TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2020



TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

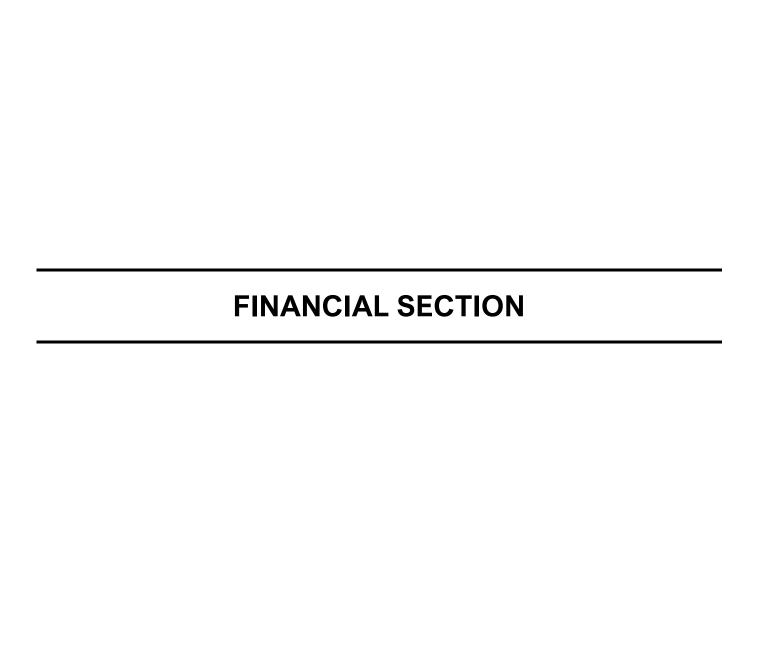
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Tamalpais Union High School District Larkspur, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tamalpais Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tamalpais Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tamalpais Union High School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tamalpais Union High School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

hustylehette, Inc

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2021 on our consideration of Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California January 21, 2021

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

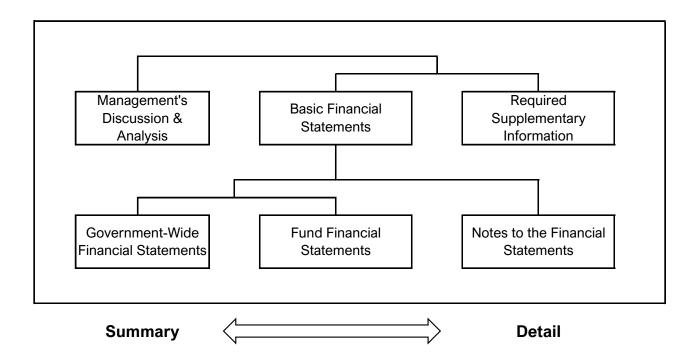
Our discussion and analysis of Tamalpais Union High School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$(1,723,179) at June 30, 2020. This was an increase of \$4,661,788 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$107,605,360 which were exceeded by expenses of \$102,943,572.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.
 - Fiduciary Funds report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$(1,723,179) at June 30, 2020, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(50,181,787) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					
		2020	2019			et Change
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$	42,125,369	\$	36,961,909	\$	5,163,460
Capital assets		134,737,873		139,761,976		(5,024,103)
Total Assets		176,863,242		176,723,885		139,357
		04 400 -00				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		31,488,598		33,489,332		(2,000,734)
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		14 570 177		15 520 075		(050 709)
		14,579,177		15,538,975		(959,798)
Long-term liabilities		188,864,542		195,730,721		(6,866,179)
Total Liabilities		203,443,719		211,269,696		(7,825,977)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		6,631,300		5,328,488		1,302,812
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		32,236,165		29,006,696		3,229,469
Restricted		16,222,443		13,608,982		2,613,461
Unrestricted		(50,181,787)		(49,000,645)		(1,181,142)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,723,179)	\$	(6,384,967)	\$	4,661,788

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities					
	2020			2019	N	et Change
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	866,421	\$	1,624,788	\$	(758,367)
Operating grants and contributions		8,970,508		9,787,639		(817,131)
General revenues						
Property taxes		93,666,228		89,972,928		3,693,300
Unrestricted federal and state aid		2,930,335		3,598,352		(668,017)
Other		1,171,868		1,477,479		(305,611)
Total Revenues		107,605,360		106,461,186		1,144,174
EXPENSES						
Instruction		52,323,145		55,370,902		(3,047,757)
Instruction-related services		7,277,902		8,881,737		(1,603,835)
Pupil services		11,386,454		12,043,914		(657,460)
General administration		6,544,050		7,204,162		(660,112)
Plant services		8,853,942		10,271,918		(1,417,976)
Ancillary and community services		3,410,958		3,995,795		(584,837)
Debt service		3,638,714		5,549,091		(1,910,377)
Other outgo		1,832,062		985,828		846,234
Depreciation		7,676,345		7,678,307		(1,962)
Enterprise activities		-		2,738		(2,738)
Total Expenses		102,943,572		111,984,392		(9,040,820)
Change in net position		4,661,788		(5,523,206)		10,184,994
Net Position - Beginning		(6,384,967)		(861,761)		(5,523,206)
Net Position - Ending	\$	(1,723,179)	\$	(6,384,967)	\$	4,661,788

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$102,943,572 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$93,666,228 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services					
		2020		2019		
Instruction	\$	47,406,967	\$	49,204,208		
Instruction-related services		6,657,590		8,198,021		
Pupil services		9,373,349		9,489,056		
General administration		6,486,497		7,031,451		
Plant services		7,559,911		10,044,992		
Ancillary and community services		2,872,586		2,767,257		
Debt service		3,638,714		5,549,091		
Transfers to other agencies		1,434,684		606,844		
Depreciation		7,676,345		7,678,307		
Other				2,738		
Total Expenses	\$	93,106,643	\$	100,571,965		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$38,238,253, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$33,373,879. The District's General Fund's balance increased by \$2,652,903 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's Bond Interest & Redemption Fund's balance increased by \$393,698 during the year ended June 30, 2020.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2019-2020

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2019-2020 the District had invested \$134,737,873 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities					
		2020		2019	N	et Change
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land	\$	3,818,545	\$	3,818,545	\$	-
Construction in progress		1,802,940		38,164		1,764,776
Land improvements		80,476,300		80,280,432		195,868
Buildings & improvements		167,902,932		167,290,076		612,856
Furniture & equipment		2,518,437		2,443,449		74,988
Accumulated depreciation		(121,781,281)		(114,108,690)		(7,672,591)
Total Capital Assets	\$	134,737,873	\$	139,761,976	\$	(5,024,103)

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$188,864,542 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 3.51% from last year – as shown in the table below. Additional detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities					
	2020			2019	N	let Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						_
Total general obligation bonds	\$	102,790,606	\$	115,248,768	\$	(12,458,162)
Capital leases		1,617,230		1,834,130		(216,900)
Early retirement incentive		2,438,780		3,087,063		(648,283)
Compensated absences		313,103		174,638		138,465
Net OPEB liability		4,034,644		2,737,590		1,297,054
Net pension liability		87,087,833		82,693,135		4,394,698
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(9,417,654)		(10,044,603)		626,949
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	188,864,542	\$	195,730,721	\$	(6,866,179)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

According to the UCLA Anderson Forecast, the U.S. economy is in a "depression-like crisis" and it will take at least three years before its GDP and unemployment rate return to the levels it saw before the COVID-19 pandemic struck. Between February 2020 and April 2020, California lost 2.56 million nonfarm payroll jobs, a 15% drop that is nearly double the job loss during the Great Recession in 2008 and 2009.

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. Governor Gavin Newsom and the State Legislature provided resources and support beyond the Proposition 98 requirement in 2020–21, giving one-time federal resources and pension rate relief and promising more than the minimum guarantee in 2021–22.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per-pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. In response to the ongoing pandemic, the 2020-21 State Budget reduced employer contribution rates in 2020–21 and 2021–22. This will reduce the CalSTRS employer rate from 18.4% to approximately 16.15% in 2020–21 and from 18.2% to 16.0% in 2021–22. The CalPERS employer contribution rate will be reduced from CalPERS recently set rate for 2020–21 of 22.68% to 20.7% and 2021–22 estimated rate of 24.6% to 23.0%. Despite this reduction in the planned rate increases, the projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was signed into law. The CARES Act provides California K-12 education with \$1.65 billion in Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Funds, \$355 million in Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Funds, and \$4.4 billion in Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF). Collectively, GEER Funds, CRF, and \$540 million in state General Fund (GF) contributions are known as Learning Loss Mitigation Funding (LLMF). CARES Act funds will be apportioned in 2020-21, however, ESSER and GEER are to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 13, 2020 through September 30, 2022, GF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021, and CRF is to be used on eligible expenditures beginning March 1, 2020 through December 30, 2020. On December 27, 2020, the President signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act which extended the CRF spending deadline to December 30, 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Corbett Elsen, Chief Financial Officer at Tamalpais Union School District, PO Box 605, Larkspur, CA 94977, or email at celsen@tamdistrict.org.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 38,783,333
Accounts receivable	3,301,840
Inventory	14,522
Prepaid expenses	25,350
Other current assets	324
Capital assets, not depreciated	5,621,485
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	129,116,388
Total Assets	176,863,242
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	26,594,381
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	2,370,934
Deferred amount on refunding	2,523,283
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,488,598
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	4,905,009
Unearned revenue	256,514
Long-term liabilities, current portion	9,417,654
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	188,864,542
Total Liabilities	203,443,719
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,939,896
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	74,249
Deferred amount on refunding	617,155
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,631,300
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	32,236,165
Restricted:	, ,
Capital projects	4,252,045
Debt service	7,768,931
Educational programs	3,717,755
All others	483,712
Unrestricted	(50,181,787)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,723,179)

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				D	D		Re (evenues and Changes in
				Program			N	let Position
			_	harras for		Operating Grants and	<u> </u>	overnmental
Eunstian/Brograms		Expenses		harges for Services		ontributions		Activities
Function/Programs GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		Lxpenses		Sei vices		ontributions		Activities
Instruction	\$	52,323,145	\$	118,000	¢	4,798,178	\$	(47,406,967)
Instruction-related services	Ψ	32,323,143	Ψ	1 10,000	Ψ	4,730,170	Ψ	(47,400,307)
Instructional supervision and administration		1,340,021				67,048		(1,272,973)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,103,716		-		583		(1,103,133)
School site administration		4,834,165		8,365		544,316		(4,281,484)
Pupil services		4,004,100		0,303		344,310		(4,201,404)
Home-to-school transportation		369,625				58,395		(311,230)
Food services		1,286,736		439,840		193,377		(653,519)
All other pupil services		9,730,093		1,027		1,320,466		(8,408,600)
General administration		9,730,093		1,021		1,320,400		(0,400,000)
Centralized data processing		2,302,531						(2,302,531)
All other general administration		4,241,519		156		57,397		(4,183,966)
Plant services		8,853,942		203,777		1,090,254		(7,559,911)
Ancillary services		2,615,384		38,229		191,055		(2,386,100)
Community services		795,574		57,027		252,061		,
Interest on long-term debt		3,638,714		37,027		252,001		(486,486) (3,638,714)
Other outgo		1,832,062		-		397,378		(1,434,684)
Depreciation (unallocated)		7,676,345		-		391,310		(7,676,345)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	102,943,572	\$	866,421	\$	8,970,508		(93,106,643)
Total Governmental Activities		eral revenues	Ψ	000,421	Ψ	0,370,300		(33,100,043)
		xes and subventi	one					
		roperty taxes, le		r general nurn	2220			65,574,752
		roperty taxes, le			0000			12,260,969
		roperty taxes, le			: nurr	ooses		15,830,507
		ederal and state		•				2,930,335
		erest and investr			орос	рапроссо		278,952
		eragency revenu		go				17,226
		scellaneous						875,690
		total, General R	evenu	e				97,768,431
		NGE IN NET PO						4,661,788
	_	Position - Begir	-					(6,384,967)
		Position - Endir					\$	(1,723,179)
			5					() - / - /

Net (Expenses)

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

			Bond Interest and				G	Total overnmental
ASSETS		eneral Fund	Kec	lemption Fund		Funds		Funds
	Φ	05 440 007	Φ	0.440.400	Φ	4.450.500	Φ	00 745 500
Cash and investments	\$	25,446,867	\$	9,110,109	\$	4,158,586	\$	38,715,562
Accounts receivable		3,197,882		-		103,958		3,301,840
Due from other funds		3,985		-		3,963,960		3,967,945
Stores inventory		-		-		14,522		14,522
Prepaid expenditures		25,350		-		-		25,350
Other current assets		324		-		-		324
Total Assets	\$	28,674,408	\$	9,110,109	\$	8,241,026	\$	46,025,543
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities	\$	3,151,341	\$		\$	412.490	\$	3,563,831
Due to other funds	φ	3,963,960	Φ	-	Φ	2,985	Φ	, ,
Unearned revenue		, ,		-		2,900		3,966,945
		256,514		-		445 475		256,514
Total Liabilities		7,371,815		-		415,475		7,787,290
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		37,350		-		18,122		55,472
Restricted		3,081,564		9,110,109		5,371,948		17,563,621
Committed		-		-		2,435,481		2,435,481
Assigned		3,766,828		-		-		3,766,828
Unassigned		14,416,851		-				14,416,851
Total Fund Balances		21,302,593		9,110,109		7,825,551		38,238,253
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	28,674,408	\$	9,110,109	\$	8,241,026	\$	46,025,543

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 38,238,253

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

 Capital assets
 \$ 256,519,154

 Accumulated depreciation
 (121,781,281)
 134,737,873

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

1,906,128

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(1,341,178)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 102,790,606	
Capital leases	1,617,230	
Early retirement incentive	2,438,780	
Compensated absences	313,103	
Net OPEB liability	4,034,644	
Net pension liability	87,087,833	(198,282,196)

(Continued on the following page)

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred outflows	and inflows	of resources	relating to	nensions:
Deletted dutilows	and initiows	UI I COULI CCO	relating to	perioris.

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 26,594,381

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$ (5,939,896) 20,654,485

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 2,370,934

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB \$ (74,249) 2,296,685

Internal service funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

66,771

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ (1,723,179)

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund				Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	66,309,502	\$ -	\$	957,000	\$	67,266,502	
Federal sources		1,066,158	-		254,242		1,320,400	
Other state sources		7,286,102	43,062		750,904		8,080,068	
Other local sources		21,529,724	12,307,879		979,030		34,816,633	
Total Revenues		96,191,486	12,350,941		2,941,176		111,483,603	
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		52,748,479	-		308,692		53,057,171	
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		1,242,542	-		-		1,242,542	
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,023,809	-		-		1,023,809	
School site administration		4,121,403	-		497,707		4,619,110	
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		369,625	-		-		369,625	
Food services		1,646	-		1,176,166		1,177,812	
All other pupil services		9,740,429	-		-		9,740,429	
General administration								
Centralized data processing		2,140,443	-		-		2,140,443	
All other general administration		4,057,285	-		-		4,057,285	
Plant services		7,901,171	-		355,895		8,257,066	
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		738,559	-		1,800,199		2,538,758	
Ancillary services		2,644,058	-		-		2,644,058	
Community services		258,570	-		489,744		748,314	
Transfers to other agencies		2,136,399	-		-		2,136,399	
Debt service								
Principal		865,183	7,960,000		-		8,825,183	
Interest and other		43,982	3,997,243		284,891		4,326,116	
Total Expenditures		90,033,583	11,957,243		4,913,294		106,904,120	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		6,157,903	393,698		(1,972,118)		4,579,483	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	-		3,505,000		3,505,000	
Other sources		-	-		42,925,000		42,925,000	
Transfers out		(3,505,000)	-		-		(3,505,000)	
Other uses		-	-		(42,640,109)		(42,640,109)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,505,000)	-		3,789,891		284,891	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,652,903	393,698		1,817,773		4,864,374	
Fund Balance - Beginning		18,649,690	8,716,411		6,007,778		33,373,879	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	21,302,593		\$	7,825,551	\$	38,238,253	

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 4,864,374

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 2,656,068

Depreciation expense: (7,676,345) (5,020,277)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

49,525,183

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(42,925,000)

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(4,421,490)

Gain or loss from the disposal of capital assets:

In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

(3,826)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

630,176

(Continued on following page)

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Compensated	absences:
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In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(138,465)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

154,549

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(4,728,357)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

6.723.162

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

1,759

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 4.661.788

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	 GovernmentalActivities			
	 Internal Service Fund			
ASSETS	_			
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 67,771			
Total current assets	67,771			
Total Assets	67,771			
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Due to other funds	1,000			
Total current liabilities	1,000			
Total Liabilities	 1,000			
NET POSITION				
Restricted	66,771			
Total Net Position	\$ 66,771			

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Act	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Other local revenues	\$	400			
Total operating revenues		400			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)					
Interest income		1,359			
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		1,359			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,759			
Net Position - Beginning		65,012			
Net Position - Ending	\$	66,771			

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities			
	Internal Service Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	400		
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		600		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		1,000		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received		1,359		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		1,359		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,359		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		65,412		
End of year	\$	67,771		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income/(loss)	\$	400		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(400)		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		1,000		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	1,000		

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Age	Agency Fund			
	Stud	Student Body			
		Fund			
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	565,702			
Total Assets	\$	565,702			
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$	565,702			
Total Liabilities	\$	565,702			

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Tamalpais Union High School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary and fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Fund Financial Statements. (continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Foundation Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 under which both earnings and principal may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

20-50 years 2-15 years 7 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable - The non-spendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Budgetary Data (continued)</u>

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

F. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 95 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This standard's primary objective is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The statement is effective immediately. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 95.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	Governmental		Internal Service Governmenta		overnmental	l Fiduciary		
		Funds		Funds		Activities		Funds	
Investment in county treasury	\$	38,033,109	\$	67,771	\$	38,100,880	\$	-	
Cash on hand and in banks		16,778		-		16,778		565,702	
Cash with fiscal agent		650,075		-		650,075		-	
Cash in revolving fund		15,600		-		15,600			
Total	\$	38,715,562	\$	67,771	\$	38,783,333	\$	565,702	

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Marin County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$38,294,943 and an amortized book value of \$38,100,880. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 220 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2020, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2020, the District's bank balances of \$453,387 were exposed to custodial credit risk because they was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agency, but not in the name of the District.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Marin County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	38,294,943
Total	\$	38,294,943

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	0	I F	lon-Major vernmental	Governmental					
Federal Government	Ger	neral Fund	Funds	<u> </u>	Activities				
Categorical aid	\$	928,257	\$ 71,210	\$	999,467				
State Government									
Apportionment		302,840	-		302,840				
Categorical aid		498,473	11,818		510,291				
Lottery		217,522	-		217,522				
Local Government									
Other local sources		1,250,790	20,930		1,271,720				
Total	\$	3,197,882	\$ 103,958	\$	3,301,840				

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2019	Additions	Deletions	J۱	Balance une 30, 2020
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	3,818,545	\$ - \$	-	\$	3,818,545
Construction in progress		38,164	1,802,940	38,164		1,802,940
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		3,856,709	1,802,940	38,164		5,621,485
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		80,280,432	195,868	-		80,476,300
Buildings & improvements		167,290,076	612,856	-		167,902,932
Furniture & equipment		2,443,449	82,568	7,580		2,518,437
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		250,013,957	891,292	7,580		250,897,669
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Land improvements		35,119,486	2,708,385	-		37,827,871
Buildings & improvements		77,291,610	4,809,820	-		82,101,430
Furniture & equipment		1,697,594	158,140	3,754		1,851,980
Total Accumulated Depreciation		114,108,690	7,676,345	3,754		121,781,281
Governmental Activities		_	-	-		
Capital Assets, net	\$	139,761,976	\$ (4,982,113)	41,990	\$	134,737,873

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

		ls					
Due To Other Funds	Gene	eral Fund	Funds			Total	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,963,960	\$	3,963,960	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		2,985		-		2,985	
Internal Service Fund		1,000		-		1,000	
Total	\$	3,985	\$	3,963,960	\$	3,967,945	
Due from the General Fund to the Adult Education Fund to clear est	imated actuals.				\$	1,231	
Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for student nutrition	on services support.					300,729	
Due from the General Fund to the Deferred Maintenance Fund for L	CFF Transfer.					957,000	
Due from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital	Outlay Projects for c	apital outlay	proje	ct transfer.		2,705,000	
Due from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for adult ed	ucation credit card e	expenses.				327	
Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for student nutrition	on services credit car	d expenses.				2,658	
Due from the Self Insurance Fund to the General Fund to correct a	deposit	-				1,000	
Total				•	\$	3.967.945	

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Interfund Transfers In				
Interfund Transfers Out		lon-Major vernmental Funds		Total	
General Fund	\$	3,505,000	\$	3,505,000	
Total	\$	3,505,000	\$	3,505,000	
Transfer from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for student nutrition services support. Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for capital outla	v project	transfer.	\$	800,000 2,705,000	
Total	, p. 0,00		\$	3,505,000	

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major								
		Governmental										
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds		District-Wide		Activities				
Payroll	\$	437,367	\$	13,600	\$	-	\$	450,967				
Construction		-		308,972		-		308,972				
Vendors payable		2,005,645		38,269		-		2,043,914				
Unmatured interest		-		-		1,341,178		1,341,178				
Other liabilities		708,329		51,649		-		759,978				
Total	\$	3,151,341	\$	412,490	\$	1,341,178	\$	4,905,009				

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Gen	General Fund						
Federal sources	\$	88,847						
Local sources		167,667						
Total	\$	256,514						

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Balance uly 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities	 uly 01, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Julie 30, 2020	III One real
General obligation bonds	\$ 101,995,000	\$ 42,925,000	\$ 48,660,000	\$ 96,260,000	\$ 8,010,000
Unamortized premium	13,253,768	-	6,723,162	6,530,606	589,228
Total general obligation bonds	115,248,768	42,925,000	55,383,162	102,790,606	8,599,228
Capital leases	 1,834,130	-	216,900	1,617,230	231,131
Early retirement incentive	3,087,063	-	648,283	2,438,780	587,295
Compensated absences	174,638	138,465	-	313,103	-
Net OPEB liability	2,737,590	1,297,054	-	4,034,644	-
Net pension liability	 82,693,135	4,394,698	-	87,087,833	
Total	\$ 205,775,324	\$ 48,755,217	\$ 56,248,345	\$ 198,282,196	\$ 9,417,654

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for capital leases are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$313,103. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Capital Leases

On October 16, 2015, the District approved a solar equipment lease, authorizing approval of the execution and delivery of an equipment/lease purchase agreement amounting to \$2,489,977 payable in annual installments from through 2024. The annual requirements for future lease payments were outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total				
2021	\$ 231,131	\$ 38,538	\$ 269,669				
2022	462,033	32,648	494,681				
2023	462,033	32,648	494,681				
2024	462,033	32,648	494,681				
Total	\$ 1,617,230	\$ 136,482	\$ 1,753,712				

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds

Election of 2001

In the November 2001 election, the citizens of the District approved the issuance and sale of not more than \$121,000,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the construction, improvement, equipping and furnishing of various capital facilities of the District.

Election of 2006

In the June 6, 2006 election, the citizens of the District approved the issuance and sale of not more than \$79,900,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the construction, improvement, equipping and furnishing of various capital facilities of the District.

2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On October 9, 2019, the District issued \$42,925,000 in 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 1.898 to 2.413 percent, to advance refund a portion of Series 2010 Refunding and Series 2011 Refunding General Obligation Bonds. The 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds and have a final maturity date of August 1, 2028. The District received net proceeds of \$42,640,109 (including a payment of \$284,891 in underwriter fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

The net proceeds received for the 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the 2010 Refunding and 2011 Refunding General Obligation Bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred inflows on refunding of \$617,155 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$4,472,743 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$4,024,621. On June 30, 2020, the 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$42,925,000.

A summary of outstanding general obligation bonds issued is presented below:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue		Bonds utstanding ulv 01, 2019		Additions		Deductions		Bonds Outstanding une 30, 2020
					-	,	_	Additions	_		_	
2010R	6/24/2010	8/1/2027	0.50% - 5.00%	\$ 48,210,000	\$	28,525,000	\$	-	\$	26,990,000	\$	1,535,000
2011R	12/29/2011	8/1/2028	2.00% - 5.00%	36,460,000		24,700,000		-		18,890,000		5,810,000
2014R	11/25/2014	8/1/2031	1.00% - 5.00%	55,120,000		48,770,000		-		2,780,000		45,990,000
2019R	10/9/2019	8/1/2028	1.898% - 2.413 %	42,925,000		-		42,925,000		-		42,925,000
					\$	101,995,000	\$	42,925,000	\$	48,660,000	\$	96,260,000

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2021	\$ 8,010,000	\$ 3,206,537	\$	11,216,537		
2022	7,955,000	3,975,930		11,930,930		
2023	9,385,000	3,537,377		12,922,377		
2024	9,625,000	3,863,300		13,488,300		
2025	9,935,000	3,264,086		13,199,086		
2026 - 2030	41,830,000	7,155,959		48,985,959		
2031 - 2032	9,520,000	384,600		9,904,600		
Total	\$ 96,260,000	\$ 25,387,789	\$	121,647,789		

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters.

D. Early Retirement Incentive

In 2019-20, the District approved an early retirement incentive. The annual requirements for future payments outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

 Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 587,295	\$ 60,988	\$ 648,283
2022	601,982	46,301	648,283
2023	617,036	31,247	648,283
2024	 632,467	15,817	648,284
Total	\$ 2,438,780	\$ 154,353	\$ 2,593,133

E. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$2,737,590 and increased by \$1,297,054 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was \$4,034,644. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

F. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$82,693,135 and increased by \$4,394,698 during the year ended June 30, 2020. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2020 was \$87,087,833. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2020:

				nd Interest and	G	Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Re	demption Fund		Funds		Funds
Non-spendable								
Revolving cash	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	3,600	\$	15,600
Stores inventory		-		-		14,522		14,522
Prepaid expenditures		25,350		-		-		25,350
Total non-spendable		37,350		-		18,122		55,472
Restricted								
Educational programs		3,081,564		-		636,191		3,717,755
Capital projects		-		-		4,252,045		4,252,045
Debt service		-		9,110,109		-		9,110,109
All others		-		-		483,712		483,712
Total restricted		3,081,564		9,110,109		5,371,948		17,563,621
Committed								
Other commitments		-		-		2,435,481		2,435,481
Total committed		-		-		2,435,481		2,435,481
Assigned								
Other assignments		3,766,828		-		-		3,766,828
Total assigned		3,766,828		-		-		3,766,828
Unassigned		14,416,851		-		-		14,416,851
Total Fund Balance	\$	21,302,593	\$	9,110,109	\$	7,825,551	\$	38,238,253

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Tamalpais Union High School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Tamalpais Union High School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the district. The District provides medical, dental and vision benefits to retirees and their covered eligible dependents. The District pays a portion of the medical costs for eligible retirees only. Retirees must pay the entire cost for dental, vision, and dependent medical benefits. All active employees who retire directly from the District and meet the eligibility criteria may participate. The District is a participant in the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by CalPERS.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan are described as follows:

Classified employees who have attained age 50 and completed 15 years of District service by June 30, 2016 are eligible to retire and receive District-paid health benefits after attaining age 55 and completing at least 10 years of District service. Classified employees who do not meet those requirements are eligible to retire and receive District-paid health benefits after attaining age 60 and completing at least 10 years of District service. The District pays 100% of the medical, dental and vision premiums for an eligible retiree and dependents until age 65, subject to an annual cap of the composite rates for Kaiser HMO, dental and vision coverages. The retiree may purchase coverage in excess of the cap by self-paying the extra premium. Retired employees with full-time equivalency (FTE) of at least 50% but less than 60% may receive 50% of the cap, and those with an FTE of at least 60% but less than 72.5% may receive 75% of the cap. Retired employees with FTE less than 50% are not eligible.

Certificated employees retiring after the 2011-12 school year who have attained age 60 and completed 10 years of District service (5 years if hired prior to January 18, 2000), and who have met the eligibility requirements to retire under CalPERS or CalSTRS, as applicable, are eligible to retire and receive District-paid health benefits. The District pays 100% of the medical, dental and vision premiums for an eligible retiree and dependents until age 65, subject to an annual cap of the composite rates for Kaiser HMO, dental and vision coverages. The retiree may purchase coverage in excess of the cap by self-paying the extra premium. Retired employees with full-time equivalency (FTE) of at least 60% may receive 100% of the cap. Those with an FTE of less than 60% are subject to a pro-rated cap.

C. Contributions

For fiscal year 2019-20, the District contributed \$1,214,470 to the Plan of which \$842,387 was used for current premiums.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	49
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	444
Total number of participants**	493

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the June 30, 2019 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

E. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 9,001,848
Plan fiduciary net position	(4,967,204)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 4,034,644

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability

F. Investments

Investment Policy

The District's policy regarding the allocation of the plan's invested assets is established and may be amended by District management. The District participates in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), a Section 115 trust fund dedicated to prefunding Other Postemployment Benefits for all eligible California public agencies.

55.2%

The District has adopted the CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio with an objective to seek returns that reflect the broad investment performance of the financial markets through capital appreciation and investment income. The portfolio is invested in various asset classes in percentages approved by the CalPERS Board.

Rate of Return

For the year ended on the measurement date the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.25 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Economic assumptions:

Salary increases 3.00% Inflation rate 3.00% Investment rate of return 7.25% Healthcare cost trend rates 6.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. To achieve the goal set by the investment policy, plan assets will be managed to earn, on a long-term basis, a rate of return equal to or in excess of the target rate of return of 7.25 percent.

The discount rate was based on:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return.
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

H. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Total OPEB Liability		_
Service cost	\$	380,986
Interest on total OPEB liability		479,591
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,692,194
Changes of assumptions		262,597
Benefits payments		(842,387)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,972,981
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,028,867
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	9,001,848
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	1,214,470
Net investment income		304,821
Benefit payments		(842,387)
Administrative expenses		(977)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		675,927
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,291,277
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,967,204
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,034,644
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		55.2%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	47,686,269
District's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.46%

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Tamalpais Union High School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current discount rate:

			\	/aluation		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
		(6.3%)		(7.3%)		(8.3%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	4.506.633	\$	4,034,644	\$	3,598,036

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Tamalpais Union High School District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (5.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valu	iation Trend		
	1%	6 Decrease		Rate	19	% Increase
		(5.0%)		(6.0%)		(7.0%)
	de	creasing to	de	creasing to	de	creasing to
		4.0%		5.0%		6.0%
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,466,190	\$	4,034,644	\$	4,675,477

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Tamalpais Union High School District recognized OPEB expense of \$759,891. At June 30, 2020, the Tamalpais Union High School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows esources
Differences between projected and		
actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 23,426	\$ 74,249
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	1,466,568	-
Changes in assumptions	227,584	-
District contributions subsequent		
to the measurement date	 653,356	
Total	\$ 2,370,934	\$ 74,249

The \$653,356 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		De	ferred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	<u>of</u>	Resources	0	f Resources
2021	\$	266,495	\$	34,055
2022		266,495		34,054
2023		266,495		6,140
2024		266,495		-
2025		260,641		-
Thereafter		390,957		-
Total	\$	1,717,578	\$	74,249

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension liability	 Deferred flows related pensions	ı	erred inflows related to pensions	Pen	sion expense
STRS Pension	\$	63,395,923	\$ 19,326,510	\$	5,717,645	\$	8,537,255
PERS Pension		23,691,910	 7,267,871		222,251		5,042,561
Total	\$	87,087,833	\$ 26,594,381	\$	5,939,896	\$	13,579,816

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2020, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 18.13% of annual payroll reduced to 17.10% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$6,216,558 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$4,824,525 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 63,395,923
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	34,586,988
Total	\$ 97,982,911

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.070 percent, which was an decrease of 0.590 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,537,255. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$946,282 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments \$ - \$	2,442,030
Differences between expected and	
actual experience 160,041	1,786,424
Changes in assumptions 8,018,199	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	
proportionate share of contributions 4,931,712	1,489,191
District contributions subsequent	
to the measurement date6,216,558	
Total \$ 19,326,510 \$	5,717,645

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$6,216,558 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	erred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	01	f Resources	of	Resources
2021	\$	3,200,853	\$	1,189,055
2022		3,200,855		2,884,438
2023		2,810,721		1,212,989
2024		2,812,825		48,842
2025		639,330		197,127
2026		445,368		185,194
Total	\$	13,109,952	\$	5,717,645

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010–June 30, 2015.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	4.80%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Real Estate	13%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current	1%
		Decrease (6.10%)	Di:	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of		_			 _
the net pension liability	\$	94,401,777	\$	63,395,923	\$ 37,686,166

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020 was 20.733% of annual payroll reduced to 19.721% pursuant to California Senate Bill 90 (SB 90). Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,634,901 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$23,691,910 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.081 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,042,561. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	219,747		
Differences between expected and						
actual experience		1,720,984		-		
Changes in assumptions		1,127,809		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		1,784,177		2,504		
District contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		2,634,901				
Total	\$	7,267,871	\$	222,251		
	-					

The \$2,634,901 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defei	rred Outflows	Defei	Deferred Inflows				
 Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of F	Resources				
2021	\$	2,766,547	\$	218,352				
2022		1,436,336		(432,213)				
2023		402,352		(65,658)				
2024		27,735		501,770				
Total	\$	4,632,970	\$	222,251				

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*	Return
			Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%		
	 Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)		Increase (8.15%)	
District's proportionate share of			_			
the net pension liability	\$ 34,150,330	\$	23,691,910	\$	15,015,928	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2020.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects totaling \$361,139.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the Marin Schools Insurance Authority (MSIA), and the Main Pupil Transportation Agency (MPTA). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

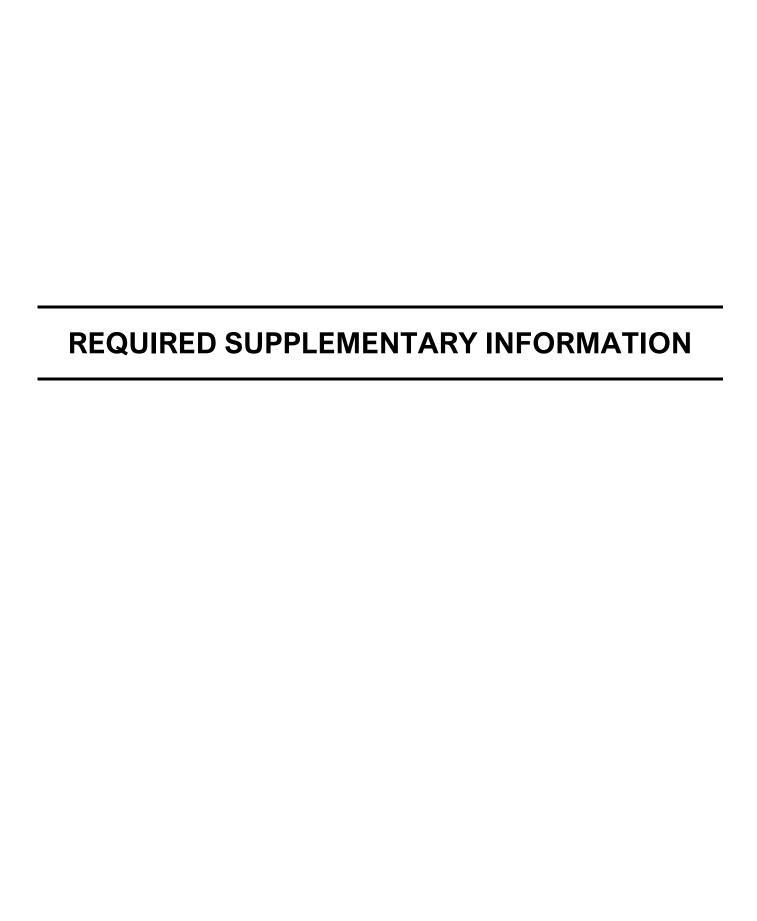
Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow/inflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow/inflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2020, the deferred outflow on refunding was \$2,523,283 and the deferred inflows on refunding was \$617,155.

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$26,594,381 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$5,939,896.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,370,934 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$74,249.



TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual*	Variances -		
	Original		Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Final to Actual		
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$ 66,635,016	\$	66,884,659	\$	66,309,502	\$ (575,157)		
Federal sources	1,102,724		1,204,499		1,066,158	(138,341)		
Other state sources	5,275,735		5,560,948		7,068,580	1,507,632		
Other local sources	 19,742,526		20,570,128		21,529,536	959,408		
Total Revenues	92,756,001		94,220,234		95,973,776	1,753,542		
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries	36,752,574		36,771,607		36,474,867	296,740		
Classified salaries	10,712,417		10,972,932		10,859,640	113,292		
Employee benefits	24,450,760		24,511,929		25,275,322	(763,393)		
Books and supplies	2,835,249		5,019,199		1,927,518	3,091,681		
Services and other operating expenditures	12,575,552		13,146,147		11,613,126	1,533,021		
Capital outlay	168,200		894,012		837,546	56,466		
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	3,388,279		3,264,354		3,045,564	218,790		
Transfers of indirect costs	 (28,392)		(28,392)		-	(28,392)		
Total Expenditures	90,854,639		94,551,788		90,033,583	4,518,205		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	 1,901,362		(331,554)		5,940,193	6,271,747		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	(1,535,000)		(1,485,000)		(3,505,000)	(2,020,000)		
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,535,000)		(1,485,000)		(3,505,000)	(2,020,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	366,362		(1,816,554)		2,435,193	4,251,747		
Fund Balance - Beginning	18,640,598		18,640,598		18,640,598			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 19,006,960	\$	16,824,044	\$	21,075,791	\$ 4,251,747		

^{*}The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Funds for Other than Capital Outlay in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- In addition, this schedule does not include the adjustment of \$217,522 to accounts receivable related to lottery revenue.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$	380,986	\$	364,064	\$	339,454	
Interest on total OPEB liability		479,591		476,321		468,661	
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,692,194		-		-	
Changes of assumptions		262,597		-		-	
Benefits payments		(842,387)		(749,820)		(656,712)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,972,981		90,565		151,403	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,028,867		6,938,302		6,786,899	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	9,001,848	\$	7,028,867	\$	6,938,302	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	1,214,470	\$	790,258	\$	616,878	
Net investment income		304,821		318,981		397,273	
Benefit payments		(842,387)		(749,820)		(656,712)	
Administrative expenses		(977)		(7,359)		(3,264)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		675,927	•	352,060		354,175	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,291,277		3,939,217		3,585,042	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_\$	4,967,204	_\$	4,291,277	\$	3,939,217	
District's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,034,644	\$	2,737,590	\$	2,999,085	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		55.2%		61.1%		56.8%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	47,686,269	\$	45,525,874	\$	43,409,322	
District's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.46%		6.01%		6.91%	

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Jı	June 30, 2016		une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.070%		0.660%		0.650%		0.640%		0.660%		0.620%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	63,395,923	\$	60,993,412	\$	60,030,468	\$	51,638,836	\$	44,433,840	\$	36,230,940
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	34,586,988 97,982,911	\$	34,921,752 95,915,164	\$	35,513,807 95,544,275	\$	29,401,396 81,040,232	\$	23,256,184 67,690,024	\$	21,877,806 58,108,746
District's covered payroll	\$	37,543,411	\$	37,318,160	\$	35,262,233	\$	30,302,376	\$	28,130,558	\$	27,623,200
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		168.9%		163.4%		170.2%		170.4%		158.0%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jı	ıne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jı	June 30, 2016		ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.081%		0.081%		0.083%		0.086%		0.090%		0.088%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	23,691,910	\$	21,699,723	\$	19,772,491	\$	16,967,806	\$	13,266,088	\$	10,035,552
District's covered payroll	\$	11,441,506	\$	11,075,347	\$	10,107,999	\$	14,848,220	\$	14,084,784	\$	9,276,787
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		207.1%		195.9%		195.6%		114.3%		94.2%		108.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	6,216,558	\$	6,111,964	\$	5,294,883	\$	4,394,096	\$	3,455,615	\$	2,690,853
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(6,216,558)		(6,111,964)		(5,294,883)		(4,394,096)		(3,455,615)		(2,690,853)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	36,806,840	\$	37,543,411	\$	37,318,160	\$	35,262,233	\$	30,302,376	\$	28,130,558
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.89%		16.28%		14.19%		12.46%		11.40%		9.57%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	30, 2019 June 30		ne 30, 2018 June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,634,901	\$	2,595,891	\$	2,180,295	\$	2,014,593	\$	1,800,796	\$	1,747,783
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(2,634,901)		(2,595,891)		(2,180,295)		(2,014,593)		(1,800,796)		(1,747,783)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	11,332,465	\$	11,441,506	\$	11,075,347	\$	10,107,999	\$	14,848,220	\$	14,084,784
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.25%		22.69%		19.69%		19.93%		12.13%		12.41%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the to net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability, and the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuations for OPEB.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

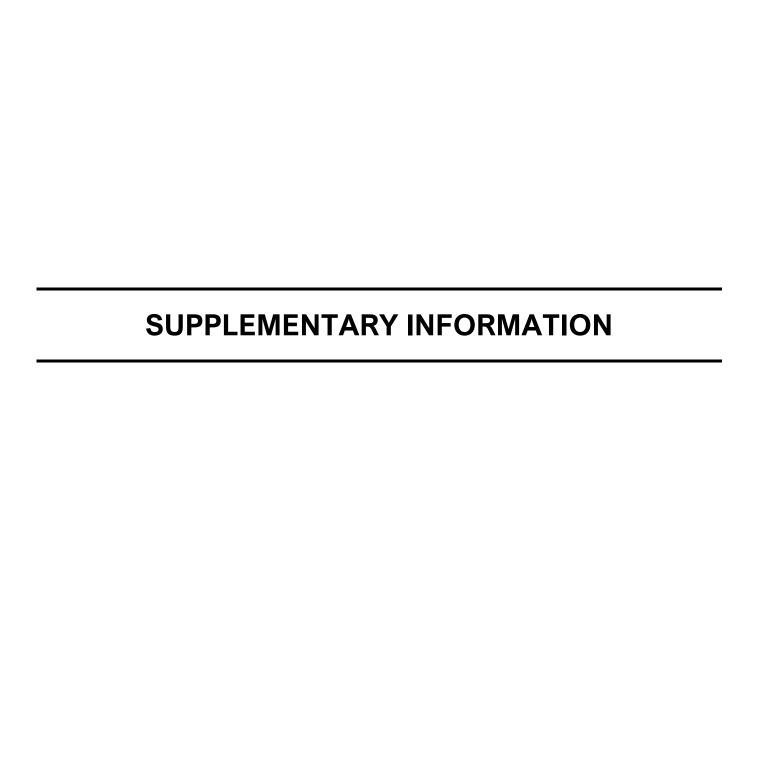
Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows in the schedule below.

		Expenditures and Other Uses								
	Budget			Actual	Excess					
General Fund										
Employee benefits	\$	24,511,929	\$	25,275,322	\$	763,393				
Other outgo										
Transfers of indirect costs	\$	(28,392)	\$	-	\$	28,392				



TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_	Federal Expenditures		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:		, ,				
Passed through California Department of Education:						
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	91,313		
Adult Education						
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508		27,935		
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978		14,295		
Adult Education: English Literacy and Civics Education	84.002A	14109		21,035		
Subtotal Adult Education				63,265		
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341		30,838		
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		7,964		
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		8,682		
Special Education Cluster [1]						
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379		768,906		
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197		158,455		
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				927,361		
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding:						
Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants						
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	10147		72,508		
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				72,508		
Total U. S. Department of Education				1,201,931		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:						
Passed through California Department of Education:						
Child Nutrition Cluster						
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525		25,076		
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526		22,508		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		81,742		
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding - Unanticipated School Closures	10.555	*		40,485		
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*		21,166		
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				190,977		
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				190,977		
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	1,392,908		

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
	Certificate No.	Certificate No.
	94ADEEDE	A4E460E5
SCHOOL DISTRICT		_
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	4,861.44	4,861.44
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	25.28	25.28
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	4.21	4.21
Total Ninth through Twelfth	4,890.93	4,890.93
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,890.93	4,890.93

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2019-20 Planned Instructional Minutes	2019-20 Planned Number of Days	2019-20 Actual Instructional Minutes	2019-20 Actual Number of Days	Instructional Minutes Closed due to COVID-19	Number of Days Certified Closed due to COVID-19*	Status
Grade 9	64,800	64,895	180	43,730	121	21,165	59	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,895	180	43,730	121	21,165	59	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,895	180	43,730	121	21,165	59	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,895	180	43,730	121	21,165	59	Complied

^{*}On December 1, 2020 the District certified that all schools were closed from March 13, 2020 to June 11, 2020 for a total of 59 instructional days due to COVID-19.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	20	021 (Budget)		2020		2019		2018
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**								
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	95,332,255	\$	95,973,776	\$	98,164,665	\$	82,693,671
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		94,989,873		93,538,583		99,088,678		87,730,092
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	342,382	\$	2,435,193	\$	(924,013)	\$	(5,036,421)
	•	0.4.4.0.4=0	_	04.0===04	_	40.040.500	_	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	21,418,173	\$	21,075,791	\$	18,640,598	\$	19,899,744
Available Reserves*	\$	14,567,062	\$	14,416,851	\$	4,606,522	\$	13,817,753
Available Reserves As A Percentage Of Outgo		15.34%		15.41%		4.65%		15.75%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	188,864,542	\$	198,282,196	\$	205,775,324	\$	209,217,454
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		4,952		4,891		4,807		4,553

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,176,047 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2020-21 budget projects an increase of \$342,382. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2020-21 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$10,935,258 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 338 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 61 ADA is anticipated during the 2020-21 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54 and audit adjustments. In addition, this schedule does not include the adjustment of \$217,522 to accounts receivable related to lottery revenue.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Special Res	ther
		General Fund	Than Capi Outlay Proj	
lune 20, 2020, annual financial and hudget report fund helence	ф.			
June 30, 2020, annual financial and budget report fund balance	Ф	21,075,791	\$	9,280
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:				
Accounts receivable		217,522		-
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		9,280	(9,280)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		226,802	(9,280)
June 30, 2020, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	21,302,593	\$	

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	Αdι	IIt Education Fund	Ca	ifeteria Fund	I	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Foundation ecial Revenue Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital utlay Projects	G	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS													
Cash and investments	\$	581,877	\$	186,375	\$	1,498,410	\$ 53,413	\$	310,595	\$	1,527,916	\$	4,158,586
Accounts receivable		46,566		54,436		-	-		2,956		-		103,958
Due from other funds		1,231		300,729		957,000	-		-		2,705,000		3,963,960
Stores inventory		-		14,522		-	-		-		-		14,522
Total Assets	\$	629,674	\$	556,062	\$	2,455,410	\$ 53,413	\$	313,551	\$	4,232,916	\$	8,241,026
LIABILITIES													
Accrued liabilities	\$	46,569	\$	51,570	\$	19,929	\$ -	\$	5,379	\$	289,043	\$	412,490
Due to other funds		327		2,658		-	-		-		-		2,985
Total Liabilities		46,896		54,228		19,929	-		5,379		289,043		415,475
FUND BALANCES													
Non-spendable		-		18,122		_	-		-		-		18,122
Restricted		582,778		483,712		_	53,413		308,172		3,943,873		5,371,948
Committed		_		-		2,435,481	-		-		-		2,435,481
Total Fund Balances		582,778		501,834		2,435,481	53,413		308,172		3,943,873		7,825,551
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	629,674	\$	556,062	\$	2,455,410	\$ 53,413	\$	313,551	\$	4,232,916	\$	8,241,026

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Foundation Special Revenue Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$ -	- \$	\$ 957,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 957,000
Federal sources	63,265	190,977	-	-	-	-	-	254,242
Other state sources	737,170	13,734	-	-	-	-	-	750,904
Other local sources	291,610	449,669	33,748	1,086	-	158,223	44,694	979,030
Total Revenues	1,092,045	654,380	990,748	1,086	-	158,223	44,694	2,941,176
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	308,692	-	-	-	-	-	-	308,692
Instruction-related services								
School site administration	497,707	-	-	-	-	-	-	497,707
Pupil services								
Food services	-	1,176,166	-	-	-	-	-	1,176,166
General administration								
Plant services	-	-	281,296	-	-	68,292	6,307	355,895
Facilities acquisition and maintenance	-	-	218,740	-	-	-	1,581,459	1,800,199
Community services	489,744	-	-	-	-	-	-	489,744
Debt service								
Interest and other		-	-	-	284,891	-	-	284,891
Total Expenditures	1,296,143	1,176,166	500,036	-	284,891	68,292	1,587,766	4,913,294
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(204,098	(521,786)	490,712	1,086	(284,891)	89,931	(1,543,072)	(1,972,118)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	800,000	-	-	-	-	2,705,000	3,505,000
Other sources	-	-	-	-	42,925,000	-	-	42,925,000
Other uses		-	-	-	(42,640,109)	-	-	(42,640,109)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		800,000	-	-	284,891	-	2,705,000	3,789,891
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(204,098	278,214	490,712	1,086	-	89,931	1,161,928	1,817,773
Fund Balance - Beginning	786,876	223,620	1,944,769	52,327	-	218,241	2,781,945	6,007,778
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 582,778	\$ 501,834	\$ 2,435,481	\$ 53,413	\$ -	\$ 308,172	\$ 3,943,873	\$ 7,825,551

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2020

The Tamalpais Union High School District was established on July 1, 1908 and is comprised of an area located in Marin County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating three comprehensive high schools, one continuation high school, one independent study high school, and an adult school program.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Leslie Harlander	President	2020
Cynthia Roenisch	Clerk	2022
Daniel Oppenheim	Member	2022
Kevin Saavedra	Member	2022
Karen Loebbaka	Member	2020

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Tara Taupier Superintendent

Lars Christensen
Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources and Facilities

Corbett Elsen
Chief Financial Officer

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2020 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2020.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		_
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 1,320,400
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	72,508
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,392,908

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (continued) JUNE 30, 2020

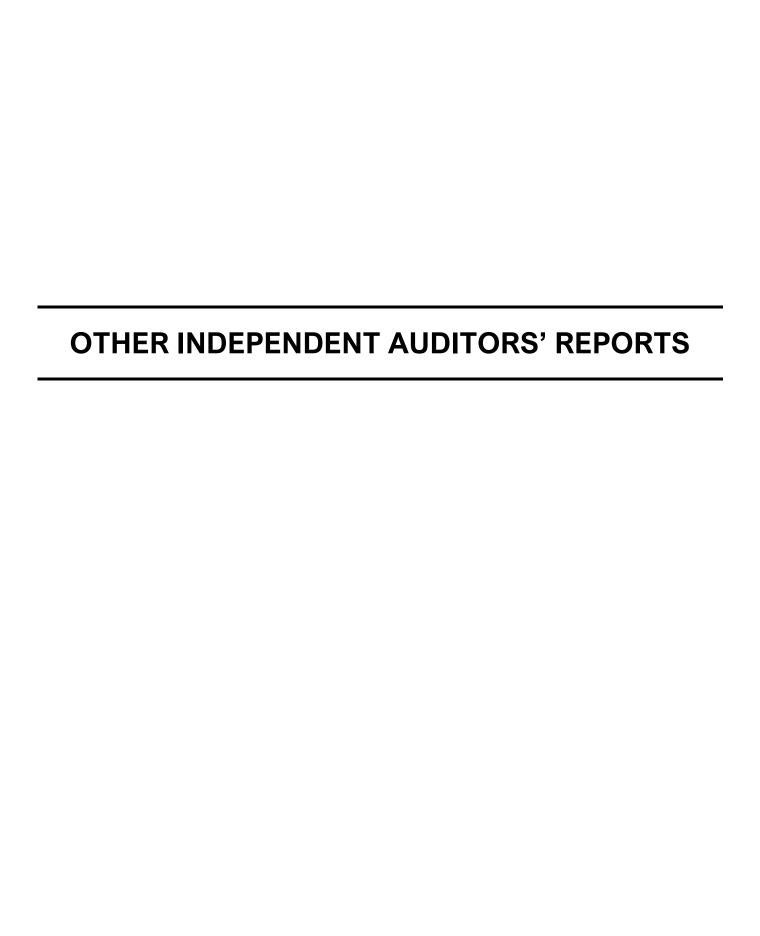
NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Tamalpais Union High School District Larkspur, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tamalpais Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tamalpais Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tamalpais Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

intplehete, Inc

January 21, 2021

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Tamalpais Union High School District Larkspur, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tamalpais Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Tamalpais Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tamalpais Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Tamalpais Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Tamalpais Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tamalpais Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Whate, Inc

San Diego, California January 21, 2021

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Tamalpais Union High School District Larkspur, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tamalpais Union High School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tamalpais Union High School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2019-2020 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Tamalpais Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Tamalpais Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Not Applicable
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Not Applicable
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

San Diego, California January 21, 2021

Chistolehete, Inc

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		Onnounca
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
		None Reported
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	monto notodo	
Non-compliance material to financial state	ments noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are require	red to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.027 & 84.027A	IDEA Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	n Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Internal control over state programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued on complian	nce for state programs:	Unmodified

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE20000
30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

TAMALPAIS UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINDING #2019-001: COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL SAFETY PLAN (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to California Education Code Sections 32280 - 32289, all California public schools kindergarten and grades one through twelve must develop a comprehensive school safety plan approved by the board of directors by March 1st of the current 2018-19 school year. Additionally, if the District does not develop and approve a comprehensive school safety plan by October 15, a letter must be submitted to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Condition: In testing of comprehensive school safety plans selected school sites, it was noted that comprehensive school safety plans were not approved by March 1. See below for site names and approval dates:

• Redwood High School: Plan approved May 7, 2019

San Andreas High School: Plan approved May 24, 2019

• Tamiscal High School: Plan approved June 8, 2019

Perspective/Context: Testing was performed at Redwood High School, San Andreas High School and Tamiscal High School.

Cause: Insufficient review procedures in place during the implementation process.

Effect: The District did not develop and approve a plan timely per Education Code.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Questioned Costs: None. The comprehensive school safety plans were approved in May of 2019 and June of 2019.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District continue to provide oversight and training to staff responsible for implementing new requirements in California Education Code in a timely manner.

Corrective Action Plan: In order to ensure compliance with California Education Code Sections 32280 – 32289 for the 2019-2020 school year, all TUHSD school site administrators have been informed by the Senior Director of Student Services that the Comprehensive School Safety Plans (CSSP) they developed prior to October 15, 2019 must have final approval by their School Site Council and returned to the Student Services Office by January 30, 2020 to allow enough time for Board approval by March 1, 2020.

Current Status: Implemented.