

Cambridge AICE Calculus Mechanics 2

12th Grade

- PS 1 Apply methods of upper level algebra involving solutions of moduli and division and factorisation of polynomials.
- PS 2 Understand logarithmic and index relationships and properties, including transformation to linear form.
- PS 3 Use the derivatives of e^x , ln x.
- PS 4 Extend the idea of 'reverse differentiation' to include the integration of e^{ax+b} and $\frac{1}{ax+b}$, including the use of substitution where appropriate.
- PS 5 Understand the relationships of six trigonometric functions and use their identities for simplification.
- PS 6 Use the derivatives of sin *x*, cos *x*, tan *x*.

Extend the idea of 'reverse differentiation' to include the integration of sin(ax+b), cos(ax+b) and $sec^{2}(ax+b)$ PS 7 and use trigonometrical relationships (such as double-angle formulae) to facilitate the integration of functions such as $cos^{2} i k$, including the use of substitution where appropriate.

- PS 8 Differentiate products and quotients.
- PS 9 Use simple iterative formulae to estimate the roots of an equation.
- PS 10 Use derivatives of functions defined parametrically.
- PS 11 Use derivatives of functions defined implicitly.
- PS 12 Use the trapezium rule to estimate the value of a definite integral, and use sketch graphs in simple cases to determine whether the trapezium rule gives an over-estimate or an under-estimate.
- PS 13 Understand multiple forms of vectors and how to use equations of lines and planes.

Recall an appropriate form for expressing rational functions in partial fractions, and carry out the decomposition, in cases where the denominator is no more complicated than (ax+b)(cx+d)(ex+f),

- PS 14 $(ax+b)(cx+d)^2$, or $(ax+b)(x^2+c^2)$, and where the degree of the numerator does not exceed the degree of the denominator.
- PS 15 Use the expansion of $(1+x)^n$, where *n* is a rational number and |x| < 1 (finding a general term is not included, but adapting the standard series to expand e.g. $(2 \frac{1}{2}x)^{-1}$ is included).
- PS 16 Integrate rational functions by means of decomposition into partial fractions (restricted to the types of partial fractions specified in PM3.1.4).
- PS 17 Carry out operations with complex numbers in multiple forms.
- PS 18 Recognize when an integrand can usefully be regarded as a product, and use integration by parts to integrate, for example, $x \sin 2x$, x^2e^x or ln x.
- PS 19 Formulate, solve, and interpret differential equations.
- PS 20 Model and derive the motion of a projectile.
- PS 21 Understand and calculate aspects of the equilibrium of a rigid body.
- PS 22 Understand uniform motion in a circle.
- PS 23 Understand and apply Hooke's Law.
- PS 24 Use derivation to solve problems involving linear motion under a variable force.
- PS 25 Understand and apply basic understanding of limits and their application.