Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2014

·		
		:
•		

## Table of Contents

	Page No
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	00
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	0.4
Budget and Actual - General and Special Aid Funds	21
Statement of Assets and Liabilities - Fiduciary Fund	23
Notes to Financial Statements	24
Required Supplementary Information	
Other Post Employment Benefits -	48
Schedule of Funding Progress - Last Three Fiscal Years	40
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	49
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	50
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget	52
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget	54
Special Aid Fund	
Comparative Balance Sheet	58
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	50
Budget and Actual	59
Capital Projects Fund	01
Comparative Balance Sheet	61
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	62
Project-Length Schedule	63
Non-Major Governmental Funds	G.F.
Combining Balance Sheet	65 66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	90
School Lunch Fund	67
Comparative Balance Sheet  Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	68
Outparative otatement of Nevertues, Expenditures and Orlanges in Fully Dalance	

## Table of Contents (Concluded)

Special Purpose Fund	Page No.
Comparative Balance Sheet	00
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	69 70
o simplification of the vertices, Experialitates and offenges in Fully Balance	70
Supplementary Information	
Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget	71
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation	71
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	72
Federal Programs	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	73
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	
Internal Control Over Compliance	75
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	77
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	78
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	79
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	81





#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Education of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Special Aid funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2014 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York

'Connor Davies, UP

August 12, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
June 30, 2014

#### Introduction

This discussion and analysis of the Chappaqua Central School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013-14 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned (formerly known as unreserved) fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$4,664,107. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is 3.99% of the 2014-15 budget which falls within the 4% statutory limit. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the School District.
- The School District's governmental funds financial statement reports a combined ending fund balance of \$19,505,924, a decrease of \$3,966,083 from the prior year. Fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$1,179,780, from \$20,127,165 to \$18,947,385. However, \$2,350,000 of the fund balance from the General Fund has been assigned (appropriated) for the subsequent year's budget to reduce the tax levy increase.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School District exceeded liabilities (net position) at the close of the fiscal year by \$66,021,986.
   The District's total net position decreased by \$731,898 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The decrease is due to: 1) the increase of "other post employment benefits obligations (OPEB)" (GASB 45), and 2) the growth of liabilities outpaced the growth of assets.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) District-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### District-Wide Financial Statements

 The District-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The governmental activities of the District include instruction, pupil transportation, community services, cost of food sales, other, interest and general administrative support.

The District-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that
  have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and
  local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance
  related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories:
  governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as
  governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the Districtwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows
  and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available
  at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's
  near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.
- The District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Capital Projects Fund, School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund. For this reporting purpose, the School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund are combined into "Non-Major Governmental Funds". Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Special Aid and Capital Projects funds, since the District has elected to report them as major funds.
- The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. Budgets are developed for the Special Aid Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Special Aid Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

 Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity: assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the District-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

The Chappaqua Central School District completed its valuation of costs for post employment benefits valuation in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 43 & 45 for the fiscal year July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 based on the input of qualified actuaries. The opinion formed by such actuaries and the underlying actuarial methods, considerations, and analyses conform to the appropriate Standards of Practice and Guidelines of the Actuarial Standards Board. We believe that the assumptions used for the valuation and the reporting of results are consistent with assumptions, benefits and provisions for similar school districts in the county of Westchester, the state of New York and nationally. The actuarial report also includes results under various scenarios based on different assumptions for key factors such as healthcare cost inflation, future retirees contribution rates and discount rates, which by their nature are estimates and subject to change. A change in one or more of these factors could have a significant effect on the valuation of the unfunded accrued liability and the difference could be material. More detailed information about the District's "Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations" is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, F - Long-Term Liabilities – Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations).

For the full GASB 45 report, please visit the District website at: <a href="http://www.ccsd.ws/files/filesystem/GASB4345">http://www.ccsd.ws/files/filesystem/GASB4345</a> 20130701-20140630.pdf

#### **District-Wide Financial Analysis**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the Chappaqua Central School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities ("Net Position") by \$66,021,986 at the close of the current fiscal year.

#### **Net Position**

	2013-14	2012-13*
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 29,902,446 113,236,346	\$ 31,898,167 112,342,826
Total Assets	143,138,792	142,306,609
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,817,149	1,934,384
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	10,751,362 68,182,593	8,535,727 68,951,382
Total Liabilities	78,933,955	77,487,109
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	62,809,057	62,083,824
Capital Projects Tax Certiorari Unemployment Benefits	25,001 4,630,905	3,857 4,629,914
Property Loss Insurance	150,629 59,090 210,305	150,597 59,077 210,260
Liability Claims Repairs	218,611 137,234	218,564 137,159
Retirement Contributions Special Purpose	2,010,941 35,054	3,510,190 39,302
School Lunch Unrestricted	448,794 (4,713,635)	272,245 (4,561,105)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 66,021,986</u>	<u>\$ 66,753,884</u>

<sup>\*</sup>Restated for the effects of GASB Statement No. 65

By far, the largest component of the District's net assets (95%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the 2013-14 school year, District budgeted \$2,335,000 in its General Fund to pay off the scheduled capital debt principal payment.

Those assets subject to external restrictions constitute \$7,926,564 of net position (\$66,021,986), which includes restriction for retirement contributions of \$2,010,941 and tax certiorari of \$4,630,905. Unrestricted position is a negative \$4,713,635 in part due to the OPEB accrual. Restricted and unrestricted assets combined represents 5% of the net position.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

	2013-14	2012-13
REVENUES		
Program Revenues	Ф 0.764.0E4	¢ 2.502.002
Charges for Services	\$ 2,761,251 2,865,117	\$ 2,583,892 2,074,516
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	25,000	
Capital Grants and Contributions		129,220
Total Program Revenues	5,651,368	5,687,636
General Revenues		
Real Property Taxes	97,187,644	95,027,907
Other Tax Items (STAR)	5,923,399	
Non-Property Taxes	823,216	
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	116,745	
Unrestricted State Aid	6,801,704	5,883,627
Miscellaneous	707,005	408,522
Total General Revenues	111,559,713	108,251,624
Total Revenues	117,211,081	113,939,260
PROGRAM EXPENSES		
General Support	16,794,272	16,598,751
Instruction	91,060,604	
Pupil Transportation	6,246,896	
Community Services	19,864	
Cost of Food Sales	1,926,884	1,950,906
Other	4,255	795
Interest	1,890,204	<u>1,548,656</u>
Total Expenses	117,942,979	115,787,225
Change in Net Position	(731,898)	) (1,847,965)
Net Position - Beginning	66,753,884	68,601,849
Net Position - Ending	\$ 66,021,986	\$ 66,753,884

The District's net position decreased by \$731,898, which represents approximately 1.1% of the total net position. The District saw a decrease of total assets in the amount of \$1,102,201 and an increase of total liabilities in the amount of \$1,446,846. The District maintains a fairly similar financial condition to the previous year. As presented in the following graphs, the District relies upon real property taxes and other tax items (STAR) as its primary revenue sources (87.97%, a slight decrease from prior year's 88.67%).

The major changes from 2012-13 to 2013-14 are as follows:

#### Revenues:

The District's total program revenues saw a slight decrease, general revenues increased by \$3,308,089 and the total revenues increased by \$3,271,821. The primary elements of this increase were:

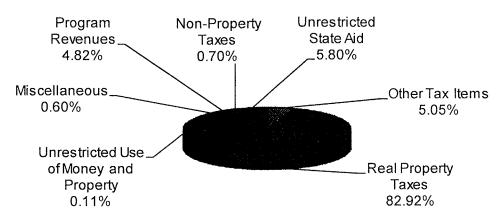
- Unrestricted State Aid increased by \$918,077.
- Other Tax Items STAR (School Tax Relief Program) decreased by \$85,694.
- Real Property Taxes (excluding STAR) increased by \$2,159,737, or 2.27%, which made up for the largest increase.

#### Expenses:

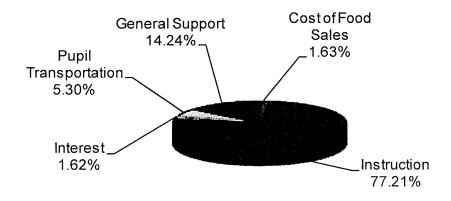
The District's program expenses increased by \$2,155,754. The highlights were:

- General Support saw an increase of \$195,521. If it had not been for a budget appropriation of \$933,895 from the Tax Certiorari Reserve Fund to pay for a settlement and an increase in the BOCES Administrative charges of \$376,904 during the 2012-13 school year, the 2013-14 increase would have been much greater. During 2013-14, four items impacted the General Support expenditures: 1) District made its first of three BOCES Capital Project installment payments of \$446,036, 2) District saw an increase of \$232,069 for Judgments and Claims, 3) District's energy costs increased by \$476,937, and 4) District spent \$111,503 for security guards for the first time.
- Instruction saw an increase of \$1,295,852 which reflected increases in salaries and benefits (pension contributions and health insurance premiums).
- Pupil Transportation showed an increase of \$342,508 when compared to the prior year, Special Education transportation and bus monitors accounted for approximately \$250,000 of this increase.

# Revenues for Fiscal Year 2013-14 Governmental Activities



# Expenses for Fiscal Year 2013-14 Governmental Activities



#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$19,505,924, a decrease of \$3,966,083 from the prior year. This large decrease was made up by a decrease of \$1,179,780 in general fund and a decrease of \$2,958,604 in capital projects fund. \$2,350,000 of the general fund balance has been assigned (appropriated) for the 2014-15 budget to reduce the tax levy.

The District's fund balance for the General Fund decreased \$1,179,780, from \$20,127,165 to \$18,947,385 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund revenues exceeded the final budget by \$1,308,889. The two largest positive variances were: \$783,417 for State Aid and \$191,507 for Charges for Services, of which \$159,621 came from Cultural Arts.

General Fund expenditures for 2013-14 were \$481,301 less than the final budget, after the deduction of \$1,265,726 for encumbrances. Positive variances were shown in the following areas: Instruction: \$1,317,005, and Employee Benefits: \$340,902.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The original expenditure budget and the final amended budget showed a variance of \$282,930 vs. last year's \$1,198,115 (as indicated in last year's financial statements that were mainly due to the budget appropriation of \$933,895 from the Tax Certiorari Reserve Fund to pay for a settlement). The budget modifications were mainly made up from gifts, \$200,000 of which came from Chappaqua School Foundation as its contribution to the construction of the Greeley iLab.

#### **Fund Balance Analysis**

Fund balance of the General Fund is made up of four categories and they are illustrated below:

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>
Non-spendable Restricted	\$ 26,845
Assigned	10,640,707 3,615,726
Unassigned	4,664,107
Total	\$ 18,947,385

By far the largest category of fund balance is in "Restricted" and these funds were established and set aside for very specific purposes. The "Assigned" fund balance consists of two parts: \$1,265,726 is reserved for encumbrances (purchases on order) - commitments made by the District for goods or services, and \$2,350,000 is assigned for subsequent year's expenditures (a reduction from the designation for the 2013-14 budget). The remainder of \$4,664,107 is "Unassigned" fund balance and as we previously mentioned this is the amount that is available for spending at the discretion of the District. At the end of the day, fund balance is an indicator of the financial strength of a school district.

The actual amount of fund balance in each reserve category is presented in Note 3.1 - Fund Balances.

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of June 30, 2014 the District had \$113,236,346 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

Class	June 30, 2014			June 30, 2013		
Land	\$	2,177,700	\$	2,177,700		
Construction in Progress		12,538,946		9,592,998		
Buildings and Improvements		96,669,800		98,799,352		
Machinery and Equipment		1,849,900		1,772,776		
Total Capital Assets, Net of						
Accumulated Depreciation	\$	113,236,346	\$	<u>112,342,826</u>		

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, B – Capital Assets).

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

As of June 30, 2014, the District had \$37,870,000 in general obligation debt and other long-term liabilities outstanding, as follows:

	2013-14	2012-13
Bonds Payable Energy Performance Contract Debt Installment Purchase Debt Compensated Absences Other Post Employment	\$ 40,662,912 10,782,978 848,238 3,894,055	\$ 43,178,099 11,448,896 857,308 3,789,600
Benefit Obligations Payable	11,994,410	11,611,863
Total	\$ 68,182,593	\$ 70,885,766

Long-term liabilities are made up of five figures: bonds payable, energy performance contract debt, installment purchase debt, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations. Bonds payable saw a decrease of \$2,335,000. The District is paying down its bonded debt and did not issue any additional such debt. Compensated absences saw an increase of \$104,455. Other post employment benefit obligations saw an increase of \$382,547. This is the sixth year that a public entity is required to record such obligations (the full amount is being amortized over 30 years).

The net impact of the above-mentioned factors decreased the District's long-term liabilities by \$2,703,173.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, F- Long-Term Liabilities).

#### Summary

The Chappaqua Central School District is financially solid. Overall, the financial position of the District for year ended June 30, 2014 is fairly similar to the prior fiscal year. The District's net position decreased by \$731,898 (1.1%) because of the requirement to record other post employment benefit obligations (GASB 45) of \$11,994,410 which represents an increase of \$328,547 over school year 2012-13, and the decrease of overall general fund balance of \$1,179,780.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Chappaqua Central School District
Attn: John L. Chow
Assistant Superintendent for Business
PO Box 21
Chappaqua, New York 10514
Tel: (914) 238-7200 X1006
E-mail: jochow@ccsd.ws

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	C	Sovernmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Restricted cash	\$	27,507,020 49,690
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid		17,786 2,291,868
Prepaid expenses Inventories Capital assets		26,845 9,237
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	**************	14,716,646 98,519,700
Total Assets		143,138,792
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	Market Annual Control	1,817,149
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to retirement systems Due to other governments Unearned revenues Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities Due within one year Due in more than one year		120,718 1,046,153 8,906,260 201,710 121,681 354,840 3,782,767 64,399,826
Total Liabilities		78,933,955
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted		62,809,057
Capital projects Tax certiorari Unemployment benefits Property loss Insurance Liability claims Repairs Retirement contributions Special purposes School lunch Unrestricted		25,001 4,630,905 150,629 59,090 210,305 218,611 137,234 2,010,941 35,054 448,794 (4,713,635)
Total Net Position	\$	66,021,986



Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues						N	et (Expense)
					×	Operating		Capital	F	Revenue and
			(	Charges for		Grants and	G	rants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	_	Contributions		ntributions		Net Position
Governmental activities										
General support	\$	16,794,272	\$	154,956	\$	•	\$	-	\$	(16,637,362)
Instruction		91,060,604		648,198		2,721,339		25,000		(87,666,067)
Pupil transportation		6,246,896		_		-		-		(6,246,896)
Community services		19,864				-		-		(19,864)
Cost of food sales		1,926,884		1,958,097		141,817		-		173,030
Other		4,255		_		7		-		(4,248)
Interest		1,890,204			_	-		-		(1,890,204)
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	117,942,979	\$	2,761,251	\$	2,865,117	\$	25,000		(112,291,611)
		neral revenues								•
		Real property taxes							97,187,644	
	Other tax items									
	School tax relief reimbursement 5,923,399							5,923,399		
		on-property taxe			_					
		Non-property tax						•		823,216
		nrestricted use			ope	erty				116,745
		nrestricted State	e al	d						6,801,704
	N	liscellaneous								707,005
		Total General F	?eve	enues						111,559,713
		Total Conoral I		3						
		Change in Net l	Pos	ition						(731,898)
	Ne	Position - Begi	nnir	ng						66,753,884
	Ne	t Position - Endi	ng						\$	66,021,986

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS	General		***************************************	Special Aid	Capital Projects		
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash Receivables	\$	26,811,941	\$	137,769	\$	25,001 49,690	
Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds		89 776,340 1,643,671		1,505,902 -		- -	
Prepaid expenditures Inventories		26,845 		-		<b>54</b>	
Total Assets	\$	29,258,886	\$	1,643,671	\$	74,691	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	120,718 1,046,153	\$	-	\$	-	
Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Due to other governments		8,906,260 201,740		1,643,671 -		-	
Unearned revenues		201,710 36,660	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		-	
Total Liabilities		10,311,501		1,643,671		-	
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted		26,845		-		74.004	
Assigned Unassigned		10,640,707 3,615,726 4,664,107		  		74,691 - -	
Total Fund Balances		18,947,385		-		74,691	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	29,258,886	\$	1,643,671	\$	74,691	

Non-Major Governmental		Total Governmental Funds
\$	532,309 -	\$ 27,507,020 49,690
	17,697 9,626 - - 9,237	 17,786 2,291,868 1,643,671 26,845 9,237
\$	568,869	\$ 31,546,117
\$	- - - - - 85,021	\$ 120,718 1,046,153 1,643,671 8,906,260 201,710 121,681
Harrist	85,021	 12,040,193
	9,237 35,054 439,557	 36,082 10,750,452 4,055,283 4,664,107
	483,848	 19,505,924
\$	568,869	\$ 31,546,117



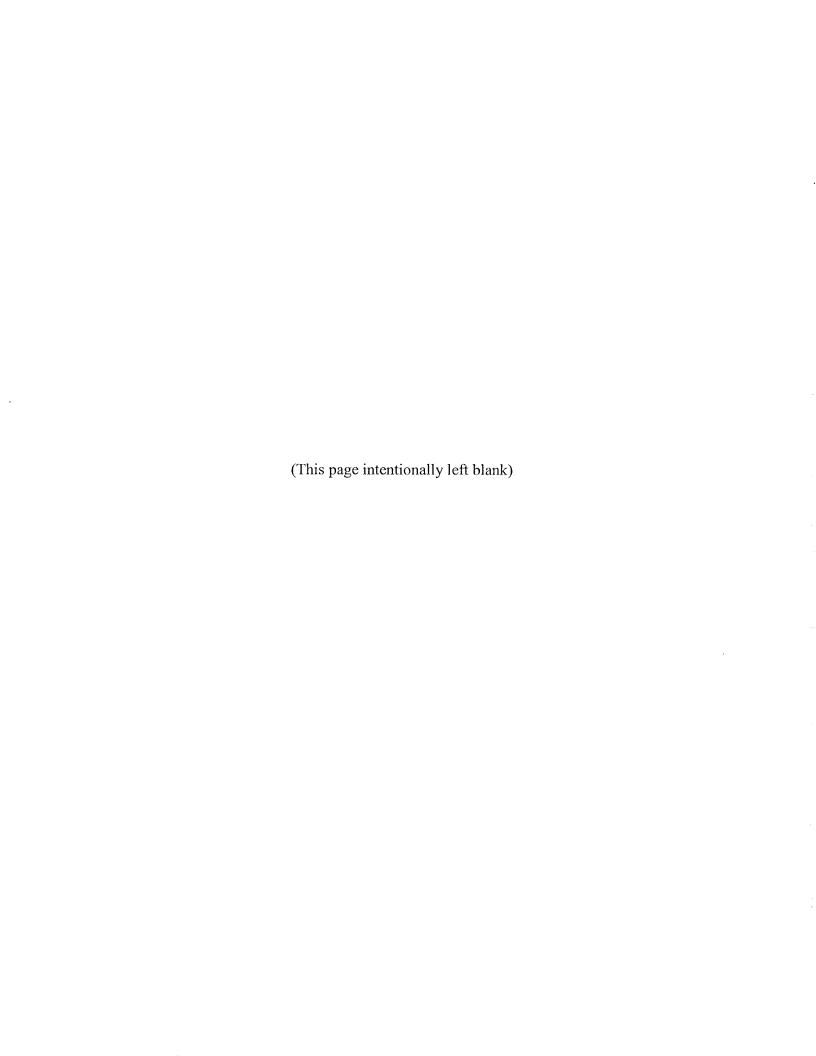
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	19,505,924
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<del>- 1</del>	113,236,346
Government funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		1 917 140
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds  Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		<u>1,817,149</u>
Accrued interest payable		(354,840)
Bonds payable		(40,662,912)
Compensated absences		(3,894,055)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		(11,994,410)
Energy performance contract debt payable		(10,782,978)
Installment purchase debt payable		(848,238)
		(68,537,433)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	66,021,986

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES		General	<del></del>	Special Aid		Capital Projects
	Φ.	07.407.044	•		_	
Real property taxes Other tax items	\$	97,187,644	\$	-	\$	-
Non-property taxes		5,923,399				
		823,216		-		•
Charges for services		648,198		-		-
Use of money and property		273,655				-
State aid		7,783,821		597,893		-
Federal aid		40,039		818,360		-
Food sales				ww		-
Miscellaneous		989,935		-		25,000
Total Revenues		113,669,907		1,416,253		25,000
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General support		14,071,497		-		
Instruction		62,680,476		1,565,726		•••
Pupil transportation		6,251,372		-,,		_
Community services		19,864		***		_
Employee benefits		26,293,295		_		_
Cost of food sales		,,		_		
Other		-		n•		_
Debt service						
Principal		3,218,205		_		_
Interest		1,969,362		_		_
Capital outlay				-	Destalation in the same	3,387,964
Total Expenditures		114,504,071		1,565,726		3,387,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Rev-						
enues Over Expenditures		(834,164)		(149,473)		(3,362,964)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Installment purchase debt issued		_		_		208,217
Transfers in		3,857		149,473		200,000
Transfers out		(349,473)		-		(3,857)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(345,616)		149,473		404 360
,		(040,010)		149,475		404,360
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,179,780)		-		(2,958,604)
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of Year		20,127,165	*******************************	-		3,033,295
End of Year	\$	18,947,385	\$	-	\$	74,691
			***************************************		T	,

	Total
Non-Major	Governmental
Governmental	Funds
\$ - - 490 11,951 129,383	\$ 97,187,644 5,923,399 823,216 648,198 274,145 8,393,665 987,782
1,868,854	1,868,854
89,243	1,104,178
2,099,921	117,211,081
1,923,365 4,255	14,071,497 64,246,202 6,251,372 19,864 26,293,295 1,923,365 4,255
_	1,969,362
_	3,387,964
1,927,620	121,385,381
172,301	(4,174,300)
	208,217 353,330 (353,330)
-	208,217
172,301	(3,966,083)
311,547	23,472,007
\$ 483,848	\$ 19,505,924



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (3,966,083)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	
Capital outlay expenditures	3,909,751
Depreciation expense	 (3,016,231)
	 893,520
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Installment purchase debt issued	(208,217)
Principal paid on serial bonds Principal paid on installment purchase debt	2,335,000 217,287
Principal paid on installment purchase debt  Principal paid on energy performance contract	665,918
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium	(198,527)
	2,811,461
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	16,206
Compensated absences	(104,455)
Other post employment benefit obligations	 (382,547)
	 (470,796)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (731,898)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Special Aid Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Gener	al Fund	
DEVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	A 07.400.050			
Real property taxes Other tax items	\$ 97,189,256	\$ 97,189,256	\$ 97,187,644	\$ (1,612)
Non-property taxes	5,921,737	5,921,737	5,923,399	1,662
Charges for services	755,000 456,691	755,000	823,216	68,216
Use of money and property	285,000	456,691	648,198	191,507
State aid	7,000,404	285,000 7,000,404	273,655 7,783,821	(11,345)
Federal aid	7,000,404	7,000,404	40,039	783,417
Miscellaneous	470,000	752,930	989,935	40,039 237,005
Total Revenues	112,078,088	112,361,018	113,669,907	1,308,889
EXPENDITURES Current				
General support	12,322,972	15,222,478	14,071,497	1,150,981
Instruction	64,613,608	63,171,179	62,680,476	490,703
Pupil transportation	6,403,831	6,295,635	6,251,372	44,263
Community services	18,977	19,864	19,864	
Employee benefits Debt service	27,328,294	26,354,375	26,293,295	61,080
Principal	3,221,304	3,218,205	3,218,205	
Interest	2,028,655	1,969,362	1,969,362	
Total Expenditures	115,937,641	116,251,098	114,504,071	1,747,027
Deficiency of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(3,859,553)	(3,890,080)	(834,164)	3,055,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	3,857	3,857	3,857	
Transfers out	(380,000)	(349,473)	(349,473)	
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(376,143)	(345,616)	(345,616)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,235,696)	(4,235,696)	(1,179,780)	3,055,916
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	4,235,696	4,235,696	20,127,165	15,891,469
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,947,385	\$ 18,947,385

			Special	Aid F	und		
Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
567,36			597,893		597,893		-
883,78	80 -		883,211 -		818,360 -		(64,851)
1,451,14	46	-	1,481,104		1,416,253		(64,851)
1,631,1	-		- 1,630,577		- 1,565,726		- 64,851
1,031,1	-		1,030,377		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	_		_		_		-
			***				-
1,631,1	46_		1,630,577	. <del> </del>	1,565,726	<del> </del>	64,851
(180,0	00)		(149,473)		(149,473)		-
180,0	00		149,473		149,473		-
			_	-		***************************************	-
180,0	00		149,473		149,473		-
	-		-		<u></u>		-
		-	_		-		_
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Monthly seems	Agency
Cash and equivalents	\$	486,835
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	89
Employee payroll deductions		384,700
Deposits payable		28,096
Student activity funds	***************************************	73,950
Total Liabilities	\$	486,835

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1905 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Putnam-Northern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by the ratio which the component school district's value of taxable properties in effect at the time of adoption bears to the total full value of taxable properties of all component school districts within BOCES as defined by Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Putnam-Northern Westchester BOCES, 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598.

#### B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following. which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

#### **Fund Categories**

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the School District is as follows -

Special Aid Fund - The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District also reported the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the lunch program of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdictions.

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

#### **Deposits and Risk Disclosure**

**Cash and Equivalents** - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions, and accordingly, the School District's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2014.

The School District was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2014

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Restricted Cash** - Restricted cash in the Capital Projects Fund consists of funds held by a financial institution. These funds are to be used for the District Wide Energy Improvements project.

**Property Taxes Receivable** - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are levied and payable in September and January. The Towns of New Castle and Mount Pleasant which are included in the levy are responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The towns guarantee the full payment of the School District warrant and assume responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenses/expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

**Due From/To Other Funds** - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2014, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of health insurance costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

**Inventories** - Inventories in the School Lunch Fund consist of surplus food and supplies and are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at a stated value, which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life <u>in Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

**Unearned Revenues** - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$36,660 in the General Fund for fees received in advance and \$85,021 in the School Lunch Fund for meal cards purchased in advance. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District reported deferred outflows of resources of \$1,817,149 for a deferred loss on refunding bonds in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

**Long-Term Liabilities** - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs,

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation or sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide statement of net position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

**Net Position** - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, tax certiorari, unemployment benefits, property loss, insurance, liability claims, repairs, retirement contributions, school lunch and special purposes. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

**Fund Balance** - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York or Education Law.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the School District removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education or the Assistant Superintendent for Business to assign amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

### F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Special Aid funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

### G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is August 12, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

### A. Budgetary Data

The School District follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Special Aid funds.
- g) Budgets for General and Special Aid funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the School Lunch or Special Purpose funds.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in General and Special Aid funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

### B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount to 4% of the ensuing year's budget.

### C. Property Tax Limitation

The School District is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. However, on June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments, including school districts.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a school district in a particular year, beginning with the 2012-2013 fiscal year. It expires on June 16, 2016.

Pursuant to the Tax Levy Limitation Law, the tax levy of a school district cannot increase by more than the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the consumer price index. Certain adjustments would be permitted as defined by Section 1220 of the Real Property Tax Law. A school district could exceed the tax levy limitation only if the budget is approved by at least 60% of the vote. There are certain exemptions to the tax levy limitation, such as expenditures made on account of certain tort settlements and certain increases in the actuarial contribution rates of the various public employee retirement systems.

### D. Application of Accounting Standards

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" ("GASB Statement No. 65"). This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows/inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also recognizes as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues), certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

### A. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Fund	and the second s	Due From		Due To
General Special Aid	\$	1,643,671	\$	- 1,643,671
	\$	1,643,671	_\$_	1,643,671

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

### B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Q1		Balance	A 1 1***	dditiona Dolotiona			Balance			
Class	_	July 1, 2013	_	Additions		Deletions		une 30, 2014		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated	Φ	0 477 700	Φ.		Φ.		ø	0.477.700		
Land	\$	2,177,700	\$	- 2 070 740	\$	22.000	\$	2,177,700		
Construction-in-progress		9,592,998		2,979,748		33,800		12,538,946		
Total Capital Assets,										
not being depreciated	\$	11,770,698	\$	2,979,748	\$	33,800	\$	14,716,646		
Capital Assets, being depreciated										
Buildings and Improvements	\$	141,356,317	\$	647,024	\$	-	\$	142,003,341		
Machinery and Equipment		4,469,499		316,779		48,735		4,737,543		
Total Capital Assets,		4.45.005.040						440 740 004		
being depreciated		145,825,816		963,803		48,735		146,740,884		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for										
Buildings and Improvements		42,556,965		2,776,576		-		45,333,541		
Machinery and Equipment		2,696,723		239,655		48,735		2,887,643		
Total Accumulated										
Depreciation		45,253,688		3,016,231		48,735		48,221,184		
Total Capital Assets, being										
depreciated, net	\$	100,572,128	\$	(2,052,428)	\$	<b></b>	\$	98,519,700		
Capital Assets, net	\$	112,342,826	\$	927,320	\$	33,800	\$	113,236,346		

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support	\$	276,355
Instruction		2,720,988
Cost of Food Sales	·	18,888
Total Depreciation Expense	\$	3.016.231

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	<b>S</b>	General Fund
Other Payroll and employee benefits	\$	859,764 186,389
	\$	1,046,153

### D. Pension Plans

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. These reports may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224 and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees in tiers 3 and 4 that have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary, employees in tier 5 who also contribute 3% of their salary for ERS and 3.5% for TRS without regard to their years of service and employees in tier 6 who contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels and also without regard to years of service. Contributions to ERS are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan. Contributions to ERS consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Pursuant to Article 11 of Education Law, actuarial contributions are established annually for TRS by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. Contribution rates for the plans' year's ending in 2014 are as follows:

ER	<u>S</u>	T	RS
Tier/Plan	Rate	Tiers	Rate
2 75I 3 A14 4 A15 5 A15 6 A15	26.3% 21.1 21.1 17.0 11.5	1-4	16.25%

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Contributions to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	***************************************	ERS	 TRS
2014	\$	1,756,725	\$ 8,096,237
2013		1,696,073	5,903,048
2012		1,315,644	5,358,728

The ERS and TRS contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current year ERS and TRS contributions were charged to the General Fund.

### E. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings.

	Balance	New		Balance
	July 01, 2013	Issues	Redemptions	June 30, 2014
Tax Anticipation Note	\$ -	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$

The tax anticipation note was issued on July 24, 2013 and matured on June 27, 2014, with interest at 1.0%.

Interest expense/expenditures of \$74,000 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

### F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 01, 2013		New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		 Balance June 30, 2014	Due Within One-Year		
Bonds Payable	\$	40,205,000	\$	-	\$	2,335,000	\$ 37,870,000	\$	2,420,000	
Plus - Unamortized premium on bonds		2,973,099		_		180,187	 2,792,912		_	
		43,178,099				2,515,187	40,662,912		2,420,000	
Other Non-current Liabilities - Energy performance contract										
debt payable		11,448,896		-		665,918	10,782,978		682,369	
Installment purchase										
debt payable		857,308		208,217		217,287	848,238		291,398	
Compensated Absences		3,789,600		482,455		378,000	3,894,055		389,000	
Other Post Employment										
Benefit Obligations		11,611,863		4,768,621		4,386,074	 11,994,410		-	
Total Other Non-										
current Liabilities		27,707,667		5,459,293	***************************************	5,647,279	 27,519,681		1,362,767	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	70,885,766	\$	5,459,293	\$	8,162,466	\$ 68,182,593	\$	3,782,767	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds payable, energy performance contract debt payable, installment purchase debt payable, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations is liquidated by the General Fund.

### **Bonds Payable**

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014 is comprised of the following issue -

		Original			(	Amount Outstanding
Purpose	Year of Issue	 Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Western Services	at June 30, 2014
Refunding Bonds	2011	\$ 43,070,000	January, 2030	2.0-5.0 %	\$	37,870,000.

Interest expenditures of \$1,593,456 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$1,509,100 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

### **Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable**

The School District, in September 2011, entered into a \$6,010,000 contractual agreement to install energy savings equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The terms of the contract provide for repayment over fifteen years, with bi-annual installments of \$241,014 through December 2027. Payments include interest at 2.84%. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the lease payment terms.

In September 2012, the School District entered into a \$5,752,450 agreement for Phase II of the energy performance enhancement. The terms of Phase II provide for repayment over 15 years, with bi-annual installments of \$231,016 through December 2027. Payments include interest at 2.09%.

The aggregate balance due at June 30, 2014 was \$10,782,978. Interest expenditures of \$278,141 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$283,339 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

### **Installment Purchase Debt**

The School District, in a prior year, entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of certain computer equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of a principal amount of \$358,956 in average annual installments of \$95,012 through June, 2015, including interest at 3.85%.

The School District, in a prior year entered into two lease agreements to finance the costs of additional computer equipment and telephones. The terms of the computer lease agreement provided for repayment of a principal amount of \$193,590 in annual installments of \$50,858 through

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

June, 2016, including interest at 3.41%. The terms of the telephone lease agreement provided for repayment of a principal amount of \$590,120 in an annual installment of \$63,591 in fiscal year June, 2014 and annual installments of \$126,969 through June, 2018 and an installment of \$21,162 in June 2019.

The School District, in the current year, entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of certain computer equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of a principal amount of \$208,217 in average annual installments of \$44,596 through June, 2018, including interest at 3.5%.

Interest expenditures/expense of \$23,765 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

### **Payments to Maturity**

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded, energy performance contract debt and installment purchase debt as of June 30, 2014 including interest payments of \$12,815,972 are as follows:

						Energy Perfo	orma	nce							
Year Ending	nding · Serial Bonds Contract Debt					 Installment I	<sup>2</sup> urch	ase Debt		T	otal				
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2015	\$	2,420,000	\$	1,500,056	\$	682,369	\$	261,690	\$ 291,398	\$	26,160	\$	3,393,767	\$	1,787,906
2016		2,545,000		1,379,056		699,236		244,823	206,284		16,140		3,450,520		1,640,019
2017		2,645,000		1,277,256		716,529		227,530	162,139		9,427		3,523,668		1,514,213
2018		2,785,000		1,145,006		734,261		209,798	167,336		4,229		3,686,597		1,359,033
2019		2,730,000		1,033,606		752,441		191,618	21,081		80		3,503,522		1,225,304
2020-2024		13,720,000		3,280,206		4,051,456		668,839			-		17,771,456		3,949,045
2025-2029		9,030,000		1,143,031		3,146,686		157,521	-		-		12,176,686		1,300,552
2030-2031	_	1,995,000		39,900					 -		-		1,995,000		39,900
	\$	37,870,000	\$	10,798,117	\$	10,782,978	\$	1,961,819	\$ 848,238	\$	56,036	\$	49,501,216	\$	12,815,972

The above general obligation bonds, energy performance contract debt and installment purchase debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District

### **Compensated Absences**

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, upon separation of service, the School District is required to compensate administrators, clerical staff and custodians for unused vacation time. For all other employees, vacation time is generally taken in the year earned. The School District is not required to compensate employees for accumulated sick leave. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

### **Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations**

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

employee. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure/expense as claims are paid.

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The School District is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in postretirement benefits are as follows:

The assumed rates of increase in post retirement benefits are as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	Medical
2015	7.00 %
2016	6.00
2017	5.00
2018+	4.00

The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with an open amortization approach with 25 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% discount rate of return and a 4% annual payroll growth rate. The School District currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying postemployment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit cost method.

The actuarial assumed investment rate of return ("discount rate") of 5% used by the School District's actuary, Aquarius Capital, for purposes of GASB Statement No. 45 reflects the actuary's

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

view as to the most common discount rate used by school districts in Putnam/Northern Westchester Health Benefits Consortium. Actual results could differ from this estimate and the differences could be material.

The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") and the Net OPEB Obligation reflected above are very sensitive to changes in the discount rate and other estimates inherent in the calculations. Currently, the School District is not permitted to set aside assets for the purposes of paying post employment benefits. If the School District were able to set aside assets for these purposes, the current investment rates of return would likely be less than 5% based on the nature of the investments in which the School District's is permitted to invest.

Aquarius Capital provided two scenarios of the impact of reducing the discount rate from 5% to 4% to 3%. If the discount rate is reduced from 5% to 4%, the unfunded accrued liability as of July 1, 2013 would increase from \$97.3 million to \$113.5 million, or an increase of \$16.2 million, and the Net OPEB Obligation would increase by \$1.6 million as of June 30, 2014. If the discount rate is reduced from 5% to 3%, the unfunded accrued liability as of July 1, 2013 would increase from \$97.3 million to \$134.6 million, or an increase of \$37.3 million, and the Net OPEB Obligation would increase by \$3.9 million as of June 30, 2014. The following table summarizes the actuarial impact of the changes described above:

						nge From
Assumed			C	nange From	Cui	rrent Net
Discount	1	UAAL	Cı	urrent UAAL	OPEE	3 Obligation
Rate	<u>(in</u>	millions) (in millions)		(in millions)		
5% (Current)	\$	97.3		N/A		N/A
4%		113.5	\$	16.2	\$	1.6
3%		134.6		37.3		3.9

The number of participants as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Active Employees	607
Retired Employees	369
	976

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2013 Assets at Market Value	\$	97,392,041
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	97,392,041
Funded Ratio	***************************************	0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$	59,714,432
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		163.10%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	5,392,556 580,593 (1,204,528)
Annual OPEB Cost		4,768,621
Contributions Made		(4,386,074)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		382,547
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of year		11,611,863
Net OPEB Obligation - End of year	\$	11,994,410

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of	
Year Ended	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
<u>June 30,</u>	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$ 4,768,621	91.98 %	\$ 11,994,410
2013	5,274,586	82.81	11,611,863
2012	5,364,425	69.31	10,705,305

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### G. Revenues and Expenditures

### **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

			 Transfer In		
				Capital	
	Gen	eral	Special	Projects	
Transfers Out	<u>Fur</u>	nd	 Aid Fund	 Fund	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$ 149,473	\$ 200,000	\$ 349,473
Capital Projects Fund	3	,857	 -	 	 3,857
·	\$ 3	,857	\$ 149,473	\$ 200,000	\$ 353,330

Transfers are used to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures and to transfer available resources from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund.

### H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Unemployment Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6m of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Property Loss - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to set aside funds for the deductible provisions of the School District's insurance policies.

Restricted for Insurance - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to repair assets funded by insurance recoveries pursuant to Educational Law.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Liability Claims - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds for liability claims incurred pursuant to Education Law.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to provide funds for the repairs to capital improvements and equipment.

Restricted for Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with General Municipal Law section 6r to provide funds for the purpose of paying retirement contributions to the New York State Local Employees Retirement System (ERS).

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for School Lunch - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities in the School Lunch Fund.

*Unrestricted* - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

# Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

### I. Fund Balances

S Capital Non-Major General Projects Governmental Total Fund Fund Fund Capital Covernmental Fund Fund Fund Capital Covernmental Fund Fund Fund Capital Fund Fund Fund Capital Fund Fund Capital Capital Fund Fund Capital Capital Fund Capital			2014	14			2013	8		
s s 9,237 \$ s - 5 s 9,237 \$ s		General	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	
accrued liability 150.829 - 9,237 36,082 24,885 160,897 150,89	ie enditures							\$ 10,760	₩	10,760 24,865
A 4630,905	spendable	26,845		9,237	36,082	.24,865	9	10,760		35,625
ss 59,080	äri	4,630,905	1	•	4,630,905	4,629,914	•	t	4,6	4,629,914
ss 55,090 59,077 ss 210,305	nent benefits	150,629	1	1	150,629	150,597	•	r	. ~	150,597
210,305	SS	29,090	ı	•	29,090	22,077	•	•		59,077
ims 218,611 - 218,611 - 218,614 - 3,222,992 - 3,527,723 - 3,527,723 - 3,527,723 - 3,577,72		210,305	1	•	210,305	210,260	•	•	2	210,260
oenefit accrued liability 3,222,992 - 3,222,992 3,357,723 and 137,224 137,159	ims	218,611	•	•	218,611	218,564	1	•	7	218,564
contributions 2,010,941 2,010,941 2,510,180	benefit accrued liability	3,222,992	*	•	3,222,992	3,357,723	•	•	3,3	3,357,723
jects  - 2,010,941 2,510,190  - 74,691 2,010,941 2,510,190  - 74,691 74,691 74,691 74,691 74,691  on order  overnment support 867,765 867,765 763,982  ation 44,263 44,263  on order  overnment support 867,765 867,765 763,982  ation 44,263 763,982  ation 44,263 44,263  on order  overnment support 867,765 44,263  ation 44,263 44,263  on order  overnment support 867,765 44,263  ation 44,263		137,234	•	•	137,234	137,159	•	•	_	137,159
proses - 74,691 35,054 35,054 - 74,691 - 753,982 - 725,571 - 725,571 - 725,571 - 725,77	t contributions	2,010,941	•	•	2,010,941	2,510,190	•	•	2,5	2,510,190
proses stricted 10,640,707 74,691 35,054 10,750,452 11,273,484 on order on order 867,765 - 867,765 783,982 at 235,698 725,571 ation 44,263 - 1,265,726 - 1,265,726 1,489,553 from: contribution restriction 500,000 - 439,557 4,985,67 1,746,143 at 10,000,000 at 1,000,000 at 1,850,000 - 439,557 2,789,567 2,746,143 at 10,000,000	jects	i	74,691	•	74,691	•	3,033,295	•	3,0	3,033,295
on order on order overnment support signed  on order  10,640,707 74,691 35,054 10,750,452 11,273,484  11,273,484  11,265,726 11,265,726 11,489,553  11,265,726 11,489,553 11,265,726 11,489,553 11,485,000 11,000,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,000 11,485,600 11,485,000 11,485	sesod	1	-	35,054	35,054	1	1	39,302		39,302
on order overnment support 887,765 867,765 763,982 725,571   ation	stricted	10,640,707	74,691	35,054	10,750,452	11,273,484	3,033,295	39,302	14,3	14,346,081
ation 44,263 353,698 725,571  44,263 725,571  44,263 725,571  44,263 725,571  44,263 725,571  439,557 739,	on order sovernment support	867.765	,	,	867.765	763,982		ı	~	763,982
44,263     -     44,263       1,265,726     -     1,265,726     1,489,553       balance     1,850,000     -     439,557     439,557     1,480,000       2,350,000     -     439,557     2,789,567     2,746,143       4,664,107     -     4,664,107     4,684,107     4,533,120		353,698	•	•	353,698	725,571	•	í	7	725,571
ution restriction       500,000       -       -       500,000       1,000,000         balance       1,850,000       -       439,557       439,557       4,850,000       1,746,143         2,350,000       -       439,557       2,789,567       2,789,567       2,746,143         4,664,107       -       4,664,107       4,593,120	ation	44,263	-	r	44,263	,				
Dution restriction 500,000 - 439,557 439,557 1,000,000 1,000,000 - 1,850,000 1,746,143 - 1,850,000 2,350,000 - 439,557 2,789,557 2,746,143 2,350,000 - 439,557 2,789,557 2,746,143 4,684,107 4,684,107 4,593,120 - 4,684,107 6,500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000		1,265,726	ı	-	1,265,726	1,489,553	1	-	1,4	1,489,553
contribution restriction 500,000 - 600,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	year's from:									
palance 1,850,000 - 439,557 439,557 1,860,000 1,746,143	contribution restriction	200,000		1	200,000	1,000,000	•	1	1,0	1,000,000
2,350,000     -     439,557     2,789,557     2,746,143       3,615,726     -     439,557     4,055,283     4,235,696       4,664,107     -     4,664,107     4,593,120	th fund If fund balance	1,850,000	1 1	439,557	439,557 1,850,000	1,746,143	,	261,485	1,7	261,485 1,746,143
3,615,726     -     439,557     4,055,283     4,235,696       4,664,107     4,664,107     4,593,120		2,350,000		439,557	2,789,557	2,746,143		261,485	3,0	3,007,628
4,664,107 4,593,120 4,664,107 4,593,120 c 10,017,165 c	igned	3,615,726	1	439,557	4,055,283	4,235,696	-	261,485	4,4	4,497,181
6 100A7 30F 6 74 E01 6 103 040 6 10 EN E 301 177 18F 6		4,664,107	-	-	4,664,107	4,593,120	,		. 4,5	. 4,593,120
4 10,947,360 \$ 19,000,924	Total Fund Balances	\$ 18,947,385	\$ 74,691	\$ 483,848	\$ 19,505,924	\$ 20,127,165	\$ 3,033,295	\$ 311,547	\$ 23,4	23,472,007

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Prepaid Expenditures have been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to Section 6r of General Municipal Law of the State of New York to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2014, the Board of Education has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed.

### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

### A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

At the end of June 30, 2014, the School District is involved in three tuition reimbursement matters in which the parents of the students have requested an impartial hearing seeking tuition reimbursement at private schools. Of these three cases, in one case the impartial hearing denied the tuition reimbursement and the parents have appealed to the State Review Officer and in another case the District prevailed at the impartial hearing office and at the State Review Officer ("SRO") levels. The parents appealed the SRO decision to the federal district court. If the parents are successful, the School District could be obligated for tuition reimbursement and the parents' attorneys. The total amount of this obligation is currently unknown. These cases are presently being defended aggressively.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2014

### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

### B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### C. Risk Management

The School District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber The Company retains a management company which is responsible for the overall The reciprocal is managed by a Board of supervision and management of the reciprocal. Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million. The School District maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$25 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Northern Westchester and Putnam Counties participate in the Westchester-Putnam Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each district. Billings are based upon participants' experience rating. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2014

### Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District and neighboring school districts in Northern Westchester and Putnam Counties participate in the Northern Westchester – Putnam School Cooperative Medical Expense Benefit Plan. The Plan operates under an agreement dated February 17, 1987. The purposes of the Plan are to provide for the efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration and payment of claims against Plan members for medical expenses through self-insurance and to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for such services. The governance of the Plan rests in the Board of Trustees, which shall consist of five Trustees selected by the Plan members. A majority of the total number of Trustees shall be required to take any actions. The billings are based upon coverages provided each participant's employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

### D. Leases

The School District leases office facilities and equipment under noncancelable operating leases. The total cost for these leases was \$143,074 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2015	\$ 102,02	22
2016	78,30	66
2017	49,00	07
2018	42,62	<u>20</u>
	\$ 272,0	<u>15</u>

### Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The School District, on July 24, 2014, issued an \$4,500,000 note in anticipation of 2014-15 property taxes. The note matures on June 30, 2015 and bears interest at a rate of 1.25%.

\*\*\*\*

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

	Actuaria			Unfunded			Unfunded Liability as a
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	<u> </u>	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2011 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2013	\$ - - -	\$ 94,904,664 98,935,337 97,392,041	\$	94,904,664 98,935,337 97,392,041	- % - -	57,761,388 59,071,254 59,714,432	164.30 % 167.48 163.10



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2014	2013
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 26,811,941	\$ 25,839,625
Odsir and equivalents	Ψ 20,011,041	Ψ 20,000,020
Receivables		
Accounts	89	77,594
State and Federal aid	776,340	785,787
Due from other funds	1,643,671	1,488,307
	2,420,100	2,351,688
Prepaid expenditures	26,845	24,865
Total Assets	\$ 29,258,886	\$ 28,216,178
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 120,718	\$ 110,530
Accrued liabilities	1,046,153	990,402
Due to other funds	-	22,766
Due to retirement systems	8,906,260	6,721,491
Due to other governments	201,710	198,870
Unearned revenues	36,660	44,954
Total Liabilities	10,311,501	8,089,013
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	26,845	24,865
Restricted	10,640,707	11,273,484
Assigned	3,615,726	4,235,696
Unassigned	4,664,107	4,593,120
Total Fund Balance	18,947,385	20,127,165
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 29,258,886	\$ 28,216,178

General Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

`'		Ended	1	$\sim$	
Y	marc	-nnan	HIDE	<b>3(1)</b>	
	Caro	LIIUUU	o an ic	· · ·	

			2014		
DEVENILES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 97,189,256 5,921,737 755,000 456,691 285,000 7,000,404	\$ 97,189,256 5,921,737 755,000 456,691 285,000 7,000,404 - 752,930	\$ 97,187,644 5,923,399 823,216 648,198 273,655 7,783,821 40,039 989,935	\$	\$ (1,612) 1,662 68,216 191,507 (11,345) 783,417 40,039 237,005
Total Revenues	112,078,088	112,361,018	113,669,907		1,308,889
EXPENDITURES Current General support	112,070,000	172,001,010	110,000,001		1,300,009
Board of education Central administration Finance Staff Central services Special items	57,555 361,654 1,190,594 771,622 8,316,047 1,625,500	53,555 377,869 1,507,140 797,213 10,007,309 2,479,392	47,102 372,107 1,302,706 698,722 9,353,091 2,297,769	635 140 133,723 62,612 639,155 31,500	5,818 5,622 70,711 35,879 15,063 150,123
Total General Support	12,322,972	15,222,478	14,071,497	867,765	283,216
Instruction Instruction, administration and improvement Teaching - Regular school Programs for children with handicapping conditions Teaching - Special schools	4,507,414 38,881,747 12,350,365 260,000	4,529,236 38,187,669 11,474,756	4,457,903 37,967,213 11,377,080	17,946 216,866 79,617	53,387 3,590 18,059
Instructional media Pupil services	2,902,804 5,711,278	288,644 2,981,240 5,709,634	286,820 2,952,167 5,639,293	19,018 20,251	1,824 10,055 50,090
Total Instruction	64,613,608	63,171,179	62,680,476	353,698	137,005
Pupil transportation Community services Employee benefits Debt service	6,403,831 18,977 27,328,294	6,295,635 19,864 26,354,375	6,251,372 19,864 26,293,295	44,263 - -	- - 61,080
Principal Interest	3,221,304 2,028,655	3,218,205 1,969,362	3,218,205 1,969,362		<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	115,937,641	116,251,098	114,504,071	1,265,726	481,301
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,859,553)	(3,890,080)	(834,164)	(1,265,726)	1,790,190
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES Transfers in Transfers out	3,857 (380,000)	3,857 (349,473)	3,857 (349,473)	-	-
Total Other Financing Uses	(376,143)	(345,616)	(345,616)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,235,696)	(4,235,696)	(1,179,780)	\$ (1,265,726)	\$ 1,790,190
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	4,235,696	4,235,696	20,127,165		
End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ 18,947,385		

				2013				
	Original Budget	 Final Budget	<u></u>	Actual		Encumbr- ances	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	95,027,908 6,004,226 752,500 454,191 325,000 6,199,063 440,000	\$ 95,027,908 6,004,226 752,500 454,191 325,000 6,199,063 507,611	\$	95,027,907 6,009,093 778,564 644,799 244,477 7,072,730 106,686 476,133	\$		\$	(1) 4,867 26,064 190,608 (80,523) 873,667 106,686 (31,478)
	109,202,888	 109,270,499		110,360,389			***************************************	1,089,890
	56,261 354,904 1,056,507 755,507 8,749,178 1,565,000	 57,761 353,904 1,225,527 824,792 9,633,378 2,509,536		46,712 351,708 1,113,648 729,678 9,014,536 2,465,456	-	95,616 72,683 561,183 34,500	***************************************	11,049 2,196 16,263 22,431 57,659 9,580
***************************************	12,537,357	 14,604,898		13,721,738		763,982		119,178
	4,921,753 38,096,444	4,943,603 37,846,480		4,915,631 36,976,883		16,417 564,365		11,555 305,232
	12,910,331 260,000 2,810,685 5,689,595	12,922,251 260,000 2,856,114 5,724,365		12,162,090 253,709 2,779,938 5,562,663		13,780 - 75,482 55,527		746,381 6,291 694 106,175
	64,688,808	 64,552,813		62,650,914		725,571		1,176,328
	6,279,522 18,977 24,823,520	6,076,976 18,977 24,514,817		5,887,685 18,977 23,929,840		- - -		189,291 - 584,977
	2,803,554 2,296,574	 2,795,102 2,031,454		2,774,267 2,009,220		-		20,835 22,234
	113,448,312	 114,595,037		110,992,641		1,489,553		2,112,843
	(4,245,424)	(5,324,538)		(632,252)		(1,489,553)		3,202,733
	(260,000)	 (311,390)		(311,390)	<del></del>			
	(260,000)	 (311,390)		(311,390)				-
	(4,505,424)	 (5,635,928)		(943,642)	\$	(1,489,553)	\$	3,202,733
	4,505,424	 5,635,928		21,070,807				
\$	-	\$ <del>-</del>	\$	20,127,165				

Chappaqua Central School District, New York

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2014

	į	Original Budget		Final Budget	İ	Actual	Varia Fina Po (Ne	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	ь	97,189,256	မှာ	97,189,256	8	97,187,644	·	(1,612)
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement		5,921,737		5,921,737		5,923,399		1,662
NON-PROPERTY TAXES  Non-property tax distribution from County		755,000		755,000		823,216		68,216
CHARGES FOR SERVICES Continuing education tuition		260,000		260,000		319,595		59,595
Other student fees and charges		196,691		196,691		159,621		159,621 (27,709)
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		456,691		456,691		648,198		191,507
Earnings on investments Rental of real property Commissions		150,000		150,000		118,699 153,978 978		(31,301) 18,978 978
		285,000		285,000		273,655		(11,345)

STATE AID								
Basic formula		5,564,749		5,564,749		5,539,292		(25,457)
BOCES		580,000		580,000		898,158		318,158
Textbooks		180,800		180,800		175,755		(5,045)
Lottery		258,500		258,500		364,254		105,754
Computer software aid		000'99		9000'99		67,610		1,610
Library aid		25,800		25,800		24,943		(857)
Tuition aided handicapped		ı		1		265,400		265,400
Homeless aid		324,555		324,555		448,409		123,854
		7,000,404		7,000,404		7,783,821		783,417
FEDERAL AID Medical assistance		ı		1		40,039		40,039
MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures		220 000		000 000		450 213		239 213
Refund of BOCES aided services		,000		22,000		41,053		41.053
Gifts and donations		1		282,930		282,930		)
Other		250,000		250,000		206,739		(43,261)
		470,000		752,930		989,935		237,005
TOTAL REVENUES	<u></u>	112,078,088		112,361,018		113,669,907		1,308,889
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Capital Projects Fund		3,857		3,857		3,857		1
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	&	112,081,945	8	112,364,875	↔	113,673,764	₩	1,308,889

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2014

GENERAL SUPPORT	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>BOARD OF EDUCATION</b> Board of education District clerk District meeting	\$ 17,000 29,778 10,777	12,000 3 29,778 777,77	\$ 7,390 28,756 10,956	\$ 635	\$ 3,975 1,022 821
Total Board of Education	57,555	53,555	47,102	635	5,818
<b>CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION</b> Chief school administrator	361,654	4 377,869	372,107	140	5,622
FINANCE Business administration Accounting and auditing	1,068,318	1,384,864 122,276	1,206,130	122,962	55,772 14,939
Total Finance	1,190,594	1,507,140	1,302,706	133,723	70,711
<b>STAFF</b> Legal Personnel Public information and services	341,201 369,783 60,638	341,201 391,288 64,724	266,003 379,845 52,874	54,472 8,140	20,726 3,303 11,850
Total Staff	771,622	2 797,213	698,722	62,612	35,879

5,829,046 6,893,532 6,726,615 166,917 - 2,487,001 3,113,777 2,626,476 472,238 15,063	ces 8,316,047 10,007,309 9,353,091 639,155 15,063	400,000       400,000       390,169       -       9,831         204,500       503,380       471,209       31,500       671         25,000       20,000       19,929       -       71         68,000       68,000       62,589       -       5,411         iaxes       100,000       221,118       86,979       -       134,139         SOCES       828,000       1,266,894       -       -       -       -	31,500 2,479,392 2,297,769 31,500 150,123	port 12,322,972 15,222,478 14,071,497 867,765 283,216		STRATION AND         and supervision       866,627       916,386       908,426       7,610       350         hool       3,622,787       3,595,800       3,532,954       9,809       53,037         evaluation       18,000       17,050       16,523       527       -	dministration 4,507,414 4,529,236 4,457,903 17,946 53,387	<b>SCHOOL</b> 38,881,747 38,187,669 37,967,213 216,866 3,590	DREN WITH       DITIONS       12,350,365       11,474,756       11,377,080       79,617       18,059	
CENTRAL SERVICES Operation of plant Maintenance of plant	Total Central Services	SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance Judgments and claims School association dues Assessments on school property Refunds of real property taxes Administrative charge - BOCES	Total Special Items	Total General Support	INSTRUCTION	INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMRPROVEMENT Curriculum development and supervision Supervision - Regular school Research, planning and evaluation	Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN WITH HANDICAPPING CONDITIONS Programs for students with disabilities	

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

INSTRUCTION (Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA School library and audiovisual Computer assisted instruction	\$ 1,293,010 1,609,794	\$ 1,291,563	\$ 1,280,249	\$ 2,752 16,266	\$ 8,562
Total Instructional Media	2,902,804	2,981,240	2,952,167	19,018	10,055
PUPIL SERVICES Attendance - Regular school Guidance - Regular school	42,274 2,241,842	42,274 2,256,731	42,258 2,254,195	1,461	16 1,075
Health services - Regular school  Psychological services - Regular school	730,815 1,140,592	718,846 1,142,021	704,291 1,142,021	248	14,307
Co-curricular activities - Regular school Interscholastic athletics - Regular school	387,449 1,168,306	373,348 1,176,414	359,187 1,137,341	18,542	14,161 20,531
Total Pupil Services	5,711,278	5,709,634	5,639,293	20,251	50,090
Total Instruction	64,613,608	63,171,179	62,680,476	353,698	137,005
<b>PUPIL TRANSPORTATION</b> Contract and public carrier transportation	6,403,831	6,295,635	6,251,372	44,263	1
COMMUNITY SERVICES Census	18,977	19,864	19,864	1	

	800'89	29,422	4,389	225	2	14,263	912	2,507	2,084	000	000,10			ı	1	1			1	•	•	1		481,301	ı		-	\$ 481,301
	i	ı	•	•	•	•	•	1			•			•	i	1			t	1	•	1	'	1,265,726	ı	T =	1	\$ 1,265,726
	1,756,725	8,096,237	4,113,303	10,909,400	90,614	326,025	57,046	17,493	18,240	00000	087,082,02		1	2,335,000	665,918	217,287	3 218 205	0,2,012,0	1,593,456	278,141	. 23,765	74,000	1,969,362	114,504,071	149,473	400,000	349,473	\$ 114,853,544
	1,824,733	8,125,659	4,117,692	10,909,625	90,616	340,288	57,958	20,000	20,324	0.00	676,466,02			2,335,000	665,918	217,287	3 2 1 8 20 5	0,410,400	1,593,456	278,141	23,765	74,000	1,969,362	116,251,098	149,473	200,000	349,473	\$ 116.600,571
	1,913,300	8,100,000	4,201,600	11,564,860	109,500	314,300	261,184	20,000	20,000	700 000 10	41,020,734			2,335,000	665,918	220,386	3 221 304	100,132,0	1,625,514	278,141	ı	125,000	2,028,655	115,937,641	180,000	200,000	380,000	\$ 116,317,641
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	State retirement	Teachers' retirement	Social security	Hospital and medical insurance	Dental and vision insurance	Workers' compensation benefits	Unemployment benefits	Disability insurance	Life insurance	Total Towns Constitution	i otal Ellipioyee Dellello	DEBT SERVICE	Principal	Serial bonds	Energy performance contract debt	Installment purchase debt		Interest	Serial bonds	Energy performance contract	Installment purchase debt	Tax anticipation note		TOTAL EXPENDITURES	OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out Special Aid Fund	Capital Fojects Faild	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES



Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ACCETO	 2014	 2013
ASSETS Cash and equivalents State and Federal aid receivable	\$ 137,769 1,505,902	\$ 210 1,511,604
Total Assets	\$ 1,643,671	\$ 1,511,814
LIABILITIES		
Accrued liabilities	\$ -	\$ 23,465
Due to other funds	1,643,671	1,488,307
Unearned revenues	 	 42
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,643,671	\$ 1,511,814

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

			2	014			
REVENUES		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
State aid Federal aid	\$	567,366 883,780	\$ 597,893 883,211	\$	597,893 818,360	\$	- (64,851)
Total Revenues		1,451,146	1,481,104		1,416,253		(64,851)
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction		1,631,146	 1,630,577	<u>·</u>	1,565,726	•	64,851
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(180,000)	(149,473)		(149,473)		. <b>-</b>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		180,000	 149,473		149,473	***************************************	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	Э	-					-
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		-	 		_		_
End of Year	\$		\$ and and and and and and and and and and	\$		\$	-

		20	13			
Origina Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
\$ 640,0 922,3		\$ 588,610 922,340	\$	588,610 874,552	\$	- (47,788)
1,562,3	340	1,510,950		1,463,162		(47,788)
1,722,3	340_	 1,722,340		1,674,552		47,788
(160,0	000)	(211,390)		(211,390)		-
160,0	000	 211,390	4 through the same of the	211,390		
·	-	-		-		-
	400	 <del>-</del>		-		_
\$	_	\$ -	\$	•	\$	

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS		2014	h	2013
Cash and equivalents Restricted cash	\$	25,001 49,690	\$	3,857 3,029,438
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	74,691	\$	3,033,295
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$	74,691	\$	3,033,295

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	 2014		2013
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$ 25,000	\$	129,228
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	3,387,964		6,603,679
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (3,362,964)		(6,474,451)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Energy performance contract debt issued Installment purchase debt issued Transfers in Transfers out  Total Other Financing Sources	208,217 200,000 (3,857) 404,360	***************************************	5,752,450 783,710 100,000 - 6,636,160
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,958,604)		161,709
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 3,033,295		2,871,586
End of Year	\$ 74,691	\$	3,033,295

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through June 30, 2014

		*****	Expendi	tures	s and Transfe	rs to	Date		
PROJECT	 Authorization	<del>No.</del>	Prior Years	<u></u>	Current Year		Total		expended Balance
Westorchard Elementary									
School Buildings	\$ 100,000	\$	96,143	\$	3,857	\$	100,000	\$	-
Energy Performance									
Contract - Phase I	6,278,404		6,270,514		7,890		6,278,404		-
Energy Performance									
Contract - Phase II	5,752,450		2,730,903		2,971,857		5,702,760		49,690
Horace Greely High School									
Turf and Roof	332,818		307,817		-		307,817		25,001
Installment Purchase									
Debt - Computers	208,217		-		208,217		208,217		_
Westorchard Roof and									
Grafflin Roof	 200,000		-		200,000		200,000	***************************************	
Totals	\$ 12,871,889	\$	9,405,377	\$	3,391,821	\$	12,797,198	\$	74,691

		Met	hods of Financin	g				
and senten	Proceeds of Obligations		Transfers	•	Miscellaneous	***************************************	Totals	Fund Balance at June 30, 2014
\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$ -
	6,278,404				-		6,278,404	-
	5,752,450		-		-		5,752,450	49,690
	-		100,000		232,818		332,818	25,001
	208,217		-		-		208,217	-
	-		200,000		-		200,000	 •
\$	12,239,071	\$	400,000	\$	232,818	\$	12,871,889	\$ 74,691

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2014 (With Comparative Totals for 2013)

					ajor Funds			
		School	;	Special				
A 0.0.F.T.O.		Lunch	F	Purpose		2014		2013
ASSETS			_		_		_	
Cash and equivalents	\$	497,255	\$	35,054	\$	532,309	\$	335,029
Receivables		47.007						
Accounts		17,697		-		17,697		8,340
State and Federal aid  Due from other funds		9,626		-		9,626		9,579
Due from other funds								22,766
	•	27,323	•	_	***************************************	27,323		40,685
Inventories		9,237		***	•	9,237		10,760
Total Assets	\$	533,815	\$	35,054	\$	568,869	\$	386,474
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Unearned revenues .	\$	85,021	\$		\$	85,021	\$	74,927
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		9,237		-		9,237		10,760
Restricted		-		35,054		35,054		39,302
Assigned		439,557		-		439,557		261,485
Total Fund Balances		448,794	·	35,054	<del></del>	483,848		311,547
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	533,815	\$	35,054	\$	568,869	\$	386,474

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2014
(With Comparative Totals for 2013)

							Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
	School		Special						
	Lun	ch	Purpose		2014			2013	
REVENUES									
Use of money and property	\$	483	\$	7	\$	490	\$	382	
State aid	•	1,951	Φ	1	φ	11,951	Ф		
Federal aid		•		-		•		12,111	
Food sales		9,383		-		129,383		132,806	
		8,854		•		1,868,854		1,790,311	
Miscellaneous	8	9,243				89,243		50,871	
Total Revenues	2,09	9,914		7		2,099,921		1,986,481	
EXPENDITURES Current									
Cost of food sales	1,92	3,365		_		1,923,365		1,982,920	
Other		, <u>-</u>		4,255		4,255		2,399	
					***************************************				
Total Expenditures	1,92	3,365		4,255		1,927,620		1,985,319	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	17	6,549		(4,248)		172,301		1,162	
		-,		( ',- '-')		,		,,	
FUND BALANCES									
Beginning of Year	27	2,245		39,302		311,547		310,385	
End of Year	\$ 44	8,794	\$	35,054	\$	483,848	\$	311,547	

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

400570	 2014	*******	2013
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 497,255	\$	295,727
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds	17,697 9,626		8,340 9,579 22,766
	 27,323	<b>Serverandessive</b>	40,685
Inventories	9,237		10,760
Total Assets	\$ 533,815	\$	347,172
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Unearned revenues	\$ 85,021		74,927
Fund balance Nonspendable Assigned	9,237 439,557		10,760 261,485
Total Fund Balance	 448,794		272,245
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 533,815	\$	347,172

School Lunch Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

	<b></b>	2014		2013
REVENUES	_		_	
Use of money and property	\$	483	\$	373
State aid		11,951		12,111
Federal aid		129,383		132,806
Food sales		1,868,854		1,790,311
Miscellaneous		89,243		50,871
Total Revenues		2,099,914		1,986,472
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Cost of food sales		1,923,365		1,982,920
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		176,549		3,552
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of Year		272,245		268,693
End of Year	\$	448,794	\$	272,245

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ASSETS	2014			2013		
Cash and equivalents	\$	35,054	\$	39,302		
FUND BALANCE Restricted	<u>\$</u>	35,054	\$	39,302		

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30,

DEVENUE	2014		014 201	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	7	\$	9
EXPENDITURES Current Other		4,255		2,399
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(4,248)		(2,390)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		39,302		41,692
End of Year	\$	35,054	\$	39,302

General Fund

Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2014				
Adopted Budget			\$	114,828,088
Additions				
Encumbrances			-	1,489,553
Original Budget				116,317,641
Budget Amendments			No de construction de la constru	282,930
Final Budget			\$	116,600,571
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2014				
2014-15 Expenditure Budget			\$	116,856,988
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law				
Unrestricted fund balance		•		
Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$	3,615,726 4,664,107		
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance		8,279,833		
Less				
Appropriated for subsequent year's budget		2,350,000		
Encumbrances	<del></del>	1,265,726		
Total Adjustments		3,615,726		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of				
Real Property Tax Law			\$	4,664,107
Actual Percentage				3.99%

# Schedule of Net Investment In Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2014

Capital Assets, net		\$ 113,236,346
Less		
Bonds Payable	(37,870,000)	
Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable	(10,782,978)	
Installment Purchase Debt Payable	(848,238)	
Unamortized Portion of Premium	(2,792,912)	(52,294,128)
Plus		
Unexpended Debt	49,690	
Unamortized Portion of Loss on Refunding	1,817,149	 1,866,839
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 62,809,057







# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

# The Board of Education of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2014.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

O'Connor Davies, UP

Harrison, New York August 12, 2014





# Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Education of the Chappagua Central School District, New York

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Chappaqua Central School District, New York's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

O'Connor Davies, UP

Harrison, New York August 12, 2014

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number (1)	Federal Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Commodities National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Cash	10.555 10.555	\$ 45,168 84,215
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		129,383
U.S. Department of Education Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.027A 84.173A	665,251 19,148
		684,399
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	98,411
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	35,550
Total U.S. Department of Education		818,360
Total		\$ 947,743

(1) Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014\_\_\_\_

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. Federal awards received directly from the Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the Schedule. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A–87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, which establishes principles and standards for determining costs for Federal awards carried out through grants, cost reimbursement contracts, and other agreements with State and local governments.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

# Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified			
<ul> <li>Internal control over financial report</li> <li>Material weakness(es) ident</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) ide</li> </ul>	ied?YesX_No			
Noncompliance material to financial noted?	statementsYesX_No			
Federal Awards				
<ul> <li>Internal control over major programs</li> <li>Material weakness(es) identi</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identi</li> </ul>	ied?YesX_No			
Type of auditors' report issued on co for major programs:	mpliance Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-13				
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B program Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	-A			

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2014

# **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

None

# **Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

None