CANANDAIGUA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pages
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	15
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:	20 - 51
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio	52
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	53
Schedule of District Contributions	54
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	55 - 56
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund	57
Schedule of Capital Projects Fund - Project Expenditures and Financing Resources	58
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets	61
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	62

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based onan Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards63



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Canandaigua City School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Canandaigua City School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canandaigua City School District, New York, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Canandaigua City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Canandaigua City School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

1

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 52-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Canandaigua City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The District obtained a full appraisal of its fixed assets during the 2022-23 fiscal year and also implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements which resulted in the beginning net position to be restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2023 on our consideration of Canandaigua City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Canandaigua City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York October 6, 2023

Canandaigua City School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$15,708,420 (net position) an increase of \$10,984,026 from the prior year.

General revenues which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$83,744,876 or 91% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating Grants and Contributions, accounted for \$8,375,821 or 9% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$27,989,164 an increase of \$3,245,407 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the debt service fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, and the special aid fund are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements							
	Government-Wide	Fund Fina	incial Statements					
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.					
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As a Whole

Net Position

				Total
	 Governmen	<u>Variance</u>		
ASSETS:	 <u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 64,391,520	\$ 85,622,396	\$	(21,230,876)
Capital Assets	123,612,177	97,655,483		25,956,694
Total Assets	\$ 188,003,697	\$ 183,277,879	\$	4,725,818
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 38,549,185	 43,398,876	\$	(4,849,691)
LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 97,042,075	\$ 107,915,769	\$	(10,873,694)
Other Liabilities	34,909,659	29,560,891		5,348,768
Total Liabilities	\$ 131,951,734	\$ 137,476,660	\$	(5,524,926)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 78,892,728	\$ 86,739,913	\$	(7,847,185)
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 74,003,740	\$ 70,158,789	\$	3,844,951
Restricted For,				
Retirement Contribution Reserve	4,318,443	4,318,443		
Capital Reserve	18,653,358	14,443,728		4,209,630
Other Purposes	8,568,850	7,687,080		881,770
Unrestricted	 (89,835,971)	(94,147,858)		4,311,887
Total Net Position	\$ 15,708,420	\$ 2,460,182	\$	13,248,238

Key Variances

- Current and Other Assets decreased as a result of the NYS ERS and TRS pension systems no longer reporting a net pension asset in 2023
- Capital Assets increased as a result of capital outlay exceeding depreciation expense
- Long-Term Debt Obligations decreased as a result of the net difference between an increase to the net pension obligation and a decrease to the OPEB obligation
- Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased as a result of decreases to the pension system amortization of the net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are three restricted net asset balances Retirement Contribution Reserve, Capital Reserves, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$89,835,971.

Changes in Net Position

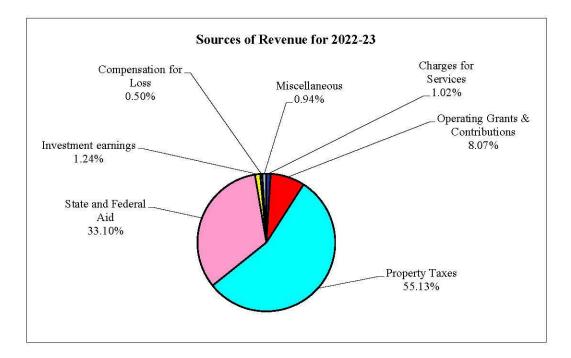
The District's total revenue increased 6% to \$92,120,697. State and federal aid 33% and property taxes 55% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 12% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, use of money and property, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

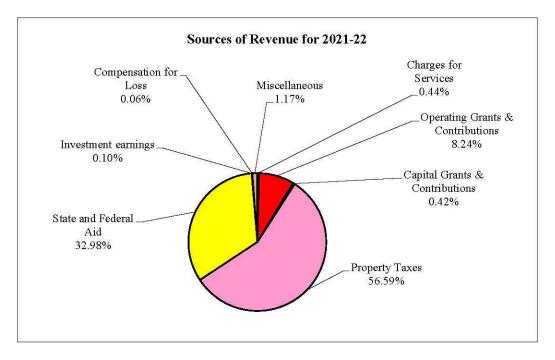
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 6% to \$81,136,671. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (instruction) 78%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 12% of the total costs. See table below:

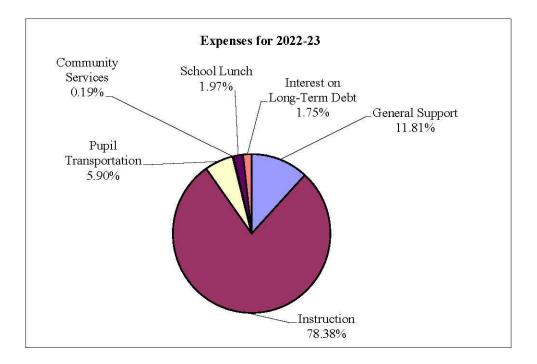
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				Total		
REVENUES: Program - Charges for Service \$ 940,927 \$ 379,915 \$ 561,012 Operating Grants & Contributions 7,434,894 7,198,000 236,894 Capital Grants & Contributions - 367,197 (367,197) Total Program \$ 8,375,821 \$ 7,945,112 \$ 430,709 General- \$ 7,945,112 \$ 430,709 Property Taxes \$ 50,789,208 \$ 49,409,598 \$ 1,379,610 State and Federal Aid 30,494,987 28,794,708 1,700,279 Investment Earnings 1,141,034 84,126 1,056,908 Compensation for Loss 460,941 52,379 408,562 Miscellaneous 858,706 1,019,335 (160,629) Total General \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 Total Chereral \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 EXPENSES: General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation		0	Governmen	Variance		
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Property Taxes \$ 50,789,208 \$ 49,409,598 \$ 1,379,610 State and Federal Aid 30,494,987 28,794,708 1,700,279 Investment Earnings 1,141,034 84,126 1,056,908 Compensation for Loss 460,941 52,379 408,562 Miscellaneous 858,706 1,019,335 (160,629) Total General \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 EXPENSES: \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,6711 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 <td>Total Program</td> <td>\$</td> <td>8,375,821</td> <td>\$ 7,945,112</td> <td>\$</td> <td>430,709</td>	Total Program	\$	8,375,821	\$ 7,945,112	\$	430,709
State and Federal Aid 30,494,987 28,794,708 1,700,279 Investment Earnings 1,141,034 84,126 1,056,908 Compensation for Loss 460,941 52,379 408,562 Miscellaneous 858,706 1,019,335 (160,629) Total General \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 EXPENSES: General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,6711 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 10,974,175 NET POSITION, BEGINNING \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 <t< td=""><td><u>General -</u></td><td>3..</td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td><td>2</td></t<>	<u>General -</u>	3. .			10	2
Investment Earnings 1,141,034 84,126 1,056,908 Compensation for Loss 460,941 52,379 408,562 Miscellaneous \$\$83,744,876 \$\$79,360,146 \$\$4,384,730 TOTAL REVENUES \$\$92,120,697 \$\$87,305,258 \$\$4,815,439 EXPENSES: \$\$9,584,166 \$\$8,506,976 \$\$1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$\$81,136,671 \$\$76,831,083 \$\$4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$\$10,984,026 \$\$10,474,175 \$\$4305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION, BEGINNING \$\$10,984,026 \$\$10,474,175 \$\$4305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$\$15,708,420 \$\$2,460,182 \$\$2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$\$2,264,212 \$\$	Property Taxes	\$	50,789,208	\$ 49,409,598	\$	1,379,610
Compensation for Loss 460,941 52,379 408,562 Miscellaneous 858,706 1,019,335 (160,629) Total General \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 EXPENSES: General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, BEGINNING \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	State and Federal Aid		30,494,987	28,794,708		1,700,279
Miscellaneous 858,706 1,019,335 (160,629) Total General \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 TOTAL REVENUES \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,384,730 EXPENSES: \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Investment Earnings		1,141,034	84,126		1,056,908
Total General TOTAL REVENUES \$ 83,744,876 \$ 79,360,146 \$ 4,384,730 EXPENSES: \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,384,730 General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 862,309 NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Compensation for Loss		460,941	52,379		408,562
TOTAL REVENUES \$ 92,120,697 \$ 87,305,258 \$ 4,815,439 EXPENSES: General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Miscellaneous		858,706	 1,019,335		(160,629)
EXPENSES: General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Total General	\$	83,744,876	\$ 79,360,146	\$	4,384,730
General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	TOTAL REVENUES	\$	92,120,697	\$ 87,305,258	\$	4,815,439
General Support \$ 9,584,166 \$ 8,506,976 \$ 1,077,190 Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	EXPENSES:					
Instruction 63,596,154 60,644,891 2,951,263 Pupil Transportation 4,783,332 5,497,249 (713,917) Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 \$ 2,264,212 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212		\$	9,584,166	\$ 8,506,976	\$	1,077,190
Community Services 155,186 117,511 37,675 School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Instruction		63,596,154	60,644,891		2,951,263
School Lunch 1,597,947 1,506,879 91,068 Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 57,577 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Pupil Transportation		4,783,332	5,497,249		(713,917)
Interest 1,419,886 557,577 862,309 TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 \$ 4,305,588 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) \$ 2,460,182 NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,264,212 \$ 2,264,212	Community Services		155,186	117,511		37,675
TOTAL EXPENSES \$ 81,136,671 \$ 76,831,083 \$ 4,305,588 CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212	School Lunch		1,597,947	1,506,879		91,068
CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$ 10,984,026 \$ 10,474,175 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212	Interest		1,419,886	557,577		862,309
NET POSITION, BEGINNING 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212	TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	81,136,671	\$ 76,831,083	\$	4,305,588
OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	10,984,026	\$ 10,474,175		
OF YEAR 4,724,394 (8,013,993) NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 15,708,420 \$ 2,460,182 Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212	NET POSITION, BEGINNING					
Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement 2,264,212			4,724,394	 (8,013,993)		
	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	15,708,420	\$ 2,460,182		
2022 RESTATED NET POSITION \$ 4,724,394	Fixed Assets/Leases Restatement	1.7		 2,264,212		
	2022 RESTATED NET POSITION			\$ 4,724,394		

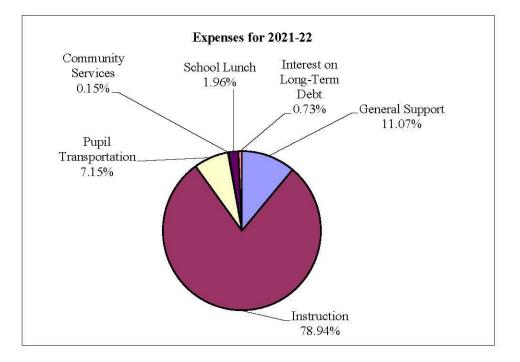
Key Variances

• Instruction expenses increased as a result of stimulus spending net of changes to pension and OPEB









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$27,989,164 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$24,743,757.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$36,538,891. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$4,709,710 compared with the prior year. See table below:

<u>General Fund Balances:</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	8	Total <u>Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ 2,187,421	\$ 2,180,459	\$	6,962
Restricted	30,263,253	25,546,988		4,716,265
Assigned	556,373	771,782		(215,409)
Unassigned	3,531,844	3,329,952		201,892
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 36,538,891	\$ 31,829,181	\$	4,709,710

The District appropriated funds from the following reserves for the 2022-23 budget:

<u>Total</u>
\$ 20,000
924,338
333,000
100,000
100,000
\$ 1,477,338
\$ \$

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$2,009,482. This change is attributable to \$515,663 for carry over encumbrances from the prior year, \$1,455,189 for bus purchase, and \$38,630 for donations.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The District purchased \$1,455,189 in buses through voter approval. This represents the pass through of the expense through the General Fund to the Capital
Transfers-Out	\$1,455,189	Fund.

	Budget	
	Variance	
	Amended	
	Vs.	
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The District maximized investments with increasing interest
		rates causing the revenue to be significantly higher than
Use of Money and Property	\$874,641	historical revenue.
	Budget	
	Variance	
	Amended	
	Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The District had lower cost for maintenance expenditures
		than projected due to the inability to fill all vacant staff
		positions and less need for repairs than historical due to the
atro 12 1000	Menoral States and a series	current ongoing capital project replacing many out-dated
General Support	\$660,543	mechanical systems.
		The majority of the difference (\$1,673,893) is due to salaries.
		A significant amount of the salary difference was due to the
		salaries being covered by federal grant funding. Special
		Programs tuition was another significant difference
		(\$564,635) due to lower than anticipated student placement
T	PO 70C 019	needs and the limited availability of student placements
Instructional	\$2,706,918	regionally.
		The majority of the difference is due to health insurance. The District joined a consortium mid-year for Medicare Health
		Insurance that reduced insurance premiums by approximately
		60%. The District also underspent FICA and retiree
Employee Benefits	\$2,195,730	contribution due to the lower salaries noted above.
Employee Delients	φ2,195,750	contribution due to the lower sataries noted above.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2023 fiscal year, the District had invested \$122,408,713 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

aranaanaan kaanaa laanaan maranaan kaanaanaa k	<u>2023</u>			<u>2022</u>			
<u>Capital Assets:</u>							
Land	\$	832,449	\$	832,449			
Work in Progress		49,784,129		24,160,108			
Buildings and Improvements		67,529,589		70,580,749			
Machinery and Equipment		4,262,546		3,693,216			
Total Capital Assets	\$	122,408,713	\$	99,266,522			
Lease Assets:			d				
Equipment	\$	1,164,722	\$	617,415			
Subscription IT Assets		38,742		46,531			
Total Lease Assets	\$	1,203,464	\$	663,946			

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$97,042,075 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

Type	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 33,020,000	\$ 16,900,000
Lease Liability	65,436	76,366
Unamortized Bond Premium	2,341,182	
OPEB	48,624,683	87,986,609
Net Pension Liability	8,830,633	-
Retainage	2,097,864	926,715
Compensated Absences	2,062,277	2,036,852
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 97,042,075	\$ 107,926,542

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District's future revenue outlook remains uncertain. The state has now fulfilled their obligation to fully fund state aid for the first time. It is unclear how the state will allocate state aid in the future. The District continues to be subject to the "Tax Cap" formula which limits the amount that taxes can increase each year which is limited by the Consumer Price Index or 2%, whichever is lower. Expenses will continue to increase due to contractual wage increases, state required minimum wage increases, health insurance premium increases, along with anticipated rate increase for the employer contribution to the Employees' Retirement System and the Teachers Retirement System.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Canandaigua City School District 143 North Pearl Street Canandaigua, New York 14424

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental	
	<u>Activities</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 55,514,918	
Investments	369,713	
Accounts receivable	7,131,893	
Inventories	23,864	
Prepaid items	1,351,132	
Capital Assets:		
Land	832,449	
Work in progress	49,784,129	
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	72,995,599	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 188,003,697	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 38,549,185	
LIABILITIES	₽ <u>2957</u> (22	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,857,623 875 010	
Accrued liabilities	875,910	
Unearned revenues	34,414	
Due to other governments	883	
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,245,119	
Due to employees' retirement system	377,629	
Bond anticipation notes payable	26,100,000	
Other Liabilities	418,081	
Long-Term Obligations:		
Due in one year	6,846,690	
Due in more than one year	90,195,385	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 131,951,734	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 78,892,728	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 74,003,740	
Restricted For:		
Reserve for employee retirement system	4,318,443	
Capital reserves	18,653,358	
Other purposes	8,568,850	
Unrestricted	(89,835,971)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 15,708,420	

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Functions/Programs</u> Primary Government -		<u>Expenses</u>		Progran arges for Services	Op Gra	nues berating ants and tributions	F I	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position overnmental <u>Activities</u>
General support	\$	9,584,166	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(9,584,166)
Instruction		63,596,154		336,404		6,190,033		(57,069,717)
Pupil transportation		4,783,332		-		-		(4,783,332)
Community services		155,186		-		-		(155,186)
School lunch		1,597,947		604,523		1,244,861		251,437
Interest		1,419,886		-		-		(1,419,886)
Total Primary Government	\$	81,136,671	\$	940,927	\$	7,434,894	\$	(72,760,850)
General Revenues: Property taxes State and federal aid Investment earnings Compensation for loss Miscellaneous						\$	50,789,208 30,494,987 1,141,034 460,941 858,706	
Total General Revenues						\$	83,744,876	
Changes in Net Position							\$	10,984,026
	Net	Position, Begi	nning	g of Year (Re	estated)		4,724,394
	Net	Position, End	of Ye	ar			\$	15,708,420

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

			General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental	G	Total overnmental
ASSETS			Fund		Fund		<u>Funds</u>		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	37,198,446	\$	15,575,028	\$	2,741,444	\$	55,514,918
Investments			-		-		369,713		369,713
Receivables			5,160,790		367,197		1,603,906		7,131,893
Inventories			-		-		23,864		23,864
Due from other funds			2,776,342		1,585,386		233,942		4,595,670
Prepaid items			1,351,132		-				1,351,132
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	46,486,710	\$	17,527,611	\$	4,972,869	\$	68,987,190
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOW Liabilities -	S AND FUND BALAN	CES							
Accounts payable		\$	1,783,975	\$	2,015,091	\$	58,557	\$	3,857,623
Accrued liabilities		φ	671,693	φ	2,015,071	φ	13,363	Φ	685,056
	ated		071,093		- 26,100,000		15,505		26,100,000
Notes payable - bond anticipation no Due to other funds	nes		-				-		
			1,780,497		41,285		2,773,888		4,595,670
Due to other governments			129		-		754		883
Due to TRS			3,245,119		-		-		3,245,119
Due to ERS			364,774		-		12,855		377,629
Other liabilities			418,081		-		-		418,081
Compensated absences			867,512		-		-		867,512
Unearned revenue			-		-		34,414		34,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$	9,131,780	\$	28,156,376	\$	2,893,831	\$	40,181,987
<u>Deferred Inflows</u> -									
Deferred inflows of resources		\$	816,039	\$		\$		\$	816,039
Fund Balances -									
Nonspendable		\$	2,187,421	\$	-	\$	23,864	\$	2,211,285
Restricted			30,263,253		1,455,190		1,277,398		32,995,841
Assigned			556,373		-		777,776		1,334,149
Unassigned			3,531,844		(12,083,955)		-		(8,552,111)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		\$	36,538,891	\$	(10,628,765)	\$	2,079,038	\$	27,989,164
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND									
FUND BALANCES		\$	46,486,710	\$	17,527,611	\$	4,972,869		
			, ,				, ,		
	Amounts reported for				e				
	Statement of Net Posit								
	Capital assets/right to u		-	mental	activities are not	tinan	cial resources		
	and therefore are not rep	ported i	n the funds.						123,612,177
	Taxes receivable is defe				•				
	on fund basis, while the	ose amo	unts are recorded	d as rev	venue on the full a	acerua	ll basis.		816,039
	Interest is accrued on or	utstandi	ing bonds in the s	statem	ent of net positior	ı			
	but not in the funds.								(190,854)
	The following long-terr	-		-	-				
	current period and there	erore ar	e not reported in	the go	vernmental funds				
	Serial bonds payable								(33,020,000)
	Leases								(65,436)
	Retainage								(2,097,864)

Compensated absences (1,194,765) Unamortized bond premium (2,341,182) Deferred outflow - pension 20,565,373 Deferred outflow - OPEB 17,983,812 Net pension liability (8,830,633) Deferred inflow - pension (1,755,931) Deferred inflow - OPEB (77,136,797) 15,708,420 Net Position of Governmental Activities \$

(48,624,683)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

OPEB

16

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES	<u>_</u>		^		^		¢	50 500 7 50
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	50,580,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,580,759
Charges for services		336,404		-		-		336,404
Use of money and property		989,641		-		151,393		1,141,034
Sale of property and compensation for loss		231,194		229,747		-		460,941
Miscellaneous		470,520		500		140,090		611,110
State sources		30,271,265		-		905,690		31,176,955
Federal sources		223,722		-		6,529,204		6,752,926
Sales		-		-		604,523		604,523
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	83,103,505	\$	230,247	\$	8,330,900	\$	91,664,652
EXPENDITURES								
General support	\$	7,148,929	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,148,929
Instruction		41,155,093		-		5,403,027		46,558,120
Pupil transportation		3,132,485		1,069,001		123,392		4,324,878
Community services		155,186		-		-		155,186
Employee benefits		19,761,459		-		991,505		20,752,964
Debt service - principal		3,936,603		-		2,340,000		6,276,603
Debt service - interest		1,364,113		-		-		1,364,113
Cost of sales		-		-		761,193		761,193
Other expenses		-		-		826,825		826,825
Capital outlay				25,224,885		_		25,224,885
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	76,653,868	\$	26,293,886	\$	10,445,942	\$	113,393,696
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	6,449,637	\$	(26,063,639)	\$	(2,115,042)	\$	(21,729,044)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers - in	\$	29,734	\$	1,584,586	\$	185,075	\$	1,799,395
Transfers - out		(1,769,661)		(44)		(29,690)		(1,799,395)
Proceeds from obligations		-		18,160,673		-		18,160,673
BAN's redeemed from appropriations		-		4,225,000		-		4,225,000
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		2,588,778		2,588,778
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(1,739,927)	\$	23,970,215	\$	2,744,163	\$	24,974,451
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,709,710	\$	(2,093,424)	\$	629,121	\$	3,245,407
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								
OF YEAR		31,829,181		(8,535,341)		1,449,917		24,743,757
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	36,538,891	\$	(10,628,765)	\$	2,079,038	\$	27,989,164
(See accompanying notes to financial statements)			17					

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	3,245,407
Amounts reported for governmental activities	n the Statement of Activities are different because:		
the cost of those assets is allocated over their e	xpenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities stimated useful lives and reported as depreciation ich capital outlays and additions of assets in excess		
	al Outlay \$ 24,548,985		
-	tions to Assets, Net 3,377,815		
Depr	eciation / Amortization (4,245,091)		
			23,681,709
Bond proceeds provide current financial resou			
e e	nt of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an		
	repayment reduces long-term obligations in the		
-	Is these items as they effect the governmental activities:		
	Repayments \$ 6,276,603		
	eeds from Bond Issuance (18,115,000)		
	eeds from BAN Redemption (4,225,000)		
	nortized Bond Premium (2,341,182)		
PTOCO	eeds from Lease Issuance (45,673)		(19 450 252)
In the Statement of Activities interest is accru	ed on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental		(18,450,252)
funds, an interest expenditure is reported when			(55,773)
The retainage liability does not require the use	of current financial resources and,		
is not reported as an expenditure in the govern	mental funds.		(1,171,149)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do reported as revenue in the funds.	not provide current financial resources are not		208,449
The net OPEB liability does not require the us	e of current financial resources and, therefore, is not		
reported as an expenditure in the governmenta			5,566,340
(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of n do not provide for or require the use of current revenues or expenditures in the governmental Teac	et pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Act financial resources and therefore are not reported as	ivities	(905,009) (1,107,885)
To the Otstand of A to M			
	achers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims		
	e year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for ly paid. The following provides the differences of		
these items as presented in the governmental a			
	pensated Absences		(27,811)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERN		\$	10,984,026
Standen net i obilion of dovern		Φ	10,207,020

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2023

	-	ustodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	247,847
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	247,847
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	2,523
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,523
NET POSITION		
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	245,324
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	245,324

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial
	<u>Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Library taxes	\$ 844,250
Student activity	523,760
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 1,368,010
DEDUCTIONS	
Student activity	\$ 515,825
Library taxes	844,250
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$ 1,360,075
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 7,935
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	237,389
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 245,324
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Canandaigua City School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Canandaigua City School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. <u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds</u>

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$8,195,575 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,938,589.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>**Debt Service Fund</u>** - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.</u>

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 29, 2022. Taxes are collected during the period October 3, 2022 to January 3, 2023.

The City and Counties in which the District is located enforce uncollected real property taxes. An amount representing all uncollected real property taxes must be transmitted by the City to the District within two years from the return of unpaid taxes to the City. Real property taxes receivable expected to be collected within 60 days of year-end, less similar amounts collected during this period in the preceding year are recognized as revenues. Otherwise, deferred revenues offset real property taxes receivable.

F. <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

J. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided for certain amounts that may not be collectible.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	Th	reshold	<u>Method</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. <u>Right To Use Assets</u>

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 10 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds' statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. <u>Short-Term Debt</u>

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund's financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

a. <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

b. <u>Restricted Net Position</u> - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,388,121
Unemployment Costs	381,213
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,682,000
Insurance	373,686
Tax Certiorari	1,035,730
Debt	815,067
Scholarships	462,331
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 1,430,702
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 8,568,850

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications . The reported deficit of \$89,835,971 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 23,864
Prepaid Items	1,351,132
Noncurrent Receivables	836,289
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 2,211,285

b. <u>Restricted Fund Balances</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Total

Name	Maximum	Total Funding	Year to Date
of Reserve	Funding	Provided	Balance
2016 Vehicle Capital Reserve	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 5,018,830	\$ 3,316,097
2016 Building Capital Reserve	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 9,999,991	\$ 88,137
2017 Building & Equipment			
Capital Reserve	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,224,681
2021 Capital Reserve	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 7,262,325	\$ 7,473,958
2023 Vehicle Purchase Reserve	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 2,550,485	\$ 2,550,485

<u>Reserve for Debt Service</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

<u>Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

J	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,388,121
Unemployment Costs	381,213
Retirement Contribution - ERS	4,318,443
Retirement Contribution - TRS	2,682,000
Insurance	373,686
Tax Certiorari	1,035,730
Capital Reserves	18,653,358
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,430,702
<u>Capital Fund -</u>	
Capital Projects	1,455,190
Misc Spec Rev Fund -	
Scholarships	462,331
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	815,067
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 32,995,841

The District appropriated and/or budgeted funds from the following reserves for the 2023-24 budget:

		<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$	20,000
Retirement Contribution		924,338
Workers' Compensation		333,000
Tax Certiorari		100,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	~	100,000
Total	\$	1,477,338

c. <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General fund amounts in excess of \$106,000, in the Capital fund amounts in excess of \$40,000, in the School Lunch Fund in excess of \$5,000, and in the Special Aid fund amounts in excess of \$11,000. The following are considered significant encumbrances:

<u>General Fund -</u>	
General Support	\$ 136,066
Instruction	\$ 377,430
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>	
Capital Improvements	\$ 11,313,540
<u>School Lunch Fund -</u>	
Materials and Supplies	\$ 5,980
Equipment	\$ 82,419
<u> Special Aid Fund -</u>	
Instructional	\$ 33,015

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 556,373
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	 777,776
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 1,334,149

d. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs).

V. <u>Future Changes in Accounting Standards</u>

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for SBITA. See Note XVII for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. <u>Budgets</u>

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year: \$515,663 for carry over encumbrances from the prior year, \$1,455,189 for bus purchases, and \$38,630 for donations.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$10,628,765 at June 30, 2023, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

(IV.) (Continued)

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ <u>-</u> 9
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	28,406,479
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	5,489,171
Total	\$ 33,895,650

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$32,995,841 within the governmental funds and \$247,847 in the fiduciary funds.

V. <u>Investments</u>

A. <u>Governmental Funds</u>

The District's investments are recorded at fair value and have been categorized based upon a fair market value.

The District adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which establishes a fair value hierarchy that defines three discrete "levels" of valuation techniques to determine the fair value of investments. Level 1 inputs consist of quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable either directly or indirectly, and Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are to be used only if observable inputs are not available.

The District values investments in securities and securities sold short that are freely tradable and listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

The District's investments are recorded at fair value and have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with SFAS 157.

The following table presents information about the District's investments measured at fair value as of June 30, 2023:

		2023	
		Que	oted Prices
		in Ac	tive Market
		for	Identical
	Cost	Asse	ets (Level 1)
Common Stock	\$ 292,450	\$	369,713

The following schedule summarizes the investment return and its classification for the year:

<u>Investments</u>	<u>2023</u>
Unrealized Gains/(Losses)	\$ 77,263

VI. <u>Investment Pool</u>

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year-end are \$21,591,021, which consisted of \$6,453,556 in repurchase agreements, \$12,429,951 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$516,025 in FDIC insured deposits and \$2,191,489 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	Carrying	
Fund	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Description
Capital	\$ 14,867,534	\$ 14,867,534	NYCLASS
General	\$ 5,859,491	\$ 5,859,491	NYCLASS
School Lunch	\$ 605,370	\$ 605,370	NYCLASS
Misc Special Revenue	\$ 56,836	\$ 56,836	NYCLASS
Custodial	\$ 201,790	\$ 201,790	NYCLASS

VII. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2023 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
		General	Cap	ital Projects	Γ	lonmajor			
Description		Fund		Fund		Funds		<u>Total</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$	366,773	\$		\$	32,409	\$	399,182	
Taxes Receivable		816,039		and a				816,039	
Due From State and Federal		2,504,795		367,197		1,599,244		4,471,236	
Due From Other Governments		1,473,183		<u>27.</u> 95				1,473,183	
Allowance for Uncollectible Acounts				-		(27,747)		(27,747)	
Total Receivables	\$	5,160,790	\$	367,197	\$	1,603,906	\$	7,131,893	

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VIII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	60°	Interfund										
	R	<u>eceivables</u>		Payables]	Revenues	E	<u>penditures</u>				
General Fund	\$	2,776,342	\$	1,780,497	\$	29,734	\$	1,769,661				
Capital Projects Fund		1,585,386		41,285		1,584,586		44				
Non-Major Funds		233,942		2,773,888		185,075		29,690				
Total	\$	4,595,670	\$	4,595,670	\$	1,799,395	\$	1,799,395				

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures and school lunch programs.

IX. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
Туре	<u>Type</u> <u>7/</u>			Additions	<u>I</u>)eletions	<u>6/30/2023</u>		
Governmental Activities:									
<u>Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -</u>									
Land	\$	832,449	\$	<u>a</u>	\$	<u>107</u>	\$	832,449	
Work in progress		24,160,108		26,396,034	20	772,013	8	49,784,129	
Total Nondepreciable	\$	24,992,557	\$	26,396,034	\$	772,013	\$	50,616,578	
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -		~							
Buildings and Improvements	\$	128,320,326	\$	105,167	\$		\$	128,425,493	
Machinery and equipment		11,831,529		1,338,383	2		(i)	13,169,912	
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	140,151,855	\$	1,443,550	\$		\$	141,595,405	
Less Accumulated Depreciation -					10	CA.			
Buildings and Improvements	\$	57,739,577	\$	3,156,327	\$	Ξ.	\$	60,895,904	
Machinery and equipment		8,138,313		769,053		-		8,907,366	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	65,877,890	\$	3,925,380	\$	203	\$	69,803,270	
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net		8			2.56	83	200		
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	74,273,965	\$	(2,481,830)	\$		\$	71,792,135	
Total Capital Assets	\$	99,266,522	\$	23,914,204	\$	772,013	\$	122,408,713	

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance	
<u>Type</u>	7/1/2022		Additions		Deletions		6/30/2023		
Lease Assets:									
Equipment	\$	1,037,190	\$	839,229	\$	-	\$	1,876,419	
Less Accumulated Amortization	2	419,775		291,922	125, CON	-		711,697	
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$	617,415	\$	547,307	\$		\$	1,164,722	
Subscription IT assets:	3	3							
Subscription IT assets	\$	65,843	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	85,843	
Less Accumulated Amortization		19,312		27,789		-		47,101	
Total Subscription IT Assets, Net	\$	46,531	\$	(7,789)	\$		\$	38,742	
Total Lease and Subscription			8.	ι. Li	8.				
IT Assets, Net	\$	663,946	\$	539,518	\$		\$	1,203,464	
	5.4		1.1	1.1		10	1.0		

(IX.) (Continued)

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets (net)	\$ 71,792,135
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	1,164,722
Total Other Capital Assets (net)	\$ 72,956,857

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	De	epreciation	An	nortization	<u>Total</u>		
General Government Support	\$	676,977	\$	1	\$	676,977	
Instruction		2,712,669		319,711		3,032,380	
Pupil Transportation		497,959		n a t		497,959	
School Lunch		37,775		·=		37,775	
Total Depreciation and		n ²					
Amortization Expense	\$	3,925,380	\$	319,711	\$	4,245,091	

X. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	Interest		Balance						Balance
Maturity	Rate		7/1/2022		Additions		Deletions		6/30/2023
6/23/2023	4.50%	\$	-1	\$	8,000,000	\$	8,000,000	\$	17=
6/23/2023	3.25%		22,340,000		053		22,340,000		05
6/21/2024	4.50%		-1		26,100,000		-		26,100,000
rt-Term Debt		\$	22,340,000	\$	34,100,000	\$	30,340,000	\$	26,100,000
	6/23/2023 6/23/2023 6/21/2024	MaturityRate6/23/20234.50%6/23/20233.25%6/21/20244.50%	Maturity Rate 6/23/2023 4.50% \$ 6/23/2023 3.25% \$ 6/21/2024 4.50% \$	MaturityRate7/1/20226/23/20234.50%\$-6/23/20233.25%22,340,0006/21/20244.50%-	Maturity Rate 7/1/2022 6/23/2023 4.50% \$ - \$ 6/23/2023 3.25% 22,340,000 - \$ 6/21/2024 4.50% - - - -	MaturityRate7/1/2022Additions6/23/20234.50%\$-\$8,000,0006/23/20233.25%22,340,000-6/21/20244.50%-26,100,000	Maturity Rate 7/1/2022 Additions 6/23/2023 4.50% \$ - \$ 8,000,000 \$ 6/23/2023 3.25% 22,340,000 - - 6/21/2024 4.50% - 26,100,000 -	MaturityRate7/1/2022AdditionsDeletions6/23/20234.50%\$ -\$ 8,000,000\$ 8,000,0006/23/20233.25%22,340,000-22,340,0006/21/20244.50%-26,100,000-	MaturityRate7/1/2022AdditionsDeletions6/23/20234.50%\$ -\$ 8,000,000\$ 8,000,000\$6/23/20233.25%22,340,000-22,340,0006/21/20244.50%-26,100,000-

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 937,050
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(14,118)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	22,838
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 945,770

XI. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

		Balance <u>7/1/2022</u>	Additions		Deletions	Balance <u>6/30/2023</u>)ue Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds and Notes Payable -								
Serial Bonds	\$	16,900,000	\$ 18,115,000	\$	1,995,000	\$ 33,020,000	\$	3,680,000
Unamortized Bond Premim		-	2,341,182		1994	2,341,182		167,227
Lease Liability		76,366	45,673		56,603	65,436		34,087
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	16,976,366	\$ 20,501,855	\$	2,051,603	\$ 35,426,618	\$	3,881,314
Other Liabilities -	%			8	1		8	
Net Pension Liability	\$		\$ 8,830,633	\$		\$ 8,830,633	\$	
OPEB		87,986,609	_		39,361,926	48,624,683		-
Retainage		926,715	1,171,149		(7 4. 3	2,097,864		2,097,864
Compensated Absences		2,036,852	25,425		2 -	2,062,277		867,512
Total Other Liabilities	\$	90,950,176	\$ 10,027,207	\$	39,361,926	\$ 61,615,457	\$	2,965,376
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	107,926,542	\$ 30,529,062	\$	41,413,529	\$ 97,042,075	\$	6,846,690

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u> Seriel Bonds	Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding <u>6/30/2023</u>
Construction	\$ 8,250,000	2016	2037	200%-3.25%	\$ 5,885,000
Construction	\$ 2,472,000	2018	2026	1.75%-4.00%	995,000
Construction	\$ 8,280,000	2018	2033	2.00%	5,470,000
Construction	\$ 4,475,000	2020	2027	1.00%-4.00%	2,555,000
Construction	\$ 18,115,000	2023	2037	5.00%	18,115,000
Total Serial Bonds					\$ 33,020,000
<u>Leases -</u> Leases Total Leases	\$ 237,789	2020-2023	2023-2026	0.30%	\$ 65,436 \$ 65,436

(XI.) (Continued)

Serial	Bonds	Lea	ises
Principal	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
\$ 3,680,000	\$ 1,203,504	\$ 34,087	\$ 1,964
3,085,000	1,100,457	14,333	956
2,895,000	993,807	11,911	464
2,885,000	888,269	5,105	51
1,945,000	808,238	-	-
10,905,000	2,754,877	-	-
7,625,000	559,678		
\$ 33,020,000	\$ 8,308,830	\$ 65,436	\$ 3,435
	Principal \$ 3,680,000 3,085,000 2,895,000 2,885,000 1,945,000 10,905,000 7,625,000	\$ 3,680,000 \$ 1,203,504 3,085,000 1,100,457 2,895,000 993,807 2,885,000 888,269 1,945,000 808,238 10,905,000 2,754,877 7,625,000 559,678	PrincipalInterestPrincipal\$ 3,680,000\$ 1,203,504\$ 34,0873,085,0001,100,45714,3332,895,000993,80711,9112,885,000888,2695,1051,945,000808,238-10,905,0002,754,877-7,625,000559,678-

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$8,415,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2023 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 427,063
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(120,963)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 168,016
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 474,116

XII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Defe	erred	Deferred
	<u>Out</u>	<u>flows</u>	Inflows
Pension	\$ 20,	565,373 \$	1,755,931
OPEB	17,	983,812	77,136,797
Total	\$ 38,	549,185 \$	78,892,728

XIII. Pension Plans

A. <u>General Information</u>

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. <u>Provisions and Administration</u>

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired.

Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at <u>www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</u>.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2023:

Contributions	ERS	TRS
2023	\$ 1,054,905	\$ 3,245,119

(XIII.) (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	Ma	rch 31, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(5,728,422)	\$	(3,102,211)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.0267%		0.1617%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expenses of \$2,237,485 for ERS and \$3,921,988 for TRS. At June 30, 2023 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	-	ERS		TRS	1	ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	610,122	\$	3,250,724	\$	160,876	\$	62,163
Changes of assumptions		2,782,091		6,017,764		30,747		1,249,658
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-		4,008,350		33,654		-
Changes in proportion and differences								
between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		458,694		41,584		12,301		206,532
Subtotal	\$	3,850,907	\$	13,318,422	\$	237,578	\$	1,518,353
District's contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date	5 	377,629		3,018,415		-	3	
Grand Total	\$	4,228,536	\$	16,336,837	\$	237,578	\$	1,518,353

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year		ERS	TRS
2023	\$	10 - 10 1 -	\$ 2,271,953
2024		938,355	1,154,167
2025		(164,017)	(543,168)
2026		1,244,436	7,878,276
2027		1,594,555	998,495
Thereafter	(C		40,346
Total	\$	3,613,329	\$ 11,800,069

E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return					
	ERS	TRS			
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022			
<u>Asset Type -</u>					
Domestic equity	4.30%	6.50%			
International equity	6.85%	7.20%			
Global equity	0.00%	6.90%			
Private equity	7.50%	9.90%			
Real estate	4.60%	6.20%			
Opportunistic / ARS portfolios	5.38%	0.00%			
Real assets	5.84%	0.00%			
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.60%			
Cash	0.00%	-0.30%			
Private debt	0.00%	5.30%			
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.40%			
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.30%			
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.10%			
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.00%			
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%			
Credit	5.43%	0.00%			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption :

<u>ERS</u> Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease <u>(4.90%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(5.90%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(6.90%)</u>
asset (liability)	\$ (13,843,138)	\$ (5,728,422)	\$ 1,052,368
<u>TRS</u> Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease <u>(5.95%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(6.95%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(7.95%)</u>
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (28,603,836)	\$ (3,102,211)	\$ 18,344,489

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)						
	ERS	TRS					
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022					
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259	\$ 133,883,474					
Plan net position	211,183,223	131,964,582					
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)					
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	98.60%					

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$377,629.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$3,245,119.

XIV. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	883
Active Employees	501
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	382

B. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$48,624,683 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.65 percent
Salary Increases	2.40 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.65 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial rate of 5.80% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.80%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates were based on Pub2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table generationally projected using the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale.

(XIV.) (Continued)

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	87,986,609
<u>Changes for the Year -</u>		
Service cost	\$	1,701,603
Interest		3,148,351
Differences between expected and actual experience		(42,183,217)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(511,948)
Benefit payments	12	(1,516,715)
Net Changes	\$	(39,361,926)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	48,624,683

Healthcare cost trend rates were updated from an initial rate of 5.30% scaling down to 4.10% over 55 years to an initial rate of 5.80% scaling down to 3.80% over 50 years.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54 percent in 2022 to 3.65 percent in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(2.65%)</u>	<u>(3.65%)</u>	<u>(4.65%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 55,879,519	\$ 48,624,683	\$ 42,689,225

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.10 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare			
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase		
	(4.80%	(5.80%	(6.80%		
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing		
	to 2.80%)	to 3.80%)	to 4.80%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 41,428,858	\$ 48,624,683	\$ 57,763,893		

(XIV.) (Continued)

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$4,049,625). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		erred Inflows f Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and	2					
actual experience	\$	58,836,434	\$			
Changes of assumptions	8	18,300,363	8	17,983,812		
Total	\$	77,136,797	\$	17,983,812		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2024	\$ (8,899,579)
2025	(8,899,579)
2026	(8,844,067)
2027	(11,588,906)
2028	(11,908,278)
Thereafter	 (9,012,576)
Total	\$ (59,152,985)

XV. <u>Risk Management</u>

A. <u>General Information</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. <u>Workers' Compensation</u>

The District incurs costs related to the Wayne-Finger Lakes Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, of Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga and Wayne Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Ontario, Seneca, Yates, Cayuga, and Wayne Counties BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of the Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

(XV.) (Continued)

Plan membership is currently comprised of Wayne-Finger Lakes BOCES and twenty-two districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments shall be charged to a participant other than the annual assessment. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Canandaigua City School District, New York incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$328,933. The District has established a workers' compensation reserve totaling \$1,388,121 as of June 30, 2023.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2022, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

C. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. There were \$17,964 in claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2022-23 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2023 was \$381,213 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2023, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XVI. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There are tax certiorari cases requesting reduction of assessments. The District has established a Tax Certiorari reserve to help offset any potential liability.

B. <u>Grants</u>

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Voluntary Employee Benefit Association (VEBA)

The District has established a VEBA program for eligible employees. The purpose of the plan is to provide employees with certain health care and medical expense benefits in addition to the basic health insurance coverage. There were no contributions for the 2022-23 fiscal year. The account is recorded in the General Fund and the balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$415,735.

XVII. Tax Abatement

The County of Ontario IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the district property tax revenue was reduced \$3,106,135. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$688,755 to help offset the property tax reduction, which resulted in a net tax abatement totaling \$2,417,380.

XVIII. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology*, and updated their fixed assets through third party evaluation. The District's net position has been restated as follows:

	Government-Wide <u>Statements</u>				
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated	\$	2,460,182			
Right to use assets		65,843			
Accumulated amortization		(19,312)			
Lease liability		(10,773)			
Fixed assets		(2,077,773)			
Accumulated depreciation		4,306,227			
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	4,724,394			

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

			,	FOTAL OPEB	LIAE	BILITY					
		<u>2023</u> <u>2022</u>			<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		
Service cost	\$	1,701,603	\$	4,595,711	\$	4,208,918	\$	3,684,715	\$	3,468,747	\$ 3,561,853
Interest		3,148,351		2,396,624		2,822,555		3,485,776		2,907,476	2,786,575
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		(103,626)		-		-	-
Differences between expected											
and actual experiences		(42,183,217)		-		(33,685,070)		-		(3,704,263)	(12,832)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(511,948)		(24,353,889)		11,562,277		22,675,601		2,290,748	-
Benefit payments		(1,516,715)		(2,011,114)		(1,898,158)		(2,582,927)		(2,423,347)	 (2,004,599)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(39,361,926)	\$	(19,372,668)	\$	(17,093,104)	\$	27,263,165	\$	2,539,361	\$ 4,330,997
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	87,986,609	\$	107,359,277	\$	124,452,381	\$	97,189,216	\$	94,649,855	\$ 90,318,858
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	48,624,683	\$	87,986,609	\$	107,359,277	\$	124,452,381	\$	97,189,216	\$ 94,649,855
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	30,254,525	\$	30,967,078	\$	30,967,078	\$	29,270,034	\$	29,270,034	\$ 29,179,160
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cov	vered										
Employee Payroll		160.72%		284.13%		346.69%		425.19%		332.04%	324.37%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

			NY	SERS Pension F	Plan				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0267134%	0.0265907%	0.0265134%	0.0257178%	0.0267093%	0.027784%	0.028216%	0.0285241%	0.0277771%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 5,728,422	\$ (2,173,683)	\$ 26,400	\$ 6,810,232	\$ 1,892,439	\$ 896,708	\$ 2,651,191	\$ 4,578,198	\$ 938,379
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,383,866	\$ 8,810,517	\$ 9,260,652	\$ 9,146,764	\$ 9,114,880	\$ 8,939,320	\$ 8,558,424	\$ 8,225,297	\$ 8,259,702
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	61.045%	-24.671%	0.285%	74.455%	20.762%	10.031%	30.978%	55.660%	11.361%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
			NY	STRS Pension F	lan				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.161667%	0.160434%	0.159798%	0.160646%	0.157466%	0.156253%	0.156863%	0.1603090%	0.1602940%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 3,102,211	\$ (27,801,658)	\$ 4,415,652	\$ (4,173,589)	\$ (2,847,397)	\$ (1,187,681)	\$ 1,680,070	\$ (16,651,012)	\$ (17,855,784)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 29,333,479	\$ 28,640,459	\$ 27,765,186	\$ 27,337,379	\$ 26,986,638	\$ 25,939,934	\$ 25,171,843	\$ 24,389,884	\$ 24,669,311
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.576%	-97.071%	15.904%	-15.267%	-10.551%	-4.579%	6.674%	-68.270%	-72.381%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation

until 10 years of historical data is present.

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan										
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,054,905	\$ 1,391,010	\$ 1,318,344	\$ 1,308,224	\$ 1,321,881	\$ 1,328,536	\$ 1,297,713	\$ 1,477,436	\$ 1,637,692	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,054,905)	(1,391,010)	(1,318,344)	(1,308,224)	(1,321,881)	(1,328,536)	(1,297,713)	(1,477,436)	(1,637,692)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 9,383,866	\$ 8,810,517	\$ 9,260,652	\$ 9,146,764	\$ 9,114,880	\$ 8,939,320	\$ 8,558,424	\$ 8,225,297	\$ 8,259,702	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.24%	15.79%	14.24%	14.30%	14.50%	14.86%	15.16%	17.96%	19.83%	
			NYS	TRS Pension Pl	an					
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,245,119	\$ 3,007,400	\$ 2,812,539	\$ 2,566,633	\$ 3,031,756	\$ 2,688,081	\$ 3,044,665	\$ 3,390,805	\$ 4,473,059	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required										
contribution	(3,245,119)	(3,007,400)	(2,812,539)	(2,566,633)	(3,031,756)	(2,688,081)	(3,044,665)	(3,390,805)	(4,473,059)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 29,333,479	\$ 28,640,459	\$ 27,765,186	\$ 27,337,379	\$ 26,986,638	\$ 25,939,943	\$ 25,171,843	\$ 24,389,884	\$24,669,311	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.06%	10.50%	10.13%	9.39%	11.23%	10.36%	12.10%	13.90%	18.13%	

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Current	٥v	ver (Under)
	Original	Amended	Year's		Revised
	Budget	<u>Budget</u>	Revenues		<u>Budget</u>
REVENUES					
Local Sources -					
Real property taxes	\$ 49,900,441	\$ 46,919,120	\$ 46,710,671	\$	(208,449)
Real property tax items	851,789	3,833,110	3,870,088		36,978
Charges for services	217,500	217,500	336,404		118,904
Use of money and property	115,000	115,000	989,641		874,641
Sale of property and compensation for loss	52,500	52,500	231,194		178,694
Miscellaneous	135,000	173,630	470,520		296,890
State Sources -					
Basic formula	27,416,454	27,416,454	21,967,440		(5,449,014)
Lottery aid	-	-	5,737,288		5,737,288
BOCES	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,938,589		(161,411)
Textbooks	195,000	195,000	194,788		(212)
All Other Aid -					
Computer software	99,000	99,000	100,885		1,885
Library loan	20,000	20,000	21,356		1,356
Handicapped students	215,000	215,000	49,916		(165,084)
Other aid	15,000	15,000	261,003		246,003
Federal Sources	 110,000	 110,000	 223,722		113,722
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 81,442,684	\$ 81,481,314	\$ 83,103,505	\$	1,622,191
Other Sources -					
Transfer - in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,734	\$	29,734
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER					
SOURCES	\$ 81,442,684	\$ 81,481,314	\$ 83,133,239	\$	1,651,925
Appropriated reserves	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 2,420,000			
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 256,119	\$ 841,308			
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 515,663	\$ 515,663			
TOTAL REVENUES AND					
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/					
FUND BALANCE	\$ 83,764,466	\$ 85,258,285			

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Current						
		Original		Amended		Year's			Un	encum bered
		<u>Budget</u>		Budget	E	<u>xpenditures</u>	Enc	umbrances		<u>Balances</u>
EXPENDITURES										
General Support -										
Board of education	\$	60,503	\$	62,921	\$	49,345	\$	-	\$	13,576
Central administration		308,353		314,578		299,448		-		15,130
Finance		802,352		814,922		788,201		-		26,721
Staff		565,663		541,026		472,368		-		68,658
Central services		5,182,142		5,366,214		4,758,864		136,066		471,284
Special items		874,561		845,877		780,703		-		65,174
Instructional -										
Instruction, administration and improvement		2,610,837		2,608,902		2,474,323		28,479		106,100
Teaching - regular school		20,957,317		21,316,139		19,760,658		148,046		1,407,435
Programs for children with										
handicapping conditions		11,764,924		11,196,961		10,502,356		3,073		691,532
Occupational education		1,109,010		1,109,010		1,105,876		-		3,134
Teaching - special schools		321,635		307,084		277,911		-		29,173
Instructional media		3,834,854		3,838,990		3,549,693		65,899		223,398
Pupil services		3,633,834		3,862,355		3,484,276		131,933		246,146
Pupil Transportation		3,305,347		3,415,017		3,132,485		-		282,532
Community Services		145,578		203,578		155,186		42,877		5,515
Employee Benefits		22,304,989		21,957,189		19,761,459		-		2,195,730
Debt service - principal		4,345,000		4,347,603		3,936,603		-		411,000
Debt service - interest		1,307,567		1,364,730		1,364,113		-		617
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	83,434,466	\$	83,473,096	\$	76,653,868	\$	556,373	\$	6,262,855
Other Uses -										
Transfers - out	\$	330,000	\$	1,785,189	\$	1,769,661	\$	-	\$	15,528
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER USES	\$	83,764,466	\$	85,258,285	\$	78,423,529	\$	556,373	\$	6,278,383
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,709,710				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		31,829,181		31,829,181		31,829,181				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	31,829,181	\$	31,829,181	\$	36,538,891				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

FINAL BUDGET	\$ 85,258,285
Donations	38,630
Bus purchase	1,455,189
Budget revisions -	
Original Budget	\$ 83,764,466
Prior year's encumbrances	515,663
Adopted budget	\$ 83,248,803

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2023-24 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 88,296,097
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 556,373	
Unassigned fund balance	3,531,844	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 4,088,217	
Less adjustments:		
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	\$ 556,373	
Total adjustments	\$ 556,373	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		 3,531,844
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		 4.00%

Supplementary Information

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Expenditures				Me	ethods of Financ	ing		
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local	State			Fund
<u>Project Title</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	<u>Years</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	<u>Sources</u>	<u>Sources</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance
2020 Renovations Project	\$ 61,700,000	\$ 61,700,000	\$ 22,866,196	\$ 24,820,069	\$ 47,686,265	\$ 14,013,735	\$ 18,115,000	\$ 17,487,310	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,602,310	\$ (12,083,955)
Academy Gym Floor	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	263,030	263,030	736,970	-	263,030	-	-	263,030	-
Smart Schools Bond Act	2,256,747	2,256,747	2,033,017	-	2,033,017	223,730	-	-	2,033,017	-	2,033,017	-
2023 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	-	96,113	96,113	3,887		96,113	-	-	96,113	-
Bus Purchases 2022-23	1,069,045	1,069,045	-	1,069,001	1,069,001	44	-	1,069,045	-	(44)	1,069,001	-
Bus Purchases 2023-24	1,455,190	1,455,190	-	-	-	1,455,190	-	1,455,190	-	-	1,455,190	1,455,190
Leases	45,673	45,673		45,673	45,673			45,673			45,673	
TOTAL	\$ 67,626,655	\$ 67,626,655	\$ 24,899,213	\$ 26,293,886	\$ 51,193,099	\$ 16,433,556	\$ 18,115,000	\$ 20,416,361	\$ 2,033,017	\$ (44)	\$ 40,564,334	\$ (10,628,765)

Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

				Special						
				Revenue Funds						Total
		Special		School	Miscellaneous			Debt	Γ	Nonmajor
		Aid		Lunch	Spec	ial Revenue		Service	Go	vernmental
		Fund		<u>Fund</u>		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	928,267	\$	946,845	\$	90,095	\$	776,237	\$	2,741,444
Investments		-		-		369,713		-		369,713
Receivables		1,590,329		11,054		2,523		-		1,603,906
Inventories		-		23,864		-		-		23,864
Due from other funds		167,365		27,747		-		38,830		233,942
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,685,961	\$	1,009,510	\$	462,331	\$	815,067	\$	4,972,869
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC. <u>Liabilities</u> -	ES									
Accounts payable	\$	57,176	\$	1,381	\$	-	\$	-	\$	58,557
Accrued liabilities		7,652		5,711		-		-		13,363
Due to other funds		2,620,595		153,293		-		-		2,773,888
Due to other governments		-		754		-		-		754
Due to ERS		-		12,855		-		-		12,855
Unearned revenue		538		33,876		-		-		34,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,685,961	\$	207,870	\$				\$	2,893,831
<u>Fund Balances</u> -										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	23,864	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,864
Restricted		-		-		462,331		815,067		1,277,398
Assigned				777,776		-		_		777,776
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$		\$	801,640	\$	462,331	\$	815,067	\$	2,079,038
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	2,685,961	\$	1,009,510	\$	462,331	\$	815,067	\$	4,972,869

Supplementary Information

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Re	Special evenue Fund	s					Total
	Special					Miscellaneous		Debt	Nonmajor	
		Aid		Lunch		cial Revenue		Service		vernmental
		<u>Fund</u>	Fund		-	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	
REVENUES										
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	5,802	\$	25,140	\$	120,451	\$	151,393
Miscellaneous		-		21,546		118,544		-		140,090
State sources		874,802		30,888		-		-		905,690
Federal sources		5,315,231		1,213,973		-		-		6,529,204
Sales		-		604,523		-		-		604,523
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	6,190,033	\$	1,876,732	\$	143,684	\$	120,451	\$	8,330,900
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction	\$	5,403,027	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	5,403,027
Pupil transportation	Ŧ	123,392	-	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	123,392
Employee benefits		791,252		200,253		-		-		991,505
Debt service - principal		-		-		-		2,340,000		2,340,000
Cost of sales		-		761,193		-		-		761,193
Other expenses		-		689,047		137,778		-		826,825
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	6,317,671	\$	1,650,493	\$	137,778	\$	2,340,000	\$	10,445,942
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE	S									
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(127,638)	\$	226,239	\$	5,906	\$	(2,219,549)	\$	(2,115,042)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	157,328	\$	27,747	\$	-	\$	-	\$	185,075
Transfers - out		(29,690)		-		-		-		(29,690)
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		-		2,588,778		2,588,778
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$	127,638	\$	27,747	\$	_	\$	2,588,778	\$	2,744,163
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	253,986	\$	5,906	\$	369,229	\$	629,121
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		-		547,654		456,425		445,838		1,449,917
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	801,640	\$	462,331	\$	815,067	\$	2,079,038

Supplementary Information CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital assets/right to use assets, net		\$ 123,612,177
Deduct:		
Bond payable	\$ 33,020,000	
Lease Liability	65,436	
Unamortized bond premium	2,341,182	
Retainage payable	2,097,864	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	 12,083,955	
		 49,608,437
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets		\$ 74,003,740

Supplementary Information

CANANDAIGUA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u> Federal Award Cluster / Program	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency <u>Number</u>	Ē٣	Total penditures
	<u>rumber</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>E8</u>	penutures
U.S. Department of Education:				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u> Special Education Cluster IDEA -				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-23-0664	\$	966,098
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Part D)	84.173	0033-23-0664	Ψ	31,873
ARP - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - COVID-19	84.027X	5532-22-0664		164,656
ARP - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) - COVID-19	84.173X	5533-22-0664		20,010
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA	01.17522	3333 22 0001	\$	1,182,637
Education Stabilization Fund -			Ŷ	1,102,00,
CARES Act - ESSER - COVID-19	84.425D	5890-21-2175	\$	52
CRRSA - ESSER II - COVID-19	84.425D	5891-21-2175	Ψ	1,618,282
CRRSA - GEER II - COVID-19	84.425C	5896-21-2175		119,770
ARP - ESSER III - COVID-19	84.425U	5880-21-2175		1,219,240
ARP - Homeless II - COVID-19	84.425W	5218-21-2175		3,580
ARP - Full Day UPK Expansion-COVID-19	84.425U	5870-23-9029		461,664
Total Education Stabilization Fund	01.1250	5070 25 2022	\$	3,422,588
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-23-2175	Ŷ	85,794
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-22-2175		1,890
Title III - Immigrant	84.365	0149-22-2175		1,440
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-23-2175		34,912
Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-22-2175		55,629
Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-23-2175		496,435
Passed Through Phelps-Clifton Springs CSD -	0	0021 20 21/0		
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	0293-23-2205		4,268
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	5,285,593
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:				
Passed through New York State Division of Homeland Security and Emergenc	<u>y Services -</u>			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	9 7 .0 3 6	163476	\$	41,943
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	41,943
Federal Communications Commission:				
Passed through Wayne Finger Lakes BOCES-				
ARP - Emergency Connectivity Funds - COVID-19	32.009	124883	\$	29,690
Total Federal Communications Commission			\$	29,690
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	430300050000	\$	1,884
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u> -				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	430300050000	\$	686,652
Supply Chain Assistance - COVID-19	10.555	430300050000		170,617
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	430300050000		97,155
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	430300050000		21,837
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	430300050000		235,828
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	1,212,089
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	1,213,973
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	6,571,199
(See Independent Auditors' Report) 62				



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Canandaigua City School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Canandaigua City School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Canandaigua + Elmira + Latham + Queensbury + Rochester An Independent Member of the BDO Alliance USA

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Canandaigua City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LAP

Rochester, New York October 6, 2023