# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



# **BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 7**

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Gallatin County, P.O. Box 520, Bozeman, Montana 59771-0520

# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

of

# **BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

# **Prepared by the Business Office**

Mike Waterman, Executive Director Business and Operations
Lacy Clark, Director Business Services
Julia Wayman, CPA, Accounting Supervisor
404 West Main, P.O. Box 520
Bozeman, Montana 59771-0520
www.bsd7.org
Phone: (406) 522-6039



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#### Bozeman Public Schools

404 West Main P.O. Box 520 Bozeman, MT 59771-0520 Voice: (406) 522-6001 Fax: (406) 522-6065

Casey Bertram Superintendent December 12, 2023

Letter of Transmittal

Greg Neil, Chair Members of the Board of Trustees Citizens of the Bozeman School District No. 7 404 W. Main Bozeman, Montana 59715

Dear Board Members and Citizens:

Montana Law requires that Bozeman School District No. 7 annually publish audited financial statements within twelve months of the close of each fiscal year. This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report meets that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the presentation, including all disclosures and contents, rests with the Superintendent and the Executive Director Business and Operations. A framework of internal controls has been established to assist in the accuracy and reliability of the enclosed financial information. Due to the cost effectiveness of internal controls, they are designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Eide Bailly LLP has issued an unmodified (referred to as "clean") opinion on the Bozeman School District No. 7's financial statements. Their independent audit report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD & A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD & A can be found immediately following the auditor's report in the financial section.

#### PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

Geographically, the Bozeman Public School system covers an area greater than the City of Bozeman. The school system includes two legal districts - Elementary District No. 7 and High School District No. 7. The elementary district covers approximately 275 square miles and has an estimated population of 73,173. The high school district covers approximately 780 square miles, and encompasses eight elementary districts (kindergarten through 8th grade (K-8) - Bozeman, Anderson, Cottonwood, Gallatin Gateway,

LaMotte, Malmborg, Monforton, and Sedan-Wilsall). The estimated population of the high school district is 82,917. The school system is a public entity under the authority of the State of Montana.

The school district is governed by a Board of Trustees - seven of which are citizens who are elected by the voters of the Bozeman Elementary District. One Trustee-at-large is elected by the citizens of the other elementary districts to serve with the Bozeman elementary trustees as a high school board. Board policies are administered by the district superintendent.

The two separate legal entities make up one independent reporting entity clearly within the criteria established in Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. All funds of the District are included in this report. The District serves approximately 7,282 students and provides a full range of educational services appropriate to grade levels Pre-K through 12, as well as Adult Education. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for students with disabilities and occupational education. These basic programs are supplemented by a wide variety of offerings in fine arts and athletics. The Bozeman Schools Foundation, Bozeman Hawk and Gallatin Raptor Booster Clubs, Bozeman Schools Friends of Music and the various parent organizations are separate legal entities that also support the District. While the support is very welcome, the impact of these individual entities is considered immaterial to the overall financial status of the District and do not meet the criteria to require inclusion as a component unit, as such, are not included in these financial statements.

The District is required by state law to annually adopt budgets for certain funds, generally those supported by property taxes. The elementary and high school board of trustees must meet to legally adopt final budgets on or before August 20th immediately preceding the school year. The following governmental funds are statemandated to have an annual budget appropriated: General, Transportation, Bus Depreciation, Tuition, Retirement, Technology Acquisition, Adult Education, Debt Service, Building Reserve, and Flexibility. These budgeted funds are the primary building blocks of the District's overall financial planning. No other District governmental funds have budgets appropriated by the board of trustees.

## ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

# Local Economy

The District is located on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains in Southwestern Montana. The major city within the District is Bozeman, which also serves as the county seat of Gallatin County.

Montana State University - Bozeman (M.S.U.) represents a major economic activity in the District. M.S.U. Bozeman Campus, with a fiscal year 2022-2023 annual budget of \$255,192,794, employs approximately 2,695 employees (2,695 full time and 643 part-time). With a student enrollment of 16,688(Fall 2023), M.S.U. is not only one of the largest factors in the area economy but also one of the more stable factors.

The Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) is the research and public service branch of the University of Montana's School of Business Administration. The Bureau is regularly involved in a wide variety of activities, including economic analysis and forecasting. Excerpts from the Bureau's analysis contained in the June 2023 'Gallatin Valley Housing Report' are restated in the following paragraphs.

It was quite a ride, but the down/up roller coaster of economic growth set off by the pandemic is now largely over in Montana's cities and regions. During 2020 and 2021 there was a sense of every community sharing the same experience – the shocking declines as the pandemic hit, and the surging gains as normality eventually arrived. And while much about that experience remains fresh, the divergence in growth between places has returned. Expectations for the coming year are varied as well.

Many of the factors that have been important in shaping the pattern and pace of economic growth around the state are beginning to change. Money is no longer cheap - interest rates have surged right along with inflation. A dangerous war in eastern Europe has disrupted energy and agricultural markets. And the federal government has moved from neutrality to outright hostility to fossil fuel investment.

Once again, the state's fastest growing economy - Gallatin County - has turned in a blistering growth performance. Now solidly established as the second largest economy in the state, Bozeman's growth has pushed west into Belgrade, Manhattan and Three Forks with strong construction activity and retail growth. Billings Clinic's new 58 acre medical campus expands health care's footprint in the economy, one of the few sectors that were less represented in the past. The recently expanded airport is already making plans to expand further.

Pressure on housing and labor markets has been intense. Many of the businesses that serve the surge in visitors and tourists are labor intensive, with some forced to curtail hours or cancel expansions due to workforce issues. Significant growth in residential construction, especially in multi-family units, has not yet softened growth in house prices and rents, among the highest in the state.

Strong tech growth, a continuation of strong visitor spending, and the area's new attractiveness as a destination for those relocating from other states are expected to power strong growth into the coming years. Other factors supporting growth include the continued strong performance of Montana State University and the continued growth in trade center activities in finance, professional services, and retail trade.

## Major Initiatives

The District uses a continual long range strategic planning process (LRSP), that includes core ideology, envisioned future, goal statements, strategic objectives and assumptions that bring rigor to the process of setting goals; ensures the wants, preferences and needs of our community are well understood; and strategically focuses our resources to build a strong, vital School District.

The LRSP helps to form the culture of the District and is a valuable tool for moving the District forward. One of many intended outcomes of the LRSP is to provide a tool to assure available resources are appropriately allocated to accomplish attainable strategic outcomes. This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) helps demonstrate how valuable resources are received and spent. Detailed information on the District's educational buildings including age and functional capacity can be found within Table 22 of the Statistical Section.

The Board of Trustees approved four goals as part of the 2022-2023 five-year plan to help focus implementation efforts of the LSRP:

Early Literacy Goal: by 2025 85% of all children entering kindergarten will have requisite literacy skills

**Grade Level Reading Goal:** by 2025, 80% of all of the District's  $3_{rd}$  grade students will demonstrate grade-level reading skills

**PLC Goal:** by spring of 2025, all District schools PK-12 will have fully implemented PLC's in place that will support the closing of the achievement gap, thus qualifying the District as a Solution Tree Model PLC District

**Graduation Goal:** by 2025, 95% of District students in each graduation cohort will earn a regular high school diploma in four years or fewer

Additionally, the Board of Trustees identified two *Mega Issues* that the District utilized the consensus process to work through in 2022-2023. The first *Mega Issue* is balancing the district budget that is currently experiencing a large structural imbalance primarily due to the opening of a second high school and student enrollment losses. The District experienced declines in enrollment during the COVID-19 pandemic that have only partially been recovered for grades K-5. As a result of the consensus process the Board of Trustees approved the Superintendent's recommendations to trim \$4.1 million from the K-12 general fund budget in a manner that followed District priorities.

## Relevant Financial Policies

The District works to maintain a structurally balanced General Fund. 'Structurally balanced' means that the current annual obligations of the General Fund are paid with current available General Fund revenues. The General Fund is not currently structurally balanced, but one-time funds are available to cover potential deficits.

# Long-Term Financial Planning

In the fall of 2020, the District opened its second high school (Gallatin). Significant staffing increases were expected and granted when Gallatin opened, and voters approved a transition levy to temporarily support that staffing increase. After the initial increase, the plan was that no new staff would be needed while the high school enrollment "grew into" the capacity at each building. However, due to course offerings and increased enrollment it became apparent that both high schools needed additional staff to run their master schedules—a fundamental change to the original plan. The staffing increase was approved out of necessity to meet the needs of the current scheduling system but it is not sustainable.

Additionally, recruitment and retention have suddenly become significant issues for the District. Bozeman is an attractive place to live, and the housing market has skyrocketed since the pandemic. As a result, the District has seen the number of applications for all positions dwindle significantly. In addition, many out of town applicants pull their application once they review the housing costs in the area. To address the changing conditions, the District not only had to address the budget deficit, but has also had to find innovative ways to recruit and retain employees. Union negotiations took place in the spring of 2023, and the District had to take a holistic look at employee compensation-including salaries and benefits-and invest strategically in it to help recruit and retain high quality employees.

The District continues to benefit from Building Reserve and Technology levies that voters generously approved. All are long-term in nature. The Building Reserve has both 6-year and permanent levies in place to help the District tackle current & expected facilities maintenance as well as specific safety costs. The Technology levies have both 10-year and permanent durations that have allowed the District keep up with the ever changing technology needs, replacing and modernizing as needed.

# OTHER INFORMATION

## Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Bozeman School District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The District is proud to announce that this is the thirty-fourth year that it has received this prestigious award. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

## Acknowledgements

We would like to express our appreciation to the Board of Trustees for their concern in providing fiscal accountability to the patrons of our school district and thereby contributing their support to the development of one of the best educational financial operations within the State. The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire Business Services staff. To those personnel who assisted and contributed to its preparation, thank you!

Sincerely,

Mike Waterman
Executive Director Business Operations

Relate

Cary Bo

Casey Bertram Superintendent



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Bozeman School District No. 7 Montana

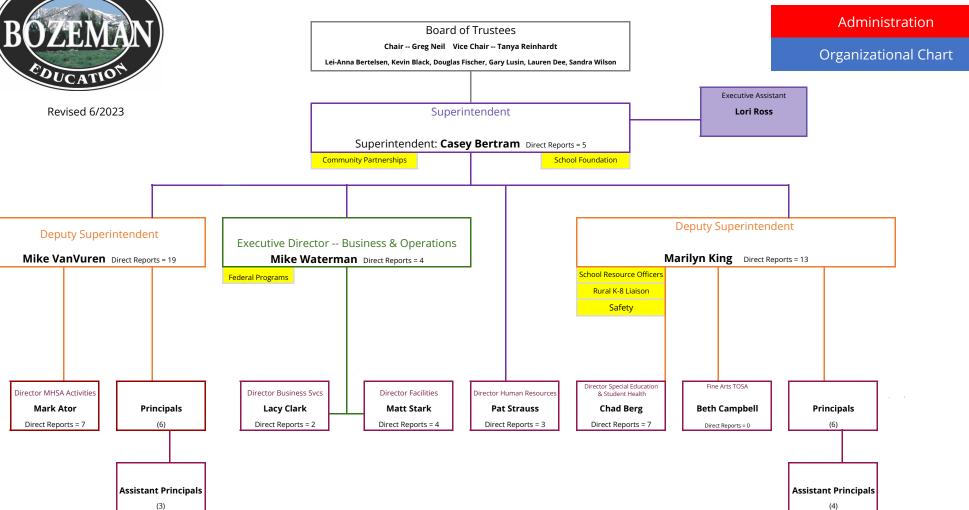
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





# Elected Officials as of June 30, 2023 Board of Trustees

	Term Expires April	
Greg Neil Board Chair Tanya Reinhardt Vice Chair Lei-Anna Bertelsen	2026 2025 2024 2026 2025 2024	
Sandra Wilson	2024	
Casey Bertram		
Appointed Positions as of report issuance		
Casey Bertram	ent ent	

# Board Meetings Held During Fiscal Year 2022-23

Regular 12 Special 42



**Bozeman High School** 205 North 11th 522-6200

**Bridger Charter Academy** 205 North 11th 522-6100

Central Administration Offices 404 West Main Street 522-6000

**Chief Joseph Middle School** 4255 Kimberwicke 522-6300

(m)

Emily Dickinson Elementary 2435 Annie Street 4

522-6650

Hawthorne Elementary 405 East Mendenhall Street 522-6700 (m)

**Hyalite Elementary School** 3600 West Babcock 582-6800 9

Irving Elementary 811 West Alderson Street 522-6600

(P)

Support Services 501 North 11th 522-6380

Longfellow Elementary 516 South Tracy 522-6150  $\infty$ 

Morning Star Elementary 830 Amold Street (0)

522-6500

8

Sacajawea Middle School 3525 South 3rd 522-6400

**Meadowlark Elementary** 4415 Durston Road 582-6860 8 4

**Gallatin High School** 4455 Annie Street

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# FINANCIAL SECTION



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees

Bozeman School District No. 7

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

# **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bozeman School District No. 7 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Elementary Retirement, and High School Retirement funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the

Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Correction of Error**

As discussed in Note IV.F. to the financial statements, a fund reported as a special revenue fund in error resulted in an understatement of the previously reported fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2022, was discovered by management of the District during the current year. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the General Fund fund balance as of July 1, 2022, to correct the error. Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and

- perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contribution -TRS, and the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions – PERS be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, supplemental information mandated by Montana Office of Public Instruction, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the

basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining financial statements, supplemental information mandated by Montana Office of Public Instruction, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Billings, Montana

December 12, 2023

Esde Bailly LLP

**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

This discussion and analysis of the Bozeman School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on page 1 and the District's financial statements, which begin on page 27.

## USING THIS ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand Bozeman School District No. 7 as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements show how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds (General, Elementary and High School Retirement, High School Debt Service, and High School Building Reserve funds) with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### Overview of the financial statements

Statement of Net Position (page 28) and the Statement of Activities (page 29)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities help answer the question "How did we do financially during 2023?". These government-wide statements include all assets, deferred inflows of resources, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial condition of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District's governmental activities are presented. These activities include most of the District's programs and services including instruction, support services, general and building administration, operations and maintenance, student transportation, food services and extracurricular activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of its funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains twenty-nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Elementary and High School Retirement, High School Debt Service, and High School Building Reserve, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds - The District maintains one proprietary fund type. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. When the School District charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments of the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The District uses two internal service funds to account for services provided to all the other funds of the District: purchasing and self-insurance. The internal service funds use the same accounting method as the government-wide statements and are included with the governmental activities shown on those statements.

The two internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining

statements on pages 143-145 of this report. The *basic* proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 39-41 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 43.

#### THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The District's net position increased by approximately \$1.0 million this year as compared to an almost \$6.9 million increase experienced last year. This current year \$1.0 million increase was largely attributed to planned conservation of building reserve resources and a one-time distribution of state-level COVID funds related to an increase in high school enrollment. On subsequent pages, Table 1 presents a comparative summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. Table 2 illustrates a comparative summary of the change in net position between the fiscal years.

By far, the largest portion of the District's positive net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction in progress), plus capital-related deferred outflows, less any related debt outstanding used to acquire those assets and capital-related deferred inflows (unspent bond proceeds are not accounted for in this line). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Approximately \$23.0 million of the District's net position was subject to external restrictions on how it may be used. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - had an ending deficit balance of (\$49,177,486) which was a 11.1% decline over the prior year. The origin of this large negative component of the net position resides in the past implementation of GASB Statement 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", GASB Statement 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date" and of GASB Statement 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Table 1
BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7
Net Position

# **Governmental Activities**

	2023	2022	Change
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 46,786,979 248,530,809	\$ 48,733,906 255,335,061	\$ (1,946,927) (6,804,252)
Total assets	295,317,788	304,068,967	(8,751,179)
Deferred outflows of resources	15,080,672	16,282,208	(1,201,536)
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	310,398,460	320,351,175	(9,952,715)
Current liabilities	15,749,917	15,287,967	461,950
Noncurrent bonds payable	153,024,114	166,002,316	(12,978,202)
Other noncurrent liabilities	8,123,718	8,521,148	(397,430)
Net pension liability	67,876,902	54,496,888	13,380,014
Total liabilities	244,774,651	244,308,319	466,332
Deferred inflows of resources	7,559,712	18,987,688	(11,427,976)
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	252,334,363	263,296,007	(10,961,644)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	84,269,380	78,746,717	5,522,663
Restricted	22,972,203	22,576,985	395,218
Unrestricted	(49,177,486)	(44,268,534)	(4,908,952)
Total net position	\$ 58,064,097	\$ 57,055,168	\$ 1,008,929

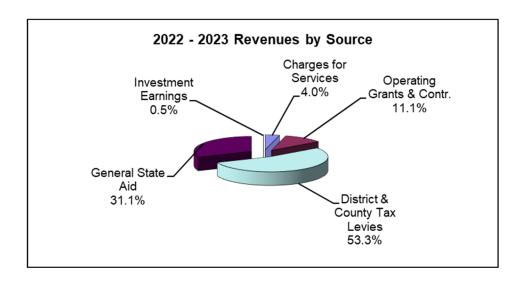
Table 2
BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

Changes in Net Position

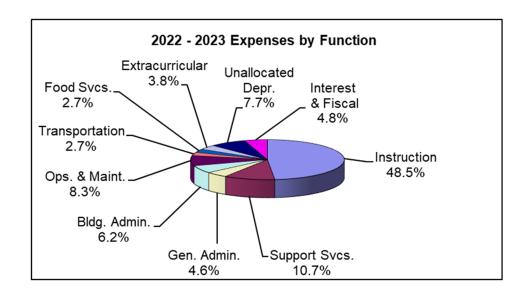
Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities		
	2023	2022	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 4,418,969	\$ 2,799,815	\$ 1,619,154
Operating grants and contributions	12,211,206	18,219,262	(6,008,056)
Capital grants and contributions	-	14,800	(14,800)
General revenues			
District property taxes	48,232,733	46,071,208	2,161,525
Investment earnings	527,449	41,470	485,979
Tax increment financing proceeds	2,023,252	1,794,637	228,615
Gain on sale of asset	8,612	-	8,612
Unrestricted county distribution - retirement	8,671,860	7,636,829	1,035,031
Unrestricted state equalization	22,560,977	21,478,702	1,082,275
Unrestricted state guaranteed tax base subsidy	6,885,958	6,794,248	91,710
Unrestricted quality educator	1,881,459	1,814,431	67,028
Unrestricted on-behalf pension	2,990,445	3,229,674	(239,229)
Unrestricted other state revenue	106,879	90,735	16,144
Unrestricted insurance proceeds		355,350	(355,350)
Total revenues	110,519,799	110,341,161	178,638
Program Expenses			
Instruction	53,081,226	51,031,172	2,050,054
Support services	11,700,519	11,618,857	81,662
General administration	5,044,840	4,560,069	484,771
Building administration	6,789,186	6,027,883	761,303
Operations and maintenance	9,067,343	8,452,853	614,490
Student transportation	2,956,311	2,701,997	254,314
Food services	2,986,375	2,406,349	580,026
Extracurricular activities	4,102,367	3,929,375	172,992
Unallocated depreciation	8,477,297	7,734,291	743,006
Interest and fiscal charges	5,305,406	4,982,403	323,003
Total expenses	109,510,870	103,445,249	6,065,621
Change in net position	1,008,929	6,895,912	(5,886,983)
Net position, beginning of year	57,055,168	50,159,256	6,895,912
Net position, end of year	\$ 58,064,097	\$ 57,055,168	\$ 1,008,929

The 2023 fiscal year District revenues on *Table 2* experienced a modest increase of \$178,638 (0.2%). This increase was largely attributable to an increase in property taxes combined with higher state and county funding. Such increase was offset by decreased federal funding due to the end of pandemic related relief funds. The following chart details revenue by source.



Total expenses on *Table 2* increased by \$6,065,621 (5.9%) and were largely attributable to surging inflation and increased costs of recruiting and retaining District staffing. The District realized rising salaries and benefits across all functions (\$2.3 million), higher pension expenses (\$0.8 million), and increased food costs (\$0.1 million). Travel costs also increased (\$0.2 million) largely due to Professional Learning Communities (PLC) conferences and the return of pre-pandemic travel levels. The following chart illustrates the breakout of expenses by function.



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 32) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$41,244,555, a 1.9% decrease of approximately \$0.8 million due to rising salaries and benefits across functions.

The major high school debt service fund experienced a minimal \$17,745 (2.2%) decrease in fund balance. In the previous year the final transfer in of bond proceeds (\$1.0 million) was made from the high school building fund to offset the transition levy as promised to the taxpayers. As this was the final transfer, there were no bond proceeds in 2022-2023 to supplement the fund balance.

The high school building reserve major fund reported a negligible decrease of \$43,636 (0.5%). In previous years funds were accumulated to bear the future final costs of the Bozeman High School renovation. The renovation was completed in 2022-2023.

The elementary and high school retirement funds ended the year with a combined decrease in fund balance of \$20,958 (0.9%) tied to the rising cost of salaries that drive retirement expenditures.

# General fund budgetary highlights

The last major fund, the General Fund, is the main operating fund of the Bozeman School District. The ending budgeted general fund balance reserves maintained a level equal to 10.0% of the 2023-2024 expenditure budget. The 10.0% is 100% of the state allowed 10% maximum, and is adequate to meet cash flow needs, and exceeds the District's self-imposed minimum reserve of 5%. Actual general fund revenues in the current year exceeded budgeted

general fund revenues by a modest \$234,207 (0.4%). This was primarily due to higher than anticipated local tax increment finance (TIF) district receipts and investment revenues.

General Fund expenditures and transfers out utilized 100% of the general fund budget. The instruction functional line encountered an unfavorable 16.5% budget variance due to the district's structural imbalance. The district assigns the structural imbalance to instructional salaries – the largest single line item in our budget. This is completed to identify and track the imbalance from year to year. Due to this budgeting method, the difference in this area is expected. The support services functional line encountered a positive 16.3% budget variance related to salary and benefits coming in under budget due to staff turnover and challenges with filling paraprofessional positions. The operations and maintenance functional line item experienced a favorable 46.9% budget variance due to the K-12 Interlocal Agreements General subfund funding a portion of the operations and maintenance function. There were no other significant functional variances in the budgeted general fund in the current fiscal year.

Student enrollment is critical in the calculation of general fund budget limits. Historically the overall District PreK-12 enrollment has increased every year since 2005, until the COVID-19 pandemic occurred. During 2021 the District experienced a contraction of its PreK-12 enrollment (see Table 24) directly affected by parents' concerns of the unknowns spawned by the COVID-19 pandemic. Although the District provided in person, hybrid and remote only instruction options, many parents opted to withdraw their students from public schools to test the viability of homeschooling or alternate remote learning for their children. The District had predicted this reduction in enrollment would be a short-term trend as more of the unknowns of the pandemic became more known quantities that parents could relate and respond to. Our enrollment counts in fiscal years 2022 and 2023 has confirmed the District's prediction, as elementary enrollment has partially recovered and, in the high school grades, climbed above the pre-pandemic enrollment levels.

The student population growth for grades 6-8 and 9-12 are once again tracking the historical trend of enrollment projections. This enrollment gain will continue to increase the demand for resources but will also have a positive impact on the maximum budget allowed to service the educational needs of the students. However, the enrollment for grades K-5 has not increased back to pre-pandemic levels. District projections indicate that the K-5 population will likely remain steady for the years to come.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2023, the District had invested roughly \$330.9 million in capital assets, including school land, buildings, construction in progress, machinery and equipment, and right to use assets. This amount represents an approximate increase prior to depreciation and amortization of \$2.2 million over 2022. Total depreciation and amortization expense for the year was \$9,141,853. The following schedule presents capital asset balances net of depreciation and amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note III C within this report.

	Amount
Land	\$ 13,098,828
Land improvements	27,256,964
Buildings and improvements	205,325,250
Machinery and equipment	1,960,861
Construction in progress	154,743
Right to use assets	734,163
Total	\$248,530,809

#### Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$241,534,046 in general obligation bonds and other long-term liabilities outstanding, of which \$12,361,616 is due within one year. A summary of the District's outstanding long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, is presented below:

	Amount
General obligation bonds	\$ 164,724,114
Compensated absences	4,751,876
Voluntary termination benefits	18,000
Net pension liability	67,876,902
Other postemployment benefits	3,859,676
Lease liability	244,208
Subscription liability	59 <b>,</b> 270
Total	\$ 241,534,046

The Elementary and High School Districts have each maintained their respective Aa2 Moody's rating for general obligation debt. State statutes currently limit the amount of the general obligation debt a District may issue. As of June 30, 2023, the current elementary legal debt margin is \$192,734,258 and the high school legal debt margin is \$171,194,110 (as shown on Table 14).

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note III E of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Many factors were considered by the District's administration and board of trustees during the process of developing the fiscal year 2023-2024 budget. The primary factors were the District's student population, collective bargaining agreements, inflation rates, monitoring the operations at a newly opened second high school

and gauging the lingering effect of the coronavirus. Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund increased by 3.9% to \$59,103,552 in fiscal year 2023-2024. Increased payroll and employee benefit costs for an expanding workforce educating a growing student body are the primary reason for the increase. This modest increase in the General Fund budget is not enough to keep up with the demands on the District. Further, the General Funds are projected to be in a structural imbalance where the planned General Fund costs exceed the available spending authority. The structural imbalance was deemed a Mega Issue in 2022 and a budget committee was created to tackle budget reductions amounting to \$4.1 million per year, which were later approved by the Board of Trustees.

Inflation for fiscal year 2023 (June to June) was 3.0%, which marks the smallest annual increase since the period ending March 2021 and a decline from June 2022 when annual inflation peaked at a 40-year high of 9.1%. The local cost of living within the Bozeman School District has outpaced that of the national economy. These factors are two of many considered when evaluating the cost of living during collective bargaining negotiations and the recent reevaluation of pay scales.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mike Waterman, Executive Director Business and Operations, at the Bozeman School District, 404 West Main Street, Bozeman, Montana 59715 (or by phone at 406-522-6097).

**Basic Financial Statements** 

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** 

\$ 310,398,460

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental		Governmental
ASSETS	Activities	LIABILITIES	Activities
ASSETS Current assets:		Current liabilities:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,855,300	Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,227,149
Investments	967,178	Accrued interest payable	500,653
Property taxes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectibles)	1,180,155	Unearned revenue	1,512,803
Due from other governments	7,340,618	Bonds payable - due within one year	11,700,000
Accounts receivable	180,049	Compensated absences - due within one year	652,616
Inventory, at cost	33,419	Voluntary termination benefits - due within one year	9,000
Prepaid items	194,204	Lease liability - due within one year	118,850
Flexible accounts deposit	36,056	Subscription liability - due within one year	28,846
Total current assets	46,786,979	Total current liabilities	15,749,917
Total current assets	40,780,979	Noncurrent liabilities:	13,749,917
Noncurrent assets:		Bonds payable	153,024,114
Land	13.098.828		4.099.260
Land improvements	- , , -	Compensated absences	,,
Buildings and improvements	38,501,459	Voluntary termination benefits	9,000
Machinery and equipment	270,062,316	Net pension liability	67,876,902
	7,960,050	Other postemployment health benefits	3,859,676
Construction in progress	154,743	Lease liability	125,358
Less accumulated depreciation	(81,980,750)	Subscription liability	30,424
Right to use leased assets	376,429	Total noncurrent liabilities	229,024,734
Right to use subscription assets	678,089	Total liabilities	244,774,651
Less accumulated amortization	(320,355)		
Total noncurrent assets	248,530,809	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Total assets	295,317,788	Other postemployment health benefits assumption changes	1,348,830
		Pension deferrals	6,210,882
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		Total deferred inflows of resources	7,559,712
Other postemployment health benefits deferred contributions	590,330		<u> </u>
Contribution to pension plans in current fiscal year	13,724,179	NET POSITION	
Excess reacquisition costs due to bond refunding	766,163	Net investment in capital assets	84,269,380
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,080,672	Restricted for:	
		Building	1,824,886
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 310,398,460	Building reserve	12,474,542
		Debt service	1,785,248
		Bus depreciation	620,820
		Retirement	2,223,682
		Restricted endowment:	, ,
		Nonexpendable portion	287,147
		Expendable portion	685,136
		Technology acquisition	719,246
		Transportation	1,193,523
		Tuition	655,349
		Grant purposes	355,177
		Adult education	147,447
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this	statement.	Unrestricted	(49,177,486)
P		Total net position	58,064,097

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position

Net (Expense) Revenue and

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Charges for **Operating Grants Capital Grants** Governmental and Contributions **Functions/Programs** Services and Contributions Activities Expenses Governmental activities: \$ Instruction 53,081,226 975,296 4,985,446 (47,120,484)Support services 11,700,519 453,028 2,723,191 (8,524,300)General administration 5,044,840 126,419 355,035 (4,563,386)Building administration 6,789,186 232,148 232,913 (6,324,125)Operations and maintenance 9,067,343 285,382 847,732 (7,934,229)Student transportation 2,956,311 592,827 (2,363,484)Food services 2,986,375 1,916,427 830.073 (239,875)Extracurricular activities 4,102,367 430,269 1,643,989 (2,028,109)Unallocated depreciation \* 8,477,297 (8,477,297)Interest and fiscal charges 5,305,406 (5,305,406)**Total governmental activities** 109,510,870 4,418,969 12,211,206  $\overline{(92,880,695)}$ General revenues: District property taxes 48,232,733 Investment earnings 527,449 Tax Increment Financing proceeds 2,023,252 Unrestricted: County distribution - retirement 8,671,860 State equalization 22,560,977 State guaranteed tax base subsidy 6,885,958 State quality educator 1,881,459 State on-behalf pension 2,990,445 Other state revenue 106,879 Compensation of capital assets 8,612 Total general revenues 93,889,624 Change in net position 1,008,929 Net position, beginning of year 57,055,168 Net position, end of year 58,064,097

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various functions.



**Fund Financial Statements** 

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	 General	lementary Retirement	figh School High School High School Building Retirement Debt Service Reserve		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Building Governmental			
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,880,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$	38,124	\$ 8,693,177	\$	11,913,274	\$	32,524,660
Investments	-	-	-		-	-		967,178		967,178
Property taxes receivable	565,712	-	-		299,998	59,220		271,126		1,196,056
Due from other funds	1,067,719	-	-		-	-		-		1,067,719
Due from other governments	153,272	2,081,223	1,210,178		750,588	276,597		2,868,750		7,340,608
Accounts receivable	14,826	-	-		-	-		165,223		180,049
Inventory, at cost	-	-	-		-	-		32,791		32,791
Prepaid items	 188,156	-	-		-	-		437,439		625,595
Total assets	\$ 13,869,770	\$ 2,081,223	\$ 1,210,178	\$	1,088,710	\$ 9,028,994	\$	16,655,781	\$	43,934,656
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 132,608	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 25,497	\$	137,818	\$	295,923
Due to other funds	-	519,897	547,822		-	-		-		1,067,719
Unearned revenue	-	-	-		-	-		130,403		130,403
Total liabilities	132,608	519,897	547,822			25,497		268,221		1,494,045
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 565,712	-	 -		299,998	 59,220		271,126		1,196,056
Total deferred inflows of resources	565,712				299,998	59,220		271,126		1,196,056
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	188,156	-	-		-	-		757,377		945,533
Restricted	-	1,561,326	662,356		788,712	8,944,277		10,585,338		22,542,009
Committed	6,760,535	-	-		-	-		4,773,719		11,534,254
Assigned	450,096	-	-		-	-		-		450,096
Unassigned	5,772,663	-	-		-	-		-		5,772,663
Total fund balances	13,171,450	1,561,326	662,356		788,712	8,944,277		16,116,434		41,244,555
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						 				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 13,869,770	\$ 2,081,223	\$ 1,210,178	\$	1,088,710	\$ 9,028,994	\$	16,655,781	\$	43,934,656

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 41,244,555
Capital assets (excluding internal service funds) used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is	
\$330,650,909 and the accumulated depreciation and amortization is \$82,122,732.	248,528,177
Deferred inflows of resources (unavailable property taxes) are not available to pay for current	
period expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.	1,196,056
Pension and OPEB related deferred inflows and outflows (excluding internal service funds) are	
not accounted for in the governmental funds. Excess reacquisition costs related to bond	
refunding are accounted for as deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide	
statements. The following number reports the net result of the current and long-term effect of	
these resources.	8,269,784
Property taxes receivable is reported "net of the allowances for uncollectibles"	
on the statement of net position.	(15,901)
Prepaid expenditures related to SBITAs are reported as intangible subscription assets on the	
statement of net position	(431,391)
Accrued interest payable on bonds is reported on the statement of net position.	(500,653)
Long-term liabilities (excluding internal service funds), including bonds payable,	
compensated absences, voluntary termination benefits, and net pension liability are not due	
and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds payable \$164,724,114	
Compensated absences 4,751,876	
Voluntary termination benefits 18,000	
Net pension liability 67,806,578	
Lease liability 244,208	
Subscription liability 59,270	
	(237,604,046)
Internal service funds are used by the District to charge the costs of health	
insurance, printing, postage and other services to individual funds.	
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in	
governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 (2,622,484)
et position - governmental activities	\$ 58,064,097

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

						Nonmajor	
		Elementary	High School	High School Debt	High School	Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Retirement	Retirement	Service	Building Reserve	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
District property taxes \$	23,028,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,413,060	\$ 2,303,158	\$ 11,222,750	\$ 47,967,955
Tuition and fees	49,164	-	-	-	-	1,848,346	1,897,510
Investment earnings	153,498	8,424	4,356	24,847	105,550	198,017	494,692
Other district revenue	138,962	427	=	750,000	292,073	4,392,812	5,574,274
Gallatin County	-	5,497,920	3,173,940	-	-	311,745	8,983,605
State of Montana	33,853,389	1,734,799	984,870	-	43,566	2,929,602	39,546,226
Federal	-	-	-	-	-	4,603,288	4,603,288
Total revenues	57,224,000	7,241,570	4,163,166	12,187,907	2,744,347	25,506,560	109,067,550
Expenditures:							
Current -							
Instruction	37,462,323	4,770,432	2,541,970	-	16,210	5,516,426	50,307,361
Support services	6,829,061	1,055,736	445,647	-	232,586	2,694,016	11,257,046
General administration	3,046,946	275,850	264,757	-	2,003	955,141	4,544,697
Building administration	4,715,406	610,510	359,316	-		631,596	6,316,828
Operations and maintenance	5,267,855	351,200	261,384	91,202	1,508,799	1,188,787	8,669,227
Student transportation	2,147	26,389	7,482	-	-	2,896,813	2,932,831
Food services	8,209	6,629	194,356	_	_	2,388,396	2,597,590
Extracurricular activities	1,632,713	44,078	209,958	_	132,454	2,020,227	4,039,430
Capital outlay	45,028	- 11,070	200,000	_	895,931	995,757	1,936,716
Debt service -	43,020				0,5,,51	773,131	1,730,710
Principal retirement - bonds				7,315,000		3,910,000	11,225,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	4,799,450	-	1,614,927	6,414,377
Lease and subscription principal payments	-	-	-	4,799,430	-		145,593
	59,009,688	7,140,824	4,284,870	12,205,652	2,787,983	145,593 24,957,679	110,386,696
Total expenditures	39,009,688	7,140,824	4,284,870	12,203,632	2,787,983	24,937,679	110,386,696
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,785,688)	100,746	(121,704)	(17,745)	(43,636)	548,881	(1,319,146)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	=	=	-	-	39,800	39,800
Software subscription	-	-	-	-	-	91,361	91,361
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	376,429	376,429
Insurance proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	6,812	6,812
Transfer in	1,726,163	-	-	-	-	-	1,726,163
Transfer out	(1,717,557)	-	-	-	-	(8,606)	(1,726,163)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,606		-	-	-	505,796	514,402
Net changes in fund balances	(1,777,082)	100,746	(121,704)	(17,745)	(43,636)	1,054,677	(804,744)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated (see Note IV.F)	14,948,532	1,460,580	784,060	806,457	8,987,913	15,061,757	42,049,299
Fund balances, end of year	13,171,450	\$ 1,561,326	\$ 662,356	\$ 788,712	\$ 8,944,277	\$ 16,116,434	\$ 41,244,555

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (804,744)
Governmental funds accrue property tax revenue which is deemed collectible within 60 days; however, for the statement of activities the total amount estimated to be collected is accrued.	(1,079)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$8,819,867), amortization (\$320,355), and proceeds from the sale of land (\$38,000) exceeded capital outlays (\$1,936,716) in the current period.	(7,241,506)
Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds are reported on the full accrual method in the government-wide financial statements.	265,854
The net pension liability and related pension deferred inflows and outflows of the district are reported on the full accrual method and solely in the government-wide financial statements.	(2,093,938)
The net lease and subscription liabilities of the district are reported on the full accrual method and solely in the government-wide financial statements	(277,264)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the payment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized as a component of interest and fiscal charges in the statement of activities. If debt is refunded at a cost more than the carrying amount of the old debt, this excess acquisition cost is also amortized as a component of interest and fiscal charges in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt.	12,333,971
Leases and subscription contracts provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the payment of the principal of long-term agreements consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	(18,720)
The current period net increase in compensated absences and voluntary termination benefits payable did not require the use of current financial resources.	(157,220)
Internal service funds are used by the District to charge the costs of health insurance, printing, postage and other services to individual funds. The net loss of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (996,425)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,008,929

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
District property taxes	\$ 23,030,542	\$ 23,028,987	\$ (1,555)
Tuition and fees	-	49,164	49,164
Investment earnings	25,504	76,681	51,177
Other district revenue	-	135,421	135,421
State of Montana	33,853,389	33,853,389	
Total revenues	56,909,435	57,143,642	234,207
Expenditures:			
Current -			
Instruction	30,620,246	35,678,691	(5,058,445)
Support services	7,776,536	6,506,764	1,269,772
General administration	3,159,293	2,598,596	560,697
Building administration	4,266,160	4,540,835	(274,675)
Operations and maintenance	7,670,183	4,073,876	3,596,307
Student transportation	-	2,147	(2,147)
Food services	-	6	(6)
Extracurricular activities	1,677,155	1,598,963	78,192
Total expenditures	55,169,573	54,999,878	169,695
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers out	(1,739,862)	(1,909,557)	(169,695)
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	(1,739,862)	(1,909,557)	(169,695)
Net change in fund balances	-	234,207	234,207
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,690,531	5,690,531	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 5,690,531	\$ 5,924,738	\$ 234,207

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELEMENTARY RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Investment earnings	\$	1,500	\$	8,424	\$	6,924
Other district revenue		-		427		427
Gallatin County		5,947,918		5,497,920		(449,998)
Total revenues		5,949,418		5,506,771		(442,647)
Expenditures:						
Current -						
Instruction		3,834,380		3,576,232		258,148
Support services		858,400		785,545		72,855
General administration		225,620		220,970		4,650
Building administration		447,180		481,839		(34,659)
Operations and maintenance		288,260		292,870		(4,610)
Student transportation		26,680		19,108		7,572
Food Services		67,280		-		67,280
Extracurricular activities		52,200		29,461		22,739
Total expenditures		5,800,000		5,406,025		393,975
Net change in fund balances		149,418		100,746		(48,672)
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,460,580		1,460,580		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,609,998	\$	1,561,326	\$	(48,672)

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL HIGH SCHOOL RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original and Final Budget Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Investment earnings	\$ 2,000	\$ 4,356	\$ 2,356	
Gallatin County	3,014,053	3,173,940	159,887	
Total revenues	3,016,053	3,178,296	162,243	
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Instruction	1,931,160	1,946,953	(15,793)	
Support services	378,510	324,616	53,894	
General administration	221,760	205,240	16,520	
Building administration	293,700	272,900	20,800	
Operations and maintenance	255,420	194,907	60,513	
Student transportation	5,940	5,811	129	
Food Services	40,260	184,146	(143,886)	
Extracurricular activities	173,250	165,427	7,823	
Total expenditures	3,300,000	3,300,000		
Net change in fund balances	(283,947)	(121,704)	162,243	
Fund balances, beginning of year	784,060	784,060		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 500,113	\$ 662,356	\$ 162,243	

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

9 CT (E 50, 2025		
	Go	overnmental
		Activities:
	Interna	al Service Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,330,640
Inventory, at cost		628
Flexible accounts deposit		36,056
Due from other governments		10
Total current assets		4,367,334
N		
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		101.005
Machinery and equipment		181,005
Less accumulated depreciation		(178,373)
Net capital assets		2,632
Total assets		4,369,966
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other postemployment health benefits deferred contributions		590,330
Contribution to pension plans in current fiscal year		
Total deferred outflows of resources		14,824
Total deferred outflows of resources		605,154
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,975,120
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	931,226
Unearned revenue		1,382,400
Total current liabilities		2,313,626
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Net pension liability		70,324
Other postemployment health benefits		3,859,676
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,930,000
Total liabilities		6,243,626
Total habilities		0,213,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Other postemployment health benefits assumption changes		1,348,830
Pension deferrals		5,148
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,353,978
		<i>y= y= 1</i>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		2,632
Unrestricted		(2,625,116)
Total net position		(2,622,484)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	4,975,120
rotal nationals, uciti for minows of resources, and net position	Φ	4,7/3,120

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:	Ф. 252.24	
Charges for services	\$ 9,272,22	
Charges for wellness services	51,63	
Stop-loss insurance revenue	260,48	
Other district revenue	3,10	
Total operating revenues	9,587,44	44
Operating expenses:		
Administrative expenses	388,84	45
Communications	22,47	21
Contracted Medicare supplement	531,5	17
Depreciation	1,63	32
Facilities and equipment rental	53,43	35
Health, dental and vision claims	8,798,93	39
Minor equipment		51
Minor technology equipment	21,1	52
Other expenses	4,10	
Other postemployment health benefits	344,5	
Repairs and maintenance	107,9	
Salaries and benefits	92,12	
Software maintenance	46,09	
Wellness	203,52	
Total operating expenses	10,616,62	
Total operating expenses		20
Operating loss	(1,029,18	82)
Nonoperating revenues:		
Investment earnings	32,73	57
Total nonoperating revenues	32,75	
Change in net position	(996,42	25)
Net position, beginning of year	(1,626,03	59)
Net position, end of year	\$ (2,622,48	84)

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from users	\$ 9,364,291
Receipts from stop-loss insurance claims	260,485
Receipts from donors	3,100
Payments for insurance claims	(8,798,939)
Payments to employees	(92,121)
Payments to suppliers	(1,347,334)
Net cash flows used for operating activities	(610,518)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	32,757
Net cash flows from investing activities	32,757
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(577,761)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	4,908,401
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 4,330,640
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash flows used for operating activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (1,029,182)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash flows used for operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,632
(Increase) decrease in inventories	290
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	43,489
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	2,338
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	161,010
Increase (decrease) in unearned insurance premiums	38,094
Increase (decrease) in pension related deferred	
inflows, deferred outflows and net pension liability	(26,612)
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits	198,423
Total adjustments	418,664
Net cash flows used for operating activities	\$ (610,518)



**Notes to Financial Statements** 

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Bozeman School District No. 7 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The District adopted the provisions of the following GASB statements:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA). The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets that previously were recognized as prepaid assets based on the payment provisions of the contract. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 as follows:

Net position at June 30, 2022	\$ 57,055,168
Add: Right to use intangible asset under GASB Statement No. 96	
at June 30, 2022	52,429
Less: Prepaid asset now recognized as a SBITA intangible asset	(52,429)
Net postion at July 1, 2022	\$ 57,055,168

The additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes I.H, I.N, and III.C.

#### A. Reporting Entity

School District No. 7 was established under Montana law to provide educational services below the College and University level to residents of the District. Generally accepted accounting principles require that these financial statements present School District No. 7 (the primary government) and all component units, if any. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 61 The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. This statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. One significant modification was the provision that a financial benefit or burden must exist between the District and potential component unit organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. In

applying this statement, it has been determined that School District No. 7 has no component units.

The District actually consists of two separate legal entities - Elementary and High School districts. Accounting records of both districts must be maintained separately per State law because of differences in funding and tax base. However, both are managed by one central Board of Trustees, elected in a district-wide election, and by a central administration appointed by and responsible to the Board. Although School District No. 7 legally consists of two separate statutory entities, it is managed and operated as a single system. These financial statements present, as a single reporting entity, all activities over which the Board of Trustees exercise responsibility.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and statement of activities report information on all of the activities of the primary government utilizing a full accrual basis of accounting. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements with the exception of interfund services provided and used.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities (and ultimately presents changes in net position). Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at a more detailed level (and to demonstrate legal compliance). The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. In School District No. 7's case, the general, high school debt service, and high school building reserve funds are considered major and are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have

been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, State and County aid and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures related to instruction, administration, and other activities, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The elementary and high school retirement funds account for the employer's contribution to the Teachers' Retirement System, the Public Employees' Retirement System, Unemployment Compensation, and the employer's share of Social Security.

The high school building reserve fund accounts for resources segregated for the acquisition, construction or repair of major capital facilities.

The high school debt service fund accounts for the annual payment of principal, interest, and expenditures on long-term obligation debt.

Additionally, the government also reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the District, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. In the District's case, the internal service funds are used to charge the costs of health insurance, printing, postage and other services to other individual funds.

It is the District's practice to eliminate the net income (loss) generated by interfund activity. This was implemented to comply with the GAAP requirement to consolidate internal activities in the government-wide statement of activities. Direct expenses of departments paying for the interfund activity (i.e. health insurance, printing, postage, etc.) are not eliminated, but are presented as expenses in the appropriate functional category. Indirect expenses of the interfund activity, which are usually the ultimate reason of departments being indirectly over or undercharged, are eliminated through the reduction or increase of statement of activities expenses. If an Internal Service Fund receives revenue from a nongovernmental entity,

it is recognized as a charges for services program revenue amongst the functions that generated it.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Purchasing and Self-Insurance internal service funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, pension, other postemployment benefits, wellness activities, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available to expend, it is the District's policy to use its restricted net position first, followed by unrestricted net position as they are needed.

#### D. Cash and investments

The District's cash consists primarily of amounts held by First Interstate Bank, the County Treasurer, pooled in the Gallatin County external investment pool, and invested in the Short Term Investment Pool (STIP). In addition, a portion of the District's investments are held in interest bearing bank insured deposit accounts.

Montana State statutes authorize the District to invest in interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposits, and time deposits insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or fully collateralized, U.S. government and U.S. agency obligations and repurchase agreements where there is a master repurchase agreement and collateral held by a third party.

The District and the County Treasurer invests a portion of its cash pursuant to State Law (MCA 20-9-213 [4]). Allowable investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and some United States Agencies (not to exceed five years), savings or time deposits in a state or national bank, building and loan association, savings and loan association, or credit union insured by the FDIC or NCUA located in the State, or in a repurchase agreement. It is also allowable to invest monies under STIP established in Title 17, Chapter 6, MCA. STIP has invested in derivatives, but the nature of those transactions, the reason for entering into them and the District's exposure to credit is not available to the District for disclosure. As of June 30, 2023, the District had a significant portion of its funds invested in STIP.

The District invests certain special revenue funds pursuant to State Law, Title 22 Chapter 30. Generally, that law requires the District to consider the intent of the donor and the charitable purpose of the gift. In addition, the funds shall be managed and invested in good faith and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances.

The School District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from date of purchase to be cash equivalents. With this in mind, the entire amount of the STIP investment and the Gallatin County investment pool are considered cash equivalents. All cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The direct obligations of the United States Agencies (when present) are also held at fair value.

#### E. Receivables and payables

Trade receivables are primarily comprised of outstanding receivables for user charges and reimbursements anticipated from the internal service fund's excess risk insurance provider. Periodically, less than a hundred dollars has been written off for some fiscal years and therefore no allowance for uncollectibles is created for these receivables.

Property is assessed by the County division of the State Department of Revenue. Valuations are determined under State law and submitted to the County Treasurer for the preparation of tax notices. Property taxes are assessed against the owner of record as of January  $1^{\rm st}$  with the taxes generally being levied in August and billed as of November  $1^{\rm st}$ . Property taxes receivable are recorded as of the date levied. Uncollected taxes receivable at year-end are deferred only in the fund financial statements.

Property taxes are due in two payments, generally November 30<sup>th</sup> and May 31<sup>st</sup>. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on December 1<sup>st</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>. After three years of delinquency, the County may proceed to take title to the property. Delinquent taxes may be collected up to ten years. The County Treasurer may issue a writ of execution to the County Sheriff to seize the property and sell it to pay the taxes. Unpaid taxes at the end of ten years may be written off by the County Commissioners. Using the County's 10-year delinquency rate of 0.03% on real estate property taxes levied and 0.2% on personal property taxes levied, a \$15,901 allowance for uncollectibles has been calculated and the property taxes receivable are presented net of this amount.

All payables are reported in the government-wide financial statements with the proprietary funds payables also being presented on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and other voluntary termination benefits are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that there are unpaid reimbursable balances for terminated employees at year end.

#### F. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventoriable items purchased through the governmental funds and internal service funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased (known as the consumption method).

#### G. <u>Prepaid items</u>

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. This current asset is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed (consumption method).

#### H. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All lands purchased

or received through a donation are capitalized, regardless of price. Machinery and equipment capital assets are defined by District policy as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more with a useful life of more than one year. District policy also dictates that buildings, improvement on buildings, land improvements, and construction in progress are deemed to be capital assets when the individual project has a cost of \$25,000 or more (or anticipated cost for construction in progress). Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the half-year straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements 20 years Building and improvements 20-50 years Machinery and equipment 5-20 years

Right to use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right to use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the lease asset into service. Right to use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 3 to 5 years.

Right to use subscription IT assets are recognized at the subscription commencement date and represent the District's right to use the underlying IT asset for the subscription term. Right to use subscription IT assets are measured at the initial value of the subscription liability plus any payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, less any subscription incentives received from the vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs necessary to place the subscription asset into service. Right to use subscription IT assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 3 to 5 years.

#### I. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The District has some pension and other postemployment health benefits (OPEB) related deferred outflows of resources in the current fiscal year as well as deferred outflows due to an excess reacquisition loss on debt refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Within the District's governmental fund balance sheet, there was one item that qualified as a deferred inflow of resources. This item was entirely comprised of outstanding property taxes as of June 30, 2023. These amounts are (and were) reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements in the period in which they were levied and thus no deferred inflows of resources were reported for this unavailable property tax activity. The government-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position did report some deferred inflows of resources for pension and OPEB related activities. Please refer to the Other Information section of the notes for a more in-depth discussion of the pension and OPEB activity that the District participates in.

#### J. Compensated absences

Accumulated Vacation and Sick Leave - Nonteaching District employees earn vacation leave ranging from 15 to 24 days per year depending on the individual's years of service. Vacation leave may be accumulated to a total not to exceed two times the maximum number of days earned annually. Sick leave is earned at a rate of 11 to 15 days per year. Upon retirement or termination, all employees are paid for 100% of unused vacation leave and 25% of unused sick leave (certified staff are limited to a maximum 187 days of sick leave payout at the employee's current salary).

The current and long-term liabilities for accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements. In governmental funds, sick leave and vacation leave are recorded as expenditures in the year paid, as it is the District's policy to satisfy any unpaid amounts at year-end from future resources, not expendable available resources. The District, in accordance with State law (MCA 20-9-512), transfers money, within the adopted budget, from the general fund to maintain the compensated absence liability fund. The purpose of this fund is to pay any accumulated sick and vacation leave that a nonteaching or administrative employee is entitled to upon termination of employment. The sick and vacation leave termination pay for teachers is paid out of the general fund. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) dictate that a fund solely funded from another fund cannot be a standalone special revenue fund. All of its activity must be reported in the fund that is truly paying for the expenditures. Therefore, on the modified accrual basis, the compensated absence liability fund activities have been consolidated into the general fund (its full funding source).

#### K. Voluntary termination benefits

Administrator Severance Medical Insurance Payments - If an Administrator has at least thirteen years of administrative service with the District or at least twenty years of total service with the District, and the Administrator's employment with the District ends in a no fault termination, the Administrator shall be entitled to payments of \$250 per month from the District for medical insurance. These payments shall cease on the first of the following to occur: a. The Administrator becoming eligible to participate in another employer sponsored medical insurance plan with benefits which are of comparable value to the District's group medical insurance plan, or Medicare. b. Ten years expiring from the date of the first such payment to the Administrator. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, this voluntary termination benefit cost the District \$7,250 and had 3 past employees participating as of that year end date.

#### L. Net pension liability – TRS and PERS

The District must report its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, pension expense, deferred inflows, and deferred outflows of resources associated with pension plans that its employees are eligible to participate in. On-behalf payments for fringe benefits are direct payments made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another legally separate entity. On-behalf payments for the District include pension plan contributions. The State's pension contribution is recorded as intergovernmental revenue with an offsetting expenditure in the related funds. These contributions have been recorded at the fund level using fiscal year 2023 contribution amounts and an adjustment has been made for amounts as of the measurement date for government-wide statements, as the difference is considered to be material. See Note IV.B for a more in-depth discussion of this liability and related elements.

#### M. Other postemployment benefits

The District allows retirees that have just finished employment with the District to remain on the District health insurance plan (with several Medicare and non-Medicare eligible options available). Another postemployment benefit arises from the difference in the District health insurance cost the retirees are incurring and what they would otherwise be paying on the open market for a similar plan. This benefit is reflected in the financials as a long term liability following the guidance of GASB Statement No. 75. See Note IV C for more details of this liability.

#### N. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Premiums and discounts are deferred over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period (when present). The face amount of the debts (when issued) are reported as other financing sources. Premiums (if present) received on the debt issuances would be reported as other financing sources while discounts (if present) on debt issuances would be reported as other financing uses. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements recognize bond issuance costs as current expenses in the year incurred.

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments are discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Subscription liabilities represent the District's obligation to make subscription payments arising from the subscription contract. Subscription liabilities are recognized at the subscription commencement date based on the present value of future subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term. The present value of subscription payments are discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

#### O. Fund balance

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The objective of Statement 54 is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is found to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The clarifications of the governmental fund type definitions should reduce uncertainty about which resources can or should be reported in the respective fund types. As a result, the classifications of fund balance now used for governmental funds are reported in two general classifications, nonspendable and spendable.

The nonspendable category represents the portion of fund balance that is not in spendable form such as inventories, prepaid items and the endowment. Spendable fund balance is further categorized as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The restricted fund balance category contains balances that can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by external parties or through enabling legislation. External parties include grantors, debt covenants, votes, and laws and regulations of other governments.

The committed fund balance category includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. This same formal board action is needed not only to establish the commitment, but also to modify or rescind it at a future date. In the District, a board resolution being passed by the School Board meets the aforementioned formal board action in the committing or rescinding of committed fund balances.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The District has adopted policy 7515 which dictates how fund balances may be assigned and by whom. Assignments of fund balance may be enacted by the School Board in addition to the officials they have delegated the power to assign fund balances (the Superintendent and the Deputy Superintendent of Operations). In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance also represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Currently included in assigned fund balance for the general fund are assignments for anticipated enrollment over levy and the consolidated fund balances of the elementary and high school compensated absences liability (which had to absorbed into the general fund due to sole funding by the general fund to those compensated absence funds). These amounts were assigned in the current fiscal year by the Director of Business Services/District Clerk via the delegated powers to that position by the School Board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification may only be used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances are comprised of the following:

					High School	Nonmajor	Total
		Elementary	High School	High School	Building	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Retirement	Debt Service	Reserve	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	,	\$ 32,791
Prepaid Items	188,156	-	-	-	-	437,439	625 <b>,</b> 595
Endowment	-	-	-	_	-	287,147	287,147
Restricted:							
Federal, State, & Local							
Grants	_	_	-	-	_	355 <b>,</b> 177	355 <b>,</b> 177
Building construction,							
repair & renovation	_	-	-	-	8,944,277	5,341,031	14,285,308
Debt Service	_	_	-	788,712	_	905,596	1,694,308
Student Transport.	_	-	-	-	-	1,171,851	1,171,851
Replacing Buses	_	-	-	-	-	620,820	620,820
Student Tuition	_	-	-	-	-	647,902	647,902
Retirement taxes	_	1,561,326	662,356	-	_	-	2,223,682
Tech acquisition	_	-	-	-	-	712,893	712,893
Adult Education	-	-	-	-	-	144,932	144,932
Endowment	_	-	-	-	_	685,136	685,136
Committed:							
Food services	_	-	-	-	_	1,581,145	1,581,145
Special services	-	-	-	-	-	581,148	581,148
Business services	-	-	-	-	-	1,341,434	1,341,434
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	-	712,120	712,120
Drivers education	-	-	-	-	_	164,620	164,620
Interlocal agreements	6,760,535	-	-	-	_	-	6,760,535
Misc. district ops	-	-	-	-	-	393,252	393,252
Assigned:							
Comp. absences	422,517	-	-	-	-	-	422,517
Other	27 <b>,</b> 579	_	-	-	_	_	27,579
Unassigned	5,772,663	-	-	-	_	-	5,772,663
Total fund balances	\$13,171,450	\$ 1,561,326	\$ 662,356	\$ 788 <b>,</b> 712	\$ 8,944,277	\$16,116,434	\$ 41,244,555

When both restricted and unrestricted (spendable) resources are available, District policy dictates that spending will occur in the following order for the identified types:

General Fund: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, Unassigned Special Revenue Funds: Restricted, Committed, Assigned Debt Service Funds: Restricted, Committed, Assigned Capital Projects Funds: Restricted, Committed, Assigned

#### P. Minimum General Fund - Fund Balance

The Bozeman School District policy dictates that the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the general fund as of June  $30^{th}$  equal to 5% of the subsequent fiscal year's expenditure budget.

#### Q. Net Position

In funds other than governmental, net position represents the result of assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets plus capital-related deferred outflows, net of accumulated depreciation and also reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used in the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital-related deferred inflows of resources. This line item is not reduced by the portion of debt that is related to unspent bond proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District's calculation of net investment in capital assets is as follows:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net capital assets	\$ 248,530,809
Less: capital related debt	(164,724,114)
Less: capital related lease and subscription liabilities	(303,478)
Plus: capital related deferred outflows of resources	766,163
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 84,269,380

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary information

State law requires that the District adopt budgets for certain funds, generally those supported by property taxes. These mandated budgeted funds are as follows:

#### General

#### Special Revenue:

Elementary and High School Transportation Funds
Elementary and High School Bus Depreciation Funds
Elementary and High School Tuition Funds
Elementary and High School Retirement Funds
Elementary and High School Technology Acquisition Funds
Elementary and High School Flexibility Funds
High School Adult Education Fund

#### Debt Service:

Elementary and High School Debt Service Funds

#### Capital Projects:

Elementary and High School Building Reserve Funds

The General Fund budget is based on the State Funding Program, which is designed to equalize taxing effort throughout the State and bases the budget on enrollment. Budgets for other funds are based primarily on expected revenues and expenditures.

#### Budgetary policy follows:

- 1) By the first Monday in August, the Department of Revenue transmits a statement of assessed valuation and taxable valuation of all property to the County Superintendent of Schools.
- 2) On or before August 20th, the Board of Trustees must meet to legally adopt the final budget.
- 3) Upon adoption of the final budget, expenditures and operating transfers are limited to the total fund budget. (There is one exception, see Note IIC.) Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Under State law and District Policy, management may amend the budget without seeking Board approval as long as the total individual fund budget is not exceeded.

4) Individual fund budgets may only be increased with Board approval, in a manner prescribed by State Law (MCA 20-9-161 through 20-9-166.)

While the Bozeman School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law allows accounting for certain year end appropriations as encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presented for the District's major governmental fund (General) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. There is one major difference between the budget basis and GAAP basis in presenting the general fund. This difference is that on a budget basis, compensated absence liability funds are tracked separately but for GAAP purposes, their activity is consolidated back into the general fund which originally supplied it with its full source of revenue.

#### B. Budgetary/GAAP reconciliation

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the major General fund.

Net Change in Fund Bala	ance						
Major General Fund							
GAAP Basis	\$ (1,777,082)						
Consolidating compensated							
absence liability fund activity	(27 <b>,</b> 579)						
Consolidating K-12 interlocal							
fund activity	2,038,868						
Budget Basis	\$ 234,207						

#### C. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

State law permits expenditures to exceed appropriations only for debt incurred after the final Debt Service budget has been adopted and if money is available (MCA 20-9-134). The District's expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any of the budgeted funds.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Cash and investments

The District directs the investment of money pursuant to the provisions of the Montana Code.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

Petty cash	\$ 8,822
First Interstate Bank	14,998,974
County Treasurer's Investment Pool	1,638,839
Short-term investment in STIP	20,203,560
Cash in D.A. Davidson bank insured deposits	5,105
Total	\$ 36,855,300

Investments consist of:

			Credit Risk	
			Standard &	
			Poor's	
	Investment		Corporate	Fair Value
	Mkt Value	Maturities	Bond Rating	Measurement
Mutual Funds	\$ 967,178	N/A	N/A	Level 1

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

A small amount of petty cash is separately held by some of the District's funds and is all reported as cash and cash equivalents.

The District participates in a cooperative investment program with Gallatin County and the other districts in the County. Under this system the District's cash is pooled with all other County funds and the interest earned is prorated to the various funds based on equity in the pool. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported on the statement of net position as cash and cash equivalents.

The special revenue Nonexpendable High School Endowment fund had cash within its D.A. Davidson investment account. The mutual funds listed above were also purchased with this same Endowment fund and are an allowable investment option for endowment funds.

The Gallatin County Investment Pool cash and cash equivalents are valued at cost. The pool is not SEC registered. Montana law designates allowable investment options. Montana law also allows the local governing body to require security for the portion of deposits not guaranteed or insured. Deposit insurance is administered by the FDIC. Since the District invests in a cooperative pool, pledged securities for the various individual deposits and repurchase agreements are managed by the County Treasurer. Montana code allows the County Treasurer to take collateral up to 50% of deposits if the institution in which the deposit is made has a net worth to total assets ratio of 6% or more; and 100% if the ratio is less than 6%.

Risk in the event of loss is unclear in state law, but appears to be the liability of the County government as it relates to the County Investment Pool. Because of the custodial involvement of the County government, and the commingling of cash in County deposits in the name of the County Treasurer, full risk classifications according to GASB 40 are available in the Gallatin County's annual report. There is no known maturity and credit rating of the Gallatin County Investment Pool. In regards to the other investments, credit and interest rate risks are detailed earlier in this note. The District investment policy is written to follow Montana School Investment law (MCA 7-7- 202). This law states that Districts may invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Government or accounts collateralized by the direct obligation of the U.S. Government. If savings or time deposits are used, they must be insured by FDIC or NCUA. The District is complying with this law and accepts the inherent credit and interest rate risks.

#### B. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2023, for the District's individual major funds, nonmajor, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

					Hig	h School				
			Hig	h School	Вι	uilding	Non	major and		
	G	eneral	Deb	t Service	R	eserve	Oth	ner Funds	То	tal
Receivables:										
Accounts	\$	14,826	\$	_	\$	-	\$	165,223	\$ 1	80,049
Property taxes		565 <b>,</b> 712		299,998		59 <b>,</b> 220		271,126	1,1	96,056
Gross receivables		580 <b>,</b> 538		299,998		59 <b>,</b> 220		436,349	1,3	76,105
Less: allowance for										
uncollectibles										
(government-wide only)		(7,522)		(3,988)		(787)		(3,604)	(	15,901)
Net total receivables	\$	573 <b>,</b> 016	\$	296,010	\$	58,433	\$	432,745	\$1 <b>,</b> 3	60,204

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources (unavailable) in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Governmental funds also delay revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned (unearned). At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred inflows and unearned revenue reported in governmental funds were as follows:

	Una	vailable	U	Inearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General fund)	\$	565,712	\$	; –
Delinquent property taxes receivable (High school debt service fund)		299,998		_
Delinquent property taxes receivable (High school building reserve fund)		59 <b>,</b> 220		_
Delinquent property taxes receivable (Nonmajor governmental funds)		271,126		_
Food Services and grants funds(nonmajor gov'tl funds)				130,403
	\$ 1	,196,056	\$	3130,403

The Self-Insurance internal service fund had unearned revenue of \$1,382,400 as of June 30, 2023, that is almost entirely comprised of health insurance premiums deducted from June payroll checks to cover premiums due in the months of July and August.

#### C. <u>Capital assets</u>

Governmental Activities         as restated         Increase         Decrease         Ending Balance           Capital assets, not being depreciated:         \$13,136,828         \$ - \$ (38,000)         \$13,098,828           Construction in progress         33,902,220         907,552         (34,655,029)         154,743           Total capital assets, not being depreciated         47,039,048         907,552         (34,693,029)         13,253,571           Capital assets, being depreciated:         241,536,830         28,525,486         - 270,062,316         - 270,062,316           Machinery and equipment         7,671,862         368,295         (80,107)         7,960,050           Total capital assets being depreciated         281,535,372         35,068,560         (80,107)         316,523,825           Less accumulated depreciation for;         Land improvements         (9,536,802)         (1,707,693)         - (11,244,495)           Buildings and improvements         (57,967,462)         (6,769,602)         - (64,737,064)           Machinery and equipment         (5,735,095)         (344,202)         80,107         (81,980,750)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         208,296,013         26,247,062         - 234,543,075           Right to use assets, being amortized:         - 376,429         376,429		Beginning Balance			
Land		as restated	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Construction in progress   33,902,220   907,552   (34,655,029)   154,743		<b>*</b> 10 100 000		400.000	<b>*</b> 10 000 000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:			•		
depreciated         47,039,048         907,552         (34,693,029)         13,253,571           Capital assets, being depreciated:		33,902,220	907,552	(34,655,029)	154,743
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements 32,326,680 6,174,779 - 38,501,459 Buildings and improvements 241,536,830 28,525,486 - 270,062,316 Machinery and equipment 7,671,862 368,295 (80,107) 7,960,050 Total capital assets being depreciated 281,535,372 35,068,560 (80,107) 316,523,825  Less accumulated depreciation for; Land improvements (9,536,802) (1,707,693) - (11,244,495) Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized: Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized - (320,355) - (320,355)		17 030 010	007 552	(34 603 030)	12 252 571
Land improvements   32,326,680   6,174,779   - 38,501,459	depreciated	47,039,040	907,332	(34,093,029)	13,233,371
Land improvements   32,326,680   6,174,779   - 38,501,459	Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements		32,326,680	6,174,779	_	38,501,459
Machinery and equipment 7,671,862 368,295 (80,107) 7,960,050 Total capital assets being depreciated 281,535,372 35,068,560 (80,107) 316,523,825  Less accumulated depreciation for; Land improvements (9,536,802) (1,707,693) - (11,244,495) Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized: Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Buildings and improvements	241,536,830	28,525,486	_	
Less accumulated depreciation for; Land improvements (9,536,802) (1,707,693) - (11,244,495) Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized: Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	-		368,295	(80,107)	
Land improvements (9,536,802) (1,707,693) - (11,244,495) Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized: Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163	Total capital assets being depreciated	281,535,372	35,068,560	(80,107)	316,523,825
Land improvements (9,536,802) (1,707,693) - (11,244,495) Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized: Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for; Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163	Tana annualated deputation for				
Buildings and improvements (57,967,462) (6,769,602) - (64,737,064) Machinery and equipment (5,735,095) (344,202) 80,107 (5,999,190) Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized:  Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429 Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089 Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for;  Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476) Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879) Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163		(0.536.902)	(1 707 602)	_	(11 244 405)
Machinery and equipment         (5,735,095)         (344,202)         80,107         (5,999,190)           Total accumulated depreciation         (73,239,359)         (8,821,498)         80,107         (81,980,750)           Total capital assets, being depreciated, net         208,296,013         26,247,062         -         234,543,075           Right to use assets, being amortized:         -         376,429         -         376,429           Subscription IT assets         52,429         625,660         -         678,089           Total right to use assets being amortized         52,429         1,002,089         -         1,054,518           Less accumulated amortization for;         Leased equipment         -         (125,476)         -         (125,476)           Subscription IT assets         -         (194,879)         -         (194,879)           Total accumulated amortization         -         (320,355)         -         (320,355)           Total right to use assets, being amortized, net         52,429         681,734         -         734,163	_			_	
Total accumulated depreciation (73,239,359) (8,821,498) 80,107 (81,980,750)  Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized:  Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429  Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 625,660 - 678,089  Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for;  Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476)  Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879)  Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163				80 107	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 208,296,013 26,247,062 - 234,543,075  Right to use assets, being amortized:  Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429  Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089  Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for;  Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476)  Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879)  Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163					
net     208,296,013     26,247,062     -     234,543,075       Right to use assets, being amortized:     -     376,429     -     376,429       Subscription IT assets     52,429     625,660     -     678,089       Total right to use assets being amortized     52,429     1,002,089     -     1,054,518       Less accumulated amortization for;     -     (125,476)     -     (125,476)       Subscription IT assets     -     (194,879)     -     (194,879)       Total accumulated amortization     -     (320,355)     -     (320,355)       Total right to use assets, being amortized, net     52,429     681,734     -     734,163       Governmental activities capital assets	Total accumulated deplectation	(13,233,333)	(0,021,430)		(01,300,730)
Right to use assets, being amortized:  Leased equipment - 376,429 - 376,429  Subscription IT assets 52,429 625,660 - 678,089  Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for;  Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476)  Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879)  Total accumulated amortization - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163	Total capital assets, being depreciated,				
Leased equipment       -       376,429       -       376,429         Subscription IT assets       52,429       625,660       -       678,089         Total right to use assets being amortized       52,429       1,002,089       -       1,054,518         Less accumulated amortization for;       -       (125,476)       -       (125,476)         Subscription IT assets       -       (194,879)       -       (194,879)         Total accumulated amortization       -       (320,355)       -       (320,355)         Total right to use assets, being amortized, net       52,429       681,734       -       734,163         Governmental activities capital assets	net	208,296,013	26,247,062		234,543,075
Leased equipment       -       376,429       -       376,429         Subscription IT assets       52,429       625,660       -       678,089         Total right to use assets being amortized       52,429       1,002,089       -       1,054,518         Less accumulated amortization for;       -       (125,476)       -       (125,476)         Subscription IT assets       -       (194,879)       -       (194,879)         Total accumulated amortization       -       (320,355)       -       (320,355)         Total right to use assets, being amortized, net       52,429       681,734       -       734,163         Governmental activities capital assets	Right to use assets, being amortized:				
Subscription IT assets       52,429       625,660       - 678,089         Total right to use assets being amortized       52,429       1,002,089       - 1,054,518         Less accumulated amortization for;       - (125,476)       - (125,476)       - (125,476)         Subscription IT assets       - (194,879)       - (194,879)       - (320,355)         Total accumulated amortization       - (320,355)       - (320,355)       - (320,355)         Total right to use assets, being amortized, net       52,429       681,734       - 734,163         Governmental activities capital assets		_	376,429	_	376,429
Total right to use assets being amortized 52,429 1,002,089 - 1,054,518  Less accumulated amortization for;  Leased equipment - (125,476) - (125,476)  Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879)  Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets		52,429	•	_	
Leased equipment       - (125,476)       - (125,476)         Subscription IT assets       - (194,879)       - (194,879)         Total accumulated amortization       - (320,355)       - (320,355)         Total right to use assets, being amortized, net       52,429       681,734       - 734,163         Governmental activities capital assets	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Leased equipment       - (125,476)       - (125,476)         Subscription IT assets       - (194,879)       - (194,879)         Total accumulated amortization       - (320,355)       - (320,355)         Total right to use assets, being amortized, net       52,429       681,734       - 734,163         Governmental activities capital assets					
Subscription IT assets - (194,879) - (194,879)  Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Less accumulated amortization for;				
Total accumulated amortization - (320,355) - (320,355)  Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Leased equipment	_	(125,476)	_	(125,476)
Total right to use assets, being amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Subscription IT assets	_	(194,879)	-	(194,879)
amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Total accumulated amortization		(320, 355)		(320,355)
amortized, net 52,429 681,734 - 734,163  Governmental activities capital assets	Total right to use assets, being				
		52,429	681,734		734,163
	Covernmental activities canital assets				
		\$ 255,387,490	\$ 27,836,348	\$ (34,693,029)	\$ 248,530,809

Domaining

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Instruction \$ 24	4,733
Support services 23	3,776
General administration 183	2,650
Operations and maintenance	9,702
Student transportation	8 <b>,</b> 577
Food services 11	7,285
Extracurricular activities 1	6,201
Unallocated depreciation (buildings and land improvements) 8,47	7,297
Capital assets held by the government's internal service	
funds are charged to the various functions based on their	
usage of assets	,632
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental	
activities \$9,141	,853

Construction commitments - The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2023. The high school building reserve fund is paying for the Bozeman high school north wing and solar projects and will continue to fund the projects until conclusion. At year-end the District's commitments with contractors were as follows:

			Vellic	illilig	
	Spent	-to-Date	Commitment		
Construction contracts for Bozeman High School north wing	\$	23,230	\$	4,355	
Architect contract for Bozeman High school solar project		5,091		2,109	
Total	\$	28,321	\$	6,464	

The District, as a lessee, entered an agreement to lease 1,250 Chromebooks for 36 months, beginning July 2022. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays an annual fee of \$132,222. During the year ended June 30, 2023 the District has recognized a right to use asset of \$376,429 and a lease liability of \$376,429 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$125,476 in amortization expense for the right to use the Chromebooks. The District used a discount rate of 5.4755% based on the terms of the lease. The future lease payments under the lease agreement to be paid by the elementary and high school technology acquisition funds are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities						
	Year							
	Ending							
	June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total		
,	2024	\$	118,850	\$ 13,372	\$	132,222		
	2025		125,358	6,864		132,222		

The District has entered into several SBITA contracts for software. As of June 30, 2023 the District has recognized a right to use subscription asset of \$678,089, less accumulated amortization of \$194,879, and a subscription liability of \$59,270. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$194,879 in amortization expense for the right to use the software. The District used a discount rate of 5.4755% based on an estimated incremental borrowing rate. The future payments under the subscription agreements to be paid by the elementary technology acquisition fund are as follows:

_	Governmental Activities						
Year						_	
Ending							
June 30,	Principal		cipal Interest		Total		
2024	\$	28,846	\$	3,245	\$	32,091	
2025		30,425		1,666		32,091	

#### D. Interfund activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities whereas in the fund financial statements, they are reported as transfers within other financing sources/uses category. In the current fiscal year, there were transfers totaling \$1,717,557 out of the Elementary and High School General subfunds into the K-12 Interlocal Agreements General subfund that represents the transfer of building and curriculum budgets to the interlocal fund. Additionally, there were transfers totaling \$8,607 out of the Elementary School Grants fund to the K-12 Interlocal Agreements General subfund.

	Transfers in			
	K-12	Interlocal		
	Agreements			
Transfers out	General Subfund		Total	
Elementary & High School General Subfunds	\$	1,717,557	\$	1,717,557
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		8,606		8,606
Total	\$	1,726,163	\$	1,726,163

Flows of cash from one fund to another with a requirement for repayment are reported as due from and due to other funds. Amounts between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of net position whereas in the fund financial statements they are reported as receivables and payables. At June 30, 2023 the District reported \$519,897 due from the Elementary Retirement fund to the K-12 Interlocal Agreement General subfund. Additionally, in the current year, the District reported \$547,822 due from the High School Retirement fund to the K-12 Interlocal Agreement General subfund. These amounts were to assist with year-end operations and are very temporary in nature. They are eliminated immediately in the next fiscal year.

#### E. Long-term debt

#### General obligation bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds have only been issued for governmental activities. The original amount of outstanding general obligation bonds issued in prior years was \$199,060,000.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of increasingly larger amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are comprised of the following individual issues:

		_		Outstanding Principal	Due Within
	Issue Amount	Term	Interest Rate	June 30, 2023	One Year
2012 Elementary	10,000,000	20	1.00 - 3.00%	\$ 5,070,000	\$ 500,000
2014 Elementary	9,500,000	11	1.00 - 4.00%	4,075,000	1,315,000
2015 Elementary	8,935,000	13	2.00 - 5.00%	5,785,000	1,070,000
2016 Elementary	21,500,000	20	2.00 - 5.00%	15,325,000	1,015,000
2022 Elementary	9,075,000	8	4.00%	8,020,000	170,000
Subtotal				38,275,000	4,070,000
2014 High School	9,150,000	11	1.00 - 4.00%	6,120,000	1,965,000
2017 High School	5,900,000	9	2.00 - 3.00%	1,985,000	645,000
2017 High School	100,000,000	20	3.00 - 5.00%	81,165,000	4,280,000
2019 High School	25,000,000	16	2.00 - 5.00%	22,890,000	740,000
Subtotal				112,160,000	7,630,000
Total general obl	igation bonds			150,435,000	\$11,700,000
Bond premiums				14,289,114	
Total bonds paya	able			\$164,724,114	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at June 30, 2023 to be paid out of the elementary and high school debt service funds, are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total			
2024	\$ 11,700,000	\$ 5,933,213	\$ 17,633,213			
2025	12,205,000	5,428,300	17,633,300			
2026	12,730,000	4,902,325	17,632,325			
2027	11,465,000	4,367,925	15,832,925			
2028	11,980,000	3,845,850	15,825,850			
2029-2033	53,880,000	12,404,675	66,284,675			
2034-2038	36,475,000	2,995,925	39,470,925			
Total	\$ 150,435,000	\$ 39,878,213	\$ 190,313,213			

## Bond refundings

On August 20, 2014, the District issued \$18,650,000 of general obligation bonds (\$9,500,000 elementary, \$9,150,000 high school) with the proceeds being placed in an irrevocable escrow account that were to service all future debt service payments of \$18,290,000 of 2006 and 2007 general obligation bonds (\$9,170,000 elementary, \$9,120,000 high school). As a result, these advance refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liability was removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,518,296. This amount is included in deferred outflows of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the newly issued debt (which mirrored the original debt amortization timeline). This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$1,543,433 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,346,223.

On March 5, 2015, the District issued \$17,685,000 of general obligation bonds (\$8,935,000 elementary, \$8,750,000 high school) with the proceeds placed in an irrevocable escrow account that will service all future debt service payments of \$18,070,000 of 2006, 2007, and 2008 general obligation bonds (\$9,070,000 elementary, \$9,000,000 high school). These advance refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the related liability was been removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of these March 5, 2015 issued bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,418,059. This amount is included in deferred outflows and is being amortized over the life of the newly issued debt (which also has the same amortization timeline of the old debt). As a result of this advance refunding, total debt service payments of these refunded portions of debt will be reduced by \$1,132,842 over a period of 7 to 13 years and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,032,856.

On April 20, 2017, the District issued \$10,510,000 of general obligation bonds (\$4,610,000 elementary, \$5,900,000 high school) with the proceeds placed in an irrevocable escrow account that will service all future debt service payments of \$10,640,000 of 2008 general obligation bonds (\$4,650,000 elementary, \$5,990,000 high school). These refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the related liability was removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of these issued bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$334,298. This amount is included in deferred outflows and is being amortized over the life of the newly issued debt (which also has the same amortization timeline of the old debt). As a result of this refunding, the total debt service payments of these refunded portions of debt will be reduced by \$990,740 over a period of 4 to 9 years which will garner the District an economic gain of \$833,842. Of the aforementioned \$10,510,000 refunding bonds issued, the \$4,610,0000 attributed to the elementary was extinguished in the prior fiscal year.

On May 26, 2022, the District issued \$9,075,000 of general obligation elementary bonds with the proceeds placed in an irrevocable escrow account that paid all remaining principal on the series 2013 general obligation bonds in the amount of \$9,555,000 and interest due to the call date. The 2013 general obligation elementary bonds were originally issued in the principal amount of \$16,375,000. These refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the related liability was removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price of these issued bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the 2013 bonds by \$30,235. This amount is included in deferred outflows of resources and is being amortized over the remaining life of the newly issued debt of 8 years. This refunding was undertaken to level the debt service payment schedule, reduce total debt service payments over the next 8 years by \$464,925 and resulted in an economic gain of \$358,032 on a present value basis.

## Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligations bonds	\$161,660,000	\$ -	\$(11,225,000)	\$ 150,435,000	\$11,700,000
Amortized amounts:					
Bond premiums	15,567,316	-	(1,278,202)	14,289,114	-
Total bonds payable	177,227,316		(12,503,202)	164,724,114	11,700,000
Compensated absences	4,592,406	794,539	(635,069)	4,751,876	652,616
Voluntary termination benefits	20,250	5,000	(7,250)	18,000	9,000
Net pension liability	54,496,888	13,380,014	_	67,876,902	-
Lease liability	-	376,429	(132,221)	244,208	118,850
Subscription liability	-	91,361	(32,091)	59 <b>,</b> 270	28,846
Other postemployment benefits	4,539,517	1,599,893	(2,279,734)	3,859,676	-
Total governmental activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 240,876,377	\$ 16,247,236	\$ (15,589,567)	\$ 241,534,046	\$12,509,312

The compensated absences liability has been paid this year (and in past years) from all governmental funds except for the elementary and high school bus depreciation, tuition, student club extracurricular, flexibility, debt service and nonexpendable high school endowment funds. The voluntary termination benefits liability has been paid from the general and retirement funds. The net pension liability has been paid from the retirement and miscellaneous grants funds. The District has not funded the other postemployment benefits liability.

The legal debt limits may not exceed the greater of 1) 100% of the latest available value of property which is subject to taxation within the district or 2) the facility guaranteed mill value per ANB multiplied by the average number belonging student count enrolled in a particular district multiplied by 100% (MCA 20-9-406). In the current fiscal year, the Elementary and High School District each used the first formula above to calculate their respective legal debt service limitations.

For the year ending June 30, 2023, legal debt limitations were as follows:

	Taxing	g District
	Elementary	High School
Legal Debt Service Limitation	\$ 231,009,258	\$ 283,354,110

The 2006 and 2007 Elementary G.O. Bond proceeds were used to purchase the new Chief Joseph Middle School site and for the construction of the middle school at this site. The 2006, 2007, and 2008 High School G.O. Bonds were used to purchase additional high school land and to renovate the existing Bozeman High School. The 2008 Elementary General Obligation Bonds were used for the construction of the District's Hyalite Elementary School. Elementary General Obligation bonds issued in 2012 and 2013 were used to acquire an Elementary School site, construct Meadowlark Elementary School, renovate and expand the District Support Services site and building and perform renovations at Longfellow Elementary School. The 2014 and 2015 Elementary G.O. Bond proceeds were used to partially refund the 2006, 2007, and 2008 Elementary G.O. Bonds to take advantage of favorable interest rates. The 2014 and 2015 High School G.O. Bonds were issued to partially refund the 2006 and 2007 High School General Obligation Bonds and also take advantage of favorable interest rates. Sacajawea Middle School and Hawthorne Elementary were expanded and renovated with the issued 2016 Elementary G.O. Bonds. The 2017 High School G.O. Bonds were issued to partially refund the 2008 High School General Obligation Bonds and also take advantage of favorable interest rates. Additional 2017 High School G.O. Bond were issued to construct a second high school for the District and to renovate the existing high school. The 2019 High School G.O. Bonds was the final issue previously authorized to also construct the new Gallatin High School and renovate the existing Bozeman High School. The 2022 Elementary G.O. Bond proceeds were used to fully refund the 2013 Elementary G.O. Bonds to take advantage of favorable interest rates.

# F. Restricted fund balance

The State of Montana has enabling legislation which mandates the creation of certain funds and establishes the criteria for property taxes levied to meet the specific purposes of these funds. The District classifies the fund balances of these funds as well and some federal, state and local grants as restricted fund balances.

These individual funds and their restricted fund balances at June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fund Name	Fund Type	Amount
Elementary building reserve	Capital Projects	\$ 3,516,145
High School building reserve	Capital Projects	8,944,277
Elementary building	Capital Projects	1,824,697
High School building	Capital Projects	189
Elementary debt service	Debt Service	905,596
High School debt service	Debt Service	788,712
Elementary bus depreciation	Special Revenue	310,275
High School bus depreciation	Special Revenue	310,545
Elementary retirement	Special Revenue	1,561,326
High School retirement	Special Revenue	662,356
Elementary technology acquisition	Special Revenue	436,659
High School technology acquisition	Special Revenue	276,234
Elementary transportation	Special Revenue	710,306
High School transportation	Special Revenue	461,545
Elementary tuition	Special Revenue	248,897
High School tuition	Special Revenue	399,005
Elementary grants	Special Revenue	241,124
High School grants	Special Revenue	114,053
Adult education	Special Revenue	144,932
Nonexpendable high school endowment	Special Revenue	685,136
Total restricted fund balances		\$ 22,542,009
iocal restricted rund barances		7 22,342,009

# G. Endowment

The District holds an endowment restricted for worthy student scholarship endeavors. The District presently does not have a formal investment and spending policy on the spendable portion of the restricted endowment. However, Management's directives are to spend the spendable portion of the restricted endowment on worthy student scholarship endeavors. The District also follows the State of Montana law regarding endowment funds.

The State of Montana adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (MUPMIFA) requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds, absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary.

Accordingly, the District classifies as restricted - nonexpendable (a) the original value of gifts donated to the endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) any accumulations to the endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified as restricted - nonexpendable is classified as restricted - expendable on the Statement of Net Position until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the District in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by MUPMIFA.

## IV. OTHER INFORMATION

# A. Risk management

The District faces a considerable number of risks of loss, including a) damage to and loss of property and contents, b) employee torts, c) professional liability, i.e. errors and omissions, d) environmental damage, e) workers' compensation, i.e. employee injuries, f) medical insurance costs of employees, and g) cyber liability. A variety of methods are used to provide insurance for these risks. Commercial policies, transferring all risks of loss except for relatively small deductible amounts, are purchased for property and content damage, employee torts and professional liabilities. The District participates in a state-wide public risk pool and Workers Compensation Risk Retention Program for workers' compensation coverage. Employee medical insurance is provided through a privately-administered, self-funded plan. Given the lack of insurance available, the District has no coverage for potential losses from environmental damages.

Coverage limits on the commercial policies have stayed relatively constant for the last several years, except for property and content coverage where the guaranteed values have been increased to approximate replacement costs of the assets. The maximum deductible amount on the various commercial policies is \$1,000 to \$5,000 depending on the part of the policy.

Presently, the workers compensation coverage program that the District participates in is managed by the Montana Schools Group Insurance Authority. It is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for the member school districts. The District pays a quarterly premium for its employee injury insurance coverage which is allocated to the funds based on total paid salaries and wages. The agreement for formation of the pool provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums. There are no deductibles or maximum coverage limits in the plan.

Since July 1, 1990, the District has provided medical insurance coverage for its employees via a contributory self-funded plan. This plan is currently administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Montana. It provides medical, dental, and vision benefits and is operated as an Internal Service Fund. Rates for the employees and employer's funds are determined in consultation with a third party consultant and are set at 125% of estimated claims for the coming year. The District purchased commercial 'stop-loss' policies through American National Insurance Company which insures the District for annual claims in excess of 100% of the prior year total amount and for individual aggregated claimant claims in excess of \$250,000 during the plan year. An estimated medical, dental, and vision claims liability at year end was determined by averaging the last five years' final claims paid in the following year.

An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

		Claims and		
Fiscal	Beginning	Changes in	Claim	Ending
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2021	\$ 568,274	\$7,089,377	\$7,059,236	\$ 598,415
2022	598,415	8,095,956	8,051,128	643,243
2023	643,243	8,866,131	8,798,939	710,435

As of June 30, 2023, the District contracted with Blue Cross Blue Shield of Montana (via the BCBS Advantage Plan) to provide medical insurance for retirees (and eligible spouses) who are of Medicare eligible ages. The retiree pays the entire insurance premium.

## B. Retirement plans

The District participates in two state-wide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plans, which cover all employees, except certain substitute teachers and part-time, non-teaching employees. The Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) covers certified teaching employees, including principals and other administrators. The Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) covers non-teaching employees and some administrators. The plans are established under state law with the TRS plan being administered by the Teachers' Retirement System and the PERS administered by the Montana Public Employees Retirement Administration. The plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish, amend and provide cost of living adjustments for the plan is assigned to the state legislature. The next two subsections will individually discuss in more detail the accounting of the TRS and PERS retirement plans and their reporting is affected by GASB Statements 68 and 71 and use a measurement date of June 30, 2022, and a reporting date of June 30, 2023. The following table presents the District's (Employer) proportion of TRS and PERS pension amounts.

	The	The	
	employer's	employer's	The
	proportionate	proportionate	employer's
	share	share	Total
	associated	associated	Pension
	with TRS	with PERS	Amounts
Net Pension Liability	\$58,755,044	\$ 9,121,858	\$67,876,902
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,801,269	1,922,910	13,724,179
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,543,078	667,804	6,210,882
Pension Expense	8,476,450	1,605,874	10,082,324

#### Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

## Net Pension Liability

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with their participation in the Montana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the System). Statement 68 became effective June 30, 2015 and includes requirements to record and report their proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability. In accordance with Statement 68, the System has a special funding situation in which the State of Montana is legally responsible for making contributions directly to TRS that are used to provide pension benefits to the retired members of TRS. Due to the existence of a special funding situation, employers are also required to report the portion of the State of Montana's proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability that is associated with the employer. The following table displays the amounts and the percentages of Net Pension Liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2023 (reporting dates).

			Percent of	Percent of	Change in
	Net Pension	Net Pension	Collective	Collective	Percent of
	Liability as	Liability as	NPL as of	NPL as of	Collective
	of 6/30/2023	of 6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	NPL
BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7					
Proportionate Share	\$58,755,044	\$48,152,920	2.9873%	2.9068%	0.0805%
State of Montana					
Proportionate Share					
associated with employer	32,457,839	27,476,575	1.6503%	1.6587%	-0.0084%
Total	\$91,212,883	\$75,629,495	4.6376%	4.5655%	0.0721%

At June 30, 2023, the employer recorded a liability of \$58,755,044 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. Therefore, no update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions received by TRS during the measurement period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of TRS' participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the employer's proportion was 2.9873 percent.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and other inputs: Since the previous measurement date, the following changes to actuarial assumptions were made:

- The discount rate was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The investment rate of return assumption was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The inflation rate was increased from 2.40% to 2.75%
- Updated all mortality tables to the PUB-2010 tables for teachers
- Updated the rates of retirement and termination
- Updated the salary merit rates

#### Changes in benefit terms:

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

#### Changes in proportionate share:

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective net pension liability and the reporting date. However, each employer may have unique circumstances that will impact the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. If there were changes that are expected to have an impact on the net pension liability, the employer should disclose the amount of the expected resultant change in the employer's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, if known.

## Pension Expense

	Pension Expense		
	as c	of 6/30/2023	
Bozeman School District No. 7 Proportionate Share	\$	5,792,463	
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated			
with the Employer		2,683,987	
Total	\$	8,476,450	

At June 30, 2023, the employer recognized a Pension Expense of \$8,476,450 for its proportionate share of the TRS' pension expense. The employer also recognized grant revenue of \$2,683,987 for the support provided by the State of Montana for its proportionate share of the pension expense that is associated with the employer.

## Deferred Inflows and Outflows

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported its proportionate share of TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS from the following sources:

Defe	Deferred Outflows		rred Inflows
of	Resources	of	Resources
Ś	861.195	Ś	_
т	001,130	т	
	3,002,949		5,371,026
	1,374,266		-
	2,191,999		172 <b>,</b> 052
	4,370,860		
\$	11,801,269	\$	5,543,078
		of Resources  \$ 861,195  3,002,949  1,374,266  2,191,999  4,370,860	of Resources of \$ 861,195 \$ 3,002,949  1,374,266  2,191,999  4,370,860

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	in Pen as an (dec	t recognized sion Expense increase or crease) to ion Expense
June 30	(a)	(b)	(8	a) - (b)
2024	\$1,891,678	\$ -	\$	1,891,678
2025	_	367,094		(367,094)
2026	_	2,917,113		(2,917,113)
2027	3,279,860	-		3,279,860

## Plan Description

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the System) is a mandatory-participation multiple-employer cost-sharing defined-benefit public pension plan that provides retirement services to individuals employed as teachers, administrators, and in other professional and skilled positions employed in public education in Montana.

The TRS Board is the governing body of the System and the TRS staff administers the system in conformity with the laws set forth in Title 19, chapter 20 of the Montana Code Annotated, and administrative rules set forth in Title 2, chapter 44 of the Administrative Rules of Montana. Additional information pertaining to membership, benefit structure, and prior years' actuarial valuations, as well as links to applicable statutes and administrative rules, may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at trs.mt.gov.

#### Summary of Benefits

Through June 30, 2013, all members enrolled in TRS participated in a single-tiered plan ("Tier One"). Employees with a minimum of 25 years of service or who have reached age 60 with 5 years of service are eligible to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to creditable service years divided by 60 times the average final compensation. Final compensation is the average of the highest three consecutive years of earned compensation. Benefits fully vest after 5 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Beginning July 1, 2013, new members in TRS participate in a second benefit tier ("Tier Two"), which differs from Tier One as follows:

- Tier Two uses a 5-year average final compensation (as opposed to 3-year AFC in Tier One)
- Tier Two provides for unreduced service retirement benefits at age 60 with 5 years of creditable service or at age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service (rather than at age 60 with 5 years of service or at any age with creditable service in 25 years in Tier One)
- Tier Two provides for early retirement benefits with 5 years of creditable service at age 55 (rather than age 50 in Tier One)
- Tier Two has a one percent higher normal employee contribution rate (though a temporary 1% supplemental employee contribution rate is also now currently in place for Tier One members), and
- Tier Two provides for an enhanced benefit calculation 1.85% x AFC x years of creditable service for members retiring with at least 30 years of creditable service and at least 60 years of age (rather than 1.6667 x AFC x years of creditable service)

A guaranteed annual benefit adjustment (GABA) is payable on January 1st of each calendar year for each retiree who has received at least 36 monthly retirement benefit payments prior to that date. The GABA is applicable to both Tier One and Tier Two members. The GABA for Tier One members is 1.5% of the benefit payable as of January 1st. For Tier Two members the GABA each year may vary from 0.5% to 1.5% based on the retirement system's funding status and the period required to amortize any unfunded accrued actuarial liability as determined in the prior actuarial valuation.

## Overview of Contributions

The System receives a portion of the total required statutory contributions directly from the State for all employers. The employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB 68, and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity in TRS. The System receives 2.49% of reportable compensation from the State's general fund for School Districts and Other Employers. The System also receives 0.11% of reportable compensation from the State's general fund for all TRS Employers including State Agency and University System Employers. Finally, the State is also required to contribute \$25 million in perpetuity payable July 1st of each year.

The tables below show the legislated contribution rates for TRS members, employers and the State.

School District and Other Employers

				Total employee &
	Members	Employers	General Fund	employer
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	7.47%	2.11%	16.73%
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	7.47%	2.49%	17.11%
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	8.47%	2.49%	19.11%
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	8.57%	2.49%	19.21%
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	8.67%	2.49%	19.31%
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	8.77%	2.49%	19.41%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	8.87%	2.49%	19.51%
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	8.97%	2.49%	19.61%
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	9.07%	2.49%	19.71%
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	9.17%	2.49%	19.81%
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	9.27%	2.49%	19.91%
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	9.37%	2.49%	20.01%
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	9.47%	2.49%	20.11%

## State and University Employers

Total
employee &

	Members	Employers	General Fund	employer
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	9.47%	0.11%	16.73%
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	9.85%	0.11%	17.11%
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	10.85%	0.11%	19.11%
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	10.95%	0.11%	19.21%
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	11.05%	0.11%	19.31%
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	11.15%	0.11%	19.41%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	11.25%	0.11%	19.51%
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	11.35%	0.11%	19.61%
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	11.45%	0.11%	19.71%
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	11.55%	0.11%	19.81%
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	11.65%	0.11%	19.91%
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	11.75%	0.11%	20.01%
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	11.85%	0.11%	20.11%

## TRS Stand-Alone Statements

TRS' stand-alone financial statements, actuarial valuations and experience studies can be found online at https://trs.mt.gov/TrsInfo/NewsAnnualReports.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2022, measurement date, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2022. There were several significant assumptions and other inputs used to measure the total pension liability. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated May 3, 2022. Among those assumptions were the following:

<ul> <li>Total Wage Increases?</li> </ul>	•	Total	Wage	Increases'
---	---	-------	------	------------

- Investment Return
- Price Inflation

3.50%-9.00% for Non-University Members and 4.25% for University Members

7.30%

2.75%

- Postretirement Benefit Increases
  - Tier One Members: If the retiree has received benefits for at least 3 years, the retirement allowance will be increased by 1.5% on January 1st.
  - Tier Two Members, the retirement allowance will be increased by an amount equal to or greater than 0.5% but no more than 1.5% if the most recent actuarial valuation shows the System to be at least 90% funded and the provisions of the increase is not projected to cause the funded ratio to be less than 85%.
- Mortality among contributing members
  - PUBT-2010 General Employee mortality projected to 2021. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among service retired members
  - PUBT-2010 Retiree mortality projected to 2021 adjusted 102% for males and 103% for females. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among beneficiaries
  - PUBT-2010 Contingent Survivor table projected to 2021. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among disabled members
  - PUBT-2010 Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2021

\*Total Wage Increases include 3.50% general wage increase assumption

## <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Montana Code Annotated. In addition to the contributions the State general fund will contribute \$25 million annually to the System payable July 1st of each year. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2123. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. No municipal bond rate was incorporated in the Discount rate.

## Target Allocations

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	30.00%	5.90%
International Equity	17.00%	7.14%
Private Investments	15.00%	9.13%
Real Assets	5.00%	4.06%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.41%
Core Fixed Income	15.00%	1.14%
Non-Core Fixed Income	6.00%	3.02%
Cash	3.00%	-0.33%
	100.00%	

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.30% is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared for the System about every five years. The current long-term rate of return is based on analysis in the experience study report dated May 3, 2022, without consideration for the administrative expense analysis shown. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class. These ranges were combined to develop the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

## Sensitivity Analysis

	Current				
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0% Increase		
	(6.30%)	(7.30%)	(8.30%)		
Bozeman School District No. 7's					
portion of Net Pension					
Liability	\$82,071,772	\$ 58,755,044	\$ 39,241,884		

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.30%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.30%) or 1.00% higher (8.30%) than the current rate.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Teachers' Retirement System prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. For the purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same accrual basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. TRS adheres to all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements.

TRS' stand-alone financial statements, actuarial valuations and experience studies can be found online at https://trs.mt.gov/TrsInfo/NewsAnnualReports.

## <u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u>

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, employers and the non-employer contributing entity are required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (the Plan). This includes the proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability; Pension Expense; and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources associated with pensions. Employers are provided guidance in GASB Statement 68, paragraph 74, where pension amounts must be combined as a total or aggregate for reporting, whether provided through cost-sharing, single-employer, or agent plans.

This report provides information for employers who are using a June 30, 2022 measurement date for the 2023 reporting. If an employer's fiscal year end is after June 30th, the employer will not use the measurements shown in this report but will need to wait for the measurement date as of June 30, 2023.

## Net Pension Liability

The Total Pension Liability (TPL) minus the Fiduciary Net Position equals the Net Pension Liability (NPL). GASB Statement 68 allows a measurement date of up to 12 months before the employer's fiscal year-end can be utilized to determine the Plan's TPL. The basis for the TPL as of June 30, 2022, was determined from an actuarial valuation performed by the Plan's actuary as of June 30, 2022.

## Special Funding

The state of Montana, as the non-employer contributing entity, paid to the Plan additional contributions that qualify as special funding. Those employers who received special funding are participating employers.

## Not Special Funding

Per Montana law, state agencies and universities paid their own additional contributions. These employer paid contributions are *not* accounted for as special funding for state agencies and universities but are reported as employer contributions.

The proportionate shares of the employer's and the state of Montana's NPL for June 30, 2023, and 2022, the reporting dates, are displayed below. The employer's proportionate share equals the ratio of the employer's contributions to the sum of all employer and non-employer contributions during the measurement period. The state's proportionate share for a particular employer equals the ratio of the contributions for a particular employer to the total state contributions paid. The employer recorded a liability of \$9,121,858 and the employer's proportionate share was 0.3836 percent.

			Percent of	Percent of	Change in
	Net Pension	Net Pension	Collective	Collective	Percent of
	Liability as	Liability as	NPL as of	NPL as of	Collective
	of 6/30/2023	of 6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	NPL
Bozeman School District No. 7	\$ 9,121,858	\$ 6,343,968	0.3836%	0.3499%	0.0337%
Proportionate Share					
State of Montana					
Proportionate Share					
associated with employer	3,025,571	2,084,792	0.1272%	0.1150%	0.0123%
Total	\$12,147,429	\$ 8,428,760	0.5109%	0.4649%	0.0460%

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods: The following changes in assumptions or other inputs were made that affected the measurement of the TPL

- The discount rate was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The investment rate of return was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- Updated all mortality tables to the PUB2010 tables for general employees
- Updated the rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability
- Lowered the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.25%
- The inflation rate was increased from 2.40% to 2.75%

## Changes in benefit terms:

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

#### Changes in proportionate share:

There were no changes to the Plan between the measurement date of the collective NPL and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's proportionate share of the collective NPL.

## Pension Expense

At June 30, 2023, the employer recognized a pension expense of \$1,292,272 for its proportionate share of the Plan's pension expense. The employer also recognized grant revenue of \$313,602 for the support provided by the State of Montana for its proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the employer.

	Pens	sion Expense
As of measurement date	as c	of 6/30/2023
Bozeman School District No. 7 Proportionate Share	\$	1,292,272
State of Montana Proportionate Share associated		
with the Employer		313,602
Total	\$	1,605,874

## Recognition of Deferred Inflows and Outflows

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported its proportionate share of the Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defer	red Inflows
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Expected vs. Actual Experience	\$	116,285	\$	_
Projected Investment Earnings vs.				
Actual Investment Earnings		268,088		-
Changes in Assumptions		339,936		667,804
Changes in Proportion and Differences				
Between Employer Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of				
Contributions		553 <b>,</b> 642		_
Employer contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date.		644,959		_
Total	\$	1,922,910	\$	667,804

\$644,959 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the employer's pension expense as follows:

For the	Recognition of Deferred Outflows
Measurement	and Deferred Inflows in future
Year ended	years as an increase or
June 30:	(decrease) to Pension Expense
2023	\$ 397,801
2024	\$ (108,887)
2025	\$ (289,146)
2026	\$ 610,379

## Plan Description

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA. This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State and local governments and certain employees of the Montana University System and school districts. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature.

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (DCRP) by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. All new members from the universities also have a third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation (HAC). Member rights are vested after five years of service.

## Summary of Benefits

# Eligibility for benefit Service retirement:

• Hired prior to July 1, 2011:

Age 60, 5 years of membership service; Age 65, regardless of membership service; or Any age, 30 years of membership service. Hired on or after July 1, 2011: Age 65, 5 years of membership service; Age 70, regardless of membership service.

## Early retirement, actuarially reduced:

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011:
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011:

Age 50, 5 years of membership service; or Any age, 25 years of membership service Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

Second Retirement (requires returning to PERS-covered employer or PERS service):

- 1) Retired before January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 2 years additional service credit or retire on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate less than 5 years additional service credit:
  - a. A refund of member's contributions plus return interest (currently 2.02%, effective July 1, 2018).
  - b. No service credit for second employment;
  - c. Start the same benefit amount the month following termination; and
  - d. Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) starts again in the January immediately following the second retirement.
- 2) Retired before January 1, 2016 and accumulate at least 2 years of additional service credit;
  - a. A recalculated retirement benefit based on provisions in effect after the initial retirement; and
  - b. GABA starts on the recalculated benefit in the January after receiving the new benefit for 12 months.
- 3) Retired on or after January 1, 2016 and accumulate 5 or more years of service credit:
  - a. The same retirement as prior to the return to service;
  - b. A second retirement benefit as prior to the second period of service based on laws in effect upon the rehire date; and
  - c. GABA starts on both benefits in the January after receiving the original and the new benefit for 12 months.

## Member's highest average compensation (HAC)

- Hired prior to July 1, 2011 highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months
- Hired on or after July 1, 2011 highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months

#### Compensation Cap

• Hired on or after July 1, 2013 - 110% annual cap on compensation considered as a part of a member's highest average compensation

#### Monthly benefit formula

- 1) Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:
  - a) Less than 25 years of membership service 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit
  - b) 25 years of membership service or more 2% of HAC per year of service credit
- 2) Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:
  - a) Less than 10 years of membership service 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit
  - b) 10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service 1.785% of HAC per year of service
  - c) 30 years or more of membership service 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

#### Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, **inclusive** of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013

- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
  - a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
  - b) 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%; and
  - c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more

## Overview of Contributions

Member and employer contribution rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The Montana Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates. Member and employer contribution rates are shown in the table below.

			State & Universities	Local Government		School Districts	
Fiscal							
Year	Men	nber	Employer	Employer	State	Employer	State
	Hired	Hired	•				
	<07/01/11	>07/01/11					
2023	7.9000%	7.9000%	9.070%	8.970%	0.100%	8.700%	0.370%
2022	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.970%	8.870%	0.100%	8.600%	0.370%
2021	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.870%	8.770%	0.100%	8.500%	0.370%
2020	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.770%	8.670%	0.100%	8.400%	0.370%
2019	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.670%	8.570%	0.100%	8.300%	0.370%
2018	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.570%	8.470%	0.100%	8.200%	0.370%
2017	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.470%	8.370%	0.100%	8.100%	0.370%
2016	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.370%	8.270%	0.100%	8.000%	0.370%
2015	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.270%	8.170%	0.100%	7.900%	0.370%
2014	7.9000%	7.9000%	8.170%	8.070%	0.100%	7.800%	0.370%
2012-2013	6.9000%	7.9000%	7.170%	7.070%	0.100%	6.800%	0.370%
2010-2011	6.9000%		7.170%	7.070%	0.100%	6.800%	0.370%
2008-2009	6.9000%		7.035%	6.935%	0.100%	6.800%	0.235%
2000-2007	6.9000%		6.900%	6.800%	0.100%	6.800%	0.100%

- 1. Member contributions to the system of 7.9% are temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.
- 2. Employer contributions to the system:
  - a. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer

contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1 following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contributions rates.

- b. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.
- c. The portion of employer contributions allocated to the Plan Choice Rate (PCR) are included in the employers reporting. The PCR was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions previously directed to the PCR are now directed to member accounts.
- 3. Non Employer Contributions:
  - a. Special Funding
    - i. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
    - ii. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.
    - iii. The State contributed a Statutory Appropriation from the General Fund of \$34,633,570.

## Stand-Alone Statements

The financial statements of the Montana Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) and the GASB 68 Report disclose the Plan's fiduciary net position. The reports are available from the PERB at PO Box 200131, Helena MT 59620-0131, (406) 444-3154 or the MPERA website at http://mpera.mt.gov/about/annualreports1/annualreports.

## Actuarial Assumptions

The TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by taking the results of the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. Among those assumptions were the following:

•	Investment Return (net of admin expense)	7.30%
•	General Wage Growth* *includes Inflation at	3.25% 2.75%
•	Merit Increases	0% to 4.80%

• Postretirement Benefit Increases:

## Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

Each January after the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage(provided below), inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- o 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007
- o 1.5% for members hired between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2013
- o Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
  - (a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%
  - (b) 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%
  - (c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more

- Mortality among contributing members
  - o PUBT-2010 General Employee mortality projected to 2021. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among healthy retirees
  - o PUBT-2010 Retiree mortality projected to 2021 with ages set forward one year and adjusted 104% for males and 103% for females. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among contingent survivors
  - o PUBT-2010 Contingent Survivor table projected to 2021 with ages set forward one year for males and females. Projected generationally using MP-2021
- Mortality among disabled members
  - o PUBT-2010 Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2021 set forward one year for both males and females

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the Board's funding policy, which established the contractually required rates under Montana Code Annotated. The State contributed 0.10% of salaries for local governments and 0.37% for school districts. In addition, the State contributed a statutory appropriation from the general fund. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2126. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. A municipal bond rate was not incorporated in the discount rate.

#### Target Allocations

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared for the Plan about every five years. The long-term rate of return as of June 30, 2022, is based on analysis in the experience study report dated May 2, 2022 without consideration for the administrative expense analysis shown. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class. These ranges were combined to develop the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
	Target Asset	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic Basis
Cash	3.00%	-0.33%
Domestic Equity	30.00%	5.90%
International Equity	17.00%	7.14%
Private Investments	15.00%	9.13%
Real Assets	5.00%	4.03%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.41%
Core Fixed Income	15.00%	1.14%
Non-Core Fixed Income	6.00%	3.02%
	100.00%	

## Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the NPL to the discount rate is shown in the table below. A small change in the discount rate can create a significant change in the liability. The NPL was calculated using the discount rate of 7.30%, as well as what the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

As of measurement date		0% Decrease (6.30%)	Cur	rent Discount Rate (7.30%)	1.0	% Increase (8.30%)
Bozeman School District No. 7 proportion of Net Pension						
Liability	\$	13,149,583	\$	9,121,858	\$	5,762,644

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

MPERA prepared financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The same accrual basis was used by MPERA for the purposes of determining the NPL; Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to pensions; Pension Expense; the Fiduciary Net Position; and Additions to or Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable.

Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adhered to all accounting principles generally accepted by the United States of America. MPERA applied all applicable pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### PERS Disclosure for the defined contribution plan

Bozeman School District contributed to the state of Montana Public Employee Retirement System Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) for employees that have elected the DCRP. The PERS-DCRP is administered by the PERB and is reported as a multiple-employer plan established July 1, 2002, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA.

All new PERS members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans.

Member and employer contribution rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates.

Benefits are dependent upon eligibility and individual account balances. Participants are vested immediately in their own contributions and attributable income. Participants are vested after 5 years of membership service for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and the attributable income. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment per 19-3-2117(5), MCA. Such forfeitures are used to cover the administrative expenses of the PERS-DCRP.

At the plan level for the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the PERS-DCRP employer did not recognize any net pension liability or pension expense for the *defined contribution* plan. Plan level non-vested forfeitures for the 329 employers that have participants in the PERS-DCRP totaled \$1,681,603.

#### Section 457 deferred compensation plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. The plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan is administered by OMNI, an independent third party. The District makes no employer contributions to the plan and the plan is not included in the accompanying financial statements, as these amounts represent neither assets nor liabilities to the District.

# C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

## Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

As required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 Other Postemployment Benefits, the District has calculated and included a postemployment benefit liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

## Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Bozeman School District maintains a single-employer self-insured medical plan. The plan currently provides defined healthcare insurance benefits for eligible employees, retirees, spouses and dependents, and includes medical, dental, and vision benefits. The plan is reported as an internal service fund on the District's financial statements and is administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Montana. Benefit provisions are set annually by the Board of Trustees. Terminated employees may remain on the District's health insurance plan for up to 18 months if they pay the monthly premiums, as required under the federal COBRA law. A retiree is considered eligible for coverage under this plan only if the retiree was covered under this plan as a participant on his or her last day of active service for the employer prior to retirement. Retirees may remain on the District's health plan, provided they pay the monthly premiums. A retiree's dependent(s), upon the death of the retiree, is also eligible if the retiree was eligible for coverage and covered under this plan. Normal retirement eligibility is age 65 or age 60 and 5 years of service, or 30 years of service. Early retirement eligibility is age 50 and 5 years of service or 25 years of service. The plan also has options for pre Medicare insurance benefits. Medicare eligible retirees may purchase health insurance through New West Medicare (via the District) and they are solely responsible for paying 100% of these premiums. There is no separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan report available for the self-insured medical defined benefit plan.

## Funding Policy

The District's other post-employment benefit (OPEB) consists of the above described post-employment healthcare benefits. The District has not established an irrevocable OPEB trust and continues to finance its OPEB liability on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District has utilized the Self-Insurance internal service fund to liquidate these obligations. The District's annual OPEB cost consists of an implied rate subsidy since retirees and current employees are in the same plan as well as a cost for future benefits of current employees. The District's policy at this time is to not fund the OPEB obligation. Since the inception of reporting the OPEB obligation, the District's historical policy has been, and continues to be, to not fund the OPEB obligation.

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the census valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Category	Count
Active employees	887
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefit payment	-
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	23
Total	910

## Contributions

Benefit contributions are paid by the District as they come due.

## Total OPEB Liability (TOL)

The District's total OPEB liability of \$3,859,676 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 1, 2022.

Changes in the TOL for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Service cost	\$ 349,680
Interest	103,389
Differences between expected and actual experience	(83,834)
Changes in assumptions	(843,754)
Benefit payments	 (205,322)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(679 <b>,</b> 841)
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	4,539,517
Total OPEB liability, end of year	\$ 3,859,676

There is sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) follows:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 4,221,415	\$ 3,859,676	\$ 3,527,132

There is also sensitivity of the TOL to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The total OPEB liability of the District as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it we recalculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (4.80%) or one percentage point higher (6.80%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate follows:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	6.40%	7.40%	8.40%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	2.90%	3.90%	4.90%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,393,262	\$ 3,859,676	\$ 4,413,651

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$344,573. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows	
			of Resources		
Change of assumptions	\$	444,180	\$	825 <b>,</b> 409	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		_		523,421	
Deferred contributions		146,150		_	
Total	\$	590,330	\$	1,348,830	

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$146,150 will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the	Recognized Net
Fiscal Year	Deferred Outflows
ending June	(Inflows) of
30:	Resources
2024	\$ (108,496)
2025	(108,496)
2026	(95,454)
2027	(84,788)
2028	(78,190)
Thereafter	(429,226)

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The District's actuarial valuation is completed on a biennial frequency, provided no significant events have occurred warranting new measurement. The District completed the valuation with a measurement date of June 30, 2022 for fiscal year end June 30, 2023 financial reporting. This valuation was derived based on the 2022 actual costs and participants. As of September 1, 2022, the most recent valuation date, the District's total OPEB liability was determined using the following significant actuarial methods and assumptions:

#### Valuation Methods:

- o Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Cost, level percent of pay
- o Asset Valuation Method: Not applicable (\$0; no OPEB trust has been established)
- o Participants Value: Only current active employees and retired participants and covered dependents are valued. No future entrants are considered in this valuation.
- o Development of Age-related Medical Premiums: Actual premium rates for retirees and their spouses were adjusted to an age related basis by applying medical claim cost factors developed from the data presented in the report, "Health Care Costs From Birth to Death", sponsored by the Society of Actuaries. Representative claims costs derived for retirees not currently covered or not expected to be eligible for Medicare appear below:

Expected Monthly Claims by Medical Plan for Selected Ages										
	Male Female									
Medical Plan		48		53	58	63	48	53	58	63
Basic Plan	\$	637	\$	841	\$1,072	\$1 <b>,</b> 329	\$ 824	\$ 971	\$1,098	\$1,290
Medium HDHP		461		609	776	962	597	703	795	934
Castastropihic HDHP		476		629	802	994	616	726	821	965

#### Economic Assumptions:

- o Municipal Bond Index: Bond Buyer 20 Year High Grade Index
- o Discount Rates: 2.16% as of June 30, 2021, and 3.54% as of June 30, 2022
- o General Inflation Rate: 2.5% per year
- o Salary Increase: 3.0% per year. Since benefits do not depend on salary, this is used to allocate the cost of benefits between service years
- O Healthcare Trend: Medical plan premiums and claims costs by age are assumed to increase once each year. The increases over the prior year's levels are assumed to be effective on the dates shown below:

Effective	Premium	Effective	Premium
September 1	Increase	September 1	Increase
2023	7.40%	2040-2043	4.80%
2024	6.80%	2044-2049	4.70%
2025	6.20%	2050-2059	4.60%
2026	5.60%	2060-2065	4.50%
2027	5.50%	2066-2067	4.40%
2028	5.40%	2068-2069	4.30%
2029	5.30%	2070	4.20%
2030	5.20%	2071-2072	4.10%
2031	5.10%	2073-2074	4.00%
2032-2037	5.00%	2075	3.90%
2038-2039	4.90%	& Later	3.90%

The healthcare trend shown above was developed using the Getzen Model 2023 published by the Society of Actuaries using the following settings: CPI 2.5%; Real GDP Growth 1.4%; Excess Medical Growth 1.0%; Expected Health Share of GDP in 2028 20.0%; Resistance Point 21%; Year after which medical growth is limited to growth in GDP 2075.

## Participant Election Assumptions:

- O Participation Rate:
  - a) Participating actives: 60% are assumed to continue their current plan election in retirement.
  - b) Non-participating actives: 5% are assumed to elect coverage in the High HDHP plan at a later date, thus gaining access to coverage in retirement.
  - a) Retired participants: Existing medical plan elections are assumed to be maintained until the earlier of age 65 or the retiree's death.
- o Spouse Coverage:
  - a) Active Employees: 50% are assumed to be married and elect coverage for their spouse in retirement. Surviving spouses are assumed to retain coverage until the earlier of age 65 or their death. Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than their wives.
  - b) Retired participants: Existing elections for spouse coverage are assumed to be maintained until the earlier of age 65 or the spouse's death. Actual spouse ages are used, where known; if not, husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than their wives.
  - c) Medicare Eligibility: Absent contrary data, all individuals are assumed to be eligible for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.

## Demographic Assumptions:

The demographic actuarial assumptions, with the exception of projected mortality improvements, reflect the most recent (2022) experience studies of the Montana Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and Montana Teacher's Retirement System (TRS).

o Mortality Improvement: MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 applied generationally from 2015

#### Software and Models Used in the Valuation:

**ProVal** - MacLeod Watts utilizes ProVal, a licensed actuarial valuation software product from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech) to project future retiree benefit payments and develop the OPEB liabilities presented in this report. ProVal is widely used by the actuarial community. We review results at the plan level and for individual sample lives and find them to be reasonable and consistent with the results we expect. We are not aware of any material inconsistencies or limitations in the software that would affect this actuarial valuation.

Age based premiums model - developed internally and reviewed by an external consultant at the time it was developed. See discussion on Development of Age Related Medical Premiums and Addendum 3.

**Getzen model** - published by the Society of Actuaries; used to derive medical trend assumptions described earlier in this section.

Changes in Assumptions of Methods as of the Measurement Date:

- o Discount Rates: Changed from a rate of 2.16% on June 30, 2021 to a rate of 3.54% on June 30, 2022.
- o Medical Trend: Updated to use the Getzen 2023 healthcare trend model sponsored by the Society of

Actuaries

o Demographic Assumptions: Assumed mortality, termination, disability, and retirement rates were updated from those provided in the 2017 and 2018 experience study reports of Montan PERS and TRS, respectively, to the most recent 2022 experience study reports. The mortality improvement scale was updated from MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 to MacLeod Watts Scale 2022, reflecting continued updates in available information.

# D. Tax abatements

The District's property tax revenue is subject to tax abatement agreements entered into by Gallatin County (the County). Under the Montana Code Annotated, Title 15, Chapter 24, Part 14, the County approves tax incentives for qualified new or expanding industries located in Gallatin County. The tax incentives are for real and personal property taxes. To be eligible for the benefit, the taxpayer must apply and be approved by the County. In order to qualify, the taxpayer must invest a minimum of \$50,000 worth of qualifying improvements or modernized processes within the first 5 years after a construction permit is issued. Generally, the taxpayer commits to invest the statutory minimum and often includes a proposal to hire a certain number of additional employees in response to the entity's expansion. The County has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes.

The taxpayer receives a credit against property taxes in the form of a certain percentage reduction. The County manually applies the applicable credit amount to reduce the property tax bill. If property taxes were abated, but the taxpayer did not meet the eligibility requirements, the recapture amount is equal to the amount of taxes avoided, plus interest and penalties for nonpayment of property taxes.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District portion of the property taxes abated by Gallatin County is immaterial to the financial statements.

# E. Contingencies

As of June 30, 2023, the District was not involved in any lawsuits.

# F. Correction of an Error

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District identified a fund that was historically reported as a special revenue fund in error. Beginning fund balance was restated to correct the error as follows:

K-12 Interlocal

		N 12 INCELLOCAL
	General Fund	Agreement Fund
Fund Balance at June 30, 2022, as previously reported	\$ 6,113,052	\$ 8,835,480
Correction of an error to reclassify the fund	8,835,480	(8,835,480)
Fund Balance at July 1, 2022, as adjusted	\$ 14,948,532	\$ -

The net change in fund balance of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2022 would have increased by \$168,032 from the amount of \$217,565 reported in the previous year had the K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund been reported with the General Fund in the prior year.

Required Supplementary Information Other Than Management Discussion and Analysis

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total OPEB Liability	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 349,680 103,389 (83,834)	\$ 336,651 99,616	\$ 309,832 151,336 (504,848)	\$ 283,632 153,908	\$ 259,481 136,187 (230,765)	\$ 277,808 110,781
Change of assumptions Benefit payments Net changes in total OPEB liability	(843,754) (205,322) (679,841)	20,093 (175,398) 280,962	421,574 (242,166) 135,728	121,038 (258,165) 300,413	164,113 (210,219) 118,797	(200,330) (187,798) 461
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	4,539,517	4,258,555	4,122,827	3,822,414	3,703,617	3,703,156
Total OPEB liability, end of year	<u>\$ 3,859,676</u>	\$ 4,539,517	<u>\$ 4,258,555</u>	\$ 4,122,827	\$ 3,822,414	\$ 3,703,617
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer Benefit payments Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 205,322 (205,322)	\$ 175,398 (175,398)	\$ 242,166 (242,166)	\$ 258,165 (258,165)	\$ 210,219 (210,219)	\$ 187,798 (187,798)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year			<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>		
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Net OPEB liability, end of year	<u>\$ 3,859,676</u>	\$ 4,539,517	<u>\$ 4,258,555</u>	\$ 4,122,827	\$ 3,822,414	\$ 3,703,617
Covered employee payroll	\$ 53,061,908	\$ 50,902,086	\$ 46,106,420	<u>\$ 44,043,978</u>	\$ 40,152,427	<u>\$ 38,468,195</u>
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payrol	<u>7.27%</u>	<u>8.92%</u>	<u>9.24%</u>	9.36%	<u>9.52%</u>	<u>9.63%</u>

See Note IV C for additional information on the significant assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF MONTANA (TRS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

As of Measurement Date:	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018		6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	2.98730%	2.90680%	2.73520%	2.77980%	2.71430%	2.62950%	ó	2.53350%	2.46410%	2.36670%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the										
Employer	\$ 58,755,044	\$ 48,152,920	\$ 61,526,605	\$ 53,602,615	\$ 50,379,699	\$ 44,335,923		\$ 46,283,916	\$ 40,485,638	\$ \$ 36,419,973
State of Montana's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with										
the Employer	\$ 32,457,839	\$ 27,476,575	\$ 36,385,843	\$ 32,451,087	\$ 31,290,489	\$ 28,142,575		\$ 30,154,266	\$ 27,107,547	\$ \$ 24,945,157
Total	\$ 91,212,883	\$ 75,629,495	\$ 97,912,448	\$ 86,053,702	\$ 81,670,188	\$ 72,478,498		\$ 76,438,182	\$ 67,593,185	\$ 61,365,130
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 43,850,613	\$ 41,401,511	\$ 37,664,500	\$ 37,712,943	\$ 36,125,172	\$ 34,682,649		\$ 32,886,005	\$ 31,446,361	\$ \$ 29,846,019
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its										
covered payroll	133.99%	116.31%	163.35%	142.13%	139.46%	127.83%	Ď	140.74%	128.75%	122.03%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.61%	75.54%	64.95%	68.64%	69.09%	70.09%	Ď	66.69%	69.30%	70.36%

#### Schedule of Contributions:

As of Reporting Date:	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 4,370,860	\$ 4,266,412	\$ 4,124,604	\$ 3,630,181	\$ 3,625,199	\$ 3,446,699	\$ 3,267,549	\$ 3,008,409	\$ 2,947,769
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 4,370,860	\$ 4,266,412	\$ 4,124,604	\$ 3,630,181	\$ 3,625,199	\$ 3,446,699	\$ 3,267,549	\$ 3,008,409	\$ 2,947,769
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 45,040,341	\$ 43,850,613	\$ 41,401,511	\$ 37,664,500	\$ 37,712,943	\$ 36,125,172	\$ 34,682,649	\$ 32,886,005	\$ 31,446,361
Contributions of covered payroll (as a percentage)	9.70%	9.73%	9.96%	9.64%	9.61%	9.54%	9.42%	9.15%	9.37%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:

Schedule of Froportionate Share of the Net Fension Liability.												
As of Measurement Date:	6/30/2023	6/30	/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020		6/30/2019	6/30/2018		6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (percentage)	0.3836%	(	.3499%	0.3442%	0.3368%		0.3300%	0.4258	%	0.4178%	0.4064%	0.4404%
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (amount)	\$ 9,121,858	\$ 6,3	43,968	\$ 9,082,011	\$ 7,041,036		\$ 6,887,802	\$ 8,292,42	.7	\$ 7,115,877	\$ 5,681,072	\$ 5,487,123
State of Montana's proportionate share of the net pension liability (amount)  Total	\$ 3,025,571 \$12,147,429	- /-	984,792 28,760	\$ 3,176,134 \$12,258,145	\$ 2,539,413 \$ 9,580,449	_	\$ 2,569,818 \$ 9,457,620	\$ 435,07 \$ 8,727,49		\$ 332,565 \$ 7,448,442	\$ 266,953 \$ 5,948,025	\$ 256,505 \$ 5,743,628
Employer's covered payroll Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its	\$ 6,943,533	\$ 6,3	53,767	\$ 5,961,583	\$ 5,738,642	-	\$ 5,605,920	\$ 5,457,90	5	\$ 5,172,904	\$ 4,903,746	\$ 5,200,735
covered payroll	131.37%		99.85%	152.34%	122.70%		122.87%	151.93	%	137.56%	115.85%	111.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.66%		79.91%	68.90%	73.85%		73.47%	73.75	%	74.71%	78.40%	79.87%

#### Schedule of Contributions:

Senedule of Contributions.									
As of Reporting Date:	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Contractually required defined benefit contributions	\$ 644,960	\$ 599,568	\$ 547,674	\$ 506,048	\$ 478,012	\$ 459,685	\$ 442,087	\$ 418,263	\$ 390,832
Plan Choice Rate Required Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,924	\$ 31,349
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ 644,960	\$ 599,568	\$ 547,674	\$ 506,048	\$ 478,012	\$ 459,685	\$ 442,087	\$ 437,187	\$ 422,180
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 7,413,327	\$ 6,943,533	\$ 6,353,767	\$ 5,961,583	\$ 5,738,642	\$ 5,605,920	\$ 5,457,905	\$ 5,172,904	\$ 4,903,746
Contributions of covered payroll (as a percentage)	8.70%	8.63%	8.62%	8.49%	8.33%	8.20%	8.10%	8.45%	8.61%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Teacher's Retirement System (TRS)

#### Changes of Benefit Terms:

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

The 2013 Montana Legislature passed HB 377 which provides additional revenue and created a two tier benefit structure. A Tier One Member is a person who first became a member before July 1, 2013 and has not withdrawn their member's account balance. A Tier Two Member is a person who first becomes a member on or after July 1, 2013 or after withdrawing their member's account balance, becomes a member again on or after July 1, 2013.

The second tier benefit structure for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 is summarized below.

- 1) Final Average Compensation: average of earned compensation paid in five consecutive years of full-time service that yields the highest average
- 2) **Service Retirement:** Eligible to receive a service retirement benefit if the member has been credited with at least five full years of creditable service and has attained the age of 60; or has been credited with 30 or more years of full-time or part-time creditable service and has attained age 55
- 3) **Early Retirement**: Eligible to receive an early retirement allowance if a member is not eligible for service retirement but has at least five years of creditable service and attained age 55
- 4) **Professional Retirement Option:** if the member has been credited with 30 or more years of service and has attained the age of 60 they are eligible for an enhanced allowance equal to 1.85% of average final compensation times all service at retirement. Otherwise, the multiplier used to calculate the retirement allowance will be equal to 1.67%
- 5) Annual Contribution: 8.15% of member's earned compensation
- 6) Supplemental Contribution Rate: On or after July 1, 2023, the TRS Board may require a supplemental contribution up to 0.5% if the following three conditions are met:
  - a. The average funded ratio of the System based on the last three annual actuarial valuations is equal to or less than 80%; and
  - b. The period necessary to amortize all liabilities of the System based on the latest annual actuarial valuation is greater than 20 years; and
  - **c.**A State or employer contribution rate increase or a flat dollar contribution to the Retirement System Trust fund has been enacted that is equivalent to or greater than the supplemental contribution rate imposed by the TRS Board.
- 7) **Disability Retirement:** A member will not be eligible for a disability retirement if the member is or will be eligible for a service retirement on the date of termination
- 8) Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA):

a.If the most recent actuarial valuation shows that Retirement System liabilities are at least 90% funded and the provision of the increase is not projected to cause the System's liabilities to be less than 85% funded, the GABA may increase from the 0.5% floor up to 1.5%, as set by the Board.

HB 377 increased revenue from the members, employers and the State as follows:

- Annual State contribution equal to \$25 million paid to the System in monthly installments.
- One-time contribution payable to the Retirement System by the trustees of a school district maintaining a retirement fund. The one-time contribution to the Retirement System shall be the amount earmarked as an operating reserve in excess of 20% of the adopted retirement fund budget for the fiscal year 2013. The amount received was \$22 million in FY 2014.
- 1% supplemental employer contribution. This will increase the current employer rates:
  - o School Districts contributions will increase from 7.47% to 8.47%
  - o The Montana University System and State Agencies will increase from 9.85% to 10.85%.
  - o The supplemental employer contribution will increase by 0.1% each fiscal year for fiscal year 2014 thru fiscal year 2024. Fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2024 the total supplemental employer contribution will be equal to 2%.
- Members hired prior to July 1, 2013 (Tier 1) under HB 377 are required to contribute a supplemental contribution equal to an additional 1% of the member's earned compensation.
- Each employer is required to contribute 9.85% of total compensation paid to all re-employed TRS retirees employed in a TRS reportable position to the System.

#### Changes in actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2022:

- The discount rate was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The investment rate of return assumption was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The inflation rate was increased from 2.40% to 2.75%
- Updated all mortality tables to the PUB-2010 tables for teachers
- Updated the rates of retirement and termination
- Updated the salary merit rates

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2021:

- The discount rate was lowered from 7.34% to 7.06%
- The investment rate of return assumption was lowered form 7.34% to 7.06%.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2020:

- The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.34%
- The investment rate of return assumption was lowered form 7.50% to 7.34%.
- The inflation rate was reduced from 2.50% to 2.40%.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2019:

• The Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) for Tier Two members is a variable rate between 0.50% and 1.50% as determined by the Board. Since an increase in the amount of the GABA is not automatic and

must be approved by the Board, the assumed increase was lowered from 1.50% to the current rate of 0.50% per annum.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2018:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.50%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.25%
- Investment return assumption was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- Wage growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.25%
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
  - o For Males and Females: RP-2000 Healthy Combined Mortality Table projected to 2022 adjusted for partial credibility setback for two years.

The tables include margins for mortality improvement which is expected to occur in the future.

- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
  - o For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table, set back three years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2022.
  - o For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table, set forward two years, wit mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2022.
- Retirement rates were updated
- Termination rates were updated
- Rates of salary increases were updated

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2016:

• The normal cost method has been updated to align the calculation of the projected compensation and the total present value of plan benefits so that the normal cost rate reflects the most appropriate allocation of plan costs over future compensation.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2015:

- Correctly reflect the proportion of members that are assumed to take a refund of contributions upon termination and appropriately reflect the three year COLA deferral period for Tier 2 Members.
- The 0.63% load applied to the projected retirement benefits of the university members "to account for larger than average annual compensation increases observed in the years immediately preceding retirement" is not applied to benefits expected to be paid to university members on account of death, disability and termination (prior to retirement eligibility.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the assumed rate of retirement for university members at age 60 is 8.50% as stated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the fact that vested terminations are only covered by the \$500 death benefit for the one year following their termination and, once again when the terminated member commences their deferred retirement annuity (they are not covered during the deferral period). Additionally, only the portion of the terminated members that are assumed to "retain membership in the System" are covered by the \$500 death benefit after termination.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2014:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%
- Investment return assumption was changed from net of investment and administrative expenses to net of investment expenses only.
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:

For Males: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back four years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

For Females: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back two years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:

For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Males, set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Females, set forward five years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

#### Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions:

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, open

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increase 3.25 to 7.76 percent, including inflation for

Non-University Members and 4.25% for

University Members;

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, and including inflation

#### <u>Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)</u>

#### Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes to the plan provisions were made as identified:

#### 2017:

#### Working Retiree Limitations -for PERS

Effective July 1, 2017, if a PERS retiree returns as an independent contractor to what would otherwise be PERS-covered employment, general contractor overhead costs are excluded from PERS working retiree limitations.

#### Refunds

- 1) Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2) Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refund must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3) Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

#### Interest Credited to Member Accounts

Effective July 1, 2017, the interest rate credited to member accounts increased from 0.25% to 0.77%.

#### Lump-Sum Payouts

Effective July 1, 2017, lump-sum payouts in all systems are limited to the member's accumulated contributions rate than the present value of the member's benefit.

#### Disabled PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Members

PERS members hired after July 1, 2011 have a normal retirement age of 65. PERS DC members hired after July 1, 2011 who became disabled were previously only eligible for a disability benefit until age 65. Effective July 1, 2017, these individuals will be eligible for a disability benefit until they reach 70, thus ensuring the same 5-year time period available to PERS DC disabled members hired prior to July 1, 2011 who have a normal retirement age of 60 and are eligible for a disability benefit until age 65.

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

#### Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following Actuarial Assumptions were adopted from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:

General wage growth 3.50%

Investment rate of return\* 7.65%

\*includes inflation at 2.75%

Merit salary increases 0% to 8.47%

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Mortality (healthy members) For males and females: RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant

Mortality Table projected to 20220 using Scale BB, males set back 1

year

Mortality (disabled members) For males and females: RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table, with no

projections

Admin Expense as % of Payroll 0.29%

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. The amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

The actuarial assumptions and methods utilized in the June 30, 2021 valuation, were developed in the six year experience study for the period ending 2016.



**Combining Financial Statements** 



#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operation fund of the District. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law to another fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, instructional expenditures and capital outlay are paid from the General Fund. Because Bozeman School District is comprised of two legal entities (Elementary and High School Districts), the General Fund (in addition to almost every other budgeted fund) has an elementary and high school portion. As one of the District's *major* funds, combining general subfund schedules have been presented to show the reader activity in the separate entities that comprise the General Fund, in total.

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL GENERAL SUBFUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary neral Subfund	igh School eral Subfund		12 Interlocal Agreement	Totals
ASSETS			' <u>-</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,790,047	\$ 2,349,243	\$	5,740,795	\$ 11,880,085
Property taxes receivable	336,357	229,355		-	565,712
Due from other funds	-	_		1,067,719	1,067,719
Due from other governments	10,969	142,300		3	153,272
Accounts receivable	3,137	1,892		9,797	14,826
Prepaid items	137,430	14,649		36,077	 188,156
Total assets	\$ 4,277,940	\$ 2,737,439	\$	6,854,391	\$ 13,869,770
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 60,063	\$ 14,766	\$	57,779	\$ 132,608
Total liabilities	 60,063	 14,766		57,779	 132,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	336,357	229,355		-	565,712
Total deferred inflows of resources	336,357	229,355			565,712
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	137,430	14,649		36,077	188,156
Committed	-	-		6,760,535	6,760,535
Assigned	267,517	182,579		-	450,096
Unassigned	 3,476,573	 2,296,090			 5,772,663
Total fund balances	 3,881,520	2,493,318		6,796,612	 13,171,450
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 4,277,940	\$ 2,737,439	\$	6,854,391	\$ 13,869,770

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GENERAL SUBFUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

D.			High	School General Subfund		12 Interlocal Agreement		Totals
Revenues:	¢	14,094,750	\$	8,934,237	\$		\$	23,028,987
District property taxes Tuition and fees	Ф	25,135	Ф	24,029	Ф	-	Ф	49,164
Investment earnings		50,411		28,040		75,047		153,498
Other district revenue		30,411		135,421		3,541		133,498
State of Montana		21,387,675		133,421		3,341		33,853,389
Total revenues		35,557,971		21,587,441		78,588	-	57,224,000
Expenditures:								
Current -				10.000.1==				.=
Instruction		23,390,727		12,338,175		1,733,421		37,462,323
Support services		4,533,975		1,983,843		311,243		6,829,061
General administration		1,221,921		1,415,221		409,804		3,046,946
Building administration		3,021,060		1,532,382		161,964		4,715,406
Operations and maintenance		2,073,107		2,044,975		1,149,773		5,267,855
Student transportation		2,147		-		-		2,147
Food services		-		8,209		-		8,209
Extracurricular activities		191,545		1,408,782		32,386		1,632,713
Capital outlay				_		45,028		45,028
Total expenditures		34,434,482		20,731,587		3,843,619		59,009,688
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-		1,726,163		1,726,163
Transfers out		(1,027,942)		(689,615)		<u>-</u> _		(1,717,557)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,027,942)		(689,615)		1,726,163		8,606
Net change in fund balances		95,547		166,239		(2,038,868)		(1,777,082)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated (see Note IV.F)		3,785,973		2,327,079		8,835,480		14,948,532
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,881,520	\$	2,493,318	\$	6,796,612	\$	13,171,450

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### ALL GENERAL SUBFUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elen	nentary General Sub	fund	High	School General Sul	bfund		Totals	
	Original and		Variance -	Original and		Variance -	Original and		Variance -
	Final		Positive	Final		Positive	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:									
District property taxes	\$ 14,087,533	\$ 14,094,750	\$ 7,217	\$ 8,943,009	\$ 8,934,237	\$ (8,772)	\$ 23,030,542	\$ 23,028,987	\$ (1,555)
Tuition and fees	-	25,135	25,135	-	24,029	24,029	-	49,164	49,164
Investment earnings	16,945	49,406	32,461	8,559	27,275	18,716	25,504	76,681	51,177
Other district revenue	-	-	-	-	135,421	135,421	-	135,421	135,421
State of Montana	21,387,675	21,387,675		12,465,714	12,465,714		33,853,389	33,853,389	
Total revenues	35,492,153	35,556,966	64,813	21,417,282	21,586,676	169,394	56,909,435	57,143,642	234,207
Expenditures:									
Current -									
Instruction	20,623,426	23,347,324	(2,723,898)	9,996,820	12,331,367	(2,334,547)	30,620,246	35,678,691	(5,058,445)
Support services	5,494,212	4,528,299	965,913	2,282,324	1,978,465	303,859	7,776,536	6,506,764	1,269,772
General administration	1,658,204	1,202,649	455,555	1,501,089	1,395,947	105,142	3,159,293	2,598,596	560,697
Building administration	2,723,929	3,018,874	(294,945)	1,542,231	1,521,961	20,270	4,266,160	4,540,835	(274,675)
Operations and maintenance	3,755,472	2,061,373	1,694,099	3,914,711	2,012,503	1,902,208	7,670,183	4,073,876	3,596,307
Student transportation	-	2,147	(2,147)	-	-	-	-	2,147	(2, 147)
Food services	-	-	-	-	6	(6)	-	6	(6)
Extracurricular activities	239,728	191,545	48,183	1,437,427	1,407,418	30,009	1,677,155	1,598,963	78,192
Total expenditures	34,494,971	34,352,211	142,760	20,674,602	20,647,667	26,935	55,169,573	54,999,878	169,695
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers out	(997, 182)	(1,139,942)	(142,760)	(742,680)	(769,615)	(26,935)	(1,739,862)	(1,909,557)	(169,695)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(997, 182)	(1,139,942)	(142,760)	(742,680)	(769,615)	(26,935)	(1,739,862)	(1,909,557)	(169,695)
Net change in fund balances	-	64,813	64,813	-	169,394	169,394	-	234,207	234,207
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,549,187	3,549,187		2,141,344	2,141,344		5,690,531	5,690,531	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,549,187	\$ 3,614,000	\$ 64,813	\$ 2,141,344	\$ 2,310,738	\$ 169,394	\$ 5,690,531	\$ 5,924,738	\$ 234,207

Nonmajor Governmental Funds – By Fund Type

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE JUNE 30, 2023

	_Spe	ecial Revenue	D	ebt Service	Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,559,521	\$	40,224	\$ 5,313,529	\$	11,913,274
Investments		967,178		-	-		967,178
Property taxes receivable		110,037		113,306	47,783		271,126
Due from other governments		2,001,821		865,372	1,557		2,868,750
Accounts receivable		77,816		_	87,407		165,223
Inventory, at cost		32,791		_	-		32,791
Prepaid items		437,439					437,439
Total assets	\$	10,186,603	\$	1,018,902	\$ 5,450,276	\$	16,655,781
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Due to other funds  Unearned revenue	\$	76,356 - 130,403	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$ 61,462	\$	137,818 - 130,403
Total liabilities		206,759			61,462		268,221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		110,037 110,037		113,306 113,306	 47,783 47,783	_	271,126 271,126
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		757,377		_	-		757,377
Restricted		4,338,711		905,596	5,341,031		10,585,338
Committed		4,773,719		-	-		4,773,719
Total fund balances		9,869,807		905,596	5,341,031		16,116,434
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	10,186,603	\$	1,018,902	\$ 5,450,276	\$	16,655,781

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Spe	cial Revenue	E	Debt Service	Capital Projects	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:							
District property taxes	\$	4,501,323	\$	4,719,136	\$ 2,002,291	\$	11,222,750
Tuition and fees		1,848,346		-	-		1,848,346
Investment earnings		125,209		28,000	44,808		198,017
Other district revenue		3,270,348		863,000	259,464		4,392,812
Gallatin County		311,745		-	-		311,745
State of Montana		2,845,177		-	84,425		2,929,602
Federal		4,603,288		-	-		4,603,288
Total revenues		17,505,436		5,610,136	 2,390,988		25,506,560
Expenditures: Current -							
Instruction		5,516,426					5,516,426
Support services		2,694,016		-	-		2,694,016
• •				-	-		
General administration		955,141		-	202.254		955,141
Building administration		248,342		- 02 105	383,254		631,596
Operations and maintenance		12,860		83,105	1,092,822		1,188,787
Student transportation		2,896,813		-	-		2,896,813
Food services		2,388,396		-	-		2,388,396
Extracurricular activities		2,020,227		-	-		2,020,227
Capital outlay		615,545		-	380,212		995,757
Debt service -							
Principal retirement - bonds		-		3,910,000	-		3,910,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		1,614,927	-		1,614,927
Lease and Subscription Principal Payments		145,593			 		145,593
Total expenditures		17,493,359		5,608,032	 1,856,288		24,957,679
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		12,077		2,104	 534,700		548,881
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of assets		800		-	39,000		39,800
Software subscription		91,361		-	-		91,361
Leases		376,429		-	_		376,429
Insurance proceeds		-		-	6,812		6,812
Transfers out		(8,606)		-	_		(8,606)
Total other financing sources (uses)		459,984		-	 45,812		505,796
Net changes in fund balances		472,061		2,104	580,512		1,054,677
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,397,746		903,492	4,760,519		15,061,757
Fund balances, end of year	\$	9,869,807	\$	905,596	\$ 5,341,031	\$	16,116,434



#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

#### **Budgeted:**

<u>Transportation Fund</u> – (Elementary and High School) To account for revenue and expenditures for the District's pupil transportation programs.

Bus Depreciation Fund (Elementary and High School) To account for the replacement of District owned-buses.

<u>Tuition Fund</u> – (Elementary and High School) To account for tuition payments for pupils who are residents of the district but attend school outside the district.

Technology Acquisition Fund – (Elementary and High School) To account for the purchase and maintenance of a portion of the District's technological assets.

<u>Flexibility Fund</u> – (Elementary and High School) To account for revenues and expenditures for authorized purposes established by the Montana Legislature.

Adult Education – (High School) To account for revenue and expenditures involved with the adult education program.

#### **Non-Budgeted:**

Food Services Fund - (High School) To account for the District's food services program.

Miscellaneous Local, State & Federal Grant Funds – (Elementary and High School) To account for Federal, State and Local grants and indirect cost monies received by the district.

<u>Student Club Extracurricular Funds</u> – (Elementary and High School) To account for revenue and expenditures involved with middle and high school student club extracurricular activities.

<u>Drivers Education Fund</u> – (High School) To account for expenditures related to Drivers Education and the corresponding tuition charged.

Nonexpendable High School Endowment – To account for investment earnings on existing corpus and previous earnings. This is reinvested until a desired overall level is attained in which scholarships will be awarded from the spendable portion of this fund.

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	ementary nsportation	nentary Bus	ementary Tuition	E	lementary Grants	Te	ementary echnology equisition	Stu	mentary lent Club curricular
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 508,226	\$ 310,275	\$ 251,179	\$	36,472	\$	447,248	\$	92,297
Investments	<u>-</u>	-	-		-				-
Property taxes receivable	42,797	-	6,685		<u>-</u>		16,472		-
Due from other governments	203,582	-	218		1,607,007		539		-
Accounts receivable	-	-	-		45,911		-		-
Inventory, at cost	-	-	-		-		-		-
Prepaid items	 -	 -	-		18,092		347,587		-
Total assets	\$ 754,605	\$ 310,275	\$ 258,082	\$	1,707,482	\$	811,846	\$	92,297
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,502	\$	\$ 2,500	\$	9,671	\$	11,128	\$	1,008
Due to other funds	-	-	-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		 	 -		2,550		-		-
Total liabilities	 1,502	 	 2,500		12,221		11,128		1,008
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	42,797	-	6,685		-		16,472		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 42,797		6,685				16,472		
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable	-	-	-		18,092		347,587		-
Restricted	710,306	310,275	248,897		241,124		436,659		-
Committed	-				1,436,045		_		91,289
Total fund balances	710,306	310,275	248,897		1,695,261		784,246		91,289
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	 								
resources, and fund balances	\$ 754,605	\$ 310,275	\$ 258,082	\$	1,707,482	\$	811,846	\$	92,297

(Continued)

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	gh School	gh School Bus preciation	High School Food Services		igh School Tuition	Hi	gh School Grants	igh School  Adult  Education	•	gh School Drivers ducation	Te	gh School echnology equisition
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 351,467	\$ 310,545	\$ 1,681,002	\$	404,368	\$	964,219	\$ 148,540	\$	122,469	\$	277,929
Investments	-	-	-		-		-	-		-		-
Property taxes receivable	18,549	-	-		6,732		-	11,720		-		7,082
Due from other governments	110,130	-	19,244		207		3,727	352		42,200		214
Accounts receivable	-	-	-		-		20,480	-		-		-
Inventory, at cost	-	-	32,791		-		-	-		-		-
Prepaid items	 	 -			-		-	 -		-		65,376
Total assets	\$ 480,146	\$ 310,545	\$ 1,733,037	\$	411,307	\$	988,426	\$ 160,612	\$	164,669	\$	350,601
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 52	\$ -	\$ 3,648	\$	5,570	\$	4,723	\$ 3,960	\$	49	\$	1,909
Due to other funds	-	-	-		-		-	-		-		-
Unearned revenue	 	 	115,453	_			12,400	 		-		
Total liabilities	 52	-	119,101		5,570		17,123	 3,960		49		1,909
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	18,549	-	-		6,732		-	11,720		-		7,082
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,549	-	-	_	6,732		-	11,720		-		7,082
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable	_	-	32,791		-		-	-		-		65,376
Restricted	461,545	310,545	-		399,005		114,053	144,932		-		276,234
Committed	-	-	1,581,145		-		857,250	-		164,620		-
Total fund balances	 461,545	 310,545	1,613,936		399,005		971,303	 144,932		164,620		341,610
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	\$ 480,146	\$ 310,545	\$ 1,733,037	\$	411,307	\$	988,426	\$ 160,612	\$	164,669	\$	350,601

(Continued)

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

ACCETC	High School Flexibility		High School Student Club Extracurricular		Nonexpendable High School Endowment			Totals
ASSETS Cook and cook againstants	\$	22.520	\$	625,641	\$	5,105	\$	6 550 521
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Þ	22,539	Þ	023,041	Э	5,105 967,178	Э	6,559,521 967,178
Property taxes receivable		-		-		907,178		110,037
Due from other governments		-		14,401		<del>-</del>		2,001,821
Accounts receivable		_		11,425		_		77,816
Inventory, at cost		_		11,425		_		32,791
Prepaid items		_		6,384		_		437,439
•	Φ.	22.520	Φ.		Φ.	072.202	Ф.	
Total assets		22,539	\$	657,851	\$	972,283		10,186,603
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	30,636	\$	- - - -	\$	76,356 - 130,403 206,759
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				<u>-</u>				110,037
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-				110,037
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		6,384		287,147		757,377
Restricted		-		-		685,136		4,338,711
Committed		22,539		620,831				4,773,719
Total fund balances		22,539		627,215		972,283		9,869,807
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	22,539	\$	657,851	\$	972,283	\$	10,186,603

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Transportation	Elementary Bus Depreciation	Elementary Tuition	Elementary Grants	Elementary Technology Acquisition	Elementary Flexibility	Elementary Student Club Extracurricular
Revenues:	4 1001201	<b>A</b>	<b>A 25</b> 0 <b>55</b> 0		¢ 602.025		Φ.
District property taxes	\$ 1,804,281	\$ -	\$ 279,779	\$ -	\$ 693,027	\$ -	\$ -
Tuition and fees	-	4.210	2 400	1,415	4.517	-	-
Investment earnings	6,715	4,319	2,490	987	4,517	-	-
Other district revenue	- 202 172	-	-	906,457	43,643	-	117,407
Gallatin County	202,172	-	-	-	-		-
State of Montana	202,172	-	-	1,568,258	27,735	3,724	-
Federal	-		-	3,615,759	-		
Total revenues	2,215,340	4,319	282,269	6,092,876	768,922	3,724	117,407
Expenditures:							
Current -							
Instruction	-	-	437,286	3,540,895	328,724	3,724	-
Support services	-	-	1,863	2,397,279	13,978	-	-
General administration	77,577	-	-	173,402	322,113	-	-
Building administration	-	_	-	41,721	-	-	_
Operations and maintenance	3,841	-	-	4,149	-	-	-
Student transportation	2,072,467	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food services	-	_	-	2,826	-	-	_
Extracurricular activities	-	_	-	79,179	-	-	110,044
Capital outlay	(1,942)	-	-	-	459,470	_	<u>-</u>
Debt Service -							
Lease and Subscription Principal Payments	-	-	-	-	117,752	_	_
Total expenditures	2,151,943		439,149	6,239,451	1,242,037	3,724	110,044
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	400	_	_	-	_	_
Software subscription	_	-	_	_	45,680	_	<u>-</u>
Leases	_	_	_	_	316,201	_	<u>-</u>
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Transfers out	_	_	_	(8,606)	-	_	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		400		(8,606)	361,881		
Net change in fund balances	63,397	4,719	(156,880)	(155,181)	(111,234)	-	7,363
Fund balances, beginning of year	646,909	305,556	405,777	1,850,442	895,480		83,926
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 710,306	\$ 310,275	\$ 248,897	\$ 1,695,261	\$ 784,246	\$ -	\$ 91,289

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Revenues:	High Schoo		High School Food Services	High School Tuition	High School Grants	High School Adult Education	High School Drivers Education	High School Technology Acquisition
District property taxes	\$ 723,6	530 \$ -	s -	\$ 264,792	\$ -	\$ 458,866	s -	\$ 276,948
Tuition and fees	\$ 723,0		1,746,038	\$ 204,792		552	100,341	\$ 270,948
Investment earnings	3 3	386 4,321	20,692	2,066	1,059	1,627	635	2,210
Other district revenue	2,-	4,521	31,200	2,000	733,696	1,027	-	43,524
Gallatin County	109,5	573	51,200		733,070		_	43,324
State of Montana	109,5		4,698	_	847,529		42,200	16,778
Federal	107,5		830,076	_	157,453	_	42,200	10,776
Total revenues	946,1		2,632,704	266,858	1,739,737	461,045	143,176	339,460
Total revenues	940,1	4,321	2,032,704	200,838	1,/39,/3/	401,043	143,170	339,400
Expenditures:								
Current -								
Instruction			-	177,408	357,777	297,692	120,815	252,105
Support services			-	-	270,106	5,090	-	5,700
General administration	77,5	- 576	29,209	-	95,563	10	1,181	178,510
Building administration			-	-	3,948	167,711	34,962	-
Operations and maintenance	3,8	- 341	-	-	1,029	-	-	-
Student transportation	824,3	- 346	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food services			2,385,542	-	28	-	-	-
Extracurricular activities			-	-	476,286	-	-	-
Capital outlay	(1,9	942) -	-	-	48,824	-	-	111,135
Debt Service -								
Lease and Subscription Principal Payments		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					27,841
Total expenditures	903,8	- 321	2,414,751	177,408	1,253,561	470,503	156,958	575,291
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of assets		- 400	-	-	-	-	-	-
Software subscription			-	-	-	-	-	45,681
Leases			-	-	-	-	-	60,228
Transfers in			-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out			-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		- 400	-	-		-	-	105,909
Net change in fund balances	42,3	341 4,721	217,953	89,450	486,176	(9,458)	(13,782)	(129,922)
Fund balances, beginning of year	419,2	204 305,824	1,395,983	309,555	485,127	154,390	178,402	471,532
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 461,5	\$ 310,545	\$ 1,613,936	\$ 399,005	\$ 971,303	\$ 144,932	\$ 164,620	\$ 341,610

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

n.	High School Flexibility			High School Student Club Extracurricular		Nonexpendable High School Endowment		Totals
Revenues:	¢.		¢.		¢.		¢.	4 501 333
District property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,501,323
Tuition and fees		-		-		-		1,848,346
Investment earnings		29		-		70,156		125,209
Other district revenue		-		1,394,421		-		3,270,348
Gallatin County		- -		-		-		311,745
State of Montana		22,510		-		-		2,845,177
Federal		-		-				4,603,288
Total revenues		22,539		1,394,421		70,156		17,505,436
Expenditures:								
Current -								
Instruction		-		-		-		5,516,426
Support services		-		-		-		2,694,016
General administration		-		-		-		955,141
Building administration		-		-		-		248,342
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-		12,860
Student transportation		-		-		-		2,896,813
Food services		-		-		-		2,388,396
Extracurricular activities		-		1,354,718		-		2,020,227
Capital outlay		-		-		-		615,545
Debt Service -								
Lease and Subscription Principal Payments		_		_		-		145,593
Total expenditures		-		1,354,718		-		17,493,359
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of asset		_		_		_		800
Software subscription		_		_		-		91,361
Leases		_		_		_		376,429
Transfers in		_		_		_		-
Transfers out		_		_		_		(8,606)
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		-		-		459,984
Net change in fund balances		22,539		39,703		70,156		472,061
Fund balances, beginning of year				587,512		902,127		9,397,746
Fund balances, end of year	\$	22,539	\$	627,215	\$	972,283	\$	9,869,807

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ELEMENTARY TRANSPORTATION AND ELEMENTARY BUS DEPRECIATION FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Transportation							Elementary Bus Depreciation					
		Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		Original and Final Budget		Actual		P	ariance - Positive Regative)	
Revenues:		_				_							
District property taxes	\$	1,812,132	\$	1,804,281	\$	(7,851)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Investment earnings		1,500		6,715		5,215		500		4,319		3,819	
Gallatin County		245,912		202,172		(43,740)		-		_		_	
State of Montana		245,912		202,172		(43,740)		-					
Total revenues		2,305,456		2,215,340		(90,116)		500		4,319		3,819	
Expenditures:													
Current -													
General administration		78,478		77,577		901		-		-		-	
Building administration		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Operations and maintenance		800		1,899		(1,099)		-		-		-	
Student transportation		2,381,027		2,072,467		308,560		306,056				306,056	
Total expenditures		2,460,305		2,151,943		308,362		306,056				306,056	
Other financing sources (uses):													
Proceeds from sale of asset		-		-		-		-		400		(400)	
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		-				-				400		(400)	
Net change in fund balances		(154,849)		63,397		218,246		(305,556)		4,719		309,475	
Fund balances, beginning of year	ī	646,909		646,909				305,556		305,556			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	492,060	\$	710,306	\$	218,246	\$		\$	310,275	\$	309,475	

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ELEMENTARY TUITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Tuition								
	-	Original			V	ariance -			
	a	nd Final			F	ositive			
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues:									
District property taxes	\$	280,283	\$	279,779	\$	(504)			
Investment earnings		-		2,490		2,490			
Other district revenue		-		-		-			
Gallatin County						_			
Total revenues		280,283		282,269		1,986			
Expenditures:									
Current -									
Instruction		656,060		437,286		218,774			
Support services		30,000		1,863		28,137			
General administration		-		-		-			
Building administration		-		-		-			
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-			
Student transportation		-		-		-			
Food Services		-		-		-			
Extracurricular activities						-			
Total expenditures		686,060		439,149		246,911			
Net change in fund balances		(405,777)		(156,880)		248,897			
Fund balances, beginning of year		405,777		405,777					
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	248,897	\$	248,897			

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ELEMENTARY TECHNOLOGY ACQUISITION AND ELEMENTARY FLEXIBILITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Technology Acquisition							Elementary Flexibility					
	aı	Original nd Final Budget	Actual		I	ariance - Positive Jegative)	and	riginal l Final udget	A	sctual	Posi	ance - itive ative)	
Revenues:													
District property taxes	\$	693,027	\$	693,027	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Investment earnings		1,500		4,517		3,017		-		-		-	
Other district revenue		-		43,643		43,643		-		-		-	
State of Montana		27,735		27,735				3,724		3,724			
Total revenues		722,262		768,922		46,660		3,724		3,724			
Expenditures:													
Current -													
Instruction		1,604,046		328,724		1,275,322		3,724		3,724		-	
Support services		13,696		13,978		(282)		-	-			-	
General administration		-		322,113		(322,113)		-	-			-	
Building administration		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		450,110		(450,110)		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		1,617,742		1,114,925		502,817		3,724		3,724			
Other financing sources (uses):													
Software subscription		_		29,635		29,635		-		-		-	
Leases		_		205,134		205,134		-		-		-	
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		-		234,769		234,769				_			
Net change in fund balances		(895,480)		(111,234)		784,246		-		-		-	
Fund balances, beginning of year		895,480		895,480						_			
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	784,246	\$	784,246	\$	_	\$	_	\$		

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### HIGH SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION AND HIGH SCHOOL BUS DEPRECIATION FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	High School Transportation						High School Bus Depreciation																	
	a	Original nd Final Budget		Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)		Original and Final Budget		Actual		1	ariance - Positive legative)												
Revenues:																								
District property taxes	\$	725,722	\$	723,630	\$	(2,092)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-												
Investment earnings		500		3,386		2,886		500		4,321		3,821												
Gallatin County		140,605		109,573		(31,032)		-		-		-												
State of Montana		140,605		109,573		(31,032)		-		-		-												
Total revenues		1,007,432		946,162		(61,270)		500		4,321		3,821												
Expenditures:																								
Current -																								
General administration		78,478		77,576		902		-		-		_												
Operations and maintenance		800		1,899		(1,099)		-		-		-												
Student transportation		1,109,585		824,346		285,239		306,324		-		306,324												
Total expenditures		1,188,863		903,821		285,042		306,324		-		306,324												
Excess (deficiency of revenue over expenditures		(181,431)		42,341		223,772		(305,824)		4,321		310,145												
Other financing sources (uses):																								
Proceeds from sale of asset		-		-		-		-		400		400												
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>		-		-		-				400		400												
Net changes in fund balances		(181,431)		42,341		223,772		(305,824)		4,721		310,545												
Fund balances, beginning of year		419,204		419,204				305,824		305,824														
Fund balances, end of year	\$	56,342	\$	503,886	\$	447,544	\$	(305,824)	\$	315,666	\$	621,490												

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HIGH SCHOOL TUITION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	High School Tuition										
		Original			V	ariance -					
	aı	nd Final			P	ositive					
		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)					
Revenues:											
District property taxes	\$	270,585	\$	264,792	\$	(5,793)					
Investment earnings		-		2,066		2,066					
Other district revenue		-		-		-					
Gallatin County		-		-		-					
State of Montana		_		-		-					
Total revenues		270,585		266,858		(3,727)					
Expenditures:											
Current -											
Instruction		500,140		177,408		322,732					
Support services		80,000		-		80,000					
General administration		-		-		-					
Building administration		-		-		-					
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-					
Student transportation		-		-		-					
Food services		-		-		-					
Extracurricular activities				-							
Total expenditures		580,140		177,408		402,732					
Net change in fund balances		(309,555)		89,450		399,005					
Fund balances, beginning of year		309,555		309,555							
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	399,005	\$	399,005					

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HIGH SCHOOL ADULT EDUCATION AND HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY ACQUISITION FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Hi	ol Adult Educ		High School Technology Acquisition							
	Original and Final Budget	Variance - Positive Actual (Negative)		Original and Final Budget			Actual	I	Variance - Positive Negative)		
Revenues:											
District property taxes	\$ 459,502		458,866	\$	(636)	\$	278,036	\$	276,948	\$	(1,088)
Tuition and fees	10,500		552		(9,948)		-		-		-
Investment earnings	500		1,627		1,127		1,500		2,210		710
Other district revenue			-		-		_		43,524		43,524
State of Montana	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					16,778		16,778		
Total revenues	470,502		461,045		(9,457)		296,314		339,460		43,146
Expenditures:											
Current -											
Instruction	254,312		297,692		(43,380)		762,368		252,105		510,263
Support services	6,230		5,090		1,140		5,478		5,700		(222)
General administration	23,805		10		23,795		_		178,510		(178,510)
Building administration	186,155		167,711		18,444		_		_		-
Capital outlay			-		-		-		101,775		(101,775)
<b>Total expenditures</b>	470,502		470,503		(1)		767,846		538,090		229,756
Other financing sources (uses):											
Software subscription			-		-		-		29,635		29,635
Leases			-		-		-		39,073		39,073
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>			-		-				68,708		68,708
Net change in fund balances			(9,458)		(9,458)		(471,532)		(129,922)		341,610
Fund balances, beginning of year	154,390	_	154,390				471,532		471,532		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 154,390	\$	144,932	\$	(9,458)	\$	_	\$	341,610	\$	341,610

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS HIGH SCHOOL FLEXIBILITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	High School Flexibility								
	Ori	Va	riance -						
	and	Final			Positive				
	Bu		Actual	(Negative)					
Revenues:				_		_			
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	29	\$	29			
State of Montana		22,510		22,510		-			
Total revenues	-	22,510		22,539		29			
Expenditures:									
Current -									
Instruction		22,510		-		22,510			
Total expenditures		22,510				22,510			
Net change in fund balances		-		22,539		22,539			
Fund balances, beginning of year						<del>-</del>			
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	22,539	\$	22,539			

#### **Nonmajor and Major Debt Service Funds**

#### **Budgeted:**

#### Nonmajor –

<u>Elementary School Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt Service funds are used to account for the annual payment of principal, interest, and expenditures on long-term obligation debt. Under State of Montana statutes, this fund may also be used to pay special improvement district assessment charges against District-owned property.

#### Major -

<u>High School Debt Service Fund</u> - Debt Service funds are used to account for the annual payment of principal, interest, and expenditures on long-term obligation debt. Under State of Montana statutes, this fund may also be used to pay special improvement district assessment charges against District-owned property. (**note:** Only Budget to Actual schedule presented in this section)

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Debt Service	Totals
ASSETS	Deat Bervice	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,224	\$ 40,224
Property taxes receivable	113,306	113,306
Due from other governments	865,372	865,372
Total assets	\$ 1,018,902	\$ 1,018,902
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 113,306	\$ 113,306
Total deferred inflows of resources	113,306	113,306
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted	905,596	905,596
Total fund balance	905,596	905,596
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,018,902	\$ 1,018,902

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Debt Service	Totals		
Revenues:				
District property taxes	\$ 4,719,136	\$ 4,719,136		
Investment earnings	28,000	28,000		
Other district revenue	863,000	863,000		
Total revenues	5,610,136	5,610,136		
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Operations and maintenance	83,105	83,105		
Debt service -				
Principal retirement	3,910,000	3,910,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,614,927	1,614,927		
Total expenditures	5,608,032	5,608,032		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,104	2,104		
Net changes in fund balances	2,104	2,104		
Fund balances, beginning of year	903,492	903,492		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 905,596	\$ 905,596		

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Nonmajor Major Elementary Debt Service High School Debt Service Original Variance -Original Variance and Final Positive and Final Positive Budget Actual (Negative) Budget Actual (Negative) **Revenues:** 4,713,637 4,719,136 5,499 11,413,060 (4,804)District property taxes 11,417,864 28,000 21,847 Investment earnings 4,000 24,000 3,000 24,847 Other district revenue 863,000 863,000 750,000 750,000 5,610,136 892,499 **Total revenues** 4,717,637 11,420,864 12,187,907 767,043 **Expenditures:** Current -Operations and maintenance 100,000 83,105 16,895 91,202 (91,202)Debt service -Principal retirement 3,910,000 3,910,000 7,315,000 7,315,000 Interest and fiscal charges 1,611,129 1,614,927 4,799,450 214,551 (3,798)5,014,001 5,608,032 13,097 **Total expenditures** 5,621,129 12,329,001 12,205,652 123,349 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (903,492)2,104 905,596 (908, 137)(17,745)890,392 (903,492)2,104 905,596 (17,745)890,392 Net changes in fund balances (908, 137)Fund balances, beginning of year 903,492 903,492 806,457 806,457 Fund balances, end of year 905,596 905,596 (101,680)890,392

### Nonmajor and Major Capital Projects Funds

### **Budgeted:**

#### Nonmajor -

<u>Elementary School Building Reserve Fund</u> - To account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition, construction or repair of major capital facilities.

### Major -

<u>High School Building Reserve Fund</u> - To account for financial resources segregated for the acquisition, construction or repair of major capital facilities. (**note:** Only Budget to Actual schedule presented in this section)

### Non-budgeted:

Elementary Building - To account for construction of new elementary schools and for the remodeling of existing facilities.

High School Building - To account for construction of new high schools and for the remodeling of existing facilities

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Elementary Building	Elementary Building Reserve		High School Building			Totals
ASSETS	¢.	1.766.904	¢	2 5 4 6 4 4 6	¢.	100	¢	5 212 520
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,766,894	\$	3,546,446	\$	189	\$	5,313,529
Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable		97.407		47,783		-		47,783
		87,407		- 1 557		-		87,407
Due from other governments				1,557				1,557
Total assets	\$	1,854,301	\$	3,595,786	\$	189	\$	5,450,276
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Total liabilities		29,604 29,604		31,858 31,858		<u>-</u>		61,462 61,462
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				47,783		-		47,783
Total deferred inflows of resources				47,783				47,783
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		1,824,697		3,516,145		189		5,341,031
Total fund balances		1,824,697		3,516,145		189		5,341,031
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,854,301	\$	3,595,786	\$	189	\$	5,450,276

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Elementary Building	Elementary Building Reserve	High School Building	Totals
Revenues:	Φ.	<b>A. A. A. A. A. A. A. A.</b>	Φ.	ф. <b>2</b> 00 <b>2 2</b> 01
District property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,002,291	\$ -	\$ 2,002,291
Investment earnings	17,762	27,046	-	44,808
Other district revenue	259,464	-	-	259,464
State of Montana		84,425		84,425
Total revenues	277,226	2,113,762		2,390,988
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Support services	-	383,254	-	383,254
Operations and maintenance	304,755	788,067	-	1,092,822
Capital outlay		380,212		380,212
Total expenditures	304,755	1,551,533		1,856,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(27,529)	562,229		534,700
Other financing sources (uses):				
Insurance proceeds		6,812	-	6,812
Proceeds from sale of assets	39,000			39,000
<b>Total other financing sources (uses)</b>	39,000	6,812		45,812
Net changes in fund balances	11,471	569,041	-	580,512
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,813,226	2,947,104	189	4,760,519
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,824,697	\$ 3,516,145	\$ 189	\$ 5,341,031

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR AND NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Nonmajor Elementary Building Reserve					Major High School Building Reserve					
	Original and Final Budget		Actual		7	Variance - Positive Negative)	Original and Final Budget		Actual		V	Variance - Positive Negative)
Revenues:		_		_		_		_	<u> </u>			
District property taxes	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,002,291	\$	2,291	\$	2,294,137	\$	2,303,158	\$	9,021
Investment earnings		4,000		27,046		23,046		7,500		105,550		98,050
Other district revenue		-		-		-		-		292,073		292,073
State of Montana		84,425		84,425				43,566		43,566		
Total revenues		2,088,425		2,113,762		25,337		2,345,203		2,744,347		399,144
Expenditures:												
Current -												
Instruction		-		-		-		2,719,172		16,210		2,702,962
Support services		84,425		383,254		(298,829)		-		232,586		(232,586)
General Administration		-		-		-		-		2,003		(2,003)
Operations and maintenance		4,482,079		788,067		3,694,012		8,371,910		1,508,799		6,863,111
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-		132,454		(132,454)
Capital outlay		469,025		380,212		88,813		242,034		895,931		(653,897)
Total expenditures		5,035,529		1,551,533		3,483,996		11,333,116		2,787,983		8,545,133
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,947,104)		562,229		3,509,333		(8,987,913)		(43,636)		8,944,277
Other financing sources (uses):												
Insurance proceeds		-		6,812		6,812		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		6,812		6,812		-		-		_
Net change in fund balances		(2,947,104)		569,041		3,516,145		(8,987,913)		(43,636)		8,944,277
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,947,104		2,947,104				8,987,913		8,987,913		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	_	\$	3,516,145	\$	3,516,145	\$	_	\$	8,944,277	\$	8,944,277

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

### **Internal Service Funds:**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Purchasing</u> – This fund is used to account for supplies and equipment, printing, and mail posting provided by several departments to other departments of the District.

<u>Self-Insurance</u> – This fund is used to account for the insurance premiums collected and claims paid out for employees and retirees of the District and former employees on the COBRA plan.

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Purchasing	Self-Insurance	Totals
ASSETS			
Current assets:	\$ 597.574	\$ 3,733,066	\$ 4.330.640
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory, at cost	\$ 597,574 628	\$ 3,733,066	\$ 4,330,640 628
Flexible accounts deposit	028	36,056	36,056
Due from other governments	_	10	10
Total current assets	598,202	3,769,132	4,367,334
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Machinery and equipment	156,075	24,930	181,005
Less accumulated depreciation	(153,443)	(24,930)	(178,373)
Net capital assets	2,632		2,632
Total assets	600,834	3,769,132	4,369,966
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other postemployment health benefits deferred contributions	_	590,330	590,330
Contribution to pension plans in current fiscal year	-	14,824	14,824
Total deferred outflows of resources		605,154	605,154
Total asset and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 600,834	\$ 4,374,286	\$ 4,975,120
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,021	\$ 930,205	\$ 931,226
Unearned revenue	-	1,382,400	1,382,400
Total current liabilities	1,021	2,312,605	2,313,626
Noncurrent liabilities:		50.224	70.224
Net pension liability	-	70,324	70,324
Other postemployment health benefits  Total noncurrent liabilities		3,859,676	3,859,676
Total noncurrent naomities		3,930,000	3,930,000
Total liabilities	1,021	6,242,605	6,243,626
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Other postemployment health benefits assumption changes	-	1,348,830	1,348,830
Pension deferrals		5,148	5,148
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,353,978	1,353,978
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,632	=	2,632
Unrestricted	597,181	(3,222,297)	(2,625,116)
Total net position	599,813	(3,222,297)	(2,622,484)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			
resources, and net position	\$ 600,834	\$ 4,374,286	\$ 4,975,120

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Operating revenues: Charges for services Charges for wellness services Stop-loss insurance revenue Other district revenue Total operating revenues  Operating expenses: Administrative expenses Communications Contracted Medicare supplement Depreciation Facilities and equipment rental Health, dental and vision claims Minor equipment Minor technology equipment Other expenses Other postemployment health benefits Repairs and maintenance Salaries and benefits Software maintenance Wellness Total operating expenses	Pu	rchasing	Sel	f-Insurance	Totals		
Operating revenues:	-						
Charges for services	\$	239,821	\$	9,032,402	\$	9,272,223	
Charges for wellness services		-		51,636		51,636	
Stop-loss insurance revenue		-		260,485		260,485	
Other district revenue				3,100		3,100	
Total operating revenues		239,821		9,347,623		9,587,444	
Operating expenses:							
Administrative expenses		-		388,845		388,845	
Communications		17,689		4,732		22,421	
Contracted Medicare supplement		-		531,517		531,517	
Depreciation		1,632		-		1,632	
Facilities and equipment rental		53,435		-		53,435	
Health, dental and vision claims		-		8,798,939		8,798,939	
Minor equipment		351		-		351	
Minor technology equipment		21,152		-		21,152	
Other expenses		4,105		-		4,105	
Other postemployment health benefits		-		344,573		344,573	
Repairs and maintenance		107,917		-		107,917	
Salaries and benefits		-		92,121		92,121	
Software maintenance		-		46,091		46,091	
Wellness		<u>-</u> _		203,527		203,527	
Total operating expenses		206,281		10,410,345		10,616,626	
Operating income (loss)		33,540		(1,062,722)		(1,029,182)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment earnings		2,536		30,221		32,757	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,536		30,221		32,757	
Change in net position		36,076		(1,032,501)		(996,425)	
Net position, beginning of year		563,737		(2,189,796)		(1,626,059)	
Net position, end of year	\$	599,813	\$	(3,222,297)	\$	(2,622,484)	

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ALL INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Purchasing	Self-Insurance	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from users	\$ 240,153	\$ 9,124,138	\$ 9,364,291
Receipts from stop-loss insurance claims	-	260,485	260,485
Receipts from donors	-	3,100	3,100
Payments for insurance claims	-	(8,798,939)	(8,798,939)
Payments to employees	-	(92,121)	(92,121)
Payments to suppliers	(204,359)	(1,142,975)	(1,347,334)
Net cash flows from operating activities	35,794	(646,312)	(610,518)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest received	2,536	30,221	32,757
Net cash flows from investing activities	2,536	30,221	32,757
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	38,330	(616,091)	(577,761)
Cash and cash equivalents - 7/01/22	559,244	4,349,157	4,908,401
Cash and cash equivalents - 6/30/23	\$ 597,574	\$ 3,733,066	\$ 4,330,640
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 33,540	\$ (1,062,722)	\$ (1,029,182)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to			
net cash flows from operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,632	-	1,632
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	332	2,006	2,338
(Increase) decrease in inventories	290	-	290
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	-	43,489	43,489
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	-	161,010	161,010
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits	-	198,423	198,423
Net increase (decrease) in pension related deferred			
inflows, deferred outflows and net pension liability	-	(26,612)	(26,612)
Increase (decrease) in unearned insurance premiums		38,094	38,094
Total adjustments	2,254	416,410	418,664
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 35,794	\$ (646,312)	\$ (610,518)

### **Supplemental Information Mandated by Montana Office of Public Instruction**

Montana's Office of Public Instruction mandates that certain information be included in a school district's annual financial statements. These items include: detail of student extracurricular funds by activity and a schedule of enrollment.

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 CHIEF JOSEPH MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Activity		Fund Balance at 7/01/22		Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
Art Club	\$	911	\$	309	\$	161	\$	1,059	
Foreign Language Club		2,020		-		-		2,020	
Drama Club		1		-		-		1	
MBI Club		1,703		500		-		2,203	
Knitting Corner Club		156		-		-		156	
Peer Mediation Club		2,316		-		-		2,316	
Forensics Club		145		820		558		406	
Yearbook Club		4,503		920		-		5,423	
Student Council - 6th Grade Club		1,261		2,751		4,004		9	
Student Council - 7th Grade Club		9,037		2,607		1,532		10,113	
Student Council - 8th Grade Club		2,094		3,628		1,471		4,251	
Miscellaneous Fundraising Club		3,098		7,055		7,145		3,008	
Tech. Ed Club		280		-		-		280	
Bird/Science Club		3,811		4,636		7,037		1,410	
Science Club		857		-		-		857	
Student Projects Club		906		-		-		906	
Music Club		11,527		77,504		76,129		12,902	
Breakfast Club		88		99		186		-	
Horizons Club		3,345		2,707		773		5,279	
Leo Club		2,039		978		660		2,357	
Friends of Reading Club		1,791		2,416		1,323		2,884	
Total	\$	51,887	\$	106,929	\$	100,977	\$	57,839	

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 SACAJAWEA MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Activity		Fund Balance at 7/01/22		Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
Art Club	\$	1,297	\$	142	\$	471	\$	968	
Foreign Language Club		1,007		_		-		1,007	
Drama Club		212		_		_		212	
MBI Club		573		-		-		573	
Knitting Club		374		-		32		342	
Peer Mediation Club		1,192		_		_		1,192	
Speech and Debate Club		1,084		328		323		1,089	
Yearbook Club		6,052		2,349		314		8,087	
Lego Robotics Club		2,466		474		141		2,799	
Student Council Club		8,085		4,550		3,771		8,864	
Select Choir Club		3,126		1,958		314		4,770	
Eclectic String Orchestra Club		960		-		843		117	
Outdoor Club		1,918		-		114		1,805	
Computer Club		172		-		-		172	
Book Buddy Club		2,661		1,166		3,232		595	
Bike Club		861						861	
Total	\$	32,039	\$	10,967	\$	9,556	\$	33,450	

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 BOZEMAN HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2023

Activity		Fund Balance at 7/01/22		Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
BHS Basketball Club	\$	6,126	\$	48,330	\$	37,956	\$	16,500	
BHS Cheerleading Club		1,112		5,525		270		6,367	
BHS Dance Club		17,649		23,113		23,339		17,423	
BHS Fastpitch Club		1,495		4,139		5,054		581	
BHS Football Club		19,804		57,306		54,317		22,793	
BHS Golf Club		4,804		12,757		14,528		3,034	
BHS Lady Hawk B-Ball Club		8,912		49,213		47,390		10,734	
BHS Boys Soccer Club		7,357		16,929		22,514		1,773	
BHS Girls Soccer Club		9,001		16,822		10,382		15,441	
BHS Speech Club		70,306		142,562		141,515		71,353	
BHS Spikers VB Club		13,943		29,481		30,765		12,659	
BHS Swimming Club		3,635		2,050		1,211		4,474	
BHS Tennis Club		1,676		6,100		3,089		4,687	
BHS Track Club		25,718		13,787		15,799		23,706	
BHS Wrestling Club		2,542		10,057		10,173		2,427	
BHS Cross Country Club		8,423		1,350		-		9,773	
BHS Business Professionals Club		-		-		_		-	
BHS Engineering Club		226		_		_		226	
BHS Woodworking Club		251		_		_		251	
BHS Deca Club		10,898		92,674		92,161		11,411	
BHS Photo Club		683		15		-		698	
BHS Robotics Club		2,088		-		620		1,468	
BHS Auto Shop Fund Club		2,000		_		-		-	
BHS Skills USA Club		1,039		_		_		1,039	
BHS Art Club		1,721		380		_		2,101	
BHS Drama Club		7,321		10,324		8.506		9,138	
BHS Costa Rica Science Trip Fund Club		147		10,524		-		147	
BHS Solar Panel Club		32,988		5,765		53		38,700	
BHS FCCLA Club		3,348		720		762		3,306	
BHS Spanish Honor Society Club		226		140		202		164	
BHS French Club		638		460		-		1,098	
BHS German Club		1,755		28,294		28,101		1,947	
BHS HOSA Club		2,836		2,739		1,775		3,799	
BHS Jewelry Guild Club		2,836 526		2,739		526		3,199	
BHS Latin Club		36						-	
DIS Lauri Ciub		36		-		-		36	
Subtotal	\$	269,231	\$	581,033	\$	551,009	\$	299,255	

(Continued)

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 BOZEMAN HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2023

Activity	Balance at //01/22	A	Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
BHS MUN Club	\$ 2,362	\$	770	\$	2,676	\$	456	
BHS Native American Club	180		1,160		389		951	
BHS Advanced Culinary Club	3,743		254		1,162		2,835	
BHS Project Excel Club Club	3,706		-		-		3,706	
BHS Science Olympiad Club	104		850		363		591	
BHS Spanish Club	147		47		_		194	
BHS Youth Legislature Club	1,784		-		-		1,784	
BHS Wildlife Biology Club	495		-		_		495	
BHS Ski Club	189		-		-		189	
BHS Class of 2020 Club	-		8,274		8,164		110	
BHS Class of 2021 Club	-		-		-		-	
BHS Class of 2022 Club	-		-		-		-	
BHS Prom Club	11,274		11,719		13,969		9,024	
BHS Student Council Club	7,190		22,090		28,166		1,113	
BHS Bridger Charter Academy Club	1,264		-		1,151		113	
BHS Key Club	662		3,432		2,162		1,933	
BHS Leo Club	1,166		1,242		735		1,673	
BHS Human Rights Club	49		-		-		49	
BHS National Honor Society Club	373		1,695		1,025		1,043	
BHS Project X2 Club	5,572		831		2,855		3,547	
BHS Partners Club	6,797		683		1,549		5,931	
BHS SAGA Club	956		3,600		1,676		2,880	
BHS Interact Club	1,182		171		647		705	
BHS Band Club	37,994		46,958		37,154		47,798	
BHS Choir Club	9,981		120,757		130,738		-	
BHS Orchestra Club	5,227		2,768		7,092		904	
BHS Aerie Club	11,317		4,275		528		15,064	
BHS Hawk Tawk Club	68		1,726		651		1,144	
BHS Hawk TV Club	606		-		569		37	
BHS Scribblings Club	351		-		-		351	
BHS Academic Olympics Club	401		1,439		1,235		606	
BHS Academic Worldquest Club	 		2,160		1,728		432	
Total	\$ 384,372	\$	817,935	\$	797,393	\$	404,913	

(Concluded)

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 GALLATIN HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Activity	Fund Balance at 7/01/22		Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
GHS Boys Basketball Club	\$ 8,160	\$	16,745	\$	17,404	\$	7,502	
GHS Cheerleading Club	6,454		27,971		24,436		9,989	
GHS Dance Club	259		29,271		28,800		730	
GHS Fastpitch Club	2,742		30,462		18,514		14,690	
GHS Football Club	8,449		83,751		90,465		1,734	
GHS Golf Club	20,573		16,954		25,037		12,491	
GHS Girls Basketball Club	2,865		7,444		10,309		-	
GHS Boys Soccer Club	5,271		14,503		16,025		3,749	
GHS Girls Soccer Club	10,356		17,380		26,626		1,111	
GHS Speech Club	7,633		17,729		22,669		2,692	
GHS Volleyball Club	29,952		27,731		17,996		39,687	
GHS Swimming Club	4,793		3,573		4,125		4,241	
GHS Tennis Club	1,024		22,901		23,472		453	
GHS Track Club	7,140		658		4,056		3,741	
GHS Wrestling Club	3,455		14,422		11,746		6,132	
GHS Cross Country Club	1,929		1,050		577		2,402	
GHS Rotary Interact Club	-		507		99		408	
GHS Anime Club	-		412		36		376	
GHS Engineering Club	450		6,570		6,519		501	
GHS Woodworking Club			3,025		2,858		167	
GHS DECA Club	9,231		116,247		113,820		11,658	
GHS Art Club	303		11,735		10,916		1,122	
GHS Drama Club	5,685		3,811		5,141		4,355	
GHS FCCLA Club	237		10		189		58	
GHS Spanish Honor Society Club	808		779		446		1,141	
GHS German Club	545		-		-		545	
GHS HOSA Club	3,478		4,724		4,424		3,778	
GHS Native American Club	180		-		´-		180	
GHS Project Excel Club	155		-		-		155	
GHS Science Olympiad Club	251		917		49		1,118	
GHS Spanish Club			297		208		88	
GHS Class of 2023 Club	6,091		-		6,091		-	
GHS Prom Club	3,000		15,546		3,776		14,770	
Total	\$ 151,467	\$	497,124	\$	496,827	\$	151,764	

(Continued)

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 GALLATIN HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT EXTRACURRICULAR FUND ACTIVITY DETAIL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Activity		Fund Balance at 7/01/22		Additions		Deductions		Fund Balance at 6/30/23	
GHS Student Council Club	\$	27,008	\$	17,562	\$	13,396	\$	31,173	
GHS Key Club	•	3,191	,	10,377	,	6,141	•	7,427	
GHS National Honor Society Club		2,463		1,150		1,783		1,830	
GHS Project X2 Club		654		550		40		1,164	
GHS Partners Club		4,338		1,390		833		4,895	
GHS SAGA Club		1,019		1,200		351		1,868	
GHS Band Club		2,658		35,469		36,252		1,875	
GHS Choir Club		7,904		10,124		6,042		11,987	
GHS Orchestra Club		(22)		9,793		8,711		1,060	
GHS Yearbook Club		2,407		5,385		4,646		3,146	
GHS Raptor Report Club		-		3,086		1,541		1,545	
GHS Raptor Rods Club		-		2,200		1,500		700	
GHS Jewelry Guild Club		-		3,358		2,679		679	
GHS Academic Worldquest Club		-		500		100		400	
GHS Plant Club		51		845		108		788	
Total	\$	203,140	\$	600,112	\$	580,950	\$	222,302	

(Concluded)

### Other Supplemental Information

Appendix A

School Year 2022-2023 Enrollment/ANB Schedule

Students Grade K – 8

Fiscal Year FY 2023

Full-Time Students:

Fall Enrollment-El District	MAEFAIRS Reports	District Reports	Difference
Kindergarten Half Day	0	0	0
Kindergarten Full Day	530	530	0
Grades 1-6	3,052	3,052	0
Grades 7-8	1,070	1,070	0
Spring Enrollment-El District	MAEFAIRS	District	Difference
Spring Enrollment-Er District	Reports	Reports	Difference
Kindergarten Half Day	0	0	0
Kindergarten Full Day	533	533	0
Grades 1-6	3,055	3,055	0

Part Time Students:

Fall Enrollment-El District	Per N	MAEFAIRS Enr	ollment Repo	rts		Per Distri	ct Reports		
Grade	<180 hrs/yr	180-359	360-539	540-719	<180	180-359	360-539	540-719	Difference
Grade	<160 III 3/ yI	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	Difference
K-Half	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
K-Full	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
Grades 1-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grades 7-8	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Spring Enrollment-El District	Pei	r MAEFAIRS Re	eports Report	s		Per Distri	t Reports		
Crado	<100 brs /ur	180-359	360-539	540-719	<180	180-359	360-539	540-719	Difference
Grade	<180 hrs/yr	180-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	<180 hrs/yr	180-359 hrs/yr	360-539 hrs/yr	540-719 hrs/yr	Difference
Grade K-Half	<180 hrs/yr								Difference 0
	.,	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	
K-Half	0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	hrs/yr 0	0

#### Students Grade 9 – 12:

Full-Time Students:

Fall Enrollment-HS District	MAEFAIRS Reports	District Reports	Difference
Grade 9 - 12	2,630	2,630	0
19-year olds included	3	3	0
Job Corps	0	0	0
Youth challenge	6	6	0
Control Francisco Historia	MAEFAIRS	District	- · · · ·
Spring Enrollment-HS District	Reports	Reports	Difference
Grade 9 - 12	Reports 2,587	Reports 2,587	0
	•		
Grade 9 - 12	2,587	2,587	0
Grade 9 - 12 19-year olds included	2,587 3	2,587 3	0

Part Time Students:

Fall Enrollment-HS District	Per N	MAEFAIRS Enr	ollment Repo	rts	Per District Reports				
Grade	<180 hrs/yr	180-359	360-539	540-719	<180	180-359	360-539	540-719	Difference
		hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	
Grade 9 - 12	3	3	3	7	3	3	3	7	0
Spring Enrollment-HS District	Per N	MAEFAIRS Enr	ollment Repo	rts	Per District Reports				
Crado	<100 bro /ur	180-359	360-539	540-719	<180	180-359	360-539	540-719	Difference
Grade	<180 hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	Difference
Grade 9 - 12	4	5	6	5	4	5	6	5	0



### STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This section of the Bozeman School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents statistical information as an added tool to better understand what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information is saying about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	156
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and position have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	161
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source – the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	168
These debt capacity schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	172
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activity takes place.	
Operating Information	174
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to better help the reader interpret how the information in the District's financial report correspond to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	

Table 1

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (1)	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$44,554,505	\$50,406,598	\$53,028,385	\$52,358,871	\$51,973,114	\$60,340,748	\$67,692,220	\$72,067,216	\$78,746,717	\$ 84,269,380
Restricted	10,415,989	9,898,371	10,916,375	14,626,706	17,974,372	18,672,551	20,297,869	21,224,673	22,576,985	22,972,203
Unrestricted	4,360,299	(39,754,030)	(38,114,429)	(37,468,356)	(41,542,617)	(35,496,544)	(39,221,049)	(43,132,633)	(44,268,534)	(49,177,486)
Total governmental activities net position	\$59,330,793	\$20,550,939	\$25,830,331	\$29,517,221	\$28,404,869	\$43,516,755	\$48,769,040	\$50,159,256	\$57,055,168	\$ 58,064,097

2020 - The net investment in capital assets reported in the FY 2020 column has been lowered by \$1,703,271 to report the effect of a prior period adjustment presented on the June 30, 2021, Statement of Activities.

**Note:** The Bozeman School District implemented the new standards for reporting pension activity required by GASB Statement 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015, the new standard for other postemployment benefits activity required by GASB Statement 75 in fiscal year 2018, early implemented GASB Statement 84 regarding fiduciary activities in fiscal year 2019, and finally implemented the new standards for leases and SBITDA's required by GASB Statements 87 and 96 in fiscal year 2023.

Table 2

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (1)	2021	2022	2023
Governmental activities:	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2013	2020	2021	2022	2023
Instruction	\$ 35.618.686	\$ 35.354.198	\$ 37,265,828	\$ 42,124,323	\$ 43,026,874	\$ 43,667,751	\$ 49.142.340	\$ 54,365,339	\$ 51.031.172	\$ 53.081.226
Support services	8,887,042	9,941,072	10,288,823	10,761,333	11,168,070	11,343,464	11,751,109	12,362,208	11,618,857	11,700,519
General administration	2,815,439	3,413,430	3,329,484	3,672,373	3,955,888	3,892,055	4,578,917	4,761,408	4,560,069	5,044,840
Building administration	3,614,781	4,085,993	4,001,440	4,286,364	4,427,837	4,642,232	5,315,904	6,158,378	6,027,883	6,789,186
•	6,443,041	6,311,684	5,673,633	6,246,085	6,745,515	9,982,952	9,034,506	8,094,242	8,452,853	9,067,343
Operations and maintenance										
Student transportation Food services	2,193,615	2,339,489	2,434,259	2,319,235	2,486,481	2,511,789	2,187,375	3,187,980	2,701,997	2,956,311
	2,148,983	1,906,087	2,005,265	2,179,268	2,022,080	1,994,843	2,461,310	1,836,680	2,406,349	2,986,375
Extracurricular activities	1,170,210	1,507,974	1,465,920	1,560,728	1,652,681	3,037,684	2,596,539	2,946,856	3,929,375	4,102,367
Unallocated depreciation	3,387,281	3,643,476	3,919,169	4,056,661	4,530,430	5,046,184	5,443,235	6,747,039	7,734,291	8,477,297
Interest and fiscal charges	3,517,576	2,683,339	2,934,288	2,898,000	6,531,974	5,975,573	6,455,819	5,881,078	4,982,403	5,305,406
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 69,796,654	\$ 71,186,742	\$ 73,318,109	\$ 80,104,370	\$ 86,547,830	\$ 92,094,527	\$ 98,967,054	\$106,341,208	\$ 103,445,249	\$ 109,510,870
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Instruction	\$ 859,372	\$ 700,800	\$ 710,250	\$ 688,342	\$ 703,800	\$ 787,185	\$ 773,257	\$ 843,154	\$ 932,191	\$ 975,296
Food services	1,180,670	1,042,607	1,253,628	1,402,986	1,346,085	1,410,177	1,094,725	398,011	478,220	1,916,427
Other functional activities	711,686	1,025,050	798,034	1,242,787	1,253,858	1,360,210	1,251,209	687,853	1,389,404	1,527,246
Operating grants and contributions	11,039,331	10,441,288	10,884,477	10,572,999	10,669,076	12,409,589	15,227,118	16,959,107	18,219,262	12,211,206
Capital grants and contributions	27,358	2,326,971	133,064	231,315	156,003	207,756	322,874		14,800	
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$ 13,818,417	\$ 15,536,716	\$ 13,779,453	\$ 14,138,429	\$ 14,128,822	\$ 16,174,917	\$ 18,669,183	\$ 18,888,125	\$ 21,033,877	\$ 16,630,175
Total governmental activities net expense	\$ (55,978,237)	\$ (55,650,026)	\$ (59,538,656)	\$ (65,965,941)	\$ (72,419,008)	\$ (75,919,610)	\$ (80,297,871)	\$ (87,453,083)	\$ (82,411,372)	\$ (92,880,695)
General Revenues and Transfers										
Governmental activities:										
General Revenues:										
District property taxes	\$ 30,291,040	\$ 30,381,590	\$ 31,161,445	\$ 33,008,907	\$ 35,963,449	\$ 43,173,454	\$ 44,487,925	\$ 46,271,080	\$ 46,071,208	\$ 48,232,733
Investment earnings	164,158	171,422	228,192	378,296	665,974	2,820,120	1,675,145	443,336	41,470	527,449
Tax increment funding proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,794,637	2,023,252
Unrestricted county distribution - retirement	5,770,760	5,759,010	6,625,912	6,814,815	7,018,292	7,302,635	7,054,632	7,627,797	7,636,829	8,671,860
Unrestricted state equalization	16,080,262	16,757,156	17,734,527	18,795,297	19,163,278	19,867,754	20,529,193	21,481,437	21,478,702	22,560,977
Unrestricted state guaranteed tax base subsidy	2,734,398	3,138,561	3,469,015	4,201,145	4,947,869	6,095,249	5,933,621	6,182,728	6,794,248	6,885,958
Unrestricted state motor vehicle fee reimbursement	1,773,347	1,969,511	1,969,511	1,969,511	65,255	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted state quality educator	1,302,442	1,399,168	1,453,177	1,489,151	1,591,226	1,655,169	1,678,297	1,744,832	1,814,431	1,881,459
Unrestricted state on-behalf pension	-	1,571,377	1,622,924	2,277,460	2,083,447	2,708,996	4,095,752	4,997,664	3,229,674	2,990,445
Unrestricted other state revenue	256,841	754,681	582,126	718,249	242,837	95,770	94,091	93,925	90,735	106,879
Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	(28,781)	-	2,273,272	-	1,500	500	355,350	8,612
Transfers	(2,006,200)									
Total governmental activities general revenues and transfers	\$ 56,367,048	\$ 61,902,476	\$ 64,818,048	\$ 69,652,831	\$ 74,014,899	\$ 83,719,147	\$ 85,550,156	\$ 88,843,299	\$ 89,307,284	\$ 93,889,624
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 388,811	\$ 6,252,450	\$ 5,279,392	\$ 3,686,890	\$ 1,595,891	\$ 7,799,537	\$ 5,252,285	\$ 1,390,216	\$ 6,895,912	\$ 1,008,929
								. ,,		

<sup>(</sup>f) 2020 - Instruction functional expenses have been raised by \$1,037,293 and the Food Service expenses have been raised by \$665,978 to reflect, in total, a \$1,703,271 prior period adjustment that was presented on the June 30, 2021, Statement of Activities

Table 3

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Elementary and High School General subfunds										
Nonspendable	\$ 36,085	\$ 8,986	\$ 7,729	\$ 54,643	\$ 46,382	\$ 50,758	\$ 113,556	\$ 77,968	\$ 143,394	\$ 152,079
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	353,134	443,846	291,534	347,273	485,825	583,467	500,928	437,357	422,520	450,096
Unassigned	3,109,044	4,244,719	4,569,984	4,651,098	4,827,286	4,896,460	5,264,673	5,380,162	5,547,138	5,772,663
Total general fund	\$ 3,498,263	\$ 4,697,551	\$ 4,869,247	\$ 5,053,014	\$ 5,359,493	\$ 5,530,685	\$ 5,879,157	\$ 5,895,487	\$ 6,113,052	\$ 6,374,838
All other governmental fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 291,698	\$ 57,346	\$ 99,959	\$ 122,183	\$ 106,636	\$ 128,609	\$ 501,141	\$ 599,928	\$ 436,966	\$ 793,454
Restricted	13,443,730	10,378,732	33,785,649	20,232,153	114,409,498	62,385,982	53,425,975	29,231,284	22,516,013	22,542,009
Committed	1,613,722	1,966,790	2,116,211	2,311,975	2,306,699	8,702,384	10,790,869	11,995,025	12,983,267	11,534,254
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	(3,883)	-	(183,186)	(508,704)	-	(157,274)	(211,981)	(218,104)	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 15,345,267	\$ 12,402,868	\$ 35,818,633	\$ 22,157,607	\$ 116,822,833	\$ 71,059,701	\$ 64,506,004	\$ 41,608,133	\$ 35,936,246	\$ 34,869,717

Table 4

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (1)	2021	2022	2023
Revenues										
District property taxes	\$29,992,132	\$31,562,546	\$31,443,349	\$32,950,899	\$36,059,072	\$42,870,991	\$44,284,891	\$46,002,691	\$ 46,618,950	\$47,967,955
Tuition and fees	1,349,404	1,223,051	1,423,480	1,588,411	1,551,887	1,615,926	1,245,936	559,701	638,255	1,897,510
Investment earnings	120,319	118,700	187,590	350,335	620, 149	2,751,824	1,608,500	431,256	29,216	494,692
Other district revenue	2,054,037	4,045,874	2,699,956	2,840,115	2,990,357	4,674,485	7, 159, 669	3,062,051	5,483,205	5,574,274
Gallatin County	6,147,312	6, 136, 520	7,018,606	7, 182, 241	7,384,452	7,664,382	7,381,533	7,935,953	7,918,146	8,983,605
State of Montana	26,625,282	28,718,705	29,537,088	31,496,426	32,294,723	34,746,336	36,887,475	38, 325, 794	37,496,356	39,546,226
Federal	3,862,088	3,902,080	4, 162, 866	4,239,056	4,264,635	4, 193, 927	4,247,206	10, 175, 388	11,036,972	4,603,288
Total revenues	70,150,574	75,707,476	76,472,935	80,647,483	85, 165, 275	98,517,871	102,815,210	106,492,834	109, 221, 100	109,067,550
Expenditures										
Instruction	34.059.897	33.944.215	36.098.615	38,847,417	41,581,051	42,119,810	45.359.759	49.923.128	48.838.324	50,307,361
Support services	8,726,400	9,703,778	10,166,405	10,158,534	10,930,478	11, 117, 573	10,814,904	11,179,984	10,975,348	11,257,046
• •				3,391,852			4,269,798	4,323,783	4,340,196	
General administration	2,615,520	3,119,659	3,268,472		3,695,292	3,786,571				4,544,697
Building administration	3,471,766	3,863,551	3,906,172	3,958,140	4,222,891	4,465,895	5,090,454	5,996,853	6,096,188	6,316,828
Operations and maintenance	6,308,007	6,050,416	5,827,721	6,084,807	6,485,815	9,835,437	8,794,088	7,795,593	8,349,757	8,669,227
Student transportation	2,191,740	2,334,829	2,438,768	2,309,299	2,479,667	2,508,321	2,168,211	3,164,315	2,688,253	2,932,831
Food services	2,093,596	1,744,875	1,980,927	2,042,167	1,855,584	1,887,131	2,309,383	1,634,966	2,275,282	2,597,590
Extracurricular activities	1,150,819	1,476,615	1,460,130	1,500,949	1,619,349	3,005,627	2,477,242	2,848,925	3,889,330	4,039,430
Capital outlay	9,666,273	7,804,643	4,220,217	16,959,674	17,569,890	54,216,538	38,273,873	24,203,889	10,336,071	1,917,996
Debt service										
Principal	4,565,554	5,110,554	4,970,554	5,775,000	7,125,000	10,420,000	10, 165, 000	11, 145, 000	10,480,000	11,225,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3, 194, 845	2,511,325	2,893,377	3, 107, 109	6,509,382	6,947,712	7,264,959	7,158,439	6,765,315	6,414,377
Bond issuance costs	-	357,643	191,730	101,814	589,540	-	146,326	-	78,588	-
Total expenditures	78,044,417	78,022,103	77,423,088	94,236,762	104,663,939	150,310,615	137, 133, 997	129,374,875	115, 112, 652	110,222,383
Excess of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(7,893,843)	(2,314,627)	(950, 153)	(13,589,279)	(19,498,664)	(51,792,744)	(34, 318, 787)	(22,882,041)	(5,891,552)	(1,154,833)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	2,274,779	500	1,500	500	_	39.800
Transfers in	_	_	_	1,082,176	677,521	1,204,016	1,682,413	2,937,575	1,531,345	1,726,163
Transfers out	(2,006,200)	_	_	(1,082,176)	(677,521)	(1,204,016)	(1,682,413)	(2,937,575)	(1,531,345)	(1,726,163)
Property damage insurance proceeds	(2,000,200)	201,127	_	(1,002,170)	(077,321)	(1,204,010)	(1,002,413)	(2,301,313)	355,350	6,812
Software Subscriptions		201, 121							333,330	59,270
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244,207
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	21,500,000	-	100,000,000	-	25,000,000	-	-	244,201
S .	-	26 225 000	21,300,000	10 510 000	100,000,000	-	25,000,000	-	9,075,000	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	36,335,000	2 027 644	10,510,000	10 105 500	-	2 442 062	-		-
Premium on bonds issued	-	3,331,744	3,037,614	576,318	12, 195, 590	-	3,112,062	-	592,115	-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		(39, 296, 355)		(10,974,298)					(9,585,235)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,006,200)	571,516	24,537,614	112,020	114,470,369	500	28, 113, 562	500	437,230	350,089
Net change in fund balances	\$ (9,900,043)	\$ (1,743,111)	\$23,587,461	\$(13,477,259)	\$94,971,705	\$(51,792,244)	\$ (6,205,225)	\$(22,881,541)	\$ (5,454,322)	\$ (804,744)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.3%	10.9%	10.7%	11.5%	15.7%	18.1%	17.6%	17.4%	16.5%	16.3%

<sup>2020 -</sup> Instruction functional expenditures were raised by \$1,037,293, Food Services expenditures were raised by \$665,978 and the Capital Outlay functional expenditures were correspondingly lowered by \$1,703,271 to reflect the effect of a prior period adjustment that was presented on the June 30, 2021, Statement of Activities.

Table 5

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 General Subfund Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (budget basis of accounting)

Year	Instruction	Support Services	General Administration	Building Administration	Operations & Maintenance	Student Transportation	Food Services	Extracurricular Activities	Capital Outlay	Principal Retirement & Interest	Total
2014	\$25.877.250	\$4.605.511	\$ 1.887.071	\$ 2.822.409	\$ 4.085.732	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 996.363	\$ 12.420	\$ 1.249	\$40.288.005
2015	26.902.203	5.481.348	2.213.111	3.085.660	4.326.685	6,706	Ψ - 401	961.267	Ψ 12,420	Ψ 1,249	42.977.381
2016	28.757.525	5.667.972	2.383.801	3.180.616	4.130.151	-	2.556	1.027.165	10.329	_	45.160.115
2017	30.717.087	5.874.044	2,452,863	3,226,003	4,557,683	5.477	2.123	1,027,406	-	_	47.862.686
2018	31.280.215	6.057.086	2.717.236	3.310.466	4.447.031	3.954	1,168	1.099.573	_	_	48.916.729
2019	30,955,857	6,139,961	2,691,767	3,459,782	4,690,390	14,118	410	1,130,482	_	-	49,082,767
2020	31,907,906	6,481,754	2,926,128	3,675,780	4,342,539	6,823	208	1,151,787	-	-	50,492,925
2021	31,829,359	6,277,014	3,032,035	3,906,554	5,263,186	7,595	484	1,548,066	4,115	-	51,868,408
2022	33,124,209	6,523,597	3,020,912	4,180,118	5,379,788	2,282	79	1,662,040	-	-	53,893,025
2023	\$35,678,691	\$6,506,764	\$ 2,598,596	\$ 4,540,835	\$ 4,073,876	\$ 2,147	\$ 6	\$ 1,598,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$54,999,878

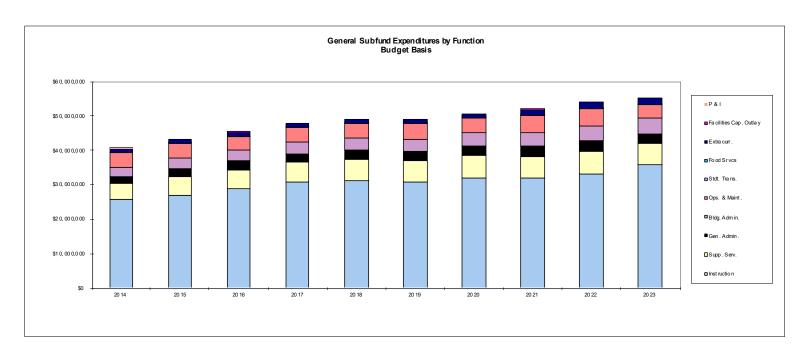


Table 6

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Property Tax Assessments and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Elemen	Assessed Valuation <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Actual Value	Percent of Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value	Mill Levy	Direct Rate to be Applied against Assessed Value (Mill Levy / 1,000)	Taxes Levied <sup>2</sup>	Tax Levy Collections in Levy Year	Percent of Tax Levies Collected in Levy Year	C	ax Levy ollections r Levy Year	Total Tax Collections Since Levy	Percent of Total Tax Collections To Taxes Levied
	-											
2014	\$128,394,150	\$ 4,931,149,202	2.6%	145.25	0.14525	\$ 18,477,949	\$ 17,897,333	96.86%	\$	580,616	\$ 18,477,949	100.00%
2015	131,762,887	5,231,028,932	2.5%	143.70	0.14370	18,933,830	18,374,140	97.04%		559,690	18,933,830	100.00%
2016	127,702,815	8,302,361,471	1.5%	151.15	0.15115	19,303,275	18,753,331	97.15%		549,944	19,303,275	100.00%
2017 2018	133,379,457 151,994,908	8,558,370,042 9,949,720,141	1.6% 1.5%	154.81 146.92	0.15481 0.14692	20,647,669 22,330,776	20,016,059 21,898,102	96.94% 98.06%		630,673 431,878	20,646,732 22,329,980	100.00% 100.00%
2019	156,191,478	10,241,820,489	1.5%	142.63	0.14092	22,278,736	21,849,924	98.08%		425,689	22,275,613	99.99%
2019	186,201,043	12,458,677,049	1.5%	125.90	0.12590	23,441,401	22,778,868	97.17%		658,872	23,437,740	99.98%
2020	191,687,364	12,789,728,194	1.5%	121.74	0.12174	23,332,115	22,658,949	97.11%		667,208	23,326,157	99.97%
2022	224,085,702	15,196,810,073	1.5%	101.99	0.10199	22,855,572	22,509,396	98.49%		337,854	22,847,249	99.96%
2023	\$231,009,258	\$15,622,410,596	1.5%	102.09	0.10209	\$ 23,586,613	\$ 23,132,856	98.08%	\$	-	\$ 23,132,856	98.08%
High So	chool District: \$152,997,133	\$ 5,873,324,071	2.6%	73.16	0.07316	\$ 11,512,340	\$ 11,135,267	96.72%	\$	377,000	\$ 11,512,267	100.00%
2015	157,393,739	6,240,141,982	2.5%	72.97	0.07297	11,913,630	11,541,757	96.88%		371,798	11,913,555	100.00%
2016	152,115,661	9,866,466,343	1.5%	76.76	0.07676	12,009,946	11,648,459	96.99%		361,300	12,009,759	100.00%
2017	159,327,210	10,195,548,038	1.6%	77.25	0.07725	12,648,525	12,258,917	96.92%		389,608	12,648,525	100.00%
2018	182,556,412	11,883,420,029	1.5%	73.10	0.07310	13,714,815	13,432,253	97.94%		281,971	13,714,224	100.00%
2019	187,815,184	12,249,935,144	1.5%	108.95	0.10895	20,842,722	20,391,142	97.83%		447,995	20,839,137	99.98%
2020	223,747,892	14,859,975,953	1.5%	92.77	0.09277	21,163,524	20,539,429	97.05%		619,682	21,159,111	99.98%
2021	230,172,095	15,249,296,508	1.5%	97.61	0.09761	22,882,232	22,182,821	96.94%		692,352	22,875,173	99.97%
2022	269,441,207	18,141,112,579	1.5%	84.86	0.08486	23,323,415	22,940,504	98.36%		373,310	23,313,813	99.96%
2023	\$278,036,597	\$18,672,952,333	1.5%	86.05	0.08605	\$ 24,388,855	\$ 23,897,278	97.98%	\$	-	\$ 23,897,278	97.98%
Total D	istrict:											
2014	\$152,997,133	\$ 5,873,324,071	2.6%	218.41	0.21841	\$ 29,990,289	\$ 29,032,600	96.81%	\$	957,616	\$ 29,990,216	100.00%
2015	157,393,739	6,240,141,982	2.5%	216.67	0.21667	30,847,460	29,915,897	96.98%		931,488	30,847,385	100.00%
2016	152,115,661	9,866,466,343	1.5%	227.91	0.22791	31,313,221	30,401,790	97.09%		911,244	31,313,034	100.00%
2017	159,327,210	10,195,548,038	1.6%	232.06	0.23206	33,296,194	32,274,976	96.93%		1,020,281	33,295,257	100.00%
2018	182,556,412	11,883,420,029	1.5%	220.02	0.22002	36,045,591	35,330,355	98.02%		713,850	36,044,205	100.00%
2019	187,815,184	12,249,935,144	1.5%	251.58	0.25158	43,121,458	42,241,066	97.96%		873,685	43,114,751	99.98%
2020	223,747,892	14,859,975,953	1.5%	218.67	0.21867	44,604,925	43,318,297	97.12%		1,278,554	44,596,851	99.98%
2021	230,172,095	15,249,296,508	1.5%	219.35	0.21935	46,214,347	44,841,770	97.03%		1,359,559	46,201,329	99.97%
2022	269,441,207	18,141,112,579	1.5%	186.85	0.18685	46,178,987	45,449,899	98.42%		711,163	46,161,063	99.96%
2023	\$278,036,597	\$18,672,952,333	1.5%	188.14	0.18814	\$ 47,975,468	\$ 47,030,134	98.03%	\$	-	\$ 47,030,134	98.03%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assessed valuation is per the Montana Department of Revenue and calculated as of January (i.e. assessed value used for 2021-22 fiscal year is calculated as of January 2021).

Note: Because the High School District's boundaries encompasses the Elementary's, the Total District subsection only presents the High School assessed and estimated actual value. Mill levies and all taxes collected are a combination of the Elementary and High School District activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Taxes actually levied will differ from the mathematical calculation of assessed value multiplied times the direct rate (presented above) due to personal property taxes(a component of total taxes) being calculated using an assessed value one year later than the real property taxes.

Table 7

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTIRCT NO. 7 Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Tax Rates (per \$1,000 of taxable value)											
		ins denote the of the District										
Fiscal Year	Bozeman Elementary District	Bozeman High School District	City of Bozeman	Gallatin County	State of Montana	Total						
2014	145.25	73.16	173.08	194.56	46.00	632.05						
2015	143.70	72.97	188.76	195.94	46.00	647.37						
2016	151.15	76.76	210.16	208.12	46.00	692.19						
2017	154.81	77.25	205.30	207.30	46.00	690.66						
2018	146.92	73.10	187.33	192.40	46.00	645.75						
2019	142.63	108.95	191.24	202.81	46.00	691.63						
2020	125.90	92.77	188.45	189.12	46.00	642.24						
2021	121.74	97.61	169.48	195.83	46.00	630.66						
2022	101.99	84.86	154.12	181.03	46.00	568.00						
2023	102.09	86.05	204.50	182.33	46.00	620.97						

	Tax Levies											
Fiscal Year	Bozeman Elementary District	Bozeman High School District	City of Bozeman	Gallatin County	State of Montana	Total						
2014	\$ 18,477,949	\$ 11,512,340	\$ 14,821,724	\$47,972,840	\$11,342,263	\$ 104,127,115						
2015	18,933,830	11,913,630	16,590,871	49,536,096	11,629,378	108,603,805						
2016	19,303,275	12,009,946	18,191,892	49,498,419	10,940,454	109,943,986						
2017	20,647,669	12,648,525	18,338,501	51,419,026	11,409,914	114,463,635						
2018	22,330,776	13,714,815	18,956,357	55,211,713	13,200,306	123,413,967						
2019	22,278,736	20,842,722	19,950,675	59,878,651	13,581,273	136,532,057						
2020	23,441,401	21,163,524	23,636,229	66,728,584	16,230,514	151,200,252						
2021	23,332,115	22,882,232	21,953,931	71,747,609	16,853,342	156,769,229						
2022	22,855,572	23,323,415	23,943,004	79,119,283	20,104,331	169,345,605						
2023	\$ 23,586,613	\$ 24,388,855	\$32,675,419	82,395,688	20,787,592	\$ 183,834,167						

Source:

City of Bozeman Gallatin County Treasurer Montana Dept of Revenue

Table 8 BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Principal Property Tax Payers in the Bozeman Elementary District Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Elementary District Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Elementary District Taxable Assessed Value
Northwestern Corp Transmission and Distribution	\$ 15,803,863	1	6.84%	\$ 7,921,179	1	6.17%
Plato MT I PropCo LLC	1,080,146	2	0.47%	-		-
Charter Communications Inc	1,036,026	3	0.45%	-		-
Verizon Wireless (Cellco Partnership)	899,243	4	0.39%	694,399	4	0.54%
GKT Bozeman Gateway LLC	623,384	5	0.27%	-		-
Billings Clinic	593,297	6	0.26%	-		-
Cannery District Partners LLC	571,306	7	0.25%	-		-
Costco Wholesale Corporation	565,788	8	0.24%	-		-
Bozeman Apartment Group LLC	560,417	9	0.24%	-		-
Spring VII at Bozeman LLC	546,620	10	0.24%	-		-
Qwest Corporation	-		-	1,283,477	2	1.00%
Bresnan	-		-	1,096,176	3	0.85%
Harry Duam (Gallatin Mall)	-		-	500,755	5	0.39%
Stone Ridge Partners LLC	-		-	468,297	6	0.36%
Bridger Bowl Inc.	-		-	361,936	7	0.28%
J & D Family Limited Partnership	-		-	350,638	8	0.27%
Bridger Peaks Holdings LLC	-		-	350,440	9	0.27%
First Security Bank of Bozeman				349,000	10	0.27%
Total	\$ 22,280,090		9.65%	\$ 13,376,297		10.40%

Source: Gallatin County Treasurer State of Montana Department of Revenue - Appraisal/Assessment Division

Table 9 BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Principal Property Tax Payers in the Bozeman High School District Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	_	2023		_	2014			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total High School District Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total High School District Taxable Assessed Value		
Northwestern Corp Transmission and Distribution	\$ 18,684,248	1	6.72%	\$ 9,188,160	1	6.01%		
Plato MT I PropCo LLC	1,080,146	2	0.39%	-		-		
Charter Communications Inc	1,036,026	3	0.37%	-		-		
Verizon Wireless	927,029	4	0.33%	739,351	5	0.48%		
GKT Bozeman Gateway LLC	623,384	5	0.22%	-		-		
Billings Clinic	593,297	6	0.21%	-		-		
Lumen Technologies Inc DB	575,696	7	0.21%	-		-		
Cannery District Partners LLC	571,306	8	0.21%	-		-		
Costco Wholesale Corporation	565,788	9	0.20%	-		-		
Montana Rail Link	560,561	10	0.20%	-		-		
Qwest Corporation	-		-	1,340,037	2	0.88%		
Bresnan	-		-	1,096,176	3	0.72%		
Black Bull Run Development LLC	-		-	739,592	4	0.48%		
Zoot Properties LLC	-		-	580,133	6	0.38%		
Harry Daum (Gallatin Mall)				500,755	7	0.33%		
Stone Ridge Partners LLC	-		-	468,297	8	0.31%		
Bridger Bowl Inc.	-		-	361,936	9	0.24%		
J & D Family Limited Partnership				350,638	10	0.23%		
Total	\$ 25,217,481		9.06%	\$ 15,365,075		10.06%		

Source: Gallatin County Treasurer State of Montana Department of Revenue - Appraisal/Assessment Division

Table 10

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Revenue by Source - All Governmental Fund Types For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Actual	Percent of
Source	Revenue	Total Revenue
Revenue from local and intermediate source:		
November II of Theodi and Theoritica Soul Co.		
District taxes	\$ 47,967,955	43.98%
Tuition and fees	1,897,510	1.74%
Investment earnings	494,691	0.45%
Other district revenue	5,574,273	5.11%
County retirement	8,671,860	7.95%
County transportation	311,745	0.29%
Total revenue from local and		
intermediate sources	64,918,034	59.52%
Revenue from State sources:		
State equalization	22,560,979	20.69%
State special education allowable costs	2,030,997	1.86%
State guarantee tax base subsidy	6,885,958	6.31%
State transportation	311,745	0.29%
State on-behalf pension revenue	3,085,670	2.83%
State quality educator	1,881,459	1.73%
State medicaid, medicaid admin, CSCT	1,184,442	1.09%
State other grant revenue	1,604,976	1.47%
Total revenue from State sources	39,546,226	36.27%
Revenue from Federal sources:		
Federal Title I Part A, Schoolwide and Targeted Support	985,857	0.90%
Federal IDEA Part B and Preschool	1,911,013	1.75%
Federal food service	830,076	0.76%
Federal other grant revenue	876,342	0.80%
Total revenue from Federal sources	4,603,288	4.21%
Total governmental funds revenue	\$ 109,067,548	100.00%

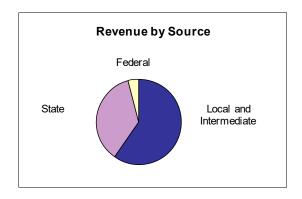
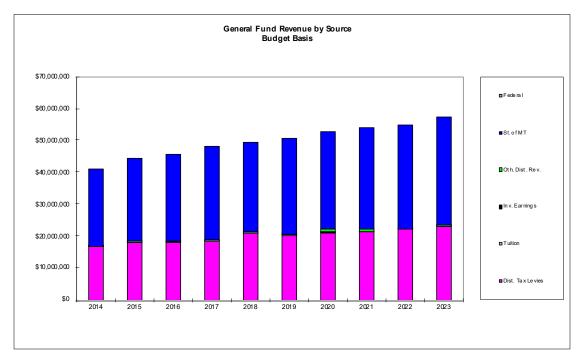


Table 11
BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

General Subfund Revenue by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (budget basis of accounting)

	District	Tuition	Investment	Other District	State of		
Year	Tax Levies	& Fees	Earnings	Revenue	Montana	Federal	Total
2014	\$ 16,750,875	\$28,495	\$ 38,395	\$ 2,801	\$ 24,025,992	\$ -	\$ 40,846,558
2015	17,884,890	30,838	41,870	524,057	25,684,302	-	44,165,957
2016	18,170,793	32,546	55,443	222,660	27,002,682	-	45,484,124
2017	18,464,582	46,339	94,664	222,048	29,163,080	-	47,990,713
2018	20,901,867	54,241	149,892	212,500	28,005,171	-	49,323,671
2019	20,257,762	71,754	203,371	143,988	29,930,177	-	50,607,052
2020	20,893,827	62,909	243,876	882,497	30,631,467	-	52,714,576
2021	21,386,692	51,785	40,832	679,647	31,905,256	-	54,064,212
2022	22,229,174	61,222	25,504	45,000	32,475,243	-	54,836,143
2023	\$ 23,028,987	\$49,164	\$ 76,681	\$ 135,421	\$ 33,853,389	\$ -	\$ 57,143,642



### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 General Subfund Revenue Per Student Last Ten Fiscal Years (budget basis of accounting)

	District	State	Federal	Total	October		Revenue Per Student	
<u>Year</u>	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	<u>Enrollment</u>	District	State Federal	<u>Total</u>
2014	\$ 16,820,566	\$ 24,025,992	\$ -	\$ 40,846,558	6,213	\$ 2,707 \$	3,867 \$ -	\$ 6,574
2015	18,481,655	25,684,302	-	44,165,957	6,326	2,922	4,060 -	6,982
2016	18,481,442	27,002,682	-	45,484,124	6,533	2,829	4,133 -	6,962
2017	18,827,633	29,163,080	-	47,990,713	6,770	2,781	4,308 -	7,089
2018	21,318,500	28,005,171	-	49,323,671	6,908	3,086	4,054 -	7,140
2019	20,676,875	29,930,177	-	50,607,052	7,015	2,948	4,267 -	7,215
2020	22,083,109	30,631,467	-	52,714,576	7,152	3,088	4,283 -	7,371
2021	22,158,956	31,905,256	-	54,064,212	6,893	3,215	4,629 -	7,844
2022	22,360,900	32,475,243	-	54,836,143	7,217	3,098	4,500 -	7,598
2023	\$ 23,290,253	\$ 33,853,389	\$ -	\$ 57,143,642	7,282	\$ 3,198 \$	4,649 \$ -	\$ 7,847

Source: District Records

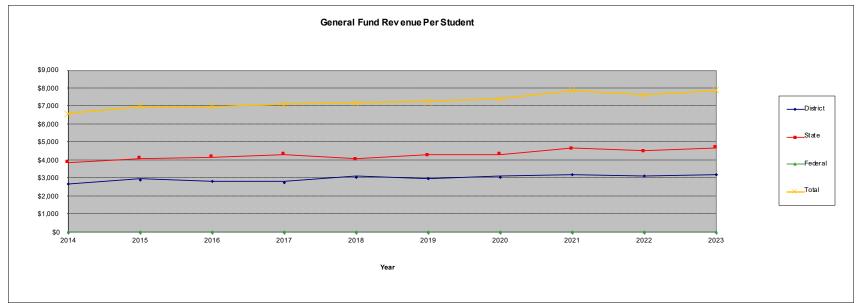


Table 13

BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

Ratio of Total Bonded Debt (listed by type) to Assessed Value and Total Bonded Debt per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Assessed Value	General Obligation Bonded Debt	0	Limited Obligation Inded Debt	Total Bonded Debt	Percentage of Total Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	B De	Total onded ebt Per capita	Total Bonded Debt as a % of Per Capita Income
Elementary D	istrict:									
2014	52,246	\$128,394,150	\$ 53,831,523	\$	345,687	\$ 54,177,210	42.20%	\$	1,037	2.31%
2015	52,507	131,762,887	52,486,972		163,367	52,650,339	39.96%		1,003	2.09%
2016	53,032	127,702,815	73,878,829		-	73,878,829	57.85%		1,393	2.77%
2017	53,430	133,379,457	70,006,667		-	70,006,667	52.49%		1,310	2.56%
2018	53,756	151,994,908	64,615,548		-	64,615,548	42.51%		1,202	2.22%
2019	54,294	156,191,478	59,489,429		-	59,489,429	38.09%		1,096	1.92%
2020	56,781	186,201,043	54,823,310		-	54,823,310	29.44%		966	1.60%
2021	58,484	191,687,364	50,033,699		-	50,033,699	26.10%		856	1.35%
2022	65,646	224,085,702	45,634,063		-	45,634,063	20.36%		695	0.99%
2023	73,173	\$231,009,258	\$ 41,358,878	\$	-	\$ 41,358,878	17.90%	\$	565	Not Available
High School	District:									
2014	63,022	\$ 152,997,133	\$ 28,494,230	\$	_	\$ 28,494,230	18.62%	\$	452	1.01%
2015	63,337	157,393,739	27,891,801		-	27,891,801	17.72%		440	0.92%
2016	63,970	152,115,661	25,727,015		-	25,727,015	16.91%		402	0.80%
2017	64,450	159,327,210	23,687,179		-	23,687,179	14.87%		368	0.72%
2018	64,933	182,556,412	132,916,301		-	132,916,301	72.81%		2,047	3.77%
2019	65,582	187,815,184	126,338,591		-	126,338,591	67.27%		1,926	3.37%
2020	68,496	223,747,892	147,503,284		-	147,503,284	65.92%		2,153	3.58%
2021	70,122	230,172,095	139,672,982		-	139,672,982	60.68%		1,992	3.14%
2022	73,792	269,441,207	131,593,253		-	131,593,253	48.84%		1,783	2.54%
2023	82,917	\$278,036,597	\$ 123,365,236	\$	-	\$ 123,365,236	44.37%	\$	1,488	Not Available

Note:

The above table properly presents each district's (Elementary and High School) debt statistics in a manner that reflects their difference in populations. Elementary taxpayer's total debt per capita is derived by adding the elementary and high school amounts. A sizeable portion of taxpayers live in the Bozeman High School District but not in the Bozeman Elementary District - their debt per capita is simply the high school data amounts listed above. Since the legal debt margin is legally calculated for each district (Elementary and High School), presenting the total debt responsible by Elementary taxpayers above would give the appearance that they have used up more of the Elementary District legal debt margin. This would be inaccurate as their Elementary-only debt still falls within legal standards.

Source: District Records

Gallatin County Assessor's Office

U.S. Census Bureau Montana Tax Foundation

Table 14

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Computation of Legal Debt Margin For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Elementary District:										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Debt limit	\$ 69,895,920	\$ 74,647,850	\$ 151,568,800	\$ 159,292,770	\$ 166,941,000	\$ 181,003,120	\$ 186,201,043	\$ 198,660,720	\$ 224,085,702	\$ 231,009,258
Total net debt applicable to limit	52,554,788	49,445,071	68,070,655	63,203,682	58,643,412	54,675,000	50,450,000	46,095,000	42,185,000	38,275,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 17,341,132	\$ 25,202,779	\$ 83,498,145	\$ 96,089,088	\$ 108,297,588	\$ 126,328,120	\$ 135,751,043	\$ 152,565,720	\$ 181,900,702	\$ 192,734,258
Total net debt applicable to the limi										
as a percentage of debt limit	75.19%	66.24%	44.91%	39.68%	35.13%	30.21%	27.09%	23.20%	18.83%	16.57%
High School District:										
Debt limit	\$ 76,498,567	\$ 78,876,700	\$ 159,526,080	\$ 177,962,400	\$ 189,157,540	\$ 205,231,320	\$ 223,747,892	\$ 235,684,220	\$ 269,441,207	\$ 283,354,110
Total net debt applicable to limit	28,465,004	26,116,526	24,230,021	147,074,275	144,951,126	139,255,000	133,315,000	126,525,000	119,475,000	112,160,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 48,033,563	\$ 52,760,174	\$ 135,296,059	\$ 30,888,125	\$ 44,206,414	\$ 65,976,320	\$ 90,432,892	\$ 109,159,220	\$ 149,966,207	\$ 171,194,110
Total net debt applicable to the limi										
as a percentage of debt limit	37.21%	33.11%	15.19%	82.64%	76.63%	67.85%	59.58%	53.68%	44.34%	39.58%
			Elementary	High School						

	District	District		
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023				
District taxable valuation Times: 100%	\$ 231,009,258 1.00	\$ 278,036,597 1.00		
District taxable valuation legal debt service limit	231,009,258	278,036,597		
District guaranteed mill value per ANB X 1,000 Times: Student ANB Times: 100% District guaranted mill taxable valuation debt service limit	\$ 45,780 4,908 1.00 224,688,240	\$ 109,530 2,587 1.00 283,354,110		
Legal Debt Service Limit *	\$ 231,009,258	\$ 283,354,110		
General Obligation Bonds Payable Less: Cash Available for Retirement of Bonds	38,275,000	112,160,000		
Net Amount of Bonds Payable Applicable to Limit	38,275,000	112,160,000		
Margin Above Bonds Payable	192,734,258	171,194,110		
Less: General Obligation Bonds Authorized but Unused				
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 192,734,258	\$ 171,194,110		

<sup>\*</sup> Montana Codes Annotated Section 20-9-406 provides for the issuance of bonds in an amount not to exceed the greater of 1) 100% of the latest available taxable valuation of property which is subject to taxation within the District or 2) the district guaranteed mill valuation per ANB multiplied by the average number of students belonging multiplied by 100%. The state legislature changed the percentage used in item 1 and 2 above to 100% from 50% effective for fiscal years 2016 and beyond. It was previously changed from 45% to 50% effective for fiscal years 2009 through 2015. In the 2022 fiscal year, the Elementary and High School District both utilized the taxable valuation method (#1) to calculate their respective legal debt service limits.

The legal debt margins presented above have to be calculated for each district that comprises the reporting entity. The results are not subtotaled together as that would present a legal debt margin for the entity as a whole that would be inaccurate since all debt is either issued for the Elementary or High School District and never for a bond issue covering both districts.

Table 15

BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Total Bonded Debt

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Unit		Debt	Applicable to Elementary District			Applicable to Portion of High School District Lying Outside Elementary District		
			Percent		Amount	Percent		Amount
Bozeman Elementary District:								
G.O. Issue 2012 (originally \$10,000,000)	\$	5,218,993	100.0%	\$	5,218,993	0.0%	\$	-
G.O. Issue 2014 (originally \$ 9,500,000)		4,198,461	100.0%		4,198,461	0.0%		-
G.O. Issue 2015 (originally \$8,935,000)		6,179,656	100.0%		6,179,656	0.0%		-
G.O. Issue 2016 (orginally \$21,500,000)		17,229,835	100.0%		17,229,835	0.0%		-
G.O. Issue 2022 (orginally \$9,075,000)		8,531,933	100.0%		8,531,933	0.0%		-
Bozeman High School District:								
G.O. Issue 2014 (originally \$ 9,150,000)		6,330,537	83.1%		5,259,785	16.9%		1,070,752
G.O. Issue 2017 (originally \$5,900,000)		2,067,662	83.1%		1,717,936	16.9%		349,726
G.O. Issue 2017 (originally \$100,000,000)		89,722,408	83.1%		74,546,686	16.9%		15,175,722
G.O. Issue 2019 (originally \$25,000,000)		25,244,629	83.1%		20,974,732	16.9%		4,269,897
Total Direct Debt	\$	164,724,114		\$	143,858,017		\$	20,866,097
OVERLAPPING BONDED INDEBTEDNESS								
Gallatin County:								
Various Issues	\$	49,080,000	49.7%	\$	24,400,251	10.1%	\$	4,967,242
City of Bozeman:								
Various Issues		66,432,117	100%		66,432,117	0.0%		
Total Overlapping Debt	\$	115,512,117		\$	90,832,368		\$	4,967,242
Total Direct and Overlapping debt				\$	234,690,385		\$	25,833,339

Note: Overlapping debt percentages are calculated using a pro rata share of taxable values of all entities involved. This enables a presentation of debt responsibility for Bozeman School District taxpayers living in the Bozeman Elementary District and the taxpayers that live in the portion of the High School District that lies outside of the Elementary District boundaries.

Almost all taxpayers are treated as living in either the Elementary School District or in the portion of the High School District that falls outside of the Elementary District. Totaling the Elementary and Outyling High School direct and overlapping debt calculated above would be impractical since the typical taxpayer would never be responsible for a share of both of the final two columns listed above.

Source: City, County and District Records

Table 16

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Ratio of Annual Debt Service for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General Subfund Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years (budget basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest and Fiscal Charges		Total Debt Service*		Total eneral Subfund Expenditures	Percentage of Debt Service to General Subfund Expenditures
Elementary	<b>'</b> :							
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	2,625,000 2,930,000 2,865,000 3,775,000 4,950,000 4,685,000 4,225,000 4,355,000 3,430,000 3,910,000	\$	1,977,999 1,609,552 1,633,550 2,278,319 2,292,707 2,096,407 1,955,681 1,829,106 1,701,115 1,614,927	4,602,999 4,539,552 4,498,550 6,053,319 7,242,707 6,781,407 6,180,681 6,184,106 5,131,115 5,524,927	\$	26,253,876 28,177,334 29,910,514 31,322,896 31,996,831 32,506,081 33,134,782 32,660,064 34,193,171 34,352,211	17.53% 16.11% 15.04% 19.33% 22.64% 20.86% 18.65% 18.93% 15.01%
	·	-,,	•	.,,	2,0=1,0=1	•	- 1,,- 1	
High Schoo	ol:							
2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$	1,800,000 2,040,000 1,965,000 2,000,000 2,175,000 5,735,000 5,940,000 6,790,000 7,050,000 7,315,000	\$	1,216,296 901,223 955,781 770,770 4,212,507 4,840,515 5,299,938 5,324,313 5,064,200 4,799,450	3,016,296 2,941,223 2,920,781 2,770,770 6,387,507 10,575,515 11,239,938 12,114,313 12,114,200 12,114,450	\$	14,034,129 14,800,047 15,249,601 16,539,790 16,919,898 16,576,686 17,358,143 19,208,344 19,699,854 20,647,667	21.49% 19.87% 19.15% 16.75% 37.75% 63.80% 64.75% 63.07% 61.49% 58.67%

Source: District Records

<sup>\*</sup>Includes only expenditures for bonded indebtedness; does not include expenditures for special assessments. Bond issuance and defeasance costs are also not included in these annual debt service expenditures.

Table 17

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Elementary District Population (1)	High School District Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Total Elementary District Personal Income (3)	Total High School District Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2014	52,246	63,022	44,813	2,341,299,998	2,824,204,886	3.6%
	•	•	•			
2015	52,507	63,337	48,018	2,521,281,126	3,041,316,066	2.8%
2016	53,032	63,970	50,329	2,669,047,528	3,219,546,130	2.7%
2017	53,430	64,450	51,130	2,731,875,900	3,295,328,500	2.5%
2018	53,756	64,933	54,260	2,916,800,560	3,523,264,580	2.3%
2019	54,294	65,582	57,091	3,099,698,754	3,744,141,962	2.0%
2020	56,781	68,496	60,195	3,417,932,295	4,123,116,720	6.7%
2021	58,484	70,122	63,432	3,709,757,088	4,447,978,704	2.9%
2022	65,646	73,792	70,276	4,613,338,296	5,185,806,592	2.0%
2023	73,173	82,917	Not available	Not available	Not available	1.8%

#### Sources and other information:

- (1) United States Bureau of Census information
- (2) Gallatin County Per Capita information. Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Calculated using the Gallatin County Per Capita Personal Income applied to the estimated District population
- (4) Department of Labor (Bureau of Labor Statistics) Information only available for Gallatin County (presenting the "not seasonally adjusted" unemployment rate).

Table 18

### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS FOR GALLATIN COUNTY Current Year and Nine Years Ago

June 2023 June 2014

Private Employers By Size, Alphabetically	Employer Size	Employer's % of Total Employment	Private Employers By Size, Alphabetically	Employeı Size	Employer's % of Total Employment
Bozeman Deaconess Hospital	9	>1.50%	Bozeman Deaconess Hospital	9	>1.90%
Kenyon Noble Lumber & Hardware	7	0.60%	Oracle American Inc	7	0.70%
Oracle America	7	0.60%	Wal-Mart	7	0.70%
Town Pump Convenience Store	7	0.60%	Albertson's	6	0.33%
Wal-Mart	7	0.60%	Bridger Bowl	6	0.33%
Albertson's	6	0.28%	Community Food Co-Op	6	0.33%
Bridger Bowl	6	0.28%	Costco	6	0.33%
Community Food Co-Op	6	0.28%	First Security Bank	6	0.33%
Costco	6	0.28%	First Student	6	0.33%
First Student	6	0.28%	Gibson Guitar	6	0.33%
Glacier Bancorp	6	0.28%	Kenyon Noble Lumber & Hardware	6	0.33%
McDonalds	6	0.28%	Martel Construction	6	0.33%
Murdoch's Ranch & Home Supply	6	0.28%	McDonald's	6	0.33%
Ressler Motors	6	0.28%	Murdoch's Ranch & Home Supply	6	0.33%
Rosauers Food & Drug	6	0.28%	Ressler Motor	6	0.33%
Target	6	0.28%	Rosauers Supermarket	6	0.33%
Town & Country Food	6	0.28%	Target	6	0.33%
UPS	6	0.28%	Town & Country Food	6	0.33%
Williams Plumbing & Heating	6	0.28%	Town Pump Convenience Store	6	0.33%
Zoot Enterprises	6	0.28%	Zoot Enterprises	6	0.33%

Public Employers By Class, Alphabetically	byers Class of Total Size Employment		Public Employers By Class, Alphabetically	Employe Class Size	r Employer's % of Total Employment
Montana State University	9	>1.5%	Montana State University	9	>1.5%
Belgrade School District # 44	8	1.20%	Bozeman School District #7	9	>1.5%
Bozeman School District #7	8	1.20%	City of Bozeman	7	0.60%
Gallatin County	8	1.20%	Gallatin County	7	0.60%
City of Bozeman	7	0.60%	U.S. Department of Agriculture	7	0.60%

Class 6 - 100 to 249 Employees Class 7 - 250 to 499 Employees Class 8 - 500 to 999 Employees Class 9 - 1,000+ Employees

Source: Montana Department of Labor & Industry (Research and Analysis Bureau)

Note: For confidentiality reasons the Employer's % of Total Employment is calculated based on the mid point of the size class range

Table 19

# BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Expenses	<sup>(1)</sup> Enrollment	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Certified Staff (FTE)	Pupil/ Certified Staff Ratio
2014	69,796,654	6,213	11,234	11.25%	428.6	14.5
2015	71,186,742	6,326	11,253	0.17%	429.8	14.7
2016	73,318,109	6,533	11,223	-0.27%	444.2	14.7
2017	80,104,370	6,770	11,832	5.43%	464.8	14.6
2018	86,547,830	6,908	12,529	5.89%	473.5	14.6
2019	92,094,527	7,015	13,128	4.79%	475.4	14.8
2020	97,263,783	7,152	13,600	3.59%	484.6	14.8
2021	106,341,208	6,893	15,427	13.44%	501.5	13.7
2022	103,445,249	7,217	14,334	-7.09%	530.3	13.6
2023	\$ 109,510,870	7,282	15,039	4.92%	539.2	13.5

<sup>(1)</sup> Expenses are from Statement of Activities.

Source: District records

<sup>(2)</sup> Certified Staff is comprised of Teachers, Librarians, Counselors, and Psychologists.

Table 20

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Employee Full Time Equivalency (FTE) by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Instruction										
Certified Teaching Staff	383.4	385.1	395.3	413.0	421.7	424.1	431.9	448.4	476.3	481.7
Classified & Prof. Employees	102.9	72.5	82.9	84.7	85.5	82.0	76.1	66.4	71.8	75.2
Support Services										
Administrators	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	0.5
Certified Teaching Staff	45.2	44.7	48.0	51.4	51.4	50.9	52.3	52.3	53.2	56.7
Classified & Prof. Employees	63.3	85.7	90.6	89.7	86.4	87.5	81.4	69.8	68.4	61.2
General Administration										
Administrators	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	4.9	5.9
Certified Teaching Staff	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Classified & Prof. Employees	23.5	26.3	25.5	26.5	27.9	26.9	28.1	27.4	27.6	26.0
Building Administration										
Administrators	17.0	17.0	18.0	18.0	18.0	20.0	19.0	21.0	21.2	21.0
Certified Teaching Staff	-	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Classified & Prof. Employees	29.0	29.4	29.1	28.3	28.3	28.5	29.8	34.9	34.6	36.8
Operations and Maintenance										
Administrators	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7
Classified & Prof. Employees	57.1	55.6	53.9	54.4	58.4	54.1	59.1	65.4	61.3	61.2
Student Transportation										
Classified & Prof. Employees	4.8	4.8	4.5	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.8
Food Services										
Classified & Prof. Employees	33.3	29.9	33.9	34.5	31.9	30.5	29.5	26.3	26.6	31.0
Extracurricular Activities										
Administrators	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Certified Teaching Staff	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	8.0	8.0
Classified & Prof. Employees	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total	770.9	763.0	793.6	817.0	826.0	821.3	823.7	828.7	857.1	867.5

Fiscal 2023 Summary	Admin.	Certified Staff	Classified & Professional Employees	Total FTE
Instruction	-	481.7	75.2	556.9
Support Services	0.5	56.7	61.2	118.4
General Administration	5.9	-	26.0	31.9
Building Administration	21.0	-	36.8	57.8
Operations and Maintenance	0.7	-	61.2	61.9
Student Transportation	-	-	4.8	4.8
Food Services	-	-	31.0	31.0
Extracurricular Activities	1.0	0.8	3.0	4.8
Total	29.1	539.2	299.2	867.5

Source: District Records

Table 21

BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Certified Staff Education and Experience June 2023

Educational Attainment	Full Time Equivalent	Percent of Total
Bachelor's Degree	62.5	11.5%
Bachelor's Degree + 15 Credits	13.2	2.4%
Bachelor's Degree + 30 Credits	19.8	3.7%
Bachelor's Degree + 45 Credits	16.0	3.0%
Bachelor's Degree + 60 Credits	10.6	2.0%
Bachelor's Degree + 75 Credits	3.0	0.6%
Bachelor's Degree + 90 Credits	30.8	5.7%
Subtotal: Bachelor's Degree	155.9	28.9%
Master's Degree BA + 45 Credits	45.0	8.3%
Master's Degree BA + 60 Credits	49.1	9.1%
Master's Degree BA + 75 Credits	44.5	8.3%
Master's Degree BA + 90 Credits	37.5	7.0%
Master's Degree BA + 105 Credits	207.2	38.4%
Subtotal: Master's Degree	383.3	71.1%
TOTAL	539.2	100.0%

Years of Experience	Full Time Equivalent	Percent of Total
0 - 5	102.0	18.9%
6 - 10	150.0	27.8%
11 - 15	100.4	18.6%
16 - 20	74.8	13.9%
21 - 255	52.8	9.8%
26 and Over	59.2	11.0%
ТОТА	L 539.2	100.0%

Source: District Records

Table 22

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Educational Building Data For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Year Built	Square Footage	Functional Capacity	Enrollment	Percentage of Capacity Used
Elementary Schools:					
K-5 Schools					
Longfellow	1939	39,086	332	297	89.5%
Irving	1939	33,893	293	184	62.8%
Whittier	1958	34,700	327	249	76.1%
Hawthorne	1939	46,622	390	348	89.2%
Morning Star	1992	56,010	528	424	80.3%
Emily Dickinson	1992	56,012	528	519	98.3%
Hyalite	2009	66,000	549	510	92.9%
Meadowlark	2013	71,719	549	495	90.2%
Bozeman Online Charter School	N/A	N/A	N/A	29	-
6-8 Schools					
Chief Joseph	2008	129,500	780	752	96.4%
Sacajawea	1996	134,857	1,023	830	81.1%
Bozeman Online Charter School	N/A	N/A	N/A	15	-
High Schools:					
Bozeman High School	1957	346,178	1,500	1,279	85.3%
Gallatin High School	2020	300,239	1,500	1,351	90.1%

## BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Percentage of Students who qualified for Free and Reduced Lunch Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Elementary Schools:										
K-5 Schools										
Longfellow Irving Whittier Hawthorne Morning Star Emily Dickinson Hyalite Meadowlark	18% 46% 47% 23% 8% 23% 46% 14%	15% 41% 50% 15% 6% 16% 39% 15%	14% 44% 43% 15% 6% 16% 42% 13%	11% 41% 51% 10% 6% 16% 36% 16%	8% 44% 46% 9% 6% 16% 36%	7% 39% 37% 6% 4% 15% 23% 10%	9% 42% 46% 7% 14% 28% 11%	9% 38% 40% 5% 50 10% 25%	8% 42% 39% 5% 5% 10% 24%	10% 37% 38% 5% 5% 16% 27%
6-8 Schools										
Chief Jospeh Sacajawea	31% 23%	27% 21%	24% 20%	22% 19%	20% 20%	13% 14%	16% 16%	16% 15%	16% 14%	13% 17%
K-8 Schools  Bozeman Online Charter School	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0%	6%
High Schools:										
Bozeman High School Gallatin High School	21% N/A	20% N/A	20% N/A	16% N/A	13% N/A	5% N/A	11% N/A	9% 10%	11% 7%	9% 12%

Source: Title I portion of ESEA consolidated applications

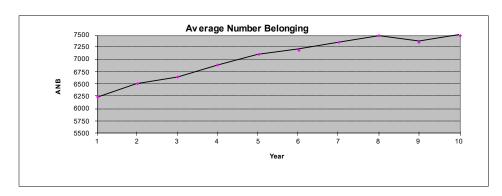
Table 24

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Enrollment Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ave	erage Number Belonging (	ANB)
Year Ended June 30	October Enrollment	Percent Increase (Decrease)	Amount	Percent Increase (Decrease)	Percent of Prior Year's Enrollment
2014	6,213	3.7	6,232	4.3	104.0
2015	6,326	1.8	6,510	4.5	104.8
2016	6,533	3.3	6,637	2.0	104.9
2017	6,770	3.6	6,891	3.8	105.5
2018	6,908	2.0	7,102	3.1	104.9
2019	7,015	1.5	7,204	1.4	104.3
2020	7,152	2.0	7,348	2.0	104.7
2021	6,893	(3.6)	7,498	2.1	104.8
2022	7,217	4.7	7,355	(1.9)	106.7
2023	7,282	0.9	7,495	1.9	103.9

Source: District Records

Note: ANB is largely calculated by averaging the previous year's Fall and Spring enrollment figures, plus other factors.



#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Schedule of Insurance in Force

#### I. Workers' Compensation Policy

A. Policy #: WC-22-11042

B. Carrier: Montana Schools Group Interlocal Authority (MSGIA)

C. Policy Period: 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: Part A - WC and OD Statutory

Part B - Employer's Liability \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Accident, each accident

\$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease, each employee \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease, policy limit

#### II. Excess Property - Real & Personal Property - Blanket

Replacement, Inland Marine and Auto Physical Damage
A. Policy#: YAC-L9L-474623-013
B. Carrier: Liberty Mutual Insurance

C. Policy Period: 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: Blanket replacement buildings and contents, Contractor equipment & vehicles

are on an actual cash value basis.

School Board Legal Liability

#### III. Comprehensive General Liability, Auto Liability, School Board

Legal Liability, and Crime and Employee Dishonesty

A. Policy #: PK1036823

B. Carrier: BRIT Global Specialty USA/Ambridge

C. Policy Period: 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: Compr General Liability \$5,000,000 each occurrence, \$7,000,000 Annual Aggregate,

\$10,000 each person medical payments

Auto Liability \$5,000,000 each occurrence

\$5,000,000 each claim, \$7,000,000 Annual Aggregate,

\$250,000 non-monetary claim defense limit per member/year

Crime and Employee Dishonesty \$500,000 emloyee dishonesty

\$500,000 loss inside and outside \$500,000 forgery & alteration

#### IV. Boiler and Machinery Policy

A. Policy #: BAJ-BME 1-8156L884-TIL-23

 B. Carrier:
 Travelers Boiler

 C. Policy Period:
 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

 D. Limits:
 \$200,000,000

V. Cyber Liability

A. Policy #: NPL006890400

B. Carrier: Arch Specialty Insurance Company

C. Policy Period: 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: \$1,000,000 Network Security & Privacy/Media Liability

\$1,000,000 Data Incident Response Expense Coverage

\$1,000,000 Business Interruption \$250,000 Dependent Business Interruption \$1,000,000 Cyber Extortion Coverage \$1,000,000 Ransomware

\$1,000,000 Kansomware \$100,000 System Failure \$50,000 Dependent System Failure

\$100,000 Electronic Funds Transfer/Telephone Fraud/Invoice Manipulation/Social Engineering

#### VI. Disaster Management

 A. Policy #:
 SR0082823

 B. Carrier:
 Lloyd's Syndicate 510

 C. Policy Period:
 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: \$1,000,000 per Insured Event \$1,000,000 Annual Aggregate

#### VII. Employee Business Travel

A. Policy #: BTAI000691

B. Carrier: STARR Employee Business Travel

C. Policy Period: 7/1/23 - 7/1/24

D. Limits: \$100,000 maximum principal sum per person

\$1,000,000 aggregate limit benefit per occurrence



### **SINGLE AUDIT SECTION**

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal				
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Assistance Listing	Pass-through Grantors	Program or Award		
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	Revenues	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Pass-Through					
Pass-through Montana Office of Public Instruction:					
Title I, Part A	84.010A	16-0350-31-2023	\$ 529,994	\$ 375,025	\$ 375,025
Title I, Part A - Schoolwide	84.010A	16-0350-31-2023	638,485	610,832	610,832
Subtotal Title I			1,168,479	985,857	985,857
IDEA-B	84.027A	16-0350-77-2023	2,341,596	1,875,227	1,875,227
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	16-0350-79-2023	35,386	35,386	35,386
Subtotal Special Education (IDEA) - Cluster			2,376,982	1,910,613	1,910,613
Title III, Part A (Non ESEA consolidated)	84.365A	16-0350-41-2023	15,500	15,500	15,500
Title III, Part A	84.365A	16-0350-41-2023	40,105	40,105	40,105
Subtotal Title III			55,605	55,605	55,605
COVID-19 ESSER # 2 - Base	84.425D	16-0350-92-2021	2,428,618	3,005	3,005
COVID-19 ESSER # 2 - Targeted Support	84.425D	16-0350-92-2021	122,743	122,743	122,743
Subtotal ESSER			2,551,361	125,748	125,748
ARP - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	16-0350-97-2021	12,974	12,974	12,974
ARP II - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	16-0350-97-2021	43,812	19,769	19,769
Subtotal ARP Homeless Children and Youth			56,786	32,743	32,743
Title II, Part A	84.367A	16-0350-14-2023	261,153	261,153	261,153
Carl Perkins - Basic	84.048A	16-0351-81-2023	120,074	118,441	118,441
Title IX McKinney-Vento for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196A	16-0350-57-2023	12,023	12,023	12,023
Pass-through Montana Dept. of Health & Human Services:					
Pre-Employment Transition Services	84.126A	HHS-DETD-00000288	25,650	25,650	25,650
Elem ELC ARP 2nd Round DPHHS Reopen Schools	93.323	N/A	100,000	19,944	19,944
High School ELC ARP 2nd Round DPHHS Reopen Schools	93.323	N/A	100,000	13,362	13,362
ARP – Wokforce Development Grant	93.323	N/A	195,000	195,000	195,000
Subtotal ARP DPHHS			395,000	228,306	228,306
Total U.S. Department of Education Pass-Through			7,023,113	3,756,139	3,756,139
		•			(continued)

#### BOZEMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Federal		_		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Assistance Listing	Pass-through Grantors	Program or Award		
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Amount	Revenues	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs:					
Title VI Indian Education	84.060A	N/A	16,673	16,673	16,673
Total U.S. Department of Education Direct			16,673	16,673	16,673
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Pass-through Montana Office of Public Instruction:					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	N/A	170,389	170,389	170,389
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	613,977	613,977	613,977
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	79,454	79,454	79,454
National School Lunch Program - USDA Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	N/A	136,645	136,645	136,645
Montana School Meals Certificate Program	10.574	218MT200N3503	7,500	-	_
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			1,007,965	1,000,465	1,000,465
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,007,965	1,000,465	1,000,465
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$8,047,751	\$4,773,277	\$4,773,277
					(concluded)

#### Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards:

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### **Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies**

This Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because this schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent deminimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The District did not incur any cash (or noncash) matching contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, nor were any required.



### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Trustees Bozeman School District No. 7 Bozeman, Montana

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bozeman School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bozeman School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bozeman School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bozeman School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bozeman School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant

deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bozeman School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Bozeman School District's Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Bozeman School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Bozeman School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Billings, Montana December 12. 2023

Esde Sailly LLP



### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees Bozeman School District No. 7 Bozeman, Montana

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Bozeman School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Bozeman School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Bozeman School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Bozeman School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Bozeman School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Bozeman School District compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Bozeman School District's federal program.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Bozeman School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Bozeman School District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Bozeman School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Bozeman School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bozeman School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Billings. Montana December 12, 2023

Esde Sailly LLP

#### **Bozeman School District**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified Yes

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

**FEDERAL AWARDS** 

Internal control over major program:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516: No

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program Federal Financial Assistance Listing

National School Breakfast/Lunch Program

Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553 and 10.555

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

#### **Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

#### 2023-001 Restatement of Fund Classification Material Weakness

- *Criteria*: A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for accurately reporting all funds in accordance with the GASB Codification.
- Condition: The K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund was historically reported as a special revenue fund, when it did not meet the criteria in GASB Codification 1300, Fund Accounting, to be reported as such. It should be reported within the General Fund.
- Cause: The District had incorrectly identified and reported the K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund as a special revenue fund when it did not meet the criteria in GASB Codification 1300, Fund Accounting, to be reported as such.
- Effect: The K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund was restated as of July 1, 2022, to be reported within the General Fund.
- Recommendation: Management should annually complete a thorough review of the reporting types of the funds of the District, to ensure they are all properly following GASB Codification.

Views of Responsible Officials: There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

#### Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a.)

#### **Section IV – State of Montana Compliance Findings**

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported.



# Management's Response to Auditor's Findings: <u>Corrective Action Plan</u> June 30, 2023

#### Prepared by:

Mike Waterman, Executive Director Business and Operations Lacy Clark, Director Business Services Julia Wayman, CPA, Accounting Supervisor

#### Finding 2023-001

Finding Summary: The K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund was historically reported as a special revenue fund in the financial

statements prepared by the District's previous auditors. Under GASB Codification 1300, Fund Accounting, the K-12 Interlocal Agreement Fund does not meet the criteria to be reported as a special revenue fund and should be

reported within the General Fund.

Responsible Individuals: Julia Wayman, CPA, Accounting Supervisor

Corrective Action Plan: The District will perform an annual review of all funds to ensure that presentation is correct under the applicable

GASB Codification.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing