

# Muscogee County School District Columbus, Georgia

# **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by: Muscogee County Board of Education 2960 Macon Road P.O. Box 2427 Columbus, Georgia 31902-2427

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## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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**Introductory Section** 



#### To the Honorable Members of the Muscogee County Board of Education, the Citizens of Muscogee County, and the Financial Community:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Muscogee County School District ("the District") for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, is submitted herewith. This report was prepared by the Division of Financial Services. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures rests with management.

We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial activity have been reported.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in four sections: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Single Audit. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, certificates, board composition, a list of administrative staff, and the Muscogee County School District's organizational chart. The Financial Section includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, the combining and individual fund financial statements, and the auditor's report on the financial statements. The Statistical Section includes financial trend data, debt capacity data, demographic and economic information, and operating information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The District is required to undergo an annual audit. The independent audit of the financial statements of Muscogee County School District is part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and questioned costs, and the auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in the single audit section of this report.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Muscogee County School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### PROFILE OF THE MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Created by Constitutional Amendment as a separate independent District and separate political subdivision of the state of Georgia, the Muscogee County School District was a merger of the school systems of the City of Columbus, Georgia and Muscogee County, Georgia. Upon approval by the voters in the general election of November 2, 1948, these two school systems merged January 2, 1950.

The District is a legally separate financial entity and is not included in any other entity's financial reports. Under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, the various Parent-Teacher Association (PTAs), Parent-Teacher Organizations (PTOs), booster clubs, Columbus Museum, Inc., and the Muscogee County Library Foundation, Inc. are not component units of the District, and their financial activities are not included in the District's financial statements.

The Muscogee County Board of Education is the official governing body of the District and as such is responsible for the operation of all public schools within Muscogee County, Georgia. In accordance with Board Policy BBA – Board Officers and Georgia Code (O.C.G.A. §20-02-0057), at its January board meeting each year the Board elects a Chair and Vice-Chair to serve a one-year term. Other Board personnel, which also requires annual election in accordance to referenced board policy and Georgia code, includes the Secretary, Parliamentarian and Treasurer. The Superintendent of Education serves as the Board Secretary. The School Board Attorney serves as Board Parliamentarian and the Chief Financial Officer serves as the Board Treasurer.

The Muscogee County Board of Education and Superintendent of Education form the governance leadership team, with a focus on improving student achievement and organizational effectiveness. The Muscogee County Board of Education believes that legislation and adoption of policies is the foremost responsibility of a school board and that the execution of the policies should rest with the Superintendent.

The Superintendent of Education is appointed by the Board and serves as the Chief Executive Officer. For a term defined by the Board, the Superintendent has general supervisory and administration responsibility for the day-to-day operations of all departments and personnel of the District. The Georgia Constitution provides that the management and control of the district rest with the Board of Education. The nine elected Board members have policy and decision-making authority.

The Muscogee County School District proudly embraces a long history of academic achievement, a beacon of excellence, and remains committed to providing the programs and services to students and staff in our efforts to become a premier school district. This long standing commitment to providing a quality education started years ago. For example, in 1905, Muscogee County Schools was the first public school system in the nation to offer kindergarten as part of the instructional program. It also was the first school system in the nation to have a vocational high school program. The District has a pervasive belief that it is through this commitment to providing educational excellence that we can inspire *all* students, regardless of socio-economic status, race,

neighborhood or family structure to achieve their fullest life potential. Through the continued investment in students and staff, the foundation is laid for further positive returns, which equates to community growth and an improved quality of life for the citizens of Muscogee County.

The District is comprised of 57 schools, centers, and programs, along with two other entities. Service is provided to approximately 31,859 grades pre-K through 12 students. Of these students, 78.6% are eligible for free and reduced price meals. Roughly 92% of all school-aged children in Muscogee County attend Muscogee County Schools. As of June 30, 2019, the District encompassed the following facilities:

- ✓ 32 Elementary Schools (Grades Pre-K through 5)
- ✓ 12 Middle Schools (Grades 6-8)
- ✓ 10 High Schools (Grades 9-12)
- ✓ 3 Centers and Programs
- ✓ Columbus Museum
- ✓ Chattahoochee Valley Libraries

Muscogee County School District is the only school district in the state of Georgia with facilities that include both a public museum and public library. Of these referenced schools facilities, the earliest date of occupation is from 1918, which was prior to the merger of the school system of the city of Columbus and Muscogee County in 1950, and most recent 2019. Refer to Statistical section for listing of all schools through fiscal year 2019.

For the fiscal year ending 2019, the District employed 5,350 employees, including roughly 2,020 classroom teachers; ranking as the second principal employer in Muscogee County. As of June 30, 2019, the composition of the certificated staff consisted of staff that held doctorates (total 87) as well as personnel that are identified as National Board Certified Teachers and Georgia Master Teachers.

The District provides the curricular required by both local, state, and federal policies and statutes with an emphasis on student achievement. A breadth of services are provided, which include the following: regular and special education instructional programs at the elementary, middle, and secondary levels; additional services in prekindergarten; regional public library services; a public art gallery museum; and numerous other programs and services that are designed to further propel student achievement to heightened levels.

Other highlights of the Muscogee County School District include the following academics and enrichments:

- Academic Competitions
- Advanced Placement
- After-School Programs
- Arts and Humanities
- Athletics
- Career, Technology, and Agricultural Education (CTAE)
- Early Success Centers

- English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL) Instruction
- Gifted Education
- Guidance
- Health and Fitness
- Homeless Children Program
- Instructional Technology
- Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC)
- Magnet and Charter Schools
- Mentoring Program
- Parenting Workshops and Services
- Positive Behavioral Interventions & Supports (PBIS)
- Professional Learning
- Reading Literacy
- Special Education Instruction
- Teacher Keys Effectiveness System (TKES)

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# Muscogee County School District Columbus, Georgia

#### Mission

Our mission is to inspire and equip all students to achieve unlimited potential.

#### Vision

The MCSD is a beacon of educational excellence where all are known, valued, and inspired.

#### Values

MCSD fosters a healthy organization where... <u>WE</u> embrace equity and diversity <u>WE</u> hold ourselves and others to the same high standards <u>WE</u> commit to continuous learning and improvement <u>WE</u> treat everyone with dignity and respect ...as <u>WE</u> serve the needs of others.

#### **Strategic Anchors**

<u>WE</u> will make decisions... that benefit student achievement that are fiscally responsible with an eye on Return on Investment that invest in stakeholders that promote equity and access

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Muscogee County Schools, like school districts from around the country, continue to be challenged economically. We wrestle with securing the necessary funding to meet the ever-increasing needs of our student population, while striving to provide a high-quality education for <u>all</u> students that boosts student achievement and ensures postsecondary success.

The economic outlook of the state of Georgia has a significant impact on defining the ability of the state to participate in the funding of public education. Statewide, particularly for the past six consecutive fiscal years (FY 2014 – FY 2019). As with the last fiscal year end, there have been continued economic recovery. Most of the recovery continues to be primarily focused in the counties identified as the Atlanta Metropolitan area. Muscogee County, however, continues to be one of the few counties outside of this area to also experience economic recovery. This modest upward trend is evident by the increase in consumer spending, which results in an increase in tax revenues. Tax revenues, as with other state governments, are the primary funding source for the state of Georgia. Tax revenues serve as the foundation for defining the extent of the state's overall participation in the sharing in the funding of public education.

Governor Nathan Deal announced on July 8, 2019 that through June 2019, Georgia's <u>year-to-date</u>, Net Tax Revenue Collections totaled almost \$23.79 billion. This represented an overall increase of \$1.09 billion or 4.8 percent in comparison to June 2018, where Net Tax Revenues totaled almost \$22.71 billion. Year-over-year, monthly Net Tax Collections (individual income tax, sales and use tax, corporate income tax, and motor vehicle tag & title fees) for the state of Georgia have been up for the most part. For the month of June 2019, Net Tax Collections totaled \$2.12 billion, up \$146 million or 7.4% from June 2018. Georgia's Net Tax Collections for the periods July 2018 through June 2019 are reflected below:

Net Tax Collections Trends								
July 2018 - June 2019								
Period	Net Tax Collections	Year-over-Year Change						
Jul-18	\$1.78 billion	3.50%						
Aug-18	\$1.8 billion	7.00%						
Sep-18	\$2.23 billion	7.40%						
Oct-18	\$2.01 billion	17.70%						
Nov-18	\$1.83 billion	-0.70%						
Dec-18	\$2.16 billion	-4.50%						
Jan-19	\$2.25 billion	-12.20%						
Feb-19	\$1.30 billion	5.50%						
Mar-19	\$1.67 billion	7.00%						
Apr-19	\$2.87 billion	24.20%						
May-19	\$1.76 billion	0.10%						
Jun-19	\$2.12 billion	7.40%						

This upward trend in the state economy was again passed down to school districts in the form of the funding of the state mid-year budget for FY 2018. For school districts, the mid-year budget is primarily dedicated to the funding of any actual enrollment gains realized during the fiscal year given that the initial state funding was based on projected enrollments. For FY 2019, the Governor continued to pass along this positive growth in the economy by again funding more of its share of the State Quality Basic Education (QBE) Funding. This additional funding was shown as a reduction in the Austerity Reductions. For the first time since the introduction of Austerity Reductions in 2003, school districts from around the state saw this line item reduction completely eliminated for FY 2019. This marked the first time in the last sixteen years that the state has fully funded its share of public education. With this historical change, Austerity Reductions for the District for FY 2019 dropped to \$0 or declined 100% from FY 2018.

However, given that local boards of education staff much above the funding predicated by the State QBE funding formula to primarily address the ever increasing student academic needs, there remains a growing divide between the funding received and the actual funding needed. This increasing divide or disconnect has worked to increase the amounts that local boards of education, like Muscogee County Schools, have to expend from their local tax revenues to share in the funding of public education.

As reflected in the chart below, for fiscal years 2003 through 2019, the District realized \$192.6 million in Austerity Reductions.

Fiscal Year	Austerity Reductions	Cumulative Reductions
2003	\$ 3,120,951	\$ 3,120,951
2004	\$ 6,504,569	\$ 9,625,520
2005	\$ 7,643,084	\$ 17,268,604
2006	\$ 7,643,015	\$ 24,911,619
2007	\$ 3,639,342	\$ 28,550,961
2008	\$ 2,947,041	\$ 31,498,002
2009	\$ 10,604,723	\$ 42,102,725
2010	\$ 29,126,485	\$ 71,229,210
2011	\$ 23,159,128	\$ 94,388,338
2012	\$ 24,074,612	\$ 118,462,950
2013	\$ 23,840,635	\$ 142,303,585
2014	\$ 21,238,578	\$ 163,542,163
2015	\$ 14,404,918	\$ 177,947,081
2016	\$ 8,749,798	\$ 186,696,879
2017	\$ 3,013,669	\$ 189,710,548
2018	\$ 2,951,039	\$ 192,661,587
2019	\$ -	\$ 192,661,587



#### Property Tax Digest, Levies, and Revenues Actual FY 2013-FY 2019

Facel	Colora ber Veren	N-4 M9 O	Net M&O	Dement	7.01	December Terr	Property Tax Collections	Charman
Fiscal Year	Calendar Year Mill Levy	Net M&O Tax Digest	Tax Digest Change	Percent Change	Mill Levy	Property Tax Collections	Change (Dollars)	Change (Percent)
	v	0	8	0	·		`````	<u> </u>
2013	2012	4,200,525,525	144,223,104	3.56%	23.37	\$102,163,235	\$1,562,010	1.55%
2014	2013	4,224,773,550	24,248,025	0.58%	23.37	\$104,142,654	\$1,979,419	1.94%
2015	2014	4,336,677,026	111,903,476	2.65%	23.37	\$105,910,345	\$1,767,691	1.70%
2016	2015	4,416,380,018	79,702,992	1.84%	23.37	\$106,923,792	\$1,013,447	0.96%
2017	2016	4,508,513,165	92,133,147	2.09%	23.37	\$107,241,615	\$317,823	0.30%
2018	2017	5,075,766,466	567,253,301	12.58%	23.321	\$110,725,553	\$3,483,938	3.25%
2019	2018	5,038,769,249	-36,997,217	-0.73%	23.321	\$113,852,340	\$3,126,787	2.82%

From a local revenues perspective, the changes in the Net Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Digest as well as the changes in Property Tax Collections are reflected above. Overall, the District has realized year-over-year positive gains in both measurements. In regards to the Net M&O Tax Digest, the most noteworthy change occurred in CY 2017, FY 2018. During this period, the digest grew by \$567.2 million or 12.58% over CY 2016, FY 2017. This growth was due to the complete revaluation of properties county-wide. However, the county experienced over 11,000 appeals to the initial property tax assessments. The final property tax assessments resulted in significant cuts in values, overwhelmingly reducing the tax digest whereby for the following year the digest reported a year-over-year decline in value. At the conclusion of the appeal process, the final values derived served as the basis for property values for both CY 2018, FY 2019 and CY 2019, FY 2020. As reflected in the chart above, for FY 2019 the Net M&O Tax Digest was \$5.0 billion, representing a decline of 36.9 million or 0.73% in relation to FY 2018.

The Property Tax Collections, however, have realized continued year-over-year gains for all periods reported. Even after factoring in the assessed 2.5% administrative processing fee and an almost 99% collection rate, the District has realized year-over-year percentage gains as high as 3.25% as in FY 2018. These collection gains are all attributed to the continued modest growth in the Net M&O Tax Digest. The District still managed to realize a year-over-year increase in Local Property Tax Revenues for FY 2019, which totaled \$113.8 million. This represents an increase of \$3.1 million or 2.82% over FY 2018.

The District, as in prior years, continues to make a concerted effort to achieve the proper balance between financial resources and expenditures while yet ensuring funding for those programs and enrichment initiatives that will propel student learning to heightened levels. This is all done in our efforts to be a premier school district. To address the continued reduction in state funding, the District remains fiscally responsible by closely monitoring expenditures, which includes evaluating programs for effectiveness and assessing the need for the closure and/or consolidation of schools. This is all done while taking into consideration population shifts and the age of existing facilities. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, for 2018 the population of the Columbus MSA was 194,160 versus 194,058 for 2017, an increase of 102 or .05%. The labor work force for September 2018 was 124,051 and the unemployment rate was 4.2%. For June 2019, the labor work force was 124,422 and the unemployment rate was 5.7%. The year-over-year decrease of 371 in the labor work force and the 1.5% drop in the unemployment rate were attributed to the year-over-year decline in population and the continued full employment realized nation-wide where the conditions continue to allow for those that are able and willing to work to be gainfully employed. This continues to mirror the employment rate nationwide.

The Major Industries – Industry Mix reporting for 1st quarter 2019, which was the most recent statistic available, reflects the average monthly number of employees located in Muscogee County as 94,629. For this same period, the largest major industry sector was Health Care and Social Assistance, accounting for 13.1% of the average monthly number of employees. This was followed by Accommodation and Food Service at 12.0% and Retail Trade at 10.8%. These three industries dominated the major industry stats in some form for 2018 as well.

#### STUDENT ENROLLMENT

The State QBE Act, which is the current mechanism used by the state of Georgia to provide funding for public education, requires school districts to report student enrollments in terms of Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) students. The funding weight or value assigned to each direct instructional program times the number of students enrolled equals the total State QBE funding earned by a school district. Since State QBE funding accounts for over 58% of the District's General Fund Total Revenues for FY 2019, the accuracy of the student enrollment count is critical to the District's continued solvency.

Of the school-aged children in Muscogee County, approximately 92% attend Muscogee County Schools. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the pupil teacher ratio is basically identical to the prior fiscal year ending. The District continues to primarily dedicate more and more resources to the classroom by funding additional teacher allocations, particularly for the most challenged schools. The District also continued to strategically focus resources to improve overall student achievement. The year-over-year academic gains realized in both state and national assessments is evident that the Muscogee County Schools once again remain postured for success.

The District's Student Enrollment trends for FY 2014 through FY 2019 for grades Pre-K through Grade 12 are reflected on the following page. In comparison to FY 2018, for FY 2019, the District realized a year-over-year growth in enrollment of 96 or 0.30%. This increased enrollment resulted in an increase in State QBE Earnings for FY 2019. As reflected, this is the second consecutive year in the last twelve years that the District has realized a growth in enrollment. This is primarily attributed to the transient nature of the student population.

The average student enrollment for grades Pre-K through Grade 12 for FY 2014 through FY 2019 is 31,925. The District is projecting comparable enrollments for future fiscal years.

FTE Enrollment By School								
	Oct 2013, FY 2014	Oct 2014, FY 2015	Oct 2015, FY 2016	Oct 2016, FY 2017	Oct 2017, FY 2018	Oct 2018, FY 2019		
All Schools								
Elementary Schools	16,127	16,367	16,168	15,887	15,887	15,726		
Middle Schools	7,005	6,884	6,674	6,714	6,539	6,946		
High Schools	8,996	9,061	9,057	8,989	9,337	9,187		
Total - All Schools	32,128	32,312	31,899	31,590	31,763	31,859		
Annual Growth	-44	184	-413	-309	173	96		
Year-over-Year Percentage Change	-0.1%	0.6%	-1.3%	-1.0%	0.5%	0.3%		

#### Muscogee County Schools Enrollment Summary - All Schools

Average Enrollment (FY 2014-FY 2019) 31,925



#### MAJOR INITIATIVES

The District remains committed to addressing its challenges as it strives toward reaching the goal of becoming a premier district in Georgia. The district's top three challenges in prioritized order include:

- Ensuring high expectations in support of all students achieving graduation and success beyond
- Ensuring flexible and formalized staffing and operational processes in support of student achievement
- Ensuring the system's culture reflects the transition from compliance to commitment as evidenced through engaged stakeholders

Some of the initiatives, as indicated in the updated Strategic Plan, and achievements earned through Fiscal Year 2019 include:

Initiatives:

- Implementation of Achieve3000 reading and literacy program in all schools
- Launched implementation of Canvas, a new district-wide Learning Management System
- Turnitin, which is an automated digital learning program focused on accelerating literacy, is being implemented in grades 4-12
- Facilitated district-wide book study, Better Learning through Structured Teaching, with all Principals, Assistant Principals, Academic Coaches, Local Education Agency (LEA) Facilitators, and select district staff
- Completion of all Phase I 2015 E-SPLOST projects and significant completion of Phase II projects. Notable 2015 E-SPLOST projects substantially completed and their estimated budget include the following:
  - ✓ Replacement of Spencer High School, \$56 million
  - ✓ Rainey-McCullers School of the Arts program enhancements, \$6 million
  - ✓ Replacement of Gym at Fort Middle School, \$3.6 million
  - ✓ Upgrading Kinnett Stadium, \$3.5 million
- Continued to address issues of under-representation of minority students in gifted education program
- Continued district-wide implementation of Positive Behavior Intervention Strategies (PBIS) to improve discipline and reduce out-of-school suspensions
- Increased the number of fine arts and physical education teachers at the elementary level
- Increased the number of assistant principals at the elementary level
- Initiated the second phase to alleviate the salary compression within the non-certificated personnel compensation plan
- Continued rollout of Salary Compensation Study for non-certificated personnel districtwide
- Initiated new technology solution TalentEd, for recruitment, application processing, and hiring

- Initiated redesign of the school district website
- Continued process management training across all divisions by Project Management team using gradual release model
- Approval of the district's Strategic Waiver Application by the State Board of Education
- Reading Wonders, an elementary Reading and English Language Arts (ELA) instructional materials program (core and intervention)
- enVision Math, an elementary Mathematics instructional materials program (core and intervention)
- Georgia Collections, a secondary English Language Arts (ELA) instructional materials program (core and intervention)
- Go Math, a middle school Mathematics instructional materials program (core and intervention)
- AGA, a high school Mathematics instructional materials program (core and intervention)
- Leveled Learning Intervention (LLI), a secondary English Language Art Intervention materials program (core and intervention)
- Continued redesign of School Improvement Plans (SIP) to include detailed plans beginning with FY 2017 for professional development days, coaching cycles, monitoring, and evaluation processes
- Continued implementation of zero-based budgeting model, strategically aligning overarching needs with available funding in an effort to improve the financial health of the District in light of continued funding shortfalls

Achievements:

- Board of Education recognized as Distinguished Board for 2019
- During the 2018-2019 school year, the district increased or maintained its percentage of students identified as Proficient and Distinguished Learners in 75% (18 out of 24) of the content areas assessed by the 2018 Georgia Milestones End of Grade (EOG) and End of Course (EOC) tests. The district also decreased or maintained its numbers of students identified as Beginning Learners in 75% of those areas and outperformed the other Tier II Districts in 17 out of 24 assessed areas.
- In 2019, the District's graduation four year cohort graduation rate of 86.1 surpassed the state rate of 82.0. This is the fifth consecutive year that the District's graduation rate has surpassed the state of Georgia at a higher rate.
- The 2019 American College Test (ACT) composite and subject results for the Muscogee County School District were the highest set of scores for the District to date. In addition, the number of students tested in Muscogee County increased year-to-date for the 2018-2019 school year. Additionally, the Muscogee County School District 2019 SAT results saw improvements in the District's composite and reading and writing scores. The District's reading and writing scores exceeded both the state and national averages for the second time.

• For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, due to the District's continued conscientious efforts in being fiscally responsible, which includes continuation of the zero-based budgeting model, the General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance was \$30 million. This represents 35.55 days of operations, which is a reduction of 3.59 days in relation to the previous fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, as reflected in the chart below. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommends that governments, regardless of size, maintain unrestricted fund balance in their General Fund, at a minimum of 60 days. The Muscogee County Schools, in relation to comparable sized school districts, has been able to maintain a favorable fund balance while still providing the resources and services to meet the ever-changing needs of its students and staff.

The Unassigned Fund Balance and Days of Operations for FY 2012-FY 2019 is reflected below:

Fiscal Year	md Balance, Jnassigned	Change (Dollars)	Cumulative Change	Fund Balance, Unassigned Days of Operational Expenditures+Transfers Out (Future Year)
2012	\$ 24,380,930	\$ (4,072,547)		31.86
2013	\$ 21,397,814	\$ (2,983,116)	-12.24%	28.86
2014	\$ 24,557,670	\$ 3,159,856	14.77%	33.86
2015	\$ 39,459,441	\$ 14,901,771	60.68%	53.59
2016	\$ 48,834,736	\$ 9,375,295	23.76%	64.90
2017	\$ 40,193,786	\$ (8,640,950)	-17.69%	50.80
2018	\$ 32,462,389	\$ (7,731,397)	-19.24%	39.14
2019	\$ 30,048,885	\$ (2,413,504)	-7.43%	35.55

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and School District Records

#### ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The District's financial statements for all governmental fund types are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the goods or services are received and the liabilities are incurred. There is one major exception to this rule: Expenditures for principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due.

The General Fund budget, as adopted by the Board of Education for the fiscal year, is a nonappropriated budget. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District not otherwise accounted for in another fund. The operating budget contains proposed Expenditures and the means for financing them. The District is not legally required to stay within the budget, but under State law it must not end any fiscal year with a general fund deficit fund balance. It is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Under the cash basis, certain revenues and the related assets are recognized when received rather than when earned; and certain expenses are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred. In developing and evaluating the District's accounting system, consideration is given to the accuracy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding:

- the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use and/or disposition and
- the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and
- the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary control is maintained at the function level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Long-term financial planning is one of the major components of the District's capital outlay program. This planning includes the five-year facility plan, which works to ensure that the District's needs regarding capital outlay are met. Capital expenditures plans are formalized in consideration of programmatic needs, enrollment forecasts, current facility assessments, and anticipated annual receipts of capital outlay funds from the state of Georgia. The monitoring and assessment of anticipated capital outlay needs and securing the necessary funding is an ongoing process within the district.

Beginning with the fiscal year 2016 budget cycle, the District began the process of extending the long-term financial planning process in an effort to ensure the funding needed to achieve district-wide long-term or multi-year operational needs.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

As required by law, an annual audit of the financial records, books of account, and financial affairs of the District has been made by an independent auditor. The auditor's opinion, as prepared by Robinson, Grimes & Company, P.C., is included within the Financial Section of this report.

An audit is also performed of the various programs for which the District receives federal funding. This required audit is performed in accordance with the Title II U.S. Code of Federal Regulation ("CFR") Part 200 <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements</u>, <u>Cost Principles</u>, <u>and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> (Uniform Guidance). The performance of the annual audit works to provide the additional level of review and assurance regarding the accountability and management of all funds.

#### AWARDS

**Financial Reporting -** The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting, respectively, to the Muscogee County School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This marks the thirty-third and twenty-sixth consecutive year that the District has submitted and successfully achieved the prestigious Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from GFOA and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from ASBO, respectively. To be awarded these awards, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report that meets the prescribed program standards required by each organization. The report must also satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and other legal requirements and regulations. Both certificates, the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting, are only valid for a period of one year. The District will submit the CAFR for the current fiscal year to both GFOA and ASBO for consideration. We are confident that the document continues to meet the standards for award.

**Budget Presentation** - The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) recognized Muscogee County School District for excellence in budget presentation by awarding the Pathway to the Meritorious Budget Award (MBA) for the 2018-2019 fiscal year for its FY 2019 Official Budget Document. This award is to promote and recognize best budget presentation practices in school districts. Most of all, it reflects the District's commitment to sound fiscal management and budgetary policies. It marks the first time in the history of the District that this prestigious recognition was earned. Muscogee County School District was one of six school districts internationally and the only school district in the state of Georgia to earn this esteemed recognition. This award is valid for a period of one year.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) presented the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the Muscogee County School District for its FY 2017 Official Budget Document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. This award represents a significant achievement for the District. It reflects the commitment of the governing body and staff to meeting the highest principles of governmental budgeting. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as a financial plan, as an operations guide, and as a communications device. For fiscal year 2017, Muscogee County School District was one of five school districts in the state of Georgia to achieve this award. It marked the first year that the District has received this prestigious award. The award is valid for a period of one year. As of the document publication, the District is still awaiting for award status of the FY 2018 submission to GFOA.

**Procurement** - For 2019, the Muscogee County School District was awarded the nationally recognized Achievement of Excellence in Procurement Award by the National Procurement Institute, Inc. (NPI). This esteemed award is earned by public organizations that demonstrate

excellence in the areas of innovation, professionalism, e-procurement, productivity, and leadership attributes of the procurement process.

Attainment of this award was the result of the District's system-wide implementation of procurement best practices. Muscogee County School District is proud to be one of only 13 agencies in the state of Georgia and one of only 23 school districts in the United States and Canada to earn this prestigious recognition. This marks the second year, with fiscal year 2017 being the first, that the District has earned this distinguished award. The District remains committed to continuous improvement regarding its purchasing policies and procedures and will pursue the award for future fiscal years.

#### ACKNOWLEGMENT

This document could not have been made possible without the hard work and dedication of the entire staff of the Division of Financial Services. We also extend a special thanks to the many persons from across the District that assisted with this endeavor. Thanks for your thoughts and efforts and once again coming through for us.

To the citizens of Muscogee County, we thank you and are honored to serve you. Please accept our appreciation for your continued support of the Muscogee County School District.

Finally, we would also like to thank the members of the Muscogee County Board of Education for their leadership, commitment, and unfailing support as we work together to become a premier school district; optimizing our financial resources to invest in the future of Muscogee County, our students.

Respectfully submitted

Dr. David F. Lewis Superintendent of Education

Theresa Y. Thornton, MBA, CPA Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer

December 2, 2019



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **Muscogee County School District**

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

> The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



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Tom Wohlleber, CSRM President

1.

David J. Lewis Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### Muscogee County School District

Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO



This Pathway to the MBA Award is presented to

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

for excellence in the preparation and issuance of its budget for the Fiscal Year 2018-2019.

> The budget adheres to the principles and standards of ASBO International's Meritorious Budget Award criteria.



2 Wohlle

Tom Wohlleber, CSRM President

David J. Lewis Executive Director



#### GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

# Distinguished Budget Presentation Award

PRESENTED TO

# **Muscogee County School District**

#### Georgia

For the Fiscal Year Beginning

July 1, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director



August 6, 2019

Mr. Edwin Joseph Director of Purchasing and Supply Management Muscogee County School District Muscogee County Public Education Center, 2960 Macon Road Columbus, GA 31906

Subject: 2019 Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® Award

Dear Mr. Joseph,

I'm pleased to inform you that your agency's procurement department has earned the 2019 Achievement of Excellence in Procurement<sup>®</sup> Award.

We've attached your copy of the formal announcement letter sent to the organization official identified in your application, and your scorecard (ID 1291) is enclosed.

A beautiful AEP Award trophy will be shipped to your organization in the coming weeks.

Congratulations on the 2019 Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® Award!

Sincerely,

B.F.A.

Brian P. Garrity, CPSM, C.P.M., CPPB Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® Award Officer

The Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® recognizes organizational excellence in public and nonprofit procurement. The award criteria are designed to measure innovation, professionalism, eprocurement, productivity, and leadership attributes of the procurement function. The Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® is sponsored by the National Procurement Institute (NPI), the California Association of Public Procurement Officials (CAPPO), the Florida Association of Public Procurement Officials (FAPPO), the Institute for Supply Management (ISM), NIGP: The Institute for Public Procurement, the National Association of Educational Procurement (NAEP), the National Association of State Procurement Officials (NASPO), the Texas Public Purchasing Association (TxPPA), and the Canadian Public Procurement Council / Conseil canadien des marchés publics.

> NATIONAL PROCUREMENT INSTITUTE, INC. PO Box 2774, Rockport, TX 78381 Tel: 702.989.8095 Fax: 702.967.0744 Toll Free: 866.877.7641 www.npiconnection.org



### MUSCOGEE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION <u>FUNCTION AND COMPOSITION</u>

All matters relating to the education and operations of the Muscogee County School District are governed and controlled by the Muscogee County Board of Education, as provided by Georgia law.

The Board has the responsibility to maintain a reasonable uniform system of public schools providing quality education for all young people of Muscogee County. With the advice of the Superintendent, it must determine the policies and prescribe the rules and regulations for the proper management of the school district.

The Board is legally responsible for the operation of the District and for establishing all related policy. The Board currently consists of nine elected members, eight elected from single member districts and one elected at-large. The members are elected to staggered four-year terms. The Board has independent taxing authority, which began in fiscal year 1995.

Regular meetings are held on the third Monday of each month at 6:00 p.m. in the Board Room at the Muscogee County Public Education Center. All meetings are open to the public. Special meetings may be called at other times by the Board Chairperson. At all meetings, a majority of the entire membership constitutes a quorum. The Board annually elects a Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson from its members.

For fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the Board Members and terms are as follows:

1

Name and Office Held	Term Started	Expiration of Term	Number of Years in Office	Principal Occupation
Patricia Hugley-Green, Chair	01/01/2005	12/31/2020	14	Insurance Agent
Laurie McRae, Vice-Chair	01/01/2017	12/31/2020	2	Attorney
Naomi Buckner	01/01/2003	12/31/2022	16	Educator
Mark Cantrell	01/01/2011	12/31/2022	8	Business
Kia Chambers	01/01/2015	12/31/2022	4	Realtor
Dr. Michael Edmondson	01/01/2019	12/31/2022	0	Retired MCSD Educator
Vanessa Jackson	01/01/2017	12/31/2020	2	Business
*Dr. Philip T. Schley, Sr.	01/01/2019	12/31/2022	0	Retired Urologist
**Cathy Williams	01/01/2017	12/31/2020	2	Business

\*Prior to current term, Dr. Schley served 21 years (1972-1981 and 1998-2010) \*\*Prior to current term, Mrs. Williams served 7 years (2007-2014)

#### **School Board Members**





Patricia Hugley-Green 🔤 Board Chair Undtrect 1 Term Ends:2020 706-887-2888 706-746-2002 Fax P. O. Box 6177 Columbus, GA 31917



Laurie C. McRae 🔤 Board Vice Char Unstruct 5 Ferm Ends:2020 708-617-9179 706-748-2002 Fax 1925 Preston Drive Columbus, GA 31908



Kia Chambers 🔤 mines Marel At Large Member At Large Hember I ern Ende:2022 706-577-3218 706-748-2002 Fax 5655 Vaterans Perkway Columbus, GA 31904



Dr. Michael H. Edmondson 🔤 Committee Member Committee Member Underst 2 Ferm Ends:2022 708-587-4584 708-748-2002 Fax P.O. Box 2427

Columbus, GA 31902

Mark Cantrell

Convertee Member Unstruct 6 Term Ender:2022 708-393-4000 708-748-2002 Par

8724-25 McKee Road Upstoi, GA 31829



Vanessa K. Jackson 🔤 Connities Membe Committee Member Urathost 3 I ann Ends:2020 708-817-3985 708-748-2002 Fax 3751 Robin Road Columbus, GA 31908



Cathy Williams 📓

Committee Member Dratingt 7 Lenn Ender2020 706-817-9488 706-748-2002 Fax 731 1st Avenue Columbus, GA 31901



Naomi Buckner 🔤 Convertise Ment Dratnet 4 lerm Ends:2022 708-563-2258 708-748-2002 Fax 620 Baxley Way Columbus, GA 31907



Dr. Philip T. Schley, Sr. 🜌

Conveites Meetber Dratect 8 Families Meetber Dratect 8 Families 2022 706-330-8925 706-748-2002 Fae P.O. Box 2427 Columbus, GA 31902



**Dr. David F. Lewis** Superintendent of Education Muscogee County School District

Dr. David F. Lewis began his career with Polk County Public Schools in 1979 as band director at Fort Meade Middle-Senior High School. He became Assistant Principal at Fort Meade Middle-Senior and also served as Assistant Principal at Frostproof Middle-Senior High School. He served as Principal at Frostproof Middle-Senior High School for ten years.

While at Frostproof High School, Dr. Lewis was the recipient of numerous local and state awards to include: School-to-Work Administrator of the Year, Florida Music Educators' Association Administrator of the year, Polk County Outstanding High School Principal, Frostproof Chamber of Commerce's Man of the Year, Education Commissioner's Award for Outstanding Leadership, Polk County's Principal Achievement Award, and Florida Principal of the Year.

In 2004, Governor "Jeb" Bush made an official visit to Frostproof Middle School in recognition of the school's successful reading initiatives under Dr. Lewis. In 2005, Dr. Lewis was promoted to the district level position of Senior Director of High Schools and was appointed Senior Director of Secondary Education in 2009. Effective September 1, 2010, Dr. Lewis was appointed as the Associate Superintendent for Learning of the Polk County District where he provided direct oversight for the curriculum and learning needs of 95,000 students, 6,000 teachers, and a \$126 million budget.

During his tenure in this leadership role, the district achieved seven consecutive years of improved graduation rates and was recognized as College Board's large District of the Year for the greatest increase in both student participation and performance on Advanced Placement assessments, particularly that of under-represented populations. Other leadership positions held by Dr. Lewis include President of the Division of Instructional Leaders for the Florida Association of School Administrators and President of the Florida School Music Association.

On July 23, 2013, Dr. David F. Lewis was appointed to the position of Superintendent of Education for the Muscogee County School District. On December 4, 2014, Dr. Lewis completed his dissertation to earn his doctorate degree in Educational Leadership. On June 12, 2015, Dr. Lewis received his doctorate degree in Educational Leadership. He is married to Karen, his wife of 35 plus years. Karen Lewis is a retired educator. They have three children, Monica, Douglas, and Stephanie, and one grandson, Noah David.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION						
Dr. David Lewis	Superintendent of Education					
Vacant	Assistant Superintendent					
Gregory Arp	Chief of Police					
Joseph Slaughter, III	Director - Internal Audit					
Mercedes Parham	Director - Communications					
TECHNOLOGY and INFORMATION SERVICES						
Ronald Pleasant	Chief Information Officer					
Casey Hergett	Senior Director - Enterprise Technology					
Michael Barden	Senior Director - Technology, Learning & Support					
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES						
Keith Seifert	Chief Academic Officer					
Terry Baker	Region Chief - West					
Dr. Ronald Wiggins	Region Chief - East					
James Wilson	Region Chief - Central					
Lorrie Watt	Executive Director - K-12 Curriculum					
Dr. Timothy Smith	Executive Director - Federal Programs					
Roger Barros	Director - J.R.O.T.C.					
Christine Hull	Director - Advanced Learning and Gifted Programs					
Victoria Thomas	Director - Career, Technical and Agricultural Education					
Vacant	Director - Early Success Centers					
Robbie Holt	Director - Arts and Humanities					
Patrick Knopf	Director - Research, Accountability and Assessment					
Vacant	Director - GaTAPP Program					
FINANCIAL SERVICES						
Theresa Thornton, MBA, CPA	Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer					
Janice Bloodworth, CPA	Senior Director - Accounting					
Edwin Joseph	Director - Purchasing and Supply Management					
HUMAN RESOURCES						
Kathy Tessin	Chief Human Resources Officer					
Brenda Reed	Director - Human Resources					
Tracy Fox	Director - Risk Management					
STUDENT SERVICES	2 notion 1 non management					
Dr. Angela Vickers	Chief Student Services Officer					
Vacant	Executive Director - Programs for Exceptional Children					
Sarah Sillitto	Senior Director - Regulatory Compliance					
Kevin Scott	Director - Student Services					
LaChrista Thornton	Director - Woodall Center					
Dr. Trikella Nelson	Director - Guidance					
Jeffrey Battles	Director - System-Wide Athletics					
Dr. Kenya Gilmore	Director - Georgia Project AWARE & PBIS					
BUSINESS AFFAIRS	Director Georgia Hojeet Awarde & This					
David Goldberg	Chief Operations and Facilities Officer					
Herbert Hill	Chief Operations and Facilities Officer Director - Transportation					
James Odom, Jr.	Director - Plant Services					
Susan Schlader	Director - Frant Services					
COMMUNITY SERVICES	Director - School Nutrition Flogram					
R. Allen Harkness	Director - Chattahoochee Valley Libraries					
Marianne Richter	Director - Columbus Museum					
	Director - Columbus Museum					



## Muscogee County School District Organizational Chart

June 30, 2019



XXVI

**Financial Section**


#### Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Columbus, Georgia

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Muscogee County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the government's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the government's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Page Two

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Muscogee County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Federal and State Programs Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Muscogee County School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical tables and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> ("Uniform Guidance"), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Page Three

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2019 on our consideration of the Muscogee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Muscogee County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Grimes + Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

December 2, 2019

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The discussion and analysis of Muscogee County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter, the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of Muscogee County School District's financial performance.

# **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

• Fourth consecutive year that the District has dedicated funding to allow for salary and wage increases for staff district-wide, primarily addressing the inequity in pay and relieving the salary compression within pay grade for non-certificated staff. For FY 2019, this impacted all certificated staff and approximately 60% of non-certificated staff district-wide. This included a 2% increase for certificated staff, which was reflected as an increase to the local supplement, effective September 1, 2018. In addition, the District continued its long standing practice of passing along the step increase within the current state of Georgia teacher salary schedule.

Funding for the new campus Police Department of \$1.7 million to proactively address the need for increased security presence throughout all facilities in response to rising school violence that has been increasing nationwide at alarming rate.

For the General Fund alone total expenditures grew to \$290.2 million from \$275 million, an increase of \$15.2 million or 5.51% over FY 2018.

- The ending fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$4.6 million from \$56 million for FY 2018 to \$51.4 million for FY 2019. The District's continued conscientious effort to direct additional resources to the classroom in response to growing student needs resulted in the year-over-year draw on reserves of 8.2%. Fiscal year ending 2019 marks the third consecutive year that the District had to use reserves to balance the General Fund budget to address funding short falls.
- The collections for the 2015 Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (E-SPLOST) which expires July 2020, totaled \$36.8 million.

# Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to the statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Muscogee County School District as a

financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a long-term view of those finances. Fund Financial Statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The Fund Financial Statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Muscogee County School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund. The Statement of Fiduciary Assets & Liabilities provides financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as an agent for the activities of various schools and other organizations within the District.

# **Reporting the District as a Whole**

# **Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities**

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2019?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. This is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in position. From the change in net position, the reader is able to determine the District's overall financial performance as a whole. Specifically, from the year-over-year comparison, the reader is able to ascertain if there was an improvement or decline in overall financial performance.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District consists solely of governmental activities. The District's programs and services reported here include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, and pupil transportation.

# **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

# **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's funds. The District uses various funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions that are necessary for the successful day-to-day operations of the District. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, Federal and State Programs, and the Debt Service Fund.

*Governmental Funds.* All of the District's non-fiduciary activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances remaining at year end that are available to meet future expenditure needs. The District's financial statements for all governmental fund types are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the goods or services are received and the liabilities are incurred. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services that it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine if there are adequate financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

*Fiduciary Fund.* The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to the various activities of schools and other locations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.* The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### The District as a Whole

The Net Position for the District, which includes all financial activity of the District, increased by \$30.4 million, or 15.15% during FY 2019. This increase is evidenced by a decrease in the net pension and other post-employment benefits related liabilities of \$19.3 million and a decrease in bonds and short-term liabilities of \$23.1 million, which was offset by a decrease in total assets of \$12.2 million. The year-over-year increase in operating grants and contributions revenues of \$7.8 million also favorably impacted net position. In addition, for period ending June 30, 2019, the District realized an increase in local property taxes of \$2.1 million or 1.87%. Finally receipt of the sales tax proceeds associated with the 2015 Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (E-SPLOST) collections, which began July 1, 2015, also contributed to this increase in net position. Sales taxes revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 increased to \$37.6 million, an increase of \$1.9 million or 5.42% over the previous fiscal year end. As in prior years, capital assets activity contributed to this increase as well.

General revenues accounted for \$155.6 million or 41.1% of all revenues, which was an increase of \$5.8 million or 3.88% from the previous year end. The balance of the revenues are identified as program specific revenues, such as charges for services, grants, and contributions. Program specific revenues accounted for \$223.0 million or 58.9% of total revenues of \$378.7 million.

The District realized \$348.3 million in expenses related to governmental activities; \$223.0 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating grants, and contributions. General revenues provided the necessary funding for these programs.

Below and on the following page are the condensed financial statements that were extracted from the government-wide financial statements.

	Governmental Activities								
		2019	/1116						
	2019			2018*					
ASSETS	¢		<i>ф</i>	100 0 10 771					
Current and other assets	\$	177,766,925	\$	199,843,771					
Capital assets, net of		(12 7(4 27)		(02.965.00)					
accumulated depreciation		613,764,378		603,865,096					
Total assets		791,531,303	803,708,867						
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES		69,349,119		53,239,789					
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities		74,676,912		78,975,596					
Long-term liabilities		485,902,512		527,569,935					
Total liabilities		560,579,424	_	606,545,531					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES		69,476,912		49,942,535					
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		590,724,060		558,978,356					
Restricted		62,262,027		78,539,910					
Unrestricted		(422,162,001)		(437,057,676)					
Total net position	\$	230,824,086	\$	200,460,590					

MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

\* Restated; see Note VI.

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 AND 2018

	Governmental Activities							
Revenues		2019		2018				
Program Revenues					-			
Charges for services	\$	3,316,581	\$	3,637,850				
Operating grants and contributions		218,721,084		210,907,040				
Capital grants and contributions		989,570		1,446,153				
General Revenues								
Property taxes		114,138,304		112,042,314				
Sales taxes		37,646,096		35,710,611				
Investment income		3,572,396		1,668,777				
Other revenues		275,825		404,266				
Total revenues		378,659,856		365,817,011				
Expenses								
Instruction		205,962,242		208,664,235				
Student support services		11,895,100		11,716,026				
Instructional staff services		10,398,758		11,052,649				
Educational media services		4,904,659		4,986,210				
General administration		3,118,950		2,889,338				
School administration		19,530,089		20,018,476				
Business support		3,883,031		4,064,992				
Plant maintenance and operation		30,785,791		28,717,632				
Student transportation services		16,851,343		16,059,998				
School nutrition		20,552,865		20,599,687				
Other support services		20,283,045		20,022,906				
Interest on long term debt		130,487		707,812	*			
Total governmental activity expenses		348,296,360		349,499,961				
Change in net position		30,363,496		16,317,050				
Net Position-Beginning of year		200,460,590		184,143,540				
Net Position-End of year	\$	230,824,086	\$	200,460,590	*			

\* Restated; see Note VI.

# The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$380.0 million, other financing sources of \$1.0 million and expenditures of \$399.1 million. The net decrease in governmental fund balances for the year was \$18 million. The year-over-year increase in revenues of \$13.6 million, which was specifically due to the revenue gains realized for the General Fund of \$12.7 million and Capital Projects of \$951,993, all worked to soften the overall impact on the ending total fund balance. The decrease in ending fund balance, all funds is primarily due to the decline in the Capital Projects ending fund balance of \$12.9 million. Payment of the scheduled debt and interest payments of \$18.9 million associated with outstanding general obligation (GO) bonds resulted in the year-over-year reduction in total fund balance.

The largest governmental funds are the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, the Federal and State Programs Fund and the Debt Service Fund. State Quality Basic Education (QBE) Formula Earnings and Local Property Taxes are the two main sources of revenue for the General Fund. For the Capital Projects Fund, Sales Taxes or Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (E-SPLOST) proceeds are the primary funding source. The Federal and State Programs Fund is funded by federal and state grants.

Among major funds, the General Fund had \$290.9 million in revenues and \$290.2 million in expenditures. After transfers-out of \$6.3 million and proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$1.0 million, the ending fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$4.6 million from \$56 million for FY 2018 to \$51.4 million for FY 2019. A detailed discussion of these changes is presented below. See *General Fund Operations and Budgetary Highlights*.

The Capital Projects Fund had \$38 million in revenues and \$32.7 million in expenditures. The increase in revenues over the prior year of \$951,993 is the result of the increase realized in the 2015 E-SPLOST sales tax collections of \$1.8 million and a decrease in other revenues of \$897,754. For fiscal year 2019, actual E-SPLOST collections fell short of projections for ten of the twelve months in the reporting period. After transfers out of \$18.9 million to satisfy scheduled debt and interest payments for the outstanding GO bonds that were issued to provide funding to jump start the 2015 E-SPLOST projects, the ending fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund dropped \$12.9 million from \$36 million for FY 2018 to \$23.2 million for FY 2019.

For the Debt Service Fund transfers-in associated with the 2015 E-SPLOST collections accounted for much of the activity for FY 2019, which will be used to satisfy scheduled debt service interest and principal payments for the Series 2016 and Series 2017 GO Bonds. Transfers-in from the capital project fund total \$18.9 million. In addition, interest and a fiscal charge of \$1.2 million were made, primarily for the Series 2017 GO debt issuance.

The Federal and State Programs Fund continues to be reported as a major fund. The revenue and expenditures totaled \$27.8 and \$27.9 million, respectively, representing a decrease of \$1.1 million in revenue and \$1.0 million in expenditures from fiscal year 2018. The ending fund balance of the Federal and State Program Fund at June 30, 2019 was \$636,475, which represented a decline of \$154,628 or 19.5% from FY 2018.

## **GENERAL FUND OPERATIONS AND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Revenues for the General Fund totaled \$290.9 million for fiscal year 2019. This represented an increase of \$12.7 million or 4.6% over FY 2018. Of this increase, \$7.8 million was attributed to an increase in State QBE Formula Earnings. Fiscal year 2019 marked the fourth consecutive year that the Governor dedicated significant funding, statewide, to the restoration of State QBE Formula Earnings to school districts. In addition, the Governor funded a 2% statewide salary increase for certificated staff. This equated to additional state QBE formula earnings, which worked to support the year-over-year gain in total general fund revenues. The gains realized in state revenue were strengthened by the growth in the local property taxes, which grew \$3.1 million or 2.8% over fiscal year 2018. Final resolution of the over 11,000 appeals associated with the calendar year 2017 county-wide revaluation resulted in increased assessments. These increased assessments generated additional property tax revenues for the District.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$290.2 million for fiscal year 2019, an increase of \$15.2 million, or 5.52% in comparison to fiscal year 2018. This growth was primarily attributed to the increase in Instructional Services, which include the following expenditure functions: Instruction, Student Support Services, Improvement of Instructional Services and Educational Media Services. Instructional Services Expenditures for FY 2019 and FY 2018, totaled \$208.8 million and \$198 million, respectively.

Fiscal Year 2019 marked the fourth consecutive year that the District funded salary and wage increases for staff, impacting all certificated staff and approximately 60% of non-certificated employees district-wide. These pay increases were to address inequity in pay for non-certificated staff as well as provide for a 2% increase for certificated personnel. Further, it included a continuation of the District's on-going commitment to pass along the step increase within the current state of Georgia teacher salary schedule. The FY 2019 budget, as in prior years, included funding for additional teacher supplements to address teacher shortages in high needs programmatic areas. It also included additional school instructional and support staff units geared towards boosting overall student achievements, particularly providing differentiated resources for challenged schools. The increase of 4.09% in the Teacher Retirement System employer rate to 20.90% from 16.81% effective July 1, 2018 also had a dramatic impact on General Fund expenditures. Since salary and benefits account for over 86% of the total General Fund Budget, the year-over-year increase in expenditures was due to the new compensation funding.

The District, as with FY 2018, like districts from across the state, continued to face increasing challenges in recruiting and retaining qualified certificated staff to meet programmatic needs. Districts around the nation have been forewarned that this will continue to be an ongoing challenge for years to come as K-12 staffing needs continue to outpace the pool of qualified certificated applicants. The District, however, is committed to dedicating resources to attract, hire, and retain a qualified staffing pool to assist in its efforts to provide a learning environment conducive to meeting the academic needs of the students of Muscogee County, district-wide.

The General Fund's Total Fund Balance decreased by \$4.6 million over FY 2018. The General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance is \$30.0 million or 35.55 days of operations anticipated at June 30, 2019.

Committed and Assigned Fund Balance as of June 30, 2019 is \$20.3 million. In comparison to FY 2018, days of operations dropped by 3.59 days from 39.14 days. There was a decrease in the Assigned Fund Balance of \$2.2 million. These funds are dedicated to meet the projected fund balance usage for FY 2019.

The District's budget is prepared according to Georgia law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. Original budgeted revenues totaled \$284.3 million and final budgeted revenues totals \$285.2 million. Actual revenues received in accordance to cash basis were \$290 million. Original budgeted expenditures totaled \$297.2 million and final budgeted expenditures were \$298.4 million. Actual expenditures were \$287.1 million. The variance in budget to actual expenditures was a result of the staffing challenges discussed above as well as the on-going conscientious effort of the District to monitor expenditures throughout the fiscal year.

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND OPERATIONS

During the year, the District expended \$32.7 million on renovations, new construction, and other E-SPLOST expenditures. Current year expenditures for projects in excess of \$2 million were primarily dedicated to the following:

- New Athletic Facilities
- Replacement of Spencer High School
- Renovation of Shaw High School
- Upgrading of Ball Fields

The Fund Balance of the Capital Projects Fund dropped \$12.9 million or 35.7% in comparison to FY 2018. This reduction was due to the drawdown of the necessary funding to meet the outstanding E-SPLOST projects, as authorized by the 2015 E-SPLOST referendum and the transfer of funds to repay a portion of the General Obligation (GO) bonds authorized by the resolution.

# **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

During FY 2019, the District made a principal payment of \$14,895,000 on the 2017 Series GO Bonds along with the last principal payment on the 2016 Series GO Bond totaling \$2,810,000. More detailed information on debt service activity may be found in Note II. E. to the Basic Financial Statements.

# CAPITAL ASSETS

On June 30, 2019, the District had \$613.8 million of capital assets (net of depreciation) as scheduled below. The increase in building and improvements is the result of the completion of several projects, with the main project being the replacement of Spencer High School. The items related to the new Spencer High School, resulted in an increase in replacement of equipment. Construction in Progress for FY 2019 is mainly related to the upgrades to ball fields, Shaw High School renovation, and new athletic facilities. More detailed information on capital asset activity may be found in Note II. B. to the Basic Financial Statements.

The following shows the changes in capital assets for the District.

	2019	2018
Land and improvements	\$ 40,257,443	\$ 40,180,656
Construction in progress	21,927,609	52,516,317
Buildings and improvements	517,639,634	480,455,399
Equipment	32,769,470	29,004,613
Intangible assets	1,170,222	1,708,111
Total	\$ 613,764,378	\$ 603,865,096

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Services Division**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Details regarding the District's accountability for the various financial resources that it receives in carrying out the day-to-day operations of the District are provided. Please direct questions about this report to:

Theresa Y. Thornton, MBA, CPA Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer Muscogee County School District P.O. Box 2427, Columbus, GA 31902-2427 Email: Thornton.Theresa.Y@Muscogee.k12.ga.us

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

#### ASSETS

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 82,399,427
Property taxes receivable	13,518,478
Due from other governments	32,044,247
Investment income receivable	70,123
Other receivables	167,655
Inventories	909,097
Investments	23,406,105
Prepaid assets	599,930
Restricted cash held by fiscal agent	24,651,863
Capital assets, not depreciable	62,185,052
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	551,579,326
Total assets	791,531,303
Total assets	/91,351,303
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to defined benefit pension plans	57,249,464
Related to OPEB plans	12,099,655
Total deferred outflows of resources	69,349,119
	0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	54,144,328
Accrued interest	184,150
Current portion of long-term liabilities	20,348,434
Long-term liabilities due after one year	
Bonds and other long-term liabilities	3,932,074
Net pension liability	264,108,631
Net OPEB liability	217,861,807
Total liabilities	560,579,424
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to defined benefit pension plans	24,670,394
Related to OPEB plans	44,806,518
Total deferred inflows of resources	69,476,912
	<u>.</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	590,724,060
Restricted for:	25 592 077
Capital projects	25,582,066
Debt service	18,599,150
Permanent funds-expendable	235,809
Permanent funds-non expendable	5,254,798
Special revenue funds-continuation of federal and state programs	12,590,204
Unrestricted	(422,162,001)
Total net position	\$ 230,824,086

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Program Revenues									Net (Expense) Revenue and
Functions/Programs		Expenses		harges for Services	-		rants and		Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:										
Instruction	\$	205,962,242	\$	213,929	\$	158,471,968	\$	572,559	\$	(46,703,786)
Student support services		11,895,100		-		2,788,880		-		(9,106,220)
Instructional staff services		10,398,758		124,967		7,496,403		-		(2,777,388)
Educational media services		4,904,659		-		3,577,463		-		(1,327,196)
General administration		3,118,950		-		2,974,144		-		(144,806)
School administration		19,530,089		-		8,241,061		-		(11,289,028)
Business support		3,883,031		52,359		2,353,484		-		(1,477,188)
Plant maintenance and operation		30,785,791		58,080		8,810,485		-		(21,917,226)
Student transportation services		16,851,343		57,381		3,509,278		186,440		(13,098,244)
School nutrition		20,552,865		2,212,292		18,696,845		230,571		586,843
Other support services		20,283,045		597,573		1,801,073				(17,884,399)
Interest on long term debt										
and fiscal charges		130,487								(130,487)
Total governmental activities	\$	348,296,360	\$	3,316,581	\$	218,721,084	\$	989,570		(125,269,125)
General reve Taxes:	nue	es								

114,138,304
37,646,096
3,572,396
275,825
155,632,621
30,363,496
200,460,590
\$ 230,824,086

\*Restated, see Note VI.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	GEI	NERAL FUND		PITAL CTS FUND
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	51,858,902	\$	17,189,780
Due from other funds		162,829		5,789,525
Receivables				
State Department of Education		23,509,529		-
State of Georgia Department of Revenue		-		3,144,032
Property tax		13,518,478		-
Other governmental agencies		99,836		-
Investment income receivable		15,668		77
Other receivables		52,319		11,905
Inventories		476,808		-
Investments		18,359,838		-
Prepaid assets		599,930		-
Restricted cash held by a fiscal agent		-		114,668
Total assets	\$	108,654,137	\$	26,249,987
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	3,527,238	\$	600,809
Due to other funds	Φ	-	Φ	
Accrued salaries and related employee benefits		33,919,741		-
Withholdings payable		7,653,093		-
Liability for compensated absences		31,257		-
Construction contracts payable				2,446,759
Total liabilities		45,131,329		3,047,568
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		12,082,857		
Fund balances Nonspendable				
Inventory		476,808		-
Prepaids		599,930		-
Permanent funds		-		-
Spendable				
Restricted		-		22,594,045
Committed		2,270,932		608,374
Assigned		18,043,396		
Unassigned		30,048,885		-
Total fund balances		51,439,951		23,202,419
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$	108,654,137	\$	26,249,987

FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
\$	\$	\$ 13,350,745	\$ 82,399,427 5,952,354		
4,884,117	-	259,742	28,653,388		
-	-	-	3,144,032		
-	-	-	13,518,478		
146,991	-	-	246,827		
-	35,630	18,748	70,123		
50,713	-	52,718	167,655		
-	-	432,289	909,097		
-	-	5,046,267	23,406,105		
-	-	-	599,930		
	24,537,195		24,651,863		
\$ 5,081,821	\$ 24,572,825	\$ 19,160,509	\$ 183,719,279		

\$ 394,429	\$ -	\$	449,506	\$ 4,971,982
162,829	5,789,525		-	5,952,354
3,172,064	-		1,032,125	38,123,930
715,692	-		232,872	8,601,657
332	-		1,670	33,259
 	 	. <u> </u>		 2,446,759
 4,445,346	 5,789,525		1,716,173	 60,129,941

-

-

- 12,082,857

-	-	432,289	909,097
-	-	-	599,930
-	-	5,254,798	5,254,798
636,475	18,783,300	11,757,249	53,771,069
-	-	-	2,879,306
-	-	-	18,043,396
-	-	-	30,048,885
 636,475	18,783,300	17,444,336	111,506,481
\$ 5,081,821	<u>\$ 24,572,825</u>	<u>\$ 19,160,509</u>	<u>\$ 183,719,279</u>

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 111,506,481
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		12,082,857
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$ 819,947,810 (206,183,432)	613,764,378
Net pension liability not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(264,108,631)
Net OPEB liability not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(217,861,807)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows related to Pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB	\$ 57,249,464 12,099,655 (24,670,394) (44,806,518)	(127,793)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: Accrued interest Bonds payable Unamortized bond premium Capital Lease Compensated absences Workers' compensation	\$ 184,150 18,415,000 202,102 2,043,564 1,896,372 1,690,211	 (24,431,399)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 230,824,086



#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		EDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS FUND
REVENUES	 			
State sources	\$ 169,804,262	\$ 456,351	\$	4,444,860
Property taxes	113,852,340	-		-
Sales taxes	892,310	36,753,786		-
Federal sources	1,713,729	-		22,325,653
Investment income	2,019,352	710,700		-
Charges for meals	-	-		-
Other revenue	2,618,158	58,080		979,863
Total revenues	290,900,151	 37,978,917		27,750,376
EXPENDITURES				
Current operating				
Instruction	189,634,950	1,880,023		14,531,421
Student support services	9,905,229	1,000,025		2,088,258
Improvement of instructional services	4,050,415	-		6,938,205
Educational media services	4,030,413	-		40,991
General administration		-		
	1,548,276	-		2,198,920
School administration	20,657,367	-		384,261
Business support	3,674,110	-		-
Plant maintenance and operation	28,394,573	797,183		656
Student transportation services	15,537,102	339,889		1,095,883
School nutrition services	-	-		-
Other support services	11,486,596	-		626,409
Capital outlay				
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	29,430,267		-
Debt service				
Principal retirement	45,062	149,189		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 15,241	 66,958		-
Total expenditures	 290,181,398	 32,663,509		27,905,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	 718,753	 5,315,408		(154,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	1,032,220	-		-
Transfers in	-	700,363		-
Transfers out	(6,336,435)	(18,894,706)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,304,215)	 (18,194,343)		
Net change in fund balances	(4,585,462)	(12,878,935)		(154,628)
Fund balance, beginning	 56,025,413	 36,081,354 *		791,103
Fund balance, ending *Restated, see Note IV	\$ 51,439,951	\$ 23,202,419	<u>\$</u>	636,475

DEBT SERVICE FUND			ION MAJOR /ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			
\$	-	\$	1,419,362	\$	176,124,835		
Ŷ	-	Ψ		Ψ	113,852,340		
	-		-		37,646,096		
	-		17,902,527		41,941,909		
	229,455		612,889		3,572,396		
			2,212,292		2,212,292		
	-		1,035,965		4,692,066		
	229,455		23,183,035		380,041,934		
	-		-		206,046,394		
	-		-		11,993,487		
	-		-		10,988,620		
	-		-		5,273,468		
	-		-		3,747,196		
	-		-		21,041,628		
	-		-		3,674,110		
	-		1,205,678		30,398,090		
	-		-		16,972,874		
	-		20,699,745		20,699,745		
	-		7,574,197		19,687,202		
	-		-		29,430,267		
	17,705,000		-		17,899,251		
	1,172,136				1,254,335		
	18,877,136		29,479,620		399,106,667		
	(18,647,681)		(6,296,585)		(19,064,733)		
	-		_		1,032,220		
	18,894,706		5,792,935		25,388,004		
			(156,863)		(25,388,004)		
	18,894,706		5,636,072		1,032,220		
	247,025		(660,513)		(18,032,513)		
	18,536,275		18,104,849		129,538,994		
\$	18,783,300	\$	17,444,336	\$	111,506,481		

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	(18,032,513)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are diff	ferent because:		
Governmental funds report pension/OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension/OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension/OPEB expense. District pension contributions District OPEB contributions Pension contribution-State support Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions OPEB expense	\$ 35,788,051 9,418,547 704,846 (17,670,694 (8,995,039	)	19,245,711
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			285,964
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the period. Capital expenditures Net contribution of capital assets Net book value of disposed capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 28,711,001 322,997 (4,221,074 (14,913,642	)	9,899,282
Repayment of bonds and capital lease payments are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			17,899,250
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds. These activities consist of: Increase in compensated absences Increase in worker's compensation liability	\$ (21,662 (36,384		(58,046)
When debt is first issued the bond premium is reported as other financing sources in the Government fund, but is reported as part of the debt on the Statement of Net Position and amortized over the term of the debt. This amount is the amortization for the current year.	<u>\$ 909,561</u>		909,561
Interest expense reported in the Statement of Activities is recorded as incurred, whereas interest expense in the governmental fund statements is reported when paid.			214,287
Change in net position of governmental activities.		\$	30,363,496

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS					ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE	
	0	ORIGINAL		FINAL		AMOUNTS		(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES									
State sources	\$	169,452,335	\$	169,345,335	\$	168,807,049	\$	(538,286)	
Property taxes		109,096,408		109,096,408		114,511,031		5,414,623	
Sales taxes		892,310		892,310		892,310		-	
Federal sources		1,630,000		1,630,000		1,713,729		83,729	
Investment income		650,000		650,000		1,382,774		732,774	
Other revenue		2,570,000		3,600,953		2,690,519	_	(910,434)	
Total revenues		284,291,053		285,215,006		289,997,412	_	4,782,406	
EXPENDITURES									
Instruction		194,831,370		194,564,880		187,971,543		6,593,337	
Student support services		10,478,809		10,606,137		9,912,481		693,656	
Improvement of instructional services		5,000,414		5,040,780		4,006,531		1,034,249	
Educational media services		5,004,378		5,033,391		5,209,079		(175,688)	
General administration		2,024,527		2,024,772		1,679,174		345,598	
School administration		20,128,359		20,128,359		20,622,162		(493,803)	
Business support		3,420,312		3,656,987		3,401,272		255,715	
Plant maintenance and operation		28,914,145		28,955,172		27,856,198		1,098,974	
Student transportation services		13,509,418		14,341,295		15,153,642		(812,347)	
Other support services		13,913,166		14,074,508		11,247,947		(373,233)	
Debt service									
Principal retirement		-		-		45,062		(45,062)	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		15,241		(15,241)	
Total expenditures		297,224,898		298,426,281		287,120,332	_	11,305,949	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(12,933,845)		(13,211,275)		2,877,080		16,088,355	
		(,, -=,, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -		(,,-,-,-,-,-,-,		_,,		,,	
OTHER FINANCING USES						1 000 000		1 000 000	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets Transfers out		-		- (7 126 5 4 1)		1,032,220		1,032,220	
Total other financing uses		(7,093,041) (7,093,041)		(7,136,541) (7,136,541)		(6,336,435) (5,304,215)		800,106 1,832,326	
Total other financing uses		(7,093,041)		(7,130,341)		(3,304,213)		1,052,520	
Net change in fund balances		(20,026,886)		(20,347,816)		(2,427,135)		17,920,681	
FUND BALANCE									
July 1, (Budget Basis)		65,134,774		65,134,774		65,134,774			
FUND BALANCE									
June 30, (Budget Basis)	\$	45,107,888	\$	44,786,958		62,707,639			
Adjustments from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting principles:									
Fair market value adjustment Revenues						20,837			
June 30, accruals Expenditures						25,112,973			
June 30, accruals						(36,401,498)			
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, (GAAP Basis)	)				\$	51,439,951			

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAMS FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	BUDGETED	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
State sources	\$ 4,541,117	\$ 4,541,117	\$ 4,443,930	\$ (97,187)	
Federal sources	21,969,153	25,244,706	22,963,963	(2,280,743)	
Other revenue	228,000	228,000	950,217	722,217	
Total revenues	26,738,270	30,013,823	28,358,110	(1,655,713)	
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	14,128,948	16,253,093	14,552,419	1,700,674	
Student support services	2,224,045	2,369,602	2,196,489	173,113	
Improvement of instructional services	6,903,938	7,805,459	7,089,955	715,504	
Educational media services	31,627	48,744	40,131	8,613	
General administration	2,329,872	2,494,308	2,133,532	360,776	
School administration	389,285	389,285	380,797	8,488	
Plant maintenance and operation	-	655	656	(1)	
Student transportation services	897,096	976,518	1,084,672	(108,154)	
Other support services	1,000	11,200	581,360	(570,160)	
Total expenditures	26,905,811	30,348,864	28,060,011	2,288,853	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(167,541)	(335,041)	298,099	633,140	
Net change in fund balances	(167,541)	(335,041)	298,099	633,140	
FUND BALANCE					
July 1, (Budget Basis)	(1,176,620)	(1,176,620)	(1,176,620)		
FUND BALANCE					
June 30, (Budget Basis)	\$ 1,176,620	\$ (1,511,661)	(878,521)		
Adjustments from budgetary basis to					
generally accepted accounting principles:					
Revenues					
June 30, accruals			5,081,821		
Expenditures					
June 30, accruals			(3,566,825)		
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, (GAAP Basis)			\$ 636,475		

\*The original and final budgets include budgeted revenues and expenditures for certain grants for which the ending date extends past the fiscal year.

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	ACTIVITY FUND			
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,249,327		
Accounts receivable		3,822		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,253,149		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	102,561		
Amounts due to student and other groups		2,150,588		
Total liabilities	\$	2,253,149		

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Muscogee County School District have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), specifically as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant District accounting policies are described below.

# A: Reporting Entity

Created by Constitutional Amendment as a separate independent district and separate political subdivision of the state of Georgia, the Muscogee County School District was a merger of the school systems of the City of Columbus, Georgia and Muscogee County, Georgia. Upon approval by the voters in the general election of November 2, 1948, these two school systems merged January 1, 1950.

The District operates under the guidance of the Board of Education of the Muscogee County School District consisting of nine members elected by the voters of Muscogee County. The District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

The Muscogee County School District is not considered to be a component unit of the Consolidated Government of Columbus, Georgia. Neither is the Consolidated Government of Columbus, Georgia considered to be a component unit of the Muscogee County School District. Under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, the various Parent-Teacher Associations (PTAs) and booster clubs, Columbus Museum, Inc. and the Muscogee County Library Foundation, Inc. are not component units of the District, and their financial activities are not included in these financial statements.

# **B:** Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are allocated proportionally among the functions.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANTACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **<u>B: Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> (continued)**

Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C: Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned. Expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The fiduciary fund is reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Property taxes, sales taxes, grant funds, and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current fiscal year, and, therefore, have been recognized as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The State of Georgia reimburses the District for teachers' salaries and operating costs through the Quality Basic Education Formula Earnings program (QBE). Generally teachers are contracted for the school year (July 1 – June 30) and paid over a twelve month contract period, generally September 1 through August 31.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### <u>C: Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (continued)

In accordance with the respective rules and regulations of the QBE program, the State of Georgia reimburses the District over the same twelve month period in which teachers are paid. At June 30, the amount of teachers' salaries incurred but not paid until July and August of the subsequent year is accrued. Since the State of Georgia recognizes its QBE liability for the July and August salaries at June 30, the District recognizes its portion of that reimbursement as a receivable and revenue, consistent with symmetrical recognition.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used in the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related expenses.

Federal and State Programs Fund - The Federal and State Programs Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with various federal and state grants.

The District reports the following non-major funds:

Non Major Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Included in the District's Special Revenue Funds are the School Nutrition Fund and the Library Fund.

The School Nutrition Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses associated with the operations of school cafeterias.

The Library Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the operations of the Columbus Public Library and its various branches. Management classifies the Library Fund as a Special Revenue Fund due to the funding it receives from outside sources as well as the internal transfer of tax revenues.

Permanent Funds - Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for other government and private organizations.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### <u>C: Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (continued)

The Permanent Funds apply the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The District's Permanent Funds are expendable or non-expendable. Expendable permanent funds consist of various donations of cash and securities from which both the income and corpus may be spent. Non-expendable permanent funds account for assets of which the principal may not be spent. These funds are restricted to the support of teachers, libraries, and cultural arts.

The District reports a fiduciary fund (agency fund) which accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for various funds, or individuals. This fund primarily consists of the assets of the school student activity organizations and other organizations within the District.

### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

### 1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations, or insured chartered building and loan associations.

The District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) are reported at cost. Georgia Fund 1 is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### 2. Receivables

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 2. Receivables (continued)

Amounts listed as receivable from the Consolidated Government of Columbus, Georgia are property taxes, intangibles taxes, and fuel costs receivable. Amounts due from the state of Georgia reflect QBE allotments related to unpaid contract salaries in the General Fund and sales tax revenue in the Capital Projects Fund.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

#### 3. Inventories and prepaid assets

Inventories consist of school and maintenance supplies and food commodities. All are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. The cost is recorded as expenditure at the time individual items are used. Donated commodities are reported at their federally assigned value. At year end, the inventory balance is comprised of purchased inventories and USDA commodities.

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items, in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. Prepaid assets are reported on the consumption method.

#### 4. Capital Assets

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Certain capital assets are not depreciated. These include land, construction in progress, and works of art or historical treasures. These capital assets are placed on the books at historical cost or at acquisition value as of the date of donation.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, no events or changes in circumstances affecting a capital asset that may indicate impairment were known to the District.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

### 4. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciable capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the governmentwide statements are as follows:

		Ca	pitalization
Assets	Years	ſ	Threshold
Buildings, permanent	75	\$	100,000
Buildings, temporary	25		20,000
Building improvements	20		100,000
Equipment and vehicles	5-20		5,000
Library collection	7		all
Software	10		1,000,000

#### 5. Compensated Absences

Members of the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) may apply unused sick leave toward early retirement. The liability for early retirement will be borne by TRS rather than by the individual district. Otherwise, sick leave does not vest with the employee, and no liability is reported in the District's financial statements.

Vacation leave of 12 days is awarded on a calendar year basis to all full-time personnel on twelvemonth contracts. No other employees are eligible to earn vacation leave. One additional day is awarded for each year of service over 10 up to a maximum vacation leave of 20 days. Vacation leave must be utilized during the calendar year. Vacation leave not utilized during the calendar year may be carried over to the next calendar year, provided such vacation leave does not exceed 5 days. Generally, unused vacation exceeding 5 days is forfeited. It is the District's policy to accrue all vested compensated absences that are payable within 60 days of year end to terminated employees at the fund level. All compensated absences at year end are accrued at the government-wide level.

# 6. Long-term Obligations

In the District's government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. To conform to generally accepted accounting principles, bond premiums and discounts should be amortized using the effective interest method. The effect of this deviation is deemed to be immaterial

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 6. Long-term Obligations (continued)

to the fair presentation of the basic financial statements. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an outflow of resources in the fiscal year in which the bonds are issued.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the District recognizes the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia ("TRS"), the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia ("ERS") and the Public School Employees Retirement System ("PSERS") and additions to/deductions from TRS/ERS/PSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/ERS/PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 9. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 10. Fund Balances and Net Position

The District's fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Constraints are placed on the use of resources are either (1) externally imposed conditions by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The Board of Education is the District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the District's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education may assign fund balance. In addition, the Board has an established policy which authorizes the Superintendent or Chief Financial Officer to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, the District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

When committed, assigned and unassigned resources are available for use for the same purpose, the District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 10. Fund Balances and Net Position (continued)

Fund balances of the governmental funds at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

			Federal and			
			State		Non Major	Total
		Capital	Programs		Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Projects Fund	Fund	Debt Service	funds	Funds
Nonspendable	\$ 1,076,738	\$	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 5,687,087	\$ 6,763,825
Restricted						
E-SPLOST funded capital projects	-	22,594,045	-	-	-	22,594,045
Continuation of grant programs	-	-	636,475	-	-	636,475
Debt service obligations	-	-	-	18,783,300	-	18,783,300
Continuation of other projects					11,757,249	11,757,249
Total restricted		22,594,045	636,475	18,783,300	11,757,249	53,771,069
Committed						
Employee benefits	496,500	-	-	-	-	496,500
Continuation of capital projects	-	608,374			-	608,374
Board approved encumbrances	1,774,432					1,774,432
Total committed	2,270,932	608,374				2,879,306
Assigned						
Amounts designated for next fiscal year	17,974,940	-	-	-	-	17,974,940
School distribution	40,592	-	-	-	-	40,592
Other encumbrances	27,864					27,864
Total assigned	18,043,396					18,043,396
Unassigned	30,048,885					30,048,885
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 51,439,951	\$ 23,202,419	\$ 636,475	\$ 18,783,300	\$ 17,444,336	\$ 111,506,481

Amounts of fund balance reserved for encumbrances have been presented throughout the restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance classifications above. The breakdown of the committed board approved encumbrances by function includes instruction, plant maintenance and operation, and other support services totaling \$843,876, \$362,995, and \$567,561, respectively. Total encumbrances by fund type are as follows:

General fund	\$ 1,802,297
Capital projects fund	14,110,817
Federal and State Programs	6,250
Other non major governmental funds	3,170
Total encumbrances	\$ 15,922,534

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 10. Fund Balances and Net Position (continued)

The District's net position in the District-wide Statements is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position - This represents resources for which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend including resources for capital projects, expendable and non-expendable permanent funds, and continuation of federal and state programs, in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted net position - Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of Investment of Capital Assets and Restricted net position.

The District-wide Statement of Net Position includes a deficit Unrestricted Net Position at June 30, 2019. The balance of Unrestricted Net Position is as follows:

	 2019	2018
Net Pension Obligations affecting Net Position	\$ (231,529,561)	\$ (250,351,767)
Net OPEB Obligations affecting Net Position	(250,568,670)	(250,992,178)
Unrestricted Net Position, non pension and OPEB related	 59,936,230	 64,286,269
Net Position, Unrestricted, June 30	\$ (422,162,001)	\$ (437,057,676)

#### **E: Budgetary Information**

#### 1. General Budget Policies

Prior to the May regular meeting of the Board of Education, the Administration submits to the Board of Education the proposed Operating Budget for the General Fund for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The Operating Budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The tentative budget is advertised as required, by State regulations, at least one time in the general area of the local unit of administration, and public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer questions and comments. At the next regular or special meeting (as advertised by date, time, and place) the budget, including revisions made by the Board, is adopted.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **<u>E: Budgetary Information</u>** (continued)

#### 1. General Budget Policies (continued)

The millage rate necessary to fund the budget is forwarded to the Tax Commissioner of Muscogee County to levy, collect, and disburse the taxes to the District.

The budgeted amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements recognize budget revisions made during the year, including changes in anticipated revenues from federal, state, and local sources, and transfers between certain classifications of expenditures within the funds. The Board of Education may legally amend the budget at any time during the year without the approval of the Georgia Department of Education. The legal level of budgetary control is the function level. Functions describe the activities for which services or materials are acquired to accomplish the objectives of an enterprise, and are classified into broad categories to include, but not limited to, Instruction, Support Services, and Operation of Non-Instructional Services.

#### 2. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as components of spendable fund balance. They are reappropriated in the subsequent fiscal year since appropriations lapse at year end.

#### 3. Budgetary Reporting

Annual budgets are prepared for all governmental fund types except for capital projects, permanent and agency funds. These budgets are prepared on a cash basis (budget basis). Georgia State law prohibits deficit financing at the fund level. Actual results on all budget statements have been presented on the cash basis at the fund level. Reappropriations of GAAP fund balances are used to fund any deficits. If these are insufficient, the General Fund will fund the difference. Capital projects funds are prepared on a project length basis.

#### **F. Revenues and Expenditures**

#### 1. Property Taxes

Ad valorem property taxes for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, were levied on July 1, 2018, on assessed valuations as of January 1, 2018. Taxes were due on October 1, 2018, and could be paid in two installments, the last of which was due December 1, 2018. The enforceable lien date for unpaid property taxes was December 20, 2018. Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year end are reported as revenue in the current fiscal year.

# I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### F. Revenues and Expenditures (continued)

#### 1. Property Taxes (continued)

According to GASB codification section P 70.103, the revenue produced from any property tax assessment should be recognized in the fiscal period for which it was levied, provided the "available" criteria are met.

*Available* means due, or past due and receivable within the current period, and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. At the fund level, amounts not collected within 60 days of year end have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Total property tax revenues reported for the fiscal year amounted to \$113.8 million, including \$13.5 million listed as taxes receivable of which \$12.1 million is reflected as unavailable revenue in the General Fund.

#### 2. Non-Monetary Transactions

The District receives from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") commodities for school breakfast and lunch programs. The value of items received and consumed have been reflected in the financial statements as revenues and expenditures in the School Nutrition Fund.

Other non-monetary transactions consist of on-behalf payments. The State Department of Education paid \$80,950 to the Teachers' Retirement System and \$585,105 to the Public School Employees Retirement System on behalf of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. These on-behalf payments were reported in the General Fund and the School Nutrition Program Fund, as both revenues and expenditures. Funds paid on behalf of the District are reported in governmental funds. See Note IX - Retirement Plans for the State support related to the Net Pension Liability.

# **<u>G: Interfund Activity and Balances</u>**

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of interfund services provided and used. In the fund financial statements, transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment. In addition, transfers are recorded when a fund receiving revenue provides it to the fund which expends the resources. Transfers and balances between funds are made to accomplish various provisions of law.
## I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### H: Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### I: New Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2019, the District adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements:

- Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the District's financial statement.
- Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the District's financial statement.

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS**

## A: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all governmental funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is included in "Cash and cash equivalents." In addition, deposits are separately held by several of the District's funds.

# **<u>II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS</u>** (continued)

### A: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the District's cash and cash equivalents, and investments are displayed below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents	Maturities	0	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund		Non Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds	Fiduciary Fund
Bank deposits Money Market Account	open open	\$	9,905,390 826,756	\$	580,649	\$	-	\$	13,350,745	\$	23,836,784 826,756	\$ 2,249,327
Georgia Fund 1	18 days		41,126,756		16,609,131						57,735,887	
Total cash and cash equivalents	10 days		51,858,902		17,189,780				13,350,745		82,399,427	2,249,327
Total cash and cash equivalents			51,656,902		17,109,700		-		15,550,745		62,399,427	2,249,527
Restricted cash equivalents												
Federated Gov't Obligations Fund	open		-		67,113						67,113	
Federated Money Market Fund	open				47,555		24,537,195		-		24,584,750	
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$	51,858,902	\$	17,304,448	\$	24,537,195	\$	13,350,745	\$	107,051,290	\$ 2,249,327
Investments												
MBS FHLM	9 yr	\$	172.624	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,282,346	\$	1,454,970	s -
FHLB	10-11yr	Ψ	15.000.000	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,891,678	Ψ	16,891,678	φ -
JP Morgan	4 yr		99,947		-		-				99,947	-
Discover	2 yr		249,655		-		-		-		249,655	-
First Bank	$\frac{2}{3}$ yr		224,456		-		-		-		224,456	-
Comenity Cap	3 yr		249,272		-		-		-		249,272	-
Wells Fargo	4 yr		249,460		-		-		-		249,460	-
Capital One Glen Allen	4 yr		249,617		-		-		-		249,617	-
Ally Bk	3 yr		248,915		-		-		-		248,915	-
American Express - CD	4 yr		256,418		-		-		-		256,418	-
Citibank	4 yr		71,798		-		-		-		71,798	-
Goldman Sachs	5 yr		249,375		-		-		-		249,375	-
Sallie Mae	5 yr		251,888		-		-		-		251,888	-
BMO Harris	4 yr		250,603		-		-		-		250,603	-
UBS Bk	5 yr		259,347		-		-		-		259,347	-
HSBC Bk	5 yr		50,937		-		-		-		50,937	-
Bank Hapoalim	5 yr		225,526		-		-		-		225,526	-
Marketable securities	open		-		-		-		1,872,243		1,872,243	-
Total investments	-	\$	18,359,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,046,267	\$	23,406,105	\$ -

# II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS (continued)

## A: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

The Official Code of Georgia Annotated Section 36-83-4 authorizes the District to invest its funds. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity. Funds may be invested in the following:

- (1) Obligations issued by the state of Georgia or by other states,
- (2) Obligations issued by the United States government,
- (3) Obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the United States government or a United States government agency,
- (4) Obligations of any corporation of the United States government,
- (5) Prime banker's acceptances,
- (6) The local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) administered by the state of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer,
- (7) Repurchase agreements, and
- (8) Obligations of other political subdivisions of the state of Georgia,
- (9) Certificates of Deposit.

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy that is more restrictive than State law. The District has few investments and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. Most of the District's cash is invested in Georgia Fund 1, a state investment pool and the Georgia Bankers Association Collateral Pool. Other investments consist of securities backed by Federal Government agencies. The following will disclose deposit and investment risks that could affect the District's ability to provide services and meet its obligations as they become due.

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Custodial credit risk is the risk in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The bank balances were covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, Securities Investor Protection Corporation, or collateralized with securities held by the pool in the name of the pledging financial institution.

# **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

## A: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

Georgia Fund 1 is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and does not operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The investment is valued at the pool's share price, \$1.00 per share. The pool is an AAA rated investment pool by Standard and Poor's. The weighted average maturity of Georgia Fund 1 may not exceed 60 days. The weighted average maturity for Georgia Fund 1 on June 30, 2019, was 18 days.

The Georgia Fund 1, Local Government Investment Pool (GF1- LGIP), which is administered by the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, is not required to be categorized since the District did not own any specific identifiable securities in the pool. The investment policy of the State of Georgia, Office of the State Treasurer, for the Georgia Fund 1 does not provide for investment in derivatives or similar investments. Additional information on the Georgia Fund 1 is disclosed in the State of Georgia Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This audit can be obtained from the Georgia Department of Audits and Accounts at www.audits.ga.gov/SGD/CAFR.html

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, formal administrative procedures have been adopted for the operation of the investment program.

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The District's investments are valued using quoted market price (Level 1 Inputs).

*Custodial credit risk.* For investments, credit risk is the risk in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction or bank failure, the District may not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

*Interest Rate Risk.* Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Quality Risk.* Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State law limits investments to those prescribed O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. The District does not have a formal policy for managing credit quality risk.

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

### A: Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The FHLB and FHLM investments held by the District are rated AAA by Moody.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District is not limited in the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments are invested in Georgia Fund 1 LGIP and FHLB.

### **B:** Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land and improvements	\$ 40,180,656	\$ -	\$ (86,776)	\$ 163,563	\$ 40,257,443
Construction in progress	52,516,317	23,656,704		(54,245,412)	21,927,609
Total capital assets not being depreciated	92,696,973	23,656,704	(86,776)	(54,081,849)	62,185,052
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	612,472,652	49,690	(4,656,915)	51,498,679	659,364,106
Equipment	89,273,402	5,327,604	(4,164,413)	2,583,170	93,019,763
Intangible assets	5,378,889	-			5,378,889
Total capital assets being depreciated	707,124,943	5,377,294	(8,821,328)	54,081,849	757,762,758
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	132,017,253	10,564,453	(857,234)	-	141,724,472
Equipment	60,268,789	3,811,300	(3,829,796)	-	60,250,293
Intangible assets	3,670,778	537,889			4,208,667
Total accumulated depreciation	195,956,820	14,913,642	(4,687,030)		206,183,432
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	511,168,123	(9,536,348)	(4,134,298)	54,081,849	551,579,326
Total governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 603,865,096	\$ 14,120,356	\$ (4,221,074)	\$ -	\$ 613,764,378

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

#### **<u>B: Capital Assets</u>** (continued)

Governmental activity depreciation was allocated to the various governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 9,142,490
Student support services	465,010
Instructional staff services	70,897
General administration	249,418
School administration	57,060
Business support	587,995
Plant maintenance and operation	454,856
Student transportation services	1,242,578
School nutrition services	2,243,864
Other support services	 399,474
Total depreciation	\$ 14,913,642

#### **<u>C: Accrued Salaries and Employee Benefits</u>**

Accrued salaries and employee benefits relate primarily to salaries of employees paid over a twelvemonth period for contract services of ten or eleven months. The twelve-month pay period begins September 1 and ends August 31. Salaries payable in July and August along with the employee benefits relating to those salaries are accrued as of the end of the fiscal year.

Salaries and benefits accrued as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Federal and	Non Major
		State Programs	Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Funds
Salaries	\$ 23,443,069	\$ 2,086,684	\$ 703,042
Employee benefits	10,476,672	1,085,380	329,083
Total accrued salaries and benefits	\$ 33,919,741	\$ 3,172,064	\$ 1,032,125

Included in the General Fund receivables from the State Department of Education is the State's reimbursement amount for its portion of the above referenced general fund salaries and benefits, which totaled \$23,207,620 at June 30, 2019.

## II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS (continued)

#### **D: Interfund Assets and Liabilities and Transfers**

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund transfers occurred throughout the fiscal year. At June 30, 2019, the Federal and State Programs Fund reported \$162,829 due to the General Fund. The amount was due to the timing difference between payment for services and goods and reimbursement from grant programs. At June 30, 2019, the Debt Service Fund reported \$5,789,525 due to Capital Projects Fund. This amount represents the excess above the debt service requirement.

These transfers were made in accordance with interfund transfer requirements, providing local funding and supplemented various capital projects.

	Transfers in									
		Non Major								
	Capital Projects			Debt Service		overnmental				
Transfers out		Fund		Fund		Funds		Totals		
General Fund	\$	543,500	\$	-	\$	5,792,935	\$	6,336,435		
Non Major Governmental Funds		156,863		-		-		156,863		
Capital Projects Fund		-		18,894,706		-		18,894,706		
	\$	700,363	\$	18,894,706	\$	5,792,935	\$	25,388,004		

The table below shows the interfund transfers that occurred during the year.

## E: Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2019, the other long-term liability amounts are as follows:

									Amount	
		Balance					Balance	Due in		
	Jı	une 30, 2018	 Additions	Reductions		June 30, 2019			One Year	
GO Bonds	\$	36,120,000	\$ -	\$	(17,705,000)	\$	18,415,000	\$	18,415,000	
Unamortized Bond										
Premium		1,111,663	 -		(909,561)		202,102		202,102	
Net GO Bonds		37,231,663	-		(18,614,561)		18,617,102		18,617,102	
Capital Leases		2,237,814	-		(194,250)		2,043,564		201,963	
Compensated										
Absences		1,905,740	1,040,899		(1,017,008)		1,929,631		513,829	
Worker's										
Compensation		1,653,827	 862,038		(825,654)		1,690,211	_	1,015,540	
Total	\$	43,029,044	\$ 1,902,937	\$	(20,651,473)	\$	24,280,508	\$	20,348,434	
				_						

### **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

### E: Long-Term Debt (continued)

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The District issued the following General Obligation ("GO") Sales Tax Bonds. The GO Bonds will provide temporary financing for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The GO Bonds will be repaid from future E-SPLOST proceeds.

2016 Series General Obligation Bonds – On March 14, 2016, the District issued 20,000,000 of General Obligation Sales Tax bonds, Series 2016, with interest payments due semiannually on April 1 and October 1 and principal payments due on October 1 of each fiscal year. Interest rates vary from 3.0% to 4.0%. The amount of debt related to this issue has been paid in full as of October 1, 2018.

2017 Series General Obligation Bonds – On March 27, 2017, the District issued \$33,310,000 of General Obligation Sales Tax bonds, Series 2017, with interest payments due semiannually on April 1 and October 1 and principal payments due on October 1 of each fiscal year with an interest rate of 4.0%. The amount of debt related to this issue still outstanding at June 30, 2019 is \$18,415,000.

The bond covenants required that all bond proceeds, debt service accumulations, and excess 2015 E-SPLOST collections be held by the District's fiscal agent. Requests to use bond proceeds were prepared periodically by the District and when approved, the District's fiscal agent transferred the proceeds to the District's Operating accounts. The District was also required to exhaust all GO Bond proceeds related to bonded projects prior to using 2015 E-SPLOST collections for the bonded projects.

In addition, the District was to satisfy its annual debt requirement by transferring E-SPLOST collections to the debt service fund sufficient for amounts owed on calendar year basis prior to accumulating or consuming E-SPLOST collections on non-bonded debt related projects.

The covenants also define allowable investments of the GO Bond proceeds and require that the District not enter into any additional debt secured by 2015 E-SPLOST proceeds unless certain conditions are met. As of June 30, 2019, the District was in compliance with the bond covenants.

Future annual principal and interest are as follows:

		(								
	_		Debt, Series 2017							
Fiscal Year Ended		Principal		Interest	Rate					
		_								
June 30, 2020	\$	18,415,000	\$	368,300	4%					

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

#### **<u>E: Long-Term Debt</u>** (continued)

### **Capital Lease**

The District entered into lease agreements in fiscal years 2017 and 2018 totaling \$507,928 and \$1,775,522 respectively as lessee for financing the acquisition of light emitting diode (LED) sports lighting. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception. The LED sports lighting equipment is included in the equipment class of assets and is amortized on a straight line basis.

Liabilities associated with capital leases are liquidated through both the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Purpose	Rates	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
LED Sports Lighting 1	3.45%	5/30/2018	6/30/2027	\$ 507,928	\$ 417,230
LED Sports Lighting 2	3.74%	6/28/2018	6/28/2028	\$ 1,775,522	\$ 1,626,334

The following is a schedule of the total capital lease payments:

	LE	D Sports Lig	hting 1	LED Sports Lighting 2					
			Total Minimum			Total Minimum			
Year	Principal	Interest	Lease Payments	Principal	Interest	Lease Payments			
2020	46,641	13,662	60,303	155,322	60,825	216,147			
2021	48,276	12,027	60,303	161,131	55,016	216,147			
2022	49,968	10,335	60,303	167,157	48,990	216,147			
2023	51,719	8,583	60,302	173,409	42,738	216,147			
Thereafter	220,626	15,558	236,184	969,315	111,418	1,080,733			
Total principal and interest	\$ 417,230	\$ 60,165	\$ 477,395	\$ 1,626,334	\$ 318,987	\$ 1,945,321			
Less: amo	ounts represen	ting interest	(60,165)			(318,987)			
Present value of future	minimum leas	se payments	\$ 417,230			\$ 1,626,334			

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

## E: Long-Term Debt (continued)

### Certificates of Participation (continued)

In fiscal year 2009, the District defeased certain Certificates of Participation ("COP") by placing 2003 E-SPLOST proceeds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2019, \$8,190,000 of Certificates of Participation remain outstanding and is considered defeased.

### **Compensated Absences and Workers' Compensation**

The District's other long-term liabilities also consist of compensated absences and workers' compensation. Liabilities associated with compensated absences are liquidated through the General Fund, Federal and State Program Fund, School Nutrition Fund, and the Library Fund depending on where employee's salaries and benefits are charged. The District has established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation claims. A premium is charged when needed by the Internal Service Fund to each user program on the basis of the percentage of that program's payroll to total payroll in order to cover estimated claims budgeted by management based on known claims and prior experience. The District accounts for claims with expense and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The schedule for compensated absences below shows the amounts expected to be paid within one year as current. However, these amounts differ from the amounts shown as fund liabilities on the balance sheet. The fund liabilities include only those amounts attributable to employees already separated from service. Although the District expects to pay \$513,829 for compensated absences during fiscal year 2020, only \$33,259 for compensated absences is attributable to employees already separated from service.

A comparison of changes in the liability for compensated absences for the past three fiscal years is shown below:

	Claims and Changes										
		Begi	inning Fiscal	in	Current Year	Claim		Ending Fiscal		Current	
F	Fiscal Year	Ye	ar Liability	Liability		Payments		Year End		Portion	
	2017	\$	1,741,462	\$	803,183	\$	(803,871)	\$ 1,740,774	\$	414,697	
	2018	\$	1,740,774	\$	1,082,842	\$	(917,876)	\$ 1,905,740	\$	503,179	
	2019	\$	1,905,740	\$	1,040,899	\$	(1,017,008)	\$ 1,929,631	\$	513,829	

## **II. DETAIL NOTES ON FUNDS** (continued)

#### **<u>E: Long-Term Debt</u>** (continued)

### Compensated Absences and Workers' Compensation (continued)

A comparison of changes in the liability for workers' compensation for the past three fiscal years is shown below:

Claims and Changes										
	<b>Beginning Fiscal</b>	in Current Year	Claim	Ending Fiscal	Current					
Fiscal Year	Year Liability	Liability	Payments	Year End	Portion					
2017	\$ 1,743,426	\$ 769,135	\$ (868,326)	\$ 1,644,235	\$ 794,844					
2018	\$ 1,644,235	\$ 1,203,651	\$ (1,194,059)	\$ 1,653,827	\$ 937,506					
2019	\$ 1,653,827	\$ 862,038	\$ (825,654)	\$ 1,690,211	\$ 1,015,540					

# **III. EDUCATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX**

On November 4, 2003, the voters of Muscogee County approved, by referendum, the establishment of a one cent Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax ("E-SPLOST") for a period of five years to provide funding for the cost of capital outlay projects within the District. The 2003 E-SPLOST generated \$163.8 million in revenue and was collected through December 31, 2008. The District continues to expend these funds to meet the needs of the remaining projects.

The voters of Muscogee County on September 15, 2009, approved by referendum, to reinstate the one cent E-SPLOST for a period of five years. The 2009 E-SPLOST proceeds are primarily dedicated to finance school construction and to meet system-wide technological needs. Additional funding to meet the approved projects is provided by the Georgia State Financing & Investment Commission ("GSFIC") and local funds. Collections associated with the 2009 E-SPLOST which began January 1, 2010 and ended December 31, 2014 totaled \$178 million. The District continues to expend these funds to meet the needs of the remaining projects.

On March 17, 2015, the voters again approved, by referendum, to reinstate the one cent E-SPLOST for the District. The 2015 E-SPLOST provided for revenues up to \$192,185,000 for a period of 60 months, with collections beginning July 1, 2015. Collections associated with the 2015 E-SPLOST total \$136,223,401. Some of the major 2015 E-SPLOST capital outlay projects, which include those projects \$10 million and above, consist of the following:

- Construction of New Spencer High School
- New Gym at Fort Middle School
- Technology and Infrastructure Improvement
- New Multi-Sport Complex for District-wide use
- General Facilities Needs

#### IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

The District is periodically subject to legal proceedings and potential claims which involve both private and governmental parties and cover a wide range of matters, including employment discrimination, negligence in supervision, personal injury, and contract collection.

The District is the defendant in litigation arising from its normal operations, including a number of cases related to the above risk areas. In the opinion of management, these matters, which are often covered by liability insurance policies, are expected to be resolved with no material effect on the financial condition of the District.

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivables at June 30, 2019 may be impaired.

In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

The District is committed under outstanding construction contracts in the Capital Projects fund in the amount of \$4,616,920 as detailed below.

		Contracts				
	A١	warded as of	H	Expended to		
	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2019	(	Committed
Auditoriums Upgrades	\$	1,454,616	\$	1,008,709	\$	445,907
Athletic Fields Upgrades		13,051,660		10,491,031		2,560,629
Athletic Facilities		3,178,348		2,824,141		354,207
Columbus Public Library Roof and HVAC		814,027		156,863		657,164
Eddy Sewer Lines		367,102		337,647		29,455
Lonnie Jackson Roof		601,329		240,645		360,684
Shaw High School Alterations		7,063,673		6,934,263		129,410
Other		99,170		19,706		79,464
Total	\$	26,629,925	\$	22,013,005	\$	4,616,920

## V. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; acts of God; and unemployment compensation.

There was no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial excess coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## V. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The District has elected to be a member of the Georgia School Boards Association - Risk Management Fund (GSBA-RMF), an interlocal risk management agency created under Georgia law. This fund provides coverage for losses arising from certain liability and property risks to the Districts provided through a group self-insurance plan. For accounting purposes, this plan is considered to be a Risk Transfer Pool. For property losses under this plan, the District is responsible for the first \$50,000 of each property loss, the first \$10,000 for each computer loss, and the first \$2,500 for each auto physical damage loss. For liability losses, the District is responsible for the first \$25,000 of each School Leaders Liability claim, and the first \$50,000 of each auto liability accident. The plan assumes certain risks of the District in excess of the stated retentions up to certain customary coverage limits. The District is required to make a financial contribution to the plan each year in an amount that is determined on the basis of actuarial projections of losses.

The District has also elected to be a member of the Georgia School Boards Association - Workers' Compensation Fund (GSBA-WCF), a group self-insurance fund created under Georgia law. For Workers' Compensation losses under the plan, the District is responsible for the first \$100,000 of each loss.

Management of GSBA-RMF and GSBA-WCF has informed the District it had outstanding liabilities within loss retentions stated in the preceding paragraph of \$1,292,002 as of June 30, 2019. This represents the outstanding liabilities related to both workers' compensation and auto liability.

Management of GSBA-RMF and GSBA-WCF has also informed the District that there is a possibility of additional contribution in the event that the plan is terminated or the District elects to withdraw prematurely. No amount has been recorded in financial statements due to the belief that plan termination is unlikely and withdrawal by the District is not contemplated.

The District has elected to self-insure with regard to unemployment and workers' compensation claims. Estimated claims are budgeted by management based on experience and prior claims filed in an amount considered sufficient to cover anticipated expenses. Claims are expensed in an internal service fund as they incur. Annually, the General Fund, Federal and State Program funds, Library Fund, and School Nutrition Fund are charged a five year average cost per employee paid. The liability for workers' compensation is determined by the projection of claim costs using a weighted average claims paid. Unemployment claims paid during the year totaled \$22,324. During fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the District paid \$24,691 and \$22,102, respectively, for unemployment claims. Workers' compensation claims paid during the year totaled \$825,654. Insurance covers any workers' compensation claim in excess of the self-insured amount of \$100,000 for claims made after July 1, 2015. The accrued liability for workers' compensation claims as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$1,690,211. This represents the liabilities related to the GASB-WCF as well as the outstanding self-insured claims. More information about worker's compensation claims can be found in Note II. E. Long-Term Debt, Compensated Absence and Workers' Compensation section.

## VI. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR FUND BALANCE

The District is restating the prior year net position and prior year fund balance. Net position in governmental activities and fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund as of July 1, 2018 have been restated for capital lease financing proceeds received on June 28, 2018 totaling \$1,775,522 and related expenditures totaling \$7,500 that were not recorded in FY 2018. These changes are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Due to the way debt is handled on the Statement of Net Position, the net position as of July 1, 2018 is only being restated by \$7,500 for expenses paid related to the capital lease.

Fund balance, July 1, 2018, as previously reported	\$	34,313,335
Proceeds from capital lease financing		
arrangement, net of expenditures	_	1,768,022
Fund balance, July 1, 2018, as restated	\$	36,081,354

# VII. TAX ABATEMENTS

Muscogee County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Muscogee County.

As of June 30, 2019, the District provides tax abatements through four programs – the Industrial Revenue Bond, Enterprise Zone, Historic Preservation, and the Conversation Use Valuation Assessment (CUVA).

#### **Industrial Revenue Bond Program**

The Development Authority offers ad valorem property tax abatements to entice new and expanding companies to select Columbus as the location of their investment, thus providing local incentives based on investment and the creation of jobs. Actual incentives will be based on project scope and discussions with the company. Application begins at the Development Authority. Property tax abatements are provided to a company that chooses to finance its capital investment (land, building and equipment) using Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs). Pursuant to IRB financing, title to the assets is vested in the local Development Authority and the project is leased to the company with the rent being used to pay the bonds. The specific tax abatement is determined by the local board of assessors upon recommendation by the Authority. Based on the level of the bond, full taxation of depreciated value is applicable for Personal Property between Year 6 and Year 11, and for Real Property between Year 6 and Year 21, or earlier if the lease is terminated. Certification of Project Completion is to be no more than 36 months from date of Bond closing. Each project will include the expansion of an existing facility or the creation of a new one, retaining existing jobs or creating a predetermined number of new jobs. The bonds typically have a 20 year term, some with 10 year terms.

## VII. TAX ABATEMENTS (continued)

### **Enterprise Zone Program**

The Enterprise Zone Program was established to revitalize the area's residential neighborhoods, while creating and retaining jobs for its residents. Business and residential developments, which plan to invest in these areas, are given special state and local tax incentives as well as other possible fee exemptions. Application begins at the Planning Department. Businesses/residential developments may receive tax abatements for the first ten years of operation, excluding property taxes imposed by school districts. The following describes the tax exemptions that a qualified business/residential development may receive for the first 10 years of operation: Year 1-5, 100%; year 6-7, 80%; year 8, 60%; year 9, 40%; year 10, 20% These abatements have a 10 year term and are not renewable.

A. In order to be eligible for incentives, eligible businesses must: increase employment by 5 or more new full-time jobs; maintain the jobs for the duration of the tax exemption period; whenever possible, at least 10% of the new employees filling the jobs that satisfy the job creation requirement should be low or moderate income individuals; provide economic stimulus with sufficient quantity and quality as shall be determined by the local government; and such business or service enterprise may be new, an expansion, or reinvestment of an existing business or service enterprise, or a successor to such business or service enterprise.

To qualify for tax exemption for the housing enterprise zone, to include new residential construction, residential rehabilitation, or other rehabilitation of an existing structure, the value of the improvement must: exceed the value of the land by a ratio of five to one (exceptions apply to ANY entity) and in no event shall the value of the property tax exceptions granted to qualifying business or service enterprises within an enterprise zone created by the City exceed 10% of the value of the property tax digest of the jurisdiction.

- B. Additional considerations for tax and fee abatements: capital investment or reinvestment by the project equal to or greater than the amount of ad valorem tax abated over the first five years of the tax incentive and consideration for meeting some or all of the following criteria:
  - locating in a vacant building
  - demolishing a pre-existing or abandoned structure
  - > assembling 4 or more tracts of land for one project
  - creating jobs above the state threshold
  - creating jobs for residents of the Columbus Business Development Center and surrounding areas

Columbus' ordinance requires that projects receiving tax exceptions must choose to incorporate either landscaping requirement option or a facade material option. The ordinance also requires the exclusion of billboards from the property for the duration of the tax exemption period.

## VII. TAX ABATEMENTS (continued)

## **Historic Preservation Program**

The Georgia Preferential Property Tax Assessment incentive is designed to encourage the continued use of historic properties through rehabilitation. This incentive for Rehabilitated Historic Property is available to both private residential properties as well as income-producing properties. The certification process begins with the Georgia Department of Natural Resources. Once certified and rehabilitation is complete, application is made at the Tax Assessors' Department. Property tax assessment freeze for 8 years, with a partial exemption in year 9, returning to full taxation in year 10. In order for a property to be eligible, it must be a "certified structure," which means it must be listed in, or eligible for listing in, the Georgia/National Register(s) of Historic Places, either individually or as a contributing structure in a Georgia/National Register historic district. The Historic Preservation Division must certify the rehabilitation. If the property is eligible, but not yet listed in the National/Georgia Registers, the applicant must pursue getting it formally listed. Additionally, the property must be in the process of or has been substantially rehabilitated, provided that in the case of owner occupied residential real property the rehabilitation has increased the fair market value of the building or structure by not less than 50 percent, or, in the case of incomeproducing real property, the rehabilitation has increased the fair market value of the building or structure by not less than 100 percent, or, in the case of real property used primarily as residential property but partially as income-producing property, the rehabilitation has increased the fair market value of the building or structure by not less than 75 percent. These abatements have a ten year term with a renewable option based on the appraised value.

#### Conservation Use Valuation Assessment (CUVA) Program

Designed to protect property owners from being pressured by the property tax burden to convert their land from agricultural use to residential or commercial use. Application begins at the Tax Assessors' Department. Conservation use property is assessed at 40% of current use value which gives a reduced assessment to the owner of this type property when compared to other property assessed at 40% of fair market value. The property owner must keep the land undeveloped in a qualifying use for a period of ten years or incur stiff penalties. Owners who breach their conservation use covenant must pay back to the taxing authorities twice the savings they have received over the life of the covenant up to the point it was breached. These abatements have a 10 year term and are renewable.

## VII. TAX ABATEMENTS (continued)

The taxes abated for Muscogee County, which includes abatement for *all* taxing authorities combined (Muscogee County Schools and Columbus Consolidated Government) for calendar year 2018, FY 2019 totals \$9,126,767 as reflected below:

	Amount of Taxes Abated
Tax Abatement Program	during the Fiscal Year
Industrial Revenue Bond	\$8,403,712
Enterprise Zones	\$22,425
Historic Preservation	\$256,536
Conservation Use Valuation Assessment	\$444,094
	\$9,126,767

Note: At the time of publication, the taxes abated for the Muscogee County School District alone were not available.

# VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

# **Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund**

*Plan Description*: Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

**Benefits Provided:** The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies, and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

## VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (continued)

*Contributions:* As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the District were \$9,418,547 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

## **OPEB** Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEB**

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$217,861,807 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 1.714139%, which was an increase of (.018642) % from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$8,995,039. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	4,955,499.00
Changes in Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		36,906,838.00
on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between School		294,766.00		-
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,386,342.00		2,944,181.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		9,418,547.00		
Total	\$	12,099,655	\$	44,806,518

## VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

#### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (continued)

The District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$9,418,547 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	 OPEB
2020	\$ (8,284,634)
2021	(8,284,634)
2022	(8,284,634)
2023	(8,302,244)
2024	(6,627,350)
2025	(2,341,914)
Thereafter	-

*Actuarial assumptions:* The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 9.00%, including inflation
Long-term expected rate of return	7.30%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.50%
Medicare Eligible	5.50%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	2028
Medicare Eligible	2022

## VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. During fiscal year 2018, the School OPEB fund updated their investment strategy to a more long-term approach.

### VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

#### Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	OPEB Target allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Fixed income	30.00%	-0.50%
Domestic Stock-Large Cap	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic Stock-Mid Cap	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic Stock-Small Cap	1.40%	13.50%
Int'l Stocks-Developed Mkt	17.80%	8.00%
Int'l Stocks-Emerging Mkt	5.20%	12.00%
Alternatives	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount rate**: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 3.58% to 3.87%. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.87% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.87% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2018. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.87% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.87%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.87%) than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount			
	1% Decrease	1% Increase		
	(2.87%)	(3.87%)	(4.87%)	
District's proportionate share of				
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	254,394,280	217,861,807	188,402,189	

## VIII. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

## Georgia School Personnel Post-Employment Health Benefit Fund (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare				
	1% DecreaseCost Trend Rate1% Inc				
District's proportionate share of					
Net OPEB Liability (asset)	183,158,174	217,861,807	262,211,769		

**OPEB plan fiduciary net position:** Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at <u>https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports</u>.

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS**

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The District offers its employees a tax deferred annuity plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 403b. The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation is optional. Participants who are also eligible for PSERS received a 2% match in FY 2019 and FY 2018 and a 1% match in FY 2017. Contributions from the District totaled \$39,487, \$28,094, and \$22,744 for the years ended June 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017, respectively. During and as of June 30, 2019, 2018, 2017 none of the plans held securities issued by the District or other related parties.

The District participates in various retirement plans administered by the state of Georgia. There are two major retirement systems in which the District participates: Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) and Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS). These systems issue separate publicly available financial reports that include the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports may be obtained from the respective administrative offices.

**Plan Description:** All teachers of the District as defined in O.C.G.A. §47-3-60 of the *Official Code* of *Georgia Annotated* (O.C.G.A.) and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the *O.C.G.A.* assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

## TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS) (continued)

to the State Legislature. The Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial audit report that can be obtained at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u>.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the service and compensation up to the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the service and compensation up to the date of death.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. §47-3-63, the employer contributions for certain full-time public school support personnel are funded on behalf of the employer by the State of Georgia. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2019. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 20.90% of annual District payroll.

## **EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)**

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

	Percentage	Required		
Fiscal Year	Contributed	Contribution		
2019	100%	\$ 35,765,956		
2018	100%	\$ 28,463,807		
2017	100%	\$ 23,473,245		

Plan description: The Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the state of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. available financial ERS issues a publicly report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

### EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS) (continued)

**Benefits provided**: The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan ("GSEPS"). Employees under the old plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982, and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009, are new plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009, also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS. Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

**Contributions**: Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the ERS Board. Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4,200, plus 6% of annual compensation in excess of \$4,200. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The District's contractually required contribution rate, actuarially determined annually, for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 24.78% of annual covered payroll for both the old plan and the new plan members and 21.78% for GSEPS members.

The rates include the annual actuarially determined employer contribution rate of 24.66% of annual covered payroll of new and old plan members and 21.66% for GSEPS members, plus a 0.12% adjustment for the HB 751 one-time benefit adjustment of 3% to retired state employees. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

### EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS) (continued)

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

	Percentage	Required		
Fiscal Year	Contributed	Contribution		
2019	100%	\$	22,095	
2018	100%	\$	29,200	
2017	100%	\$	31,652	

#### PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

**Plan description:** PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers' Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

**Benefits provided**: A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service. Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$15.00, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

**Contributions:** Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b).

Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

## PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS) (continued)

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012, contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012, contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution by the state was \$765,215.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$264,108,631 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS of \$263,918,948 and ERS of \$189,683.

The TRS net pension liability reflected a reduction for support provided to the District by the State of Georgia for certain public school support personnel. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State of Georgia support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 263,918,948
State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School District	664,896
Total	\$ 264,583,844

The net pension liability for TRS and ERS was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS and ERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, the District's TRS proportion was 1.421813%, which was a decrease of .010584% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2018, the District's ERS proportion was .004614%, which was a decrease of .000536% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

### **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (continued)

At June 30, 2019, the District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the state of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District is \$3,304,945.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$16,957,687 for TRS, \$15,389 for ERS, and \$765,215 for PSERS; revenue of \$765,215 for PSERS; and a reduction of revenue of \$60,369 for TRS.

The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia. For TRS the State of Georgia support is provided only for certain support personnel. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	TI	RS	ERS		Total	
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflow of	Inflows of	Outflow of	Inflows of	Outflow of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$ 17,471,807	\$ 543,943	\$ 5,900	\$ -	\$ 17,477,707	\$ 543,943
Changes of assumptions	3,982,441	-	1,265	-	3,983,706	-
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan						
investments	-	7,216,056	-	4,371	-	7,220,427
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	-	16,890,902	-	15,122	-	16,906,024
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	35,765,956	-	22,095		35,788,051	
Total	\$ 57,220,204	\$24,650,901	\$ 29,260	\$ 19,493	\$ 57,249,464	\$ 24,670,394

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension (continued)

The District contributions subsequent to the measurement date for TRS and ERS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	TRS	ERS
2020	\$ 4,198,734	\$ 4,106
2021	1,920,457	456
2022	(8,943,397)	(7,266)
2023	(585,155)	(1,953)
2024	212,708	-
Thereafter	-	-

Liabilities associated with pension liabilities are liquidated through the General Fund, Federal and State Program Fund, School Nutrition Fund, and the Library Fund depending on where employee's salaries and benefits are charged.

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

<b>Teachers Retirement System:</b>	
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions: (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

#### **Employees' Retirement System**

1 0 0	
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25 - 7.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.30%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP- 2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-12% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for service retirements and beneficiaries and for disability retirements. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

#### Public School Employees' Retirement System

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected

## **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions: (continued)

under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS, ERS, and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	TRS Target Allocation	ERS/PSERS Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	30.00%	30.00%	-0.50%
Domestic Large Stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic Mid Stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic Small Stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International Developed Market Stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International Emerging Market Stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative	0.00%	5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

\* Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

*Discount rate*: The discount rate used to measure the total TRS pension liability was 7.50%. The discount rate used to measure the total ERS and PSERS pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS, ERS, and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

# **IX. RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

### Actuarial assumptions: (continued)

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Muscogee County School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% and 7.30%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50% and 6.30%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50% and 8.30%) than the current rate:

#### **Teachers Retirement System:**

	1% Decrease		Current Discount			1% Increase
		(6.50%)	H	Rate (7.50%)		(8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	440,556,294	\$	263,918,948	\$	118,360,785
Employees' Retirement System:						
	1	% Decrease	Сı	rrent Discount		1% Increase
		(6.30%)	H	Rate (7.30%)		(8.30%)
School District's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	269,796	\$	189,683	\$	121,425

**Pension plan fiduciary net position:** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS, ERS, and PSERS financial report which is publically available at <u>www.trsga.com/publications</u> and <u>www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs</u>.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	1.714139%	1.695497%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 217,861,807	\$ 238,216,646
District's covered payroll	\$ 179,273,245	\$ 174,280,785
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB as a percentage of its covered payroll	121.52%	136.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total collective OPEB liability	2.93%	1.61%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County Board of Education.

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2018 2017		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.421813%	1.432397%	1.462985%	1.543251%	1.694781%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 263,918,948 664,896	\$ 266,215,394 <u>616,475</u>	\$ 301,830,118 <u>863,206</u>	\$ 234,944,640 <u>820,726</u>	\$ 214,113,225 851,763
Total	\$ 264,583,844	\$ 266,831,869	\$ 302,693,324	\$ 235,765,366	\$ 214,964,988
District's covered payroll	\$ 169,753,272	\$ 164,976,296	\$ 160,964,145	\$ 163,604,070	\$ 173,094,937
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	155.47%	161.37%	187.51%	143.61%	123.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.27%	79.33%	76.06%	81.44%	84.03%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County Board of Education.

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017		2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.461400%	0.005150%	0.005342%		0.006029%	0	.007109%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 189,683	\$ 209,159	\$ 252,699	\$	244,259	\$	266,631
Total	\$ 189,683	\$ 209,159	\$ 252,699	\$	244,259	\$	266,631
District's covered payroll	\$ 117,695	\$ 126,332	\$ 124,215	\$	147,258	\$	174,898
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	161.16%	165.56%	203.44%		165.87%		152.45%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.68%	76.33%	72.34%		76.20%		77.99%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County Board of Education.

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017		2016	2015	015	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.0	0%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State of Georgia's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,304,945	\$ 3,026,458	\$ 4,071,396	\$	2,697,842	\$ 2,471,14	- 46	
Total	\$ 3,304,945	\$ 3,026,458	\$ 4,071,396	\$	2,697,842	\$ 2,471,14	<u>46</u>	
District's covered payroll	\$ 9,308,830	\$ 9,178,157	\$ 9,346,464	\$	9,581,481	\$ 10,072,52	22	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.0	0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	85.26%	85.69%	81.00%		87.00%	88.2	9%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County School District.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019			2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,418,547	\$	8,884,218
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	9,418,547	\$	8,884,218
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	183,829,465	\$	179,273,245
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.12%		4.96%

\* Information not available for reporting period

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County School District.
#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 35,765,956	\$ 28,463,807	\$ 23,473,245	\$ 22,896,054	\$ 21,433,389	\$ 21,197,812	\$ 19,978,741	\$ 17,813,430	\$ 17,807,888
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 35,765,956	\$ 28,463,807	\$ 23,473,245	\$ 22,896,054	\$ 21,433,389	\$ 21,197,812	\$ 19,978,741	\$ 17,813,430	\$ 17,807,888
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 174,430,012	\$ 169,753,272	\$ 164,976,296	\$ 160,964,145	\$ 163,604,070	\$ 173,904,937	\$ 174,727,354	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.50%	16.77%	14.23%	14.22%	13.10%	12.19%	11.43%	*	*

\* Information not available for reporting period

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County School District.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 22,095	\$ 29,200	\$ 31,652	\$ 30,658	\$ 29,729	\$ 29,066	\$ 20,199	\$ 23,339	\$ 23,421
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 22,095	\$ 29,200	\$ 31,652	\$ 30,658	\$ 29,729	\$ 29,066	\$ 20,199	\$ 23,339	\$ 23,421
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 90,623	\$ 117,695	\$ 126,332	\$ 124,215	\$ 147,258	\$ 174,898	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	24.38%	24.81%	25.05%	24.68%	20.19%	16.62%	*	*	*

\* Information not available for reporting period

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years.

Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule includes all significant plans and funds administered by the Muscogee County School District.

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **Teachers Retirement System**

*Changes of assumptions*: On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

## **Employees' Retirement System**

*Changes of assumptions*: On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases.

## Public School Employees' Retirement System

*Changes of assumptions:* On March 15, 2018, the Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.40% for June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by 0.10% from 7.40% to 7.30% as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## Public School Employees' Retirement System (continued)

In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

## **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

*Changes of benefit terms:* In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

*Changes in assumptions:* In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location. Additionally, there were changes to the discount rate and an increase in the investment rate of return due to a longer term investment strategy.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

# **Other Supplemental Information**



## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

#### SPECIAL REVENUE

	LIB	RARY FUND	SCHOOL RITION FUND
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,722,429	\$ 4,193,814
Receivables			0.50 7.40
Other governmental agencies		-	259,742
Investment income receivable		-	-
Other receivables		170	52,548
Inventories		-	432,289
Investments			 
Total assets	\$	8,722,599	\$ 4,938,393
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	386,659	\$ 53,937
Accrued salaries and related employee benefits		50,549	981,576
Liability for compensated absences		1,670	-
Withholdings payable		11,405	 221,467
Total liabilities		450,283	 1,256,980
Fund balances			
Nonspendable			
Inventory		-	432,289
Permanent funds		-	-
Spendable			
Restricted		8,272,316	 3,249,124
Total fund balances		8,272,316	 3,681,413
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	8,722,599	\$ 4,938,393

PERM	ANENT FUND	GOVER	NONMAJOR RNMENTAL UNDS
\$	434,502	\$	13,350,745
	-		259,742
	18,748		18,748
	-		52,718
	-		432,289
	5,046,267		5,046,267
\$	5,499,517	\$	19,160,509
\$	8,910 - -	\$	449,506 1,032,125 1,670 232,872
	8,910		1,716,173
	- 5,254,798		432,289 5,254,798
	235,809		11,757,249
	5,490,607		17,444,336
\$	5,499,517	\$	19,160,509

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NON MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### SPECIAL REVENUE SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND LIBRARY FUND **REVENUES** \$ State sources 739,389 \$ 679,973 Federal sources 4,229 17,898,298 Investment income 49,384 Charges for meals 2,212,292 Other revenue 925,027 103,438 Total revenues 1,668,645 20,943,385 **EXPENDITURES** Current operating Plant maintenance and operation 1,205,678 School nutrition services 20,699,745 Other support services 7,450,312 8,655,990 Total expenditures 20,699,745 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) 243,640 (6,987,345)expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in 5,792,935 Transfers out (156, 863)Total other financing sources 5,636,072 Net change in fund balances (1,351,273)243,640 Fund balance, beginning 9,623,589 3,437,773 Fund balance, ending 8,272,316 3,681,413 \$ \$

PERMANENT FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ -	\$ 1,419,362
-	17,902,527
563,505	612,889
-	2,212,292
7,500	1,035,965
571,005	23,183,035
  	1,205,678 20,699,745 7,574,197 29,479,620
447,120	(6,296,585)
	5,792,935 (156,863) 5,636,072
447,120	(660,513)
5,043,487	18,104,849
\$ 5,490,607	\$ 17,444,336

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT LIBRARY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		DGETED 40UNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES						
State sources	\$	745,290	\$ 739,389	\$	(5,901)	
Federal sources		-	4,229		4,229	
Other revenue		856,995	 925,027		68,032	
Total revenues		1,602,285	 1,668,645		66,360	
EXPENDITURES						
Plant maintenance and operation		1,394,739	1,434,691	(	(39,952)	
Other support services		7,994,761	 7,820,743	1	74,018	
Total expenditures		9,389,500	 9,255,434	1	34,066	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,787,215)	(7,586,789)	2	200,426	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in		6,593,041	5,792,935	(8	800,106)	
Transfers out		(838,093)	 (156,863)		581,230	
Total other financing sources		5,754,948	 5,636,072	(1	18,876)	
Net change in fund balances		(2,032,267)	(1,950,717)		81,550	
FUND BALANCE						
July 1, (Budget Basis)		9,784,155	 9,784,155			
FUND BALANCE						
June 30, (Budget Basis)	\$	7,751,888	7,833,438			
Adjustments from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting principles: Revenues June 30, accruals Expenditures			-			
June 30, accruals			 438,878			
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, (GAAP Basis)	)		\$ 8,272,316			

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL NUTRITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES					
State sources	\$	515,000	\$	507,433	\$ (7,567)
Federal sources		17,986,971		16,663,197	(1,323,774)
Investment income		14,000		49,384	35,384
Charges for meals		2,325,000		2,187,854	(137,146)
Other revenue		30,000		103,438	73,438
Total revenues		20,870,971		19,511,306	(1,359,665)
EXPENDITURES					
School nutrition services		20,852,417		19,253,011	1,599,406
Total expenditures		20,852,417	_	19,253,011	1,599,406
Net change in fund balances		18,554		258,295	239,741
FUND BALANCE					
July 1, (Budget Basis)		3,437,773	_	4,146,341	
FUND BALANCE					
June 30, (Budget Basis)	\$	3,456,327		4,404,636	
Adjustments from budgetary basis to generally accepted accounting principles: Revenues					
June 30, accruals Expenditures				312,290	
June 30, accruals				(1,035,513)	
FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, (GAAP Basi	s)		\$	3,681,413	

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance ne 30, 2018	 Increases	 Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,241,387	\$ 4,596,580	\$ (4,588,640)	\$	2,249,327	
Accounts receivable	 5,742	 3,822	 (5,742)		3,822	
Total assets	\$ 2,247,129	\$ 4,600,402	\$ (4,594,382)	\$	2,253,149	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other						
current liabilities	\$ 95,055	\$ 102,561	\$ (95,055)	\$	102,561	
Amounts due to student and						
other groups	 2,152,074	 4,497,841	 (4,499,327)		2,150,588	
Total liabilities	\$ 2,247,129	\$ 4,600,402	\$ (4,594,382)	\$	2,253,149	

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF APPROVED 2003 EDUCATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Amount	Amount	
		Estimated	Expended in	Expended in	
Project		Budget	Current Year	Prior Years	Status
Allen Elementary	\$	753,429	\$ -	\$ 753,429	Completed
Arnold Magnet Academy	·	574,594	-	574,594	Completed
Benning Hills Elementary		1,144,651	-	1,144,651	Completed
Blackmon Road		26,001	-	26,001	Completed
Blanchard Elementary		804,162	-	804,162	Completed
Bradley Museum		1,929,117	-	1,929,117	Completed
Britt David Elementary		366,773	-	366,773	Completed
Carver High		2,196,784	-	2,196,784	Completed
Clubview Elementary		427,162	-	427,162	Completed
Columbus High		7,421,121	-	7,421,121	Completed
Cusseta Road Elem		952,699	-	952,699	Completed
Dawson Elementary		733,807	-	733,807	Completed
Dimon Elementary		142,405	-	142,405	Completed
Double Churches Elem		472,976	-	472,976	Completed
Double Churches Middle		7,775	-	7,775	Completed
Downtown Elementary		22,999	-	22,999	Completed
Eddy Middle		515,129	-	515,129	Completed
Edgewood Elementary		318,722	-	318,722	Completed
Educational Services Center		20,885,040	-	20,885,040	Completed
Forrest Road Elementary		481,765	-	481,765	Completed
Fort Middle		18,001	-	18,001	Completed
Fox Elementary		719,273	-	719,273	Completed
Gentian Elementary		708,659	-	708,659	Completed
Georgetown Elementary		439,028	-	439,028	Completed
Hannan Elementary		158,615	-	158,615	Completed
Hardaway High		189,081	-	189,081	Completed
Johnson Elementary		1,869,059	-	1,869,059	Completed
Jordan High		6,614,038	-	6,614,038	Completed
Kendrick High		4,366,262	-	4,366,262	Completed
Key Elementary		439,093	-	439,093	Completed
Lonnie Jackson Elementary		450,288	-	450,288	Completed
Marshall Middle		2,313,887	-	2,313,887	Completed
Mathews Elementary		2,478,726	-	2,478,726	Completed
Mildred Terry Library		4,272,342	-	4,272,342	Completed
Muscogee Elementary		1,115,892	-	1,115,892	Completed
New Elementary # 5		7,800,002	-	7,800,002	Completed
New Elementary # 6		13,183,338	-	13,183,338	Completed
New Middle #5		12,403,819	-	12,403,819	Completed
Northside High		60,926	-	60,926	Completed
Reese Road Elementary		767,722	-	767,722	Completed
Richards Middle		1,440,419	-	1,440,419	Completed
Rigdon Road Elementary		9,196,639	-	9,196,639	Completed
River Road Elementary		1,255,716	-	1,255,716	Completed
Road at the North Site		1,658,540	-	1,658,540	Completed
Rothschild Middle		196,197	-	196,197	Completed
Shaw High		697,172	-	697,172	Completed
South Columbus Elementary		596,264	-	596,264	Completed
Spencer High		1,335,857	-	1,335,857	Completed
St Mary's Elementary		368,497	-	368,497	Completed
Waddell Elementary		1,167,952	-	1,167,952	Completed
Wesley Heights Elementary		133,232	_	133,232	Completed
Wynnton Elementary		294,437	_	294,437	Completed
System wide Technology		41,416,508	_	41,416,508	Completed
Fine and Performing Arts Academy		1,740,000	-	1,740,000	Completed
Purchase of Buses		4,675,000	-	4,675,000	Completed
Total completed projects	\$	166,717,592	\$ -	\$ 166,717,592	r
retar completed projects	Ψ		¥	<u> </u>	

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT 2003 EDUCATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ī	Estimated	F	Amount xpended in	F	Amount xpended in	
Project	1	Budget		irrent Year		rior Years	Status
Roofs	\$		<u> </u>		\$		
	Ф	6,670,000	Ф	2,474,915	Ф	1,085,762	In Progress
Energy Upgrade Projects		1,906,624		34,532		1,483,941	Ongoing
Not Project Related		6,484,544		4,000		6,247,215	
Total in progress		15,061,168		2,513,447		8,816,918	
Total	<u></u>	81,778,760	\$	2,513,447	<u></u>	75,534,510	
	φ 1	01,770,700	φ	2,010,117	φ 1	10,001,010	
<ul><li>(1) Projects are to be funded from: Maximum cost from proceeds of the tax as specified in the</li></ul>							
referendum	\$1	48,720,000					
Additional proceeds in final							
quarter are allowed by law		15,075,742					
Total E-SPLOST proceeds	1	63,795,742					
Other funds		17,983,018					
Total estimated costs	\$ 1	81,778,760					

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF APPROVED 2009 EDUCATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Amount		Amount	
			Estimated	Expended in	I	Expended in	
Project			Budget	Current Year	•	Prior Years	Status
HVAC Gymnasiums		\$	10,575,366	\$ -	\$	10,575,366	Completed
Re Roofing			2,617,412	-			Completed
Land Purchases			3,260,255	-		3,260,255	Completed
New Carver High School			43,909,425	-		43,909,425	Completed
New Middle School			21,173,591	-		21,173,591	Completed
Kinnett			2,070,696	-		2,070,696	Completed
Northside HS Add./Renov			4,505,414	-		4,505,414	Completed
Richards Middle School			5,429,618	-		5,429,618	Completed
Lorenzo Road			562,746	-		562,746	Completed
New Elementary School			18,997,967	-		18,997,966	Completed
Jordan Auditorium			1,132,068	-		1,132,068	Completed
Kinnett Stadium Turf			692,353	-		692,353	Completed
Athletic Equipment			810,000	275,33	5	280,944	On going
Athletic Field Upgrades			349,558	349,55	8	-	Completed
Museum			1,000,000	13,00	0	914,144	On going
Other Facilities Needs			1,452,766	-		1,452,766	Completed
Security			1,265,000	91,74	7	1,100,320	On going
School Furniture and Equipment			866,023	35,19	4	776,550	On going
Technology			35,861,093	-		35,861,093	Completed
Buses			4,742,415	-		4,742,415	Completed
Playgrounds			1,358,500	23,98	7	1,124,670	On going
Fine Arts Academy			28,300,000	-		28,300,000	Completed
Debt Service, Project Management,							
Not Project Related			8,364,853			8,339,974	
Total		\$	199,297,120	\$ 788,82	1 \$	197,819,786	
(1) Projects are to be funded from:							
Maximum cost from proceeds of	of						
the tax as specified in the	-						
referendum		\$	223,155,784				
Less collection shortfall		Ψ	(45,131,791)				
Total E-SPLOST proceeds			((13,131,791)) 178,023,993				
Other funds			21,273,127				
Outor Tutius	Total estimated costs	¢					
	Total Estimated COSIS	φ	177,477,120				

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF APPROVED 2015 EDUCATION SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Amount		Amount	
		Estimated		Expended in		Expended in	
Project		Budget	·	Current Year		Prior Years	Status
Replacement Spencer High School	\$	56,000,000	\$	3,432,416	\$	49,824,162	Ongoing
Replacement Gym at Fort Middle School		3,680,000		-		3,597,513	Completed
Virtual E-Library in North Columbus		400,000		400,000		-	Completed
Multi-Sport Complex for District-Wide Use (Stadium,							
Track)		11,000,000		19,706		800,879	Ongoing
Retrofit Existing Space to Accommodate Level Specific							
Autistic Programming		3,500,000		-		2,220,742	Ongoing
Expansion of Northside Cafeteria		500,000		-		500,000	Completed
Adding to the South Columbus Library Branch		600,000		-		-	Not Started
Adding to and renovating Shaw High School		4,000,000		3,366,469		537,584	Ongoing
Adding to or renovating Weight/Wrestling Rooms at							
High Schools (Shaw, Columbus, Jordan, Northside,							
Kendrick)		5,000,000		3,718,515		855,121	Ongoing
Program Enhancement for Fine Arts School		6,000,000		51,519		5,774,010	Completed
Upgrading Kinnett Stadium (Field House, Press Box,							
Concessions, Restrooms)		3,585,000		11,484		3,567,271	Completed
Upgrading Softball and Baseball Fields (Hardaway,							
Shaw, Jordan, Kendrick, Columbus)		10,632,906		8,974,837		1,230,966	Ongoing
Upgrading Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment (FF&E)		2,400,000		721,606		463,214	Ongoing
Upgrading Transportation Facilities & Alternative							
Energy Sources Study		250,000		-		-	Not Started
Updating Playgrounds at Elementary Schools		250,000		-		-	Not Started
Upgrading Cafeteria and Auditorium (Arnold, Clubview,							- ·
Eddy, Hardaway, Columbus, Kendrick)		1,000,000		822,622		192,015	Ongoing
Upgrading or Replacing Electrical & Mechanical							- ·
Equipment at the Museum		3,350,000		-		3,093,848	Ongoing
Repairing and Replacing Roofing		5,215,054		-		2,271,397	Ongoing
Refurbish School Nutrition Outdated Kitchens		4,000,000		335,476		1,667,973	Ongoing
Addressing General Facilities Needs As Reflected in the		20,200,602		1.000.047		2 5 4 2 0 0 4	
Five-Year Facilities Plan		29,308,603		1,860,647		3,543,094	Ongoing
Making Certain Technology and Infrastructure		24,000,000		2 212 (70		10 577 050	o :
Improvement and Upgrades		34,000,000		2,213,670		10,577,859	Ongoing
District Wide Security Improvements & Replacement of							
Outdated Communications Equipment		1,500,000		-		234,245	Ongoing
Replacement of Outdated Buses and Related Equipment		5,200,000		339,889		4,781,401	Ongoing
Debt Service, Project Management, Not Project Related		6,886,353		376,175		3,812,777	Ongoing
Total	\$	198,257,916	\$	26,645,031	\$	99,546,071	
	_		-		_		
(1) Projects are to be funded from:							
Maximum cost from proceeds of							
the tax as specified in the referendum	\$	192,185,000					
Other funds		6,072,916					
Total estimated cost	\$	198,257,916					
	-	-, - , 0	-				

**Statistical Section** 

## Muscogee County School District <u>Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2019</u>

## Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of Muscogee County School District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

## **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time

## **Revenue Capacity**

## **Debt Capacity**

## **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic information to help the reader
understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take
place

## **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs......105-115

## **Other Information**

#### Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	 2014		2013	2012	 2011	2010
Net position is as follows: Net investment in capital													
assets	\$ 590,724,060	558,978,356	\$	521,356,248	\$	518,700,405	\$ 525,692,254	\$ 518,802,999	\$	493,753,654	\$ 461,791,061	\$ 455,706,106 \$	470,925,912
Restricted position	62,262,027	78,539,910		101,232,804		91,527,291	64,828,256	72,872,850		83,042,284	100,856,757	80,464,596	50,889,761
Unrestricted position	 (422,162,001)	(437,057,676)	***	(438,445,512)	**	(195,725,224)	 (222,230,615)	 (240,085,798)	*	48,492,188	 55,128,031	 55,850,267	40,668,336
Total net position	\$ 230,824,086	200,460,590	\$	184,143,540	\$	414,502,472	\$ 368,289,895	\$ 351,590,051	\$	625,288,126	\$ 617,775,849	\$ 592,020,969 \$	562,484,009

Source: Internal financial records of Muscogee County School District \* Adoption of GASB 68 \*\* Adoption of GASB 75

\*\*\* Restated see Note VI

MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS													
		2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	2012	2011	2010
PROGRAM REVENUES													
Operating grants and contributions Charges for services-Meals Charges for services-Tuition Charges for services-Other	\$	218,721,084 \$ 2,212,292 213,929 890,360	210,907,040 2,109,325 259,263 1,269,262	\$	204,305,867 \$ 2,390,854 439,481 894,051	199,940,538 \$ 2,830,534 385,660 797,862	195,469,536 \$ 3,018,081 503,651 1,002,130	197,931,222 3,145,274 267,708 740,719	\$	207,066,250 \$ 3,631,152 302,888 639,012	210,223,513 \$ 3,840,513 375,935 417,733	230,503,840 \$ 3,762,174 359,150	215,892,681 4,404,476 288,821
Capital grants and contributions		989,570	1,446,153		130,152	34,950	111,178	2,763,222		660,039	7,608,036	4,686,336	77,201
Total program revenues		223,027,235	215,991,043		208,160,405	203,989,544	200,104,576	204,848,145		212,299,341	222,465,730	239,311,500	220,663,179
PROGRAM EXPENSES													
Instruction Student support services Instructional staff services Educational media services(1) General administration School administration Business support Plant maintenance and operation Student transportation services Other support services School nutrition services Interest on long term debt Total program expenses		205,962,242 11,895,100 10,398,758 4,904,659 3,118,950 19,530,089 3,883,031 30,785,791 16,851,343 20,552,865 20,283,045 130,487 348,296,360	208,664,235 11,716,026 11,052,649 4,986,210 2,889,338 20,018,476 4,064,992 28,717,632 16,059,998 20,022,906 20,599,687 707,812 349,499,961	*	200,089,226 10,256,987 12,894,190 4,873,364 2,767,243 19,420,178 3,951,043 25,901,053 15,296,940 19,073,781 20,070,638 809,893 335,404,538	176,304,028 8,669,392 11,574,303 4,559,785 3,235,153 17,150,863 3,989,842 25,859,555 13,732,811 17,577,693 20,205,545 260,288 303,119,258	185,056,035 8,336,923 10,830,628 5,021,921 4,089,745 18,088,364 2,534,375 25,431,730 12,397,288 18,765,475 19,434,584 225,898 310,212,966	209,366,875 7,529,621 12,494,348 5,775,720 4,393,140 16,614,109 2,656,308 26,371,206 12,612,289 20,467,069 20,180,011 253,799 338,714,495		211,189,533 7,692,523 13,992,635 5,738,746 4,201,894 17,278,483 1,886,581 27,307,867 12,617,511 20,658,595 19,354,295 680,032 342,598,695	207,677,135 6,621,083 14,661,563 6,465,352 4,444,611 17,882,495 4,057,935 27,487,733 11,636,671 18,098,202 17,897,243 1,168,784 338,098,807	208,251,465 5,087,519 13,347,118 5,830,812 4,632,752 18,339,951 2,708,620 27,710,066 11,466,782 18,835,763 17,050,091 1,404,130 334,665,069	210,121,010 6,441,138 17,116,008 5,361,941 16,378,347 2,693,263 25,677,328 10,356,620 22,696,088 16,257,937 463,991 333,563,671
NET PROGRAM REVENUE (EXPENSE)		(125,269,125)	(133,508,918)		(127,244,133)	(99,129,714)	(110,108,390)	(133,866,350)		(130,299,354)	(115,633,077)	(95,353,569)	(112,900,492)
GENERAL REVENUES Taxes:													
Property taxes levied for general purpose		114,138,304	112,042,314		107,924,848	108,172,122	105,618,821	104,875,570		100,730,596	102,666,668	96,868,118	96,857,864
Special purpose local option sales taxes		37,646,096	35,710,611		34,457,395	35,102,769	19,027,189	35,465,951		36,816,404	37,243,987	36,051,970	16,563,536
Investment earnings Other revenue OTHER REVENUE (LOSS)	_	3,572,396 275,825	1,668,777 404,266		680,339 495,148	1,514,990 552,410	1,183,577 978,647 -	737,535 1,039,761		(712,887) 977,517	343,585 1,133,717	735,679 1,648,199 (10,413,437)	522,815 2,369,621 (3,226,267)
Total general revenues and donations	_	155,632,621	149,825,968		143,557,730	145,342,291	126,808,234	142,118,817		137,811,630	141,387,957	124,890,529	113,087,569
Changes in net position	\$	30,363,496 \$	16,317,050	\$	16,313,597 \$	46,212,577 \$	16,699,844 \$	8,252,467	\$	7,512,276 \$	25,754,880 \$	29,536,960 \$	187,077

Note: In year 2010, the media services expenses were included with instructional staff services. The information to restate prior year balances is not available

Source: Internal financial records of Muscogee County School District \* Restated see Note VI

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2019		2018	. <u> </u>	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	 2010
General fund Nonspendable Inventory	\$	476,808	\$	422,935	\$	450,368	\$	600,335	\$	651,786	\$	736,867	\$	1,034,422	\$	1,146,673	\$	1,064,396	
Prepaids Spendable		599,930		611,799		567,749		22,512		22,512		19,020		16,614		16,781		16,563	
Committed Assigned Unassigned Total general fund	<u>-</u>	2,270,932 18,043,396 30,048,885 51,439,951	\$	2,297,388 20,230,902 32,462,389 56,025,413	\$	1,099,817 18,392,180 40,193,786 60,703,900	\$	603,000 7,711,504 48,834,736 57,772,087	\$	724,568 5,104,449 <u>39,459,441</u> 45,962,756	\$	672,535 10,047,509 24,557,670 36,033,601	\$	1,011,550 20,078,809 21,397,814 43,539,209	\$	640,585 23,114,442 24,380,930 49,299,411	\$	968,132 22,152,538 28,453,477 52,655,106	
All other governmental funds	<u> </u>	51,159,951	φ	50,025,115	<u> </u>		Ψ	51,112,001	Ψ	13,702,750	Ψ	50,055,001	Ψ	13,557,267	Ψ	17,277,111	Ψ	52,055,100	
Nonspendable Inventory Permanent funds Spendable		432,289 5,254,798	\$	516,177 4,828,286	\$	508,944 4,824,735	\$	485,192 4,816,785	\$	421,819 4,528,377	\$	298,747 4,394,119	\$	259,672 4,266,594	\$	299,918 4,253,409	\$	256,622 4,261,074	
Restricted Committed		53,771,069 608,374		65,267,242 2,901,879	*	106,423,098 1,099,420		99,274,233 943,543		58,213,962 1,296,347		63,630,903 1,397,406		74,303,014 609,965		89,014,437 405,563		122,844,063 1,902,514	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	60,066,530	\$	73,513,584	\$	112,856,197	\$	105,519,753	\$	64,460,505	\$	69,721,175	\$	79,439,245	\$	93,973,327	\$	129,264,273	
Prior to Fiscal Year 2011 Fund balances are as follows:																			
Reserved, other governmental funds Reserved, general fund Unreserved, reported in:																			\$ 96,196,812 2,858,858
Special revenue fund General fund Total fund balances																			\$ 5,120,992 34,600,865 138,777,527
																			 <u> </u>

Source: Internal financial records of Muscogee County School District During Fiscal year 2011, the District adopted GASB 54. .

\* Restated see Note VI

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
REVENUES												
State sources	\$ 175,668,484	\$ 167,904,092	\$	159,906,134 \$	158,152,900 \$	153,456,777	\$ 152,318,366	\$ 159,397,476	\$	159,734,561	\$ 172,257,646	\$ 156,853,042
Property taxes	113,852,340	110,725,553		107,241,615	106,923,792	105,910,345	104,142,654	102,163,235		100,601,225	96,713,398	95,099,274
Sales taxes	37,646,096	35,710,611		34,457,395	35,102,769	19,027,189	35,465,951	36,816,404		37,243,987	36,051,970	16,563,536
Georgia State Financing and												
Investment Commission	456,351	1,278,965		107,671	-	-	1,289,694	-		7,283,013	4,324,330	-
Federal sources	41,941,909	42,518,377		43,621,773	41,444,089	42,128,370	44,958,977	46,860,416		50,009,493	58,246,097	59,039,638
Investment income	3,572,396	1,668,777		680,339	1,514,990	575,882	743,044	439,664		311,561	406,969	464,513
Charges for meals	2,212,292	2,109,325		2,390,854	2,830,534	3,018,081	3,145,274	3,631,152		3,840,513	3,762,174	4,404,476
Change in fair value of investments (1)	-	-		-	-	607,695	(5,509)	(1,152,551)		32,024	328,710	58,302
Other revenue	4,692,066	4,556,088		4,879,251	5,059,369	5,251,845	6,447,016	5,287,624		5,246,812	5,028,631	4,795,163
Total revenues	380,041,934	366,471,788		353,285,032	351,028,443	329,976,184	348,505,467	353,443,420		364,303,189	377,119,925	337,277,944
EXPENDITURES Current operating												
Instruction	206,046,394	202,863,940		186,457,374	176,475,272	180,944,880	196,506,414	199,631,606	2	201,523,740	198,200,760	208,626,908
Student support services	11,993,487	11,533,753		9,974,440	8,774,409	8,331,352	7,419,656	7,606,210		6,547,822	5,064,459	6,415,111
Instructional staff services	10,988,620	11,235,977		12,808,916	11,974,051	10,979,066	12,419,869	13,892,814		14,542,225	13,204,151	16,957,725
Educational media services	5,273,468	5,100,928		4,877,903	4,827,191	5,205,607	5,775,658	5,738,746		6,465,352	5,830,812	-
General administration	3,747,196	3,370,902		3,797,862	3,088,869	3,906,291	3,874,997	3,943,063		4,164,378	4,380,479	3,710,963
School administration	21,041,628	20,317,662		18,677,225	19,512,373	18,701,542	16,325,850	17,266,377		16,984,556	17,035,170	16,172,715
Business support	3,674,110	3,625,536		3,198,760	3,605,061	3,517,839	3,601,996	3,562,069		3,950,688	3,731,457	3,899,384
Plant maintenance and operation	30,398,090	27,985,201		25,550,601	25,195,296	25,196,165	25,740,639	26,430,183		26,604,457	26,212,087	24,981,134
Student transportation services	16,972,874	18,091,686		16,440,514	15,015,167	12,360,589	12,516,429	12,628,559		13,177,488	11,714,363	10,070,057
School nutrition services	20,699,745	20,326,494		19,744,311	20,377,830	19,441,450	20,137,231	19,265,304		17,762,786	16,872,049	16,252,512
Other support services	19,687,202	18,219,370		17,900,887	17,527,711	17,449,411	18,587,293	18,521,053		16,928,540	18,430,409	17,684,439
Capital outlay					,	,,						
Facilities acquisition and construction	29,430,267	50,379,843		58,576,246	11,329,887	2,801,256	24,229,388	26,270,770		54,866,705	26,484,563	25,961,180
Debt service	27,130,207	50,577,015		50,570,210	11,029,007	2,001,200	21,229,000	20,270,770		5 1,000,705	20,101,505	20,001,100
Defeasement of certificates of participation		-		_	_	_	_	-		-	-	_
Principal retirement	17,899,251	17,235,636		-	1,000,000	17,985,000	17,610,000	17,320,000		17,085,000	3,586,946	634,045
Interest and fiscal charges	1,254,335	1,981,482	*	929,443	243,321	325,632	983,725	1,660,950		2,346,093	2,536,507	556,381
Total expenditures	399,106,667	412,268,410		378,934,482	318,946,438	327,146,080	365,729,145	373,737,704	4	402,949,830	353,284,212	351,922,554
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	577,100,007	112,200,110		570,551,102	510,510,150	527,110,000	505,727,115	515,151,161		102,717,050	555,261,212	551,722,551
over (under) expenditures	(19,064,733)	(45,796,622)		(25,649,450)	32,082,005	2,830,104	(17,223,678)	(20,294,284)		(38,646,641)	23,835,713	(14,644,610)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Proceeds from debt issuance	_	_		33,310,000	20,000,000	_	_	_			19,306,139	55,257,129
Premiums from bonds issuance				2,099,779	20,000,000	_					17,500,157	55,257,127
Proceeds from capital lease		1,775,522		507,928		_						
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	1,032,220	1,775,522		507,928	786,574	1,838,381	-	-		-	-	-
Transfers in	25,388,004	27,030,713		25,613,753	8,298,503	6,765,620	26,164,108	26,255,610		26,626,026	27,839,430	7,824,444
Transfers out	(25,388,004)	(27,030,713)		(25,613,753)	(8,298,503)	(6,765,620)	(26, 164, 108)	(26,255,610)		(26,626,026)	(27,839,430)	(7,824,444)
	1.032.220	1,775,522		35.917.707	20,786,574	1.838.381	(20,104,108)	(20,233,010)		(20,020,020)	19,306,139	55,257,129
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,032,220	1,775,522		35,917,707	20,780,574	1,838,381					 19,300,139	55,257,129
Net change in fund balances	\$ (18,032,513)	\$ (44,021,100)	\$	10,268,257 \$	52,868,579 \$	4,668,485	\$ (17,223,678)	\$ (20,294,284)	\$	(38,646,641)	\$ 43,141,852	\$ 40,612,519
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital												
expenditures	5.18%	5.35%		0.29%	0.41%	5.65%	5.44%	5.52%		5.66%	1.88%	0.37%

Note: Beginning with FY 2016, change in fair value of investments included in Investment income. Source: Internal financial records of Muscogee County School District

\* Restated see Note VI

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY $^{\rm A}$ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		Commercial		Other Real and		Total Direct	Estimated Actual Taxable	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Gross
Ending	Residential Property	Property	Industrial Property	Personal Property	Total Gross Digest	Tax Rate	Value	Digest
2010	2,271,465,035	1,638,868,078	449,922,406	167,842,284	4,528,097,803	23.37	11,320,244,508	40.00%
2011	2,320,550,018	1,616,723,012	397,370,848	167,461,713	4,502,105,591	23.37	11,255,263,978	40.00%
2012	2,361,789,119	1,645,094,691	448,164,431	164,668,009	4,619,716,250	23.37	11,549,290,625	40.00%
2013	2,437,623,516	1,715,053,141	425,525,452	150,748,544	4,728,950,653	23.37	11,822,376,633	40.00%
2014	2,479,979,750	1,696,099,289	445,257,146	157,653,114	4,778,989,299	23.37	11,947,473,248	40.00%
2015	2,510,095,243	1,755,755,693	465,958,512	179,543,973	4,911,353,421	23.37	12,278,383,553	40.00%
2016	2,547,300,301	1,796,364,857	503,589,657	175,753,872	5,023,008,687	23.37	12,557,521,718	40.00%
2017	2,798,421,559	1,895,807,237	478,370,765	581,454,086	5,754,053,647	23.37	14,385,134,118	40.00%
2018	3,085,560,108	2,142,544,262	555,997,857	570,419,260	6,354,521,487	23.321	15,886,303,718	40.00%
2019	2,987,218,403	2,161,408,342	613,670,346	569,517,185	6,331,814,276	23.321	15,829,535,690	40.00%

<sup>A</sup> Total Gross Digest amounts include properties identified as exempt. Source: Muscogee County Tax Commissioner



## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	DIRECT RATE	OVERLAPPING RA	ATES	
FISCAL	MUSCOGEE COUNTY	CONSOLIDATED GOV'T	STATE OF	TOTAL
YEAR	SCHOOL DISTRICT (1)	OF COLUMBUS	GEORGIA	MILLAGE LEVY
2010	23.37	18.96	0.25	42.58
2011	22.27	12.10	0.25	25 72
2011	23.37	12.10	0.25	35.72
2012	23.37	12.10	0.25	35.72
2012	22.25	10.41	0.00	
2013	23.37	18.61	0.20	42.18
2014	23.37	14.94	0.15	38.46
2015	23.37	15.03	0.10	38.50
2016	23.37	15.03	0.05	38.45
2017	23.37	15.03	0.00	38.40
2018	23.321	15.03	0.00	38.35
2019	23.321	15.03	0.00	38.35

The millage levy is the rate applied per \$1,000 of assessed property value.

(1) The only component of the direct rate is operating

Source: Muscogee County Tax Commissioner

Direct and overlapping rates has been calculated by the District in consideration of the total assessment for Muscogee County given that the County and City are consolidated entities and the District serves the total consolidated entity.

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					thin the Fiscal				
				Year of	the Levy		Total Collec	tions to Date	Taxes
	Taxes Levied		Net taxes			Collections in			Receivable
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal		Levied for		Percentage of	Subsequent		Percentage of	at End of
Ended June 30,	Year	Adjustments	Fiscal Year	Amount	Levy	Years	Amount	Levy	Fiscal Year
2010	89,282,799	316,740	89,599,539	85,023,514	94.89%	3,765,629	88,789,143	99.10%	810,395
2011	89,709,410	151,488	89,860,898	86,146,935	95.87%	2,970,419	89,117,354	99.17%	743,544
2012	91,925,629	(970,396)	90,955,233	88,585,101	97.39%	1,654,821	90,239,922	99.21%	715,311
2013	94,605,947	(1,254,407)	93,351,540	91,098,895	97.59%	1,567,022	92,665,917	99.27%	685,623
2014	95,304,243	(178,297)	95,125,946	92,830,588	97.59%	1,513,701	94,344,289	99.18%	781,656
2015	98,116,931	(790,264)	97,326,667	95,848,560	98.48%	710,260	96,558,820	99.21%	767,846
2016	100,477,101	(775,575)	99,701,526	97,862,656	98.16%	918,299	98,780,955	99.08%	920,570
2017	103,046,806	(962,267)	102,084,539	99,775,485	97.74%	839,744	100,615,229	98.56%	1,469,310
2018	105,960,330	(1,088,014)	104,872,316	101,603,702	96.88%	1,865,986	103,469,688	98.66%	1,402,628
2019	107,632,249	(1,776,760)	105,855,489	103,414,138	97.69%	-	103,414,138	97.69%	2,441,351

Source:

Muscogee County Tax Commissioner

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARISON OF PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS YEARS ENDING 2019 AND 2010

	JUNE 30, 201	19		JUNE 30, 2010								
NAME	TYPE OF BUSINESS	ASSESSED VALUE	% OF GROSS ASSESSED VALUE	NAME	TYPE OF BUSINESS	ASSESSED VALUE	% OF GROSS ASSESSED VALUE					
Georgia Power	Utility	\$ 88,580,621	1.40%	Georgia Power Co.	Utility	\$ 56,318,188	1.24%					
AFLAC	Insurance	87,002,855	1.37%	St. Francis Hospital	Health Care	51,919,357	1.15%					
St. Francis Hospital	Healthcare	74,993,648	1.18%	Peachtree Mall, LLC	Shopping Center	31,011,660	0.68%					
Total System Services, Inc.	Finance	69,048,317	1.09%	AFLAC	Insurance	32,066,210	0.71%					
Pratt & Whitney	Manufacturing	51,290,264	0.81%	Total System Services, Inc.	Finance	30,064,375	0.66%					
Peachtree Mall, LLC	Shopping Center	28,693,535	0.453%	BellSouth Telecommunication	Telephone	26,819,442	0.59%					
Wal-Mart	Retail	28,321,686	0.447%	W.C. Bradley Co.	Manufacturing/Real Estate	22,399,765	0.49%					
Liberty Utilities	Utility	23,044,797	0.36%	Spring Harbor	Retirement Homes	21,379,811	0.47%					
SRL Whisperwood LLC	Real Estate	21,301,416	0.34%	ATMOS Energy	Utility	19,098,404	0.42%					
Blue Cross Blue Shield of GA	Insurance	18,835,195	0.30%	Wal-Mart	Retail	19,811,385	0.44%					
Total		<u>\$ 491,112,334</u>	<u>7.76%</u>	Total		<u>\$ 310,888,597</u>	<u>6.85%</u>					

Source: Muscogee County Tax Commissioner

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (1)	CAPITAL LEASES	QZAB	TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME(2)	DEBT PER CAPITA (3)
2010	55,036,074	3,586,946	693,932	59,316,952	2.02%	291
2011	73,382,068	-	741,536	74,123,604	4.16%	389
2012	55,048,399	-	792,405	55,840,804	3.14%	289
2013	36,479,730	-	846,764	37,326,494	2.10%	188
2014	18,136,855	-	904,852	19,041,707	0.64%	89
2015	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.03%	-
2016	20,702,531	-	-	20,702,531	0.59%	109
2017	55,572,580	507,928	-	56,080,508	1.60%	284
2018	37,231,663	462,292	-	37,693,955	1.04%	194
2019	18,617,102	2,043,564		20,660,666	0.57%	110

Sources: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(1) Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums

(2) Personal income is disclosed on Demographic Statistics schedule

(3) Population data can be found in the Demographic Trend statistics schedule

MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS(1)	LESS: AMOUNTS AVAILABLE IN DEBT SERVICE FUNDS(2)	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE OF ESTIMATED ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY	PER CAPITA
2010	55,036,074	1,172,061	53,864,013	1.22%	285
2011	73,382,068	18,423,812	54,958,256	1.21%	292
2012	55,048,399	18,319,925	36,728,474	0.82%	193
2013	36,479,730	18,263,667	18,216,063	0.39%	94
2014	18,136,855	18,307,724	(170,869)	0.00%	(1)
2015	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2016	20,702,531	326,274	20,376,257	0.41%	107
2017	55,572,580	18,239,506	37,333,074	0.65%	189
2018	37,231,663	18,536,275	18,695,388	0.29%	96
2019	18,617,102	18,617,102	-	0.00%	-

Sources: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(1) This is the general bonded debt of governmental, net of original issuance discounts and premiums

(2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments

(3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property schedule for property value data.

(4) Population data can be found in the Demographic Trend statistics

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

		Estimated	Amount Applicable
	Debt	Percentage	to Primary
Governmental Unit:	Outstanding	Applicable	Government
Consolidated Government of Columbus, Georgia			
Columbus Building Authority	\$ 109,870,540		
GMA Lease Pool	14,541,721		
Total Consolidated Government of Columbus, Georgia	124,412,261	100%	124,412,261
Subtotal, overlapping debt			124,412,261
Muscogee County School District direct debt			20,660,666
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 145,072,927

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Muscogee County School District. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Net Assessed Valuation County Wide School Bonds July 1, of fiscal year	Debt Limit 10% of Assessed Value	Total Bonded Debt	Assets in Debt Service Fund	Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Ratio of Legal Debt Margin to Debt Limit
2010	4,266,030,953	426,603,095	55,036,074	1,172,061	53,864,013	372,739,082	0.9
2011	4,275,779,966	427,577,997	73,382,068	18,423,668	54,958,400	372,619,597	0.9
2012	4,365,534,136	436,553,414	55,048,399	18,319,925	36,728,474	399,824,940	0.9
2013	4,469,344,625	446,934,463	36,479,730	18,263,667	18,216,063	428,718,400	1.0
2014	4,488,250,421	448,825,042	18,136,855	18,307,724	(170,869)	448,995,911	1.0
2015	4,606,100,631	460,610,063	-	-	-	460,610,063	1.0
2016	4,702,023,222	470,202,322	20,702,531	326,274	20,376,257	449,826,065	1.0
2017	5,272,223,687	527,222,369	55,572,580	18,239,506	37,333,074	489,889,295	0.9
2018	5,664,781,162	566,478,116	37,231,663	18,536,275	18,695,388	547,782,728	1.0
2019	5,577,107,573	557,710,757	18,617,102	24,572,825	(5,955,723)	557,710,757	1.0

Source: Muscogee County Tax Commissioner

<u>UNAUDITED</u>

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARISON OF MAJOR EMPLOYERS YEARS ENDING 2019 AND 2010

JUNE 30, 2019				JUNE 30, 2010			
EMPLOYER	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	RANK	% OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYER	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	RANK	% OF TOTAL CITY EMPLOYMENT
Fort Benning	40,000	1	31.2%	Fort Benning	42,000	1	28.7%
Muscogee County School District	5,350	2	4.2%	Muscogee County School District	6,000	2	4.1%
TSYS	4,690	3	3.7%	Total System Services, Inc. (TSYS)	4,400	3	3.0%
Aflac	3,670	4	2.9%	Aflac	4,000	4	2.7%
Columbus Regional Healthcare System	3,180	5	2.5%	Columbus Regional Healthcare System	3,883	5	2.7%
Columbus Consolidated Government	3,130	6	2.4%	Columbus Consolidated Government	2,943	6	2.0%
KIA Motors Manufacturing	3,000	7	2.3%	Pezold Management	2,200	7	1.5%
St. Francis Hospital Inc.	3,000	8	2.3%	Blue Cross Blue Shield of Georgia	1,650	8	1.1%
BlueCross BlueShield of Georgia	1,650	9	1.3%	St. Francis Hospital Inc.	1,445	9	1.0%
Columbus State University	1,360	10	<u>1.1%</u>	Callaway Gardens	1,200	10	<u>0.8%</u>
Total	69,030		<u>53.80%</u>	Total	69,721		47.60%

Note: Number of employeees information reported reflects reporting as of the date of the document.

Source:

Columbus, Georgia Chamber of Commerce

US Bureau of Labor Statistics

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2019

Square miles221Population194,160Average Density (Persons/Square Mile)861	0	221
· · · · · ·	Square miles	221
Average Density (Persons/Square Mile)861	Population	194,160
	Average Density (Persons/Square Mile)	861

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Climate	Average T	emperatures/Precipitation	
	High	Low	Average Monthly Rainfall in Inches
September	86.4	66.7	3.06
December	59.2	38.9	4.27
March	69.5	46.1	5.46
June	90.0	69.7	3.72
Normal Annual Mean Temperature:	76.3	55.1	
Normal Annual Rainfall:		46.75	

Source: National Climatic Data Center (www.ncdc.noaa.gov)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2019</u>	
Population			
Total Population	190,414	194,160	
Median Age	31.8	33.5	
Age Distribution			
17 and under	27,632	55,018	
18 to 64	140,516	117,945	
65 and over	22,266	21,095	
Race Distribution			
White population	90,020	89,896	
Black population	86,689	88,343	
Other population	13,705	15,913	
Sources:			
U.S. Census Bureau General Demographic Characteristics			
	2010	2019	
Housing			
Number of households units	74,569	84,743	
Effective Buying Income			
Median household	\$39,438	\$43,051	
Per Capita	20,234	25,224	
Sources:			
U.S. Census Bureau			
General Demographic Characteristics			
American FactFinder			

# MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							Median
			Median	School	Labor	Unemployment	Household
_	Fiscal Year	Population	Age	Employment	Force	Rate (County)	Income
		(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(1)
	2010	190,414	31.8	6,159	128,300	9.7%	39,438
	2011	190,417	33.5	6,080	131,800	10.1%	35,384
	2012	194,107	33.6	5,987	132,700	9.8%	37,333
	2013	198,413	33.0	5,737	131,700	9.2%	45,178
	2014	202,824	33.5	5,568	130,900	8.5%	40,388
	2015	200,887	33.5	5,287	125,500	8.2%	42,669
	2016	200,579	33.5	5,115	124,200	7.1%	41,592
	2017	197,485	33.5	5,126	124,300	6.0%	42,306
	2018	194,058	33.5	5,159	127,083	5.2%	42,661
	2019	194,160	33.5	5,350	128,400	9.7%	43,051

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census actual counts and projections
- (2) Muscogee County School District
- (3) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Reporting changed in 2008 from single city/county to MSA. The Columbus MSA includes Chattahoochee, Harris, Marion and Muscogee counties in Georgia,

and Russell County in Alabama.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2019

Total Columbus Employment	128,400		
Private Sector			
Service Providing Industries	69.50%		
Trade, ransportation and public utilities	3.80%		
Retail trade	10.80%		
Information	1.20%		
Financial and insurance	10.50%		
Professional and business services	14.70%		
Leisure and hospitality	28.50%		
Unclassified, Industry not identified	0.20%		
Goods Producing Industries	10.70%		
Government Sector	19.60%		
Federal	6.60%		
State and local	13.10%		
Total All Sectors	100.00%		

Source: Ga Department of Labor

Based on Columbus MSA which includes Muscogee along with Cahttahoochee County, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama.
#### UNAUDITED

	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS												
Grade level	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
РК	1,121	1,115	1,157	1,172	1,176	1,185	1,114	1,099	1,077	1,103			
КК	2,465	2,488	2,602	2,782	2,691	2,577	2,493	2,394	2,388	2,379			
Grade 1	2,453	2,439	2,556	2,598	2,761	2,699	2,546	2,441	2,448	2,392			
Grade 2	2,429	2,356	2,352	2,475	2,480	2,690	2,604	2,465	2,453	2,392			
Grade 3	2,478	2,408	2,368	2,337	2,445	2,472	2,668	2,578	2,436	2,501			
Grade 4	2,496	2,448	2,375	2,332	2,312	2,419	2,402	2,560	2,545	2,418			
Grade 5	2,382	2,489	2,431	2,366	2,262	2,325	2,341	2,350	2,540	2,541			
Grade 6	2,277	2,361	2,462	2,420	2,305	2,238	2,226	2,281	2,315	2,538			
Grade 7	2,326	2,299	2,335	2,329	2,426	2,289	2,202	2,192	2,258	2,338			
Grade 8	2,378	2,340	2,294	2,280	2,274	2,357	2,246	2,241	2,201	2,278			
Grade 9	2,925	2,787	2,644	2,618	2,516	2,567	2,649	2,551	2,647	2,586			
Grade 10	2,504	2,517	2,434	2,345	2,318	2,225	2,270	2,327	2,287	2,315			
Grade 11	2,314	2,193	2,232	2,131	2,151	2,098	2,055	2,105	2,107	2,025			
Grade 12	1,910	2,048	1,989	1,987	2,011	2,171	2,083	2,006	2,061	2,053			
Total	32,458	32,288	32,231	32,172	32,128	32,312	31,899	31,590	31,763	31,859			
Annual % Change	-0.4%	-0.5%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.1%	0.6%	-1.3%	-1.0%	0.5%	0.3%			

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT ENROLLMENT BY GRADE LEVEL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Georgia Department of Education, www.gadoe.org

#### <u>UNAUDITED</u>

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARISON OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES - PER PUPIL COST LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	EXPENSES	ENROLLMENT	ENROLLMENT COST PER PUPIL	AVERAGE DAILY <u>ATTENDANCE</u>	CLASSROOM TEACHERS	PUPIL/TEACHER RATIO
2010	333,563,671	32,458	10,277	30,754	(1)	(1)
2011	334,665,069	32,288	10,365	30,013	(1)	(1)
2012	338,098,807	32,231	10,490	30,342	(1)	(1)
2013	342,482,803	32,172	10,645	30,226	2,311	14:1
2014	338,714,495	32,128	10,543	29,693	2,142	15:1
2015	310,212,966	32,312	9,601	30,456	1,878	17:1
2016	303,119,258	31,899	9,502	30,130	1,852	17:1
2017	335,404,538	31,590	10,617	29,005	1,964	16:1
2018	349,492,461	31,763	11,003	30,598	1,972	16:1
2019	348,296,360	31,859	10,932	30,135	2,020	16:1

Sources: Internal financial records of Muscogee County School District Georgia Department of Education website, www.gadoe.org

**UNAUDITED** 

		LUNC	CH			BREAKI	FAST			TOTAL MEAL	S SERVED	
	Free	Reduced	Paid	Total	Free	Reduced	Paid	Total	Free	Reduced	Paid	Total
2010	2,711,892	364,346	1,282,858	4,359,096	1,356,153	119,126	241,229	1,716,508	4,068,045	483,472	1,524,087	6,075,604
% by category	62.2	8.4	29.4	100	79.0	6.9	14.1	100	67.0	8.0	25.1	100
2011	2,876,593	326,276	1,168,506	4,371,375	1,407,481	101,629	184,112	1,693,222	4,284,074	427,905	1,352,618	6,064,597
% by category	65.8	7.5	26.7	100	83.1	6.0	10.9	100	70.6	7.1	22.3	100
2012	2,993,889	341,988	1,075,838	4,411,715	1,534,764	112,450	179,631	1,826,845	4,528,653	454,438	1,255,469	6,238,560
% by category	65.8	7.8	24.4	98	84.0	6.2	9.8	100	72.6	7.3	20.1	100
2013	3,036,363	318,316	974,412	4,329,091	1,537,472	114,717	179,161	1,831,350	4,573,835	433,033	1,153,573	6,160,441
% by category	70.1	7.4	22.5	100	84.0	6.3	9.8	100	74.2	7.0	18.7	100
2014	3,370,632	186,814	721,518	4,278,964	1,699,748	54,655	105,596	1,859,999	5,070,380	241,469	827,114	6,138,963
% by category	78.8	4.4	16.9	100	91.4	2.9	5.7	100	82.6	3.9	13.5	100
2015	3,507,505	186,081	662,512	4,356,098	1,808,141	56,967	99,055	1,964,163	5,315,646	243,048	761,567	6,320,261
% by category	80.5	4.3	15.2	100	92.1	2.9	5.0	100	84.1	3.8	12.0	100
2016	3,475,138	185,302	597,852	4,258,292	1,828,920	60,870	98,296	1,988,086	5,304,058	246,172	696,148	6,246,378
% by category	81.6	4.4	14.0	100	92.0	3.1	4.9	100	84.9	3.9	11.1	100
2017	3,693,781	107,084	430,273	4,231,138	1,920,159	33,446	62,870	2,016,475	5,613,940	140,530	493,143	6,247,613
% by category	87.3	2.5	10.2	100	95.2	1.7	3.1	100	89.9	2.2	7.9	100
2018	3,545,632	74,977	522,606	4,143,215	1,821,867	23,486	145,121	1,990,474	5,367,499	98,463	667,727	6,133,689
% by category	85.6	1.8	12.6	100	91.5	1.2	7.3	100	87.5	1.6	10.9	100
2019	3,540,837	91,205	533,639	4,165,681	1,797,456	28,300	148,755	1,974,511	5,338,293	119,505	682,394	6,140,192
% by category	85.0	2.2	12.8	100	91.0	1.4	7.5	100	86.9	1.9	11.1	100

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL LUNCH AND BREAKFAST PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Muscogee County School District School Nutrition Division

<u>UNAUDITED</u>

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Direct instruction	3,253	3,135	3,065	3,291	3,165	3,393	3,497	3,588	3,881
Maintenance and transportation	533	443	512	544	542	592	670	709	743
School nutrition	334	327	163	312	343	364	357	355	303
Others	1,230	1,254	1,386	968	1,237	1,219	1,213	1,335	1,153
Total employees	5,350	5,159	5,126	5,115	5,287	5,568	5,737	5,987	6,080
Average Monthly Payroll	\$ 16,878,466	\$ 16,417,773	\$ 15,873,289	\$ 15,453,425	\$ 15,466,891	\$ 16,454,503	\$ 17,007,591	\$ 16,232,776	\$ 16,795,065
riverage monung rayron	<u> </u>	<i> </i>							

Source: Internal records of Muscogee County School District

Muscogee County School District has not reported this information in previous year.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDINGS PRIOR NINE YEARS

School Name	Occupied Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Allen ES	1967									
Square feet		54,032	53,997	53,997	53,997	53,997	53,997	53,997	53,997	53,997
Classrooms		32	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
FTE		458	432	469	474	546	464	464	450	459
Aaron Cohn MS	2013									
Square feet		109,707	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	110,000	Note1	Note1	Note1
Classrooms		45	46	46	46	46	46			
FTE		660	567	559	521	457	481			
Arnold MS	1959									
Square feet		80,570	80,295	80,295	80,295	80,295	80,295	80,295	80,295	80,295
Classrooms		42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
FTE		589	607	673	688	708	711	774	814	826
Baker MS	1952									
Square feet		104,614	105,691	105,691	105,691	105,691	98,051	98,051	98,051	98,051
Classrooms		43	44	44	44	44	43	43	43	43
FTE		564	503	523	566	559	587	428	Note <sup>2</sup>	Note <sup>2</sup>
Blackmon Road MS	1995									
Square feet		98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663	98,663
Classrooms		49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49
FTE		632	642	660	601	606	615	757	832	858
Blanchard ES	1963									
Square feet		61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844	61,844
Classrooms		38	39	39	39	39	38	38	38	38
FTE		568	548	538	493	518	577	580	592	593
Brewer ES	1991									
Square feet		68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754	68,754
Classrooms		43	44	44	44	44	43	43	43	43
FTE		517	476	485	514	499	606	518	466	440
Britt David ES	1955									
Square feet		58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474	58,474
Classrooms		35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
FTE		590	563	570	567	575	560	544	542	547
Carver HS	2012									
Square feet		250,306	235,354	235,354	235,354	235,354	235,354	235,354	Note <sup>2</sup>	Note <sup>2</sup>
Classrooms		68	67	67	67	67	67	67	Note <sup>2</sup>	Note <sup>2</sup>
FTE		956	1136	1,138	1,191	1,200	1,193	1,112	881	967

#### PRIOR NINE YEARS Occupied School Name 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Year 1953 Clubview ES 63,423 Square feet 65,960 63,423 63,423 63,423 63,423 63,423 63,423 63,423 Classrooms 34 34 34 35 35 35 35 35 35 FTE 514 501 542 549 534 561 533 499 496 1926 Columbus HS Square feet 148,364 145,325 145,325 145,325 145,325 145,325 145,325 145,325 145,325 Classrooms 64 62 62 62 62 61 61 61 61 FTE 1,275 1286 1,267 1,269 1,255 1,292 1,306 1,313 1,333 Cusseta Road ES 1965 Square feet Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 63,038 63,038 63,038 63,038 Classrooms 36 36 36 36 FTE 299 311 351 352 Davis ES 1952 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 60,732 Square feet Classrooms 39 40 40 40 40 39 39 39 39 447 416 474 FTE 401 381 407 438 404 390 Dawson ES 1960 Square feet 51,990 37,563 37,563 37,563 37,563 37,563 37,563 37,563 37,563 Classrooms 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 FTE 336 268 269 288 283 327 351 370 355 Dimon ES 1967 58,068 58.068 58.068 58,068 58.068 58.068 58,068 58.068 58,068 Square feet Classrooms 35 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 458 496 545 489 450 488 496 469 474 1951 Dbl Churches ES 62,231 68,650 62,231 62,231 62,231 62,231 62,231 62,231 62,231 Square feet Classrooms 40 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 FTE 644 572 566 579 569 440 436 434 437 2000 Dbl Churches MS 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 95,760 Square feet Classrooms 43 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 FTE 545 451 456 456 470 459 442 404 445 Dorothy Height ES 2014 Note:1 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Square feet 87,362 91,000 91,000 91,000 91,000 Classrooms 48 47 47 47 47 FTE 498 712 762 712 672

## MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDINGS (Continued)

#### PRIOR NINE YEARS Occupied School Name 2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Year 2016 1995 Downtown ES Square feet 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 70,502 Classrooms 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 37 FTE 321 302 330 294 486 537 550 534 536 2007 Eagle Ridge ES Square feet 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 81,089 Classrooms 45 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 FTE 701 749 730 756 769 720 694 678 681 Early College Academy 1920 Square feet 19,725 21,572 21,572 21,572 21,572 48,205 48,205 48,205 48,205 Classrooms 12 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 FTE 124 158 170 169 181 162 169 156 158 E. Columbus MS 2000 Square feet 86,683 86,685 86,685 86,685 86,685 86,685 86,685 86,685 86,685 Classrooms 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 FTE 549 661 553 546 601 627 640 611 624 Eddy MS 1961 Square feet 75,399 75,339 75,339 75,399 75,399 75,399 75,399 75,399 75,399 Classrooms 41 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 FTE 449 453 417 414 481 453 425 373 373 Edgewood ES 1954 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 48.825 48.825 48.825 Note: Square feet Classrooms 31 31 31 FTE 345 353 353 1954 Forrest Road ES 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 48,019 Square feet Classrooms 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 415 448 431 452 440 354 344 326 339 1978 Fort MS 107,938 106,402 107,938 85,195 85,195 85,195 85,195 85,195 85,195 Square feet Classrooms 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 FTE 609 544 566 523 510 579 605 565 565 2001 Fox ES Square feet 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 63,400 Classrooms 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 FTE 388 325 358 419 430 326 332 333 360 1955 Gentian ES Square feet 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 52,245 Classrooms 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 450 444 413 419 417 462 411 413 448

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDINGS (Continued) PRIOP NINE VEAPS

#### SCHOOL BUILDINGS (Continued) PRIOR NINE YEARS Occupied School Name 2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Year 2016 Georgetown ES 1966 46,984 46,984 46,984 Square feet 60,911 46,984 46,984 46,984 46,984 46,984 Classrooms 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 FTE 535 513 480 498 504 541 465 455 449 1990 Hannan ES Square feet 62,240 62,772 62,772 62,772 62,772 62,772 62,772 62,772 62,772 Classrooms 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 39 FTE 504 491 501 522 478 501 501 477 487 1965 Hardaway HS Square feet 158,000 166,400 166,400 166,400 166,400 167,909 167,909 167,909 167,909 Classrooms 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 FTE 1.240 1273 1.288 1.276 1.369 1.482 1.592 1.647 1.767 Johnson ES 1949 Square feet 61,122 61,222 61,222 61,122 61,122 61,122 61,122 61,122 61,122 Classrooms 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 FTE 408 439 350 353 337 356 360 351 328 Jordan HS 1939 Square feet 194,015 231,695 231,695 231,695 231,695 231,695 231,695 231,695 231,695 Classrooms 70 75 70 70 70 79 79 79 79 FTE 779 766 765 787 740 716 754 649 773 Kendrick HS 1964 166,997 163.398 163.398 163,398 163.398 163.398 163,398 163.398 163.398 Square feet Classrooms 73 71 71 71 71 72 72 72 72 FTE 855 898 896 945 905 842 826 696 793 1957 Key ES 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 49,532 Square feet Classrooms 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 FTE 336 373 331 341 362 349 377 325 321 1952 Lonnie Jackson ES 52,391 52,391 52,391 52.391 52,391 52,391 52,391 52,391 52,391 Square feet Classrooms 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 415 489 461 488 533 416 410 396 390 1953 Marshall MS Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Square feet 106,702 106,702 106,702 106,702 Classrooms 43 43 43 43 FTE 659 357 586 659

MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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#### SCHOOL BUILDINGS (Continued) PRIOR NINE YEARS Occupied School Name 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 Year Martin Luther King ES 2000 Square feet 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 61,577 Classrooms 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 464 503 541 618 613 563 659 558 679 1952 Mathews ES Square feet 65,369 64,012 64,012 64,012 64,012 64,012 64,012 64,012 64,012 Classrooms 38 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 FTE 721 738 700 697 672 560 501 527 520 Midland Academy ES 2000 Square feet 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 73,560 Classrooms 38 38 38 38 38 37 37 37 37 FTE 619 594 577 564 564 657 653 660 667 Midland MS 1999 107,320 108,855 108,855 108,855 108,855 108,855 108,855 108,855 108,855 Square feet Classrooms 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 FTE 414 413 392 434 462 410 691 723 747 Muscogee ES 1957 Square feet Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 Note:3 52,226 52,226 52,226 52,226 Classrooms 30 30 30 30 FTE 371 373 360 377 North Columbus ES 2006 78,654 78.654 78.654 78.654 78.654 75.961 75,961 75.961 75,961 Square feet Classrooms 44 44 44 44 44 43 43 43 43 711 FTE 693 755 681 722 737 756 747 683 2002 Northside HS 224,754 220,862 220,862 220,862 220,862 220,862 Square feet 220.862 220,862 220,862 Classrooms 78 79 79 79 79 79 79 60 60 FTE 1,495 1,446 1,404 1,357 1,344 1,322 1,448 1,490 1,563 Rainey-McCullers School of Arts 2017 Note:1 Note:1 Note:1 Note:1 Note:1 Note:1 Note:1 113,443 118,500 Square feet Classrooms 38 37 FTE 318 310 1958 Reese Road ES Square feet 55,974 55,074 55,074 55,074 55,074 55,074 55,074 55,074 55,074 Classrooms 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 FTE 464 499 481 460 472 552 553 554 548

MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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# Occupied Year 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011

School Name

Benoor Func	1 cui	2017	2010	2017	2010	2015	2014	2015	2012	2011
Richards MS	1960									
Square feet	1960	108,358	108,358	108,358	108,358	108,358	92,798	92,798	92,798	92,798
Classrooms		108,558	40	40	40	40	92,798 39	92,798 39	92,798 39	92,798 39
FTE		782	40 698	40 760	701	732	758	- 59 793	743	
FIE		782	098	700	/01	132	138	795	745	/01
Rigdon Road ES	2008									
Square feet		77,005	77,665	77,665	77,665	77,665	77,005	77,005	77,005	77,005
Classrooms		44	41	41	41	41	43	43	43	43
FTE		548	605	656	646	680	510	421	422	414
River Road ES	1957									
Square feet		54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262	54,262
Classrooms		34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
FTE		444	404	423	437	422	431	431	415	413
Rothschild MS	1966									
Square feet		88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547	88,547
Classrooms		47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
FTE		536	529	523	545	556	639	509	501	512
shaw HS	1978									
Square feet	1778	171,223	153,614	153,614	153,614	153,614	153,614	153,614	153,614	153,614
Classrooms		64	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
FTE		1,154	1251	1,235	1,225	1,244	1,197	1,157	1,148	1,190
		1,101	1201	1,200	1,220	1,211	1,127	1,107	1,110	1,170
South Columbus ES	1952									
Square feet		58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950	58,950
Classrooms		38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
FTE		471	534	554	558	563	447	447	440	453
pencer HS (4)	2019									
Square feet		200,577	150,985	150,985	150,985	150,985	150,985	150,985	150,985	150,985
Classrooms		70	55	55	55	55	52	52	52	52
FTE		991	813	826	838	823	767	717	691	755
t. Marys ES	1956									
Square feet		45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148	45,148
Classrooms		29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
FTE		494	355	394	406	439	479	469	443	448
/eteran's Memorial MS	2007									
/eteran's Memorial MS Square feet	2007	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595	96,595
Veteran's Memorial MS Square feet Classrooms	2007	96,595 42								

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDINGS (Continued) PRIOR NINE YEARS

	Occupied									
School Name	Year	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Waddell ES	1966									
Square feet		48,891	58,315	58,315	58,315	58,315	58,315	58,315	58,315	58,315
Classrooms		36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
FTE		463	462	462	525	522	524	542	517	556
Wesley Heights ES	1963									
Square feet		49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234	49,234
Classrooms		33	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
FTE		493	443	395	401	447	467	432	430	441
Wynnton ES	1918									
Square feet		56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980	56,980
Classrooms		33	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
FTE		395	473	476	480	449	644	374	407	407
GRAND TOTALS										
Square feet		4,768,943	4,708,104	4,589,604	4,566,821	4,566,821	4,441,689	4,487,216	4,251,862	4,369,921
Classrooms		2,303	2,251	2,214	2,215	2,215	2,236	2,264	2,178	2,178
FTE		31,859	31,763	31,590	31,899	32,312	32,171	32,172	31,173	31,984

ES - Elementary School

MS - Middle School

HS - High School FTE - Full Time Equivalent

Note: (1) School not in existence

(2) Rebuilding Carver HS, Carver HS students were at Baker Middle ; Baker Middle students were at Marshall Middle

(3) School Closed

(4) A new Spencer High School building was occupied in 2019 as a replacement facility. The prior building was occupied in 1978.

Source: Muscogee County School District ---Division of Facilities and Operations and Student Services GaDOE Report FT002 GaDOE Report FT002

#### **UNAUDITED**

### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2019

#### Profile of an average classroom teacher:

- Years of experience 8+ years
- Salary excluding benefits \$53,155
- Age 43
- Sex Female
- Education Masters Degree +

#### Of Certificated Staff, 87 Hold Doctorates

#### Other:

- Free public education established in Muscogee County in 1866
- First public school system in the nation to offer kindergarten as part of the educational process (1905)
- First municipal vocational high in the nation
- Muscogee County School District is accredited by the AdvanceED
- The Board of Education is composed of nine elected members who are paid \$1,000 per month

Source: Internal records of MCSD

## **Compliance with the Uniform Guidance**



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Columbus, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Muscogee County School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2019.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the government's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Page Two

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 2, 2019.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the government's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Grimes + Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

December 2, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over <u>Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance</u>

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Columbus, Georgia

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Muscogee County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, <u>Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards</u> ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Page Two

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Muscogee County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a federal program will not be prevented is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The Board of Education Muscogee County School District Page Three

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Grimes & Company, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

December 2, 2019

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

FUNDING AGENCY PROGRAM/GRANT	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD		
		2. THE IS ROUBLE	I. TENOD		
Agriculture, U.S. Department of Child Nutrition Cluster					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Cash Assistance					
Food Services					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099	\$ 3,943,043		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	12,544,517		
Non Cash Assistance			y- y-		
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Commodities	10.550		1,262,714		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			17,750,274		
Other Programs					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Food Services					
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	185GA324L1603	105,59		
Commercial Warehouse Storage and Delivery Cost Reimbursement	10.Unknown	18GA904N2533	18,644		
Equipment Stimulus Grant	10.579	18GA350M8103	23,782		
Total Other Programs			148,023		
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			17,898,29		
Education, U.S. Department of Impact Aid Cluster					
Direct					
Impact Aid	84.041		726,29		
Education for Homeless Children and Youth Cluster					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	S196A170011	15,805		
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	S196A180011	35,151		
Total Education for Homeless Children and Youth Cluster			50,950		
Special Education Cluster					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education					
Grants to States					
GA Network for Educational & Therapeutic Support (GNETS) Federal VIB	84.027	H027A170073	35,637		
GA Network for Educational & Therapeutic Support (GNETS) Federal VIB	84.027	H027A180073	234,061		
Special Ed - VIB Flowthrough	84.027	H027A180073	6,395,152		
Preschool Grants	04 150	1172 1 100001	100.000		
Special Ed - Preschool, Regular Project	84.173	H173A180081	198,909		
Total Special Education Cluster			6,863,759		
School Improvement Grants Cluster					
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education	04.077	0000 + 1 50011	105 50		
School Improvement Federal - G funds	84.377	S377A150011	107,738		
Title I, Part A Cluster					
Pass-Through From the Georgia Department of Education					
Title I Grant to Local Educational Agencies					
Title I-A, Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged	84.010	S010A170010	2,785,004		
Title I-A, Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged	84.010	S010A180010	8,703,91		
Title I-A, School Improvement	84.010	S010A170010	4,82		
Title I-A, School Improvement	84.010	S010A180010	478,964		
Total Title I, Part A Cluster			11,972,706		

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2019

FUNDING AGENCY	CFDA	PASS-THROUGH	EXPENDITURES
PROGRAM/GRANT	NUMBER	ENTITY ID NUMBER	IN PERIOD
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From the Georgia Department of Education			
Career, Technical & Agricultural Education (CTAE) - Basic Grants to States			
CTAE - Perkins IV Reserve - Perkins Plus	84.048	V048A180010	24,999
CTAE - Perkins IV Grants - Program Improvement	84.048	V048A180010	335,740
CTAE - Perkins IV Grants - Perkins Carryover	84.048	V048A170010	19,668
English Language Acquisition Grants			
Title III-A, Limited English Proficient (LEP)	84.365	S365A170010	18,040
Title III-A, Limited English Proficient (LEP)	84.365	S365A180010	110,931
Supporting Effective Instruction			
Title II-A, Advanced Placement Grant	84.367	S367A180001	6,450
Title II-A, Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	S367A170001	818,137
Title II-A, Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	S367A180001	574,001
Student Support and Academic Enrichment			
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	S424A170011	76,764
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	S424A180011	529,646
Special Education			
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)			
Now is the Time GA Project Aware	93.243	H79SM061777	127,156
Now is the Time GA Project Aware	93.243	H79SM061877	267,922
Total Other Programs			2,909,454
Title II, Part B Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Title II Grant to Local Educational Agencies			
Title II-B, Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	S366B160011	68,070
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Other Programs			
Transportation, U.S. Department of Highway Safety Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Governor's Office of Highway Safety			
Students Against Destructive Decisions (SADD)	20.600	2018-402TSP	1,500
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through From Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia			
Gaining Early Awarness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP)	84.334	P334S160030	54,152
Institute of Museum and Library Services			
Pass-Through From Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia			
Library Services and Technology Services	45.310		4,229
Defense, U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct			
	10 556		207 210
DoDEA Grant	12.556		297,319
R.O.T.C Program	12.Unknown		987,438
Total U.S. Department of Defense			1,284,757

Total Federal Financial Assistance

41,941,909

\$

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Muscogee County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net assets of the Board.

#### NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized as the following, where applicable, either the cost principles in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COLUMBUS, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

- 1. An unmodified opinion, dated December 2, 2019, was issued on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 2. The "Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>" dated December 2, 2019, disclosed no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 3. The "Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>" dated December 2, 2019, disclosed no instances of noncompliance for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 4. The "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance," dated December 2, 2019, disclosed no significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 5. An unmodified opinion, dated December 2, 2019, was issued on the District's compliance with its major federal programs in the "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance," for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 6. No audit findings were disclosed that are required to be reported under 2 CFR 200.516(a) for the year ended June 30, 2019.
- 7. The major programs for the Muscogee County School District for the year ending June 30, 2019, were:

Title I, Part A ClusterPass - Through From the Georgia Department of EducationTitle I Grant to Local Education AgenciesTitle I-A Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged84.010Title I-A, School Improvement84.010

#### MUSCOGEE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COLUMBUS, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **<u>SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS</u>** (Continued)

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs is \$1,258,257 as described in 2 CFR 200.518.
- 9. Under 2 CFR 200.520, the Muscogee County School District did qualify as a low-risk auditee for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The "Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>" dated December 2, 2019, disclosed no findings required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

The "Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Uniform Guidance" dated December 2, 2019, disclosed no findings or questions costs for Federal awards as defined in 2 CFR 200.516(a), for the year ended June 30, 2019.