 37,854 Amortization of bond premium 100,999 100,999  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds. 25,897  In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - pension, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.  (8,016) 9,844	Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	(1,324,584)	(1,313,594)
Change in accrued interest expense Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premium 100,999 100,999  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  100,999  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  100,999  Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  25,897 17,901  In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - pension, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.  (8,016) 9,844	of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as it		
soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.  25,897  17,901  In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - pension, other postemployment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  (410,035)  (86,223)  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.  (8,016)  9,844	Payment of bond principal Change in accrued interest expense Amortization of bond issuance costs	41,166 (12,355)	37,854 (12,357)
employment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).  An internal service fund is used to charge the costs associated with Delta Dental insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.  (80,016) 9,844	soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred	25,897	17,901
insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with governmental activities.  (8,016) 9,844	employment benefits and compensated absences - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially,	(410,035)	(86,223)
Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities \$ 3,759,038 \$ (165,471)	insurance. The net change in net assets of the fund is reported with	(8,016)	9,844
	Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,759,038	\$ (165,471)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			2009		
	Dudgeted	Amounto		Over (Under) Final	
	Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES	Original	- 1 11101	7 totaai	Daagot	7101001
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 3,738,352	\$ 3,747,330	\$ 3,740,446	\$ (6,884)	\$ 3,018,820
Interest earnings	58,970	25,683	26,867	1,184	92,569
Other	1,090,114	957,685	1,141,495	183,810	1,187,881
State sources	34,097,070	31,985,016	32,000,209	15,193	35,233,235
Federal sources	1,957,068	5,304,900	5,159,335	(145,565)	1,739,661
Total Revenues	40,941,574	42,020,614	42,068,352	47,738	41,272,166
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Administration	1,537,745	1,560,561	1,557,761	(2,800)	1,740,466
District support services	1,002,599	1,010,061	942,076	(67,985)	946,171
Regular instruction	19,281,952	19,402,993	18,880,393	(522,600)	19,565,445
Vocational education instruction	653,165	810,751	780,689	(30,062)	857,961
Special education instruction	7,619,400	7,513,963	7,468,689	(45,274)	8,357,364
Instructional support services	2,142,435	2,264,598	2,111,164	(153,434)	2,273,127
Pupil support services	3,614,655	3,583,221	3,550,608	(32,613)	3,568,997
Sites and buildings	3,539,360	3,619,203	3,551,207	(67,996)	4,010,687
Fiscal and other fixed costs programs	130,010	130,010	129,459	(551)	130,010
Capital outlay	1,626,719	1,697,521	1,341,055	(356,466)	1,343,764
Total Expenditures	41,148,040	41,592,882	40,313,101	(1,279,781)	42,793,992
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(206,466)	427,732	1,755,251	1,327,519	(1,521,826)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Sale of equipment		2,100	2,100		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (206,466)	\$ 429,832	1,757,351	\$ 1,327,519	(1,521,826)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,593,661		6,115,487
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 6,351,012		\$ 4,593,661

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOOD SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

				20	10				2009		
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts							
		Original		Final	Actual		ļ	Budget		Actual	
REVENUES											
Local sources											
Interest earnings	\$	1,201	\$	1,455	\$	2,308	\$	853	\$	1,701	
Other-primarily meal sales		808,642		795,284		809,821		14,537		782,746	
State sources		187,841		180,618		180,270		(348)		190,237	
Federal sources	1	,216,931	1	1,438,771	1	,578,267		139,496	1	,348,149	
Total Revenues	2	2,214,615	2	2,416,128	2	,570,666		154,538	2	2,322,833	
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Food service	2	2,077,820	2	2,253,734	2	,246,359		(7,375)	2	2,213,875	
Capital outlay		89,700		138,485		113,441		(25,044)		19,414	
Total Expenditures	2	2,167,520	2	2,392,219	2	,359,800		(32,419)	2	2,233,289	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	47,095	\$	23,909		210,866	\$	186,957		89,544	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						282,842				193,298	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	493,708			\$	282,842	

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### COMMUNITY SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			2009		
	Budgeted	I Amounts		Over (Under) Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 299,409	\$ 288,914	\$ 288,475	\$ (439)	\$ 278,710
Interest earnings	3,280	2,424	3,438	1,014	4,779
Other-primarily tuition and fees	778,213	906,652	1,032,958	126,306	799,590
State sources	835,833	870,945	880,785	9,840	894,151
Federal sources	47,892	36,482	35,907	(575)	50,785
Total Revenues	1,964,627	2,105,417	2,241,563	136,146	2,028,015
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Pupil support services	7,150	12,950	16,639	3,689	18,106
Community service	1,987,835	2,038,605	1,973,659	(64,946)	1,994,607
Capital outlay	2,000	27,706	37,403	9,697	130
Total Expenditures	1,996,985	2,079,261	2,027,701	(51,560)	2,012,843
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (32,358)	\$ 26,156	213,862	\$ 187,706	15,172
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			280,040		264,868
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 493,902		\$ 280,040

# STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2010 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund						
		2010		2009			
ASSETS							
Current Assets Cash and investments	\$	89,481	\$	102,864			
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	6,037	\$	11,404			
Net Assets							
Unrestricted		83,444		91,460			
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	89,481	\$	102,864			

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund						
		2010	2009				
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	222,199	\$	230,718			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Dental insurance claim payments		203,653		194,182			
General administration costs		26,562		26,692			
Total Operating Expenses		230,215		220,874			
Net Change in Net Assets		(8,016)		9,844			
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		91,460		81,616			
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	83,444	\$	91,460			

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund				
		2010		2009	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from interfund services provided Payments for administrative costs Payments for dental fees and insurance claims	\$	222,199 (27,179) (208,403)	\$	230,718 (27,819) (204,201)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(13,383)		(1,302)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		102,864		104,166	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	89,481	\$	102,864	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Increase (Decrease) in:	\$	(8,016)	\$	9,844	
Accounts payable		(5,367)		(11,146)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	(13,383)	\$	(1,302)	

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund	
ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	36,623 493
Total Assets	\$	37,116
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	200
Net Assets Held in trust for scholarships		36,916
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	37,116
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010		
	Р	Private- urpose ust Fund
ADDITIONS Interest earnings	\$	663
DEDUCTIONS Scholarship obligations		400
Change in Net Assets		263
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		36,653
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	36,916

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Independent School District #347 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB pronouncements are recognized as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Independent School District #347 Board of Education ("District") is the basic level of government which has the financial accountability and control over all activities related to the public school education for the Willmar Public School District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with the expenditure requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, and the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined by GASB Statement 14 which are included in the District's reporting entity.

Student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside school hours. The School Board has a fiduciary responsibility in establishing broad policies and ensuring that appropriate financial records are maintained for student activities. However, in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District's School Board has not elected to control or exercise oversight responsibility with respect to the underlying student activities. Accordingly, the student activity accounts are not included in these financial statements.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District except for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are only reported at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Elimination of all charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Since by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The Internal Service Fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal user of the internal services is the District's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges to customers for service. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing or related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable when the amount of the transaction can be determined and available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property tax revenue is generally considered as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Minnesota Statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Food service sales, community education tuition, and other miscellaneous revenue (except interest earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Interest earnings are recorded when earned because they are measurable and available. A six-month availability period is generally used for other fund revenue.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Cont'd)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The District does not use encumbrances for either budgeting or financial reporting purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The District reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring the qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### **Description of Funds**

The existence of the various District funds has been established by the State of Minnesota, Department of Education. The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

#### Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the District, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, health and safety projects, and disabled accessibility projects.

The Food Service Special Revenue Fund accounts for all activities associated with the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals, lunches or snacks in connection with school activities.

The Community Service Special Revenue Fund accounts for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, veterans, adult or early childhood programs or other similar services.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

#### Proprietary Fund:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's Internal Service Fund accounts for the District's dental self-insurance program. The self-insurance costs are charged to the various funds based on established premium rates.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Cont'd)

#### Fiduciary Fund:

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefits individuals, private organizations, or other governments. This fund accounts for gifts and bequests that are to be used for scholarships.

#### D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Each June, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General, Food Service, Community Service, and Debt Service Funds. The approved budget is published in summary form in the District's legal newspaper by November 30 of each year. Reported budget amounts represent the amended budget as adopted by the School Board. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Procedurally, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements, the Superintendent submits to the School Board prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is legally enacted by School Board action. Revisions to budgeted amounts must be approved by the School Board.

Total fund expenditures in excess of the budget require approval of the School Board. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at line item levels.

Unencumbered expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances are generally not recorded.

Budget provisions for the Debt Service Fund are set by state law governing required debt service levels.

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

#### Cash and Investments:

Cash and investments consist of demand deposit accounts, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and a repurchase agreement. Investments are recorded at fair value.

Cash balances from all funds of the District are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in allowable cash management accounts. Earnings from such accounts are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers cash in bank and all highly liquid instruments (including restricted assets) to be cash and cash equivalents in its proprietary fund.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (Cont'd)

#### **Accounts Receivable:**

Accounts receivable represents amounts receivable from individuals, firms, and corporations for goods and services furnished by the District. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances, therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are current property taxes receivable.

#### **Current Property Taxes Receivable:**

Current property taxes receivable represent current real and personal property tax levies, certified the previous December and collectible in the current calendar year, which have not been received by the District.

#### **Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable:**

Delinquent property taxes receivable represent taxes collectible in the years 2003 to 2009 that remain uncollected at June 30, 2010. They are equally offset by a deferred revenue amount in the liabilities of the fund financial statements.

#### **Prepaid Items:**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense or expenditure at the time of consumption.

#### Inventories:

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of paper, purchased food and supplies. Food, paper and supply purchases are recorded at invoice cost, computed on a first-in, first-out method.

#### **Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Years:**

Current levies of local taxes, less the amount recognized as revenue in the current period, including portions assumed by the state which will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, are included in this account to indicate that, while they are current assets, they will not be recognized as revenue until the following year.

#### Capital Assets:

Tangible and intangible capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 for capitalizing tangible and intangible capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Tangible and intangible capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 15 years for equipment.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (Cont'd)

Capital Assets: (Cont'd)

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

In June 2007, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets.* This Statement requires that essentially all intangible assets be recorded as capital assets. Further, the Statement provides guidance regarding internally generated intangible assets, such as software development and other intangible assets, such as easements, water rights, timber rights and other land management assets. Retroactive reporting is required for intangible assets, except for those considered to have indefinite useful lives as of the effective date of this Statement, and those that would be considered internally generated. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 51 effective July 1, 2009. The District does not possess any material amounts of intangible capital assets.

#### Long-Term Obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, if material, are reported as an asset and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Accrued Employee Benefits:**

Vacation Pav:

Employees earn annual vacation pay at rates dependent upon each employee group labor contract. All outstanding unpaid vacation pay is payable upon termination of employment. At June 30, 2010, unpaid vacation pay totaling \$159,694 is recorded in the financial statements.

#### Sick Pay:

Substantially all District employees are entitled to sick leave at various rates. For certain employees, unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance pay upon termination.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (Cont'd)

#### Accrued Employee Benefits: (Cont'd)

Secretarial Staff:

An unused sick leave payment is available to secretaries who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to 75% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave hours multiplied by the employee's hourly rate of pay, not to exceed 600 hours, less any TSA match the District contributed. Employees hired after July 1, 2000 are not eligible for an unused sick leave payment.

#### Library Clerical Staff and General Paraprofessionals:

An unused sick leave payment is available to library clerical staff and general paraprofessionals who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to 75% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave days multiplied by the employee's daily rate of pay, not to exceed 115 days.

#### Special Needs Paraprofessionals and Sign Language Interpreters:

An unused sick leave payment is available to special needs paraprofessionals and sign language interpreters who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 58 years of age. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to 75% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave days multiplied by the employee's daily rate of pay, not to exceed 805 hours, less any TSA match the District contributed. Employees hired after July 1, 2002 will not be eligible for an unused sick leave payment.

#### Food Service Staff:

An unused sick leave payment is available to food service staff who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to 75% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave hours multiplied by the employee's hourly rate of pay, not to exceed 430 hours.

#### Administrators:

An unused sick leave payment is available to administrators who have completed at least 10 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age but not more than 65 years of age. An eligible administrator will receive an amount equal to the number of unused accumulated sick leave days multiplied by the employee's daily rate of pay, not to exceed 175 days, less any TSA match the District contributed. Administrators hired after July 1, 2000 are not eligible for an unused sick leave payment.

#### Teachers:

An unused sick leave payment is available to teachers who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age. An eligible teacher will receive an amount equal to 50% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave days multiplied by the employee's daily rate of pay, not to exceed 90 days. Furthermore, an eligible teacher will receive an amount equal to the teacher's number of years of service multiplied by four and the employee's daily rate of pay, not to exceed 100 days. The maximum combined total payment shall not exceed 150 days. Any TSA match the District contributed will be deducted from the payment. Teachers hired after July 1, 2000 are not eligible for this benefit.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (Cont'd)

#### Accrued Employee Benefits: (Cont'd)

#### Custodians:

Custodians shall earn ten days of severance pay credit for each full year of service, with accumulation to 150 days. Upon resignation of the employee at age 55 or older, the District shall pay severance equal to 75% of an employee's accumulated severance pay days up to a maximum of 112.5 days, at the employee's daily rate of pay.

#### Confidential Employees:

An unused sick leave payment is available to confidential employees who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to 75% of the number of unused accumulated sick leave hours multiplied by the employee's hourly rate of pay, not to exceed 805 hours, less any TSA match the District contributed. Employees hired after July 1, 2004 are not eligible for an unused sick leave payment.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits:

Under the terms of previous employment contracts, when certain qualified employees retired between the ages of 55 to 65, the District provided life and health insurance benefits which would cease when such employees attain the age of 65. This benefit is no longer available to employees; however, the District continues to pay health insurance for qualified individuals that retired when this benefit was in effect. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

#### **Deferred Revenue:**

Deferred revenues are those in which resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. The District has reported deferred revenues for excess tax increment financing receipts in the General Fund.

#### Fund Balance:

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

#### **Net Assets:**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities in the government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net assets are reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statements when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### F. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

#### Revenues:

Property tax levies are established by the Board of Education in December each year and are certified to the County for collection in the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The County spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1. Taxes are due on May 15 and October 15. The County generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of property taxes levied is paid through various state tax credits which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Generally, tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year ending June 30, following the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible, while the current calendar year tax levy is recorded as deferred revenue (property taxes levied for subsequent year). The majority of District revenue in the General Fund (and to a lesser extent in the District's Community Service Special Revenue Fund) is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is then allocated between taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities. Changes in this allocation are periodically accompanied by a change in property tax revenue recognition referred to as the "tax shift."

In accordance with State law, the current tax shift consists of an amount equal to 31% of the District's 2000 Pay 2001 operating referendum which is frozen at \$184,153 for the District. The tax shift also includes certain other levies that are recognized early based on statutory requirements.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is deferred because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided as such amounts are not expected to be material. Current levies of local taxes, less the amount recognized as revenue in the current period, including portions assumed by the State which will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, are included in Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year to indicate that, while they are current assets, they will not be recognized as revenue until the following year.

#### **Expenditures:**

Expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to amounts represented by current liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities are not recognized as governmental fund expenditures or liabilities.

#### G. <u>USE OF ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

#### H. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year partial comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009, from which the partial information was derived.

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED OBLIGATIONS

There were no violations of finance-related obligations.

#### B. <u>DEFICIT FUND BALANCES</u>

The District had no deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2010.

#### C. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

No funds of the District have excess expenditures over budget as of June 30, 2010.

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010, are as follows:

	Book	
	Balance	
Governmental Activities		
Cash and investments		
Pooled cash in checking accounts	\$	129,217
Petty cash		480
Individual fund savings account		2,031
Repurchase agreement		4,770,507
Total Cash and investments	\$	4,902,235
Fiduciary Fund		
Cash and investments		
Pooled cash in checking accounts	\$	6,623
Non-negotiable certificates of deposit		30,000
Total Cash and investments	\$	36,623

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

#### A. **DEPOSITS**

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. Minnesota Statutes require all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes the obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, futures contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days, as well as certain first mortgage notes, and certain other state or local government obligations. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the District treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing the collateral.

As of June 30, 2010, the District's deposits were sufficiently covered by insurance. The District does not have a policy that further limits its collateral choices.

#### B. INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy on custodial credit risk states securities shall be held in third party safekeeping by an institution designated as custodial agent. The institution or dealer shall issue a safekeeping receipt to the District listing the specific instrument, the name of the issuer, the name in which the security is held, the rate, the maturity, serial numbers and other distinguishing marks, and other pertinent information related to the securities held.

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that the market value of securities will fall due to the changes in market interest rates. The District's policy states investment maturities shall be scheduled to coincide with projected District cash flow needs, taking into account large routine or scheduled expenditures, as well as anticipated receipt dates of anticipated revenues. Maturities for short-term and long-term investments shall be timed according to anticipated need. Within these parameters, portfolio maturities shall be staggered to avoid undue concentration of assets and a specific maturity sector. The maturities selected shall provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. The District's investment in the repurchase agreement does not have a specific maturity date but is cancelable by giving the institution 30 days notice.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

#### B. INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

Credit Risk. This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; time deposits that are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corportation or bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, or with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, or that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

Certain securities underlying the repurchase agreement include investments in FNMA and FHLMC. FNMA is rated Aaa and FHLMC is rated Aa2 by Moody's.

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy states the District shall diversify its investments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. More than 5 percent of the District's investments are in the repurchase agreement. The repurchase agreement is 100% of the District's investments.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 4. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities	Dalance	morease	Decrease	Dalance
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 623,282	\$	\$	\$ 623,282
Construction in progress	81,801	1,066,531	(1,148,332)	
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	705,083	1,066,531	(1,148,332)	623,282
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land improvements	3,146,715			3,146,715
Buildings and improvements	46,158,678	1,182,927		47,341,605
Equipment	5,922,349	175,577	(91,529)	6,006,397
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated	55,227,742	1,358,504	(91,529)	56,494,717
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	(1,674,066)	(118,065)		(1,792,131)
Buildings and improvements	(19,805,749)	(881,413)		(20,687,162)
Equipment	(3,959,221)	(325,106)	68,884	(4,215,443)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,439,036)	(1,324,584)	68,884	(26,694,736)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	29,788,706	33,920	(22,645)	29,799,981
Governmental Activities				
Net Capital Assets	\$ 30,493,789	\$ 1,100,451	\$ (1,170,977)	\$ 30,423,263
Depreciation expense was charged to fund	ctions/programs	as follows:		
Governmental Activities				
Administration			\$ 226	
District support services			1,640	
Regular instruction			1,072,261	
Vocational education instruction			11,935	
Special education instruction Instructional support services			1,825 15,023	
Pupil support services			23,550	
Sites and buildings			176,657	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs			862	
Community service			20,605	

Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities

\$ 1,324,584

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

#### A. <u>COMPONENTS OF LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

The District has issued general obligation school building bonds to finance the construction of capital facilities or refinance previous bond issues. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. These levies are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

	Original	Final		<b>5</b> .	
	Amount	Maturity	Interest	Balance	
	Issued	Date	Rate	Outstanding	
Governmental Activities		_			
General Obligation Bonds					
Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A	\$ 16,265,000	02/01/15	5.00%	\$ 9,625,000	
Capital Facilities, Series 2007A	495,000	02/01/13	4.00%	310,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	3			9,935,000	
Bond premium - net				411,810	
Other postemployment benefits payab	le			640,270	
Pension benefits payable				28,149	
Compensated absences payable				4,779,844	
Total Governmental Activities				\$ 15,795,073	

#### B. MINIMUM DEBT PAYMENTS

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire long-term debt, not including other postemployment benefits payable, pension benefits payable and compensated absences payable are as follows:

	General Obligation			
	Bonds Payable			
Year Ending				_
June 30,	Principal		Interest	
2011	\$	2,100,000	\$	493,650
2012		2,200,000		389,650
2013		2,315,000		280,700
2014		2,320,000		166,000
2015		1,000,000		50,000
				_
	\$	9,935,000	\$	1,380,000

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

#### C. <u>DESCRIPTION OF LONG-TERM DEBT</u>

#### **General Obligation Bonds:**

On November 1, 2005, the District issued \$16,265,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A to advance refund the General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1997A. The bonds are due in varying annual installments each February 1 from February 1, 2007 through February 1, 2015, with interest at a rate of 5.00% due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The District reduced its total debt service payments by \$1,098,563 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$916,043. Future ad valorem tax levies are dedicated to the retirement of these bonds.

On June 15, 2007, the District issued \$495,000 of General Obligation Capital Facilities Bonds, Series 2007A. The proceeds of this issue were used to finance various school roofing and parking lot improvements. Capital facilities revenues under Minnesota Statute Section 124.2455, are dedicated to the retirement of these bonds. In the event the capital facilities revenues are not sufficient, the District will levy property taxes for the deficiency.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Payable:

Other postemployment benefits payable consist of postemployment health insurance benefits available to employees as specified in the employee's employment contract upon retirement. Health benefits have been paid by the General Fund.

#### **Pension Benefits Payable:**

Pension benefits payable consist of pension benefit payments available to employees as specified in the employee's employment contract upon retirement. Pension benefits are paid by the General and Special Revenue Funds.

#### **Compensated Absences Payable:**

Compensated absences payable consists of unused vacation at June 30, 2010 and other compensated absences paid at retirement for certain employees based on the employment contract. In the past, compensated absences have been paid by the General, Food Service, and the Community Service Funds.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Cont'd)

#### D. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT

The following table summarizes changes in long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2010:

				Due
Beginning			Ending	Within
Balance	Additions	Reductions Balance C		One Year
\$ 11,930,000	\$	\$ (1,995,000)	\$ 9,935,000	\$ 2,100,000
512,809		(100,999)	411,810	100,999
283,822	695,999	(339,551)	640,270	
	67,980	(39,831)	28,149	
4,754,406	479,215	(453,777)	4,779,844	493,781
		<u> </u>		
\$ 17,481,037	\$ 1,243,194	\$ (2,929,158)	\$ 15,795,073	\$ 2,694,780
	Balance \$ 11,930,000 512,809 283,822 4,754,406	Balance       Additions         \$ 11,930,000       \$         512,809       695,999         67,980       67,980         4,754,406       479,215	Balance         Additions         Reductions           \$ 11,930,000         \$ (1,995,000)           512,809         (100,999)           283,822         695,999         (339,551)           67,980         (39,831)           4,754,406         479,215         (453,777)	Balance         Additions         Reductions         Balance           \$ 11,930,000         \$ (1,995,000)         \$ 9,935,000           512,809         (100,999)         411,810           283,822         695,999         (339,551)         640,270           67,980         (39,831)         28,149           4,754,406         479,215         (453,777)         4,779,844

In addition, the District has available a \$750,000 line of credit with a local financial institution. The line bears interest at variable rates (4.5% at June 30, 2010) and is unsecured. This line matures on December 31, 2010. There is no balance outstanding under this arrangement as of June 30, 2010.

#### NOTE 6. RESERVED FUND BALANCES

#### **Fund Equity:**

Certain portions of fund balance are reserved based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties. The following is a summary of the reserved fund balances for the governmental funds:

#### A. RESERVED FOR STAFF DEVELOPMENT

In accordance with state statute, the district was not required but chose to reserve 0.75% of basic General Education revenue for staff development. The cumulative excess of such revenues over staff development expenditures is reported as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund.

#### B. RESERVED FOR GIFTED AND TALENTED

The fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide gifted and talented programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 6. RESERVED FUND BALANCES (Cont'd)

#### C. RESERVED FOR OPERATING CAPITAL

The District levies taxes and receives state aid to be used for the purchase of equipment, books and vehicles and to purchase, rent, improve, and repair school facilities as allowed by state statute. The cumulative excess of such revenues over equipment and facilities expenditures is reported as a reservation of fund balance in the General Fund.

#### D. RESERVED FOR BASIC SKILLS

The fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide for basic skills programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

#### E. RESERVED FOR COMMUNITY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide general community education programming.

#### F. RESERVED FOR EARLY CHILDHOOD AND FAMILY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

This fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide services for early childhood family education programming.

#### G. RESERVED FOR SCHOOL READINESS

The fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide school readiness programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

#### H. RESERVED FOR AREA LEARNING CENTERS

The fund balance reservation represents up to 90% of the accumulated resources available to provide alternative programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

#### I. RESERVED FOR ADULT BASIC EDUCATON

The fund balance reservation represents accumulated resources available to provide adult basic education programming in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

Substantially all employees of the District are required by State law to belong to pension plans administered by the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) or Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), all of which are administered on a statewide basis.

#### A. TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

#### Plan Description:

All teachers employed by the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA). TRA members belong to either the Coordinated or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. The plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356.

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II as described:

Tier I	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	1st ten years	2.2% per year
	All years after	2.7% per year
Coordinated	1st ten years if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.2% per year
	1st ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4% per year
	All other years of service if service years are prior to July 1, 2006	1.7% per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9% per year

#### With these provisions:

- a. Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- b. 3% per year early retirement reduction factors for all years under normal retirement age.
- c. Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more.)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 7. <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE</u> (Cont'd)

#### A. TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (Cont'd)

Tier II:

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated members and 2.7 for Basic members applies. Actuarially equivalent early retirement reduction factors with augmentation are used for early retirement before the normal age of 65. These reduction factors average approximately 4 to 5.5 percent per year.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans which have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

TRA publicly issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presenting financial statements, supplemental information on funding levels, investment performance, and further information on benefits provisions. The report may be accessed at the TRA web site www.tra.state.mn.us. Alternatively, a copy of the report may be obtained by writing or calling TRA:

Teachers Retirement Association 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400 St. Paul, MN 55103-4000 651-296-6449 800-657-3853

#### **Funding Policy:**

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 354 sets the rates for the employee and employer contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. Coordinated and Basic Plan members are required to contribute 5.5 percent and 9.0 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary as employee contributions. The TRA employer contribution rates are 5.5 percent for Coordinated members and 9.5 percent for Basic members. Total covered payroll for all TRA members statewide during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 was approximately \$3.76 billion. TRA covered payroll for all members statewide for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and June 30, 2007 were \$3.65 billion and \$3.53 billion, respectively.

The District contributions for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$1,027,781, \$1,066,607, and \$1,089,337, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Cont'd)

#### B. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF MINNESOTA

#### Plan Description:

All full-time and certain part-time employees (other than teachers) of the District are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. This plan is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

PERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute, and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For all PERF members hired prior to July 1, 1989 whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90.

Normal retirement age is 65 for Basic and Coordinated members hired prior to July 1, 1989. Normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66 for Coordinated members hired on or after July 1, 1989. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

There are different types of annuities available to members upon retirement. A single-life annuity is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree--no survivor annuity is payable. There are also various types of joint and survivor annuity options available which will be payable over joint lives.

Members may also leave their contributions in the fund upon termination of public service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Refunds of contributions are available at any time to members who leave public service, but before retirement benefits begin.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE (Cont'd)

#### B. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF MINNESOTA (Cont'd)

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERF. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org, by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive #200, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088 or by calling (651) 296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

#### **Funding Policy:**

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The District makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. PERF Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.1% and 6.0%, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2009. The District is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll: 11.78% for Basic Plan PERF members, and 6.75% for Coordinated Plan PERF members. Employer contribution rates for the Coordinated Plan increased to 7.0% effective January 1, 2010.

The District's contributions to the Public Employees Retirement Fund for the years ending June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$406,472, \$410,012, and \$382,372, respectively. The District's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

At June 30, 2009, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This implementation allows the District to report its liability for other postemployment benefits consistent with newly established generally accepted accounting principles and to reflect an actuarially determined liability for the present value of projected future benefits for retired and active employees on the financial statements.

#### A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan ("the Plan") that provides health, life and dental insurance to eligible employees and their families through the District's health insurance plan. There are 626 active participants and 88 retired participants. Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the District and various unions representing District employees and are renegotiated each two-year bargaining period. The Plan does not issue a publicly available report.

#### **B. FUNDING POLICY**

Contribution requirements are also negotiated between the District and union representatives. The District contributes 0% - 100% of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year 2010, the District contributed \$339,551 to the Plan.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (Cont'd)

#### C. ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any un-funded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually paid from the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 701,059
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	11,353
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	(16,413)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	695,999
Contributions Made	(339,551)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	356,448
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	283,822
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 640,270

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and the preceding year was:

						Percent	age		
					Annual	of Ann	ual		
	Fiscal Year		Annual		n Sponsor	OPEB Cost		Net OPEB	
	Ended	Ol	PEB Cost	Contribution		Contribu	uted	0	bligation
-	6/30/2010	\$	695,999	\$	339,551	49%	,	\$	640,270
	6/30/2009		506,567		222,745	44%	)		283,822

#### D. <u>FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS</u>

As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the District's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$6,228,886. The annual payroll for active employees covered by the Plan in the actuarial valuation was \$22,444,970 for a ratio of UAAL to covered payroll of 27.8%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (Cont'd)

#### E. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumption included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The initial healthcare trend rate was 9.5% reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after nine years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 30 years.

#### NOTE 9. SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN

#### A. PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District provides pension benefits to certain eligible employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. All pension benefits are based on contractual agreements with employees and employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements. These benefits are summarized as follows:

As described in Note 1.E., teachers who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and are at least 55 years of age are eligible for a severance payment. A portion of that payment is based on the teacher's number of years of service multiplied by four and the employee's daily rate of pay. Twenty-five percent of this payment is paid to the employee's Special Pay Deferral Plan and the remaining 75% is placed into the employee's Health Care Savings Plan. The 25% is considered a pension benefit.

The Superintendent is eligible for a pension benefit upon termination of employment of 10 days pay for each year of service, up to 100 days.

#### B. **FUNDING POLICY**

Payments under the plan are made on a pay-as-you-go basis. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits. The General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are used for funding of all pension benefits. The employer makes all contributions.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 9. SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN (Cont'd)

#### C. ANNUAL PENSION COST AND NET PENSION OBLIGATION

The District's annual other pension cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement Nos. 25, 27, and 50. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any un-funded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual pension cost for the year, the amount actually paid from the plan, and changes in the District's net pension obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 67,980
Interest on Net Pension Obligation	
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	
Annual Pension Cost (Expense)	67,980
Contributions Made	 (39,831)
Increase in Net Pension Obligation	28,149
Net Pension Obligation - Beginning of Year	
Net Pension Obligation - End of Year	\$ 28,149

The District's annual pension cost, the percentage of the annual pension cost contributed to the Plan and the net pension obligation for 2010 was:

			A	Annual	of Annual			
Fiscal Year	/	Annual	Plan Sponsor		Pension Cost	Net	Net Pension	
Ended	Pen	sion Cost	Cor	ntribution	Contributed	Ol	oligation	
6/30/2010			\$ 39,831		59%	\$	28,149	

#### D. <u>FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS</u>

As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$606,725, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$606,725. The annual payroll for active employees covered by the Plan in the actuarial valuation was \$22,444,970 for a ratio of UAAL to covered payroll of 2.7%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and mortality. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 9. <u>SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION PLAN</u> (Cont'd)

#### E. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumption included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The projected salary increase is 3% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was 30 years.

#### NOTE 10. SELF-INSURED DENTAL PLAN

The District has elected to self-insure their employee dental insurance program. The District has entered into an agreement with an insurance company to provide stop-loss insurance to limit the losses on individual and aggregate claims and to provide claims processing and other administrative duties. The individual stop-loss amount is \$1,200 per participant. The District established an internal service fund to account for contributions from other funds for dental insurance and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. Contributions during the year were based on maximum claims before reinsurance is effective. The amounts charged to expenses include administrative fees, stop-loss insurance premiums, claims paid and accruals for claims incurred but not paid at year end. The District recorded expenses of \$230,215 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The liability for unpaid claims is included in the Internal Service Fund as accounts payable.

	ŀ	-Y 2010		FY 2009
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of Year	\$	11,404	\$	22,550
Incurred Claims		203,653		194,182
Claims Payments (cash basis)		(209,020)		(205,328)
Unneid Claims End of Voor	æ	6.037	æ	11.404
Unpaid Claims, End of Year	Ψ	0,037	Ψ	11,404

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 11. OPERATING LEASES

The District is committed under long-term operating leases for the rental of office equipment and vehicles. Office equipment is leased under varying terms, with leases running through January 2014. Vehicles are leased under varying terms with leases running through March 2013.

Total rent expense includes the following:

	 Amount
Maintenance equipment	\$ 6,600
Facilities	38,082
Office equipment	79,744
Vehicles	19,088
Miscellaneous rental	 35,365
Total	\$ 178,879

Future minimum lease payments due under existing operating leases are as follows.

#### Year Ending June 30,

2011 2012 2013 2014	\$	155,584 108,976 67,382 30,273
Total	\$	362,215

#### NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### A. FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **B. CONTINGENCIES**

The District is a claimant in an ongoing case. The outcome of the claim is not presently determinable.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

#### NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters and workers' compensation. To mitigate these risks, the District has obtained commercial property and casualty insurance and workers' compensation coverage. The District pays an annual premium with no additional assessments.

The District has joined together with other school districts in Minnesota in the South Central - West Central Service Cooperative Gross Self-Insured Health Insurance Plan, a public entity risk pool currently operating as common risk management and insurance program for member districts. The District pays an annual premium to this plan for its health insurance coverage. These premiums are used to purchase reinsurance through commercial companies. The administrators of the plan believe assessment to participating districts for future losses sustained is extremely remote.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the District's policies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 14. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

The District and the City of Willmar have entered into a Joint Powers agreement to collaborate and coordinate in the provision of social, educational, vocational and recreational services to members of the community. It is the intention of the parties to offer these services collaboratively and to coordinate their service programs in order to eliminate duplication of services and in order to maximize the effectiveness of the services provided. The Joint Powers Entity is governed by the Joint Powers Board, which includes five members appointed by the City Council, five members appointed by the School Board, and two students, one recommended by the Senior High School Student Council and one recommended by the Middle School Student Council, to be approved and appointed by the City Council and School Board. One School Board member, one City Council member, the City Administrator and the Superintendent of Schools shall serve as ex-officio members to the Board.

The District employs an individual to administer community education, which is in the Community Service Fund. The City is responsible for providing adult and youth recreation programs, adult and youth athletic programs and administer the daily operations of the Dorothy A. Olson Aquatic Center. The District is responsible for providing necessary facilities, services, and employees to provide Early Childhood and Adult Basic Education programs. This agreement is perpetual but may be canceled upon six months written notice by either party.

#### NOTE 15. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain prior year financial statement amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year's presentation. There was no affect on Net Assets or Fund Balance.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS JUNE 30, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	-	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
<u>Pension</u> 7/1/2009	\$	\$ 606,725	\$	606,725	0.0%	\$ 22,444,970	2.7%
Other Postemploy 7/1/2009 7/1/2008	yment Benefits \$	\$ 6,228,886 4,382,890	\$	6,228,886 4,382,890	0.0% 0.0%	\$ 22,444,970 23,498,643	27.8% 18.7%

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 27 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Information for prior years is not available.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### WITH PARTIAL COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		2009			
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Over (Under) Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 2,296,955	\$ 2,293,688	\$ 2,297,174	\$ 3,486	\$ 2,058,587
Interest earnings	17,251	12,836	13,570	734	24,495
State sources	190,518	193,785	193,785		190,518
Total Revenues	2,504,724	2,500,309	2,504,529	4,220	2,273,600
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service					
Bond principal	1,995,000	1,995,000	1,995,000		1,835,000
Bond interest	592,450	592,450	592,450		683,300
Paying agent fees and other	2,200	2,250	2,250		3,500
Total Expenditures	2,589,650	2,589,700	2,589,700	0	2,521,800
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (84,926)	\$ (89,391)	(85,171)	\$ 4,220	(248,200)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			717,782		965,982
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 632,611		\$ 717,782

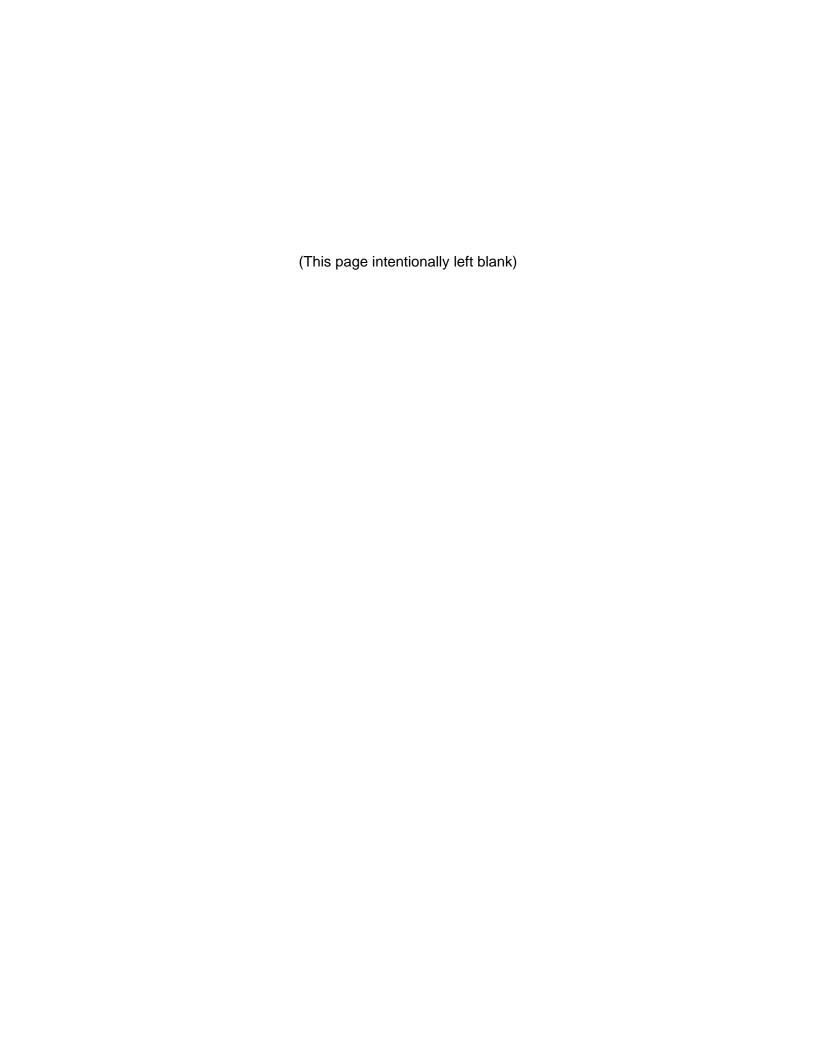
## STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)



This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School  District's financial information and well-being have changed over time.	80-86
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	87-90
Debt Capatity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School  District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	91-94
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	95-96
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	97-102

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



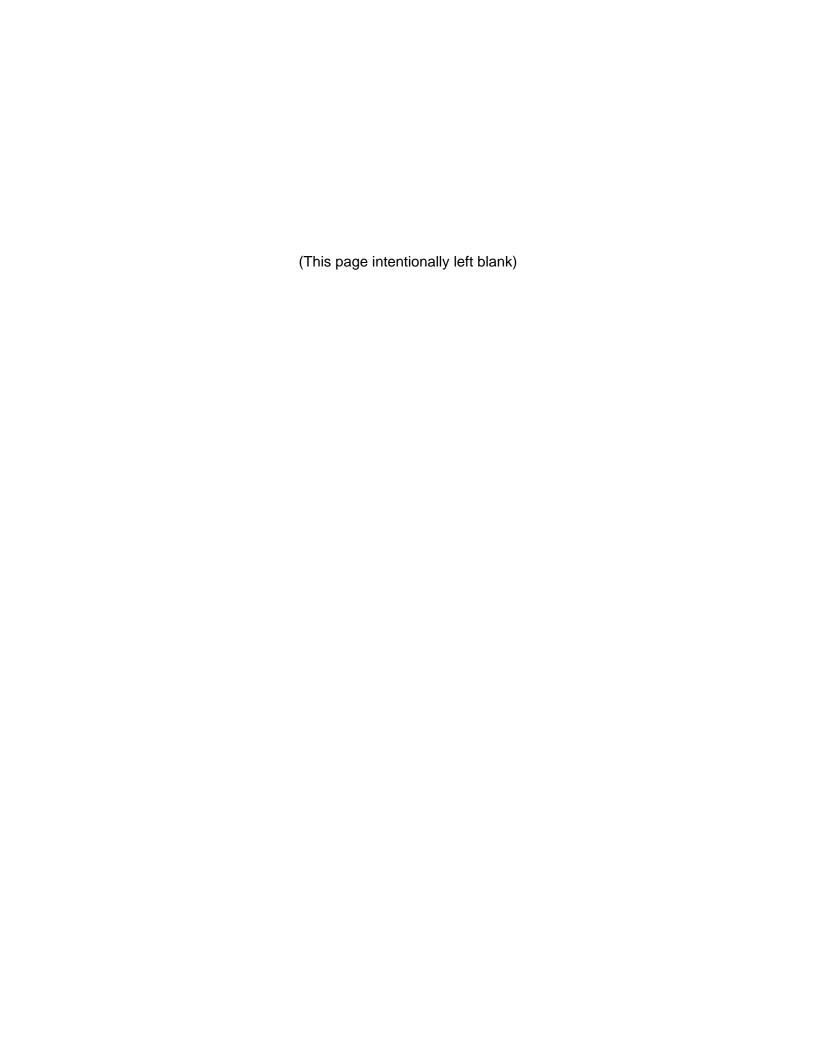
#### Willmar Public Schools Net Assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

#### Fiscal Year

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental activities								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$ 11,314,674	\$ 12,018,714	\$ 13,049,010	\$ 14,125,996	\$ 15,416,819	\$ 16,590,276	\$ 18,050,980	\$ 20,076,453
Restricted	1,693,277	1,998,553	1,112,183	1,507,933	2,015,439	1,657,445	1,618,837	1,767,076
Unrestricted	1,645,748	3,394,013	3,598,111	4,326,318	2,025,780	774,030	(813,537)	771,789
Total Net Assets	\$ 14,653,699	\$ 17,411,280	\$ 17,759,304	\$ 19,960,247	\$ 19,458,038	\$ 19,021,751	\$ 18,856,280	\$ 22,615,318

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.

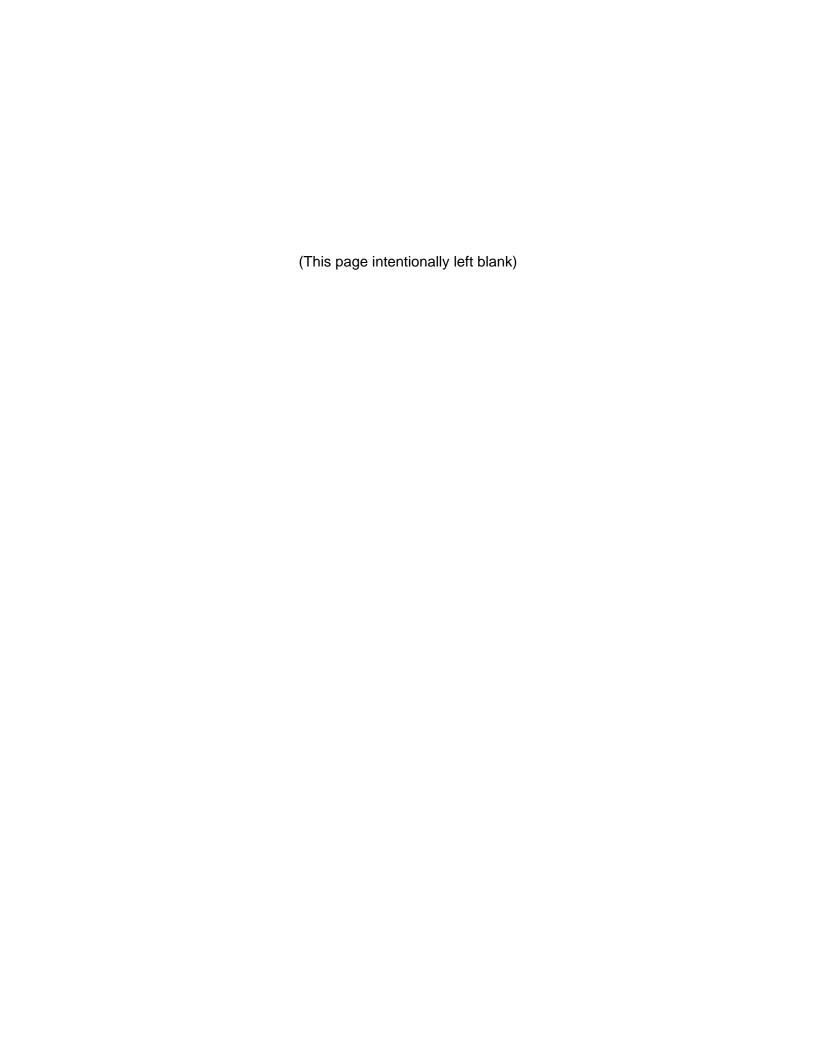


#### Willmar Public Schools Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Eight Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	_	Fiscal Year									
	_	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
Administration		\$ 1,192,060	\$ 1,199,931	\$ 1,366,717	\$ 1,366,558	\$ 1,614,112	\$ 1,544,907	\$ 1,605,548	\$ 1.653.919		
District Support Services		1,493,396	798,273	871,804	860,710	919,392	885,154	986,334	949,578		
Regular Instruction		15,612,289	17,896,044	19,331,810	18,967,468	19,617,570	21,704,551	21,236,601	20,103,140		
Vocational Education Instruction		1,009,389	956,619	994,894	815,835	627,729	730,195	892,498	883,686		
Special Education Instruction		6,967,950	7,354,987	8,106,444	8,314,732	7,731,391	8,055,217	8,355,384	7,752,733		
Instructional Support Services		1,857,142	2,000,604	1,844,924	2,163,593	2,047,363	2,492,349	2,332,636	2,243,858		
Pupil Support Services		2,529,455	2,683,324	2,947,488	3,094,558	3,233,078	3,397,152	3,607,987	3,521,841		
Sites and Buildings		3,233,977	3,256,881	3,340,607	3,845,392	4,586,523	4,722,635	4,083,773	3,508,797		
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs		300,954	264,007	223,001	314,062	240,254	159,340	130,872	130,321		
Food Service		1,638,630	1,846,894	2,066,305	1,928,250	1,961,452	2,208,624	2,233,289	2,359,800		
Community Service		1,753,628	1,673,941	2,182,154	1,990,208	2,049,275	2,094,012	2,054,760	2,081,506		
Interest and Fiscal Charges on		1,122,222	1,010,011	_, ,	1,000,=00	_,, , , , , , , ,	_,,,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,		
Long-Term Liabilities		1,164,807	1,094,590	1,007,896	883,672	829,447	645,553	560,304	464,892		
Total School District Expenses	-	38,753,677	41,026,095	44,284,044	44,545,038	45,457,586	48,639,689	48,079,986	45,654,071		
·	=	<u> </u>				·					
Program Revenues											
Governmental Activities:											
Charges for Services:											
Food Service		689,411	669,556	679,110	721,303	773,994	773,685	768,762	794,307		
Community Service		463,623	591,610	722,223	702,499	690,843	667,133	702,200	774,253		
Other		1,408,142	1,406,909	1,462,064	2,150,099	1,443,146	602,918	627,294	689,603		
Operating Grants and Contributions		13,288,073	13,043,811	14,061,382	14,902,344	14,945,418	15,705,789	15,442,107	18,501,962		
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	994,427	1,006,214	877,479	847,130	652,077	697,859	638,414	605,372		
Total governmental program revenues	=	16,843,676	16,718,100	17,802,258	19,323,375	18,505,478	18,447,384	18,178,777	21,365,497		
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Total primary governmental net expense		\$ (21,910,001)	\$ (24,307,995)	\$ (26,481,786)	\$ (25,221,663)	\$ (26,952,108)	\$ (30,192,305)	\$ (29,901,209)	¢ (24.200.574)		
rotal primary governmental net expense	=	\$ (21,910,001)	\$ (24,307,995)	\$ (26,481,786)	\$ (25,221,663)	\$ (26,952,108)	\$ (30,192,305)	\$ (29,901,209)	\$ (24,288,574)		

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.

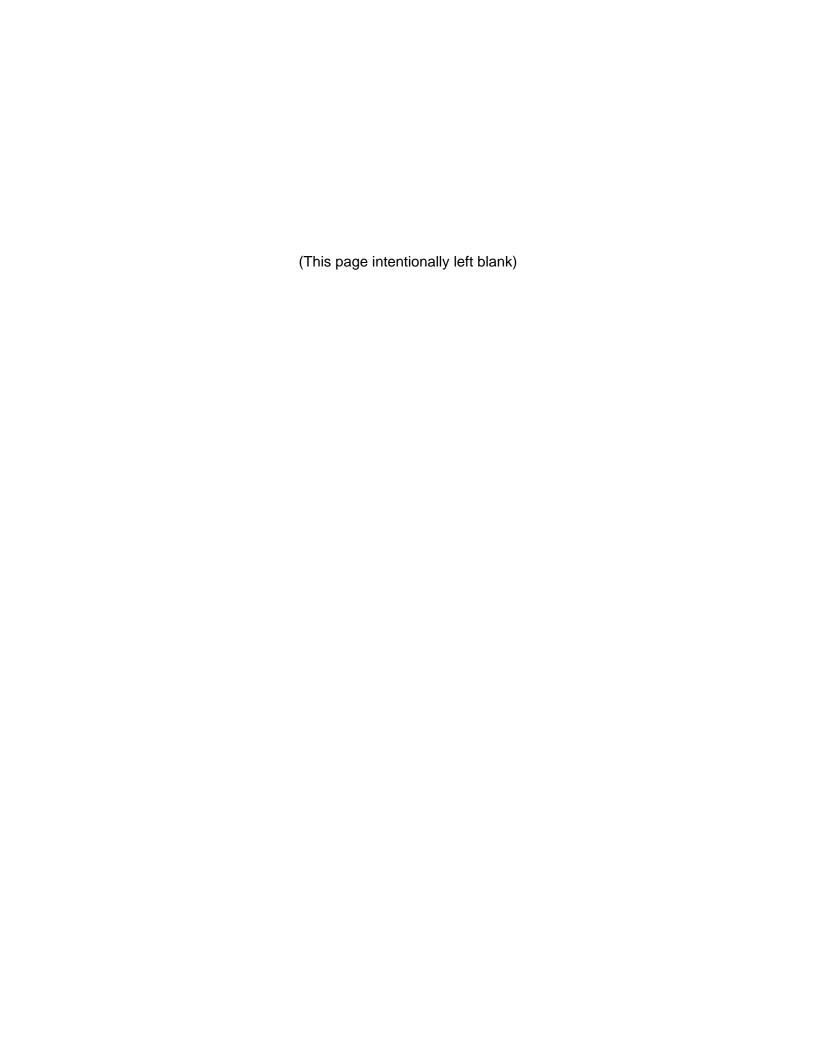


### Willmar Public Schools General Revenues and Total Change in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year										
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010				
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Total primary governmental net expense	\$ (21,910,001)	\$ (24,307,995)	\$ (26,481,786)	\$ (25,221,66	53) \$ (26,952,10	08) \$ (30,192,305)	\$ (29,901,209)	\$ (24,288,574)				
General Revenues and Changes in Net Assets												
Governmental Activities:												
Property Taxes Levied for												
General Purposes	1,450,890	2,077,862	1,646,005	1,168,34	2,408,33	39 2,776,231	3,029,678	3,764,583				
Community Service	74,427	242,495	284,300	125,59	9 246,16	S5 281,805	279,779	289,627				
Debt Service	2,218,386	2,250,811	2,330,594	2,157,88	30 2,264,17	79 2,349,549	2,064,562	2,298,717				
State Aid Not Restricted to Specific Purposes	22,545,637	22,383,185	22,475,565	23,523,07	78 23,461,18	36 23,903,451	24,228,781	21,636,016				
Earnings on Investments	178,094	110,285	96,235	418,31	5 491,82	28 408,458	123,545	46,184				
Miscellaneous	11,158	938	3,358	29,39	94 128,98	36,524	9,393	12,485				
Total General Revenues	26,478,592	27,065,576	26,836,057	27,422,60	29,000,68	29,756,018	29,735,738	28,047,612				
Change in Net Assets												
Total primary government	\$ 4,568,591	\$ 2,757,581	\$ 354,271	\$ 2,200,94	3 \$ 2,048,57	75 \$ (436,287)	\$ (165,471)	\$ 3,759,038				

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.



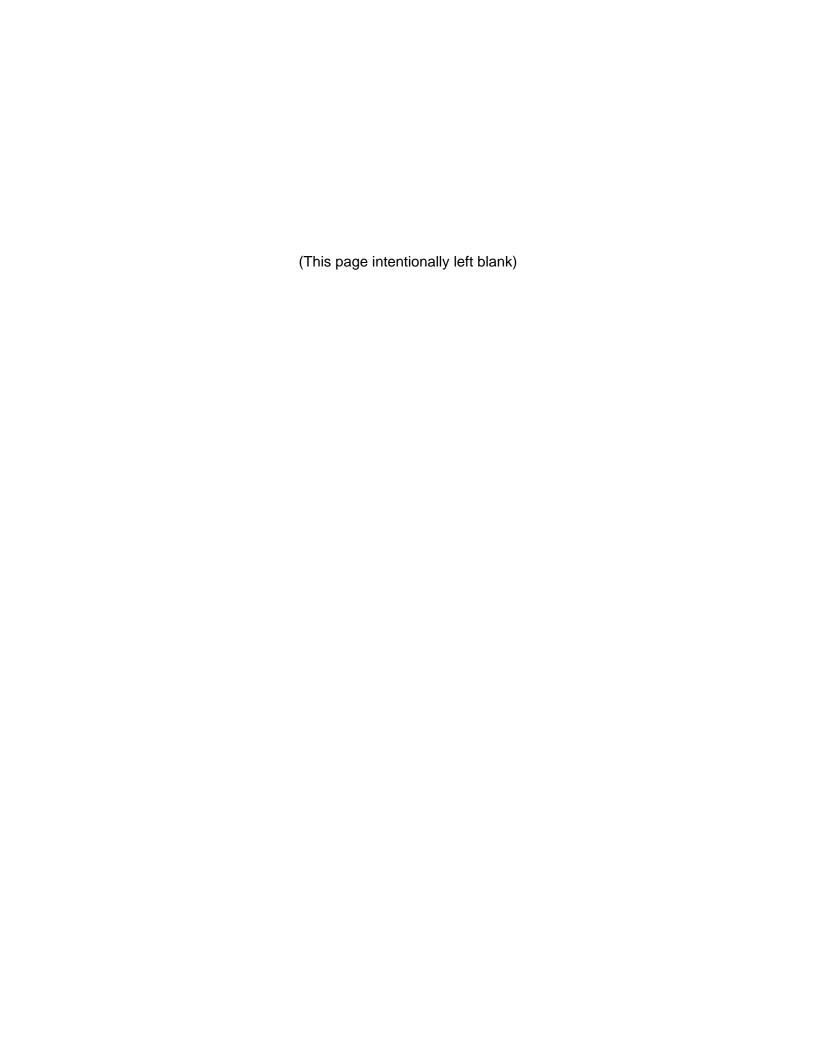
## Willmar Public Schools Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Eight Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	l Vaar

							rista	1 16	ai			
	2003	_	2004	_	2005	_	2006	_	2007	 2008	 2009	2010
General Fund												
Reserved	\$ 1,586,428	\$	1,444,299	\$	1,276,944	\$	1,918,516	\$	2,051,975	\$ 1,718,403	\$ 633,167	\$ 352,543
Unreserved	3,536,006		5,409,298		5,171,261		5,394,098		5,827,203	4,397,084	3,960,494	5,998,469
Total General Fund	\$ 5,122,434	\$	6,853,597	\$	6,448,205	\$	7,312,614	\$	7,879,178	\$ 6,115,487	\$ 4,593,661	\$ 6,351,012
All Other Governmental Funds												
Reserved	\$ 91,939	\$	223,117	\$	50,218	\$	84,504	\$	171,840	\$ 97,997	\$ 231,646	\$ 443,347
Unreserved:												
<b>Building Construction Fund</b>	=		362,950		-		-		412,873	-	-	-
Debt Service Fund	907,371		840,804		760,111		835,384		902,774	965,982	717,782	632,611
Special Revenue Funds	 538,551		426,684		221,752		237,308		366,150	360,169	 331,236	 544,263
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,537,861	\$	1,853,555	\$	1,032,081	\$	1,157,196	\$	1,853,637	\$ 1,424,148	\$ 1,280,664	\$ 1,620,221

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003. This information is not available for previous fiscal years.



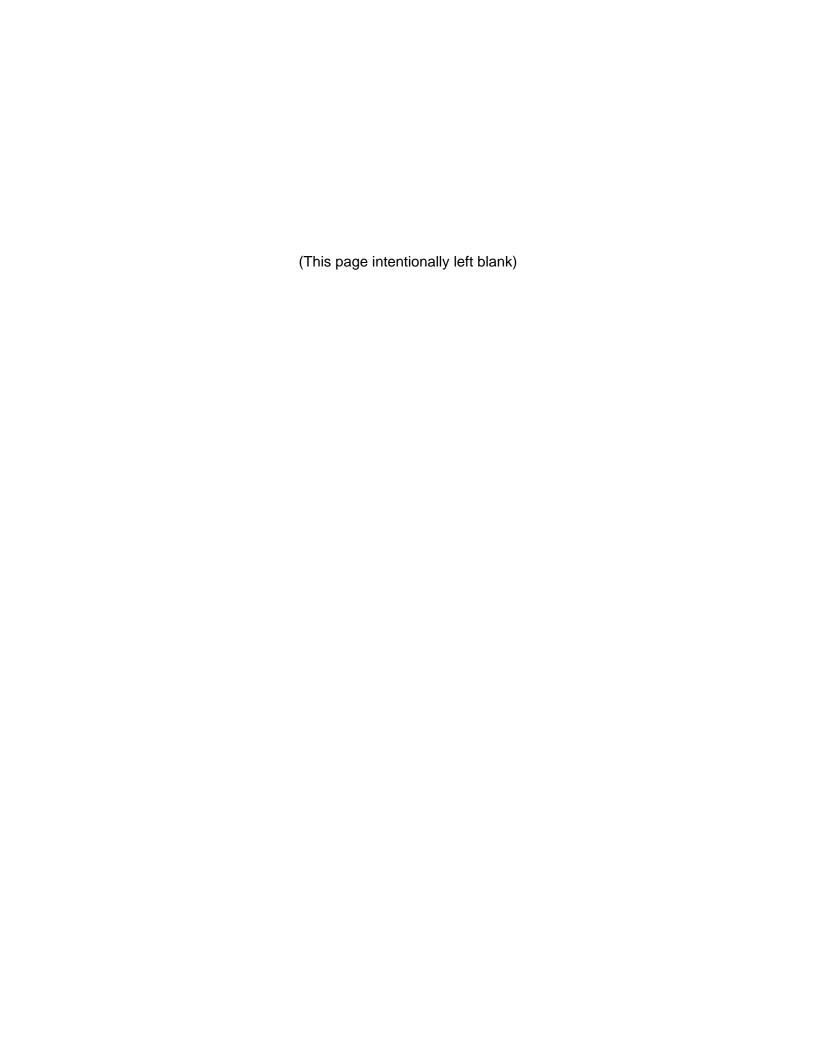
#### Willmar Public Schools Governmental Funds Revenues Last Eight Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

				1 1300	ı ı cui			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Federal sources:								
Federal grants	\$ 1,892,894	\$ 2,415,250	\$ 2,976,667	\$ 2,585,904	\$ 1,742,649	\$ 1,946,008	\$ 1,790,446	\$ 5,195,242
Food Service	689,411	942,719	997,882	1,058,230	1,111,782	1,242,815	1,348,149	1,578,267
Total Federal sources	2,582,305	3,357,969	3,974,549	3,644,134	2,854,431	3,188,823	3,138,595	6,773,509
State sources:								
General Education aid	32,194,247	31,101,721	31,476,589	33,264,022	34,111,061	34,914,994	35,233,235	32,000,209
Food Service	212,584	112,955	173,595	163,578	159,811	189,131	190,237	180,270
Community Service	737,513	740,561	657,680	851,693	796,112	883,652	894,151	880,785
Debt Service aid	412,767	403,534	353,315	254,848	248,457	233,315	190,518	193,785
Total State sources	33,557,111	32,358,771	32,661,179	34,534,141	35,315,441	36,221,092	36,508,141	33,255,049
Local sources:								
Property Taxes	3,754,328	4,576,808	4,257,657	3,457,394	4,931,199	5,395,510	5,356,117	6,326,095
Food Service sales	689,411	669,556	680,903	721,303	780,817	775,699	782,746	809,821
Other Revenues	2,748,688	2,825,273	3,058,007	4,370,010	3,303,957	2,515,070	2,111,015	2,220,636
Total Local sources	7,192,427	8,071,637	7,996,567	8,548,707	9,015,973	8,686,279	8,249,878	9,356,552
Total Revenues	\$ 43,331,843	\$ 43,788,377	\$ 44,632,295	\$ 46,726,982	\$ 47,185,845	\$ 48,096,194	\$ 47,896,614	\$ 49,385,110

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003.



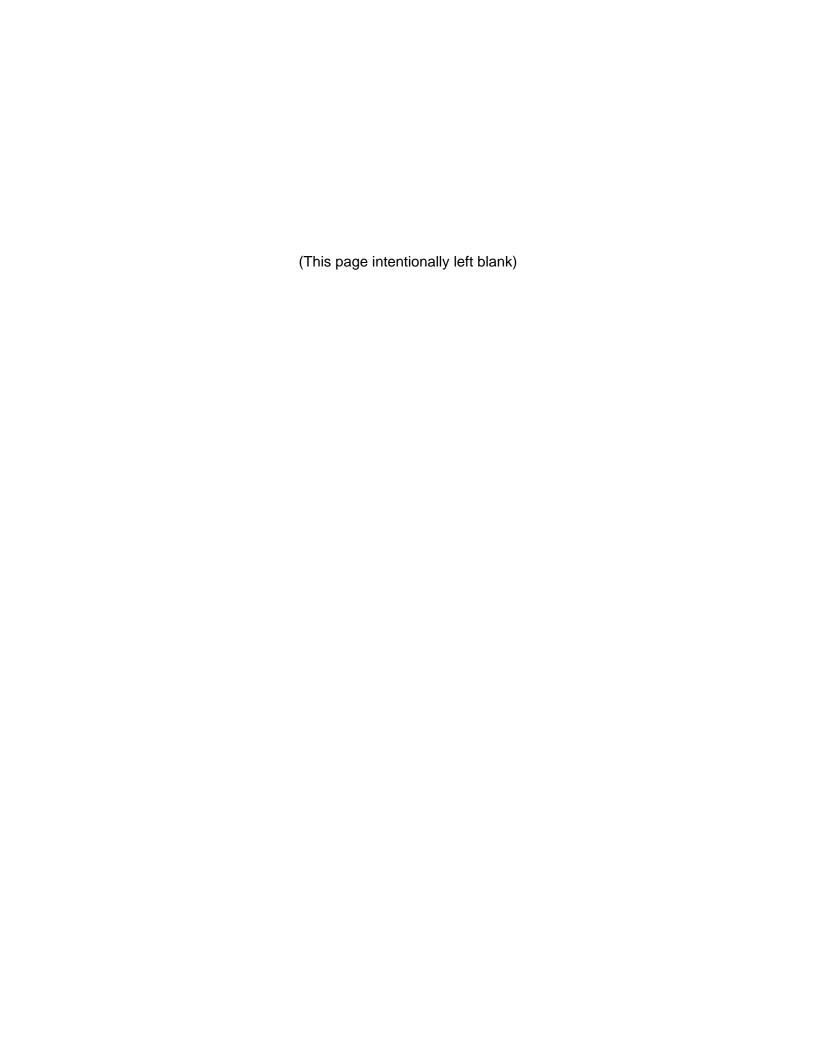
## Willmar Public Schools Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Eight Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

				Fisca	ıl Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Administration	\$ 1,188,380	\$ 1,372,933	\$ 1,367,749	\$ 1,396,790	\$ 1,543,232	\$ 1,546,127	\$ 1,740,466	\$ 1,557,761
District Support Services	1,496,621	739,775	848,471	855,165	959,115	872,978	946,171	942,076
Regular Instruction	14,834,612	16,834,677	18,410,539	17,799,589	18,220,574	19,967,831	19,565,445	18,880,393
Vocational Education Instruction	1,016,872	956,050	996,008	855,159	612,387	744,309	857,961	780,689
Special Education Instruction	6,965,758	7,385,608	8,050,284	8,303,384	7,593,015	8,112,649	8,357,364	7,468,689
Instructional Support Services	1,786,264	1,852,514	1,728,040	2,036,393	1,953,089	2,398,440	2,273,127	2,111,164
Pupil Support Services	2,531,695	2,674,200	3,048,342	3,098,484	3,158,359	3,393,865	3,587,103	3,567,247
Sites and Buildings	3,310,991	3,160,351	3,511,193	3,840,955	4,781,520	4,624,367	4,010,687	3,551,207
Fiscal and Other Fixed Costs	300,092	263,146	222,139	313,200	239,392	158,478	130,010	129,459
Food Service	1,630,041	1,741,815	1,959,951	1,877,669	1,951,394	2,156,016	2,213,875	2,246,359
Community Service	1,761,632	1,663,488	1,951,640	2,037,256	2,025,813	2,094,107	1,994,607	1,973,659
Capital Outlay	-	842,400	983,668	784,338	1,181,461	1,731,512	1,363,308	1,491,899
Debt Service								
Principal	1,545,000	1,620,000	1,740,000	1,600,000	1,505,425	1,820,000	1,835,000	1,995,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,195,935	1,150,213	1,043,915	1,057,910	1,028,138	763,830	686,800	594,700
Total Expenditures	\$ 39,563,893	\$ 42,257,170	\$ 45,861,939	\$ 45,856,292	\$ 46,752,914	\$ 50,384,509	\$ 49,561,924	\$ 47,290,302
Debt Service as a percentage of								
noncapital expenditures	6.97%	6.61%	6.19%	5.87%	5.48%	5.24%	5.18%	5.63%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003.



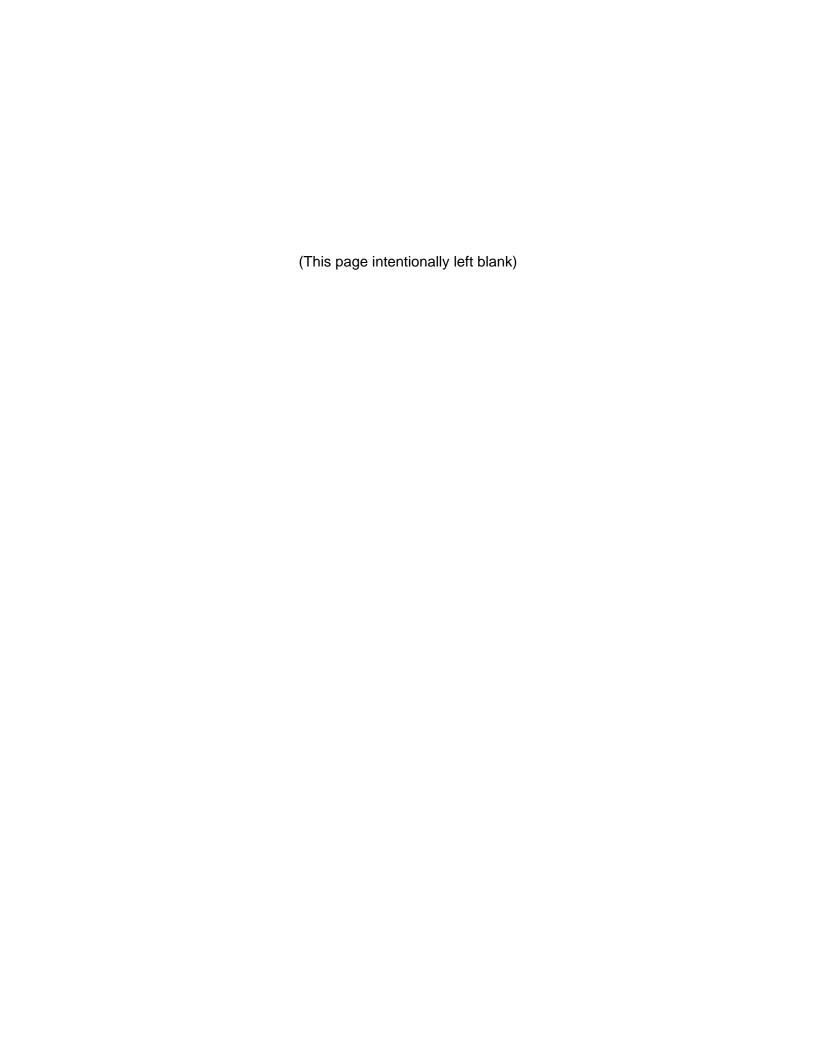
### Willmar Public Schools Governmental Funds Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Last Eight Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	\$ 3,767,950	\$ 1,531,208	\$ (1,229,644)	\$ 870,690	\$ 432,931	\$ (2,288,315)	\$ (1,665,310)	\$ 2,094,808		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Insurance Recovery Proceeds	-	938	2,778	24,574	203,846	93,136	-	-		
Sale of Bonds Proceeds	-	1,389,711	-	16,265,000	495,000	-	-	-		
Bond Premium	-	-	-	913,760	2,242	-	-	-		
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	(875,000)	-	(17,085,000)	-	-	-	-		
Sale of Capital Assets	1,050	-	-	500	-	-	-	2,100		
Sale of Real Property Proceeds	-	-	-	-	128,986	1,999	-	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,050	515,649	2,778	118,834	830,074	95,135	-	2,100		
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 3,769,000	\$ 2,046,857	\$ (1,226,866)	\$ 989,524	\$ 1,263,005	\$ (2,193,180)	\$ (1,665,310)	\$ 2,096,908		

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2003.



### Willmar Public Schools Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Tax Capacity** For Taxes **Tax Capacity Valuation** Taxable as a Percentage **Total Direct** Collectible **Agricultural** Personal of Market Value Non-Agricultural **Tax Increment Total Taxable Market Value** Tax Rate 2001 \$ 1,640,027 \$ 12,422,571 \$ 260,075 \$ (278,741) \$ 14,043,932 \$ 1.51% 53.952 928,334,516 2002 1,495,010 9,678,935 177,535 (116,286)11,235,194 840,410,870 1.34% 24.656 2003 1,587,299 10,015,812 220,226 (114,863)11,708,474 884,638,900 1.32% 25.149 2004 10,589,903 257,189 12,460,210 1.32% 25.826 1,713,199 (100,081)942,034,900 2005 1,982,217 11,817,783 281,114 14,049,800 1.34% 23.799 (31,314)1,050,845,800 2006 2,296,089 13,000,522 312,655 (32,968)15,576,298 1,163,814,004 1.34% 23.441 2007 2,632,195 14,547,853 307,961 (35,833)17,452,176 1,293,283,775 1.35% 22.798 2008 19,042,348 20.354 2,946,724 15,839,210 305,981 (49,567)1,393,141,350 1.37% 2009 3,174,815 16,719,425 304,326 20,175,701 20.713 (22,865)1,459,461,675 1.38% 2010 3,551,015 17,455,668 317,290 (22,865)21,301,108 1,484,886,925 1.43% 20.019

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report, Kandiyohi County Auditor

## Willmar Public Schools Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

		District Direct Rates		Overlapping Rates				
For Taxes	Referendum	General		Kandiyohi	City of			
Collectible	Purposes	Purposes	Total	County	Willmar			
2001	0.064	53.880	53.944	62.658	26.991			
2002	0.157	24.499	24.656	79.752	26.355			
2003	0.155	24.994	25.149	81.338	24.584			
2004	0.114	25.712	25.826	79.176	26.196			
2005	0.103	23.696	23.799	70.608	26.265			
2006	0.132	23.309	23.441	65.319	24.102			
2007	0.130	22.693	22.823	60.414	25.623			
2008	0.125	20.229	20.354	56.711	28.236			
2009	0.168	20.545	20.713	56.878	28.163			
2010	0.172	19.847	20.019	53.358	28.642			

#### Willmar Public Schools Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2010			2001	
			% OF TOTAL NET TAX			% OF TOTAL NET TAX
	2010 NET		CAPACITY	2001 NET		CAPACITY
TAXPAYER	TAX CAPACITY	RANK	20,175,701	TAX CAPACITY	RANK	11,235,194
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc	\$204,654	1	1.01%	\$0		0.00%
Pioneer Health Systems, Inc. (Aff Comm)	187,602	2	0.93%	196,362	1	1.75%
Kandi Land 1999, LLC	186,990	3	0.93%	195,776	2	1.74%
Menard, Inc.	186,474	4	0.92%	-		0.00%
Mills Properties, Inc.	136,055	5	0.67%	-		0.00%
Jennie-O Turkey Store, Inc.	115,220	6	0.57%	124,708	3	1.11%
BNSF Railway Company	113,816	7	0.56%	97,066	4	0.86%
Alliance Pipeline	102,054	8	0.51%	57,080	9	0.51%
Willmar Ten Investors	94,402	9	0.47%	-		0.00%
Minnegasco (Centerpoint)	86,918	10	0.43%	66,012	7	0.59%
Torgerson Properties	-		0.00%	63,020	8	0.56%
ACGO Manufacturing Co.	=		0.00%	78,916	5	0.70%
Willmar Poultry Farms, Inc.	=		0.00%	74,816	6	0.67%
Dayton Hudson Corp.			0.00%	53,308	10	0.47%
TOTAL	\$1,414,185		7.01%	\$1,007,064		8.96%

### Willmar Public Schools Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Adjusted	Col	lected within th the Le			elinquent		Total Collections to Date		
For Taxes	s	Net			% of		Tax			% of	
Collectibl	le	Levy (1)		Amount (2)	Levy	y Collections Ar		Amount	Levy		
2001	\$	6,347,540	\$	6,246,103	98.40%	\$	92,219	\$	6,338,322	99.85%	
2002		3,749,176		3,676,820	98.07%		66,186		3,743,006	99.84%	
2003		3,962,277		3,902,664	98.50%		52,110		3,954,774	99.81%	
2004		3,938,930		3,887,832	98.70%		97,362		3,932,234	99.83%	
2005		4,058,509		4,007,232	98.74%		47,974		4,055,206	99.92%	
2006		4,807,017		4,742,834	98.66%		53,404		4,796,238	99.78%	
2007		5,292,329		5,222,338	98.68%		39,311		5,261,649	99.42%	
2008		5,276,103		5,199,412	98.55%		31,266		5,230,678	99.14%	
2009		6,283,379		6,177,075	98.31%		49,659		6,226,734	99.10%	
2010		6,470,465		3,331,023	51.48%		0		3,331,023	51.48%	

Note 1: Beginning with the levy collectible in FY 2003, the general education levy is eliminated due to the state's effort to fund general education entirely through state aid.

Note 2: A portion of the total levy is paid through various property tax credits which are paid through state aids and have been included in collections.

### Willmar Public Schools Outstanding Debt by Type (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Bonded Debt (2)	Aid & Tax Anticipation Certificates	EPA Loan	Total Primary Government	% of Personal Income <sup>1</sup>	c	Per capita <sup>1</sup>
2001	\$ 45,502,927	\$ 3,725,250	0	\$ 49,228,177	4.35%	\$	1,195
2002	23,395,000	3,975,120	20,425	27,390,545	2.36%		670
2003	21,855,000	8,475,687	15,425	30,346,112	2.55%		739
2004	20,752,395	2,537,065	10,425	23,299,885	1.86%		568
2005	19,010,000	0	5,425	19,015,425	1.40%		465
2006	16,595,000	3,957,811	425	20,553,236	1.45%		503
2007	15,585,000	0	0	15,585,000	1.04%		381
2008	13,765,000	0	0	13,765,000	0.87%		336
2009	11,930,000	0	0	11,930,000	N/A		293
2010	9,935,000	0	0	9,935,000	N/A		242

N/A = not available.

Note 1: Details regarding the District's current outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Note 2: The District issued cross-over refunding bonds with an original principal of \$20.65 million in 1997 to refinance the original 1992 Sr. High bonds. The actual transaction to retire the original 1992 bonds took place during FY 2001, resulting in the temporary large increase in bonded debt.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data. These ratios were calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

## Willmar Public Schools Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2010

Governmental Unit (1)	 G.O. Bonded Debt	Estimated Applicable Percentage (2)	 ed Share of Direct Overlapping Debt
Kandiyohi County	\$ 33,975,000	45.70%	\$ 15,526,167
Cities:			
Kandiyohi	255,000	100.00%	255,000
Pennock	740,000	100.00%	740,000
Willmar	10,800,000	100.00%	10,800,000
Subtotal, overlapping debt			27,321,167
District direct debt			9,935,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 37,256,167

Note 1: Only those taxing jurisdictions with general obligation debt outstanding are included in this section.

Note 2: Estimated Applicable Percentage is determined by dividing the Tax Capacity of Portion Within the School District by the Tax Capacity of the Entire Governmental Unit.

#### **Willmar Public Schools Legal Debt Margin Information** Last Ten Fiscal Years

(dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2010

Assessed Value \$ 1,933,910,100 Debt Limit (15% of assessed value) 290,086,515 9,935,000

Debt applicable to limit

Legal debt margin 280,151,515

				Fisca	al Year				_	
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Debt Limit	\$ 144,717,51	1 \$ 150,759,876	\$ 158,567,400	\$ 168,934,620	\$ 189,409,695	\$ 211,673,997	\$ 236,997,950	\$ 256,901,697	\$ 272,596,995 \$	290,086,515
Total net Debt applicable to limit	49,228,17	7 27,390,545	30,346,112	23,299,885	19,015,425	16,595,000	15,585,000	13,765,000	11,930,000	9,935,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 95,489,33	4 \$ 123,369,331	\$ 128,221,288	\$ 145,634,735	\$ 170,394,270	\$ 195,078,997	\$ 221,412,950	\$ 243,136,697	\$ 260,666,995 \$	280,151,515
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a % of debt limit	34.02	% 18.17%	o 19.14%	13.79%	10.04%	7.84%	6.58%	5.36%	4.38%	3.42%

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market value.

### Willmar Public Schools Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

**General Bonded Debt Outstanding** 

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	ess: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal	Total	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property	% of Personal Income	Per Capita
Teal	 Bollus	 Frincipal	TOTAL	Property	Income	 зарна
2001	\$ 45,502,927	\$ 21,145,279	\$ 24,357,648	2.52%	2.15%	\$ 592
2002	23,395,000	993,012	22,401,988	2.23%	1.93%	544
2003	21,855,000	907,371	20,947,629	1.98%	1.76%	512
2004	20,752,395	840,804	19,911,591	1.77%	1.59%	485
2005	19,010,000	760,111	18,249,889	1.45%	1.35%	445
2006	16,595,000	835,384	15,759,616	1.12%	1.11%	385
2007	15,585,000	902,774	14,682,226	0.93%	0.98%	359
2008	13,765,000	965,982	12,799,018	0.75%	0.81%	313
2009	11,930,000	717,782	11,212,218	0.62%	N/A	274
2010	9,935,000	632,611	9,302,389	0.48%	N/A	229

N/A = not available

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Source: District Records and Bureau of Economic Analysis - U.S. Dept. of Commerce.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data. These ratios were calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

### Willmar Public Schools Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Kandiyohi County** 

Fiscal			Personal	Per Capita	Unemploymer	
Year	Population		Income	Personal Income	Rate	
2001	41,181	\$	1,132,403,000	\$ 27,498	3.00%	
2002	40,893		1,162,600,000	28,430	3.80%	
2003	41,043		1,188,070,000	28,947	4.20%	
2004	41,013		1,251,755,000	30,521	4.20%	
2005	40,936		1,355,537,000	33,114	3.50%	
2006	40,861		1,421,774,000	34,795	3.40%	
2007	40,870		1,493,125,000	36,534	4.00%	
2008	40,959		1,579,821,000	38,571	4.50%	
2009	40,679		N/A	N/A	6.90%	
2010	41,123		N/A	N/A	5.90%	

N/A = not available

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis - U.S. Department of Commerce,

Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Census Bureau, and

Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development

## Willmar Public Schools Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2010			2001	
			% OF			% OF
			TOTAL			TOTAL
			<b>EMPLOYMENT</b>			<b>EMPLOYMENT</b>
TAXPAYER	EMPLOYEES	RANK	22,472	EMPLOYEES	RANK	23,243
Jennie-O Turkey Store, Inc.	1,764	1	7.85%	1,328	1	5.71%
Rice Memorial Hospital	1,000	2	4.45%	684	2	2.94%
Willmar Public Schools	660	3	2.94%	675	3	2.90%
Affiliated Community Medical Centers	538	4	2.39%	447	5	1.92%
Willmar Poultry Co.	500	5	2.22%	225	9	0.97%
Divine House	475	6	2.11%	0		0.00%
Bethesda Homes	430	7	1.91%	350	7	1.51%
Kandiyohi County	429	8	1.91%	433	6	1.86%
Walmart	340	9	1.51%	0		0.00%
Ridgewater College	300	10	1.33%	235	8	1.01%
Willmar Regional Treatment Center	0		0.00%	530	4	2.28%
Minnesota Department of Transportation			0.00%	225	10	0.97%
TOTAL	6,436		28.64%	5,132		22.08%

N/A = not available

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development and Springsted, Inc.

### Willmar Public Schools Full-Time-Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year 2004 2009 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010 Instruction Teachers 335.0 333.5 331.0 327.0 338.0 322.7 307.5 Title Teachers 17.0 15.5 17.5 16.5 17.0 15.0 15.0 Deans of Students 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.0 5.0 4.0 4.0 **Total Instruction** 356.0 353.0 352.5 346.5 360.0 341.7 326.5 Support Principals and District Administration 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 9.0 9.0 **Directors & Community Education** 8.0 8.0 8.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 Secretaries 16.5 16.5 16.5 16.0 20.0 20.0 18.5 Custodians 27.0 26.0 25.5 24.5 27.0 27.0 27.0 Food Service 28.0 28.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 30.0 28.0 Clerical/Non-affiliated 45.0 44.5 44.5 44.5 42.0 42.0 38.0 Paraprofessionals 119.0 118.5 110.0 99.0 102.0 97.0 78.0 244.5 230.0 237.0 231.0 204.5 Total Support 253.5 251.5 Total 609.5 604.5 597.0 576.5 597.0 572.7 531.0

Note: Information prior to 2004 is not readily available.

### Willmar Public Schools Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Enrollment (1)	Operating penditures (2)	Cost Per Pupil	% Change	Teaching Staff FTE's	Pupil- Teacher Ratio (3)	% of Students Receiving Free or Reduced- Price Meals
		 	•				
2001	4,449	\$ 37,052,766	\$ 8,328	6.09%	N/A	N/A	37.5%
2002	4,335	34,232,553	7,897	-5.18%	N/A	N/A	38.2%
2003	4,259	36,051,061	8,465	7.19%	N/A	N/A	40.9%
2004	4,195	38,834,939	9,257	9.37%	356.0	11.8	41.2%
2005	4,093	42,452,947	10,372	12.04%	353.0	11.6	43.0%
2006	4,103	42,312,009	10,312	-0.57%	352.5	11.6	44.5%
2007	4,077	43,352,344	10,633	3.11%	346.5	11.8	46.4%
2008	4,038	46,629,456	11,548	8.60%	360.0	11.2	46.9%
2009	4,076	45,960,727	11,276	-2.35%	341.7	11.9	48.0%
2010	4,031	43,519,178	10,796	-4.26%	326.5	12.3	50.3%

N/A = not available.

Note 1: Enrollment is measured by Average Daily Membership per the Minnesota Department of Education.

Note 2: Operating Expenditures are total districtwide expenditures less debt service and operating capital.

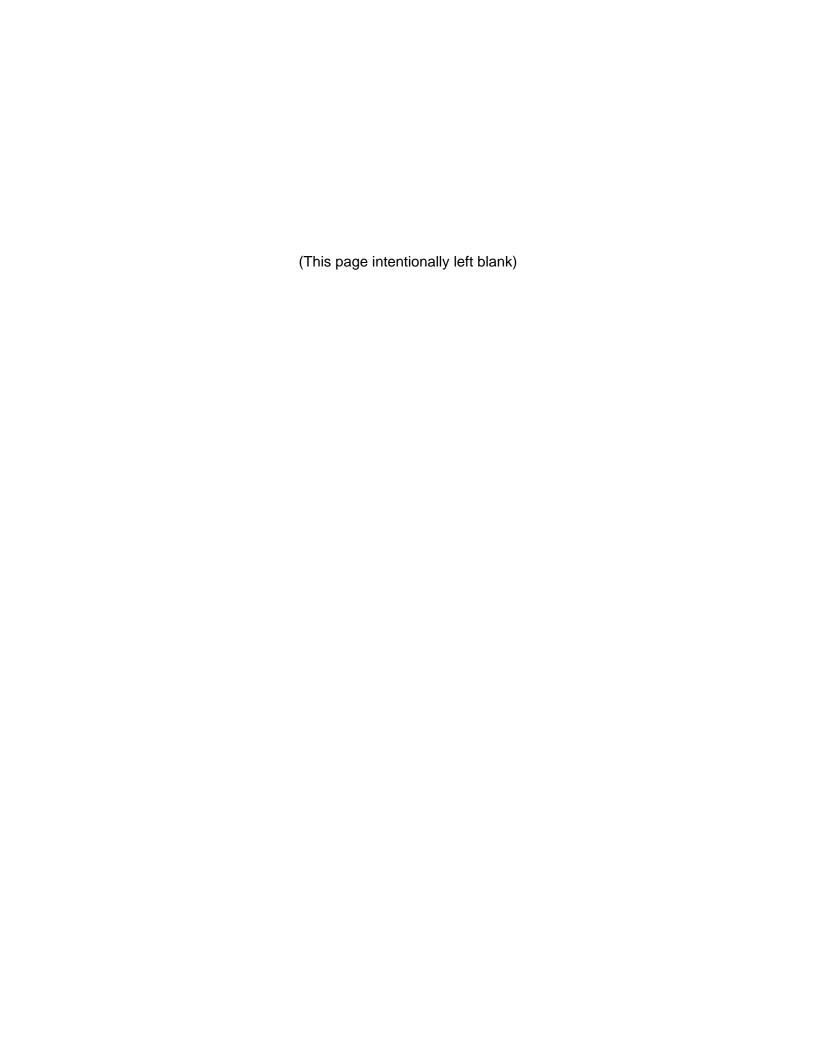
Note 3: This data is computed by dividing total Enrollment by total Teaching Staff FTE's.

Source: District Records and Minnesota Department of Education

Willmar Public Schools Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Minimum	Maximum
Year	Salary	Salary
2001	\$28,309	\$54,799
2002	28,309	54,799
2003	29,500	56,178
2004	29,800	56,658
2005	30,100	57,138
2006	30,550	58,735
2007	32,435	59,585
2008	33,132	60,931
2009	34,159	62,820
2010	34,159	62,820

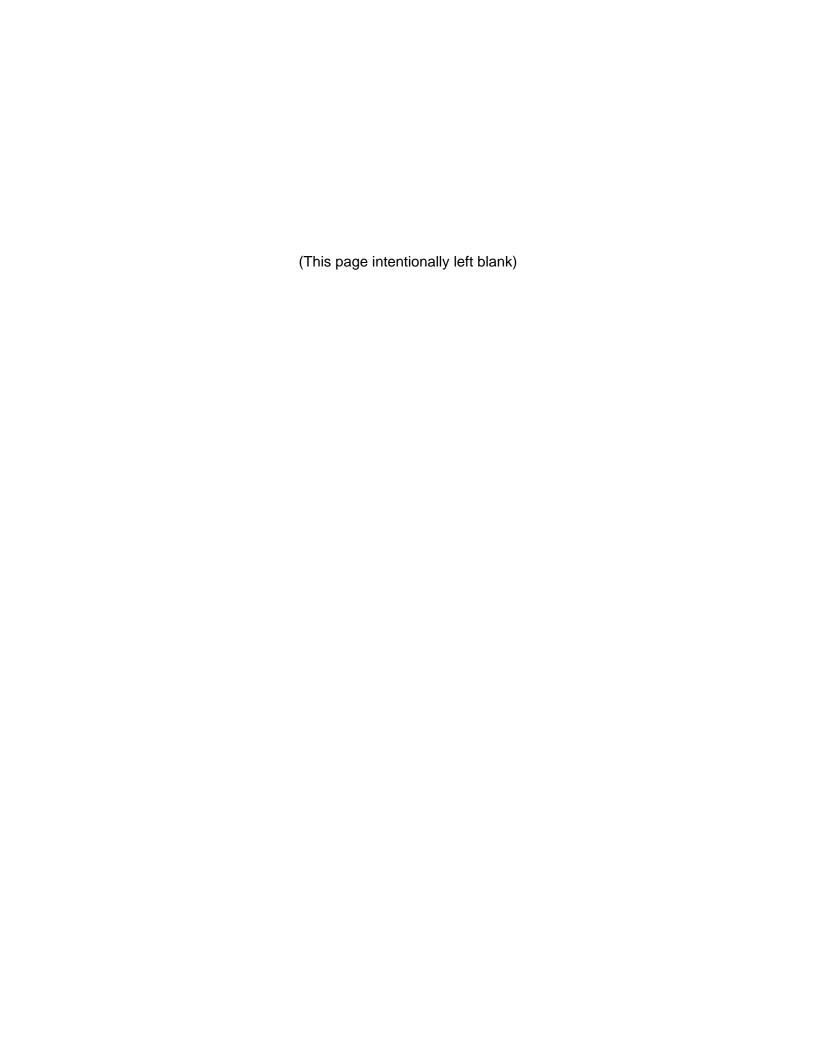
Note: Amounts do not include fringe benefits such as pension, health insurance, disability, etc.



## Willmar Public Schools School Building Information - Owned Buildings Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<u>School</u>										
PreK - Elementary										
Jefferson (1953)										
Square Feet	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833	46,833
Enrollment	264	225	200	245	247	252	258	253	264	32
Acres	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Kennedy (1958)										
Square Feet	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665	150,665
Enrollment	875	948	921	758	752	755	796	802	854	910
Acres	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7	23.7
Lafayette (1939) (sold June 15, 2007)										
Square Feet	22,953	22,953	22,953	22,953	22,953	22,953	0	0	0	0
Enrollment	98	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Acres	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	0	0	0	0
Lincoln (1924) (closed 2010)										
Square Feet	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004	46,004
Enrollment	323	329	321	319	326	326	325	313	254	0
Acres	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Roosevelt (1987)										
Square Feet	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	95,000	105,000
Enrollment	678	642	635	740	709	683	698	720	767	883
Acres	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
Washington (1951) (closed 2010)										
Square Feet	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916	30,916
Enrollment	24	23	24	22	22	23	25	25	29	0
Acres	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7



## Willmar Public Schools School Building Information - Owned Buildings (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year

					1 10041	ı oui				
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Secondary	<u> </u>									
Middle School (1967)										
Square Feet	157,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380	154,380
Enrollment	681	675	644	637	623	648	609	539	552	871
Acres	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7
Senior High (1997)										
Square Feet	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000	267,000
Enrollment	1,318	1,250	1,278	1,267	1,254	1,261	1,195	1,226	1,198	1,175
Acres	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0	193.0
Garfield (1930)										
Square Feet	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536	25,536
Enrollment	115	140	112	101	84	67	89	72	69	77
Acres	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
WEAC (1939)										
Square Feet	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470	49,470
Enrollment	17	17	18	18	16	15	7	0	0	0
Acres	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4

N/A = not available

Source: District Records and Minnesota Department of Education

#### Willmar Public Schools Schedule of Insurance Coverage For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Insured through			
	Agent & Ins. Co.			
Insurable Risk	or Risk Pool	Policy Period	Coverage Limits	Deductible
	Indiana		Gen. Agg. \$2,000,000	
General Liability	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Each Occ. \$1,200,000	\$1,000/ee
	Company			
	Indiana		Liability \$1,200,000	\$250 to
Automotive Liability	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Uninsured \$1,000,000	\$500
	Company		Under \$1,000,000	
	Indiana		Occurance \$2,000,000	
Commercial Excess	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Aggregate \$2,000,000	na
	Company			
	Indiana		Claim \$1,200,000	
School Leaders E & O	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Aggregate \$1,200,000	\$2,500
	Company			
	Indiana			
Basic Property (all risk)	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Varies by type of property	\$2,500
	Company			
	Indiana			
Boiler and Machinery	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	\$75,000,000	\$2,500
	Company			
	Indiana			
Inland Marine	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Various types of property	na
	Company			
	Indiana		Accident \$500,000	
Workers' Compensation	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Disease \$500,000	na
	Company		Disease \$500,000 ee	
	Indiana			
Crime	Insurance	7/1/09 - 7/1/10	Theft, etc. \$250,000	\$500
	Company			