

# Middle School Science Grades 6-8

## Instruction Materials Referenced

All Grades are using the [Smithsonian STC](#)(Science and Technology Concepts) Middle School Curriculum

## Overview information for this document

The **Next Generation Science Standards** are broken up into three parts. [The Science and Engineering Practices](#), The [Cross Cutting Concepts](#) and the Disciplinary Core Ideas. Every STC curriculum unit incorporates the Practices and the Cross Cutting Concepts. Both of these portions are listed here to reduce duplicity.

## Science and Engineering Practices

Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)  
Developing and using models  
Planning and carrying out investigations  
Analyzing and interpreting data  
Using mathematics and computational thinking  
Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)  
Engaging in argument from evidence  
Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

## Cross-Cutting Concepts

Patterns  
Cause and effect  
Scale, proportion, and quantity.  
Systems and system model  
Energy and matter: Flows, cycles, and conservation  
Structure and function  
Stability and change

## 6th Grade Science

<b>Unit 1</b>	<b>Weather and Climate Systems</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-4.</b> Develop a model to describe the cycling of water through Earth's systems driven by energy from the Sun and the force of gravity.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-5.</b> Collect data to provide evidence for how the motions and complex interactions of air masses result in changes in weather conditions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-6.</b> Develop and use a model to describe how unequal heating and rotation of Earth cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic circulation that determine regional climates.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-2.</b> Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-4.</b> Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-5.</b> Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-4.</b> Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample.</li> </ul>
<b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of lesson quizzes</li> <li>● Model of the Water Cycle</li> <li>● Weather Tools Poster</li> <li>● Collect and Analyze Weather Data (Citizen Science)</li> <li>● Climate Change Poster</li> </ul>

<b>Unit 2</b>	<b>Electricity, Waves and Information Transfer</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-3.</b> Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-5.</b> Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-3.</b> Apply scientific principles to design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-4.</b> Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-5.</b> Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS4-1.</b> Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS4-2.</b> Develop and use a model to describe that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS4-3.</b> Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-8.</b> Gather and~ synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-3.</b> Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-4.</b> Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of lesson quizzes</li> <li>● Racing in the Sun: Solar Water Vehicles</li> <li>● Heat Transfer: S'Mores</li> <li>● Thermal Energy Heat Transfer: Popping Popcorn</li> <li>● Electromagnetism Challenge</li> </ul>

<b>Unit 3</b>	<b>Ecosystems and Their Interactions</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-5.</b> Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-6.</b> Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS2-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS2-2.</b> Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS2-3.</b> Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS2-4.</b> Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS2-5.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-4.</b> Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-6.</b> Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-3.</b> Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> </ul>
<b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of lesson quizzes</li> <li>● Compare class model frog ponds with natural pond</li> <li>● Water Quality Testing of pond</li> </ul>

## 7th/8th grade science year 1

<b>Unit 1</b>	<b>Genes and Molecular Machines</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-1.</b> Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells: either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-4.</b> Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants, respectively.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS3-1.</b> Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS3-2.</b> Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-4.</b> Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-5.</b> Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-6.</b> Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.</li> </ul>
<b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● Wisconsin Fast Plant Study</li> </ul>

<b>Unit 2</b>	<b>Earth's Dynamic Systems</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-ESS1-4.</b> Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic timescale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history.</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-1.</b> Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth’s materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-2.</b> Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed Earth’s surface at varying time and spatial scales.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS2-3.</b> Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-1.</b> Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth’s mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS3-2.</b> Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-1.</b> Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life-forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-3.</b> Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-4.</b> Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● Pasta/Marshmallow Earthquake resistant structures</li> </ul>

<p><b>Unit 3</b></p>	<p><b>Matter and Its Interactions</b></p>
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<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-1.</b> Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and extended structures.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-2.</b> Analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after the substances interact to determine if a chemical reaction has occurred.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-3.</b> Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-4.</b> Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-5.</b> Develop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS1-6.</b> Undertake a design project to construct, test, and modify a device that either releases or absorbs thermal energy by chemical processes.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-4.</b> Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-3.</b> Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-4.</b> Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.</li> </ul>
<b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● Design and create a functional cold pack</li> </ul>

### 7th/8th grade science year 2

<b>Unit 1</b>	<b>Structure and Function</b>
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<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-1.</b> Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells; either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-2.</b> Develop and use a model to describe the function of a cell as a whole and ways parts of cells contribute to the function.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-3.</b> Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-6.</b> Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-7.</b> Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS1-8.</b> Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-2.</b> Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships.</li> <li>● <b>MS-LS4-3.</b> Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy.</li> </ul>
<b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● 3D Cell Model</li> <li>● Frog Dissection</li> <li>● Human Body Systems Poster</li> </ul>

<b>Unit 2</b>	<b>Energy Force and Motion</b>
<b>Standards Taught</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-1.</b> Apply Newton’s Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-2.</b> Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object’s motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-3.</b> Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces.</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-5.</b> Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-1.</b> Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-2.</b> Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS3-5.</b> Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-3.</b> Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-4.</b> Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● Marble Roller Coaster Challenge</li> <li>● Egg Drop Challenge</li> </ul>

<p><b>Unit 3</b></p>	<p><b>Space Systems Exploration</b></p>
<p><b>Standards Taught</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-ESS1-1.</b> Develop and use a model of the Earth-Sun-Moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the Sun and Moon, and seasons.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ESS1-2.</b> Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system.</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MS-ESS1-3.</b> Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system.</li> <li>● <b>MS-PS2-4.</b> Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-1.</b> Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.</li> <li>● <b>MS-ETS1-2.</b> Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How will students demonstrate the learning?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● End of unit quizzes</li> <li>● Unit Investigations</li> <li>● Oreo Cookie Moon Phases Model</li> <li>● Solar System Celestial Body Poster</li> </ul>