

Moon Area School District Curriculum Map

Course: Trigonometry/Pre-Calculus

Grade Level: 10-12

Content Area: Mathematics

Frequency: Full-Year Course

Big Ideas

1. Trigonometric Functions
2. Trigonometric Identities and Equations
3. Functions from a Calculus Perspective

Essential Questions

4. Why are graphs useful?
5. How can graphs of trigonometric functions be useful?
6. How can representing the same mathematical relationship in different ways be useful?
7. Why would it be helpful to replace an expression with an equivalent expression?
8. How can mathematical ideas be represented?
9. How are symbols useful in mathematics?
10. Why is mathematics used to model real-work situations?

Primary Resource(s) & Technology:

Glencoe Precalculus ISBN: 978-0-07-664183-3

Microsoft Teams, Promethean Boards, Student Laptops

Big Ideas/ EQs	Focus Standard(s)	Assessed Competencies (Key content and skills)	Timeline
1, 8, 10	CC.2.2.HS.C.9 Prove the Pythagorean identity and use it to calculate trigonometric ratios. CC.2.3.HS.A.7 Apply trigonometric ratios to solve problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Find values of trigonometric functions for acute angles of right triangles.• Solve right triangles	August - September (2 days)

	involving right triangles.		
1, 6, 9,10	<p>CC.2.2.HS.C.7 Apply radian measure of an angle and the unit circle to analyze the trigonometric functions</p> <p>CC.2.3.HS.A.9 Extend the concept of similarity to determine arc lengths and areas of sectors of circles.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Convert degree measures of angles to radian measures, and vice versa. • Use angle measures to solve real-world problems. 	September (5 days)
1, 6	<p>CC.2.2. HS.C.7 Apply radian measure of an angle and the unit circle to analyze the trigonometric functions.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Find values of trigonometric functions for any angle. • Find values of trigonometric functions using the unit circle. 	September (5 days)
1, 4, 5,10	<p>CC.2.2.HS.C.8 Choose trigonometric functions to model periodic phenomena and describe the properties of the graphs.</p> <p>CC.2.2.HS.C.6 Interpret functions in terms of the situations they model</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Graph transformations of the sine and cosine functions. • Use sinusoidal functions to solve problems. 	September (6 days)
1, 4, 5	<p>CC.2.2.HS.C.8 Choose trigonometric</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Graph tangent and reciprocal trigonometric functions along with damped trigonometric 	October (5 days)

	functions to model periodic phenomena and describe the properties of the graphs.	functions	
1, 4, 9	CC.2.2.HS.C.4 Interpret the effects transformations have on functions and find the inverses of functions.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluate and graph inverse trigonometric functions • Find compositions of trigonometric functions 	October (5 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use calculator to solve inverse trigonometric functions. 	October (2 days)
1, 10		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve oblique triangles by using the Law of Sines or the Law of Cosines • How to use the Law of Sines and the Law of Cosines to model and solve real-life problems. • Find areas of oblique triangles 	November (7 days)
2, 6, 7	CC.2.2.HS.D.2 Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and use basic trigonometric identities to find trigonometric values • Use basic trigonometric identities to simplify and rewrite trigonometric expressions 	November (5 days)
2, 6, 7	CC.2.2.HS.D.2 Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify trigonometric identities 	November (6 days)
2, 6, 7	CC.2.2.HS.D.2 Write expressions in equivalent forms to solve problems.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve trigonometric equations using algebraic techniques • How to solve trigonometric equations of quadratic type. • How to use inverse trigonometric functions to solve trigonometric equations. 	December (7 days)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve trigonometric equations using basic identities • Use double-angle identities to evaluate expressions, solve trigonometric equations and to rewrite expressions 	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use sum and difference identities to evaluate trigonometric functions. • Use sum and difference identities to solve trigonometric equations. 	
3, 8, 9	CC.2.2.HS.C.1 Use the concept and notation of functions to interpret and apply them in terms of their context	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use set notation to denote elements, subsets, and complements • Find intersections and unions of sets • Describe subsets of real numbers • Identify and evaluate functions and state their domains • Perform operations with pure imaginary numbers. • Use complex conjugates to write quotients of complex numbers in standard form. • Graph quadratic functions. • Solve quadratic equations. • Simplify expressions in radical form. • Simplify expressions in exponential form. 	January (7 days)
3, 4	CC.2.2.HS.C.2 Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the different representations.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use graphs of functions to estimate function values and find domains, ranges, y-intercepts and zeros of functions • Explore symmetries of graphs, and identify even and odd functions 	January-February (5 days)
3, 4		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use limits to determine the continuity of a function, and apply the Intermediate Value Theorem to continuous functions • Use limits to describe end behavior of functions 	(5 days)
3, 4, 10	CC.2.2.HS.C.2 Graph and analyze functions and use their properties to make connections between the	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine intervals on which functions are increasing, constant, or decreasing, and determine maxima and minima of functions • Determine the average rate of change of a function 	(4 days)

	different representations.		
3, 4	CC.2.2.HS.C.4 Interpret the effects transformations have on functions and find the inverses of functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify, graph, and describe parent functions Identify and graph transformations of parent functions 	(5 days)
3, 4, 9		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Perform operations with functions Find compositions of functions 	(4 days)
3, 4	CC.2.2.HS.C.4 Interpret the effects transformations have on functions and find the inverses of functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the horizontal line test to determine inverse functions Find inverse functions algebraically and graphically 	March (4 days)
	CC.2.2.HS.C.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Graph and analyze power functions. Graph and analyze radical functions and solve radical equations. 	(3 days)
	CC.2.2.HS.D.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Graph polynomial functions. Model real-world data with polynomial functions. 	(3 days)
	CC.2.2.HS.C.2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Divide polynomials using long division and synthetic division. Use the Remainder and Factor Theorems. 	(5 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Find real zeros of polynomial functions. Find complex zeros of polynomial functions. 	(3 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze and graph rational functions. Solve rational equations. 	(6 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solve polynomial inequalities. Solve rational inequalities. 	(3 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate, analyze and graph exponential functions. Solve problems involving exponential growth and decay. 	(2 days)
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate expressions involving logarithms. Sketch and analyze graphs of logarithmic functions. 	(8 days)

		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply properties of logarithms.• Apply the Change of Base Formula.• Apply the One-to-One Property of Exponential and Logarithmic Functions to solve equations.	
	CC.2.2.HS.A.10	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Analyze and graph equations of parabolas.• Write equations of parabolas.• Analyze and graph equations of ellipses and circles.• Use equations to identify ellipses and circles.	(9 days)