## WHEN SHOULD YOUR CHILD STAY HOME FROM SCHOOL?

As a part of our commitment to the well-being of our students, we would like to guide you on when it might be necessary to keep your child at home due to illness. This information is intended to assist in making decisions about your child's health and school attendance.

	SYMPTOMS	<b>100 STAY HOME</b>	<b>GO</b> RETURN TO SCHOOL
	FEVER	If temperature is above 100.4°F without fever-reducing medication	When fever free for 24 hours without medication.
	COUGH/CONGESTION	If cough or congestion is severe, causes difficulty breathing, or is accompanied by fever.	When symptoms improve or are mild and manageable.
*	VOMITING/DIARRHEA	If there are more than two episodes of vomiting or diarrhea.	24 hours after the last episode, without medication.
	RASH WITH FEVER	If a rash is accompanied by fever or behavioral changes.	After a healthcare provider has given clearance.
	CHICKEN POX	Until all blisters have crusted over.	Usually about a week after symptoms start, but check with a healthcare provider.
	CONJUNCTIVITIS (Pink Eye)	If there is eye discharge and the child is unable to participate in normal activities.	After 24 hours of antibiotic treatment, if bacterial, or when symptoms improve.
	SORE THROAT	If accompanied by fever or swollen glands in the neck.	After being fever-free for 24 hours without medication or with a healthcare provider's note.

Please Note:

- This information is not a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment.
- If you have specific questions or need advice regarding your child's health, please contact a qualified healthcare provider or reach out to the school nurse.
- The guidelines provided are in line with public health recommendations but should not be interpreted as medical directives.

