Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Special Aid funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2,D and Note 3,E in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the School District's adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2015 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York

Connor Davies, UP

September 17, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
June 30, 2015

Introduction

This discussion and analysis of the Chappaqua Central School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014-15 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned (formerly known as unreserved) fund balance that can be retained by the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing year's budget, exclusive of the amount designated for the subsequent year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$4,715,478. The unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is 4.00% of the 2015-16 budget which is in compliance with the 4% statutory limit. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the School District.
- The School District's governmental funds financial statement reports a combined ending fund balance of \$18,348,289, a decrease of \$1,157,635 from the prior year's \$19,505,924. Fund balance for the General Fund decreased by \$1,243,760, from \$18,947,385 to \$17,703,625. However, \$2,250,000 of the fund balance from the General Fund has been assigned (appropriated) for the subsequent year's budget to reduce the tax levy increase.
- For the district-wide financial statements for year ended June 30, 2015, all public school districts are required to implement provisions of the GASB Statement No. 68 and Statement These GASB Statements established new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with cost-sharing multiple employer defined pension plans, such as New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their statement of Net Position a net pension asset/liability, pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plans. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$1,686,787 for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability and recognized pension expense/expenditures of \$815,545 and \$1,690,545, respectively. The School District also reported \$912,204 of deferred outflows of resources related to ERS. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported an asset of \$37,539,478 for its related to its proportionate share of the TRS net pension asset and recognized pension expense/expenditures of (\$1,346,922) and (\$8,738,980), respectively. The School District also reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS amounting to \$8,871,828 and \$25,761,857, respectively. More detailed information about The School District's Pension Plans is presented in Note 3, F. in the notes to financial statements.

• On the district-wide financial statements, the assets of the District exceeded liabilities (net position) at the close of the fiscal year by \$85,245,986 vs. last year's \$66,021,986. The District's total net position increased by \$19,224,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The increase is due to the inclusion of GASB 68 into the net asset.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) District-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

- The District-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.
 - The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
 - The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
 - The governmental activities of the District include instruction, pupil transportation, community services, cost of food sales, other, interest and general administrative support.

The District-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that
 have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and
 local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance
 related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories:
 governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as
 governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the districtwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows
 and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available
 at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's
 near-term financing requirements.
- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with

similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

- The District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Capital Projects Fund, School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund. For this reporting purpose, the School Lunch Fund and Special Purpose Fund are combined into "Non-Major Governmental Funds". Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Special Aid and Capital Projects funds, since the District has elected to report them as major funds.
- The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. Budgets are developed for the Special Aid Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and the Special Aid Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.
- Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity: assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the District-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

The Chappaqua Central School District completed its valuation of costs for post employment benefits valuation in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statements No. 43 and 45 for the fiscal year July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 based on the input of qualified actuaries. The opinion formed by such actuaries and the underlying actuarial methods, considerations, and analyses conform to the appropriate Standards of Practice and Guidelines of the Actuarial Standards Board. We believe that the assumptions used for the valuation and the reporting of results are consistent with assumptions, benefits and provisions for similar school districts in the county of Westchester, the state of New York and nationally. The actuarial report also includes results under various scenarios based on different assumptions for key factors such as healthcare cost inflation, future retirees contribution rates and discount rates, which by their nature are estimates and subject to change. A change in one or more of these factors could have a significant effect on the valuation of the unfunded accrued liability and the difference could be More detailed information about the District's "Other Post Employment Benefit material. Obligations" is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, E - Long-Term Liabilities Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations).

For the full GASB 45 report, please visit the District website at: http://www.ccsd.ws/files/filesystem/GASB4345 20140701-20150630.pdf

District-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of the Chappaqua Central School District, assets exceeded liabilities (net position) by \$85,245,986 at the close of the current fiscal year.

Net Position

	June 30,			
	2015	2014		
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 66,687,157 110,913,484	\$ 29,902,446 113,236,346		
Total Assets	177,600,641	143,138,792		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,483,946	1,817,149		
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	11,441,836 66,634,908	10,751,362 68,182,593		
Total Liabilities	78,076,744	78,933,955		
Deferred Inflow of Resources	25,761,857			
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	63,580,949	62,809,057		
Capital Projects	10,242	25,000 4,630,905		
Tax Certiorari Unemployment Benefits	2,811,052 150,666	150,629		
Property Loss	59,104	59,090		
Insurance	210,356	210,305		
Liability Claims	218,664	218,611		
Repairs	137,308	137,234		
Retirement Contributions	1,861,431	2,010,941		
Debt Service	14,819	.=:		
Special Purpose	32,347	35,054		
School Lunch	602,075	448,794		
Unrestricted	15,556,973	(4,713,634)		
Total Net Assets	\$ 85,245,986	\$ 66,021,986		

By far, the largest component of the District's net assets (75%) reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the 2014-15 school year, District budgeted \$2,420,000 in its General Fund to pay off the scheduled capital debt principal payment.

Those assets subject to external restrictions constitute \$6,108,064 of net position (\$85,245,986), which includes restriction for retirement contributions of \$1,861,431 and tax certiorari of \$2,811,052. Unrestricted net position is \$15,556,973 whereas at year ended June 30, 2014 this number was a negative \$4,713,634. The positive number is a result of a negative number from the OPEB accrual and a positive number from the net pension asset. Restricted and unrestricted assets combined represents 25% of the net position.

Changes in Net Position

	June	e 30,
	2015	2014
REVENUES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 2,546,523	\$ 2,761,251
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,666,071	2,865,117
Capital Grants and Contributions		25,000
Total Program Revenues	5,212,594	5,651,368
General Revenues		07.407.044
Real Property Taxes	99,109,849	97,187,644
Other Tax Items (STAR)	5,744,295	5,923,399
Non-Property Taxes	838,317	823,216
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	94,462	116,745
Unrestricted State Aid	7,252,442	6,801,704
Miscellaneous	857,665	707,005
Total General Revenues	113,897,030	111,559,713
Total Revenues	119,109,624	117,211,081
PROGRAM EXPENSES		
General Support	16,833,346	16,794,272
Instruction	81,785,414	91,060,604
Pupil Transportation	6,517,411	6,246,896
Community Services	20,725	19,864
Cost of Food Sales	1,870,840	1,926,884
Other	2,709	4,255
Interest	2,066,145	1,890,204
Total Expenses	109,096,590	117,942,979
Change in Net Position	10,013,034	(731,898)
Net Position - Beginning, as reported	66,021,986	66,753,884
Cummualtive Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	9,210,966	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	75,232,952	66,753,884
Ending	\$ 85,245,986	\$ 66,021,986

The District's net position increased by \$19,224,000, which represents an increase of approximately 29.1% of the total net position. The District saw an increase of total assets in the amount of \$34,461,849 and a decrease of total liabilities in the amount of \$857,211. The District maintains a fairly similar financial condition to the previous year. The only reason the District saw a surge in total assets was mainly because of the new GASB 68 requirements. As presented in the

following graphs, the District relies upon real property taxes and other tax items (STAR) as its primary revenue sources (88.03%, a slight increase from prior year's 87.97%).

The major changes from 2013-14 to 2014-15 are as follows:

Revenues:

The District's total program revenues saw a slight increase, general revenues increased by \$2,337,317 and the total revenues increased by \$1,898,543. The primary elements of this increase were:

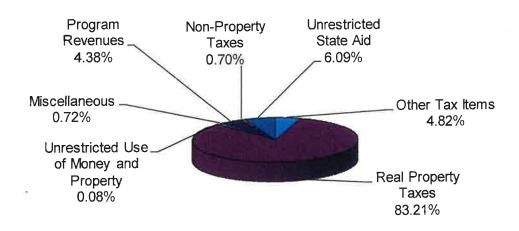
- Real Property Taxes (excluding STAR) increased by \$1,922,205, or 1.98%.
- Program Revenues saw an increase of \$438,774.
- Other Tax Items (STAR), a decrease which was offset by increases in Unrestricted State Aid (\$450,738) and Miscellaneous (\$150,660).

Expenses:

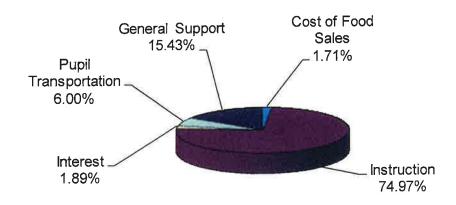
The District's program expenses decreased by \$8,846,389. The highlights were:

- General Support saw an increase of \$39,074. During the school year, District settled tax certiorari claims with SG Chappaqua in the amount of \$1,820,981.46. The District appropriated this amount from the Tax Certiorari Reserve Fund to the General Fund to pay for this settlement and therefore it had no impact on the bottom line of the General Fund. During 2014-15, two items impacted the General Support expenditures: 1) District made its second of three BOCES Capital Project installment payment of \$454,122, and 2) District saw a decrease of \$236,457 for Judgments and Claims, from \$502,709 (actual expenditures plus encumbrances) for 2013-14 to \$266,252 (actual expenditures plus encumbrances).
- Instruction saw a decrease of \$9,275,190 even with an increase of salaries and that was because of additional entries for GASB 68 which was a credit to the expense.
- Pupil Transportation showed an increase of \$270,515 when compared to the prior year. Other
 than the contractual CPI increase to the cost for buses, vans and monitors, we also saw an
 increase to the number of vans used for special education students.

Revenues for Fiscal Year 2014-15 Governmental Activities



Expenses for Fiscal Year 2014-15 Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,348,289, a decrease of \$1,157,635 from the prior year. This decrease was made up by a decrease of \$1,243,760 in General Fund, a decrease of \$64,449 in Capital Projects Fund and an increase of \$150,574 in Non-Major Governmental Funds. \$2,250,000 of the general fund balance has been assigned (appropriated) for the 2015-16 budget to reduce the tax levy.

As previously mentioned the District's fund balance for the General Fund decreased \$1,243,760, from \$18,947,385 to \$17,703,625 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded the final budget by \$912,263. The two largest positive variances were: \$491,771 for State Aid, and \$307,665 for Miscellaneous Revenue.

General Fund expenditures for 2014-15 were \$2,186,820 less than the final budget, after the deduction of \$1,079,043 for encumbrances. Positive variances were shown in the following areas: General Support: \$214,324, Instruction: \$980,179, Pupil Transportation: \$249,029, and Employee Benefits: \$735,330.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original expenditure budget and the final amended budget showed an increase of \$1,915,804 vs. last year's \$282,930 and this was mainly due to the budget appropriation of \$1,820,981 from the Tax Certiorari Reserve Fund to pay for a settlement. The balance of the modifications was mainly made up from gifts from the community.

Fund Balance Analysis

Fund balance of the General Fund is made up of four categories and they are illustrated below:

June 30, 2015	
Non-spendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$ 1,274,182 8,384,922 3,329,043 4,715,478
Total	\$ 17,703,625

By far the largest category of fund balance is in "Restricted" and these funds were established and set aside for very specific purposes. The "Assigned" fund balance consists of two parts: \$1,079,043 is reserved for encumbrances (purchases on order) - commitments made by the District for goods or services, and \$2,250,000 is assigned for subsequent year's expenditures (a reduction of \$100,000 from the designation for the 2014-15 budget). The remainder of \$4,715,478 is "Unassigned" fund balance and as we previously mentioned this is the amount that is available for spending at the discretion of the District. At the end of the day, fund balance is an indicator of the financial strength of a school district.

The actual amount of fund balance in each reserve category is presented in Note 3, I - Fund Balances.

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2015 the District had \$110,913,484 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction-in-progress. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	June 30,					
Class	2015	2014				
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 2,177,700 650,569 106,201,617 1,883,598	96,669,800				
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 110,913,484</u>	\$ 113,236,346				

The major change in Capital Assets is a decrease of \$11,888,377 in Construction in Progress and this was because the energy performance contract was completed during the 2014-15 school year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, B – Capital Assets).

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2015, the District had \$35,450,000 in general obligation debt and other long-term liabilities outstanding, as follows:

	_	2014-15		As Restated2013-14
Bonds payable Other Non-Current Liabilities -	\$	38,062,724	\$	40,662,912
Net Pension Liability		1,132,570		1,514,966
Energy Performance Contract Debt		10,100,609		10,782,978
Installment Purchase Debt		869,116		848,238
Compensated Absences		3,839,073		3,894,055
Other Post Employment				
Benefit Obligations payable		12,630,816	_	11,994,410
Total	\$	66,634,908	\$	69,697,559

Long-term liabilities are made up of six figures: bonds payable, net pension liabilities, energy performance contract debt, installment purchase debt, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations. Bonds payable saw a decrease of \$2,420,000. The District is paying down its bond debt and did not issue any additional such debt. Other post employment benefit obligations saw an increase of \$636,406. This is the seventh year that a public entity is required to record such obligations (the full amount is being amortized over 30 years).

The net impact of the above-mentioned factors decreased the District's long-term liabilities by \$3,062,651.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements (Note 3, E- Long-Term Liabilities).

Summary

The Chappaqua Central School District is financially solid. Overall, the financial position of the District for year ended June 30, 2015 is fairly similar to the prior fiscal year. The District's net position increased by \$19,224,000 solely because for the first time we are included the assets from GASB 68, reporting of pension liabilities.

Requests for Information

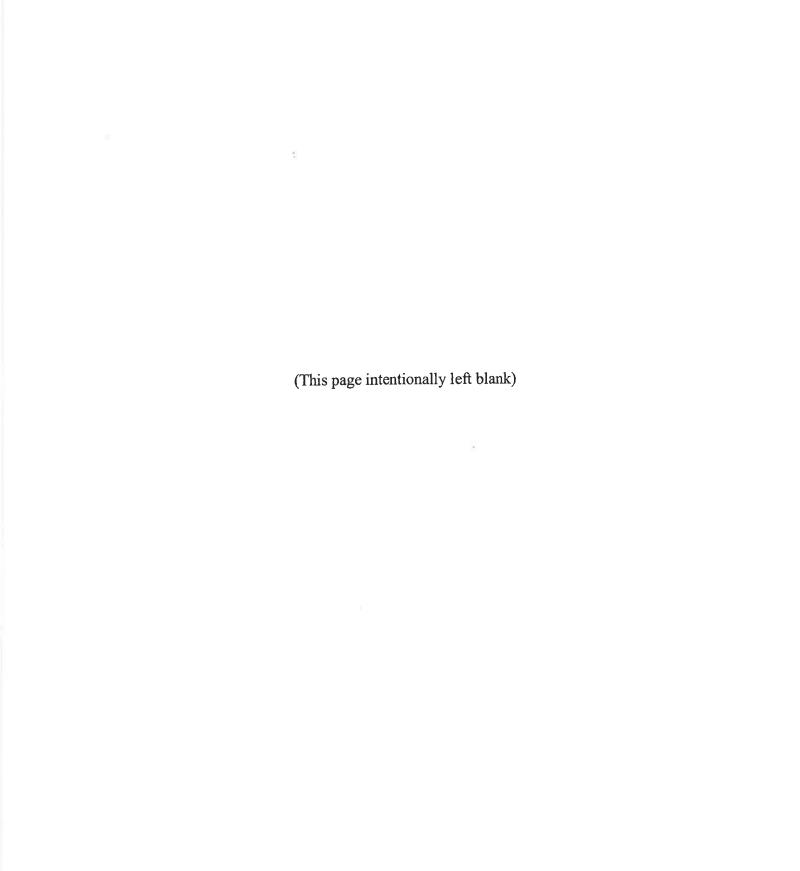
This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Chappaqua Central School District
Attn: John L. Chow
Assistant Superintendent for Business
PO Box 21
Chappaqua, New York 10514
Tel: (914)238-7200 X 1006
E-mail: jochow@ccsd.ws

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

June 30, 2015	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS	\$	26,403,206
Cash and equivalents	Φ	20,403,200
Receivables		14,887
Accounts		2,649,847
State and Federal aid		74,182
Prepaid expenses		5,557
Inventories		37,539,478
Net pension asset		
Capital assets Not being depreciated		2,828,269
Being depreciated, net	_	108,085,215
Total Assets		177,600,641
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,483,946
LIABILITIES Accounts payable		15,180
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		807,078
Due to retirement systems		9,545,655
Due to other governments		304,189
Unearned revenues		127,288
Accrued interest payable		642,446
Non-current liabilities		
Due within one year		3,908,174
Due in more than one year	6-1	62,726,734
Total Liabilities	-	78,076,744
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	*	25,761,857
NET POSITION		63,580,949
Net investment in capital assets		03,560,949
Restricted		10,242
Capital projects		2,811,052
Tax certiorari		150,666
Unemployment benefits		59,104
Property loss		210,356
Insurance		218,664
Liability claims		137,308
Repairs Retirement contributions		1,861,431
Debt service		14,819
School lunch		602,075
Special purpose		32,347
Unrestricted		15,556,973
Total Net Position	\$	85,245,986



Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Teal Elided balle 60, 2010			Program Revenues			
Functions/Programs Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Governmental activities General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Cost of food sales Other Interest	\$ 16,833,346 81,785,414 6,517,411 20,725 1,870,840 2,709 2,066,145	\$ 151,002 496,923 - - 1,898,598 -	\$ 1,848 2,534,073 - 130,148 2	\$ (16,680,496) (78,754,418) (6,517,411) (20,725) 157,906 (2,707) (2,066,145)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 109,096,590	\$ 2,546,523	\$ 2,666,071	(103,883,996)		
	General revenues Real property taxe	99,109,849				
	Other tax items School tax relief	5,744,295				
	Non-property taxe Non-property tax	distribution from	County	838,317		
	Unrestricted use of Unrestricted State		perty	94,462 7,252,442		
	Miscellaneous			857,665		
	Total General R	levenues		113,897,030		
	Change in Net f	Position		10,013,034		
	Net Position - Begir	66,021,986				
	Cumulative Effect of	9,210,966				
	Net Position - Begin	75,232,952				
	Net Position - Endir	\$ 85,245,986				

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		General	0	Special Aid		Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Receivables	\$	25,781,102	\$	6,891	\$	10,242
Accounts		1,028		= 0		2 9
State and Federal aid		1,075,788		1,565,957		
Due from other funds		372,848		27.		***
Advances to other funds		1,200,000		(40)		<u>:=</u> :
Prepaid expenditures		74,182		(=)		-
Inventories				¥.		
Total Assets	\$	28,504,948	\$	1,572,848	\$	10,242
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	15,180	\$	3	\$.
Accrued liabilities		807,078		(-)		-
Due to other funds		108,707		372,848		-
Advances from other funds		<u>=</u>		1,200,000		•
Due to retirement systems		9,545,655				·
Due to other governments		304,189		3 = 1		1.7
Unearned revenues		20,514				
Total Liabilities		10,801,323		1,572,848	-	: = :
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		1,274,182		1,200,000		÷=:
Restricted		8,384,922) _ (10,242
Assigned		3,329,043		(#)		=
Unassigned		4,715,478		(1,200,000)		
Total Fund Balances	_	17,703,625		(#)	_	10,242
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	28,504,948	\$	1,572,848	\$	10,242

 Ion-Major		Total Governmental
vernmental		Funds
\$ 604,971	\$	26,403,206
13,859 8,102 108,707		14,887 2,649,847 481,555 1,200,000
5,557		74,182 5,557
\$ 741,196	\$	30,829,234
\$ 106,774	\$	15,180 807,078 481,555 1,200,000 9,545,655 304,189 127,288
 106,774		12,480,945
 5,557 32,347 596,518	×	2,479,739 8,427,511 3,925,561 3,515,478
 634,422	X	18,348,289
\$ 741,196	\$	30,829,234

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Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

June 30, 2015	
Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 18,348,289
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	110,913,484
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the	
statement of activities.	1,699,914
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds Deferred amounts on net pension assets (liabilities)	(15,977,825)
	(14,277,911)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension asset	37,539,478
	3
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current	
period are not reported in the funds.	(642,446)
Accrued interest payable	(1,132,570)
Net pension liability	(38,062,724)
Bonds payable	(3,839,073)
Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(12,630,816)
Energy performance contract debt payable	(10,100,609)
Installment purchase debt payable	(869,116)
	(67,277,354)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 85,245,986

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General		Special Aid		Capital Projects	
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$	99,109,849	\$	(#2	\$	₹
Other tax items		5,744,295		(e)		-
Non-property taxes		838,317		÷		2
Charges for services		496,923		200		π.
Use of money and property		247,312		*		-
State aid		8,100,343		678,372		2
Federal aid		26,242		888,428		=
Food sales		· ·		:27		-
Miscellaneous		950,795				<u>u</u>
Missianisads						
Total Revenues		115,514,076		1,566,800		
EXPENDITURES						
Current		4 - 00 - 500				
General support		15,387,523		4 700 000		-
Instruction		62,233,174		1,736,393		7
Pupil transportation		6,517,411		34		-
Community services		20,725		•		-
Employee benefits		26,874,980		\ _ 2		
Cost of food sales		-		7.00		-
Other		1 71		•		*
Debt service						
Principal		3,477,757		:•		-
Interest		1,841,492		-		205.000
Capital outlay						695,896
Total Expenditures	-	116,353,062	0	1,736,393	_	695,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Rev-						
enues Over Expenditures		(838,986)	0.	(169,593)	1	(695,896)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Installment purchase debt issued		8		~		396,266
Transfers in		14,819		169,593		250,000
Transfers out		(419,593)	((14,819)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(404,774)	· 	169,593	-	631,447
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,243,760)		(E		(64,449)
FUND BALANCES						74.004
Beginning of Year	-	18,947,385	-			74,691
End of Year	\$	17,703,625	\$	72 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	\$	10,242

		Total		
Non-Major		Governmental		
Governmental		Funds		
	o Citimination			
\$		\$ 99,109,849		
Ψ		5,744,295		
	-	838,317		
	1.5	·		
	16	496,923		
	403	247,715		
	11,323	8,790,038		
	118,424	1,033,094		
	1,898,598	1,898,598		
		950,795		
	2,028,748	119,109,624		
		15,387,523		
	::-	63,969,567		
	12	6,517,411		
	ı -	20,725		
	-	26,874,980		
	1,875,465	1,875,465		
	2,709	2,709		
	_,,	,		
	Yap	3,477,757		
	1.7	1,841,492		
_	-	695,896		
	1,878,174	120,663,525		
	1,010,111			
	150,574	(1,553,901)		
		396,266		
	N.E.	434,412		
	A. C.	(434,412)		
		(454,412)		
		396,266		
	450 574	(4 457 605)		
	150,574	(1,157,635)		
-	483,848	19,505,924		
•	634,422	\$ 18,348,289		
\$	004,422	Ψ 10,0π0,200		

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of State	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,157,635)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period.	
Capital outlay expenditures	797,820
Depreciation expense	(3,120,682)
Depreciation expense	
	(2,322,862)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,	
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(396,266)
Installment purchase debt issued	2,420,000
Principal paid on serial bonds	375,388
Principal paid on installment purchase debt Principal paid on energy performance contract	682,369
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium	62,953
	3,144,444
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds.	(287,606)
Accrued interest	54,982
Compensated absences Pension assets (liabilities)	11,218,117
Other post employment benefit obligations	(636,406)
	10,349,087
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,013,034

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General and Special Aid Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	* 00.400.040	* 00.400.840	r 00 100 940	\$ -
Real property taxes	\$ 99,109,849	\$ 99,109,849	\$ 99,109,849 5,744,295	_{3,224}
Other tax items	5,739,376	5,741,071 775,000	838,317	63,317
Non-property taxes	775,000 464,191	464,191	496,923	32,732
Charges for services	260,000	260,000	247,312	(12,688)
Use of money and property	7,608,572	7,608,572	8,100,343	491,771
State aid	7,000,572	7,000,572	26,242	26,242
Federal aid	550,000	643,130	950,795	307,665
Miscellaneous	330,000	043,130	- 000,100	
Total Revenues	114,506,988	114,601,813	115,514,076	912,263
EXPENDITURES				
Current	13,069,887	16,464,723	15,387,523	1,077,200
General support Instruction	64,709,276	63,408,120	62,233,174	1,174,946
	6,548,770	6,787,840	6,517,411	270,429
Pupil transportation Community services	19,864	20,725	20,725	· ·
Employee benefits	27,960,553	27,610,310	26,874,980	735,330
Debt service	27,000,000	21,010,010		,
Principal	3,482,837	3,477,757	3,477,757	=
Interest	1,906,527	1,847,937	1,841,492	6,445
Total Expenditures	117,697,714	119,617,412	116,353,062	3,264,350
D. G. in an of D. and and				
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,190,726)	(5,015,599)	(838,986)	4,176,613
			: !	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		14.010	14,819	20
Transfers in	(405.000)	14,819	(419,593)	1,513
Transfers out	(425,000)	(421,106)	(419,595)	1,515
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	(425,000)	(406,287)	(404,774)	1,513
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,615,726)	(5,421,886)	(1,243,760)	4,178,126
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	3,615,726	5,421,886	18,947,385	13,525,499
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,703,625	\$ 17,703,625

	Special .	Aid Fund			
Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -		
2	-	960	-		
π.	-	(a) (a)	-		
#:	E	21	-		
700,000	678,373	678,372	(1)		
992,032	992,032	888,428	(103,604)		
			*		
1,692,032	1,670,405	1,566,800	(103,605)		
×.	<u>.</u>	: = 0			
1,867,032	1,841,511	1,736,393	105,118		
	-	-			
1	ā	- <u>-</u>	¥		
*	*	**	2		
		4 700 000	105 110		
1,867,032	1,841,511	1,736,393	105,118		
(175,000)	(171,106)	(169,593)	1,513		
175,000	171,106	169,593	(1,513)		
	-				
175,000	171,106	169,593	(1,513)		
9 4 5	-	S# ()	ä		
	ш	, <u>=</u> 1	-		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2015

	Ag	Agency	
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	415,116 26,829	
Total Assets	\$	441,945	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	1,028	
Employee payroll deductions		356,933	
Deposits payable		20,139	
Student activity funds		63,845	
Total Liabilities	\$	441,945	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1905 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the School District's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Putnam-Northern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by the ratio which the component school district's value of taxable properties in effect at the time of adoption bears to the total full value of taxable properties of all component school districts within BOCES as defined by Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statement can be requested from Putnam-Northern Westchester BOCES, 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the district-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. Governmental Funds - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the School District is as follows -

Special Aid Fund - The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District also reported the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the lunch program of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. Among the activities included in the Agency Fund are the student activity funds. The Agency Fund is also utilized to account for payroll tax withholdings that are payable to other jurisdictions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions, and accordingly, the School District's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2015.

The School District was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are levied and payable in September and January. The Towns of New Castle and Mount Pleasant which are included in the levy are responsible for the billing and collection of the taxes. The towns guarantee the full payment of the School District warrant and assume responsibility for uncollected taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenses/expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2015, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Advances To/From Other Funds – Advances to/from other funds represents loans to other funds which are not expected to be repaid within the subsequent annual operating cycle. The advances are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that the funds are not "available" for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of health insurance costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Inventories - Inventories in the School Lunch Fund consist of surplus food and supplies and are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at a stated value, which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment of the School District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life <u>in Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	20-50 5-20

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$20,514 in the General Fund for fees received in advance and \$106,774 in the School Lunch Fund for meal cards purchased in advance. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District reported deferred outflows of resources of \$1,699,914 for a deferred loss on the refunding bonds in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunded debt.

The School District also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the School District's pension plans in Note 3,E.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-Term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation or sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide statement of net position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes, net investment in capital assets, restricted for debt service, tax certiorari, unemployment benefits, property loss, insurance, liability claims, repairs, retirement contributions, school lunch and special purpose. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York or Education Law.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the School District removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education or the Assistant Superintendent for Business to assign amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Special Aid funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is September 17, 2015.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Special Aid funds.
- g) Budgets for General and Special Aid funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the School Lunch or Special Purpose funds.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in General and Special Aid funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount to 4% of the ensuing year's budget.

C. Property Tax Limitation

The School District is not limited as to the maximum amount of real property taxes which may be raised. However, on June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This law applies to all local governments, including school districts.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a school district in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax Levy Limitation Law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

Pursuant to the Tax Levy Limitation Law, the tax levy of a school district cannot increase by more than the lesser of two percent or the annual increase in the consumer price index. Certain adjustments would be permitted as defined by Section 1220 of the Real Property Tax Law. A school district could exceed the tax levy limitation only if the budget is approved by at least 60% of the vote. There are certain exemptions to the tax levy limitation, such as expenditures made on account of certain tort settlements and certain increases in the actuarial contribution rates of the various public employee retirement systems.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

D. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date". These statements seek to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions by establishing standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenses/expenditures. These statements also require the identification of the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. As a result of adopting these standards, the district-wide financial statements reflect a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$9,210,966.

E. Fund Deficit

The Special Aid Fund has an unassigned deficit of \$1,200,000 at June 30, 2015.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Due From/To Other Funds, Advances From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

Fund	Due From					Due To	 Advances From/To
General Special Aid Non-Major Governmental	\$	372,848 108,707	\$	108,707 372,848	\$ 1,200,000 (1,200,000)		
•	\$	481,555	\$	481,555	\$ _		

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2014				-	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Construction-in-progress	\$	2,177,700 12,538,946	\$	92,786	\$	11,981,163	\$	2,177,700 650,569	
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	14,716,646	\$	92,786	\$	11,981,163	\$	2,828,269	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Class	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 142,003,341 4,737,543	\$ 12,382,532 303,665	\$ - 44,172	\$ 154,385,873 4,997,036
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	146,740,884	12,686,197	44,172	159,382,909
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	45,333,541 2,887,643	2,850,715 269,967	44,172	48,184,256 3,113,438
Total Accumulated Depreciation	48,221,184	3,120,682	44,172	51,297,694_
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$ 98,519,700	\$ 9,565,515	\$ -	\$ 108,085,215
Capital Assets, net	\$ 113,236,346	\$ 9,658,301	\$ 11,981,163	\$ 110,913,484

Depreciation expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support Instruction Cost of Food Sales	\$ 199,942 2,901,681 19,059
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3.120.682

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	, <u> </u>	General Fund
Other Payroll and employee benefits	\$	527,402 279,676
Taylor and omproyee series	\$	807,078

D. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings.

	Balance July 01, 2014	New Issues	Redemptions	Balance June 30, 2015
Tax Anticipation Note	\$ -	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The tax anticipation note was issued on July 24, 2014 and matured on June 30, 2015, with interest at 1.0%. Interest expense/expenditures of \$54,008 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 01, 2014	Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle	Balance, as Restated July 1, 2014	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One-Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 37,870,000	\$	\$ 37,870,000	\$	\$ 2,420,000	\$ 35,450,000	\$ 2,545,000
Plus - Unamortized premium on bonds	2,792,912	<u>=2</u>	2,792,912		180,188	2,612,724	
	40,662,912		40,662,912		2,600,188	38,062,724	2,545,000
Other Non-current Liabilities - Net Pension Liability		1,514,966	1,514,966	-	382,396	1,132,570	
Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable	10,782,978		10,782,978	-	682,369	10,100,609	699,236
Installment Purchase Debt Payable Compensated Absences	848,238 3,894,055	(3).	848,238 3,894,055	396,266 334,018	375,388 389,000	869,116 3,839,073	280,938 383,000
Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations	11,994,410	<u> </u>	11,994,410	4,924,253	4,287,847	12,630,816	S
Total Other Non- current Liabilities	27,519,681	1,514,966	29,034,647	5,654,537	6,117,000	28,572,184	1,363,174
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 68,182,593	\$ 1,514,966	\$ 69,697,559	\$ 5,654,537	\$ 8,717,188	\$ 66,634,908	\$ 3,908,174

The School District's indebtedness for bonds, net pension liability, energy performance contract debt payable, installment purchase debt payable, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations is liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at June 30, 2015 is comprised of the following issue -

Durnaga	Year of Issue		Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at June 30,
Purpose		_		:		
Refunding Bonds	2011	\$	43,070,000	January, 2030	2.0-5.0 %	\$ 35,450,000

Interest expenditures of \$1,500,056 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$1,725,407 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable

The School District, in September 2011, entered into a \$6,010,000 contractual agreement to install energy savings equipment and/or to upgrade existing facilities to enhance performance. The terms of the contract provide for repayment over fifteen years, with bi-annual installments of \$241,014

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

through December 2027. Payments include interest at 2.84%. The contract further provides that the savings in energy costs resulting from this modernization will equal or exceed the lease payment terms. In September 2012the School District entered into a \$5,752,450 agreement for Phase II of the energy performance enhancement. The terms of Phase II provide for repayment over 15 years, with bi-annual installments of \$231,016 through December 2027. Payments include interest at 2.09%.

The aggregate balance due at June 30, 2015 was \$10,100,609. Interest expenditures of \$261,690 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$260,992 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Installment Purchase Debt

The School District, in a prior year entered into two lease agreements to finance the costs of additional computer equipment and telephones. The terms of the computer lease agreement provided for repayment of a principal amount of \$193,590 in annual installments of \$50,858 through June, 2016, including interest at 3.41%. The terms of the telephone lease agreement provided for repayment of a principal amount of \$590,120 in an annual installment of \$63,591 in fiscal year June, 2014 and annual installments of \$126,969 through June, 2018 and an installment of \$21,162 in June 2019.

The School District, in a prior year, entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of certain computer equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of a principal amount of \$208,217 in average annual installments of \$44,596 through June, 2018, including interest at 3.5%.

The School District, in the current year, entered into a lease agreement to finance the costs of certain computer equipment. The terms of this agreement provided for the repayment of a principal amount of \$396,266 in average annual installments of \$83,990 through June, 2019, including interest at 2.99%.

Interest expenditures/expense of \$25,738 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded, energy performance contract debt and installment purchase debt as of June 30, 2015 including interest payments of \$11,051,749 are as follows:

v = 40	Cario	l Bonds		Energy Perfo Contract			installment P	urch	ase Debt			otal	
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	_	Principal	 Interest	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030	\$ 2,545,000 2,645,000 2,785,000 2,730,000 2,830,000 12,575,000 9,340,000	\$ 1,379,056 1,277,256 1,145,006 1,033,606 924,406 2,704,781 833,950	\$	699,236 716,529 734,261 752,441 771,082 4,151,999 2,275,061	\$ 244,823 227,530 209,798 191,618 172,977 568,297 85,086	\$	280,938 239,025 246,520 102,633	\$	25,476 16,531 9,034 2,518	\$	3,525,174 3,600,554 3,765,781 3,585,074 3,601,082 16,726,999 11,615,061	\$	1,649,355 1,521,317 1,363,838 1,227,742 1,097,383 3,273,078 919,036
	\$ 35,450,000	\$ 9,298,061	\$	10,100,609	\$ 1,700,129	\$	869,116	\$	53,559	\$	46,419,725	\$	11,051,749

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The above general obligation bonds, energy performance contract debt and installment purchase debt are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, upon separation of service, the School District is required to compensate administrators, clerical staff and custodians for unused vacation time. For all other employees, vacation time is generally taken in the year earned. The School District is not required to compensate employees for accumulated sick leave. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

F. Pension Plans

Employees' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The ERS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2015 are as follows:

<u>Tier/Plan</u>	<u>Rate</u>
1 75I	27.7%
2 75I	25.4
3/4 A15	20.4
5 A15	16.7
6 A15	11.0

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$1,132,570 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of the contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the School District's proportion was .0335254%. For this first year of implementation, the ERS reported no change in the allocation percentage measured as of March 31, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense/expenditures of \$815,545 and \$1,686,787, respectively. The pension expenditure of \$1,686,787 was charged to the General Fund. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS from the following sources:

	(Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	36,255	\$	-
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between		196,713		·æ
School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		277,810		7.
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	401,426	9 	
	\$	912,204	\$	

\$401,426 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31	
2016	\$ 127,694
2017	127,694
2018	127,694
2019	127.696

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2015 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2014, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2015. The total pension liability for the March 31, 2014

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2014. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation were as follows:

Actuarial cost method Inflation Salary scale Investment rate of return	Entry age normal 2.7% 4.9%, indexed by service 7.5% compounded annually, expenses, including inflation	net	of	investment
Cost of living adjustments	1.4% annually			

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2010 ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for equities and fixed income as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized below.

Asset Type	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity International Equity Private Equity Real Estate Absolute Return Strategies Opportunistic Portfolio Real Assets Bonds and Mortgages Cash Inflation Indexed Bonds	38 % 13 10 8 3 3 18 2	7.30 % 8.55 11.00 8.25 6.75 8.60 8.65 4.00 2.25 4.00
	<u>100</u> %	

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the ERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease (6.5%)	Assumption (7.5%)	Increase (8.5%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,549,069	\$ 1,132,570	\$ (4,284,546)

The components of the collective net pension liability of ERS as of the March 31, 2015 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability ERS fiduciary net position	\$ 164,591,504,000 161,213,259,000
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 3,378,245,000
ERS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	97.9%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions to ERS as of June 30, 2015 were \$401,426.

Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The TRS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels for their entire length of service. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rate for the plan's year ending in 2015 was 17.53%.

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported an asset of \$37,539,478 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members. At June 30, 2014, the School District's proportion was .336998%, which was an increase of .000182% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense/expenditure of \$(1,346,922) and \$8,738,980, respectively. The pension expenditure of \$8,738,980 was charged to the General Fund. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS from the following sources:

	Defer Outfloor of Resc	ows	of	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$: : ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	\$	548,946
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3 æ		25,211,840
		æ		1,071
	8,87	1,828	_	(E)
	\$ 8,87	1,828	\$	25,761,857

\$8,871,828 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Year Ended June 30,	
2015 2016	\$ 6,366,915 6,366,915
2017	6,366,915
2018	6,366,915
2019	63,955
Thereafter	230,242

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2012, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2013. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation		
Projected	salary	increases

3.0%

Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. They have been calculated based upon recent TRS member experience.

Age	Female	Male
25	10.35 %	10.91 %
35	6.26	6.27
45	5.39	5.04
55	4.42	4.01

Projected COLAs
Investment rate of return

1.625% compounded annually

8.0% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 and 2012 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of the valuation dates of June 30, 2013 and 2012 are summarized in the following table:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Tar	get A	Allocation			Expected of Return*	
	2013		2012	2013		2012	
Asset Class: Equities:			N				
Domestic equities	37	%	37 %	7.3	%	7.0	%
International equities	18		18	8.5		9.1	
Real estate	10		10	5.0		4.9	
Alternative investments	7	•		11.0		, 10.2	
Total Equities	72	76	72_				
Fixed Income:				4.5		2.0	
Domestic fixed income securities	18		18	1.5		2.0	
Global fixed income securities	2		2	1.4		1.7	
Mortgages	8		8	3.4		4.0	
Short-term		•	<u>-</u>	8.0		1.2	
Total Fixed Income	28		28_				
Total	100	% =	100 %				

^{*} Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.3% for 2013 and 2012.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 8.0%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.0%) or one percentage point higher (9.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (7.0%)	Current Assumption (8.0%)	1% Increase (9.0%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 809,779	\$ 37,539,478	\$ 68,838,284

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The components of the collective net pension asset of TRS as of the June 30, 2014 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability TRS fiduciary net position	\$ —	97,015,706,548 108,155,083,127
Employers' net pension asset	\$	11,139,376,579
TRS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		111.48%

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions to TRS as of June 30, 2015 were \$9,144,429.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post employment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure/expense as claims are paid.

The School District's annual other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The School District is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in postretirement benefits are as follows:

The assumed rates of increase in post retirement benefits are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Medical
2015	7,00 %
2016	6.00
2017	5.00
2018+	4.00

The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with an open amortization approach with 24 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% discount rate of return and a 4% annual payroll growth rate. The School District currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying postemployment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit cost method.

The actuarial assumed investment rate of return ("discount rate") of 5% used by the School District's actuary, Aquarius Capital, for purposes of GASB Statement No. 45 reflects the actuary's view as to the most common discount rate used by school districts in Putnam/Northern Westchester Health Benefits Consortium. Actual results could differ from this estimate and the differences could be material.

The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") and the Net OPEB Obligation reflected above are very sensitive to changes in the discount rate and other estimates inherent in the calculations. Currently, the School District is not permitted to set aside assets for the purposes of paying post employment benefits. If the School District were able to set aside assets for these purposes, the current investment rates of return would likely be less than 5% based on the nature of the investments in which the School District's is permitted to invest.

Aquarius Capital provided two scenarios of the impact of reducing the discount rate from 5% to 4% to 3%. If the discount rate is reduced from 5% to 4%, the unfunded accrued liability as of July 1, 2014 would increase from \$101.0 million to \$117.8 million, or an increase of \$16.8 million, and the Net OPEB Obligation would increase by \$1.7 million as of June 30, 2015. If the discount rate is reduced from 5% to 3%, the unfunded accrued liability as of July 1, 2014 would increase from \$101.0 million to \$139.7 million, or an increase of \$38.7 million, and the Net OPEB Obligation would increase by \$4.0 million as of June 30, 2015. The following table summarizes the actuarial impact of the changes described above:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Assumed Discount Rate	UAAL millions)	Change From Current UAAL (in millions)	Cu OPE	inge From irrent Net 3 Obligation millions)
5% (Current) 4%	\$ 101.0 117.8	\$ N/A 16.8	\$	N/A 1.7
3%	139.7	38.7		4.0

The number of participants as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees	596 372		
	968		
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of July 1, 2014 Assets at Market Value		\$	100,967,748
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL	.")	\$	100,967,748
Funded Ratio			0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)		\$	59,807,497
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			168.82%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution		\$	5,451,461 599,721 (1,126,929)
Annual OPEB Cost			4,924,253
Contributions Made		05-1-	(4,287,847)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation			636,406
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of year			11,994,410
Net OPEB Obligation - End of year		<u>\$</u>	12,630,816

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The School District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2015	\$ 4,924,253	87.08 %	\$ 12,630,816
2014	4,768,621	91.98	11,994,410
2013	5,274,586	82.81	11,611,863

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

		Transfer In		_
			Capital	
Transfers Out	General Fund	Special Aid Fund	Projects Fund	Total
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$ - 14,819	\$ 169,593 -	\$ 250,000	\$ 419,593 14,819
очения под поставить по поставить по	\$ 14,819	\$ 169,593	\$ 250,000	\$ 434,412

Transfers are used to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Special Aid and Capital Projects funds expenditures and to transfer available resources from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Unemployment Benefits - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6m of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Property Loss - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to set aside funds for the deductible provisions of the School District's insurance policies.

Restricted for Insurance - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to repair assets funded by insurance recoveries pursuant to Educational Law.

Restricted for Liability Claims - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds for liability claims incurred pursuant to Education Law.

Restricted for Repairs - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with Education Law to provide funds for the repairs to capital improvements and equipment.

Restricted for Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with General Municipal Law section 6r to provide funds for the purpose of paying retirement contributions to the New York State Local Employees Retirement System (ERS).

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for School Lunch - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities in the School Lunch Fund.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Fund Balances

			2015				2014			
		Special	Capital	Non-Major			Capital	Non-Major		
	General	Aid Fund	Projects Fund	Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Projects Fund	Governmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable			1							0 0
Inventories Prenaid expenditures	74 182	, , A	. ·	/00°0	74.182	26.845	e	167'6	Ð	9,237 26,845
I repaid experiorares	- 1. LOZ	1 200 000	C 08	19	1,200,000		198	2 (10		2
Advances	1,200,000		R•Z		1,200,000					4
Total Nonspendable	1,274,182	1,200,000		5,557	2,479,739	26,845		9,237		36,082
Restricted										
Tax certiorari	2,811,052	17		24	2,811,052	4,630,905	•	*		4,630,905
Unemployment benefits	150,666			,	150,666	150,629	00 81	9		150,629
Property loss	59,104	0	di.	11.	59,104	29,090		9.5		29,090
Insurance	210,356	86	•	.0	210,356	210,305		91		210,305
Liability claims	218,664	•	*	•	218,664	218,611	40	60		218,611
Employee benefit accrued liability	2,921,522	3		*	2,921,522	3,222,992		¥š.		3,222,992
Renairs	137,308	<i>∰</i>	3.	9	137,308	137,234				137,234
Retirement contributions	1.861.431		(5)	5.0	1,861,431	2,010,941	9)¥		2,010,941
Debt service	14,819	5 9	6		14,819	29	9	()		Ñ
Capital projects			10,242	•	10,242	•	74,691			74,691
Special purposes		9/		32,347	32,347		F.3	35,054		35,054
Total Restricted	8,384,922		10,242	32,347	8,427,511	10,640,707	74,691	35,054		10,750,452
Assigned Purchases on order	962 878	,	,		862 876		Þ	191		867.765
Joseph John British Support	104,267	66 9			194 767	353,698	:(*	9		353,698
Transportation	21,400	. *	S #5		21,400					44,263
	1,079,043				1,079,043	1,265,726	3			1,265,726
Subsequent year's expenditures from Retirement contribution restriction	150,000	٠	10	**	150,000	200,000	*1	r		500,000
School lunch fund	3*	3.	*	596,518	596,518		£	439,557		439,557
Unassigned fund balance	2,100,000			SK	2,100,000	1,850,000			į	1,850,000
	2,250,000			596,518	2,846,518	2,350,000	o l	439,557		2,789,557
Total Assigned	3,329,043			596,518	3,925,561	3,615,726	1	439,557		4,055,283
Unassigned	4,715,478	(1,200,000)			3,515,478	4,664,107				4,664,107
Total Fund Balances	\$ 17,703,625	89	\$ 10,242	\$ 634,422	\$ 18,348,289	\$ 18,947,385	\$ 74,691	\$ 483,848	67	19,505,924

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

Prepaid Expenditures have been provided to account for certain payments made in advance. The amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Long term receivables have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of amounts that will not be collected within one year.

Advances have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of amounts advanced to the Special Aid Fund that will not be repaid within one year.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that has been restricted pursuant to Section 6r of General Municipal Law of the State of New York to provide funds for the payment of unused sick time and other forms of payment for accrued leave time granted upon termination or separation from service.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2015, the Board of Education has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. Unassigned fund balance in the Special Aid Fund represents the deficit in the fund.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

At the end of June 30, 2015, the School District was involved in five tuition reimbursement matters in which the parents of the students have requested an impartial hearing seeking tuition reimbursement at private schools. Of these five cases, in one case the District prevailed at the impartial hearing officer and State Review Officer ("SRO") levels. The parents appealed the SRO decision to the federal district court. In another case the District prevailed at the impartial hearing office and the parents have appealed to the SRO. In a third case, the District prevailed at the impartial hearing. If the parents are successful, the School District could be obligated for tuition reimbursement and the parents' attorneys. The total amount of this obligation is currently unknown. These cases are presently being defended aggressively.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The School District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber districts. The Company retains a management company which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million. The School District maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million. The School District also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$25 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded)
June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District and neighboring school districts in Northern Westchester and Putnam Counties participate in the Westchester-Putnam Schools Cooperative Self-Insurance Plan for Workers' Compensation. The purpose of the Plan is to provide efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against plan members for workers' compensation and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers' compensation and employers' liability payments. The Plan is managed and governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of a representative from each district. Billings are based upon participants' experience rating. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The School District and neighboring school districts in Northern Westchester and Putnam Counties participate in the Northern Westchester – Putnam School Cooperative Medical Expense Benefit Plan. The Plan operates under an agreement dated February 17, 1987. The purposes of the Plan are to provide for the efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration and payment of claims against Plan members for medical expenses through self-insurance and to provide for centralized administration, funding and disbursements for such services. The governance of the Plan rests in the Board of Trustees, which shall consist of five Trustees selected by the Plan members. A majority of the total number of Trustees shall be required to take any actions. The billings are based upon coverages provided each participant's employees. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

D. Leases

The School District leases office facilities and equipment under noncancelable operating leases. The total cost for these leases was \$143,074 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	 Amount
2016	\$ 188,102
2017	188,002
2018	 172,863
<u>s.</u>	\$ 549.607

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The School District, on July 30, 2015, issued an \$4,500,000 note in anticipation of 2015-16 property taxes. The note matures on June 30, 2016 and bears interest at a rate of 0.64%.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress
Other Post Employment Benefits

Last Three Fiscal Years

	Actuarial		Unfunded			Unfunded Liability as a Percentage
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2012 July 1, 2013 July 1, 2014	3 2 2	98,935,337 97,392,041 100,967,748	98,935,337 97,392,041 100,967,748	- % - -	59,071,254 59,714,432 59,807,497	167.48 % 163.10 168.82

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	33.699800%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (37,539,478)
School District's covered-employee payroll School District's proportionate share of the	\$ 50,635,655
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(74.14)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	111.48%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

(1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Last Tell 1 iscal Teals (1)	
	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,871,828
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(8,871,828)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 50,635,655
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.52%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Edge For Flood Found (1)	
	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	3.352540%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,132,570
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,900,621
School District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.90%

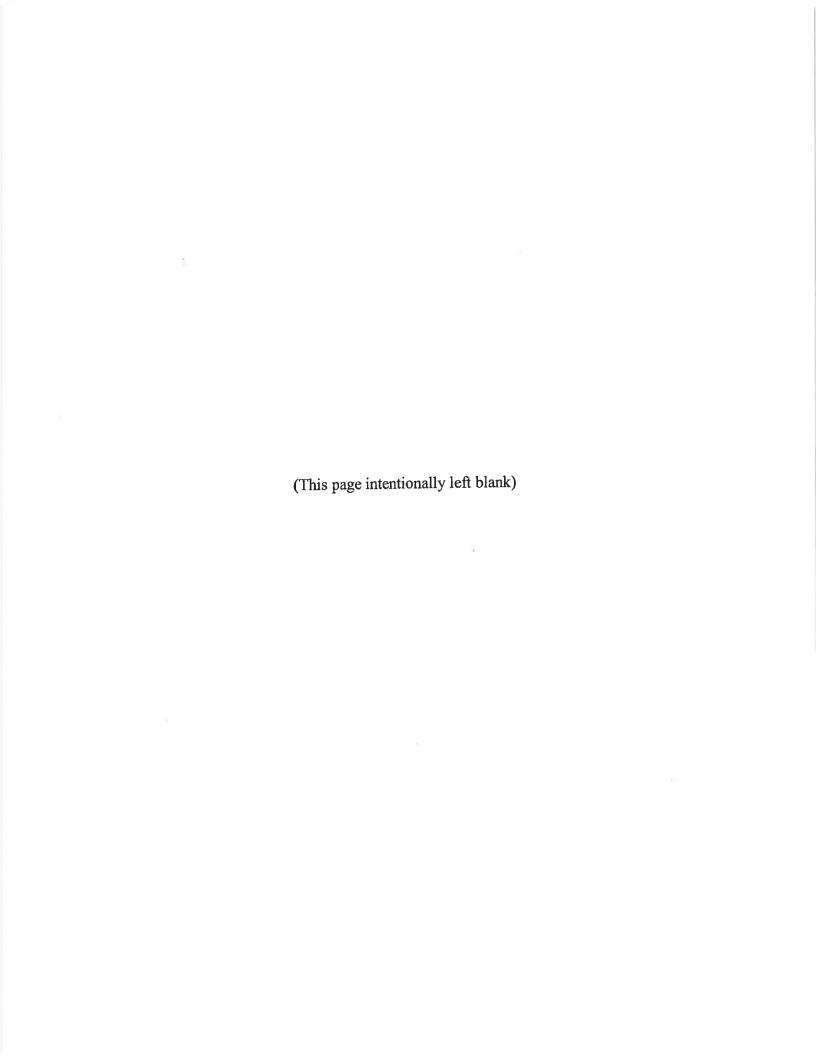
Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Last Tell riscal Tears (1)	
	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,987,613
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,987,613)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,900,621
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	22.33%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.



General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

June 30,		
	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 25,781,102	\$ 26,811,941
Receivables		20
Accounts	1,028	89
State and Federal aid	1,075,788	776,340
Due from other funds	372,848	1,643,671
Advances to other funds	1,200,000	
	2,649,664	2,420,100
Prepaid expenditures	74,182	26,845
Total Assets	\$ 28,504,948	\$ 29,258,886
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		*
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 15,180	\$ 120,718
Accrued liabilities	807,078	1,046,153
Due to other funds	108,707	
Due to retirement systems	9,545,655	8,906,260
Due to other governments	304,189	201,710
Unearned revenues	20,514	36,660
Total Liabilities	10,801,323	10,311,501
Fund balance		22.245
Nonspendable	1,274,182	26,845
Restricted	8,384,922	10,640,707
Assigned	3,329,043	3,615,726
Unassigned	4,715,478	4,664,107
Total Fund Balance	17,703,625	18,947,385
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 28,504,948	\$ 29,258,886

General Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

						2015				
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Encumbr- ances	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	•	00 400 940	¢	99,109,849	\$	99,109,849	\$		\$	
Real property taxes	\$	99,109,849	\$	5,741,071	Φ	5,744,295	Ψ		T	3,224
Other tax items		5,739,376				838,317				63,317
Non-property taxes		775,000		775,000		496,923				32,732
Charges for services		464,191		464,191		247,312				(12,688)
Use of money and property		260,000		260,000		8,100,343				491,771
State aid		7,608,572		7,608,572						26,242
Federal aid		1 4 1		0.40.400		26,242				307,665
Miscellaneous	_	550,000	-	643,130	-	950,795				
Total Revenues	-	114,506,988	_	114,601,813	_	115,514,076			***	912,263
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General support				44.574		24 140		25		13,434
Board of education		45,349		44,574		31,140				(0) (0 (
Central administration		372,129		383,675		383,675		26,076		16,183
Finance		1,246,408		1,270,853		1,228,594		94,467		32,947
Staff		799,817		840,017		712,603				143,370
Central services		8,981,184		9,823,346		9,068,363		611,613		8,390
Special items		1,625,000		4,102,258	_	3,963,148	-	130,720		
Total General Support	-	13,069,887	_	16,464,723	-	15,387,523	-	862,876	-	214,324
Instruction										
Instruction, administration and								40.622		75,808
improvement		4,504,035		4,529,395		4,433,954		19,633		204,814
Teaching - Regular school		38,834,960		37,935,994		37,606,441		124,739		204,014
Programs for children with								504		E04 067
handicapping conditions		12,244,006		11,805,652		11,273,194		591		531,867
Teaching - Special schools		265,042		265,042		252,564		463		12,015
Instructional media		2,930,728		2,903,529		2,837,869		25,237		40,423
Pupil services		5,930,505	_	5,968,508		5,829,152	_	24,104	-	115,252
Total Instruction		64,709,276	-	63,408,120		62,233,174	_	194,767	(- <u>-</u> -	980,179
Pupil transportation		6,548,770		6,787,840		6,517,411		21,400		249,029
Community services		19,864		20,725		20,725		•		705.000
Employee benefits		27,960,553		27,610,310		26,874,980				735,330
Debt service		3,482,837		3,477,757		3,477,757		5		-
Principal Interest		1,906,527		1,847,937		1,841,492		-		6,445
Total Expenditures	-	117,697,714		119,617,412		116,353,062		1,079,043		2,185,307
•		,								
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(3,190,726)		(5,015,599)	_	(838,986)	_	(1,079,043)		3,097,570
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		14,819		14,819		5		
Transfers out	_	(425,000)	_	(421,106)		(419,593)	_		,-	1,513
Total Other Financing				/ 100 000		(101 77 1)				1,513
Uses	_	(425,000)	-	(406,287)	-	(404,774)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,615,726)		(5,421,886)		(1,243,760)	\$	(1,079,043)	\$	3,099,083
FUND BALANCE		3,615,726_		5,421,886		18,947,385_				
Beginning of Year		0,010,120	_		_					
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	17,703,625				
				04						

Original Budget		Final Budget			2014 Actual		Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	97,189,256 5,921,737 755,000 456,691 285,000 7,000,404	\$	97,189,256 5,921,737 755,000 456,691 285,000 7,000,404 752,930	\$	97,187,644 5,923,399 823,216 648,198 273,655 7,783,821 40,039 989,935	\$		\$	(1,612) 1,662 68,216 191,507 (11,345) 783,417 40,039 237,005	
	112,078,088	-	112,361,018		113,669,907				1,308,889	
	57,555 361,654 1,190,594 771,622 8,316,047 1,625,500		53,555 377,869 1,507,140 797,213 10,007,309 2,479,392		47,102 372,107 1,302,706 698,722 9,353,091 2,297,769		635 140 133,723 62,612 639,155 31,500	-	5,818 5,622 70,711 35,879 15,063 150,123	
	12,322,972		15,222,478		14,071,497	_	867,765	_	283,216	
	4,507,414 38,881,747 12,350,365 260,000 2,902,804 5,711,278		4,529,236 38,187,669 11,474,756 288,644 2,981,240 5,709,634		4,457,903 37,967,213 11,377,080 286,820 2,952,167 5,639,293		17,946 216,866 79,617 19,018 20,251		53,387 3,590 18,059 1,824 10,055 50,090	
	64,613,608		63,171,179	_	62,680,476	_	353,698	_	137,005	
	6,403,831 18,977 27,328,294		6,295,635 19,864 26,354,375		6,251,372 19,864 26,293,295		44,263		61,080	
	3,221,304 2,028,655	_	3,218,205 1,969,362		3,218,205 1,969,362					
	115,937,641	_	116,251,098	_	114,504,071	-	1,265,726	_	481,301	
	(3,859,553)	-	(3,890,080)		(834,164)	_	(1,265,726)	_	1,790,190	
	3,857 (380,000)		3,857 (349,473)		3,857 (349,473)		(40) (40)	_		
	(376,143)		(345,616)		(345,616)	_	(<u>ā</u>)			
_	(4,235,696)		(4,235,696)		(1,179,780)	\$	(1,265,726)	\$	1,790,190	
	4,235,696	-	4,235,696		20,127,165					
_	•	\$		\$	18,947,385		22			
							62			

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2015

26,242 57,570 36,991 213,104 307,665 912,263	26,242 357,570 36,991 93,130 463,104 950,795	13 00 00 11	300,000 33,130 250,000 643,130	300,000 - 250,000 - 550,000 - 550,000 - 114,506,988	MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures Refund of BOCES aided services Gifts and donations Other TOTAL REVENUES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
7#.	14,819	119	14,819	99	I ransters in Capital Projects Fund
912,263	115,514,076	13	114,601,8	114,506,988	TOTAL REVENUES
213,104	463,104	8	250,0		Other
1)	93,130	30	93,1	ı	Gifts and donations
36,991	36,991	ï		1	Refund of BOCES aided services
57,570	357,570	00	300,008	300,000	MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures
26,242	26,242				Medical assistance

Medical assistance **FEDERAL AID**

Chappaqua Central School District, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2015

(40)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
GENERAL SUPPORT BOARD OF EDUCATION					
Board of education	\$ 13,410	\$ 12,635	\$ 9,898	€9	\$ 2,737
District meeting	11,600	11,600	5,601	I	5,999
Total Board of Education	45,349	44,574	31,140		13,434
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION Chief school administrator	372,129	383,675	383,675		â
FINANCE Business administration Accounting and auditing	1,124,147	1,148,592	1,130,636	17,956 8,120	16,183
Total Finance	1,246,408	1,270,853	1,228,594	26,076	16,183
STAFF Legal Personnel Public information and services	334,472 404,766 60,579	374,672 404,766 60,579	261,508 390,684 60,411	85,512 8,955	27,652 5,127 168
Total Staff	799,817	840,017	712,603	94,467	32,947

CENTRAL SERVICES Operation of plant Maintenance of plant	6,498,094 2,483,090	6,739,438 3,083,908	6,549,444	189,994 421,619	143,370
Total Central Services	8,981,184	9,823,346	9,068,363	611,613	143,370
SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance Judgments and claims School association dues Assessments on school property Refunds of real property taxes Administrative charge - BOCES	400,000 206,500 22,500 68,000 100,000 828,000	410,783 266,252 22,500 68,000 2,085,586 1,249,137	356,783 192,402 19,629 61,846 2,085,586 1,246,902	54,000 73,850 635 2,235	2,236 6,154
Total Special Items	1,625,000	4,102,258	3,963,148	130,720	8,390
Total General Support	13,069,887	16,464,723	15,387,523	862,876	214,324
INSTRUCTION					
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION AND IMRPROVEMENT Curriculum development and supervision Supervision - Regular school Research, planning and evaluation	881,035 3,605,000 18,000	918,349 3,582,019 29,027	855,588 3,577,839 527	6,953 4,180 8,500	55,808
Total Instruction, Administration and Improvement	4,504,035	4,529,395	4,433,954	19,633	75,808
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL	38,834,960	37,935,994	37,606,441	124,739	204,814
PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN WITH HANDICAPPING CONDITIONS Programs for students with disabilities	12,244,006	11,805,652	11,273,194	591	531,867
TEACHING - SPECIAL SCHOOLS	265,042	265,042	252,564	463	12,015
					(Continued)

Chappaqua Central School District, New York

General Fund Schedule of Expenditu

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2015

INSTRUCTION (Continued)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA School library and audiovisual Computer assisted instruction	\$ 1,309,072 1,621,656	\$ 1,247,268 1,656,261	\$ 1,203,659 1,634,210	\$ 4,032 21,205	\$ 39,577
Total Instructional Media	2,930,728	2,903,529	2,837,869	25,237	40,423
- •	43,167	43,167	43,167	* [1 6
Guidance - Regular school Health services - Regular school	2,292,992 715,924	2,290,664 715,427	2,240,897 682,224	657 259	49,110 32,944
Psychological services - Regular school	1,259,624	1,280,579	1,280,579	1000	1
Co-curricular activities - Regular school Interscholastic athletics - Regular school	388,949 1,229,849	399,058 1,239,613	368,078	3,278	27,702
Total Pupil Services	5,930,505	5,968,508	5,829,152	24,104	115,252
Total Instruction	64,709,276	63,408,120	62,233,174	194,767	980,179
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION Contract and public carrier transportation	6,548,770	6,787,840	6,517,411	21,400	249,029
COMMUNITY SERVICES Census	19,864	20,725	20,725	3	ā [

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State retirement	1,825,500	1,801,338	1,686,787	•	114,551
Teachers' retirement	9,013,000	8,944,088	8,738,980	113	205,108
Social security	4,306,750	4,236,900	4,132,204	1	104,696
Hospital and medical insurance	11,399,353	11,029,883	10,847,411	L:	182,472
Dental and vision insurance	94,900	94,900	91,266	æ	3,634
Workers' compensation benefits	325,500	339,763	338,151	, Î	1,612
Unemployment benefits	125,000	117,094	33,450	Î	83,644
Disability insurance	19,300	19,300	17,443	ä	1,857
Life insurance	15,200	22,082	21,997	ĸ	85
Union welfare benefits	821,000	821,000	783,329	%	37,671
Other benefits	15,050	183,962	183,962	i)	1
Total Employee Benefits	27,960,553	27,610,310	26,874,980		735,330
DEBT SERVICE Principal					
Serial bonds	2,420,000	2,420,000	2,420,000		्रा
Energy performance contract debt	682,368	682,369	682,369	Į,	i i
Installment purchase debt	380,469	3/5,388	3/5,388		4
,	3,482,837	3,477,757	3,477,757	3	4
Interest Serial bonds	1.532.114	1,500,056	1,500,056	а	ät
Energy performance contract debt	261,691	261,690	261,690	£	E
Installment purchase debt	12,722	32,183	25,738	in the second	6,445
Tax anticipation note	100,000	54,008	54,008	E	r
	1,906,527	1,847,937	1,841,492		6,445
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	117,697,714	119,617,412	116,353,062	1,079,043	2,185,307
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Special Aid Fund Capital Projects Fund	175,000	171,106	169,593 250,000	(a) 1	1,513
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	425,000	421,106	419,593		1,513
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 118,122,714	\$ 120,038,518	\$ 116,772,655	\$ 1,079,043	\$ 2,186,820

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Special Aid Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

	2015	2014
ASSETS Cash and equivalents State and Federal aid receivable	\$ 6,891 1,565,957	\$ 137,769 1,505,902
Total Assets	\$ 1,572,848	\$ 1,643,671
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$ 372,848 1,200,000	\$ 1,643,671
Total Liabilities	1,572,848	1,643,671
Fund balance (deficit) Nonspendable Unassigned	1,200,000 (1,200,000)	
Total Fund Balance		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,572,848	\$ 1,643,671

Special Aid Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended June 30,

		2	015	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES State aid Federal aid	\$ 700,000 992,032	\$ 678,373 992,032	\$ 678,372 888,428	\$ (1) (103,604)
Total Revenues	1,692,032	1,670,405	1,566,800	(103,605)
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Deficiency of Revenues	1,867,032_	1,841,511	1,736,393	105,118
Over Expenditures	(175,000)	(171,106)	(169,593)	1,513
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	175,000	171,106	169,593	(1,513)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(-)	2 0	E.
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year			<u>×</u>	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

N K			20	14			
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
\$	567,366 883,780	\$	597,893 883,211	\$	597,893 818,360	\$	- (64,851)
	1,451,146		1,481,104		1,416,253		(64,851)
	1,631,146	X 5	1,630,577		1,565,726	-	64,851
	(180,000)		(149,473)		(149,473)		÷
,,,,,,,,	180,000		149,473	-	149,473	à	= =
	漂		a		-		₹
		<u>. </u>				-	-
\$		\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2015	 2014
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 	10,242	\$ 25,001 49,690
Total Assets	\$	10,242	\$ 74,691
FUND BALANCE Restricted	<u>\$</u>	10,242	\$ 74,691

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

		2015	-	2014
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	2	\$	25,000
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		695,896		3,387,964
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(695,896)	-	(3,362,964)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Installment purchase debt issued Transfers in Transfers out	9 	396,266 250,000 (14,819)	3	208,217 200,000 (3,857)
Total Other Financing Sources	0	631,447	-	404,360
Net Change in Fund Balance		(64,449)		(2,958,604)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	T	74,691	:	3,033,295
End of Year	\$	10,242	\$	74,691

Capital Projects Fund
Project-Length Schedule
Inception of Project Through June 30, 2015

			Expenditu	ıres	and Transf	ers	to Date	
PROJECT	 Authorization	_	Prior Years	-	Current Year	17-	Total	expended Balance
Energy Performance Contract - Phase II	\$ 5,752,450	\$	5,702,760	\$	49,690	\$	5,752,450	\$
Horace Greely High School Turf and Roof	582,818		307,817		264,759		572,576	10,242
Installment Purchase Debt - Computers	 396,266			_	396,266	_	396,266	-
Totals	\$ 6,731,534	\$	6,010,577	\$	710,715	\$	6,721,292	\$ 10,242

	Proceeds of Obligations	T	Methods of	scellaneous	Totals	nd Balance at e 30, 2015
\$	5,752,450	\$	-	\$ 3 .	\$ 5,752,450	\$ =
			350,000	232,818	582,818	10,242
_	396,266	_	<u> </u>	(14)	396,266	
\$	6,148,716	\$	350,000	\$ 232,818	\$ 6,731,534	\$ 10,242

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

					Total Non-Major Governmental Funds			•
		School	;	Special				
		Lunch	F	Purpose		2015		2014
ASSETS						004074	•	E00 000
Cash and equivalents	\$	572,624	\$	32,347	\$	604,971	<u>\$</u>	532,309
Receivables								
Accounts		13,859		<u>=</u>		13,859		17,697
State and Federal aid		8,102		*		8,102		9,626
Due from other funds		108,707			_	108,707	-	
a a	-	130,668			_	130,668	-	27,323
Inventories		5,557		=		5,557		9,237
Inventories	_	0,001						
Total Assets	\$	708,849	\$	32,347	\$	741,196	\$	568,869
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Unearned revenues	\$	106,774	\$		\$	106,774	\$	85,021
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		5,557		_		5,557		9,237
Restricted		0,007		32,347		32,347		35,054
Assigned		596,518				596,518		439,557
Addigition	-				_			-
Total Fund Balances	_	602,075		32,347		634,422		483,848
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	708,849	\$	32,347	\$	741,196	\$	568,869

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2015
(With Comparative Totals for 2014)

				on-Major ental Funds		
	School Lunch	Special Purpose	2015	2014		
REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	\$ 401 11,323 118,424 1,898,598	\$ 2	\$ 403 11,323 118,424 1,898,598	\$ 490 11,951 129,383 1,868,854 89,243		
Total Revenues	2,028,746	2	2,028,748	2,099,921		
EXPENDITURES Current Cost of food sales Other	1,875,465 	2,709	1,875,465 2,709	1,923,365 4,255		
Total Expenditures	1,875,465	2,709	1,878,174	1,927,620		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	153,281	(2,707)	150,574	172,301		
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	448,794_	35,054	483,848	311,547		
End of Year	\$ 602,075	\$ 32,347	\$ 634,422	\$ 483,848		

School Lunch Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

		2015		2014
ASSETS	-	2013		2014
Cash and equivalents	\$	572,624	\$	497,255
Receivables				
Accounts		13,859		17,697
State and Federal aid		8,102		9,626
Due from other funds	-	108,707		
	·	130,668		27,323
Inventories	less-	5,557		9,237
Total Assets	\$	708,849	\$	533,815
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities			_	05.004
Unearned revenues	\$	106,774	\$	85,021
From the body and		8		
Fund balance		5,557		9,237
Nonspendable Assigned		596,518		439,557
Assigned			-	
Total Fund Balance	_	602,075	-	448,794
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	708,849	\$	533,815

School Lunch Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

		2015	 2014
REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	\$	401 11,323 118,424 1,898,598	\$ 483 11,951 129,383 1,868,854 89,243
Total Revenues		2,028,746	2,099,914
EXPENDITURES Current Cost of food sales Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,875,465 153,281	 1,923,365 176,549
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	8-	448,794	 272,245
End of Year	\$	602,075	\$ 448,794

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet June 30,

ourie 50,		
	2015	2014
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 32,347	\$ 35,054
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 32,347	\$ 35,054

Special Purpose Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended June 30,

	2015		2014
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$ 2	\$	7
EXPENDITURES Current Other	2,709	l a de la c	4,255
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,707)		(4,248)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	 35,054		39,302
End of Year	\$ 32,347	\$	35,054

General Fund Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2015		
Adopted Budget		\$ 116,856,988
Additions Encumbrances		1,265,726
Original Budget		118,122,714
Budget Amendments		 1,915,804
Final Budget		\$ 120,038,518
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation Year Ended June 30, 2015		
2015-16 Expenditure Budget		\$ 117,901,688
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		
Unrestricted fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	3,329,043 4,715,478	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	8,044,521	
Less Appropriated for subsequent year's budget Encumbrances	2,250,000 1,079,043	
Total Adjustments	3,329,043	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 4,715,478
Actual Percentage		 4.00%

Schedule of Net Investment In Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30, 2015		
Capital Assets, net		\$ 110,913,484
Less Bonds Payable Energy Performance Contract Debt Payable Installment Purchase Debt Payable Unamortized Portion of Premium	(35,450,000) (10,100,609) (869,116) (2,612,724)	(49,032,449)
Plus Unamortized Portion of Loss on Refunding		1,699,914
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 63,580,949

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the School District in a separate letter.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

Connor Davies, UP

Harrison, New York September 17, 2015





Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Chappaqua Central School District, New York's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programmer year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

O'Connor Davies, LLP Harrison, New York

O'Connor Davies, UP

September 17, 2015

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number (1)	Federal Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Commodities National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - Cash	10.555 10.555	\$ 31,915 86,509
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		118,424
U.S. Department of Education Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.027A 84.173A	707,212 17,504
is is		724,716
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A	89,483
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	74,229
Total U.S. Department of Education		888,428
Total .		\$ 1,006,852

(1) Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance number.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Chappaqua Central School District, New York ("School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. Federal awards received directly from the Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the Schedule. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A–87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, which establishes principles and standards for determining costs for Federal awards carried out through grants, cost reimbursement contracts, and other agreements with State and local governments.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified			
Material weakness(es) identi Significant deficiency(ies) ide	YesX_No YesX_None reported			
Noncompliance material to financial noted?	statements	YesX_No		
Federal Awards				
 Internal control over major programs Material weakness(es) identi Significant deficiency(ies) identical 	fied?	YesX_No YesX_None reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on co for major programs:	ompliance	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-13	ce with	YesXNo		
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or	Cluster		
84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B program Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee		,000 _YesNo		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2015

None

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