#### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required supplementary and additional supplementary information)

JUNE 30, 2023

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October 26, 2023

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of Clintondale Community Schools

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clintondale Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clintondale Community Schools, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Clintondale Community Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, in 2023 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based IT Arrangements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clintondale Community Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Clintondale Community Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clintondale Community Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clintondale Community Schools' basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

LEWIS & KNOPF, P.C.

Laws & Knopl, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



As administration of Clintondale Community Schools, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- \* The liabilities and deferred inflows of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$59,553,777 (net position).
- \* The District 's total net position increased by \$3,992,342. The increase was primarily attributable to repayment of debt obligations of approximately \$3.9 million.
- \* The general fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$438,403. At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,419,467. Total fund balance for the general fund was \$4,323,792, or 13%, of total general fund expenditures.

#### Overview of the District for the Fiscal Year

Bargaining unit pay increases, offset marginally by utilization of pandemic-related grant funds, resulted in a decrease in the District's governmental fund balance of approximately \$448,000 from the previous fiscal year. With the dwindling of federal grants, additional pay increases during the 2023-2024 fiscal year, and increasing cost pressures going forward, it will be more difficult to improve and maintain adequate fund balances. The District will face challenges of decreasing student counts, increasing costs, and the continued need to cut costs.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District financially as a whole. The District-Wide Financial Statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The financial statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities included in the fund financial statements. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund and Debt Retirement Fund. All other funds are presented in one column as non-major funds.

MAJOR FEATURES OF DISTRICT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS					
	Fund Financial Statements				
	District-Wide				
	<b>Statements</b>	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds (if any)		
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary Funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as certain student activities monies		
Required Financial Statements	* Statement of Net Position * Statement of Activities  (Pages 1 and 2)	* Balance Sheet * Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	* Statement of Fiduciary Net Position * Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position		
		(Pages 3 and 5)			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of Asset/ Liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, The District's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can		
Type of Inflow/ Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received	All additions and deductions during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements are reported on a modified accrual basis and consist of governmental funds. Governmental funds include most of the District's basic services which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending on future District programs.

Fiduciary funds are for assets that belong to others, such as certain student activities funds where the District is the trustee or fiduciary. The District cannot use these assets to finance its operations but it is responsible to ensure that these funds are used for their intended purposes. Only measurable and currently available funds are reported. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources. Some of these funds are established by State law and by bond covenants while others can be established for the District to control and manage money for a particular purpose such as school lunch and child care.

#### **SUMMARY OF NET POSITION:**

NET POSITION SUMMARY			
	2023	2022 *	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Other Assets	\$10,683,698	\$13,449,348	
Capital Assets	18,177,607	17,975,950	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$28,861,305	\$31,425,298	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	19,998,697	10,130,322	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$48,860,002	\$41,555,620	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Other Liabilities	57,951,272	40,932,189	
Long-Term Liabilities	40,409,364	44,036,154	
Total Liabilities	\$98,360,636	\$84,968,343	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,053,143	20,133,396	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$108,413,779	\$105,101,739	
<u>NET POSITION</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(844,373)	(11,583,162)	
Restricted	166,439	207,008	
Unrestricted	(58,875,843)	(52,169,965)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$59,553,777)	(\$63,546,119)	
* The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.			

The above analysis focuses on the net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The net position differs from fund balances and a reconciliation appears on page 4.

The District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, and capital projects (i.e. land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$166,439, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In the case of the School District, these amounts are restricted for debt service and food service. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see table below), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2023.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS:**

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District wide results of operations were:

	2023	2022 *
<u>REVENUES</u>		
<u>Program Revenues</u>		
Charges for Services	\$725,641	\$641,027
Operating Grants	14,645,657	12,683,246
Total Program Revenues	\$15,371,298	\$13,324,273
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	7,325,438	6,981,666
State Sources - Unrestricted	14,237,618	18,090,877
Interdistrict Sources	1,564,424	1,460,819
Other General Revenues	255,049	169,740
Total General Revenues	\$23,382,529	\$26,703,102
Total Revenues	\$38,753,827	\$40,027,375
<u>EXPENSES</u>		
Instruction	17,700,675	17,952,801
Support Services	12,293,400	10,219,605
Community Services	138,529	24,501
Child Care	642,167	569,660
Food Service	1,426,770	1,772,342
Student Activities	70,486	68,829
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,310,808	1,289,935
Depreciation	1,178,650_	887,663
Total Expenses	\$34,761,485	\$32,785,336
<u>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</u>	\$3,992,342	\$7,242,039
* The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adopti	on of GASB 96.	

The District's net position increased by \$3,992,342 during the current fiscal year. The increase in net position differs from the change in fund balances and a reconciliation appears on page 6.

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State aid constitute the vast majority of the School District's operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

#### **Student Enrollment**

Student enrollment decreased from 2,431 in 2021-22 to 1,850 in 2022-23.

#### **General Fund Budgeting and Operating Highlights**

The School District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the School District amended the budget of the General Fund two times. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriation. A schedule showing the School District's general fund original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

The general fund actual revenue and other financing sources were \$33,852,631. That amount is less than the final budget estimate of \$34,246,778. The variance was \$394,147, or 1%.

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$34,291,034, which is less than the final budget estimate of \$34,388,958. The variance was \$97,923 or 1%.

The general fund had total revenues of \$33,852,631 and total expenditures of \$34,291,034 with a net decrease in fund balance of \$438,403 and an ending fund balance of \$4,323,792.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Total capital assets, net

#### A. Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$18,177,607 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings and improvements; land improvements; furniture and equipment, and licensed vehicles. Capital assets at fiscal year-end included the following:

	Capital Assets		
	(Net of Depreciation/Amortization)		
	2023 2022 *		
Construction in Progress	\$0	\$854,381	
Land	128,520	128,520	
Land Improvements	888,414	966,481	
Buildings and Improvements	16,272,161	15,462,253	
Furniture and Equipment	381,395	435,405	
Vehicles and Buses	100,236	128,910	
Right-to-Use - Lighting Improvements	406,881	0_	

<sup>\*</sup> The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4.

\$18,177,607

\$17,975,950

#### **<u>Capital Asset and Debt Administration</u>** (Continued)

#### B. Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term debt outstanding of \$40,409,364. Long-term debt at fiscal year-end included the following:

	Long-Term Debt		
	2023 2022 *		
General Obligation Bonds	\$18,639,237	\$29,631,124	
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	21,521,923	14,105,221	
Other Employee Obligations	248,204	299,809	
Total Long-Term Debt	\$40,409,364	\$44,036,154	

<sup>\*</sup> The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.

The District's total bonded debt decreased by \$10,860,000 during the current fiscal year due to the District making scheduled debt payments. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The Board of Education adopted the 2023-24 fiscal year budget in June. The District's General Fund revenue assumptions included expected declines in enrollment, a foundation allowance of \$9,608 per pupil, and conservative estimates of MPSERS and categorical funding increases based on anticipatory State budget information available at the time.

The continuing cost of health insurance to current and potential retirees continues to drive the rate increase the Michigan School Employees Retirement System recommends to the legislature for approval. For 2023-2024, the rate is anticipated to increase to 31.34% effective October 1, 2023. Additionally, the District will be required to pay 16.89%, for all wages earned October 1, 2023 and later, for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

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The Clintondale Community Schools' 2023/2024 adopted budget is as follows:

REVENUE	\$28,861,292
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	31,499,833
NET (UNDER) BUDGET	(\$2,638,541)

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business Office, Clintondale Community Schools.



## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,013,986
Investments	3,845
Receivables:	
Accounts Receivable	459,591
Due from Other Governmental Units	6,929,335
Prepaid Expenditures	265,784
Deposits	11,157
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated - Land	128,520
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	18,049,087
Total Assets	\$28,861,305
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	46,742
Related to Pensions	15,736,620
Related to Postemployment Benefits	4,215,335
Total Deferred Outflows of Resource:	\$19,998,697
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$48,860,002
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	305,551
State Aid Note Payable	712,574
Due to Other Governmental Units	665,870
Salaries Payable	1,949,290
Accrued Expenditures	843,579
Unearned Revenue	940,676
Non-Current Liabilities - Due Within One Year	3,981,418
Non-Current Liabilities - Due in More than One Year	36,427,946
Net Pension Liability	49,668,358
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	2,865,374
Total Liabilities	\$98,360,636
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to State Aid Funding for Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit	3,660,636
Related to Pensions	406,503
Related to Other Postemployment Benefit	5,986,004
Total Deferred Inflows of Resource	\$10,053,143
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$108,413,779
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(844,373)
Restricted	166,439
Unrestricted	(58,875,843)
TOTAL NET POSITION	(\$59,553,777)

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Program	Revenues	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Charges For Services	Program Specific Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
Instruction	\$17,700,675	\$0	\$13,167,539	(\$4,533,136)
Support Services	12,293,400	12,885	0	(12,280,515)
Community Services	138,529	0	0	(138,529)
Child Care	642,167	633,924	191,152	182,909
Food Service	1,426,770	0	1,286,966	(139,804)
Student Activities	70,486	78,832	0	8,346
Interest - Long-Term Obligations	1,310,808	0	0	(1,310,808)
Depreciation/Amortization - Unallocated	1,178,650	0	0	(1,178,650)
Total Governmental Activities	\$34,761,485	\$725,641	\$14,645,657	(\$19,390,187)
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes, Levied for General I	•			2,648,916
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Ret	irement			4,676,522
State Sources - Unrestricted				14,237,617
Interdistrict Sources				1,564,424
Investment Earnings				99,078
Other Total General Revenues				155,972
Change in Net Position				\$23,382,529 \$3,992,342
Change in Net Position				\$3,332,342
Net Position - Beginning of Year				(63,546,119)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR				(\$59,553,777)

#### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,697,901	\$244,466	\$71,619	\$3,013,986
Investments	3,793	52	0	3,845
Receivables:				
Accounts Receivable	386,880	0	72,711	459,591
Due from Other Funds	17,462	0	415,255	432,717
Due from Other Governmental Units	6,929,334	0	1	6,929,335
Prepaid Expenditures	265,784	0	0	265,784
Deposits	11,157	0	0	11,157
TOTAL ASSETS	\$10,312,311	\$244,518	\$559,586	\$11,116,415
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$304,931	\$0	\$620	\$305,551
State Aid Note Payable	712,574	0	0	712,574
Due to Other Funds	415,256	0	17,461	432,717
Due to Other Governmental Units	665,870	0	0	665,870
Salaries Payable	1,949,290	0	0	1,949,290
Accrued Expenditures	764,568	0	932	765,500
Unearned Revenue	940,676	0	0	940,676
Total Liabilities	\$5,753,165	\$0	\$19,013	\$5,772,178
Total Elabilities	\$5,755,105	\$0	\$17,013	Ψ3,772,170
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue	235,354	0	0	235,354
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$5,988,519	\$0	\$19,013	\$6,007,532
FUND BALANCE Non-Spendable				
Prepaid Expenditures Restricted	265,784	0	0	265,784
Debt Retirement	0	244,518	0	244,518
Food Service	0	0	33,934	33,934
Committed - Student Activities	0	0	63,874	63,874
Assigned	O	V	03,074	03,074
Child Care	0	0	442,765	442,765
Subsequent Year Expenditures	2,638,541	0	0	2,638,541
Unassigned	1,419,467	0	0	1,419,467
Total Fund Balance	\$4,323,792	\$244,518	\$540,573	\$5,108,883
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND				
FUND BALANCE	\$10,312,311	\$244,518	\$559,586	\$11,116,415

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances:		\$5,108,883
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net position are different because:		
Deferred Outflow of Resources - Deferred Charge on Refunding		46,742
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Related to Pensions		15,736,620
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Related to Postemployment Benefits		4,215,335
Deferred Inflows Related to State Aid Funding for Pension and Other Postemploym	ent Benefits	(3,660,636)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Related to Pensions		(406,503)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		(5,986,004)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Capital Assets	\$53,811,419	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(35,633,812)	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		18,177,607
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end and are not available to pay for		
current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue		235,354
Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt		(78,079)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as		
liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$18,639,237	
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	21,521,923	
Compensated Absences	217,628	
Total		(40,378,788)
Claims Payable		(30,576)
Total General Long-Term Obligations	·	(\$40,409,364)
Net Pension Liability		(49,668,358)
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	-	(2,865,374)
TOTAL NET POSITION -		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (DEFICIT)	_	(\$59,553,777)

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Debt	Non-Major	Total
	General	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$2,850,880	\$4,715,154	\$740,095	\$8,306,129
State Sources	22,317,965	0	39,920	22,357,885
Federal Sources	6,521,465	0	1,455,063	7,976,528
Interdistrict Sources	1,564,424	0	0	1,564,424
Total Revenues	\$33,254,734	\$4,715,154	\$2,235,078	\$40,204,966
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	18,946,274	0	0	18,946,274
Student Services	2,761,578	0	0	2,761,578
Instructional Support	1,425,303	0	0	1,425,303
General Administration	1,192,077	0	0	1,192,077
School Administration	1,837,069	0	0	1,837,069
Business Administration	825,810	0	0	825,810
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	3,473,605	0	0	3,473,605
Transportation	589,821	0	0	589,821
Support Services - Other	1,036,081	0	0	1,036,081
Support Services - Athletics	485,611	0	0	485,611
Community Services	146,644	0	0	146,644
Capital Outlay	959,637	0	0	959,637
Food Service	0	0	1,430,827	1,430,827
Child Care	0	0	658,396	658,396
Student Activities	0	0	70,486	70,486
Debt Retirement			,	ŕ
Principal	503,023	10,470,000	0	10,973,023
Interest	56,115	774,325	0	830,440
Dues and Fees	0	1,000	0	1,000
Total Expenditures	\$34,238,648	\$11,245,325	\$2,159,709	\$47,643,682
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(\$983,914)	(\$6,530,171)	\$75,369	(\$7,438,716)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	55,389	52,386	0	107,775
Transfers Out	(52,386)	0	(55,389)	(107,775)
Bond/Loan Proceeds	542,508	6,447,758	0	6,990,266
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$545,511	\$6,500,144	(\$55,389)	\$6,990,266
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$438,403)	(\$30,027)	\$19,980	(\$448,450)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,762,195	274,545	520,593	5,557,333
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$4,323,792	\$244,518	\$540,573	\$5,108,883

#### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

#### AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		(\$448,450)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Construction in Progress	(\$854,381)	
Capital Outlay	2,332,607	
Depreciation Expense	(1,178,650)	
Loss on Sale of Assets	(97,919)	
Total		201,657
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available		235,354
1		,
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental		
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement		
of net assets. This is the amount of repayments reported as		
expenditures in the governmental funds.		10,860,000
Net Change - Michigan School Bond Loan Fund		(6,987,216)
Lease Proceeds		(542,508)
Payments on Direct Borrowing		113,023
Amortization of:		
Bond Premium		131,887
Deferred Charge on Refunding		(25,270)
Change in accrued interest on long-term liabilities		60,090
Change in Self Insurance WC Claim		880
Decrease in accrued compensated absences		50,725
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
the governmental Funds.		
State Aid Funding for Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits		(1,686,493)
Pension Related Items		(46,254)
OPEB Related Items	_	2,074,917
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	\$3,992,342

#### 1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A) DESCRIPTION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

#### B) REPORTING ENTITY

The District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the GASB for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are part of the District's reporting entity and which organizations are legally separate component units of the District. Based on application of the criteria, the District does not contain component units.

The District receives funding from local, state, federal and interdistrict government sources and must comply with the accompanying requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" body that has separate legal standing and is fiscally independent of the governmental entities. As such, the Board of Education has decision-making authority, the authority to levy taxes, and determine its budget, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

#### C) BASIS OF PRESENTATION - GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### D) BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds (if any). Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

**Debt Retirement Fund** - The Debt Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### D) BASIS OF PRESENTATION - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Other Non-Major Funds:

**Special Revenue Funds** - The special revenue funds accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The District accounts for its food service, childcare and student/school activities in the special revenue funds.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in the fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

#### E) MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the financial statements is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates are primarily related to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

**Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements** (if any) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities to the beneficiaries of a fiduciary activity. Liabilities to beneficiaries are recognized when an event has occurred that compels the District to disburse fiduciary resources.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources. For this purpose, the School District considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### E) MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Property taxes, state and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end).

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted state aid.

#### F) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the District is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or a savings and loan association which is a member of the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC) or a credit union which is insured by the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA), but only if the bank, savings and loan association, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles, which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits, if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, or Government National Mortgage Association.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### G) INVENTORIES AND PREPAID COSTS

Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds, including commodities received from the United States Department of Agriculture, are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### H) CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) using a \$1,000 capitalization threshold and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the District are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period of the estimated useful lives. The other property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings, Building Additions and Land Improvements	20 – 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	3-10 years
Land Improvements	15 - 35 years
Vehicles and Buses	8 years
Right-to-Use Improvements	4 years

#### I) INTERFUND BALANCES

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### J) <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u>

The District reports unearned revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### K) COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation, sick leave, and severance benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts are included both for employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and for other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination.

#### L) <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### M) DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

#### <u>Deferred Outflows</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding, pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

#### Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first is restricted state aid funding deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension and other postemployment benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### N) <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### O) NET POSITION FLOW ASSUMPTION

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### P) FUND BALANCE FLOW ASSUMPTION

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### Q) FUND BALANCE POLICIES

Fund balances for each of the District's governmental funds are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- \* Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- \* Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's Capital Projects Fund, Debt Retirement Fund and Food Service balances are considered restricted.
- \* Committed fund balance amounts that have been formally set aside by specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Education.
- \* Assigned fund balance amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The intent is expressed by the Board of Education.
- \* Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the District's General Fund.

In the general fund, the goal of the District shall be to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of no less than 5% of the preceding year's expenditures.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### R) <u>LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION BASED IT ARRANGEMENTS (SBITA)</u>

Lessee/subscriber: The District is a lessee for a noncancelable lease/subscription of lighting improvements and an IT arrangement. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes a lease/SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use lease/SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease/subscription, the District initially measures the lease/SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease/SBITA term. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease/SBITA payments made. The lease/SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease/SBITA liability, adjusted for lease/SBITA payments made at or before the lease/SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease/SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease/SBITA payments to present value, (2) lease/SBITA term, and (3) lease/SBITA payments.

- \* The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases/SBITA.
- \* The lease/SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the lease/subscription. Lease/SBITA payments included in the measurement of the lease/SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease/SBITA and will remeasure the lease/SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/SBITA liability.

Lease/SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

#### S) REVENUE

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a statewide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the current year ended, the foundation allowance was based on pupil membership counts.

The state portion of the Foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The local portion of the Foundation is funded primarily by Non-PRE property taxes which may be levied at a rate of up to 18 mills as well as 6 mills for Commercial Personal Property Tax. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as due from other governmental units.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### S) <u>REVENUE</u> (Continued)

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31, and attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed on July 1. The final collection date is February 28, after which they are added to the county tax roll.

#### T) <u>USE OF ESTIMATES</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### U) MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL ACCOUNTING MANUAL

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a basis substantially consistent with the Michigan Public School Accounting Manual (Bulletin 1022), which outlines the accounting procedures and policies for school districts required by the Michigan State Board of Education.

#### V) BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund. Other funds do not have appropriated budgets.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The District does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.

#### 1) <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (Continued)

#### V) <u>BUDGETARY INFORMATION</u> (Continued)

- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- 4. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year-end June 30, 2023. The District does not consider these amendments to be significant.

#### 2) DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2023 the District had deposits and investments subject to the following risk:

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2023, \$3,558,846 of the District's bank balance of \$4,053,312 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The carrying value on the books for deposits at the end of the year was \$3,013,986.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

**Interest rate risk**. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

**Concentration of credit risk.** The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

			Weighted Average	Standard & Poor's	
Investment Type	Fai	ir value	Maturity (Years)	Rating	<u>%</u>
MILAF External Investment Pool - MIMAX	\$	3,845	N/A	AAAm	100.00%

Foreign currency risk. The District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

#### 2) <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (Continued)

**Fair value measurement.** The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair measurement level with the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

MILAF-MIMAX investments fair value measurement is level 2.

The District voluntarily invests certain excess funds in external pooled investment funds which included money market funds. One of the pooled investment funds utilized by the District is the Michigan Investment Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF). MILAF is an external pooled investment fund of "qualified" investments for Michigan school districts. MILAF is not regulated nor is it registered with the SEC. MILAF reports as of June 30, 2023, the fair value of the District's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares.

MILAF funds are considered external investment pools as defined by the GASB and as such are recorded at amortized cost which approximate fair value. The MILAF (MAX Class) fund requires notification of redemptions prior to 14 days to avoid penalties. These funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures.

Cash – District Wide	\$ 3,013,986
Investments – District Wide	3,845
TOTAL	\$ 3,017,831

#### 3) <u>RECEIVABLES – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consist of taxes, accounts (fees), intergovernmental grants and interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables (due from other governmental units) follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	AMOUNT	
State Aid	\$	4,016,241
Federal Grants		2,910,202
Other Programs		2,892
TOTAL	\$	6,929,335

#### 4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
<b>GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES</b>	Beginning	Additions	Deductions	Ending
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$128,520	\$0	\$0	\$128,520
Construction in Progress	854,381	0	854,381	0
Total	\$982,901	\$0	\$854,381	\$128,520
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	2,829,102	0	0	2,829,102
Building and Improvements	47,863,282	1,712,698	0	49,575,980
Furniture and Equipment	6,128,114	77,401	5,628,578	576,937
Vehicles and Buses	439,453	0	281,081	158,372
Right-to-Use - Lighting Improvements	0	542,508	0	542,508
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$57,259,951	\$2,332,607	\$5,909,659	\$53,682,899
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization				
Land Improvements	(1,862,621)	(78,067)	0	(1,940,688)
Building and Improvements	(32,401,029)	(902,790)	0	(33,303,819)
Furniture and Equipment	(5,692,709)	(33,492)	(5,530,659)	(195,542)
Vehicles and Buses	(310,543)	(28,674)	(281,081)	(58,136)
Right-to-Use - Lighting Improvements	0	(135,627)	0	(135,627)
Total Accumulated Depreciation/				
Amortization	(\$40,266,902)	(\$1,178,650)	(\$5,811,740)	(\$35,633,812)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$16,993,049	\$1,153,957	\$97,919	\$18,049,087
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$17,975,950	\$1,153,957	\$952,300	\$18,177,607

Depreciation/amortization expense was not charged to functions/programs of the primary government as the District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

Net investment in capital assets consists of the following:

Capital Assets	\$	53,811,419
Less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		(35,633,812)
Add: Deferred Charge on Refunding		46,742
Less: Related Long-Term Liabilities		(19,068,722)
	<u> </u>	
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	(844,373)

#### 5) SHORT-TERM DEBT

In August, 2022, the District borrowed \$3,500,000 at 1.97% on a state aid anticipation note. The note proceeds were used to meet cash flow needs for the 2022-2023 fiscal year. The note is secured by the full faith and credit of the District as well as pledged state aid. In an event of a default on the note, the state may impose a penalty interest rate and at the state's discretion, accelerate the repayment terms. Activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning	Additions	Deductions	Ending
State Aid Note	\$348,800	\$3,500,000	\$3,136,226	\$712,574

#### 6) LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance			Balance	Amount Due
Governmental Activities:	Beginning	Additions	Deductions	Ending	in One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$29,631,124	\$0	\$10,991,887	\$18,639,237	\$3,845,791
Notes from Direct Borrowings					\$135,627
and Direct Placements	14,105,221	7,529,725	113,023	21,521,923	0
Other Employee Obligations	299,809	5,131	56,736	248,204	0
Total Governmental					
Activities Activities	\$44,036,154	\$7,534,856	\$11,161,646	\$40,409,364	\$3,981,418
GENERAL OBLIGATIONS I	BONDS				
<b>2015 Refunding Issue</b> - \$9,970 \$1,220,000 from May 1, 2017 th				875,000 to	\$ 2,080,000
<b>2016 Refunding Issue</b> - \$3,185,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$290,000 from May 1, 2018 through May 1, 2028; interest at 2.00% to 4.00%.					1,450,000
<b>2017 SBLF Refunding Issue</b> - \$42,615,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$510,000 to \$8,960,000 from May 1, 2018 through May 1, 2023; interest at 1.772% to 3.095%, paid in full during the year.					0
<b>2020 Refunding Issue</b> - \$13,820,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$1,790,000 to \$3,345,000 from May 1, 2023 through May 1, 2027; interest at 1.748% to 2.237%. The bonds were issued to refinance the Michigan School Bond Loan Fund.					13,820,000
<b>2009 Energy Conservation Issue</b> - \$2,805,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$155,000 to \$285,000 through May 1, 2024; interest at 3.00% to 4.75%. Paid out of the general fund.					285,000
<b>2013 Energy Conservation Issue</b> - \$1,575,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$155,000 through May 1, 2028; plus interest at 2.00% to 3.625%. Paid out of the general fund.					710,000
Bond Premium					294,237
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGA	TION BONDS				\$ 18,639,237

#### 6) <u>GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

TOTAL GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### NOTES FROM DIRECT BORROWINGS AND DIRECT PLACEMENTS

Michigan School Bond Loan Fund - The School District has entered into a loan agreement with the Michigan School Bond Loan Fund to borrow monies over a period of years sufficient to extinguish the interest and principal requirements as they become due. The School is required to begin repaying the debt at the point where the School District's State Equalized Valuation times its levy will be in excess of its interest and principal requirements. The loan shall bear interest at the average interest rate computed to the nearest one-eighth of one percent, paid by the State on obligations issued pursuant to Section 16 of Article IX of the State Constitution of 1983. Interest of \$539,459 has been assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, and is included in the amount owing the State at that date. The state may apply a default late charge on the note if the District does not make the repayments, or apply the default late charge if the District fails to levy the appropriate debt mills. The state may also withhold state aid payments if the District is in default. \$ 21,092,438 Lighting Lease - Team Financial Group, Inc. requires monthly payments of \$11,445 including interest, matures August 2027. 429,485 TOTAL NOTES FROM DIRECT BORROWINGS AND DIRECT PLACEMENTS \$ 21,521,923 OTHER EMPLOYEE OBLIGATIONS 217,628 Compensated Absences Self-Insured Workers' Compensation 30,576 **TOTAL OTHER EMPLOYEE OBLIGATIONS** 248,204

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$21,521,923 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

\$ 40,409,364

A summary of the changes in the estimated workers' compensation liability for each of the last two years are as follows:

	2023	2022
Beginning Balance	\$31,456	\$56,542
Estimated Claims Incurred Including Changes in Estimates	0	0
Claims Payments	(880)	(25,086)
		_
TOTAL	\$30,576	\$31,456

Effective July 1, 2013 the District purchased a fully insured workers' compensation policy. Claims on or after that date will be paid by the carrier under the policy. Previous claims will be paid on a runout basis until satisfied.

#### 6) <u>GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT</u> (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations outstanding exclusive of employment benefit obligation payments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds		Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements			
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total	
June 30, 2024	\$3,845,791	\$468,476	\$135,627	\$1,713	\$4,451,607	
June 30, 2025	3,644,335	352,960	135,627	1,713	4,134,635	
June 30, 2026	3,632,040	255,385	135,627	1,713	4,024,765	
June 30, 2027	3,717,040	178,824	22,604	285	3,918,753	
June 30, 2028	3,800,031	92,047	0	0	3,892,078	
Thereafter	0_	0	21,092,438	0	21,092,438	
<u>TOTAL</u>	\$18,639,237	\$1,347,692	\$21,521,923	\$5,424	\$41,514,276	

Interest expense (all funds) for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$830,440.

#### 7) UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

At June 30, 2023, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

	Governmental Funds	
	Deferred Inflow	Liability
	Unavailable	Unearned
Grant & categorical aid payments not received		
until subsequent to 60 days after year end	\$235,354	\$0
Grant and categorical aid payment received prior		
to meeting all eligibility requirements	0	940,676
TOTAL	P225 254	¢040.676
<u>IUIAL</u>	\$235,354	\$940,676

#### 8) <u>INTERFUND ACTIVITY</u>

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$17,462	\$415,256
Food Service	0	11,136
Child Care	415,255	0
Student Activities	0	6,325
TOTAL	\$432,717	\$432,717

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or (3) payments between funds are made.

#### 9) <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	TRANSFEI	RS FROM		
10	General	Food	Child	
IRS	Fund	Service	Care	Total
General Fund	\$0	\$5,205	\$50,184	\$55,389
Debt Retirement	52,386	0	0	52,386
<u>TOTAL</u>	\$52,386	\$5,205	\$50,184	\$107,775

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; and (4) reimburse the general fund for indirect costs related to nonmajor governmental funds. Transfers were made from the Childcare and Food Service Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.

#### 10) TAX ABATEMENTS

The District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions granted by cities and townships. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities. The property taxes abated for all funds by municipality under these programs are as follows:

<u>Municipality</u>		Taxes Abated	
Clinton Township	\$	10,264	

The taxes abated for the general fund operating millage is considered by the State of Michigan when determining the District's section 22 funding of the State School Aid Act.

There are no significant abatements made by the District.

#### 11) RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position consists of the following:

Debt Retirement	\$244,518
Less: Accrued Interest - General Obligation Bonds	(78,079)
TOTAL	\$166,439

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) (System) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the Board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. MPSERS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that can be obtained at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State of Michigan Investment Board serves as the investment fiduciary and custodian for the System.

#### Benefits Provided - Overall

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

<u>Plan Name</u>	<u>Plan Type</u>	<u>Plan Status</u>	
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed	
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed	
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed	
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open	
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open	

#### **Benefits Provided – Pension**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% - 7.0%.

#### **Pension Reform 2010**

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

#### **Pension Reform 2012**

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Pension Reform 2012 (Continued)

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below:

Option 1 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they terminate public school employment.

- \* Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- \* Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Option 2 - Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transition date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service thereafter would include a 1.25% pension factor.

 $\underline{\text{Option 3}}$  - Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 - Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k)-account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: The Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months for Basic Plan members and Pension Plus members (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected Option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the transition date.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closed the Pension Plus plan to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and created a new, optional Pension Plus 2 plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the Pension Plus 2 plan is 6%. Further, under certain adverse actuarial conditions, the Pension Plus 2 plan will close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law included other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

#### **Benefits Provided - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB)**

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

#### **Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012**

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

#### Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

Eligibility - A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through their 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### **Member Contributions**

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the Defined Contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

#### **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits and OPEB. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The normal cost is the annual cost assigned under the actuarial funding method, to the current and subsequent plan years. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022 were determined as of the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2019 are amortized over an 17-year period beginning October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2038.

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other
		Postemployment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2022 – September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%
October 1, 2021 – September 30, 2022	13.73% - 20.14%	7.23% - 8.09%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were equal to the required contribution total. Total pension contributions were approximately \$6,354,000. Of the total pension contributions approximately \$6,214,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$140,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were equal to the required contribution total. Total OPEB contributions were approximately \$1,218,000. Of the total OPEB contributions approximately \$1,132,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Benefit Plan and approximately \$86,000 was contributed to fund the Defined Contribution Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Pension Liabilities

The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers	September 30, 2021_	September 30, 2022
Total Pension Liability	\$86,392,473,395	\$95,876,795,620
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	62,717,060,894	58,268,076,344
Net Pension Liability	\$23,675,412,501	\$37,608,719,276
Proportionate Share	0.13049%	0.1321%
Net Pension Liability for the District	\$30,894,635	\$49,668,358

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,299,680.

At June 30, 2023, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred (Inflows)
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$496,857	(\$111,053)
Changes of Assumptions	8,534,804	0
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on Pension Plan Investments	116,472	0
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	699,712	(295,450)
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	5,888,775	0
TOTAL	\$15,736,620	(\$406,503)

\$5,888,775, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending Sept. 30,	Amount
2023	\$2,728,559
2024	2,058,553
2025	1,769,977
2026	2,884,253

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

#### **OPEB** Liabilities

The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined.

MPSERS (Plan) Non-University Employers	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	\$12,046,393,511	\$12,522,713,324
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	10,520,015,621	10,404,650,683
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	\$1,526,377,890	\$2,118,062,641
Proportionate Share	0.1315%	0.1353%
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability for the District	\$2,007,369	\$2,865,374

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$1,010,699.

At June 30, 2023, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred (Inflows)
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$0	(\$5,612,171)
Changes of Assumptions	2,554,000	(207,961)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings		
on OPEB Plan Investments	223,952	0
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer		
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	437,795	(165,872)
Employer Contributions Subsequent to the		
Measurement Date	999,588	0
<u>TOTAL</u>	\$4,215,335	(\$5,986,004)

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

\$999,588, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending Sept. 30,	Amount
2023	(\$1,003,646)
2024	(925,057)
2025	(827,104)
2026	(2,721)
2027	(18,680)
Thereafter	6,951

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

**Investment Rate of Return for Pension** - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic, Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2 Plan groups.

**Investment Rate of Return for OPEB** - 6.00% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

**Salary Increases** - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%.

Inflation - 3.0%.

#### **Mortality Assumptions:**

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for morality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for morality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

**Experience Study** - The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2021. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the determination of the total pension and OPEB liability beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation.

#### The Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Investments

- The pension rate was 6.00% (MIP, Basic, Pension Plus Plan, and Pension Plus 2 Plan), and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

**Cost of Living Pension Adjustments** - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members.

**Healthcare Cost Trend Rate for Other Postemployment Benefit** - Pre 65, 7.75% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen. Post 65, 5.25% for year one and graded to 3.5% in year fifteen.

**Additional Assumptions for Other Postemployment Benefit Only** - Applies to Individuals Hired Before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption - 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage - 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage Election at Retirement - 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2022 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation*	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.1%
International Equity Pools	15.0%	6.7%
Private Equity Pools	16.0%	8.7%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	5.3%
Fixed Income Pools	13.0%	-0.2%
Absolute Return Pools	9.0%	2.7%
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.0%	5.8%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	-0.5%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Long term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.2% inflation.

Rate of Return - For fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was (4.18)% and (4.99)%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

**Pension Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

**OPEB Discount Rate** - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

_	Pension			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the	_		_	
net pension liability	\$65,543,780	\$49,668,358	\$36,586,294	

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using a single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit				
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre				
District's proportionate share of the net other					
postemployment benefit liability	\$4,806,390	\$2,865,374	\$1,230,799		

Sensitivity to the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Other Postemployment Benefit			
	Current			
	Healthcare 1% Decrease Cost Trend Rate 1% Increa			
District proportionate share of the net other				
postemployment benefit liability	\$1,199,882	\$2,865,374	\$4,734,923	

#### Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

#### 12) PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

**Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan** - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from State Revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

#### 13) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The District is partially self-insured for workers' compensation claims and non-teacher healthcare, dental and vision claims. The District limits its exposure to such claims through its participation in and payments of premiums to SET-SEG, Inc. Insurance Trust. This pool maintains a loss fund and is also required by the terms of the participation agreement to obtain insurance and reinsurance as necessary.

The terms of the participation agreement with the pool indicate that, should losses of the pool incurred in a given coverage period exceed the loss fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the fund may access its member districts on a pro-rata basis to cover excess losses. In past years the loss fund has exceeded the amount necessary to maintain prudent loss reserves, resulting in annual premium refunds to member districts. The District's management believes that participation in this pool provides sufficient coverage to protect the District from any significant adverse financial impact.

The District estimates the liability for workers' compensation claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the district-wide statements.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance. No settlements have occurred in excess of coverage for June 30, 2023 or any of the prior 3 years.

#### 14) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the District is involved in various pending or threatened legal actions. The District believe that any ultimate liability arising from these actions will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

The District participates in a number of federal and state programs that require compliance with specific terms and conditions and are subject to audits by the contracting agencies. Management believes that the effect of any disallowed expenditures would be immaterial to the financial statements.

#### 15) UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

#### 16) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August, 2023, the District borrowed \$4,365,000 at 3.46% on a state aid anticipation note. The note proceeds will be used to meet cash flow needs for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

#### 17) CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new pronouncement: *GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*.

#### **Summary:**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements was issued in May 2020. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

There was no material impact on the District's financial statement after the adoption of GASB Statement 96.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			
				Variance With
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Sources	\$2,745,040	\$2,882,606	\$2,850,880	(\$31,726)
State Sources	15,507,380	22,197,977	22,317,965	119,988
Federal Sources	6,900,974	7,078,356	6,521,465	(556,891)
Total Revenues	\$25,153,394	\$32,158,939	\$31,690,310	(\$468,629)
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Basic	14,574,266	13,375,598	13,838,645	(463,047)
Added Needs	4,361,740	5,043,206	5,107,629	(64,423)
Total Instruction	\$18,936,006	\$18,418,804	\$18,946,274	(\$527,470)
Student Services	2,459,766	2,793,302	2,761,578	31,724
Instructional Support	1,392,334	2,342,196	1,425,303	916,893
General Administration	630,100	1,059,645	1,192,077	(132,432)
School Administration	1,556,405	1,831,055	1,837,069	(6,014)
Business Administration	901,338	792,355	825,810	(33,455)
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	3,612,605	4,349,755	4,433,242	(83,487)
Transportation	478,780	607,905	589,821	18,084
Support Services - Other	1,229,746	1,040,584	1,036,081	4,503
Support Services - Athletics	429,469	448,351	485,611	(37,260)
Community Services	39,008	145,618	146,644	(1,026)
Total Expenditures	\$31,665,557	\$33,829,570	\$33,679,510	\$150,060
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(\$6,512,163)	(\$1,670,631)	(\$1,989,200)	(\$318,569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	906,310	1,528,451	1,550,797	22,346
Net Change in Fund Balance	(\$5,605,853)	(\$142,180)	(\$438,403)	(\$296,223)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			4,762,195	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$4,323,792	

#### <u>CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS</u> REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### $\underline{\textbf{SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY}}$

#### MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINTED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.13206%	0.13049%	0.12872%	0.12982%	0.12807%	0.12516%	0.12588%	0.13432%	0.13369%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$49,668,358	\$30,894,635	\$44,216,727	\$42,992,526	\$38,500,930	\$32,434,458	\$31,407,337	\$32,807,088	\$29,447,461
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$13,095,162	\$11,827,936	\$11,278,125	\$11,277,747	\$11,010,362	\$10,560,069	\$10,325,550	\$11,165,037	\$11,326,645
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	379.29%	261.20%	392.06%	381.22%	349.68%	307.14%	304.17%	293.84%	259.98%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION

#### MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINTED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$4,494,983	\$3,918,196	\$3,537,394	\$3,448,759	\$3,487,444	\$2,935,683	\$2,901,894	\$2,591,159	\$2,076,302
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	4,494,983	3,918,196	3,537,394	3,448,759	3,487,444	2,935,683	2,901,894	2,591,159	2,076,302
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$13,816,549	\$12,876,221	\$11,353,494	\$11,422,930	\$11,219,328	\$10,873,924	\$10,482,838	\$11,165,037	\$11,326,645
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.53%	30.43%	31.16%	30.19%	31.08%	27.00%	27.68%	23.21%	18.33%

### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

#### MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINTED AS OF 9/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Reporting unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.13528%	0.13151%	0.12751%	0.12927%	0.12948%	0.12476%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$2,865,374	\$2,007,369	\$6,831,158	\$9,278,544	\$10,291,928	\$11,048,262
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$13,095,162	\$11,827,936	\$11,278,125	\$11,277,747	\$11,010,362	\$10,560,069
Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	21.88%	16.97%	60.57%	82.27%	93.47%	104.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability (Non-university employers)	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB

#### MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

#### LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS WERE DETERMINTED AS OF 6/30 OF EACH FISCAL YEAR)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$1,030,494	\$976,272	\$900,904	\$887,565	\$840,419	\$971,324
Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	1,030,494	976,272	900,904	887,565	840,419	971,324
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$13,816,549	\$12,876,221	\$11,353,494	\$11,422,930	\$11,219,328	\$10,873,924
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.46%	7.58%	7.94%	7.77%	7.49%	8.93%

#### <u>CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS</u> NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund (Food Service, Child Care and Student Activities). All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District increased/decreased budgeted amounts during the year in response to changes in funding and related expenditures.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

During the year, Clintondale Community Schools had the following expenditure budget variances.

	Final		Variance With
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Basic Instruction	\$13,375,598	\$13,838,645	(\$463,047)
Added Needs	5,043,206	5,107,629	(64,423)
General Administration	1,059,645	1,192,077	(132,432)
School Administration	1,831,055	1,837,069	(6,014)
Business Administration	792,355	825,810	(33,455)
Operation & Maintenance	4,349,755	4,433,242	(83,487)
Athletics	448,351	485,611	(37,260)
Community Services	145,618	146,644	(1,026)

#### **PENSION**

Benefit changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2022.

Changes of assumptions - the assumption changes for 2022 were:

\* Discount rate for MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus plans decreased to 6.00% from 6.80%.

#### **OPEB INFORMATION**

Benefit changes - there were no changes of benefit terms in 2022.

Changes of assumptions - the assumption changes for 2022 were:

\* Discount rate decreased to 6.00% from 6.95%.

# ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fun	ds	
	Food		Student	
	Service	Child Care	Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$800	\$0	\$70,819	\$71,619
Receivables				
Accounts Receivable	45,201	27,510	0	72,711
Due from Other Funds	0	415,255	0	415,255
Due from Other Governmental Units	1	0	0	1
TOTAL ASSETS	\$46,002	\$442,765	\$70,819	\$559,586
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$0	\$620	\$620
Due to Other Funds	11,136	0	6,325	17,461
Accrued Expenditures	932	0	0	932
Total Liabilities	\$12,068	\$0	\$6,945	\$19,013
FUND BALANCE				
Non-Spendable				
Restricted	33,934	0	0	33,934
Committed	0	0	63,874	63,874
Assigned	0	442,765	0	442,765
Total Fund Balance	\$33,934	\$442,765	\$63,874	\$540,573
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$46,002	\$442,765	\$70,819	\$559,586

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Spe	nds		
	Food		Student	
	Service	Child Care	Activities	Total
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Preschool	\$0	\$633,924	\$0	\$633,924
Student Activities	0	0	78,832	78,832
Other Local Sources	27,339	0	0	27,339
Total Local Sources	\$27,339	\$633,924	\$78,832	\$740,095
State Sources				
State Reimbursements	39,920	0	0	39,920
Federal Sources				
Federal Reimbursements	1,205,566	204,644	0	1,410,210
Commodities	44,853	0	0	44,853
Total Federal Sources	\$1,250,419	\$204,644	\$0	\$1,455,063
Total Revenues	\$1,317,678	\$838,568	\$78,832	\$2,235,078
EXPENDITURES				
Food Service	1,430,827	0	0	1,430,827
Child Care	0	658,396	0	658,396
Student Activities	0	0	70,486	70,486
Total Expenditures	\$1,430,827	\$658,396	\$70,486	\$2,159,709
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers to General Fund	5,205	50,184	0	55,389
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$1,436,032	\$708,580	\$70,486	\$2,215,098
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND				
OTHER FINANCING USES	(\$118,354)	\$129,988	\$8,346	\$19,980
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	152,288	312,777	55,528	520,593
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$33,934	\$442,765	\$63,874	\$540,573

#### CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF BONDED INDEBTEDNESS JUNE 30, 2023

Year ending June 30	2015 Refunding Issue	2016 Refunding Issue	2020 Refunding Issue	2009 Energy Conservation Issue	2013 Energy Conservation Issue	Total Bonded Debt
2024	\$1,210,000	\$290,000	\$1,790,000	\$285,000	\$130,000	\$3,705,000
2025	870,000	290,000	2,230,000	0	135,000	3,525,000
2026	0	290,000	3,190,000	0	140,000	3,620,000
2027	0	290,000	3,265,000	0	150,000	3,705,000
2028	0	290,000	3,345,000	0	155,000	3,790,000
<u>TOTALS</u>	\$2,080,000	\$1,450,000	\$13,820,000	\$285,000	\$710,000	\$18,345,000
Principal due	May 1st	May 1st	May 1st	May 1st	May 1st	
Interest due on						
the first day of	May and	May and	May and	May and	May and	
the month	November	November	November	November	November	
Interest Rate	4.00% - 5.00%	2.00% - 4.00%	1.75% - 2.24%	3.00% - 5.00%	2.00% - 3.62%	
Original Issue	\$9,970,000	\$3,185,000	\$13,820,000	\$2,805,000	\$1,575,000	

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass- Through Project Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2022	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Adjustments Prior Years	Current Year Cash/ Payment In Kind Received	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION									
Passed Through Michigan Department of Education:									
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:	84.010								
ESEA Title I - Regular (19-20)		201530-1920	\$766,902	\$0	\$548,697	\$0	(\$23,507)	(\$23,507)	\$0
ESEA Title I - Regular (20-21)		211530-2021	899,474	0	671,340	0	(40,338)	(40,338)	0
ESEA Title I - Regular (21-22)		221530-2122	1,004,773	554,521	554,521	0	(16,776)	972,182	(434,437)
ESEA Title I - Regular (22-23)		231530-2223	1,171,597	0	0	1,104,390	0	0	1,104,390
Passed Through Macomb ISD:									
Title I - Regional Assistance Grant (21-22)	84.010	221570-2122	923,524	135,576	409,413	447,259	0	582,835	0
Title I - Regional Assistance Grant (22-23)	84.010	231570-2223	296,816	0	0	276,773	0	276,773	0
Passed Through Calhoun ISD:									
Title I - Targeted Assistance Grant	84.010	231580	60,000	0	0	44,981	0	0	44,981
Total ALN 84.010			\$5,123,086	\$690,097	\$2,183,971	\$1,873,403	(\$80,621)	\$1,767,945	\$714,934
Title II - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367								
Title IIA (19-20)		200520-1920	299,404	0	70,796	0	(18,512)	(18,512)	0
Title IIA (20-21)		210520-2021	264,656	0	14,668	0	(1,930)	(1,930)	0
Title IIA (21-22)		220520-2122	231,036	98,687	98,687	0	0	98,687	0
Title IIA (22-23)		230522-2223	199,787	0	0	152,376	0	0	152,376
Total ALN 84.367			\$994,883	\$98,687	\$184,151	\$152,376	(\$20,442)	\$78,245	\$152,376
Student Support & Academic Achievement	84.424								
Title IV (19-20)		200750-1920	67,193	0	54,097	0	(7,650)	(7,650)	0
Title IV (20-21)		210750-2021	61,280	0	53,336	0	(8,333)	(8,333)	0
Title IV (21-22)		220750-2122	66,165	33,250	33,250	0	0	33,250	0
Title IV (22-23)		230750-2223	107,165	0	0	75,987	0	0	75,987
Total ALN 84.424			\$301,803	\$33,250	\$140,683	\$75,987	(\$15,983)	\$17,267	\$75,987

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass- Through Project Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2022	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Adjustments Prior Years	Current Year Cash/ Payment In Kind Received	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION(Continued)									
Passed Through Michigan Department of Education:									
Education Stabilization Fund									
Covid 19 - GEER Funds	84.425C	201200-2023	\$255,499	\$214,634	\$255,522	\$0	\$0	\$214,634	\$0
Covid 19 - GEER II	84.425C	211202-2122	35,250	33,143	33,143	0	0	33,143	0
Covid 19 - ESSER I Formula Funds	84.425D	203710-1920	544,256	213,012	544,256	0	0	213,012	0
Covid 19 - ESSER II - Summer Programming	84.425D	213722-2122	227,700	218,474	218,474	0	0	218,474	0
Covid 19 - ESSER II - Credit Recovery	84.425D	213742-2122	62,700	47,603	47,603	0	0	47,603	0
Covid 19 - ESSER II - Before & After School Programs	84.425D	213752-2122	15,940	15,940	15,940	0	0	15,940	0
Covid 19 - ESSER II Formula Funds	84.425D	213712-2021	2,768,203	0	0	2,768,203	0	2,768,203	0
Covid 19 - ESSER II Equity - 98c Learning Loss	84.425D	213782-2223	125,700	0	0	125,700	0	0	125,700
Covid 19 - ARP ESSER III Formula Funds	84.425U	213713-2122	3,663,344	2,024,317	2,024,317	890,123	0	2,024,317	890,123
Passed Through Macomb ISD:									
GSRP State Fiscal Recovery Funds	84.425	222390-2122	143,463	86,171	141,481		0	86,171	0
Total ALN 84.425			\$7,842,055	\$2,853,294	\$3,280,736	\$3,784,026	\$0	\$5,621,497	\$1,015,823
Passed Through Macomb ISD:									
Special Education - Grants to States:	84.027								
Covid 19 - ARP IDEA Flowthrough (21-22)		221285-2122	171,231	171,231	171,231	0	0	171,231	0
IDEA Flowthrough (21-12)		220450-2122	1,105,504	487,542	1,083,111	22,393	0	487,542	22,393
IDEA Flowthrough (22-23)			674,988	0	0	674,988	0	529,533	145,455
Total ALN 84.027			\$1,951,723	\$658,773	\$1,254,342	\$697,381	\$0	\$1,188,306	\$167,848
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173								
Covid 19 - ARP IDEA PPI (21-22)		221285-2122	17,503	13,209	13,209	4,294	0	17,503	0
IDEA PPI (21-22)		220460-2122	35,526	5,254	20,321	15,205	0	5,254	15,205
IDEA PPI (22-23)		230460-2223	13,905	0	0	13,905	0	13,905	0
Total ALN 84.173			\$66,934	\$18,463	\$33,530	\$33,404	\$0	\$36,662	\$15,205
Total Special Education Cluster			\$2,018,657	\$677,236	\$1,287,872	\$730,785	\$0	\$1,224,968	\$183,053
Vocational Education - Grants to States - Perkins:	84.048								
Vocational Education - Grants to States (21-22)		223520-221216	17,000	4,189	17,000	0	0	4,189	0
Vocational Education - Grants to States (22-32)		233520-231216	24,622	0	0	24,622	0	24,622	0
Total ALN 84.048			\$41,622	\$4,189	\$17,000	\$24,622	\$0	\$28,811	\$0
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$16,322,106	\$4,356,753	\$7,094,413	\$6,641,199	(\$117,046)	\$8,738,733	\$2,142,173

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass- Through Project Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue July 1, 2022	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	3	Current Year Cash/ Payment In Kind Received	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue June 30, 2023
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
Passed Through Michigan Department of Education:									
School Breakfast Program (21-22)	10.553	221970	\$59,822	\$0	\$19,129	\$40,693	\$0	\$40,693	\$0
School Breakfast Program (22-23)	10.553	231970	346,206	0	0	346,206	0	235,262	110,944
Total ALN 10.553			\$406,028	\$0	\$19,129	\$386,899	\$0	\$275,955	\$110,944
Non-Cash Assistance									
Entitlement Commodities	10.555	N/A	44,853	0	0	44,853	0	44,853	0
Cash Assistance									
National School Lunch Program (21-22)	10.555	221960	116,837	0	29,535	87,302	0	87,302	0
National School Lunch Program (22-23)	10.555	231960	664,792	0	0	664,792	0	462,177	202,615
Covid 19 - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	220910	73,114	0	36,258	36,856	0	36,856	0
Covid 19 - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	230910	19,140	0	0	19,140	0	19,140	0
Total Cash Assistance			\$873,883	\$0	\$65,793	\$808,090	\$0	\$605,475	\$202,615
Total ALN 10.555			\$918,736	\$0	\$65,793	\$852,943	\$0	\$650,328	\$202,615
Passed Through Michigan Department of Education:									
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	220990	20,033	0	0	20,033	0	0	20,033
Total Nutrition Cluster			\$1,344,797	\$0	\$84,922	\$1,259,875	\$0	\$926,283	\$333,592
CACFP Meals	10.558								
CACFP Meals (21-22)		211920	89,752	8,585	89,752	0	0	8,585	0
CACFP - Cash in Lieu (21-22)		212010	5,896	543	5,896	0	0	543	0
CACFP Meals (22-23)		231920	7,152	0	0	7,152	0	7,152	0
CACFP - Cash in Lieu (22-23)		232010	290	0	0	290	0	290	0
Total CACFP Meals			\$103,090	\$9,128	\$95,648	\$7,442	\$0	\$16,570	\$0
Covid 19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs	10.649		3,135	0	0	3,135	0	3,135	0
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$1,451,022	\$9,128	\$180,570	\$1,270,452	\$0	\$945,988	\$333,592
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$17,773,128	\$4,365,881	\$7,274,983	\$7,911,651	(\$117,046)	\$9,684,721	\$2,475,765

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS NOTES/RECONCILIATION TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED FOR THE COMEDINE	
FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED FOR THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	\$7,911,651
<u>Less:</u> Adjustments	(117,046)
<u>TOTAL</u>	\$7,794,605
FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED PER THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
General Fund School Service Fund Child Care Fund	\$6,521,465 1,250,419 204,644
Subtotal	\$7,976,528
Less: Childcare Relief Funds (Not Subject to Single Audit Less: HRA Advocates Funds (Not Subject to Single Audit Add: Expense recognized as incurred in the 22-23 year and revenue	(204,644) (25,517)
will be recognized in the 23-24 year Less: Adjustment for Title I that will be recovered by MDE in the 23-24 year	65,014 (16,776)
TOTAL	\$7,794,605

1) Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal gra activity of Clintondale Community Schools for the year ended June 30, 2023

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the schedule presents only a selecte portion of the operations of Clintondale Community Schools, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Clintondale Community Schools

Management has utilized the NexSys System in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards All differences between the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Grant Auditor's Reportance been reconciled in the attached reconciliation on page 46 of this reportant

The District did not qualify for low-risk auditee status

2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modific accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles in the Uniform Guidan as applicable, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursemen Negative amounts (if any) shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal cour of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbe are presented where available

The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs allowed under the Uniform Guidance

- 3) Noncash Assistance The value of noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provision of the Uniform Guidance. The grantee received no noncash assistance during the year ended June 30, 2023 the is not included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- 4) The District did not pass-through any federal awards to sub recipients
- 5) The adjustments of \$117,046 were for prior year unallowed costs that were recovered by MDE in the current year

# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS RECONCILIATION OF FORM "GRANT AUDITOR'S REPORT" TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NexSys System		\$8,407,757
<u>Less:</u> Recorded on the NexSys System in the Current Year but Recorded by		
the District as a Receivable		
School Breakfast Program (ALN 10.553)	(\$88,964)	
National School Lunch Program (ALN 10.555)	(169,651)	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ALN 84.010)	(999,887)	
Title II - Supporting Effective Instruction (ALN 84.367)	(130,877)	
Student Support & Academic Achievement (ALN 84.424)	(70,485)	
Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)	(1,000,591)	
Total		(2,460,455)
<u>Less:</u> Recorded on the NexSys System in the Prior Year but Received by		
the District in the Current Year		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ALN 84.010)	\$446,214	
Title II - Supporting Effective Instruction (ALN 84.367)	53,877	
Student Support & Academic Achievement (ALN 84.424)	28,686	
Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)	529,794	
Total		1,058,571
Add: Amounts due to MDE - Title I (ALN 84.010)		434,437
Add: Grants Passed Through Macomb ISD:		
Title I - Regional Assistance Grant (ALN 84.010)	\$859,608	
Special Education Grants (ALN 84.027)	1,188,306	
Special Education - Preschool Grants (ALN 84.173)	36,662	
Vocational Education - Grants to States - Perkins (ALN 84.048)	28,811	
GSRP State Fiscal Recovery Funds (ALN 84.425)	86,171	
Total Grants Passed Through Macomb ISD		2,199,558
Entitlement Commodities	-	44,853
TOTAL CURRENT YEAR RECEIPTS PER SCHEDULE OF		
EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$9,684,721



October 26, 2023

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of Clintondale Community Schools

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clintondale Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clintondale Community Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2023.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clintondale Community Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clintondale Community Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Clintondale Community Schools Page 2 October 26, 2023

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clintondale Community Schools financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001.

#### **Clintondale Community Schools Response to Findings**

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Clintondale Community Schools' response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Clintondale Community Schools' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laws & Knopl, P.C.

LEWIS & KNOPF, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS





October 26, 2023

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of Clintondale Community Schools

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clintondale Community Schools compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clintondale Community Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Clintondale Community Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Clintondale Community Schools complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Clintondale Community Schools and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Clintondale Community Schools' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Clintondale Community Schools' federal programs.

Clintondale Community Schools Page 2 October 26, 2023

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Clintondale Community Schools' compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Clintondale Community Schools' compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Clintondale Community Schools' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of Clintondale Community Schools' internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items (2023-002). Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Clintondale Community Schools' response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Clintondale Community Schools' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.



Clintondale Community Schools Page 3 October 26, 2023

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items (2023-002) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Clintondale Community Schools' response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Clintondale Community Schools' response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laws & Knopl, P.C.

LEWIS & KNOPF, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



# CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued:	U	nmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	⊠ No	
• Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		⊠ Yes	☐ No	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	⊠ No	
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
• Material weakness(es) identified?		⊠ Yes	☐ No	
• Significant deficiency (ies) identified?		Yes	None reported     ■	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major pro-	grams:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516 (a)? Identification of major programs:	in	⊠ Yes	☐ No	
ALN	Name of Feder	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.010 Title I 84.425 Education	on Stabilization Fund			
Dollar threshold use to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$ 750,000.00		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	⊠ No	

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### <u>SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS</u>

#### **Finding 2023-001**

Finding Type - Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

<u>Condition</u> – Auditor identified significant deficiencies

<u>Criteria</u> – During the course of the audit, we identified significant deficiencies related to:

- A. Proper documentation for expenditures
- B. Proper approval of expenditures
- C. Lack of segregation of duties and management oversight

<u>Effect</u> – Would not prevent, detect or correct misstatements on timely basis.

Recommendation – We recommend proper approval and management oversight.

#### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### **Finding 2023-002**

<u>Program Name</u> – Title I Regional Assistance (ALN 84.010)

Pass-through Entity - Macomb Intermediate School District

Finding Type – Period of Performance (Material Weakness)

Criteria - Expenditures must be recorded in the proper period as incurred

<u>Condition</u> – The district included a prepayment of an expenditure applicable to the subsequent period in the current period draws.

Questioned Costs - \$32,000.

<u>Context</u> – The audit finding appears to be an isolated incident as no other similar incidents were identified during audit procedures.

Cause/Effect – \$32,000 of excess expenditures not applicable to the current period.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District has a responsible party who has knowledge of the grant review the transactions prior to approval.

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

#### **Finding 2022-001**

Finding Type - Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

<u>Condition</u> – Auditor identified significant deficiencies

<u>Criteria</u> – During the course of the audit, we identified significant deficiencies related to:

- A. Reimbursement of expenditures.
- B. Budget variation due to timing difference and failure to apply for the grant timely.

#### Cause

- A. District personnel were paid in advance for anticipated conference travel expenses prior to incurring the actual expenses. When the conference was cancelled or not attended, the District was reimbursed for those anticipated expenses over time through payroll deductions.
  - District personnel were reimbursed for expenses incurred while attending a conference without providing proper supporting documentation for the expenditures. The District was subsequently reimbursed by District personnel after it was determined that some of those expenses were not reimbursable expenses.
- B. Included in the budgeted revenue for the 2021-22 fiscal year were \$2,768,203 of funds from the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) II grant. The District did not meet the grant application deadline to include the funds in the 2021-22 fiscal year. The District did not amend their 2021-22 budget to reflect the reduction in budgeted revenue resulting in a significant budget to actual variance for the fiscal year. Subsequent to June 30, 2023, the District applied for and was awarded the ESSER II grant for the 2022-23 fiscal year. However, the initial 2022-23 budget did not include the ESSER II grant revenue.

The 2021-22 budget was not recorded in the accounting software AS-400 until late in the fiscal year.

#### **Effect**

- A. Reimbursing expenses prior to incurring expenses could lead to unallowable loans to District personnel. Expenses without proper support could lead to reimbursement of unallowable expenses and compliance issues.
- B. Budget variances and violations could occur due to inadequate records and monitoring.

#### Recommendation

- A. Request for expense reimbursement should include proper supporting documentation for the expenses and the expenses should be allowable. It should be determined that the expenses are allowable prior to reimbursement. The request for reimbursement and the payment should not be made prior to expense being incurred.
- B. The approved budget should be recorded in the accounting software to allow for timely budget-to-actual monitoring on a regular basis to avoid material budget variances.

#### Status

This was corrected in the current year.

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### **Finding 2022-002**

Program Name – Title I (ALN 84.010)

Pass-through Entity - Michigan Department of Education

<u>Finding Type</u> – Cash Management (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria</u> – Requests for cash reimbursements for the program should not occur before expenditures have been incurred. Amounts for payroll related expenditures were requested before they were actually incurred.

Condition – The District requested cash reimbursement in excess of expenditures for the program listed above.

Questioned Costs - \$16,776

<u>Context</u> – The District had previously overdrawn the 19-20 Title I grant, but was able to still correct the final draw as it was discovered prior to 9/30/20. It appears that the District had included this amount in their 20-21 grant, thus overdrawing the 20-21 year as they did not have sufficient expenses to support the total draws requested.

<u>Cause/Effect</u> – The District requested cash in excess of expenditures in the amount of \$16,776.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District has an additional responsible party who has knowledge of the grant review the transactions and any adjustments to the amounts charged to the grant before reimbursement requests are made.

#### **Status**

This was corrected in the current year.

#### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### **Finding 2022-003**

<u>Program Name</u> – GSRP State Fiscal Recovery Funds (ALN 84.425)

Pass-through Entity - Macomb ISD

Finding Type - Cash Management (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria</u> – Requests for cash reimbursements for the program should not occur before expenditures have been incurred. Amounts for payroll related expenditures were requested before they were actually incurred.

Condition – The District requested cash reimbursement in excess of expenditures for the program listed above.

Questioned Costs - \$1,982

## CLINTONDALE COMMUNITY SCHOOLS SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued)

<u>Context</u> – Subsequent to the final draw request, the District posted journal entries to remove 147c retirement expenses that were accrued. This resulted in a reduction of total GSRP expenses that caused the grant revenues to be greater than expenses.

<u>Cause/Effect</u> – The District requested cash in excess of expenditures in the amount of \$1,982.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District has an additional responsible party who has knowledge of the grant review the transactions and any adjustments to the amounts charged to the grant before reimbursement requests are made.

#### Status

This was corrected in the current year.

#### **Finding 2022-004**

Program Name – Special Education Cluster (ALN 84.027/84.173)

Pass-through Entity – Macomb ISD

Finding Type – Allowable Costs (Material Weakness)

<u>Criteria</u> – District had material weakness with Allowable Costs requirement of preparing time certifications for employees charged to federal grants.

<u>Condition</u> – The District could not provide semi-annual time certs/PARs.

Questioned Costs - Undeterminable

Context – Due to turnover of key positions, the District neglected to prepare time certifications during the 21-22 year.

Cause/Effect – The potential misstatement is undeterminable

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the District has a responsible party who has knowledge of the federal grants prepare time certifications semi-annually for employees charged to the federal grants.

#### <u>Status</u>

This was corrected in the current year.



35100 Little Mack, Clinton Township, Michigan 48035-2633 Phone: (586) 791-6300 · Fax: (586) 791-6786 www.clintondaleschools.net

#### **BOARD OF EDUCATION**

Jared Maynard, President Felicia Kaminski, Vice-President Lisa Valerio-Nowc, Secretary Barry Powers, Treasurer Michael Manning, Trustee Beverly Lewis-Moss, Trustee Diane Zontini, Trustee

> **Superintendent** Kenneth Janczarek

#### Finding 2023-001:

Condition: During the course of the audit, we identified significant deficiencies related to:

- A. Proper documentation for expenditures
- B. Proper approval of expenditures
- C. Lack of segregation of duties

Corrective Action: The School District agrees with the finding. The School District is in the process of implementing updated policies, procedures, and internal controls related to review and approval of expenditures. These updated policies, procedures, and internal controls include ensuring that all purchases are processed using the purchase order module within the accounting system which requires review and approval by the requisitioning department head, the Chief Financial Officer, and in some cases, the Superintendent and Board of Education. All disbursements are reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer to ensure proper documentation exists prior to approval for payment. Disbursement listings are also reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors prior to being released.

Responsible Person: Edward Makinen, Chief Financial Officer

Expected Completion Date: June 30, 2024



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> **Superintendent** Kenneth Janczarek

Finding 2023-002:

Program Name: Title I, Regional Assistance (ALN 84.010)

Condition: The School District included a prepayment of an expenditure applicable to the subsequent period in the current period draws.

Corrective Action: The School District agrees with the finding. The prepaid expenditure improperly charged to the grant was processed during a time period in which there were vacancies in the Business Office, resulting in lack of adequate review of grant expenditures. The School District has since filled the vacancies and is in the process of implementing updated policies, procedures, and internal controls related to review and approval of federal grant expenditures. These updated policies, procedures, and internal controls include ensuring that all purchases are processed using the purchase order module within the accounting system which requires review and approval by the requisitioning department head, the Chief Financial Officer, and in some cases, the Superintendent and Board of Education. In addition, all federal grant expenditures are compared to approved grant budgets prior to being approved for purchase. All disbursements are reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer to ensure proper documentation exists prior to approval for payment. Disbursement listings are also reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors prior to being released.

Responsible Person: Edward Makinen, Chief Financial Officer

Expected Completion Date: June 30, 2024



October 26, 2023

To the Board of Education of Clintondale Community Schools

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clintondale Community Schools for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 21, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

#### Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Clintondale Community Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the 2022-2023 year. During the fiscal year, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements were:

Estimates have been used to calculate the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

Estimates have been used in calculating the liability for employee compensated absences.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the balance of employee compensated absences in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Clintondale Community Schools Page 2 October 26, 2023

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

After the assignment for subsequent year expenditures, the District will be below the 5% threshold of fund balance to expenditures.



Clintondale Community Schools Page 3 October 26, 2023

#### Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to required supplementary information (RSI) which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

#### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Clintondale Community Schools and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

LEWIS & KNOPF, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Laws & Knopl, P.C.

