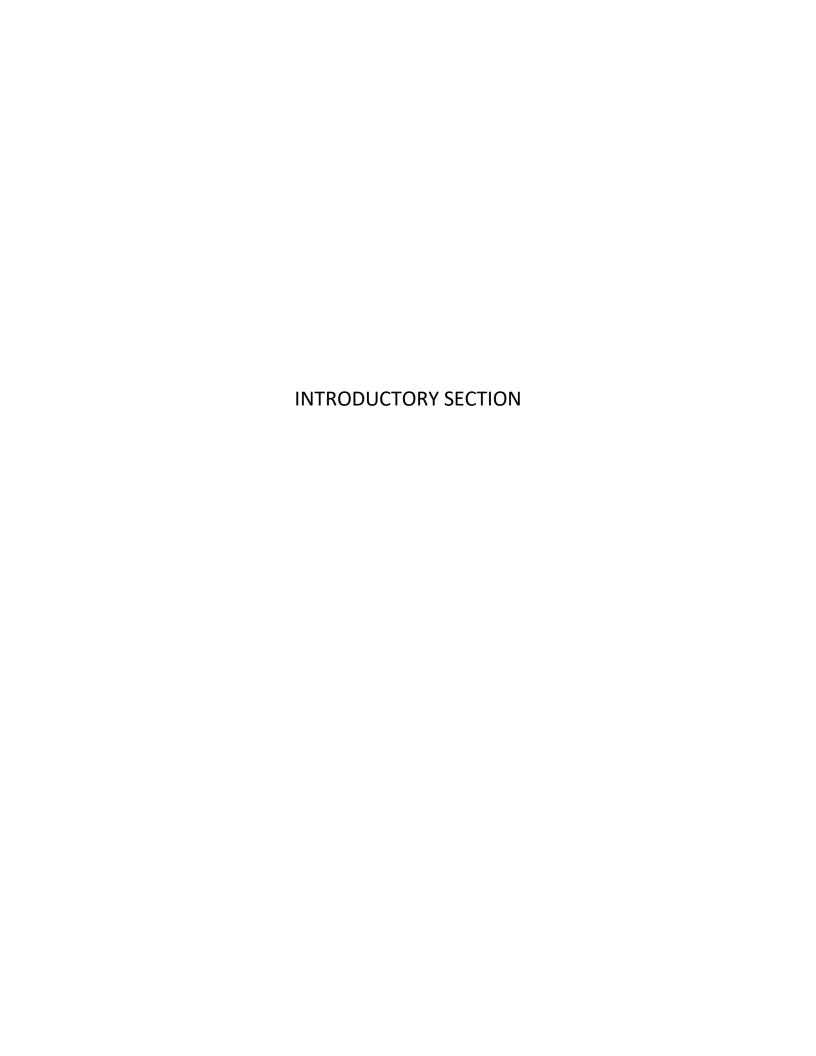
Dorchester County School District Two Summerville, South Carolina

Report on Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2023

PREPARED BY:

OFFICE OF FINANCIAL SERVICES



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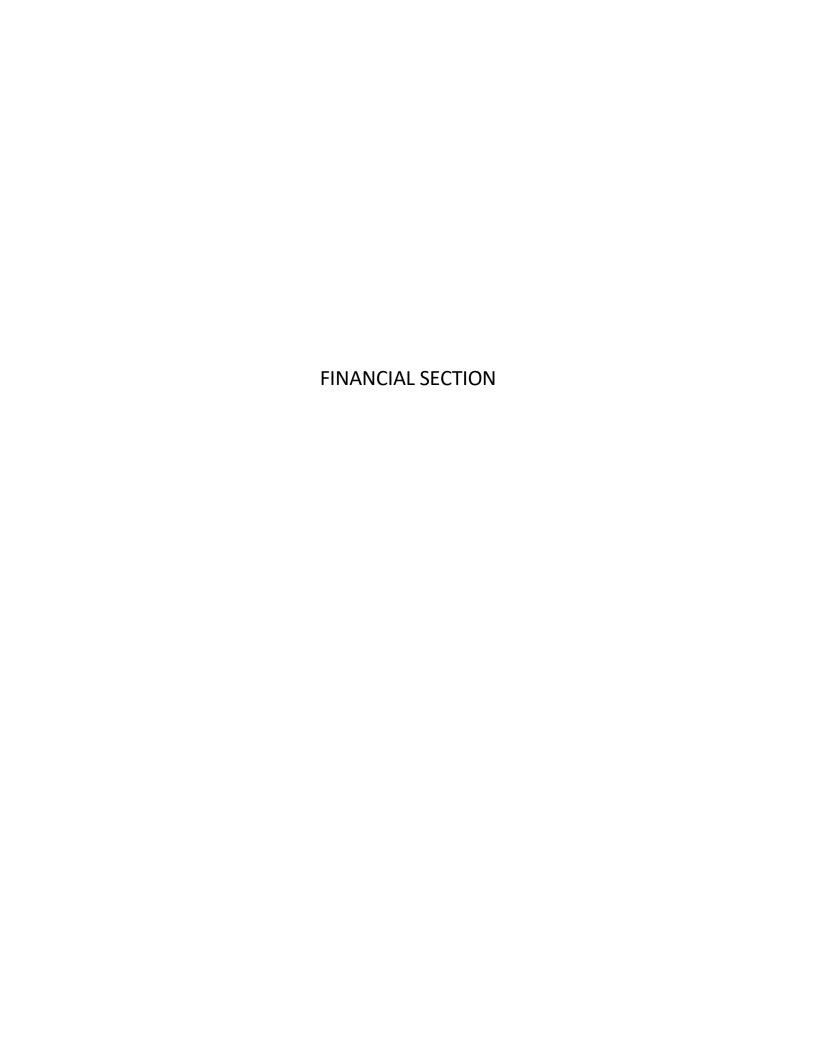
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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Trustees
Dorchester County School District Two
Summerville, South Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dorchester County School District Two (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension schedules, OPEB schedules and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules, as presented in the Table of Contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2023, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Columbia, South Carolina December 1, 2023

Elliott Davis, LLC

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Introduction:

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Dorchester County School District Two (the "District" or "School District") offers a narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial position and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Its design and purpose is to (a) focus on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the approved budget, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns. Readers should also review the District's financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance as a whole.

Financial Highlights:

Revenues: Total revenues for governmental activities increased \$24.4 million to \$362.5 million for fiscal year 2023. Major changes include a \$8.8 million increase in property taxes, a \$7.9 million increase in other revenue, a \$4.9 million increase in operating grants and contributions, and a \$2.8 million increase in charges for sales and services. The increase in property taxes is primarily due to an increase in assessed values from \$654 million to \$707 million. The increase in other revenue is primarily due to increased investment earnings of \$4.3 million as interest rates continue to rise, increased revenue in lieu of taxes of \$2.6 million, and increased student activity fund revenues. The increase in operating grants and contributions is primarily the result of an increase in federal and state revenues as a result of additional funding related to the COVID-19 pandemic and changes in allocation and funding methods from the State. The increase in charges for sales and services is due to an increase in student activities as more activities resumed post pandemic as well as students paying for meals after related federal programs ended on June 30, 2022.

Expenses: Total expenses for governmental activities increased \$3.1 million to \$314.8 million for fiscal year 2023. The major changes include an increase of \$6.8 million to support services, \$0.7 million to community services, and \$0.3 million to interest and other charges offset by a decrease of \$4.7 million to instruction expenses. The increase in support services expenses is primarily due to salaries and related benefits of additional support personnel as well as additional spending for maintenance and facilities for non-recurring projects. The increase in interest and other charges is due to timing of debt payments and lower interest rates on short-term General Obligation Bonds as well as interest savings from the bond refunding in a previous year. The District purchased various student technology devices using equipment use acquisition agreements as well as federal funding programs for support purposes causing the decrease in instruction expenses.

Net Position: Net position for governmental activities for June 30, 2023 was a deficit of \$284.1 million, a decrease of \$47.7 million from the beginning deficit of \$331.8 million. The District's governmental activities have a \$136.1 million net investment in capital assets, \$24.5 million restricted for debt service, \$1.9 million restricted for student activities, \$0.4 million restricted for capital projects based on the revenue source, \$0.3 million restricted for the Educational Foundation, \$0.1 million restricted for Special Revenue Programs, and a deficit of \$447.4 million in unrestricted net position primarily due to the net pension liability of approximately \$287.4 million and the net OPEB liability of approximately \$228.0 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Highlights, continued:

Capital Assets: The District's general capital assets for governmental activities showed a net decrease of \$1.4 million. Net governmental activities capital assets on June 30, 2023 were \$395.2 million. The District's total additions of \$13.1 million included \$9.0 million in construction in progress, \$2.0 million in furniture, equipment, and other vehicles, \$1.4 million in improvements other than buildings, and \$0.7 million in buildings and improvements. Construction in progress additions were primarily related to finishing the construction of East Edisto Middle School and various other renovation projects. These additions were offset by \$14.5 million in depreciation and amortization expense.

Governmental Funds - Fund Balance: The District's combined fund balance for all governmental funds at the fund level report an ending balance of \$128.2 million, an increase of \$25.8 million from the prior year balance of \$102.4 million. The overall increase is primarily due to increases of \$16.9 million in the General Fund, \$7.5 million in the Capital Projects Fund, \$0.9 million in the Food Service Fund, and \$0.8 million in the Special Projects Fund offset by a decrease of \$0.3 million in the Debt Service – District Fund.

General Fund - Fund Balance: The District's principal operating fund, the General Fund, showed an increase in its fund balance of \$16.9 million that provided a balance at year-end of \$65.0 million. This balance includes \$0.7 million in fund balance assigned for school carryovers and \$64.3 million in unassigned fund balance.

Revenues and Expenditures: Revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses for all governmental funds by \$25.8 million. Major changes in revenues and expenditures are discussed in detail in the Financial Analysis of the District's Funds section below.

Debt: The District retired \$9.1 million in long-term debt through principal payments on General Obligation Bonds, \$8.8 million through principal payments on GROWTH's Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds, and \$6.5 million in principal payments on equipment use acquisition agreements. The District borrowed \$3.7 million in equipment use acquisition agreements for the installation of turf at the high school football stadiums. The District amortized \$4.0 million in premiums related to the long-term debt. In addition, the District borrowed \$34.6 million in short-term General Obligation Bonds during the year that were fully repaid with the exception of \$7.7 million related to the May 2023 short-term General Obligation Bonds, which are scheduled to be repaid in March 2024.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This document consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the financial statements and supplementary information. Management's discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's financial statements. The financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements, continued:

- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District had no fiduciary funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-1: Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial	Statements
	District-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds (as applicable)
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not fiduciary	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	Statement of assets and liabilities
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

District-Wide Statements:

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, current and noncurrent.
- The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or diminishing, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, the reader also needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base, current property tax laws, the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and required educational programs and standards.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, including both regular and special education; support services, including administration, operation and maintenance of plant, and pupil transportation; community services and intergovernmental expenditures.
 These functions are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-type activities: These services are provided on a charge for goods and services basis to recover
 all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District does not have any business-type
 activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is in compliance with certain programs or sources of revenues (such as federal grants).
- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's education programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to explain the relationship (or differences) between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary Information:

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's General Fund budget for the fiscal year as well as information regarding the School District's participation in the State's pension and OPEB plans. Supplementary information schedules required by the South Carolina Department of Education are also included.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole:

Figure A-2 provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2023 compared to 2022.

Figure A-2: Condensed Statements of Net Position (rounded thousands)

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022			
Current and other assets	\$ 169,61	5 \$ 138,539			
Capital assets, net	395,17	5 396,633			
Total assets	564,79	0 535,172			
Deferred OPEB charges	72,28	9 78,753			
Deferred pension charges	37,31	8 40,608			
Advance refunding charges	14,73	7 16,958			
Total deferred outflows	124,34	4 136,319			
Long-term obligations	307,61	5 331,670			
Net OPEB liability	228,00	-			
Net OPEB Hability Net pension liability	287,37	•			
Other liabilities	41,30	•			
Total liabilities					
Total Habilities	864,29	9 930,421			
Deferred OPEB credits	103,29	5 27,526			
Deferred pension credits	5,64	1 45,313			
Total deferred inflows	108,93	6 72,839			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	136,04	7 103,624			
Restricted	27,21	6 30,078			
Unrestricted	(447,36	4) (465,471)			
Net position, end of year	\$ (284,10				
•	. , ,				

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, continued:

Net Position:

The District's net position totaled a deficit of \$284.1 million on June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$47.7 million from the beginning deficit of \$331.8 million.

Additional funding related to the COVID-19 pandemic, changes in the State's funding formula, and the increased assessed values discussed previously resulted in increased state, federal, and property tax revenues which had the most significant impact on the District during fiscal year 2023.

- Total assets increased \$29.6 million due to a \$31.0 million increase in current and other assets, due
 primarily to an increase in cash and cash equivalents and investments offset by a decrease in amounts
 due from other governmental units and property taxes receivable. The increase in current and other
 assets was offset by a \$1.4 million decrease in net capital assets, as discussed below.
- Net capital assets decreased approximately \$1.4 million. This is mainly due to depreciation expense of \$14.5 million exceeding current year additions of \$13.1 million as discussed above.
- Total deferred outflows of resources decreased \$12.0 million primarily due to changes in the deferred
 pension and OPEB charges related to the School District's participation in the State's pension and OPEB
 plans as well as changes in the actuarial valuation assumptions related to the School District's participation
 in these plans. The decrease is also attributable to a decrease in advance refunding charges due to
 amortization expense.
- Total liabilities decreased \$66.1 million primarily due to decreases of \$78.5 million in the net OPEB liability and \$24.1 million in long-term obligations offset by increases in the net pension liability of \$31.8 million and \$4.7 million in other liabilities. The changes in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities is due to changes in the overall net pension and OPEB liabilities of the State. The decrease in long-term obligations is primarily due to scheduled principal payments in the current year. The increase in other liabilities is primarily due to timing of payments and increased short-term obligation borrowings.
- Total deferred inflows of resources increased \$36.1 million due to changes in the actuarial valuation assumptions related to the School District's participation in the State's pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, continued:

Net Position, continued:

The changes in net position for fiscal year 2023 compared to 2022 are shown in Figure A-3.

Figure A-3: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results (rounded thousands)

	Governmental Activities			
	2023			2022
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for sales and services	\$	7,805	\$	4,969
Operating grants and contributions		191,005		186,065
General revenues				
Property taxes		111,703		102,930
State revenue in lieu of taxes		42,531		39,883
Unrestricted investment earnings		4,817		535
Other		4,651		3,731
Total revenues		362,512		338,113
Expenses:				
Instruction		167,329		172,015
Support services		136,084		129,255
Community services		3,700		2,973
Intergovernmental		118		86
Interest and other charges		7,613		7,364
Total expenses		314,844		311,693
Changes in net position		47,668		26,420
Net position, beginning of year	_	(331,769)		(358,189)
Net position, end of year	\$	(284,101)	\$	(331,769)

Changes in Net Position:

Revenues: Property taxes and operating grants and contributions account for most of the District's revenue, with property taxes contributing 31% and operating grants contributing 53% for every dollar raised. The remaining 16% of revenues comes from fees charged for services, state revenue in lieu of taxes, interest on investments and other miscellaneous sources. Total revenues increased \$24.4 million in fiscal year 2023 as discussed previously.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole, continued:

Changes in Net Position, continued:

Expenses: Instruction expenses include a) salaries and fringe benefits for teachers, teaching assistants and substitutes, b) pupil-use technology and software and c) classroom materials and supplies. Instruction expenses accounted for 53% of total District expenses. Salaries and fringe benefits of instructional staff constitute the largest cost area of the District's total expenses with total salaries and fringe benefits expenses, including support and community services, accounting for approximately 74% of the District's total expenses.

Support services include support services, operations and school leadership. These categories include a) guidance and counseling, b) library and media, c) student health and psychological services, d) curriculum and staff development, e) pupil transportation, f) school security, g) building upkeep, utilities and maintenance, h) technology support, and i) business operations and administration. Support services accounted for 43% of total District expenses.

Total expenses for all programs and services increased by \$3.1 million in fiscal year 2023, as discussed previously.

Governmental Activities:

Figure A-4 presents the cost of the District's governmental activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by activities and operating grants and contributions provided for specific programs). The net cost is the cost of the activities that were funded by general revenues, i.e., property taxes and federal and state formula aid.

Figure A-4: Net Cost of Governmental Activities (rounded thousands)

				Percent					Percent
	 Total Cost	vices	Change	Change Net Profit (Cost) of Services					
	 2022 2023			2022-2023		2022		2023	2022-2023
Instruction	\$ 172,015	\$	167,329	-3%	\$	(65,763)	\$	(62,213)	-5%
Support services	129,255		136,084	5%		(49,284)		(48,103)	-2%
Community services	2,973		3,700	24%		1,838		2,013	10%
Intergovernmental	86		118	37%		(86)		(118)	37%
Interest and other charges	 7,364		7,613	3%		(7,364)		(7,613)	3%
Total governmental activities	\$ 311,693	\$	314,844	1%	\$	(120,659)	\$	(116,034)	-4%

- The expenses of all governmental activities were \$314.8 million, an increase of \$3.1 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities was \$116.0 million, a decrease of \$4.7 million.
- Operating grants and contributions subsidized 53% of governmental activities.
- General revenues provided \$164.6 million towards the cost of governmental activities, an increase of \$17.5 million from 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds:

On June 30, 2023 the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$128.2 million, an increase of \$25.8 million from the prior year balance of \$102.4 million. Major changes were as follows:

- Fund balance for the General Fund increased \$16.9 million as a result of revenues and other financing sources of \$251.2 million exceeding expenditures and other financing uses of \$234.3 million. General Fund revenues increased \$12.3 million mainly due to a \$5.0 million increase in property taxes due to an increase in assessed values, a \$4.8 million increase in state revenues as a result of an increase in student enrollment, and a \$2.0 million increase in interest income due to higher interest rates. General Fund expenditures increased \$11.5 million primarily due to an increase in salaries and benefits as a result of a step increase provided to all employees, a state mandated teacher salary increase, and continued increases in mandated fringe benefit rates.
- The Special Projects Fund reports an ending fund balance of \$5.5 million, an increase of \$0.8 million compared to the prior year fund balance of \$4.7 million. Revenues and other financing sources of \$45.9 million exceeded expenditures and other financing uses of \$45.1 million. Revenues for the Special Revenue fund decreased \$0.9 million primarily due to a \$1.3 million decrease in state revenues and a \$1.2 million decrease in federal revenues offset by a \$1.6 million increase in local revenues. The decrease in state revenues is primarily due to one-time COVID-19 related funding received from the State during the previous year while no similar funding was received in the current year. The decrease in federal revenues is primarily due to additional emergency technology funding received in the prior year. The increase in local revenues is primarily due to increased student activity fund revenues as more activities have resumed since COVID-19 restrictions were lifted. Special Revenue Fund expenditures increased \$0.6 million primarily due to spending of the additional state revenues received in the prior year that were paid in the current year.
- The Special Revenue EIA Fund reports no ending fund balance as revenues and other financing sources of \$25.3 million were equal to expenditures and other financing uses of \$25.3 million. Revenues for the EIA fund increased \$10.0 million, expenditures increased \$0.3 million, and transfers out increased \$9.7 million primarily due to the District utilizing carryover funds available from prior years.
- Fund balance for the Special Revenue Food Service Fund increased \$0.9 million as a result of revenues and other financing sources of \$12.5 million exceeding expenditures and other financing uses of \$11.6 million. Food Service fund revenues decreased \$3.4 million due to decreased federal revenues. Expenditures decreased \$0.5 million over the prior year due to increased food costs and participation in the program. Transfers in and out increased slightly over the prior year.
- Fund balance for the Special Revenue Educational Foundation Fund increased slightly from the prior year. Revenues and expenditures also increased slightly from the prior year. The Educational Foundation completes an IRS form 990 annually, which can be obtained through various other sources and will provide more detail on the operations of the Educational Foundation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds, continued:

- Fund balance for the Debt Service District Fund decreased \$0.3 million as a result of expenditures and other financing sources of \$49.3 million exceeding revenues and other financing sources of \$49.0 million. Debt Service District fund revenues increased \$4.7 million primarily due to a \$3.3 million increase in property taxes as a result of an increase in assessed values and a \$1.0 million increase in investment earnings due to higher interest rates. Expenditures decreased \$1.6 million from the prior year primarily due to lower bond payments, offset by higher interest payments. Other financing sources remained consistent with the prior year. Other financing uses increased \$7.0 million due to increased transfers out to the Capital Projects Fund to help fund ongoing construction projects.
- Fund balance for the Debt Service GROWTH Fund increased slightly from the prior year. Revenues for
 the Debt Service GROWTH Fund increased slightly due to an increase in investment earnings.
 Expenditures decreased slightly due to changes in scheduled principal and interest payments. Other
 financing sources decreased slightly due to decreased transfers from the Debt Service District Fund to
 fund the principal and interest payments on GROWTH debt.
- Fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund increased \$7.5 million as a result of revenues and other financing sources of \$20.4 million exceeding expenditures of \$12.9 million. Revenues for the Capital Projects Fund increased \$1.1 million primarily due to an increase in investment earnings. Other financing sources increased \$0.8 million due to an increase in transfers in from the Debt Service - District fund to help fund ongoing construction projects.
- The District has maintained a lower-than-average (state-wide) per pupil cost for its operating expenditures yet has not sacrificed the quality of its instructional programs. Figure A-5 represents the per pupil expenditures for all governmental funds based on the Student Enrollment for fiscal year 2023.

Figure A-5 Per Pupil Expenditures for Governmental Funds (total expenditures in rounded thousands)

	Total		Expe	Expenditures		Daily
	Exp	enditures	Pe	Per Pupil		er Pupil*
		2023	2023			2023
Instruction	\$	166,399	\$	5,345	\$	30
Support services		123,011		3,951		22
Community services		3,695		119		1
Intergovernmental		153		5		
Operating expenditures		293,258		9,420		53
Debt service		34,013		1,093		6
Capital outlay		12,698		408		2
Total governmental funds	\$	339,969	\$	10,921	\$	61

^{*} Based on 180 days of instruction per year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds, continued:

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

- Actual revenues were greater than budgeted at year-end by \$13.1 million primarily due to state revenues exceeding budget by \$6.2 million, local property tax revenues exceeding budget by \$4.3 million, interest revenues exceeding budget by \$2.1 million, and other local revenues exceeding budget by \$0.5 million. State revenues were over budget primarily due to an increase in student enrollment. Local property tax revenues were over budget primarily due to the District budgeting based on conservative amounts provided by the County. Interest revenues were over budget due to interest rates increasing at rates higher than anticipated. Other local revenues were over budget due to payments received from Dorchester County related to heavy equipment rental that were not budgeted.
- Actual expenditures were less than budgeted at year-end by \$2.8 million primarily due to instructional
 expenditures coming in \$6.8 million under budget due to vacant positions within elementary programs
 and fluctuations in health insurance costs and workers compensation claims. This was offset by support
 services coming in \$4.0 million over budget due to increased repair and maintenance services required
 for operations.
- Net other financing sources were \$1.0 million more than budgeted primarily due to indirect costs received from other funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Capital Assets and Debt Administration:

Capital Assets:

As of June 30, 2023 the District has invested a net amount of \$395.2 million in capital assets for its governmental activities. These assets include land, construction in progress, school buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, modular classrooms, equipment, and an intangible asset for the District's right to use the aquatic center (see Note 5).

Total depreciation expense for the year was \$14.5 million in governmental activities. Figure A-6 presents capital asset balances, net of depreciation for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Figure A-6 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation, rounded in thousands)

		Percent	
	Governmen	Change	
	2022	2023	2022-2023
Land	\$ 12,914	\$ 12,913	0.0%
Construction in progress	30,702	3,398	-88.9%
Buildings and improvements	332,712	358,300	7.7%
Improvements other than buildings	5,835	6,352	8.9%
Modular classrooms	633	509	-19.6%
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	6,681	6,803	1.8%
Aquatic center lease	7,156	 6,900	-3.6%
Total	\$ 396,633	\$ 395,175	-0.4%

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

Capital Assets and Debt Administration, continued:

Long-Term Debt:

At year-end the District has \$204.3 million in long-term General Obligation bonds and equipment use acquisition obligations - a decrease of 5% from last year - as shown in Figure A-7. GROWTH, a blended component unit, has \$86.6 million in installment purchase revenue bonds outstanding, a decrease of 9% from last year.

Figure A-7 Outstanding Long-Term Debt for Total School District (rounded thousands)

		Percent Change			
	2022			2023	2022-2023
District:					
General obligation bonds	\$	199,834	\$	190,723	-5%
Equipment use acquisition obligations		16,404		13,640	-17%
Total District	\$	216,238	\$	204,363	-5%
GROWTH					
Installment purchase revenue bonds	\$	95,410	\$	86,550	-9%
Total GROWTH	\$	95,410	\$	86,550	-9%

- The District retired \$9.1 million in long-term debt through principal payments on General Obligation Bonds, \$8.8 million through principal payments on GROWTH's Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds, and \$6.5 million in principal payments on equipment use acquisition agreements.
- The District borrowed \$3.7 million in equipment use acquisition agreements for the installation of turf at the high school football stadiums.
- In addition, the District borrowed \$34.6 million in short-term General Obligation Bonds during the year that were fully repaid with the exception of \$7.7 million related to the May 2023 short-term General Obligation Bonds, which are scheduled to be repaid in March 2024.

More detailed information about the District's debt and other long-term obligations is presented in Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2023

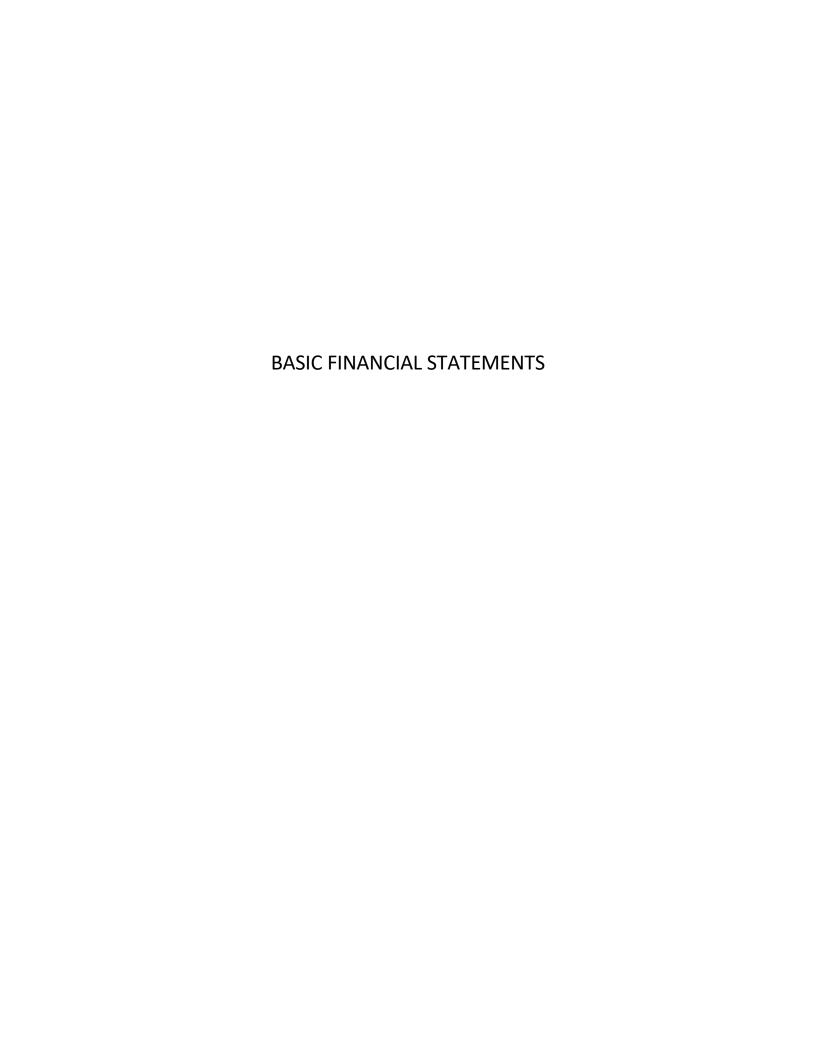
Economic Factors Bearing on the District's Future:

At the time these financial statements were prepared, the School District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- Addressing learning loss caused by the COVID-19 pandemic continues to be a primary focus of the District.
 The use of ESSER funds has allowed for enhancing summer programs, enhancing after school programs,
 purchasing instructional technology and supplies, and additional needs for learning. Available ESSER
 funds have been budgeted through the grant period ending September 30, 2024.
- The District's student count has increased over the past two years to pre-pandemic levels. Construction of new homes has increased in the District with the anticipated student population to continue to increase as well. The District is planning for additional capacity for K-8 students due to this growth in student population. Additional funding sources for this initiative are being explored to address this future budgetary impact.
- The teacher shortage on a national basis is a concern for the District as efforts are made to employ quality teachers, and retain current teachers in the District. Staffing in all areas is affected by the District's salary levels being lower as compared to neighboring school districts. The District is focused on seeking additional funding sources to help to address this concern.

Contacting the District's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Dorchester School District Two; 815 South Main Street, Summerville, South Carolina 29483 (Telephone: 843-873-2901).



Statement of Net Position

As of June 30, 2023

	Governmentalactivities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,962,549
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	35,641,995
Cash and investments held by county treasurer	24,561,295
Investments, restricted	8,268,867
Receivables:	
Property taxes, net	4,141,895
Other	46,890
Due from other governmental units	15,849,821
Inventories	142,122
Non-depreciable capital assets	16,311,172
Depreciable capital assets, net	378,863,745
Total assets	564,790,351
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	37,317,589
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	72,288,766
Advance refunding charges	14,737,272
Total deferred outflows of resources	124,343,627
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9,326,040
Accrued salaries and benefits	18,833,949
Due to other governmental units	16,506
Unearned revenue	3,552,975
Short-term obligations	7,726,000
Accrued interest	1,851,000
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	29,996,766
Due in more than one year	277,618,435
Net pension liability	287,371,669
Net OPEB liability	228,006,080
Total liabilities	864,299,420
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,641,141
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	103,294,471
Total deferred inflows of resources	108,935,612
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	136,046,520
Restricted for:	
Special projects	119,627
Debt service	24,476,722
Capital projects	450,652
Educational Foundation	259,498
Student activities	1,910,291
Unrestricted	(447,364,364)
Total net position	\$ (284,101,054)

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Dorchester County School District Two Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Program revenues		Net revenue (expense) and changes in net position
	Expenses	Charges for sales and service	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions	Governmental activities
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Governmental activities					
Instruction Support services	\$ 167,329,222 136,084,370	\$ 63,141 2,028,691	\$ 105,052,891 85,952,365	\$ - -	\$ (62,213,190) (48,103,314)
Community services Intergovernmental	3,699,610 117,674	5,712,944 -	-	-	2,013,334 (117,674)
Interest and other charges Total governmental activities	7,613,460 314,844,336	7,804,776	191,005,256		(7,613,460)
Total	\$ 314,844,336	\$ 7,804,776	\$ 191,005,256	\$ -	(116,034,304)
	General revenues: Property taxes levi	ad for:			
	General purposes Debt service				66,321,943 45,381,190
	State aid not restric	cted for specific purpo	ose		42,530,972
	Unrestricted invest Miscellaneous	ment earnings			4,816,565 4,651,161
	Total general r				163,701,831
	Change in net	47,667,527			
	Net position, beginni Net position, end of				(331,768,581)
	rect position, end of	, ca.			(204,101,034)

Dorchester County School District Two Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2023

				Special Revenue Funds						Debt Service Funds								
						Education				Non-Major Fund		Debt		Debt		-		Total
	G	General		Special Projects		Improvement Act		School Food Service		Educational Foundation		Service District		Service GROWTH		Capital Projects	Go	overnmental Funds
Assets																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,949,973	\$	12,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,962,549
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		-		-		-		350		152,841		-		4,401		35,484,403		35,641,995
Cash and investments held by county treasurer		-		-		-		-		-		24,531,071		-		30,224		24,561,295
Investments, restricted		-		-		-		-		-		8,268,867		-		-		8,268,867
Receivables:																		
Property taxes, net		2,962,075		-		-		-		-		1,179,820		-		-		4,141,895
Other		-		46,890		-		-		-		-		-		-		46,890
Due from:																		
State agencies		401,797		108,104		-		7,113		-		75,369		-		-		592,383
Federal agencies		-		15,088,087		-		169,351		-		-		-		-		15,257,438
Other funds		24,519,266		5,900,710		2,765,639		5,516,992		-		-		-		-		38,702,607
Inventories		-		-		-		142,122		-		-		-		-		142,122
Total assets	\$ 1	108,833,111	\$	21,156,367	\$	2,765,639	\$	5,835,928	\$	152,841	\$	34,055,127	\$	4,401	\$	35,514,627	\$	208,318,041
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	9,326,005	\$	35	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,326,040
Accrued salaries and benefits		18,833,949		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		18,833,949
Due to:																		
State Department of Education		-				16,506												16,506
Other funds		14,183,341		15,166,405		_		-		4,201		5,805		-		9,342,855		38,702,607
Unearned revenue		-		509,828		2,749,133		294,014				-		-		-		3,552,975
Short-term obligations		-		-		-		-		-		7,726,000		-		-		7,726,000
Total liabilities		42,343,295		15,676,268		2,765,639		294,014		4,201		7,731,805		-		9,342,855		78,158,077
Deferred inflows of resources																		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,491,756		-		-		-		-		506,129		-		-		1,997,885
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,491,756		-		-		-		-		506,129		-		-		1,997,885
Fund balances:																		
Nonspendable:																		
Inventories		_		_		_		142,122		_		_		_		_		142,122
Restricted for:								112,122										1.2,122
Other grants		_		91,218		_		_		_		_		_		_		91,218
Robotics program		_		26,909		_		_				_		_		_		26,909
Scholarships		_		1,500		_		_				_		_		_		1,500
Debt service		-										25,817,193		4,401				25,821,594
Capital projects		-														26,171,772		26,171,772
Educational Foundation		_		110,858		_		_		148,640		_		_		_		259,498
Student activities		-		1,910,291		-				-		-		-		-		1,910,291
Assigned to:				,, -														,, -
Extended Day Program		-		3,339,323		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,339,323
School carryover balances		682,900		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		682,900
Unassigned		64,315,160		-		-		5,399,792		-		-		-		-		69,714,952
Total fund balances		64,998,060		5,480,099			-	5,541,914	_	148,640	_	25,817,193	_	4,401	-	26,171,772	-	128,162,079
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-	2.,555,550	-	3, 100,033	_		_	3,3 .1,314	_	1.0,040	_	25,517,133	_	.,.01		20,2,2,,72		
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1	108,833,111	Ś	21,156,367	ć	2,765,639	Ś	5,835,928	۲.	152,841	Ś	34,055,127	Ś	4,401	ć	35,514,627	ė	208,318,041
resources, and fund balances	Ş .	100,833,111	Þ	21,130,367	\$	2,705,039	<u>ې</u>	5,835,928	\$	152,841	ş	34,055,127	>	4,401	\$	33,314,027	\$	200,310,041

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

24 (Continued)

otal governmental fund balances	\$ 128,162,079
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$587,946,174 and the accumulated depreciation is \$199,671,257.	388,274,917
Property taxes receivable that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	1,997,885
Intangible right-to-use assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of these assets is \$7,666,668 and the accumulated amortization is \$766,668. The leased assets are included in depreciable capital assets, net on the Statement of Net Position. Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	6,900,000
Bonds payable	(277,273,432
Equipment use acquisition agreement obligations	(13,639,90
Accrued compensated absences	(8,028,41
Accrued interest payable	(1,851,00
Unamortized bond premiums	(8,673,44
Deferred amount on refunding	14,737,27
Pension related deferrals	7,229,21
OPEB related deferrals	(40,675,26
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	24,447,23
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current year	9,669,55
Pension obligation	(287,371,66
OPEB obligation	 (228,006,08
let position of governmental activities	\$ (284,101,05

Dorchester County School District Two Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Funds					Debt Service Funds						
	Cov	neral	Special	Education Improvement	School Food Service	Non-Major Fund Educational Foundation	-	Debt Service District	Debt Service GROWTH		Capital		Gc	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues	Ger	nerai	Projects	Act	Service	Foundation		District	GR	UWIH		Projects		Funds
Local														
Property taxes	\$ 65	,965,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	45,254,644	\$	_	\$	-	\$	111,220,215
Interest		2,139,333	-	-	-	-		1,328,130	·	56,294		1,069,395		4,593,152
Other	1	,532,889	8,324,217	-	2,049,913	462,174		73,777		-		145,013		12,587,983
Total local	69	,637,793	8,324,217	-	2,049,913	462,174		46,656,551		56,294		1,214,408		128,401,350
State	160	,598,999	3,753,209	25,308,948	-	-		2,051,309		-		-		191,712,465
Federal		85,285	31,270,889	-	10,254,651	-		-		-		-		41,610,825
Total revenues	230	,322,077	43,348,315	25,308,948	12,304,564	462,174		48,707,860		56,294		1,214,408		361,724,640
Expenditures														
Current														
Instruction	137	7,888,889	23,320,716	5,188,942	-	-		-		-		-		166,398,547
Support services	94	,042,067	15,236,683	1,261,468	11,495,472	458,894		-		-		516,751		123,011,335
Community services		-	3,695,426	-	-	-		-		-		-		3,695,426
Debt service														
Principal		-	-	-	-	-		15,579,731	8	3,860,000		-		24,439,731
Interest and other charges		-	-	-	-	-		5,452,281	3	,893,475		-		9,345,756
Other objects		-	-	-	-	-		96,252		10,500		120,892		227,644
Capital outlay		311,158	45,225	60,055	1,229	-		-		-		12,279,718		12,697,385
Intergovernmental expenditures														
Payments to other governmental units			153,255											153,255
Total expenditures	232	2,242,114	42,451,305	6,510,465	11,496,701	458,894		21,128,264	12	,763,975		12,917,361		339,969,079
Excess (deficiency) of														
revenues over (under) expenditures	(1	,920,037)	897,010	18,798,483	807,863	3,280		27,579,596	(12	2,707,681)		(11,702,953)		21,755,561
Other financing sources (uses)														
Proceeds from equipment use acquisition purchase		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		3,725,000		3,725,000
Premium on bonds sold		-	-	-	-	-		304,930		-		-		304,930
Transfers in	20	,891,755	2,545,720	-	223,181	-		-	12	,710,695		15,431,128		51,802,479
Transfers out	(2	2,091,439)	(2,655,831)	(18,798,483)	(114,903)	_		(28,141,823)						(51,802,479)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18	3,800,316	(110,111)	(18,798,483)	108,278	-		(27,836,893)	12	,710,695		19,156,128		4,029,930
Net change in fund balances	16	5,880,279	786,899	-	916,141	3,280		(257,297)		3,014	-	7,453,175		25,785,491
Fund balances, beginning of year	48	3,117,781	4,693,200	-	4,625,773	145,360		26,074,490		1,387		18,718,597		102,376,588
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 64	,998,060	\$ 5,480,099	\$ -	\$ 5,541,914	\$ 148,640	\$	25,817,193	\$	4,401	\$	26,171,772	\$	128,162,079
									_					

See Notes to Basic Financial Statements

26 (Continued)

Dorchester County School District Two Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the view product lune 30, 2013	
For the year ended June 30, 2023	
Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 25,785,491
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$14,300,530) exceeds capital items acquired (\$13,098,429).	(1,202,101
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale/disposal increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of capital assets sold or disposed.	(900
The intangible right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the leased asset in the Statement of Activities. Amortization expense is not recorded in the governmental funds. This is the amount of amortization expense on the right-to-use asset.	(255,556
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the current year, these amounts consisted of bond and equipment use acquisition agreement principal retirement.	24,439,731
Bond, equipment use acquisition agreement, and note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	(3,725,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount that the net amortization on bond premiums (\$4,025,640) exceed the amortization of the deferred refunding (\$2,220,689) in the current year.	1,804,951
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	154,989
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the School District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Unearned tax revenues increased by this amount in the current year.	482,918
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (vacation and sick pay) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, compensated absences earned exceeded the amounts used.	(685,506
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.	24,447,235
A 1% contribution made by the State on behalf of the employers directly to PEBA in fiscal year 2023 is not included on the Statement of Activities as the measurement date for fiscal year 2023 is a year in arrears. Revenues and expenditures of \$1,251,979 are excluded from the Statement of Activities.	-
A 1% contribution made by the State on behalf of the employers directly to PEBA in the prior fiscal year is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds but is included on the Statement of Activities as the measurement date for fiscal year 2023 is a year in arrears.	1,251,979
Contributions to the OPEB plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.	9,669,558
Non-employer contributions related to OPEB made by PEBA on behalf of the School District in fiscal year 2023 are not included on the Statement of Activities as the measurement date for fiscal year 2023 is a year in arrears. Revenues and expenditures of \$35,581 are excluded from the Statement of Activities.	-
Non-employer contributions related to OPEB made by PEBA on behalf of the School District in the prior fiscal year are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds but are included on the Statement of Activities as the measurement date for fiscal year 2023 is a year in arrears.	34,956
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Such changes include the following:	
School District's portion of net pension related expenses	(21,068,011)
School District's portion of net OPEB related expenses	 (13,467,207)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 47,667,527

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Dorchester County School District Two, South Carolina (the "School District" or "District") is a school district created in 1952 by the South Carolina Legislature to provide public education services to students of a specified geographical district of Dorchester County, South Carolina. It contains an area of approximately 144 square miles and includes the Town of Summerville, which is the largest town in the County. The School District receives funding from local, state and federal sources and must comply with any requirements of the funding source entities. A seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") governs the School District.

The School District (the primary government) is the lowest level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education. The School District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity because it does not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement ("GASB") No. 61. Board Members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the School District and its component units, entities for which the School District is considered to be financially accountable or for which exclusion of a component unit would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the government's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The School District has two blended component units, as discussed below. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the School District. The School District has no discretely presented component units.

Growth Remedy Opportunity Without Tax Hike ("GROWTH"), a blended component unit, is a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) organization created to provide funding for the School District's capital improvement program through issuing installment purchase revenue bonds. The School District's Board of Trustees appoints GROWTH board members, and GROWTH's services are exclusively for the benefit of the School District. Because GROWTH is so closely related to the School District, it is, in effect, the same as the primary government. GROWTH's financial information is presented in individual columns throughout the statements. Separate financial statements for GROWTH are not issued.

The School District established the Dorchester Two Educational Foundation ("Educational Foundation") in June 2013. The Educational Foundation, a blended component unit, is a not-for-profit 501(c)(3) organization created for the benefit of the School District in providing public educational services, and specifically to (a) support, promote and enhance public education in Dorchester County, South Carolina; and (b) solicit, collect, receive, accumulate, administer and disburse gifts, funds and property in such manner as will, in the discretion of the board of directors, most effectively further such charitable and educational purposes. Because the Educational Foundation is so closely related to the School District, it is, in effect, the same as the primary government. The Educational Foundation's financial information is presented in individual columns throughout the statements. Separate financial statements for the Educational Foundation are not issued.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the School District (the primary government). For the most part, the effect of interfund activity (except for interfund services provided and used between functions) has been removed from these financial statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The School District does not have any business-type activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment, or governmental function, is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

The **government-wide financial statements** (which exclude fiduciary activities, if any) are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized/recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a different measurement focus from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared (see further detail below). Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers all revenues with the exception of grants to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant related revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation, continued

Real property taxes, federal and state grant programs and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash has been received by the government.

The accounts of the government are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are a minimum number of funds maintained to keep the accounts consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of Governmental Fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary Funds are reported by fund type. The following major funds and fund types are used by the School District:

Governmental fund types are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The School District's expendable financial resources and related assets and liabilities (except for those accounted for in the Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

The following are the School District's governmental funds:

The *General Fund, a major fund* and a budgeted fund, is the general operating fund of the School District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (that are expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The School District has four Special Revenue Funds:

- (i) **The Special Projects Fund, a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the financial resources provided by federal, state and local projects and grants that are restricted, committed or assigned for specific educational programs and student activities.
- (ii) The Special Revenue Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the restricted revenue from the South Carolina Education Improvement Act of 1984 (which is legally required by the state to be accounted for as a specific revenue source) which is restricted for specific programs authorized or mandated by EIA.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

- I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued
- B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation, continued
 - (iii) The School Food Service Fund, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the financial resources received that are restricted for the cafeteria operations at school locations. These resources primarily consist of revenues received (a) from breakfast, lunch, and other food sales and (b) from the United States Department of Agriculture's ("USDA") approved school breakfast and lunch programs.
 - (iv) The Special Revenue Educational Foundation Fund, a non-major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the financial resources received that are restricted for use by the Foundation, a blended component unit as discussed previously. These resources primarily consist of grant revenues and donations from private sources.

The **Debt Service Fund** - **District**, **a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted for the payment of all long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for the School District.

The **Debt Service Fund - GROWTH**, **a major fund** and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted for the payment of all long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs for GROWTH.

The *Capital Projects Fund*, a major fund and an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures of capital outlay related to equipment, site acquisitions, construction, renovation of capital facilities, and other capital assets for the School District.

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less when purchased, money market funds and investments in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("SCLGIP") to be cash equivalents. Securities with an initial maturity of more than three months (from when initially purchased) are reported as investments. Restricted cash and cash equivalents include amounts legally restricted by bond covenants.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Investments

The School District's investment policy is designed to operate within existing statutes (which are identical for all funds, fund types and component units within the State of South Carolina) that authorize the School District to invest in the following:

- a. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- b. Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, The Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporations, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations;
- c. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units; or revenue obligations of the State of South Carolina if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two ratings categories issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations;
- d. Savings and Loan Associations to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government;
- e. Certificates of Deposit and funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions provided that such certificates and funds in deposit accounts are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (a) and (b) above, held by a third party as escrow agent, or custodian of a market value, not less than the amount of the certificates or funds in deposit accounts so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government;
- f. Collateralized repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in (a) and (b) above and held by the governmental entity or a third party as escrow agent or custodian; and
- g. No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit, political subdivision, or county treasurer if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (a), (b), (c), and (f) above and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Investments, continued

The School District's cash investment objectives are preservation of capital, liquidity, and yield. All investments are reported at their fair values (which are normally determined by quoted market prices), with the exception of amounts invested in the guaranteed investment contracts and the SCLGIP. The SCLGIP operates in conformity with all of the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a7 as promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Accordingly, the Pool qualifies as a 2a7-like pool and is reported at the net asset value per share (which approximates fair value).

Restricted Investments include amounts legally restricted by bond covenants and funding sources.

The School District currently or in the past year has used the following investments:

- Cash and investments held by the County Treasurer which are property taxes collected by the School
 District's fiscal agent that have not been remitted to the School District. The County Treasurer
 invests these funds in investments authorized by state statute as outlined above. All interest and
 other earnings gained are added back to the fund and are paid out by the County Treasurer to the
 respective governments on a periodic basis.
- SCLGIP investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any city treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon (a) quoted market prices for identical or similar investments or (b) observable inputs other than quoted market prices. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, P.O. Box 11778, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Investments, continued

- An Open-Ended Money Market Mutual Fund which invests in obligations of the United States and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Government obligations.
- A guaranteed investment contract that invests in various securities as described in (a), (b), and (c) above.

Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of reimbursement arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

All property taxes and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for amounts determined to be uncollectible.

Inventories

Under the system of accounting for inventories, materials and supplies are carried in an inventory account at average cost, determined using the first-in, first-out method, and are subsequently charged to expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The Food Service Fund inventory includes food and supplies, including an amount for commodities received from the USDA, recorded at fair market value at the time of receipt, that have not been consumed at fiscal year end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost). The capital asset system is updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets, if any, are recorded at estimated acquisition value (as estimated by the School District) at the date of donation. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District's practice is not to capitalize purchases of a large quantity of items that individually fall under the capitalization threshold (i.e. bulk computer purchases, etc.). The School District does not possess any infrastructure assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Capital Assets, continued

All reported capital assets other than land and construction-in-progress are depreciated. Construction projects are depreciated once they are complete, at which time the complete costs of the project are transferred to the appropriate capital asset category. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Governmental Activities <u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	15 - 20 years
Improvements other than buildings	10 years
Modular classrooms	10 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years

Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. School District employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. Upon termination of employment, an employee is reimbursed for up to 45 accumulated vacation days. Upon retirement, an employee is reimbursed for up to 90 accumulated sick leave days. The entire compensated absence liability and expense is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Leases

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term. An intangible right-to-use asset is recorded to offset the lease liability. The intangible asset is recorded at the inception of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs and prepayments and less any incentives received. The intangible right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the leased asset. Both the lease liability and right-to-use asset are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. If material, bond premiums, discounts, and deferred refunding changes are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method (as it approximates the effective interest method). Debt is reported net of applicable bond premiums and discounts. Bond issuance costs (if any) are expensed in the period incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and bond issuance costs are recognized immediately. The face amount of debt or equipment use acquisition agreements issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources.

However, claims and judgments, the non-current portion of debt and equipment use acquisition agreements, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Fund Balance

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes amounts that inherently cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form (i.e. prepaids, inventories, etc.) or because of legal or contractual requirements (i.e. principal on an endowment, etc.).

Restricted - includes amounts that are constrained by specific purposes which are externally imposed by (a) other governments through laws and regulations, (b) grantors or contributions through agreements, (c) creditors through debt covenants or other contracts, or (d) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action made by the Board of Trustees, which is the highest level of decision making authority, before the end of the reporting period. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed and that such assignments are made before the report issuance date. Assigned amounts for the District consist of unspent amounts approved by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees in the annual budget in previous years that are allowed to be carried over by the schools.

Unassigned - includes amounts that do not qualify to be accounted for and reported in any of the other fund balance categories. This classification represents the amount of fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts of restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The School District generally uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balances are available unless there are legal documents, contracts, or agreements that prohibit doing such. Additionally, the School District generally would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Fund Balance, continued

The School District's Board of Trustees has formally adopted a minimum fund balance policy that supports the allowable limit as set by the South Carolina Department of Education fiscal watch criteria, which is currently at least one month of General Fund operating expenditures or approximately eight percent. The unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2023 is approximately \$64,300,000, which represents approximately 24% of the fiscal year 2024 General Fund budgeted expenditures of approximately \$266,475,000.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has three types of deferred outflows of resources: (1) The School District reports advance refunding charges in its government-wide Statement of Net Position. Advance refunding charges, which are the differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amounts of the defeased debt, are deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding bonds. (2) The School District reports deferred pension charges in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System. (3) The School District reports deferred OPEB charges in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB charges are either (a) recognized in the subsequent period as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability (which includes contributions made after the measurement date) or (b) amortized in a systematic and rational method as pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District currently has three types of deferred inflows of resources: (1) The School District reports unavailable revenue - property taxes only in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet; it is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (property tax revenues) in the period the amounts become available. (2) The School District reports deferred pension credits in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retirement System. (3) The School District reports deferred OPEB credits in its Statement of Net Position in connection with its participation in the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund. The deferred pension and OPEB credits are amortized in a systematic and rational method and recognized as a reduction of pension/OPEB expense in future periods in accordance with GAAP.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows in the Statement of Net Position. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Outstanding debt, which has not been spent, is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Components of net investment in capital assets are as follows:

Capital assets net of depreciation	\$ 395,174,917
Unspent bond proceeds	25,721,120
Deferred charge on refunding	14,737,272
Bonds and leases payable	(290,913,340)
Unamortized bond premiums	(8,673,449)
	<u>\$ 136,046,520</u>

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

In government-wide financial statements, pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (See Notes 11 and 12 and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements for more information), regardless of the amounts recognized as pension and OPEB expenditures on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School District recognizes net pension and net OPEB liabilities for each plan in which it participates, which represents the excess of the total pension and OPEB liabilities over the fiduciary net position of the qualified plan, or the School District's proportionate share thereof in the case of a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan, measured as of the School District's fiscal year-end. Changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities during the period are recorded as pension and OPEB expenses, or as deferred outflows or inflows of resources depending on the nature of the change, in the period incurred. Those changes in net pension and OPEB liabilities that are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows of resources that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified plan and recorded as a component of pension and OPEB expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred. Any projected earnings on qualified pension and OPEB plan investments are recognized as a component of pension and OPEB expense. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources and amortized as a component of pension and OPEB expense on a closed basis over a five-year period beginning with the period in which the difference occurred.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Fair Value

The fair value measurement and disclosure framework provides for a three-tier fair value hierarchy that gives highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the School District can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for an asset or liability either directly or indirectly and include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets.
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
 - Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for an asset or liability and include:

 Fair value is often based on developed models in which there are few, if any, observable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methodologies described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of future net realizable values or reflective of future fair values. The School District believes that the valuation methods used are appropriate and consistent with GAAP. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. There have been no significant changes from the prior year in the methodologies used to measure fair value.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of these balances as of the date of the financial statements. In addition, they affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Equity, continued

Comparative Data

Comparative data (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statement unduly complex and difficult to read.

D. New Accounting Standards

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The requirement of this Statement improves financial reporting by establishing the definitions of Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on transactions that meet those definitions. The required disclosures allow users to understand the scale and important aspects of a government's PPPs and evaluate future obligations and assets resulting from PPPs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. The District adopted this standard on July 1, 2022; however, the new standard did not materially change or impact the District's financial statements.

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement (1) defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement ("SBITA"); (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset — an intangible asset — and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending June 30, 2023. The District adopted this standard on July 1, 2022; however, the new standard did not materially change or impact the District's financial statements.

In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The District is currently evaluating the impact that this Statement will have on its financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the GASB or other standards-setting bodies are not expected to have a material impact on the District's financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows.

E. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

F. Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the School District's management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 1, 2023, the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Budgetary Practices - Budgets are presented in the required supplementary information section for the General Fund. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State of South Carolina adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes.

In May of each year, the School District's management submits a proposed budget to the Board for the General Fund. The School District prepares its budget on a basis to conform with GAAP. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing the expenditures. After modifications are made, resulting from discussions between the Board and the School District's management, the Board recommends the General Fund budget to the Dorchester County Council. The School District's policies allow funds to be transferred between functions, but the total budget may not be increased without approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. During the year, no revisions were made to the budget.

The School District's management has the authority to overspend the budget within percentages established by the South Carolina State Department of Education for most state and federally funded projects. The School District may overspend in certain funds as long as funds are available from other areas.

No formally adopted annual budgets are prepared for the Special Revenue Funds; however, budgets are prepared on a grant-by-grant basis. The Capital Projects Fund's revenues and expenditures are not legally adopted but are budgeted on a project-by-project basis. Budgets for the Debt Service Funds are not provided as the provisions of the bond indentures provide adequate control.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities

Note 1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits - custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits might not be recovered. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states that the School District will only use instruments that are collateralized by third parties or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of June 30, 2023, none of the School District's total bank balances of approximately \$17,200,000 (with a carrying value of approximately \$9,200,000) were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities

Note 1. Deposits and Investments, continued

Investments:

At June 30, 2023, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fair Value	Credit	Fair	Investment Ma	turities in Years
Investment Type	Level (1)	Rating ^	Value	< 1 Year	>5 Years
Cash and Investments Held by County Treasurer	N/A	NR, NR	\$ 24,561,295	\$ 24,561,295	\$ -
SC Local Government Investment Pool	N/A ⁽¹⁾	NR, NR	107,373,265	107,373,265	-
CitiGroup Guranteed Investment Contract	N/A	A, A2	8,268,867	-	8,268,867
Total			\$ 140,203,427	\$ 131,934,560	\$ 8,268,867

[^] If available, credit ratings are for Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service.

Interest rate risk:

The School District interest rate risk policy states that the School District will not invest in maturities exceeding 24 months in order to avoid fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The guaranteed investment contract shown above is exempt from this policy as the returns are guaranteed.

Credit risk for investments:

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District does not have an investment policy for credit risk but follows the investment policy statutes of the State of South Carolina.

Custodial credit risk for investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states that the School District will only use instruments that are collateralized by third parties or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of June 30, 2023, none of the School District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk for investments:

The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. Investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are exempt from concentration of credit risk disclosures.

⁽¹⁾ Investments that have a net asset value are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

NR Not rated.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 1. Deposits and Investments, continued

The following table reconciles deposits and investments within the footnotes to the amounts in the financial statements:

Statement of Net Position:

Unrestricted asse	ets:
-------------------	------

\$ 80,962,549
24,561,295
35,641,995
8,268,867
<u>\$ 149,434,706</u>
\$ 9,231,279
140,203,427
<u>\$ 149,434,706</u>

Note 2. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Dorchester County, South Carolina (the "County") is responsible for levying and collecting sufficient property taxes to meet its funding obligation for the School District. This obligation is established each year by the Dorchester County Council and does not necessarily represent actual taxes levied or collected. The property taxes are considered both measurable and available for purposes of recognizing revenue and a receivable from the County at the time they are collected by the County or if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Property taxes are levied and billed by the County on real and personal properties on October 1 based on an assessed value as of the preceding December 31 of approximately \$707 million at rates of 183.6 mills and 65.0 mills for the General Fund and Debt Service - District Fund, respectively. These taxes are due without penalty through January 15.

Penalties are added to taxes depending on the date paid as follows:

January 16 through February 1 - 3% of tax February 2 through March 15 - 10% of tax

After March 15 - 15% of tax plus collection costs

Current year real and personal property taxes become delinquent on March 16. Unpaid property taxes become a lien against the property as of June 1 of the calendar year following the levy date. The levy date for motor vehicles is the first day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires. These taxes are due by the last day of the same month. Taxes receivable include an allowance for uncollectibles of approximately \$1,233,000 and \$453,000 at June 30, 2023 for the General Fund and the Debt Service - District Fund, respectively. Significant allowances for uncollectibles were not necessary for the other receivable accounts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 3. Unearned Revenue and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At June 30, 2023, the various components of unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds are as follows:

Deferred inflows of resources:

Deferred fillions of resources.	
Unavailable delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 1,491,756
Unavailable delinquent property taxes receivable (Debt Service - District Fund)	506,129
Total deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds	\$ 1,997,885
Unearned revenue:	
Unearned revenue from Special Revenue - Special Projects Funds	\$ 509,828
Unearned revenue from Special Revenue - EIA Funds	2,749,133
Unearned revenue from Special Revenue - Food Service Fund	 294,014
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$ 3,552,975

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	June 30, 2023
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, non-depreciable					
	\$ 12,913,660		\$ (900)	•	\$ 12,912,760
Construction in progress	30,702,602	9,036,797		(36,340,987)	3,398,412
Total capital assets,					
non-depreciable	43,616,262	9,036,797	(900)	(36,340,987)	16,311,172
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	485,901,348	636,315	-	36,294,602	522,832,265
Improvements other than buildings	17,287,425	1,415,187	-	46,385	18,748,997
Modular classrooms	4,721,614	-	(28,941)	-	4,692,673
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	23,436,496	2,010,130	(85,559)	-	25,361,067
Aquatic center lease	7,666,668				7,666,668
Total capital assets,					
depreciable	539,013,551	4,061,632	(114,500)	36,340,987	579,301,670
Totals at historical cost	582,629,813	13,098,429	(115,400)		595,612,842
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(153,189,097)	(11,343,356)	-	-	(164,532,453)
Improvements other than buildings	(11,452,115)	(944,585)	-	-	(12,396,700)
Modular classrooms	(4,089,008)	(123,766)	28,941	-	(4,183,833)
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	(16,755,007)	(1,888,823)	85,559		(18,558,271)
Total accumulated depreciation	(185,485,227)	(14,300,530)	114,500	-	(199,671,257)
Accumulated amortization for					
leased assets	(511,112)	(255,556)			(766,668)
Total capital assets, depreciable,					
net	353,017,212	(10,494,454)	<u>-</u>	36,340,987	378,863,745
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 396,633,474	\$ (1,457,657)	\$ (900)	\$ -	\$ 395,174,917

In the year ended June 30, 2023, depreciation expense for governmental activities of approximately \$14,300,000 and amortization expense of approximately \$250,000 were charged to the Support Services function for governmental activities.

The School District has approximately \$27,200,000 in technology and other equipment acquired through equipment use acquisition agreements with total amortization of approximately \$13,600,000 as of June 30, 2023. As the cost of the individual items is below the capitalization threshold, these items are not included in capital assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 5. Aquatic Center Lease

In January 2017, the School District entered into an agreement with the City of North Charleston (the "City") regarding the construction and operation of an aquatic center. As part of the agreement, the School District conveyed approximately 5.5 acres of land to the City where the aquatic center is located which had an estimated value of approximately \$167,000. In addition to contributing the land, the School District made a defined contribution of \$7.5 million, which was issued as General Obligation Bonds, Series 2017 in March 2017. The City contributed land and the balance of the construction funds needed to finish the aquatic center. The aquatic center is owned and operated by the City with the City providing all necessary staffing, maintenance, insurance, operation and management of the aquatic center. In addition, the City will retain all revenues associated with the aquatic center.

An operations period lease ("lease") of 30 years was executed between the City and the School District in July 2020 upon substantial completion of the aquatic center with the sole rental payment for the lease being the contribution of the land and \$7.5 million from the School District discussed above. At least one year prior to expiration of the lease, the City and the School District will negotiate a possible extension or renewal of the lease.

The estimated value of the contributed land of approximately \$167,000 plus the total cash contributions of approximately \$7,500,000 are reported as a right-to-use asset within capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The right-to-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the 30-year term of the lease. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$255,556. As the lease payment was paid in full at the beginning of the lease, there is no related lease liability as of June 30, 2023 in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 6. Short-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of the changes in the School District's short-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2022	 Additions	 Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2023
Governmental activities						
May 2022 GO Bonds, Series 2022A	\$	2,079,000	\$ -	\$ 2,079,000	\$	-
September 2022 GO Bonds, Series 2022B		-	26,914,000	26,914,000		-
May 2023 GO Bonds, Series 2023A			7,726,000			7,726,000
Total governmental activities	\$	2,079,000	\$ 34,640,000	\$ 28,993,000	\$	7,726,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 6. Short-Term Obligations, continued

The School District issued two series of short-term General Obligation bonds in fiscal year 2023. Series 2022B was issued in September 2022 with a par amount of \$26,914,000 and included a premium of approximately \$200,000 for the purpose of making the base lease payments to GROWTH, making the principal and interest payments on the equipment acquisition use agreements, funding various larger repairs, maintenance, or other facility projects, and to pay the costs of issuance on the bonds. Series 2022B was repaid in March 2023, including interest of approximately \$475,000, utilizing Debt Service - District Fund property tax revenues. General Obligation Series 2023A was issued in May 2023 with a par amount of \$7,726,000 and included a premium of approximately \$105,000 for the purpose of making required payments to GROWTH for its debt service, funding various larger repairs, maintenance or other facility projects, and paying the costs of issuance of the debt. The Series 2023A bonds are outstanding as of June 30, 2023. Principal and interest are due in full on March 1, 2024. The premiums, if any, have been netted against interest expenditures in the financial statements. The School District also repaid the \$2,079,000 Series 2022A bonds (issued in May 2022) in March 2023, including interest of approximately \$29,000. None of the School District's debt issuances were direct issuances of the School District, and no unusual events of default or termination exist for these debt issuances. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations

The School District issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for its governmental activities. None of the School District's debt issuances were direct issuances of the School District, and no unusual events of default or termination exist for these debt issuances. General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Equipment Use Acquisition Agreement obligations are special obligations of the School District payable from the general revenues of the School District. Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds are issued through a trustee of the District and annual payments are subject to annual appropriation. The full faith, credit, and taxing powers of the School District are not pledged for the payment of Equipment Use Acquisition Agreement obligations or installment purchase revenue bonds nor the interest thereon. The Equipment Use Acquisition Agreement obligations and Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds are collateralized by the assets acquired with their proceeds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations, continued

General Obligation and Installment Purchase Revenue bonds at June 30, 2023, were comprised of the following:

	Interest			Outstanding at
Issue	Rates	Maturity	Original Issue	June 30, 2023
General Obligation Bonds				
December 2009; Series D*	1.60%	2025	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
February 2014; Series A**	5.00%	2024	140,000,000	5,680,000
August 2015; Series B	2.00-5.00%	2033	39,910,000	33,925,000
March 2017; Series A	3.00-5.00%	2033	6,945,000	5,120,000
June 2021; Series 2021	1.88%	2033	134,300,000	129,268,744
July 2021; Series 2021B*	1.153%	2031	10,058,087	6,729,688
Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds				
June 2013; GROWTH Refunding	3.00-5.00%	2030	96,205,000	50,570,000
April 2015; GROWTH Refunding	0.55-5.00%	2031	41,900,000	35,980,000
			\$ 479,318,087	\$ 277,273,432

^{*} Applicable to the 8% Debt Limit

Equipment Use Acquisition Agreement obligations at June 30, 2023, were comprised of the following:

Interest			Ou	itstanding at
Rates	Maturity	Original Issue	Ju	ne 30, 2023
1.670%	2025	\$ 16,074,613	\$	2,874,563
0.607%	2024	4,100,000		1,372,179
1.299%	2031	7,048,573		5,668,166
3.470%	2033	3,725,000		3,725,000
		\$ 30,948,186	\$	13,639,908
	1.670% 0.607% 1.299%	Rates Maturity 1.670% 2025 0.607% 2024 1.299% 2031	Rates Maturity Original Issue 1.670% 2025 \$ 16,074,613 0.607% 2024 4,100,000 1.299% 2031 7,048,573 3.470% 2033 3,725,000	Rates Maturity Original Issue Jul. 1.670% 2025 \$ 16,074,613 \$ 0.6074,613

^{**} Bond was partially refunded during fiscal year 2021. The original interest rates were 2.00-5.00% and original maturity in 2033.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations, continued

The following is a summary of changes in the School District's governmental activities long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

					Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2023	One Year
Governmental activities					
Debt:					
General obligation bonds:					
December 2009: Series D	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -
February 2014: Series A	10,305,000	-	4,625,000	5,680,000	5,680,000
August 2015: Series B	35,310,000	-	1,385,000	33,925,000	1,520,000
March 2017: Series A	5,515,000	-	395,000	5,120,000	415,000
June 2021, Series 2021	131,156,000	-	1,887,256	129,268,744	1,923,073
July 2021, Series 2021B	7,528,087	-	798,399	6,729,688	807,658
Installment purchase revenue bonds	••				
June 2013: GROWTH Refunding	58,490,000	_	7,920,000	50,570,000	8,375,000
April 2015: GROWTH Refunding	36,920,000	_	940,000	35,980,000	920,000
Total bonded debt	295,224,087		17,950,655	277,273,432	19,640,731
	233,224,001		17,550,055	211,213,432	15,040,751
Premiums:					
June 2013: GROWTH Refunding	5,340,620	-	821,633	4,518,987	-
February 2014: Series A	3,579,307	-	2,805,991	773,316	-
April 2015: GROWTH Refunding	2,247,058	-	256,806	1,990,252	-
August 2015: Series B	1,086,776	-	99,461	987,315	-
March 2017: Series A	445,328		41,749	403,579	
Total premiums	12,699,089		4,025,640	8,673,449	
Total net debt	307,923,176		21,976,295	285,946,881	19,640,731
Equipment use acquisition	16,403,984	3,725,000	6,489,076	13,639,908	3,792,457
Compensated absences	7,342,906	6,555,797	5,870,291	8,028,412	6,563,578
companion about	,,5 .2,500	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total governmental activities	\$ 331,670,066	<u>\$ 10,280,797</u>	\$ 34,335,662	<u>\$ 307,615,201</u>	\$ 29,996,766

The Debt Service Funds have been used to service all long-term obligations. The General Fund and Food Service Fund have been used in prior years to liquidate compensated absences.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations, continued

The GROWTH bonds were issued pursuant to a School Facilities Purchase and Occupancy Agreement (the "Facilities Agreement") and evidence proportionate interests of the owners in certain rental payments to be made by the School District under the terms of a Base Lease Agreement between the School District and GROWTH dated March 15, 2004. The School District will purchase the Capital Projects from GROWTH pursuant to the Facilities Agreement, which will obligate the School District to make semiannual installment payments to GROWTH in amounts calculated to be sufficient to enable GROWTH to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding bonds. The School District's obligations under the Facilities Agreement are from year to year only and do not constitute a mandatory payment obligation of the School District in any fiscal year in which funds are not appropriated by the School District to pay the installment payments of purchase price due in such fiscal year. However, the School District would forfeit possession of the Facilities for the remainder of the term of the Lease. It is anticipated that the payments will be funded by the School District by the future issuance of short-term general obligation bonds. Upon the termination/completion of the School Facilities Purchase and Occupancy Agreements, the School District will own all of the capital assets financed by the Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds.

In March 2020, the GROWTH bonds were refinanced through the Series 2023 Installment Purchase Revenue Refunding Bonds. These bonds were issued via a forward delivery agreement where a fixed tax-exempt rate of interest was locked in on the closing date but funds are not delivered until a future date. These bonds were closed in March 2020 but will not be delivered until December 1, 2023. The par amount of these bonds is \$77,652,000 and will be used to pay costs of issuance as well as the remaining principal balance on the existing GROWTH bonds at the date of delivery. The Series 2023 bonds mature on December 1, 2030 and have a fixed tax-exempt interest rate of 1.79%.

The GROWTH bonds are not a debt of the School District; however, as GROWTH is blended with the operations of the School District, the debt of GROWTH is included with the School District's other obligations as required by GAAP.

Section 15 of Article X of the South Carolina State Constitution allows school districts to incur a legal debt limit not to exceed 8% of the assessed value of all property in the School District (as of the date of debt issuance), unless approved by a majority vote in a referendum authorized by law. As of June 30, 2023, the School District had approximately \$24,500,000 (including \$7,726,000 in short-term debt outstanding) of bonded debt subject to the 8% limit of approximately \$56,500,000 resulting in an unused legal debt margin of approximately \$32,000,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations, continued

Qualified School Construction Bonds

The School District issued \$10,000,000 in Qualified School Construction Bonds ("QSCB") in December 2009 for the purpose of providing funds to pay the cost of acquisition and construction of a new elementary school and to pay the costs of issuance of the QSCBs. The full \$10,000,000 in principal on this QSCB is due on March 15, 2025. The School District entered into an Escrow and Paying Agent Agreement with Regions Bank in December 2010 for the purpose of establishing a sinking fund to accumulate assets to be used for the retirement of this debt at maturity. In accordance with the terms of this agreement, the District will make annual deposits to Regions Bank to be held by them in a sinking fund until maturity. The funds on deposit have been invested with Citigroup Global Markets Inc. ("Citi") pursuant to a Master Repurchase Agreement between Regions Bank and Citi, with the Bank of New York Mellon as custodian. The first deposit of \$50,000 was made in March 2011 and the District began making annual deposits of \$560,876 in March 2012 which will continue through March 2025. The School District anticipates that amounts on deposit plus the expected yield (investment earnings) of these funds on deposit will produce an amount equal to the required principal payment due in March 2025 of \$10,000,000. The balance in the escrow sinking fund account at June 30, 2023 was approximately \$8,269,000 and is included in with the School District's Restricted Investments in the Statement of Net Position.

Expected remaining annual deposits to the sinking fund escrow account are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>
2024	\$ 560,876
2025	560,876
	\$ 1,121,752

Advance Refunding

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District issued \$134,300,000 in General Obligation refunding bonds, series 2021A, at par, with a coupon rate of 1.88% and an effective rate of 1.45%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$119,575,000 of outstanding 2014A General Obligation Bonds which had interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$134,014,972 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, \$119,575,000 of the 2014A Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The acquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the previous debt by \$14,439,972. The School District refunded the bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over 13 years by \$9,846,791 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$8,764,945.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations, continued

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for all governmental activities long-term debt (including equipment use acquisition agreements and excluding discount/premium amortization) as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 23,433,188	\$ 8,064,688	\$ 31,497,876
2025	33,881,916	7,192,493	41,074,409
2026	24,070,769	6,306,528	30,377,297
2027	25,763,266	5,583,793	31,347,059
2028	27,512,941	4,796,980	32,309,921
2029-2033	<u> 156,251,260</u>	11,523,855	167,775,115
	<u>\$ 290,913,340</u>	\$ 43,468,337	\$334,381,677

Note 8. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 (which are expected to be received or paid within one year), consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
General fund	\$ 24,519,266	\$ 14,183,341
Special revenue funds:		
Special projects	5,900,710	15,166,405
EIA	2,765,639	-
School food service	5,516,992	-
Education foundation	-	4,201
Debt service fund – district	-	5,805
Capital projects fund	_	9,342,855
Total for primary government	<u>\$ 38,702,607</u>	\$ 38,702,607

The General Fund receivable is a result of financing programs in other funds. Payroll for teachers' salaries, as well as salaries for support staff and payments for other operating costs are paid by the General Fund for the Special Revenue Funds and the Capital Projects Fund resulting in a receivable until claims are filed and reimbursements received. The General Fund payable represents revenues deposited in the School District's central bank account for other funds. The Special Revenue Funds' receivables are a result of funds deposited in the School District's central bank account for other funds. The Special Revenue Funds' and Capital Projects Fund's payables are a result of items paid by the General Fund, but unreimbursed as of June 30, 2023. All balances are expected to be repaid within one year and are repaid when claims are filed or reimbursements are received.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 9. Transfers In and Out

Transfers from (to) other funds for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 20,891,755	\$ 2,091,439
Special Revenue Fund - Special Projects Fund	2,545,720	2,655,831
Special Revenue Fund - Education Improvement Act Fund	-	18,798,483
Special Revenue Fund - School Food Service	223,181	114,903
Debt Service Fund - District	-	28,141,823
Debt Service Fund - GROWTH	12,710,695	-
Capital Projects Fund	15,431,128	
Total transfers	\$ 51,802,479	\$ 51,802,479

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 9. Transfers In and Out, continued

Interfund transfers typically include funding allowed for indirect costs, required matches, supplemental funding, state cuts, and accounting practice. The transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

General Fund

Transfers in: Funds were transferred into the General Fund from the Special Revenue Funds for EIA and

Special Revenue flexibility, indirect costs, and to cover allowable payroll expenditures which

were made out of the General Fund for ease of administration.

Transfers out: Funds were transferred from the General Fund into other funds to cover shortfalls in federal or

state Special Revenue programs.

Special Revenue Funds

Transfers in: Funds are transferred into the Special Revenue Funds to cover shortfalls in federal or state

Special Revenue programs.

Transfers out: The Special Revenue Funds' transfers out are primarily related to Special Revenue and EIA

flexibility transfers, indirect costs, and allowable payroll expenditures which were made out of

the General Fund for ease of administration.

Debt Service Fund

Transfers in: Funds were transferred into the Debt Service - GROWTH Fund from the Debt Service - District

Fund to make the payments for GROWTH.

Transfers out: The Debt Service - District Fund transferred a portion of the proceeds from short-term General

Obligation Bond issues to the Debt Service - GROWTH Fund to make the payments on GROWTH installment purchase revenue bonds and to the Capital Projects Fund to partially fund ongoing

construction projects.

Capital Projects Fund

Transfers in: Funds were transferred into the Capital Projects Fund from the Debt Service - District Fund to

partially fund ongoing construction projects.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds and Activities, Continued

Note 10. Food Service

<u>Federal Guidelines</u> - The School District's Food Service Fund administers the breakfast and lunch programs in accordance with USDA guidelines. Revenues are provided from USDA reimbursements and cash collections. Within the Food Service Fund, meals served to pupils are classified as regular, reduced or free. The type of meal served determines the amount of reimbursement from the USDA. Reimbursements may be in the form of cash or commodities. The Food Service expenses are inclusive of approximately \$868,000 of commodities consumed during the year ended June 30, 2023.

IV. Other Information

Note 11. Retirement Plans

Description of the entity:

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various retirement systems and benefit programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' ("Systems") five defined benefit pension plans.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The ACFR is publicly available on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the ACFR for the state.

Plan descriptions:

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost—sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts and participating charter schools, public higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and first-term individuals elected to the South Carolina General Assembly.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Plan descriptions, continued:

The State Optional Retirement Program ("State ORP") is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to newly hired state, public higher education, institution and public school district employees, as well as first-term individuals elected to the South Carolina General Assembly. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into an account administered by one of four third party service providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the four third party service providers. For this reason, State ORP assets are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost—sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate judges and magistrates.

Membership:

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

SCRS - Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and first-term individuals elected to the South Carolina General Assembly. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

State ORP - As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public higher education institution and public school district employees, as well as first-term individuals elected to the South Carolina General Assembly have the option to participate in the State ORP. Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employer to the member's account with the ORP service provider for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

PORS - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Benefits:

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Contributions:

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Employee contribution rates are capped at 9.00 percent for SCRS and 9.75 percent for PORS. In accordance with the legislative funding schedule, employer contribution rates will continue to increase by 1 percentage point each year until reaching 18.56 percent for SCRS and 21.24 percent for PORS but may be increased further, if the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the amortization period set in statute.

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85 percent.

Required <u>employee</u> contribution rates¹ are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2023 ¹	Fiscal Year 2022 ¹
SCRS		
Employee Class Two	9.00%	9.00%
Employee Class Three	9.00%	9.00%
State ORP		
Employee	9.00%	9.00%
PORS		
Employee Class Two	9.75%	9.75%
Employee Class Three	9.75%	9.75%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Contributions, continued:

Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates¹ are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2023 ¹	Fiscal Year 2022 ¹
SCRS		
Employer Class Two	17.41%	16.41%
Employer Class Three	17.41%	16.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%
State ORP		
Employer Contribution ²	17.41%	16.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%
PORS		
Employer Class Two	19.84%	18.84%
Employer Class Three	19.84%	18.84%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20%	0.20%
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20%	0.20%

¹ Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

Contributions to the SCRS, ORP, and PORS pension plans from the District were \$24,447,235 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Non-employer contributions:

Employer's proportionate shares were calculated on the basis of employer contributions remitted to the plan by employers and non-employer contributions appropriated in the State's budget. In an effort to offset a portion of the burden of the increased contribution requirement for employers, the General Assembly provided funding in fiscal years 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022 for credit towards employer contributions for most employers participating in SCRS. For the year ended June 30, 2022 measurement period, PEBA provided non-employer contributions to the District in the amount of \$1,251,979 which is shown as a reduction of net pension liability and other grant revenue in the year ended June 30, 2023 financial statements, which are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Pension expense:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$20,984,366 and \$83,645 for the SCRS and PORS plans at the measurement date of June 30, 2022, respectively.

² Of this employer contribution, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP service provider to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability ("NPL") are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ended June 30, 2019.

The June 30, 2022, total pension liability ("TPL"), NPL, and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the Systems' consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021. The TPL was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2022, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There was no legislation enacted during the 2022 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions for any of the Systems.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2022.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return ¹	7%	7%
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 11.0% (varies by service) ¹	3.5% to 10.5% (varies by service) ¹
Benefitadjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	Lessor of 1% or \$500 annually

¹ Includes inflation at 2.25%

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Actuarial assumptions and methods, continued:

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2022, TPL are as follows.

Former Job Class Males		Females
Educators	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 95%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 94%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 97%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2020 PRSC Males multiplied by 127%	2020 PRSC Females multiplied by 107%

Net pension liability:

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2022, for SCRS and PORS are presented below.

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 56,454,779,872	\$32,212,626,932	\$ 24,242,152,940	57.1%
PORS	8,937,686,946	5,938,707,767	2,998,979,179	66.4%

The TPL is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$286,263,355 and \$1,108,314 for its proportionate share of the SCRS and PORS NPL, respectively, for the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The District's proportionate share of the NPL was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2023, the District's proportionate share of the SCRS and PORS plans at the measurement date of June 30, 2022 were 1.18% and 0.04%, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

<u>Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources:</u>

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	sc	SCRS	
	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows	Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,487,094	\$ 1,247,526	
Changes of assumptions	9,181,138	-	
Net difference between projected and actual	-,,		
earnings on pension plan investments	441,475	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District	, -		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	552,946	4,269,948	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,313,537	-	
Total	\$ 36,976,190	\$ 5,517,474	
	PC	DRS	
	PC Deferred	DRS Deferred	
		Deferred Inflows	
	Deferred	Deferred	
Differences between expected and actual experience	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 18,595	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 18,595	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 18,595 46,152	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 18,595 46,152	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 18,595 46,152 3,346	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 21,910	

The District reported \$24,313,537 and \$133,698 as of June 30, 2023 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

<u>Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, continued:</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively:

Year ended June 30:	SCRS
2024	\$ 4,169,739
2025	2,125,325
2026	(6,615,450)
2027	7,465,56 <u>5</u>
	\$ 7,145,17 <u>9</u>
Year ended June 30:	PORS
2024	\$ (6,209)
2025	45,468
2026	1,696
2027	43,079
	\$ 84,034

Long-term expected rate of return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2022 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Long-term expected rate of return, continued:

Allocation/Exposure	Policy target	Expected a rithmetic real r ate of return	Long-term expected portfolio real rate of return
Public Equity	46.0%	6.79%	3.12%
Bonds	26.0%	(0.35)%	(0.09)%
Private Equity ¹	9.0%	8.75%	0.79%
Private Debt ¹	7.0%	6.00%	0.42%
Real Assets:			
Real Estate ¹	9.0%	4.12%	0.37%
Infrastructure ¹	3.0%	5.88%	0.18%
Total expected return ²	100.0%		4.79%
Inflation for actuarial purposes			2.25%
			7.04%

¹ RSIC staff and consultant will notify the Commission if the collective exposure to Private Equity, Private Debt and Private Real Assets exceeds 30 percent of total plan assets.

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

² Portable Alpha Strategies, which are not included in the Policy Target, will be capped at 12% of total assets; hedge funds (including all hedge funds used in portable alpha implementation) are capped at 15% of total assets.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 11. Retirement Plans, continued

Sensitivity analysis:

The following table presents the collective NPL of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the District's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate			
System	1.00% Decrease (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1.00% Increase (8%)
SCRS	\$ 367,024,941	\$ 286,263,355	\$ 219,120,585
PORS	\$ 1,545,478	\$ 1,108,314	\$ 750,455

Additional financial and actuarial information:

Information contained in this Note was compiled from the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the accounting valuation report as of June 30, 2022. Additional financial information supporting the preparation of the Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations and Scheduled of Pension Amounts by Employer (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements and required supplementary information) is available in the Systems' ACFR.

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits

General information:

The District also participates in the State of South Carolina's employee insurance programs. As previously discussed, PEBA – Insurance Benefits is a state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other post-employment benefits trusts and retirement systems and is considered a division of the State of South Carolina primary government (the "State"), and therefore, the financial information of the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF") is also included in the ACFR of the State.

Plan descriptions:

The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts"), collectively refers to the SCRHITF and the SCLTDITF, were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective in May, 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability Income Benefit Plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Plan descriptions, continued:

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA – Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The Board of Directors of PEBA has been designated as the Trustee.

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plan, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health, and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents.

Benefits:

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability.

Contributions and funding policies:

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires these postemployment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through non-employer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA - Insurance Benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Contributions and funding policies, continued:

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The covered payroll surcharge for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the measurement period, was 6.25 percent. The South Carolina Retirement System collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include the implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the health care expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree health care expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Non-employer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact it has had on the PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves, the General Assembly has indefinitely suspended the statutorily required transfer until further notice. The SCRHITF is also funded through investment income.

The SCLTDITF is funded through employer contributions for active employees that elect health insurance coverage. For this group of active employees, PEBA – Insurance Benefits bills and collects premiums charged to State agencies, public school districts and other participating local governments. The monthly premium per active employee was \$3.22 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the measurement period. The SCLTDITF premium is billed monthly by PEBA – Insurance Benefits and transferred monthly to the SCLTDITF. It is also funded through investment income.

The allocation percentage of the OPEB amounts are calculated differently for each OPEB Trust. For the SCRHITF, the allocation percentage is based on the covered payroll surcharge contribution for each employer. Please note that actual covered payroll contributions received from SCRS for the fiscal year 2022 totaled \$615,405,810. However, the covered payroll contributions total includes prior year covered payroll contribution adjustments and true-ups that net to a total of \$1,094,627.

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from non-employer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Contributions and funding policies, continued:

Contributions to the SCRHITF and SCLTDITF plans from the District were \$9,547,717 and \$121,841, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2022 (the measurement period), which were used in the determination of employers' proportionate shares of collective OPEB amounts reported at the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Net OPEB liability and OPEB expense:

The Net OPEB Liability ("NOL") is calculated separately for each OPEB Trust Fund and represents that particular Trust's Total OPEB Liability ("TOL") determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less that Trust's fiduciary net position. The allocation of each employer's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability and collective OPEB Expense was determined using the employer's payroll-related contributions over the measurement period. This method is expected to be reflective of the employer's long-term contribution effort as well as be transparent to individual employers and their external auditors.

The following table represents the components of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, and 2017:

SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE TRUST FUND
--

Fiscal Year Ending	Tot	al OPEB Liability	Pla	n Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability
June 30, 2022	\$	16,835,502,593	\$	1,623,661,403	\$ 15,211,841,190	9.64%
June 30, 2021	\$	22,506,597,989	\$	1,683,416,992	\$ 20,823,180,997	7.48%
June 30, 2020	\$	19,703,745,672	\$	1,652,299,185	\$ 18,051,446,487	8.39%
June 30, 2019	\$	16,516,264,617	\$	1,394,740,049	\$ 15,121,524,568	8.44%
June 30, 2018	\$	15,387,115,010	\$	1,216,530,062	\$ 14,170,584,948	7.91%
June 30, 2017	\$	14,659,610,970	\$	1,114,774,760	\$ 13,544,836,210	7.60%

SOUTH CAROLINA LONG-TERM INSURANCE DISABILITY TRUST FUND

Total	OPEB Liability	Plar	n Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability	Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability
\$	46,410,320	\$	34,824,847	\$	11,585,473	75.04%
\$	44,378,931	\$	41,201,247	\$	3,177,684	92.84%
\$	42,782,316	\$	42,479,106	\$	303,210	99.29%
\$	40,743,755	\$	38,775,500	\$	1,968,255	95.17%
\$	39,261,091	\$	36,199,863	\$	3,061,228	92.20%
\$	38,510,568	\$	36,697,589	\$	1,812,979	95.29%
	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 44,378,931 \$ 42,782,316 \$ 40,743,755 \$ 39,261,091	\$ 46,410,320 \$ \$ 44,378,931 \$ \$ 42,782,316 \$ \$ 40,743,755 \$ \$ 39,261,091 \$	\$ 46,410,320 \$ 34,824,847 \$ 44,378,931 \$ 41,201,247 \$ 42,782,316 \$ 42,479,106 \$ 40,743,755 \$ 38,775,500 \$ 39,261,091 \$ 36,199,863	Total OPEB Liability Position \$ 46,410,320 \$ 34,824,847 \$ \$ 44,378,931 \$ 41,201,247 \$ \$ 42,782,316 \$ 42,479,106 \$ \$ 40,743,755 \$ 38,775,500 \$ \$ 39,261,091 \$ 36,199,863 \$	Total OPEB Liability Position Liability \$ 46,410,320 \$ 34,824,847 \$ 11,585,473 \$ 44,378,931 \$ 41,201,247 \$ 3,177,684 \$ 42,782,316 \$ 42,479,106 \$ 303,210 \$ 40,743,755 \$ 38,775,500 \$ 1,968,255 \$ 39,261,091 \$ 36,199,863 \$ 3,061,228

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Net OPEB liability and OPEB expense, continued:

The TOL is calculated by the Trusts' actuary, and each Trust's fiduciary net position is reported in the Trust's financial statements. The NOL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB No. 74 in the Trusts' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Trusts' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 74 and 75 and are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the Trusts' funding requirements.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$227,868,513 and \$137,567 for its proportionate share of the SCRHITF and SCLTDITF net OPEB liabilities, respectively, measured at June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the District's proportionate share of the SCRHITF and SCLTDITF plans' net OPEB liabilities measured as of June 30, 2022 were 1.50 percent and 1.19 percent, respectively. The District's proportionate share of the SCRHITF plan increased 0.03 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021 while the District's proportionate share of the SCLTDITF plan remained consistent with its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$13,353,331 and \$113,876 for the SCRHITF and SCLTDITF plans for its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2022, respectively.

Actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the type of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Actuarial assumptions and methods, continued:

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for **SCRHITF**:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry – Age Normal

Inflation: 2.25%

Investment Rate of Return: 2.75%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense; including inflation

Single Discount Rate: 3.69% as of June 30, 2022

Demographic Assumptions: Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina

Retirement Systems for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2019

Mortality: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct South Carolina Retirees 2020

Mortality Tables are used with multipliers based on plan experience; the rates are projected on a fully generational basis using 80% of the ultimate

rates of Scale MP-2019 to account for future mortality.

Health Care Trend Rate: Initial trend starting at 6.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate

trend rate of 4.00% over a period of 15 years

Retiree Participation: 79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums

59% participation for retirees who are eligible for Partial

Funded Premiums

20% participation for retirees who are eligible for Non-

Funded Premiums

Notes: The discount rate changed from 1.92% as of June 30, 2021

to 3.69% as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Actuarial assumptions and methods, continued:

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for SCLTDITF:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry – Age Normal

Inflation: 2.25%

Investment Rate of Return: 3.00%, net of Plan investment expense; including inflation

Single Discount Rate: 3.41% as of June 30, 2022

Salary, Termination, and Based on the experience study performed for the South

Retirement Rates: Carolina Retirement Systems for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2019
Disability Incidence: The disability incidence rates used in the valuation are 165% of the rates

developed for the South Carolina Retirement Systems pension plans

Disability Recovery: For participants in payment, 1987 CGDT Group Disability; for active

employees, 60% were assumed to recover after the first year and 93%

were assumed to recover after the first two years

Offsets: 45% are assumed to be eligible for Social Security benefits; assumed

percentage who will be eligible for a pension plan offset varies based on

employee group

Expenses: Third party administrative expenses were included in the

benefit projections

Notes: The discount rate changed from 2.48% as of June 30, 2021

to 3.41% as of June 30, 2022. Additionally, the salary, termination, and retirement rates assumptions were updated to reflect the 2020 experience study for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' pension valuations, and the disability incidence, disability recovery, and administration fee and offset assumptions were updated to better reflect

the plan's anticipated experience.

The actuarial valuations were performed as of June 30, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liabilities to June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Single discount rate:

The Single Discount Rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the plan's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of one percent).

A Single Discount Rate of 3.41% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCLTDITF. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on plan investments of 3.00% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that employer contributions will remain at \$38.64 per year for each covered active employee. Based on these assumptions, the plan's Fiduciary Net Position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to project benefit payments through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Long-term expected rate of return:

The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

SCRHITF

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Allocation- Weighted Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Domestic Fixed Income	80.00%	0.95%	0.76%
Cash equivalents	20.00%	0.35%	0.07%
Total	100.00%		0.83%
Expected Inflation			2.25%
Total Return			3.08%
Investment Return Assumption			2.75%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Long-term expected rate of return, continued:

SCLTDITF

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Allocation- Weighted Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Domestic Fixed Income	80.00%	0.95%	0.76%
Cash equivalents	20.00%	0.35%	0.07%
Total	100.00%		0.83%
Expected Inflation			2.25%
Total Return			3.08%
Investment Return Assumption			3.00%

Sensitivity analysis:

The following tables present the District's proportionate share of the SCRHITF's net OPEB liability calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.69%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher. In addition, regarding the sensitivity of the SCRHITF's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following table presents the District's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher.

	1	L% Decrease 2.69%	D	Current iscount Rate 3.69%	1% Increase 4.69%		
SCRHITF Net OPEB Liability	\$	269,402,207	\$	227,868,513	\$	194,490,539	
	1	L% Decrease		rent Healthcare est Trend Rate		1% Increase	
SCRHITF Net OPEB Liability	\$	187,399,578	\$	227,868,513	\$	275,118,198	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Sensitivity analysis, continued:

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the SCLTDITF's net OPEB liability calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.41%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease 2.41%		Discount Rate 3.41%		1% Increase 4.41%	
SCLTDITF Net OPEB Liability	\$	159,422	\$	137,567	\$	116,430

The SCLTDITF's net OPEB liability is not affected by changes in the healthcare cost trend rates due to the method used to calculate benefit payments. Therefore, the sensitivity to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates have not been calculated.

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SCR	<u>HITF</u>	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 4,890,921 51,378,476	\$ 20,036,051 73,247,355	
earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District	1,791,710	-	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,448,684 <u>9,547,717</u>	9,962,369 	
Total	<u>\$ 72,057,508</u>	<u>\$ 103,245,775</u>	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, continued:

		SCLT	DITF	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	36,459	\$	24,472
Changes of assumptions		27,516		19,564
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		45,442		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		4,660
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		121,841		
Total	\$	231,258	\$	48,696

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported \$9,547,717 and \$121,841 as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the SCRHITF and SCLTDITF plans, respectively, which will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	SCRHITF
Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (6,465,347)
2025	(4,068,729)
2026	(3,584,940)
2027	(4,593,908)
Thereafter	(22,023,060)
	<u>\$ (40,735,984</u>)
	SCLTDITF
Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 7,180
2025	10,820
2026	17,907
2027	14,507
Thereafter	10,307
	<u>\$ 60,721</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 12. Other Postemployment Benefits, continued

Additional financial and actuarial information:

Information contained in these notes were compiled from the OPEB Trust Funds audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022. Additional financial is available in the OPEB Trust Funds audited financial statements.

Note 13. Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees' and natural disasters. The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health and dental coverage and is partially self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability, auto, and property and casualty. Because of the high cost of insurance purchased from commercial insurers, the School District has chosen to participate with other school districts in the State in the South Carolina School Boards Insurance Trust/Property and Casualty Pool ("SCSBIT/PCP") and the South Carolina School Board Insurance Trust/Workers' Compensation Pool ("SCSBIT/WCP"). These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for member school districts. The School District pays annual premiums to the public entity risk pools for its property liability insurance coverage based upon property values of the School District for the plan year and for its workers' compensation insurance coverage based upon the total payroll of the School District for each plan year. The agreement for formation of the public entity risk pools provide that SCSBIT/PCP and SCSBIT/WCP will be self-sustaining through member premiums and any deficiencies can be charged back to the member school districts in the event that a fund deficit arises. As of the latest available audited financial statements, June 30, 2022, the SCSBIT/PCP had a net position of approximately \$51,140,000 and SCSBIT/WCP had a net position of approximately \$57,206,000. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage.

As noted above, the School District is partially self-insured related to risks associated with workers' compensation. The School District has a \$100,000 per claim deductible with the insurance provider paying claims that are in excess of \$100,000 per claim. The School District has recorded an estimated liability of approximately \$1,178,000 for incurred but unpaid claims at June 30, 2023, which is based on GASB Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for claims be recorded if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicate that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. This amount is included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses in the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 13. Risk Management, continued

Changes in the balances of estimated unpaid claims for workers' compensation during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Unpaid Claims at Beginning of Fiscal Year		Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim ayments	Unpaid Claims at End of Fiscal Year	
2023	\$	1,049,093	\$	810,684	\$	(681,919) \$	1,177,858	
2022		1,236,814		457,238		(644,959)	1,049,093	

The School District is also partially self-insured related to risks associated with general liability, auto, and property and casualty. The School District has a \$100,000 per claim deductible for property insurance and a \$25,000 deductible for general liability insurance with the insurance provider paying claims that are in excess of these amounts per claim. The School District has recorded an estimated liability of approximately \$366,500 for incurred but unpaid claims at June 30, 2023. This amount is included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses in the Statement of Net Position.

Changes in the balances of estimated unpaid claims for property damage and general liability claims during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Unpaid Claims at eginning of Fiscal Year	Current Y Claims a Changes Estimat	nd in	Claim Payments	Unpaid Claims at End of Fiscal Year	
2023	\$	221,864	\$ 595	,359 \$	(450,691)	\$ 366,	532
2022		338,598	(99)	,235)	(17,499)	221,	864

Note 14. Contingencies and Commitments

<u>Litigation:</u>

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the School District. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the School District's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

Commitments:

In June 2021, the School District entered into an agreement for information technology consulting services for a period of three years; however, the contract was terminated early after due notice on October 6, 2023. Education Technology Services was brought in-house effective in the new school year. As of June 30, 2023, the only remaining commitment for this agreement was \$710,000 to be paid for the remaining time frame.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

IV. Other Information, Continued

Note 15. Grants

The School District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of program expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 16. Arbitrage Rebate

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Positive arbitrage is the excess of (1) the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over (2) the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield of the bond issue. In order to comply with the arbitrage rebate requirement, positive arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five-year anniversary date of the bond issue. As of June 30, 2023, there was no arbitrage rebate liability.

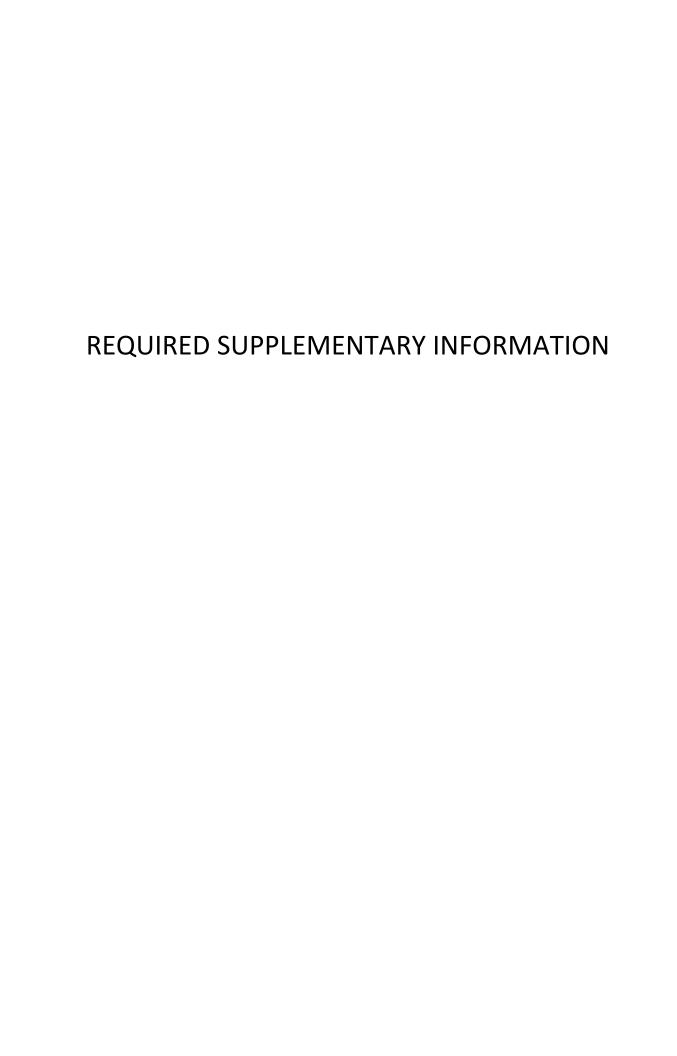
Note 17. Tax Abatements

The School District is subject to tax abatements entered into by Dorchester County (the "County"). The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses through the Fee in Lieu of Ad Valorem Tax ("FILOT") program under the Title 12, Chapter 44 "Fee in Lieu of Tax Simplification Act" and the related Special Source Revenue Credit ("SSRC") program under Title 4, Chapter 29 "Industrial Development Projects" of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended. Under the FILOT program, taxpayers are eligible to receive a reduction in property taxes, through reduced assessed values and locked millage rates, if they enter into an agreement with the County and invest at least \$2.5 million in taxable property (or some other negotiated investment floor) in the County within a 5-year period. The amount of the tax abatement is determined by applying the reduced assessment rate and locked millage rate to the total taxable values of the taxpayer. Under the SSRC program, taxpayers are eligible to receive a reduction in property taxes, through bill credits, if the taxpayer is located in a Multi-County Industrial Park ("MCIP"), and infrastructure credits are granted as part of the FILOT program agreements. The amount of the tax abatement is generally determined by multiplying the agreed-upon SSRC percentage by the FILOT. These abatements may be granted to businesses located within or promising to relocate to the County.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School District's property taxes abated by agreements entered into by the County totaled approximately \$5,214,000.

Note 18. Subsequent Events

The School District issued short-term General Obligation Bonds, Series 2023B, in September 2023. The bonds were issued at a par amount of \$33,724,000 with a premium of approximately \$200,000 and a 5.0% coupon rate for the purpose of making the base lease payments to GROWTH, making the principal and interest payments on the equipment acquisition use agreements, funding various larger repairs, maintenance, or other facility projects, and to pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. The principal and interest are due in full on March 1, 2024.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts			V	ariance with
	 Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues							
Local property taxes	\$ 61,689,560	\$	61,689,560	\$	65,965,571	\$	4,276,011
Interest	43,000		43,000		2,139,333		2,096,333
Other local	 1,011,000		1,011,000		1,532,889		521,889
Total local	62,743,560		62,743,560		69,637,793		6,894,233
State	154,440,694		154,440,694		160,598,999		6,158,305
Federal	 85,000		85,000		85,285		285
Total revenues	 217,269,254		217,269,254	_	230,322,077		13,052,823
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction	144,708,907		144,708,907		137,889,086		(6,819,821)
Support services	 90,367,174		90,367,174		94,353,028		3,985,854
Total expenditures	 235,076,081		235,076,081		232,242,114		(2,833,967)
Excess of expenditures							
over revenues	 (17,806,827)		(17,806,827)		(1,920,037)		15,886,790
Other financing sources							
Transfers in, net	17,806,827		17,806,827		18,800,316		993,489
Total other financing sources	 17,806,827		17,806,827		18,800,316		993,489
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$	-		16,880,279	\$	16,880,279
Fund balance, beginning of year	 				48,117,781		
Fund balance, end of year				\$	64,998,060		

Footnote: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America serve as the budgetary basis of accounting.

Dorchester County School District Two Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

For the year ended June 30, 2023

					S	CRS				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.18085%	1.17756%	1.21185%	1.21729%	1.23491%	1.21750%	1.17945%	1.13615%	1.53534%	1.53534%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 286,263,355	\$ 254,839,453	\$ 309,647,963	\$ 277,957,918	\$ 276,704,350	\$ 274,078,605	\$ 251,927,925	\$ 215,476,705	\$ 198,600,312	\$ 206,902,850
District's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 146,650,104	\$ 139,436,054	\$ 141,337,102	\$ 135,054,380	\$ 134,653,252	\$ 130,739,789	\$ 122,293,516	\$ 114,187,969	\$ 111,825,439	\$ 109,542,001
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	195.20%	182.76%	219.08%	205.81%	205.49%	209.64%	206.00%	188.70%	177.60%	188.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.10%	60.70%	50.70%	54.40%	54.10%	53.30%	52.91%	56.99%	59.92%	56.34%
		2022	2021	2020		ORS	2017	2016	2015	2011
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03696%	0.03042%	0.03164%	0.04219%	0.04521%	0.03417%	0.03459%	0.03032%	0.02671%	0.02671%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,108,314	\$ 782,591	\$ 1,049,092	\$ 1,209,264	\$ 1,281,036	\$ 935,998	\$ 877,265	\$ 660,910	\$ 511,363	\$ 553,712
District's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 584,870	\$ 457,370	\$ 477,897	\$ 612,011	\$ 625,770	\$ 460,107	\$ 440,918	\$ 372,317	\$ 321,267	\$ 473,333
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	189.50%	171.11%	219.52%	197.59%	204.71%	203.43%	198.96%	177.51%	159.17%	116.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.40%	70.40%	58.80%	62.70%	61.70%	60.90%	60.44%	64.57%	67.55%	62.98%

Dorchester County School District Two Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - Pension For the year ended June 30, 2023

	SCRS																		
		2023	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	24,313,537	\$ 22,037,385	\$ 1	19,465,099	\$ 19	9,789,316	\$ 1	18,311,318	\$	17,354,955	\$ 1	4,198,421	\$ 1	12,632,027	\$	11,607,088	\$	11,100,936
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		24,313,537	22,037,385	1	19,465,099	19	9,789,316	1	8,311,318		17,354,955	1	4,198,421	1	12,632,027		11,607,088		11,100,936
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ -	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	151,174,734	\$ 146,650,104	\$ 13	39,436,054	\$ 14	1,337,102	\$ 13	35,054,380	\$ 1	134,653,252	\$ 13	0,739,789	\$ 12	22,293,516	\$ 1	14,187,969	\$ 1	111,825,439
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.08%	15.03%		13.96%		14.00%		13.56%		12.89%		10.86%		10.33%		10.16%		9.93%
									POR	:S									
	_	2023	2022		2021		2020		POR 2019	S	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	2023	2022 \$ 107,996	\$	78,891	\$	2020 82,635	\$		\$	2018	\$	2017 65,519	\$	2016 60,582	\$	2015 49,928	\$	2014 41,251
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$								2019	\$					-	\$		\$	_
	\$	133,698	\$ 107,996		78,891		82,635		2019 105,510	\$	101,625		65,519		60,582	\$	49,928	\$	41,251
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ \$	133,698	\$ 107,996		78,891		82,635		2019 105,510	\$ \$	101,625		65,519		60,582	\$ \$ \$	49,928	\$ \$	41,251

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

 ${\it Schedule\ of\ the\ School\ District's\ Proportionate\ Share\ of\ the\ Net\ OPEB\ Liability}$

For the year ended June 30, 2023

					SCRHITF					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.49797%	1.47163%	1.53849%	1.55121%	1.56869%	1.55582%	1.55582%	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 227,868,513	\$ 306,439,137	\$ 277,718,796	\$ 234,566,904	\$ 222,291,982	\$ 210,733,271	\$ 225,105,854	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 147,234,974	\$ 139,893,424	\$ 141,814,999	\$ 135,666,391	\$ 135,279,022	\$ 131,199,896	\$ 122,734,433	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	154.77%	219.05%	195.83%	172.90%	164.32%	160.62%	183.41%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	9.64%	7.48%	8.39%	8.44%	7.91%	7.60%	6.62%	N/A	N/A	N/A
	-				SCLTDITF					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.18994%	1.18992%	1.24898%	1.25730%	1.28973%	1.26161%	1.26161%	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 137,567	\$ 37,813	\$ 3,787	\$ 24,747	\$ 39,482	\$ 22,873	\$ 8,758	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered payroll during the measurement period	\$ 69,617,720	\$ 65,857,327	\$ 60,673,205	\$ 58,165,186	\$ 57,441,726	\$ 58,000,751	\$ 53,699,001	N/A	N/A	N/A
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.20%	0.06%	0.01%	0.04%	0.07%	0.04%	0.02%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	75.04%	92.84%	99.29%	95.17%	92.20%	95.29%	98.15%	N/A	N/A	N/A

Footnote: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten year trend is compiled, the School will present information for which information is available.

Dorchester County School District Two Schedules of Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB For the year ended June 30, 2023

							SCRHITF						
		2023		2022	 2021	2020	 2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,547,717	\$	9,249,882	\$ 8,580,890	\$ 8,251,978	\$ 8,183,200	\$ 7,440,346	\$	6,992,954	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		9,547,717		9,249,882	 8,580,890	 8,251,978	 8,183,200	 7,440,346		6,992,954	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	151,857,697	\$	147,234,974	\$ 139,893,424	\$ 141,814,999	\$ 135,666,391	\$ 135,279,022	\$:	131,199,896	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.29%		6.28%	6.13%	5.82%	6.03%	5.50%		5.33%	N/A	N/A	N/A
							SCLTDITF						
		2023		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	121,841	\$	120,078	\$ 114,505	\$ 113,404	\$ 97,301	\$ 93,915	\$	136,560	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	121,841	_	120,078	 114,505	 113,404	 97,301	 93,915		136,560	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$		N/A	N/A	N/A
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	70,796,522	\$	69,617,720	\$ 65,857,327	\$ 60,673,205	\$ 58,165,186	\$ 57,441,726	\$	58,000,751	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.17%		0.17%	0.17%	0.19%	0.17%	0.16%		0.24%	N/A	N/A	N/A

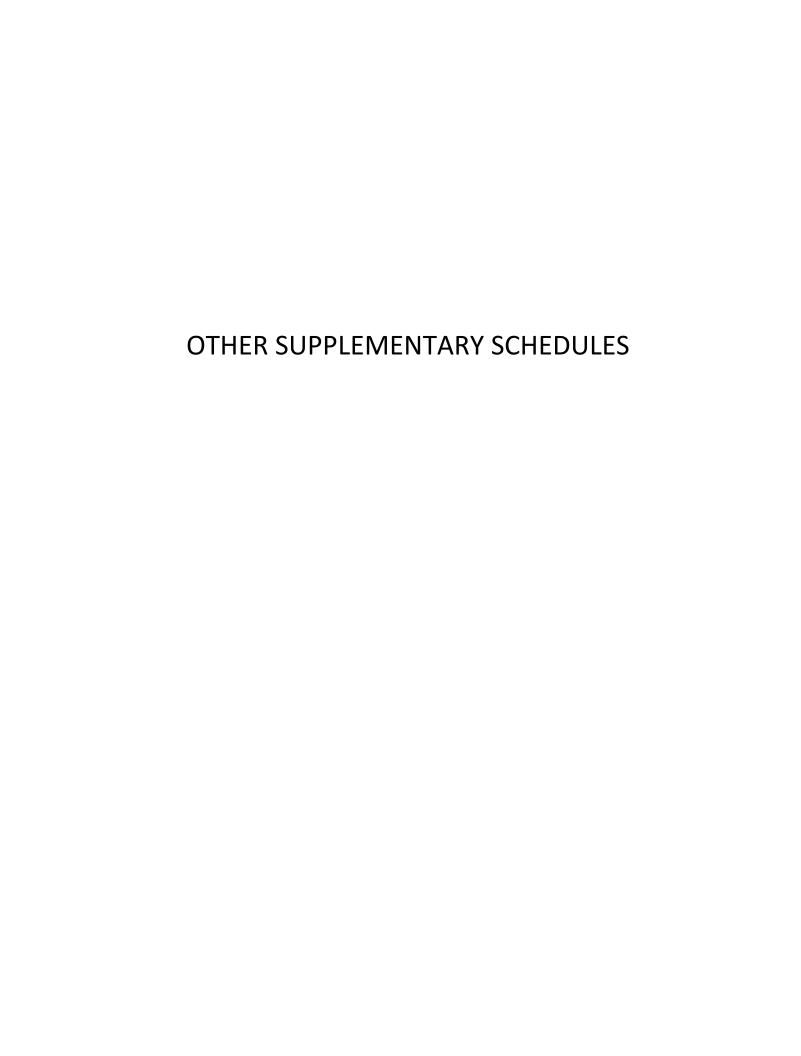
Footnote: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten year trend is compiled, the School will present information for which information is available.

SCRHITE:

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate changed from 1.92% as of June 30, 2021 to 3.69% as of June 30, 2022.

SCLTDITF:

Changes of assumptions: The single discount rate changed from 2.48% as of June 30, 2021 to 3.41% as of June 30, 2022.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

					_	Final Budget		Actual		ariance with Final Budget
Revenu										
1000			ocal sour			\$ E0 00C 130	4	63.406.006	<u>,</u>	4 400 777
	1110 1200			es-including delinquent ocal governmental units		\$ 58,006,129	\$	62,486,906	\$	4,480,777
	1200		than LEA	-						
		1280		e in lieu of taxes		3,683,431		3,478,665		(204,766)
	1300	Tuition				-,,		5, 5,555		(== :,: == ;
		1330	Tuition	from patrons for adult/continuing education		11,000		61,186		50,186
	1500	Earning	gs on inve							
		1510	Interes	t on investments		43,000		2,139,333		2,096,333
	1900	Other r	evenue f	rom local sources						
		1990		aneous local revenue						
			1994	Receipt of legal settlements		1 000 000		104,664		104,664
			1999	Revenue from other local sources	_	1,000,000		1,367,039		367,039
				Total local sources	_	62,743,560		69,637,793		6,894,233
3000	Roveni	a from s	tate sour	cas						
3000	3100		ted state							
			program							
		3103		id to classrooms		106,788,139		109,868,314		3,080,175
		3131	Handic	apped transportation		-		2,702		2,702
		3160	School	bus driver salary		1,504,105		1,575,790		71,685
		3161	EAA bu	s driver salary and fringe		-		5,892		5,892
		3162		ortation workers' compensation		79,103		76,616		(2,487)
		3181		insurance		6,477,795		6,608,058		130,263
	3300			srooms - Education Finance Act (EFA)						
	3330			FA programs				200 5 42		200 542
		3350 3392		ntial Treatment Facilities (RTF) cess EFA Formula		-		309,543 420,442		309,543 420,442
		3332	NDC LX	cess El A l'Officia				420,442		420,442
	ies, Cont									
3000				ces, continued						
	3800			lieu of taxes						
		3810		ursement for local residential		C 165 265		6.465.365		
		3820		rty tax relief (Tier 1) tead exemption (Tier 2)		6,165,265 1,309,736		6,165,265 1,228,485		(81,251)
		3825		ursement for property tax relief (Tier 3)		29,885,508		30,749,088		863,580
		3830		ant's inventory tax		179,064		179,064		-
		3840		acturers' depreciation reimbursement		625,000		1,614,571		989,571
		3890		state property tax revenues		175,000		543,190		368,190
	3900	Others	state reve							
	3300	3993		n-behalf		1,251,979		1,251,979		_
		3333	. 25/. 0	Total state sources	-	154,440,694	_	160,598,999		6,158,305
				Total state sources	-	134,440,034		100,330,333		0,130,303
4000	Revenu	e from fe	ederal so	urces						
	4100	Federa		ted areas:						
		4110	Mainte	nance and operations, P.L. 81-874	_	85,000		85,285		285
				Total federal sources	_	85,000		85,285		285
				Total revenue all sources	_	217,269,254		230,322,077		13,052,823

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
nditures					
Instruction					
110 Ger	eral instr	uction			
111	Kinde	ergarten programs			
	100	Salaries	6,033,839	5,668,774	365,065
		140 Terminal leave	-	26,000	(26,000)
	200	Employee benefits	2,929,058	2,702,915	226,143
	300 400	Purchased services Supplies and materials	35,414 96,677	34,668 43,119	746 53,558
	400	Supplies and materials	9,094,988	8,475,476	619,512
112	Prima	ary programs	3,034,300	0,473,470	015,512
112	100	Salaries	10 697 714	20 005 045	(1,198,231)
	100	140 Terminal leave	19,687,714 16,524	20,885,945 100,650	(1,196,231)
	200	Employee benefits	9,414,495	9,112,161	302,334
	300	Purchased services	121,042	101,215	19,827
	400	Supplies and materials	629,608	711,808	(82,200)
			29,869,383	30,911,779	(1,042,396)
113	Eleme	entary programs			
	100	Salaries	28,613,667	27,388,808	1,224,859
		140 Terminal leave	8,200	50,625	(42,425)
	200	Employee benefits	13,069,713	11,877,444	1,192,269
	300	Purchased services	288,907	300,010	(11,103)
	400	Supplies and materials	973,977	584,474	389,503
			42,954,464	40,201,361	2,753,103
114	High:	school programs			
	100	Salaries	21,511,738	19,878,662	1,633,076
		140 Terminal leave	-	38,514	(38,514)
	200	Employee benefits	9,430,799	8,553,478	877,321
	300	Purchased services	1,014,951	538,606	476,345
	400	Supplies and materials	1,086,146	560,231	525,915
	500	Capital outlay		197	(197)
			33,043,634	29,569,688	3,473,946
115		er and technology education programs			
	100	Salaries	2,187,447	2,099,980	87,467
	200	140 Terminal leave	-	15,300	(15,300)
	200	Employee benefits	1,043,340	953,924	89,416
	300 400	Purchased services Supplies and materials	3,000 78,402	594 65,997	2,406 12,405
	400	Supplies and materials	3,312,189	3,135,795	176,394
116	Caroo	er and technology education (vocational) programs	3,312,103	3,133,733	170,334
110	100	Salaries	471 970	217 425	254 445
			471,870	217,425	254,445
	200	Employee benefits	223,913	101,531	122,382
	400	Supplies and materials	7,800	3,007	4,793
			703,583	321,963	381,620
		Total general instruction	118,978,241	112,616,062	6,362,179
120 Exc	eptional p	programs			
121	Educa	able mentally handicapped			
	100	Salaries	6,512,256	5,362,899	1,149,357
		140 Terminal leave	-	6,063	(6,063)
	200	Employee benefits	3,175,982	2,688,311	487,671
	300	Purchased services	4,500	141	4,359
	400	Supplies and materials	8,300	6,953	1,347
			9,701,038	8,064,367	1,636,671
122	Train	able mentally handicapped			
	100	Salaries	1,055,112	1,127,310	(72,198)
	200	Employee benefits	515,717	523,222	(7,505)
	400	Supplies and materials	19,000	9,995	9,005
	400	Supplies and materials			3,003

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

					Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Ехреі	nditures,	Continu	ed				
100		tion, cor					
	120	Excep	tional p	programs, continued			
		123	Ortho	opedically handicapped			
			100	Salaries	25,414	26,604	(1,190)
			200	Employee benefits	7,096	8,582	(1,486)
			400	Supplies and materials	2,000	217	1,783
		424			34,510	35,403	(893)
		124	Visua 100	lly handicapped	F1 700	F1 F21	249
			200	Salaries Employee benefits	51,780 29,542	51,531 27,443	2,099
			300	Purchased services	65,000	25,560	39,440
			400	Supplies and materials	5,700	651	5,049
					152,022	105,185	46,837
		125	Heari	ng handicapped		<u> </u>	
			100	Salaries	175,519	122,262	53,257
			200	Employee benefits	96,596	57,681	38,915
			300	Purchased services	10,000	64,232	(54,232)
			400	Supplies and materials	5,400	189	5,211
					287,515	244,364	43,151
		126	Spee	ch handicapped			
			100	Salaries	1,763,850	1,298,481	465,369
				140 Terminal leave	-	13,500	(13,500)
			200	Employee benefits	644,533	572,322	72,211
			300	Purchased services	121,035	1,754,467	(1,633,432)
			400	Supplies and materials	11,360	9,211	2,149
			600	Other objects	4,065	7,559	(3,494)
		127	1.00	ing disabilities	2,544,843	3,655,540	(1,110,697)
		127	100	ing disabilities Salaries	3,728,967	4,080,391	(351,424)
			100	140 Terminal leave	3,728,907	46,050	(46,050)
			200	Employee benefits	1,654,192	1,732,899	(78,707)
			300	Purchased services	400,270	251,493	148,777
			400	Supplies and materials	67,431	46,991	20,440
					5,850,860	6,157,824	(306,964)
		128	Emot	ionally handicapped			
			100	Salaries	289,771	245,079	44,692
				140 Terminal leave	-	1,125	(1,125)
			200	Employee benefits	144,412	111,884	32,528
			400	Supplies and materials	2,100	<u> </u>	2,100
		420		(0516)	436,283	358,088	78,195
		129		dinated early intervening services (CEIS)		40.555	(40 ====)
			200	Employee benefits	_	10,585 10,585	(10,585)
				Total exceptional programs	20 505 000	20,291,883	305,017
				Total exceptional programs	20,596,900	20,291,883	305,017

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

				Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
litures, (Continu	ed				
Instruct	tion, cor	ntinued				
130	Presc	hool pro	ograms			
	131	Prescl	hool handicapped speech (5 yr. olds)			
		100	Salaries	50,248	46,525	3,72
		200	Employee benefits	33,694	29,089	4,60
		400	Supplies and materials	250	265	(1
				84,192	75,879	8,31
	133	Prescl	hool handicapped - self contained (5 yr. olds)			
		100	Salaries	434,387	550,587	(116,20
			140 Terminal leave	-	5,500	(5,50
		200	Employee benefits	226,986	263,259	(36,27
		400	Supplies and materials	3,200	2,483	71
		.00	Supplies and materials	664,573	821,829	(157,25
	136	Drocci	hool handicapped - itinerant (3 & 4 yr. olds)		021,025	(137)23
	130			450	2.775	(2.22)
		100	Salaries	450	2,775	(2,32
		200	Employee benefits	1,004	901	10
				1,454	3,676	(2,22
	137		hool handicapped - self contained (3 & 4 yr. olds)			/
		100	Salaries	126,407	277,336	(150,92
		200	Employee benefits	49,382	115,247	(65,86
		400	Supplies and materials	475 700	13,972	(13,97
				175,789	406,555	(230,76
	139		childhood programs			
		100	Salaries	-	90	(9
		200	Employee benefits		29	(2)
					119	(11)
			Total preschool programs	926,008	1,308,058	(382,050
140	Sneci	al progra	ams			
1.0	141		l and talented - academic			
	141	100	Salaries	563	1,461	(898)
		200	Employee benefits	189	471	(28
		300	Purchased services	31,000	12,445	18,55
		400	Supplies and materials	20,000	11,352	8,64
				51,752	25,729	26,02
	143	Δdvar	nced placement			
	143		Purchased services	15 000	10.644	4.25
		300		15,000	10,644	4,35
		400	Supplies and materials	15,000	9,340	5,66
				30,000	19,984	10,01
	145	Home	ebound			
		100	Salaries	213,090	386,683	(173,59
		200	Employee benefits	66,068	103,341	(37,27
		300	Purchased services	50,000	34,388	15,61
				329,158	524,412	(195,25
	147	CERDI	EP		-	
		100	Salaries	1,020,261	818,078	202,18
		200	Employee benefits	508,128	392,436	115,69
		400	Supplies and materials	8,400	56,218	(47,81
				1,536,789	1,266,732	270,05
			Total special programs	1,947,699	1,836,857	110,84
160			ional programs			
	161	Autisr				
		100	Salaries	1,131,550	1,059,448	72,10
		200	Employee benefits	571,411	514,386	57,02
		300	Purchased services	1,750	-	1,75
		400	Supplies and materials	8,250	6,609	1,64
				1,712,961	1,580,443	132,51
					4	:
			Total other exceptional programs	1,712,961	1,580,443	132,51

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

						Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expen	nditures,	Continu	ed					
100	Instruc	tion, cor	ntinued					
	170	Sumn	ner scho	ool programs				
		172	Eleme	entary summer school				
			100	Salaries		58,355	-	58,355
			400	Supplies and materials		3,000	-	3,000
						61,355	-	61,355
		173	High:	school summer school		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			100	Salaries		33,252	-	33,252
			200	Employee benefits		125	-	125
			400	Supplies and materials		3,000	-	3,000
						36,377	-	36,377
				Total summer school	programs	97,732		97,732
								·
	180	Adult	/contin	uing education programs				
		181		basic education programs				
			100	Salaries		212,887	180,327	32,560
			200	Employee benefits		91,759	56,630	35,129
			300	Purchased services		3,325	2,316	1,009
			400	Supplies and materials		26,531 334,502	16,077 255,350	10,454 79,152
		100	Daras	ting/family literany		334,302	255,550	79,132
		188	100	ting/family literacy Salaries		113,764		113,764
			200	Employee benefits		113,704	433	(433)
			400	Supplies and materials		1,100	-	1,100
						114,864	433	114,431
				Total adult/continuing	g educational programs	449,366	255,783	193,583
				Total instruction		144,708,907	137,889,086	6,819,821
200		rt service						
	210		services					
		212	100	ance services Salaries		3,699,188	4,147,926	(448,738)
			100	140 Terminal leave		4,284	4,147,920	4,284
			200	Employee benefits		1,804,859	1,867,519	(62,660)
			300	Purchased services		1,000	-	1,000
			400	Supplies and materials		9,000	-	9,000
						5,518,331	6,015,445	(497,114)
		213	Healt	h services				
			100	Salaries		1,844,263	1,797,382	46,881
			200	Employee benefits		907,384	871,391	35,993
			300	Purchased services		275,200	286,508	(11,308)
			400	Supplies and materials		109,999	35,985	74,014
			600	Other objects		1,000	116	884
						3,137,846	2,991,382	146,464
		214		ological services Salaries		CE 4 007	700 245	(435.420)
			100 200			654,807	780,245	(125,438)
			300	Employee benefits Purchased services		313,336 4,000	361,785 12,950	(48,449)
			400	Supplies and materials		30,000	13,950 28,531	(9,950) 1,469
			600	Other objects		-	225	(225)
			-50			1,002,143	1,184,736	(182,593)
				Total pupil services		9,658,320	10,191,563	(533,243)
				Total papil scrvices		5,050,320	10,131,303	(333,243)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

				Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditure	s, Continu	ed				
200 Supp	ort servic	es, conti	nued			
220		uctional	staff services			
	221		ovement of instruction - curriculum development			
		100	Salaries	4,093,263	3,762,314	330,949
			140 Terminal leave	37,590	29,121	8,469
		200	Employee benefits	1,639,020	1,605,628	33,392
		300	Purchased services	236,638	223,481	13,157
		400	Supplies and materials	664,916	317,996	346,920
		600	Other objects	65,500	81,985	(16,485)
				6,736,927	6,020,525	716,402
	222		ry and media services			
		100	Salaries	2,389,401	2,255,382	134,019
			140 Terminal leave	- 	8,813	(8,813)
		200	Employee benefits	1,167,458	1,060,404	107,054
		400	Supplies and materials	275,542	297,587	(22,045)
	100 200 224 Imp			3,832,401	3,622,186	210,215
			rvision of special programs			
		100	Salaries	401,571	528,677	(127,106)
			140 Terminal leave	-	13,183	(13,183)
		200	Employee benefits	181,931	212,695	(30,764)
				583,502	754,555	(171,053)
		Impro	ovement of instruction - inservice and staff training			
		100	Salaries	39,723	87,928	(48,205)
		200	Employee benefits	12,744	28,280	(15,536)
		300	Purchased services	161,569	92,863	68,706
		400	Supplies and materials	17,500	6,826	10,674
				231,536	215,897	15,639
			Total instructional staff services	11,384,366	10,613,163	771,203
230	Gene	ral adm	inistration services			
	231	Board	d of education			
		100	Salaries	144,219	150,527	(6,308)
		200	Employee benefits	50,223	47,665	2,558
		300	Purchased services	157,000	114,641	42,359
			318 Audit services	68,500	118,000	(49,500)
		400	Supplies and materials	27,000	28,307	(1,307)
		600	Other objects	77,000	51,015	25,985
				523,942	510,155	13,787
	232	Office	e of the superintendent			
		100	Salaries	1,019,634	805,535	214,099
			140 Terminal leave	82,330	1,154	81,176
		200	Employee benefits	421,022	325,184	95,838
		300	Purchased services	30,000	62,625	(32,625)
		400	Supplies and materials	75,000	69,881	5,119
		600	Other objects	12,000	14,458	(2,458)
				1,639,986	1,278,837	361,149
						

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

					Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Exper	nditures,	Continu	ed				
200		t service					
	230			nistration services, continued			
		233		ol administration			4
			100	Salaries	12,160,192	12,162,061	(1,869)
				140 Terminal leave	139,230	67,802	71,428
			200	Employee benefits	5,961,387	5,474,167	487,220
			300	Purchased services	14,000	528	13,472
			400	Supplies and materials	4,000	-	4,000
			600	Other objects	12,000	17,704,558	12,000 586,251
						 •	
				Total general administration services	20,454,737	19,493,550	961,187
	250	Finan	ce and o	operations services			
		252		services			
			100	Salaries	949,648	878,995	70,653
				140 Terminal leave	-	55,195	(55,195)
			200	Employee benefits	469,406	392,911	76,495
			300	Purchased services	15,000	76,216	(61,216)
			400	Supplies and materials	106,000	50,014	55,986
			600	Other objects	5,000	5,264	(264)
					1,545,054	1,458,595	86,459
		254		ation and maintenance of plant			
			100	Salaries	7,136,015	8,046,185	(910,170)
			200	140 Terminal leave	185,153	67,892	117,261
			200	Employee benefits	3,617,091	3,662,984	(45,893)
			300	Purchased services	6,938,700	11,503,523	(4,564,823)
			400	Supplies and materials	1,445,000	1,755,375	(310,375)
			500	470 Energy	5,000,000	4,962,625	37,375
			500 600	Capital outlay Other objects	370,001 200	310,961	59,040 200
			800	Other objects	24,692,160	30,309,545	(5,617,385)
		255	Stude	ent transportation	2 :,032,1203	30,303,313	(5)527,5557
		233	100	Salaries	7,249,936	6,668,182	581,754
			200	140 Terminal leave	39,408	14,172	25,236
			200	Employee benefits	3,334,875	2,853,566	481,309
			300	Purchased services	435,000	754,231	(319,231)
			400	Supplies and materials	65,000	93,528	(28,528)
					11,124,219	10,383,679	740,540
		258	Secur	ity			
			100	Salaries	1,165,452	1,694,488	(529,036)
				140 Terminal leave	-	6,042	(6,042)
			200	Employee benefits	567,505	639,852	(72,347)
			300	Purchased services	3,136,042	3,034,978	101,064
			400	Supplies and materials	115,000	65,787	49,213
					4,983,999	5,441,147	(457,148)
				Total finance and operations services	42,345,432	47,592,966	(5,247,534)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Account Detail - General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

				Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures,	Continu	ed			Account	Tillal Baaget
	rt service		nued			
260	Centr	al suppo	ort services			
	263	Inforn	nation services			
		100	Salaries	176,490	186,553	(10,063)
			140 Terminal leave	20,478	20,158	320
		200	Employee benefits	127,272	84,596	42,676
		300	Purchased services	9,000	8,011	989
		400 600	Supplies and materials Other objects	31,500 700	84,187 3,000	(52,687) (2,300)
		000	Other objects	365,440	386,505	(21,065)
	264	Staff	ervices		300,303	(21,003)
	204	100	Salaries	693,239	740,471	(47,232)
		200	140 Terminal leave	27,590	14,254	13,336
		200	Employee benefits	349,484	321,674	27,810
		300	Purchased services	180,000	105,562	74,438
		400	Supplies and materials	70,000	101,513	(31,513)
				1,320,313	1,283,474	36,839
	266	Techn	ology and data processing services			
		100	Salaries	248,884	329,583	(80,699)
		200	Employee benefits	121,067	138,109	(17,042)
		300	Purchased services	2,896,000	2,932,364	(36,364)
		400	Supplies and materials	1,112,000	959,445	152,555
				4,377,951	4,359,501	18,450
			Total central support services	6,063,704	6,029,480	34,224
270	Suppo	ort servi	ces pupil activity			
	271		services activities			
		100	Salaries	324,387	305,876	18,511
		200	Employee benefits	136,228	122,699	13,529
		300	Purchased services	-	3,538	(3,538)
		400	Supplies and materials		193	(193)
				460,615	432,306	28,309
			Total support services pupil activity	460,615	432,306	28,309
			Total support services	90,367,174	94,353,028	(3,985,854)
			Total expenditures	235,076,081	232,242,114	2,833,967
ou		, ,				
Other financii	-					
Interfund t	ransfers,	from (to	o) other funds:			
5220	Trans	fer from	Special Revenue Fund	200,000	563,733	363,733
5230	Trans	fer from	Special Revenue EIA Fund	18,597,941	18,798,483	200,542
5280			Other Funds Indirect Costs	1,590,000	1,529,539	(60,461)
			fer to Special Revenue Fund	(1,701,575)	(813,159)	888,416
			fer to Food Service Fund	(200,000)	(223,181)	(23,181)
	426-71	0 Trans	fer to Student Activity Fund	(679,539)	(1,055,099)	(375,560)
			Total other financing sources (uses)	17,806,827	18,800,316	993,489
			Excess of revenues and other finance sources over expenditures and ot		_	_
			financing uses	\$ -	16,880,279	\$ 16,880,279
Fund balance,	beginni.	ng of ye	ar		48,117,781	
Fund balance,	end of y	ear			\$ 64,998,060	

Footnote: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America serve as the budgetary basis of accounting.

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
Revenue 1000		e from local sources										
	1300	Tuition										
		1330 Tuition from patrons for adult/continuing education	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,944	\$ -	\$ 7,944
	1500	Earnings on investments:										
		1510 Interest on investments	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	13	13
	1700	Pupil activities										
		1710 Admissions	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	624,761	624,761
		1740 Student fees	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	391,921	391,921
		1790 Other pupil activity income	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,312,089	1,312,089
	1900	Other revenue from local sources										
		1910 Rentals	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	163,404	163,404
		 1920 Contributions and donations from private sources 1930 Special needs transportation - Medicaid 	-		-	-	-	-	-	61,109 800,388	18,921	80,030 800,388
		1990 Miscellaneous local revenue:	-		-	-	-	-	-	000,500	-	000,300
		1999 Revenue from other local sources	-		-	-	-	-	-	3,384,173	1,559,494	4,943,667
		Total local sources	-							4,253,614	4,070,603	8,324,217
3000	Revenue	e from state sources		(
	3110	Occupational education										
		3118 EEDA career specialist	-		-	-	-	-	1,084,537	-	-	1,084,537
	3120	General education										
		3127 Student health & fitness - PE teachers	-		-	-	-	-	174,842	-	-	174,842
	3130	Special programs										
		3134 Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP)	-		-	-	-	-	55,050	-	-	55,050
		3135 Reading coaches	-		-	-	-	-	775,225	-	-	775,225
		3136 Student health & fitness - nurses 3156 Adult education	-		-	-	-	-	563,733 1,670	-	-	563,733 1,670
		3187 Teacher supplies	-		-	-	-	-	69,300	-	-	69,300
	3190	Miscellaneous restricted state grants							05,500			03,300
	3190	3193 Education license plates	_		_	_	_	_	2,065	_	_	2,065
		3199 Other restricted state grants	-		-	-	-	_	-	990,981	-	990,981
	3900	Other state revenue										
		3994 PEBA nonemployer contributions	-		-	-	_	-	35,581	-	-	35,581
		3999 Revenue from other state sources								225		225
		Total state sources							2,762,003	991,206		3,753,209

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds

		Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
Revenues, Contin	inued									
	ue from federal sources									
4200	Occupational education									
	4210 Perkins Aid, Title I - career and technical education - basic									
	grants to states	-	-	-	345,995	-	-	-	-	345,995
4300	Elementary and secondary education act of 1965									
	4310 Title I, basic state grant programs	5,761,716	-	-	-	-	-	637,745	-	6,399,461
	4341 Language instruction for limited English proficient							76.050		76.050
	and immigrant students, Title II 4351 Supporting effective instruction	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,850 670,079	-	76,850 670,079
	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	670,079	-	670,079
4400	Adult education									
	4410 Basic adult education	-	-	-	-	227,013	-	-	-	227,013
4500	Programs for children with disabilities									
	4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)	-	4,933,208	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,933,208
	4520 Preschool grants for children with disabilities (IDEA)	-	-	233,996	-	-	-	-	-	233,996
4900	Other federal sources									
	4931 ARP IDEA	-	-	-	-	-	-	744,930	-	744,930
	4933 ARP IDEA preschool	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,563	-	4,563
	4937 ARP homeless children & youth 4974 ESSER III	-	-	-	-	-	-	55,020 14,550,192	-	55,020 14,550,192
	4975 Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act)	-	-		-	-	-	1,576	-	1,576
	4977 ESSER II		_	_	_	_	_	1,573,796	-	1,573,796

4990	Other federal revenue: 4997 Title IV SSAE						_	596,410	_	596,410
	4999 Revenue from other federal sources	-	-		-	-	-	857,800	-	857,800
	Total federal sources	5,761,716	4,933,208	233,996	345,995	227,013		19,768,961		31,270,889
	Total revenues	5,761,716	4,933,208	233,996	345,995	227,013	2,762,003	25,013,781	4,070,603	43,348,315
Expenditures										
100 Instruct 110	ction General instruction									
110	111 Kindergarten programs									
	100 Salaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,510,000	_	3,510,000
	200 Employee benefits	-	_	-	_	-	-	315,930	-	315,930
	112 Primary programs							·		•
	100 Salaries	1,228,317	-	-	-	-	606,842	888,611	-	2,723,770
	200 Employee benefits	569,880	-	-	-	-	281,484	420,878	-	1,272,242
	300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	738,310	-	738,310
	400 Supplies and materials	229,439	-	-	-	-	-	515,302	-	744,741
	113 Elementary programs	500 447					20.462	274.466		070.045
	100 Salaries	560,417	-	-	-	-	38,462	371,166	-	970,045
	200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	247,585	-	-	-	-	23,280	138,389 838,765	-	409,254 838,765
	400 Supplies and materials	747,660					56,365	981,698	-	1,785,723
	114 High school programs	747,500	_	_	_	_	30,303	301,036	_	1,705,725
	100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,768,593	-	1,768,593
	140 Terminal leave	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,240	-	42,240
	200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	585,482	-	585,482
	400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	511,697	-	526,697

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

			Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
Expenditure	s, Continued		(201/202)	(203/204)	(203/200/	(207)	(243)	(5003)	(2003/0003)	(7003)	Total
-	struction, con	tinued									
11		eral instruction, continued									
	115	Career and technology education programs									
	113	100 Salaries							57,853		57,853
			-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	22,850	-	-	4,850	-	27,700
		400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	83,960	-	-	29,502	-	113,462
12	.0 Exce	ptional programs									
	121	Educable mentally handicapped									
		100 Salaries	16,729	308,717	-	-	-	-	267,268	-	592,714
		200 Employee benefits	5,449	92,486	-	-	-	-	92,542	-	190,477
	122	Trainable mentally handicapped									
		100 Salaries	-	54,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,882
		200 Employee benefits	-	21,770	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,770
		400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,515	-	4,515
	123	Orthopedically handicapped									
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,289	-	1,289
	124	Visually handicapped									
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	969	-	969
	125	Hearing handicapped									
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,803	-	3,803
		400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,856	-	2,856
	126	Speech handicapped									
		100 Salaries	-	276,933	-	-	-	-	59,275	-	336,208
		200 Employee benefits	-	150,848	-	-	-	-	19,105	-	169,953
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,739	-	194,739
	127	Learning disabilities									
		100 Salaries	-	820	-	-	-	-	-	-	820
		200 Employee benefits	-	265	-	-	-	-	-	-	265
		300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,686	-	5,686
		400 Supplies and materials	-	1,145	-	-	-	-	569,976	-	571,121
	129	Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CEIS)									
		100 Salaries	-	437,908	-	-	-	-	-	-	437,908
		200 Employee benefits	-	191,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	191,000
13	0 Pres	chool programs									
	131										
		400 Supplies and materials	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,563	_	4,563
	133	Preschool handicapped self-contained (5 yr. olds)							,		,
		100 Salaries	_	_	100,441	_	_	_	_	_	100,441
		200 Employee benefits		_	44,787	-	-	-	-	_	44,787
	136				·						·
		100 Salaries	_	45,983	-	-	_		-	_	45,983
		200 Employee benefits		27,014	_	-	-	-	-	_	27,014
	137	Preschool handicapped self-contained (3 & 4 yr. olds)		•							•
		100 Salaries	_	-	56,478	-	_		-	_	56,478
		200 Employee benefits	-	-	32,290	-	-	-	-	-	32,290
		·									

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

Second					Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
140	Expendit	ures. Con	tinued		(===)	(===)===-/	(220) 200)	(==:/	(= 10)	(0000)	(2000) 0000)	(1.000)	
1				ued									
140 CENTRO													
1-00 Septiles and materials													
100				400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	55,050	-	-	55,050
150			149	Other special programs									
160 160				100 Salaries	-	48,908	-	-	-	-	6,507	-	55,415
161				200 Employee benefits	-	18,664	-	-	-	-	2,993	-	21,657
161		160	Othor	veentional programs									
Purchased services		100											
Supple S			101								E2 117		E2 117
17													
Summer school programs 171					_	_							
171											43,323		43,323
Supplies and materials Supplies and materi		170		· -									
172			171										
100 Salaries					-	-	-	-	-	-	431	-	431
200 Employee benefits 54,622 54,622 148,686			172										
173					-	-	-	-	-	-			
100 Salaries 148,686 148,686 200 Employee benefits 49,153 4					-	-	-	-	-	-	54,622	-	54,622
200 Employee benefits 19,000 19			173	=									
175					-	-	-	-	-	-			
100 Salaries					-	-	-	-	-	-	49,153	-	49,153
180 Adult/Continuing educational programs 181 Adult/Lavic columnational programs 190 Salaries 190			175										
Mult/Continuing educational programs 180 Adult/Continuing educational programs 181 Adult basic educational programs 181 Adult basic educational programs 181 Adult basic education programs 181 Adult basic education programs 190 Salaries 18,462 188 Parenting/family literacy 18,462 18,462 188 Parenting/family literacy 190 Salaries 190						-	-	-	-	-			
Adult/continuing education programs 181						-	-	-	-	-			
181				400 Supplies and materials	4,568	-	-	-	-	-	4,/11	-	9,279
100 Salaries 107,124 200 Employee benefits 200 Employee benefits 55,903 2 55,903		180	Adult/c	ontinuing educational programs									
200 Employee benefits -			181	Adult basic education programs									
400 Supplies and materials				100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	107,124	-	-	-	107,124
183 Adult English Literacy (ESL) 100 Salaries				200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	55,903	-	-	-	55,903
100 Salaries -				400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	1,200	-	-	1,200
200 Employee benefits -			183	Adult English Literacy (ESL)									
188				100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	45,524	-	-	-	45,524
100 Salaries 243,940 -				200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	18,462	-	-	-	18,462
200 Employee benefits 177,016 - - - - - - 177,016 300 Purchased services 46,311 - - - - - - - - -			188	Parenting/family literacy									
300 Purchased services 46,311 -				100 Salaries	243,940	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	243,940
400 Supplies and materials 113,534 - - - 2,938 - 116,472 190 Instructional pupil activity 100 Salaries - - - - - - 24,633 24,633 200 Employee benefits - - - - - - - 8,330 8,330 300 Purchased services - - - - - - - - 3,481 3,481 400 Supplies and materials - - - - - - - - - - 62,632 62,632 600 Other objects - - - - - - - - - - 1,489,724 1,489,724						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
190 Instructional pupil activity 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits -						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
100 Salaries - - - - 24,633 24,633 200 Employee benefits - - - - - - 8,330 8,330 300 Purchased services - - - - - - - 3,481 3,481 400 Supplies and materials - - - - - - - 6,632 600 Other objects - - - - - - - 1,489,724 1,489,724				400 Supplies and materials	113,534	-	-	-	-	-	2,938	-	116,472
100 Salaries - - - - 24,633 24,633 200 Employee benefits - - - - - - 8,330 8,330 300 Purchased services - - - - - - - 3,481 3,481 400 Supplies and materials - - - - - - - 6,632 600 Other objects - - - - - - - 1,489,724 1,489,724		190	Instruct	ional pupil activity									
200 Employee benefits - - - - - - 8,330 8,330 300 Purchased services - - - - - - - - 3,481 400 Supplies and materials -					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,633	24,633
300 Purchased services - - - - - - - 3,481 400 Supplies and materials - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>					-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
400 Supplies and materials -					-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
600 Other objects					-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,489,724	1,489,724
				Total instruction	4,287,760	1,677,343	233,996	106,810	227,013	1,077,683	14,165,236		23,364,641

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

				Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
Expendit	ures, Coi	ntinued										<u> </u>
		services										
	210	Pupil se										
		211	Attendance and social work services:									
			100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	487,502	-	487,502
			200 Employee benefits		-	-	-	-	-	229,647	-	229,647
			300 Purchased services	7,845	-	-	-	-	-	136,087	-	143,932
		242	400 Supplies and materials	1,552	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,552
		212	Guidance services 100 Salaries						005 000			000.000
				-	-	-	-	-	906,988	-	-	906,988
		213	300 Purchased services Health services	-	-	-	-	-	391,223	-	-	391,223
		213								644,571	_	C44 F74
			100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	254,622	-	644,571 254,622
			400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	701	-	701
		214	Psychological services	-	-	-	-	-	-	701	-	701
		214	100 Salaries		1,643,156				_	54,009	_	1,697,165
			200 Employee benefits		752,042					16,476	-	768,518
			300 Purchased services	-	732,042		-	-		45,712	-	45,712
			400 Supplies and materials	_	_	_	_	_	_	83,645	_	83,645
										05,015		03,013
	220		tional staff services									
		221	Improvement of instruction - curriculum development									
			100 Salaries	1,814	97,195	-	85,687	-	-	2,332,125	-	2,516,821
			200 Employee benefits	589	42,593	-	33,397	-	-	202,455	-	279,034
			300 Purchased services	-	-	-	120,101	-	-	106,266	-	226,367
		222	400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,720	-	14,720
		223	Supervision of special programs 100 Salaries	627 720	E00 006				_	171 120	_	1 207 654
			100 Salaries 140 Terminal leave	627,728	508,806	-	-	-	-	171,120	-	1,307,654
			200 Employee benefits	262,623	212,073	-	-	-	-	74,692	-	549,388
			300 Purchased services	22,439	212,073	-	-	-	469	74,092	-	22,908
			400 Supplies and materials	14,250	-	-		-	409	270	-	14,520
		224	Improvement of instruction - inservice and staff training	14,230						270		14,520
		224	100 Salaries	12,955	_	_	_	_	_	238,220	_	251,175
			200 Employee benefits	4,136	_	_	_	_	_	80,380	_	84,516
			300 Purchased services	393,966	_	_	_	_	_	454,955	_	848,921
			400 Supplies and materials	1,137	_	_	_	_	_	6,990	_	8,127
	250	Finance		2,207						0,550		0,12,
	250	254	e and operations services Operation and maintenance of plant									
		234	100 Salaries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	42,388	42,388
			200 Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,983	13,983
			300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,000	17,571	38,571
			400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	197,405	9,457	206,862
		258	Security	-	-	-	-	-	-	157,405	2,437	200,002
		230	400 Supplies and materials	_	_	_	_	_	_	21,091	_	21,091
			Supplies and materials							21,031		21,031

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203/204)	Preschool Handicapped (205/206)	Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Designated Restricted State Grants (900s)	** Other Special Revenue Programs (200s/800s)	Student Activity Funds (700s)	Total
Expenditures, Continued									
200 Support services, continued									
270 Support services - pupil activities									
271 Pupil service activities									
100 Salaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	302,548	302,548
200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,548 222,368	93,548 222,368
400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	726,716	726,716
500 Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,300	1,300
600 Other objects	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1,774,415	1,774,415
273 Trust and agency activities								, , ,	, , ,
300 Purchased services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,917	3,917
400 Supplies		_	_	-	-	-	_	4,847	4,847
600 Other objects	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500	4,000	5,500
Total support services	1,351,034	3,255,865	-	239,185	-	1,298,680	5,876,161	3,217,058	15,237,983
300 Community services									
350 Custody and care of children:									
100 Salaries							2,355,612	_	2,355,612
200 Employee benefits	-	-		-	-	-	715,248	-	715,248
300 Purchased services		_	-	-	-		305,956	-	305,956
400 Supplies and materials		_	_	-	-	-	299,371	-	299,371
••							,-		
370 Non public school services: 300 Purchased services							17,995		17,995
400 Supplies and materials	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,244	-	1,244
									
Total community services	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,695,426	-	3,695,426
410 Intergovernmental expenditures									
411 Payments to State Department of Education									
720 Transits	-	-	-	-	-	-	117,674	-	117,674
419 Payments from nonemployer contributions						25 504			25 504
720 Transits						35,581		<u>-</u>	35,581
Total intergovernmental expenditures						35,581	117,674		153,255
Total expenditures	5,638,794	4,933,208	233,996	345,995	227,013	2,411,944	23,854,497	4,805,858	42,451,305
Other financing sources (uses)									
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds:									
5210 Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	213,674	599,485	1,055,099	1,868,258
5220 Transfer from Special Revenue Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	677,462	677,462
420-710 Transfer to General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	(563,733)	-	-	(563,733)
421-710 Transfer to Special Revenue Fund	(422.022)	-	-	-	-	-	(677,462)	-	(677,462)
431-791 Special Revenue Fund indirect costs	(122,922)						(1,291,714)		(1,414,636)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(122,922)					(350,059)	(1,369,691)	1,732,561	(110,111)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and									
other financing sources over (under)							(242.46=)	007.005	700 000
expenditures and other financing uses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(210,407)	997,306	786,899
Fund balance, beginning of year							3,780,215	912,985	4,693,200
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,569,808	\$ 1,910,291	\$ 5,480,099

Supplemental Listing of LEA Subfund Codes and Titles Special Projects Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

*Other Designated Restricted State Grants

917	Teacher Supplies
919	Education License Plates
924	CERDEP
928	EEDA Career Specialists
935	Reading Coaches
936	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses
937	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers
956	Adult Education
994	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions

** Other Special Revenue Programs

210	Title IV - SSAE
218	ESSER III ARP
220	CARES Act - ESSER
221	Title I - Neglected and Delinquent
225	CARES Act - ESSER II
230	ARP IDEA
233	ARP Preschool
237	Title I - Targeted School Improvement
263	ARP Homeless Children & Youth
264	Title III - English Language Acquisition - ESOL
267	Supporting Effective Instruction
271	ROTC
278	Medicaid Reimbursement
299	Other Miscellaneous Federal Grants
805	DSS/Adult Education
806	Adult Education - Family Literacy Collaboration
808	Larry Barnfield Scholarship
819	Extended Day Program
821	Educational Foundation Grants Passed Through to District
861	Robotics
871	Emergency Connectivity Fund
899	Other Miscellaneous Grants

Summary Schedule of Other Designated State Restricted Grants - Special Projects Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

Subfund	Revenue	Programs	Revenues	Ex	kpenditures	Transfers In/(Out)	Jnearned Revenue
917	3187	Teacher supplies	\$ 69,300	\$	69,300	\$ -	\$ -
919	3193	Education License Plates	2,065		2,065	-	-
924	3134	CERDEP	55,050		55,050	-	72,929
928	3118	EEDA Career Specialists	1,084,537		1,298,211	213,674	-
935	3135	Reading Coaches	775,225		775,225	-	419,504
936	3136	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses	563,733		-	(563,733)	-
937	3127	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers	174,842		174,842	-	-
956	3156	Adult Education	1,670		1,670	-	16,243
969	3699	Other State Lottery Programs	-		-	-	1,152
994	3994	PEBA Nonemployer Contributions	35,581		35,581	-	-
			\$ 2,762,003	\$	2,411,944	\$ (350,059)	\$ 509,828

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs Education Improvement Act Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	
----------	--

3000

Revenue from state sources							
3500	Education Improvement Act:						
	3502	ADEPT	\$	396			
	3503	State Aid to Classrooms		17,389,853			
	3509	Arts in Education		95,425			
	3518	Adoption List of Formative Assessment		112,286			
	3519	Grade 10 Assessments		30,012			
	3526	Refurbishment of Science Kits		501,128			
	3528	Industry Certifications/Credentials		68,718			
	3529	Career and Technology Education		615,821			
	3532	National Board Salary Supplement		795,797			
	3533	Teacher of the Year Awards		1,077			
	3536	Student Health & Fitness		109,998			
	3538	Students at Risk of School Failure		1,476,763			
	3541	Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP)		1,390,803			
	3556	Adult Education		438,062			
	3557	Summer Reading Program		152,285			
	3571	CSI and State Priority Schools		227,836			
	3577	Teacher Supplies		436,200			
	3595	EEDA - Supplies and Materials		32,015			
	3597	Aid to Districts		1,107,708			
	3599	Other EIA		326,765			
Total state sources			25,308,948				
		Total revenue all sources		25,308,948			

 ${\it Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures \ and \ Changes \ in \ Fund \ Balance - All \ Programs}$

Education Improvement Act Fund	
For the year ended June 30, 2023	
Expenditures	

Expendi	Expenditures							
100 Ins	100 Instruction							
11	0 Gen	neral instruction						
	112	2 Primary programs						
		100 Salaries	113,031					
		200 Employee benefits	41,079					
		300 Purchased services	12,206					
		400 Supplies and materials	863,986					
			1,030,302					
	113	3 Elementary programs						
		100 Salaries	599,009					
		200 Employee benefits	219,043					
		300 Purchased services	8,415					
		400 Supplies and materials	639,787					
		500 Capital outlay	4,987					
			1,471,241					
	114	4 High school programs						
		100 Salaries	143,725					
		200 Employee benefits	46,333					
		300 Purchased services	33,642					
		400 Supplies and materials	171,367					
		500 Capital outlay	12,273					
	115	Caraar and tachnalagy advection programs	407,340					
	113	5 Career and technology education programs						
		100 Salaries	12,778					
		200 Employee benefits	4,128					
		300 Purchased services	16,183					
		400 Supplies and materials	592,988					
		500 Capital outlay	42,795					
			668,872					
14		Special programs						
	147	7 CERDEP						
		100 Salaries	928,285					
		200 Employee benefits	451,454					
		400 Supplies and materials	11,064					
			1,390,803					
17		mmer school programs						
	171	1 Primary summer school						
		100 Salaries	105,263					
		200 Employee benefits	40,989					
			146,252					
	175	5 Instructional programs beyond regular school day						
		100 Salaries	35,671					
		200 Employee benefits	11,730					
		400 Supplies and materials	6,033					
			53,434					

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs

Education Improvement Act Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

Ехр	enditui	res, Continued	
100	Instru	uction, continued	
	180	Adult/continuing educational programs	
		181 Adult basic education programs	
		100 Salaries	31,338
		200 Employee benefits	12,328
		400 Supplies and materials	16,242
			59,908
		182 Adult secondary education programs	
		100 Salaries	8,865
		200 Employee benefits	2,885
			11,750
		188 Parenting/family literacy	
		400 Supplies and materials	9,085
			9,085
	190	Instructional pupil activity	
		400 Supplies and materials	10
			10
		Total instruction	5,248,997
200	C		
200		ort services	
	210	Pupil services	
		212 Guidance services	24.700
		300 Purchased services	24,798
		400 Supplies and materials	7,217
	220	Instructional staff and trans	32,015
	220	Instructional staff services	
		221 Improvement of instruction curriculum development 100 Salaries	00 270
			99,370
		200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	42,544 996
			2,106
		400 Supplies and materials	
		222. Supervision of special programs	145,016
		223 Supervision of special programs 100 Salaries	260.055
		200 Employee benefits	260,955
		200 Employee benefits	105,449
		224 Improvement of instruction incoming and staff training	366,404
		224 Improvement of instruction inservice and staff training 100 Salaries	11 1/10
			11,148 8,002
		200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	8,002 288,573
		400 Supplies and materials	288,573 16,879
		400 Supplies and inaterials	324,602
			324,002

103 (Continued)

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - All Programs Education Improvement Act Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023							
Expenditures, Continued							
200 Support services, continued							
230 General administration services							
233 School administration							
300 Purchased services	66,667						
	66,667						
260 Central support services							
266 Technology and data processing services							
400 Supplies and materials	326,764						
	326,764						
Total support services	1,261,468						
Total expenditures	6,510,465						
Other financing uses							
Interfund transfers, to other funds:							
420-710 Transfer to General Fund	(18,798,483)						
Total other financing uses	(18,798,483)						
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	-						
Fund balance, beginning of year							
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -						

Summary Schedule by Program - Education Improvement Act Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2023

		Revenues		Expenditures		s Expenditures		 Other Fund Transfers In/(Out)	Jnearned Revenue
3500 Educat	tion Improvement Act								
3502	ADEPT	\$	396	\$	396	\$ -	\$ 29,838		
3503	State Aid to Classrooms		17,389,853		331	(17,389,522)	1,624,463		
3509	Arts in Education		95,425		95,425	-	-		
3518	Adoption List of Formative Assessment		112,286		112,286	-	-		
3519	Grade 10 Assessments		30,012		30,012	-	89,985		
3526	Refurbishment of Science Kits		501,128		501,128	-	341,838		
3528	Industry Certifications/Credentials		68,718		68,718	-	-		
3529	Career and Technology Education		615,821		615,821	-	273,640		
3532	National Board Salary Supplement		795,797		795,797	-	-		
3533	Teacher of the Year Awards		1,077		1,077	-	-		
3536	Student Health & Fitness		109,998		-	(109,998)	-		
3538	Students at Risk of School Failure		1,476,763		991,519	(485,244)	-		
3541	Child Early Reading Development and Education Program (CERDEP)		1,390,803		1,390,803	-	293,104		
3556	Adult Education		438,062		438,062	-	15,659		
3557	Summer Reading Program		152,285		152,285	-	-		
3571	CSI and State Priority Schools		227,836		227,836	-	-		
3577	Teacher Supplies		436,200		436,200	-	-		
3595	EEDA - Supplies and Materials		32,015		32,015	-	80,606		
3597	Aid to Districts		1,107,708		293,989	(813,719)	-		
3599	Other EIA		326,765		326,765		-		
	Totals	\$	25,308,948	\$	6,510,465	\$ (18,798,483)	\$ 2,749,133		

Detailed Schedule of Due to State Department of Education June 30, 2023

Program	Grant or Project Number	Revenue & Subfund Codes	Description	due De _l	mount e to State partment Education	Status of Amounts Due to Grantors
National Board Salary Supplement	N/A	332/3532	Unspent allocation	\$	12,025	Will be paid after year-end
CSI and State						Will be paid after
Priority School	N/A	371/3571	Unspent allocation		4,481	year-end
				\$	16,506	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - School Food Service Program For the year ended June 30, 2023

Reveni	ues			
1000		ue from lo	ocal sources	
	1500		s on investments	
		1510	Interest on investments	\$ 183,372
	1600	Food se	ervices	
		1610	Lunch sales to pupils	1,355,246
		1620	Breakfast sales to pupils	307,463
		1630	Special sales to pupils	179,291
		1640	Lunch sales to adults	6,289
		1650	Breakfast sales to adults	431
		1660	Special sales to adults	16,567
	1900	Other re	evenue from local sources	
		1990	Miscellaneous local revenue	
		19	99 Revenue from other local sources	1,254
			Total local sources	2,049,913
4000	Reven	ue from fe	ederal sources	
	4800	USDA re	eimbursement	
		4810	School lunch and after school snacks program	6,463,429
		4820	Supply chain assistance funding	699,673
		4830	School breakfast program	2,100,362
		4880	Summer feeding programs	106,812
		4899	Miscellaneous food service	16,470
	4900	Other fe	ederal sources	
		4991	USDA commodities	867,905
			Total federal sources	10,254,651
			Total revenue all sources	12,304,564
Expend	ditures			
250		e and ope	erations services	
	256	Food se		
		100	Salaries	314,433
		140	Terminal leave	21,250
		200	Employee benefits	183,105
		300	Purchased services	9,089,087
		400	Supplies and materials	1,886,377
		500	Capital outlay	1,229
		600	Other objects	1,220
			Total expenditures	11,496,701
Other :	financino	sources	(uses)	
-			om (to) other funds:	
	5210		r from General Fund	223,181
		432-791	1 Food Service Fund indirect costs	(114,903)
			Total other financing sources (uses)	108,278
			Excess of revenues and other financing sources	
			over expenditures and other financing uses	916,141
Fund b	alance,	beginning	g of year	4,625,773
Fund b	alance,	end of yed	ar	\$ 5,541,914

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Educational Foundation For the year ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	
1000 Revenue from local sources	
1900 Other revenue from local sources	
1920 Contributions and donations from private sources	\$ 462,174
Total local sources	462,174
Total revenue all sources	462,174
Expenditures	
200 Support services	
220 Instructional staff services	
221 Improvement of instruction curriculum development	
300 Purchased services	45,510
400 Supplies and materials	7,557
600 Other objects	 405,827
Total expenditures	 458,894
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,280
Fund balance, beginning of year	145,360
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 148,640

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Debt Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

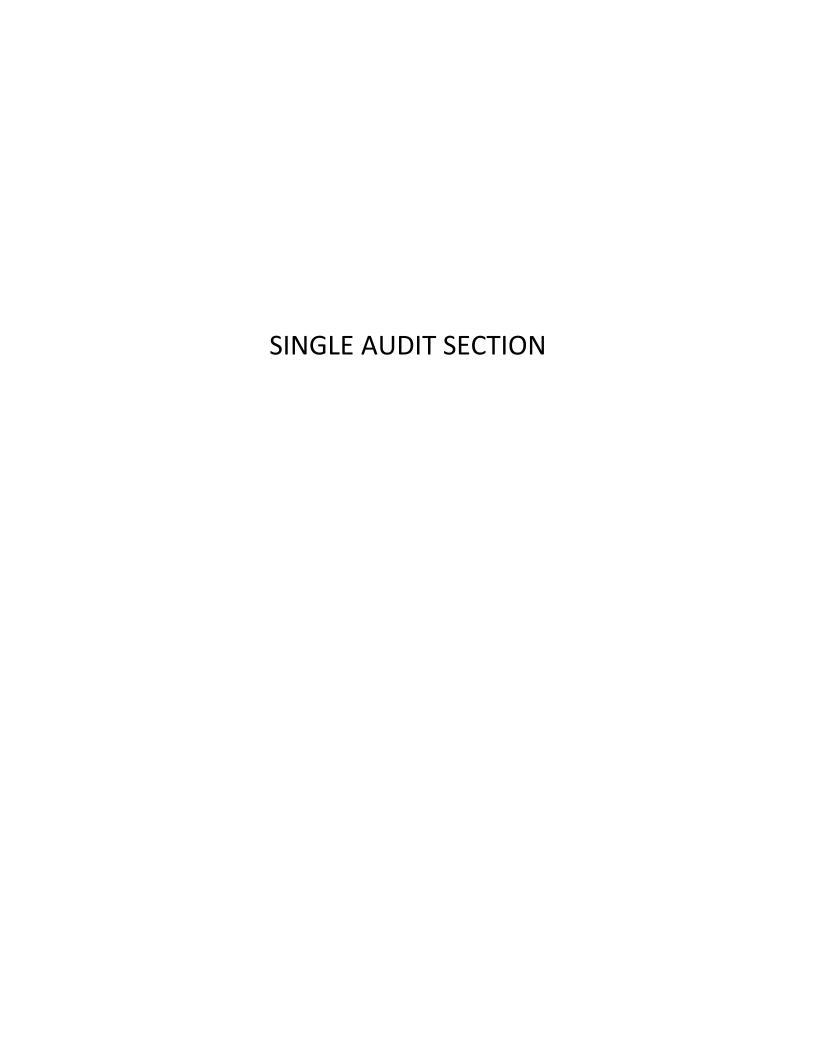
Reven	ues			District	(GROWTH
1000	Reven	e from local sources				
	1100	Taxes levied/assessed by LEA	A			
		1110 Ad valorem taxe	s-including delinquent	\$ 44,019,649	\$	-
	1200	Revenue from local government	nental units			
		1280 Revenue in lieu o	of taxes	1,234,995		-
	1500	Earnings on investments				
		1510 Interest on inves	tments	1,328,130		56,294
	1900	Other revenue from local so				
			her local sources	 73,777		
		Total loca	sources	 46,656,551		56,294
3000	Reven	e from state sources State revenue in lieu of taxe	S			
		3820 Homestead exer		1,219,274		_
		3830 Merchant's inve		68,122		_
			depreciation reimbursement	571,607		_
			erty tax revenues	192,306		_
		Total state	•	 2,051,309		_
		Total reve	nue all sources	 48,707,860		56,294
Total revenue all sources Expenditures		 40,707,000		30,234		
500	Debt s	rvices				
	610	Redemption of principal		15,579,731		8,860,000
	620	Interest		5,452,281		3,893,475
	690	Other objects		 96,252		10,500
		Total expe	enditures	 21,128,264		12,763,975
Other	financii	g sources (uses)				
	5110	Premium on bonds sold		 304,930		-
				 304,930	,	-
Inte	rfund tr	nsfers, from (to) other funds	•			
	5240	Transfer from Debt Service F	und	-		12,710,695
		423-710 Transfer to Debt	Service Fund - GROWTH	(12,710,695)		-
		424-710 Transfer to Capit	al Projects Fund	(15,431,128)		-
		Total othe	r financing sources (uses)	 (27,836,893)		12,710,695
		Excess (de	ficiency) of revenues and other			
		financin	g sources over (under) expenditures			
			er financing uses	(257,297)		3,014
Fund l	palance,	beginning of year		26,074,490		1,387
Fund l	palance,	end of year		\$ 25,817,193	\$	4,401

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Capital Projects Fund For the year ended June 30, 2023

Rever	nues					
1000	Reveni	ue from	local so	urces		
	1500	Earnir	ngs on in	vestments		
		151	0 Interes	st on investments	\$ 1,069,39) 5
	1900	Other	revenue	from local sources		
		192	0 Contri	butions and donations from private sources	17,00)0
		195	0 Refund	d of prior year expenditures	23,02	28
		104,98	35			
		1,214,40)8			
		1,214,40)8			
Exper	nditures					
200		rt servic				
25				ons services		
	253			isition and construction		
		100	Salarie		12,00	
		200		yee benefits	3,86	
		300		ased services	136,94	
		400		es and materials	279,39	18
		500		l outlay	0.022.6	72
			520 530	Construction services	8,923,67	
			540	Improvements	1,358,95 515,18	
			580	Equipment Mobile classrooms	25,05	
		600		objects	20,84	
		000	Other	objects	11,275,91	
	258	Secur	itv			
	250	400	•	es and materials	63,70	16
		500		l outlay	1,456,85	
					1,520,55	
				Total support services	12,796,46	
500	Deht s	ervices		Total support services	12,730,40	,,
300	Debts	690	Othor	objects	120,89	כנ
		090	Other	Total debt services	120,83	
				Total expenditures	12,917,36	1
Other	financir					
	5600	Proce	eds from	equipment use acquisition purchase	3,725,00	_
					3,725,00	10
Inte	-	-	-	her funds:	45 404 40	
	5240	Trans	ter trom	Debt Service Fund	15,431,12	.8
				Total other financing sources	19,156,12	28
				Excess of revenues and other		
financing sources over expenditures						75
Fund	balance,	beginn	ing of ye	ear	18,718,59	97_
Fund	Fund balance, end of year					72
						_

Dorchester County School District Two School District Location Reconciliation Schedule For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Location	Education	Cost		Total
Location ID	Description	Level	Туре	E	xpenditures
000	Districtwide	Non-Schools	Central	\$	70.046.011
000	Knightsville Elementary	Elementary Schools	School	Ş	78,946,011 8,041,409
002	Summerville Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		6,911,095
005	Spann Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,112,459
006	Rollings School of the Arts	Middle Schools	School		8,091,956
007	Alston Middle	Middle Schools	School		8,009,046
008	Summerville High	High Schools	School		25,659,622
009	Gregg Middle	Middle Schools	School		8,725,020
010	Newington Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,965,462
011	Flowertown Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		8,298,002
012	DuBose Middle	Middle Schools	School		8,505,910
013	Oakbrook Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		6,715,439
014	Oakbrook Middle	Middle Schools	School		8,770,195
015	Windsor Hill Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,598,203
016	Fort Dorchester High	High Schools	School		21,609,742
017	Beech Hill Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		10,348,462
018	Fort Dorchester Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		9,320,323
020	Psychological Services	Non-Schools	Central		5,113,394
023	Transportation	Non-Schools	Central		1,634
025	Adult and Community Education	Middle Schools	School		1,492,515
026	Delivery Services	Non-Schools	Central		68,958
027	Development Center	Non-Schools	Central		8,207
028	Technology	Non-Schools	Central		5,314
030	St. George Adult Education	Non-Schools	Central		22,531
033	Dorchester County Career School	Other School	School		93,392
038	Private Schools	Non-Schools	Central		141,003
039	Givhans Alternative School	Alternative School	School		2,103,095
041	Eagle Nest Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,109,826
042	William Reeves Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		9,116,255
043	River Oaks Middle	Middle Schools	School		8,169,351
044	Ashley Ridge High	High Schools	School		20,803,614
045	Joseph Pye Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,861,407
046	Sires Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		8,047,812
047	Sand Hill Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		9,203,528
048	Alston-Bailey Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		6,326,259
049	New Middle School of the Arts	Middle Schools	School		161,028
050	Community Learning Center	Non-Schools	Central		111,807
052	East Edisto Middle School	Middle Schools	School		12,920,901
550	Education Foundation Projects	Non-Schools	Central		119,247
500	Education Foundation Projects	Non-Schools	Central		5,728
600	Education Foundation Projects	Non-Schools	Central		189,755
650	Education Foundation Projects	Non-Schools	Central		144,163
Total expenditures/o	disbursements for all funds			\$	339,969,080
The above expenditu	ures are reconciled to the School District's fina	ncial statements as follows:			
•	ares are reconciled to the sensor bistrict's final	inclar statements as follows.			222 242 444
General Fund	und			\$	232,242,114 42,451,305
Special Revenue F					
Special Revenue -					6,510,465
	Food Service Fund				11,496,701
•	Education Foundation Fund				458,894
Debt Service Fund					21,128,264
Debt Service Fund					12,763,975
Capital Projects Fu	JIIU			-	12,917,361
				\$	339,969,079



		Federal	Page	
LEA	Federal Grantor/	Assistance	Pass Through	
Subfund	Pass-Through Grantor/	Listing	Grantor's	Federal
Code	Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Agriculture			
	Passed-through S.C. Department of Education:			
	Child Nutrition Cluster:			
600	National School Breakfast Program: Cash Assistance	10.553	N/A	\$ 2,100,362
600	National School Lunch Program: Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A	6,463,429
600	National School Lunch Program: Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	867,905
600	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A	106,812
600	Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	N/A	699,673
600	Operational Costs Reimbursement	10.555	N/A	16,470
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster			10,254,651
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			10,254,651
	U.S. Department of Education Direct Programs			
100	Impact Aid	84.041	N/A	85,285
100	Total Direct Programs	04.041	N/A	85,285
	Total Direct Hogianis			03,203
	Passed through S.C. Department of Education			
	Title I:			
201	Title I, Part A - Grants to LEA's carryover	84.010	22 Title I Regular (carryover)	690,950
201	Title I, Part A - Grants to LEA's	84.010	23 Title I Regular	5,070,766
237	Title I, Targeted School Improvement	84.010	22 Title I Targeted School Improvement	385,543
237	Title I, Targeted School Improvement	84.010	20 Title I Targeted School Improvement	111,199
	Total Title I			6,258,458
	IDEA Cluster:			
203	IDEA - Current Year	84.027A	23 IDEA	4,485,177
203	IDEA - Prior Year	84.027A	22 IDEA c/o	210,129
203	IDEA - State alloc/ Extended School Year	84.027	23 ESY	237,902
205	IDEA Pre-school Grants Current Year - Handicapped Capacity	84.173	22 IDEA Preschool	233,996
230	COVID-19, ARP IDEA	84.027X	22 ARP IDEA	744,930
233	COVID-19, ARP IDEA Pre-School	84.173X	22 ARP IDEA Pre-School	4,563
	Total IDEA Cluster			5,916,697
	COVID-19, Education Stabilization Fund:			
218	COVID-19, ESSER III	84.425U	22 ESSER III ARP	14,550,192
220	COVID-19, ESSER CARES	84.425D	20 ESSER CARES c/o	1,576
225	COVID-19, ESSER II	84.425D	21 ESSER II c/o	1,573,796
263	COVID-19, ARP Homeless II Total COVID-19, Education Stabilization Fund	84.425W	22 ARP Homeless II	55,020 16,180,584
	Total COVID-15, Education Stabilization Fund			10,160,364
	Other Programs:			
210	Title IV SSAE	84.424A	23 Title IV SSAE	380,958
210	Title IV SSAE	84.424A	22 Title IV SSAE c/o	215,452
207	Occupational Education	84.048	23 CATE Federal	320,765
207	Occupational Education - Prior Year	84.048	22 CATE Federal	25,230
221	Title I, Neglected & Delinquent	84.013	23 Title I N&D	94,969
221	Title I, Neglected & Delinquent - Prior Year	84.013	22 Title I N&D	46,034
243	Adult Education - Current Year	84.002	23 Adult Ed	168,552
243	Adult Education - Reverted	84.002	23 Adult Ed- Reverted	23,461
243	Adult Education - Generational Family Services	84.002	23AE - Generational Fam Svc	35,000
264	Title III, English Language Acquisition	84.365	23 Engl Lang Acqu Title III	40,113
264	Title III, English Language Acquisition carryover	84.365	22 Engl Lang Acqu Title III c/o	36,737
267	Title II, Improving Teacher Quality carryover	84.367	22 Title II - Improv Teacher Qual c/o	179,695
267	Title II, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	23 Title II Support Effect Instr	490,384
	Total Other Programs			2,057,350
	Total U.S. Department of Education			30,498,374
	U.S. Department of Defense			
	Direct Program			
271	ROTC	12.000	N/A	277,358
	Total U.S. Department of Defense		.4	277,358
	·			
	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
	Direct Program			
299	Center for Disease Control - Health Survey	93.283	N/A	900
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			900
	Federal Communications Commission			
074	Direct Program COVID 19 Emergency Connectivity Fund Brogram	22.000	N1/A	F70 F42
871	COVID-19 - Emergency Connectivity Fund Program Total Federal Communications Commission	32.009	N/A	579,542 579,542
	rotal reveral Communications Commission			5/9,542
	Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 41,610,825
				+ 11,010,023

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

I. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Dorchester County School District Two (the "School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School District.

II. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Trustees
Dorchester County School District Two
Summerville, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dorchester County School District Two (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001.

The School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbia, South Carolina December 1, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Trustees
Dorchester County School District Two
Summerville, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Dorchester County School District Two's (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above
 and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance, Continued

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Columbia, South Carolina

Elliott Davis, LLC

December 1, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

(a.) Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial

statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

(b.) Internal control over financial reporting:

1) Material weakness(es) identified: No

2) Significant deficiency(ies) identified: None reported

(c.) Noncompliance material to financial statements noted: Yes

Federal Awards

(a.) Internal control over major programs:

1) Material weakness(es) identified: No

2) Significant deficiency(ies) identified: None reported

(b.) Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

(c.) Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

(d.) Identification of major program(s):

10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.010 Title I

84.425 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund

(e.) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B Programs: \$1,248,325

(f.) Auditee qualified as low risk auditee? Yes

II. Findings Relating to the Basic Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards:*

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

June 30, 2023

III. Financial Statement Findings - Compliance:

2023-001: Bus Driver Testing

Condition: The South Carolina Department of Education ("SCDE") requires that a percentage of

the School District's bus drivers are tested each calendar year for alcohol based on the minimum annual percentage rate established by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration ("FMCSA"). For the calendar year ended December 31, 2022, the

minimum annual percentage was 10%.

Criteria: During the audit of the School District's financial statements, it was identified that

less than 10% of the School District's bus drivers were tested for alcohol during the

calendar year ended December 31, 2022.

Cause: The School District outsources this process to a third party and did not adequately

monitor the results to ensure the minimum annual percentage rate was met.

Effect: Only 3% of the School District's bus drivers were tested for alcohol during the

calendar year ended December 31, 2022.

Recommendation: We recommend that the School District monitor the results of the third party testing

to ensure that the appropriate number of bus drivers are tested for alcohol.

Response: Due to a change in vendors and a change in personnel overseeing the testing, the

alcohol testing requirement was omitted from the screening for most of 2022. Moving forward, the School District has personnel in place to ensure the vendor is

completing all of the required testing.

IV. Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards:

No matters were reported.

Dorchester County School District Two Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

June 30, 2023

None