

HORIZONS K-8 SCHOOL

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Horizons K-8 School
Boulder, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and remaining fund information of Horizons K-8 School (the School), a component unit of Boulder Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Separate Charter School

The School has a separate charter school contract with Boulder Valley School District. The Colorado Department of Education requires each School to provide separate audited financial statements. As described in Note 1, the majority of the School's funding is provided by the District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and other post-employment benefits schedules and notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule - Operations and Technology Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, The budgetary comparison schedule - Operations and Technology Fund is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Broomfield, Colorado
February 21, 2023

HORIZONS K-8 SCHOOL

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of Horizons K-8 School ("the School"), we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the financial statements.

The School was founded as the second charter school in the Boulder Valley School District RE-2 ("the District"), in July 1997.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,153,111 (net position).
- Total net position increased \$1,943,373 during the current year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School's governmental funds reported fund balance of \$1,895,631, a decrease of \$282,526 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund is \$1,654,187, or approximately 34.9% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The basic statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2.

Fund Financial Statements. Fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, except that the focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Both the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and the governmental activities.

The School reports one governmental fund that is considered a major fund, the general fund, and one additional fund reported as a non-major governmental fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3-4. Fund information for the nonmajor fund is presented after the notes section of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 5-28.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of net position (\$108,614) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., equipment). The School uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its students. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. It should be noted that the facility that houses the School is owned by the District and is used by the School as provided in its charter school contract with the District.

An additional portion of net position (\$241,544) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position is a deficit of \$4,503,269, which represents the portion that is unrestricted and would otherwise be used to meet the School's ongoing obligations.

Net position decreased \$1,943,374 from the previous year, due primarily to changes in net pension and OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

Horizons K-8 School
Comparative Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,145,404	\$ 2,414,876
Capital assets	108,614	117,727
Total Assets	<u>2,254,018</u>	<u>2,532,603</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>1,506,459</u>	 <u>2,519,449</u>
 Liabilities		
Current liabilities	249,773	236,719
Long-term liabilities	-	650,726
Net pension liability	4,867,452	7,071,795
Net OPEB liability	235,489	257,127
Total Liabilities	<u>5,352,714</u>	<u>8,216,367</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	 <u>2,560,874</u>	 <u>2,932,170</u>
 Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	108,614	117,727
Restricted	241,544	187,201
Unrestricted	<u>(4,503,269)</u>	<u>(6,401,413)</u>
 Total Net Position	 <u>\$ (4,153,111)</u>	 <u>\$ (6,096,485)</u>

Current and other assets, consisting primarily of cash and investments, decreased \$269,472, due primarily to an excess of expenses over revenues, excluding loan forgiveness revenue and adjustments related to net pension and OPEB expense.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the School successfully made application for a Payroll Protection Program loan (PPP Loan), which was approved on July 28, 2020 by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and funded August 7, 2020. This program is a component of the CARES Act and provides cash-flow assistance via a 100% federally guaranteed loan which has a five-year maturity with an interest rate of one percent (1%). The proceeds must be used to cover payroll, benefit and other eligible costs for a twenty-four-week period. On September 20, 2021 the SBA approved the School's application for PPP Loan forgiveness. The School will not be required to pay back the PPP Loan. As a result, the School recognized \$650,726 of loan forgiveness revenue, and reduced the School's long-term liabilities by the same amount.

Net pension liability decreased \$2,204,343, in addition to changes in related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, due to the application of GASB Nos. 68 and 71, when compared to typical accounting treatment reported in the governmental funds. The net impact caused the School to recognize approximately \$1,565,000 of negative pension related expense during 2021 in the Statement of Activities, compared to prior year negative pension related expense of approximately \$1,351,000.

Net position increased \$1,943,374 during 2022, the reasons for which are discussed below.

Horizons K-8 School
Comparative Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 63,760	\$ 24,343
Operating grants and contributions	859,681	412,378
Capital grants and contributions	51,730	49,274
General revenues		
Per pupil revenues	3,105,359	2,765,260
District mill levy	1,249,641	1,332,521
Grants and contributions not restricted	81,665	54,069
Total Revenues	<u>5,411,836</u>	<u>4,637,845</u>
Expenses:		
Instruction	2,413,917	2,354,327
Supporting services	1,054,545	1,149,519
Total Expenses	<u>3,468,462</u>	<u>3,503,846</u>
Change in Net Position	1,943,374	1,133,999
Net Position, Beginning	<u>(6,096,485)</u>	<u>(7,230,484)</u>
Net Position, Ending	<u>\$ (4,153,111)</u>	<u>\$ (6,096,485)</u>

The School's primary source of revenue, per pupil revenues and mill levy overrides flow from the District based upon the School's enrollment. Total revenues increased \$773,991 (16.7%) from the prior year, which include the following variances:

- Per pupil revenue increased \$340,099 (12.3%), due partially to a slight increase in students and a 3.0% cost of living adjustment, as determined by the State. In addition, State funding rebounded from the prior year, when State funding was reduced significantly in response to a State budget shortfall.
- The School shares in the District's mill levy override revenues on a per pupil basis, which decreased \$82,880 (6.2%), due primarily to changes in the School's contract with the District, which was renewed in 2022.
- Operating grants and contribution increased \$447,303, due primarily to \$650,726 of loan forgiveness revenue discussed above, offset by decreased spending of federal funds under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act and American Rescue Plan (ARP).

Total expenses decreased \$35,384 (1.0%) from the prior year, due primarily to a decrease of approximately \$220,000 in pension and OPEB and related costs, offset by an increase in personnel costs in accordance with the School's approved salary schedule.

Financial Analysis of the General Fund

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the School's general fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, an unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as it represents the portion of fund balance that has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the school itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,654,087, while the total fund balance decreased \$282,526 to \$1,895,631. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 34.9% of total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents approximately 39.8% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A General Fund Budgetary Schedule is located on page 29 of the financial statements.

Actual revenues were consistent with budgeted revenues. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$938,171, due primarily to unspent budgeted reserves of \$797,171.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The School's investment in capital assets (net of depreciation) as of June 30, 2022, and 2021 is as follows.

Horizons K-8 School Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Land Improvements	\$ 90,265	\$ 97,617
Equipment	18,349	20,110
	<u>\$ 108,614</u>	<u>\$ 117,727</u>

The decrease in capital assets is due to current year depreciation expense. As noted earlier, the School's contract with the District allows the School to use buildings owned by the District.

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt. The School's long-term debt as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

**Horizons K-8 School
Long-term Debt**

	Governmental Activities	
	2022	2021
Note Payable	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 650,726</u>

The School was awarded a \$650,726 PPP Loan on August 7, 2020. On September 20, 2021 the SBA approved the School's application for PPP loan forgiveness.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The primary factor driving the budget for the School is student enrollment. Enrollment for the 2021-22 school year was 348 full-time equivalent (FTE) students. Enrollment projected for the 2022-23 school year is 348 FTE students. The School's contract with the District provides funding of \$9,499 per student in 2022-23, compared to \$8,837 in 2021-22. Additionally, the School receives override and categorical revenues from the District on a per pupil basis, and continues to spend its allocation of federal CARES Act and ARP funds. While these net revenue sources remain relatively flat, for the thirteenth consecutive year the Colorado State Legislature continued to lower the statewide total funding by applying a budget stabilization factor (negative factor, previously) to reduce total program funding received. The School may need to seek other local sources to balance its budget.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances for interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Horizons K-8 School
Lucas Ketzer, Principal
4545 Sioux Drive
Boulder, CO 80303

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Horizons K-8 School
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,139,352
Accounts Receivable	4,277
Other	1,775
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>108,614</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>2,254,018</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Items	1,464,073
OPEB Related Items	<u>42,386</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>1,506,459</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	135
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	249,638
Net Pension Liability	4,867,452
Net OPEB Liability	<u>235,489</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>5,352,714</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension Related Items	2,477,098
OPEB Related Items	<u>83,776</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>2,560,874</u>
NET POSITION	
Investment in Capital Assets	108,614
Restricted for Capital Renewal	103,749
Restricted for Emergencies	137,795
Unrestricted	<u>(4,503,269)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ (4,153,111)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2022

					NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/ PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	PROGRAM REVENUES			GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
		CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 2,413,917	\$ 63,760	\$ 859,681	\$ -	\$ (1,490,476)
Supporting Services	1,054,545	-	-	51,730	(1,002,815)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 3,468,462</u>	<u>\$ 63,760</u>	<u>\$ 859,681</u>	<u>\$ 51,730</u>	<u>(2,493,291)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES					
					3,105,359
					1,249,641
					81,665
					<u>4,436,665</u>
					1,943,374
					<u>(6,096,485)</u>
					<u>\$ (4,153,111)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2022

	GENERAL	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,128,257	\$ 11,095	\$ 2,139,352
Accounts Receivable	4,277	-	4,277
Other	1,775	-	1,775
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,134,309	\$ 11,095	\$ 2,145,404
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 135	\$ -	\$ 135
Accrued Compensation and Benefits	249,638	-	249,638
TOTAL LIABILITIES	249,773	-	249,773
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for Capital Renewal	103,749	-	103,749
Restricted for Emergencies	126,700	11,095	137,795
Unrestricted, Unassigned	1,654,087	-	1,654,087
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,884,536	11,095	1,895,631
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,134,309	\$ 11,095	\$ 2,145,404

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Total Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds	\$ 1,895,631
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	108,614
Net pension (\$4,867,452) and net OPEB (\$235,489) liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(5,102,941)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$1,464,073 and OPEB \$42,386 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	1,506,459
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (\$2,477,098) and OPEB (\$83,776) used in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(2,560,874)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (4,153,111)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	GENERAL	NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND	TOTAL
REVENUES			
Local Sources	\$ 4,168,653	\$ 369,840	\$ 4,538,493
State Sources	213,268	-	213,268
Federal Sources	69,220	-	69,220
TOTAL REVENUES	4,451,141	369,840	4,820,981
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	3,586,154	-	3,586,154
Supporting Services	1,147,986	369,367	1,517,353
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,734,140	369,367	5,103,507
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(282,999)	473	(282,526)
FUND BALANCES, Beginning	2,167,535	10,622	2,178,157
FUND BALANCES, Ending	\$ 1,884,536	\$ 11,095	\$ 1,895,631

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds	\$ (282,526)
Capital outlays to purchase or construct capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized in the statement of net position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount of depreciation expense in the current year.	(9,113)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. This is the amount of loan forgiveness in the current year.	650,726
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the amount of net pension expense \$1,564,805 and net OPEB expense \$19,482 not reported in the governmental funds.	1,584,287
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,943,374</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Horizons K-8 School (the "School") was organized pursuant to the Colorado Charter Schools Act to form and operate a charter school within the Boulder Valley School District RE-2 (the "District"). The School began operations in the fall of 1997.

The accounting policies of the School conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of the School, organizations for which the School is financially accountable, and organizations that raise and hold economic resources for the direct benefit of the School. All funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that are not legally separate are part of the School. Legally separate organizations for which the School is financially accountable are considered part of the reporting entity. Financial accountability exists if the School appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on the organization, or if the organization provides benefits to, or imposes financial burdens on, the School. Based upon the application of this criteria, the School does not include additional organizations within its reporting entity.

The School is a component unit of the District. The District granted the School's charter and the majority of the School's funding is provided by the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all activities of the School. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported in a single column.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current year and within 90 days of the end of the current year for grants. Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and interest associated with the current year are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current year. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the School. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for a specific use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Investments - Cash includes amounts held by the District in pooled accounts. Investments are reported at fair value.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets that have initial lives extending beyond one fiscal year and have a unit cost of \$10,000 or more, except for major capital outlays for buildings and improvements that shall have a total cost greater than \$50,000.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition price at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Land Improvements	15 to 20 years
Building Improvements	20 to 50 years
Equipment	5 to 20 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School reports certain items in this category related to its defined benefit pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 5 and 6).

Accrued Compensation and Benefits - Salaries and benefits of certain contractually employed personnel are paid over a twelve month period from August to July, but are earned during a school year of approximately nine to ten months. The salaries and benefits earned, but unpaid, are reported as a liability in the financial statements.

Net Pension Liability - The School reports a net pension liability for its proportionate share of PERA's unfunded pension liability. See Note 5 for additional information.

Net OPEB Liability - The School reports a net OPEB liability for its proportionate share of PERA's unfunded OPEB liability. See Note 6 for additional information.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School reports certain items in this category related to its defined benefit pension and OPEB plans (see Notes 5 and 6).

Net Position/Fund Balance - Investment in capital assets represent the School's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position represents resources with legal or contractual obligations to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. The unrestricted classification includes all net position not invested in capital assets or restricted. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

- Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples include prepaid items and supplies inventory.
- Restricted fund balance - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, contract provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance - Amounts constrained to specific purposes through resolution by the Board of Directors are reported as committed. Amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes the same action to modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned fund balance - Amounts constrained for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, by the Board of Directors through an informal action.
- Unassigned fund balance - The residual amount reported when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The School reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned balances may be reported in all funds.

Fund Balance Policy - The School has not established a formal policy for its use of restricted and unrestricted fund balances. However, if both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for a specific purpose, the School uses restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned balances.

On-behalf Payments

GAAP requires that direct on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries made by one entity to a third party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity be recognized as revenue and expenditures by the employer government. The State of Colorado makes direct on-behalf payments for retirement benefits to Colorado PERA. Beginning on July 1, 2018, the State of Colorado is required to make a payment to PERA each year equal to \$225 million. PERA allocates the contribution to the trust funds of the State, School, Denver Public Schools, and Judicial Division Trust Funds of PERA, as proportionate to the annual payroll of each division. This annual payment is required on July 1st of each year thereafter until there are no unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities of any division of PERA that receives the direct distribution. The amount of on-behalf payments made for the School by the State of Colorado is recorded in the fund financial statements.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

District Purchased Services

The District provides certain maintenance, insurance, administrative and other services to the School. Total current year costs charged to the School were \$1,267,559.

Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School participates in the District's risk management programs for these risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage limits in the last three years.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Deposits	\$ 218,659
Investments	496,336
Cash Held by the District	<u>1,424,357</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 2,139,352</u></u>

Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires all local government entities to deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by State regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution, or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

Investments

The School is required to comply with State statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following. State statutes generally limit the maturity of investment securities to five years from the date of purchase, unless the governing board authorizes an investment for a period in excess of five years. State statutes generally do not address custodial risk.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

The School had the following investments at June 30, 2022:

Investment	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total	Rating- Rating Agency
CSAFE - Core Fund	\$ 463,703	\$ -	\$ 463,703	AAAf/S1-Fitch
CSAFE - Cash Fund	32,633	-	32,633	AAAmmf-Fitch
	<u>\$ 496,336</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 496,336</u>	

Interest Rate Risk - State statutes generally limit the maturity date of investment securities to five years from the date of purchase unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years.

Credit Risk - The School has no policy toward credit risk other than to follow State statutes, which limit certain investments to those with specified ratings provided by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, depending on the type of investment.

Concentration of Credit Risk - State statutes do not limit the amount the School may invest in one issuer, except for corporate securities.

Local Government Investment Pool - At June 30, 2022, the School had \$496,336 invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund (CSAFE), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating CSAF. CSAF operates similarly to a money market fund, and each share is equal in value to \$2.00 (Core Fund) or \$1.00 (Cash Fund). CSAF is valued at fair value basis. CSAF records investments at fair value, and the School records investments in CSAF at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is a one-day redemption notice period.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is summarized below.

	Balance 6/30/21	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/22
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	\$ 147,034	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 147,034
Equipment	26,421	-	-	26,421
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	173,455	-	-	173,455
Less Accumulated Depreciation For				
Land Improvements	49,417	7,352	-	56,769
Equipment	6,311	1,761	-	8,072
Total Accumulated Depreciation	55,728	9,113	-	64,841
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	117,727	(9,113)	-	108,614
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 117,727	\$ (9,113)	\$ -	\$ 108,614

Depreciation expense was charged to the supporting services program of the School.

NOTE 4: LONG-TERM DEBT

Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Balance 6/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/22	Due Within One Year
Note payable from direct borrowings	\$ 650,726	\$ -	\$ 650,726	\$ -	\$ -

On August 7, 2020 the School received a loan from Wells Fargo Bank in the amount of \$650,726 to fund payroll, benefits and other eligible costs through the Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP Loan"). The PPP Loan bears interest at a fixed rate of 1.0% per annum, has a term of two years, and is unsecured and guaranteed by the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA). Payment of principal and interest is deferred until the date on which the amount of forgiveness is remitted to the lender or, if the School fails to apply for forgiveness within 10 months after the covered period, then payment of principal and interest shall begin on that date. These amounts may be forgiven subject to compliance and approval based on the timing and use of these funds in accordance with the program. To the extent that all or part of the PPP Loan is not forgiven, the School will be required to pay interest on the PPP Loan at a rate of 1.0% per annum, and principal and interest payments will be required through the maturity date in July 2025. On September 20, 2021 the SBA approved the School's application for PPP Loan forgiveness. The School will not be required to pay back the PPP Loan. As a result, the School recognized \$650,726 of loan forgiveness revenue, included in operating grants and contributions.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions. The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2021. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5% and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100% match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100% of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50% or 100% on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2022. Eligible employees, the School and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 10.50% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2021 Through June 30, 2022
Employer contribution rate	10.90%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.88%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.88%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the School were \$528,954 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. In addition to the \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution due July 1, 2022, House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructs the State treasurer to issue a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon enactment, with reductions to future direct distributions scheduled to occur July 1, 2023, and July 1, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2021. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2022, the School reported a liability of \$4,867,452 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,867,452
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the School	<u>\$ 557,992</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 5,425,444</u></u>

At December 31, 2021, the School's proportion was 0.04182607%, which was a decrease of 0.00495131% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized pension income of \$1,295,606 and revenue of \$134,055 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 186,346	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	371,594	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,830,017
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	636,934	647,081
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	269,199	-
Total	<u>\$ 1,464,073</u>	<u>\$ 2,477,098</u>

\$269,199 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ 44,953
2024	(578,549)
2025	(526,504)
2026	(222,124)
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40% – 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure hired prior to 1/1/07	1.00%
PERA Benefit Structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill (SB) 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,164,491	\$ 4,867,452	\$ 2,950,658

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. The School participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the School are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the School were \$27,140 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the School reported a liability of \$235,489 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2021. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the School's proportion was 0.02730923%, which was an increase of 0.00024969% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized OPEB income of \$5,668. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 359	\$ 55,837
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	4,876	12,774
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	14,577
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	23,339	588
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	13,812	-
Total	<u>\$ 42,386</u>	<u>\$ 83,776</u>

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$13,812 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2023	\$ (13,075)
2024	(14,532)
2025	(16,811)
2026	(9,036)
2027	(1,544)
Thereafter	(204)

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40%-11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	4.5% in 2021, 6.00% in 2022, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75% for 2021, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020 valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Initial Costs for Members without Medicare Part A		
	Monthly Cost	Monthly Premium	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Plan			
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Rx	\$633	\$230	\$591
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the PubS-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (Members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112% of the rates prior to age 80 and 94% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 83% of the rates prior to age 80 and 106% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the Judicial Division were based upon the unadjusted PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- Females: 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for State Troopers were based upon the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Net OPEB Liability	\$228,726	\$235,489	\$243,323

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

Horizons K-8 School

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

NOTE 6: DEFINED BENEFIT OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$273,496	\$235,489	\$203,025

OPEB plan fiduciary net position - Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2022

NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and Judgments

The School participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by revenues received from other governmental entities. Expenditures financed by these revenues are subject to audit by the appropriate government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with program regulations, the School may be required to reimburse the other government. At June 30, 2022, significant amounts of related expenditures have not been audited, but management believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of the School.

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed Article X, Section 20 (the "Amendment") to the State Constitution which limits state and local government taxing powers and imposes spending limitations. The School believes it is in compliance with the Amendment. The Amendment requires all governments to establish a reserve for emergencies, representing 3% of fiscal year spending. At June 30, 2022, the emergency reserve of \$137,795 was reported as restricted fund balance and net position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Horizons K-8 School
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
GENERAL FUND
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Per Pupil Revenue	\$ 3,050,568	\$ 3,105,359	\$ 3,105,359	\$ -
District Mill Levy	848,222	879,799	879,801	2
Outdoor Education Fees	64,000	-	-	-
Student Activities	116,840	83,000	64,023	(18,977)
Grants and Contributions	144,000	144,000	112,977	(31,023)
Other	2,500	2,500	6,493	3,993
State Sources				
Capital Construction	48,591	67,182	51,730	(15,452)
Categorical	92,199	101,667	101,667	-
Grants and Contributions	54,680	54,680	59,871	5,191
Federal Sources				
Grants	72,904	69,220	69,220	-
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>4,494,504</u>	<u>4,507,407</u>	<u>4,451,141</u>	<u>(56,266)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	3,582,282	3,618,263	3,586,154	32,109
Supporting Services	1,355,809	1,256,812	1,147,986	108,826
Reserves	687,280	797,236	-	797,236
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>5,625,371</u>	<u>5,672,311</u>	<u>4,734,140</u>	<u>938,171</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>(1,130,867)</u>	<u>(1,164,904)</u>	<u>(282,999)</u>	<u>(994,437)</u>
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	<u>1,761,671</u>	<u>2,167,535</u>	<u>2,167,535</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE, Ending	<u>\$ 630,804</u>	<u>\$ 1,002,631</u>	<u>\$ 1,884,536</u>	<u>\$ (994,437)</u>

Horizons K-8 School
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION AND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITIES
June 30, 2022

As of December 31,	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Net Pension Liability			
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04182607%	0.04677737%	0.04099846%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,867,452	\$ 7,071,795	\$ 6,125,081
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School**	<u>557,992</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>776,889</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,425,444</u>	<u>\$ 7,071,795</u>	<u>\$ 6,901,970</u>
School's covered payroll	2,613,995	2,502,320	2,409,206
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	186.21%	282.61%	254.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.86%	66.99%	64.52%
Net Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability			
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.02730923%	0.02705954%	0.02679402%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	235,489	257,127	301,164
School's covered payroll	2,613,995	2,502,320	2,409,206
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	9.01%	10.28%	12.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.40%	32.78%	24.49%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31 based on the measurement date of the Plan. This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

**A direct distribution provision to allocate funds from the State of Colorado to Colorado PERA on an annual basis began in July 2018 based on the Senate Bill 18-200.

<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
0.03882222%	0.04131023%	0.04174048%	0.04137113%	0.04353652%	0.04287508%
\$ 6,874,272	\$ 13,358,259	\$ 12,427,756	\$ 6,327,423	\$ 5,900,660	\$ 5,402,386
939,961	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 7,814,233</u>	<u>\$ 13,358,259</u>	<u>\$ 12,427,756</u>	<u>\$ 6,327,423</u>	<u>\$ 5,900,660</u>	<u>\$ 5,402,386</u>
2,134,264	1,905,593	1,873,389	1,802,963	1,823,866	1,707,470
322.09%	701.00%	663.38%	350.95%	323.52%	316.40%
57.01%	43.96%	43.10%	59.20%	62.80%	64.06%
0.02523463%	0.02347233%	0.02372581%			
343,328	305,046	307,613			
2,134,264	1,905,593	1,873,389			
16.09%	16.01%	16.42%			
17.03%	17.53%	16.72%			

Horizons K-8 School
SCHEDULE OF THE CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS
June 30, 2022

As of June 30,	2022	2021	2020
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 528,954	\$ 512,668	\$ 489,944
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>528,954</u>	<u>512,668</u>	<u>489,944</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	2,660,736	2,578,815	2,528,093
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	19.88%	19.88%	19.38%
Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit Plan			
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 27,140	\$ 26,304	\$ 25,787
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>27,140</u>	<u>26,304</u>	<u>25,787</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	2,660,736	2,578,815	2,528,093
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 431,790	\$ 365,740	\$ 348,404	\$ 317,303	\$ 317,564	\$ 283,251
<u>431,790</u>	<u>365,740</u>	<u>348,404</u>	<u>317,303</u>	<u>317,564</u>	<u>283,251</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
2,257,133	1,936,775	1,895,560	1,789,642	1,881,303	1,771,999
19.13%	18.88%	18.38%	17.73%	16.88%	15.98%
\$ 23,023	\$ 19,755	\$ 19,335	\$ 18,254	\$ 19,189	\$ 18,074
<u>23,023</u>	<u>19,755</u>	<u>19,335</u>	<u>18,254</u>	<u>19,189</u>	<u>18,074</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
2,257,133	1,936,775	1,895,560	1,789,642	1,881,303	1,771,999
1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

Horizons K-8 School
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

The budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The School adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- By June 30, management submits to the Horizons K-8 School Board proposed budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Prior to June 30, the budgets are adopted by the Horizons K-8 School Board.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the fund level. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Horizons K-8 School Board.
- All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Legal Compliance

For the year ended June 30, 2022, Operations and Technology Fund expenditures exceed the budgeted amounts by \$23,812. This may be a violation of State statutes.

Net Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Liabilities

Changes in assumptions related to net pension and other post employment benefit liabilities can be found in Notes 5 and 6.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Special Revenue Fund

Operations and Technology Fund - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to an operations and technology mill levy approved by voters November 2016.

Horizons K-8 School
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
OPERATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY FUND
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
District Mill levy	\$ 332,991	\$ 345,292	\$ 369,840	\$ 24,548
TOTAL REVENUES	332,991	345,292	369,840	24,548
EXPENDITURES				
Supporting Services	323,633	335,196	369,367	(34,171)
Reserves	9,990	10,359	-	10,359
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	333,623	345,555	369,367	(23,812)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(632)	(263)	473	736
FUND BALANCE, Beginning	10,622	10,622	10,622	-
FUND BALANCE, Ending	\$ 9,990	\$ 10,359	\$ 11,095	\$ 736