MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

NEVADA

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

JUNE 30, 2023

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A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Trustees Mineral County School District, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mineral County School District, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mineral County School District, Nevada basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mineral County School District, Nevada, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Special Education Fund, Federal Grants Funds, and State Grants Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Mineral County School District, Nevada and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mineral County School District, Nevada ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mineral County School District, Nevada's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules presenting information relating to other post-employment benefits and the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, on pages 4-13 and 62-63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because

the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Prior-Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated December 6, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived, restated for the changes in accounting principles described above.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Mineral County School District, Nevada's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison financial statements for major capital and debt service funds, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and combining and individual grant financial statements, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

The schedules and other information listed in the Other Information Section of the table of contents and the Status of Prior Year Findings and Responses included in the Compliance Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated October 31, 2023 on our consideration of Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mineral County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Yerington, Nevada October 31, 2023 This page is intentionally blank.

As financial management of Mineral County School District (the "District"), we offer the readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues, provide an overview of the District's financial activities, identity any significant changes in financial position, and to identify individual issues and concerns. We encourage readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to gain a more complete picture of the information presented.

Financial Highlights

- The deficit net position improved by \$418,571 from (\$2,651,139) to (\$2,232,916) in year 2023. This improvement in net position includes depreciation expense of \$481,101.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$12,440,474 in 2023 compared to \$11,151,558 in year 2022 which represents an 11.5% increase or \$1,288,916. Federal and state sources accounted for 94.63% of total revenues.
- The State of Nevada Department of Education implemented the NRS Pupil Center Funding Plan in fiscal year 2022. The new plan adjusted the previous distributive school account formula and created one funding source called Pupil Center Funding Plan (PCFP) which is calculated on a quarterly weighted per pupil count. The 2023 PCFP revenue totaled \$7,715,726 in year 2023 while the fiscal year revenue amount was \$7,322,671. The new funding formula resulted in increase of \$393,055 in general fund revenues.
- Federal grants of \$1,783,910 provide funding for programs the District would not have the resources to fund with general revenues. Federal grants funding was \$1,467,123 in year 2023 which is an increase of \$316,787.
- The District's total government-wide expenditures increased by 27.8% or \$2,439,450 to \$12,021,903 in fiscal year 2023 compared to \$9,592,453 in 2022.
- The District's General Fund ending fund balance decreased by 17.3% or \$380,037 down to \$1,814,311 compared to \$2,194,348 in year 2022.
- Debt Service Fund had an ending fund balance of \$758,241 in fiscal year 2023 compared to \$654,277 in year 2022.
- Capital Improvement Fund had an ending fund balance of \$819,081 in fiscal year 2023 compared to \$620,273 in year 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide an overview of the District's financial position by governmental activities, business-type activities, as well as the government as a whole. The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates all of the District's current financial resources with deferred inflows and outflows of resources, capital assets and long-term obligations. The end result is net position, which is segregated into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities is focused on both the gross and net cost of governmental activities. Program revenue, which directly offsets the costs of specific functions, is allocated to those functions, resulting in net expenses for governmental activities. The District's general revenues offset remaining costs resulting in the annual increase or decrease in net position. This statement is intended to summarize for the user's analysis the net cost of various governmental services that are supported by general revenues.

Governmental activities reflect the District's basic services on a functional basis. Departments and programs included within those functions are identified in the fund financial statements. Revenue from state basic student support (PCFP) and federal and state grants support the majority of these services.

Business-type activities reflect those activities for which the District intends to recoup the cost of operations through user charges and are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements. The food service program is the only business-type activity operated by the District.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. Based on restrictions placed on the use of monies, the District has established several funds that account for related revenue sources and expenses. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Special Education Fund, State and Federal Grants Funds, Debt Service Fund, Bond Projects Fund, and Capital Improvements Fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the governmental-wide financial statements. Most of the District's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the year-end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains a number of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data of each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report, thereafter followed by individual fund schedules.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this financial statement also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The District adopts an annual budget for all of its governmental and proprietary funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget and are presented within the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for the debt service and capital projects funds along with each non-major fund are presented as supplementary information.

Financial Analysis of the District

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances "Is the District as a whole better or worse off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the District and the changes. One can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets, deferred inflow and outflow of resources, and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, and new or changed government legislation.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by (\$2,232,916) as of June 30, 2023. A portion of the District's net position, \$5,987,619 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment and vehicles less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding).

The deficit unrestricted net position first appeared with the implementation of *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement* 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Statement 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The statements require the District report its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Nevada Public Employees Retirement System and its actuarially determined liability for health benefits paid on behalf of retirees.

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position is presented in Table 1 on the following page.

Net position improved by \$418,571, decreasing the deficit from (\$2,651,487) at June 30, 2022 to (\$2,232,916) at June 30, 2023. Net current assets (current assets in excess of current liabilities) increased by \$61,522 from \$3,933,777 in 2022 to \$3,995,299 in 2023. The net effect of the District's total liabilities (including related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) for employee pensions and other post-employment benefits increased by \$3,365,041 from \$14,159,410 to \$17,797,904.

Table 1 Condensed Statements of Net Position

	Governmental-Activities			siness-Ty	pe A	Activities	Total		
	2023	2022		2023	2022		2023	2022	
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 5,178,340 7,406,115	\$ 5,249,677 7,619,176	\$	260,558 56,504	\$	211,876 9,996	\$ 5,438,898 7,462,619	\$ 5,461,553 7,629,172	
Total Assets	12,584,455	12,868,853		317,062		221,872	12,901,517	13,090,725	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,748,462	4,170,162					4,748,462	4,170,162	
Current liabilities	1,410,593	1,505,556		33,006		22,220	1,443,599	1,527,776	
Long-term debt obligations	1,475,000	1,736,251		-		-	1,475,000	1,736,251	
Noncurrent liabilities for employee benefits	14,879,305	10,895,393					14,879,305	10,895,393	
Total Liabilities	17,764,898	14,137,200		33,006		22,220	17,797,904	14,159,420	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,084,991	5,752,954		-			2,084,991	5,752,954	
Invested in Capital Assets	5,931,115	4,544,051		56,504		9,996	5,987,619	4,554,047	
Restricted	1,070,320	1,070,320		-		-	1,070,320	1,070,320	
Unrestricted	(9,518,407)	(8,465,510)		227,552		189,656	(9,290,855)	(8,275,854)	
Total Net Position	<u>\$ (2,516,972)</u>	<u>\$ (2,851,139</u>)	\$	284,056	\$	199,652	<u>\$ (2,232,916)</u>	<u>\$ (2,651,487)</u>	

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

While the Statement of Net Position shows the change in financial position, the Statement of Activities provides answers as to the nature and scope of these changes. Total revenues increased by \$1,288,916 compared to an increase in expenses of \$2,429,450 and accounted for the improvement in net position of \$418,571 in 2023 compared to an increase of \$1,559,105 in 2022.

As reflected in the following Table 2, expenses for most programs and support functions saw moderate changes.

Table 2

Condensed Statements of Activities Governmental-Activities Business-Type Activities Total 2022 2023 2023 2023 2022 2022 Program Revenues: \$ \$ \$ \$ Charges for services \$ -_ \$ _ 343,709 2,495,665 2,006,987 238,978 2,839,374 2,245,965 Operating grants Capital grants 43,747 18,525 18,525 43,747 362,234 2,495,665 2,050,734 238,978 2,857,899 2,289,712 General Revenues: Property taxes 491,009 (50, 477)491,009 521,764 Other taxes and fees 71,134 44,595 71,134 63,316 Interest earnings 40,133 18,721 40,133 8,554 12,495 Other local sources 28,987 21,049 28,987 -State aid not restricted 8,282,654 8.282.654 to specific purpose 7,876,127 7,876,127 _ Federal aid not restricted 379,590 668,658 379,590 to specific purpose 668,658 Total Revenue 12,078,240 10,340,339 362,234 238,978 12,440,474 11,151,558 Educational Programs: Regular programs 3,842,718 3,257,092 3,842,718 3,257,092 981,334 Special programs 1,223,844 981,334 1,223,844 _ Vocational programs 129,560 80,377 129,560 80,377 _ 78,822 39,370 78.822 39,370 Adult programs 28,547 Alternative progrmas 80,520 28,547 80,520 Co- and Extra curricular 303,047 243,113 303,047 243,113 Support Services: 591,856 591,856 655,158 Student support 655,158 _ 548,536 393,238 548,536 393,238 Instructional staff support General administration 466,411 448,781 466,411 448,781 School administration 970,818 760,473 970,818 760,473 676,839 Central services 1,167,206 676,839 1,167,206 1,141,231 832,742 Operation and maintenance 1,141,231 832,742 Student transportation 585,111 348,481 585,111 348,481 Operation of non-instructional services: 2,540 Community services 6,636 2,540 6,636 459,388 Food service program 5,533 (17, 254)397,612 464,921 380,358 Facilities acquistion 5.716 5.716 Interest on long-term debt 36,842 88,089 36,842 88,089 378,108 375,921 378,108 375,921 Depreciation, unallocated 11,562,515 9,194,841 459,388 397,612 12,021,903 9,592,453 Total Expenses Change in Net Position Before Transfers 515,725 1,145,498 (97,154) (158,634) 418,571 1,559,105 Transfers (181,558) (280,495) 181,558 280,495 84,404 Change in Net Position 334,167 865,003 121,861 418,571 1,559,105 Beginning Net Position (2,851,139) (4,288,383) 199,652 77,791 (2,651,487)(4,210,592)

284,056

199,652

\$ (2,232,916)

\$ (2,651,487)

\$ (3,423,380)

\$ (2,516,972)

Ending Net Position

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

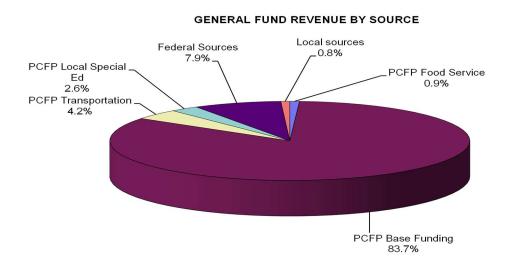
As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflow, outflow, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

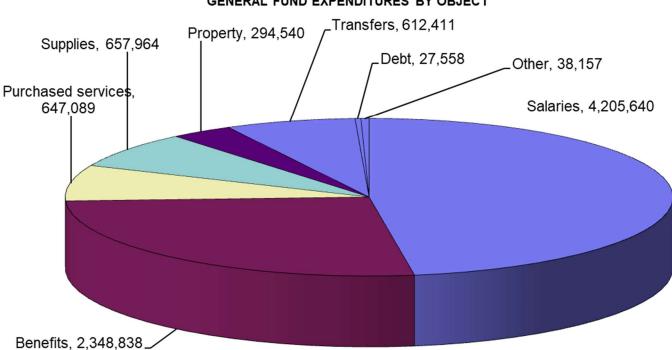
At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$3,961,516 compared to \$3,963,218 in 2022. The fund balance consisted of \$819,081 restricted for capital improvements, \$758,241 restricted for debt service, other restricted balance of \$448,366, and \$39,603 of assigned fund balance as a resource to support 2024 fiscal year appropriations. The remaining \$1,896,225 is unassigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District and the following is information specific to that fund:

- General Fund revenues totaled \$8,452,160 for 2023 which represents 70.0% of total revenue for all governmental funds. General Fund revenues increased \$710,965 from the preceding year amount of \$7,741,195. The chart on the following page presents the primary revenue sources of the District's General Fund.
- The total year-end fund balance decreased by \$380,037 to \$1,814,311. As noted above, \$39,603 was assigned to specific purposes or used to fund fiscal year 2024 appropriations. The total ending balance represents approximately 20.5% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- General Fund expenditures increased \$1,199,737 or 17.09% and transfers to other funds decreased from \$836,975 in 2022 compared to \$612,411 in 2023. The District transferred \$215,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to assist in the many capital improvement needs facing the District.
- The Debt Service Fund ending fund balance increased by \$103,964 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$758,241 compared to an ending fund balance of \$654,277 in year 2022.
- The Capital Projects Fund ending fund balance increased by \$198,808 in year 2023 resulting in an ending fund balance of \$819,081 compared to \$620,273 in year 2022.



The following chart presents the expenditures by object for the District's General Fund.



GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Nevada law and is based on generally accepted accounting principles. The District adopts an annual budget following budget workshops and a public hearing. The budget appropriates funds for proposed expenditures and identifies the means of financing them. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. (The General Fund, for budget purposes, excludes four small funds for which the District prepares individual budgets that are consolidated into the "General Fund" for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).) In summary, the noted differences and explanations are as follows:

- The General Fund's actual revenues totaled \$8,452,160 was less than the anticipated resources of \$8,302,879 by \$149,281 or 1.8%.
- The General Fund's appropriations for expenditures of \$9,293.605 exceeded actual expenditures of \$8,219,786 by \$1,073,819 or 13.06%. All programs and functions came in within budget.
- The General Fund's budget was amended twice during the year. The amendment increased total appropriations for expenditures and other financing uses by \$1,095,998 to \$9,293,605. The unanticipated resources were largely attributable to additional beginning fund balance carried into fiscal year 2023.
- The Debt Service Fund's ending fund balance increased by \$103,964 to arrive at a year-end balance of \$758,241 which is 34.05% of next year's debt service requirements of \$258,208.
- The Capital Improvements Fund's ending fund balance was \$819,081 compared to an ending fund balance of \$620,273 in year 2022. During the fiscal year, the fund incurred \$217,410 in capital improvements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's capital assets in its governmental activities was \$17,850,597 less accumulated depreciation of \$10,444,482 of a net balance of \$7,406,115. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and transportation vehicles. Capital assets additions were \$268,040 during the year while incurring depreciation expense of \$481,101. Capital assets for its business-type activities had additions of \$53,288 and \$6,780 in depreciation expense. Note 3 (Capital Assets) to the financial statements provides capital asset activity during 2023.

Long-Term Debt - Governmental-Type Activities:

Note 4 to the financial statements provides a detail of all long-term debt obligations. The District made bond principal payments of \$23,400 and interest payments of \$23,413 from the debt service fund associated related to the with the 2020 refunded general obligation bonds.

In fiscal year 2023, the District made the final two remaining quarterly payments totaling \$27,588 to retire the existing school buses loan.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Board of Trustees and management of the District consider many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024 budget and school debt tax rate. Some of those factors take into account the local economy and projected student enrollment.

Mineral County School District has experienced a decline in enrollment over the last ten years, from 499 in 2013. The District's student enrollment has seen small decreases in recent years and decreased from 565 students at the end of the 2021-22 school year to 560 in the 2022-23 year. The estimated revenue used to develop the 2024 Final Budget was based on an average enrollment of 565 students.

A concerted effort is being made by local government entities to entice new business into the county; however, a positive shift in Mineral County's economy is not expected within the next year.

All of these factors were considered in the preparation of the 2024 budget. In conjunction with the current economic factors, the District limited its anticipated spending for 2026, and asked administrators and department heads to limit spending and capital outlay. The District has maintained a standard of limiting appropriations to those anticipated expenditures for the period. This approach has allowed the District to maintain an adequate unreserved fund balance, which will carry resources to benefit necessary services and programs with a goal of minimizing additional burdens to its educational programs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the public with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be directed to the Mineral County School District, PO Box 1540, Hawthorne, NV 89415.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	BUSINESS-						
	GOVERNMENTAL			TYPE	TOTALS		
	A	CTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES		2023	2022	
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and investments - Note 2	\$	3,977,726	\$	241,642	\$ 4,219,368	\$ 3,710,484	
Accounts receivable		97,812		-	97,812	21,785	
Due from other governments		1,082,802		18,916	1,101,718	1,678,540	
Taxes receivable		20,000		-	20,000	19,333	
Prepaid expenses	. <u> </u>	-				31,411	
Total Current Assets		5,178,340		260,558	5,438,898	5,461,553	
Noncurrent Assets:							
Capital assets - Note 3		7,406,115		56,504	7,462,619	7,629,172	
Total Assets		12,584,455		317,062	12,901,517	13,090,725	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred loss on refunded bonds - Note 5		32,750			32,750	43,474	
Deferred pension outflows - Note 6		3,084,649		-	3,084,649	2,335,298	
Post measurement date pension							
contributions - Note 6		673,154		-	673,154	622,554	
Deferred OPEB outflows - Note 7		957,909	. <u> </u>		957,909	1,168,836	
Total Deferred Outflows							
of Resources		4,748,462			4,748,462	4,170,162	

	GOVERNMENTAL			SINESS- TYPE	TOTALS			
	ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		2023	2022		
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	66,714	\$	-	\$ 66,714	\$ 155,245		
Accrued salaries and benefits		1,098,901		33,006	1,131,907	1,104,253		
Accrued interest payable		6,828		-	6,828	4,430		
Due to other governments		150		-	150	29,848		
Current portion of long-term debt		238,000			238,000	234,000		
Total Current Liabilities		1,410,593		33,006	1,443,599	1,527,776		
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Long-term debt obligations								
payable - Note 4 & 5		1,475,000		-	1,475,000	1,736,251		
Accrued employee leave - Note 5		173,928		-	173,928	184,553		
Net pension liability - Note 6		10,232,695		-	10,232,695	4,959,543		
Net OPEB liability - Note 7		4,710,682		-	4,710,682	5,985,287		
Less: current portion of								
long-term obligations		(238,000)			(238,000)	(234,000)		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		16,354,305			16,354,305	12,631,634		
Total Liabilities		17,764,898		33,006	17,797,904	14,159,410		
Deferred Inflow of Resources								
Deferred grant revenue		31,059		-	31,059	-		
Deferred pension inflows - Note 6		285,420		-	285,420	4,477,673		
Deferred OPEB inflows - Note 7		1,768,512		-	1,768,512	1,275,281		
Total Deferred Inflow								
of Resources		2,084,991		-	2,084,991	5,752,954		
Net Position								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		5,931,115		56,504	5,987,619	4,554,047		
Restricted - Note 10		1,070,320		-	1,070,320	1,070,320		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(9,518,407)		227,552	(9,290,855)	(8,275,854)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(2,516,972)	\$	284,056	<u>\$ (2,232,916)</u>	<u>\$ (2,651,487)</u>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

			PROGRAM REVENUE							
					OPI	ERATING	CAPITAL			
			CHARGES FOR		GRA	NTS AND	GRA	NTS AND		
	I	EXPENSES		RVICES	CONT	RIBUTIONS	CONT	RIBUTIONS		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Educational Programs:										
Regular programs	\$	3,842,718	\$	-	\$	953,488	\$	-		
Special programs		1,223,844		-		596,532		-		
Vocational programs		129,560		-		49,102		-		
Adult programs		78,822		-		79,211		-		
Alternative progrmas		80,520		-		-				
Co- and Extra curricular		303,047		-		102,188		-		
Total Programs		5,658,511		-		1,780,521		-		
Undistributed:										
Support Services:										
Student support		591,856		-		331,165		-		
Instructional staff support		548,536		-		84,260		-		
General administration		466,411		-		21,082		-		
School administration		970,818		-		69,012		-		
Central services		1,167,206		-		188,972		-		
Operation and maintenance		1,141,231		-		13,658		-		
Student transportation		585,111		-		3,011		-		
Operation of non-instructional										
services:										
Food service program		5,533		-		-		-		
Community services		6,636		-		3,984		-		
Facilities acquisition/construction		5,716		-		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt		36,842		-		-		-		
Depreciation, unallocated		378,108		-				-		
Total Governmental										
Activities		11,562,515		-		2,495,665		-		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Food service program		459,388		-		343,709		18,525		
Total School District	\$	12,021,903	\$	-	\$	2,839,374	\$	18,525		

General Revenues:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt services Taxes for capital acquisition Other taxes and fees Interest earnings Donations Other local sources State aid not restricted to specific purpose Federal aid not restricted to specific purpose **Transfers - Note 8**

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position (Deficit), July 1

Net Position (Deficit), June 30

		NET (EXPENSES) RI							
		CHANGES IN NET	I PO	SITION					
GOV	ERNMENTAL	BUSINESS- TYPE	тот	TOTALS					
	CTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES		2023	71LD	2022			
A		ACTIVITIES		2023		2022			
\$	(2,889,230)	\$ -	\$	(2,889,230)	\$	(2,485,006)			
φ	(2,889,230) (627,312)	φ - -	φ	(627,312)	φ	(2,483,000) (582,087)			
	(80,458)	-		(80,458)		(51,965)			
	389	-		389		5,201			
	(80,520)	-		(80,520)		(28,547)			
	(200,859)			(200,859)		(115,454)			
	(3,877,990)	-		(3,877,990)		(3,257,858)			
	(260,691)	-		(260,691)		(392,879)			
	(464,276)	-		(464,276)		(341,479)			
	(445,329)	-		(445,329)		(448,601)			
	(901,806)	-		(901,806)		(606,798)			
	(978,234)	-		(978,234)		(528,866)			
	(1,127,573)	-		(1,127,573)		(773,286)			
	(582,100)	-		(582,100)		(348,241)			
	(5,533)	-		(5,533)		17,254			
	(2,652)	-		(2,652)		657			
	(5,716)			(5,716)		-			
	(36,842)	-		(36,842)		(88,089)			
	(378,108)			(378,108)		(375,921)			
	(9,066,850)			(9,066,850)		(7,144,107)			
		(97,154)		(97,154)		(158,634)			
	(9,066,850)	(97,154)		(9,164,004)		(7,302,741)			
	_	-		-		(50,477)			
	491,009	-		491,009		572,241			
	51,218	-		51,218		44,595			
	19,916	-		19,916		18,721			
	40,133	-		40,133		8,554			
	18,654	-		18,654		-			
	10,333	-		10,333		12,495			
	8,282,654	-		8,282,654		7,876,127			
	668,658 (181,558)	- 181,558		668,658 -		379,590			
	9,401,017	181,558		9,582,575		8,861,846			
	334,167	84,404		418,571		1,559,105			
	(2,851,139)	199,652		(2,651,487)		(4,210,592)			
\$	(2,516,972)	\$ 284,056	\$	(2,232,916)	\$	(2,651,487)			

NET (EXPENSES) REVENUE AND

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND		STATE GRANTS FUND		C	EDERAL GRANTS FUND
Assets	•	1 00 4 4 40			_		•	
Cash and investments - Note 2	\$	1,896,468	\$	346,221	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		37,717		4,079		-		
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		
Due from other governments		-		-		230,134		830,460
Due from other funds - Note 8		877,566		-		-		-
Taxes receivable, delinquent		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses				-		-		-
Restricted cash - Note 2 & 5		-		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	2,811,751	\$	350,300	\$	230,134	\$	830,460
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	22,993	\$	8,102		93	\$	25,798
Accrued wages and benefits		852,930		92,968		41,968		101,455
Due to other governments		-		-		-		150
Due to other funds - Note 8						183,076		676,995
Total Liabilities		875,923		101,070		225,137		804,398
Deferred Inflow of Resources								
Unavailable taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Deferred grant and other revenues						4,997		26,062
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		-				4,997		26,062
Fund Balance - Note 10								
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-		-
Restricted for capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Restricted - other		-		249,230		-		-
Assigned		39,603		-		-		-
Unassigned		1,896,225						
Total Fund Balance		1,935,828		249,230				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	2,811,751	\$	350,300	\$	230,134	\$	830,460

DEBT SERVICE	IMF	CAPITAL PROVEMENTS	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL			TOTALS			TOTALS					
 FUND		FUND		FUNDS		2023		2022						
\$ 707,889	\$	813,417	\$	213,731		3,977,726	\$	3,532,683						
50,352		5,664		-		97,812		21,785						
-		-		-		-		-						
-		-		22,208		1,082,802		1,644,465						
-		-		-		877,566		446,942						
20,000		-		-		20,000		19,333						
-		-		-		-		31,411						
 -														
\$ 778,241	\$	819,081	\$	235,939	\$	6,055,906	\$	5,696,619						
\$ _	\$	-	\$	9,728		66,714	\$	154,985						
-		-		9,580		1,098,901		1,082,293						
-		-		-		150		24,108						
 -				17,495		877,566		446,942						
 				36,803		2,043,331		1,708,328						
20,000		-		-		20,000		19,333						
 -						31,059		5,740						
 20,000						51,059		25,073						
758,241		-		-		758,241		654,277						
-		819,081		-		819,081		620,273						
-		-		199,136		448,366		323,318						
-		-		-		39,603		839,967						
 -		-				1,896,225		1,528,383						
 758,241		819,081		199,136		3,961,516		3,966,218						
\$ 778,241	\$	819,081	\$	235,939	\$	6,055,906	\$	5,699,619						

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 3,961,516	\$ 3,963,218
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not current financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.	17,850,597	17,582,557
Accumulated depreciation has not been included in the governmental fund financial statements.	(10,444,482)	(9,963,381)
Revenue reported as deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	20,000	19,333
Long-term debt obligations, including bonds payable and capital leases, and not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,475,000)	(1,736,251)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(173,928)	(184,553)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmentmental funds.	(10,232,695)	(4,959,543)
Deferred pension inflows and outflows of resources represent changes in the net pension liability that are to be amortized over future periods. They will not require current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	3,472,383	(1,519,821)
Post-employment health insurance costs are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(4,710,682)	(5,985,297)
Deferred OPEB inflows and outflows of resources represent changes in the net OPEB liability that are to be amortized over future periods. They will not require current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(810,603)	(106,445)
Governmental funds report bond refunding as other financing sources and uses when refunded whereas there net cash difference is reported as a deferred outflow in the statement of net position.	32,750	43,474
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(6,828)	(4,430)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,516,972)	\$ (2,851,139)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

Page 1 of 2

	(SPECIAL GENERAL EDUCATION FUND FUND			G	STATE FUND	FEDERAL GRANTS FUND		
Revenues									
Revenues from local sources	\$	67,776	\$	225	\$	-	\$	-	
Revenues from state sources		7,715,726	5	83,246		341,968		-	
Revenues from federal sources		668,658		-		-		1,783,910	
Total Revenues		8,452,160	5	83,471		341,968		1,783,910	
Expenditures									
Regular programs		3,006,414		-		243,123		533,646	
Special programs		-	6	39,032		-		580,214	
Vocational programs		85,442		-		28,047		21,055	
Adult programs		-		-		-		-	
Alternative programs		-		-		48,459		4,649	
Co-curricular and athletic programs		210,257		-		-		-	
Undistributed									
Support services									
Student support		260,057		72,048		1,005		282,706	
Instructional staff support		457,614		1,269		21,082		83,255	
General administration		410,313		-		-		69,012	
School administration		981,626		-		-		-	
Central services		1,125,117		-		-		188,972	
Operations and maintenance of plant		1,131,750		-		-		13,658	
Student transportation		520,000		-		-		3,011	
Operation of non-instructional services									
Food services		2,904		-		-		3,732	
Facilities acquisition/construction		50,219		-		252		-	
Debt service									
Principal		27,251		-		-		-	
Interest		307						-	
Total Expenditures		8,269,271	7	12,349		341,968		1,783,910	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		182,889	(1	28,878)		-		-	

	DEBT	APITAL		OTHER		TOT		n.
	ERVICE FUND	OVEMENTS FUND	GOV	ERNMENTAL FUNDS	2023		TALS	2022
\$	511,377	\$ 51,218	\$	97,539 255,930 -	\$	728,135 8,896,870 2,452,568	\$	753,214 8,355,233 1,852,106
	511,377	 51,218		353,469		12,077,573		10,960,553
	- - - - -			138,029 - - 79,211 - 92,790		3,921,212 1,219,246 134,544 79,211 53,108 303,047		3,669,448 1,108,245 86,378 44,571 28,547 243,113
	- - - -	- - - - 15,162 17,000		- - - -		615,816 563,220 479,325 981,626 1,314,089 1,160,570 540,011		686,913 436,377 462,559 904,427 827,242 974,983 343,094
	- - 234,000	- 185,248		-		6,636 235,719 261,251		2,540 22,492 1,338,874
. <u> </u>	23,413	 				23,720		91,770
	257,413	 217,410	. <u> </u>	310,030		11,892,351		11,271,573
	253,964	 (166,192)		43,439		185,222		(311,020)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

Page 2 of 2

	GENERAL FUND		E	SPECIAL DUCATION FUND	STATE GRANTS FUND		EDERAL GRANTS FUND
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in - Note 8	\$	-	\$	215,853	\$	-	\$ -
Transfers out - Note 8		(612,411)		-		-	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(612,411)		215,853			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources							
over Expenditures and Other Uses		(429,522)		86,975		-	-
Fund Balance, July 1		2,365,350		162,255		-	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	1,935,828	\$	249,230	\$	-	\$ _

	DEBT		CAPITAL		OTHER			
S	ERVICE	IMP	ROVEMENTS	GO	VERNMENTAL	 TOT	ALS	
	FUND		FUND		FUNDS	 2023		2022
\$	-	\$	365,000	\$	-	\$ 580,853	\$	528,540
	(150,000)					 (762,411)		(809,035)
	(150,000)		365,000		_	(181,558)		(280,495)
	(100,000)					 (101,000)		(200, 190)
	103,964		198,808		38,073	(1,702)		(591,515)
	654,277		620,273		161,063	3,963,218		4,554,733
	·		· · · ·		,	<u> </u>		, , ,
\$	758,241	\$	819,081	\$	199,136	\$ 3,961,516	\$	3,963,218

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

		2023	2022		
et Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,702)	\$	(591,515)	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:					
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.		268,040		73,852	
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds, since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect on the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.		(481,101)		(445,622)	
Revenue from property taxes is deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed in the government-wide financial					
statements.		667		(47,973)	
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		10,625		(18,471)	
Future health insurance post-employment benefits are reported as expenses in the statement of activities but do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore the change in liability and related deferrals is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		570.457		333,273	
		570,457		555,275	
Current year long-term debt principal payments are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but are shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.		261,251		1,338,874	
Proceeds from long-term debt, reported as an other financing source in the fund financial statements, are not considered a revenue in the statement of activities.		-		-	
Changes in net pension liability resulting from differences in actual and projected earnings, experience and changes in proportionate share do not affect current financial resources and not reported in governmental funds.		(280,948)		791,145	
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(13,122)		3,681	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	334,167	\$	1,437,244	

GENERAL FUND - BUDGET BASIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	BUDGETEI	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 143,719	\$ 70,505	\$ 67,776	\$ (2,729)	\$ 38,934
State sources	7,540,932	7,540,932	7,715,726	-	7,322,671
Federal sources	375,000	691,442	668,658	(22,784)	379,590
Total Revenues	8,059,651	8,302,879	8,452,160	(25,513)	7,741,195
Expenditures					
Regular Programs	3,376,384	3,389,993	3,006,414	383,579	2,927,997
Special Programs	-	-	-	-	31,623
Vocational Programs	50,917	86,675	85,442	1,233	57,966
Alternative Programs	17,648	17,648	-	17,648	-
Co-curricular and Athletic Programs Undistributed expenditures:	249,823	259,202	210,257	48,945	167,340
Support Services:					
Student Support	261,602	271,810	260,057	11,753	264,480
Instructional Staff Support	425,075	479,808	457,614	22,194	365,540
General Administration	484,613	520,642	410,313	110,329	462,379
School Administration	940,719	1,027,425	981,626	45,799	750,752
Central Services	884,489	1,234,726	1,075,632	159,094	678,419
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Student Transportation	1,065,277	1,282,588	1,131,750	150,838	915,527 242,854
Student Transportation	413,491	638,442	520,000	118,442	342,854
Total Support Services	4,475,266	5,455,441	4,836,992	618,449	3,779,951
Food Service	-	2,904	2,904	-	-
Facilities acquisition/construction	-	54,173	50,219	3,954	-
Debt Service	27,569	27,569	27,558	11	55,172
Total Undistributed Expenditures	4,502,835	5,540,087	4,917,673	622,414	3,835,123
Total Expenditures	8,197,607	9,293,605	8,219,786	1,073,819	7,020,049
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(137,956)	(990,726)	232,374	1,048,306	721,146
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Contingency	(14,587)	(194,970)	-	194,970	-
Transfers out	(684,424)	(612,411)	(612,411)		(836,975)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(699,011)	(807,381)	(612,411)	194,970	(836,975)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other					
Financing Uses	(836,967)	(1,798,107)	(380,037)	1,243,276	(115,829)
Fund Balance, July 1	1,120,098	2,194,348	2,194,348		2,310,177
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 283,131	\$ 396,241	\$ 1,814,311	\$ 1,243,276	\$ 2,194,348

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GENERAL FUND RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET BASIS EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES), AND FUND BALANCE TO GAAP BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

The District budgets and accounts for signing bonuses, unemployment compensation, retirement sick leave benefits, and retirement incentive benefits separately, but consolidates the respective transactions within the General Fund for GAAP reporting.

	2023			2022		
Expenditures:						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "expenditures" from the						
budgetary comparison schedule	\$	8,219,786	\$	7,020,049		
Reclassifications:						
The District reports amounts from the following budgetary basis						
funds in the General Fund for GAAP reporting:						
Unemployment Compensation Fund		10,853		850		
Retirement Incentive Fund		38,632				
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,						
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	8,269,271	\$	7,020,899		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "other financing sources (uses)" from the						
budgetary comparison schedule	\$	(612,411)	\$	(836,975)		
Reclassifications:						
The District does not report transfers to the following budgetary basis						
funds in the General Fund for GAAP reporting:						
Signing Bonus Fund		-		-		
Unemployment Compensation Fund		-		-		
Retirement Sick Leave Fund		-		-		
Retirement Incentive Fund		-		27,940		
Total other financing sources (uses) as reported on the statement of revenues,						
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	(612,411)	\$	(809,035)		
Fund balance, July 1:						
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Fund Balance, June 30" from the						
budgetary comparison schedule	\$	1,814,311	\$	2,310,177		
Reclassifications:						
The District does not report transfers to the following budgetary basis						
funds in the General Fund for GAAP reporting:						
Unemployment Compensation Fund		9,977		21,680		
Retirement Sick Leave Fund		43,561		43,561		
Retirement Incentive Fund		67,979		78,671		
Total fund balance, July 1, as reported on the statement of revenues,						
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	1,935,828	\$	2,454,089		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	BUDGETEI				
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Local Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225	\$ 225	
State Sources	550,026	583,265	583,246	(19)	553,456
Federal Sources					5,393
Total Revenues	550,026	583,265	583,471	206	558,849
Expenditures					
Special Programs	747,274	951,968	639,032	312,936	682,768
Undistributed expenditures:					
Support Services					
Instruction	-	-	1,269	(1,269)	4,848
Student Support	79,500	163,486	72,048	91,438	160,529
Instructional staff support	2,490	32,209			13,872
Total Undistributed Expenditures	81,990	195,695	73,317	90,169	179,249
Total Expenditures	829,264	1,147,663	712,349	403,105	862,017
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(279,238)	(564,398)	(128,878)	435,520	(303,168)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfer from General Fund	217,169	215,853	215,853		215,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Sources over		(249 545)	0 <i>4</i> 0 7 5	125 500	(07 502)
Expenditures	(62,069)	(348,545)	86,975	435,520	(87,503)
Fund Balance, July 1	81,000	162,255	162,255		249,758
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 18,931	<u>\$ (186,290)</u>	\$ 249,230	\$ 435,520	\$ 162,255

STATE GRANTS FUND - BUDGET BASIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

BUDGETED AMOUNT											
	OI	RIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	V	ARIANCE		2022	
Revenues											
State sources	\$	264,881	\$	502,272	\$	341,968	\$	(160,304)	\$	259,673	
Total Revenues		264,881		502,272		341,968		(160,304)		259,673	
Expenditures											
Regular Programs		171,989		324,114		243,123		80,991		171,154	
Special Programs		-		-		-		-		-	
Vocational Programs		4,884		132,700		28,047		104,653		4,875	
Alternative Programs		-		-		48,459		(48,459)		-	
Undistributed expenditures:											
Support Services:											
Student Support		95		2,500		1,005		1,495		83	
Instructional Staff Support		32,055		42,121		21,082		21,039		29,678	
General Administration		2,812		180		-		180		180	
Central Services		9,299		-		-		-		9,299	
Operations and Maintance of plant		43,747		-		-		-		43,747	
Student Transportation		-		-		-		-		-	
Community Service Programs		-		-		-		-		-	
Food Service Program		-		657		252		405		657	
Total Expenditures		264,881		502,272		341,968		160,304		259,673	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				-		-					
Fund Balance, July 1											
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	

FEDERAL GRANTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

BUDGETED AMOUNT					
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Federal sources	\$ 2,340,060	\$ 2,443,842	\$ 1,783,910	\$ (659,932)	\$ 1,467,123
Total Revenues	2,340,060	2,443,842	1,783,910	(659,932)	1,467,123
Expenditures					
Regular Programs	832,718	905,812	533,646	372,166	426,070
Special Programs	479,627	473,037	580,214	(107,177)	393,854
Vocational Programs	27,442	31,416	21,055	10,361	23,537
Alternative Programs	42,099	110,744	4,649	106,095	28,547
Undistributed expenditures:					
Support Services:					
Student Support	483,917	490,371	282,706	207,665	262,196
Instructional Staff Support	64,954	46,179	83,255	(37,076)	22,081
General Administration	3,500	3,500	69,012	(65,512)	-
School Administration	161,081	160,974	-	160,974	153,675
Central Services	198,314	225,664	188,972	36,692	138,674
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	20,891	20,890	13,658	7,232	15,709
Student Transportation	6,894	4,200	3,011	1,189	240
Operations of non-instructional services					
Community services	18,623	5,966	3,732	2,234	2,540
Total Expenditures	2,340,060	2,478,753	1,783,910	694,843	1,467,123
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures		(34,911)		34,911	
Fund Balance, July 1					
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ (34,911)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 34,911	<u>\$ </u>

FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 241,642	\$ 177,801
Due from other governments	18,916	34,075
Total Current Assets	260,558	211,876
Property and Equipment		
Equipment	80,505	27,217
Accumulated depreciation	(24,001)	(17,221)
Total Capital Assets	56,504	9,996
Total Assets	317,062	221,872
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	260
Accrued salaries and benefits	33,006	21,960
Total Current Liabilities	33,006	22,220
Noncurrent Liabilities:	<u> </u>	
Total Liabilities	33,006	22,220
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets	56,504	9,996
Unrestricted	227,552	189,656
Total Net Position	\$ 284,056	\$ 199,652

FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Operating Revenues		
Revenues from Local Sources		
Daily sales, lunch and breakfast	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>
Revenues from State Sources		
State food assistance program	1,029	1,113
Revenues from Federal Sources		
Lunch reimbursement program	156,817	131,629
Breakfast reimbursement program	104,209	77,218
American Rescue Plan reimbursement	51,197	-
Commodity foods	15,785	12,708
NSLP - Equipment Assistance grant	18,525	-
Supply Chain Assistance grant	14,672	16,310
	361,205	237,865
Total Operating Revenues	362,234	238,978
Operating Expenses		
Salaries	112,269	94,241
Benefits	64,310	51,735
Purchased services	2,006	1,376
Supplies	256,788	235,778
Supplies - commodity foods	15,785	12,708
Property	1,150	324
Other	300	-
Depreciation	6,780	1,450
Total Expenditures	459,388	397,612
Operating Loss	(97,154)	(158,634)
Non-operating sources		
Transfer from General Fund	181,558	280,495
Total Non-operating Sources	181,558	280,495
Change in Net Position	84,404	121,861
Net Position, July 1	199,652	77,791
Net Position, June 30	\$ 284,056	\$ 199,652

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from food sales	\$ -	\$ -
Federal reimbursements for meals	360,579	191,082
State match	1,029	1,113
Payments of personnel costs	(165,533)	(144,152)
Payments to vendors for		
services and supplies	(260,504)	(237,218)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities	(64,429)	(189,175)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Purchase of equipment	(53,288)	
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Finance Activites	(53,288)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Transfer from General Fund	181,558	280,495
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and		
Cash Equivalents	63,841	91,320
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1	177,801	86,481
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	<u>\$ 241,642</u>	<u>\$ 177,801</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (97,154)	\$ (158,634)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	6,780	1,450
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	15,159	(34,075)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(260)	260
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	11,046	1,824
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Operating Activities	<u>\$ (64,429)</u>	<u>\$ (189,175)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND -STUDENT SCHOLARSHIP JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST			
	2023		2022	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	132,634	\$	147,988
Liabilities				
Net Position				
Restricted		132,634		147,988
Expendable		132,034		147,900
Net Position	\$	132,634	\$	147,988

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND STUDENT SCHOLARSHIP FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	 2022
Additions		
Interest earnings	\$ 1,739	\$ 1,139
Scholarship contribution	 	 _
Total Additions	 1,739	 1,139
Deductions		
Scholarship payments	 17,093	 18,802
Total Deductions	 17,093	 18,802
Change in Net Position	(15,354)	(17,663)
Net Position, July 1	 147,988	 165,651
Net Position, June 30	\$ 132,634	\$ 147,988

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Account Policies:

The Mineral County School District (the "District") is a public educational district operated under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Nevada. It is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees elected by registered voters of the District. The financial statements of the Mineral County School District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units in addition to other authoritative sources found in the various Statements of Auditing Standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Reporting Entity:

The District is recognized by State constitution as a corporate body and is governed by a separately elected five-member Board of Trustees. The District is legally separate and fiscally independent of all other governmental entities with decision making authority, authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and is primarily accountable for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a primary government and is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncements, nor is the Board accountable for any other entity required to be included in the District's financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements:

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus of the reporting model is on either the District as a whole, or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements). Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The District currently has one business-type activity, food service operations. All other activities are reported as governmental. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use of directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting this defined classification as program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function. The operating grants include operating-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while a capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants whenever such grants are received.

This government-wide focus is more on the substantiality of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide statements. Interfund activities relating to services provided and used between functions are not eliminated.

The fund financial statements are presented with an emphasis on the major funds of the governmental categories. Non-major funds (by category) or fund type are summarized into a single column.

The governmental funds major fund statements in the fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to (a) demonstrate legal and covenant compliance, (b) demonstrate the source and use of liquid resources, and (c) demonstrate how the District's actual experience conforms to the budget or fiscal plan. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statement's governmental column, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each statement which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (private purpose and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to finance activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The focus of the model is on the District as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental, as well as the fiduciary funds, (by category). Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Basis of Presentation

The governmental-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as is proprietary fund and fiduciary fund. Under this method, revenues are recognized at the time they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreased in current assets (i.e. revenues, other financing sources, expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available and it recognized expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims, and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Other revenues received from the State of Nevada are recognized when susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses, as appropriate). Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The model as defined in GASB Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category or the governmental activities) for the determination of major funds. Management may also elect to designate a fund, which does not meet the criteria, as a major fund. The nonmajor funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements. The District reports the following major funds.

Governmental Major Funds

(1) General Fund – The fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Included within the fund are transactions budgeted and accounted for separately but considered General Fund transactions for GAAP reporting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

- (2) Special Education Fund The fund accounts for all costs, other than those paid by grants, directly related to providing instructional and support services to students with special needs.
- (3) State Grants Fund The fund accounts for costs applicable to state grant awards, other than any that may be accounted for within the general fund.
- (4) Federal Grants Fund The fund accounts for costs applicable to federal grant awards, other than any that may be accounted for within the general fund.
- (5) Debt Service Fund The fund accounts for all resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.
- (6) Capital Improvements Fund The fund accounts for resources accumulated for the purpose of acquiring and constructing major capital equipment and facilities.

The other governmental funds of the District account for resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds:

The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for the resources legally held in trust for the purpose of awarding future student scholarships.

Proprietary Funds

The Food Service Enterprise Fund – This proprietary (enterprise) fund is used to account for operations of the food service program. The District's intent is for the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing nutritional food to students is to be recovered primarily through meal sales and subsidies from the federal school lunch program.

Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities:

These records are maintained, and the information incorporated into the governmental column in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Expenditure Line Item Titles

The "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance" for all Governmental Funds contain expenditures summarized by major program classifications pursuant to the provisions of Handbook II – Nevada Financial Accounting Handbook for Local Education Agencies as established by the Nevada Department of Education. Below is a description of these expenditures program classifications.

Regular programs consist of activities designed to provide elementary and secondary students with learning experiences to prepare them for activities as citizens, family members, and non-vocational workers.

Special programs consist of activities designed primarily to deal with students having special needs. The special programs include kindergarten, elementary and secondary services for the gifted and talented, mentally challenged, physically handicapped, emotionally disturbed, culturally different, students with learning disabilities, bilingual students, and special programs for other types of students.

Vocational programs consist of learning experiences, which will provide individuals with the opportunity to develop the necessary knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed for employment in an occupational area.

Adult programs consist of expenditures to fund adult education programs.

Other programs consist of other programs such as those offered during the summer, to at risk students, or limited English speaking.

Co-curricular and Extra-curricular programs consist of activities that add to a student's educational experience but are not related to educational activities. These activities typically include events and activities that take place outside the traditional classroom such as student government, athletics, band, choir, clubs, and honors societies.

Undistributed expenditures represent all charges, which are not readily assignable directly to a program. Included within this category are support services, operation of non-instructional service, facilities acquisition and construction, and debt service. Support services are student and instruction staff support, the overall general, administrative, and business costs, costs of operating and maintaining the District's physical facilities, and providing transportation for students. Non-instructional services consist of the District's food services operations and community services.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adheres to the Local Government Budget Act incorporated within state statutes, which includes the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data, which is reflected in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

- (1) On or before April 15, the Mineral County School District Board of Trustees files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation and the Nevada Department of Education for all funds.
- (2) Public budget hearings on the tentative budget are held not sooner than the third Monday in May and not later than the last day in May.
- (3) Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must then be forwarded to the Nevada Tax Commission to approve the requested ad valorem tax rate.
- (4) Formal budgetary integration in the financial records of all governmental funds is employed to enhance management control during the year.
- (5) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and appropriations lapse at year-end.
- (6) Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the Function and Fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Budgeted amounts within funds, and between funds, may be transferred if amounts do not exceed the amounts originally budgeted. Such transfers are to be approved by the Budget Officer and/or the Board of Trustees, depending on established criteria. Budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may be made only with prior approval of the Mineral County School District Board of Trustees, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing. The Board amended the budget once during the year.

In accordance with State statute, actual expenditures may not exceed budgetary appropriations of the various governmental programs of the General Fund, or total appropriations of the individual Special Revenue and Capital Project Funds, except for bond repayments, short-term financing repayments, and any other long-term contracts expressly authorized by law or construction of public works from funds provided by the proceeds of a sale of bonds or short-term financing.

The District accounts and budgets for unemployment claims, retirement sick leave benefits, retirement incentives, and signing bonuses in separate funds. GASB Statement 54 requires these funds to be reported within the General Fund for GAAP basis reports. Accordingly, a reconciliation of the General Fund's budgetary comparison statement to GAAP basis is provided.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Property Taxes

All real property in Mineral County is assigned a parcel number, in accordance with state law, and each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. Annual adjustments are made to the assessed valuation to reflect general changes in property values. The assessed valuation of the property and its improvements is computed at 35% of "taxable value" as defined by statute. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. As a result of the 1979 legislative session, the tax rate was further limited to \$3.64 per hundred dollars of assessed valuation unless an additional rate was approved by the electorate.

- 1. Each board of county commissioners shall levy a tax of \$.75 on each \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the county for support of the public schools within the county school district.
- 2. In addition to any tax levied in accordance with subsection 1, each board of county commissioners shall levy a tax for the payment of interest and redemption of outstanding bonds of the county school district.

The District's tax rate for 2022-2023 was \$.75 for general operations and \$.25 for debt service requirements for a total rate of \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation. When combined with other entities with overlapping tax rates, the total combined rate is at the maximum of \$3.66 per \$100 of assessed valuation.

Mineral County bills and collects the property tax for the School District. The tax rates are levied by the County Commissioners immediately after the combined tax rate has been certified by the Nevada Tax Commission. No later than June 15 of each year the individual tax is to be determined and submitted to the Treasurer for collection. The tax rate levied is for the current fiscal year, July 1 to June 30, and the taxes are considered a lien against real property that attaches on July 1. The tax is due and payable on the third Monday in August.

Taxes may be paid in four equal installments payable on the third Monday in August, the first Mondays in October, January, and March. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a two-year waiting period, if the taxes remain unpaid, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the County with a lien for back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation and tax rates described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances lapse at year end.

Cash and Investments

Cash balances from all funds are combined and, to the extent practicable, invested as permitted by NRS 355.170. Investments are stated at cost, which materially approximates market value.

Pursuant to NRS 355.170, the District may only invest in the following types of securities:

- United States bonds and debentures maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Certain farm loan bonds.
- Securities of the United States Postal Service of the Federal National Mortgage Association maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Negotiable certificates of deposit from commercial banks and insured savings and loan associations within the State of Nevada.
- Certain securities issued by the local governments of the State of Nevada.
- Other securities expressly provided by other statutes, including repurchase agreements.
- Certain short-term commercial paper issued by U. S. corporations.
- Certain "AAA" rated mutual funds that invest in Federal securities.

Interest receivable

Interest on investments and certain receivables are recorded as revenue in the year the interest is earned and is available to pay liabilities of the current period.

Inventories

Expenditures for consumable supplies held for future consumption are charged against appropriations at the time of purchase. Any inventories of such supplies at June 30 are not material to the individual funds and are not recognized in these financial statements.

Due to and Due from Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Allowance for Uncollectible Receivables

The District has not established an allowance for uncollectible receivables since prior experience has shown that uncollectible receivables are not material in amount.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and on estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Land improvements, buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-50
Equipment and vehicles	5-15
Food service equipment	15

Interest Capitalization Policy

The District does not capitalize interest on construction projects.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Vacation Time and Sick Leave Benefits

The estimated cost of vacation time and sick leave benefits are accrued as earned and recorded in the government-wide financial statements against applicable programs. In governmental fund financial statements, the cost of vacation and sick leave benefits are not accrued as earned but are recorded as payroll costs when time is actually used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Sick Leave:

The majority of the employees of the District are licensed personnel who have contracts providing for the accumulation of 15 days per year of sick leave up to 180 days. Upon voluntary termination of employment from the District, they shall be paid \$30 per day up to 180 accumulated days providing they have ten consecutive years of contracted certificated employment at the District. The classified personnel also accumulate sick leave of 15 days per year for a maximum accumulation of 145 days. Upon their leaving the employment of the District, they are paid 25% of their current daily rate per day up to 145 accumulated days provided they have ten years of continuous employment at the District.

Vacation Leave:

No vacation time is provided for licensed employees. Classified employees will earn vacation leave upon the completion of twelve months of employment. Accrual rates for various lengths of service are as follows:

1 to 5 years of service, 10 days per year 6 to 10 years of service, 15 days per year Over 10 years of service, 18 days per year

Management determines a probable estimate for employees who will ultimately vest in sick leave based on prior District experience. This estimate is used to record the liability for "accrued vacation and sick leave" in the government-wide financial statements.

Health Care Benefits

The amount the District pays toward all retirees health care costs are charged to the central services function within the General Fund. Similarly, the amount the District pays toward active employee's insurance deductibles are charged to the central services function rather than to the program or function to which the respective employee's compensation is charged.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Nevada Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Noncurrent Liabilities for Employee Benefits - Business Type Activities

Mineral County School District does not allocate any of the liability for net pension liability or other post employee benefits to the business-type activity. The only business-type

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

activity is the school food service program which is subsidized by the General Fund. Therefore, it is the position of the District that any additional cost associated with these employee benefits would be indirectly funded by the government activity and the liability related to food service employees properly reported with the governmental activities.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Transactions that result in the consumption or acquisition of net assets in one period that are applicable to future periods are reported as either a deferred inflow of resources or deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position comprise of various net earnings from operating and non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position are classified in the following three components: invested in capital assets, net of related liabilities; restricted for capital activity and debt service; and unrestricted net position. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consist of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets; debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from that determination. Restricted for capital activity and debt service consists of net position for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, regulations and enabling legislation, including self-imposed legal mandates, less any related liabilities. Unrestricted consists of all other net position not included in the above categories. The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental funds report up to five components of fund balance, as applicable. These five classifications are: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance is reserved for portions of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form, such as inventories or prepaid items, or that cannot be spent because they must be kept intact. Restricted fund balance is reserved for the portion of net resources that have externally enforceable limitation on use, such as those imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws enacted by external entities. Committed fund balance is reserved for the portion of net resources that have an intended use established by the governing board or a designated official. Unassigned fund balance is for that portion of net resources that does not meet the criteria to be placed in any of the other four components of fund balance. Restricted amounts are considered to be spent prior to unrestricted amounts when an expenditure is incurred. Unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent prior to unrestricted amounts when an expenditure is incurred. Unrestricted amounts are considered to be spent in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Prior-Year Data

The basic financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022, from which the summarized information was derived.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments:

Cash includes not only currency on hand but demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions. Cash also includes other kinds of accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits in that the customer may deposit additional funds at any time and also effectively may withdraw funds at any time without prior notice or penalty.

The District's bank accounts are fully covered by FDIC insurance and collateral pledged to the accounts. The collateral pledged consists of obligations insured or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies. To the greatest extent possible, the District invests excess cash balances in the Nevada State Investment Pool under the Mineral County School District's name. The following schedule summarizes cash and investments for the Mineral County School District at June 30, 2023:

	Total
Cash and Investment Balances Held By:	
Governmental Funds	\$ 3,977,726
Proprietary Funds	241,642
	4,219,368
Fiduciary Fund	132,634
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 4,352,002</u>
Balance Classified by Depository:	
Cash:	
Financial Horizons Credit Union	\$ 3,189,883
State Farm Bank	13,330
Subtotal Cash	3,203,213

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Investments: (continued)

Investments: Nevada State Local Government Investment Pool	<u>\$ 1,148,789</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$4,352,002</u>

The following is a list of cash and deposits indicating collateral or insurance on these deposits:

	Carrying Amount	Bank Balance
Insured (American Share Insurance) Insured (Excess Share Insurance)	\$ 250,000 	\$ 250,000
	<u>\$ 3,203,213</u>	<u>\$ 3,507,007</u>

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments held in an external investment pool.

Investment

At June 30, 2023, the average weighted maturity of the Nevada Local Government Investment Pool was 113 days. The fair value of \$1,148,789 is determined according to the following hierarchy determined by availability of market pricing used to determine the fair value.

Level I – Based on quoted prices in active market for identical assets	\$ 453,772
Level II – Based on significant other observable inputs	\$ 695,017

Interest Rate Risk: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: State law limits types of allowable investments under Nevada Revised Statutes 355.170 as listed in the accompanying Note 1. The Nevada Local Government Investment Pool is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fair value of the Local Government Investment Pool is materially the same as the book value of the pool shares.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 3 – Capital Assets:

The following table summarizes the changes in components of the Capital Assets for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Not subject to depreciation:				
Land	\$ 184,067	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 184,067
Construction in progress	166,442			166,442
	350,509			350,509
Subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	15,666,150	-	-	15,666,150
Equipment and vehicles	1,565,898	268,040		1,833,938
T	17,232,048	268,040		17,500,088
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	(8,595,781)	(250,926)	_	(8,595,781)
Equipment and vehicles	(1,367,600)	(230,175)		(1,597,775)
	<u>(9,963,381</u>)	(481,101)		(10,444,482)
Depreciable assets, net	7,268,667	(213,061)		7,055,606
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,619,176</u>	<u>\$ (213,061</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,406,115</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Subject to depreciation:				
Food service equipment	<u>\$ 27,217</u>	<u>\$ 53,288</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 80,505</u>
Less accumulated depreciation: Food service equipment	(17,221)	<u>(6,780</u>)		(24,001)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 46,508</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 56,504</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 3 – Capital Assets (continued):

Depreciation expense was charged to programs and function as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Undistributed expenditures:	
Central Services	\$ 18,049
Operation and maintenance	24,917
Student transportation	60,027
Unallocated	378,108
Total Governmental Activities	
Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 481,101</u>
Business-Type Activities	
Food service	<u>\$ 4,871</u>

Note 4 – Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

Nevada General Obligation	Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023	Current Portion
School Improvement Bonds 2020 Series	\$ 1,709,000	\$ -	\$ 234,000	\$ 1,475,000	\$ 238,000
Promissory Note	27,251	-	27,251	-	-
Net Pension Liability	4,959,543	5,273,152	-	10,232,695	-
Other Post-Employment					
Benefits	5,985,297	-	1,274,615	4,710,682	-
Compensated absences	184,553		10,625	173,928	
Total Long-Term					
Obligations Payable	<u>\$12,865,644</u>	<u>\$5,273,152</u>	<u>\$1,546,491</u>	<u>\$16,592,305</u>	<u>\$238,000</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 5 – General Long-Term Obligations:

The District's General Long-Term Obligation consists of general obligation refunding bonds, general obligation school improvement bonds, installment-purchase agreements, a Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB), and accrued employee benefit costs.

Nevada General Obligation (Limited Tax) School Improvement Bond (PFS Guaranteed)

The District issued \$2,500,000 in series 2017 bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$197,000 to \$260,000 from May 1, 2019 through May 1, 2029, with interest at 2.81%. The total amount of the bonds is guaranteed by the State of Nevada Permanent School Fund over the life of the bonds. If the District defaults on any payment, the State will make such payment which will be considered a loan to the District. The loan will accrue interest at 1% over the average rate yielded on investments in the Permanent School Fund and be repaid to the State from funds available to the District for debt service and amounts withheld from the District's various state revenue distributions.

On October 16, 2020, the District refinanced the 2017 series general obligation bonds by retiring the entire outstanding balance of the bonds totaling \$2,100,000. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$63,000. This difference, reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the accompanying financial statements, is being charged to operations through 2029 using the effective-interest method and has an unamortized balance of \$32,750 at June 30, 2023. The District advance refunding the 2020 series bonds to reduced its total debt service payment over the next ten years by \$105,438 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$78,392.

The annual debt service requirement to maturity for the amount of General Obligation Refunding Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Year Ended			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Requirement</u>
2024	\$ 238,000	\$ 20,208	\$ 258,208
2024	241,000	\$ 20,208 16,947	257,947
2026	244,000	13,645	257,645
2027	247,000	10,302	257,302
2028	251,000	6,918	257,918
2028	254,000	3,480	257,480
	<u>\$1,475,000</u>	<u>\$ 71,500</u>	<u>\$1,546,500</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 5 – General Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Promissory Note

Mineral County School District borrowed \$256,129 on a promissory note with Financial Horizons Credit Union for the purpose of acquiring two school buses. The note dated February 7, 2018 is payable in quarterly installments of \$13,183.16 from March 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022 including interest at 2.990% per annum. The final scheduled payment was made in December 2022 leaving no remaining balance owed.

The lawful School District general obligation debt limit at June 30, 2023 was \$40,001,425 (NRS 387.400). Bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 2023 was \$1,475,000 resulting in unused bonding capacity of \$38,526,425.

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan:

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: All permanent full-time employees are provided pensions through the Public Employees Retirement Plan (PERS). The plan is a multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement System of Nevada. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) establishes a governing board, appointed by the Governor

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan (continued):

that is responsible for managing the System, including arranging for a biennial actuarial valuation and adoption of actuarial tables and formulas prepared and recommended by the actuary.

Benefits provided: Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010 and July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed at 2.50% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% service time factor and for regular members entering the System on or after July 1, 2015, there is a 2.25% factor. The System offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan (continued):

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575-.579.

Regular members entering the System prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with ten years of service, or any age with thirty years of service. Regular members who entered the System on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, or at age 62 with 10 years of service or at age 55 with 30 years of service or any age with 33 1/3 years of service.

Police/Fire members entering the System prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 55 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with twenty-five years of service. Police/Fire members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 60 with ten years of service, or age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted towards eligibility for retirement as Police/Fire accredited service.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both Regular and Police/Fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

Contributions: The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions, and member contribution rates, is set by statute. The contribution rates are based on biennial actuarial valuations and expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983 have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. One plan provides for matching employee and employer contributions, while the other plan provides for employer-pay contributions only. Under the matching Employee/Employer Contribution plan a member may, upon termination of service for which contribution is required, withdraw employee contributions which have been credited to their account. All membership rights and active service credit in the System are canceled upon withdrawal of contributions from the member's account. If EPC was elected, the member cannot convert to the Employee/Employer Contribution plan.

Mineral County School District has elected the EPC plan for all employees. The District's contributions (employer and employee shares) to the plan totaled \$1,346,308 for the year ended June 30, 2023, based on a rate of 29.75% of covered compensation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan (continued):

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$10,232,695 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the plan's net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion of the plan was .05668% compared to .05439% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the District recognized pension expense of \$954,970. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows	
Difference between expected and actual				
Experience	\$	1,324,965	\$	7,310
Changes of assumptions		1,314,461		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		124,845		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions	-	320,378		278,110
		<u>\$ 3,084,649</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	285,420

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 466,033
2025	405,020
2026	351,962
2027	1,360,462
2028	215,752
	<u>\$ 2,799,229</u>

In addition, \$673,154 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and represents District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan (continued):

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability at June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Productivity pay increases:	0.50%
Salary increases	
Regular:	4.20% to 9.10%
Police/Fire:	4.60% to 14.50%
	vary by service, including inflation
Other assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2022
	funding actuarial valuation

Investments: The Board evaluates and establishes expected real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) for each asset class. The Board reviews these capital market expectations annually. The PERS's current long-term geometric expected real rates of return for each asset class included in the plan's investment portfolio as of June 30, 2022 are included in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return*
U.S. Stocks	42%	5.50%
International Stocks	18%	5.50%
U.S. Bonds	28%	0.75%
Private Markets	12%	6.65%

*As of June 30, 2022, PERS' long-term inflation assumption was 2.50%.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan contributions will be made in amounts consistent with statutory provisions and recognizing the plan's current funding policy and cost-sharing mechanism between employers and members. For this purpose, all contributions that are intended to fund benefits for all plan members and their beneficiaries are included, except that projected contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6 – Defined Benefits Pension Plan (continued):

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1%-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Current			
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
\$ 15,711,792	\$ 10,232,695	\$ 5,713,113	

Note 7 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB):

The District offers post-employment health benefits to its retirees under two plans on the pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, the District has implemented GASB No. 75 prospectively beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018. Actuarial studies are done periodically to determine the OPEB liability. The most recent valuation was performed for June 30, 2023.

Plan Information:

Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program:

The District contributes to an agent multiple-employer defined healthcare plan, Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program (PEBP). PEBP is administered by the State of Nevada pursuant to NRS 287. PEBP closed to non-state public agency retirees on September 1, 2008. Local Governments are required to pay the same portion of cost of coverage for their retirees joining PEBP that the State of Nevada pays for those persons retired from state service. The PEBP issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Benefit Program, 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 1001, Carson City, Nevada 89701. The information is also available on their website at www.pebp.state.nv.us or by calling (800) 326-5496.

Mineral County School District Health Care Plan:

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for eligible employees, retirees and their dependents. The program provides health, vision, dental, and life insurance benefits. Any retiree eligible to receive benefits from the Nevada Public Employees Retirement System is eligible to participate. The Mineral County School District Board of Trustees is granted, under NRS 287.010, the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements of the plan. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) *(continued):*

Funding Policy:

Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program:

The contributions to Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program are established and may be amended by the Board of the Public Employee's Benefits Program. The amount of subsidy for which the District is liable for its retirees is billed monthly and based on their years of covered employment under Nevada PERS. As of June 30, 2023, seventy-six District retirees were covered by this benefit plan. The subsidy ends at the earlier of the retiree's death or the date he or she discontinues coverage. The explicit subsidy paid directly to PEPB by the District for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$159,291. Amounts contributed by retirees are paid directly to the State of Nevada and, as such, are not available. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. The District has not elected the option to pay additional amounts into a qualified trust to prefund benefits.

Mineral County School District Health Care Plan:

The District pays the first \$729.34 of active employees' monthly premium for health care coverage plus contributes \$1,000 annually towards each eligible employee's health savings or reimbursement account. Retirees may elect to continue medical coverage and contribute toward the cost based on their hire date as described below.

- Employees hired before September 1, 1995 are required to pay \$60 towards their monthly premium, plus any amount active employees pay towards their premiums.
- Employees hired after September 1, 1995 and before May 17, 2000 pay \$60 towards the first \$250 of their monthly premium and 100% of the premium cost in excess of \$250.
- Employees hired after May 17, 2000 pay 100% of the cost of medical coverage.
- For retires eligible for Medicare, the District purchases individually rate Medicare supplement plans. The District also pays each retiree \$45 per month towards their Medicare Part B coverage. Retirees reimburse the District for any premium cost for which they may be responsible based on their hire date as outlined above.

Employees and retirees pay the full cost of any optional dependent coverage.

Claims experience of employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees are pooled when determining premiums resulting in an "implicit" subsidy of retirees' cost by active employees. A separate report is not issued for the plan.

Following is the number of inactive (retired) and active employees eligible and enrolled for benefits at June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued):

Active employees – the District reported 82 active employees under the health plan for the June 2022 valuation date.

Inactive employees – the District reported 29 retirees covered on the District's medical and life insurance plans on the June 2022 valuation date.

Total OPEB Liability:

Following is the District's total OPEB liability that was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

PEBP	\$ 1,388,489
District Plan	3,322,193
	<u>\$ 4,710,682</u>
Methods and Assumptions	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the District and the plan members to that point. Projections of benefits for financial reported purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Significant methods and assumptions used to value both plans are as follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Funding method	Entry Age Normal Cost, closed group, level percent of pay
Asset valuation method	N/A - No trust established
Discount rate (S & P General Obligation Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index)	3.69% as of June 30, 2022 3.89% as of June 30, 2023
Participants valued – PEBP – District Plan	Only current PEBP retirees are valued Only current active employees and retired participants and covered spouses are valued. No future entrants are considered

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued):

Actuarial assumptions:	
Projected salary increases	3.0% (N/A for PEBP)
Assumed wage inflation	3.0% (N/A for PEBP)
General inflation rate	2.5%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.5% in 2023 to 7.0% in 2024 and fluctuating
	to 3.9% by 2075

Mortality: The mortality rates were described in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation of the Nevada PERS program as being reasonably representative of mortality experience as of that measurement date. Non-disabled life rates for Regular employees: *Males: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant* Table *Females: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant* Table

Mortality Improvement: The mortality rates described above were then adjusted to anticipate future mortality improvement by applying MacLeod Watts Scale 2022 on a generational basis from 2010 forward.

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Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	PEBP	District	Total
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>\$1,986,180</u>	<u>\$3,999,117</u>	<u>\$5,985,297</u>
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	-	70,376	70,376
Interest	70,959	147,225	218,184
Changes of assumptions	(109,862)	(31,722)	(141,584)
Plan experience	(432,471)	(703,512)	(1,135,983)
Benefit payments	(126,317)	(159,291)	(285,608)
Net Change	(597,691)	(676,924)	<u>(1,274,615)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$1,388,489</u>	<u>\$3,322,193</u>	<u>\$4,710,682</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86%, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage lower (2.86%) or one percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current rate:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
(2.86)	(3.86%)	(4.86%)
\$5,265,909	\$4,710,682	\$4,245,741

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7 – Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued):

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend:

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability of the District as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current rates:

	Current	
<u>1% Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
\$4,253,577	\$4,710,682	\$5,254,030

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual Experience Change in assumptions	\$ 799,454 <u>158,455</u>	\$ 940,745
	<u>\$ 957,909</u>	<u>\$ 1,768,512</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB negative expense of (\$284,849). The District will recognize the deferred resources as follows.

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (31,076)
2025	(29,826)
2026	(27,049)
2027	(59,978)
2028	(134,825)
Thereafter	 (527,849)
	\$ (810,603)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8 – Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Interfund Balances

Many grants are funded on a reimbursement basis. Consequently, expenses are paid with cash advanced from the General Fund until the subsequent reimbursement is received.

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 877,566	\$ -
State Grants Fund	-	183,076
Federal Grants Fund	-	676,995
Other Governmental Fund		17,495
Totals	<u>\$ 877,566</u>	<u>\$ 877,566</u>

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the district-wide financial statements to cover federal grant expenditures awaiting grantor reimbursements.

Interfund Transfers

The General Fund annually transfers resources to the Special Education Fund and Food Service Enterprise Fund. This is required because the resources dedicated to these funds are insufficient to cover the costs of operating the respective programs.

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Funds		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 612,411
Special Education Fund	215,853	-
Capital Improvement Fund	365,000	-
Debt Service Fund		150,000
	580,853	762,411
Proprietary Funds Federal Food Service Enterprise Fund	181,558	
Totals	<u>\$ 762,411</u>	<u>\$ 762,411</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9 – Revenue Tax Abatements:

The State of Nevada Controller's Office and the Nevada Governor's Office of Energy currently do not have any listed revenue tax abatements for Mineral County School District.

Note 10 – Net Position/Fund Balance:

Restricted

The District levies an ad valorem tax for the sole purpose of paying bond principal and interest. Therefore, the year-end balance in the Debt Service Fund is restricted for future debt service.

The portion of the basic governmental services tax related to the ad valorem tax rate for debt service is required by state law to be used for capital acquisitions or improvements and is the primary resource for the Capital Improvements Fund. Therefore, the portion of the Capital Improvements Fund's ending balance not related to the aforementioned sinking fund restriction is restricted for future capital expenditures.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds had the following restricted fund balance.

Capital Improvements Fund Restricted for future capital acquisition and improvements	\$	819,081
Debt Service Fund Restricted for future debt service requirements		758,240
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,577,325</u>

The District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, includes a \$1,274,550 restriction for the above purposes, adjusted for related outstanding debt and difference in revenue recognition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10 – Net Position/Fund Balance (continued):

Assigned

The General Fund has an assigned fund balance consisting of the following.

Amount required in the subsequent year to fund the excess of appropriated expenditures over	¢	20 (0)
estimated revenues	\$	39,60
Budgetary Basis Funds reported within the		
GAAP basis General Fund		
Unemployment Compensation	<u>\$</u>	_
	<u>\$</u>	39,60

Note 11 – Pupil-Centered Funding Plan (PCFP):

After approval by the 2021 Nevada Legislature for the 2021-23 biennium, the Pupil-Centered Funding Plan (PCFP) replaced The Nevada Plan as the method used to finance elementary and secondary education in Nevada schools. The Pupil-Centered Funding Plan combines money raised pursuant to state law at the local level with statement money to provide a reasonably equal basic level of support to each pupil in the state through the State Education Fund. The intent of the new formula is to provide a more transparent and equitable methodology.

The Pupil-Centered Funding Plan established a statewide per-pupil base funding amount which is adjusted by county based on the Nevada Cost of Education Index. Auxiliary funding for transportation and food services are provided. In addition, the PCFP established categorical perpupil weighted funding for Special Education students, gifted and talented pupils, English language learners, and at-risk pupils.

Districts are protected financially from significant decreases due to enrollment reductions through "hold-harmless" provisions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12 – Risk Management:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District has joined together with similar public entities (cities, counties, school districts, and special districts) throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (Pool) is a public-entity risk pool currently operating as a common-risk management and insurance program for its members.

The District pays an annual premium and specific deductibles, as necessary, to the Pool for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide property loss coverage for its members up to \$500,000 per insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the \$500,000 limit. The Pool also is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members up to \$500,000 per casualty insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured event events in excess of the \$500,000 per casualty insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the \$500,000 per casualty insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the \$500,000 per casualty insured event. The Pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of the \$500,000 per casualty insured event.

The District has joined together with similar public entities (cities, counties, school districts, and special districts) throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool under the Public Agency Compensation Trust (PACT) for workers' compensation liabilities. The District pays an annual premium and there are no deductibles. The PACT is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members based on established statutory limits.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 31, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 14 – Contingencies:

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the District receives grant funds both from federal and state agencies. These grants may be subject to compliance audits by the grantor agencies and ultimate retention of these monies is contingent upon satisfying the grantors that proper procedures were followed and that the resources were spent in accordance with grant requirements. Management does not anticipate any adjustments to these financial statements if compliance audits were conducted by these agencies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 15- Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes:

The District conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year as detailed in the Independent Auditor's Nevada Revised Statutes 354 Compliance Examination Report found on page 123.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB

LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Public Employees Benefit Plan (PEBP)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
ruone Employees Benefit Flam (FEBF)						
Total OPEB Liability		•	•		•	•
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	88,369	86,710	77,038	62,345	45,098	70,959
Change in assumptions	(14,277)	290,096	166,763	87,277	(340,847)	(109,862)
Change in plan experience	-	(152,238)	-	(202,983)	-	(432,471)
Benefit payments	(163,459)	(158,653)	(158,527)	(156,636)	(133,895)	(126,317)
Net Change in total OPEB Liability	(89,367)	65,915	85,274	(209,997)	(429,644)	(597,691)
Total Liability, July 1	2,563,999	2,474,632	2,540,547	2,625,821	2,415,824	1,986,180
Total Liability, June 30	\$ 2,474,632	\$ 2,540,547	\$ 2,625,821	\$ 2,415,824	<u>\$ 1,986,180</u>	<u>\$ 1,388,489</u>
Covered employee payroll	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Mineral County Health Benefits Plan						
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 66,042	\$ 67,617	\$ 77,947	\$ 96,367	\$ 107,338	\$ 70,376
Interest	121,110	124,861	132,425	116,592	98,908	147,225
Change in assumptions	(30,966)	369,800	478,764	593,699	(1,177,794)	(31,722)
Change in plan experience	-	377,310	-	(290,135)	-	(703,512)
Benefit payments	(99,513)	(121,541)	(215,076)	(133,449)	(146,876)	(159,291)
Net Change in total OPEB Liability	56,673	818,047	474,060	383,074	(1,118,424)	(676,924)
Total Liability, July 1	3,385,687	3,442,360	4,260,407	4,734,467	5,117,541	3,999,117
Total Liability, June 30	\$ 3,442,360	\$ 4,260,407	\$ 4,734,467	<u>\$ 5,117,541</u>	\$ 3,999,117	\$ 3,322,193
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,238,557	\$ 4,299,844	\$ 4,024,561	\$ 4,452,994	\$ 5,465,385	\$ 5,537,172
Total liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	81.2%	99.1%	117.6%	114.9%	73.2%	60.0%
Notes to Schedule:						
Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. (The Discount rate used to determine the July 1, 2017 values was 3.56%.)						
Applicable discount rates	3.62%	3.13%	2.45%	1.92%	3.69%	3.86%

NET PENSION LIABILITY NEVADA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS*

		2014		2015		2016
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share						
of the Net Pension Liability						
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.05755%		0.05755%		0.05778%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,567,339	\$	5,997,542	\$	6,621,309
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,123,830	\$	3,418,149	\$	3,501,487
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		242.2%		175.5%		189.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		68.7%		76.3%		75.1%
* The above amounts presented for each fiscal year have a measurement	nt da	ate of June 30	of t	he preceding	/ear	

Schedule of District Contributions

Statutorily required employer contribution	\$ 439,322	\$ 450,817	\$ 480,303
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 439,322	 450,817	 480,303
Contribution deficiency	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,418,149	\$ 3,501,487	\$ 3,454,218
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.9%	12.9%	13.9%

 2017	 2018	 2019	2020		2021		2022		 2023
0.05665%	0.05683%	0.05906%		0.05625%		0.05413%		0.05439%	0.05668%
\$ 7,623,663	\$ 7,557,862	\$ 8,053,857	\$	7,670,611	\$	7,539,722	\$	4,959,543	\$ 10,232,695
\$ 3,454,218	\$ 3,645,286	\$ 3,918,166	\$	3,865,263	\$	3,871,135	\$	3,878,522	\$ 4,197,004
220.7%	207.3%	205.6%		198.4%		194.8%		127.9%	243.8%
72.2%	74.4%	75.2%		76.5%		77.0%		86.5%	75.1%
\$ 510,340	\$ 548,121	\$ 539,728	\$	566,120	\$	567,330	\$	622,554	\$ 673,154
 510,340	 548,121	 539,728		566,120		567,330		622,554	 673,154
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$
\$ 3,645,286	\$ 3,918,166	\$ 3,865,263	\$	3,871,135	\$	3,878,522	\$	4,197,004	\$ 4,525,412
14.0%	14.0%	14.0%		14.6%		14.6%		14.8%	14.9%

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Local sources					
Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 24,005	\$ 24,005	\$ 18,429	\$ (5,576)	\$-
Earnings on investments	11,000	6,000	19,098	13,098	7,718
Geothermal Taxes	-	20,000	19,916	(84)	18,721
Grant indirect cost recovery	85,714	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	9,000	-	(9,000)	-
Other revenues	23,000	11,500	10,333	(1,167)	12,495
	143,719	70,505	67,776	(2,729)	38,934
State sources					
PCFP ADJ Base Funding	6,898,771	6,898,771	7,073,565	174,794	6,681,069
PCFP Transportation	353,750	353,750	353,750	-	353,442
PCFP Food Service	72,558	72,558	72,558	-	72,495
PCFP Local Special Ed	215,853	215,853	215,853		215,665
	7,540,932	7,540,932	7,715,726	174,794	7,322,671
Federal sources					
Department of Defense, Impact Aid	225,000	541,442	541,442	-	257,428
Securing Rural Schools	150,000	150,000	127,216	(22,784)	122,162
	375,000	691,442	668,658	(22,784)	379,590
Total Revenues	8,059,651	8,302,879	8,452,160	149,281	7,741,195
Expenditures					
Regular Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	2,141,116	2,156,198	1,977,679	178,519	1,912,949
Benefits	1,009,484	1,007,811	856,681	151,130	816,827
Purchased services	62,659	61,662	54,622	7,040	63,766
Supplies	161,500	162,697	117,432	45,265	134,455
Property	1,625	1,625		1,625	-
Total Regular Programs	3,376,384	3,389,993	3,006,414	383,579	2,927,997

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Special Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries Benefits	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	\$	\$ 17,183 14,440
Total Special Programs					31,623
Vocational Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	29,555	57,504	56,143	1,361	39,494
Benefits	14,757	22,802	21,650	1,152	11,981
Supplies	6,605	6,369	7,649	(1,280)	6,491
Total Vocational Programs	50,917	86,675	85,442	1,233	57,966
Alternative Education Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	12,014	12,014	-	12,014	-
Benefits	5,634	5,634		5,634	
Total Alternative Programs	17,648	17,648		17,648	
Co-Curricular and Athletic Programs Co-curricular Programs Instruction					
Salaries	30,977	31,305	23,108	8,197	21,816
Benefits	1,822	1,814	649	1,165	545
Purchased Services	2,286	2,286	1,195	1,091	90
Supplies	3,583	3,598	1,621	1,977	3,547
Other					
	38,668	39,003	26,573	12,430	25,998
Student Transportation					
Salaries	9,503	9,503	4,497	5,006	272
Benefits	7,522	8,602	3,766	4,836	2,312
Purchased Services	471	471		471	65
	17,496	18,576	8,263	10,313	2,649
Total Co-curricular Programs	56,164	57,579	34,836	22,743	28,647

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Athletic Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	\$ 103,007	\$ 106,846	\$ 107,036	\$ (190)	\$ 91,508
Benefits	14,884	13,432	7,925	5,507	6,081
Purchased services	14,240	13,070	19,890	(6,820)	7,828
Supplies	8,943	9,943	8,226	1,717	12,392
Other	20,451	21,501	19,777	1,724	11,691
	161,525	164,792	162,854	1,938	129,500
Student Transportation					
Salaries	21,555	18,568	8,414	10,154	5,447
Benefits	7,514	15,198	1,383	13,815	2,462
Purchased services	3,065	3,065	2,770	295	990
Supplies				-	294
	32,134	36,831	12,567	24,264	9,193
Total Athletic Programs	193,659	201,623	175,421	26,202	138,693
Total Co-curricular and					
Athletic Programs	249,823	259,202	210,257	48,945	167,340
Undistributed expenditures: Support Services					
Student Support Salaries	192,079	100 500	175.050	4.620	109 215
Benefits	66,638	180,598 80,866	175,959 78,968	4,639 1,898	198,315
Purchased services	750	80,866 750	166	1,898 584	65,986 162
Supplies	2,135	9,596	4,964	4,632	(358)
Total Student Support	261,602	271,810	260,057	11,753	264,105
Instructional Staff Support	101.105	200 720	204 510	5 010	100.000
Salaries	191,195	209,720	204,510	5,210	182,032
Benefits	106,709	116,475	107,571	8,904	90,832
Purchased services	29,044	11,393	13,018	(1,625)	23,880
Supplies	98,127	142,220	132,515	9,705	69,171
Total Instructional Staff Support	425,075	479,808	457,614	22,194	365,915

	BUDGETED AMOUNT				ACTUAL					
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL	(BU	DGET BASIS)	VA	RIANCE		2022
General Administration						· · ·				
Salaries	\$	191,744	\$	197,186	\$	147,149	\$	50,037	\$	187,592
Benefits	+	77,675	Ŧ	79,003	+	57,477	Ŧ	21,526	+	73,903
Purchased services		200,533		225,562		183,253		42,309		179,869
Supplies		5,070		8,400		8,916		(516)		11,660
Property		- ,		900		831		69		-
Other		9,591		9,591		12,687		(3,096)		9,355
Total General Administration		484,613		520,642		410,313		110,329		462,379
School Administration										
Salaries		624,968		685,069		674,732		10,337		508,816
Benefits		295,296		309,551		288,919		20,632		230,024
Purchases services		12,704		25,589		14,064		11,525		6,651
Supplies		5,496		4,961		2,363		2,598		2,927
Other		2,255		2,255		1,548		707		2,334
Total School Administration		940,719		1,027,425		981,626		45,799		750,752
Central Services										
Salaries		352,175		429,027		381,679		47,348		261,344
Benefits		161,313		499,805		493,360		6,445		154,703
Benefits, retirees		300,000		180,000		176,549		3,451		237,641
Purchases services		40,341		93,826		82,351		11,475		113,456
Supplies		27,152		27,560		19,460		8,100		24,261
Other		3,508		4,508		2,980		1,528		3,506
Indirect cost reimbursements		-				(80,747)		80,747		(116,492)
Total Central Services		884,489		1,234,726		1,075,632		159,094		678,419
Operation and Maintenance										
Salaries		399,221		394,178		355,598		38,580		340,783
Benefits		203,105		189,802		154,082		35,720		156,808
Purchased services		269,199		314,872		259,258		55,614		205,335
Supplies		188,075		259,167		241,514		17,653		211,590
Property		4,669		123,069		120,289		2,780		-
Other		1,008		1,500		1,009		491		1,011
Total Operation and Maintenance]	1,065,277		1,282,588		1,131,750		150,838		915,527

	BUDGETEI	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Student Transportation					
Salaries	\$ 161,083	\$ 204,023	\$ 169,883	\$ 34,140	\$ 158,630
Benefits	103,260	111,995	77,614	34,381	83,613
Purchased services	48,948	52,130	38,746	13,384	34,452
Supplies	91,550	117,775	93,490	24,285	66,125
Property	5,700	149,569	140,111	9,458	-
Other	2,950	2,950	156	2,794	34
Total Student Transportation	413,491	638,442	520,000	118,442	342,854
Total Support Services	4,475,266	5,455,441	4,836,992	618,449	3,779,951
Enterprise Operations					
Food Services					
Supplies		2,904	2,904		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction: Building Improvement					
Purchased services	-	34,173	33,309	864	-
Supplies		20,000	16,910	3,090	
Total Facilities Acquisition					
and Construction		54,173	50,219	3,954	
Debt Service					
Principal	27,260	27,260	27,251	9	53,356
Interest	309	309	307	2	1,816
Total Debt Service	27,569	27,569	27,558	11	55,172
Total Undistributed					
Expenditures	4,502,835	5,540,087	4,917,673	622,414	3,835,123
Total Expenditures	8,197,607	9,293,605	8,219,786	1,073,819	7,020,049
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(137,956)	(990,726)	232,374	1,223,100	721,146

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Contingency	\$ (14,587)	\$ (194,970)	\$ -	\$ 194,970	\$ -
Transfers out:					
School Lunch Fund	(272,558)	(181,558)	(181,558)	-	(280,495)
Retirement Incentive Fund	(27,940)	-	-	-	(27,940)
Class Size Reduction Fund	(166,757)	-	-	-	-
Special Education Fund	(217,169)	(215,853)	(215,853)	-	(215,665)
Capital Improvements Fund		(215,000)	(215,000)		(312,875)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(699,011)	(807,381)	(612,411)	194,970	(836,975)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other					
Financing Uses	(836,967)	(1,798,107)	(380,037)	1,418,070	(115,829)
Fund Balance, July 1	1,120,098	2,194,348	2,194,348		2,310,177
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 283,131	\$ 396,241	\$ 1,814,311	\$ 1,418,070	\$ 2,194,348

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT	ACTUAL		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
Expenditures					
Undistributed Expenditures Central Services					
Benefits	4,064	17,000	10,853	6,147	850
Total Expenditures	4,064	17,000	10,853	6,147	850
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(4,064)	(17,000)	(10,853)	6,147	(850)
Other Financing Sources Transfers from General Fund					
Excess (Deficiency) of Other Sources over Expenditures	(4,064)	(17,000)	(10,853)	6,147	(850)
Fund Balance, July 1	4,064	20,830	20,830		21,680
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,830	<u>\$ 9,977</u>	\$ 6,147	<u>\$ 20,830</u>

	В	BUDGETED AMOUNT			A	CTUAL			
	OR	IGINAL	F	FINAL	(BUDGET BASIS)		VARIANCE		 2022
Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Expenditures Regular Programs Benefits								_	
Total Expenditures						-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		-		-	-
Other Financing Sources Transfers from General Fund									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures		_		_		_		_	_
Fund Balance, July 1		43,561		43,561		43,561		-	 43,561
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	43,561	\$	43,561	\$	43,561	\$	-	\$ 43,561

	BUDGETED AMOUNT				A	CTUAL				
	ORI	GINAL]	FINAL	(BUD	GET BASIS)	VAF	RIANCE		2022
Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	
Expenditures										
Undistributed Expenditures										
Other Support Benefits		27,940		40,000		38,632		1,368		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures		(27,940)		(40,000)		(38,632)		1,368		-
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers from General Fund		27,940		-		-		-		27,940
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over										
Expenditures		-		(40,000)		(38,632)		1,368		27,940
Fund Balance, July 1		78,671		106,611		106,611			<u>.</u>	78,671
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	78,671	\$	66,611	\$	67,979	\$	1,368	\$	106,611

	BUDGETED AMOUNT								
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL	Α	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	 2022
Revenues									
Revenues from Local Sources									
Donation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	225	\$	225	
Revenues from State Sources									
Distributive School Fund	\$	527,656	\$	566,947	\$	566,928	\$	(19)	\$ 531,085
Special Education 13% Cap		22,370		16,318		16,318		-	 22,371
		550,026		583,265		583,246		(19)	 553,456
Revenues from Federal Sources									
Impact Aide		-		-		-		-	 5,393
Total Revenues		550,026		583,265		583,471		206	 558,849
Expenditures									
Special Programs									
Instruction									
Salaries		469,155		500,873		419,390		81,483	419,788
Benefits		237,250		264,857		180,181		84,676	202,819
Supplies		-		46,636		38,557		8,079	60,161
Other		-		195		195		-	 -
Total Instruction		706,405		812,561		638,323		174,238	 682,768
Other Direct Support									
Student Support									
Salaries		20,977		82,021		-		82,021	-
Benefits		9,668		45,275		-		45,275	-
Supplies		-		-				-	
Total Student Support		30,645		127,296		-		127,296	 -
Staff Support									
Salaries		6,927		7,190		90		7,100	-
Benefits		3,297		2,431		4		2,427	-
Purchased services		-		2,490		615		1,875	 -
Total Staff Support		10,224		12,111		709		11,402	
Total Special Programs		747,274		951,968		639,032		312,936	 682,768

	BUDGETEI	D AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Other Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries Benefits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,230 39	\$ (1,230) (39)	\$ 4,734 114
Belletits			39	(39)	114
Total Other Programs			1,269	(1,269)	4,848
Undistributed expenditures					
Student Support					
Purchased services	75,000	-	50,335	(50,335)	142,465
Supplies	4,500		21,713	(21,713)	18,064
Total Student Support	79,500		72,048	(72,048)	160,529
Instructional Staff Support					
Salaries	7,100				
Benefits	2,426				
Purchased services	2,490				13,872
Total Instructional Staff Support	12,016				13,872
Total Undistributed Expenditures	91,516		72,048	(72,048)	174,401
Total Expenditures	838,790	951,968	712,349	239,619	862,017
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(288,764)	(368,703)	(128,878)	239,825	(303,168)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfer in from General Fund	217,169	215,853	215,853		215,665
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
and Other Sources over Expenditures	(71,595)	(152,850)	86,975	239,825	(87,503)
Fund Balance, July 1	81,000	162,255	162,255		249,758
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 9,405	\$ 9,405	\$ 249,230	\$ 239,825	\$ 162,255

	BU	DGETEI) AN	/IOUNT					
	ORIO	GINAL		FINAL	AC	TUAL	VA	RIANCE	2022
Revenues									
State Sources									
Pool Pact Scholarship	\$	1,283	\$	4,997	\$	-	\$	(4,997)	\$ 1,282
Pre-Kindergarten Education		-		336,400		243,920		(92,480)	172,295
Rural Professional Development		-		28,175		21,542		(6,633)	28,175
Career and Technical Education:									
Formula		-		3,102		2,748		(354)	4,875
Competitive		-		129,598		73,758		(55,840)	-
Facilities Safety Grant SB 551		-		-		-		-	43,747
Teacher Incentives Grant AB 309									9,299
State Restricted Grants		263,598		-		-			
Total Revenues		264,881		502,272		341,968		(160,304)	 259,673
Expenditures									
Regular Programs									
Instruction									
Salaries		92,403		141,343		124,820		16,523	109,060
Benefits		46,375		100,579		46,106		54,473	53,299
Purchased services		3,336		3,200		-		3,200	2,100
Supplies		29,875		78,992		72,197		6,795	6,695
Other		-		-		-			
Total Regular Programs	. <u></u>	171,989		324,114		243,123		80,991	 171,154
Vocational Programs									
Instruction									
Salaries		-		16,283		-		16,283	-
Supplies		4,884		29,011		21,371			4,875
Property				6,808		6,676		132	 -
Total Instruction		4,884		52,102		28,047		16,415	 4,875
Student Support Services									
Salaries		-		46,575		32,092		14,483	-
Benefits		-		25,451		10,461		14,990	-
Purchases services		-		1,140		-		1,140	-
Supplies		-		7,028		5,906		1,122	-
Other				320		-		320	 -
Total Student Services				80,514		48,459		32,055	 -

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Instructional Staff Support					
Other	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 84</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 84</u>	<u>\$</u>
Total Vocaltional Programs	4,884	132,700	76,506	48,554	4,875
Undistributed expenditures: Support Services					
Student Support Purchased services	95	2,500	1,005	1,495	83
Total Student Support	95	2,500	1,005	1,495	83
Instructional Staff Support					
Salaries	1,500	6,609	1,959	4,650	-
Benefits	96	234	24	210	-
Purchased services	28,882	32,598	18,302	14,296	28,097
Other	1,577	2,680	797	1,883	1,581
Total Instructional Staff Support	32,055	42,121	21,082	21,039	29,678
General Administration					
Purchased services	2,812	180		180	180
Total General Administration	2,812	180		180	180
Central Services					
Salaries Benefits	8,641 658	-	-	-	\$ 8,905 <u>394</u>
Total Central Services	9,299				9,299
Operations and Maintenance of plant Purchased services	43,747				43,747
Food Serviced Operations					
Purchases services		657	252	405	657
Total Undistributed Expenditures	88,008	45,458	22,339	23,119	83,644
Total Expenditures	264,881	502,272	341,968	152,664	259,673

STATE GRANTS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

BUDGETED AMOUNT

	ORIGINAI	<u> </u>	FINAL	ACTU	JAL	VARIA	ANCE	2	2022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures			-		-				-
Fund Balance, July 1			-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$</u> -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Federal Sources					
Title IV-B Rural Education	\$ -	\$ 42,341	\$ -	\$ (42,341) \$	16,085
Title VI, Indian Education	-	12,737	24,418	11,681	5,110
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness	-	131,500	88,054	(43,446)	63,345
Carl Perkins Basic	-	13,001	5,995	(7,006)	7,434
Title I - School Improvement, 1003(a)	-	-	75,457	75,457	-
Title I, Part A, Helping Disadvantaged Students	-	239,396	153,231	(86,165)	143,534
Carl Perkins - Rural Reserve	-	20,000	15,953	(4,047)	17,395
I.D.E.A., Part B -Special Projects	-	181,316		(78,063)	142,888
Title III Part A - Engilish LEP	-	-	4,649	4,649	-
I.D.E.A., Early Childhood	_	41,143	34,192	(6,951)	22,663
I.D.E.A., Part B - Special Projects	_	69,942		98,964	69,652
Education for Homeless Children	_	37,952		(29,667)	_
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	-	-	27,216	27,216	20,880
Title IV-A Well Rounded Education	-	12,858	21,378	8,520	7,837
AB 495- American Rescue Plan	_	-	400,785	400,785	-
American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children	_	_	1,436	1,436	_
Cares Act ESSER I	_	25,619		(25,619)	19,356
ESSER II	_	566,525		(444,344)	367,149
Title II Part D - Enhancing Education	_	848,224		(411,023)	453,939
School Improvement Grants		040,224	24,226	24,226	
ESSER Part B - Special Education		20,465	7,863	(12,602)	8,871
ESSER Faily Childhood	_	1,445		(12,002) (1,445)	1,090
21st Century Grant	-	1,445	59,231	59,231	99,895
Other federal grants	-	8,497,528		(8,497,528)	
Other rederar grants		0,477,520		(0,4)7,520)	
Total Federal Sources	2,340,060	10,761,992	1,783,910	(8,978,082)	1,467,123
Expenditures					
Regular Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	547,614	1,129,677	215,617	914,060	252,794
Benefits	99,694	248,446	21,832	226,614	27,227
Purchased services	39,162	376,155	78,654	297,501	29,985
Supplies	143,838	512,728	90,787	421,941	86,906
Property	-	18,525		18,525	-
Other	2,410	22,000	3,106	18,894	1,431
Total Instruction	832,718	2,307,531	409,996	1,897,535	398,343
Student Support					
Salaries	-	349,090	101,150	247,940	-
Benefits		17,726	5,082	12,644	-
Purchased services		45,334		34,694	_
Supplies		10,146	2,778	7,368	4,829
Total Student Support		422,296	119,650	302,646	4,829

	BUDGETEI	O AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Instructional Staff Support					
Salaries	\$ -	\$ 59,150	\$ -	\$ 59,150	\$ 19,315
Benefits	-	4,957	-	4,957	634
Pruchased services		4,800	4,000	800	
Total Instructional Staff Support		68,907	4,000	64,907	19,949
Student Transportation					
Purchased services		12,000		12,000	
Community Services Operations					
Salaries	-	-	-	-	2,895
Benefits Purchased services					54
Total Community Service Operations					2,949
Total Regular Programs	832,718	2,810,734	533,646	2,277,088	426,070
Special Programs					
Instruction					
Salaries	174,522	167,704	145,971	21,733	146,978
Benefits	120,820	112,652	65,278	47,374	64,574
Purchased services	37,000	-	-	-	37,000
Supplies	4,714				7,233
Total Instruction	337,056	280,356	211,249	69,107	255,785
Student Support					
Salaries	75,328	454,143	85,869	368,274	74,978
Benefits	43,816	283,203	32,442	250,761	35,181
Purchased services	23,427	176,708	156,399	20,309	27,910
Total Student Support	142,571	914,054	274,710	639,344	138,069
Instructional Staff Support					
Salaries	-	21,600	-	21,600	-
Benefits	-	957	-	957	-
Purchased services	-	18,000	2,880	15,120	-
Supplies		39,733		39,733	
Total Instructional Staff Support		80,290	2,880	77,410	
Central Services					
Purchased services		264,000	91,375	172,625	
Total Special Programs	479,627	1,538,700	580,214	958,486	393,854

	E	UDGETEI) AN	IOUNT			
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Vocational Programs							
Instruction							
Supplies	\$	23,592	\$	21,779	\$ 18,585	\$ 3,194	\$ 22,200
Other				750		750	 615
Total Instruction		23,592		22,529	18,585	3,944	22,815
Instructional Staff Support							
Salaries		600		114,400	_	114,400	-
Benefits		-		58,134	_	58,134	-
Purchased services		3,250		4,345	2,470	1,875	 722
Total Student Support		3,850		176,879	2,470	174,409	 722
Operations and Maintenance							
Purchased services		-		3,554	_	3,554	 -
Total Vocational Programs		27,442		202,962	21,055	181,907	 23,537
Alternative Programs							
Instruction							
Salaries		7,200		-	_	_	17,865
Benefits		282		-	-	-	397
Purchased services		-		18,800	-	18,800	-
Supplies		6,737		13,911	4,649	9,262	-
Other		378					
Total Instruction		14,597		32,711	4,649	28,062	 18,262
Student Support							
Salaries		-		270,000	-	270,000	3,304
Benefits		-		117,458	-	117,458	_
Purchased services		23,967		40,500	-	40,500	4,780
Supplies		-		35,700		35,700	
Total Student Support		23,967		463,658		463,658	 8,084
Staff Support							
Salaries		-		-	-	-	1,375
Purchased services		_		-			 226
Total Student Support				-			 1,601
Student Transportation							
Salaries		2,712		-	-	-	576
Benefits		823					 24
Total Student Transportation		3,535					 600
Total Alternative Programs		42,099		496,369	4,649	491,720	 28,547

	BUDGETED AMOUNT									
	OR	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	V	ARIANCE		2022
Undistributed expenditures:										
Support Services										
Student Support										
Salaries	\$	145,077	\$	342,153	\$	55,363	\$	286,790	\$	27,533
Benefits		70,664		146,183		21,628		124,555		9,736
Purchased services		232,687		1,348,110		178,829		1,169,281		203,278
Supplies		32,239		53,533		26,886		26,647		21,559
Other		3,250		2,050				2,050		90
Total Student Support		483,917		1,892,029		282,706		1,609,323		262,196
Instructional Staff Support										
Salaries		16,100		363,292		9,948		353,344		7,000
Benefits		546		722,219		6,040		716,179		102
Purchased services		47,368		704,256		66,631		637,625		14,979
Supplies		940		71,741		636		71,105		-
Other		-		11,818		-		11,818		-
Total Instructional Staff Support		64,954		1,873,326		83,255		1,790,071		22,081
General Administration										
Purchases services		3,500		69,012		69,012		-		
School Administration										
Salaries		114,417		-		-		-		109,638
Benefits		46,664				-				44,037
Total School Administration		161,081						-		153,675
Central Services										
Salaries		18,000		84,894		24,185		60,709		16,289
Benefits		797		21,836		961		20,875		597
Purchased services		7,665		428,874		80,541		348,333		5,296
Supplies		423		24,292		2,538		21,754		-
Other		171,429		286,721		80,747		205,974		116,492
Total Central Services		198,314		846,617		188,972		657,645		138,674
Operations and Maintenance										
Salaries		_		387,985		9,901		378,084		_
Benefits		_		190,267		3,757		186,510		_
Supplies		20,891		35,702		-		35,702		15,709
Total Operations and Maintenance		20,891		613,954		13,658		600,296		15,709

	BUDGETED AMOUNT									
	ORIGINAL	_	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE		2022			
Student Transportation										
Salaries	\$ 599)	\$ 2,269	\$ -	\$ 2,269	\$	-			
Benefits	193	3	776	-	776		-			
Purchased Services	6,102	2	3,875	3,011	864		-			
Property	-	_	237,684		237,684		240			
Total Student Transportation	6,894	<u>1</u>	244,604	3,011	241,593		240			
Community Services										
Salaries	-		97,500		97,500					
Benefits	-		4,319		4,319					
Purchased Services	-		6,545	-	6,545		-			
Supplies	-	_	65,321	3,732	61,589		2,540			
Total Community Services		_	173,685	3,732	169,953		2,540			
Total Undistributed Expenditures	939,551	<u> </u>	5,713,227	644,346	5,068,881		595,115			
Food Services Operations										
Purchased Services	8,857	7	-	-	-		-			
Supplies	9,766	<u>5</u>					-			
Total Food Service Operations	18,623	3								
Total Expenditures	2,340,060)	10,761,992	1,783,910	8,978,082		1,467,123			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		_								
Fund Balance, July 1		_					-			
Fund Balance, June 30	<u>\$</u>	=	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$	_			

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Revenues from local sources					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 506,388	\$ 506,388	\$ 490,342	\$ (16,046)	\$ 569,737
Earnings on investments			21,035	21,035	808
Total Revenues	506,388	506,388	511,377	4,989	570,545
Expenditures					
Debt Service:					
Bonds:					
Principal retirement	234,000	234,000	234,000	-	231,000
Interest expense	23,413	23,413	23,413	-	26,578
Total Debt Service	257,413	257,413	257,413		257,578
Total Expenditures	257,413	257,413	257,413		257,578
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	248,975	248,975	253,964	4,989	312,967
Other Financing Sources					
Transfer out to Capital Projects Fund	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)		
Total Financing Souces (Uses)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over					
Expenditures and Other Uses	98,975	98,975	103,964	4,989	312,967
Fund Balance, July 1	556,459	654,277	654,277		341,310
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 655,434	\$ 753,252	\$ 758,241	\$ 4,989	\$ 654,277

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Revenues					
Revenues from local sources					
Governmental services tax	\$ 46,366	\$ 46,366	\$ 51,218	\$ 4,852	\$ 44,595
Interest on escrow account	50	50		(50)	28
Total Revenues	46,416	46,416	51,218	4,802	44,623
Expenditures					
Undistributed Expenditures					
Support Services					
Operation and Maintenance of Plant					
Property	10,000	25,000	15,162	9,838	
Student Transportation					
Property	55,816	55,816	17,000	38,816	
Facilities Acquisition and Construction: Building Improvements					
Purchased services	25,000	20,000	13,470	6,530	15,548
Supplies	-	-			
	25,000	20,000	13,470	6,530	15,548
Othern Internet					
Other Improvements Purchased services	150,000	381,585	165,411	216,174	6,270
Property	150,000	10,000	6,367	3,633	-
risperty			0,307		·,
	150,000	391,585	171,778	219,807	6,270
Total Facilities Acquisition					
and Construction	175,000	411,585	185,248	226,337	21,818
	170,000		100,210		
Debt Service:					
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	1,054,518
Interest expense	-				63,376
Total Debt Service					1,117,894
Total Expenditures	240,816	492,401	217,410	274,991	1,139,712
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	(194,400)) (445,985)	(166,192)	270,189	(1,095,089)

	I	BUDGETEI) AN	10UNT					
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	VA	ARIANCE	 2022
Other Financing Sources									
Transfer in from General Fund	\$	-	\$	215,000	\$	215,000	\$	-	\$ 312,875
Transfer in from Debt Service Fund		150,000		150,000		150,000			 -
Total Financing Sources		150,000		365,000		365,000			 312,875
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources									
over Expenditures		(44,400)		(80,985)		198,808		270,189	(782,214)
Fund Balance, July 1		388,688		620,273		620,273			 1,402,487
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	344,288	\$	539,288	\$	819,081	\$	270,189	\$ 620,273

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	PCFP ENGLISH LEARNERS FUND		 PCFP AT-RISK FUND	E	ADULT DUCATION FUND	STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND		
Assets								
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$	35,170	\$ 43,384	\$	22,208	\$	135,177	
Total Assets	\$	35,170	\$ 43,384	\$	22,208	\$	135,177	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	8,708	\$ 1,020	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued salaries and benefits		4,867	-		4,713		-	
Due to other governments		-	-		-		-	
Due to other funds			 		17,495			
Total Liabilities		13,575	 1,020		22,208			
Fund Balance								
Committed		21,595	 42,364		-		135,177	
Total Liabilities								
and Fund Balance	\$	35,170	\$ 43,384	\$	22,208	\$	135,177	

 ТОТ	ALS	5
 2023		2022
\$ 213,731	\$	197,146
 22,208		26,881
\$ 235,939	\$	224,027
\$ 9,728	\$	10,906
9,580		45,269
-		-
 17,495		6,789
 36,803		62,964
 199,136		161,063
\$ 235,939	\$	224,027

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2022)

	I	PCFP ENGLISH		PCFP		ADULT	S	TUDENT	
	L	EARNERS		AT-RISK	E	DUCATION	ACTIVITY		
		FUND		FUND		FUND	FUND		
Revenues		_ (
Revenues from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,539	
Revenues from state sources		68,714		108,005		79,211		-	
Total Revenues		68,714		108,005		79,211		97,539	
Expenditures									
Regular programs		51,086		92,309		-		-	
Adult education program		-		-		79,211		-	
Co-curricular program		-		-		-		92,790	
Total Expenditures		51,086		92,309		79,211		92,790	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues		17,628		15,696				4,749	
over Expenditures		17,028		15,090		-		4,749	
Other Financing Sources Transfer from General Fund									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources									
over Expenditures		17,628		15,696		-		4,749	
Fund Balance, July 1		3,967		26,668				130,428	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	21,595	\$	42,364	\$		\$	135,177	

	ТОТ	ALS
	2023	2022
\$	97,539	\$ 99,112
	255,930	219,433
_	353,469	318,545
	143,395	144,227
	79,211	44,571
	92,790	75,773
	315,396	264,571
	38,073	53,974
	-	
	38,073	53,974
	161,063	107,089
\$	199,136	\$ 161,063

	В	UDGETEI	D AM	OUNT					
	OR	IGINAL	I	FINAL	AC	TUAL	VARL	ANCE	2022
Revenues									
Revenues from State Sources									
Weighted funding	\$	76,894	\$	76,894	\$	68,714	\$	(8,180)	\$ -
Total Revenues		76,894		76,894		68,714		(8,180)	
Expenditures									
Regular Programs									
Salaries		35,788		21,724		17,926		3,798	-
Benefits		22,025		7,425		6,123		1,302	-
Supplies		15,200		51,712		27,037		24,675	-
Other		67		-		-			
Total Regular Programs		73,080		80,861		51,086		29,775	
Student Transportation									
Purchased services		3,814		-		-		-	 -
Total Expenditures		76,894		80,861		51,086		29,775	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		(3,967)		17,628		21,595	-
Fund Balance, July 1				3,967		3,967			
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$	21,595	\$	21,595	\$

	В	UDGETEI) AM	OUNT					
	OR	IGINAL	I	FINAL	A	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	2022
Revenues									
Revenues from State Sources									
Weighted funding	\$	98,120	\$	98,120	\$	108,005	\$	9,885	\$ -
Total Revenues		98,120		98,120		108,005		9,885	
Expenditures									
Regular Programs									
Supplies		53,976		106,421				106,421	
Instructional Staff Support									
Purchased services		-		12,801		810		11,991	 -
Instruction, Student Support									
Purchased services		-		1,010		4,556		(3,546)	-
Total Regular Programs		53,976		120,232		5,366		114,866	
Undistributed expenditures:									
Instruction, other elementary									
Supplies		44,144		4,556		86,943		(82,387)	-
		-		-		-		-	 -
Total Expenditures		98,120		124,788		92,309		32,479	-
F						,_,_ ,,			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		-		(26,668)		15,696		42,364	-
Fund Balance, July 1				26,668		26,668		(0)	
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$	_	\$	42,364	\$	42,364	\$

	В	D AM							
	OR	GINAL	F	FINAL	AC	CTUAL	VA	RIANCE	 2022
Revenues									
Revenues from State Sources									
Regular adult program	\$	77,214	\$	92,651	\$	79,211	\$	(13,440)	\$ 55,394
Expenditures									
Adult Programs									
Regular Instruction									
Salaries		50,022		45,859		41,571		4,288	26,080
Benefits		5,317		4,875		4,277		598	2,772
Purchased services		1,147		500		279		221	598
Supplies		14,930		21,636		20,017		1,619	7,784
Other		2,198		-					 _
		73,614		72,870		66,144		6,726	 37,234
Instructional Staff Support									
Salaries		-		-		-		-	16,087
Benefits		-		-		-		-	1,710
Purchased services		3,600		8,025		4,996		3,029	363
Supplies		-		7,590		7,101		489	-
Supplies		-		-		-		-	 -
		3,600		15,615		12,097		3,518	 18,160
Centeral Services									
Purchased services				2,970		720		2,250	
Other Support Services									
Other		-		1,196		250		946	 -
Total Expenditures		77,214		92,651		79,211		13,440	 55,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		-		-	-
Fund Balance, July 1				-		-		-	 -
Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$

	В	UDGETEI) AM	IOUNT						
	OR	IGINAL]	FINAL	Α	CTUAL	VARIANCE		2022	
Revenues										
Revenues from Local Sources										
Co-curricular program	\$	49,486	\$	97,539	\$	97,539	\$		\$	99,112
Expenditures										
Co-curricular program										
Purchased services		-		-		-		-		-
Supplies		70,932		123,826		92,790		31,036		75,773
Total Expenditures		70,932		123,826		92,790		31,036		75,773
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures		(21,446)		(26,287)		4,749		31,036		23,339
Fund Balance, July 1		85,643		130,428		130,428		-		107,089
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	64,197	\$	104,141	\$	135,177	\$	31,036	\$	130,428

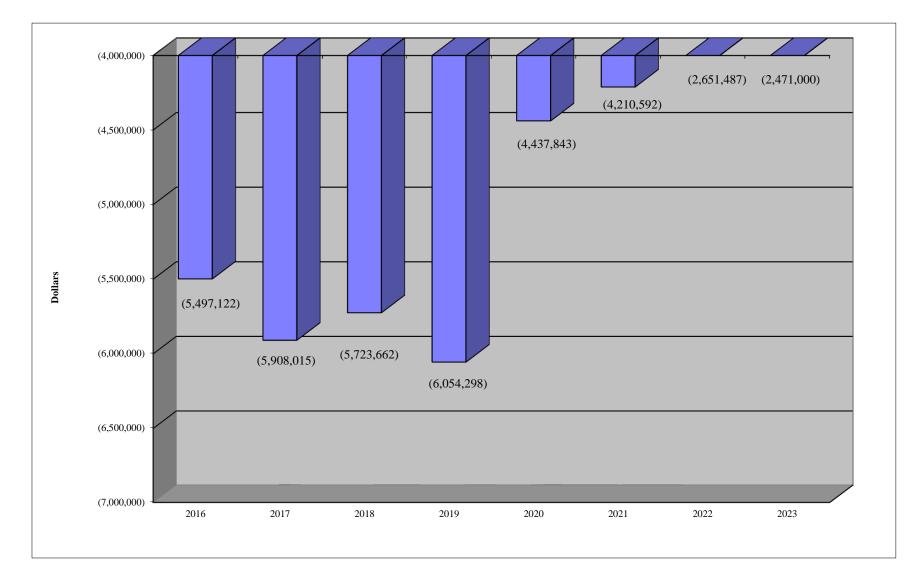
FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

	BUDGETEI	D AMOUNT			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE	2022
Operating Revenues					
Revenues from Local Sources					
Daily sales, lunch & breakfast	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ -	<u>\$ (800)</u>	\$ -
	800	800		(800)	
Revenues from State Sources State food assistance program			1,029	1,029	1,113
Revenues from Federal Sources					
Lunch reimbursement program	193,383	228,383	156,817	(71,566)	131,629
Breakfast reimbursement program	_	_	104,209	104,209	77,218
American Rescue Plan reimbursement	-	-	51,197	51,197	-
Commodity foods	-	-	15,785	15,785	12,708
NSLP- equipment assistance grant	-	-	18,525	18,525	-
Supply chain assistance grant			14,672	14,672	16,310
	193,383	228,383	361,205	132,822	237,865
Total Operating Revenues	194,183	229,183	362,234	133,051	238,978
Operating Expenses					
Salaries	123,463	144,795	112,269	32,526	94,241
Benefits	61,126	91,864	64,310	27,554	51,735
Purchased services	-	2,000	2,006	(6)	1,376
Supplies	283,775	308,775	256,788	51,987	235,778
Supplies - commodity foods		-	15,785	(15,785)	12,708
Property	-	30,000	1,150	28,850	324
Other	1,115	1,115	300	815	-
Depreciation	310	1,510	6,780	(5,270)	1,450
Total Expenditures	469,789	580,059	459,388	120,671	397,612
Operating Loss	(275,606)	(350,876)	(97,154)	253,722	(158,634)
Non-operating sources					
Transfer from General Fund	272,558	181,558	181,558		280,495
Total Non-operating sources	272,558	181,558	181,558		280,495
Change in Net Position	(3,048)	(169,318)	84,404	253,722	121,861
Net Position, July 1	82,680	199,652	199,652		77,791
Net Position, June 30	\$ 79,632	\$ 30,334	\$ 284,056	\$ 253,722	\$ 199,652

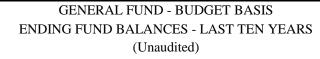
FOOD SERVICE ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022)

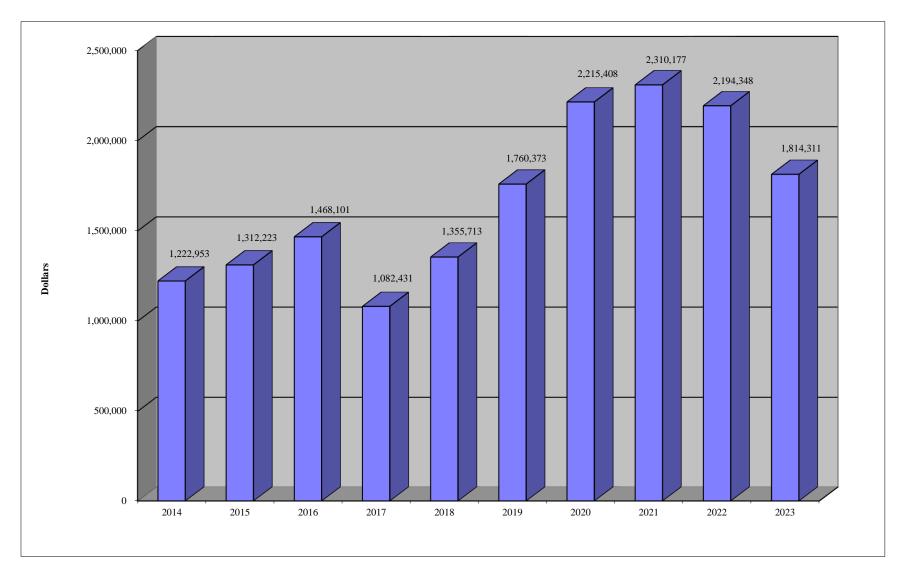
		BUDGETEI) AN	MOUNT						
	0	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	ACTUAL	VA	ARIANCE		2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities										
Receipts from food sales	\$	800	\$	800	\$	-	\$	(800)	\$	-
Federal reimbursements for meals		193,383		228,383		360,579		132,196		191,082
State match		-		-		1,029		1,029		1,113
Payments of personnel costs		(184,589)		(236,659)		(165,533)		71,126		(144,152)
Payments to vendors for		(205 200)		(242,400)		(2(0,50.4)		00.007		(007.010)
services and supplies		(285,200)		(343,400)		(260,504)		82,896		(237,218)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by										
Operating Activities		(275,606)		(350,876)		(64,429)		286,447		(189,175)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities										
Purchase of equipment		-		-		(53,288)		(53,288)		-
						(00,200)		(00,000)		
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and						(52 200)		(52 200)		
Related Financing Activites						(53,288)		(53,288)		
Cash Flows From Noncapital										
Financing Activities										
Transfer from General Fund		272,558		181,558		181,558				280,495
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and										
Cash Equivalents		(3,048)		(169,318)		63,841		233,159		91,320
-										
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1		82,680		199,652		177,801		(21,851)		86,481
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30	\$	79,632	\$	30,334	\$	241,642	\$	211,308	\$	177,801
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net										
Cash Provided by Operating Activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(275,606)	\$	(350,876)	\$	(97,154)	\$	253,722	\$	(158,634)
Adjustments to reconcile operating		,		,						
income to net cash provided by										
operating activities:										
Depreciation		-		-		6,780		6,780		1,450
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Decrease (increase) in:						15 150		15 150		(24.075)
Accounts receivable		-		-		15,159		15,159		(34,075)
Increase (decrease) in:										
Accounts payable		-		-		(260)		(260)		260
Accrued liabilities						11,046		11,046		1,824
Net Cash Provided by										
Operating Activities	\$	(275,606)	\$	(350,876)	\$	(64,429)	\$	286,447	\$	(189,175)
~ Larana rearing	Ψ	(,000)	Ŷ	(223,073)	Ψ	(01,12))	Ψ		Ψ	(10),110)



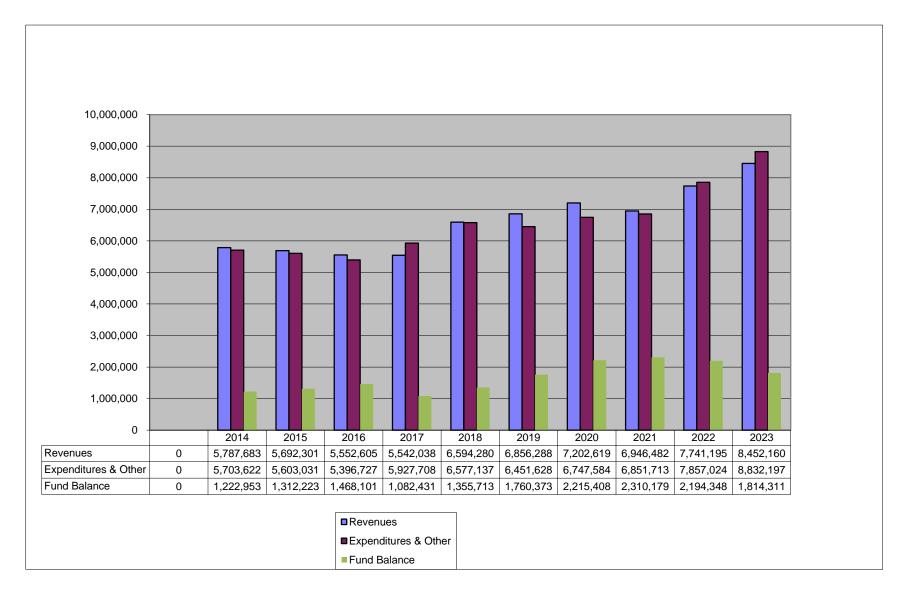


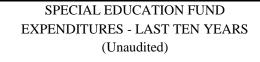
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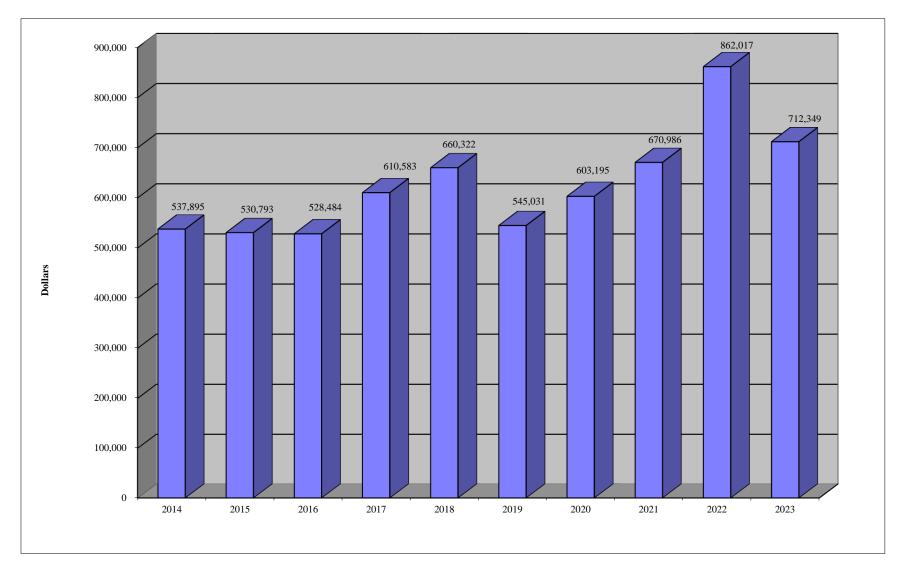




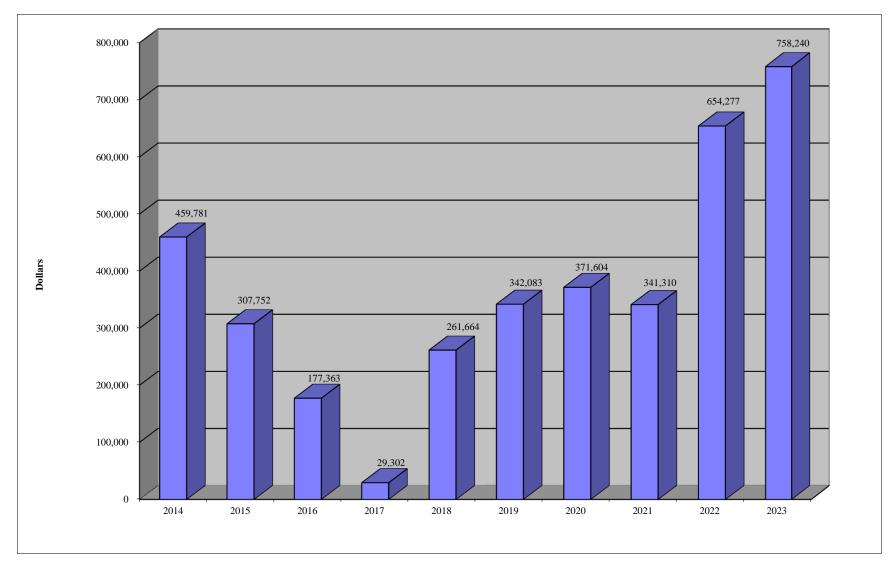
GENERAL FUND - BUDGET BASIS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)





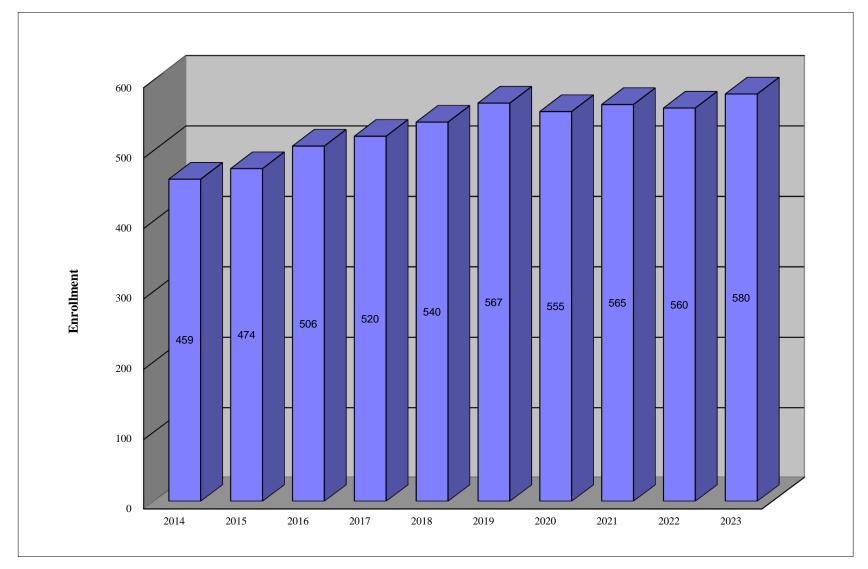


DEBT SERVICE FUND ENDING FUND BALANCES - LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

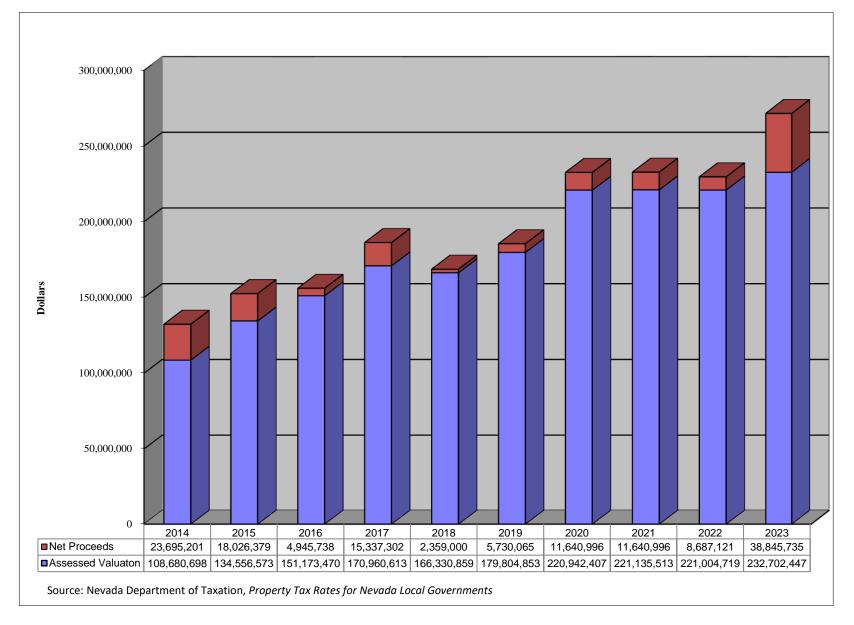


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STUDENT ENROLLMENT LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)



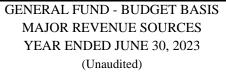
ASSESSED VALUATION LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

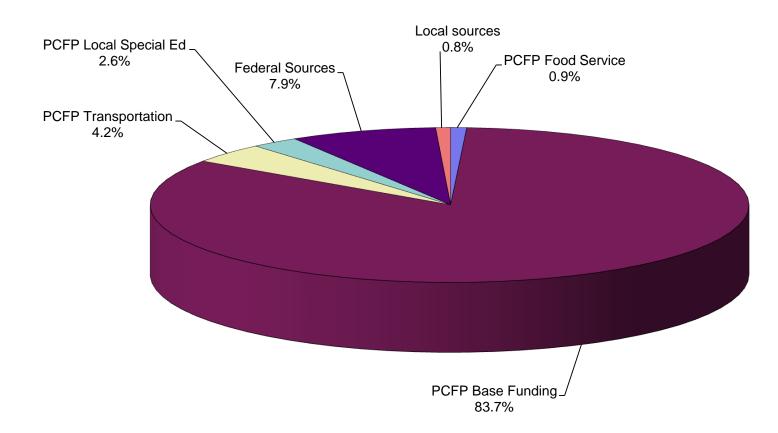


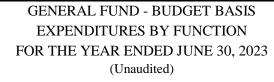
MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA STATEWIDE AVERAGE AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES (USING HIGHEST OVERLAPPING TAX RATE IN DISTRICT) LAST TEN YEARS (Unaudited)

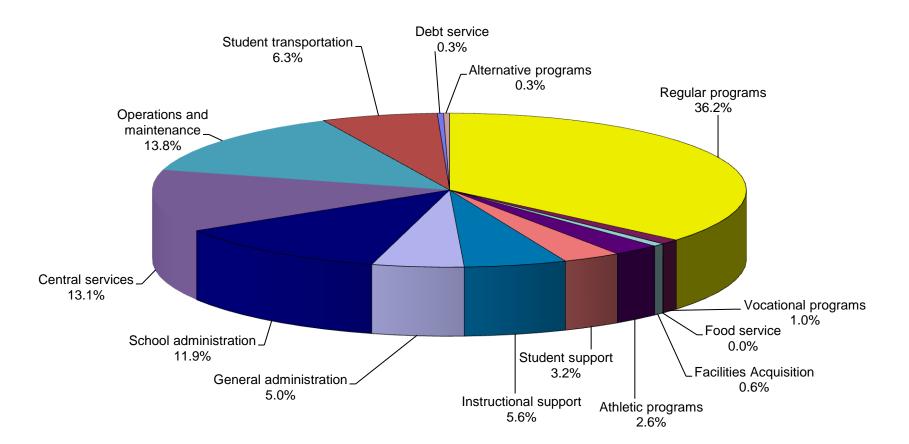
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Average Statewide Rate	<u>\$3.1212</u>	\$3.1232	\$3.1360	\$3.1500	\$3.1615	<u>\$3.1572</u>	\$3.2218	\$3.1878	\$3.1037	\$3.1736
Mineral County	\$2.1900	\$2.2600	\$2.2600	\$2.2900	\$2.2900	\$2.2900	\$2.2900	\$2.2900	\$2.2900	\$2.2900
Mineral County School District	1.1000	1.0300	1.0300	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Mineral County Hospital District	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000
State of Nevada	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700
Totals	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600	\$3.6600

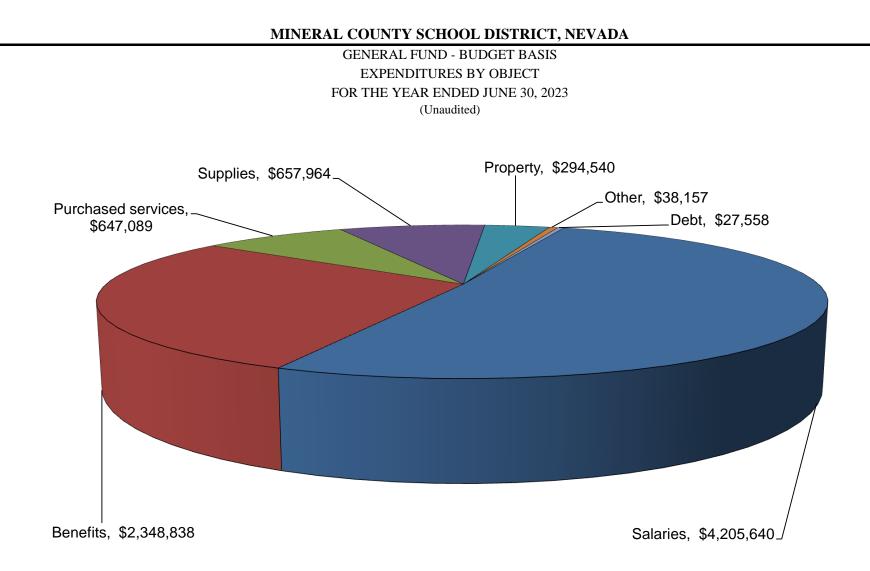
Source: Nevada Department of Taxation, Property Tax Rates for Nevada Local Governments











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A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANICAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Board of Trustees Mineral County School District, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mineral County School District, Nevada, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mineral County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriated in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-006 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Mineral County School District, Nevada's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Mineral County School District, Nevada's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Mineral County School District Nevada's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sciarani : Co.

Yerington, Nevada October 31, 2023



A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Board of Trustees Mineral County School District, Nevada

Report on Compliance of Each Major Federal Program

Opinion of Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mineral County School District, Nevada's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mineral County School District, Nevada's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Mineral County School District, Nevada's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Mineral County School District, Nevada, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Mineral County School District, Nevada and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mineral County School District, Nevada's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Mineral County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Mineral County School District, Nevada's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Mineral County School District, Nevada's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Mineral County School District, Nevada's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mineral County School District, Nevada's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2022-07 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Mineral County School District, Nevada's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Mineral County School District, Nevada's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sciarani : Co.

Yerington, Nevada October 31, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Pass-through program from State of Nevada					
Department of Agriculture:					
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N-11-13	\$ 104,209		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N-11-13	156,817		
National School Nutrition - Commodity	10.555	E020	15,785		
National School Nutrition - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	E020	14,672		
NSLP - Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579	n/a	18,525	-	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 310,008	
Pass-through program from Mineral County, Nevada					
Schools and Roads - Grants to Counties	10.666	N/A		127,216	
Total Department of Agriculture				437,224	
U.S. Department of Defense					
Direct Program From U.S. Dept. of Defense:					
Impact Aid	12.558	14797009-78			
US Department of Treasury					
Pass-through program from the State of Nevada, Governors Finance Office:					
AB 495 American Rescue Plan	21.027A	23-719-14000	400,785		
ARPA - School Breakfast - Lunch	21.027A	N-14-13	51,197		
Total American Rescue Plan Act				451,982	
U.S. Department of Education:					
Direct Program From U.S. Dept. of Education:					
Title VII Indian Education - Grants to Local	84.060	S060A170150		24,418	
Educational Agencies					
Title VIII Impact Aid	84.041	S041B-(2022)-3004		541,442	
Pass-through Program from State of Nevada					
Department of Education:					
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness	84.334S	23-620-11000		88,054	
Competitive Cohort 2	0 1100 10	20 020 11000			
-					
Page Subtotal U.S. Department of Education				653,914	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Education: (Continued)					
Pass-through program from State of Nevada					
Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	23-624-11000	\$ 75,457		
Title I - School Improvement 1003(a)	84.010	23-631-11000	153,231	-	
Total Title I				228,688	
Carl Perkins - Career & Technical Education	84.048	23-631-11000	5,995		
Carl Perkins - Rural Reserve	84.048	23-636-11000	15,953	_	
Total Carl Perkins				21,948	
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	23-639-11000	103,253		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	23-665-11000	34,192		
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	23-667-11000	168,906		
Special Education - ARP ESSER Part B	84.027X	23-757-11000	7,863		
Special Education Cluster				314,214	
Education for Homeless Children	84.196A	23-688-11000		8,285	
Title III Part A - English LEP	84.365A	23-658-11000		4,649	
Title IIA-Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367	23-709-11000		27,216	
Title IV-A Grant - Student Support and Academic	84.424A	23-715-11000		21,378	
21st Century Grant	84.287	23-769-11000		59,231	
CRRSA ESSER II	84.425D	23-741-11000	122,181		
CRRSA ESSER III - Enhancing Education	84.425D	23-742-11000	437,201		
ESSER III - School Improvement Grant	84.425U	23-743-11000	24,226		
APR - Homeless Children and Youth II	84.425W	23-735-14000	1,436		
Total Education Stabilization Fund				585,044	
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,924,567	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,813,773	
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Revenues from federal sources as reported on financial					
Revenues from federal sources as reported on financial statement Governmental funds					
Proprietary funds					
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards					

INERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note A- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Mineral County School District under programs of the federal government and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule present only a selected portion of the operations of Mineral County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Mineral County School District.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as reimbursement. When applicable, negative amount shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business as expenditures in prior years.

Indirect Cost

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. However, the Nevada Department of Education approved an indirect cost rate of 8.70% for fiscal year 2023 which was applied to certain grants with prior budgetary approval.

Note C – Commodity Food Distributions Received

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

Note D – Subrecipients

The District did not pass any federal awards received to any other government or not-for profit agencies.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

A. Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements

Type of repor statements au	Unmodified				
Internal contr	ol over financial reporting:				
• Material v	weakness(es) identified?	No			
• Significar					
Noncomplian	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?				
<u>Federal Awards</u>					
Internal contr	ol over major federal programs:				
• Material v	weakness(es) identified?	No			
 Significar 	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?				
Type of audit	or's report issued on compliance				
for major fed	Unmodified				
Any audit find be reported in	Yes				
Identification	of major federal programs:				
<u>CFDA#</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
21.027A					
84.425D					
84.425D					
	ESSER – Homeless				
81.010	Title I – Grants to Local Educational Agencies				
81.010	Title I – School Improvement, 1003(a)				
Dollar thresh	old used to distinguish between				
type A and ty	\$750,000				
Auditee quali	Yes				

MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

B. Findings – Financial Statements Audit:

B. Findings – Financial Statements Audit:

None

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs

Department of Education

Questioned Costs Unknown

2023-001 GRANT FINANCAIL REPORTING

Repeat Finding

Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting. One of the components of an effective system of internal control over financial reporting is the subsequent review and approval of grant reporting to grantor agencies.

Condition: The District did not have supporting documentation that reporting of federal grant expenditures were reviewed and approved by management. Several grants at year end required additional analysis and adjustments for amount claimed verse amount actually paid.

Effect of Condition: It is possible that errors in financial grant reporting could occur and not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Cause of Condition: Due to turnover, the District was operating without a finance director for the period March 2022 through July2022. Since the 2022 audit report was not issued until December 2022, training and refinement of internal controls over federal grant reporting were developed as the fiscal year progressed.

Recommendation: We recommend that District implement procedures that establish that all federal grant reports be reviewed and approved by appropriate members of management.

Management Response and Corrective Action Plan: District

Mineral County School District's management concurs with the need to establish additional internal control procedures for all federal grants. Monthly and quarterly processed have been implemented to ensure that year-to-date funds received and expenses are being tracked adequately. Both revenue and expenses will be monitored, spreadsheets prepared along with School ERP Pro and ePAGE resources utilized throughout these processes. Account balances will be verified prior to Request for Reimbursement and/or Final Financial Reports are put forward. In addition to the Grants Manager, and CFO and Superintendent will review documentation prior to submissions.

B. Findings – Financial Statements Audit:

B. Findings – Financial Statements Audit:

2022-001 Bank Reconciliations

Criteria: Cash balances reported by an entity's financial records must be reconciled to the balances reported by financial institutions on a timely basis.

Condition: The District maintains several bank accounts at several financial institutions which were not reconciled to the financial records timely from March through June.

Auditee's View: Management concurs with the need for timely reconciliations of its various bank accounts. The Finance Manager position was vacant which created a void in the process for reconciliation of bank statements. This position has now been filled. Currently we have assigned the bank deposits to a person other than the Finance Manager to ensure that segregation of duties is in place. Management agrees that a monthly reconciliation helps to identify any unusual transactions that might be caused by fraud or accounting errors and is a necessary function within the internal controls for the District Office. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: All bank reconciliations have been completed in a timely manner and agree to general ledger. Monthly bank reconciliation and revenue support are maintained in individual folders.

2022-002 Bank Reconciliations Maintenance

Criteria: Cash balances reported by an entity's financial records must be reconciled to the balances reported by financial institutions on a timely basis.

Condition: The District maintains several bank accounts at several financial institutions. The organization of the monthly bank reconciliations folders for several months lacked proper maintenance of supporting documentation.

MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Auditee's View: Management concurs with the requirement for timely and accurate supporting documentation for bank reconciliations. The Finance Manager's positions which was vacant for an extended period of time is now filled and the previous folders for FY22 have now been reconciled and the supporting documentation that was obtained has been filed. Supporting documentation will be kept in the folders for future reference and audits of bank accounts. In addition, management recognizes that there is an inherent and elevated risk associated with vacancies in key positions and inexperienced personnel those positions. At present, all key positions are filled, and personnel are fully participating in NDE sponsored projects including program compliance monitoring, regular technical assistance meetings, and discussions on prioritizing needs. Two of the District's top priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: All monthly bank reconciliations are fully supported with individual folders containing adequate supporting documentation including, revenue summaries and bank reconciliation edit listings.

2022-003 Timely Deposits to Bank Accounts

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control the cash receipting process. One of the components an effective system of internal control over cash receipting is timely deposits to bank accounts.

Condition: The District maintains several bank accounts at several financial institutions. It was determined that bank deposits to District's bank accounts were not always performed on a timely basis.

Auditee's View: Management concurs that revenues should be recorded in a timely fashion along with supporting documentation and identifies it is related to ongoing turnover in key positions and lack of cross training on basic duties. Currently this function has been reassigned to another individual who is conducting weekly bank deposits. Once the deposit is made, all receipts and supporting documentation is given to the Finance Manager to be filed in the monthly bank reconciliation folders. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: The District implemented a policy requiring that all deposits be made at least weekly.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

2022-004 Timely Recognition and Recording of Key Revenues

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over the cash receipting cycle. One of the components an effective system of internal control over cash receipting is timely recognition of key revenues and identification of when such key revenues should be received.

Condition: The District maintains several bank accounts at several financial institutions. It was determined that bank deposits to District's bank accounts were not always performed on a timely basis. In addition, it was discovered that Mineral County remittance checks for ad valorem tax revenue to the District's Debt Service Fund were not recorded by the District from March forward.

Auditee's View: Management concurs with the importance of timely revenue recognition and identifies it is related to ongoing turnover in key positions and lack of cross training on basic duties. Currently we have worked with the county office who issues these checks to ensure that once processed Mineral County School District has received the check and deposited it with its weekly bank deposits. In addition, the Finance Manager is monitoring reoccurring monthly receipts/deposits. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: In conjunction with the monthly bank reconciliation, all revenues are timely recorded and reviewed for accuracy. Copies of electronic remittances are retained as supporting documentation. The Mineral County remittance to the District was switched to electronic.

2022-005 Processing Controls over Electronic Disbursement of Funds

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over the cash disbursement cycle. One of the components an effective system of internal control over the cash disbursement cycle is that disbursement transactions follow standard internal control procedures of the initiation, approval and recording of disbursement transactions.

Condition: It was discovered that a small number of disbursement transactions were processed under the Infinite Vision voucher processing module via the non-check payment option.

MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Auditee's View: Management concurs with this finding and identifies it is related to ongoing turnover in key positions and lack of cross training on basic duties. Currently, existing personnel were reminded that payments should not be processed without proper supporting documentation and management approval for non-check payment options. In addition, management recognizes that there is an inherent and elevated risk associated with vacancies in key positions and inexperienced key personnel in certain positions. At present, all key positions are filled, and personnel are fully participating in NDE sponsored projects including program compliance monitoring, technical assistance support and evaluation studies as required. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility

Current Status: The District implemented a policy requiring that all electronic disbursements must first be approved by the finance manager. As an integral element of the monthly bank reconciliation, all electronic disbursements are reviewed for proprietary.

2022-006 Controls over Adjusting Journal Entries

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over all elements of financial reporting. One of the components of an effective system of internal control over financial reporting is the establishment of procedures over adjusting journal entries.

Condition: During our audit, we noted that a chronological file of processed adjusting journal entries was not maintained.

Auditee's View: Management concurs with this finding. Personnel were reminded of existing procedures that journal entries created must be supported with documentation and kept in a file. In addition, those journal entries generated by HR and/or Payroll are reviewed and approved by Management prior to posting. Those generated in Finance are kept in the monthly bank reconciliation folder, Grant folders and/or a separate Journal Entry folder. Lastly, management recognizes that there is an inherent and elevated risk associated with vacancies in key positions and inexperienced personnel in those positions. At present, all key positions are filled and personnel are fully participating in NDE sponsored projects including

MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

program compliance monitoring, technical assistance support and evaluation studies as required. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: The District implemented a policy requiring that all adjusting journal entries prepared must be adequately supported, approved by the finance manager, and immediately filed in a chronical numerical order.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs

Department of Education

Questioned Costs Unknown

2022-007 ESSER GRANT - 84.425D

Significant Deficiency

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting. One of the components of an effective system of internal control over financial reporting is the subsequent review and approval of grant reporting to grantor agencies.

Condition: The District did not have supporting documentation that reporting of federal grant expenditures were reviewed and approved by management.

Auditee's View: Management recognizes that there is an inherent and elevated risk associated with vacancies in key positions and inexperienced personnel in those positions. At present, all key positions are filled, and personnel are fully participating in NDE sponsored projects including program compliance monitoring, technical assistance support and evaluation studies as required. Two of the District's Top Priorities are recruiting, retaining, and training (including cross-training in basic duties) essential personnel and updating policies, procedures and ARs to ensure internal controls and fiscal responsibility.

Current Status: The District provided additional training and supervision regarding financial reporting over federal grants. However, it was determined that internal controls over financial reporting still need to be refined. See repeat finding 2023-001 in the Schedule of Findings and Questions Costs.



Mineral County School District

751 A. Street, P. O. Box 1540, Hawthorne, Nevada 89415 Phone (775) 945-2403 Fax (775) 945-3709 Stephanie Keuhey, Superintendent
Board of Trustees: Tyler Viani-President; Juanita Diede–Vice President; Kristen Reeves-Clerk; Kathryn Castagnola Candice Birchum

Following is Mineral County School District's Plan of Corrective Action for Fiscal Year 2023 referring to the financial audit findings the Financial Statement Audit Findings on pages 115-116. In reviewing the finding from the financial audit, the following corrective actions will be monitored for compliance. The District Superintendent is responsible for the corrective actions.

Management Response and Corrective Action Plan:

MCSD management concurs with the need to establish additional internal control procedures for all federal grants. Monthly and quarterly processed have been implemented to ensure that year-to-date funds received and expenses are being tracked adequately. Both revenue and expenses will be monitored, spreadsheets prepared along with School ERP Pro and ePAGE resources utilized throughout these processes. Account balances will be verified prior to Request for Reimbursement and/or Final Financial Reports are put forward. In addition to the Grants Manager, and CFO and Superintendent will review documentation prior to submissions.

The **vision** of the Mineral County School District is to become the best system where graduates can be competitive for any degree or job they pursue. The Mineral County Board of Trustees **believes** in being united in working for the best education possible for our children. The District **believes** it is important to instill in our children a pride in our District and the education they receive here; and to prepare our student's compete in today's society.



A Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON NEVADA REVISED STATUTES 354.6241

To the Honorable Board of Trustees Mineral County School District, Nevada

We have reviewed management's assertion made in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 354-624(5)(a) with respect to the funds of the Mineral County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 that:

- The identified funds are being used expressly for the purposes for which that were created.
- The Funds are administered in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- The restricted fund balance/net position in the funds were reasonable and necessary to carry out the purposes of the funds at June 30, 2023 (based on the interpretation of reasonable and necessary provided by the Legislative Counsel Bureau).
- The sources of revenues, including transfers, available for the funds are as noted in the financial statements.
- The funds conform to significant statutory and regulatory constraints on their financial statements administration during the year ended June 30, 2023 as disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

This assertion is the responsibility of the management of the Mineral County School District.

Our review was conducted in accordance with attestation standard established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A review is substantially less in scope that an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's assertion. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that management's assertion referred to above is not fairly stated in all material respects.

ciarani : Co.

Yerington, Nevada October 31, 2023

MINERAL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEVADA INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S COMMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Statute Compliance

The required disclosure on compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 16 to the financial statements.

Prior Year Audit Recommendation

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs included in this audit report provides a listing and status of our recommendations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Current Year Audit Recommendations

The Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs included in this audit report provides a listing of our current year recommendations.