### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Kenansville, North Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

KENANSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA



### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2016

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION KENANSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PREPARED BY

ASHLEY SUTTON AND THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**

Letter of Transmittal	i
Board Members and Principal Officers	v
Organizational Chart	vi
Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting – ASBO	vii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting – GFOA	viii

#### <u>Exhibit</u>

#### Page No.

#### **FINANCIAL SECTION**

Management's Discussion and Analysis	1 3
Basic Financial Statements:	Ŭ
Government – wide Financial Statements:	
1 Statement of Net Position	11
2 Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	12
3 Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	10
– Governmental Funds	14
5 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	17
In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
6 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget	10
and Actual – General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Funds	16
7 Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	19
8 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	13
– Proprietary Funds	20
9 Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	20
10 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	22
11 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	23
	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	24
	24
	27
Required Supplementary Information	47
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	47
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	47
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	47
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	47
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	47 48
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	47 48
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	47 48 49
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund	47 48 49
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	47 48 49 51
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) –	47 48 49 51
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund	47 48 49 51 52
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – School Food Service Fund	47 48 49 51 52
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – School Food Service Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) –	47 48 49 51 52 53
Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Board Contributions Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Individual Schools Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Capital Outlay Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – School Food Service Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – Liberty Hall Fund.	47 48 49 51 52 53 54

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

	Statistical Section (Unaudited)	57
1	Financial Perspective Governmental and Business-type	
	Activities – Fiscal year ended June 30, 2016	58
2	Net Position by Component	59
3	Changes in Net Position	61
4	Governmental Funds – Fund Balances	63
5	Governmental Funds – Changes in Fund Balances	65
6	Operational Expenditures Per Pupil – Expenditures by Function	67
7	Proprietary Fund – Food Services Operations – Revenues by Source	69
8	Proprietary Fund – Food Service Operations – Expenses by Category	71
9	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	73
10	Average Daily Membership	74
11	Student Statistics	75
12	Full-Time Equivalent Governmental Employees by Function/Program	77
13	Instructional Personnel	78
14	School Building Data	79

	Duplin County, North Carolina	
15	Demographic Statistics	80
16	Principle Employers	81
17	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	82
18	Principle Property Tax Payers	83
19	Property Tax Levies and Current Collections	84

#### **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	85
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major	
Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance	
With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	87
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major	
State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance	
With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	89
Schedule of Findings and Question Costs	91
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	93
Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act Schedule of Findings and Question Costs	



## **Introductory Section**

# **Duplin County Schools**

A Unified Approach to Academic Excellence

October 1, 2016

#### Members of the Duplin County Board of Education and Citizens of Duplin County, North Carolina:

In compliance with the Public School Laws of North Carolina, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Duplin County Board of Education, operating as "Duplin County Schools", for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is herewith submitted. Responsibility for accuracy, completeness, and clarity of the report rests with the Superintendent and the Chief Officer for School Finance.

This report was prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with the requirements and guidelines promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We believe the data is accurate in all material respects and is presented in a manner designed to reflect fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Board. Disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the Board's financial activity have been included.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Duplin County Board of Education (the "Board") is the level of government having oversight responsibility and control over activities related to public school education in Duplin County, North Carolina. N.C. General Statutes empower the Duplin County Board of Education with general control and supervision of all matters pertaining to the schools in the system. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the school system served students from kindergarten through 12th grade in 8 elementary schools, 3 middle schools, and 5 high schools. The oldest school in the District was built in 1947 while the newest school was constructed in 2009. The average age of all school buildings is 44 years. The school system provides general, special and vocational education services. The school system receives local, State, and federal government funding and must comply with the legal requirements of each funding source. While the Board does receive funding from Duplin County (the "County"), the County is not entitled to share in any surplus nor is it required to finance any deficits. The Board, whose members are elected by the citizens of Duplin County, has the authority to designate management, make binding decisions, and significantly influence operations. However, the Board has no tax levying or borrowing authority and is required to maintain accounting records in a uniform State format. The Board has final approval over the budget and primary accountability for fiscal matters. Accordingly, the Duplin County Board of Education is not included in any other reporting entity.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Duplin County's economy has historically been based on agriculture. In the past, tobacco and row crops were the staples of agricultural production. In more recent years, poultry and livestock production has displaced crops as the primary source of production. As a result, Duplin County's population has grown nearly 22 percent since 2000, to an estimated population of 59,159. The unemployment rate for Duplin

County was 5.5 percent at June 30, 2016 as compared to the State of N.C. unemployment rate of 5.2 percent at June 30, 2016.

The Board of Education had an average daily membership (ADM) of 9,952 during the 2015-2016 school year compared to 9,881 during the 2014-2015 year, an increase of 71 students. The State projected a slight decrease for 2016-2017 with a projected ADM of 9,860 students.

The production of alternative energy fuel crops is a future agribusiness growth opportunity for the County. Important research is being conducted locally on alternative crops for the production of ethanol and biodiesel fuels that would not compete with Midwestern corn supplies which are critical for local livestock production. Other fuel crops such as industrial sweet potatoes and canola are being evaluated at the North Carolina State University Williamsdale Research farm located in Duplin County.

Manufacturing, including agricultural related processing, is an important segment of the County's employment. Approximately 30% of the County's workforce is employed in agricultural related processing and manufacturing. Of the ten largest companies in the County, five are engaged in agricultural production or processing.

Due to the County's geographic proximity to the military installations of Camp Lejeune, Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, New River Air Station and Cherry Point Air Station, Duplin County is strategically positioned to support projected military growth. Initiatives of growth to attract military population or business include civic and community efforts.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES

The goals of the school system as outlined in the 5 year Strategic Plan are as follows:

- Student academic success for every PreK-13 student.
- All students will receive a personalized education through access to STEM, career, college, and digital learning.
- Every student will be instructed and supported by excellent and innovative leaders, teachers, and personnel.
- Develop and maintain strategic partnerships supported by 21<sup>st</sup> Century financial, business and technology systems.
- Provide safe and nurturing facilities for all PreK-13 students and staff.

Duplin County Schools is one of two school districts in the nation following a District-Wide Early College Approach to Seamless Education. Through a partnership with James Sprunt Community College and the North Carolina New Schools Project, Duplin students are immersed in a college-going climate and culture beginning in Pre-Kindergarten. The goal for each child is college, career, and life success. For more information, visit duplinschools.net or call the Office of Public Information at 910.296.6623.

The Capital Outlay Bond project approved by County Commissioners and Board of Education in 2015-2016 fiscal year totaled \$60 million and includes the following projects:

- Kenansville convert from PreK-5 to PreK-8
- Rose Hill Magnolia convert from PreK-5 to PreK-8
- Wallace convert from PreK-5 to PreK-8
- Warsaw convert from PreK-5 to PreK-8
- BF Grady expansion with sewer main
- North Duplin Jr./Sr. auxiliary gym
- Contingent upon the completion of construction required to convert the existing campuses noted above to PreK-8 the existing middle schools (Warsaw E.E. Smith and Charity) will close. The students from these schools will be sent to one of the PreK-8 facilities.

These projects are expected to be completed by August 2017.

#### FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The cost of public school education in North Carolina is financed primarily by the State, which establishes minimum programs. Local funds supplement the basic programs and are appropriated by the local board of county commissioners.

Monthly reports on transactions of State and federal funds and details of disbursements from State funds are submitted to the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction for review.

Financial activities throughout the year are controlled in accordance with the North Carolina School Budget and Fiscal Control Act, which requires a pre-audit procedure to ensure availability of funds prior to the issuance of purchase orders or payment of claims. Outstanding purchase orders at the end of the fiscal year related to normal operations are cancelled and renewed in the following fiscal year.

In developing and improving the Board's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal control. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements, and maintaining the accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Board's internal control adequately safeguards assets and provides reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC, independent certified public accountants, whose opinion is expressed on page one, have audited the financial statements. The Duplin County Board of Education complies with the requirements of the Single Audit Act for which separate reports are issued.

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING AWARDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Duplin County Board of Education earned the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award. The awards are made only to governmental units that publish a comprehensive annual financial report, which is easily readable, efficiently organized, and conforms to program standards as well as satisfying generally accepted accounting principles. Awards are valid for one year only. We believe the accompanying report continues to conform to GFOA and ASBO requirements, and we will submit it for determination of eligibility for renewed awards.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of the finance staff and the Board's independent certified public accounting firm of Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC. We wish to express appreciation to all employees who assisted in the timely closing of the Duplin County Board of Education's fiscal records as well as the preparation of this report.

We would also like to express appreciation to the members of the Board of Education for their support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the school system in a responsible and professional manner.

Respectfully submitted,

-lotos han

Dr. Austin Obasohan Superintendent

Ally Juto

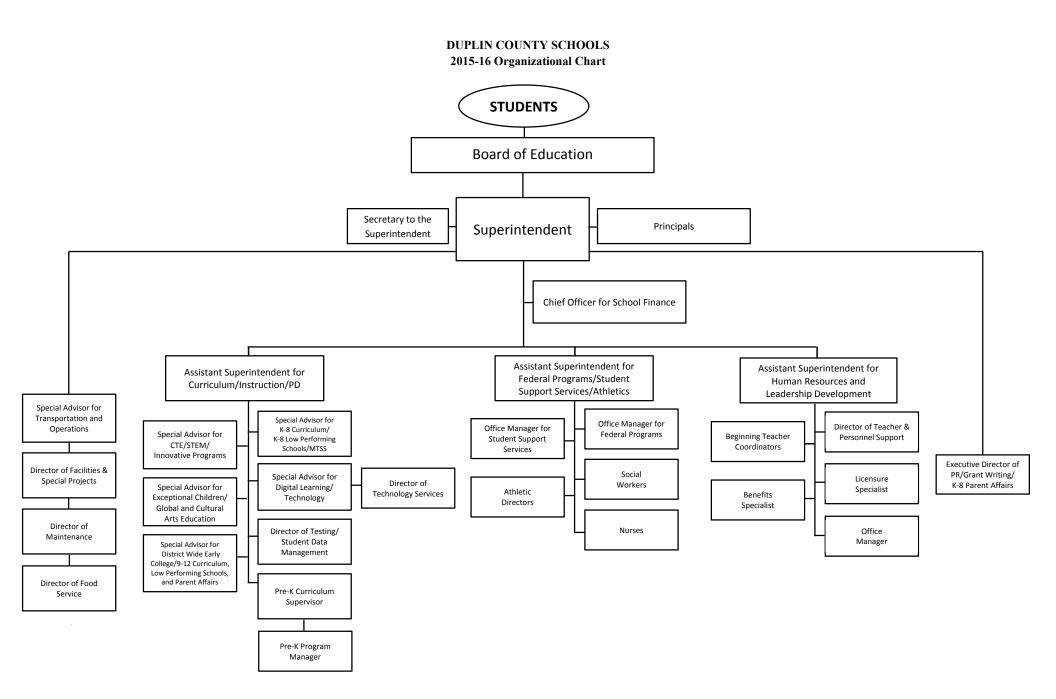
Ashley Sutton Chief Financial Officer

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION KENANSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

### JULY 1, 2015 - JUNE 30, 2016

**BOARD MEMBERS** 

BRENT DAVIS, CHAIR REGINALD KENAN HUBERT BOWDEN PAMELA EDWARDS DAVID JONES





### The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award is presented to

## **Duplin County Board of Education**

### for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards



Drendo Burkett

Brenda R. Burkett, CPA, CSBA, SFO President

John D. Musso

John D. Musso, CAE, RSBA Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Duplin County Board of Education North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



## **Financial Section**



### ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Duplin County Board of Education Kenansville, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Duplin County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Duplin County Board of Education as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, State Public School and Federal Grants funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 10 and the Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Board Contributions on pages 47 and 48, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Duplin County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The individual nonmajor fund schedules, budgetary schedules and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by the *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2016 on our consideration of the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

September 27, 2016 West End, North Carolina (910) 603-0508

This section of the Duplin County Board of Education's (the "Board") financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2016. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

#### Financial Highlights

- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Board's total government-wide net position increased by \$7.6 million, or 18.4%. Governmental activities net position increased by \$7.4 million, or 20.7%, and business-type activities net position increased by \$245,000, or 4.3%.
- The Board experienced an increase in student enrollment of 71 students or 0.7% from 9,881 students to 9,952 students.
- At year end, the Board's General fund reported fund balance of \$4.2 million a decrease of \$1.7 million in comparison with prior year. The decrease is a result of the State mandated increases in pay and bonuses.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The audited financial statements of the Duplin County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents budgetary statements for nonmajor governmental funds and budgetary statements for enterprise funds.

The *Basic Financial Statements* include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the *Government-wide Statements*. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting.

The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on each of the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

#### Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- *Governmental activities*: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities*: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service and activities at Liberty Hall are included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Duplin County Board of Education has three types of funds:

*Governmental funds:* Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – 1) how cash and other assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund and the Federal Grants Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this report.

*Proprietary funds:* Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Duplin County Board of Education has two proprietary funds - both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Liberty Hall Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds:* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Duplin County Board of Education has two fiduciary funds – The Southeast Education Alliance Fund and the Dickson Loan Fund. The Board acts as the fiscal agent for the Southeast Education Alliance, an association of area school boards for the purpose of providing workshops and other activities for the benefit of teachers within each member district. The Board also administers the Dickson Loan Fund, which provides loans to Duplin County students to continue their education after high school. These funds are accounted for as private purpose trust funds.

The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 10 and 11 of this report.

#### Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$48.9 million as of June 30, 2016 as compared to \$41.3 million as of June 30, 2015, an increase of \$7.6 million due largely to the increase in capital assets during the year. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$52.8 million, while restricted and unrestricted net position have a combined balance of negative \$3.8 million.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/16	6/30/15		
Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 10,421,112 57,717,282 68,138,394	\$ 8,858,495 50,968,018 59,826,513	\$ 6,211,293 180,366 6,391,659	\$ 6,092,578 179,510 6,272,088	\$ 16,632,405 57,897,648 74,530,053	\$ 14,951,073 51,147,528 66,098,601		
Deferred outflows of resources	5,579,142	5,057,980	194,306	180,335	5,773,448	5,238,315		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	7,925,738 <u>19,942,091</u> <u>27,867,829</u>	4,169,908 <u>10,998,530</u> <u>15,168,438</u>	93,026 <u>471,015</u> <u>564,041</u>	90,160 <u>182,577</u> <u>272,737</u> 501,020	8,018,764 20,413,106 28,431,870	4,260,068 11,181,107 15,441,175		
Net investment in	2,850,574	14,077,774	99,278	501,920	2,949,852	14,579,694		
capital assets	52,574,657	46,290,246	180,366	179,510	52,755,023	46,469,756		
Restricted net position	1,299,006	1,431,820	-	-	1,299,006	1,431,820		
Unrestricted net position	(10,874,530)	(12,083,785)	5,742,280	5,498,256	(5,132,250)	(6,585,529)		
Total net position	\$ 42,999,133	\$ 35,638,281	\$ 5,922,646	\$ 5,677,766	\$ 48,921,779	\$ 41,316,047		

# Table 1Condensed Statement of Net PositionAs of June 30, 2016 and 2015

The net position of the Board's governmental activities was \$43.0 million at June 30, 2016, an increase of \$7.4 million from the prior year, indicating an improvement in the financial condition of the Board. Net investment in capital assets increased \$6.3 million, restricted net position decreased \$133,000 and unrestricted net position increased \$1.2 million.

The net position of the Board's business-type activities increased by \$245,000 from \$5.7 million at June 30, 2015 to \$5.9 million at June 30, 2016. This increase of \$245,000 is the amount of net income generated by our school food service and Liberty Hall operations during the 2016 fiscal year.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current and prior fiscal years:

Table 2
<b>Condensed Statement of Activities</b>
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

		Governmen	tal A	Activities		Business-typ	ctivities		Total Primary	vernment		
		6/30/16		6/30/15		6/30/16		6/30/15		6/30/16		6/30/15
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2,227,766	\$	2,284,623	\$	590,922	\$	592,674	\$	2,818,688	\$	2,877,297
Operating grants and												
contributions		64,162,664		63,341,981		5,127,500		4,959,046		69,290,164		68,301,027
Capital grants and												
contributions		785,003		658,285		22,556		14,526		807,559		672,811
General revenues:												
Other revenues		24,533,661		17,019,652		(35,224)		(8,402)		24,498,437		17,011,250
Total revenues		91,709,094		83,304,541		5,705,754		5,557,844		97,414,848		88,862,385
<b>F</b>												
Expenses:												
Governmental activities: Instructional services		60 040 664		67,033,854						60 242 664		67,033,854
		68,343,664		67,033,654		-		-		68,343,664		07,033,854
System-wide support		15 450 014		16 162 000						15 450 014		16 162 202
services		15,459,211		16,163,282		-		-		15,459,211		16,163,282
Ancillary services		24,800		21,141		-		-		24,800		21,141
Payments to other		45.000		0.004						45.000		0.004
governments		15,669		3,881		-		-		15,669		3,881
Interest on long-term												
debt		93,514		58,292		-		-		93,514		58,292
Uallocated depreciation		330,791		540,788		-		-		330,791		540,788
Business-type activities:												
School food service		-		-		5,408,452		5,328,138		5,408,452		5,328,138
Liberty Hall		-		-		133,015		144,388		133,015		144,388
Child care		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenses		84,267,649		83,821,238		5,541,467	_	5,472,526		89,809,116		89,293,764
Transfers in (out)		(80,593)		(53,020)		80,593	_	53,020		-		-
Increase (decrease) in												/ · · · · · · · ·
net position		7,360,852		(569,717)		244,880		138,338		7,605,732		(431,379)
Beginning net position, restated	<u> </u>	35,638,281	<u> </u>	36,207,998	<u>_</u>	5,677,766	<u> </u>	5,539,428	<u>_</u>	41,316,047	<u>_</u>	41,747,426
Ending net position	\$	42,999,133	\$	35,638,281	\$	5,922,646	\$	5,677,766	\$	48,921,779	\$	41,316,047

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$91.7 million while expenses in this category totaled \$84.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2016, resulting in an increase in net position of \$7.4 million (including transfers out to business-type activities of \$81,000). Comparatively, revenues were \$83.3 million, expenses totaled \$83.8 million and transfers out were \$53,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$570,000. In comparing the two years, revenues increased by \$8.4 million while expenses increased by \$446,000. The overall increase in revenues is primarily

attributable to a \$5.4 million increase in funding from the County for capital expenditures related to school conversions. This funding is part of a \$60 million local bond referendum.

The Board's primary sources of revenues were funding from the State of North Carolina, Duplin County, and the United States Government, which respectively comprised 69.3%, 17.2% and 8.9% of our total revenues. As would be expected, the major component of our expenses was instructional services which accounted for 71.6% of our total expenses during the most recent fiscal year. Of the remaining 28.4% of our total expenses, 16.2% was attributable to system-wide support services.

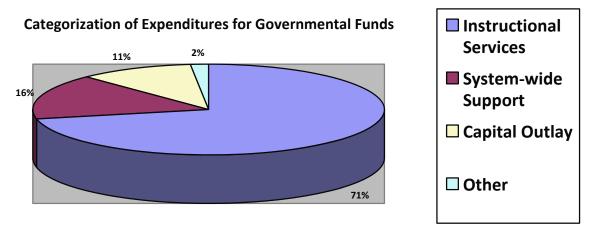
Our business-type activities generated revenues of \$5.7 million, while expenses in this category totaled \$5.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2016. For the year, net position increased by \$245,000 (including transfers in of \$81,000). Comparatively, revenues were \$5.6 million, expenses totaled \$5.5 million and transfers in were \$53,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015, resulting in an increase in net position of \$138,000. In comparing the two years, the year-over-year increase in profitability of \$107,000 is primarily attributable to an increase in federal reimbursements and commodities within the School Food Service fund.

#### Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

*Governmental Funds:* The focus of Duplin County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5.3 million at June 30, 2016, a decrease of \$1.7 million from the \$7.0 million reported at June 30, 2015. The Board's General and Capital Outlay fund reported expenditures over revenues for the year ended June 30, 2016 of \$1.7 million and \$105,000, respectively, while the Individual Schools fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$78,000. Overall, total governmental fund revenues increased by \$8.5 million, or 10.2%, from the prior year while expenditures increased by \$9.7 million, or 11.3%. The increase in expenditures is primarily due to an increase in Capital Outlay Fund expenditures of \$9.0 million as a result of construction projects and the acquisition of 18 new school buses. The Board's General Fund experienced an increase in expenditures totaling \$251,000, primarily from a State mandated bonus of \$750 for each full time employee.

The following chart summarizes governmental fund expenditures:



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

*Proprietary Funds:* The Board's business-type funds, the School Food Service Fund and the Liberty Hall Fund, reported a combined increase in net position of \$245,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 compared to an increase of \$138,000 for the same 2015 period. As previously discussed, the year-over-year improvement in profitability of \$107,000 is primarily attributable to an increase in federal funding in the School Food Service Fund.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of a year, the Board will revise the budget, as necessary, to account for changes in revenue expectations and program allocations. Due to some State and federal revenue sources being uncertain at the start of the year, management increased its budgeted revenues and expenditures by \$4.4 million during the year to cover instructional service costs that were to be paid from State or federal funds. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the district had to use \$1.7 million of its \$1.8 million appropriated fund balance.

For the year, the Board's General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$1.7million compared to a decrease of \$1.2 million in the prior year. Revenues decreased over the prior year by \$159,000 due to decreases in private grants received in the current year. The other component to the increased use of fund balance is an increase in expenditures of \$251,000 that was a result of a state mandated bonus paid to each full time employee.

#### **Capital Assets**

Total primary government capital assets were \$57.9 million at June 30, 2016 compared to \$51.1 million at June 30, 2015, an increase of 13.2%. The increase in capital assets is due to an excess of capital additions over depreciation expense for the year. More detailed information about the Board's capital assets is contained in Note 2- Detail Notes to the financial statements.

The following is a summary of the Board's capital assets, net of depreciation, at June 30, 2016 and 2015:

#### Table 3 Summary of Capital Assets As of June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government			
	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/16	6/30/15	6/30/16	6/30/15		
Land	\$ 2,301,154	\$ 2,301,154	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 2,325,154	\$ 2,325,154		
Construction in progress	6,432,484	-	-	-	6,432,484	-		
Buildings	27,319,402	28,371,669	6,697	11,162	27,326,099	28,382,831		
Equipment and furniture	2,274,074	2,495,558	149,669	144,348	2,423,743	2,639,906		
Vehicles	4,706,193	3,616,265	-	-	4,706,193	3,616,265		
Improvements	14,683,975	14,183,372		-	14,683,975	14,183,372		
Total	\$ 57,717,282	\$ 50,968,018	\$ 180,366	\$ 179,510	\$ 57,897,648	\$ 51,147,528		

#### Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's long-term debt increased by \$465,000 from \$4.7 million at June 30, 2015 to \$5.1 million at June 30, 2016. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. The County holds virtually all debt issued for school capital construction. More detailed information about the Board's outstanding debt is contained in Note 2- Detail Notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors**

The Board anticipates a decrease in enrollment for fiscal year 2017 of approximately 92 students (from 9,952 to 9,860) students. As student enrollment decreases so does level of funding from the State and Local sources. In addition, State raises for fiscal year 2017 ranged from 2.1% to 13.1% with an average of 4.7% for certified staff and 1.5% for non-certified employees and school administrators as well as a 0.5% bonus. While the net overall State level of funding is expected to increase approximately 1.5%, this increase will be used to fund raises for employees, increased retirement contributions and higher hospitalization insurance costs. Federal funding will decrease by \$88,000 in fiscal year 2017 due to the expected decrease in enrollment. County funding is also a major source of income for the Board; therefore, the County's economic outlook directly affects the school district. Some indicators of the County funding impact are:

- While the unemployment rate in Duplin County decreased during the past year, it continues to be higher than the average rate across the country. As of June 30, 2016, Duplin County experienced an unemployment rate of approximately 5.5% as compared to an unemployment rate of approximately 6.1% at June 30, 2015. The June 30, 2016 State of N.C. and national unemployment rates were both 4.9%.
- Property taxes are a major source of revenue for the County. The fiscal year 2016 tax rate is \$0.73 per \$100 valuation. Collection rates vary but are typically in the 94-96% range.

#### Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Duplin County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Ashley Sutton Chief Officer of School Finance Duplin County Board of Education P.O. Box 128 Kenansville, NC 28349

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Business-type						
	Activities	Activities	Total					
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,612,105	\$ 1,914,315	\$ 7,526,420					
Investments	-	3,953,325	3,953,325					
Due from other governments	4,393,943	156,329	4,550,272					
Receivables	111,051	-	111,051					
Internal balances	(96,428)	96,428	-					
Inventories	137,309	90,896	228,205					
Prepaid expenses	263,132	-	263,132					
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress	8,733,638	24,000	8,757,638					
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	48,983,644	156,366	49,140,010					
Total capital assets	57,717,282	180,366	57,897,648					
Total assets	68,138,394	6,391,659	74,530,053					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,579,142	194,306	5,773,448					
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,533,229	-	3,533,229					
Accrued salaries and wages payable	1,344,087	22,327	1,366,414					
Unearned revenue	234,660	18,038	252,698					
Long-term liabilities:								
Net pension liability	12,838,028	447,111	13,285,139					
Due within one year	2,813,762	52,661	2,866,423					
Due in more than one year	7,104,063	23,904	7,127,967					
Total liabilities	27,867,829	564,041	28,431,870					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,850,574	99,278	2,949,852					
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	52,574,657	180,366	52,755,023					
Stabilization by State statute	189,054	-	189,054					
School capital outlay	268,107	-	268,107					
Instructional services	22,638	-	22,638					
Individual schools activities	819,207	-	819,207					
Unrestricted	(10,874,530)	5,742,280	(5,132,250)					
Total net position	<u>\$ 42,999,133</u>	<u>\$    5,922,646</u>	<u>\$ 48,921,779</u>					

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense)	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
						Primary Government				
			Operating	Capital Grants						
		Charges for	Grants and	and	Governmental	Business-type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total			
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
Instructional services:										
Regular instructional	\$ 40,347,352	\$-	\$ 34,776,418	\$-	\$ (5,570,934)	\$-	\$ (5,570,934)			
Special populations	8,472,439	-	8,207,030	-	(265,409)	-	(265,409)			
Alternative programs	6,942,508	-	6.818.621	-	(123,887)	-	(123,887)			
School leadership	4,249,342	-	2,943,760	-	(1,305,582)	-	(1,305,582)			
Co-curricular	2,432,853	1,840,207	-	-	(592,646)	-	(592,646)			
School-based support	5,899,170	-	4,377,724	-	(1,521,446)	-	(1,521,446)			
System-wide support services:	0,000,110		.,		(1,021,110)		(1,021,110)			
Support and development	786,557	-	350,556	-	(436,001)	-	(436,001)			
Special population support and development	272,548	-	271,147	-	(1,401)	-	(1,401)			
Alternative programs and services	272,010		211,111		(1,101)		(1,101)			
support and development	310,484	-	146,724	-	(163,760)	-	(163,760)			
Technology support	1,083,061		299,213	-	(783,848)	_	(783,848)			
Operational support	11,264,048	387,559	5,166,197	785,003	(4,925,289)	_	(4,925,289)			
Financial and human resource services	880,678		126,390	705,005	(754,288)	_	(754,288)			
Accountability	110,304		13,175		(97,129)	_	(97,129)			
Policy, leadership and public relations	751,531	-	322,717	-	(428,814)	-	(428,814)			
Ancillary services	24,800	-	22,556	-	(428,814)	-	(420,014) (2,244)			
,	15,669	-	,	-	(2,244) 304,767	-	(2,244) 304,767			
Payments to other governments	,	-	320,436	-	,	-	,			
Interest on long-term debt	93,514	-	-	-	(93,514)	-	(93,514)			
Unallocated depreciation expense**	330,791		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(330,791)		(330,791)			
Total governmental activities	84,267,649	2,227,766	64,162,664	785,003	(17,092,216)	<u> </u>	(17,092,216)			
Business-type activities:										
School food service	5,408,452	585,668	5,029,400	22,556	-	229,172	229,172			
Liberty Hall	133,015	5,254	98,100	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(29,661)	(29,661)			
Total business-type activities	5,541,467	590,922	5,127,500	22,556	<u> </u>	199,511	199,511			
Total primary government	<u>\$ 89,809,116</u>	\$ 2,818,688	<u>\$ 69,290,164</u>	<u>\$ 807,559</u>	(17,092,216)	199,511	(16,892,705)			
		General	revenues:							
			tricted county appropr	iations - operating	9.553.920	-	9.553.920			
			tricted county appropr		6,298,294	-	6,298,294			
			tricted State appropria		5,108,035	-	5,108,035			
			tricted State appropria		2,172,691	-	2,172,691			
			ment earnings, unrest	•	21,122	(35,224)	(14,102)			
**This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in	the direct		laneous, unrestricted		1,379,599	-	1,379,599			
expenses of the various programs.		Transfe	<i>'</i>		(80,593)	80,593				
		т	otal general revenues	and transfers	24,453,068	45,369	24,498,437			
		С	hange in net position		7,360,852	244,880	7,605,732			
		Net pos	tion - beginning		35,638,281	5,677,766	41,316,047			
		Net pos	tion - ending		<u>\$ 42,999,133</u>	<u>\$ 5,922,646</u>	<u>\$ 48,921,779</u>			

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

						Major Funds								
General		State Public School		Federal Grants		Individual Schools		Capital Outlay		Total Governmental Funds				
\$	4,524,791 78,003 111,051 137,309 263,132	\$	- 1,244,862 - - -	\$	- 56,505 - - -	\$	819,207 - - - -	\$	268,107 3,014,573 - - -	\$	5,612,105 4,393,943 111,051 137,309 263,132			
\$	5,114,286	\$	1,244,862	\$	56,505	\$	819,207	\$	3,282,680	\$	10,517,540			
\$	518,656 42,720 96,428 234,660	\$	- 1,244,862 - -	\$	- 56,505 - -	\$	-	\$	3,014,573 - - -	\$	3,533,229 1,344,087 96,428 234,660			
	892,464		1,244,862		56,505		-		3,014,573		5,208,404			
	137 309		_		_		_		_		137,309			
	263,132		-		-		-		-		263,132			
	189,054 -		-		-		-		- 268,107		189,054 268,107			
	22,638		-		-		-		-		22,638			
	- 3,609,689		-		-		819,207 -		-		819,207 3,609,689			
	4,221,822		-		-		819,207		268,107		5,309,136			
\$	5,114,286	\$	1,244,862	\$	56,505	\$	819,207	\$	3,282,680					
	\$	<ul> <li>\$ 4,524,791 78,003 111,051 137,309 263,132</li> <li>\$ 5,114,286</li> <li>\$ 518,656 42,720 96,428 234,660</li> <li>892,464</li> <li>137,309 263,132</li> <li>189,054 - 22,638</li> <li>3,609,689</li> <li>4,221,822</li> <li>\$ 5,114,286</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	57,717,282
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	5,579,142
Some liabilities, including those for compensated absences and installment purchases, are not due and	
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(9,917,825)
Net pension liability	(12,838,028)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (2,850,574)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 42,999,133

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Major Funds					
	General	State Public School	Federal Grants	Individual Schools	Capital Outlay	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	<b>A C A C</b>	¢ 50.000.404	۴	¢	¢ 0.057.004	¢ 00.000.000
State of North Carolina	\$ 1,640,831	\$ 59,233,484	\$ -	\$-	\$ 2,957,694	\$ 63,832,009
Duplin County	0 552 020					0 552 020
Local current expense Other	9,553,920	-	-	-	- 6,298,294	9,553,920 6,298,294
U.S. Government	- 1,419,999	-	- 6,777,182	-	0,290,294	8,197,181
Other	2,448,419	-	0,777,102	- 1,840,207	-	4,288,626
		E0 000 404	0 777 400		0.055.000	
Total revenues	15,063,169	59,233,484	6,777,182	1,840,207	9,255,988	92,170,030
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instructional services:						
Regular instructional	4,327,952	34,167,187	782,608	-	-	39,277,747
Special populations	587,115	5,984,370	2,223,661	-	-	8,795,146
Alternative programs	1,967,494	2,401,760	2,803,239	-	-	7,172,493
School leadership	588,760	3,840,394	-	-	-	4,429,154
Co-curricular	693,153	-	-	1,762,542	-	2,455,695
School-based support	702,329	5,214,187	184,509	-	-	6,101,025
System-wide support services:						
Support and development	283,171	541,202	3,658	-	-	828,031
Special population support and development	11,173	167,813	103,334	-	-	282,320
Alternative programs and services						
support and development	135,827	46,297	140,494	-	-	322,618
Technology support	306,892	768,395	34,222	-	-	1,109,509
Operational support	5,823,121	5,000,323	158,465	-	-	10,981,909
Financial and human resource services	318,637	700,521	-	-	-	1,019,158
Accountability	101,122	13,175	-	-	-	114,297
Policy, leadership and public relations	393,817	380,451	-	-	-	774,268
Ancillary services	2,262	-	22,556	-	-	24,818
Non-programmed charges	16,169	-	320,436	-	-	336,605
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	260,718	-	-	-	785,003	1,045,721
Interest and fees	93,514	-	-	-	-	93,514
Capital outlay					10,086,660	10,086,660
Total expenditures	16,613,226	59,226,075	6,777,182	1,762,542	10,871,663	95,250,688
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,550,057)	7,409	-	77,665	(1,615,675)	(3,080,658)
Other financing sources (uses):				·,		
Transfers to other funds	(72,404)	(7, 100)				(00 500)
	(73,184)	(7,409)	-	-	-	(80,593)
Installment purchase obligations issued					1,510,574	1,510,574
Total other financing sources (uses)	(73,184)	(7,409)		-	1,510,574	1,429,981
Net change in fund balance	(1,623,241)	-	-	77,665	(105,101)	(1,650,677)
Fund balances:					· · /	··· · /
Beginning of year	5,881,141	-	-	741,542	373,208	6,995,891
Decrease in reserve for inventories	(36,078)	-	-		-	(36,078)
		¢	<u></u>	¢ 040.007	¢ 000.407	·
End of year	\$ 4,221,822	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$819,207</u>	<u>\$ 268,107</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,650,677)
Change in fund balance due to change in reserve for inventory	(36,078)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	6,750,554
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	4,449,681
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,290)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(464,853)
	(404,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Pension expense Compensated absences	(1,641,554) (44,931)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,360,852

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Exhibit 6

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina Duplin County U.S. Government Other	\$      122,084 9,553,920 150,000 1,154,180	\$ 1,775,105 9,553,920 1,415,540 2,603,624	\$ 1,640,831 9,553,920 1,419,999 2,448,419	\$ (134,274) - 4,459 (155,205)
Total revenues	10,980,184	15,348,189	15,063,169	(285,020)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services System-wide support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges	4,603,572 7,467,037 6,350 <u>3,000</u>	9,042,410 7,655,430 2,262 16,169	8,866,803 7,373,760 2,262 16,169	175,607 281,670 - -
Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fees	- 	260,718 93,514 354,232	260,718 93,514 354,232	- 
Total expenditures	12,079,959	17,070,503	16,613,226	457,277
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,099,775)	(1,722,314)	(1,550,057)	172,257
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds	(50,075)	(77,536)	(73,184)	4,352
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	(1,149,850)	(1,799,850)	(1,623,241)	176,609
Fund balance appropriated	1,149,850	1,799,850	<u> </u>	(1,799,850)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	(1,623,241)	<u>\$ (1,623,241</u> )
Fund balances: Beginning of year			5,881,141	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inv	entories		(36,078)	
End of year			\$ 4,221,822	

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	State Public School Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina Duplin County U.S. Government Other	\$    54,579,923 - - -	\$    59,661,965 - - -	\$    59,233,484 - - - -	\$ (428,481) - - -
Total revenues	54,579,923	59,661,965	59,233,484	(428,481)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services System-wide support services Ancillary services Non-programmed charges	47,626,972 6,948,832 - -	51,972,762 7,681,794 - -	51,607,898 7,618,177 - -	364,864 63,617 - -
Debt service Interest and fees	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	54,575,804	59,654,556	59,226,075	428,481
Revenues over (under) expenditures	4,119	7,409	7,409	-
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds	(4,119)	(7,409)	(7,409)	<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	-	-	-
Fund balance appropriated				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund balances: Beginning of year			-	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inv	entories		<u> </u>	
End of year			<u>\$</u>	

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES · BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Federal Grants Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina Duplin County	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government Other	7,597,434	7,803,997	6,777,182	(1,026,815)
Total revenues	7,597,434	7,803,997	6,777,182	(1,026,815)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services System-wide support services Ancillary services	6,798,725 543,208 37,082	6,704,665 554,988 22,556	5,994,017 440,173 22,556	710,648 114,815 -
Non-programmed charges	218,419	521,788	320,436	201,352
Debt service Interest and fees	<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	7,597,434	7,803,997	6,777,182	1,026,815
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds	<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	-	-	-
Fund balance appropriated				
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>
Fund balances: Beginning of year			-	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inv	entories		<u> </u>	
End of year			<u>\$</u>	

#### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES June 30, 2016

	Enterprise		
	Major	Funds	
	School Food		
	Service	Liberty Hall	Totals
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,789,595	\$ 124,720	\$ 1,914,315
Investments	-	3,953,325	3,953,325
Due from other governments	156,329	-	156,329
Due from other funds	96,428	-	96,428
Inventories	90,896	-	90,896
Total current assets	2,133,248	4,078,045	6,211,293
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:			
Furniture and equipment, net	149,669	30,697	180,366
Total assets	2,282,917	4,108,742	6,391,659
Deferred Outflows of Resources	194,306	<u> </u>	194,306
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accrued salaries and wages payable	22,327	-	22,327
Compensated absences	52,661	-	52,661
Unearned revenue	18,038	-	18,038
Total current liabilities	93,026		93,026
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	447,111	-	447,111
Compensated absences	23,904	_	23,904
Total noncurrent liabilities			
Total noncurrent liabilities	471,015		471,015
Total liabilities	564,041	<u> </u>	564,041
Deferred Inflows of Resources	99,278	<u> </u>	99,278
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	149,669	30,697	180,366
Unrestricted	1,664,235	4,078,045	5,742,280
Total net position	<u>\$ 1,813,904</u>	<u>\$ 4,108,742</u>	\$ 5,922,646

### **DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION** STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION **PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Enterprise			
	Majo			
	School Food			
	Service	Liberty Hall	Totals	
Operating revenues:				
Food sales	\$ 585,668	\$-	\$ 585,668	
Other	φ 303,000	پ 5,254	\$	
Total operating revenues	585,668	5,254	590,922	
Operating expenses: Food cost:				
Purchase of food	2,081,915	<u> </u>	2,081,915	
Donated commodities	387,771	_	387,771	
Salaries and benefits	2,626,208	65,296	2,691,504	
Indirect costs	140,000		140,000	
Materials and supplies	29,491	1,184	30,675	
Repairs and maintenance	75,369	19,322	94,691	
Depreciation	33,738	4,465	38,203	
Non-capitalized equipment	5,857	-,+03	5,857	
Contracted services	7,767	773	8,540	
Scholarships and donations	-	12,750	12,750	
Other	20,336	29,225	49,561	
			· · · ·	
Total operating expenses	5,408,452	133,015	5,541,467	
Operating loss	(4,822,784)	(127,761)	(4,950,545)	
Nonoperating revenues:				
Federal reimbursements	4,628,794	-	4,628,794	
Federal commodities	387,771	-	387,771	
State reimbursements	12,835	-	12,835	
Investment income, net	2,277	(37,501)	(35,224)	
Contributions and donations		98,100	98,100	
Total nonoperating revenues	5,031,677	60,599	5,092,276	
Income (loss) before transfers	208,893	(67,162)	141,731	
Transfers from other funds	80,593		80,593	
Contributions:				
Capital contributions	22,556		22,556	
Change in net position	312,042	(67,162)	244,880	
Net position, beginning of year	1,501,862	4,175,904	5,677,766	
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,813,904	\$ 4,108,742	\$ 5,922,646	

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Enterprise					
	Major Funds						
	School Food	Liberty Hall					
	Service	Fund	Totals				
Cash flows from operating activities:	• • • • • • •	• <i>i</i>	<b>•</b>				
Cash received from customers	\$ 584,173	\$ 5,254	\$ 589,427				
Cash paid for goods and services	(2,374,691)	(63,254)	(2,437,945)				
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,668,928)	(65,296)	(2,734,224)				
Net cash used by operating activities	(4,459,446)	(123,296)	(4,582,742)				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Due from other funds	(20,585)	-	(20,585)				
Federal and State reimbursements	4,697,511	-	4,697,511				
Contributions and donations		98,100	98,100				
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	4,676,926	98,100	4,775,026				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Purchase of capital assets	(16,503)	-	(16,503)				
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Distributions from Sara G. Kenan Endowment Fund	-	75,000	75,000				
Investment income	2,277	-	2,277				
Net cash provided by investing activities activities	2,277	75,000	77,277				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	203,254	49,804	253,058				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,586,341	74,916	1,661,257				
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 124,720</u>	<u>\$ 1,914,315</u>				
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash							
used by operating activities:	• (,	<b>•</b> (( <b>•••</b> ••)	<b>*</b> (, , , , , , , , , , , )				
Operating loss	\$ (4,822,784)	<u>\$ (127,761)</u>	<u>\$ (4,950,545)</u>				
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
net cash used by operating activities: Depreciation	33,738	4,465	38,203				
Donated commodities	387,771	4,405	387,771				
Salaries paid by other funds	80,593	-	80,593				
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,		,				
Increase in inventories	(13,455)	-	(13,455)				
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(501)	-	(501)				
Increase in accrued salaries and wages payable	3,231	-	3,231				
Decrease in unavailable revenue	(1,495)	-	(1,495)				
Increase in pension liability	308,141	-	308,141				
Increase in deferred outflow - pension	(13,971)	-	(13,971)				
Decrease in deferred inflow - pension	(402,642)	-	(402,642)				
Decrease in compensated absences payable	<u>(18,072</u> ) 363,338	4,465	<u>(18,072</u> ) 367,803				
Total adjustments							
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>\$ (4,459,446</u> )	<u>\$ (123,296)</u>	\$ (4,582,742)				

## NONCASH OPERATING AND NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$387,771 during the fiscal year. The receipt of these commodities is reflected as a nonoperating revenue on Exhibit 8. The consumption of these commodities is recorded as an operating expense.

The General and State Public School Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$80,593 to administrative personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. The payments are reflected as transfers in and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

School Food Service capital assets with a value of \$22,556 were purchased by the Federal Grants Fund during the year. The value of these assets is reflected as a capital contribution on Exhibit 8.

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Assets	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	293,105		
Liabilities				
Deferred revenue		26,000		
Net position				
Assets held in trust for private purpose	\$	267,105		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions: Membership and other revenues Interest income	\$       194,094 1,267
Total additions	195,361
Deductions:	
Salaries and benefits	173,041
Workshop and related items Other	13,128 15,492
Total deductions	201,661
Change in net position	(6,300)
Beginning net position	273,405
Ending net position	<u>\$ 267,105</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Duplin County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

## A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Duplin County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Duplin County, North Carolina. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity. The Board has no component units.

## B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The fiduciary funds are presented separately.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All expenses are considered to be operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund.* The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are accounted for in another fund. This fund is the "Local Current Expense Fund," which is mandated by State law [G.S. 115C-426].

*State Public School Fund.* The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

*Federal Grants Fund*. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the U.S. Government for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

*Individual Schools Fund.* The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses and instructional needs.

*Capital Outlay Fund.* The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Duplin County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of county debt issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following major enterprise funds:

*School Food Service Fund.* The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

*Liberty Hall Fund.* The Liberty Hall Fund is used to account for the operations of Liberty Hall, a historic site located in Duplin County.

The Board reports the following fiduciary funds:

Southeast Education Alliance Fund. The Southeast Education Alliance Fund is used to account for the activity of the Southeast Education Alliance, an association of area school boards for the purpose of providing workshops and other activities for the benefit of teachers within each district. The Board acts as fiscal agent for the Alliance.

*Dickson Loan Fund.* The fund, established by proceeds from the estate of Colonel Alexander Dickson, is to be used for the sole purpose of providing loans to help Duplin County students continue their education after high school.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is

both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

#### D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to transfer up to 25% of an appropriation between line items in the Current Expense Fund. Amendments that alter County appropriation or transfers moneys to or from the Capital Outlay Fund also require the approval of the Duplin County Commissioners. All amendments must be approved by the governing board.

During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted

## E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with State laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. The STIF consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

State law [G.S. 115C-491] authorizes the Board to invest funds held in the Sarah Graham Kenan Foundation Trust Fund, an endowment fund held within the Liberty Hall Fund, in all forms of property, both real and personal, including, but not by way of limitation, all types of stocks, bonds, securities, mortgages and all types, kinds and subjects of investments of any nature and description. The board of trustees of this endowment fund may retain all contributions in the form in which they are made or sell any property at either public or private sale. The board of trustees is responsible for the prudent investment of any funds or moneys belonging to the endowment fund in the exercise of its sound discretion without regard to any statute or law relating to the investment of funds by fiduciaries.

The Board's investments are reported at amortized cost or at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or a matrix pricing model. Bank deposits and the NCCMT are measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying

assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

#### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments, excluding investments held in the Sarah G. Kenan Endowment Fund, are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

## 3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. The inventories of the Board's General Fund consist of expendable materials and supplies, which are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The General Fund inventories do not reflect current appropriable resources and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is classified as nonspendable. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

## 4. Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures represent amounts paid to vendors for goods or services in one period that benefit a future period. The Board utilizes the consumption method of accounting and recognizes prepaid items as expenditures in the period consumed.

#### 5. Capital Assets

Donated assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other capital assets are recorded at original cost. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1990 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

It is the policy of the Board to capitalize all capital assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

#### <u>Years</u>

Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Equipment and furniture	7 - 10
Vehicles and buses	8 - 15
Computer equipment	5

Depreciation for assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

## 6. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has two items that meet this criterion - a pension related deferral and contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has one item that meet this criterion – pension related deferrals.

## 7. Collections

Collectibles and antiques maintained in the Enterprise Funds (Liberty Hall Fund) are not capitalized or recognized as revenues if donated. These collections are held for public exhibition and not for financial gain.

## 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

## 9. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2016 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

## 10. Net Position/Fund Balances

## Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

## Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance* – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> an available resource because it represents the yearend balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Prepaid expenses - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenses, which are not spendable resources.

*Restricted fund balance* – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for school capital outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital outlay [G.S. 159-18 through 22].

Restricted for programs – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for prekindergarten programs.

Restricted for individual schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

*Committed Fund Balance* – This classification includes the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote by quorum of Board of Education's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority) and in certain instances approval by the County's governing body is required. Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing bodies that approved the original action. The Board of Education does not have any committed fund balance.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. The General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount, a negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Education has a management policy for revenue spending that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

- 11. <u>Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>
- a. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$37,689,997 consists of several elements as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$118,926,063 
Pension related deferred outflows of resources: Contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year Differences between contributions and proportional share of contributions and changes in proportion	4,449,681 1,129,461
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Installment purchases Compensated absences Net pension liability	(5,142,625) (4,775,200) (12,838,028)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: Differences between expected and actual experience Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	(1,459,683) (1,390,891)
Total adjustment	<u>\$ 37,689,997</u>
b Evaluation of contain differences between the reversemental fund statement	t of revenues

b. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$9,011,529 as follows:

Description	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 10,156,277
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(3,405,723)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	1,045,721
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities – it only affects the government-wide statement of net position	(1,510,574)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	4,449,681
Revenues reported in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources are not recorded as revenues in the fund statements: Loss on disposal of capital assets	(1,290)

Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:

Pension expense	(1,641,554)
Adjustment due to the use of the consumption method of recording inventory in the government-wide statements	(36,078)
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	(44,931)
otal adjustment	<u>\$ 9,011,529</u>

## 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) and additions to/deductions from TSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

- A. Assets
- 1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2016, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$4,841,692 and with the State Treasurer of \$-0-. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$4,943,955 and \$42,467, respectively. Of these balances, \$868,750 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,117,672 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer.

## 2. Investments

At June 30, 2016, the Board had \$2,977,833 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund and \$3,953,325 invested in equities and bonds in the Sarah Graham Kenan Endowment Fund.

## Interest Rate Risk

The Board of Education does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Department of State Treasurer Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) is unrated and has a weighted average maturity of 1.5 years as of June 30, 2016.

## Credit Rating for Bonds

The Board invests in certain mutual funds whose primary holdings are corporate and governmental bonds. The credit rating of the underlying bonds held within these mutual funds range from B to AAA as determined by Standard & Poor's.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The Board places no limit on the amount the Board may invest in any one issuer. The Board does not have any investments, other than the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF), that account for more than 5% of total invested funds.

The Board also maintains investments in the Sarah Graham Kenan Endowment Fund, for the benefit of Liberty Hall. The investments are authorized by G.S. 115C-491, which states that endowment funds created under G.S. 115C-490 may invest in all forms of property, both real and personal, including, but not by way of limitation, all types of stocks, bonds, securities, mortgages and all types, kinds, and subject of investments of any nature or description.

All investments in the endowment fund are measured using the market approach fair value hierarchy Level 1: Securities and mutual funds valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. At June 30, 2016, the Board's investment balances in the Sarah Graham Kenan Endowment Fund were as follows:

		Cost	Fair Value	
Cash and Cash Equivilants: PWM Fiduciary Master Deposit Account	\$	245,119	\$	245,119
Equities:				
AbbVie Inc		28,198		53,490
American Depository Receipt		64,422		48,485
Amgen Inc.		24,824		62,686
Apple, Inc.		10,085		51,242
AT&T Inc.		47,595		59,068
Blackrock Inc		57,221		78,097

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Cost	Fair Value
Equities (continued):	04,000	00.450
CISCO Systems, Inc.	31,860	33,453
CMS Energy Corp.	55,047	76,173
ConocoPhillips	67,071	49,660
Dow Chemical Company	79,241	79,486
Du Pont	38,006	48,794
Duke Energy Corp.	59,460	77,383
General Electric Co.	19,938	53,138
Home Depot Inc.	55,086	85,041
Intel Corp	57,792	79,015
International Paper Co.	34,603	30,556
J.P. Morgan Chase and Co.	52,770	80,036
Johnson & Johnson	64,050	90,975
KLA-Tencor Corp.	29,708	35,526
Kohls Corp.	44,838	27,037
Lilly Eli & Co	55,673	86,074
LyondellBasell Industries	73,636	72,932
Macy's Inc.	25,455	30,854
Merck & Co.	41,382	66,194
Microsoft Corp.	60,183	83,970
New York Community Bancorp Inc.	66,533	60,215
Nextera Energy Inc.	78,050	120,359
Occidental Pete Corp.	41,090	42,465
PepsiCo, Inc.	53,132	77,654
Pfizer Inc.	45,771	73,202
Philip Morris	13,507	29,397
Seagate Technology PLC	37,179	19,123
T. Rowe Price Diversified Small Cap Growth Fund	34,174	49,866
United Parcel Service	35,290	51,921
Verizon Communications	52,774	75,216
Wells Fargo & Company	54,856	67,492
Williams Companies, Inc.	57,233	41,616
	01,200	,0.10
Mutual Funds:		
Brandes International Small Cap Fund	25,000	24,806
Cambiar Small Cap Fund	50,000	37,715
Doubleline Total Return Bond Fund	210,000	208,804
Eaton Vance Atlanta Capital	65,000	81,407
iShares MSCI Europe ETF	55,212	49,363
iShares MSCI Pacific ETF	38,352	35,093
iShares Treasury Bond ETF	248,674	255,840
JOHCM International Select Fund	230,321	213,205
Mainstay ICAP International Fund	50,000	41,749
Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund	76,369	86,197
Pimco Investment Grade Corporate Bond Fund	264,370	265,894
Van Eck Emerging Markets Fund	40,000	34,469
Vanguard Mortgage-Backed Securities	125,000	125,773
	\$ 3,471,150	\$ 3,953,325

# 3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	oth (I	from (to) er funds nternal lances)	Due from other overnments	 Other	 Total
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities	\$	(96,428) <u>-</u>	\$ 78,003 4,315,940	\$ 111,051 -	\$ 92,626 4,315,940
Total governmental activities	\$	(96,428)	\$ 4,393,943	\$ 111,051	\$ 4,408,566
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	\$	96,428	\$ 156,329	\$ 	\$ 252,757

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:			
General Fund	\$	78,003	Amounts due for various federal programs and reimbursements
State Public School Fund		1,244,862	Operating funds from DPI
Federal Grants Fund		56,505	Federal grant funds
Capital Outlay Fund		3,014,573	Amounts due from County
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,393,943	
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	<u>\$</u>	156,329	Federal grant funds

# 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances In		ncreases	ses Decreases		Ending Balances	
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,301,154	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,301,154
Construction in progress		-		6,432,484			6,432,484
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated		2,301,154		6,432,484			8,733,638
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		64,462,449		97,865	-		64,560,314
Equipment and furniture		5,777,493		110,597	7,258		5,880,832
Vehicles		12,037,057		1,613,851	24,914		13,625,994
Improvements		24,223,805		1,901,480			26,125,285
Total capital assets being depreciated							
being depreciated		106,500,804		3,723,793	32,172		110,192,425
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		36,090,780		1,150,132	-		37,240,912
Equipment and furniture		3,281,935		330,791	5,968		3,606,758
Vehicles		8,420,792		523,923	24,914		8,919,801
Improvements		10,040,433		1,400,877			11,441,310
Total accumulated depreciation		57,833,940		3,405,723	30,882		61,208,781
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		48,666,864					48,983,644
Governmental activity capital							
assets, net	\$	50,968,018				\$	57,717,282

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund:				
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment and furniture	<u>\$ 1,047,700</u>	<u>\$ 39,059</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 1,086,759</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furniture	903,352	33,738		937,090
School Food Service capital assets, net	<u>\$ 144,348</u>			<u>\$ 149,669</u>
Liberty Hall:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	<u>\$ 24,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 24,000</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	202,700			202,700
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	191,538	4,465		196,003
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,162			6,697
Liberty Hall capital assets, net	<u>\$ 35,162</u>			<u>\$ 30,697</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$                                    </u>			<u>\$ 180,366</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services System-wide support services Unallocated depreciation	\$ 2,551,009 523,923 330,791
Total	\$ 3,405,723

- B. Liabilities
- 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
- a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

*Plan Description.* The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

*Benefits Provided.* TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

*Contributions.* Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016, was 9.15% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$4,604,651 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

*Refunds of Contributions* – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the Board reported a liability of \$13,285,139 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015 and at June 30, 2014, the Board's proportion was .36050% and .34431%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Board recognized pension expense of \$1,688,052. At June 30, 2016, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	I	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	1,510,520
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		1,439,332
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,168,797		-
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,604,651		-
Total	\$ 5,773,448	\$	2,949,852

\$4,604,651 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2017	\$ (1,363,524)
2018	(1,363,524)
2019	(1,348,246)
2020	2,294,239
2021	-
Thereafter	 -
Total	\$ (1,781,055)

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	4.25 to 9.10 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	2.2%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.8%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.2%
Alternatives	8.0%	9.8%
Credit	7.0%	6.8%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	3.4%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2014 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan

members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.25%)	Di	scount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)		
Board's proportionate share of the net							
pension liability (asset)	\$	39,984,602	\$	13,285,139	\$	(9,372,434)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

## b. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### Healthcare Benefits

*Plan Description.* The postemployment healthcare benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Plan.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also, referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <a href="http://www.ncosc.net/">http://www.ncosc.net/</a> and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy.* The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establish premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium. For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the School Board paid all annual required contributions to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$2,811,547, \$2,700,852, and \$2,485,065, respectively. These contributions represented 5.60%, 5.49%, and 5.40% of covered payroll, respectively.

#### Long-term Disability Benefits

*Plan Description.* Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Longterm disability benefits are payable as another postemployment benefit from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <u>http://www.ncosc.net/</u> and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy.* An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement System after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

For members with five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount

of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, any other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S.127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the member might be entitled should the member become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$205,845, \$201,703, and \$202,487, respectively. These contributions represented 0.41%, 0.41% and 0.44% of covered payroll, respectively.

## 2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Vendors			Salaries	Total		
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities	\$	518,656 3,014,573	\$	42,720 1,301,367	\$	561,376 4,315,940	
Total governmental activities	\$	3,533,229	\$	1,344,087	\$	4,877,316	
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	\$	-	\$	22,327	\$	22,327	

## 3. Unearned Revenues

The balance in unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

	Ge	neral Fund	School Food Service		
Grants not yet earned Prepaid meals	\$	234,660	\$ - 18,038		
Total	\$	234,660	\$ 18,038		

## 4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balances in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end is composed of the following:

	rred Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,510,520
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,439,332
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,168,797	-
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 4,604,651	 -
Total	\$ 5,773,448	\$ 2,949,852

## 4. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The State of North Carolina provides workers' compensation for employees to the extent they are paid from State funds. The Trust has an annual aggregate limit for general liability of \$2,550,000, and an annual aggregate limit of \$2,550,000 for errors and omissions claims. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through private insurers (or self-insured by the local board).Coverage is provided to the extent employees are paid from federal or local funds. Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from State funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk-financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, insuring the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on Flood, Earthquake, Business Interruption and Extra Expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on Increased Cost of Construction.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (Plan), a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time of the Board's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The chief financial finance officer is bonded for \$250,000. The school treasurers that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$375,000.

The Board carries flood insurance on its property totaling \$5,000,000 of losses or damage at any one location, not to exceed a total liability of \$15,000,000 due to any one flood occurrence for all insured locations. For properties not in the Federal Flood Zone, the Board has a deductible of \$25,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 5. Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2016, the Board was a defendant in several legal matters that, in the opinion of the Board's management and the Board's attorney, the ultimate effect of these legal matters would not have a material adverse effect on the Board's financial position.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

#### a. Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized by State law G.S. 115C-47(28a) to enter into installment purchase contracts to finance energy conservation measures that will reduce its operating costs. On September 17, 2012, the Board entered into such a contract to reduce the energy costs. The financing contract requires principal payments for 14 years beginning in the fiscal year 2013-2014, and ending in the fiscal year 2028, with an interest rate of 2.25%.

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot monies for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through a special third party financing arrangement with various companies. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Board entered into two such contracts for the purchase of school buses. The contract requires four equal principal-only payments with the first payment due within 10 days of receipt of the buses and the following 3 payments due on the next 3 immediately following November 15<sup>th</sup> dates.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2016, including interest, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest			
2017	\$	858,147	\$	87,517			
2018		670,239		81,122			
2019		479,877		74,389			
2020		321,944		67,344			
2021		339,935		59,903			
Thereafter		2,472,483		181,230			
Total	\$	5,142,625	\$	551,505			

## b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental activities:	Ju	ly 1, 2015	 Increases	 Decreases	Ju	ine 30, 2016	 Current Portion
Installment purchases Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$	4,677,772 3,897,793 4,730,269	\$ 1,510,574 8,940,235 3,356,926	\$ 1,045,721 - 3,311,995	\$	5,142,625 12,838,028 4,775,200	\$ 858,147 - 1,955,615
Total	<u>\$</u> 1	4,730,209	\$ 13,807,735	\$ 4,357,716	\$	22,755,853	\$ 2,813,762
Business-type activities: Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$	138,970 94,637	\$ 308,141 150,604	\$ - 168,676	\$	447,111 76,565	\$ - 52,661
Total	\$	233,607	\$ 458,745	\$ 168,676	\$	523,676	\$ 52,661

Compensated absences related to governmental activities are typically liquidated by the General and other governmental funds.

## C. Interfund Balances and Activity

## 1. Interfund balances

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
School Food Service Fund	General Fund	<u>\$ 96,428</u>

The amount due to the School Food Service Fund from the General Fund represents amounts owed for charged meals. This balance is expected to be paid prior to June 30, 2016.

## 2. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds during the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs	<u>\$</u>	7,409
From the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund for administrative costs	<u>\$</u>	73,184

## D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 4,221,822
Less:	
Inventories	(137,309)
Prepaid expenditures	(263,132)
Stabilization by State statute	(189,054)
Assigned for special revenues	 (22,638)
Remaining fund balance	\$ 3,609,689

## **NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES**

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

## DUPLIN COUNTY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS\*

	2016	2015	2014
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.36050%	0.34431%	0.32900%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,285,139	\$ 4,036,763	\$ 19,985,795
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 49,495,759	\$ 45,959,997	\$ 44,891,381
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	26.84%	8.78%	44.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.64%	98.24%	90.60%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

## DUPLIN COUNTY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 4,604,651 4,604,651	\$ 4,528,862 4,528,862	\$ 3,993,922 3,993,922
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 50,324,059	\$ 49,495,759	\$ 45,959,997
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	9.15%	9.15%	8.69%

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
State of North Carolina:					
Smart Start	\$ 196,866	\$ 192,725	\$ (4,141)		
North Carolina Pre-Kindergarten Program	1,242,078	1,184,100	(57,978)		
Education Workforce & Innovation Program	317,997	254,197	(63,800)		
NC Arts Council Grant	16,710	9,049	(7,661)		
Gang Awareness grant	1,454	760	(694)		
Total State of North Carolina	1,775,105	1,640,831	(134,274)		
Duplin County	9,553,920	9,553,920	<u> </u>		
U.S. Government:					
Headstart	1,265,540	1,265,540	-		
ROTC	150,000	154,459	4,459		
Total U.S. Government	1,415,540	1,419,999	4,459		
Other:					
Fines and forfeitures	406,876	406,876	-		
Interest earned on investment	20,000	21,122	1,122		
Indirect costs allocated	460,936	460,936	-		
Contributions and donations	6,565	2,561	(4,004)		
Private grants and programs	361,373	196,642	(164,731)		
Rental of school property	3,260	3,560	300		
Medicaid reimbursement program	362,754	362,967	213		
Tuition and fees	46,900	51,906	5,006		
Transportation	325,267	332,093	6,826		
E-rate reimbursement	512,852	512,852	-		
Sales and use tax refund	46,257	46,257	-		
Miscellaneous	50,584	50,647	63		
Total other	2,603,624	2,448,419	(155,205)		
Total revenues	15,348,189	15,063,169	(285,020)		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional services:					
Regular instructional	4,449,277	4,327,952	121,325		
Special populations	588,977	587,115	1,862		
Alternative programs	1,977,266	1,967,494	9,772		
School leadership	592,341	588,760	3,581		
Co-curricular	707,654	693,153	14,501		
School-based support	726,895	702,329	24,566		
Total instructional services	9,042,410	8,866,803	175,607		

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Continued):			
Current:			
System-wide support services: Support and development	287,711	283,171	4,540
Special population support and development	11,173	11,173	-,5+0
Alternative programs and services	11,170	11,170	
support and development	137,631	135,827	1,804
Technology support	306,892	306,892	-
Operational support	5,909,769	5,823,121	86,648
Financial and human resource services	348,703	318,637	30,066
Accountability	217,609	101,122	116,487
Policy, leadership and public relations	435,942	393,817	42,125
Total system-wide support services	7,655,430	7,373,760	281,670
A 111			
Ancillary services:	0.000	0.000	
Community	2,262	2,262	-
Non-programmed charges:			
Payments to other governments	16,169	16,169	_
r ayments to other governments	10,100	10,100	
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	260,718	260,718	-
Interest and fees	93,514	93,514	-
Total debt service	354,232	354,232	-
Total expenditures	17,070,503	16,613,226	457,277
	(4 700 04 4)		470.057
Revenues under expenditures	(1,722,314)	(1,550,057)	172,257
Other financing uses:			
Transfers to other funds	(77,536)	(73,184)	4,352
	4 700 050		(4 700 050)
Fund balance appropriated	1,799,850	-	(1,799,850)
Revenues and fund balance appropriated			
under expenditures and other uses	\$ -	(1,623,241)	\$ (1,623,241)
	•	(1,020,211)	<u>+ (+,,</u> /
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year		5,881,141	
Decrease in reserve for inventories		(36,078)	
		(00,070)	
End of year		\$ 4,221,822	
,		. , ,- —	

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		enues and ansfers	Exp	Expenditures		Expenditures		Net chang in fund xpenditures balance		n fund	Fund balances June 30, 2015		Fund balances June 30, 2016	
BF Grady Elementary	\$	97,130	\$	101,409	\$	(4,279)	\$	60,217	\$	55,938				
Beulaville Elementary		144,882		134,070		10,812		37,609		48,421				
Chinquapin Elementary		53,606		58,396		(4,790)		22,498		17,708				
Kenansville Elementary		39,153		38,374		779		144		923				
North Duplin Elementary		41,840		37,817		4,023		13,299		17,322				
Rose Hill Magnolia Elementary		28,844		25,059		3,785		5,844		9,629				
Wallace Elementary		51,094		51,183		(89)		8,690		8,601				
Warsaw Elementary		17,766		19,838		(2,072)		13,312		11,240				
Charity Middle		94,039		102,539		(8,500)		21,049		12,549				
EE Smith Middle		65,586		64,836		750		18,309		19,059				
Warsaw Middle		44,110		42,480		1,630		18,075		19,705				
East Duplin High		368,516		325,051		43,465		92,099		135,564				
James Kenan High		234,464		215,670		18,794		44,427		63,221				
North Duplin Jr. Sr. High		177,575		182,205		(4,630)		75,925		71,295				
Wallace Rose Hill High		315,516		328,621		(13,105)		109,167		96,062				
Duplin Early College		17,594		14,735		2,859		4,460		7,319				
Live Project		48,492		20,259		28,233		196,418		224,651				
Totals	<u>\$</u> 1	,840,207	\$	1,762,542	\$	77,665	\$	741,542	\$	819,207				

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina: Public School Capital Fund - Lottery State appropriations - buses	\$    2,214,447 <u>    812,715</u>	\$ 2,172,691 785,003	\$ (41,756) (27,712)
Total State of North Carolina	3,027,162	2,957,694	(69,468)
Duplin County: Local bond revenues General county appropriations	60,000,000 2,594,771 62,594,771	5,394,268 904,026	(54,605,732) (1,690,745)
Duplin County	62,594,771	6,298,294	(56,296,477)
Total revenues	65,621,933	9,255,988	(56,365,945)
Expenditures: Debt service: Principal retirement	812,715	785,003	27,712
Capital outlay: Real property, buildings and improvements BF Grady Expansion Warsaw Elementary K8 Conversion Kenansville Elementary K8 Conversion North Duplin Jr/Sr. Auxillary Gym Construction Rose Hill Magnolia K8 Conversion Wallace Elementary K8 Conversion Other real property, buildings and improvements Total real property, buildings and improvements	62,785,377	935,688 1,206,657 1,346,932 171,012 1,728,245 956,967 <u>86,983</u> 6,432,484	56,352,893
	2,133,207	2,143,602	(10,395)
Furnishings and equipment Vehicles	1,510,574	1,510,574	(10,000)
		10,086,660	56,342,498
Total capital outlay	<u>66,429,158</u> 67,241,873	10,871,663	56,342,498
Total expenditures Revenues under expenditures	(1,619,940)	(1,615,675)	4,265
Other financing sources: Installment purchase obligations issued	1,510,574	1,510,574	
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	(109,366)	(105,101)	4,265
Fund balance appropriated	109,366		(109,366)
Revenues, other financing sources and fund balance appropriated under expenditures	<u>\$</u>	(105,101)	<u>\$ (105,101)</u>
Fund balance: Beginning of year		373,208	
End of year		<u>\$ 268,107</u>	

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	′ariance Positive legative)
Operating revenues - food sales	\$ 611,000	\$ 585,668	\$	(25,332)
Operating expenditures: Business support services: Purchase of food Donated commodities Salaries and benefits Indirect costs Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Non-capitalized equipment Contracted services Other Capital outlay	 <u> </u>	 2,068,460 387,771 2,752,752 140,000 29,491 75,369 5,857 7,767 20,336 16,503		_
Total operating expenditures	 5,532,771	 5,504,306		28,465
Operating loss	 (4,921,771)	 (4,918,638)		3,133
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements Federal commodities State reimbursements Interest earned	 	4,628,794 387,771 12,835 2,277		
Total nonoperating revenues	 4,921,771	 5,031,677		109,906
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources	-	113,039		113,039
Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds	 <u> </u>	 80,593		80,593
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$ <u> </u>	193,632	<u>\$</u>	193,632
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation Net pension liability Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Capital contributions Equipment purchases Increase in compensated absences payable Increase in inventories Change in net position (full accrual)		\$ (33,738) (308,141) 13,971 402,642 22,556 16,503 18,072 (13,455) 312,042		

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) LIBERTY HALL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Fina Budg		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Operating revenues: Other	\$ 4	<u>,900</u> \$	5,254	<u>\$</u>	354
Operating expenditures: Salaries and benefits Supplies and materials Repairs and maintenance Contracted services Scholarships and donations Other			65,296 1,184 19,322 773 12,750 29,225		
Total operating expenditures	132	2,824	128,550		4,274
Operating loss	(127	7,924)	(123,296)		4,628
Nonoperating revenues: Investment income, net Contributions and donations			(37,501) 98,100		(07.005)
Total nonoperating revenues		,924	60,599	<u></u>	(67,325)
Revenues under expenditures	\$		(62,697)	<u>\$</u>	(62,697)
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation			(4,465)		
Change in net position (full accrual)		<u>\$</u>	(67,162)		

# DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

		Private Purpose Trust Funds								
	E	outheast ducation Alliance		son Loan Fund	Total					
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	210,369	\$	82,736	\$	293,105				
Liabilities										
Deferred revenue		26,000				26,000				
Net position										
Assets held in trust for private purpose	\$	184,369	\$	82,736	\$	267,105				

# DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Private Purpose Trust Funds					
Additiona		Southeast Education Alliance		Dickson Loan Fund		Total		
Additions: Membership and other r Interest income	evenues	\$	194,094 762	\$	- 505	\$	194,094 1,267	
т	otal additions		194,856		505		195,361	
Deductions:								
Salaries and benefits Workshop and related it Other	ems		173,041 13,128 15,492		- - -		173,041 13,128 15,492	
Т	otal deductions		201,661		-		201,661	
Change in net position			(6,805)		505		(6,300)	
Beginning net position			191,174		82,231		273,405	
Ending net position		\$	184,369	\$	82,736	\$	267,105	



## **Statistical Section**

### STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

The Statistical Section of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial outlook.

### Sections

### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and operations have changed over time.

### **Revenue Capacity**

Since the District's local revenues are primarily provided by Duplin County, these schedules on the county's revenue sources are relevant to an understanding of Duplin County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

### **Debt Capacity**

Since the District has no tax-levying or debt-issuing authority, the County of Duplin provides significant funding to the school system. Selected fiscal data from the County of Duplin has been included to help the reader better understand the school system and its financial operations.

### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place. County information is included.

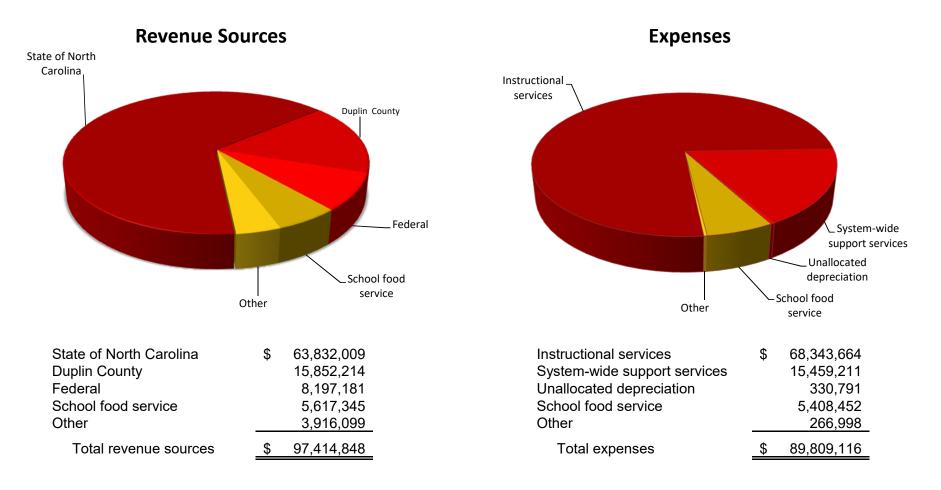
### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.



## **DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Financial Perspective Governmental and Business-type Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2016



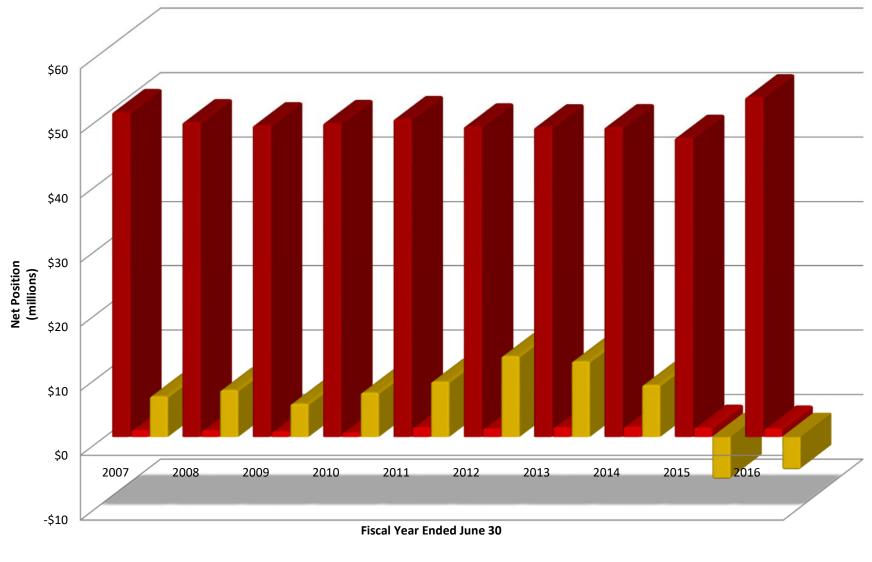
#### **DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Net Position by Component** Last Ten Fiscal Years Year Ended June 30 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets \$ 50,065,463 \$ 48,517,548 \$ 48,075,722 \$ 48,454,472 \$ 49,107,021 \$ 47,963,740 \$ 47,883,304 \$ 47,932,022 \$ 46,290,246 \$ 52,574,657 Restricted 1.299.006 1.047.008 1.025.870 858.496 661.213 1.496.346 1.306.762 1.493.543 1.556.356 1.431.820 Unrestricted 2,999,326 6,680,552 2,160,957 (12,083,785) (10,874,530) 1,628,826 3,390,126 1,586,781 4,068,752 8,061,690 \$ 52,741,297 \$ 52,933,544 \$ 50,520,999 \$ 52,115,011 \$ 54,672,119 \$ 57,332,192 \$ 56,057,399 \$ 51,649,335 \$ 35,638,281 \$ 42,999,133 Business-type activities: 368,484 \$ 267,655 \$ 180,366 Net investment in capital assets \$ 393,385 \$ 324,832 \$ 307,547 \$ 271,140 \$ 218,169 \$ 190,493 \$ 179,510 \$ Unrestricted 4,670,755 3,875,001 3,558,975 3,871,842 4,520,266 4,477,419 5,049,354 5,899,471 5,498,256 5,742,280 \$ 5,064,140 \$ 4,243,485 \$ 3,883,807 \$ 4,179,389 \$ 4,791,406 \$ 4,745,074 \$ 5,267,523 \$ 6,089,964 \$ 5,677,766 \$ 5,922,646 District-wide: \$ 50,458,848 \$ 48,886,032 \$ 48,400,554 \$ 48,762,019 \$ 49,378,161 \$ 48,231,395 \$ 48,101,473 \$ 48,122,515 \$ 46,469,756 \$ 52,755,023 Net investment in capital assets 1,299,006 Restricted 1,047,008 1,025,870 858,496 661,213 1,496,346 1,306,762 1,493,543 1,556,356 1,431,820 Unrestricted 6,299,581 7,265,127 5,145,756 6,871,168 8,589,018 12,539,109 11,729,906 8,060,428 (6,585,529)(5, 132, 250)\$ 57,805,437 \$ 57,177,029 \$ 54,404,806 \$ 56,294,400 \$ 59,463,525 \$ 62,077,266 \$ 61,324,922 \$ 57,739,299 \$ 41,316,047 \$ 48,921,779

Table 2

Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016

Note: Net position for 2014 and before are not comparable to 2015 and after net position due to the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## Net Position by Component District-wide



■ Net investment in capital assets ■ Restricted ■ Unrestricted

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
Instructional services	\$ 53.557.631	\$ 60,595,931	\$ 62,357,999	\$ 59.259.019	\$ 60.262.412	\$ 59,583,949	\$ 63.414.764	\$ 64.523.958	\$ 67,033,854	\$ 68.343.664
System-wide support services	17,149,371	12,541,318	15,292,300	14,214,337	15,655,930	17,037,224	17,914,870	18,359,098	16,163,282	15,459,211
Ancillary services	17,350	32,003	18,363	27,667	10,529	105,019	102,045	29,315	21,141	24,800
Non-programmed charges	-	-	-	21,536	12,044	1,689	990	3,416	3,881	15,669
Interest on long-term debt	1,669	12,516	14,021	102	-	-	-	224,449	58,292	93,514
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated depreciation expense	1,914,720	2,147,465	2,220,719	2,274,343	1,292,298	393,268	282,041	115,648	540,788	330,791
Total governmental activities expenses	72,640,741	75,329,233	79,903,402	75,797,004	77,233,213	77,121,149	81,714,710	83,255,884	83,821,238	84,267,649
Business-type activities:										
School food service	5,069,854	5,399,399	4,976,774	5,101,388	5,224,474	5,537,060	5,318,808	5,413,243	5,328,138	5,408,452
Child care	180,229	158,607	101,182	40,517	29,802	41,504	-	-	-	-
Liberty Hall	171,801	205,753	121,160	210,536	206,653	130,697	164,034	157,324	144,388	133,015
	5,421,884	5,763,759	5,199,116	5,352,441	5,460,929	5,709,261	5,482,842	5,570,567	5,472,526	5,541,467
Total district-wide expenses	\$ 78,062,625	\$ 81,092,992	\$ 85,102,518	\$ 81,149,445	\$ 82,694,142	\$ 82,830,410	\$ 87,197,552	\$ 88,826,451	\$ 89,293,764	\$ 89,809,116
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Regular instructional	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	1,592,746	1,282,914	1,270,205	1,528,335	571,587	490,915	386,119	392,546	2,284,623	2,227,766
Operating grants and contributions	56,826,713	58,513,558	59,556,392	60,057,385	61,402,598	61,300,880	61,808,659	57,957,059	63,341,981	64,162,664
Capital grants and contributions	-	13,359	35,679	1,367,784	-	78,326	558,283	249,925	658,285	785,003
Total governmental activities program revenues	58,419,459	59,809,831	60,862,276	62,953,504	61,974,185	61,870,121	62,753,061	58,599,530	66,284,889	67,175,433
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Student meal services	1,346,540	1,150,158	1,161,955	1,146,580	1,067,573	1,025,967	991,501	951,787	587,084	585,668
Child care services	174,713	150,733	94,325	37,254	42,768	51,082	-	-	-	-
Liberty Hall	9,646	7,663	7,436	7,020	5,048	7,129	4,804	7,353	5,590	5,254
Operating grants and contributions	3,557,529	3,805,295	3,862,952	4,115,382	4,384,956	4,544,082	4,584,300	4,819,447	4,959,046	5,127,500
Capital grants and contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,526	22,556
Total business-type activities program revenues	5,088,428	5,113,849	5,126,668	5,306,236	5,500,345	5,628,260	5,580,605	5,778,587	5,566,246	5,740,978
Total district-wide program revenues	\$ 63,507,887	\$ 64,923,680	\$ 65,988,944	\$ 68,259,740	\$ 67,474,530	\$ 67,498,381	\$ 68,333,666	\$ 64,378,117	\$ 71,851,135	\$ 72,916,411
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(14,221,282)	\$ (15,519,402)	\$ (19,041,126)	\$(12,843,500)	\$ (15,259,028)	\$(15,251,028)	\$ (18,961,649)	\$ (24,656,354)	\$(17,536,349)	\$(17,092,216)
Business-type activities	(333,456)	(649,910)	(72,448)	(46,205)	39,416	(81,001)	97,763	208,020	93,720	199,511
Total district-wide net (expense) revenue	\$(14,554,738)	\$(16,169,312)	\$ (19,113,574)	\$ (12,889,705)	\$(15,219,612)	\$ (15,332,029)	\$ (18,863,886)	\$ (24,448,334)	\$(17,442,629)	\$ (16,892,705)

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	n											
Governmental activities:												
Unrestricted county appropriations - operating	\$	7,597,646	\$ 7,347,646	\$ 7,727,529	\$ 7,727,529	\$ 8,861,720	\$ 8,861,720	\$ 9,287,444	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 9,485,760	\$	9,553,920
Unrestricted county appropriations - capital		1,455,500	1,830,000	2,957,166	1,438,825	1,131,017	956,217	1,147,462	1,520,827	995,965		6,298,294
Unrestricted State appropriations - operating		3,887,356	4,064,792	3,817,012	3,714,655	1,390,017	1,158,761	3,427,335	6,162,423	5,158,636		5,108,035
Unrestricted State appropriations - capital		274,919	233,805	233,805	59,590	1,495,180	1,051,444	1,021,837	729,771	-		2,172,691
Unrestricted Federal appropriations - capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Investment earnings, unrestricted		296,000	391,549	277,171	55,037	48,454	42,973	35,482	28,123	22,555		21,122
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		1,213,996	1,549,294	1,693,287	1,534,346	4,935,807	5,857,923	2,812,356	2,868,013	1,356,736		1,379,599
Transfers		-	-	(77,389)	(92,470)	(46,059)	(17,937)	(45,060)	(60,867)	(53,020)		(80,593
Total governmental activities	1	14,725,417	15,417,086	16,628,581	14,437,512	17,816,136	17,911,101	17,686,856	20,248,290	16,966,632	2	24,453,068
Business-type activities:												
Investment earnings, unrestricted		502,921	(170,745)	(364,619)	249,317	526,542	16,732	379,626	553,554	(8,402)		(35,224
Miscellaneous, unrestricted		80	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transfers		-	-	77,389	92,470	46,059	17,937	45,060	60,867	53,020		80,593
Total business-type activities		503,001	(170,745)	(287,230)	341,787	572,601	34,669	424,686	614,421	44,618		45,369
Total district-wide	\$ 1	15,228,418	\$ 15,246,341	\$ 16,341,351	\$ 14,779,299	\$ 18,388,737	\$ 17,945,770	\$ 18,111,542	\$ 20,862,711	\$ 17,011,250	\$ 2	24,498,437
Change in Net Position												
Governmental activities	\$	504,135	\$ (102,316)	\$ (2,412,545)	\$ 1,594,012	\$ 2,557,108	\$ 2,660,073	\$ (1,274,793)	\$ (4,408,064)	\$ (569,717)	\$	7,360,852
Business-type activities		169,545	(820,655)	(359,678)	295,582	612,017	(46,332)	522,449	822,441	138,338		244,880
Total district-wide change in net position	\$	673,680	\$ 	\$ (2,772,223)	\$	\$	\$ 2,613,741	\$ (752,344)	\$ (3,585,623)	\$ (431,379)	\$	7,605,732

Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016

Note: Expenses for 2007 and before are not comparable to 2008 (and after) expenses due to a change in the Uniform Chart of Accounts required to be used by all Local Education Agencies in North Carolina.

### **DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Governmental Funds

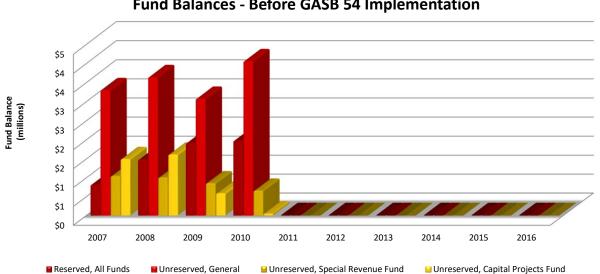
Fund Balances

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 591,471	\$ 1,149,549	\$ 1,006,896	\$ 909,811	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$
Unreserved	3,303,969	3,646,219	3,079,105	4,063,608	-	-	-	-	-	
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	213,423	243,155	173,414	237,037	449,602	400,442
Restricted	-	-	-	-	450,781	98,409	378,212	440,084	317,070	211,692
Assigned	-	-	-	-	1,932,743	4,022,835	3,500,000	4,284,138	1,149,850	
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	5,736,044	7,703,299	7,361,670	2,171,210	3,964,619	3,609,689
Total General Fund	\$ 3,895,440	\$ 4,795,768	\$ 4,086,001	\$ 4,973,419	\$ 8,332,991	\$12,067,698	\$ 11,413,296	\$ 7,132,469	\$ 5,881,141	\$ 4,221,822
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved Unreserved, reported in	\$ 227,668	\$ 336,004	\$ 907,788	\$ 1,071,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$
Special Revenue Funds	1,047,008	1,008,564	858,496	661,213	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital Projects Fund	1,498,569	1,615,634	589,933	54,514	-	-	-	-	-	
Restricted	-	-	-	-	1,090,045	1,208,353	1,115,331	1,116,272	1,114,750	1,087,314
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,773,245	\$ 2,960,202	\$ 2,356,217	\$ 1,786,981	\$ 1,090,045	\$ 1,208,353	\$ 1,115,331	\$ 1,116,272	\$ 1,114,750	\$ 1,087,314

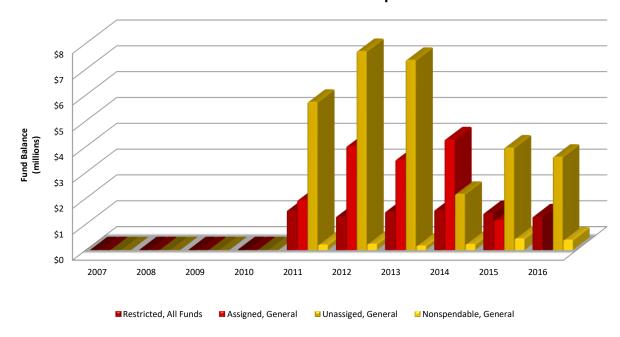
Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016

Note: Fund balances for 2010 and before are not comparable to 2011 and after fund balances due to the implementation of GASB 54 for the year ended June 30, 2011. The standard replaces the previous reserved and unreserved fund balance categories with the following five fund balance classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.



Governmental Funds Fund Balances - Before GASB 54 Implementation

Governmental Funds Fund Balances - After GASB 54 Implementation



### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances

changes in	i unu balances
Last Ten	Fiscal Years

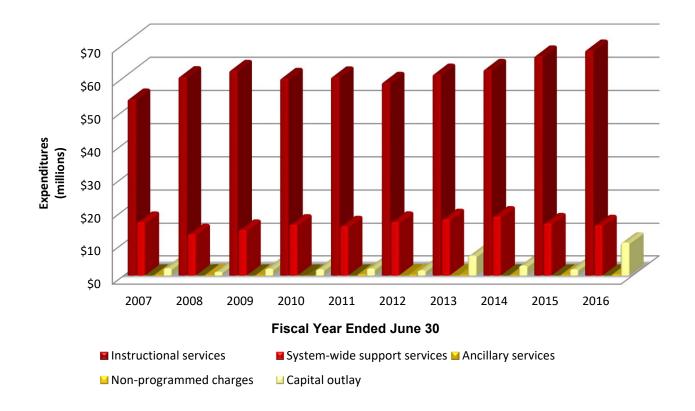
Year Ended June 30		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues						
State of North Carolina	\$	52,483,447	\$ 55,381,733	\$ 56,055,096	\$ 53,095,779	\$ 53,518,605
Duplin County		9,053,146	9,177,646	10,684,695	9,166,354	9,992,737
U.S. Government		8,503,841	7,430,421	7,509,579	12,068,973	12,740,339
Other		3,242,464	3,224,561	3,387,556	2,978,247	4,583,883
Total revenues		73,282,898	75,214,361	77,636,926	77,309,353	80,835,564
Expenditures						
Instructional services		53,461,991	60,203,485	62,110,151	59,698,667	60,143,940
System-wide support services		16,444,058	12,685,612	14,021,017	15,618,974	15,127,513
Ancillary services		17,350	32,003	18,363	20,890	10,519
Non-programmed charges		147,493	136,157	140,824	21,536	369,355
Debt service - Principal		274,919	221,289	219,784	59,488	117,980
Debt service - Interest		-	12,516	14,021	102	-
Capital outlay		2,193,148	1,119,705	2,045,786	1,891,381	2,134,231
Total expenditures		72,538,959	74,410,767	78,569,946	77,311,038	77,903,538
Revenues over (under) expenditures		743,939	803,594	(933,020)	(1,685)	2,932,026
Other financing sources						
Transfers to other funds		-	-	(77,389)	(92,470)	(46,059)
Installment purchase obligations		674,878	-	-	232,029	82,753
Total other financing sources		674,878	-	(77,389)	139,559	36,694
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,418,817	\$ 803,594	\$ (1,010,409)	\$ 137,874	\$ 2,968,720
Ratio of debt service expenditures to						
total non-capital expenditures		0.00%	0.02%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%
Year Ended June 30		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues						
State of North Carolina	\$	55,417,688	\$ 56,665,606	\$ 57,006,199	\$ 59,859,404	\$ 63,832,009
Duplin County		9,817,937	10,434,906	10,520,827	10,481,725	15,852,214
U.S. Government		10,094,282	10,045,217	7,885,009	8,690,170	8,197,181
Other	_	4,439,520	3,519,871	3,712,542	4,594,767	4,288,626
Total revenues		79,769,427	80,665,600	79,124,577	83,626,066	92,170,030
Expenditures						
Instructional services		58,500,422	60,970,614	62,386,917	66,466,858	68,231,260
System-wide support services		16,449,405	17,263,429	18,039,949	15,989,892	15,432,110
Ancillary services		104,882	102,045	29,315	21,158	24,818
Non-programmed charges		239,804	181,613	130,766	185,406	336,605
Debt service - Principal		78,880	558,283	451,925	951,224	1,045,721
Debt service - Interest		-	-	22,449	58,292	93,514
Capital outlay	_	1,554,512	6,064,226	3,008,758	1,906,136	10,086,660
Total expenditures		76,927,905	85,140,210	84,070,079	85,578,966	95,250,688
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,841,522	(4,474,610)	(4,945,502)	(1,952,900)	(3,080,658)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers to other funds		(17,937)	(45,060)	(60,867)	(53,020)	(80,593)
Installment purchase obligations		999,698	3,841,987	720,365	816,720	1,510,574
Total other financing sources (uses)		981,761	3,796,927	659,498	763,700	1,429,981
Net change in fund balances	\$	3,823,283	\$ (677,683)	\$ (4,286,004)	\$ (1,189,200)	\$ (1,650,677)

Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016

Note: Expenditures for 2007 and before are not comparable to 2008 (and after) expenditures due to a change in the Uniform Chart of Accounts required to be used by all Local Education Agencies in North Carolina.

### **Governmental Funds Revenues by Source** \$70 \$60 \$50 Revenues (millions) \$40 \$30 \$20 \$10 \$0 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 **Fiscal Year Ended June 30** State of North Carolina Duplin County ڬ Other U.S. Government

## **Expenditures by Function**



### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Operational Expenditures Per Pupil Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

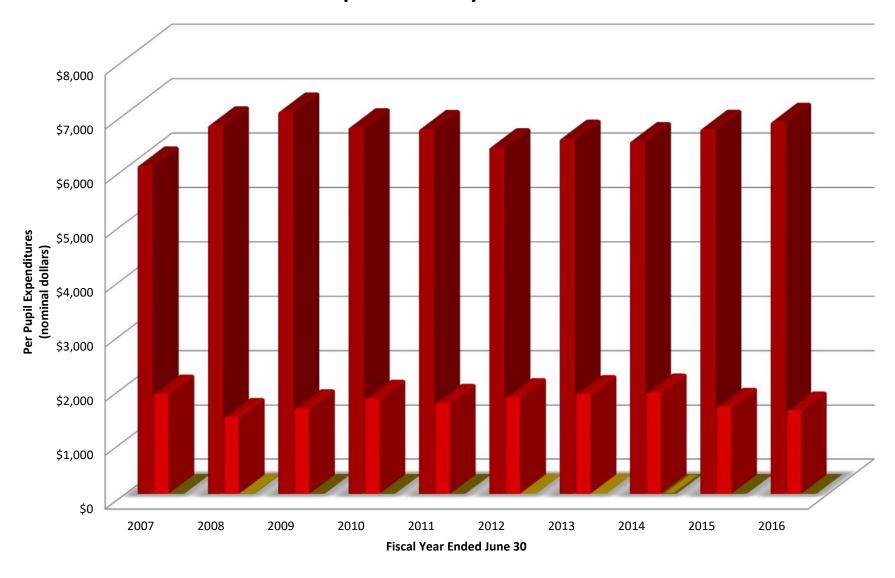
Year Ended June 30	20	07	:	2008		2009	:	2010	:	2011
Average Daily Membership	8,8	333	5	3,865	8	3,815	8	3,837	8	3,945
Instructional	\$6	6,053	\$	6,791	\$	7,046	\$	6,756	\$	6,724
System-wide support	1	,862		1,431		1,591		1,767		1,691
Ancillary		2		4		2		2		
Total expenditures per pupil	\$ 7	7,917	\$	8,226	\$	8,639	\$	8,525	\$	8,41
E	EXPRES	SED IN	NOM	INAL DOI	LAR	S				
E Year Ended June 30		SED IN		INAL DOI 2013		S 2014		2015		2016
Year Ended June 30	20					-	-	<b>2015</b> 9,881		<b>2016</b> 9,952
Year Ended June 30 Average Daily Membership	<b>20</b> 9,1	12		2013		2014	-			
Year Ended June 30 Average Daily Membership Instructional	<b>20</b> 9,1 \$ 6	12 158	<u> </u>	<b>2013</b> 9,315		<b>2014</b> 9,597	ę	9,881	ę	9,952
	<b>20</b> 9,1 \$ 6	1 <b>2</b> 158 5,388	<u> </u>	<b>2013</b> 9,315 6,545		<b>2014</b> 9,597 6,501	ę	9,881 6,727	ę	9,952 6,85

E	<b>KPRE</b>	SSED IN (	CONS	STANT DO	DLLA	RS				
Year Ended June 30		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010
Instructional	\$	2,905	\$	3,104	\$	3,267	\$	3,100	\$	2,979
System-wide support		894		654		738		811		749
Ancillary		1		2		1		1		-
				0 = 0 0	<b>^</b>	4 0 0 0	\$	0.040	\$	2 7 2 0
Total expenditures per pupil	\$	3,800	\$	3,760	\$	4,006	\$	3,912	\$	3,728
	<u> </u>		·	3,760 STANT DC		,	<u> </u>	3,912	<u> </u>	3,720
	(PRE		CONS		DLLA	,		<u>3,912</u> 2014	`	<u>3,720</u> 2015
E	(PRE	SSED IN (	CONS	STANT DO	DLLA	RS			`	
EX Year Ended June 30	(PRE	SSED IN ( 2011	CONS	STANT DC	DLLA	RS 2013		2014		2015
EX Year Ended June 30 Instructional	(PRE	SSED IN ( 2011 2,784	CONS	<b>5TANT DC</b> 2012 2,803	DLLA	<b>RS</b> 2013 2,728		<b>2014</b> 2,819		<b>2015</b> 2,844

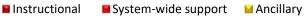
Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016. The above operational expenditures per pupil include all governmental funds.

Note: Nominal dollars reflect actual dollars of the period of the transaction. Constant dollars reflect dollars having a constant general purchasing power as shown by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) (Calendar years 1982-1984=100).

Note: Expenditures for 2007 and before are not comparable to 2008 (and after) expenditures due to a change in the Uniform Chart of Accounts required to be used by all Local Education Agencies in North Carolina.



## Operational Expenditures Per Pupil Expenditures by Function



### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Proprietary Fund - Food Services Operations Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

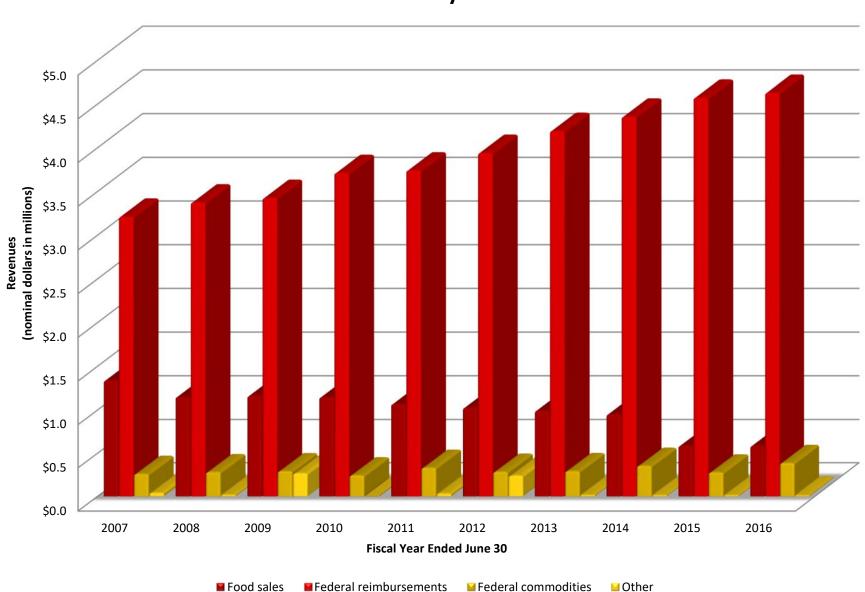
	EXPRESS	SED	IN NOMINAI	L DC	DLLARS		
Year Ended June 30	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011
Food sales	\$ 1,337,835	\$	1,150,158	\$	1,161,809	\$ 1,145,792	\$ 1,067,573
Federal reimbursements	3,211,372		3,373,615		3,425,412	3,711,132	3,740,341
Federal commodities	261,033		281,430		292,540	244,250	332,199
Other	42,144		20,909		266,949	2,318	34,300
Total revenues	\$ 4,852,384	\$	4,826,112	\$	5,146,710	\$ 5,103,492	\$ 5,174,413
Year Ended June 30		SED	IN NOMINAI	L DC		2015	2016
Year Ended June 30 Food sales	\$ 2012		2013		2014	\$ <b>2015</b> 587.084	\$ <b>2016</b> 585,668
Food sales	\$ 					\$ <b>2015</b> 587,084 4,572,431	\$ <b>2016</b> 585,668 4,628,794
Food sales Federal reimbursements	\$ <b>2012</b> 1,025,967		<b>2013</b> 991,501		<b>2014</b> 951,787	\$ 587,084	\$ 585,668
	\$ <b>2012</b> 1,025,967 3,941,518		<b>2013</b> 991,501 4,192,117		<b>2014</b> 951,787 4,356,053	\$ 587,084 4,572,431	\$ 585,668 4,628,794

	 EXPRESS	ED I	N CONSTAN	IT D	OLLARS		
Year Ended June 30	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011
Food sales	\$ 642,103	\$	525,630	\$	538,640	\$ 525,677	\$ 472,959
Federal reimbursements	1,541,320		1,541,766		1,588,096	1,702,627	1,657,056
Federal commodities	125,285		128,615		135,628	112,059	147,172
Other	 20,227		9,556		123,763	1,063	15,196
Total revenues	\$ 2,328,935	\$	2,205,567	\$	2,386,127	\$ 2,341,426	\$ 2,292,383
	EXPRESS	ED I	N CONSTAN	IT D	OLLARS		
Year Ended June 30	 2012		2013		2014	2015	2016
Year Ended June 30 Food sales	\$ <b>2012</b> 447,087	\$	<b>2013</b> 424,618	\$	<b>2014</b> 399,335	\$ <b>2015</b> 246,014	\$ <b>2016</b> 242,977
	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 
Food sales	\$ 447,087	\$	424,618	\$	399,335	\$ 246,014	\$ 242,977
Food sales Federal reimbursements	\$ 447,087 1,717,602	\$	424,618 1,795,308	\$	399,335 1,827,640	\$ 246,014 1,916,053	\$ 242,977 1,920,359

Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note: Other revenue includes interest earned, State reimbursements, indirect costs not paid, and other revenue.

Note: Nominal dollars reflect actual dollars of the period of the transaction. Constant dollars reflect dollars having a constant general purchasing power as shown by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) (Calendar years 1982-1984 = 100).



## Proprietary Fund - Food Services Operations Revenues by Source

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Proprietary Fund - Food Services Operations Expenses by Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

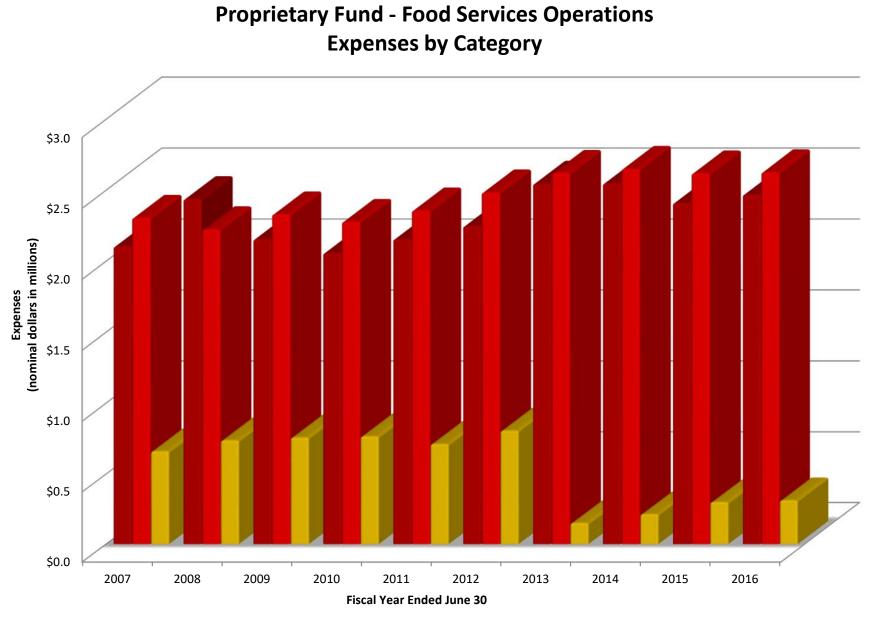
	EXPRESS	3ED		L DC	<b>)LLARS</b>			
Year Ended June 30	2007		2008		2009		2010	2011
Purchase of food	\$ 2,103,135	\$	2,437,245	\$	2,154,943	\$	2,058,017	\$ 2,154,849
Salaries and benefits	2,305,637		2,224,516		2,329,492		2,277,120	2,357,396
Other	 661,082		737,638		757,786		766,251	712,229
Total expenses	\$ 5,069,854	\$	5,399,399	\$	5,242,221	\$	5,101,388	\$ 5,224,474
4						_		
	 EXPRESS	SED		L DC	OLLARS			
Year Ended June 30	 EXPRESS	SED.	IN NOMINAL	L DC	DLLARS 2014		2015	2016
Year Ended June 30 Purchase of food	\$ 				2014	\$	<b>2015</b> 2,410,025	\$ <b>2016</b> 2,469,686
	\$ 2012		2013		2014	\$		\$ 
Purchase of food	\$ <b>2012</b> 2,246,664		<b>2013</b> 2,545,769		<b>2014</b> 2,548,443	\$	2,410,025	\$ 2,469,686

	EXPRESS	ED I	N CONSTAN	IT D	OLLARS		
Year Ended June 30	2007		2008		2009	2010	2011
Purchase of food	\$ 1,009,414	\$	1,113,838	\$	999,079	\$ 944,196	\$ 954,647
Salaries and benefits	1,106,607		1,016,620		1,080,004	1,044,718	1,044,380
Other	 317,291		337,106		351,326	351,548	315,534
Total expenses	\$ 2,433,312	\$	2,467,564	\$	2,430,409	\$ 2,340,462	\$ 2,314,561
	EXPRESS	ED I	N CONSTAN	IT D	OLLARS		
Year Ended June 30	EXPRESS	ED I	N CONSTAN 2013	IT D	OLLARS 2014	2015	2016
Year Ended June 30 Purchase of food	\$ 					\$ <b>2015</b> 1,009,908	\$ <b>2016</b> 1,024,604
	\$ 2012		2013		2014	\$ 	\$ 
Purchase of food	\$ <b>2012</b> 979,032		<b>2013</b> 1,090,246		<b>2014</b> 1,069,233	\$ 1,009,908	\$ 1,024,604

Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note: Other expense includes indirect costs, materials and supplies, repairs and maintenance, depreciation, and other expenses.

Note: Nominal dollars reflect actual dollars of the period of the transaction. Constant dollars reflect dollars having a constant general purchasing power as shown by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) (Calendar years 1982-1984 = 100).





### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	Installment Purchases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2016	\$ 5,142,625	\$ 5,142,625	N/A	N/A
2015	4,677,772	4,677,772	N/A	79
2014	4,812,276	4,812,276	0.23%	80
2013	4,341,836	4,341,836	0.22%	72
2012	1,058,132	1,058,132	0.00%	18
2011	137,314	137,314	0.01%	3
2010	172,541	172,541	0.03%	0
2009	-	-	0.00%	4
2008	219,784	219,784	0.02%	8
2007	441,073	441,073	0.03%	1

N/A = Not available

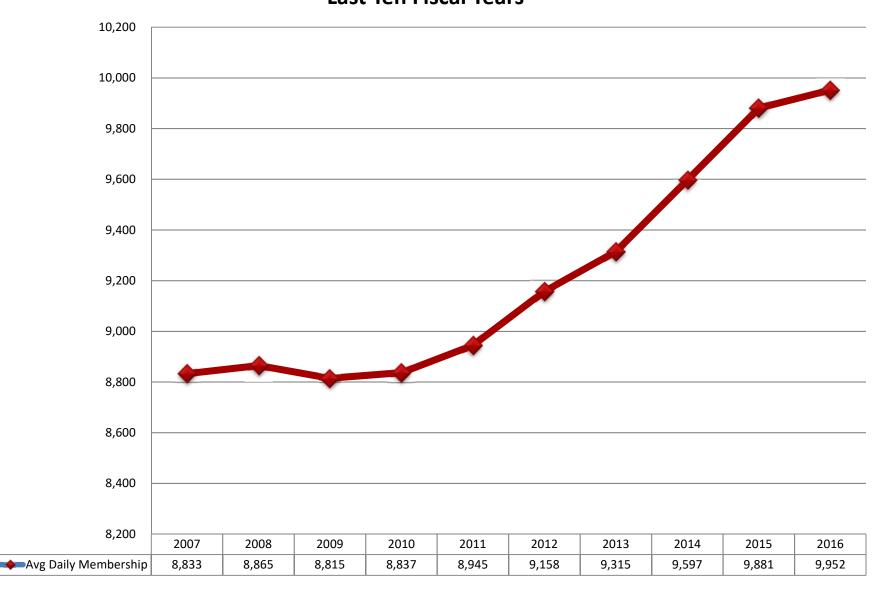
Source: Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note: Duplin County School System cannot incur debt without obtaining prior approval from the Board.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, current year county level annual population estimates are not released by the U.S. Census Bureau until the spring of the following year. Therefore, June 30, 2015 population based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, county level annual income data is not released by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis until the month of April, and is always two years behind. Therefore, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 income based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the June 30, 2015 information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Average Daily Membership Last Ten Fiscal Years



### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Student Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	Teaching Staff <sup>(1)</sup>	Students <sup>(2)</sup>	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage <sup>(2)</sup>	e Percentage of Students Receiving Free/Reduced Lunch <sup>(3)</sup>
2016	648	9,952	1/15	94.40%	74.89%
2015	636	9,881	1/16	94.25%	74.74%
2014	619	9,597	1/16	92.00%	71.83%
2013	616	9,315	1/15	94.82%	72.33%
2012	610	9,158	1/15	95.47%	76.40%
2011	614	8,945	1/15	95.53%	69.76%
2010	606	8,837	1/15	95.28%	69.71%
2009	616	8,815	1/14	95.52%	67.36%
2008	616	8,865	1/14	95.41%	66.38%
2007	647	8,833	1/14	95.45%	64.66%

### Table 11(continued)

## DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Student Statistics (continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended		Ethnic E	Distribution Perc	centage <sup>(4)</sup>		_	Percentage of Graduates	
June 30	White	Black	Asian	Hispanic	Other	Graduates <sup>(4)</sup>	Continuing Education <sup>(4)</sup>	
2016	42%	28%	1%	27%	2%	602	84%	
2015	40%	31%	0%	28%	1%	551	81%	
2014	35%	24%	0%	38%	3%	469	85%	
2013	36%	25%	0%	37%	2%	456	85%	
2012	38%	25%	0%	35%	2%	533	85%	
2011	38%	26%	0%	34%	2%	422	87%	
2010	39%	30%	0%	31%	0%	450	84%	
2009	40%	30%	0%	30%	0%	468	87%	
2008	40%	32%	0%	28%	0%	431	86%	
2007	41%	32%	0%	27%	0%	463	84%	

Sources:

Гг

(1) Public School Personnel Summary, North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

(2) NC Department of Public Instruction Average Daily Attendance(ADA): Average Daily Membership(ADM) Ratio Reports

(3) Duplin County Board of Education Student Data

(4) North Carolina Public Schools Statistical Profile (2007-2016 Editions). Current year information obtained from Duplin County Board of Education PowerSchool software Grade, Race, Sex Report

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Full-time Equivalent Governmental Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Officials, admins, mgrs	14	14	11	12	13	13	17	16	17	21
Principals	15	16	16	16	16	16	15	16	16	17
Asst. Principals, non-teaching	16	17	17	15	15	13	15	17	20	20
Total administrators	45	47	44	43	44	42	47	49	53	58
Elementary teachers	460	433	433	434	434	438	445	443	450	473
Secondary teachers	182	177	177	169	177	171	169	170	175	170
Other teachers	5	6	6	3	3	1	2	6	11	5
Total teachers	647	616	616	606	614	610	616	619	636	648
Guidance	23	23	22	22	22	23	20	21	21	23
Psychological	2	1	0	0	-	1	1	1	0	0
Librarian, audiovisual	15	15	14	15	15	15	14	14	14	15
Consultant, supervisor	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0	0	0
Other professionals	29	26	26	26	27	31	30	35	37	41
Total professionals	761	728	722	712	722	722	730	739	761	785
Teacher Assistants	224	219	222	207	208	203	202	211	208	203
Technicians	0		5	5	6	6	7	8	8	8
Clerical, secretarial	62	64	66	71	68	69	67	68	68	68
Service workers	158	158	164	120	125	122	124	132	131	131
Skilled crafts	31	34	33	31	30	28	26	24	27	29
Laborers, unskilled	3	3	4	4	2	2	2	3	3	0
Total employees	1,239	1,206	1,216	1,150	1,161	1,152	1,158	1,185	1,206	1,224

Source: North Carolina Public Schools Statistical Profile (2007 -2016 Editions)

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Instructional Personnel Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended		Teacher Salaries <sup>(1)</sup>					Bachelors	Masters	Advanced	Doctorate
June 30	Mi	inimum	Ma	aximum	Α	verage	Degree <sup>(2)</sup>	Degree <sup>(2)</sup>	Degree <sup>(2)</sup>	Degree <sup>(2)</sup>
2016	\$	35,000	\$	61,380	\$	42,498	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015		33,000		61,380		39,299	490	116	1	1
2014		30,800		59,500		37,977	479	148	1	1
2013		30,800		65,270		39,714	497	90	0	1
2012		30,430		64,625		39,734	489	106	1	1
2011		30,430		64,750		40,046	485	113	2	2
2010		30,430		64,750		40,917	470	120	2	2
2009		30,430		64,750		40,994	497	111	3	3
2008		29,750		64,160		40,541	470	120	2	2
2007		28,510		61,380		39,584	469	210	8	8

The above tabulation represents total salaries but does not include the following:

(a) Longevity payments, ranging from 1 1/2% to 4 1/2% of the annual salary, made to each teacher for 10 or more years of service.

(b) Payments of varying amounts for performing extra duties.

(c) Bonus payments

Sources:

(1) Duplin County Board of Education Payroll Data

(2) Duplin County Board of Education Human Resource Management System

Note: Degree information for 2007 and before are not comparable to 2008 (and after) degree information due to a change in the reporting of degrees awarded. Degrees awarded for 2007 and before were reported based on all instructional personnel, while for 2008 and after they are reported based on classroom teachers only.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, North Carolina Public Schools Statistical Profile 2016 Edition has not been complieted by North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. Therefore, June 30, 2016 degree information will be shown above as "N/A", and the information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION School Building Data June 30, 2016							
Site	Year Built	Capacity	Current Membership	Over/(Under) Capacity	Condition		
B. F. Grady Elementary	1994	523	927	77%	Good		
Beulaville Elementary	1996	935	922	-1%	Good		
Charity Middle	1951	577	482	-16%	Fair		
Chinquapin Elementary	1955	600	540	-10%	Good		
Warsaw Elementary	1974	632	580	-8%	Good		
Duplin Early College	2009	160	182	14%	Good		
E. E. Smith Middle	1954	545	358	-34%	Fair		
East Duplin High	1962	750	1,000	33%	Good		
James Kenan High	1956	645	718	11%	Good		
Kenansville Elementary	1980	460	394	-14%	Good		
North Duplin Elementary	1974	669	686	3%	Good		
North Duplin Jr. Sr. High	1955	654	523	-20%	Good		
Rose Hill-Magnolia Elementary	1972	742	748	1%	Good		
Wallace Elementary	1974	759	822	8%	Good		
Wallace-Rose Hill High	1955	715	679	-5%	Good		
Warsaw Middle	1947	412	240	-42%	Fair		

Source: Duplin County Board of Education PowerSchool software.

### DUPLIN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Population estimate (1)	55,610	56,810	57,434	58,676	59,596
Personal income (2)	\$1,473,384,000	\$1,568,481,000	\$1,590,950,000	\$1,703,301,000	\$1,709,665,000
Per capita income (2)	\$26,495	\$27,609	\$27,700	\$29,029	\$28,688
Median age (3)	35.2	35.3	35.4	35.6	35.7
School enrollment (4)	8,833	8,865	8,815	8,837	8,945
Unemployment rate (5)	5.2%	4.4%	5.8%	9.6%	9.0%
Year Ended June 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population estimate (1)	60,033	60,084	59,882	59,159	N/A
Personal income (2)	\$1,849,253,000	\$1,935,393,000	\$2,128,538,000	N/A	N/A
Per capita income (2)	\$30,804	\$32,211	\$35,546	N/A	N/A
Median age (3)	35.7	35.6	35.6	35.7	38.9
School enrollment (4)	9,158	9,315	9,597	9,881	9,952
Unemployment rate (5)	9.8%	9.4%	6.9%	5.8%	5.5%

N/A = Not Available

Sources:

(1) U.S. Census Bureau. Estimates are as of beginning of fiscal year.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Office of State Budget and Management

(4) North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

(5) North Carolina Employment Security Commission, annual average for prior calendar year

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, current year county level annual population estimates are not released by the U.S. Census Bureau until the spring of the following year. Therefore, June 30, 2016 population based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, county level annual income data is not released by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis until the month of April, and is always two years behind. Therefore, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 income based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the June 30, 2015 information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

### DUPLIN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Employers For Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2007

		2016			2007	
Employer	Employees <sup>(1)</sup>	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees <sup>(1)</sup>	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Butterball LLC	1000+	1	5%	-		5%
Smithfield Foods, Inc.	1000+	2	5%	-		-
House of Raeford, Inc.	1000+	3	5%	1000+	3	5%
Duplin County Schools	1000+	4	5%	500-999	4	3%
Murphy Family Ventures LLC	500-999	5	3%	500-999	6	3%
County of Duplin	500-999	6	3%	500-999	8	3%
Guilford Mills, Inc.	500-999	7	3%	500-999	5	3%
East Carolina Health	250-499	8	2%	-		-
Johnson Breeders, Inc.	250-499	9	2%	250-499	9	2%
Bay Valley Foods LLC	250-499	10	2%	500-999	7	3%
Carolina Turkeys	-		-	1000+	1	5%
Murphy-Brown LLC	-		-	1000+	2	5%
Duplin General Hospital, Inc.	-		- 35.00%	250-499	10	2% 39.00%
Total County Employment <sup>(2)</sup>	24,782			23,044		

Sources:

(1) Duplin County Economic Development Commission

(2) North Carolina Employment Security Commission

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmenta	Activities			Business -	Type Activities				
		Certificates	Board of	General			General	Limited	P	ercentage o	of
Year Ended	Notes	of Derticipation	Education	Obligation	Capitalized	Notes	Obligation	Obligation	Total Primary	Personal	Per Conito
June 30 2016	Payable N/A	Participation N/A	Judgment N/A	Debt N/A	Leases N/A	Payable N/A	Debt N/A	Debt N/A	Government N/A	Income N/A	Capita N/A
2015	10,012,316	-	-	-	-	3,883,629	-	15,314,495	29,210,440	N/A	N/A
2014	10,171,014	1,357,827	-	-	-	1,359,427	-	15,843,587	28,731,855	1.35%	480
2013	10,323,424	2,655,657	-	-	-	1,711,577	15,915,000	15,915,000	46,520,658	2.40%	774
2012	10,470,245	4,093,487	-	450,000	-	1,181,223	16,593,300	-	32,788,255	1.77%	546
2011	10,633,783	5,451,317	-	910,000	-	1,294,521	16,958,500	-	35,248,121	2.06%	591
2010	10,903,563	6,754,147	4,795,784	1,380,000	-	1,406,457	17,306,000	-	42,545,951	2.50%	725
2009	11,455,539	8,016,977	-	1,865,000	14,465	1,050,143	17,635,200	-	40,037,324	2.52%	697
2008	12,094,556	9,249,807	-	2,360,000	49,131	1,157,060	17,949,400	-	42,859,954	2.73%	754
2007	12,684,882	10,452,637	-	2,870,000	81,780	1,263,750	18,250,100	-	45,603,149	3.10%	820

N/A = Not Available

Source: Duplin County, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, current year county level annual population estimates are not released by the U.S. Census Bureau until the spring of the following year. Therefore, June 30, 2016 population based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, county level annual income data is not released by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis until the month of April, and is always two years behind. Therefore, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 income based information will be shown above as "N/A", and the June 30, 2015 information will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, Duplin County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 had not been released at the time of this report. Therefore, June 30, 2016 information from Duplin County's financial statements will be shown above as "N/A" and will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2017, if applicable.

# DUPLIN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2006

	_		2015			2006	
Taxpayer	As	Taxable sessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Butterball, Inc.	\$	133,277,918	1	3.40%	\$-		-
Murphy-Brown LLC		93,735,070	2	2.39%	-		-
Duplin Land Development		81,352,907	3	2.08%	40,340,506	4	1.44%
House of Raeford		57,457,607	4	1.47%	14,348,814	10	0.51%
Guilford Mills		48,466,284	5	1.24%	51,614,001	2	1.84%
Duke Progress Energy		40,060,644	6	1.02%	-		-
Nash Johnson & Sons		39,908,395	7	1.02%	22,940,780	7	0.82%
Murphy Family Ventures		34,295,617	8	0.87%	-		-
Coastal Carolinia Green Power		27,544,732	9	0.70%	-		-
Four County EMC		27,928,492	10	0.71%	16,417,589	9	0.59%
Carolina Turkeys		-		-	84,484,276	1	3.01%
Murphy Farms, Inc.		-		-	45,994,755	3	1.64%
Murfam, Inc.		-		-	33,491,808	6	1.19%
Carroll's Food		-		-	33,747,276	5	1.20%
Carolina Power & Light Co.		-		-	20,596,656	8	0.73%
	\$	584,027,666		14.90%	\$ 363,976,461		12.97%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	3,919,648,765			\$ 2,804,132,981		

Source: Duplin County, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, Duplin County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 had not been released at the time of this report. Therefore, the most recent ten year comparison of principal property tax payers released by Duplin County is shown above

### DUPLIN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Current Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	EXPRESSED IN NOMI	NAL DOLLARS	
Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected
2016	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	29,749,210	28,972,293	97.39%
2014	29,583,582	28,461,798	96.21%
2013	28,023,946	26,579,982	94.85%
2012	27,109,094	25,724,577	94.89%
2011	25,952,188	24,537,688	94.55%
2010	25,836,831	24,353,960	94.26%
2009	25,128,446	23,741,088	94.48%
2008	24,233,502	22,867,344	94.36%
2007	23,752,080	22,383,189	94.24%

EXPRESSED IN CONSTANT DOLLARS							
	Total	Current Tax					
Year Ended June 30	Tax Levy	Collections					
2016	N/A	N/A					
2015	12,466,250	12,140,687					
2014	12,412,188	11,926,767					
2013	12,001,484	11,151,988					
2012	11,813,374	11,016,761					
2011	11,497,412	10,692,828					
2010	11,853,660	10,789,360					
2009	11,650,098	10,892,156					
2008	11,074,882	10,601,802					
2007	11,399,977	10,229,275					

N/A = Not Available

Source: Duplin County, North Carolina, Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Note: Nominal dollars reflect actual dollars of the period of the transaction. Constant dollars reflect dollars having a constant general purchasing power as shown by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) (Calendar years 1982-1984=100).

Note: This table is a ten year schedule. However, Duplin County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 had not been released at the time of this report. Therefore, June 30, 2015 information from Duplin County's financial statements will be shown above as "N/A" and will be reported for the year ended June 30, 2016, if applicable.



## **Compliance Section**



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Duplin County Board of Education Kenansville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Duplin County Board of Education statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2016.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Duplin County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

September 27, 2016 West End, North Carolina



S W ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program And Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Duplin County Board of Education Kenansville, North Carolina

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Duplin County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Duplin County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Duplin County of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Duplin County Board of Education's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Duplin County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Duplin County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to ver compliance is a deficiency, or a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance has a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

September 27, 2016 West End, North Carolina



W ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major State Program and Internal Control Over Compliance; In Accordance With OMB Uniform Guidance and The State Single Audit Implementation Act

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Duplin County Board of Education Kenansville, North Carolina

### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Duplin County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The Duplin County Board of Education's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its State programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Duplin County Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Duplin County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Duplin County Board of Education's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

In our opinion, the Duplin County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Duplin County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Duplin County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

September 27, 2016 West End, North Carolina

### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

### **Financial Statements**

Туре	e of auditors' report iss	ued:	Unmodified			
Inter	nal control over financi	al reporting:				
•	Material weakness(e	s) identified?	No			
•	Significant deficiency considered to be mat	None Reported				
None	compliance material to	financial statements noted	No			
Fed	eral Awards					
Inter	nal control over major	federal programs:				
•	Material weakness(e	No				
•	Significant deficiency considered to be mat	None Reported				
	e of auditors' report iss or federal programs	ued on compliance for	Unmodified			
	audit findings disclose rted in accordance witl	d that are required to be n 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No			
Iden	tification of major feder	ral programs:				
С	FDA Numbers	Names of Federal Programs or Clusters				
	10.555 10.553 10.555 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program (Commo School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Seamless Summer Program	dities)			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs <u>\$ 750,000</u>						

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

### State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

•	Material weakness(es) identified?	No
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs		Unmodified
re	audit findings disclosed that are required to be ported in accordance with the State Single Audit plementation Act	No
Identification of major State programs:		
	Program Name	

State Public School Fund Vocational Education – State Months of Employment Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery

### **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

No findings were noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of federal awards aggregating \$25,000 or more were noted.

### Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of federal awards aggregating \$25,000 or more were noted.

There were no audit findings reported in the prior year.

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Evpondituros
	Number	Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
School Nutrition Program (Note 3)			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Noncash Assistance (Commodities):			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Agriculture:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$ 387,771
Cash Assistance:			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553		1,297,782
National School Lunch Program	10.555		3,286,719
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559		26,826
Cash Assistance Subtotal			4,611,327
			<u> </u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster:			4,999,098
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants	10.579		22,556
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Grant	10.582		17,467
-			
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			5,039,121
U.S. Department of Education			
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies			
Educationally Deprived Children	84.010	PRC 050	3,110,941
	0		0,110,011
Education for Homeless Children	84.196	PRC 026	41,139
Race to the Top - Wireless Infrastructure	85.395	PRC 160	34,222
Teacher Quality Enhancement	84.367	PRC 103	335,568
Rural and Low Income Education	84.658	PRC 109	253,626
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	PRC 104	217,746
Language Acquisition - Significant Increase	84.365	PRC 111	28,667
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	PRC 082	43,316
Title I, Migrant Education	84.011	PRC 051	129,099
Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services			
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
Special Education Cluster:			
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act			
- Education of the Handicapped	84.027	PRC 060	2,325,151
- Targeted Assistance	84.027	PRC 118	6,470
- Targeted Assistance for Preschool	84.027	PRC 119	965
- Preschool Handicapped	84.173	PRC 049	8,610
Total Special Education Cluster:			2,341,196
			2,071,130

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grantor/Pass-through	Federal CFDA	State/ Pass-through Grantor's	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act Amendments of 1990			
Basic Grants to States	84.048	PRC 017	157 207
- Program Development	04.040	FRGUIT	157,207
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,692,727
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program:			
JROTC	NONE		154,459
	NONE		101,100
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> <u>Health Resources and Services Administration</u> Direct Program:			
Head Start	93.600		1,265,540
Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Title V Abstinence Education	93.235	PRC 101	61,899
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,327,439
Total federal assistance			13,213,746
State Grants:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
State Public School Fund			56,148,606
Driver Training - SPSF		PRC 012	154,156
School Technology Fund - SPSF		PRC 015	116,536
Vocational Education			
- State Months of Employment		PRC 013	2,648,035
- Program Support Funds		PRC 014	155,497
Passed-through Duplin County			
Public School Building Capital Fund - Lottery			2,172,691
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction			61,395,521
N.C. Department of Public Instruction:			
School buses - Noncash			785,003
Textbooks - Noncash			10,654
Total N.C. Department of Public Instruction - Noncash			795,657
·			
N.C. Department of Health and Human Services:			
North Carolina Pre-Kindergarten Program			1,184,100

### DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		State/	
	Federal	Pass-through	
Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Grantor's	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Passed-through the Duplin County Partnership for Children			
Smart Start			192,725
Total N.C. Department of Health and Human Services			1,376,825
·			i
N.C. Department of Cultural Resources			
N.C. Arts Council Grant			9,049
N.C. Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinguency Prevention	on		
Gang Awareness Grant	<u></u>		760
Carly / Warohood Crant			100
N.C. Department of Agriculture			
State Reduced Breakfast Funds			12,835
Office of the Governor			
Education Workforce & Innovation Program			254,197
·			
Total State assistance			63,844,844
Total federal and State assistance			\$ 77,058,590

### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of Duplin County Board of Education under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Duplin County Board of Education, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of Duplin County Schools.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Duplin County Schools has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 3. Cluster of Programs

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Public Instruction and are treated separately for state audit requirement purposes: School Nutrition Program



DUPLIN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION 315 NORTH MAIN STREET KENANSVILLE, NC 28349 (910)-296-1521