Financial Statements
for the year ended
June 30, 2020
Together with Independent
Auditor's Report and Report Required by Government
Auditing Standards



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Bonadio & Co., LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 6, 2020

To the Board of Education and Superintendent of New York Mills Union Free School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New York Mills Union Free School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective change in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedules of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Contributions-Pension Plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –Nonmajor Governmental Funds, Schedule of Changes from Original Budget to Revised Budget, Schedule of Section 1318 Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation-General Fund, Schedule of Project Expenditures-Capital Projects Fund and Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Nonmajor Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Balance Sheet-Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Nonmajor Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Schedule of Changes from Original Budget to Revised Budget, Schedule of Section 1318 Real Property Tax Law limit Calculation-General Fund, Schedule of Project Expenditures-Capital Projects Fund and Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed, as well as a comparative analysis to prior year information. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Highlights

- At June 30, 2020 total liabilities (what the District owes) exceeded its total assets (what the District owns) by \$7,126,782. At June 30, 2019, total liabilities exceeded total assets by \$4,561,341. Net Position decreased by \$2,565,441.
- Capital asset additions during 2020 amounted to \$359,717 primarily due to \$158,112 in building expenditures and \$201,605 for equipment purchases.
- General revenue, which includes State aid, and property taxes, accounted for \$13,802,550 or 99.88% of all
 revenue. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services accounted for \$16,052 or 0.12% of
 total revenue.
- Total expenses in the district-wide financial statements totaled \$16,384,043 and \$13,646,015 in 2020 and 2019 respectively.
- At of the close of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$5,178,380 and \$5,205,780 in 2020 and 2019, respectively, a decrease of -\$27,400 from 2019 to 2020.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Governmental fund financial statements that focus on individual activities of the District, reporting the operation in more detail than the District-wide statements.
 - The Governmental fund statements tell how basic services, such as instruction and support functions, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, including the employees of the District.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison to the District's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

 Table A-1
 Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report

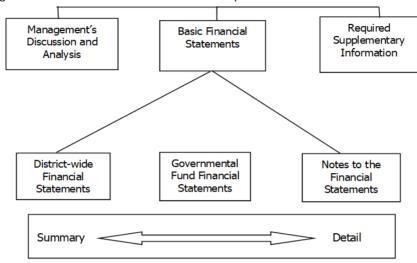


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section highlights the structure and contents of each statement.

 Table A-2
 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financi	al Statements
	District Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as instruction and special	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such
		education	as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance sheet Statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred inflows-outflows of resources/ liability information	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, both financial capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon after; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows; both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenue for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities, should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (dollars) are expended to purchase or build such assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when received. Principal and interest payments are considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated. Capital assets and long-term debt are accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-wide statements use an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to prepare the statement of net position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets.
- Report long-term debt as a liability.
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper function.
- Calculate revenue and expenditures using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting.
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net investment in capital assets.
 - Restricted net position includes resources with constraints placed on use by external sources or imposed by law.
 - Unrestricted net position is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the State of New York.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out of the District and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements explain the relationship (or differences) between them. The governmental fund statements focus primarily on current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Governmental funds include the General fund, Special Aid fund, Debt Service fund, Capital Projects fund, School Lunch fund, Special Revenue fund and Permanent fund. Required financial statements are the balance sheet and the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the
 scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets
 reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong.
 The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these
 assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table A-3) and the change in net position (Table A-4) of the District-wide governmental activities.

Table A-3 Condensed Statements of Net Position - Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	<u>Change</u>
Current assets Non-current assets Total Assets	\$ 5,761	\$ 5,766	\$ (5) -0.1%
	11,898	11,830	68 0.6%
	17,659	17,596	63 0.4%
Deferred outflows	9,411	2,539	6,872 270.7%
Current liabilities	474	79	395 500.0%
Long-term liabilities	31,619	22,534	9,085 40.3%
Total liabilities	32,093	22,613	9,480 41.9%
Deferred inflows	2,104	2,084	
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	7,187	6,926	261 3.8%
	2,968	2,983	(15) -0.5%
	(17,281)	(14,470)	(2,811) 19.4%
	\$ (7,126)	\$ (4,561)	\$ (2,565) 56.2%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

In Table A-3, total assets at June 30, 2020 were approximately \$62,380 higher than at June 30, 2019. Total liabilities increased by approximately \$9,479,722.

Deferred outflows/inflows account for the GASB No. 68 recording of pensions and GASB No. 75 recording of other post-employment benefits. The deferred outflows increased approximately \$6,871,396 and the deferred inflows increased approximately \$19,495.

Table A-4 Changes in Net Position from Operating Results - Governmental Activities (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year <u>2020</u>	Fiscal Year 2019	Percent <u>Change</u>
Revenue			
Charges for services	\$ 16	\$ 18	-11.1%
General Revenue:			
Real property taxes	6,842	6,615	3.4%
Nonproperty tax	1,115	1,106	0.8%
Use of money and property	53	49	8.2%
Sales of property and compensation for loss	29	8	262.5%
Miscellaneous	687	445	54.4%
State sources	4,485	5,005	-10.4%
Federal sources	591	646	-8.5%
Total revenue	13,818	13,892	-0.5%
Expenses:			
General government support	2,398	2,009	19.4%
Instruction	13,109	10,783	21.6%
Pupil transportation	739	696	6.2%
Interest	137	158	-13.3%
Total expenses	16,383	13,646	20.1%
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (2,565)	\$ 246	-1142.7%

Changes in Net Position

The District's total fiscal year 2020 revenues totaled \$13,818,602 (See Table A-4). Property taxes (including other tax items) and state and federal sources formula aid accounted for most of the District's revenue (See Table A-5). The remainder came from fees charged for services, use of money and property, and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$16,384,043 for fiscal year 2020. These expenses are predominately related to instruction, which account for 79% of District expenses. (See Table A-6). The District's general support activities accounted for 15% of total costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

Table A-5 Souces of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2020

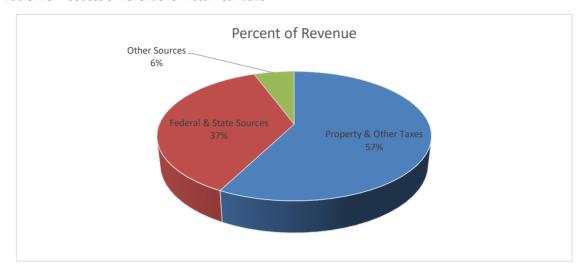
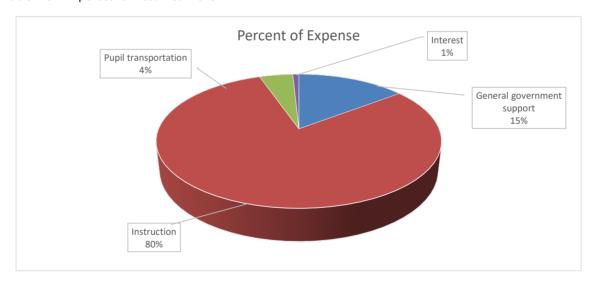


Table A-6 Expenses for Fiscal Year 2020



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt, liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the District, in its governmental funds, reported combined fund balances of \$5.2 million, a increase of approximately \$.3 million from the prior year. The District's general fund operated at a surplus of \$36,167.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

This section presents an analysis of significant variances between original and final budget amounts and between final budget amounts and actual results for the General fund.

Table A-7 Results vs. Budget (in thousands)

		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Enc.	P	ariance ositive/ egative)
Revenue:	_		_			7.057	_			4-
Real property taxes	\$	7,912	\$	7,912	\$	7,957	\$	-	\$	45
State and federal sources		4,872		4,872		4,345		-		(527)
Other		401		401		766		_		365
Total		13,185	_	13,185	_	13,068		-		(117)
Expenditures:										
General support	\$	1,685	\$	1,922	\$	1,563	\$	99	\$	260
Instruction		7,890		8,501		7,744		126		631
Pupil transportation		688		723		607		23		93
Employee benefits		3,247		3,048		2,491		10		547
Debt service		1,028		518		518		-		-
Other financing (sources)		110		110		110		_		<u> </u>
Total	-	14,648		14,822		13,033		258		1,531
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,463)	\$	(1,637)	\$	35	\$	(258)	\$	1,414

The General fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally adopted. For the purposes of the above analysis the budget columns do not include appropriated fund balance.

The following significant variances between budget and actual occurred during fiscal 2020:

- State and federal revenue was lower than budget by \$539,882. This line is difficult to budget and mainly
 consists of general aid payments in which the amount is set by the state and can vary by year due to a
 number of factors. In addition, miscellaneous revenue, which includes refunds of prior year expenditures,
 exceeded budget by approximately \$304,000. This line item is also difficult to budget and can vary year to
 year.
- The District experienced savings in all expenditure categories.

Capital Assets

As of June, 30, 2020, the District had an investment of \$11.11 million in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, buses, athletics facilities, computers and other educational equipment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2020

Tables A-8 Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	F	iscal Year 2020	F 	iscal Year 2019	Percent Change	
Category:						
Land	\$	62	\$	62	0.0%	
Buildings and improvements		10,183		10,476	-2.8%	
Furniture and equipment		869		854	1.8%	
Total	\$	11,114	\$	11,392	-2.4%	

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$4.09 million in general obligation bonds outstanding and \$27.54 million in other long-term liabilities. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-9 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Fiscal Year 2020		Fiscal Year 2019		Percent Change	
Category:						
General obligation bonds	\$	4,085	\$	4,465	-8.5%	
Net pension liability		647		165	292.1%	
Compensated absences		1,564		1,446	8.2%	
Other postemployment benefit obligation		25,324		16,458	53.9%	
Total	\$	31,620	\$	22,534	40.3%	

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate the District's accountability with the funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact: New York Mills Union Free School District Administrative Center, 1 Marauder Boulevard, New York Mills, New York 13417.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020

ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,793,032
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	2,905,909
Due from Federal, State and other governments	1,062,418
Total current assets	5,761,359
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	
Capital assets, net	11,271,501
Net pension asset - TRS	626,306
Total noncurrent assets	11,897,807
Total assets	17,659,166
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related-TRS	2,066,928
Pension related-ERS	510,884
OPEB related	6,832,913
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,410,725
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accrued liabilities	46,244
Due to teachers' retirement system	389,090
Due to employees' retirement system	33,430
Interest payable	5,000
Total current liabilities	473,764
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:	
Due and payable within one year -	
Bonds payable	395,000
Due and payable after one year -	
Net pension liability - ERS	646,566
Other postemployment benefits	25,323,574
Compensated absences	1,564,196
Bonds payable	3,690,000
Total long-term liabilities	31,619,336
Total liabilities	32,093,100
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related-TRS	930,864
Pension related-ERS	20,771
OPEB related	1,151,938
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,103,573
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,186,501
Restricted	2,967,711
Unrestricted	(17,280,994)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (7,126,782)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Program	_ Net (Expense)	
	<u>Expenses</u>	Charges for Services	Operating <u>Grants</u>	Revenue and Change in <u>Net Position</u>
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:				
General governmental support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest	\$ 2,398,787 13,108,989 738,935 137,332	\$ - 16,052 - -	\$ - - -	\$ (2,398,787) (13,092,937) (738,935) (137,332)
Total functions/programs	\$ 16,384,043	\$ 16,052	\$ -	(16,367,991)
GENERAL REVENUE: Real property taxes Nonproperty taxes Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Federal sources Total general revenue				6,842,258 1,114,738 53,359 29,172 686,820 4,485,344 590,859 13,802,550
CHANGE IN NET POSITION				(2,565,441)
NET POSITION - beginning of year				(4,561,341)
NET POSITION - end of year				\$ (7,126,782)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

				Nonmajor	Total
	General	Special Aid	Debt Service	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
ACCETC					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,762,48			\$ 21,355	\$ 1,793,032
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	1,518,60		1,336,493	50,813	2,905,909
Due from other funds	500,52		39	-	500,568
Due from Federal, State and other governments	571,08	491,336	<u> </u>		1,062,418
Total assets	4,352,69	9 500,528	1,336,532	72,168	6,261,927
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities	46,24	4 -	-	-	46,244
Due to other funds		- 500,528	-	40	500,568
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	389,09	- 0		-	389,090
Due to Employees' Retirement System	33,43	-	<u> </u>		33,430
Total liabilities	468,76	500,528	<u> </u>	40	969,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	114,21	.5 -	<u> </u>		114,215
Total deferred inflows of resources	114,21	.5	<u> </u>		114,215
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted					
Capital	791,17	'8 -		-	791,178
Debt service			1,336,532	-	1,336,532
Employee Benefit	421,62	.0 -	-	-	421,620
Repair	35,00	- 10	-	-	35,000
Retirement	167,40	-	-	-	167,404
Other			-	72,128	72,128
Tax Certiorari	143,84	.9	<u> </u>		143,849
Total restricted fund balance	1,559,05	1 -	1,336,532	72,128	2,967,711
Assigned					
Encumbrances	258,68	-	-	-	258,684
Appropriated for subsequent years expenditures	1,464,00	- 10	-	-	1,464,000
Unassigned	487,98		<u> </u>		487,985
Total fund balances	3,769,72	-	1,336,532	72,128	5,178,380
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 4,352,69	9 \$ 500,528	\$ 1,336,532	\$ 72,168	\$ 6,261,927

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Fund balance - Total Governmental funds	\$ 5,178,380
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	11,271,501
Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and;	
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows - ERS/TRS	2,577,812
Deferred inflows - ERS/TRS	(951,635)
Deferred outflows- OPEB	6,832,913
Deferred inflows- OPEB	(1,151,938)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability - ERS	(646,566)
Net pension asset - TRS	626,306
Interest on bonds payable is not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, not reported in the funds.	(5,000)
Certain revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	
	114,215
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds payable	(4,085,000)
Other postemployment benefits	(25,323,574)
Compensated absences	 (1,564,196)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (7,126,782)

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	<u>General</u>	Special <u>Aid</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUE:					
Real property taxes	\$ 6,842,258	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,842,258
Other tax items	1,114,738	-	-	-	1,114,738
Charges for services	4,514	-	-	11,538	16,052
Use of money and property	45,610	-	7,555	194	53,359
Sale of property and compensation for loss	29,172	-	-	-	29,172
Miscellaneous	686,820	-	-	-	686,820
State sources	4,312,025	59,104	_	-	4,371,129
Federal sources	33,229	557,630			590,859
Total revenue	13,068,366	616,734	7,555	11,732	13,704,387
EXPENDITURES:					
General support	1,562,568	-	-	24,742	1,587,310
Instruction	7,743,909	626,234	-	-	8,370,143
Pupil transportation	607,082	-	-	-	607,082
Employee benefits	2,491,227	-	-	-	2,491,227
Capital outlays	-	-	-	158,112	158,112
Debt service -					
Principal	380,000	-	-	-	380,000
Interest	137,913				137,913
Total expenditures	12,922,699	626,234		182,854	13,731,787
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	145,667	(9,500)	7,555	(171,122)	(27,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES):					
Transfers in	-	9,500	-	100,000	109,500
Transfers out	(109,500)		-	-	(109,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(109,500)	9,500		100,000	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	36,167	-	7,555	(71,122)	(27,400)
FUND BALANCES - beginning of year	3,733,553		1,328,977	143,250	5,205,780
FUND BALANCES - end of year	\$ 3,769,720	\$ -	\$ 1,336,532	\$ 72,128	\$ 5,178,380

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	(27,400)
Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the statement of net position.		359,717
Depreciation is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the statement of activities.		(479,483)
Repayments of long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		380,000
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned, net of employer contributions is reported as pension expense.		(953,961)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		114,215
Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and are; therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds: Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits	_	581 (117,750) (1,841,360)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	(2,565,441)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Pu	ivate rpose <u>rusts</u>		<u>Agency</u>
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	20,136	\$	332,762
cash and cash equivalents Testhetea	7	20,130	7	332,702
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,136	\$	332,762
LIABILITIES: Extraclassroom activity balances Other liabilities	\$	- -	\$	68,295 264,467
Total liabilities			\$	332,762
NET POSITION:				
Restricted for scholarships		20,136		
Total net position		20,136		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	20,136		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Private Purpose <u>Trusts</u>
ADDITIONS:		
Gifts and contributions Investment earnings	\$ 	- 149
Total additions	_	149
DEDUCTIONS: Scholarships and awards		3,726
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(3,577)
NET POSITION - beginning of year		23,713
NET POSITION - end of year	\$	20,136

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

New York Mills Union Free School District (the District) provides K-12 public education to students living within its geographic borders.

Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the Laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (BOE) consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards and consists of the primary government, and when applicable, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financials statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The BOE exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

Joint Venture

The District is a component school district in The Oneida-Herkimer-Madison Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$3,685,552 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$979,697.

Financial Statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

2. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

Basis of Presentation

The District's financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund level financial statements which provide more detailed information.

District-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenue, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenue includes charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including all taxes, is presented as general revenue.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes and other activities whose funds are restricted as to use. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental activities.

Nonmajor funds consist of the School Lunch Fund, Capital Projects, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund and a Permanent Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

These funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used.

There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private purpose trust funds - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income are used to fund annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District solely as an agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured, whereas basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and Its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets include amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes.

Due from Federal, State and Other Governments

Due from Federal, New York State and other governments relates to receivables from New York State, the Federal government and BOCES. Management does not believe an allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the BOE no later than September 1, and become a lien on September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31. Taxes not collected by October 31 are turned over to the County who assumes all responsibility for collection. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County(ies) in which the District is located. The County(ies) pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County(ies) for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

Tax Abatement Program

The District is subject to tax abatements granted by the Oneida County Industrial Development Agency. The Agency was created in accordance with New York State Industrial Development Agency Act of 1969 to promote and develop the economic growth within the County and to assist in attracting industry to the County through various programs and other activities. The tax abatements are for the acquisition, construction and renovation of various properties in Oneida County. The total property taxes abated for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$113,634.

Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services. The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

Refer to Note 6 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2003. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, estimated historical costs, based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals, were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,000	SL	40 years
Land and site improvements	\$	1,000	SL	20 years
Furniture and equipment	\$	1,000	SL	5 - 15 years

Vested Employee Benefits

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time. Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

The liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are recognized as expenditures on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. (If applicable "The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee.") The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. All deferred inflows and deferred outflows relate to pension plans and other postemployment benefits. Amortization is expensed against pension expense in future periods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. No RANs, TANs, or BANs were issued during the year, or outstanding at year ending June 30, 2020.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy convening which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

District-Wide Statements - Equity Classifications

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Governmental fund Financial Statements - Equity Classifications

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable fund balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not have nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2020.

Restricted fund balance - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has available the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserves - Building, Transportation and Vehicles

The capital reserves (Education Law §3651) are used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of this reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. These reserves are accounted for in the general and capital projects funds.

Repair

Repair reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, that are of a type not recurring annually. The BOE, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution

Retirement contribution reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the board. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Employee Benefit Reserve

According to GML §6-p, this reserve must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to employees upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the BOE, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Tax Certiorari

According to Education Law §3651.1-a, this reserve must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgements and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited in the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the general fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies into the reserve unless claims are still open and not finally determined or otherwise terminated or disposed of. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Committed fund balance - Includes amounts that can be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the BOE. The District has no committed fund balance as of June 30, 2020.

Assigned fund balance - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as assigned fund balance in the General fund. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Unassigned fund balance - Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Non-spendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as assigned fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the BOE as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. There were no supplemental appropriations during the year.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

Portions of the fund balances are restricted and are not available for current expenditures or expenses, as reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budgetary control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

4. CASH

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

As of June 30, 2020, the District's aggregate bank balances were insured and collateralized as follows:

	Bank	Carrying
<u>Description</u>	Balance	Amount
Primary government	\$5,398,803	\$4,698,941
Fiduciary funds	450,634	352,898
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5,849,437	\$5,051,839
Category 1:		
Covered by FDIC insurance	\$ 555,682	
Category 2:		
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial		
institution's trust department or agent in the District's name	5,293,755	
	\$5,849,437	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance
Capital assets that are not depreciated				
·				
Land	\$ 61,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,500
Construction in progress		158,112		158,112
Total nondepreciable cost	61,500	158,112		219,612
Capital assets that are depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	18,000,660	-	-	18,000,660
Furniture and equipment	4,546,721	201,605		4,748,326
Total depreciable historical cost	22,547,381	201,605		22,748,986
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(7,524,905)	(292,960)	-	(7,817,865)
Furniture and equipment	(3,692,709)	(186,523)		(3,879,232)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,217,614)	(479,483)		(11,697,097)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 11,391,267	\$ (119,766)	\$ -	\$ 11,271,501

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30 2020, was allocated to specific functions as follows:

General support	\$ 81,512
Instruction	364,407
Pupil transportation	 33,564
Total	\$ 479,483

6. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

	Receivable	Payable	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$ 500,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109,500		
Special Aid	-	500,528	9,500	-		
Debt Service	39	-	-	-		
Capital Projects		40	100,000			
Total	\$ 500,568	\$ 500,568	\$ 109,500	\$ 109,500		

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the statement of net position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized as follows:

								Am	ount Due
	В	Beginning			{a}		Ending	Wi	thin One
		Balance	 dditions	Re	ductions	s Balance			Year
Governmental activities:									
Serial bonds	\$	4,465,000	\$ 	\$	380,000	\$	4,085,000	\$	395,000
Total bonds	\$	4,465,000	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	380,000	\$	4,085,000	\$	395,000
Other liabilities:									
Other postemployment benefits	\$	16,457,797	\$ 9,291,981	\$	(426,204)	\$	25,323,574	\$	-
Compensated absences		1,446,446	-		117,750		1,564,196		-
Net pension obligation - ERS	_	165,203	 481,363			_	646,566		
Total other liabilities	\$	18,069,446	\$ 9,773,344	\$	(308,454)	\$	27,534,336	\$	

[{]a} Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net because it is impractical to determine these amounts separately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Issue dates, maturities, and interest rates on outstanding debt are as follows:

				Balance
Bond Issue	Issued	Maturity	Interest Rate	Due
2010 Serial Bond 2018 Serial Bond	6/28/2010 6/21/2018	6/15/2025 6/15/2033	3.38% 2.50%	\$ 1,015,000 3,070,000
Total bond issues				\$ 4,085,000

The following is a summary of the maturity of long-term indebtedness as of June 30, 2020:

	Principal		Interest			Total
2021	\$	395,000	\$	104,413	\$	499,413
2022		405,000		95,875		500,875
2023		415,000		86,625		501,625
2024		430,000		77,050		507,050
2025		450,000		66,600		516,600
2026-2030		1,250,000		225,900		1,475,900
2031-2033		740,000		41,550	_	781,550
Totals	\$	4,085,000	\$	698,013	\$	4,783,013

8. PENSION PLANS

New York State Employee's Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) also referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system, providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), established to hold all net position and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYS RSSL). Once an employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That including information with regard to benefits provided, be found report, may www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the System after July 27th, 1976, who contribute 3.0% percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	 ERS
2020	\$ 131,776
2019	143,602
2018	151,099

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$646,566 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by the actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Districts' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0024417%, which was an increase of 0.000110% from its proportion measured June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the District recognized pension expense of \$264,121. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
ERS	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	38,053	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		13,019		11,241
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				
		331,461		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		94,921		9,530
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		33,430		-
Total	\$	510,884	\$	20,771

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

ERS Plan's Year Ended March 31:	Amount		
2021	\$	95,309	
2022		120,039	
2023		136,581	
2024		104,754	
Total	\$	456,683	

The District report contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$33,430 that would be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2020 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2020.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.50%

Salary scale 4.2% indexed by service
Projected COLAS 1.3% compounded annually

Decrements Developed from the Plan's 2015 experience study of the period April

1, 2010 through March 31, 2015

Mortality improvement Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018

Investment Rate of Return 6.8% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
	Allocations	of Return
Asset Type	in %	in %
Domestic Equity	36.0%	4.55%
International Equity	14.0	6.15
Private Equity	10.0	6.75
Real Estate	10.0	4.95
Absolute Return Strategies	2.0	3.25
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.0	4.65
Real Asset	3.0	5.95
Bonds, Cash & Mortgages	17.0	0.75
Cash	1.0	-
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4.0	0.50

100%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.8%) or 1% higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(5.8%)</u>	<u>(6.8%)</u>	<u>(7.8%)</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,186,631	\$ 646,566	\$ 149,164

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (000)'s

Total pension liability	\$ 194,596,261
Plan net position	 168,115,682
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 26,480,579
ERS net position as a percentage of total pension liability	86.39%

New York State Teachers' Retirement System

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. NYSTRS offers a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. NYSTRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Contributions

NYSTRS is noncontributory for the employees who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the NYSTRS after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary, except those employees in the System more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For employees who joined after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012, contributions of 3.5% are paid throughout their active membership.

For employees who joined after April 1, 2012, required contributions of 3.5% of their salary are paid until April 1, 2013 and they then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The District contributions made to NYSTRS were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	IKS
2020	\$ 368,745
2019	387,809
2018	424,163

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported \$626,306 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Districts' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0241070%, which was an decrease of -0.0002% from its proportion measured June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$772,756. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred	Deferred
Outflows of	Inflows of
Resources	Resources
\$ 424,432	\$ 46,573
1,183,176	288,492
-	502,265
68,641	93,534
390,679	
\$ 2,066,928	\$ 930,864
	Outflows of Resources \$ 424,432 1,183,176 68,641 390,679

The District reported contributions subsequent to the measurement date that would be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$390,679.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

TRS Plan's Year Ended June 30:		Amount
2020	\$	281,571
2021		16,200
2022		280,544
2023		178,499
2024		8,515
Thereafter	_	(19,944)
Total	\$	745,385

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset at the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.20%		
Projected Salary Increases	Rates of increase differ on services.		
	They have been calculated based upon recent NYSTRS member experience.		
	Service	Rate	
	5	4.72%	
	15	3.46%	
	25	2.37%	
	35	1.90%	
Projected COLAs	1.3% compounded annually		
Investment Rate of Return	7.1% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.		

Annuitant morality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP 2018 applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expect future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

		Long-Term expected
	Target	real rate
Asset Type	Allocations	of return in %
Domestic equity	33%	6.3
International equity	16%	7.8
Global equities	4%	7.2
Real estate equities	11%	4.6
Private equities	8%	9.9
Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.3
Global bonds	2%	0.9
High-yield fixed bonds	1%	3.6
Private debt	1%	6.5
Real estate debt	7%	2.9
Cash equivalents	1%	0.3
	100%	-

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the NYSTRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the school districts calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1%	C	Current	1%
	Decrease	D	iscount	Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10% <u>)</u>	(8.10%)
Proportionate Share of Net Pension liability (asset)	\$ 2.827.080	\$	626,306	\$ (3,523,307)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (000's)

The components of the current year net pension liability of the employers as of June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total pension liability (asset)	\$ 119,879,474
Plan net position	 122,477,481
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (2,598,007)
NYSTRS net position as a percentage of total	 102.17%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The District provides postemployment (health insurance, life insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. The District is required to calculate and record an other postemployment benefit (OPEB) obligation at year-end. The net OPEB obligation is the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Actives	100
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	51
Total participants	151

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$25,323,574 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 16,457,797
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	933,537
Interest	601,303
Changes of benefit terms	-
Changes in assumptions	7,757,141
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Benefit payments	(426,204)
Net changes	8,865,777
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 25,323,574

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Payroll Growth, including inflation 2.60% Discount Rate 2.21%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.6% decreasing to 4.1% over 56 years

Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 Total Data Set Mortality Table projected to the valuation date

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were not based on a formal actuarial experience study. The liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions, and was then projected forward to the measurement date.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% in 2019 to 2.21% in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.21%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(1.21%)	(2.21%)	(3.21%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 30,759,997	\$ 25,323,574	\$ 21,088,323

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare						
	1%	Trend	1%					
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 21,239,078	\$ 25,323,574	\$ 30,869,584					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,267,564. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between actual and expected Changes of assumptions	\$ 1,557,467 5,275,446	\$ -
Total	\$ 6,832,913	\$1,151,938

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending June	_	/	Amount
-	2021		\$	685,474
	2022			685,474
	2023			685,474
	2024			685,474
	2025			685,474
	Thereafter			2,253,605
			\$	5,680,975

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

General

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Health Insurance

The District incurs costs related to an employee health insurance plan (the Plan) sponsored by BOCES and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Districts joining the Plan must remain members for a minimum of one year and a member district may withdraw from the plan after that time by providing notice to the consortium prior to May 1st immediately preceding the commencement of the next school year. Plan members include nine districts, with each district bearing a proportionate share of the plan's assets and claims liabilities. If the Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Plan's liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling approximately \$1.55 million.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and the audited statements are available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019 revealed that the Plan is fully funded.

Worker's Compensation

The District incurs costs related to a worker's compensation insurance plan (the Insurance Plan) sponsored by BOCES and its component districts. The Insurance Plan's objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Districts joining the Insurance Plan must remain members for a minimum of one year; a member district may withdraw from the Insurance Plan after that time by forwarding a resolution passed by the District's Board of Education prior to the end of the fiscal year. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the Insurance Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Insurance Plan's liabilities.

The Insurance Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the Insurance Plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured.

The Insurance Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling approximately \$42,000.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and the audited statements are available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019 revealed that the Plan is fully funded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. There were no claims for this program for the fiscal year. In addition, as of June 30, 2020, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Litigation

The District has also been named as a defendant in certain other actions. The District intends to defend itself vigorously in each of these cases. Accordingly, no loss contingency has been accrued.

Other Contingencies

The District has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

12. OPERATING LEASES

The District leases buses under the term of various non-cancelable operating leases that expire at various dates through fiscal year 2020. The future minimum lease payments under the terms of these agreements for the year ending June 30, 2020 is \$33,694.

13. DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted to use by the donor for the purposes of student scholarships. These funds are accounted for in the Fiduciary Funds as a Private Purpose Trust.

14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The United States is presently in the midst of a national health emergency related to a virus, commonly known as Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19). The overall consequences of COVID-19 on a national, regional, and local level are not entirely known at this time, but it has the potential to result in a significant economic impact.

In August 2020 the New York State Department of Education notified school districts that the Division of Budget began withholding 20 percent of local aid payments in June, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions. As a result, at June 30, 2020 20% of the total receivables recorded in the amount of \$571,080 in General Fund have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$114,215 in the General Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUE	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
Real property taxes	\$ 6,844,387	\$ 6,844,387	\$ 6,842,258	\$ -	\$ 6,842,258	, ,
Other tax items Charges for services	1,067,263 3,300	1,067,263 3,300	1,114,738 4,514	-	1,114,738 4,514	47,475 1,214
Use of money and property	14,000	14,000	45,610	_	45,610	31,610
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,000	1,000	29,172	_	29,172	28,172
Miscellaneous	382,408	382,408	686,820	-	686,820	304,412
State sources	4,851,907	4,851,907	4,312,025	-	4,312,025	(539,882)
Federal	20,000	20,000	33,229		33,229	13,229
Total revenue	13,184,265	13,184,265	13,068,366		13,068,366	(115,899)
EXPENDITURES						
GENERAL SUPPORT:						
Board of education	26,950	29,333	15,558	1,272	16,830	12,503
Central administration	194,390	208,090	202,398	-	202,398	5,692
Finance	180,698	186,280	169,089	8,630	177,719	8,561
Staff	111,808	174,017	118,397	42,000	160,397	13,620
Central services	968,066	1,120,789	878,277	45,789	924,066	196,723
Special items	203,381	203,670	178,849	1,316	180,165	23,505
Total general support	1,685,293	1,922,179	1,562,568	99,007	1,661,575	260,604
Instruction	7,890,270	8,501,171	7,743,909	126,183	- 7,870,092	631,079
Pupil transportation	688,294	722,845	607,082	23,494	630,576	92,269
Employee benefits	3,246,995	3,047,643	2,491,227	10,000	2,501,227	546,416
Debt service	1,027,913	517,913	517,913		517,913	
Total expenditures	14,538,765	14,711,751	12,922,699	258,684	13,181,383	1,530,368
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(1,354,500)	(1,527,486)	145,667	(258,684)	(113,017)	1,414,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(109,500)	(109,500)	(109,500)		(109,500)	
Total other financing sources	(109,500)	(109,500)	(109,500)		(109,500)	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (1,464,000)	\$ (1,636,986)	36,167	\$ (258,684)	\$ (222,517)	\$ 1,414,469
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year			3,733,553			
FUND BALANCE - end of year			\$ 3,769,720			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Last 10 Fiscal Years										
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
Total OPEB Liability	<u> </u>	<u> </u>									
Service cost	933,537	\$ 800,656	\$ 777,336								
Interest	601,303	529,701	500,324								
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-								
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	13,341								
Changes in assumptions	7,757,141	(1,556,128)	-								
Benefit payments	(426,204)	(342,392)	(327,937)	Infor	mation for	the periods	prior to im	plementation	on of GASB	75 is	
Total change in total OPEB liability	8,865,777	(568,163)	963,064		lable and w	•	•				
Total OPEB liability - beginning	16,457,797	17,025,960	16,062,896	ullavai	iable allu w				ig ioi wai u a	as triey	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 25,323,574	\$ 16,457,797	\$ 17,025,960			bed	ome availal	ole.			
Covered-employee payroll	5,026,933	\$ 5,364,320	\$ 5,364,320								
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	503.8%	306.8%	317.4%								

Notes to schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following reflects the discount rate used each period:

Discount rate 2.21% 3.50% 3.00% 4.00%

Information for the periods prior to implementation of GASB 75 is unavailable and will be completed for each year going forward as they become available.

Plan assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the criteria of GASB No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay benefits.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Last 10 Fiscal	Years				
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	0.0024417% \$ 646,566 \$ 915,776 70.60% 86.39%	0.0023316% 165,203 984,031 16.79% 96.27%	0.0025094% \$ 80,991 \$ 1,019,199 7.95% 98.24%	0.0025478% \$ 239,397 \$ 961,381 24.90% 94.70%	0.0029002% \$ 465,485 \$ 1,052,166 44.24% 90.70%	0.0033057% \$ 111,673 \$ 1,032,506 10.82% 97.94%	Information for the periods pric implementation of GASB 68 is unav and will be completed for each yea forward as they become availal		vailable ar going	
NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2020	2019	2018	2017	Last 10 Fiscal 2016	Years 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.024107%	0.024294%	0.022838%	0.002349%	0.024474%	0.023251%				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (626,306)	(439,301)	\$ (173,595)	\$ 251,542	\$ (2,542,027)	\$ (2,590,061)	Info	rmation for t	he periods pr	ior to
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,023,879	\$ 3,957,232	\$ 3,619,135	\$ 3,624,087	\$ 3,676,266	\$ 3,434,594				
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	-15.56%	-11.10%	-4.80%	6.94%	-69.15%	-75.41%	implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable will be completed for each year going for as they become available.		ng forward	
pension liability (asset)	102.17%	101.53%	99.01%	110.46%	110.46%	111.48%				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Last 10 Fiscal Years									
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 131,776	\$ 144,822 \$ 144,822 \$ - \$ 984,031 14.72%	\$ 151,099 151,099 \$ - \$ 1,019,199 14.83%	\$ 145,348 145,348 \$ - \$ 961,381 15.12%	\$ 194,829 194,829 \$ - \$ 1,052,166 18.52%	\$ 199,373 199,373 \$ - \$ 1,032,506 19.31%	implement will be con	mation for th tation of GAS npleted for ea as they becor	B 68 is unava ach year goin	ilable and
					Last 10 Fisca	ıl Years				
NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 368,745 368,745 \$ -	\$ 387,809 387,809 \$ -	\$ 424,163 424,163 \$ -	\$ 480,554 480,554 \$ -	\$ 644,449 644,449 \$ -	\$ 581,415 581,415 \$ -	Information for the periods prior to implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed for each year going forward as they become available.			ilable and
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,023,879 9.16%	\$ 3,957,232 9.80%	\$ 3,619,135 11.72%	\$ 3,624,087 13.26%	\$ 3,676,266 17.53%	\$ 3,434,594 16.93%				g forward

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS:	Capital <u>Projects</u>	School <u>Lunch</u>	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Cash - Unrestricted Cash - Restricted Accounts receivable Due from other funds State and federal aid receivable	\$ - 45,813 - - -	\$ 20,831	\$ 524 - - - -	\$ - 5,000 - - -	\$ 21,355 50,813 - -	
TOTAL ASSETS	45,813	20,831	524	5,000	72,168	
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Unearned revenue Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Employees' Retirement System	- 40 - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- 40 - - - -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	40				40	
FUND BALANCE:						
Restricted Assigned Unassigned	45,773 - 	20,831	524 - 	5,000 - 	72,128	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	45,773	20,831	524	5,000	72,128	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 45,813	\$ 20,831	\$ 524	\$ 5,000	\$ 72,168	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Capital <u>Projects</u>	School <u>Lunch</u>	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
REVENUE:						
Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Sales	-	-	-	-	-	
Other tax items	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	11,538	-	-	11,538	
Use of money and property	-	153	41	-	194	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	
Medicaid Reimbursement						
Total revenue		11,691	41		11,732	
EXPENDITURES:						
General support	-	24,742	-	-	24,742	
Instruction	-	-	-	-	-	
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-	-	
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service - Principal	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service - Interest	-	-	-	-	-	
Cost of sales	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	158,112				158,112	
Total expenditures	158,112	24,742			182,854	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(158,112)	(13,051)	41	<u> </u>	(171,122)	
OTHER SOURCES AND (USES):						
Operating transfers in	100,000	_	_	_	100,000	
Operating transfers (out)						
Total other sources (uses)	100,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	100,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE AND OTHER SOURCES						
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER (USES)	(58,112)	(13,051)	41	-	(71,122)	
FUND BALANCE - beginning of year	103,885	33,882	483	5,000	143,250	
FUND BALANCE - end of year	\$ 45,773	\$ 20,831	\$ 524	\$ 5,000	\$ 72,128	

OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET AND SCHEDULE OF SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION - GENERAL FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET				
Adopted budget			\$	14,648,265
Add: Prior year's encumbrances				172,986
Original budget				14,821,251
Budget revisions				<u>-</u>
Final budget			\$	14,821,251
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION 2020-21 voter-approved expenditure budget Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-21 budget)	<u>\$</u>	15,055,005	<u>\$</u>	602,200
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Proper	ty Tax	Law*:		
Total fund balance		3,769,720		
Less:				
Restricted fund balance Assigned fund balance: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		1,559,051 1,464,000 258,684		
Total adjustments	\$	3,281,735		
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Proper Real Property Tax Law	Law:	\$	487,985	
Actual percentage				<u>3.24%</u>

Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of [General Fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Revised	Prior Years'	Current Year	Total	Unexpended		Federal and	Local	Total	Fund balance
Project Title	<u>Appropriation</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	<u>Balance</u>	Serial bonds	State sources	<u>Sources</u>	<u>Financing</u>	June 30, 2020
District - Renovations	\$ 4,620,290	\$ 4,620,290	\$ 4,716,405	\$ 158,112	\$ 4,874,517	\$ (254,227)	\$ 3,620,290	\$	- \$ 1,300,000	3 \$ 4,920,290	\$ 45,773

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Capital assets, net	\$ 11,271,501
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable Long-term portion of bonds payable	 395,000 3,690,000
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,186,501

Bonadio & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 6, 2020

To the Board of Directors of New York Mills Union Free School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New York Mills Union Free School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.