

CTE Forensic Science

- PS 1 Identify how the field of forensic science has evolved into the comprehensive science that it is today.
- PS 2 Explain the limitations of a forensic investigation and cases that shaped the parameters under which a forensic investigation must occur.
- PS 3 Demonstrate the proper processing and collecting of evidence that preserves the integrity and reliability of evidence and documentation of the original crime scene.
- PS 4 Distinguish between the manner, cause, and mechanism of death.
- PS 5 Determine the time of death using rigor mortis, algor mortis, and livor mortis measurements in a forensic investigation.
- PS 6 Identify the human anatomy and explain how the process of an autopsy is used to identify the cause of death.
- PS 7 Explain the succession of insect activity on human remains to establish an approximate time of death.
- PS 8 Explain how crime scene characteristics, victimology, and offender characteristics are used in criminal profiling to assist in the capture of an offender.
- PS 9 Apply the principles of fiber analysis to identify unknown fiber samples in a forensic investigation.
- PS 10 Apply the principles of the analysis of glass samples in a forensic investigation to identify unknown samples of glass and interpretation of fracture patterns in glass to recreate the event(s) that caused the fracture.
- PS 11 Explain how soil is used as evidence in a forensic investigation and apply techniques in the analysis of soil evidence.
- PS 12 Demonstrate the skills to apply knowledge of the microscopic and macroscopic features of hair that enable hair to be used as biological evidence.
- PS 13 Explain the formation of fingerprints and the individual minutiae patterns that are used as a basis of individual identification in fingerprint evidence.
- PS 14 Apply physical & chemical development techniques to process, collect, and identify fingerprint evidence.
- PS 15 Model the process used to design a scientific investigation to answer a question.
- PS 16 Draw conclusions consistent with scientific knowledge and data.
- PS 17 11-12.RST.1 Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account.
- PS 18 11-12.RST.2 Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; summarize complex concepts, processes, or information presented in a text by paraphrasing them in simpler but still accurate terms.
- PS 19 11-12.RST.4 Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 11–12 texts and topics.
- PS 20 11-12.RST.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.
- PS 21 11-12.WHST.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- PS 22 11-12.WHST.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.