

# Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2023 - 2024 School Report



**Dalton Public Schools The Dalton Academy** 

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Business Member	Jennifer Dean
Team Member # 2	ELL Instructional Coach	Vanesa Vazquez
Team Member # 3	Athletic Director	Debra Pourquoi
Team Member # 4	Parent	Julia Cagle
Team Member # 5	School Counselor	Dolores Carrillo
Team Member # 6	Instructional Literacy Coach	Josh Anderson
Team Member # 7	Assistant Principal	Virginia Ruiz

#### Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Teacher	Barbara Brayford
Team Member # 2	Teacher	Evangeline Starks
Team Member # 3	Teacher	Cindy Wiggins
Team Member # 4	School Counselor	Jay Ashlock
Team Member # 5	Teacher	Shalisa Love
Team Member # 6	Teacher	Elizabeth Lara-Rios
Team Member # 7	Teacher	Ana Ortega
Team Member # 8	ELL Teacher	Karina Romero
Team Member # 9	ELL Teacher	Estefani Sanchez
Team Member # 10	Teacher	JP Westfield

#### 1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

#### 1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <a href="Planning and Preparation">Planning and Preparation</a> webinar for additional information and guidance.

#### Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Business Member	Yade Rico
Stakeholder # 2	Director of NWGA Junior Achievement	Anna Adamson
Stakeholder # 3	President, Georgia Northwestern Technical College	Heidi Popham
Stakeholder # 4	Director, Education & Workforce Development	Stephani Womack
Stakeholder # 5	Director, NWGA Latin American Association	Rafael Huerta
Stakeholder # 6	Director, Workforce Development for Shaw Industries	Brian Cooksey
Stakeholder # 7	Dean, Wright School of Business, Dalton State College	Marilyn Helms
Stakeholder # 8	Recruiting & Retention, National Guard	Leo Banquez-Bonilla

How will the team ensure that stakeholders,	A link to the need
and in particular parents and/or guardians,	Campus messagii
were able to provide meaningful input into	stakeholders via j
the needs assessment process?	to provide input

A link to the needs assessment survey was provided to stakeholders via Infinite Campus messaging, and survey information was also provided to all takeholders via phone message. Stakeholders were provided the opportunity o provide input and complete the survey.

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

<b>Curriculum Standard 1</b> -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
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1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school	
	have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	✓
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.	
3. Emerging	Treonaborative process is used occasionally for earricatant planning.	
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.	
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common	
	expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

<b>Curriculum Standard 2</b> -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the required standards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process.  These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards.  These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

<b>Instruction Standard 1</b> -Provides a supportive and well -managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 -Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

<b>Instruction Standard 3</b> -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to curri standards		iculum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels.	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.  Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard	14 -Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.		
	Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).  Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.		
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students.  Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).		
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	<b>√</b>	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		

Instruction Standard 6 -Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	✓
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

<b>Instruction Standard</b> 7 -Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual	
	students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students	
	with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	✓
4.37 4.77 1.1	1 1	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide	
	students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not	
	specific, timely, or understandable.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progr		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.  Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

<b>Instruction Standard 9</b> -Provides timely, systematic, data -driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.  Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student.  The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

<b>Assessment Standard 1</b> -Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

Assessment Standard 3 -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, inform			
instruction, and improv	instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.		
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.		
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	<b>~</b>	
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.		
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.		

Assessment Standard 4 -Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results.  Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist.  Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

<b>Assessment Standard 5</b> -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on t required standards		ı the
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	✓
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

<b>Leadership Standard 1</b> -Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.  The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and communication to the old are	
2. Operational	and community stakeholders.  Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 -Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and	
	sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of	
	urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve	✓
	staff performance and student learning.	
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the	
	change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but	
	do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student	
	learning.	

<b>Leadership Standard 3</b> -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, as professional learning practices		and
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.  The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

<b>Leadership Standard 4</b> -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 -Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student learning		learning
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning.  The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning.  The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7 -Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data sour		
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.  A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.  Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or	
2.0 (1.1	both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	<b>V</b>
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations.  Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 -Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

	<b>Planning and Organization Standard 1</b> -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.  The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.  The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained		
	commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.  The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	<b>√</b>	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 2</b> -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and impless school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		lement a
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.	
	The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.	
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders.  The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders.  The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 3</b> -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes ac as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance.  Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 -Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored.	
	School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 5</b> -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedu to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness.  These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented.  In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 6</b> -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a saclean, and inviting learning environment		g a safe,
1. Exemplary	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment.  A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed.	
2. Operational	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment.  The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment.  The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	
4. Not Evident	Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment.  The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

# 2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Professional Capacity webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

<b>Leadership Standard 5</b> -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 - Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of data		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).  Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 2</b> -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		nce
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).  Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	✓
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 -Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	✓
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 4</b> -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning no staff		eeds of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks).  Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs.  Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	✓
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 5</b> -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective p learning		rofessional
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning.  Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

<b>Professional Learning Standard 6</b> -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff practices and learning		and student
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively.  Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student learning.	
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	✓
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <a href="Family and Community Engagement webinar">Family Community Engagement webinar</a> for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's <a href="KIDS COUNT">KIDS COUNT</a> for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 1</b> -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects f and community members to the school		nects family
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.  Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.	
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 2</b> -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communic between the school and stakeholders		cation
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.  Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

### Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 3</b> -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being.  Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commu	${f nnity~Engagement~Standard~4}$ -Communicates academic expectations and current student ac	chievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.  Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year.  Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations.  Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

### Family and Community Engagement Data

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 5</b> -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at I will enhance academic achievement		nome that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

<b>Family and Community Engagement Standard 6</b> -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community engagement standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources are standard families and the connects of the connects		nity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the <u>Supportive Learning Environment webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

<b>Instruction Standard 1</b> -Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).  Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

<b>Instruction Standard 8</b> -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progress		
1. Exemplary	1. Exemplary Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

<b>School Culture Standard 1</b> -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school.  These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.		
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.		
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

<b>School Culture Standard 2</b> -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established.  Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 -Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary  Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.  The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.		
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	_

School Culture Standard 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students		
1. Exemplary  The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.		
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	

School Culture Standard 5 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
	The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	<b>√</b>
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	_

<b>Planning and Organization Standard 1</b> -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.	
	The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.  The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous	<b>√</b>
3. Emerging	improvement process.  A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

#### 2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

### 2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use?
[examples: student perceptions about school climate issues (health survey, violence, prejudice, bullying, etc.); student/parent perceptions about the effectiveness of programs or interventions; student understanding of relationship of school to career or has an academic plan]

Perception data has been analyzed by the LEA. Specifically, CCRPI Climate Rating, Gallup poll for students, Superintendent's Focus Group reflections (parent, student, staff), Stakeholder Surveys (Community, Staff, Parents), and Strategic Planning.

What does the perception data tell you? (perception data can describe people's knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions, competencies; perception data can also answer the question "What do people think they know, believe, or can do?")

On the 2022-2023 Dalton Public Schools' Parent Survey, 91% of respondents indicated they were either "somewhat satisfied" or "extremely satisfied" with their child's experience at TDA. Some of the reasons for the high level of satisfaction included comfort level of students in a small school environment, academic support from all staff members, teacher communication, and virtual learning opportunities. The main suggestion by parents centered on students being provided additional opportunities to participate in extracurricular activities. Top challenges faced by the district are overcoming the effects of poverty on student growth and achievement, developing and nurturing family support, enhancing and sustaining robust communications and community support, advancing early childhood development, reducing class size, retaining quality teachers, improving student mastery of standards and raising the level of student achievement, improving professional support infrastructures for teachers, consistently engaging students in work with high levels of cognitive demand, improving student social and emotional learning competencies, addressing the needs of diverse learners and learners new to the country, and continuing to provide and update state of the art facilities with technology that supports and enhances instruction.

What process data did you use? (examples: student participation in school activities, sports, clubs, arts; student participation in special programs such as peer mediation, counseling, skills conferences; parent/student participation in events such as college information meetings and parent workshops)

Staffing/class size data, post-secondary enrollment data, Hope eligibility data, attendance data, retention data, mobility rate, level of educator experience, internal controls processes, process for budget allocations, per pupil expenditure rate, percent of 12th grade students with credit in dual enrollment, and percent of students who have completed a pathway.

What does the process data tell you? (process data describes the way programs are conducted; provides evidence of participant involvement in programs; answers the question "What did you do for whom?")

TDA students had a strong attendance rate of 91%. In 2022-2023, there were 409 students enrolled in grades 10-12. The district has a budget process that includes the board of education and district/school administrators in the process. Formulas are used to look at staffing. Each year, school budget requests are presented and discussed collaboratively with central office personnel. Public hearings are held as required by law. n 2018

### What achievement data did you use?

The Dalton Academy analyzed data from the following assessments: Georgia Milestones, MAP, ACCESS, and SAT/ACT. Graduation rates were also analyzed.

#### What does your achievement data tell you?

For the 2022-2023 school year, TDA students took the GMAS EOC examinations in American Literature, Algebra I, US History, and Biology. TDA students scored 14.4% proficient or distinguished on the American Lit exam, 2.3% on the Algebra I exam, 7% on the US History exam, and 15% on the Biology exam.

Graduation Rate: 2023 -- 68%

Reading: Spring 2023 MAP data for TDA (10th grade) showed:

- \* 52% of students scored less than 40% level
- \* Literature is the lowest domain
- \* 64% of students with growth projections met or exceeded their growth target from Fall to Spring

Math: Spring 2023 MAP data for TDA (10th grade) showed:

- \* 48% of students scored less than 40% level
- \* Statistics & Probability is the lowest domain
- \* 53% of students with growth projections met or exceeded their growth target from Fall to Spring

### What demographic data did you use?

Student enrollment, program enrollment, class rosters in Infinite Campus, and student mobility rate.

#### What does the demographic data tell you?

The Dalton Academy had 409 students enrolled during the 2022-2023 school year with the following demographic breakdown:

- \* 82.4% Hispanic
- \* 4.2% African American
- \* 9.5% Caucasian
- \* 3.2% Multiracial

TDA had the following breakdown of its student population:

- \* 39% English Language Learners
- \* 7% Homeless
- \* 15.7% Special Ed.
- \* 9.6% Dropout

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

### 3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the <a href="Identifying Need webinar">Identifying Need webinar</a> for additional information and guidance.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

The review of data confirmed the need for the development of processes in the areas of instructional planning, professional learning communities, and other various school supports. The Dalton Academy employs a block schedule that provides longer class periods in order for students to engage in learning opportunities of high rigor. Flexible Learning Time is provided within the school day for remediation/enrichment and support for identified students. Professional Learning Communities (PLC) will have a longer period of time for all teachers to work together with their administrators to develop healthy, effective PLCs that focus on learning intentions, success criteria, standards, and how to effectively impact student achievement. Additionally, attention will be given to the areas of differentiation, depth of knowledge, and data review from common assessments to improve student achievement.

Effective Leadership:Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

The DPS leader cohort members (school leaders and district leaders) are engaged in multiple opportunities designed to strengthen their skills to be effective instructional leaders. These opportunities are offered both inside the district through the principals' CIP plans and also outside the district through the Northwest GA RESA Principal's Center. Leaders also collaborate to work on administrative and budget processes. DPS recently updated the five year Strategic Plan. There are four main goals: College, Career and Life Readiness, Recruitment and Retention of Quality Professionals, Operational Excellence, and Family and Community Engagement. The performance objectives under these goal areas will provide clarity of areas of need and focus. Leaders and staff at The Dalton Academy are focused on improving Tier 1 instruction, rigor of instruction, and student engagement in learning.

Professional Capacity:Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Learning Forward's Standard for Professional Learning includes seven areas: Learning communities, Resources, Learning Designs, Outcomes, Leadership, and Data and Implementation. Our district is offering professional learning that supports the building of professional capacity in each of these areas. Through instructional coaching, teachers learn to reflect on the effectiveness of their teaching. Research reveals that ongoing teacher training is the critical factor in making a difference in student learning.

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

#### **Family and Community**

Engagement:Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Based on current enrollment data, The Dalton Academy is a majority minority school with a large population of first generation immigrant parents who do not speak English and who come from countries where parent involvement is not expected. It is often difficult for parents/families to be engaged in school activities. Because of these factors, as well as others, The Dalton Academy will employ multiple strategies to increase family and community engagement. The continued use of dedicated family support personnel such as School Counselors, social workers, community partnerships, and the use of specially designed supports and experiences for students and their families all lead to the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs. The Dalton Academy will periodically host parent and school council meetings, and parents will be invited to attend information sessions or conferences.

#### **Supportive Learning**

Environment:Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Parents/guardians of all Dalton Public Schools students were afforded an opportunity to complete the annual Parent Survey in March of 2023. Stakeholders indicated that their children are in a safe learning environment. Over 90% of parents implied that they are pleased with the quality of education. Parents expressed appreciation for the support their child receives with academic success opportunities.

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Trends include a strong fund balance, slight slowing of student enrollment, and a high number of ELL and students living in poverty, as well as a large number of students who are new to the country over the last few years, with a wide variance in academic needs of the students. The number of students qualifying for services through Exceptional Student Services has also steadily increased over the last ten years.

Student Achievement:Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Performance on the EOCs yielded a need for improvement on literacy skills, specifically in the area of reading informational text. This will be addressed by scheduling students in grades 10 and 11 into a literacy elective class, based on Lexile level (score). In addition, a focused approach of literacy in the content areas will be deployed. An Instructional Literacy Coach has been hired for the 23-24 school year to support literacy initiatives and classroom instruction in all content areas. Professional development will target rigor and an emphasis on pacing and understanding of content standards, and the use of common assessments will be stressed. ACCESS testing for 2022-2023 showed that very few students in grades 10-12 have a composite score above the Expanding range. The Speaking domain has the largest number of students scoring at the Entering level. To support this area of need, an ELL Instructional Coach has been hired who will work collaboratively with core content area and

#### Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Newcomer teachers to support student language acquisition and literacy skills. While there have been improvements in student achievement overall, there is
still work to do for our ELL and ESS populations.

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	The district has a number of frameworks in place to support students and their
	varying needs. Exceptional Student Services will continue to offer various
	instructional delivery models based on each student's Individualized Education
	Plan. Resource and co-taught classes are two examples of possible delivery
	models. English Language Learners will receive continual support through
	either sheltered instruction or co-taught classes. The Dalton Academy will
	work with Economically Disadvantaged students and their families. District
	ELL and ESS instructional coaches will work with teachers to provide them the
	professional learning and support needed to help all students achieve at a
	higher level.

Challenges	Graduation rate is lowest for the ESS subgroup followed by ELL and Hispanic
	students. Historically, white students tend to perform highest on standardized
	assessments. As with other district data, ESS and ELL students tend to perform
	the lowest on standardized assessments.

#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

## 3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

#### Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Overarching need: The average EOC course grade-level Proficiency for ALL students is< 15% in all 4 subject areas.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	

#### Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Overarching need: 76.5% of the total school population is Hispanic, of which 39% qualify as English Learners. Of those students who are English Learners, 32.31% show No Movement on ACCESS ELL Performance Bands, and both subgroups score significantly lower in grade-level proficiency than ALL students on all EOC assessments.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Better
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations
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#### 3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

### 3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - Overarching need: The average EOC course grade-level Proficiency for ALL students is < 15% in all 4 subject areas.

#### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is variability among classes in Tier 1 instructional strategies, levels of student
	engagement, rigor of standards addressed, and planning processes.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	

Overarching Need - Overarching need: 76.5% of the total school population is Hispanic, of which 39% qualify as English Learners. Of those students who are English Learners, 32.31% show No Movement on ACCESS ELL Performance Bands, and both subgroups score significantly lower in grade-level proficiency than ALL students on all EOC assessments.

### **NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS**

#### Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is variability among classes in understanding and implementing strategies to address the language and cultural needs of Hispanic and English Learner subgroups.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title II, Part A, Preparing, Training and Recruiting High-Quality Teachers, Principals and
	other School Leaders
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program

Additional Responses	



# School Improvement Plan 2023 - 2024



**Dalton Public Schools The Dalton Academy** 

#### **SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN**

### 1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Dalton Public Schools
School Name	The Dalton Academy
Team Lead	Matthew Mederios
Federal Funding Options to Be	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)
Employed (SWP Schools) in this	
Plan (Select all that apply)	

Fact	Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
	Free/Reduced meal application	
✓	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY	
	Other (if selected, please describe below)	

#### 2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

# 2.1 Overarching Need # 1

### Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in CNA Section 3.2	Overarching need: The average EOC course grade-level Proficiency for ALL students is< 15% in all 4 subject areas.
Root Cause # 1	There is variability among classes in Tier 1 instructional strategies, levels of student engagement, rigor of standards addressed, and planning processes.
Goal	Reduce the variability of Tier 1 instructional strategies, student engagement, rigor of standards addressed, and planning processes to increase the total weighted percentage of students performing at levels 3 and 4 on the GMAS in ELA, Math, Science, and Social Studies by six percent from Spring 2023 to the total percent proficient for the 23-24 school year:  1.ELA: from 13.4% to 19.4% proficiency on the American Literature and Composition EOC.  2.Math: from 2.8% to 8.8% proficiency on the Algebra I EOC.  3.Science: from 14.7% to 20.7% proficiency on the Biology EOC.  4.Social Studies: from 6.7% to 12.7% proficiency on the US History EOC.

Action Step	Monitor the implementation of grade-level rigorous, engaging Tier 1 instruction.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
Method for Monitoring	50% of teachers receiving SIOP training will score 50% Evident on focus walks using the
Implementation	SIOP focus walk checklist
	and/or
	50% of ALL teachers will score 75% Evident on focus walks using the SDI Instructional
	Awareness Walk Instrument
Method for Monitoring	30% of ALL students will score proficient on formative assessments
Effectiveness	>
	30% of 10th and 11th grade students will score + Proficient on the Spring administration

Method for Monitoring	of MAP
Effectiveness	
	30% of ALL students at each grade level 11 and 12 will score on or above grade-level according to their College & Career Ready "Stretch" Lexile Band on GMAS 2024
Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, Instructional Coaches, Lead Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Monitor Planning/Collaborative Planning in subject area teaching PLC groups.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
Method for Monitoring	75% of PLCs will score 75% Operational on the SDI Collaborative Planning High Impact
Implementation	Practices Rubric according to administrative observations
Method for Monitoring	30% of ALL students will score proficient on formative assessments
Effectiveness	>
	30% of 10th and 11th grade students will score + Proficient on the Spring administration
	of MAP
	30% of ALL students at each grade level 11 and 12 will score on or above grade-level
	according to their College & Career Ready

Method for Monitoring	"Stretch" Lexile Band on GMAS 2024
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, Administrators, Instructional Coaches
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Monitor the implementation of the School Improvement Plan (SIP) through Short Term
	Action Plans (STAPs) through Leadership Team processes and protocols.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	75% of LT meetings will be scored at 75% Operational according to observations using the
Implementation	SDI Leadership Team High Impact Practices Rubric
Method for Monitoring	30% of ALL students will score proficient on formative assessments
Effectiveness	>
	30% of 10th and 11th grade students will score + Proficient on the Spring administration
	of MAP
	30% of ALL students at each grade level 11 and 12 will score on or above grade-level
	according to their College & Career Ready
	"Stretch" Lexile Band on GMAS 2024

Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, Instructional Coaches, Lead Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

#### 2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

# 2.2 Overarching Need # 2

#### Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Overarching need: 76.5% of the total school population is Hispanic, of which 39% qualify
CNA Section 3.2	as English Learners. Of those students who are English Learners, 32.31% show No
	Movement on ACCESS ELL Performance Bands, and both subgroups score significantly
	lower in grade-level proficiency than ALL students on all EOC assessments.
Root Cause # 1	There is variability among classes in understanding and implementing strategies to
	address the language and cultural needs of Hispanic and English Learner subgroups.
Goal	Reduce the variability in understanding and implementing strategies to address the
	language and cultural needs of Hispanic and English Learner subgroups to increase the
	percentage of students who move one band or more on the ACCESS test by 10% from
	47.69% in 2022 to 57.69% in 2024.

Action Step	Monitor the implementation of grade-level rigorous Newcomer Academy and ELL	
	classrooms.	
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A	
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged	
	Foster	
	Homeless	
	English Learners	
	Migrant	
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority	
	Student with Disabilities	
Systems	Coherent Instruction	
	Effective Leadership	
	Professional Capacity	
	Supportive Learning Environment	
Method for Monitoring	50% of teachers receiving SIOP training will score 50% Evident on focus walks using the	
Implementation	SIOP focus walk checklist	
	and/or	
	50% of ALL teachers will score 75% Evident on focus walks using the SDI Instructional	
	Awareness Walk Instrument	
Method for Monitoring	30% of students will score proficient on formative assessments	
Effectiveness	in Newcomer curriculum and in ELL courses.	
	Increase the percentage of students who move one band or more on the ACCESS test by	

Method for Monitoring	10% from 47.69% in 2022 to 57.69% in 2024.
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Administrators, Instructional Coaches, Lead Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

#### 3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

#### 3.1 Stakeholders, Coordination of Activities, Serving Children, and PQ

Required Questions

1. In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders).

The School Improvement Plan was written, reviewed and revised by the same committee that worked on the Comprehensive Needs Assessment. As a federally identified CSI school, the GaDOE School Effectiveness Specialist, principal and assistant principal worked together to make sure that the plan adequately focuses on specific areas of need within the school. Once the committee reviewed the document, the plan was shared with all staff members for feedback. Teachers, paraprofessionals, school leaders, and support staff were asked to read the plan and provide feedback to the SIP team leader. After those revisions were made, the School Improvement Plan was posted on the school website. Parents and community members were provided the opportunity to make comments and suggestions before the final draft of the plan was completed. The plan will be reviewed and revised annually based on data analysis of the impact of the schoolwide program actions on student growth and achievement.

Throughout the school year, data is regularly reviewed in weekly PLCs and through professional development with the Deputy Superintendent for Assessment and Accountability. As a CSI school, a short term action plan is developed quarterly which informs our work and progress being made toward our school improvement goals. Stated actions may be amended in response to the real time data that is reviewed. The school improvement plan will be reviewed and revised annually based on the analysis of data collected as to the effectiveness of the schoolwide program and the needs of students for the upcoming school year.

The plan is shared with local education agencies, parents and the public in an understandable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand.

The district's strategic plan and the school's SIP drive the discussion about a comprehensive plan of support for the whole school. The district partners with other federal programs, outside agencies such as adult education programs, Georgia Northwestern Technical College, and other schools implementing comprehensive support and improvement activities to gather information and understand the needs of students and the greater community. Through the district's extensive and inclusive budget process, needs are identified and funds are allocated in appropriate budgets based on federal and state guidelines.

2. Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.

All Dalton Public Schools are Title I schools with high levels of minority and economically disadvantaged students. Principals, with support from the Human Resources department and district directors, seek to recruit, select and retain the best possible professional educators to provide instruction to students. Human Resources reviews district and CPI data through locally developed reports and reports provided by the Georgia Professional Standards Commission and the Georgia Department of Education.

3. Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I school. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

The Dalton Academy will be assessing students' longitudinal data, as well as internal data, to determine areas of need. However, it is evident from last year's data that the lowest areas of performance are in the academic areas of math as well as in literacy across the curriculum. Literacy across the curriculum is now included in the Georgia Standards of Excellence. Under this program model, The Dalton Academy will ensure fidelity of implementation across all content areas. Thus, there will be a strong focus on math and literacy for all students, as well as work in all content areas, to improve students' achievement on the Georgia Milestones End of Course assessments for the FY24 school year. Possible strategies for implementation:

- 1. Mastery Connect software will be utilized by all core content area teachers to institute common unit assessments. This software provides real-time data to monitor progress and performance on learning standards. Teachers can differentiate instruction based on student results.
- 2. Progress Learning software for Georgia Milestone Examinations. This is online software that allows for individualized remediation and practice for Georgia Milestones in all content areas.
- 3. Flexible learning time (FLT) built into the schedule 5 days per week in which students receive targeted preparation for EOC courses.
- 4. Co-teaching and resource classes for special education students and English Language Learners who qualify for the services.
- 5. Increase of effective use of technology to support classroom and student needs.
- 6. Differentiation of instruction.
- 7. Hands-on and applied activities in CTAE courses and through implementation of the 3DE model in 10th grade, which allow students to make relevant connections and apply conceptual skills to real-world scenarios.
- 8. Counselors and teachers, in conjunction with parents, will determine interventions for struggling students and follow-up on those interventions.
- 9. Professional Learning Communities facilitated by administrators and instructional coaches to discuss healthy PLCs and to focus on rigor, learning intentions, success criteria, and instructional strategies to engage and support our students in their learning.
- 10. 1:1 devices All students have a laptop for use in all classes.
- 11. MAP assessments administered to students in 10th and 11th grade for Reading and 10th grade for Math for identifying areas of weakness. Assessment results will help administrators support students and teachers in setting goals for individual students. The MAP Reading assessment will also provide Lexile scores for students.
- 12. IXL Math may be used by teachers to target areas of weakness in math to improve performance on math common assessments and Algebra I EOC.
- 13. Literacy elective course for identified 10th and 11th grade students based

4. If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale (point system) that uses the objective criteria to rank all students.

Not applicable. The Dalton Academy will implement a school-wide plan.

#### 3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

#### 3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5. If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

Not applicable

6. If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; and Increased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills.

The Dalton Academy will:

- Offer information meetings for parents about The Dalton Academy and the instructional program
- Offer an orientation for all students in the Fall of 2023
- Hold a FAFSA day every school year
- Host a financial aid information night for students/families
- Offer multiple opportunities for college visits at various universities and technical colleges
- Implement Junior Achievement's 3DE instructional model
- Plan for members of the Armed Forces to come to campus to speak with students about the opportunity for military service
- Provide the ASVAB and YouScience career assessments
- Offer a work-based learning program
- Assist students with Dual Enrollment at Dalton State College and Georgia Northwestern Technical College
- Offer AP courses and the AP Capstone Diploma program where students may earn college credit for receiving high scores on the course exams
- Pursue the opportunity for industry certifications, where appropriate, for career pathway offerings

7. Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

The Dalton Academy administrators will review student referral data from Infinite Campus to determine trends and patterns for subgroups. When, and if, any trends are determined, the administration will work with the School Counselors, the school social worker, and ESS and ELL leads to determine strategies for working with students who do not follow the guidelines in the student code of conduct. The administrative team contacts parents of students when it becomes evident that the students need behavioral support. Parent meetings with administrators will be held and a Student Performance Agreement is completed for the students. Behavior issues are addressed in this agreement. Future consequences are detailed, and strategies are created to help support the student. The administrative team works with the School Counselors to create behavior intervention strategies for our students. School

Counselors work with individual students to manage their behavior in an
effort to keep students in class.

#### ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8. Use the space below to provide additional	
narrative regarding the school's	
improvement plan.	