ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Argyle Independent School District Name of School District	Denton County	<u>061-910</u> Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fina	incial reports of the above-nam	ned school district
were reviewed and (check one) approved	disapproved for the year ended	d August 31, 2021, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district of	on the 13th day of Decemb	<u>er</u> , 2021.
Jay Hulling		St
Signature of Board Secretary	Signaf	ture of Board President

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Argyle Independent School District Argyle, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Argyle Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Argyle Independent School District as of August 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 5 through 10 and the *pension and OPEB schedules* on pages 58 through 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Argyle Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2021 on our consideration of Argyle Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Argyle Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Torm + Seay, PC Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

December 3, 2021

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Argyle Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2021. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 3, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of Argyle Independent School District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,549,965 (negative net position). Of this amount, (\$7,911,384) represents negative unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$3,145,625 during the current fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$65,709,213. Over 17% of this total amount, or \$11,196,499, is unassigned and available for use within the District's fund balance policies. The District's Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$49,059,981.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$11,196,499 or 28.6% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 and 15). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 16) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 27) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Compliance and Internal Control Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 13. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The District does not have any programs in which it charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. Thus, the District had no business-type activities during the current fiscal year.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

Governmental funds—All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or custodian, for money raised by student activities. The District's custodial activity is reported in a separate Statement of Custodial Net Position and Statement of Changes in Custodial Net Position on pages 25 and 26. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis below presents both current and prior year data and discusses significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Negative net position of the District's governmental activities decreased from (\$10,695,590) to (\$7,549,965). Unrestricted negative net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$7,911,384) at August 31, 2021.

Table I NET POSITION

#	Governm	ental
	Activit	ies
	2021	2020
	Ф. 70 020 204	© 72.122.642
Current and other assets	\$ 78,828,304	\$ 73,123,643
Capital assets	199,017,213	161,144,421
Totalassets	277,845,517	234,268,064
Deferred outflows of resources	12,433,434	9,958,236
Long-term liabilities	277,404,537	239,289,571
Other liabilities	12,704,751_	9,849,602
Total liabilities	290,109,288	249,139,173
Deferred inflows of resources	7,719,628	5,782,717
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(4,338,844)	(4,193,542)
Restricted	4,700,263	3,978,952
Unrestricted	(7,911,384)	(10,481,000)
Total net position	\$ (7,549,965)	\$ (10,695,590)

Table II
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		nmental vities
	2021	vities 2020
Revenues:	2021	2020
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 1,927,984	\$ 1,682,334
Operating grants and contributions	2,884,102	2,243,065
General Revenues:	2,001,102	2,2 10,000
Maintenance and operations taxes	25,808,535	25,431,438
Debt service taxes	13,385,898	12,042,922
State aid	10,280,668	6,241,499
Investment earnings	214,259	1,164,096
Grants and contributions not restricted	137,019	193,464
Miscellaneous	214,902	45,862
Extraordinary item-resource	2,237,049	•
Total Revenues	57,090,416	49,044,680
P		
Expenses:	25 270 000	22 502 004
Instruction, curriculum and media services	25,279,800	23,592,884
Instructional and school leadership	2,515,745	2,249,435
Student support services	3,083,858	2,816,259
Child nutrition	1,507,027	1,448,041
Extracurricular activities	2,568,582	2,423,151
General administration	1,498,880	1,351,856
Plant maintenance, security and	5,530,586	4,696,003
data processing	, ,	,
Debt service	8,337,003	8,013,140
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,424,146	398,061
Contracted instructional services	68,429	54,161
between schools		
Payments to shared service arrangement	904,923	811,494
Other intergovernmental charges	225,812	217,812
Total Expenses	53,944,791	48,072,297
Lancas (Daniela) i Na Danie	2 145 625	072.202
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	3,145,625	972,383
Net Position - beginning of year	(10,695,590)	(11,667,973)
Net Position - end of year	\$ (7,549,965)	\$ (10,695,590)

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports deficit balances in net investment in capital assets and in unrestricted net position, while reporting a positive balance in restricted net position. The District's net position increased by \$3,145,625 during the current fiscal year.

- Average daily attendance increased by 459 students (13.7%) from the prior year. Taxable property values increased 10.3%. State funding revenue increased approximately \$4.0 million.
- The District's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate decreased from \$1.023 per \$100 valuation to \$0.9337 per \$100 valuation. The debt service tax rate remained \$0.485 per \$100 valuation. Tax collections were higher because of increased taxable property values. Expenditures of the general fund increased 18.4% because of enrollment growth, salary increases, and repair of damage caused by a severe winter storm in February 2021.
- The District made recapture payments to the State of Texas in the amount of \$68,429.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$53,944,791. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 15, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$39,194,433 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,927,984) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$2,884,102) or by State equalization funding (\$10,280,668).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$65,709,213, which is \$2,894,286 more than last year's total of \$62,814,927. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$2,251,475 in the District's General Fund, an increase of \$748,891 in the District's Debt Service Fund, and a decrease of \$194,393 in the District's Capital Projects Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2020). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$11,537,980 reported on page 16 is more than the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$9,573,375 reported in the budgetary comparison statement on page 24 due to cost savings achieved amongst most functional categories.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2021, the District had \$199,017,213 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$37,872,792 or 23.5 percent, from last year.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At August 31, 2021, the District had \$259,358,383 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding (including accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds) versus \$221,923,510 last year—an increase of 16.9 percent. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund), according to national rating agencies.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The District's 2021 Maintenance and Operations tax rate decreased to \$0.915 per \$100 property valuation from \$0.9337 per \$100 property valuation as a result of tax rate compression required by State funding legislation passed in 2019. The Debt Service tax rate remained \$0.485 per \$100 property valuation.
- The Maintenance and Operations expenditure budget has increased approximately \$3.0 million from fiscal year 2021 actual expenditures due primarily to higher personnel costs resulting from staff raises and new positions required by enrollment growth.
- The District's 2021-2022 budget for the General Fund has budgeted expenditures \$341,481 more than budgeted revenues (\$41.8 million).

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Argyle Independent School District, 800 Eagle Drive, Argyle, Texas 76226, (940) 464-7241.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		Primary Government
Contro	ol	Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSE	TS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 76,480,817
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	851,910
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(85,191)
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,346,972
1290	Other Receivables, Net	233,796
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	9,857,089
1520	Buildings, Net	111,650,354
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,408,340
1580	Construction in Progress	75,101,430
000	Total Assets	277,845,517
DEFE	CRRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred Charge on Bond Refundings	2,683,804
1705	Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS Pension	4,621,914
1706	Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS OPEB	5,127,716
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,433,434
LIAB	ILITIES	-
2110	Accounts Payable	9,655,106
2140	·	352,379
	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	263,253
	Accrued Wages Payable	2,331,434
2200		87,920
2300	Unearned Revenue	14,659
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	5,035,867
	Due in More than One Year:	
2502	Bonds, Notes, Leases, etc.	254,322,516
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	9,071,952
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	8,974,202
2000	Total Liabilities	290,109,288
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-
2605	Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS Pension	1,148,212
2606	Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS OPEB	6,571,416
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,719,628
	POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	(4,338,844)
	Restricted:	(4,550,044)
820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	2,695
850	Restricted for Debt Service	4,697,568
900	Unrestricted	(7,911,384)
000	Total Net Position	\$ (7,549,965)

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ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Data				Program	Reve	nues		Position
Control		1		3		4		6
Codes						Operating		Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for		Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
11 Instruction	\$	24,544,033	\$	198,421	\$	1,775,541	\$	(22,570,071)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		623,258		(B)		30,328		(592,930)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		112,509		150		2,302		(110,057)
21 Instructional Leadership		373,131		520		15,954		(357,177)
23 School Leadership		2,142,614		D=0		105,698		(2,036,916)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,007,166				75,096		(932,070)
33 Health Services		452,811		725		22,288		(430,523)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,623,881		-		310,005		(1,313,876)
35 Food Services		1,507,027		1,199,907		224,624		(82,496)
36 Extracurricular Activities		2,568,582		355,728		54,769		(2,158,085)
41 General Administration		1,498,880				53,248		(1,445,632)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,284,429		173,778		59,109		(4,051,542)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		313,613		923		15,713		(297,900)
53 Data Processing Services		932,544		9 4 9		30,556		(901,988)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		7,660,918		1 5 8		98,956		(7,561,962)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		676,085		=		-		(676,085)
81 Capital Outlay		2,424,146		2		9,915		(2,414,231)
91 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		68,429		. 				(68,429)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		904,923		. 		-		(904,923)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		225,812		744		Sam		(225,812)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	53,944,791	\$	1,927,984	\$	2,884,102		(49,132,705)
Data Control General Codes Taxe	Reven		–	1,727,700			8	(,,
		Taxes Levied	for	General Purpos	29			25,808,535
	-	Taxes, Levied		-	CS			13,385,898
	1 -	Formula Grants		Debt Belvice				10,280,668
		Contributions r		Restricted				137,019
		Earnings	101	Restricted				214,259
111.00			nter	mediate Revenu	16			214,902
		tem - resource		mediate Revent	10			2,237,049
	•			Extraordinary I	tems	.		52,278,330
CN		Change in	Net	Position				3,145,625
NB Net Po	sition	- Beginning						(10,695,590)
NE Net Po	sition	- Ending					\$	(7,549,965)

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		10	50	60
Contro	ol	General	Debt Service	Capital
Codes		Fund	Fund	Projects
AS	SSETS			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,035,757		\$ 58,499,245
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	584,197	267,713	12
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(58,420)	(26,771)	11:
1240	Due from Other Governments	929,306	:€:	(m)
1260	Due from Other Funds	ier	61	5₩1
1290	Other Receivables	233,796	15 2 2	195
1000	Total Assets	\$ 14,724,636	5,059,947	\$ 58,499,245
LI	ABILITIES	 		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 157,885	S 🥮 :	\$ 9,439,264
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	263,253	\$ 2 9	\$ 2 7
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	2,155,037	~	727
2170	Due to Other Funds	694	322	199
2200	Accrued Expenditures	72,070	3.00	343
2300	Unearned Revenue	11,940	-	-
2000	Total Liabilities	 2,660,879	2 ¥5	9,439,264
DE	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	525,777	240,942	·
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 525,777	240,942	*
FI	JND BALANCES	155		
1 C	Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	_	-	2 4 .0
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation	-	-	49,059,981
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	4,819,005	15,005,501
	Committed Fund Balance:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	2	120	120
	Assigned Fund Balance:			
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	341,481	*	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	11,196,499	960	888
3000	Total Fund Balances	 11,537,980	4,819,005	49,059,981
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 14,724,636	5,059,947	58,499,245

	Other Funds		Total Governmental Funds
	Tunus	-	Tulius
\$	126,871	\$	76,480,817 851,910
	417,666 633		(85,191 1,346,972 694 233,796
\$	545 170	\$	15-35
Φ	545,170	Ф	78,828,998
\$	57,957 176,397	\$	9,655,106 263,253
	1/0,397		2,331,434 694
	15,850 2,719		87,920 14,659
	252,923		12,353,066
	7 <u>4</u> 0		766,719
			766,719
	2,695		2,695
	(#0)		49,059,981
	æ		4,819,005
	289,552		289,552
	- 		341,481 11,196,499
	292,247	_	65,709,213
\$	545,170	\$	78,828,998

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EXHIBIT C-2

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 65,709,213
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	235,048,991
2 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(36,031,778)
3 Bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(224,297,267)
4 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(4,258,541)
5 Bond premiums on outstanding bonds payable are not recognized in the fund financial statements.	(30,802,575)
6 The deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.	2,683,804
7 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	766,719
8 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	(352,379)
9 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 and 71 in the amount of \$9,071,952, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$1,148,212, and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$4,621,914. This results in a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$5,598,250.	(5,598,250)
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$8,974,202, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$6,571,416, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$5,127,716. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$10,417,902.	(10,417,902)
19 Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (7,549,965)

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Cont Code	trol		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
	REVENUES:				
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	26,594,550	\$ 13,438,980	\$ 97,099
5800	State Program Revenues		12,416,031	98,956	· ·
5900	Federal Program Revenues		46,355	1991	2
5020	Total Revenues		39,056,936	13,537,936	97,099
3020	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		21,177,663	100	_
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		605,483		-
0012	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		110,726	1645 1645	×
0021	Instructional Leadership		363,780	(2)	
0023	School Leadership		2,029,239		
0023	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		937,270	(524)	5
0033	Health Services		437,533	5#3	2
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,448,265		641.755
0035	Food Services		48,414	2	€
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,719,297		2
0041	General Administration		1,455,882	N = 3.	ь.
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,198,209	. 	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		293,740	129	4
0053	Data Processing Services		880,489	(9)	- 8
	Debt Service:		ŕ		
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt			2,980,199	
0071	Interest on Long-Term Debt			9,804,992	-
0072	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		\$20 \$20	316,474	359,611
0073	Capital Outlay:			310,171	337,011
0001			2,198,011		40,499,737
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		2,198,011	-	40,499,737
	Intergovernmental:		60.400		
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		68,429	.27	12
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		904,923	(9)	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		225,812		58
6030	Total Expenditures		39,103,165	13,101,665	41,501,103
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		(46,229)	436,271	(41,404,004
	Expenditures	-	-		
7011	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			24 515 000	26 460 000
7911	Capital Related Debt Issued		70,655	24,515,000	36,460,000
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		70,033		
7915 7916	Transfers In		3 7 30	7,345,164	4,749,611
8911	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds Transfers Out (Use)		(10,000)	7,545,104	4,749,011
8949	Other (Uses)		(10,000)	(31,547,544)	
0747			(0.655		41 200 (11
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		60,655	312,620	41,209,611
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:				
7919	Extraordinary Item - Resource		2,237,049	72	·
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		2,251,475	748,891	(194,393)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		9,286,505	4,070,114	49,254,374
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	11,537,980	\$ 4,819,005	\$ 49,059,981
2000	Tana Dalance - Magast 31 (Dilding)	-	11,557,500	.,017,007	- 17,037,701

-			
			Total
	Other		Governmental
	Funds		Funds
		ī	
\$	1,449,484	\$	41,580,113
	298,368		12,813,355
	590,890		637,245
	2,338,742		55,030,713
	708,852		21,886,515
	161		605,483
	1,225		111,951
	7 2		363,780
	9#1		2,029,239
	30,792		968,062
			437,533
	5 2 5		2,090,020
	1,395,578		1,443,992
	123,982		
	123,962		1,843,279
			1,455,882
	17.5		4,198,209
	-		293,740
	543		880,489
	(=):		2,980,199
	-		9,804,992
			676,085
	3		42,697,748
	-		68,429
	2		904,923
	*		225,812
	2,260,429		95,966,362
	78,313		(40,935,649)
			60.0 55 .000
			60,975,000
	10.000		70,655
	10,000		10,000
	5		12,094,775
	-		(10,000)
	-		(31,547,544)
	10,000		41,592,886
	tiel.		2 227 040
-	00 212		2,237,049
	88,313		2,894,286
	203,934	_	62,814,927
\$	292,247 \$;	65,709,213

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 20

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,894,286
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	41,082,489
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.	(3,209,697)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable and payments of accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	4,127,024
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(524,512)
Interest expense on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due.	(14,755)
Revenues from property taxes are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	(30,019)
Current year amortization of the premium on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	1,696,347
Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements.	(159,831)
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2020 caused the change in the ending net position to increase by \$74,071. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$1,069,416, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$995,345.	(995,345)
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/20 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$38,870. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year of \$237,001, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$198,131.	(198,131)

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The current year payment to the escrow agent for refunding debt is an other financing use in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	31,547,544
Current year issuances of refunding bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(24,515,000)
The premiums on the current year issuances of refunding bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(7,341,899)
Current year issuances of capital related bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(36,460,000)
The premiums on the current year issuances of capital related bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(4,752,876)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,145,625

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget		
Cod	Codes		Original Final					Positive or (Negative)	
]	REVENUES:								
5800	Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	26,433,500 10,183,500 77,000	\$	26,846,000 11,890,870 77,000	\$	26,594,550 12,416,031 46,355	\$	(251,450) 525,161 (30,645)
5020	Total Revenues		36,694,000	_	38,813,870		39,056,936		243,066
F	EXPENDITURES:			-		_		_	
	Current:								
0011 0012	Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		21,029,195 583,608		21,677,395 609,608		21,177,663 605,483		499,732 4,125
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		127,027		133,127		110,726		22,401
0021	Instructional Leadership		295,644		374,644		363,780		10,864
0023	School Leadership		2,129,249		2,149,149		2,029,239		119,910
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		879,980		940,780		937,270		3,510
0033	Health Services		458,788		464,288		437,533		26,755
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,364,633		1,832,633		1,448,265		384,368
0035 0036	Food Services Extracurricular Activities		1,811,032		50,000 1,814,032		48,414 1,719,297		1,586 94,735
0036	General Administration		1,472,761		1,508,761		1,455,882		52,879
0041	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,253,233		4,338,733		4,198,209		140,524
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		361,476		364,976		293,740		71,236
0053	Data Processing Services Capital Outlay:		855,874		899,374		880,489		18,885
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		11,500		2,208,000		2,198,011		9,989
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schoo	ls	55,000		71,500		68,429		3,071
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SS	SA	785,000		985,000		904,923		80,077
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		220,000		230,000	_	225,812	_	4,188
6030	Total Expenditures		36,694,000		40,652,000		39,103,165		1,548,835
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		*	_	(1,838,130)		(46,229)	_	1,791,901
C	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		2		2		70,655		70,655
	Transfers Out (Use)		2		(100,000)		(10,000)		90,000
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(100,000)		60,655	_	160,655
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:				2 225 000		2 22 2 0 4 0		12 0 40
7919	Extraordinary Item - Resource	_		_	2,225,000	_	2,237,049	2	12,049
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		2		286,870		2,251,475		1,964,605
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	9,286,505		9,286,505		9,286,505	_	
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	9,286,505	\$	9,573,375	\$	11,537,980	\$	1,964,605

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CUSTODIAL NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 427,375
Total Assets	427,375
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	1,653
Total Liabilities	1,653
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	425,722
Total Net Position	\$ 425,722

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CUSTODIAL NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED A MOUST 21, 2021

FOR THE	YEAR ENDED	AUGUST	31, 2021

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions to Student Groups	\$ 420,362
Total Additions	420,362
DEDUCTIONS:	
Expenses of Student Groups	381,261
Total Deductions	381,261
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	39,101
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	386,621
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 425,722

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Argyle Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees is elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Argyle Independent School District has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the <u>community</u>, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused debt service fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Custodial Funds These funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities on a fiduciary basis. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as deferred revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Food Service Fund, and the Debt Service Fund. The special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2021 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Nonappropriated Budget Funds

\$ 96 292,151

All Special Revenue Funds

<u>\$292,247</u>

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at August 31, 2021.

F. INVENTORIES

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures.

G. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings & Improvements 15-50 Years Furniture and Equipment 3-15 Years

I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at August 31, 2021 was \$2,683,804.

Deferred outflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 6.7 years.

The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at August 31, 2021 was \$4,621,914.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 8.6 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported for deferred OPEB expense at August 31, 2021 was \$5,127,716.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at August 31, 2021 was \$766,719.

Deferred inflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and other actuarial and other assumption differences. These amounts will be amortized over a closed 5 year period. In fiscal year 2021, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$1,148,212.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (8.6 years for the 2020 measurement year). In fiscal year 2021, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$6,571,416.

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

K. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

L. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expenses as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2021, the district purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

N. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCES

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has no nonspendable fund balance.
- <u>Restricted:</u> This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects resources are restricted for future capital outlay. Federal and State grant resources are restricted because their use is restricted pursuant to the grant requirements.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees has committed resources as of August 31, 2021 for campus activities and local grants.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, the Board of Trustees, Superintendent, or Chief Financial Officer may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance at August 31, 2021 representing the District's adopted deficit budget for 2021-2022.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 16) and are described below:

General Fund

General Fund has assigned fund balance of \$341,481 and unassigned fund balance of \$11,196,499 at August 31, 2021.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$4,819,005 at August 31, 2021 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$49,059,981 at August 31, 2021 consisting primarily of remaining bond issuance proceeds that are restricted for construction and other capital outlay expenditures.

Other Funds

The fund balances of \$188,225 and \$101,327 of the Campus Activity and other Local Grants Funds (special revenue funds) are shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities and local projects. The following special revenue funds fund balances are restricted by Federal or State grant restrictions:

National Breakfast & Lunch Program	\$	96
Advanced Placement Incentives	2,	<u>599</u>
Total	<u>\$2,</u>	<u>695</u>

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust, with the District's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts) was \$47,465,776 and the bank balance was \$49,598,113. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2021 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by letters of credit or pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits totaled \$49,598,113. This entire amount was either collateralized with a letter of credit or securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk as of August 31, 2021. The District's deposits were fully collateralized with a letter of credit or securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC Insurance for the entire year.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At August 31, 2021, the District held investments in a public funds investment pool. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for TexSTAR Investment Pool at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for the District's investment in the external investment pool is less than 60 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At August 31, 2021, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at August 31, 2021, are shown below:

Name	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market Value
TexSTAR Investment Pool	\$29,420,542	\$29,420,542
	\$29,420,542	\$29,420,542

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in the Public Investment Pool is not required to be measured at fair value but is measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions/	Retirement/	Balance
	_September 1	Completions	Adjustments	August 31
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 9,857,089	\$	\$	\$ 9,857,089
Construction in Progress	37,884,381	37,217,049		75,101,430
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	47,741,470	37,217,049	=	84,958,519
Captial assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and Improvements	139,950,582	2,895,772) -	142,846,354
Furniture and Equipment	2,034,364	121,421	2	2,155,785
Vehicles	4,240,086	848,247		5,088,333
Total Capital assets being depreciated	146,225,032	3,865,440	*	150,090,472
Less accumulated depreciation for:				0 3
Buildings and Improvements	(28,378,683)	(2,817,317)	·	(31,196,000)
Furniture and Equipment	(1,700,509)	(85,812)		(1,786,321)
Vehicles	(2,742,889)	(306,568)		(3,049,457)
Total accumulated depreciation	(32,822,081)	(3,209,697)		(36,031,778)
Total Capital assets, being depreciated, net	113,402,951	655,743		114,058,694
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 161,144,421	\$37,872,792	\$ -	\$ 199,017,213

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$2,007,166
School Leadership	51,425
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	13,137
Health Services	2,214
Student Transportation	290,791
Food Services	37,945
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	693,202
General Administration	11,788
Plant Maintenance and Operations	57,220
Security and Monitoring Services	10,664
Data Processing Services	34,145
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	\$3,209,697

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds and capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended August 31, 2021:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original <u>Issue</u>	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/20	Issued Current <u>Year</u>	Interest Accretion	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/21	Due Within One Year
Unlimited tax school bldg. & refunding bonds-Series 1997 Unlimited tax school bldg. &	4.60-5.50%	7,836,771	\$ 326,958	\$	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 226,958	\$ 226,958
bonds-Series 1998 Unlimited tax school bldg. &	4.60%	5,315,861	1,565,508	¥	¥.	85,199	1,480,309	92,535
refunding bonds-Series 2005 Unlimited tax refunding bonds-	4.79%	4,962,500	340,000	*	*	5,000	335,000	5,000
Series 2011 Unlimited tax refunding bonds-	2.15-4.25%	2,355,000	2,290,000		2	2,290,000	(*)	
Series 2013A Unlimited tax refunding bonds-	3,65-4,00%	895,000	895,000	**	8	895,000	-	Ē
Series 2013B Unlimited tax refunding bonds-	2.00-4.00%	4,515,000	4,505,000	₩.	TE	5,000	4,500,000	5,000
Series 2014 Unlimited tax school building	2.00-4.00%	3,925,000	3,645,000	*		45,000	3,600,000	65,000
bonds-Series 2014 Unlimited tax refunding	3.00-4.00%	35,110,000	29,705,000	5		22,820,000	6,885,000	1,560,000
bonds-Series 2015 Unlimited tax school building	1.14-4.00%	6,480,000	6,465,000	ë		5,000	6,460,000	5,000
bonds-Series 2016 Unlimited tax refunding	4.00%	4,475,000	4,090,000	2	640	135,000	3,955,000	140,000
bonds-Series 2016 Unlimited tax refunding	2.00-3.31%	4,490,000	4,020,000	-	380	115,000	3,905,000	115,000
bonds-Series 2017A Unlimited tax school building	1.00-4.00%	23,220,000	22,330,000	*	9,53	145,000	22,185,000	150,000
bonds-Series 2017B Unlimited tax school building	2.00-5.00%	41,195,000	40,720,000	· <u>a</u>	*	<u> 2</u> 0	40,720,000	9
bonds-Series 2019 Unlimited tax school building	3.00-5,00%	69,920,000	69,920,000	1 100	25	120	69,920,000	1,100,000
bonds-Series 2020A Unlimited tax school building	2.125-5.00%	36,460,000	((= (36,460,000	80	? ₩ @	36,460,000	*
bonds-Series 2020B Total Bonded Indebtedness:	0.227-2.36%	24,515,000	190 817 466	24,515,000 60,975,000		850,000 27,495,199	23,665,000 224,297,267	<u>625,000</u> <u>4,089,493</u>
Other Direct Obligations; Accreted Interest - Capital Appreciati Bond Premiums Total Other Obligations: Total Obligations of District	ion Bonds		5,699,039 <u>25,407,005</u> <u>31,106,044</u> \$221,923,510	12.094.775 12.094,775 \$73.069,775	524,512 <u>524,512</u> \$ 524,512	1,965,010 <u>6,699,205</u> <u>8,664,215</u> \$36,159,414	4,258,541 30,802,575 35,061,116 \$259,358,383	946,374 946,374 \$5,035,867

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended			Total
August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Requirements
2022	\$ 4,089,493	\$ 9,632,776	\$ 13,722,269
2023	5,646,331	9,385,458	15,031,789
2024	5,389,052	8,583,094	13,972,146
2025	4,470,482	8,064,773	12,535,255
2026	5,502,087	7,907,268	13,409,355
2027-2031	38,564,822	39,932,678	78,497,500
2032-2036	50,395,000	30,659,375	81,054,375
2037-2041	53,235,000	18,465,400	71,700,400
2042-2046	39,670,000	8,977,150	48,647,150
2047-2049	17,335,000	2,311,800	19,646,800
	\$224,297,267	\$143,919,772	\$368,217,039

The 1997, 1998, 2013B, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2020B bond series include Capital Appreciation Bonds. No interest is paid on these bonds prior to maturity. The bonds mature variously in 2022 through 2035. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15 even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2021.

NOTE 6. DEBT ISSUANCES, DEBT REFUNDING AND DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In October 2020, the District issued \$36,460,000 (par value) in Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds to provide funds for future construction and other capital projects. The net proceeds of \$40,850,000 (\$36,460,000 par amount of the bonds plus \$4,752,876 of premium paid on the bonds less \$361,398 of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited to the District's Capital Projects Fund. Excess proceeds of \$1,478 were deposited to the District's Debt Service Fund.

In October 2020, the District issued \$24,515,000 (par value) in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$24,515,000 (par value) of outstanding bonds. The net proceeds of \$31,547,544 (\$24,515,000 par amount of the bonds plus \$7,341,899 of premium paid on the bonds less \$307,224 of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. and State and Local Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the long-term debt of the District. The refunded bonds will be repaid on the call dates of the bonds. The reacquisition price was more than the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,468,478. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is the same as the life of the new refunded debt issued. In addition, the refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$5,020,836 (the present value of debt service savings). Excess proceeds of \$2,131 were deposited to the District's Debt Service Fund.

At August 31, 2021 \$22,240,000 of defeased bonds remained outstanding.

The District's deferred charge on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance - August 31, 2020	\$1,632,134
Current year loss on bond refunding	1,468,478
Write off of prior deferred loss on refunded bonds	(256,977)
Current year amortization	(159,831)

Balance -- August 31, 2021 \$2,683,804

NOTE 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2020-21 fiscal year was based was \$2,673,314,266. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2021 were 99.1% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2021, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$525,777 and \$240,942 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Argyle Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx, by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rat	es	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%
Employers	7.5%	7.5%
Argyle ISD FY2021 Employer Contributions		\$ 770,706
Argyle ISD FY2021 Member Contributions		\$ 1,930,594
Argyle ISD FY2021 NECE On-Behalf Contrib	outions	\$ 1,446,823

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. The contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution replaced the Non (OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

• When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward

to August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate7.25%Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return7.25%Municipal Bond Rate as of August 20202.33%Inflation2.30%

Salary Increases Including Inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit Changes During the Year None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution To Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	3.9%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.6%	0.83%
Private Equity	14%	6.7%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	7%	-0.05%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	1.9%	0.11%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.6%	1.01%
Energy, Natural Resources	6%	6%	0.42%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	3%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2%	-1.5%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	-1.3%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.00%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.67%
Total	100%		7.33%

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
Argyle ISD's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability:	\$13,991,467	\$9,071,952	\$5,077,305

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2021, Argyle Independent School District reported a liability of \$9,071,952 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Argyle Independent School District. The amount recognized by Argyle Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Argyle Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 9,071,952
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	16,868,596
Total	<u>\$25,940,548</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

¹ Target allocations are based on the FY20 policy model.

² Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020).

³ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.01693857%, an increase of 11.7% from its proportionate share of 0.0151579% at August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes in assumptions since the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, Argyle Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,446,823 and revenue of \$1,446,823 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, Argyle Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 16,565	\$ 253,174
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,105,016	895,038
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	183,654	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,545,973	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	770,706	-
Total	\$4,621,914	\$1,148,212

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2022	\$ 703,030
2023	821,795
2024	742,752
2025	354,650
2026	46,164
Thereafter	34,605

NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees							
	Medicare	Non-Medicare					
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200					
Retiree and Spouse	529	689					
Retiree* and Children	468	408					
Retiree and Family	1,020	999					

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Argyle ISD FY21 Employer Contributions	\$20	3,030
Argyle ISD FY21 Member Contributions	\$16	52,970
Argyle ISD FY21 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$31	1,799

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2020-2021 biennium.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2020.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation
Wage Inflation
Expected Payroll Growth

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the recent published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Single Discount Rate 2.33%

Aging Factors

Based on specific plan experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs

Projected Salary Increases
3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Election Rates
Normal Retirement: 65%
participation prior to age 65

and 40% participation after age 65

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 0.30 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-asyou-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.33%)	Current Single Discount Rate (2.33%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.33%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$10,769,022	\$8,974,202	\$7,556,552

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is one-percentage less than or one-percentage point greater than the health trend rates is assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Healthcare	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB			
Liability:	\$7,330,773	\$8,974,202	\$11,163,017

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$22,734,492 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 8,974,202
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	13,954,025
Total	\$22,928,227

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0236073%, an increase of 17.7% compared to the August 31, 2019 proportionate share of 0.0200598%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- The ultimate health care trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.50 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$127.442.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 469,886	\$4,107,054
Changes in actuarial assumptions	553,522	2,464,362
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,916	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	3,898,362	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	203,030	-
Total	\$5,127,716	\$6,571,416

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount				
2022	\$ (381,571)				
2023	(381,961)				
2024	(382,184)				
2025	(382,127)				
2026	(142,418)				
Thereafter	23,531				

NOTE 10. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$120,969, \$98,851 and \$64,761, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at August 31, 2021 represented short-term advances between funds. These amounts are expected to be repaid in less than one year from August 31, 2021.

	Due from	Due to
<u>Fund</u>	Other Funds	Other Funds
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ -	\$ 633
Debt Service Fund	61	61
Total Major Governmental Funds	61	<u>694</u>
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Special Revenue Funds:		
General Fund	633	
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	633	*
Total	\$ 694	\$ 694

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

Health Care:

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of Argyle Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$250 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contributions. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan (TRS ActiveCare).

Workers Compensation:

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Argyle ISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2020, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$44,135,645 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Prior to September 1, 2020, the District participated in the SchoolComp Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Joint Fund. The District was partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$41,985 for the 19-20 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$46,358 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Creative Risk Funding provides claims administration on these prior year claims. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$250,000. The fixed cost charge was based on total payroll paid by the District.

The accrued liability for workers compensation self-insurance of \$27,990 includes incurred but not reported claims. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Changes in workers compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2021 and 2020 are shown below:

	September 1	Claims and		August 31
Fiscal	Claims	Changes in	Claims	Claims
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2021	\$ 43,201	\$ -	\$15,211	\$27,990
2020	62,094	30,815	49,708	43,201

The District was fully insured for workers compensation risks prior to September 1, 2006.

Property and Casualty Insurance:

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Argyle ISD participated in the following TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund) programs:

Auto Liability
Auto Physical Damage
School Liability
Property
Privacy & Information Security

The Fund was created and is operated under the provision of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for the its Auto, Liability and Property Programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, Argyle ISD will have no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Unemployment Compensation Pool:

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Argyle ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2021, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTE 13. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2021, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Fed	deral	Loc	cal		
Fund	Grants	Gr	ants	Govern	ments		Total_
General Fund	\$929,306	\$	-	\$	=	\$	929,306
Special Revenue Funds		417	,666			_	417,666
Total	\$929,306	\$417	,666	\$		<u>\$1</u>	,346,972

NOTE 14. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2021 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 15. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$25,641,077	\$	\$ 13,296,659	\$ -	\$ 38,937,736
Food Sales	-	1,199,857	: = :		1,199,857
Investment Income	63,323	2	53,837	97,099	214,259
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	198,232		88,484	3.5%	286,716
Co-curricular student activities	125,117	249,577	100	:=	374,694
Other	566,801	50	(#1)		566,851
Total	\$26,594,550	\$ 1,449,484	\$ 13,438,980	\$ 97,099	\$ 41,580,113

NOTE 16. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total	
Athletic Receipts Grant Funds	\$	11,940	\$	2,719	\$		\$	11,940 2,719
Total	_\$	11,940	\$	2,719	\$	4	\$	14,659

NOTE 17. JOINT VENTURES

The District participated in a cooperative program with other local districts for special education services. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service
Denton County Special	Sanger Independent	Special Education
Education SSA	School District	

NOTE 18. CONSTRUCTION COMMITTMENTS

As of August 31, 2021, the District had entered into various construction contracts for construction and renovation of several campuses totaling \$101.4 million. At August 31, 2021, there was \$28.7 million remaining costs under these contracts. These costs will be paid from the District's Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 19. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the District recorded an Extraordinary Item - Resource of \$2,237,049 related to insurance proceeds to the District for damage to District properties resulting from a severe winter storm in February 2021.

NOTE 20. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been characterized as a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization and is currently affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and the State of Texas. On January 31, 2021, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States a national emergency. Subsequently, the President's Coronavirus Guidelines for America and the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention called upon Americans to take actions to slow the spread of COVID-19 in the United States.

On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in the State in response to the Pandemic, which disaster declaration he has subsequently extended. Pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor has broad authority to respond to disasters, including suspending any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conducting State business or any order or rule of a State agency that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the disaster, and issuing executive orders that have the force and effect of law. The Governor has issued a series of executive orders relating to COVID-19 preparedness and mitigation.

On June 3, 2021, TEA issued updated public planning health guidance in accordance with Executive Order GA-36 (which became effective June 5, 2021), to address on-campus instruction, administrative activities by teachers, staff or students that occur on school campuses, non-UIL extracurricular sports and activities, and any other activities that teachers, staff, or students must complete. Within the guidance, TEA instructs schools that, per Executive Order GA-36, school systems cannot require students or staff to wear a mask; however, school systems must allow individuals to wear a mask if they choose to do so.

Within the guidance, TEA instructs schools to notify their local health department, in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations, including any applicable confidentiality requirements, of individuals who have been in a school and test-confirmed to have COVID-19. Additionally, upon receipt of information that any teacher, staff member, student, or visitor at a school is test-confirmed to have COVID-19, the school must submit a report to the Texas Department of Health Services via its online portal.

The TEA advised districts that for the 2020-2021 school year district funding would return to being based on "Average Daily Attendance" (being generally calculated as the sum of student attendance for each Statemandated day of instruction divided by the number of State-mandated days of instruction, defined herein as "ADA") calculations requiring attendance to be taken. However, the TEA has crafted an approach for determining ADA during the pandemic that provides districts with several options for determining daily attendance. These include remote synchronous instruction, remote asynchronous instruction, on-campus instruction and the Texas Virtual Schools Network. To stabilize funding expectations, districts were initially provided an ADA grace period for the first two six weeks of the 2020-2021 school year. If a district's first two six-weeks average ADA is less than the ADA hold harmless projections (described below), the first two six-week attendance reporting periods for 2020-2021 were excluded from the calculation of annual ADA and student full-time equivalents ("FTE") for Foundation School Program ("FSP") funding purposes and replaced with the ADA and FTE hold harmless projections that were derived using a three-year average trend of final numbers from the 2017-2018 through 2019-2020 school years, unless the projection is both (i) 15% higher and (ii) 100 ADA higher than the 2020-2021 legislative planning estimate ("LPE") projections provided by the TEA to the State legislature pursuant to Section 48.269 of the Texas Education Code, in which case the 2020-2021 LPE ADA and FTE were used as the hold harmless projections.

The ADA hold harmless projection was extended for the remainder of the 2020-2021 school year (the fourth, fifth, and sixth six-week attendance reporting periods). In order to qualify, a district must meet certain criteria established by the TEA related to on-campus.

The full extent of the ongoing impact of COVID-19 on the District's longer-term operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, many of which are outside of its control, including the effectiveness of the mitigation strategies discussed above, the duration and spread of COVID-19, and future governmental actions, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. The District continues to monitor the spread of COVID-19 and is working with local, State and national agencies to address the potential impact of the Pandemic upon the District. While the potential impact of the Pandemic on the District cannot be quantified at this time, the continued outbreak of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the District's operations and financial condition.

The Pandemic has negatively affected travel, commerce, and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to continue negatively affecting economic growth and financial markets worldwide. These negative impacts may reduce or negatively affect property values within the District. The District's bonded debt is secured by an unlimited ad valorem tax, and a reduction in property values may require an increase in the ad valorem tax rate required to pay the bonds as well as the District's share of operations and maintenance expenses payable from ad valorem taxes.

Additionally, State funding of District operations and maintenance in future fiscal years could be adversely impacted by the negative effects on economic growth and financial markets resulting from the Pandemic as well as ongoing disruptions in the global oil markets.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	P	FY 2021 lan Year 2020	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	Pla	FY 2019 an Year 2018
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.01693857%		0.0151579%		0.0146501%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,071,952	\$	7,879,539	\$	8,063,774
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		16,868,596		13,997,799		13,452,118
Total	\$	25,940,548	\$	21,877,338	\$	21,515,892
District's Covered Payroll	\$	22,906,744	\$	18,784,061	\$	16,734,151
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.60%		41.95%		48.19%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Pl	FY 2018 an Year 2017	Pl	FY 2017 an Year 2016	Р	FY 2016 lan Year 2015	Pla	FY 2015 n Year 2014
	0.0130544%		0.0116102%		0.0111012%		0.0066596%
\$	4,174,084	\$	4,387,305	\$	3,924,126	\$	1,778,872
	7,240,470		7,994,231		7,393,173		6,078,977
\$	11,414,554	\$	12,381,536	\$	11,317,299	\$	7,857,849
\$	14,644,772	\$	12,899,112	\$	11,794,252	\$	10,825,100
	28.50%		34.01%		33.27%		16.43%
	82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

	2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 770,706	\$ 696,635	\$ 523,771
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(770,706)	(696,635)	(523,771)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$ 	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 25,072,638	\$ 22,906,744	\$ 18,784,061
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.07%	3.04%	2.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

_	2018	2017	 2016	_	2015
\$	493,315 \$	427,846	\$ 369,953	\$	328,710
	(493,315)	(427,846)	(369,953)		(328,710)
\$	- \$	-	\$	\$	
\$	16,734,151 \$	14,644,772	\$ 12,899,112	\$	11,794,252
	2.95%	2.92%	2.87%		2.79%

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Pla	FY 2021 an Year 2020	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	Pl	FY 2019 Ian Year 2018	Pl	FY 2018 an Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.0236073%		0.0200598%		0.0183653%	\$	0.0157086%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	8,974,202	\$	9,486,522	\$	9,169,939	\$	6,831,065
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		13,954,025		12,605,465		15,044,751	\$	12,089,311
Total	\$	22,928,227	\$	22,091,987	\$	24,214,690	\$	18,920,376
District's Covered Payroll	\$	22,906,744	\$	18,784,061	\$	16,734,151	\$	14,644,772
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.18%		50.50%		54.80%	\$	46,65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%	\$	0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021

			= =		
	9-	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	203,030 \$	164,160 \$	142,368 \$	126,658
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(203,030)	(164,160)	(142,368)	(126,658)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	*
District's Covered Payroll	\$	25,072,638 \$	22,906,744 \$	18,784,061 \$	16,734,151
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.81%	0.72%	0.76%	0.76%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- The ultimate health care trend rate assumption was lowered from 4.50 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

		-	211		224		240	
Data			ESEA I, A		DEA - Part B	National		
Contro	ol Carlos Ca		Improving		Formula	Breakfast an		
Codes		Ba	sic Program			Lu	nch Program	
1	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(30,694)	\$	(23,129)	\$	64,876	
1240	Due from Other Governments		38,511		23,129		58,258	
260	Due from Other Funds		7.50		·		633	
1000	Total Assets	\$	7,817	\$	3	\$	123,767	
I	JABILITIES							
110	Accounts Payable	\$	27	\$		\$	56,920	
160	Accrued Wages Payable		7,030		=		63,421	
200	Accrued Expenditures		787		<u>~</u>		3,330	
300	Unearned Revenue		15		£		-	
.000	Total Liabilities		7,817		22		123,671	
F	FUND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction				<u>u</u>		96	
	Committed Fund Balance:							
545	Other Committed Fund Balance		740		Ξ.		***	
000	Total Fund Balances	-	:*		-		96	
000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,817	\$		\$	123,767	

	255	277		281	282		397		410		461	481
	SEA II,A	Coronavirus		ESSER	ESSER		lvanced		State		Campus	Local
	aining and	Relief Fund		II	III		acement		ructional		Activity	Grants
R	ecruiting	CARES				Inc	centives	M	aterials		Funds	
\$	(11,193)	\$ -	\$	(168,896)	\$ ·	\$	2,599	\$	2,719	\$	189,262	\$ 92,431
	13,749	127		168,896	115,123		<u>~</u>		728		25	a
	77.	:53		-5 5 8	5.1				(5)		V. 7.	
\$	2,556	\$ -	\$	3	\$ 115,123	\$	2,599	\$	2,719	\$	189,262	\$ 92,431
\$	•	\$	\$		\$ =	\$	5	\$	(#)	\$	1,037	\$ 75
	2,299	3 0 3)(=)	103,647		*		*		(2 8)	*
	257	72		120	11,476		2		· ·		(4)	-
		Ē.,		-	3				2,719		-	5
	2,556	i.		2	115,123		-		2,719		1,037	9
	-	2		-	÷		2,599		1967		20	υ.
	S <u>e</u> S	-		2	_		-		4 0		188,225	92,431
	2.00	1 253	is —	: ₩3	*		2,599		3 0	100	188,225	92,431
\$	2,556	\$ -	\$	121	\$ 115,123	\$	2,599	\$	2,719	\$	189,262	\$ 92,431

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

		_			
.			482		Total
Data			AEF	Ŋ	Vonmajor
Contro	01		Grants	Go	vernmental
Codes					Funds
A	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,896	\$	126,871
1240	Due from Other Governments		2		417,666
1260	Due from Other Funds		:77		633
1000	Total Assets	\$	8,896	\$	545,170
I	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	57,957
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		=		176,397
2200	Accrued Expenditures		2		15,850
2300	Unearned Revenue				2,719
2000	Total Liabilities		2		252,923
F	FUND BALANCES				
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		<u>=</u>		2,695
	Committed Fund Balance:				
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		8,896		289,552
3000	Total Fund Balances	e	8,896		292,247
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,896	\$	545,170

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ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		211	224	240
Data	ESI	EA I, A	IDEA - Part B	National
Control	Imp	oroving	Formula	Breakfast and
Codes	Basic	Program		Lunch Program
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	*	\$	\$ 1,199,907
5800 State Program Revenues			:•	2,590
5900 Federal Program Revenues		61,157	23,129	179,226
5020 Total Revenues		61,157	23,129	1,381,723
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:		< .		
0011 Instruction		61,157	3,50	1.50
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		5	23,129	UB
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0035 Food Services		- -	23,129	1,395,578
0036 Extracurricular Activities		등		1,575,576
6030 Total Expenditures		61,157	23,129	1,395,578
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		<u> </u>	-	(13,855)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	<u> </u>		10,000
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		=	255	(3,855)
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		=	7 <u>8</u> 3	3,951
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ -	\$ 96

ES	255 EA II,A	277 onavirus		281 ESSER		282 ESSER		397 Advanced		410 State		461 Campus		481 Local
	ining and cruiting	ief Fund ARES		II		III		Placement Incentives		Instructional Materials		Activity Funds		Grants
\$	97	\$ (3 <u>2</u> 1)	\$	-	\$	æ	\$		\$		\$	129,246	\$	102,331
	26,057	17,302		168,896		115,123		1,350		294,428		-		-
	26,057	 17,302	_	168,896		115,123		1,350		294,428		129,246	_	102,331
	26,057	17,302		168,896		107,460		*		294,428				16,177
	*	000		*		3.00		1,075		844		-		3*3
	77	•		*		7,663		*		353		=		S=3
		i.e.;				8 # 8				/#:		85,885		38,097
	26,057	17,302		168,896	32-11	115,123	_	1,075	_	294,428		85,885		54,274
	ш	(4)		2		18		275		320		43,361		48,057
	2	+		8		•				201		<u> 24</u>		34(
	5	(#8)		÷				275		(2)		43,361		48,057
	2	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2		S¥8		2,324	_	(2)	_	144,864		44,374
\$		\$ ÷	\$	×	\$		\$	2,599	\$	140	\$	188,225	\$	92,431

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

_			482		Total		
Data			AEF	Nonmajor			
	Control		Grants		Governmental		
Codes					Funds		
F	REVENUES:						
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	18,000	\$	1,449,484		
5800	State Program Revenues		-		298,368		
5900	Federal Program Revenues		ä		590,890		
5020	Total Revenues		18,000		2,338,742		
Е	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		17,375		708,852		
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		150		1,225		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		₩		30,792		
0035	Food Services		*		1,395,578		
0036	Extracurricular Activities				123,982		
6030	Total Expenditures	21.79	17,525		2,260,429		
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		475		78,313		
C	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7915	Transfers In		*		10,000		
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		475		88,313		
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	u sin ro	8,421		203,934		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	8,896	\$	292,247		

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised				
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Tax Rates				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2012 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various			
013	1.100100	0.380000	1,080,791,094			
014	1.100100	0.375000	1,097,782,231			
015	1.100100	0.470000	1,205,027,439			
016	1.100100	0.470000	1,347,215,082			
017	1.100100	0.470000	1,508,019,663			
018	1.100100	0.485000	1,800,073,084			
019	1.100100	0.485000	2,148,314,710			
020	1.023000	0.485000	2,424,156,654			
021 (School year under audit)	0.933700	0.485000	2,673,314,266			
000 TOTALS						

(10) Beginning Balance		(20) Current Year's	(31) Maintenance	(32) Debt Service	(40) Entire Year's	(50) Ending Balance	
	9/1/2020	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	8/31/2021	
\$	107,500	\$ ==	\$ 2,068	\$ 816	\$ (10,493)	\$ 94,123	
	28,147	625	1,095	378	¥	26,674	
	24,773	答	3,340	1,139	(s a)	20,294	
	53,753	180	28,307	12,094	12,889	26,241	
	56,964	8 4 0	27,570	11,779	12,883	30,498	
	72,789	150	36,167	15,453	15,124	36,293	
	87,675	12-1	39,610	17,464	15,273	45,874	
	129,609		57,151	25,197	29,865	77,126	
	324,054	æ	114,227	54,154	(891)	154,782	
	\(\inj\)	36,948,751	25,331,542	13,158,185	1,880,981	340,005	
3	885,264	\$ 36,948,751	\$ 25,641,077	\$ 13,296,659	\$ 1,955,631	\$ 851,910	

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
		Original		Final			
REVENUES:							
 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 	\$	1,726,000 47,000 195,000	\$	1,626,000 47,000 195,000	\$ 1,199,907 2,590 179,226	\$	(426,093) (44,410) (15,774)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		1,968,000		1,868,000	1,381,723		(486,277)
0035 Food Services		1,968,000		1,968,000	1,395,578		572,422
6030 Total Expenditures		1,968,000		1,968,000	1,395,578		572,422
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		7 2 2	_	(100,000)	(13,855)		86,145
7915 Transfers In		250		100,000	10,000		(90,000)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		74		· 2	(3,855)		(3,855)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		3,951		3,951	3,951		<u>s</u>
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3,951	\$	3,951	\$ 96	\$	(3,855)

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
Codes	Original		Final			Positive or (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate SourcesState Program Revenues	\$ 12,975	,000 \$	12,975,000	\$ 13,438,98 98,95		463,980 98,956	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:	12,975	,000	12,975,000	13,537,93	6	562,936	
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt 0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	3,000 9,970 5	-	3,000,000 9,970,000 317,950	2,980,19 9,804,99 316,47	2	19,801 165,008 1,476	
6030 Total Expenditures	12,975	,000	13,287,950	13,101,66	5	186,285	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(m)	(312,950)	436,27	1	749,221	
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued		S#32	24,515,000	24,515,00	0	8 5 3	
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		3 75 0	7,345,500	7,345,16		(336)	
8949 Other (Uses)		9 <u>7</u> 0	(31,547,550)	(31,547,54	4)	6	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		w)	312,950	312,62	0	(330)	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		*	2	748,89	1	748,891	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	4,070	,114	4,070,114	4,070,11	4 _	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 4,070	,114 \$	4,070,114	\$ 4,819,00	5 \$ = ==	748,891	

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COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Argyle Independent School District Argyle, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Argyle Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Argyle Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated December 3, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn + Seay, PC.

Denton, Texas

December 3, 2021

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Prior Year Finding:

None

ARGYLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

None required.