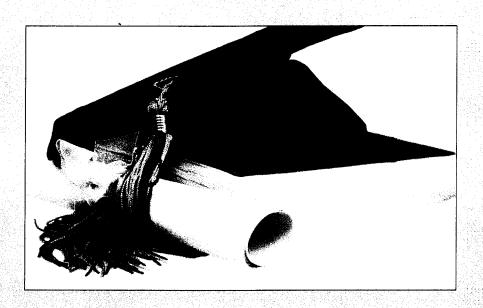
CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2009 3310 Broad Street Lake Charles, Louisiana

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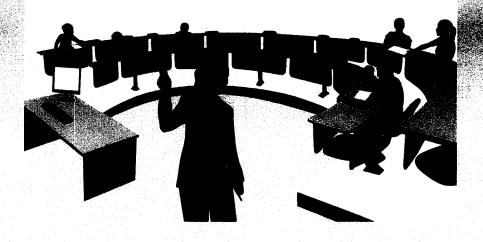
CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

LAKE CHARLES, LOUISIANA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2009

Prepared By Department of Management & Finance



Introductory Section

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



December 15, 2009

Board Members Calcasieu Parish School Board 3310 Broad Street Lake Charles, Louisiana 70615

Dear Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Calcasieu Parish School Board (the School Board) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School Board. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the proprietary funds of the School Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School Board's financial activities have been included.

While all parts of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report are critical, the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A, which can be found immediately after the report of the independent auditors.

The School Board is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Amendment of 1996, including the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit, including a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the independent auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in a separately issued single audit report.

This report includes all funds of the School Board. The School Board is a legislative body authorized to govern the public education system of Calcasieu Parish, Louisiana. The School Board is governed by a fifteen member board with each board member serving a concurrent four-year term. The current board is in the third year of its term. It is the responsibility of the School Board to make public education available to the residents of Calcasieu Parish, including instructional personnel, instructional facilities,

administrative support, business services, operation and maintenance and bus transportation. The School Board provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels ranging from pre-kindergarten through grade 12. These services include regular and enriched academic education, special education for handicapped children as well as vocational education. The School Board has a current enrollment of 32,998 and employs approximately 4,991 persons.

All entities or organizations that are required to be included in the School Board's reporting entity are included in this report. The basic criteria for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a governmental unit's reporting entity is financial accountability.

The School Board is also authorized to incur debt and levy taxes to pay for such debt through physically separate School Bond Districts. These Districts are established solely for the purpose of issuing bonds and levying and accumulating taxes to make principal and interest payments on outstanding debt. The members of the School Board as well as its officers function as the governing board and officers of the School Bond Districts. All financial transactions of the School Bond Districts are included in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK - Calcasieu Parish School System

Area

Following is an excerpt from "Louisiana Economic Outlook: 2010-2011", prepared through the Louisiana State University E.J. Ourso College of Business by Loren C. Scott, Professor Emeritus of Economics, James A. Richardson, John Rhea Alumni Professor of Economics, M. Dek Terrell, Freeport McMoRan Chair of Economics and Director, Division of Economic Development and Forecasting, and Mary Jo Neathery, Managing Editor, Department of Economics.

Lake Charles: Shaw, Sugarcane Bayou & Maybe Leucadia

Located in the far southwestern corner of Louisiana, the Lake Charles MSA is composed of two parishes, Calcasieu and Cameron. This MSA is dominated by three industries. One is what is broadly referred to as the petrochemical industry. This phrase handily combines two closely related industries, chemicals and refining. The Lake Area Industrial Alliance reports that Calcasieu Parish was the home to 19 different chemical plants and two refineries in 2006. Adding in the Entergy Nelson Station and the Trunkline LNG plant would bring total employment in these 23 facilities to 6,158 with combined payrolls and benefits of \$713 million. Like the Baton Rouge area, this huge capital-intensive petrochemical complex supports a very large industrial construction industry.

A second major industry in Lake Charles is gambling. Pre-Rita, Lake Charles was home to five riverboat casinos. One, L'Auberge du Lac, is the largest and just opened in the summer of 2005. Prior to this opening, the other four casinos employed 2,695 workers. L'Auberge du Lac added about 1,500-1,800 employees to that mix. Rita badly damaged both of the casinos owned by Harrah's. Harrah's sold its two licenses to Pinnacle Entertainment, owner of L'Auberge du Lac. Pinnacle is using one license to construct a new casino resort, Sugarcane Bay Casino. The other license has been moved to Baton Rouge.

We have estimated that before the fifth casino was opened, the other four had supported 6,464 jobs in the MSA either directly or via the multiplier effect. With the closest gambling establishments to the Houston metroplex, Lake Charles' riverboat casinos were an instant success when they opened in the mid-1990s.

When Delta Downs added slot machines and became a "racino", it added another 1,057 workers to the area's gambling industry.

A third key sector is aircraft repair. There are now two significant employers located at Chennault Industrial Airpark, Northrop Grumman and Aeroframe Services. Changes in tenants at Chennault have had a major impact on the MSA's employment pattern over time. Closely allied with the aircraft industry, two significant employers at Lake Charles Regional Airport are Era Helicopters with 750 employees and PHI, another helicopter service firm.

A History of Ups and Downs

This MSA suffered mightily between 1981 and 1986 as the chemical industry reeled from a huge loss of sales in its foreign markets. The region lost a whopping 17.9 percent of its non-farm jobs. This loss was caused by a large run up in the exchange value of the dollar. Not only did the industry itself reduce employment by one-third, but capital expansion plans were also halted, hammering the industrial construction sector at the same time.

Coincidentally, the Reagan Administration fully deregulated the price of crude oil in the early 1980s. One side effect of this action was that several marginal refineries found it increasingly difficult to remain competitive and shut down. The loss of jobs in the two highest wage industries in Louisiana's manufacturing sector, combined with a shuddering halt to industrial construction and other negative multiplier effects, sent the Lake Charles economy into a serious, 5-year dive.

Lake Charles was actually the first MSA in Louisiana to begin recovering from the terrible statewide recession of 1982-87. The key was the attraction of Boeing Aircraft to Chennault Field. Boeing created over 2,000 jobs to refurbish K-135 transport airplanes for the Air Force. That helped set Lake Charles off on a recovery mode. The recovery was further aided by a sudden drop in the exchange value of the dollar, which rejuvenated foreign markets for the chemical firms and set them off on a new round of hiring and capital expansions.

In 1992, Boeing announced the closure of its facility, and the job loss there caused Lake Charles' employment to slide sideways for two years. The next three years were excellent growth years for Lake Charles. Three factors powered this expansion. First, there were some unusually large capital projects under construction in the petrochemical sector. Citgo and Conoco/Pennzoil combined for \$1.6 billion in expansions during this period.

Secondly, it was during this period that the riverboat casinos came to Lake Charles. Thirdly, Boeing was replaced at Chennault Airpark by Northrop Grumman, a facility that took 707s, stripped them down, and installed the Joint System Target Attack Radar System (JSTARS) in them. This was an addition of 1,900 good-paying jobs in the Lake Charles economy.

The good times ended for Lake Charles in 1999. The MSA lost 2,800 jobs in that year, and was essentially flat for the next six years. There were several contributors to this poor performance. The first involved hits at the aircraft repair facilities at Chennault Airpark. As Northrop Grumman came near the end of its JSTARS contract, the firm began handling fewer aircraft and consequently began terminating workers. NG is now doing maintenance and repair work on the JSTARS aircraft, and its workforce has

dropped all the way down to 350. The attraction of EADS to Chennault helped offset NG layoffs somewhat, but even that firm reduced its workforce from about 350 down to 160 before selling to Aeroframe Services.

Secondly, a combination of 9/11 and the national recession reduced trips to the area gambling establishments, prompting layoffs there. Thirdly, Xspedius moved its headquarters office in Lake Charles to St. Louis.

But by far the most important contributor to the downturn was the funk in the chemical industry. High natural gas prices forced this vitally important industry in Lake Charles to hunker down and look for ways to reduce costs. One way was to reduce the number of employees. Too, the industry placed capital expansion projects on hold and delayed maintenance/repair work as much as was safely feasible. The result was a significant reduction in industrial construction employment.

The Surprising "Rita Effect"

What may surprise readers the most about the data presented is the growth in 2005 and 2006. Despite being hit by a vicious storm, this MSA's employment actually grew, adding 2,700 jobs over those two years. The larger portion of that growth occurred in 2005, the year of the hurricane.

There were 47,384 homes damaged by Rita in this MSA, but only 2,284 incurred severe damage and 6,673 major damage. Residents could and did return to the Lake Charles area fairly quickly. Normally one would be aghast at these figures, but against the backdrop of the housing destruction in New Orleans, they pale. It is very important to note that with the exception of lower Cameron Parish, (the most sparsely populated parish in the state) there was virtually no flood water damage in Lake Charles. That means regular homeowner's insurance was applicable to the damage. As a result, all the brakes on rebuilding that existed in New Orleans due to standing flood waters did not exist in Lake Charles.

Rita's impact on Lake Charles manufacturing. It is the nature of the manufacturing industries in Lake Charles that they would seemingly be very vulnerable to a powerful storm like Rita. Chemical plants and refineries are very capital-intensive, and all their capital is outside and exposed to the elements. In fact, three refineries in the area were damaged and shut down: (1) Citgo (324,000 bd.); ConocoPhillips (239,400 bd), and (3) Calcasieu (30,000 bd). All three were back up by December 2005.

The aircraft industry, which operates in large hangers, seemed likely victims of high winds. Despite these vulnerabilities, these industries made it through the storm without losing much downtime. There was \$40 million in damage to hangers at Chennault, but the two firms operating there continued to do so despite the inconvenience.

Importantly, staffing was not as difficult a problem as in New Orleans because more housing remained intact in Lake Charles.

Rita's impact on the Lake Charles gaming sector. As a result of Rita, the two Isle of Capri-owned casinos and the L'Auberge du Lac encountered minor damage and were reopened by November 2005. However, the two Harrah's riverboats were badly damaged by the hurricane. Again, Pinnacle Entertainment, which owns L'Auberge du Lac, purchased both of Harrah's licenses in Lake Charles.

Pinnacle is using one of the licenses to construct a \$350 million facility called Sugarcane Bay Casino Resort that will employ 1,500-1,600 workers. Pinnacle is moving the other license to Baton Rouge.

Rita's impact on other sectors. A look at other sectors in Lake Charles indicates a solid recovery in the aftermath of the storm. By January 2006, all hospitals in the MSA except one in Cameron Parish were fully operational. The Lake Charles Regional Airport has been operating at an even higher level than pre-Rita. By contrast, the New Orleans airport is still operating below pre-Katrina levels.

Within a month of Rita's landfall, all of the public schools in the MSA had reopened and virtually all hotel room space was back to normal by the end of 2006. The Port of Lake Charles escaped any flooding by Rita. However, it did experience about \$40 million in wind damage and initially had no power. Within a few days, power was restored and the port was open to receive shallow water vessels. All repairs are not complete and the port is expecting to spend over \$100 million on capital improvement projects over the next five years.

In 2007, Lake Charles MSA set a new record in employment, exceeding the previous peak by 2,100 jobs. Construction associated with the storm recovery was still robust in 2007, about 2,200 jobs higher than just after Rita. However, construction's growth peaked in 2007 and was slightly lower in 2008, constituting something of a temporary drag on the area economy.

The National Recession Impact

In 2008, Citgo announced it was closing its 192-peron lube plant which added to the drag of reduced construction spending. As the national recession dragged on, the Lake Charles economy's chemical firms began to feel the heat and began reducing their contract construction workforces. Aeroframe, which does maintenance work for FedEx aircraft, had to reduce its workforce from 475 to 240 as FedEx idled many of its jets due to the sagging global economy. The Lake Charles economy began recording job losses in September 2008 and has been losing jobs ever since. In the first half of 2009, the MSA was down 1.8 percent or about 1,700 jobs. We are estimating that the MSA will lose a total of 2,300 in 2009.

Forecast for 2010-11

We are expecting the next two years to be good for Lake Charles with 1,000 new jobs in 2010 (1.1 percent) and another 1,700 jobs in 2011 (1.8 percent). The projection for 2011 is particularly good, and would make this MSA the second fastest growing in the state (in percentage terms) that year, right behind Monroe. By the end of 2011, Lake Charles should be setting record levels of employment having surpassed its previous peak in 2008 by 400 jobs.

Our forecasts are for growth rates the Lake Charles region has not seen in a while. What is behind this rather optimistic scenario? There are several critical drivers:

• **Pinnacle Entertainment:** We are assuming that the capital markets will clear up enough that full-time construction can resume on the Sugarcane Bay Casino, a \$350 million investment. The construction spending will boost the economy, and when the facility opens in 2011, it will employ 1,600-1,800 people, the primary factor behind the significant growth for the MSA in 2011.

- Global Modular Solutions: This unit of Shaw is spending \$120 million to construct a new facility to manufacture modular components for nuclear power plants. The firm will start with 500-600 workers in 2010 and expand to 1,400 by 2012, a major boon to this region of the state.
- Leucadia: We have not fully built this project into our forecast. If construction starts on it, our forecasts will turn out to be too pessimistic. This is a \$1.8 billion synthetic natural gas plant that would be the largest single capital project in southwest Louisiana history. This project is at an unusual stage where financing is available but a final customer for its output is still pending close, but pending. This project would create 150 jobs in 2012 paying in the \$65,000-\$75,000 range. If the right customer is worked out, there is potential for another \$2 billion in infrastructure work to use CO2 for enhanced oil recovery.
- Aeroframe: This firm expects to go from 2 lines to 4 as the economy recovers and FedEx is flying more planes needing maintenance. Jet Blue and United are potential new customers for the firm. They hope to rebound from 250 employees to 400-500 by mid 2010.
- Roads and coastal restoration: The state has scheduled \$98.2 million in highway projects in the MSA over 2008-11, and \$20.5 million has been set aside for coastal restoration projects.
- **Petrochemical maintenance:** A recent survey of the petrochemical complex in the region indicates these plants will likely spend \$350-\$360 million a year in capital expenditures to meet regulatory demands.
- Northrop Grumman: We have not built this into our forecast, but Northrop Grumman has
 applied for a maintenance contract on the KC10 aircraft. If NG lands this one, the firm will add
 150-300 new workers at its Chennault Airpark site.

What about Cap & Trade?

There does remain an important, troubling issue for the future of Lake Charles. What if the cap and trade bill passes? Lake Charles' large petrochemical base is facing very large increases in cost if this legislation passes in the HR 2454 form, the American Clean Energy and Security Act. Lake Charles is the home to two refineries, Citgo and Conoco-Phillips. As we mentioned in the Baton Rouge write-up, refineries would face the earliest possible compliance mandates and receive disproportionately low emissions allowances under this bill. The National Petrochemical & Refiners Association calculates that a 100,000 barrel a day refinery would have to spend \$330 million a year if required to purchase emissions allowances for its products. The Citgo Refinery of Lake Charles is a 438,000 barrel a day unit. Its potential annual cost would be \$1.44 billion. Conoco-Phillips is a 239,000 a day unit. Its potential annual cost would be \$789 million.

Whatever one thinks of the efficacy of HR 2454, two things are quite predictable. First, when it comes to future expansions, these two firms are unlikely to do it in this country. Secondly, guess who is going to pay this remarkably large tax. We as consumers will end up paying this tax in the form of higher gasoline prices and lower returns on our pension, IRA, and mutual fund portfolios.

School Board - Hurricane Effects

The School Board had hurricane damage from Hurricane Rita (2005) at every school and central office facility. While some buildings were affected more than others, all had problems to correct. Schools were closed for twenty-four school days, closing on Wednesday, September 21, and reopening on Tuesday, October 25, 2005. The School Board's insurance company visited all sites, compiled losses and calculated deductibles of 2% per listed building. Copies of all incurred invoices and work orders along with corresponding bid documents where applicable were sent to the insurance adjuster. The insurance company has completed the processing of School Board claims and reimbursed a total of \$11.3 million.

Incurred costs to date include nearly \$26 million in expenditures and encumbrances. All hurricane related costs have been aggregated into a Capital Projects Fund for accounting purposes.

Representatives of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) have written over 425 project worksheets for damages to Calcasieu Parish School Board buildings and grounds. The project worksheets outline damages and the estimated costs for replacement. FEMA has reimbursed the School Board nearly \$16 million in eligible reimbursement.

The School Board was hit by Hurricane Gustav in August of 2008 and Hurricane Ike in September, 2008. While neither storm created enough damage to generate an insurance claim with current deductible levels, both storms produced damage at many School Board facilities. Estimated damages include \$50,000 for Gustav and \$180,000 for Ike. The FEMA reimbursement process for both storms continues.

School Board - Funding

As with all Louisiana school systems, property and sales taxes are the primary sources of local funding, while the overwhelming majority of State funding comes from a block grant called the Minimum Foundation Program (MFP).

Property taxes increased in 2008-09 because of growth in the assessed valuation of property subject to taxes. The School Board currently has three operating property taxes in effect. The constitutional tax, which is perpetual, is levied at 5.57 mills. Two 10-year renewable taxes are levied for maintenance and operations. One of the taxes, renewed in 2002, is levied at 9.52 mills, while the other, renewed in 2004, is levied at 3.63 mills.

Sales tax collections increased in 2008-09 mostly because of improved sales in nearly all areas with continued hurricane recovery spending. The School Board successfully renewed a 10 year ½¢ parishwide sales tax on September 18, 2004, with a 70% positive vote. The tax proceeds supplement salaries of teachers and other employees. Sales taxes continue to represent a very large portion of the School Board General Fund revenues at 33%.

Minimum Foundation Program

The (MFP) provides funding from the State of Louisiana based on per-pupil allocations and additional funding for weighted areas including vocational, at-risk or special education status. The base per-pupil allocation for 2008-09 was \$3,855, an increase of \$103 over the previous year. The standard 2.75% increase in the per-pupil amount, a \$1,019 raise for certificated personnel, increases in at-risk and vocational funding, and a slight increase in the amount of funding eligible for equalization represent other changes to the formula.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Capital Outlay Programs

The School Board has historically funded capital projects through individual bond elections in each of twelve districts throughout the parish. In 2005-06, \$2.845 million in bonds were sold to complete issuance of \$177.60 million in new general obligation and sales tax bonds since 1999. The funds were all dedicated to renovation, modernization, and new construction in parish schools.

In October, 2006, the School Board issued \$3,000,000 of 10 year excess revenue certificates to be repaid by the General Fund. Interest rates on the certificates ranged from 3.55% to 3.9% with proceeds currently being used for capital improvements at Sam Houston High School.

Bell City area voters approved a May 7, 2007 \$3,250,000 bond issue, with bonds sold in August, 2007. All projects are nearly complete with only punch list items remaining.

Two new general obligation bond issues were approved in November 2007 by voters in Westlake/Maplewood (\$35,000,000) and Sulphur (\$37,500,000). The initial bond sales of \$15,000,000 each occurred in February, 2008, with subsequent issues of \$10,000,000 in February, 2009. Final sales in each district should occur within the next 10 months with construction ongoing.

An addendum to the 1999 performance-based contract with Johnson Controls was signed in January, 2005. With the sale of \$7.055 million in excess revenue certificates, the School Board funded additional energy retrofits and equipment upgrades throughout the school system which were completed in August 2006. The performance based nature of the contract provides that Johnson Controls will monitor energy costs and guarantee enough energy savings from the energy upgrades to pay for the cost of the program. Johnson Controls is also managing the large complex energy using equipment in the school system as a part of the contract addendum. They have full responsibility for the equipment for an annual fee that will also be guaranteed by the company to be paid for with energy savings.

The School Board continued the replacement of temporary classrooms with permanent classroom space using riverboat head tax proceeds in a \$4.0 million contract to fund 38 classrooms at six schools. Permanent classroom construction projects funded with riverboat head tax proceeds now exceed \$14.3 million for 308 classrooms.

General Initiatives

Effective January 1, 2005, the School Board assumed operations of the Calcasieu Parish School Board Headstart Program. The program has approximately five hundred 3 and 4 year-old students in 5 parishwide locations. The School Board has merged several facilities into existing schools and will continue to look for common services to provide the most efficient operation of the program.

Salary and supplemental pay and benefit initiatives funded by the School Board for 2008-09 included the following:

	Teacher	Non-Teacher	
	Based	Based	
	Personnel	Personnel	Total Cost
State Mandated Raise	\$1,019	\$ -0-	\$3,928,008
State Salary Supplement	-0-	1,000	2,316,673
Local Salary Supplement	1,250	1,250	7,536,193

The Calcasieu Parish Scantron Assessment Plan applied in the 2008-2009 school year includes the Performance Series online norm referenced test as the pre and post test. The Performance Series online test is designed to measure a student's growth within the school year as well as across grade levels. The Achievement Series paper and pencil test is a criterion referenced benchmark test designed to measure ability on specific Louisiana grade level expectations as students prepare for each grade level Louisiana state assessments. The Achievement Series Benchmark tests complement the Performance Series test information by targeting specific grade level expectations. The application of the Scantron Program is anticipated to be an exceptional tool for evaluating the overall progress of students in the learning environment.

Educational Programs

The Calcasieu Parish School Board administers the Iowa Test of Basic Skills modified for Louisiana standards (iLEAP) to students in grades 3, 5, 6, 7 and 9 throughout the parish. Students are scored as Advanced, Mastery, Basic, Approaching Basic, or Unsatisfactory in several subject areas including English, Math, Science and Social Studies. The composite scores showed continuous improvement for 2009.

The State of Louisiana continues its accountability program with performance standards measured by a statewide criterion reference test called the Louisiana Educational Assessment Program (LEAP). LEAP tests are administered in grades 4, 8 and 10. Passage to the next grade is contingent on achieving a satisfactory score on tests. Schools will be judged on student performance. Many schools demonstrated exemplary or recognized academic growth for school performance.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Controls. The School Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the School Board are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit. As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the School Board also is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by

management and the internal audit staff of the School Board.

As a part of the School Board's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of internal control, including that portion related to federal awards programs, as well as to determine that the School Board has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls. In addition, the School Board maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the board. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within each fund. The School Board also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Open encumbrances are reported as a reservation of fund balance at year-end.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the School Board continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Financial Condition. The original School Board General Fund budget for each year begins assuming zero resources and breaks functions down to their essential elements. The process forces the analysis and planning of programs with a clear focus on priorities and alternatives, but has numerous political challenges as funding tightens. The School Board strives to identify programs with specific funding sources and to fit prioritized expenditures within available revenue levels to insure that each year's beginning budget is balanced.

The School Board has a policy which recommends that unreserved/undesignated fund balance in the General Fund be maintained at between 8% and 9% of projected revenues. Even with hurricanes and tax revenue volatility, the stability created by this policy has served the system well in conjunction with the zero-based budgeting process. The financial condition of the School Board remains stable with strong commitment to continuing to fund priority educational programs.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The auditing firm of Allen, Green & Williamson, LLP was selected by the School Board to perform the 2009 audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1996, and related OMB Circular A-133. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditors' reports related specifically to the single audit, internal controls, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can be found in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

AWARDS

GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Calcasieu Parish School Board for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This was the 21st consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OFFICIALS

Calcasieu Parish School Board has also been awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) stating that the School Board's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, substantially conforms to the recommended principles and standards of financial reporting adopted by that organization. We believe that our current report continues to conform with the Certificate of Excellence Program requirements, and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of the School Board, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully Submitted,

Superintendent

Karl E. Bruchhaus

Chief Financial Officer

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Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Calcasieu Parish School System, Louisiana

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

THE OFFICE OF THE STATES AND ADDRESS OF THE STATES AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE

President

Executive Director

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ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OF INTERNATIONAL OFFICIALS



This Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Upon recommendation of the Association's Panel of Review which has judged that the Report substantially conforms to principles and standards of ASBO's Certificate of Excellence Program

President

angel Petuman

Executive Director

John D. Musso

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CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

WAYNE SAVOY, SUPERINTENDENT

School Board Members

- E. Victorian, President
- J. Andrepont, Vice President
- A. Ballard
- D. Bernard
- B. Breaux
- R. Burleigh
- M. Dellafosse
- C. Duhon
- C. Guidry
- F. Hardy
- B. Jongbloed
- J. Karr
- B. LaRocque
- J. Pitre
- R. Webb

Resource Specialists (2) Calcasieu Resource Ctr. Internal Auditor | | Compliance | Auditor Supervisor of Personnel High Schools Supervisor of Personnel Middle Schools Supervisor of Personne Elementary Schools Coordinator Region V Preschool Calcasieu Parish School System Organizational Chart Revised September 16, 1997 Supervisor of Speech Therapy . Supervisor of Pupil Appraisal Supervisor of Gifted Administrative Assistant Personnel/Special Ed Supervisors of Sp. Ed. (2) Director -of Sp. Ed. Program Facilitators (10) -Technician/Manager Print Shop Director of — Director of Food Svcs. Warehousing/ Energy Mgmt/ Transportation - Director of Maintenance -Coordinator of Planning/ Construction Associate Superintendent Auxiliary Services Public Information Officer Director of Testing/Research Workmen's Comp. Adjuster - Supervisor of Programming Risk Manager Data Processing - Supervisor of Technology K-12 | Technology Consultants (2) .Tech Repair (2) - Legal Counsel Supervisor of Accounts Payable Coordinator of Technology Supervisor of Payroll Director of ____ Director of Sales/Use Accounting/ Tax System Buyer Warehouse Buyer Chief Financial Officer SUPERINTENDENT Supervisors of Child Wettare/ Attendance (3) Supervisor/ Hearing Officer - Supervisor of Comp. Asst. Inst. - Supervisor of Meth Labs Drug Free Schools Coordinators (2) - Coordinators School Nurses (2) Supervisor of Library/Textbook Services Supervisor of —— Chapter II Director of Child Welfare/ Attendance Supervisor of Vocational Assessment Guidance/Tech. Prep. Consultant K-12 Director of — Chapter I Coordinator Region V Vocational - Voc. Ed. Consultant 6-12 - Supervisor of Foreign Lang. K12 - Supervisor of English/ESL 9-12 Supervisor of Voc. Ed/Guidance Principals Supervisor of Social Studies 9-12 Supervisor of Mathematics 9-12 School-to-Work Facilitator School-to-Work Resource Specialist Supervisor of H&PE K-12 - Supervisor of Science 9-12 Supervisor of Adult Ed. Supervisor of Music K-12 Assistant Superintendent High Schools Asst. Principals I eachers Orange indicates positions to be combined when vacated in the future Green indicates new title and pay level with increased responsibilities - Supervisor of Social Studies 6-8 - Supervisor of Lang. Arts 6-8 - Science Consultant 6-8 -Reading Consultant 6-8 - Math Consultant 6-8 Blue indicates new title or position after vacated in the future Magenta Indicates one position eliminated through attrition Assistant Superintendent Curriculum & Instruction Administrative Director Middle Schools LEGEND Asst. Principals 'I Red indicates new title for former position Elementary Supervisors (2) Supervisor of Art K-12 Elementary Consultants (7) Administrative Directors Elementary Schools (2) Media Specialist Asst. Principals -Teachers

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Calcasieu Parish School Board





Financial Section

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P. O. Box 6075

Monroe, LA 71211-6075

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Toll-free: (888) 741-0205 www.allengreencpa.com Tim Green, CPA Margie Williamson, CPA Amy Tynes, CPA

> Aimee Buchanan, CPA Diane Ferschoff, CPA Joshua Legg, CPA Quint Martin, CPA Brian McBride, CPA Cindy Thomason, CPA Angie Williamson, CPA

> > Ernest L. Allen, CPA (Retired) 1963 - 2000

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board Members Calcasieu Parish School Board Lake Charles, Louisiana

2441 Tower Drive

Monroe, LA 71201

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the general fund, the Westlake/Maplewood Construction fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Calcasieu Parish School Board as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Calcasieu Parish School Board's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the general fund, the Westlake/Maplewood Construction fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calcasieu Parish School Board as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued under separate cover, our report dated December 15, 2009 on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

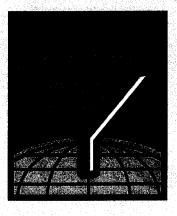
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calcasieu Parish School Board's basic financial statements. The accompanying information identified in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as the Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

ALLEN, GREEN & WILLIAMSON, LLP

allen, Steen & Williamson, LLP

Monroe, Louisiana December 15, 2009



Required Supplemental Information

Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Our discussion and analysis of Calcasieu Parish School Board's financial performance provides an overview of the School Board's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the School Board's financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments issued June 1999.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

Net assets of the School Board decreased \$24.5 million, which is mainly due to the implementation of GASB 45, Accounting for Other Post Employment Benefits. The School Board was required to implement GASB 45 causing an accrual for other post-employment benefits. This liability affected net assets causing a decrease of \$30.6 million. However, other factors such the increase in MFP funding of \$4.0 million and an increase of \$5.7 million in ad valorem taxes have helped reduce the impact of GASB 45 to an ending change to net assets of \$24.5 million decrease. Total spending for governmental activity programs per the statement of activities was \$375.9 million for the year. Most of the School Board's taxes and state Minimum Foundation Program funds were used to support the net cost (after deducting restricted grants and fees charged to users) of these five areas: regular programs \$133.8 million, special education \$43.7 million, school administration \$19.5 million, plant services \$33.5 million, and instructional staff support \$16.5 million.

Total spending for business activity programs per the statement of activities was \$1.5 million for the year. The expenses were for the Extended Day program in which expenses are paid for by tuition fees collected.

In the fund financial statements the general fund reported a decrease in fund balance for the year of \$2.1 million as a result of spending of prior year tax revenues on mid-year salary supplements for all employees even though current year tax revenues were better than expected.

The Westlake/Maplewood construction capital project fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$8.1 million as a result of bond proceeds collected but yet to be spent.

The other non-major governmental funds reported a decrease in fund balance of \$6.9 million which is primarily a result of spending of capital projects proceeds collected in an earlier period.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The School Board's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the School Board as a whole, its funds, and its fiduciary responsibilities. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the School Board as a whole and present a longer-term view of the School Board's finances. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements also may give you some insights into the School Board's overall financial health. Fund financial statements also report the School Board's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School Board's most significant funds such as the School Board's General Fund and the the Westlake/Maplewood Construction fund. The

remaining statement – the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities presents financial information about activities for which the School Board acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Introductory Section

Transmittal Letter
Certificates of Excellence in Financial Reporting
Organization Chart
Elected Officials and Selected Administrative Officers

Financial Section

(Details outlined in the next chart)

Statistical Section

Financial Trends
Revenue Capacity
Debt Capacity
Demographics and Economics Information
Operating Information

(Refer to the Table of Contents in the front of this report for more details and the specific location of items identified above)

Financial Section

Required Supplemental Information

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements



Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of Funding Progress
Budgetary Information for Major Funds

Other Supplemental Information

Nonmajor Funds Combining Statements & Budgetary Information Agency Funds Statements/Schedules Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members

Our auditor has provided assurance in his independent auditor's report, located immediately preceding this Management's Discussion and Analysis, that the Basic Financial Statements are fairly stated. Varying degrees of assurance are being provided by the auditor regarding the Required Supplemental Information and the Other Supplemental Information identified above. A user of this report should read the independent auditor's report carefully to ascertain the level of assurance being provided for each of the other sections in the Financial Section.

The Introductory Section and the Statistical Section was prepared solely by the School Board without association by the independent auditors. Accordingly, the School Board assumes full responsibility for the accuracy of these two sections.

Reporting the School Board as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about the School Board is, "Is the School Board as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School Board's financial statements, report information on the School Board as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include *all* assets and liabilities, using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School Board's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Assets – as one way to measure the School Board's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School Board's net assets – as reported in the Statement of Activities – are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School Board's operating results. However, the School Board's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the School Board.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report the following activity for the School Board:

Governmental activities - Most of the School Board's services are reported here, including instruction, plant services, transportation, and food services. Property taxes, sales taxes, Minimum Foundation Program funds, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business type activities - The School Board's extended day child care program is reported here, including program expenditures and tuition fees collected.

Reporting the School Board's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The School Board's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School Board as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School Board establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the School Food Service) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (like grants the School Board receives from the U.S. Department of Education). The School Board's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - Most of the School Board's basic services are included in governmental funds. The current reporting model requires the presentation of information on each of the School Board's most important governmental funds or major funds to better track the significant governmental programs or dedicated revenue. The School Board's major funds include the General Fund and Westlake/Maplewood Construction with all other funds considered non-major and displayed collectively. The governmental funds display the following characteristics:

• Modified accrual basis of accounting – revenues, expenditures and net assets recorded when measurable and available.

- Focus on near-term use availability of spendable resources to determine immediate financial needs.
- Account for nearly the same governmental activities reported in government-wide financial statements.
 A reconciliation of the two components and their relationship is shown in Schedule D and F as shown in the table of contents.

Proprietary funds – Services for which the School Board charges a fee are generally reported as proprietary funds. The School Board has two types of proprietary funds which are combined into statements.

- Enterprise fund The School Board accounts for its extended child care program operated at a number
 of schools as an Enterprise Fund. The program provides before and after-school child care for which an
 external fee is charged. All expenses relative to the operation of the program are reported in this fund
 with 75% of all net proceeds distributed to schools and 25% of the net proceeds retained by the School
 Board.
- Internal service funds The School Board has two internal service funds which accumulate and allocate
 costs internally among the School Board's various functions.
 - Employee Health/Life The largest of the funds accounts for employee/retiree group health and life insurance programs and is financed through a combination of premiums paid by the School Board and individual employees/retirees.
 - o Workers' Compensation The other internal service fund accounts for the School Board's self-insured portion of the employee workers' compensation program. The program handles claims incurred by employees injured under the workers' compensation program, which is financed entirely from premium contributions from the other funds.

The School Board as Trustee

Reporting the School Board's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School Board is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. All of the School Board's fiduciary activities including student activities funds, the sales tax collection fund and the sales tax paid under protest fund are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities as listed in the table of contents. These funds are not available to the School Board to finance its operations and are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

THE SCHOOL BOARD AS A WHOLE

The School Board's net assets were \$38.5 million at June 30, 2009 for governmental activities. Of this amount, the unrestricted net assets had a deficit of \$32.8 million. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the School Board's governmental activities.

Table 1
Net Assets (in millions)
June 30,

			Total			Total
	Governmental		Percentage Busin		ss – Type	Percentage
	A	tivities	Change	Change Activ		<u>Change</u>
	2009	2008	2008-2009	2009	2008	2008-2009
Current and other assets	\$ 178.4	\$ 174.0	2.5	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.6	33.3
Capital assets	234.3	214.5	9.2	_	-	-
Total assets	412.	388.5	6.2	0.8	0.6	33.3
Current and other liabilities	54.:	49.5	9.7	0.8	0.6	33.3
Long-term liabilities	319.9	276.0	15.9			
Total liabilities	374.2	325.5	15.0	0.8	0.6	33.3
Net assets						
Invested in capital						
assets, net of related debt	35.	43.2	(17.8)	-	-	-
Restricted	35.0	21.0	66.7	-	-	-
Unrestricted	(32.0	(1.2)	(2,766.7)	-	<u> </u>	-
Total net assets	\$ 38.		(38.9)	\$ -	\$ -	-

The deficit of \$32.0 million in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations.

The results of this year's operations for the School Board as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 takes the information from that Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2
Changes in Net Assets (in millions)
For the Years Ended June 30,

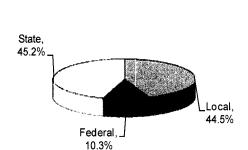
·	Governmental Activities				s-Type	Total Percentage	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2009	2008	Change 2008-2009	Activ 2009	2008	Change 2008-2009	
Revenues:		2000	2000-2007		2000	2000-2007	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.4	(4.2)	\$ 1.7	\$ 1.7	-	
Operating grants and contributions	48.5	52.7	(8.0)		-	_	
General Revenues			,				
Ad valorem taxes	47.6	41.9	13.6	-	-	-	
Sales taxes	93.5	92.5	1.1	-	_	-	
State equalization	145.2	141.2	2.8	_	-	_	
Interest and Investment Earnings	4.0	4.6	(13.0)	-	_	-	
Other general revenues	10.1	7.6	32.9	_	-	-	
Total revenues	351.2	342.9	2.4	1.7	1.7	-	
Functions/Program Expenses:							
Instruction							
Regular programs	134.3	130.8	2.7	-	-	-	
Special education	45.4	45.0	0.9	-	-		
Other instructional programs	29.2	27.0	8.1	-	-	-	
Support services							
Pupil support services	19.7	18.8	4.8	-	-	- ,	
Instructional staff support	26.5	29.4	(9.9)	-	-	-	
General administration	5.1	4.7	8.5	_	-	-	
School administration	20.0	18.6	7.5	-	-	-	
Business services	4.3	4.2	2.4	-	-	-	
Plant services	34.8	38.0	(8.4)	-	-	-	
Student transportation services	15.4	15.7	(1.9)	-	-	-	
Central services	3.7	3.1	19.4	-		-	
Food services	18.6	18.1	2.8	-	-	-	
Interest expense	9.6	8.7	10.3	-	-	-	
Unallocated depreciation	9.1	9.0	1.1	-	-	-	
Other	0.2	-	100.0	1.5	1.5	-	
Total expenses	375.9	371.1	1.3	1.5	1.5	-	
Excess before transfers and special	(24.7)	(28.2)	(12.4)	0.2	0.2	-	
items							
Transfers and special items	0.2	0.2	-	(0.2)	(0.2)		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(24.5)	(28.0)	(12.5)	-	-	-	
Net Assets - beginning	63.0	91.0	(30.8)	-	-	_	
Net Assets - ending	\$ 38.5	\$ 63.0	(38.9)	\$ -	\$ -	-	

Governmental Activities

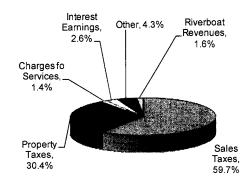
As reported in the Statement of Activities the total cost of all of our *governmental* activities this year was \$375.9 million. Some of the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$2.3 million) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$48.5 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$141.1 million in taxes, \$145.2 in state Minimum Foundation Program funds, \$14.1 million with our other revenues, like interest and general entitlements and \$24.7 from transfers in and fund balance.

Revenues

Percentage of Total Revenues



Percentage of Local Source Revenues



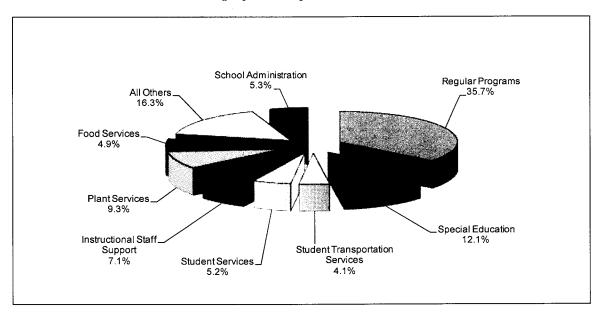
In the table below, we have presented the cost of each of the School Board's eight largest functions - regular programs instruction, special education, student services, instructional staff support, school administration, plant services, student transportation services, and school food services, as well as each program's *net* cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the School Board's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

For the Years Ended June 30, Government Activities (In Millions)

	Total C	Cost of	Total Percentage	Net C	ost	Total Percentage
	Ser	vices	Change	Change of Services		
	2009	2008	2008-2009	2009	2008	2008-2009
Regular programs	\$134.3	\$130.8	2.7	\$133.8	\$126.0	6.2
Special education	45.4	45.0	0.9	43.7	44.4	(1.6)
Student services	19.7	18.8	4.8	15.1	14.0	7.9
Instructional staff support	26.5	29.4	(9.9)	16.5	15.2	8.6
School administration	20.0	18.6	7.5	19.5	18.4	6.0
Plant services	34.8	38.0	(8.4)	33.5	35.8	(6.4)
Student transportation services	15.4	15.7	(1.9)	14.2	15.3	(7.2)
Food services	18.6	18.1	2.8	5.9	6.4	(7.8)
All Others	61.2	56.7	7.9	42.9	40.6	5.7
Totals	\$375.9	\$371.1	1.3	\$325.1	\$316.1	2.8

Total Cost of Services by Function

Percentage of Total Expenses (\$375.9 million)



Business-Type Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities the total cost of all of our *business-type* activities this year was \$1.5 million; these cost were to operate our Extended Day Child Care program. The cost paid by those who benefited from the program was \$1.7 million.

THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As we noted earlier, the School Board uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School Board is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the School Board's overall financial health.

As the School Board completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$115.4 million which is a decrease of \$.8 million from last year. The primary reasons for the decrease are the funding of a mid-year salary supplement for all employees from prior year tax proceeds and the current year spending of bond proceeds collected in previous years.

Our general fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the general fund decreased \$2.1 million to \$45.6 million. The decrease reflects supplemental salary and benefit provisions given employees with prior year excess tax collections. Although current year property and sales taxes increased slightly over last year, the net change in fund balance was still negative.

Our Westlake/Maplewood Construction fund increased from the prior year in the amount of \$8.1 million. The increase is due to the collection of bond proceeds in the current year for which proceeds have not been spent.

Our non-major governmental funds decreased from the prior year in the amount of \$6.9 million. This change is due to the following:

Our Special Revenue Funds reflect an increase of \$.4 million to \$.6 million due to revenues exceeding expenditures in the School Food Service Program.

Our capital project funds reflected change from the prior year showing a net decrease of \$7.4 million because of the spending of bond and other capital proceeds collected in a previous period.

Our debt service funds decreased from the prior year in the amount of \$7 thousand. This decrease is due to the calculated reduction of fund balances by reducing millages to slowly amortize the balances over a 3 to 5 year period.

Our permanent fund for teacher scholarships is a new fund created to use interest earnings for potential teachers to attend education colleges. No scholarships have yet been awarded. The initial \$100,000 was seeded by the School Board.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School Board revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The third and final amendment to the budget was adopted at the School Board's June 2, 2009 meeting.

The first revision included the addition of encumbrances into the current year budget in the amount of \$.42 million, \$.24 million in property insurance premiums, and \$.1 million in software and supplies.

Revision #2 included increased state M.F.P. revenue funds of \$.6 million and grant or donation revenue decreases of \$.1 million. Expenditure increases included of \$15 million to handle mid-year salary supplements and adjustments to include salaries for positions added after the start of the school year. Other additions included \$.78 million in maintenance costs, \$.25 million in instructional supplies, \$.35 million for debt service costs, and \$.07 million in other items.

Revision #3 included increased property tax revenues of \$.22 million, increased sales tax revenues of \$3.4 million, Medicaid proceeds of \$1.0 million and state M.F.P. funds of \$.38 million. Expenditure increases included \$.2 million in roofing replacements, \$.45 million in substitute costs, \$.3 million in salary supplements, \$.15 million in Medicaid collection fees, \$.3 million in insurance deductibles, \$.26 million in software upgrades, and \$.2 million in other items.

General fund operations were better than expected for the year by \$10.3 million. Actual resources exceeded projected resources by \$4.6 million including \$1.2 million in property taxes, \$1.6 million in sales taxes, and \$1.4 million in other revenues including mostly Medicaid and E-Rate reimbursements. Actual appropriations were less than budgeted appropriations by \$5.8 million or 2.0%. Major positive variances included \$1.1 million in salaries (mostly teachers), \$.7 million in purchased services, \$.5 million in property services, \$.15 million in travel, \$1.6 million in supplies, \$.76 million in equipment, and \$2.1 in transfers not moved out of the general fund as they

were not needed in other funds. Major negative variances were in textbooks, utilities, auto liability claims, health insurance, Medicare, and substitute costs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: At June 30, 2009, the School Board had \$234.3 million, invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, transportation equipment, and construction in progress. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of approximately \$19.8 million, or 9.2 %, from last year.

Capital Assets at Year-end (in millions)

Governmental Activities	
<u>2009</u>	2008
\$ 7.4	\$ 6.7
36.9	10.9
173.3	178.9
<u> 16.7</u>	18.0
<u>\$234.3</u>	\$214.5
	2009 \$ 7.4 36.9 173.3

This year's additions of \$37.0 million included the completion of building projects funded from bond proceeds in many areas of the school system. These improvements include new buildings, building renovations, and other facility improvements. Other asset additions included the purchase of computers, buses, and maintenance vehicles. Capital projects ongoing for the 2008-2009 fiscal year include the continuation of ongoing bond funded building and plant improvements in several bond districts and the planned purchase of additional buses and vehicles. We present more information on capital assets in the notes to the financial statements Note III D.

Debt: The School Board has bond ratings assigned by individual debt service districts which range from A to B over the twelve districts. Following is a summary of long term debt for the past two years:

<u>2009</u>	2008
\$204.8	\$189.0
11.5	12.2
8.7	10.7
(8.)	(.6)
-	` .ģ
11.8	10.9
.3	.2
1.6	1.7
5.0	4.5
66.2	35.7
10.7	10.8
<u>\$319.8</u>	\$276.0
	\$204.8 11.5 8.7 (.8)

The School Board issued bonds of \$58.3 million during the year to fund improvements in the DeQuincy and Sulphur area schools. The bond sales also include \$30.8 million in refinanced bonds in the Southeast Lake Charles, Southwest Lake Charles and North Lake Charles areas. Also, a new three year LCDA loan was incurred for \$2.4 million to purchase additional buses. We present more detailed information on long tem debt in the notes to the financial statements at Note III F.

The implementation of GASB 45, Accounting for Other Post-Employment Benefits, impacted the long term debt of the School Board for June 30, 2009. The School Board's OPEB liability for June 30, 2009 was \$66.2 million, which is recorded in the internal service fund. The School Board did not fund any portion of the liability. We present more detailed information in the notes to the financial statements at Note IV B.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The following are currently known Calcasieu Parish economic factors that impact school operations.

- Unemployment rates for Calcasieu Parish have been low for the last few years with hurricane related employment. The 7.1% rate for the month ending September, 2009 for the Lake Charles area is better than the State rate of 7.4%.
- The population of Calcasieu Parish grew by 9.2% from 1990-2000 with the 2000 census totaling 183,577 parish wide.
- The land area of Calcasieu Parish at 1,094.5 square miles continues to provide challenges for government service providers including education transportation services.
- The area continues to recover from the effects of Hurricanes Rita, Katrina, Gustav, and Ike, with construction ongoing in schools, housing, and businesses throughout the district.
- The net property tax base in Calcasieu Parish has grown from a taxable value of \$1.18 billion in 2008 to \$1.32 billion in 2009, an 11.9% increase. The \$1.32 billion valuation was used to project 2009 property tax revenues.
- Sales tax revenue increased by \$1.0 million or 1.1% for 2008-2009 as a result of general economic growth
 and continued hurricane related spending. It appears that decreased hurricane related spending and the
 downturn in the economy have now begun to create flat sales tax projections.

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the School Board was aware of the following circumstances that could significantly affect the School Board's financial health in the future:

The proposed 2009-2010 budget continues the use of a program-based strategy that requires that all
expenditures be organized into functions and then programmatic components. This format closely aligns
the budget with the coding required by the State of Louisiana in the <u>Louisiana Accounting and Uniform</u>
<u>Government Handbook</u>. Staff members took each program within each major function area and

completed very detailed justification sheets for each requested line item to incorporate a form of zero-based budgeting. The 2009-2010 budget adopted on July 14, 2009 reflected a decrease in salaries of \$12.2 million for a reduction of mid-year supplements for all employees and the reduction of 89 positions, \$1.95 million increase in benefits for health insurance and worker's compensation, a \$.5 million increase in utilities, \$2 million decrease in textbooks for current adoption, a \$.47 million increase in maintenance costs, a \$1.03 million decrease in transportation (mostly bus purchases), and a \$.8 million decrease in school lunch support. The general fund budget for 2009-2010 contains revenues and other sources of funds of \$272 million and total expenditures and other uses of funds of \$272 million with no projected impact on general fund reserves.

- Health insurance claims and trend analysis for the School Board health insurance plan point to premium
 increases for the 2009 plan year that will be 3% to 5%. Even this small increase will require additional
 School Board contributions of greater than \$1.5 million for next budget year according to the School
 Board's current premium structure.
- Both major education related state retirement systems have indicated substantial increases in employer rates for 2010-2011 because of reduced investment income. The changes in these rates could impact the School Board budget in amounts ranging from \$5 to \$10 million depending on the rates finally announced in early 2010.
- While low interest rates have provided great opportunities for the School Board to lock in long-term debt
 at very attractive rates, earnings rates on investments will be minimal with the state of the current
 financial markets.
- The School Board has nearly completed its massive construction program ongoing since 1999 in nearly every area of the school system, and has now begun a new phase in several areas of the parish. Recent passage of bond issues in Westlake/Maplewood, Bell City and Sulphur, along with capital outlay projects in the Moss Buff area will continue to provide construction activity over the next three years.
- The State of Louisiana, like all other states, will be facing budget cuts to education for 2010 and 2011. The cuts are estimated at 1% to 5% and will affect all school systems including Calcasieu. Local economic conditions may also dictate cuts within the school system for the 2010-2011 school year.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to show the School Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, contact Mr. Karl E. Bruchhaus, Chief Financial Officer, at Calcasieu Parish School Board, 3310 Broad Street, Lake Charles, Louisiana, 70615 or by calling (337) 217-4000, regular office hours, Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Central Standard Time.



Basic Financial Statements:

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

Statement A

		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
		AUTIVITIE	AOTIVITIES	101/12
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,376,378	\$ 817,084 \$	91,193,462
Investments		60,000,148	0	60,000,148
Receivables (net)		23,090,351	0	23,090,351
Inventory		2,204,341	0	2,204,341
Prepaid items		2,727,437	0	2,727,437
Capital assets:				
Land		7,424,834	0	7,424,834
Construction in progress		36,890,522	0	36,890,522
Capital assets, net of depreciation		189,982,508	0	189,982,508
TOTAL ASSETS		412,696,519	817,084	413,513,603
LIABILITIES				
Accounts, salaries and other payables		50,564,285	805,084	51,369,369
Interest payable		2,968,668	0	2,968,668
Unearned revenue		787,895	0	787,895
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year		24,560,231	0	24,560,231
Due in more than one year		295,272,237	0	295,272,237
TOTAL LIABILITIES		374,153,316	805,084	374,958,400
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		35,494,521	0	35,494,521
Restricted for:				
Teacher scholarships		000	0	000
Expendable		862	0	862
Nonexpendable		100,000	0	100,000
TANF programs		68,870	0	68,870
Debt service		18,177,048	0	18,177,048
Capital projects		14,034,701	0	14,034,701
Sales tax salary enhancements		1,670,680	0	1,670,680
Erate funding		1,000,000	0	1,000,000
Unrestricted		(32,003,479)	12,000	(31,991,479)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	38,543,203	\$ <u>12,000</u> \$	38,555,203

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement B

		_	PROGRAI	NET (EXPENSE)	
		_	CHARGES FOR	OPERATING GRANTS AND	REVENUE AND CHANGES IN
		EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	NET ASSETS
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs	\$	134,249,737 \$		\$ 421,926	, , ,
Special education		45,398,076	0	.,,	(43,716,516)
Vocational education		6,484,004	0	366,988	(6,117,016)
Other instructional programs		8,616,116	0	6,425,490	(2,190,626)
Special programs		12,737,537	0	10,168,932	(2,568,605)
Adult education		1,378,032	0	226,730	(1,151,302)
Support services:					
Student services		19,703,303	0	4,600,393	(15,102,910)
Instructional staff support		26,474,238	0	9,969,655	(16,504,583)
General administration		5,125,842	0	920,784	(4,205,058)
School administration		20,004,088	0	552,290	(19,451,798)
Business services		4,278,626	0	74,700	(4,203,926)
Plant services		34,816,104	0	1,352,091	(33,464,013)
Student transportation services		15,429,522	0	1,217,910	(14,211,612)
Central services		3,743,651	0	56,297	(3,687,354)
Food services		18,616,885	2,258,280	10,488,727	(5,869,878)
Community service programs		160,118	0	3,996	(156,122)
Interest and fiscal charges		9,638,123	0	0	(9,638,123)
Unallocated depreciation (excludes					
direct depreciation expense)	-	9,080,018	0	0	(9,080,018)
Total Governmental Activities	•	375,934,020	2,258,280	48,528,469	(325,147,271)
Business type activities:					
Extended day program		1,510,235	1,728,922	0	218,687
Totals	\$	377,444,255 \$	3,987,202	\$ 48,528,469	\$ (324,928,584)

(CONTINUED)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement B

Channel is a share the	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Changes in net assets: Net (expense) revenue	\$ (325,147,271) \$	218,687 \$	(324,928,584)
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes levied for general purposes	25,770,471	0	25,770,471
Property taxes levied for debt services	21,786,677	0	21,786,677
Sales taxes levied for general purposes	70,495,990	0	70,495,990
Sales taxes levied for salaries	20,712,952	0	20,712,952
Sales taxes levied for debt service	2,309,144	0	2,309,144
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	1,020,507	0	1,020,507
Riverboat revenue taxes	2,461,070	0	2,461,070
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	, ,	_	_,,
Minimum Foundation Program	145,206,070	0	145,206,070
Erate	1,060,143	0	1,060,143
Medicaid	1,576,084	0	1,576,084
Interest and investment earnings	4,012,255	0	4,012,255
Miscellaneous	4.094,814	0	4,094,814
Total general revenues	300,506,177	0	300,506,177
Excess before transfers	(24,641,094)	218,687	(24,422,407)
Transfers in (out)	218,688	(218,688)	0
Changes in net assets	(24,422,406)	(1)	(24,422,407)
Net assets - beginning	62,965,609	12,001	62,977,610
Net assets - ending	\$ 38,543,203 \$	12,000 \$	38,555,203

(CONCLUDED)

Calcasieu Parish School Board





Basic Financial Statements:

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

			WESTLAKE/		Statement C
			MAPLEWOOD	NON-MAJOR	
	_	GENERAL	CONSTRUCTION	GOVERNMENTAL _	TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36,181,497	\$ 9,304,969		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		0	0	100,862	100,862
Investments		26,306,458	13,753,379	14,435,973	54,495,810
Receivables		13,386,747	0	8,219,717	21,606,464
Interfund receivables		5,383,629	0	0	5,383,629
Inventory		1,690,519	0	513,822	2,204,341
Prepaid items		2,593,603	0	12,742	2,606,345
TOTAL ASSETS		85,542,453	23,058,348	61,358,694	169,959,495
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts, salaries and other payables		39,402,842	423,344	8,581,716	48,407,902
Interfund payables		00,402,042	0	5,383,629	5,383,629
Unearned revenue		520,760	0	267,135	787,895
Total Liabilities		39,923,602	423,344	14,232,480	54,579,426
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		405,582	7,981,102	23,997,671	32,384,355
Inventory		1,690,519		331,322	2,021,841
Prepaid items		2,593,603	0	0	2,593,603
Long term receivables		249,779	0	0	249,779
Sales tax salary enhancements		1,670,680	0	0	1,670,680
Erate funding		1,000,000	0	0	1,000,000
Debt service			0	18,177,048	18,177,048
Teacher scholarships		0	0	100,862	100,862
Unreserved, reported in:					
General Fund					
Designated:					
Insurance		1,000,000	0	0	1,000,000
Debt service		3,735,355	0	0	3,735,355
Undesignated		33,273,333	0	0	33,273,333
Special revenue funds		0	0	268,308	268,308
Capital project funds					
Designated:					
Hurricane repairs		0	0	5,452,766	5,452,766
Undesignated		0	14,653,902	(1,201,763)	13,452,139
Total Fund Balances		45,618,851	22,635,004	47,126,214	115,380,069
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S <u>\$</u>	85,542 <u>,453</u>	\$ 23,058,348	\$ 61,358,694 S	169,959,495

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

Statement D

Total fund balances - governmental funds at June 30, 2009

\$ 115,380,069

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole. The cost of those capital assets allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs is reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.

Costs of capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

\$ 481,358,240

(247,060,376)

234,297,864

Net assets (deficit) of the internal service fund are reported as a proprietary fund type in the fund financial statement but included as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statement less interfund receivables eliminated in the consolidation into the governmental activities.

(61,209,582)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Assets.

Balances at June 30, 2009 are:

Interest payable

(2,968,668)

Long-term Debt

 General Obligation Bonds
 (204,825,000)

 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds
 (11,420,000)

 Revenue Certificates
 (8,725,000)

 Deferred charges on refunding
 794,183

 Compensated absences payable
 (11,821,820)

 Workers compensation payable
 (276,523)

 Other debt
 (10,682,320)

(246,956,480)

Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 38,543,203

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Stateme	nt E
---------	------

		GENERAL	WESTLAKE/ MAPLEWOOD CONSTRUCTION	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL		TOTAL
REVENUES	_		CONSTRUCTION	OUTERIMENTAL	_	TOTAL
Local sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	\$	25,617,267	\$ 0	\$ 21,939,881	\$	47,557,148
Sales and use	•	91,208,942	0	2,309,144	•	93,518,086
Earnings on investments		2,348,336	422,713	974,860		3,745,909
Food services		0	0	2,258,280		2,258,280
Other		5,178,903	400,000	2,491,796		8,070,699
State sources:		2,112,000	,	_,,		0,0.0,000
Equalization		144,823,222	0	382,848		145,206,070
Other		13,399,267	0	1,723		13,400,990
Federal sources		84,367	0	36.063,619		36,147,986
Total Revenues		282,660,304	822,713	66,422,151		349,905,168
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular programs		119,324,763	87,651	275,821		119,688,235
Special education		39,791,007	0	875,063		40,666,070
Vocational education		5,518,599	0	336,027		5,854,626
Other instructional programs		7,901,376	. 0	285,222		8,186,598
Special programs		1,637,805	0	9,287,687		10,925,492
Adult education		200,121	. 0	219,437		419,558
Support services:						
Student services		13,177,031	0	4,478,128		17,655,159
Instructional staff support		15,251,999	0	8,655,832		23,907,831
General administration		3,987,882	88,631	1,554,348		5,630,861
School administration		17,652,703	0	224,105		17,876,808
Business services		2,882,019	0	985,045		3,867,064
Plant services		31,569,578	132,415	1,504,434		33,206,427
Student transportation services		12,669,428	0	363,340		13,032,768
Central services		3,200,515	0	58,092		3,258,607
Food services		69,185	26,288	17,217,300		17,312,773
Other operations		34,080	. 0	0		34,080
Community service programs		124,026	0	0		124,026
Capital outlay		3,206,438	2,392,100	27,462,193		33,060,731
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		3,672,995	0	13,985,500		17,658,495
Interest and fiscal charges		418,016	0	8,749,768		9,167,784
Total Expenditures	\$	282,289,566	\$ 2,727,085	\$ 96,517,342	<u>\$</u>	381,533,993

(CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement E

			-	VESTLAKE/		
		GENERAL		APLEWOOD NSTRUCTION	NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL	TOTAL
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u>	370,738	\$	(1,904,372)	\$ (30.095,191) \$	(31.628.825)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						•
Transfers in		581,180		0	6,205,035	6,786,215
Transfers out		(5,432,108)		0	(1,135,419)	(6,567,527)
Issuance of debt - loans		2,371,701		0	0	2,371,701
Issuance of debt - bonds and revenue						
certificates		0		10,000,000	48,300,000	58,300,000
Insurance proceeds		51,890		0	0	51,890
Bond premiums		0		0	21,742	21,742
Payments to escrow agents		0_		0	(30,165,000)	(30,165,000)
•				1		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(2,427,337)		.10,000,000	23,226,358	30,799,021
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,056,599)		8,095,628	(6,868,833)	(829,804)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		47,675,450		14,539,376	53,995,047	116,209,873
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	<u>45,618,851</u> \$	\$	22,635,004	\$ 47,126,214 <u>\$</u>	115,380,069

(CONCLUDED)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement F

	n fund balances - governmental funds		\$	(829,804)
*Amounts reported	for governmental activities in the Statement of	Activities are different because:		
*Capital outlays are	e reported in governmental funds as expenditu	res. However, in the Statement		
of Activities, the	cost of those assets is allocated over their est	imated useful lives as		
depreciation exp	pense. This is the amount by which depreciation	on exceeds capital outlays		
in the period:				
	Capital outlay	33,460,73°	1	
	Depreciation expense	(13.455,555	<u>5)</u>	
				20,005,176
*Repayment of bon	d principal is an expenditure in governmental f	unds, but the repayment		
reduces long-term	liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.			
	General Obligation Bonds	42,500,000)	
	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	745,000)	
	Revenue Certificates	2,040,000)	
	Sales Tax Incremental Financing Agreemen	nt 869,517	7	
	Other Debt	2,491,405	<u>5</u> _	
				48,645,922
*Deferred amounts	on refunding consist of the difference between	new debt and old debt		
paid off. This an	nount should be amortized until old debt is calla	able. Amounts deferred		
for bonds refund	ed in the current year were \$635,000. Amount	s amortized for current		
	556, which are recorded as interest expense.			167,444
	reported as financing sources in the government	ental funds and thus		•
	change in fund balance. In the Statement of N			
debt increases lo	ng-term liabilities and does not affect the State	ment of Activities.		(60,671,701)
*Interest on long-te	rm debt in the Statement of Activities differs fro	m the amount reported		
in the governmer	ntal funds because interest is recognized as an	expenditure in the funds		
when it is due, ar	nd thus requires the use of current financial res	ources. In the Statement		
of Activities, how	ever, interest expense is recognized as the inte	erest accrues, regardless		
of when it is due.				(2,783)
	f Activities, certain operating expenses - compe			
sick leave) and w	orkers' compensation - are measured by the a	mounts earned during the year.		
In the governme	ntal funds, however, expenditures for these ite	ms are measured by the amount		
of financial resor	urces used (essentially, the amounts actually p	aid). This year, vacation and sick		
and the second s	eeded the amounts used by \$903,866. Worke			
exceeded amou	nts actually paid by \$59,286.			(963,152)
*The Statement of A	Activities reflects the effects of the disposition of	f capital assets during the year.		
The cost less the	depreciation (net value) of the items disposed	of during the year are not reflected		
in the fund baland				(174,647)
*All revenues, expe	nses and changes in fund net assets (deficits)	of the internal service fund are		,
	ietary fund type in the financial statement but i			
	t-wide financial statement.			(30,598,861)
				-
Change in net ass	ets of governmental activities.		\$	(24,422,406)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

Statement G

ASSETS		BUSINESS TYPE EXTENDED DAY PROGRAM	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	817,084 \$	
Investments		0	5,504,338
Receivables (net)		0	1,483,887
Prepaid expenses		0	121,092
TOTAL ASSETS	<u></u>	817,084	13,822,789
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts, salaries and other payables		805,084	2,156,383
Claims payable		0	6,633,909
Total current liabilities		805,084	8,790,292
Non-current liabilities:			
OPEB payable		0	66,242,079
Total noncurrent liabilities		0	66,242,079
TOTAL LIABILITIES	·	805,084	75,032,371
NET ASSETS Unrestricted		12,000	(61,209,582)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	12.000 \$	(61,209,582)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement H

	BUSINESS TYPE EXTENDED DAY PROGRAM		GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	1,728,922	\$ 0	
Premiums		0	41,213,247	
Reinsurance		0	1,491,306	
Total operating revenues		1,728,922	42,704,553	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Enterprise operation expenses		1,510,235	0	
Administrative expenses		0	886,935	
Premium payments		0	4,469,662	
Benefit payments			68,213,163	
Total operating expenses		1.510,235	73,569,760	
Operating income (loss)		218,687	(30,865,207)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest income		0	266,346	
Income before transfers		218,687	(30,598,861)	
TRANSFERS				
Transfers from/(to) other funds		(218,688)	0	
Change in net assets		(1)	(30,598,861)	
Net Assets - Beginning		12,001	(30.610,721)	
Net Assets - Ending	<u>\$</u>	12,000	\$ (61,209,582)	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Statement I

		BUSINESS TYPE EXTENDED DAY	G(OVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE
		PROGRAM		FUNDS
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from charges to users	\$	1,728,922	\$	0
Cash received for premiums		0		40,639,196
Cash received for reinsurance		0		1,491,306
Cash paid for benefits		0	-	(36,336,577)
Cash paid for excess insurance		0		(4,469,662)
Cash paid to employees		(711,329)		(403,720)
Cash paid to suppliers		(557,227)		(607,882)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	·	460,366		312,661
CASH FLOWS USED IN NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds	_	(218,688)	_	0
Net cash provided (used) in noncapital financing activities		(218,688)		0
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Earnings on invested proceeds		0		266,346
Sale (purchase) of investments		0		(207,338)
Net cash provided (used) from investing activities		0		59,008
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		241,678		371,669
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		575,406		6,341,803
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u> _	817,084	\$	6,713,472
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	218,687	\$	(30,865,207)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				•
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in receivables		0		(574,051)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		· 0		(119,240)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		241,679		873,247
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		0		431,478
Increase (decrease) in OPEB		0	_	30,566,434
Total adjustments		241.679		31,177,868
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	460,366	\$	312,661

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2009

Sta	teme	nt J	ļ
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	AGENCY
	FUNDS
	-
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,749,198
Receivables	20,541,957
Due from employees	17.833
TOTAL ASSETS	32,308,988
	N. Committee of the com
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	17,833
Due to student and employee groups	26,438,694
Protested taxes payable	5.852,461
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 32,308,988

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NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES The accounting policies of the Calcasieu Parish School Board (the Board) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity The Board is a legislative body authorized to govern the public education system for Calcasieu Parish, Louisiana. The Board, whose legal authority is vested in its political charter as a corporation (enacted in 1841), consists of fifteen members elected from legally established districts. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The Board's financial statements include all accounts of the Board's operations. The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for financial statements as a component unit is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization that is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. Based on these criteria, the Board has no component units.

The school system is composed of a central office, 58 schools, and 3 educational support facilities. Student enrollment as of October, 2008 was approximately 32,998 regular and special education students. The Board employs approximately 4,991 persons, providing instructional and ancillary support such as general administration, repair and maintenance, bus transportation, etc. The regular school term normally begins in late August and runs until late May.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation.

1. Government-wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets at the fund financial statement level. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Internal Activities The workers' compensation and employee's health/life internal service funds provide services to the governmental funds. Accordingly, the internal service funds activities were rolled up into the governmental activities. Pursuant to GASB 34, as much as possible, the internal activities have been eliminated in order to avoid the "grossing-up" effect of a straight inclusion. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Program revenues Program revenues include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the School Board's general revenues. Charges for services are primarily derived from group health insurance premiums, cafeteria sales, and miscellaneous student fees. Operating grants and contributions consist of the many educational grants received from the federal and state government.

Allocation of indirect expenses The School Board reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Other indirect expenses are not allocated.

2. Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary fund types and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government has the following fund types:

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the Board are financed. The acquisition and use of the Board's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the Board and receives most of the revenues derived by the Board from local sources (principally property and sales taxes) and state sources (principally equalization funding). General Fund expenditures represent the costs of general school system operations and include functional categories of instructional and support services. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Westlake/Maplewood construction fund accounts for the receipts and disbursement of proceeds of general bond issues and other designated revenues used for acquisition of major capital facilities for the Westlake – Maplewood District.

Additionally, the Board reports the following governmental fund types:

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These funds account for the revenues and expenditures related to Federal grant and entitlement programs for various educational objectives.

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The debt service fund is divided into twelve bonding (taxing) districts. Each district has the authority to raise its own debt and the responsibility to meet the obligations of that debt. Ad valorem taxes are levied separately for each district.

The capital projects fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, equipping, and renovation of major capital facilities (other than capital outlays from the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds). The capital projects fund is divided into twelve bonding (taxing) districts. Each district may include a number of capital projects.

The permanent fund accounts for financial resources permanently restricted in August of 2008 by the Board and the expendable earnings which are to provide funding for scholarships for college education students. The initial fund was provided by a transfer from the general fund. The Scholarship would provide \$1,500 per semester for eight semesters. Recipients would be required to teach in the parish for three years after graduation.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the Board's ongoing activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The following are the Board's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise – Extended Day Care Program – This fund is used to account for the operations of the after school child care program for which a fee is charged to external users for services to cover the cost of providing services.

Internal service – Insurance Funds – (Employees Health/Life and Worker's Compensation) - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of benefits by the Board's programs. The Board is self-insured for group health insurance and worker's compensation. The Board carries stop loss coverage that limits the Board's maximum liability under the health insurance program. The other funds are charged premiums by the insurance funds. The accrued liabilities for estimated claims represent an estimate of eventual losses on claims arising prior to year-end including claims incurred and not yet reported.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Board in a trustee or agency capacity.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using accrual basis of accounting. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. The agency fund is as follows:

Student Activities Fund – The Student Activities Fund is used to account for those monies collected by pupils and school personnel for school and school related purposes.

Each school maintains accounts for its individual student body organizations. These accounts are under the supervision of the school principals, who are responsible for collecting, controlling, disbursing, and accounting for all student activity funds, in accordance with the School Activity Funds Principles and Procedures manual.

Sales Tax Collection Fund – The School Board is responsible for administering the collections of sales tax in our parish. This fund is used to account for sales tax collections and distributions to the various taxing districts.

Employee Benefit Fund – This fund is used to account for benefit withholdings and claims paid at the employees' discretion.

Scholarship Fund - This fund is used to account for monies donated and award to scholarship recipients.

Sales Tax Paid Under Protest – This fund is used to account for monies deposited per Louisiana law as a result of disputed sales tax assessments. These deposits remain legally segregated until settled.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting – The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases and decreases in net total assets.

The Governmental fund financial statements are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both "measurable and available". "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest and principal payments on long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Claims and judgments (pre 1986) are recognized when due and payable.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes are susceptible to accrual.

Entitlements and shared revenues (which include state equalization and state revenue sharing) are recorded as unrestricted grants-in-aid at the time of receipt of earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the School Board and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Expenditures

Salaries are recorded as paid. Unpaid salaries for nine-month employees who are paid over twelve months are accrued at June 30. Substantially all other expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability has been incurred.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers between funds that are not expected to be repaid (or any other types, such as capital lease transactions, sale of fixed assets, debt extinguishments, long-term debt proceeds, et cetera) are accounted for as other financing sources (uses). These other financing sources (uses) are recognized at the time the underlying events occur.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. The School Board has elected pursuant to GASB Statement No. 20, to apply all GASB pronouncements and only Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989.

Operating Revenues and Expenses Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds The *agency fund* is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Cash includes amount in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the School Board may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having their principal offices in Louisiana.

2. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances of all funds are combined and invested. Interest earned on these investments is distributed to the individual funds on the basis of invested balances of the participating funds during the year. All highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less from date of purchase are considered cash equivalents. Amortization of premiums and discounts are recognized as incomes using the level yield method.

The Board has reported their investments, with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, at amortized cost. Investments with maturity at time of purchase of greater than one year are presented at fair value at June 30, 2009. Fair value was determined by obtaining "quoted" year-end market prices.

As of June 30, 2009, the School's investments have a fair value of approximately \$60,000,148. The overall market-weighted quality rating of the investments held by the School Board on June 30, 2009 was an Aaa by Moody's Investor's Service, which complies with the requirements of the School Board Investment Policy.

The School Board's investment portfolio had concentration of credit risk on June 30, 2009 due to the holdings of securities issued by the following U.S. Agencies that are both permitted by Statute and by the School Board Investment Policy. The majority of the School Board's investment portfolio consisted of 47.3% of securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, 14.9% of securities issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp., 14.8% of securities issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, 10.4% of securities issued by Federal Farm Credit Bank, and 9.5% in money market securities.

The School Board's investment portfolio exhibited very low interest rate risk on June 30, 2009. The average maturity of the portfolio was well within the maturity restrictions impose on the School Board's Investment Policy. The policy permits a maximum average maturity of 1.5 years. The School Board's investment portfolio had a weighted average maturity on June 30, 2009 of 1.22 years. The longest maturity of a security in the portfolio on June 30, 2009 was approximately 4.2 years, which complied with the School Board Investment Policy. None of the securities held were considered to be subject to their fair value to being highly sensitive to interest rate changes.

The Board is authorized by state statutes to open depositories in only those banks with branch offices in the state. State statutes also authorize the Board to invest in U. S. Bonds and Treasury Notes and other federally insured instruments. Investments in time certificates of deposit can be placed with Louisiana state banks or with national banks having their principal office in the state. See also Note III. A. for additional disclosures relating to cash and investments.

The School Board participates in the Louisiana Asset Management Pool, Inc. (LAMP) which is an external investment pool that is not SEC-registered. Because the LAMP is an arrangement sponsored by a type of governmental entity, it is exempt by statute from regulation by the SEC.

LAMP is administered by LAMP, Inc., a non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana. Only local government entities having contracted to participate in LAMP have an investment interest in its pool of assets. The primary objective of LAMP is to provide a safe environment for the placement of public funds in short-term, high quality investments. The LAMP portfolio includes only securities and other obligations in which local governments in Louisiana are authorized to invest in accordance with LA-R.S. 33.2955.

GASB Statement No. 40 Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure, requires disclosure of credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk for all public entity investments.

LAMP is a 2a7-like investment pool. The following facts are relevant for 2a7-like investment pools:

- Credit risk: Lamp is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.
- <u>Custodial credit risk:</u> LAMP participants' investments in the pool are evidenced by shares of the pool. Investments in pools should be disclosed, but not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form. The public entity's investment is with the pool, not the securities that make up the pool; therefore, no disclosure is required.
- <u>Concentration of credit risk:</u> Pooled investments are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.
- <u>Interest rate risk:</u> 2a7-like investment pools are excluded from this disclosure requirement, per paragraph 15 of the GASB 40 statement.
- Foreign currency risk: Not applicable to 2a7-like pools.

The dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of LAMP assets is restricted to not more than 90 days, and consists of no securities with a maturity in excess of 397 days. LAMP is designed to be highly liquid to give its participants immediate access to their account balances. The investments in LAMP are stated at fair value based on quoted market rates. The fair value is determined on a weekly basis by LAMP and the value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

LAMP, Inc. is subject to the regulatory oversight of the state treasurer and the board of directors.

An annual audit of LAMP is conducted by an independent certified public accountant. The Legislative Auditor of the state of Louisiana has full access to the records of the LAMP.

LAMP issues financial reports. These financial reports can be obtained by writing: LAMP, Inc., 228 St. Charles Avenue, Suite 1123, New Orleans, LA, 70130.

3. Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments consist of receivables for reimbursement of expenditures under various state and federal programs and grants. All amounts are expected to be collected within the next twelve months.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at average cost using the first-in, first-out method of accounting. Inventory in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies and maintenance materials held for consumption. Using the consumption method of recording inventories, expenditures are accounted for as the inventory is used.

Inventories of the Food Service Special Revenue Fund consist of purchased and donated commodities, lunchroom materials, and supplies. Such inventories are valued at cost with the exception of donated commodities that are valued at fair market value at the time of donation. Expenditures are recorded as the inventories are consumed. Unused commodity inventories at year-end are recorded as unearned revenues.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

5. Capital Assets

Capital Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful life (excluding salvage value) which is based on past experience. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The capitalization threshold is \$5,000. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Straight-line depreciation is used based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-45 years
Improvements	10-25 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years
Vehicles	5-8 years

6. Compensated Absences

a. Vacation - The majority of the Board's employees, teachers (9 month employees), earn no vacation. Eligible employees annually earn two to four weeks of vacation based on length of service. Vacation time must be used within one year of the date earned or it is lost. Upon termination or retirement, an employee may either use or receive payment for any unused earned vacation for that year.

b. Sick Leave - Nine-month employees earn ten sick leave days two of which can be used for personal business. Other employees earn twelve sick leave days yearly. These days may be accumulated from one year to the next. On retirement, an employee receives payment for a maximum of 25 accumulated days and the balance is credited towards retirement per Louisiana Revised Statute 17:425.

c. Sabbatical Leave - Any employee with a teaching certificate is entitled to one semester of sabbatical leave after three years service or two semesters after six years service. No more than two semesters of sabbatical leave may be accumulated. Leave may be taken for medical purposes or professional and cultural improvement.

In the General Fund and Food Service Special Revenue Fund, a liability for compensated absences is recorded when expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources. The General Fund liability amounted to \$1,350,030 and School Food Service Fund to \$88,180 at June 30, 2009, and includes a provision for salary related payments in accordance with the provisions of GASB Code Sec. C60.108. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured.

The amount of accrued compensated absences and related benefits not expected to be paid within the next fiscal year from expendable, available financial resources is recorded in the government wide financial statements in the amount of \$11,821,820 June 30, 2009.

7. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced generally by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use whether by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. All restricted net assets reported on the Statement of Net Assets is restricted by enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Board's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Financial Statements:

Government fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

D. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

1. Sales and Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes are collected by the Calcasieu Parish Sheriff and remitted to the Board on a monthly basis. Assessed values are established by the Parish Assessor's Office each year based generally on 10% of the assumed market value of residential property and commercial land, on 15% of assumed market value of commercial buildings and personal property, and 25% of public utilities.

Ad valorem taxes must be levied on or before June 1 of the assessment year. However, before the taxes can be levied, the tax rolls must be submitted to the State Tax Commission for approval. Taxes are due and payable by December 31, the levy date and the date on which an enforceable lien attaches on the property. As of January 1 taxes become delinquent and interest and penalty accrue. Historically, virtually all ad valorem taxes receivable were collected since they are secured by property.

The School Board receives a one and one-half cent sales and use tax. The tax is remitted to the School Board in the same month the tax is collected. Revenue from the one and one-half cent sales tax is recorded in the general fund. Another one-half cent sales tax is collected for salary enhancements and is accounted for in the general fund.

The School Board also accounts for another one and one-half cent sales tax dedicated for improvements in Sales Tax District Number 3 (District 27). Revenue is recorded in the capital projects fund.

2. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

3. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character: Current (further classified by function)

Capital Outlay
Debt Service

Dent Service

Proprietary Fund – By Operating and Nonoperating

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of current financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

4. Interfund Transfers

Permanent transfers of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

NOTE II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Title 17, Section 88 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, as amended by Act 183 of 1981, requires that the Board adopt not later than September 15, a budget for the general fund and all special revenue funds of expected revenues and probable expenditures for the year, and that copies of the budget be submitted to the State Superintendent of Public Education for review and approval. The receipts in the budget must be those normally expected from constitutional, statutory, and regular sources and must not include probable receipts that may arise from doubtful or contingent sources. The statute provides that the revenues, expenditures and disbursements shall be listed and classified on such forms and in such manner and substance as prescribed by the State Superintendent, and shall detail as nearly as possible the several items of expected cost, expenditures and disbursements, the total of which shall not exceed the total of estimated funds available. No items of cost, expenditures, and disbursement not included in the detailed estimates shall be paid by the treasurer, or ex officio treasurer, of the Board under the penalty that he or his surety or bondsman shall be personally liable for any items so paid and not included in the budgeted expenditures. If, during the course of the year, receipts from any unexpected or contingent sources are realized, the Board shall, before any such funds are allocated, committed, expended, or disbursed, prepare and adopt an amended budget.

The Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data recorded in the financial statements:

- 1. The Chief Financial Officer submits a proposed annual budget of expected revenues and expenditures for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The budgets are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by function within each fund. A public hearing is advertised and conducted to obtain public input. Upon Board approval, the budget is then sent to the State Department of Education for approval.
- 2. Management can transfer appropriations from one area to another in amounts not exceeding \$10,000 without prior Board approval. Management cannot add expenditures to the budget without Board approval. The Board approves all General Fund budget revisions. Revisions approved during the year increased the General Fund budgeted revenues and other sources by \$15.0 million primarily due to state funding increases, sales tax growth, and other local sources. Budgeted expenditures and other uses increased by \$27.4 million due to state and local salary increases and salary supplements, increased instructional supply and equipment costs, greatly increased utility costs, and transactions associated with refinancing debt. It is the Board's policy that total expenditures not exceed revenues and fund balance. No legal restrictions, other than those mentioned previously, are placed on the General Fund budget.

- 3. Special Revenue Fund federal projects may not exceed budgeted amounts unless a budget revision is approved by the State Department of Education School Food Service expenditures cannot exceed the total estimated funds available.
- 4. The Debt Service Fund is controlled by related bond ordinances. The Debt Service Fund is not budgeted on an annual basis; therefore, a budget to actual comparison is not presented for this fund.
- 5. The Capital Projects Fund is controlled on a project basis through the use of formal bidding. All projects remain programmed and funded until completed or until the board decides to eliminate the project. The Capital Projects Fund is not budgeted on an annual basis; therefore, a budget to actual comparison is not presented for this fund.
- 6. There are no legal requirements that budgets be adopted for the Enterprise or Internal Service Funds and no budgets are adopted or presented.
- 7. General Fund and Special Revenue Fund appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget:

	<u>Fund</u>	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	<u>Variance</u>
Headstart		\$3,457,787	\$3,459,657	\$(1,870)

The excess of expenditures over appropriation in the Headstart program occurred due to use of revenue that exceeded budget to service children that pay to participate in the program. No amendment was made to budget for the insignificant amounts received for paying participants.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The Employee's Health/Life Internal Service Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$61,209,582. This deficit is due to the increase of GASB 45 Other Post-Employee Benefits (OPEB) liability. An increase of \$30,566,434 was recorded for the June 30, 2009 year end with a total liability of \$66,242,079.

NOTE III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The School Board has reported their investments with a maturity at time of purchase of one year or less at amortized cost. Investments with maturity at time of purchase of greater than one year are presented at fair value at June 30, 2009. Fair value was determined by obtaining "quoted" year-end market prices.

As of June 30, 2009 the School Board had its assets in mortgaged backed securities, money market instruments and other government securities managed by financial institutions. The accounts managed by the financial institutions have a fair value of \$60,000,148 as of June 30, 2009. This amount represents 100.0% of the School Board's investments as of this date.

	Fair		
Type of Debt Investment	<u>Value</u>	Less than 1	<u>1-5</u>
Mortgage backed securities	\$53,984,269	\$17,738,905	\$36,245,364
U. S. treasuries	1,418,662	1,418,662	
Money market instrument	4,597,217	4,597,217	<u> </u>
Total investments	\$60,000,148	<u>\$23,754,784</u>	\$36,245,364

Interest Rate Risk: The School Board's policy on investments states that principal is the foremost objective, followed by liquidity and yield. Each investment transaction shall seek to first insure that capital losses are avoided no matter the sources.

Credit Rate Risk: The School Board investments are in Certificates of Deposits, Savings Accounts and Government Securities which do not have credit ratings. Its policy states that investment decisions should not incur unreasonable risks in order to obtain current investment income.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2009 the School Board had a bank balance of \$76,363,844 in which \$54,081,485 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the School Board's name. Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, Louisiana Revised Statute 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified by the School Board that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon request.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the School Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School Board's policy for investments is that they must be held by national banks, state-chartered banks or a national or state trust company. In addition a list will be maintained of approved security broker/dealers. Those broker/dealers must have a minimum capital requirement of \$10 million and have been in business for at least five years. The School Board does maintain investments according to it policy.

B. Reserves and Designations of Fund Balance (FFS Level Only)

Governmental Funds - Reserves in the governmental funds represent portions of fund balance which are not appropriable for expenditures or have been segregated for specific future uses, while designations of fund balance represent tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

C. Receivables

Receivables as of June 30, 2009 for the governmental funds are as follows:

			1	Non-major				
	G	General Fund		overnmental	Inte	ernal Service	Total	
Local Revenue:								
Property Taxes	\$	112,075	\$	118,287	\$	-	\$	230,362
Sales Tax		8,150,616		330,242		-		8,480,858
Interest		3,987		-		-		3,987
Installment Sale		249,779		-		-		249,779
Other		1,693,811		28,818		1,483,887		3,206,516
State Grants		3,164,875		160		-		3,165,035
Federal Grants		11,604		7,742,210		-		7,753,814
Total	\$	13,386,747	\$	8,219,717	\$	1,483,887	\$	23,090,351

The School Board has sold two school sites on the installment sale method. The interest rate on these notes is 6%. As principal and interest are received, revenue is recognized. The balance of the notes is shown as receivables and a reservation of fund balance.

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been established as the Board expects to collect the full balance.

D. Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets during fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions			Balance Ending	
Governmental activities							
Non-Depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$ 6,677,199	\$ 787,635	\$	40,000	\$	7,424,834	
Construction in progress	10,932,760	29,528,221		3,570,459		36,890,522	
Total Nondepreciable capital assets	 17,609,959	30,315,856		3,610,459		44,315,356	
Depreciable capital assets:		 					
Buildings & Improvements	379,218,661	3,570,459			3	382,789,120	
Machinery & Equipment	53,188,585	3,144,875		2,079,696		54,253,764	
Total depreciable capital assets	432,407,246	 6,715,334		2,079,696		137,042,884	
Totals at cost	450,017,205	37,031,190		5,690,155		181,358,240	
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings & Improvements	200,325,208	9,184,135			2	209,509,343	
Machinery & Equipment	35,224,662	4,271,420		1,945,049		37,551,033	
Total accumulated depreciation	235,549,870	 13,455,555		1,945,049		247,060,376	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 214,467,335	\$ 23,575,635	\$	3,745,106	\$2	234,297,864	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Regular Instruction	\$ 596,987
Special Education	51,039
Vocational Education	32,476
Other Instructional	183,322
Special Programs	297,052
Adult Education	3,326
Student Services	204,574
Instructional Staff	906,964
General Administration	18,330
School Administration	9,432
Business Services	34,633
Plant Services	319,396
Student Transportation Services	1,235,504
Central Services	261,331
Food Services	219,387
Community Services	1,784
Unallocated	 9,080,018
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 13,455,555

Construction commitments at June 30, 2009 are composed of the following:

Project	Project		•			· · · · · ·	
Location	<u>A</u> 1	<u>uthorization</u>	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ne 30, 2009</u>	<u>Committed</u>		
District 21	\$	6,543,000	\$	3,002,629	\$	3,540,371	
District 23		9,058,615		1,061,034		7,997,581	
District 27		1,316,522		604,679		711,843	
District 28		2,408,787		1,658,191		750,596	
District 30		30,988,057		12,351,323		18,636,734	
Riverboat		3,864,677		634,954		3,229,723	
	\$	54,179,658	\$	19,312,810	\$	34,866,848	

E. Accounts, Salaries, and Other Payables

The payables at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	General	M	Vestlake aplewood nstruction	Non-major overnmental	ended Day Program	Internal Services	Total
Accounts	\$10,914,644	\$	396,915	\$ 4,719,511	\$ 805,084	\$ 2,114,556	\$ 18,950,710
Salaries, benefits							
and withholdings	26,945,015		-	2,674,014	-	41,827	29,660,856
Retainages	193,153		26,429	1,100,011	-	-	1,319,593
Compensated absences	1,350,030		-	 88,180	 	 •	1,438,210
Total	\$39,402,842	\$	423,344	\$ 8,581,716	\$ 805,084	\$ 2,156,383	\$ 51,369,369

F. Long-Term Debt

The changes in general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Balance June 30,	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 189,025,000	\$ 58,300,000	\$ 42,500,000	\$ 204,825,000	\$ 12,295,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	12,165,000	-	745,000	11,420,000	765,000
Revenue Certificates	10,765,000	-	2,040,000	8,725,000	1,550,000
Less deferred amounts: on refunding	(626,739)	(635,000)	(467,556)	(794,183)	(207,770)
Sales Tax Incremental Financing Agreement	869,517	-	869,517		-
Accrued Compensated Absences	10,917,954	1,507,161	603,295	11,821,820	*600,000
Accrued Workers' Compensated Liability - Pre 1986	217,237	140,988	81,702	276,523	*75,000
Accrued Workers' Compensated Liability - Post 1986	1,702,431	2,758,591	2,827,113	1,633,909	1,633,909
Employee Health/Life Liability	4,500,000	40,554,781	40,054,781	5,000,000	5,000,000
OPEB liability	35,675,645	44,031,394	13,464,960	66,242,079	-
Other Debt	10,802,024	2,371,701	2,491,405	10,682,320	2,849,092
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 276,013,069	\$149,029,616	\$105,210,217	\$ 319,832,468	\$ 24,560,231

^{*}Annual payment requirements for the Accrued Compensated Absences and the Accrued Workers' Compensation Liability are dependent on yearly occurrences not conducive to simple amortization. The majority of all payments made in these categories will be funded by the School Board General Fund and will be appropriated in the year of payment as necessary. However, the accrued workers' compensation liability – post 1986, employee health /life liability and OPEB liability are paid using the internal service funds. Amounts listed are estimates based on prior experience.

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding bonds payable including related interest costs as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Ob	General ligation Bond Principal	General Obligation ond Interest	F	ales Tax Revenue Bond rincipal	I	ales Tax Revenue nd Interest	C	Revenue 'ertificate Principal	C	Revenue ertificate Interest	Total
2010	\$	12,295,000	\$ 7,933,465	\$	765,000	\$	398,573	\$	1,550,000	\$	319,860	\$ 23,261,898
2011		12,975,000	7,634,830		790,000		381,258		1,610,000		265,186	23,656,274
2012		12,140,000	7,159,935		820,000		361,315		1,350,000		211,483	22,042,733
2013		12,485,000	6,667,429		850,000		338,543		1,135,000		156,108	21,632,080
2014		12,785,000	6,162,092		875,000		313,305		1,170,000		114,574	21,419,971
2015-2019		65,840,000	23,646,317		4,980,000		1,053,623		1,910,000		100,566	97,530,506
2020-2024		54,945,000	10,723,445		2,340,000		94,648		-		•	68,103,093
2025-2026	<u>.</u>	21,360,000	2,446,771		-		-		-		-	 23,806,771
TOTALS	\$	204,825,000	\$ 72,374,284	\$ 1	1,420,000	\$	2,941,265	\$	8,725,000	\$	1,167,777	\$ 301,453,326

The following table lists the pertinent information on each outstanding issue:

Date of	School Dist, No.	Type of Debt	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Origianal Amount of Issue	Outstanding as of June 30, 2009	Annual Principal Installment Due for Year End June 30, 2010
6/3/2009	21	G.O.	7/15/2008	4.00-4.55	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 225,000
10/1/2003	22	G.O.	1/15/2011	2.00-3.50	2,820,000	880,000	430,000
4/20/2004	22	G.O.	7/15/2001	1.10-2.45	5,075,000	1,770,000	875,000
2/23/2000	. 23	G.O.	2/15/2020	5.10-12.00	10,000,000	455,000	455,000
8/31/2001	23	G.O.	8/15/2021	4.10-6.00	10,000,000	7,675,000	415,000
5/11/2005	23	G.O.	2/15/2020	3.0-4.125	7,270,000	6,915,000	80,000
2/15/2008	23	G.O.	2/15/2028	4.00-9.00	15,000,000	14,545,000	475,000
1/13/2009	23	G.O.	2/15/2029	4.00-6.00	10,000,000	10,000,000	300,000
2/26/2009	23	G.O.	10/1/2033	2.00-4.00	5,690,000	5,690,000	290,000
5/1/2003	24	G.O.	7/15/2012	1.05-3.30	1,605,000	745,000	175,000
2/23/2000	25	G.O.	2/15/2020	5.15-8.00	7,200,000	325,000	325,000
5/11/2005	25	G.O.	2/15/2020	3.0-4.125	5,225,000	4,980,000	55,000
3/26/2001	26	G.O.	4/1/2021	4.30-6.00	2,000,000	1,460,000	85,000
5/25/2005	26	G.O.	5/1/2022	3.0-4.125	5,200,000	4,605,000	275,000
2/15/2006	26	G.O.	2/15/2026	3.70-4.75	2,845,000	2,795,000	15,000
4/22/2004	27	S/T	11/1/2020	2.00-4.50	12,650,000	11,420,000	765,000
2/22/1996	28	G.O.	7/15/2011	4.00-5.55	1,595,000	525,000	165,000
8/15/2007	28	G.O.	8/15/2027	4.35-8.00	3,250,000	3,150,000	100,000
2/20/2002	30	G.O.	2/15/2022	4.00-5.00	14,500,000	11,190,000	590,000
3/1/2003	30	G.O.	7/15/2015	2.00-3.875	7,160,000	5,080,000	645,000
4/22/2004	30	G.O.	2/15/2016	2.00-3.45	3,540,000	2,535,000	325,000
3/23/2005	30	G.O.	5/1/2014	3.00-3.45	6,425,000	3,755,000	725,000
2/15/2008	30	G.O.	2/15/2028	3.10-9.00	15,000,000	14,545,000	475,000
1/13/2009	30	G.O.	2/15/2029	2.30-6.00	10,000,000	10,000,000	300,000
5/24/2000	31	G.O.	5/1/2020	5.20-7.00	15,000,000	690,000	690,000
6/15/2005	31	G.O.	3/1/2022	3.0-4.125	11,470,000	9,990,000	635,000
7/1/2005	31	G.O.	5/1/2020	3.00-5.00	10,415,000	9,905,000	115,000
2/26/2009	31	G.O.	10/1/2022	2.00-4.00	8,130,000	8,130,000	415,000
11/1/2004	33	G.O.	2/15/2025	3.25-7.00	9,600,000	8,290,000	365,000
5/25/2005	33	G.O.	7/15/2022	3.0-4.125	8,835,000	8,115,000	465,000
5/22/2009	33	G.O.	1/15/2024	2.00-4.125	8,490,000	8,490,000	385,000
1/15/2005	34	G.O.	1/15/2025	3.25-7.00	14,000,000	12,090,000	530,000
5/9/2008	34	G.O.	11/1/2022	2.50-3.80	10,000,000	9,515,000	510,000
5/12/2009	34	G.O.	1/15/2024	2.00-4.25	8,490,000	8,490,000	385,000
2/21/2002	ALL	R	2/1/2012	2.00-3.75	2,000,000	725,000	225,000
10/23/2003	ALL	R	7/1/2010	3.00-3.15	2,000,000	600,000	295,000
4/1/2005	ALL	R	4/1/2015	3.10-4.00	7,055,000	4,910,000	760,000
10/1/2006	ALL	R	10/1/2016	3.55-3.90	3,000,000	2,490,000	270,000
					\$ 290,035,000	\$ 224,970,000	\$ 14,610,000

G.O. - General Obligation, S/T - Sales Tax, R- Revenue Certifications

At June 30, 2009, \$18,177,048 is available in the Debt Service Funds to service the above debt.

The Board is legally restricted from incurring long-term debt in excess of thirty-five percent of the assessed value of taxable property. At June 30, 2009, the statutory limit was \$628,498,084 and the remaining debt margin was \$439,958,358.

The following section on Other Debt includes descriptions of debt outstanding along with the annual repayment requirements in each class for future years.

1. Other Debt

On January 1, 1999, the Board entered into a loan agreement with the Louisiana Local Government Environmental Facilities and Community Development Authority (LCDA). The LCDA is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana created to assist in financing political subdivisions that are members of the LCDA. The Board, having met the requirements to become a LCDA member, has borrowed the following amounts with outstanding balances at June 30, 2009: \$1,902,389 in the year ended June 30, 2007; \$1,479,660 in the year ended June 30, 2008; and \$2,371,701 in the year ended June 30, 2009.

The following is a schedule of the annual requirements to amortize the loan.

Year	<u>Principal</u>
2010	\$ 1,864,389
2011	1,272,160
2012	<u>695,201</u>
*	\$ 3,831,750

^{*}Amounts for interest requirements have not been calculated. The interest rate is a variable rate computed weekly equal to The Bond Market Association Index plus 90 basis points (0.90%) as per the loan agreement between the Board and the Louisiana Community Development Authority (LCDA) and approved by the bond insurer. At June 30, 2009, the rate was 1.26%.

In connection with the expansion and renovation of Prien Lake Mall Shopping Center, the Board entered into an agreement which provided for a portion of future sales tax collections from establishments located at the project site to be reimbursed to the mall developer, contingent upon completion and occupancy of the project. The reimbursement obligation, which was limited to a maximum total of \$3,555,555, was payable semiannually without interest solely from a 44.4 percent portion of the incremental increase in sales tax collections generated from the project site within a maximum period of ten years from completion of construction. As of June 30, 2009, the reimbursement obligation has been completed. The original obligation was based on an estimate in which the School Board used a conservative approach. Therefore, when the obligation was completed, the School Board wrote off the remaining liability of \$822,427. This is reflected as miscellaneous income on the Statement of Activities.

The School Board has borrowed money through the Qualified Zone Academy Bond Program (QZAB) on two separate occasions, \$1,164,668 in 2002 and \$9,000,000 in 2005. The QZAB program is a loan program in which the bondholders receive little or no interest, but instead receive federal tax credits for participating in the program. Proceeds of the loan program must be spent at schools with greater than 35% at-risk student population. The annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding are as follows:

2002 Loan 2005 Loan		
Principal 2005 Loan Interest Total	Fotal	
(0% Interest) Principal (.38%) Principal In	<u>Interest</u>	
2010 \$\\$ 84,703 \$\\$ 900,000 \$\\$ 34,200 \$\\$ 984,703 \$	34,200	
2011 84,703 900,000 34,200 984,703	34,200	
2012 84,703 900,000 34,200 984,703	34,200	
2013 84,703 900,000 34,200 984,703	34,200	
2014 84,703 900,000 34,200 984,703	34,200	
2014-2016 127,055 1,800,000 68,495 1,927,055	68,495	
\$ 550,570 \$ 6,300,000 \$ 239,495 \$ 6,850,570 \$ 2	239,495	

G. Defeasance of Prior Debt

In prior years, the Board defeased certain outstanding general obligation bonds by issuing \$144,988,846 in new general obligation bonds. Proceeds from the issuance of the new general obligation bonds invested in U. S. treasury obligations that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for payment of all principal and interest on the refunded bonds on each of their respective payment dates. Accordingly, the refunded general obligation bonds are not included in the Board's financial statements. At June 30, 2009 the outstanding balance on all bonds considered defeased is \$20,755,000.

H. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The School Board's consolidated cash account holds the cash of all funds not required to have their own cash account. As a result, negative cash balances occur in certain funds and are in essence financed by other funds, while negative cash balances are included in interfund payables on the combined balance sheet.

The interfund balances at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	 Amount	Payable Fund	Amount			
General	\$ 5,383,629	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 5,383,629			
Total	\$ 5,383,629		\$ 5,383,629			

I. Interfund Transfers

The interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Transfer In			Tr	ansfer Out
General	\$	362,492	Non-major governmental	\$	362,492
General		218,688	Proprietary Fund-Extended Day		218,688
Non-major governmental		5,432,108	General		5,432,108
Non-major governmental		772,927	Non-major governmental		772,927
Total	\$	6,786,215		\$	6,786,215

Transfers from the General Fund to the Non-major Governmental Funds are to supplement the Food Service Fund and to assist the funding of capital projects. Non major Governmental transfers were for debt service and to assist funding of other capital projects. Proprietary transfers were for the Extended Day Program. Other Governmental Funds to Other Governmental Funds were mainly from debt service to capital projects.

NOTE IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The School Board maintains health insurance and worker's compensation insurance programs that have self-insured components. Both funds, the Health/Life Insurance Fund and Worker's Compensation Fund (Internal Service Funds) are used to account for premium collections and payments in the form of benefits payments, premium costs, and administrative costs. The Health/Life Insurance Plan year operates from May 1 to April 30 of each year, a cycle different than the fiscal year of the School Board. Within the 2008-2009 plan year, the Calcasieu Parish School Board was responsible for up to \$35.3 million of actual claims cost plus premium costs and any local administrative costs required to pay claims, which was a process completed in-house by School Board personnel. Reinsurance was purchased from Blue Cross through Highmark Life Insurance to assume any claims exceeding \$35.3 million of actual claims cost for the plan year or to assume claims costs exceeding \$250,000 on any individual participant for the plan year. On May 1, 2004, claims payment and reinsurance responsibilities were converted to Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Louisiana with a traditional P.P.O. oriented plan.

Premiums collected in the 2008-2009 plan year from the combination of participants and School Board funds were less than sufficient to cover actual claims plus premium and administration costs. An increase in participants and the plan year beginning date of May 1 resulted in expenses exceeding premiums collected in the amount of \$455,556. Due to implementation of GASB 45, an accrual was made to reflect the actuarially determined annual required contribution of \$30.6 million. See Note B below for details. Together with net assets accumulated through the end of June 30, 2008 net assets at June 30, 2009 amounted to a deficit of \$61,887,783.

All full-time employees are eligible to join the program and all retirees have the option to continue coverage upon retirement. The School Board and the insured participant contribute to the fund at varying rates depending on coverage classes. In an effort to provide more consistency in the premium rate structure, the School Board adopted new employer contribution rates for the plan year beginning May 1, 2001. The

School Board now funds 62% of employee only coverage and 50% of any dependent coverage with the employee responsible for the remainder of the premium. The estimated liability of \$5 million for claims incurred but not reported and reported but not paid is based on historical claims and industry trends and is recorded as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10. Current participant health plan benefits include \$2 million lifetime maximum benefits, \$300 deductibles with a \$1,500 maximum out-of-pocket expenses per plan year, and drug and doctor visit co-payments. Each employee has the option of carrying life insurance coverage to a maximum \$50,000 with eligibility based on current position. Life insurance coverage is purchased from a commercial carrier and funded by both the employee and the School Board. The Board's premium for the life insurance coverage is under a retrospectively rated policy and the initial premium is adjusted based on actual experience during the period of coverage.

The School Board maintains a partially self-insured worker's compensation program that was established in 1987. The Worker's Compensation Fund provides coverage to a maximum of \$300,000 for each claim. The Board purchases excess insurance coverage for the amount of each claim that exceeds \$300,000 from Republic Western Underwriters. All School Board funds make contributions to the Worker's Compensation Fund based on the total payroll and total claims history of each fund. The actual fund balance at June 30, 2009 totaled \$678,201 including a negative change in net assets of \$487,983 for 2008-09. Estimated claims payable are reported at \$1.6 million based on actuarial estimates including claims incurred but not reported as required in Governmental Accounting Standards Statement 10.

Based on actuarial estimates, an unfunded liability of \$276,523 is reported in the government-wide financial statements for those claims incurred prior to the establishment of the Worker's Compensation Fund in 1987. These claims will ultimately be paid by the general fund annually as they occur.

Changes in each Fund's claims liability amounts are:

Employee Health/Life Fund

		Current Year		
	Beginning	Claims and		Ending
	of	Changes in		of
	Year Liability	Estimates	Claims Paid	Year Liability
2007	\$ 4,488,857	\$ 34,585,284	\$ 34,574,141	\$ 4,500,000
2008	4,500,000	36,587,037	36,587,037	4,500,000
2009	4,500,000	40,554,781	40,054,781	5,000,000

Worker's Compensation

			Cı	arrent Year			
	Beginning of		Claims and Changes in				Ending
							of
	Year Liability		Estimates		Claims Paid	<u>Ye</u>	ar Liability
2007	\$	1,198,690	\$	2,590,801	\$ 2,614,774	\$	1,174,717
2008		1,174,717		4,176,842	3,649,128		1,702,431
2009		1,702,431		2,758,591	2,827,113		1,633,909

The Board purchases commercial insurance for property (all risks), general liability, and fleet coverages, all with \$250,000 deductibles per occurrence and a named storm deductible of 2% per location value. The property insurance coverage covers losses up to \$35 million in value, while the fleet and general liability policies have limits of \$1 million per occurrence. The School Board also purchases umbrella coverage to raise loss limits on fleet and liability claims to \$3,000,000 per policy year. Other commercial coverages include policies for employee dishonesty bonds, errors and omissions, and boiler insurance. The current policy limits on most commercial coverages have been in effect for multiple years. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial excess coverages in any of the last three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

B. Other Post-Employment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u> — In accordance with state statutes, the School Board provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for it retired employees on a pay-as-you-go basis. Substantially all of the School Board's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School Board. These benefits and similar benefits for active employees are provided through the Blue-Cross/Blue-Shield of Louisiana, whose monthly premiums are paid jointly by the employee and the School Board.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and the School Board are established and may be amended by LRS 42:801-883. Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits cost until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The retirees contribute to the cost of retiree healthcare based on a service schedule. Contribution amounts vary depending on annual funding requirements of the Health and Life Insurance Fund as determined by projected costs, participant numbers, and coverage applied to all participants. For retirees hired before May 2004, the School Board pays 62% for retirees' insurance and 50% for any dependent coverage. Retirees hired after May 2004 are subject to the participation schedule regarding the contribution responsibility by the Board as follows:

Retirees	Years of Participation	Employer Contribution
	Less than 1 year	0%
	At least 1, less than 10	16%
	At least 10, less than 15	32%
	At least 15, less than 20	47%
	20 years or more	62%
Dependents	Years of Participation	Employer Contribution
	Less than 1 year	0%
	At least 1, less than 10	12%
	At least 10, less than 15	25%
	At least 15, less than 20	38%
	20 years or more	50%

The plan is currently financed on a pay as you go basis, with the School Board contributing \$13,464,960 for 1,939 retirees.

Annual Other Post Employment Benefit Cost and Liability - The School Board's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45, which is being implemented prospectively for the year ended June 30, 2009. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, would cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (UAL) over a period of thirty years. A 30 year, closed amortization period had been used with a level dollar amortization factor. The total ARC for fiscal year 2009 is \$44,624,152 as set forth below:

Normal Cost	\$16,927,562
30-year UAL amortization amount	27,696,590
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$44,624,152

The following table presents the School Board's OPEB Obligation for fiscal year 2009:

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Beginning Net OPEB Obligation July 1,	\$ 35,675,645	\$ -
Annual required contribution	44,624,152	40,310,182
Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation	1,427,026	1,612,407
Adjustment to ARC	(2,019,784)	
Annual OPEB Cost	\$ 44,031,394	\$41,922,589
Less current year retiree premiums	(13,464,960)	(6,246,944)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 30,566,434	35,675,645
Ending Net OPEB Obligation at June 30,	\$ 66,242,079	\$35,675,645

Utilizing the pay as you go method, the School Board contributed 30.6% of the annual post employment benefits cost during 2009. The OPEB liability is accounted for within the internal service fund.

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - Since the plan is not funded, the School Board's entire actuarial accrued liability of \$471,022,796 was unfunded. A Schedule of Funding Progress follows the notes as required supplemental information.

The funded status of the plan, as determined by an actuary as of July 1, 2008, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 471,022,796
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 471,022,796
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	-
Covered payroll	\$ 197,271,636
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	238.8%

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 1, 2008, Calcasieu Parish School Board actuarial valuation, the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 % discount rate for valuing liabilities. The assumed annual per capita cost of medical and pharmacy benefits for retirees range from \$3,909 and \$4,789 for males and females under 50 respectively progressing to \$6,334 and \$5,595 for Medicare eligible males and females over 95 respectively and \$17,595 and \$14,422 for males and females over 95 with no Medicare respectively. The trend assumptions used for medical and pharmacy costs and retiree premiums for dental range from 12% for 2008 to 5% for 2015 and ongoing. The RP-2000 Static Health Mortality Table was used in making actuarial assumptions. Withdrawal rates for employees ranged from 7% at age 25 to 2% at age 50. There was no disability rates assumed. Retirement rates ranged from 3% at age 50 to 100% at age 70. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009, was twenty-eight years.

C. Contingencies The Board participates in a number of Federal Awards Programs. Although the grant programs have been audited in accordance with the Single Audit of 1984 and the 1996 amendments as well as OMB Circular A-133 through June 30, 2009, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits and resolution of any previously identified questioned costs. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Board expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial. The compliance audit report is not included within the report but will be issued as a supplementary report.

As of June 30, 2009, the School Board is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. However, it was noted that there are several lawsuits totaling \$2.5 million, of which \$750 thousand has been designated as probable. No liability was recorded for the thirteen lawsuits with a probable outcome of \$750 thousand.

Tax Arbitrage Rebate: Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

The Calcasieu Parish School Board entered into Phase 1 of a Performance Based Energy and Operational Efficiency Program contract on July 15, 1997, with Johnson Controls, Inc., (JCI) after conducting an extensive R.F.P. process. The program was designed to make school district energy consuming equipment more efficient through upgrades, replacements, and monitoring systems. Savings generated in the 10 year contract were guaranteed by the contractor to pay for all improvements and generate additional savings of at least \$12,330 over the life of the contract. Savings reports were monitored by Associated Design Group, a third party engineering group hired by the School Board to insure savings guarantees were being achieved.

On January 25, 2005, the Calcasieu Parish School Board amended the Performance-Based Energy and Operational Efficiency Program contract with Phase 2. In Phase 2 JCI agreed to install energy conservation measures, facility improvement measures, and operational efficiency improvements which

result in energy savings. This program also has a guaranteed savings component to generate \$28.78 million over a 10 year contract. The savings generated exceed the cost of the program including annual maintenance service costs by \$845,766 over the 10 year period. The Calcasieu Parish School Board continues to contract with Associated Design Group to monitor savings reports for accuracy and compliance.

The Louisiana Attorney General recently issued an opinion (A. G. Opinion No. 07-0002) regarding a similar contract with another School Board and concluded that some of these contracts may not meet the statutory definition of a performance based energy contract. The Calcasieu Parish School Board has authority to cancel the contract at any time it proves beneficial to the Board, since an agreed upon two year window of non-cancellation has expired. The Board will continue to monitor the contract through its staff and third party engineering firm for compliance and continued effectiveness.

D. On-Behalf Payments for Salaries and Benefits GASB Statement 24 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance requires the Board to report in the financial statements on-behalf salary and fringe benefits payments. The Parish Tax Collector makes retirement remittances to the teacher's retirement system of the State of Louisiana. These remittances are a portion of the property taxes and state revenue sharing collected which are statutorily set aside for teacher's retirement. The basis for recognizing the revenue and expenditure payments is the actual contribution made by the Tax Collector's office. For 2008, the Tax Collector paid the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana \$1,476,648. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements for the General Fund.

The State of Louisiana made pension contributions (regarding Professional Improvement Program) directly to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana on behalf of the School Board in the amount of \$58,002. This amount was recognized as state revenue and a corresponding expenditure in the applicable fund from which the salary was paid.

E. Retirement Systems

Plan Description As required by state statute, substantially all School Board employees participate in either the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana or the School Employees' Retirement System (the Systems), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement systems (PERS). Benefit provisions are ultimately approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Participation in the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana is divided into two plans - the Teachers' Regular Plan and the Teachers' Plan A. In general, professional employees (such as teachers and principals) and lunchroom workers are members of the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana (TRSL); other employees, such as custodial personnel and bus drivers, are members of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS). Generally, all full-time employees are eligible to participate in the system.

With respect to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana Regular Plan, normal retirement is at age sixty with ten years of service, or at any age with twenty years of service. The formula for annual maximum retirement benefits is generally two percent (with less than twenty-five years of service) or 2.5 percent (with twenty-five or more years of service) times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the thirty-six highest successive months (plus \$300 applicable to persons becoming members prior to July 1, 1986).

Under the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana Plan A, normal retirement is generally at any age with 30 or more years of creditable service, at age fifty-five with at least twenty-five years of creditable service and at age sixty with at least ten years of creditable service. The retirement benefit formula is generally three percent times the years of creditable service times the average salary of the thirty-six highest successive months plus \$24 per year of service.

Employees participating in the School Employees' Retirement System are eligible for normal retirement after thirty years of service, or after twenty-five years of service at age fifty-five or after ten years of service at age sixty. The maximum retirement allowance is computed at 2.5 percent times the highest thirty-six months of average salary, times the years of service plus a supplement of \$2.00 per month times the years of service.

Both TRSL and LSERS issue annual financial reports. The reports can be obtained by telephoning or writing to the following:

Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana					
Post Office Box 94123					
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9123					
(225) 925-6446					

Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System Post Office Box 44516 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804 (225) 925-6484

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<u>Funding Policy</u> Each system is administered and controlled at the state level by a separate board of trustees, with contribution rates approved and amended by the Louisiana Legislature. Benefits of the systems are funded by employee and employer contributions. Benefits granted by the retirement systems are guaranteed by the state of Louisiana under provisions of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

In addition, the employer does not remit to the Teachers' Retirement System of Louisiana, Regular Plan or Plan A, the employer's contribution for the professional improvement program (PIP) portion of payroll. The PIP contribution is made directly to the Retirement System by the state of Louisiana.

Contribution rates (as a percentage of covered salaries) for active plan members as established by the Louisiana Legislature for the year ended June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	<u>Employee</u>	Employer
Louisiana Teachers' Retirement System:		
Regular	8.00%	15.50%
Plan A	9.10%	15.50%
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System	7.50%	17.80%

Total covered payroll of the School Board for TRSL - Regular Plan, TRSL - Plan A, and LSERS for the year ended June 30, 2009, amounted to \$168,619,340, \$175,377, and \$14,328,119 respectively. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2009, and each of the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	<u>TRSL</u>	LSERS
June 30, 2007	\$23,591,828	\$2,525,099
June 30, 2008	27,707,928	2,446,832
June 30, 2009	26,167,215	2,550,405

Employer contributions totaled 100% of the annual actuarially required contribution.

F. Joint Service Agreements The School Board serves as the collecting agent for sales taxes levied by all local entities in Calcasieu Parish. All sales taxes collected by the Calcasieu Parish School Board Sales Tax Department are remitted periodically to each levying entity through electronic transfers. The School Board collects a fee to cover the cost of administering sales tax collections for the Parish. This fee is based on the relationship of the individual sales tax jurisdiction collections to total collections applied against the sales tax office expenditures. Total fees for sales tax collection in the period ending June 30, 2009 amounted to \$846,513.

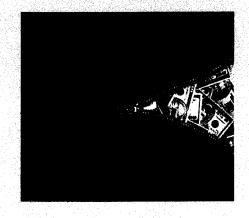
Calcasieu Parish has a three percent parish wide hotel-motel tax that is collected by the School Board Sales Tax Department. All proceeds of the tax, less a collection fee that amounted to \$3,399,276 for the period ending June 30, 2009, were remitted to the Lake Charles-Calcasieu Parish Convention and Tourist Commission.

The School Board has also entered into other cooperative agreements with various agencies and governmental entities on land use issues and consolidated services for recreational and educational benefits.

G. Changes in Agency Deposits Due Others The changes in agency deposits due others for the year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	July 1, 2008	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2009
Due to student & employee groups	\$ 6,029,563	\$ 13,982,172	\$ 14,207,540	\$ 5,804,195
Due to other governments	19,180,886	233,519,472	232,059,351	20,641,007
Scholarship fund	11,239	86	• -	11,325
Protested taxes payable	6,680,522	3,127,750	3,955,811	5,852,461
Total	\$31,902,210	\$ 250,629,480	\$ 250,222,702	\$ 32,308,988

- H. Economic Dependency Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) NO. 14 requires disclosure in financial statements of a situation where one entity provides more than 10% of the audited entities' revenue. The Minimum Foundation funding provided by the state to all public school systems in Louisiana is primarily based on the October 1 student count. The state provided \$145,206,070 to the School Board, which represents approximately 41.4% of the School Board's total revenues for the year.
- I. Refunding The School Board issued \$30,800,000 of general obligation bonds for a current refunding of \$30,165,000 of general obligation bonds. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$635,000. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life. This transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$658,658 and a reduction of \$854,277 in future debt service payments.
- J. Subsequent Events The School Board received authority under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) to issue bonds for construction, rehabilitation or repair of public school facilities. The bonds are interest free and bond holders receive a tax credit in lieu of interest. In December 2009, the School Board issued revenue bonds of \$5 million to be paid from riverboat gaming revenue collected monthly.



Required Supplemental Information

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

June 30, 2009

					(4)		
			(2)		Unfunded		UAAL
			Actuarial		Actuarial		as a
		(1)	Accrued	(3)	Accrued		Percentage
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Funded	Liability	(5)	of Covered
	Valuation	Value of	Entry-Age	Ratio	(UAAL)	Covered	Payroll
Fiscal Year End	Date	Assets	Normal	(1)/(2)	(2)-(1)	Payroll	(4)/(5)
June 30, 2008	May 1, 2007	\$ -	\$ 443,472,623	-	\$443,472,623	\$ 195,076,944	227.3%
June 30, 2009	July1, 2008	-	471,022,796	-	471,022,796	197,271,636	238.8%





Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund Legally
Adopted Annual Budget

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund With a Legally Adopted Annual Budget

GENERAL FUND The general fund accounts for all activities of the School Board except those that are accounted for in other funds.

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

GENERAL FUND Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 1

		BUDGETED AL	MOUNTS	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH
	_	BUDGETED AI ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS (Budgetary Basis)	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
DUDGETARY FUND RALANCES REGINNING	<u> </u>	47,675,450 \$	47,675,450		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING Resources (inflows)	Ψ	47,075,450 φ	47,070,400	Ψ 47,070,400 (,
Local sources:					
Taxes:					
		24 402 064	24,410,564	25,617,267	1,206,703
Ad valorem Sales and use		24,193,964 86,914,288	89,600,000	91,208,942	1,608,942
		2,500,000	2,500,000	2,348,336	(151,664)
Earnings on investments		,	3,795,771	5,178,903	1,383,132
Other		1,825,000	3,790,771	5,176,905	1,303,132
State sources:		440 404 450	444 440 500	444 000 000	272 742
Equalization		143,464,152	144,449,509	144,823,222	373,713
Other		4,335,000	13,287,290	13,399,267	111,977
Federal sources		110,000	110,000	84,367	(25,633)
Transfers		375,000	555,000	581,180	26,180
Loan proceeds		2,350,000	2,350,000	2,371,701	21,701
Insurance proceeds		30,000	30,119	51,890	21,771
Amounts available for appropriations	-	313,772,854	328,763,703	333,340,525	4,576,822
Charges to appropriations (outflows)					
Instruction:					
Regular programs		136,997,368	119,638,348	119,324,763	313,585
Special education		28,762,564	41,624,902	39,791,007	1,833,895
Vocational education		4,093,225	5,542,393	5,518,599	23,794
Other instructional programs		1,590,545	8,021,248	7,901,376	119,872
Special programs		780,000	1,514,784	1,637,805	(123,021)
Adult education		274,892	353,700	200,121	153,579
Support services:					
Student services		9,486,616	12,814,765	13,177,031	(362,266)
Instructional staff support		10,343,281	15,133,611	15,251,999	(118,388)
General administration		3,234,228	4,085,003	3,987,882	97,121
School administration		13,416,364	17,965,491	17,652,703	312,788
Business services		2,382,108	3,208,018	2,882,019	325,999
Plant services		27,232,736	31,935,985	31,569,578	366,407
Student transportation services		12,066,173	15,363,704	12,669,428	2,694,276
Central services		3,394,355	3,598,386	3,200,515	397,871
Food services		0	4,376	69,185	(64,809)
Other operations		25,068	32,212	34,080	(1,868)
Community service programs		69,950	77,950	124,026	(46,076)
Capital outlay		679,958	810,334	3,206,438	(2,396,104)
Debt service:		,	-		
Principal retirement		3,874,956	3,522,047	3,672,995	(150,948)
Interest and fiscal charges		418,017	418,017	418,016	1
Transfers		7,000,000	7.811.100	5,432,108	2,378,992
Total charges to appropriations		266,122,404	293,476,374	287,721,674	5,754,700
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	47,650,450 \$	35,287,329	\$ 45,618,851 \$	10,331,522

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

A. General Budget Policies. The School Board follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules.

State statute requires budgets be adopted for the general fund and all special revenue funds.

Each year prior to September 15, the Superintendent submits to the School Board proposed annual budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds' budgets. Public hearings are conducted, prior to the School Board's approval, to obtain citizens comments. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis.

Appropriations (unexpended budget balances) lapse at year end.

Formal budget integration (within the accounting records) is employed as a management control device. Budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budget and all subsequent amendments. These revisions were considered significant by the School Board. All budget revisions are approved by the School Board.

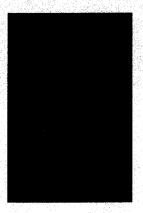
The budgets are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The level of budgetary control is established by function within each fund. Management can transfer appropriations from one area to another in amounts not exceeding \$10,000 without prior Board approval.

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Note B - Budget to GAAP Reconciliation - Explanation of differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and GAAP revenues and expenditures

	GENERAL FUND
Sources/inflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 333,340,525
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial	
reporting purposes	(47,675,450)
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources	
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(581,180)
Loan proceeds are inflows of budgetary resources	
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(2,371,701)
Insurance proceeds are inflows of budgetary resources	
but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(51.890)
Total revenues as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	\$ 282,660,304
Sources/outflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total charges to appropriations"	
from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ 287,721,674
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources	
but are not expenditures for financial reporting purposes	(5,432,108)
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental	
Funds	\$ 282,289,566



Other Supplemental Information

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Combining Non Major Governmental Funds

By Fund Type

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet - By Fund Type June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,501,857 \$	16,636,712 \$	19,937,009
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	0	0	0
Investments	0	1,478,559	12,957,414
Receivables	7,691,648	146,998	381,071
Inventory	513,822	0	0
Prepaid	12,742	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS	9,720,069	18,262,269	33.275.494
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts, salaries and other payables	3,545,208	9,688	5,026,820
Interfund payables	5,383,629	0	. ,
Unearned revenue	191,602	75,533	0_
Total Liabilities	9.120.439	85,221	5.026.820
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for:			
Encumbrances	0	0	23,997,671
Inventory	331,322	. 0	20,997,077
Debt service	0	18,177,048	0
Teacher scholarships	0	0	0
Unreserved, reported in	•	•	J
Special revenue funds	268,308	0	0
Capital project funds		•	J
Designated:			
Hurricane repairs	0	0	5,452,766
Undesignated	0	0	(1,201,763)
Total Fund Balances	599,630	18,177,048	28,248,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND			
BALANCES	<u>\$ 9.720.069</u> \$	18,262,269 \$	33,275,494

Exhibit 2

PE	RMANENT	
-	FUND	
	EACHER	
<u>SÇ</u> r	HOLARSHIP	TOTAL
\$	0 \$	38,075,578
	100,862	100,862
	0	14,435,973
	0	8,219,717
	0	513,822
	0	12,742
	100,862	61,358,694
	0	8,581,716
	0	5,383,629
	0	267,135
	0	14,232,480
	0	23,997,671
	0	331,322
	0	18,177,048
	100,862	100,862
	0	268,308
	0	5,452,766
		(1,201,763)
	100,862	47,126,214
\$	100,862 \$	61,358,694

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS
REVENUES			INSCRIG
Local sources:			
Taxes:			
Ad valorem	\$ 0	\$ 21,786,677	\$ 153,204
Sales and use	0	0	2,309,144
Earnings on investments	2,180	368,754	603,164
Food services	2,258,280	0	000,104
Other	1,888	28,818	2,461,090
State sources:	.,655	20,010	2,101,000
Equalization	382,848	0	0
Other	1,723	0	0
Federal sources	35,737,079	0	326,540
Total Revenues	38,383,998	22,184,249	5,853,142
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	21,576	0	254,245
Special education	875,063	0	0
Vocational education	336,027	0	0
Other instructional programs	285,222	0	. 0
Special programs	9,287,687	0	Ő
Adult education	219,437	0	0
Support services:			
Student services	4,478,128	0	0
Instructional staff support	8,655,832	0	0
General administration	418	1,395,045	158,885
School administration	182,032	0	42,073
Business services	889,027	458	95,560
Plant services	214,376	. 0	1,290,058
Student transportation services	363,340	0	0
Central services	1,543	0	56,549
Food services	17,183,616	0	33,684
Capital outlay	81,792	0	27,380,401
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	0	13,235,500	750,000
Interest and fiscal charges	0	8,683,043	66,725
Total Expenditures	43.075.116	23.314.046	30,128,180
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (4.691,118) <u>\$</u>	(1,129,797)	(24.275,038)

PERMANENT FUND		Exhibit 3	
TEACHI SCHOLAR		TOTAL	
\$	0 \$	21,939,881	
	0	2,309,144	
	762	974,860	
	0	2,258,280	
	0	2,491,796	
	0	382,848	
	0	1,723	
	0	36,063,619	
	762	66,422,151	
	0	075 004	
	0 0	275,821 875,063	
	0	336,027	
	. 0	285,222	
	0	9,287,687	
	0	219,437	
	0	4,478,128	
	0	8,655,832	
	0	1,554,348	
	0	224,105	
	0	985,045	
	0 0	1,504,434	
	0	363,340 58,092	
	0	17,217,300	
	0	27,462,193	
	0	13,985,500	
	0	8,749,768	
	0	96,517,342	
\$	762 \$	(30,095,191)	

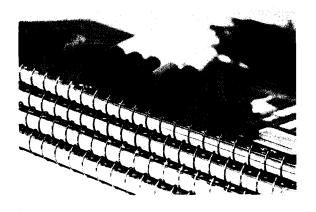
CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

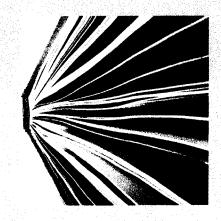
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - By Fund Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	\$ 5,134,056	\$ 466,000	\$ 504,879
Transfers out	0	0	(1,135,419)
Issuance of debt - bonds and			•
revenue certificates	0	30,800,000	17,500,000
Bond premiums	0	21,742	0
Payments to escrow agents	0	(30,165,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5.134.056	1,122,742	16,869,460
Net Change in Fund Balances	442,938	(7,055)	(7,405,578)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	156,692	18,184,103	35,654,252
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 599,630	\$ 18,177,048	\$ 28,248,674

	MANENT UND	Exhibit 3
-	ACHER	
SCHO	LARSHIP	TOTAL
\$	100,100 \$	6,205,035
	0	(1,135,419)
	0	48,300,000
	0	21,742
	0	(30,165,000)
		,
	100,100	23,226,358
	100,862	(6,868,833)
	0	53,995,047
\$	100,862 \$	47,126,214

(Concluded)





Non Major Special Revenue Funds

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ACT

BASIC GRANTS TO STATES To make the United States more competitive in the world economy by developing more fully the academic and occupational skills of all segments of the population, principally through concentrating resources on improving educational programs leading to academic and occupational skills needed to work in a technologically advanced society.

<u>TECH-PREP EDUCATION</u> To distribute funds to states to enable them to provide planning and demonstration grants to consortia of local educational agencies and post-secondary educational agencies, for the development and operation of four-year programs designed to provide a tech-prep education program leading to a two-year associate degree or a two-year certificate and to provide, in a systematic manner, strong, comprehensive links between secondary schools and post-secondary educational institutions.

<u>ADULT BASIC EDUCATION</u> To improve educational opportunities for adults and to encourage the establishment of adult education programs that will enable all adults to acquire basic educational skills necessary to function in a literate society, enable adults who so desire to complete secondary school, and enable adults to benefit from job training and retraining programs and obtain productive employment to more fully enjoy the benefits and responsibilities of citizenship.

Special emphasis is given to programs of instruction in computational skills and in speaking, reading, or writing English for those adults who are educationally disadvantaged.

INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT (IDEA) The purpose of IDEA is to seek out and identify every child within the jurisdiction of the Board who is suspected of being an exceptional child and in need of special education and related services; and to provide individualized education programs for those in need of specially designed instruction.

<u>IMPROVING AMERICA'S SCHOOLS ACT (IASA)</u> The purpose of IASA is to provide opportunities for eligible children served to acquire the knowledge and skills to meet the challenging State performance standards.

WORK FORCE INVESTMENT ACT (WIA) This project is to help youth with job development, training and placement.

TECHNOLOGY GRANT This provides funding for professional development in the use of technologies that enhance teacher effectiveness and support student learning and achievement.

SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE To assist through grants and food donations in providing a nutritious breakfast and lunch service for school students and to encourage the domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural commodities.

(continued)

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

<u>HEAD START</u> To provide comprehensive health, educational, nutritional, social and other services primarily to economically disadvantaged preschool children, including Indian children on federally-recognized reservations, and children of migratory workers and their families; and to involve parents in activities with their children so that the children will attain overall social competence.

TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) Funding provided to assist educating disadvantaged youth and provide job preparation.

PRESCHOOL To provide grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to preschool disabled children ages three to five years.

<u>MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS</u> To account for various small state and federal grants for which the expenditures are legally restricted to specified purposes.

(Concluded)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

		DUCATIONAL DUCATION ACT	ADULT BASIC EDUCATION	IDEA	IASA
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	0 \$	0 \$	8,774 \$	25,058
Receivables		121,884	57,914	2,165,718	4,124,006
Inventory		0	0	0	0
Prepaid		0	0	12,742	0
TOTAL ASSETS		121,884	57,914	2,187,234	4.149.064
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts, salaries and other payables		24,412	18,847	386,849	1,336,156
Interfund payables		97,472	39,067	1,791,283	2,812,908
Unearned revenue		0	<u> </u>	9,102	0
Total Liabilities		121,884	57.914	2.187.234	4,149,064
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Inventory		0	0	0	0
Unreserved, undesignated		0		0	0
Total Fund Balances		0	0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND					
BALANCES	\$	121,884 \$	<u>57,914</u> \$	2.187.234 \$	4,149,064

Exhibit 4

TANF	HEADSTART	SCHOOL NOLOGY FOOD RANT SERVICE HEADSTART			
138,121	0 \$	1,321,695 \$	7,612 \$	0 \$	\$
76,958	769,241	10,473	100,132	21,475	
0	0	513,822	0	0.	
0	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	0	
215,079	769,241	1,845,990	107,744	21,475	***********
85,996	437,077	1,140,306	38,416	12,145	
60,213	325,185	0	69,328 0	9,330 0	
0	0	182,500			
146,209	762,262	1,322,806	107,744	21,475	
0	0	331,322	0	0	
68,870	6.979	191,862	0	0	·
68,870	6,979	523,184	. 0	0	

1,845,990 \$

(Continued)

769,241 \$

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2009

Exhibit 4

	Mi	SCELLANEOUS		
PRE	SCHOOL	FUNDS	TOTAL	
\$	0 \$	597 \$	1,501,857	
	97,125	146,722	7,691,648	
	0	0	513,822	
	0	0	12,742	
	97,125	147,319	9,720,069	
	18.358	46,646	3,545,208	
		•	5,383,629	
 	0	0	191,602	
	97.125	146,722	9,120,439	
	0	0	331,322	
	0	597	268,308	
	0	597	599,630	
\$	97,125 \$	147.319 \$	9,720,069	
		\$ 0 \$ 97,125 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 \$ 597 \$ 97,125 146,722 0 0 0 0 97,125 147,319 18,358 46,646 78,767 100,076 0 0 97,125 146,722 0 597 0 597	

(Concluded)

Calcasieu Parish School Board



NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	VOCATIONAL EDUCATION	ADULT BASIC		
	ACT	EDUCATION	IDEA	<u>IASA</u>
REVENUES				
Local sources:	\$ 0:	\$ 0\$	0 \$	0
Earnings on investments	•) 0	0	0
Food services	0	0	0	0
Other	0	U	U	Ū
State sources:	•	0	0	0
Equalization	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	•	11,719,280
Federal sources	431,764	228,915	8,224,926	11,719,200
Total Revenues	431,764	228,915	8,224,926	11,719,280
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs	0	0	21,576	0
Special education	0	0	798,927	0
Vocational education	336,027	0	0	0
Other instructional programs	0	0	0	92,315
Special programs	0	0	0	7,074,755
Adult education	0	219,437	0	0
Support services:				
Student services	0	0	3,954,858	44,439
Instructional staff support	81,488	0	2,936,731	3,820,560
General administration	0	0	0	0
School administration	0	0	0	52,377
Business services	. 0	9,478	353,636	498,023
Plant services	0	0	11,765	78,472
Student transportation services	0	0	139,559	49,227
Central services	0	0	0	0
Food services	0	0	0	2,355
Capital outlay	14,249	0	30,830	6.757
Total Expenditures	431,764	228,915	8,247,882	11,719,280
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 0	\$ 0 \$	(22,956) \$	0

Exhibit 5

	TECHNOLOGY GRANT	SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE	HEADSTART	TANF
	<u> </u>	OBINTIOS.		
	•			
\$ 0		2,180		
0	0	2,258,280	0	0
0	0	0	1,888	U
0	. 0	382,848	0	0
0	0	0	. 0	0
174,611	383,644	9,852,107	3,457,787	138,995
174,611	383,644	12,495,415	3,459,675	138,995
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	. 0	0
0	. 0	0	0	0
129,750	0	0	0	56,516
0	. 0	0	2,159,511	53,421
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	238,312	63,583
44,861	383,644	0	522,769	26,954
0	0	0	418	0
0.	0	0	129,655	0
0	0	0	0	1,146
0	0	0	122,648	0
0	0	0	156,915	17,639
0	0	0	1,543	0
0	0	17,053,375	127,886	0
	<u> </u>	29,956	0	0
174,611	383,644	17,083,331	3,459,657	219,259
\$ 0	\$ <u>0</u> \$	(4,587,916)	<u>\$ 18 \$</u>	(80,264)

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ACT			IDEA	IASA
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	0 \$	0 \$	22,956 \$	<u>0</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	22,956	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		0	0	0	0
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0_\$	0

Exhibit 5

SCHOOL

WIA		IOLOGY ANT	FOOD SERVICE	HEADSTART	TANE
\$	0 \$	0 \$	5,111,100	\$ 0 \$	<u> </u>
	0	0	5,111,100	0	0
	0	0	523,184	18	(80,264)
	0	0	0	6,961	149,134
\$	0 \$	0 \$	523,184	\$ 6,979	68,870

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 5

	PRESCHOOL _	FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES	•		
Local sources:			
Earnings on investments	\$ 0\$	0 \$	2,180
Food services	0	0	2,258,280
Other	0	0	1,888
State sources:		•	
Equalization	0	0	382,848
Other	0	1,723	1,723
Federal sources	203,812	921,238	35,737,079
Total Revenues	203,812	922,961	38,383,998
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular programs	0	0	21,576
Special education	14,155	61,981	875,063
Vocational education	0	• 0	336,027
Other instructional programs	0	6,641	285,222
Special programs	0	0	9,287,687
Adult education	0	0	219,437
Support services:			
Student services	176,936	0	4,478,128
Instructional staff support	3,012	835,813	8,655,832
General administration	0	0	418
School administration	0	0	182,032
Business services	8,885	17,859	889,027
Plant services	824	667	214,376
Student transportation services	0	j	363,340
Central services	0	0	1,543
Food services	0	0	17,183,616
Capital outlay	0	0	81,792
Total Expenditures	203,812	922,961	43,075,116
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 0 \$	0 \$	(4.691,118)

(Continued)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 5

(Concluded)

	MISCELLANEOUS			
	PRESC	CHOOL F	UNDS	TOTAL
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	0 \$	0 \$	5,134,056
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	5,134,056
Net Change in Fund Balances		0	0	442,938
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		0	597	156,692
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	0 \$	597 \$	599,630

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ACT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

				VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	BU	IDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$	431,764 \$	431,764	\$ 0
Total Revenues		431,764	431,764	0
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Vocational education		344,047	336,027	8,020
Support services:				
Instructional staff support		87,717	81,488	6,229
Capital outlay		0	14,249	(14,249)
Total Expenditures		431,764	431,764	0
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	0 \$	0	\$0

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND ADULT BASIC EDUCATION

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	 BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ 246,304 \$	228,915	\$ (17,389)
Total Revenues	 246,304	228,915	(17,389)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Adult education	223,124	219,437	3,687
Support services:			
Business services	 10,988	9,478	1,510
Total Expenditures	 234,112	228,915	5,197
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	12,192	0	(12,192)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 12,192 \$	0	\$ (12,192)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND IDEA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Federal sources	<u>\$</u>	10,159,216 \$	8,224,926	\$ (1.934.290)
Total Revenues		10,159,216	8,224,926	(1.934,290)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular programs		0	21,576	(21,576)
Special education		502,810	798,927	(296,117)
Support services:				
Student services		4,178,784	3,954,858	223,926
Instructional staff support		4,867,088	2,936,731	1,930,357
Business services		437,717	353,636	84,081
Plant services		33,017	11,765	21,252
Student transportation services		138,000	139,559	(1,559)
Capital outlay		0	30,830	(30,830)
Total Expenditures		10,157,416	8,247,882	1,909,534
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,800	(22,956)	(24,756)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		0	22,956	22,956
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			22,956	22,956
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,800	0	(1,800)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	1,800 \$	0	\$ (1,800)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND IASA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

				VARIANCE
				FAVORABLE
	_	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
DEVENUE				
REVENUES		_		
Federal sources	\$	12,497,626 \$	11.719,280	\$ (778,346)
Total Revenues		12,497,626	11,719,280	(778,346)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Other instructional programs		107,930	92,315	15,615
Special programs		7,890,043	7,074,755	815,288
Support services:				
Student services		56,085	44,439	11,646
Instructional staff support		3,295,197	3,820,560	(5 25 ,363)
School administration		0	52,377	(52,377)
Business services		530,673	498,023	32,650
Plant services		69,546	78,472	(8,926)
Student transportation services		29,509	49,227	(19,718)
Food services		0	2,355	(2,355)
Capital outlay		0	6,757	(6,757)
Total Expenditures		11,978,983	11,719,280	259,703
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		518,643	0	(518,643)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	518,643 \$	0 9	(518,643)

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND WIA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$	180,549 \$	174,611	\$ (5.938)
Total Revenues		180,549	174,611	(5,938)
EXPENDITURES		ı		
Current:				
Instruction:				
Other instructional programs		137,102	129,750	7,352
Support services:				
Instructional staff support		43,447	44,861	(1,414)
Total Expenditures		180,549	174,611	5,938
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	***************************************	0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	0 \$	0	\$0_

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TECHNOLOGY GRANT

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES			
Federal sources	\$ 500,286 \$	383,644	\$ (116,642)
Total Revenues	 500,286	383,644	(116.642)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Support services:			
Instructional staff support	 500,286	383,644	116,642
Total Expenditures	 500,286	383,644	116.642
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0 \$	0	\$ <u> </u>

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES			
Local sources:			
Earnings on investments	\$ 3,000 \$	2,180	\$ (820)
Food services	2,363,500	2,258,280	(105,220)
State sources:			
Equalization	382,848	382,848	0
Federal sources	 9,118,500	9,485,898	367,398
Total Revenues	 11,867,848	12,129,206	261,358
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Food services	 16,978,948	16,717,122	261.826
Total Expenditures	 16,978,948	16,717,122	261,826
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (5,111,100)	(4,587,916)	523,184
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	 5,111,100	5,111,100	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 5,111,100	5,111,100	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	523,184	523,184
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0 \$	523,184	\$ 523,184

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND HEADSTART

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

			VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	 BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES			
Local Sources:			
Other	\$ 0 \$	1,888	\$ 1,888
Federal sources	 3,457,787	3,457,787	0
Total Revenues	 3,457,787	3,459,675	1.888
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Special programs	2,072,241	2,159,511	(87,270)
Support services:	• •	_,,	(,)
Student services	323,580	238,312	85,268
Instructional staff support	481,047	522,769	(41,722)
General administration	700	418	282
School administration	142,180	129,655	12,525
Plant services	141,404	122,648	18,756
Student transportation services	164,949	156,915	8,034
Central services	3,000	1,543	1,457
Food services	 128,686	127,886	800
Total Expenditures	 3,457,787	3,459,657	(1,870)
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	0	18	18
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 0	6,961	6,961
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 0 \$	6.979	6,979

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TANF

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
Federal sources	\$	220,377 \$	138,995	\$ (81,382)
Total Revenues		220,377	138,995	(81,382)
EXPENDITURES			(
Current:				
Instruction:				
Other instructional programs		72,149	56,516	15,633
Special programs		90,229	53,421	36,808
Support services:				
Student services		120,000	63,583	56,417
Instructional staff support		34,630	26,954	7,676
Business services		1,990	1,146	844
Student transportation services		16,933	17,639	(706)
Total Expenditures		335,931	219,259	116.672
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(115,554)	(80,264)	35,290
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	,	0	149,134	149,134
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	(115,554) \$	68,870	\$ 184,424

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND PRESCHOOL

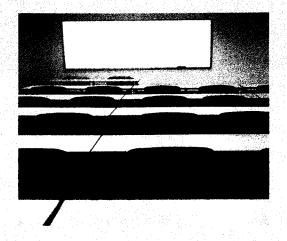
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	. <u> </u>	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES					
Federal sources	<u>\$</u>	204,011 \$	203,812	\$ (199)	
Total Revenues		204.011	203,812	(199)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Special education		8,702	14,155	(5,453)	
Support services:			,	(0,100)	
Student services		182,389	176,936	5,453	
Instructional staff support		3,185	3,012	173	
Business services		8,902	8,885	17	
Plant services		833	824	9	
Total Expenditures		204,011	203,812	199	
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		0	. 0	0	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	0	0	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	0 \$	0 5	<u> 0</u>	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND MISCELLANEOUS FUNDS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

				VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	BUDGET		ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES				
State sources:				
Other	\$	2,000 \$	1,723	\$ (277)
Federal sources		1,325,777	921,238	(404,539)
Total Revenues		1,327,777	922,961	(404.816)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Special education		77,053	61,981	15,072
Other instructional programs		213,863	6,641	207,222
Support services:				
Instructional staff support		1,004,691	835,813	168,878
Business services		31,507	17,859	13,648
Plant services		663	667	(4)
Total Expenditures		1,327,777	922,961	404.816
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		0	0	0
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		0	597	597
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	0 \$	597	\$ 597



Non Major Debt Service Funds

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

DeQuincy
South Lake Charles
Westlake/Maplewood
Starks
Iowa
Vinton
Moss Bluff
Southeast Lake Charles
Southwest Lake Charles
Bell City
Sulphur
North Lake Charles

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The funds reflect the debt service activity of administrative districts created by the Board.

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish June 30, 2009

SOUTH

			000			
			LAKE	WESTLAKE/		
	_ <u>D</u>	EQUINCY	CHARLES	MAPLEWOOD	STARKS	IOWA
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	479,805 \$	2,177,701	\$ 2,506,380 \$	265,414 \$	504,899
Investments	·	0	0	0	0	00-1,000
Receivables		3.201	17.905	5,260	904	1.330
TOTAL ASSETS	والمستحدث المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحد المستحدد الم	483,006	2.195,606	2,511,640	266.318	506,229
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		0	0	0	0	0
Unearned revenue		0	0	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	-	0	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for debt service		483,006	2.195.606	2.511.640	266,318	506.229
Total Fund Balances		483.006	2.195.606	2,511,640	266.318	506,229
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
BALANCES	\$	483.006 \$	2,195,606	2,511,640 \$	266,318 \$	506,229

Exhibit 7

			SOUTHEAST	SOUTHWEST			NORTH	
		MOSS	LAKE	LAKE	BELL		LAKE	
	VINTON	BLUFF	CHARLES	CHARLES	CITY	SULPHUR	CHARLES	TOTAL
						,		
\$	1,043,697 \$	386,362 \$	1,550,745 \$	2,586,097 \$	519,382 \$	3,220,686 \$	1,395,544 \$	16,636,712
	0 -	1,478,559	0	0	0	0	0	1,478,559
	1.188	26.853	21.068	14,400	305	16,009	38.575	146.998
-	1,044,885	1,891,774	1.571.813	2,600,497	519.687	3,236,695	1.434.119	18.262.269
	0	0	4,844	4,844	0	0	0	9,688
	75,533	0	0	0	, <u>o</u>	0	0	75,533
	75.533	0	4.844	4.844	<u> </u>	0	0	85.221
	969.352	1.891.774	1,566,969	2.595,653	519,687	3.236.695	1.434.119	18.177.048
	969.352	1.891,774	1.566.969	2,595,653	519,687	3.236.695	1.434.119	18.177.048
\$	1.044.885 \$	1,891,774 \$	1.571.813 \$	2,600,497 \$	519,687 \$	3,236,695 \$	1.434.119 \$	18,262,269

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

SOUTH

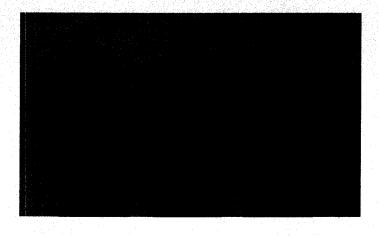
			LAKE	WESTLAKE/		
	_ D	EQUINCY	CHARLES	MAPLEWOOD	STARKS	IOWA
REVENUES						
Local sources:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	637,805 \$	2,593,803	\$ 3,586,902	\$ 207,185 \$	700,233
Earnings on investments		464	34,588	57,256	2,939	3,858
Other		0	723	0	0	0
Total Revenues		638,269	2.629,114	3,644,158	210.124	704.091
EXPENDITURES						
Support services:						
General administration		19,723	86,890	250,664	7,249	23,033
Business services		0	0	0	. 0	0
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		0	2,630,000	1,620,000	170,000	360,000
Interest and fiscal charges		162,850	139,140	1,727,668	25,185	228.367
Total Expenditures		182,573	2,856,030	3,598,332	202,434	611,400
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		455,696	(226,916)	45,826	7.690	92,691
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		0	0	0	0	0
Issuance of debt - bonds and						
revenue certificates		0	0	5,690,000	0	0
Bond premiums		0	0	9,616	0	0
Payments to escrow agent		0	0_	(5,560,000)	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0	139.616	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		455,696	(226,916)	185,442	7,690	92,691
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	<i></i>	27.310	2,422,522	2.326.198	258,628	413.538
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	483,006 \$	2,195,606	\$ 2.511.640 <u>\$</u>	266,318 \$	506,229

Exhibit 8

 VINTON	MOSS Bluff	SOUTHEAST LAKE CHARLES	SOUTHWEST LAKE CHARLES	BELL CITY	SULPHUR	NORTH LAKE CHARLES	TOTAL
\$ 986,795 \$	0	\$ 2,222,029	\$ 2,559,333	\$ 431,625	\$ 4,978,154 \$	2,882,813 \$	21,786,677
30,680	80,896	21,346	48,465	8,015	52,626	27,621	368,754
 0	26,853	<u> </u>	1,242	0	0		28.818
 1.017.475	107,749	2.243.375	2.609.040	439,640	5.030.780	2,910,434	22,184,249
30,313 458	0	251,128 0	260,701 0	13,534 0	164,032 0	287,778 0	1,395,045 458
			•		-	·	.00
520,500	745,000	1,165,000	1,360,000	255,000	2,650,000	1,760,000	13,235,500
 401,614	416,063	1,141,901	1.353,535	199,132	1.682,175	1,205,413	8,683,043
 952,885	1,161,063	2.558,029	2,974,236	467,666	4.496,207	3.253,191	23,314,046
 64.590	(1.053.314)	(314.654)	(365,196)	(28,026)	534.573	(342,757)	(1.129.797)
0	466,000	0	0	0	0	0	466,000
0	0	8,490,000	8,490,000	0	0	8,130,000	30,800,000
0	0	0	0	0	4,193	7,933	21,742
 0	0	(8.330,000)	(8,330,000)	0	O	(7,945,000)	(30,165,000)
 0	466.000	160,000	160,000	0	4.193	192,933	1,122,742
64,590	(587,314)	(154,654)	(205,196)	(28,026)	538,766	(149,824)	(7,055)
 904,762	2,479,088	1.721.623	2,800,849	547.713	2,697,929	1,583,943	18,184,103
\$ 969,352 \$	1,891,774	\$ 1,566,969	\$ 2,595,653	\$ 519.687	\$ 3,236,695 \$	1,434,119 \$	18,177,048

Calcasieu Parish School Board





Non Major Capital Projects Funds

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Starks

Iowa

Vinton

Moss Bluff

Bell City

North Lake Charles

Riverboat

DeQuincy

Gustav

Ike

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB)

Sulphur

Hurricane Rita Rebuild

The capital project funds account for the receipts and disbursement of proceeds of general bond issues and other designated revenues used for acquisition of major capital facilities. The funds reflect the reflect the activity of administrative districts created by the Board.

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish June 30, 2009

	STARKS		IOWA	VINTON	MOSS BLUFF	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	930 \$	25,498 \$	0 \$	7,036,723	
Investments		0	. 0	0	0	
Receivables		0	0	0	241.745	
TOTAL ASSETS		930	25.498	0	7,278.468	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		· e				
Liabilities:						
Accounts, salaries and other payables		0	0	0	251.085	
Total Liabilities	•	0	0	0	251.085	
Fund Balances:						
Reserved						
Encumbrances		0	0	0	724,885	
Designated:						
Hurricane repairs		0	0	0	0	
Undesignated		930	25,498	0	6.302,498	
Total Fund Balances		930	25,498	0	7.027.383	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	930 \$	25.498 \$	0 \$	7.278,468	

Exhibit 9

NORTH

	BELL	NORTH LAKE				
	CITY	CHARLES	RIVERBOAT	DEQUINCY	GUSTAV	IKE
\$	1,152,891	\$ 6	\$ 937,858 \$	5,144,184 \$	0 \$	649
	0	0	0	0	0	0
	107	0	88,497	0	O	0
	1,152,998	6	1.026,355	5.144.184	0	649
	433,307	0	368.937	834.408	0	649
	433,307	0	368,937	834.408	0	649
	752,708	0	517,111	3,556,000	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0
-	(33,017)	6	140,307	753.776	o	0
	719.691	6	657,418	4,309.776	o	0
\$	1.152.998	<u> 6</u> 5	1,026,355 \$	5,144,184 \$	0 \$	649

(Continued)

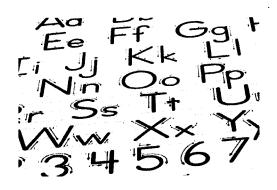
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish June 30, 2009

Exhibit 9

	·	QZAB		HURRICANE RITA SULPHUR REBUILD	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	153,366 \$	4,081,169 \$	1,403,735 \$	19,937,009
Investments		0	7,909,664	5,047,750	12,957,414
Receivables		0	0	50.722	381.071
TOTAL ASSETS	=	153.366	11.990.833	6.502,207	33.275.494
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	÷				
Accounts, salaries and other payables		0	2.806.327	332.107	5.026.820
Total Liabilities		0	2.806,327	332,107	5.026.820
Fund Balances:			`		
Reserved					
Encumbrances Designated:		0	17,729,633	717,334	23,997,671
Hurricane repairs		0	0	5 450 700	T 470
Undesignated		153.366	0 (8.545,127)	5,452,766 0	5,452,766 (1,201,763)
Total Fund Balances		153.366	9.184.506	6.170.100	28.248.674
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	153.366 \$	11,990.833 \$	6,502,207 \$	33,275,494

(Concluded)

Calcasieu Parish School Board



NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	ST	ARKS	IOWA	VINTON	MOSS BLUFF
REVENUES					
Local sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0 5	6 0
Sales and use		0	0	. 0	2,309,144
Earnings on investments		5	147	36	95,743
Other		0	0	0	00,740
Federal revenue		0	0	0	0
Total Revenues		5	147	36	2.404.887
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular programs		0	0	. 0	100,688
Support services:		_	•	. •	100,000
General administration		0	0	0	0
School administration		0	0	0	4,691
Business services		0	0	0	22
Plant services		0	0	31,293	295,417
Central services		0	0	0	0
Food services		0	0	0	175
Capital outlay		0	0	160,344	2,498,706
Debt service:			_	,	2,400,700
Principal retirement		0	0	0	0
Interest and fiscal charges		0	0	0	. 0
Total Expenditures	-	0	0	191,637	2.899.699
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES				101,007	2.033.033
OVER EXPENDITURES		5	147	(191,601)	(494,812)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	-	0	0	306,927	0
Transfers out		0	0	0	(828,492)
Issuance of debt - bonds and			-	· ·	(020,402)
revenue certificates		0	0	0_	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0 \$	0 \$	306.927 \$	(828.492)

Exhibit 10

BELL	NORTH LAKE CHARLES	RIVERBOAT	DEQUINCY	GUSTAV	JKE
\$ 153,204	· • \$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0 5	\$ 0
c					0
29,090		241			0
O	0	2,461,070	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0
0		0			0
182.294	0	2.461.311	89,612	0	0
17,304	0	o	o	0	555
4,771	0	0	49,168	0	0
0	0	0	0	433	0
0	0	12,848	0	0	0
147,536	0	(389)	35,518	17,086	179,878
. 0	0	0	0	. 0	0
225	0	0	0	0	0
1,736,206	. 0	1,013,813	3,165,144	0	0
0	. 0	750,000	0	0	0
0		66.725			0
1,906,042	<u> </u>	1.842,997	3.249.830	17.519	180,433
(1.723.748)	0	618,314	3,160,218	(17.519)	(180,433)
0	0	0	0	17,519	180,433
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	<u>0</u>	7,500.000	0	0
0	.\$ 0 9	<u> </u>	\$ 7.500.000	\$ <u>17.519</u> \$	180.433
					(Continued)

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	ST	ARKS I	OWA	VINTON	MOSS BLUFF
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	5 \$	147 \$	115,326 \$	(1,323,304)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		925	25,351	(115.326)	8.350.687
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	930 \$	25,498 \$	0 \$	7.027.383

Exhibit 10

 BELL CITY	NORTH LAKE CHARLES		RIVERBOAT		DEQUINCY	 GUSTAV	<u> </u>	ike	
\$ (1,723,748) \$		\$	618,314	\$	4,339,782	\$ 0	\$		0
 2.443.439	6	<u> </u>	39.104		(30.006)	 0	_		0
\$ 719.691 \$		<u>\$</u>	657,418	<u>\$</u>	4.309,776	\$ 0	\$		0_

(Continued)

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 10

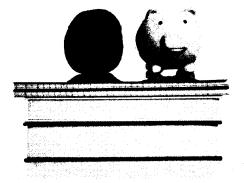
			RITA					
	·	QZAB	SULPHUR	REBUILD		TOTAL		
REVENUES								
Local sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem	\$	0 \$	0	\$	0 \$	153,204		
Sales and use		0	0		0	2,309,144		
Earnings on investments		1,720	317,650	68,92	20	603,164		
Other		0	20		0	2,461,090		
Federal revenue		0	0	326.54	0	326,540		
Total Revenues	-	1.720	317,670	395.46	0	5.853.142		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular programs		0	78,810	56,88	8	254,245		
Support services:			,	,	_			
General administration		0	88,711	16,23	5	158,885		
School administration		0	36,949	· ·	0	42,073		
Business services		0	0	82,69	0	95,560		
Plant services		0	564,777	18,94		1,290,058		
Central services		0	0	56,54	9	56,549		
Food services		0	33,284		0	33,684		
Capital outlay		0	14,048,808	4,757,38	0	27,380,401		
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		0	0		0	750,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		0	0		0	66.725		
Total Expenditures		0	14.851.339	4.988,68	4	30,128,180		
EXCESS (Deficiency) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		1.720	(14.533.669)	(4.593.22	4)	(24.275.038)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		0	0	(0	504,879		
Transfers out		0	0	(306,92		(1,135,419)		
Issuance of debt - bonds and				(,	,	(1,100,110)		
revenue certificates		0	10.000.000		<u> </u>	17.500,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	0 \$	10.000,000	\$ (306,927	7) \$	16.869.460		

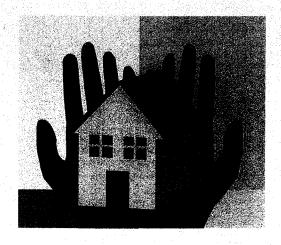
(Continued)

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -By Bonding Districts of Calcasieu Parish For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Exhibit 10
	QZAB	SULPHUR	HURRICANE RITA REBUILD	TOTAL
			THE OUTED	IVIAL
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,720 \$	(4,533,669) \$	(4,900,151) \$	(7,405,578)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 151.646	13.718.175	11.070.251	35.654.252
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 153,366 \$	9.184.506 \$	6.170.100 \$	28.248.674
				(Concluded)

Calcasieu Parish School Board





Combining Internal Service Funds

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Combining Internal Service Funds

The Board maintains the following self insurance funds:

Employee's Health/Life Worker's Compensation

The Internal Service Funds account for the receipt of premiums and expenditures for the claims and administrative costs for the Board's self-insurance programs.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

		MPLOYEE'S IEALTH/LIFE	WORKERS' COMPENSATION	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,359,124	\$ 2,354,348 \$	6,713,472
Investments		5,504,338	0	5,504,338
Receivables (net)		1,483,887	0	1,483,887
Prepaid expenses		0	121,092	121,092
Total assets		11,347,349	2,475,440	13,822,789
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts, salaries and other payables		1,993,053	163,330	2,156,383
Claims payable	-	5,000,000	1,633,909	6.633,909
Total current liabilities		6,993,053	1.797.239	8,790,292
Noncurrent liabilities:				
OPEB payable		66,242,079	<u>0</u>	66,242,079
Total noncurrent liabilities		66,242,079	0	66,242,079
Total Liabilities		73,235,132	1,797,239	75.032,371
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted		(61.887,783)	678,201	(61,209 582
Total Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	(61,887,783)	\$ 678,201 \$	(61,209,582

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2009

	EMPLOYEE'S HEALTH/LIFE		WORKERS' COMPENSATION	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES				
Premiums	\$	38,785,221	\$ 2,428,026	41,213,247
Reinsurance		1,491,306	0	1,491,306
Total Operating Revenues		40,276,527	2,428,026	42,704,553
OPERATING EXPENSES		41		
Administrative expenses		523,033	363,902	886,935
Premium payments		4,214,294	255,368	4,469,662
Benefit payments		65,883,888	2,329,275	68,213,163
Total Operating Expenses		70,621,215	2.948,545	73,569,760
Operating Income (loss)		(30,344,688)	(520,519)	(30,865,207)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income		233,810	32,536	266,346
Change in net assets		(30,110,878)	(487,983)	(30,598,861)
Net Assets - Beginning	-	(31,776,905)	1,166,184	(30.610,721)
Net Assets - Ending	\$	(61,887,783)	\$ 678,201 <u>\$</u>	(61,209,582)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

		MPLOYEE'S		WORKERS'		TOTAL
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received for premiums	\$	38,211,170	\$	2,428,026	\$	40,639,196
Cash received for reinsurance		1,491,306		0		1,491,306
Cash paid for benefits		(33,956,900)		(2,379,677)		(36,336,577)
Cash paid for excess insurance		(4,214,294)		(255,368)		(4,469,662)
Cash paid to employees		(250,828)		(152,892)		(403,720)
Cash paid to suppliers		(270,353)		(337.529)		(607,882)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		1.010.101	-	(697,440)		312,661
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Earnings on invested proceeds		233,810		32,536		266,346
Sale (purchase) of investments		(207,338)		0_		(207,338)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		26,472	-	32,536		59,008
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,036,573		(664,904)		371,669
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,322,551		3,019,252		6,341,803
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	4,359,124	<u>\$</u>	2,354,348	<u>\$</u>	6,713,472
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:	\$	(30,344,688)	\$	(520,519)	\$	(30,865,207)
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(574,051)		0		(574,051)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		1,852		(121,092)		(119,240)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		860,554		12,693		873,247
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		500,000		(68,522)		431,478
Increase (decrease) in OPEB		30,566,434		0		30.566,434
Total adjustments		31,354,789		(176,921)		31,177,868
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES	\$	1.010,101	<u>\$</u>	(697,440)	\$	312,661



Agency Funds

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Agency Funds

<u>STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND</u> This accounts for monies collected and expended by the individual schools. This money is held in an agency capacity.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND This fund accounts for collections from employees to pay for various benefits.

<u>SALES TAX COLLECTION FUND</u> This accounts for monies collected by the School Board, acting as the Sales Tax Commission in Calcasieu Parish, on behalf of the other taxing bodies.

<u>SALES TAX PAID UNDER PROTEST FUND</u> This fund accounts for sales taxes collected but paid under protest. These funds are held in the agency fund pending settlement of the protest.

SCHOLARSHIP FUND This fund accounts for donations received and amounts awarded to scholarship recipients.

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD AGENCY FUNDS

Combining Statement of Changes In Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Balance, July 1, 2008		Additions		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance, June 30, 2009	
			****	*SCHOOL ACT	IVITI	ES FUND****		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,021,267	\$	13,350,601	\$	13,585,506	\$	5,786,362
Total assets		6,021,267		13,350,601		13,585,506		5,786,362
LIABILITIES								
Due to student and employee groups	<u>\$</u>	6,021,267		13,350,601		13,585,506	\$	5,786,362
Total liabilities		6,021,267		13,350,601		13,585,506		5,786,362
		***	*****	EMPLOYEE BE	NEF	ITS FUND*****	***	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,296	\$	613,738	\$	622,034	\$	0
Due from employees		0		17,833		0		17,833
Total assets	***************************************	8,296		631,571		622,034		17,833
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		0		17,833		0		17,833
Due to employee benefits	<u> </u>	8,296		613,738		622,034		0
Total liabilities		8,296		631,571		622,034		17.833
		*	****S	ALES TAX COL	LEC	TION FUND****	•	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents		10,282		232,148,119		232,059,351		99,050
Accounts receivables		<u>19,170,604</u>		1,371,353		0		20.541.957
Total assets		19,180,886	-	233,519,472		232,059,351		20,641,007
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governments		19,180,886		233.519.472		232,059,351		20,641,007
Total liabilities	-	19,180,886		233,519,472		232,059,351		20,641,007
							(Co	ontinued)

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD AGENCY FUNDS

Combining Statement of Changes In Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 14

(Concluded)

	Balance, July 1, 2008 Additions		<u>Deductions</u>	Balance, June 30, 2009					
	*****S#	ALES TAXES PAID (JNDER PROTEST F	UND****					
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	6,680,522	3,127,751	3,955,812	5,852,461					
Total assets	6,680,522	3,127,751	3,955,812	5,852,461					
LIABILITIES									
Protested taxes payable	6,680,522	3,127,751	3.955,812	5,852,461					
Total liabilities	6,680,522	3,127,751	3,955,812	5,852,461					
	*****	CARTER SCHOLARS	SHIP AGENCY FUNI)****					
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	11,239	86	0	11.325					
Total assets	11,239	86	0	11.325					
LIABILITIES		,							
Scholarships payable	11,239	86	0	11,325					
Total liabilities	11,239	86	0	11.325					

ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	12,731,606	249,240,295	250,222,703	11,749,198					
Receivables	19,170,604	1,371,353	0	20,541,957					
Due from employees	0	17,833	0	<u>17.833</u>					
Total assets	31,902,210	250,629,481	250,222,703	32,308,988					
LIABILITIES									
Due to student and employee groups	6,021,267	13,350,601	13,585,506	5,786,362					
Accounts payable	0,021,207	17,833	0	17,833					
Due to employee benefits	8,296	613,738	622,034	0					
Due to other governments	19,180,886	233,519,472	232,059,351	20,641,007					
Protested taxes payable	6,680,522	3,127,751	3,955,812	5,852,461					
Scholarships payable	11,239	86	0	11.325					
Total liabilities	\$ 31,902,210	\$ 250,629,481	\$ 250,222,703	\$ 32,308,988					

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES AGENCY FUND Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

SCHOOL	Balance, Beginning		A stattet			Balance,
	 Degiming		Additions		Deductions	 Ending
Adult Education	\$ 13,262	\$	487	\$	4044	
S. P. Arnett Middle School	23,073	•	120,300	Ψ	4,011	\$ 9,738
Barbe Elementary School	9,505		23,168		119,120	24,253
A. M. Barbe High School	414,447		1,826,434		23,671	9,002
Bell City High School	51,754		264,781		1,763,546	477,335
Brentwood Elementary School	21,696		45,984		246,554	69,981
Calcasieu Alternative Elementary	7,573				55,213	12,467
Calcasieu Career Center	58,555		2,619		7,282	2,910
J. D. Clifton Elementary School	37,805		31,620		40,845	49,330
College Oaks Elementary School	50,494		33,726		35,594	35,937
College Street T & I	46,911		82,691		68,164	65,021
D. A. Combre Elementary School	83,738		30,998		18,231	59,678
T. S. Cooley Elementary School	56,495		27,539		31,632	79,645
DeQuincy Elementary School	88,263		173,630		176,599	53,526
DeQuincy High School			109,554		98,112	99,705
DeQuincy Middle School	110,425		247,130		260,939	96,616
Dolby Elementary School	43,189		119,671		130,582	32,278
Fairview Elementary School	67,182		236,985		262,655	41,512
Frasch Elementary School	53,267		116,045		95,458	73,854
Gillis Elementary School	80,299		234,037		234,436	79,900
W. T. Henning Elementary School	200,857		220,895		219,125	202,627
Henry Heights Elementary School	63,979		72,346		84,390	51,935
Sam Houston High School	71,957		113,025		105,103	79,879
lowa High School	261,579		826,197		870,115	217,661
J. J. Johnson Elementary School	168,922		387,825		413,438	143,309
M. J. Kaufman Elementary School	16,381		22,754		25,651	13,484
J. F. Kennedy Elementary School	32,687		88,998		95,915	25,770
E. K. Key Elementary School	13,863		32,829		33,607	13,085
LaGrange Senior High School	30,228		124,203		128,173	26,258
Lake Charles/Boston Learning	205,753		569,073		561,637	213,189
Lake Charles/Boston High School	14,613		61,425		39,513	36,525
LeBlanc Middle School	32,972		4,758		37,730	0
Lebleu Settlement School	67,186		112,199		114,497	64,888
W. W. Lewis Middle School	50,069		144,588		153,795	40,862
Maplewood Middle School	109,773		266,827		280,711	95,889
	205,250		326,043		385,227	146,066
Ray D. Molo Middle School	26,383		49,497		56,002	
Moss Bluff Elementary School	160,483		309,402		355,116	19,878
Moss Bluff Middle School	190,726		328,490		338,758	114,769
A. A. Nelson Elementary School	112,409		286,630			180,458
Oak Park Elementary School	24,883		158,815		293,742	105,297
Oak Park Middle School	58,532				171,090	12,608
D. S. Perkins Elementary School	40,613		113,683		113,982	58,233
Prien Lake Elementary School	175,248		53,403		46,966	47,050
Reynaud Middle School	16,147		216,601		224,882	166,967
	10,177		20,415		24,323	12,239

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES AGENCY FUND Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Exhibit 15

<u>SCHOOL</u>		Balance, Beginning	<u></u>	Additions		Deductions		Balance, Ending
St. John Elementary School Starks High School Sulphur High School Sulphur High School - 9th Grade Camp R. W. Vincent Elementary School Vincent Settlement Elementary School Vinton Elementary School Vinton High School Vinton Northside Middle School Washington/Marion High School T. H. Watkins Elementary School J. I. Watson Elementary School Pearl Watson Elementary School S. J. Welsh Middle School Western Heights Elementary School Westlake High School Westwood Elementary School F. K. White Middle School R. F. Wilson Elementary School	\$	86,444 72,855 742,658 65,837 43,580 111,581 74,330 148,333 48,508 100,684 37,172 106,003 27,353 164,965 80,409 221,942 136,976 70,513 11,698	\$	317,765 136,773 1,295,194 159,532 108,050 257,012 80,339 175,323 80,393 319,346 62,745 230,303 30,417 323,134 61,512 670,625 219,053 157,360 27,405	\$	326,675 143,218 1,350,540 170,041 113,820 232,980 74,382 177,304 87,426 310,308 56,372 223,307 39,908 370,803 52,563 626,360 189,644 167,981 25,742	\$	77,534 66,410 687,312 55,328 37,810 135,613 80,287 146,352 41,475 109,722 43,545 112,999 17,862 117,296 89,358 266,207 166,385 59,892
TOTAL	<u>\$ 6.</u>	021,267	<u> </u>	13,350,601	<u> </u>	40.505.50	<u> </u>	13,361 5,786,362

(Concluded)

SALES TAX COLLECTION AGENCY FUND -Schedule of Changes in Deposits Due Others For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

BALANCE, Beginning	
	\$ 19.180.886
ADDITIONS	
Sales tax collections	233,429,472
Loan from School Board	90,000
	233,519,472
Total deductions	
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to:	
Parish School Board	93,134,665
Parish Police Jury	36,980,121
City of Lake Charles	46,175,905
City of Sulphur	13,744,935
Town of DeQuincy	1,246,073
Town of Iowa	1,367,495
Town of Vinton	853,303
Town of Westlake	2,087,005
Law Enforcement District #1	33,050,084
Southwest Tourist Bureau	3,399,276
Transfer to General Fund - sales tax collection fee	20,489
Total deductions	232,059,351
DEPOSIT BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 20,641,007



Schedule of Amounts Paid To Board Members

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board

General

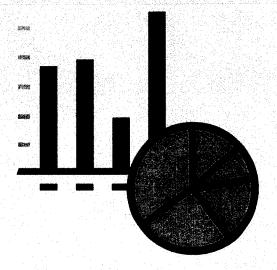
Schedule of Compensation Paid Board Members For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

The schedule of compensation paid to the School Board members is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the School Board members is included in the general administrative expenditures of the general fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute 17:56, the School Board members have elected the monthly payment method of compensation. Under this method, each member of the School Board receives \$800 per month, and the president receives \$900 per month for performing the duties of his office.

R. L. Webb	\$	9,600
Fredman Hardy, Jr.		9,600
Clara F. Duhon		9,600
Annette Ballard		9,600
Dale B. Bernard		9,600
Bill Jongbloed		9,600
Mack Dellafosse		9,600
James W. Pitre		10,200
Randall Burleigh		9,600
James W. Karr, Sr.		9,600
Chad Guidry.		9,600
Joe A. Andrepont		9,600
Billy Breaux		9,600
Elroy Victorian	:	10,200
Bryan LaRocque		9,600
TOTAL	<u>\$14</u>	45,200

Calcasieu Parish School Board





Statistical Section (Unaudited)

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Calcasieu Parish School Board Statistical Section For Year Ended June

statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's presents detailed information as a context for understanding the information in the financial This part of the Calcasieu Parish School System's comprehensive annual financial report overall financial health.

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These schedules contain trend information to help readers understand how the System's		
financial performance and well-being have changed over time.		
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Changes in Net Assets	2	150-151
Fund Balances in Governmental Funds	3	152
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Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help readers assess the System's most significant		

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Total Property Valuations, Exemptions, and Net Taxpayers Valuation Property Tax Millage Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Assessed Value and Taxpayer Taxes

local revenue sources.

Tax Revenues by Source Principal Property Tax Payers

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Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help readers assess the affordability of the System's current levels of outstanding debt and the System's ability to issue additional debt in the future.		
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Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help readers understand the environment within which the System's financial activities take place. Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers	16 17	165 166
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help readers understand how the information in the system's financial report relates to the services the system provides and the activities it performs.		
Classroom Teachers and School Administrative Personnel Capital Assets Statistics School Building Information Selected Operating Indicators Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	18 19 20 21	167 168 169 170 171

Financial Trends Information
Calcasieu Parish School System
Net Assets by component, Fiscal Years 2002 to 2009*
(Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	2004 2005 2006 2007	7,776,215 \$ 21,256,878 \$ 21,865,205 \$ 32,006,043 17,639,312 20,035,651 22,805,043 22,722,219 8,154,908 6,470,514 34,389,854 36,307,553	\$ 33,570,435 \$ 47,763,043 \$ 79,060,102 \$ 91,035,815	11,169 \$ 13,234 \$ 11,500 \$ 11,500	11,169 \$ 13,234 \$ 11,500 \$ 11,500	7,776,215 \$ 21,256,878 \$ 21,865,205 \$ 32,006,043 17,639,312 20,035,651 22,805,043 22,722,219 8,166,077 6,483,748 34,401,354 36,319,053	\$ 33,581,604 \$ 47,776,277 \$ 79,071,602 \$ 91,047,315
	2002 2003	\$ (431,892) \$ 5,558,067 \$ 11,904,409 14,460,885 1 7,543,709 5,691,319	\$ 19,016,226 \$ 25,710,271 \$ 3	\$ 10,500 \$ 11,092 \$	\$ 10,500 \$ 11,092 \$	\$ (431,892) \$ 5,558,067 \$ 11,904,409 14,460,885 17,554,209 5,702,411	\$ 19,026,726 \$ 25,721,363 \$ 3
		Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	Total governmental activities net assets	Business-type activities Unrestricted	Total business-type activities net assets	Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	Total primary government net assets

*Note: GASB 34 adopted in 2002. Prior to 2002 the above data is not available. In time the required ten year's of data will be presented.

Financial Trends Information Calcasieu Parish School System Changes in Net Assets- Fiscal Years 2002 to 2009* (Prepared using the accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities.								
Instruction:								
Regular	77,469,855	80,140,275	82,961,541	87,226,480	88,631,632	100.361.144	130.826.303	134 249 737
Special education	26,307,882	26,935,036	27.617.503	30.913.100	30,974,046	36 004 206	45 032 313	45 398 076
Vocational education	5,016,581	5,238,944	5,163,403	5,217,804	5,358,872	5,594,463	6.450.180	6 484 004
Other instructional	612,185	658,446	2,109,996	4,642,284	5,702,432	5,526,887	9,077,563	8,616,116
Special programs	8,281,016	10,344,802	9,420,582	9,865,618	11,459,997	8,968,942	10,860,463	12,737,537
Adult education	451,081	569,042	638.573	656,548	550,167	484 121	504 784	1 378 032
Support service:		•			; ;	1	· ·	100
Student services	12,333,066	13,175,492	12,060,326	12,269,424	13,230,485	14.988,305	18.798.979	19.703.303
Instructional staff	9,645,650	10,623,999	13,237,348	15,764,436	23,196,486	23.210.583	29.396.148	26.474.238
General administration	3,916,206	5,190,678	7,178,125	4,206,542	4,478,968	4,372,009	4,663,599	5.125.842
School administration	10,339,484	10,912,863	11,305,973	12,233,288	12,293,810	13,939,321	18,551,897	20,004,088
Business services	2,691,486	2,413,176	2,246,124	3,073,570	3,332,004	3,639,331	4,213,223	4.278,626
Plant services	18,765,926	21,084,497	24,590,751	25,002,938	46,108,944	29,950,621	38,013,925	34,816,104
Student transportation	7,803,958	8,295,186	9,588,608	11,845,059	11,355,361	13,235,797	15,748,305	15,429,522
Central services	1,782,866	2,952,686	2,603,642	3,341,846	2,523,251	2,680,653	3,140,698	3,743,651
Food services	12,300,239	12,542,748	13,321,605	14,819,522	14,117,735	15,332,969	18,102,206	18.616.885
Community services	86,155	89,328	159,322	198,859	162,586	171,366	36,766	160,118
Capital outlay	8,240,240	53,271	•			•	•	1
interest expense and fiscal charges	2,583,720	11,774,069	10,926,763	10,219,354	10,530,038	9,265,428	8.727.330	9.638.123
Jnallocated depreciation	•	2,946,279	5,137,704	6,712,521	7,786,071	8,817,743	8.999.386	9.080.018
Total governmental activities expenses	208,627,596	225,940,817	240,267,889	258,209,193	291,792,885	296,543,889	371,144,068	375,934,020
Business-type activities expenses	908,211	975,634	967,729	1,000,324	1,207,287	1,305,178	1,521,084	1,510,235
Total expense	209,535,807	226,916,451	241,235,618	259,209,517	293,000,172	297,849,067	372,665,152	377,444,255

(continued)

	2006 2007 2008 2009		2,296,868 2,362,603	52,927,043 52,670,407	62,472,447 55,223,911 55,033,010 50,786,749	1,273,617 1,521,814 1,766,055 1,728,922	63,746,064 56,745,725 56,799,065 52,515,671			(241,103,342) (315,		128.995.143 133.329.613 137.943.555 143.536.304		110,555,341 110,572,266 141,185,841 145,206,070	_	612,311	Ī		17,034,434 1,341,587 2,581,883 5,115,321	260,549,434 253,078,969 287,796,380 300,506,17		260,549,434 253,078,969 287,796,380 300,506,177		68.064 216.636 244.470	(216,636)		1.1 Oct 0001	11,9/5,62/	501	31,295,326 11,975,627 (28,069,707) (24,422,407
Fiscal Year	2005				39,393,714 62,4	1,140,605 1,2	40,534,319 63,7	0 0007 (047 340 040)		(218,675,198) (229,2		114.940.136 128.9		104,813,103 110,5	496,858 6	318,255 3	2,267,713 3,3	(129,250) (3	4,644,511 17,0	227,351,326 260,5	979	227,352,305 260,5	•	139.195	_	•				8,677,107 31,2
	2004		3,304,445	31,408,475	34,712,920	1,092,593	35,805,513	(206 554 060)	124,864	(205,430,105)		108.754.307		102,654,853	450,762	271,766	1,081,500	(1,665,293)	1,742,452	213,290,347	•	213,290,347	•	124.787	(124,787)		7 000 405	C01,000,1	7,000,040	7,860,242
	2003		2,114,052	31,357,759	33,471,811	1,105,436	34,577,247	(100 460 006)	129,802	(192,339,204)		102.768.745		94,154,484	451,185	187,108	2,180,364	(1,775,805)	1,067,759	199,033,840	•	199,033,840	•	129,210	(129,210)	1	6 604 044	0,034,044	760	0,094,036
	2002		2,148,564		7	1,018,037	30,065,933	(179 579 700)	109,826	(179,469,874)	et Assets	98,754,122		90,399,357	370,334	42,870	3,007,082	•	1,420,672	193,994,437	•	193,994,437	(722,512)	109,326	(109,326)		12 001 551	13,00,51	12 000 054	13,802,051
	ſ	Program revenues Governmental activities	Charges for services	Operating Grants and Contributions	l otal governmental program revenues	Business-type activities	Total program revenues	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total net revenues	General revenues and other changes in Net Assets Governmental activities	Taxes	Unrestricted grants and contributions	Minimum Foundation Program	Erate	Medicaid	Investment earnings	Gain (loss) on asset disposition	Miscellaneous	Total general revenues	Business activities	Total general revenues	Special items, governmental Transfers in (out)	Governmental activities	Business activities	Total transfers	Changes in net assets Governmental activities	Business activities	Total	- Otal

*Note: GASB 34 adopted in 2002. Prior to 2002 the above data is not available. In time the required ten year's of data will be presented.

Financial Trends Information
Calcasieu Parish School System
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last ten Fiscal Years
(Prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009
General Fund										
Reserved	2,720,322	3,204,946	4,617,043	5,004,417	5,636,369	5,634,182	8,711,171	7,626,103	6,651,329	7,610,163
Unreserved	12,374,301	17,856,751	20,889,711	17,913,142	20,854,689	22,722,287	45,448,302	41,088,625	41,024,121	38,008,688
Total general fund	15,094,623	21,061,697	25,506,754	22,917,559	26,491,058	28,356,469	54,159,473	48,714,728	47,675,450	45,618,851
All Other Governmental Funds					,				: :	:
Reserved	8,914,249	26,681,703	26,288,349	30,261,937	28.913.783	14,167,297	4.639.573	5.237.253	14.172.203	32.410.957
Debt service funds	7,513,585	10,447,735		14,546,560	16,625,792	18,076,283	17,581,109	19.192,840	18,184,103	18.177.048
Unreserved,										
reported in:										
Special revenue funds	1,605,303	1,917,395	2,140,219	1,952,023	1,537,705	36,459	7,450,728	29,986	(251,694)	268,308
Capital projects funds	30,414,675	8,540,853	18,909,302	10,851,303	(10,981,433)	2,704,729	6,237,067	17,103,276	36,429,811	18,904,905
Total all other		•								
governmental Funds	48,447,812	47,587,686	58,339,414	57,611,823	36,095,847	34,984,768	35,908,477	41,563,355	68,534,423	69,761,218
Grand total of all funds	\$ 63,542,435	\$ 63,542,435 \$ 68,649,383 \$ 83,846,168	\$ 83,846,168	\$ 80,529,382	\$ 62,586,905	\$ 63,341,237	\$ 90,067,950	\$ 90,278,083	\$ 116,209,873	\$115,380,069

Financial Trends Information Calcasieu Parish School System Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last ten Fiscal Years (Prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

2009	155,150,122 158,607,060 36,147,986	001,000	119,688,235	5,854,626	8,186,598	10,925,492	419,558	17,655,159	23,907,831	5,630,861	17,876,808	3,867,064	33,206,427	13,032,768	3,258,607	17,312,773	34,080	33.060.731		17.658.495	9,167,784	381.533.993	(31,628,825)		60,671,701	21,742	(30,165,000)	0,780,215	(120,100,0)	51,890	30,799,021	(829 804)	8.34%
2008	147,964,269 154,279,965 41,054,223	1010101	114,312,758 39,455,991	5,719,265	8,580,867	8,860,304	432,462	16,289,974	25,611,018	4,509,560	16,308,802	3,747,502	36,225,116	13,128,451	2,605,971	10,673,342	7,0,67	15.147.844		7,828,164	17,426,944	352,894,007	(9,595,550)		44,781,939	•	(9,794,399)	(10.841.777)	(11,11,10,10,1)	295,329	35,527,339	25 931 789	8.19%
2007	144,746,012 119,421,678 45,580,424 309,748,114		99,091,652 35,690,340	5,546,350	5,327,801	8,968,942	44 1,000	14,518,167	22,471,413	4,348,468	13,920,909	3,624,772	29,739,414	12,085,918	2,462,509	15,100,212	134 436	15,813,869		8,355,485	16,975,281	314,686,249	(4,938,135)	•	4,902,389		- 2077 09	(5.761.348)	(2012)	29,244	5,148,269	210.134	10.11%
2006	136,964,591 119,907,284 53,006,206 309,878,081		88,326,167 31,253,173	5,353,124	5,910,666	11,459,997	000,100	12,765,390	23,211,403	4,500,796	12,286,037	3,330,111	46,108,654	10,540,076	2,340,962	31 075	122 266	10,359,859		9,126,047	15,703,376	307,583,290	2,294,791		23,446,911	- 000	(10,392,333)	(24.495.947)		11,309,282	24,431,924	26.726.715	9:36%
2005	121,450,244 112,498,417 31,256,639 265,205,300	L	86,675,166 30,729,202	5,134,816	4,471,041	9,865,618	200	11,574,520	15,351,703	4,181,936	12,206,209	3,065,473	24,770,294	10,868,504	3,140,622	32,090	154.181	36,614,776		10,998,601	13,475,341	298,561,828	(33,356,528)		76,506,261		3 611 527	(3,472,332)		-	32,219,856	(1,136,672)	11.84%
2004	113,775,963 107,932,388 27,925,491 249,633,842	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	62,904,639 27,591,531	5,181,054	2,133,663	9,695,730	010,030	11,887,314	13,277,881	4,614,202	11,303,921	2,346,668	24,471,578	10,446,064 2 506 652	13.381.548	31.399	121.762	42,181,408		10,796,419	11,993,957	287,585,928	(37,952,086)		47,804,803		3.269.770	(3,144,983)	286,531	1	21,900,618	(16,051,468)	13.85%
2003	108,609,459 100,451,747 25,167,875 234,229,081	04 160 774	26,924,619	5,316,132	665,641	603.877		12,679,226	10,627,864	4,350,945	10,984,988	2,424,870	9 355 031	3.166.052	12,756,470	40.356	37,657	44,957,044		11,018,446	10,090,716	277,874,350	(43,645,269)		64,373,392	(04 174 140)	3.770.490	(3,641,280)	•	-	40,328,483	(3,316,786)	12.13%
2002	105,212,918 95,704,549 21,920,845 222,838,312	78 501 325	25,974,353	5,143,880	709,720	0,400,332		11,500,402	10,074,023	3,922,536	0,330,368	7504,027	8 042 888	1,843,894	12.179.098	36.227	73,291	40,251,887		8,092,373	8,866,079	255,613,966	(32,775,654)		50,105,810	(2.255.000)	3.900.406	(3,791,080)	12,304		47,972,440	15,196,786	9.43%
2001	101,851,138 91,460,177 19,871,177 213,182,492	74 120 724	30,536,591	4,937,800	500,494	369.144		10,531,574	9,408,454	3,509,100	2 134 037	17 702 156	7 981 552	1.826.515	11,533,201	30,198	94,663	21,120,217		7,743,174	7,405,956	222,757,354	(9,574,862)		17,861,669	(3 189 495)	4,751,045	(4,751,045)	9,636		14,681,810	5,106,948	8.75%
2000	94,426,270 82,846,681 18,095,964 195,368,915	74.163.482	29,636,160	4,541,229	527,876	205,227		10,313,370	9,225,504	10.080.623	2 241 941	15 910 270	7.342.787	1,761,330	11,726,312	30,022	87,982	8,869,747		5,825,467	066'606'6	201,875,832	(6,506,917)		33,801,987		2,587,132	(2,587,132)	296,212		34,098,199	27,591,282	6.37%
Revenues	Local sources State sources Federal sources Total general fund	Expenditures Current Instruction Regular	Special	Vocational	Special programs	Adult education	Support services	rupii support	General administration	School administration	Business services	Plant operations	Student transportation	Central services	Food services	Other operations	Community services	Capital outlay	Debt service Interest and	fiscal charges		i otal expenditures	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses)	Debt issuance Bond premiums	Escrow agent payments	Transfers in	Transfers out	Fixed asset sales Insurance proceeds		Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balances	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Revenue Capacity Information
Calcasieu Parish School System
Assessed Value and Taxpayer Taxes, Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Valuation Valuation Taxes Taxes 10 322,145,910 766,932,200 5,556,571 1,255,624 20 335,082,540 798,709,280 5,972,213 1,323,719 20 335,082,540 798,709,280 14,099,344 3,125,074 20 335,082,540 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 30 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,335,827 30 372,555,490 830,411,940 14,568,510 3,158,646 30 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,382,848 40 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,382,848 40 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,382,848 40 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 40 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 40 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,547,972 3,148,864 40 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,471,900 </th <th>Fiscal Year Ended</th> <th>Millage</th> <th>61</th> <th>Total Property</th> <th>Total Exempt</th> <th>Taxpavers</th> <th>Total</th> <th>Exempt</th> <th>Taxpaver</th> <th>Total Direct</th>	Fiscal Year Ended	Millage	61	Total Property	Total Exempt	Taxpavers	Total	Exempt	Taxpaver	Total Direct
5.63 1,089,078,110 322,145,910 766,932,200 5,556,571 1,255,624 5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 5,972,213 1,255,624 5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 14,099,344 1,325,074 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,400 804,11,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,400 804,11,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,400 804,11,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,374 1,202,067,780 377,879,880 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,386,46 5.57 1,374 1,230,077,780 377,879,880 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,382,446 5.57 1,315 1,248,213,40 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,332,448 5.57 1,348,213,40 388,596,320 6,547,972 3,148,864 3,488,640 5.57 1,386,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 15,347,90<	June 30,	Constitutional	Special	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Taxes	Taxes	Taxes	Rate
5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 769,7220 13,126,396 2,966,071 5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 5,972,213 1,323,719 5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 14,099,344 3,125,074 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,220,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,220,967,430 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,358,646 5.57 1,271,946,840 385,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 5.57 1,315 1,221,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 5.57 1,315 1,334,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,338,794 5.57 1,315 1,338,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 1,	2000	5.63		1,089,078,110	322,145,910	766,932,200	5,556,571	1,255,624	4.300.947	3.95
5.82 1,133,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 5,972,213 1,323,719 5.82 1,337,91,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 14,099,344 3,125,074 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,230,077,780 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,338,466 5.57 1,271,946,840 387,596,730 883,550,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,371,946,840 388,596,730 883,550,110 6,523,951 1,382,846 5.57 1,374,946,840 388,596,730 883,550,110 6,523,951 1,382,846 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,334,030,62 418,215,450 970,245,130 1,410,70 5.57 1,334,			13.30	1,089,078,110	322,145,910	766,932,200	13,126,396	2,966,071	10,160,325	9.33
5.82 1,32,791,820 335,082,540 798,709,280 14,099,344 3,125,074 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,230,077,780 377,879,980 862,197,800 6,318,074 1,386,466 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,148,864 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 17,333,818 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,479,443 5.57	2001	5.82	:	1,133,791,820	335,082,540	798,709,280	5,972,213	1,323,719	4,648,494	4.10
5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 6,170,944 1,337,940 5.82 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 14,568,510 3,168,646 5.82 1,230,077,780 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,358,277 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 16,233,951 1,382,846 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,448,864 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,448,864 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 477,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 1,473,49			13.74	1,133,791,820	335,082,540	798,709,280	14,099,344	3,125,074	10,974,270	9.68
5.82 13.74 1,202,967,430 372,555,490 830,411,940 14,568,510 3,158,646 5.82 1,230,077,780 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,358,277 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,396,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,846 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,148,864 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 18,258,370 3,226,524 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,4710,770 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794<	2002	5.82		1,202,967,430	372,555,490	830,411,940	6,170,944	1,337,940	4,833,004	4.02
5.82 1,230,077,780 377,879,980 852,197,800 6,318,074 1,358,277 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,587,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,887 1,473,849 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134			13.74	1,202,967,430	372,555,490	830,411,940	14,568,510	3,158,646	11,409,864	9.48
5.57 1,271,946,840 347,879,980 852,197,800 14,915,860 3,206,657 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,349 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,349	2003	5.82		1,230,077,780	377,879,980	852,197,800	6,318,074	1,358,277	4.959.797	4.03
5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 6,523,951 1,382,848 5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 1 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 1 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,336,707 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1			13.74	1,230,077,780	377,879,980	852,197,800	14,915,860	3,206,657	11,709,203	9.52
5.57 1,271,946,840 388,596,730 883,350,110 15,401,900 3,264,665 1 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 1 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,148,864 1 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 1,386,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 1 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1	2004	5.57		1,271,946,840	388,596,730	883,350,110	6,523,951	1,382,848	5.141.103	4.04
5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 6,585,766 1,333,818 5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,148,864 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443			13.15	1,271,946,840	388,596,730	883,350,110	15,401,900	3,264,665	12,137,235	9.54
5.57 1,348,213,430 405,317,110 942,896,320 15,547,972 3,148,864 5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443	2005	5.57		1,348,213,430	405,317,110	942,896,320	6,585,766	1,333,818	5.251.948	3.90
5.57 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 7,733,822 1,366,707 13.15 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 18,258,370 3,226,524 1 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 1 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1			13.15	1,348,213,430	405,317,110	942,896,320	15,547,972	3,148,864	12,399,108	9.20
13.15 1,388,460,580 418,215,450 970,245,130 18,258,370 3,226,524 1 5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 1 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1	2006	5.57		1,388,460,580	418,215,450	970,245,130	7,733,822	1,366,707	6,367,115	4.59
5.57 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 8,541,090 1,387,590 13.15 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 1 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1			13.15	1,388,460,580	418,215,450	970,245,130	18,258,370	3,226,524	15,031,846	10.83
13.15 1,533,403,052 471,269,410 1,062,133,642 20,164,287 3,275,816 1 5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 13.15 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 1 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1	2007	2.57		1,533,403,052	471,269,410	1,062,133,642	8,541,090	1,387,590	7.153.500	4.67
5.57 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 9,019,200 1,410,770 13.15 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1			13.15	1,533,403,052	471,269,410	1,062,133,642	20,164,287	3,275,816	16,888,471	11.01
13.15 1,619,225,680 436,515,642 1,182,710,038 21,292,937 3,330,536 1 5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1	2008	5.57		1,619,225,680	436,515,642	1,182,710,038	9,019,200	1,410,770	7.608.429	4.70
5.57 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 8,528,867 1,473,849 13.15 1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1			13.15	1,619,225,680	436,515,642	1,182,710,038	21,292,937	3,330,536	17,962,400	11.09
1,795,708,812 477,675,018 1,318,033,794 20,134,259 3,479,443 1	2009	5.57		1,795,708,812	477,675,018	1,318,033,794	8,528,867	1,473,849	7,055,018	3.93
			13.15		477,675,018	1,318,033,794	20,134,259	3,479,443	16,654,816	9.27

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Source: Calcasieu Parish Assessor's Summary Reports

Total Property Valuation, Exemptions, and Net Taxpayers Valuation, Last Ten Years Revenue Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System (Unaudited)

%	Change	*	4.4%	6.1%	2.3%	3.4%	%0.9	3.0%	10.5%	8.3%	8.2%
Total Property	Valuation	1,086,078,110	1,133,791,820	1.202,967,430	1.230.077.780	1.271.946,840	1.348.213.430	1,388,460,580	1,533,700,022	1.660.385.056	1,795,708,812
		↔									
%	Change	‡	8.6%	32.5%	1.3%	4.5%	8.6	4.2%	28.4%	1.1%	-5.1%
Other	Exemptions	99,134,570	107,639,210	142,668,740	144,498,980	150,993,890	165,866,490	172,858,216	222,025,822	224,519,106	213,085,912
	Ш	49									
%	Change	*	2.0%	1.1%	1.5%	1.8%	0.8%	2.5%	1.6%	1.6%	4.5%
Homestead	Exemptions	\$ 223,011,340	227,443,330	229,886,750	233,381,000	237,602,840	239,450,620	245,357,234	249,243,588	253,155,912	264,589,106
%	<u>Change</u>	‡	4.6%	4.0%	2.6%	3.7%	6.7%	2.9%	9.5%	11.3%	11.4%
Net Taxpayers	Valuation	763,932,200	798,709,280	830,411,940	852,197,800	883,350,110	942,896,320	970,245,130	1,062,430,612	1,182,710,038	1,318,033,794
		€									
Fiscal Year Ended	June 30,	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

% Change Not Calculated For The First Year In The Cycle

Calcasieu Parish Assessor's Summary Reports

Source:

Revenue Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Property Tax Millage Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments, Last Ten Calendar Years (1) (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

	Direct - Calca	Direct - Calcasieu Parish School Board	hool Board	Overlapping:							
		Debt					Recreation and		Airont		
Calendar	General	Service			Road	Gravity	Community	<u>ii</u>	Harbor and		Wets
Year	Fund	Funds (2)	Total	Parish	Districts	Drainage	Center	Protection	Terminal	(6)	vvater and
2000	19.56	226.45	246.01	53.68	45.70	70.88	53.04	158.88	5.88	58.22	75.48
2001	19.56	227.50	247.06	53.68	4.06	70.88	59.7	150.57	5.88	55.46	51.53
2002	19.56	302.20	321.76	53.68	4.06	70.88	61.56	163.57	5.88	57.27	52.53
2003	19.56	288.10	307.66	53.71	4.06	71.17	69.15	176.29	5.25	50.87	49.98
2004	18.72	270.37	289.09	52.11	3.88	69.04	63.33	153.21	5.74	53.85	47.37
2005	18.72	253.87	272.59	52.91	3.88	70.5	88.13	153.77	5.74	34.53	49.71
2006	18.72	232.72	251.44	52.91	3.88	70.39	88.88	146.11	5.74	40.55	46.85
2007	18.72	232.72	251.44	52.91	3.88	70.39	88.88	146.11	5.74	40.55	46.85
2008	18.72	232.62	251.34	52.91	3.88	70.39	88.88	146.11	5.74	40.55	46.85
2009	18.72	258.39	277.11	49.1	3.67	71.14	86.91	141.96	5.56	39.07	51.47

⁽¹⁾ Information obtained from Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessor

Note that overlapping rates are those of local governmental entities that apply to property owners within the school system's area. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners; for example, although the school system's general fund rates apply to all parish property owners, the debt service rates apply only to the property owners with property in the debt service district.

Source: Information obtained from Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessors' Office

⁽²⁾ Represents aggregate millage of all debt service districts.

⁽³⁾ Includes the cities of Lake Charles, Sulphur, Westlake, DeQuincy, Vinton, and Iowa.

Revenue Capacity Information
Calcasieu Parish School System
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting)

Sales Total Tax Taxes 61,154,413 85,840,943 61,543,820 91,152,757	Hurricane	4.49% 4.82% 6.15% 3.05% 3.60% 4.92%	100,502,417 105,350,352 111,831,428 125,946,085 129,784,788 134,463,205 141,075,235	62,634,904 66,048,041 72,382,027 87,787,753 88,628,631 92,522,497 93,518,087	↔	37,867,513 39,302,311 39,449,401 38,158,332 41,156,157 41,940,708 47,557,148
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 537 61,543,820 91,152,757 507 64,987,583 96,180,890 513 62,634,904 100,502,417 511 66,048,041 105,350,352 101 72,382,027 111,831,428 532 87,787,753 125,946,085 57 88,628,631 129,784,788 708 92,522,497 134,463,205		4.92	141,075,235	93,518,087	↔	,557,148
Sales Total Taxes Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 537 61,543,820 91,152,757 507 64,987,583 96,180,890 513 62,634,904 100,502,417 511 66,048,041 105,350,352 501 72,382,027 111,831,428 51 87,787,753 125,946,085 57 88,628,631 129,784,788	~	3.60%	134,463,205	92,522,497		940,708
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 537 61,543,820 91,152,757 507 64,987,583 96,180,890 513 62,634,904 100,502,417 511 66,048,041 105,350,352 101 72,382,027 111,831,428 532 87,787,753 125,946,085	%	3.05%	129,784,788	88,628,631		56,157
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 837 61,543,820 91,152,757 807 64,987,583 96,180,890 813 62,634,904 100,502,417 811 66,048,041 105,350,352 101 72,382,027 111,831,428	> º	12.62%	125,946,085	87,787,753		58,332
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 537 61,543,820 91,152,757 307 64,987,583 96,180,890 513 62,634,904 100,502,417 511 66,048,041 105,350,352	~	6.15%	111,831,428	72,382,027		19,401
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 537 61,543,820 91,152,757 507 64,987,583 96,180,890 513 62,634,904 100,502,417	%	4.82%	105,350,352	66,048,041		2,311
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 337 61,543,820 91,152,757 307 64,987,583 96,180,890	%	4.49%	100,502,417	62,634,904		37,513
Sales Total Tax Taxes 530 61,154,413 85,840,943 937 61,543,820 91,152,757	%	5.52%	96,180,890	64,987,583		31,193,307
Sales Total <u>Tax</u> <u>Taxes</u> 530 61,154,413 85,840,943	×2°	6.19%	91,152,757	61,543,820		8,937
Sales <u>Tax</u>	%	3.53%	85,840,943	61,154,413		5,530
			Total <u>Taxes</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>		ε

Source: Information from the School System's financial statements

Note that jump in sales taxes in 2006 and 2007 years are due to hurricane recovery spending in parish.

Revenue Capacity Information
Calcasieu Parish School System
Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Ten Years Ago
December 31, 2008 and 1999 Tax Calendar
(Unaudited)

•		2008			1999	
			Percentage			Percentage
		Total	of Total		Total	of Total
		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed
Company	Kank	Value	Valuation	Rank	Value	Valuation
Conoco-Phillips Co.	-	\$69,585,380	3.88%	7	\$45,291,270	4.69%
Entergy Gulf States Louisiana Inc	2	\$63,378,640	3.53%	_	62,577,370	6.48%
Citgo Petroleum Corp.	က	42,029,610	2.34%	2	17,556,460	1.82%
PPG Industries, Inc.	4	43,708,730	2.43%	က	37,193,820	3.85%
PNK (Lake Charles) LLC	2	42,244,720	2.35%		•	
Excel Paralubes	9	34,797,120	1.94%		•	•
Sasol North America, Inc.	7	34,261,920	1.91%			1
Cameron Interstate PIP	8	21,893,930	1.22%			•
Kinder Morgan Louisiana	о О	21,022,240	1.17%		1	•
Westlake Petrochemicals, Inc.	9	15,857,500	0.88%			•
Condea Vista (now a SASOL property)		4	•	4	19,545,300	2.02%
Bellsouth Communications		. 1		9	15,460,522	1.60%
Montell USA		•		_	12,019,470	1.24%
Lyondell Chemical		•	•	œ	12,378,340	1.28%
Hibernia Bank				တ	9,369,870	0.97%
Colonial Pipeline Company		,	•	9	7,886,690	0.82%
lotal For Principal Taxpayers	တ	388,779,790	21.65%		\$ 239,279,112	24.78%

Source: Information obtained from Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessors' Office

Revenue Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	ithin the of the Levy	Collections	Total Collections to Date	ons to Date
Ended	for the	, V	Percentage	in Subsequent	,	Percentage
(A)	1909 199	Amount	or Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
General Fund						
2000	14,461,272	14,298,652	98.88%	161,510	14,460,162	%66.66
2001	15,622,764	15,389,756	98.51%	231,856	15.621.612	%66 66
2002	16,242,868	15,901,875	92.30%	317,527	16,219,402	%98 66 86%
2003	16,669,000	16,390,546	98.33%	239,642	16,630,188	%22:66 %24 66
2004	17,278,338	16,895,126	97.78%	318,247	17.213.373	%29 66 %29 66
2005	17,651,055	17,351,043	98.30%	206,392	17,557,435	99 47%
2006	18,163,052	17,849,721	98.27%	165,246	18.014.967	99 18%
2007	19,888,460	19,336,020	97.22%	181,398	19,517,418	98 13%
2008	22,140,402	21,805,296	98.49%	67,592	21.872.888	98.79%
2009	24,673,655	23,800,204	96.46%	e/u	23 800 204	06.16%
Debt Service Funds	spun			•		
2000	9,846,015	9,716,074	%89.86	129.102	9 845 176	%00 00
2001	13,927,484	13,681,987	98.24%	242,780	13.924.767	%86.66 86.66
2002	14,427,916	14,120,119	97.87%	285,325	14,405,444	99.84%
2003	20,803,874	20,457,763	98.34%	310,235	20,767,998	99.83%
2004	21,445,908	20,897,387	97.44%	471,530	21,368,917	99.64%
2005	21,075,558	20,575,428	92.63%	425,773	21,001,201	99.65%
2006	19,297,030	18,967,581	98.29%	328,315	19,295,896	%66.66
2007	20,705,039	20,032,467	96.75%	297,013	20,329,480	98.19%
2008	19,415,054	19,006,151	94.89%	156,127	19,162,278	%02.86
2009	22,382,395	21,696,625	96.94%	n/a	21,696,625	96.94%

Source: Calcasieu Parish Tax Assessor

Debt Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

\$ 1,795,708,812 628,498,084 188,539,726 439,958,358 \$ 204,825,000 16,285,274 (11,420,000) (8,725,000) (1,891,774)18,177,048 \$ 224,970,000 G Less Amounts Attributable to Revenue Bonds_ Total Available in Debt Service for general Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2007 Total Available in Debt Service Funds Debt Limit (35% of total assessed value) Total Debt Applicable to limitation Total Bonded Debt Less: Sales Tax Revenue Bonds **Excess Revenue Certificates** Debt applicable to limitation: Net Bonded Debt obligation bonds Legal Debt Margin Assessed Value

					Fiscal Year	_				
Debt limit	2000 380,127,339	2001 396,827,137	200 <u>2</u> 421,038,601	200 <u>3</u> 430,527,223	814	2005 471,874,701	2006 485,961,203	2007 624,023,005	2008 566,728,988	2009 628,498,084
Total net debt applicable to limit	91,697,149	91,697,149 80,855,123	117,271,588	146,683,003	156,224,939	171,850,662	164,333,432	151,480,139	173,319,985	188,539,726
Legal debt margin	288,430,190	288,430,190 315,972,014	303,767,013	283,844,220	288,956,455	300,024,039	321,627,771	472,542,866	393,409,003	439,958,358
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	ble to the 24.12%	20.38%	27.85%	34.07%	35.09%	36.42%	33.82%	24.27%	30.58%	30.00%

Notes: Legal debt limit is established by Louisiana Revised Statute Title 39, Section 562, and is 35% of assessed value for school boards.

Source: Tax assessor's office records, School System financial records

Debt Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Gover	Governmental Activities	Se				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Revenue Certificates	Sales Tax Incremental Financing	Other Excess Revenue Debt	Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2000	99,210,734	3,540,000	•	3,402,383	4,710.094	110.863.211	2 73%	594
2001	95,118,684	14,770,000	1	2.778.673	4 841 742	117 509 099	2 85%	640
2002	130,749,838	14,370,000	2.581.622	2.581.622	5.557.285	155 840 367	2.00%	877
2003	163,125,229	13.945,000	2 174 205	2 493 993	5,007,200	186 783 740	0.14%	100
2004	170 744 850	14 740 000	7.615,000	2 255 272	2,040,022	100,703,749	4.45%	010,1
3005	407 070 707	14,140,000	000,010,7	717'000'7	176,102,6	198,/22,043	4.74%	1,072
2007	181,212,031	14,180,000	13,295,000	2,153,756	3,402,087	220,303,480	2.90%	1,183
2006	179,105,000	13,540,000	11,890,000	1,678,365	11.968.440	218,181,805	5 50%	1 167
2002	167,550,000	12,870,000	12,745,000	1.273.997	11.580.938	206 019 935	5 18%	1,10
. 2008	189,025,000	12,165,000	10,765,000	869,517	10 802 024	223,616,523	5.10%	2,-1
2009	204,825,000	11,420,000	8,725,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,682,320	235,652,320	5.52%	1,270

Source: School System financial statements, Southwest Chamber of Commerce, US Census Bureau

Debt Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation		Percentage of Actual Taxable	
	Bonds	Taxable	Value of	Per
1	Outstanding	Valuation	rioperiy	Capita
	99,210,734	763,932,200	13%	532
	95,118,684	798,709,280	12%	518
	130,749,838	830,411,940	16%	708
	163,125,229	852,197,800	19%	887
	170,744,850	883,350,110	19%	921
	187,272,637	942,896,320	20%	1,006
	179,105,000	970,245,130	18%	958
	167,550,000	1,062,430,612	16%	910
	189,025,000	1,182,710,038	16%	1,024
	204,825,000	1,318,033,794	16%	1,103

Notes

Details regarding the School System's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

See Table 6 for the School System's property value data

School System's population data can be found in Table 16

Debt Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt (Unaudited)

Amount Applicable to Calcasieu Parish School Board	\$204,825,000	20,393,954	50,685,609	\$71,079,563	\$275,904,563
Percentage Applicable to Calcasieu Parish School Board (2)	100%	100%	100%		
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	\$204,825,000	20,393,954	50,685,609	\$71,079,563	\$275,904,563
Jurisdiction	Direct: Calcasieu Parish School Board	Overlapping: Parish	Cities(1)	Total Overlapping Debt:	Total Debt:

- Includes the cities of Lake Charles, Sulphur, Westlake, DeQuincy, Vinton, and Iowa. Ξ
- All property within Calcasieu Parish must bear the debt of the Calcasieu Parish School the context that such debt will be serviced through levies upon the same properties which the Board taxes, is determined by applying the above percentages to the net Board; therefore, all other reporting entities within the Parish fall under the Board's jurisdiction. The computation of the amount of debt applicable to the Board, within amount of debt outstanding. (2)

Source: School System's financial statements and Parish and city governments.

Debt Capacity Information Calcasieu Parish School System Pledged-Revenue Coverage, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Š	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	e Bonds		
Year Ended	Sales Tax	Net Revenue Available for		Debt Service		
June 30,	Revenue	Debt Service	Principle	Interest	Total	Coverage
2000	1,755,184	1,755,184	350,000	176.900	526.900	3 33
2001	1,766,855	1,766,855	375,000	617,931	992 931	1 78
2002	1,935,095	1,935,095	400,000	836.388	1 236 388	1.77
2003	1,952,575	1,952,575	425,000	805,368	1 230 368	25.7
2004	1,749,392	1,749,392	260,000	605,363	1,165,363	1.50
2005	1,925,749	1,925,749	640,000	527.879	1.167.879	1.65
2006	2,536,046	2,536,046	640,000	529,844	1 169 844	2 17
2007	2,420,539	2,420,539	670,000	483.429	1.153.429	2.10
2008	2,494,993	2,494,993	745,000	414,055	1,159,055	2.15
2009	2,309,145	2,309,145	745,000	414,055	1,159,055	1.99

Source: School System's financial statements

Notes: Details regarding the School System's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the current financial statements

Demographic and Economic Information Calcasieu Parish School System Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

(Unaudited)	_		Personal	Per Capita Personal	Median	A. Sal	Average Salary of All Classroom	Public School	Current Expenditures Per
Year	Population (1)		Income (1)	Income	Age (1)	Теас	Teachers (2)	Enrollment (4)	Student
2000	186,500	₩	4,064,211.203	22.139	33	G	31 685	32 500	
2001	183,577		4.128.923.500	22,701	25.	→	27,000	32,330	
2002	184 700		4 167 381 477	22,701	t 5		04,090	102,26	
0000			7,100,100,	000,22	ş		30,070	31,228	
2003	184,005		4,220,395,000	22,794	32		37,066	31,909	
2004	185,311		4,194,209,970	20,154	35		37,900	31,440	
2005	186,181		3,734,757,894	21,078	34		38,388	31 612	\$
2006	187,017		3,964,724,395	21.993	25		38 681	30,15 30,821	
2007	184,092		3.978.412.641	21,273	36		43,668	32,021	-
2000	101 562		0.000 0.000		3 ;		200,5	747,76	
2000	104,303		3,985,416,152	21,594	36		45,989	32,777	9.024
2009	185,618		4,271,095,250	23,010	36		46,348	32,975	9,701

Notes

(1) Census information obtained from the local Southwest Chamber of Commerce.

(2) Louisiana Department of Education Statistical Report. Also note that the 2008 and 2009 reports are not yet available. Amounts for those years are from reports submitted to the State of Louisiana by Calcasieu Parish Schools. This figure also excludes ROTC and Rehires amounts.

Demographic and Economic Information Calcasieu Parish School System Principal Calcasieu Parish Employers, Current Year* (Unaudited)

		2009			2006	
		:	Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Farish	Employees	Rank	Parish Fmnlovment
Calcasieu Parish School System	5,228	-	6.29%	4,500	-	5.41%
L'auburge du Lac	2,400	2	2.89%	2,500	7	3.01%
Turner Industries	2,250	ო	2.71%	2,000	4	2.41%
PPG Industries	1,296	4	1.56%	1,625	œ	1.95%
Citgo Petroleum	1,275	z,	1.53%	1,865	9	2.24%
Calcasieu Parish Police Jury	1,173	9	1.41%	950	10	1.14%
Isle of Capri	1,171	7	1.41%	2,000	3	2.41%
St. Patrick's Hospital	1,085	æ	1.30%	2,782	က	3.35%
Lake Charles Memorial Hospital	1,039	o	1.25%	1,700	7	2.04%
McNeese State University	844	10	1.01%			
Conoco				1200	6	1.44%
	17,761		21.36%	21,122		25.40%

Source: Chamber of Southwest Louisiana. Total Parish employment was 83,154.

^{*} Principal employee data for 2000 was not available from the Chamber when this report was prepared

Operating Information Calcasieu Parish School System Classroom Teachers and School Administrative Personnel, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Experience of Classroom Teachers (Full-time) and Principals

				Fiscal Ye	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ine 30				
Туре	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Classroom teachers	2,185	2,140	2,158	2,165	2,172	2,223	2,192	2,270	2,360	2,461
Principals	22	22	28	28	58	28	28	58	61	63
Assistant Principals	(1)	25	25	25	28	29	29	29	63	29
Totals	2,242	2,254	2,273	2,280	2,288	2,340	2,309	2,387	2,484	2,591

Notes

(1) Assistant Principals not reported on Annual Financial and Statistical Report for this year

Source: Annual Financial and Statistical Report prepared by the State of Louisiana

Operating Information Calcasieu Parish School System Capital Assets Statistics - School Building Information (Unaudited)

School	SqFt	Sq Ft Enrollment	School	Sq Ft	Enrollment	School	Sq Ft	Enrollment
SP Arnett Middle School	90,034	386	Kaufman Elementary School	37,676	371	RW Vincent Elementary School	59,973	450
Barbe Elementary School	43,637	314	JF Kennedy School	34,898	229	Vinton Elementary School	72,460	505
A M Barbe High School	213,607	1871	EK Key Elementary School	55,480	909	Vinton High School	82,217	275
Bell City K-12 School	78,447	294	Lake Charles Boston Academy	150,012	η⁄a	Vinton Northside Middle School	37,634	209
LeBleu Settlement Elementary School	50,624	418	LaGrange High School	224,045	1172	Washington/Marion High School	176,505	715
Brentwood Elementary School	47,612	458	WW Lewis Middle School	171,269	785	TH Watkins Elementary School	47,591	322
JD Clifton Elementary School	71,654	395	Leblanc Middle School	94505	390	JI Watson K-8 School	117,497	1008
College Oaks Elementary School	48,385	338	Maplewood Middle School	128,833	1145	Pearl Watson Elementary School	85,864	424
Doretha Combre Elementary School	26,964	402	Ray D Molo Middle School	101,637	344	S.J. Welsh Middle School	102,889	1304
TS Cooley Elementary School	5,732	299	Moss Bluff Elementary School	82,389	897	Western Heights Elementary School	49,873	347
DeQuincy Elementary School	62,079	762	Moss Bluff Middle School	138,000	886	Westlake High School	156,815	478
DeQuincy High School	91,758	334	AA Nelson Elementary School	32,192	682	Westwood Elementary School	55,714	581
DeQuincy Middle School	93,340	328	Oak Park Elementary School	42,335	402	FK White Middle School	112,652	629
Dolby Elementary School	45,332	208	Oak Park Middle School	65,125	522	Ralph Wilson Elementary School	49,359	228
Fairview Elementary School	58,943	448	D S Perkins Elementary School	96929	248	Gillis Elementary School	62,689	768
Frasch Elementary School	71,186	299	Prien Lake Elementary School	52,661	563	Jake Drost Special Education School	20,636	4
WT Henning Elementary School	57,195	480	Reynaud Middle School	93,354	208	Calcasieu Career Center	16,360	40
Henry Heights Elementary School	40,124	415	St John Elementary School	28,619	838	Wonderland of Play Headstart	16,188	228
Sam Houston High School	112,126	1035	Starks K-12 School	82,692	398	Calcasieu Center	15,630	85
lowa High School	91,047	266	Sulphur High School (9-12)	333,258	1782	CASES Elementary Alternative	10,018	ო
John J Johnson School	33,742	348	Vincent Settlement School	43,088	591			

Students Served By

Selected Operating Indicators, Last Ten Years Calcasieu Parish School System Operating Information (Unaudited)

4,948 4,636 4,728 4,883 5,063 4,937 4,872 Other **Exceptional Children** Program (3) 1,136 1,153 1,074 1,017 1,019 965 788 958 **Talented** Gifted/ 6,115 6,482 6,730 7,220 8,212 8,513 **Expenditures** 5,470 5,647 9,024 Student (3) Current Per Student Teacher Ratio (2) 14.48 15.08 15.38 15.55 14.74 14.47 14.92 15.54 ACT Score(3) Composite Average 19.8 20.0 20.1 20.1 20.1 20.4 20.3 1,896 ,768 ,646 ,640 ,682 /24 Graduates (3) School High 32,590 32,261 31,228 31,909 31,440 31,612 32,821 32,247 32,777 Enrollment (1) Public School Year 2004 2005 2006 2001 2002 2003 2007 2008

5,031

, 40 1,046

9,701

4

4

,723

32,975

⁽¹⁾ Calcasieu Parish Schools Membership report

⁽²⁾ Calcasieu Parish School Board Testing Program

The current expenditures per student amount for the 2008 and 2009 year is based on current total governmental expenditures (3) Louisiana Department of Education Statistical Report. Also note that the 2008 report is not yet available.

divided by enrollment per the financial statements. (4) Not available at time of report

Operating Information Calcasieu Parish School System Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function, Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function				
Instruction:				
Regular	1,636	1.596	1,702	1 758
Special education	2002	785	857	814
Vocational education	8	74	92	16
Other instructional	32	16	15	2.
Special programs	314	303	317	311
Adult education	7	7	œ	· "
Support service:	•	•)	•
Student services	211	210	241	201
Instructional staff	247	260	271	220
General administration	56	98	96	27
School administration	268	283	285	20.5 20.5
Business services	28	29	28	25.0
Plant services	273	279	276	288
Student transportation	383	389	398	411
Central services	32	8	34	35
Food services	303	330	363	366
Enterprise and Other operations	1	77	7	=
Capital outlay	2	2	2	7
- Otal	4,673	4,664	4,934	4,991

Source: Calcasieu Parish Schools Management Information Services Department report. (1) Information for years prior to fiscal year 2005-2006 was unavailable

Operating Information Calcasieu Parish School System Schedule of General Fund Expenditures (1) Per Pupil by School (Unaudited)

	2008-2009			7	2008-2009				2008-2009	
Location Title	Per Pupil	Rank	Location Title	4	Per Pupil	Rank	Location Title		Per Pupil	Rank
Wonderland of Play	\$ 2,642.81	61	SJ Welsh Middle	↔	8,067.60	38	LeBlanc Middle	49	9,806,19	15
T.H. Watkins Elementary	\$ 6,640.59	09	Gillis Elementary	↔	8,074.06	37	Ralph Wilson Elementary	₩	10.105.14	. 4
DeQuincy Elementary	\$ 6,664.35	29	D.A. Combre Elementary	⇔	8,103.81	36	Starks High	မ	10.334.20	. 6
Westwood Elementary	\$ 6,800.76	28	Dolby Elementary	↔	8,130.20	35	Drost Special	69	10.348.72	12
Moss Bluff Elementary	\$ 7,070.15	22	R.W. Vincent Elementary	69	8,163.76	34	Pearl Watson Elementary	· 69	10.414.50	; =
J.D. Clifton Elementary	\$ 7,124.53	26	Bell City High	69	8,165.82	33	College Oaks Elementary	₩	10.415.62	: 6
Nelson Elementary	\$ 7,169.98	22	Sam Houston High	₩	8,210.02	32	Washington Marion High	₩	10.539.61	
Sulphur 9th Grade	\$ 7,179.18	54	Henry Heights Elementary	€9	8,266.08	31	Westlake High	69	11,250.78	- ∞
Vincent Settlement Elementary	\$ 7,218.81	53	Barbe Elementary	6 9	8,333.54	30	Vinton Middle	₩	11,430.03	7
Barbe High	\$ 7,243.30	25	S.P. Amette Middle	↔	8,463.46	29	Vinton High	↔	11,509.78	
St John Elementary	\$ 7,320.40	51	Iowa High	69	8,657.45	28	DeQuincy High	↔	11,556.98	· rc
T.S. Cooley Elementary	\$ 7,355.93	20	Sulphur High	↔	8,687.82	27	Molo Middle	69	11,987.66	4
Frasch Elementary	\$ 7,516.90	49	Kaufman Elementary	€9	8,696.58	56	Reynaud Middle	4	18,149.43	· m
Oak Park Elementary	\$ 7,761.32	48	Brentwood Elementary	69	8,720.04	22	Alternative School	49	23.003.38	5
E.K. Key Elementary	\$ 7,781.58	47	W.W. Lewis Middle	69	8,904.40	24	CASES Alternative	69	51.079.44	-
Fairview Elementary	\$ 7,786.28	46	Oak Park Middle	69	8,970.55	23		•		
Henning Elementary	\$ 7,796.35	45	J.J. Johnson Elementary	↔	9,200.64	22	Parishwide Average	69	8.555.61	
Vinton Elementary	\$ 7,849.85	4	DeQuincy Midde	↔	9,502.21	21		•		
Moss Bluff Middle	\$ 7,852.19	43	Western Heights Elementary	₩	9,509.05	20	Students February 1		32.605	
Prien Lake Elementary	\$ 7,865.12	45	D.S. Perkins Elementary	69	9,629.34	19	•			
LeBleu Settlement Elementary	\$ 7,883.70	4	Kennedy Elementary	69	9,643.92	18				
J.I. Watson Middle	\$ 7,906.85	4	LaGrange High	₩	9,781.13	17				
Maplewood Middle	\$ 7,943.37	33	FK White Middle	↔	9,783.86	16	Total General Fund Allocated (1)	€9	\$ 278,955,528.05	

⁽¹⁾ General Fund expenditures allocated does not include any local or state grants and will differ from the general fund amounts on the financial statements because of this exclusion. General fund amounts not specifically charged by location were allocated based on student population. State and local grants usually target specific locations and would skew the per pupil amounts. Note that per pupil expenditures were calculated using February 1 student count.