

## **About the Local Wellness Policy Activity and Assessment Tool**

Local Educational Agencies (LEAs) are required to have a written local wellness policy (LWP), and at least once every three years, they must assess the implementation of what is written in the policy. Some written components can be easily assessed by asking the question, "Did we do this?" while others are more difficult to measure. ADE recommends using this tool to document the exact actions you expect to be completed and determine if your LEA is doing what is written in the policy.

School Name:	HOW TO COMPLETE THIS ASSESSMENT Only complete the columns for the <i>current</i> year, but save for future years.					
I. WELLNESS GOALS	<ul> <li>✓ Check "working on this" if your school staff meets about, makes plan otherwise takes steps to try to meet this goal.</li> <li>✓ Check "successfully completed" if your school fully implements this</li> </ul>					
GOAL: NUTRITION PROMOTION	2021	<b>–</b> 2022	2022	<b>–</b> 2023	2023	<b>–</b> 2024
Nutrition Promotion includes activities and participation in programs that promote and reinforce health and emphasize the school's commitment to a healthy school nutrition environment.	working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed
Encourages participation in meal programs (School Breakfast, National School Lunch, Afterschool Care Snack, etc.).						
School meal program menus are posted on the district or school website.						
Menus include nutrient content.						
Participation in meal programs is promoted to families.						
GOAL: NUTRITION EDUCATION	2021	<b>–</b> 2022	2022	<b>–</b> 2023	2023	<b>–</b> 2024
Nutrition education teaches behavior-focused skills and may be offered as part of a comprehensive, standards- based program to provide students with the knowledge and skills needed to safeguard health and make positive choices, or nutrition education can be offered as sequential individual lessons throughout the school year.	working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed
Nutrition education is taught in the following grades:						
□ 9 □ 10 □ 11 □ 12						
Nutrition education is taught through other subjects like math, science, language arts, social sciences and electives.						
Health education teachers provide opportunities for students to practice or rehearse the skills taught through the health education curricula.						
Teachers and other staff receive training in nutrition education.						
Media literacy is taught with an emphasis on food and beverage marketing.						

Nutrition education is included in health education lescovered (best practice is to choose a minimum of 12 t	ssons or physical education and the following topics are opics):						
☐ Relationship between healthy eating and persona health and disease prevention	<i>,</i>						
☐ Food guidance from MyPlate	☐ Importance of water consumption						
Reading and using the FDA's nutrition fact labels	<ul><li>☐ Importance of eating breakfast</li><li>☐ Making healthy choices when eating at restaurants</li></ul>						
☐ Eating a variety of foods every day	☐ Eating disorders						
☐ Balancing food intake and physical activity	☐ The Dietary Guidelines for Americans						
$\ \square$ Eating more fruits and vegetables and whole grain	•						
products  Choosing foods that are low in fat, saturated fat,	☐ Social influences on healthy eating, including media, family, press and peers						
and cholesterol and do not contain trans fat  Choosing foods and beverages with little added	☐ How to find valid information or services related to nutrition and dietary behavior						
sugar  Eating more calcium rich foods	☐ How to develop a plan and track progress toward achieving a personal goal to eat healthfully						
Preparing healthy meals and snacks	$\hfill \square$ Resisting peer pressure related to unhealthy dietary						
Risks of unhealthy weight control practices	behavior						
☐ Accepting body size difference	<ul> <li>Influencing, supporting, or advocating for others' healthy dietary behavior</li> </ul>						
0041 011/01041 4071/17/							
GOAL: PHYSICAL ACTIVITY		2021	<b>–</b> 2022	2022	<b>–</b> 2023	2023	<b>–</b> 2024
GOAL: PHYSICAL ACTIVITY  Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(s		2021 working on this	- 2022 successfully completed	2022 working on this	- 2023 successfully completed	2023 working on this	- 2024 successfully completed
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence		working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(s	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(state)  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason.	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(state of the physical Activity  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit physical education) is not used or withheld as punishing the district provides teachers and other school staff of the physical education.	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason.  with a list of ideas for alternative ways to discipline	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(standard activity)  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit physical education) is not used or withheld as punished as the district provides teachers and other school staff with students.  To the extent practicable, schools ensure that their gravailable to all students to be active.	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason.  with a list of ideas for alternative ways to discipline rounds and facilities are safe and that equipment is oor and outdoor physical activity facilities and spaces are	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(s)  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit physical education) is not used or withheld as punished the district provides teachers and other school staff with students.  To the extent practicable, schools ensure that their gravailable to all students to be active.  Through a formal joint- or shared-use agreement, and open to students, their families, and the community of School ensures that inventories of physical activity su	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason.  with a list of ideas for alternative ways to discipline rounds and facilities are safe and that equipment is oor and outdoor physical activity facilities and spaces are	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(state physical Activity)  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit physical education) is not used or withheld as punished as punished the district provides teachers and other school staff of students.  To the extent practicable, schools ensure that their gravailable to all students to be active.  Through a formal joint- or shared-use agreement, indopen to students, their families, and the community of School ensures that inventories of physical activity su work with community partners to ensure sufficient quantum school in the summary of the s	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason.  with a list of ideas for alternative ways to discipline rounds and facilities are safe and that equipment is oor and outdoor physical activity facilities and spaces are putside of school hours.  pplies and equipment are known and, when necessary,	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully
Regular physical activity in childhood and adolescence Incorporating regular physical activity in your school(standard physical activity)  Physical Activity  Physical activity during the day (including but not limit physical education) is not used or withheld as punished the district provides teachers and other school staff vistudents.  To the extent practicable, schools ensure that their gravailable to all students to be active.  Through a formal joint- or shared-use agreement, indicate open to students, their families, and the community of School ensures that inventories of physical activity su work with community partners to ensure sufficient quactivity for as many students as possible.	ted to recess, classroom physical activity breaks, or ment for any reason. with a list of ideas for alternative ways to discipline rounds and facilities are safe and that equipment is our and outdoor physical activity facilities and spaces are outside of school hours. pplies and equipment are known and, when necessary, pantities of equipment are available to encourage physical	working	successfully	working	successfully	working	successfully

Physical Education						
In Arizona, LEAs are recommended to review the <u>Arizona PE Standards</u> . Arizona does not have PE requirement, but	the national r	recommendatio	on for PE is 2	25 minutes per	week at the	secondary
level (middle school and high school level).						
Secondary students (grades 6-12) are (choose one):						
☐ Required to take one physical education credit total						
☐ Will take more than one academic year of physical education						
☐ Will take physical education throughout all secondary school years						
□ Other:						
Students receive formal, age-appropriate physical education, consistent with national and state standards for physical education.						
Physical education program promotes student physical fitness through individualized fitness and activity assessments (via <a href="the-Presidential Youth Fitness Program">the Presidential Youth Fitness Program</a> or other appropriate assessment).						
Students are moderately to vigorously active for at least 50% of class time during most or all physical education class sessions.						
Physical education teachers participate in professional development at least once per year.						
Physical education classes are taught by licensed teachers who are certified or endorsed to teach physical education.						
Waivers, exemptions, or substitutions for physical education classes are not granted.						
Physical education may not be substituted for any other class (i.e. dance, marching band, ROTC etc.)						
Classroom Physical Activity Breaks and Active Academics						
Students are offered periodic opportunities to be physically active or to stretch in the classroom throughout the day on all or most days during a typical school week.						
Teachers provide short (3-5 minute) physical activity breaks to students during and between classroom time at least 3 days per week.						
Teachers receive resources, tools, and technology with ideas for classroom physical activity breaks.						
Teachers incorporate movement and kinesthetic learning approaches into "core" subject instruction when possible to reduce sedentary behavior during the day.						
Teachers serve as role models by being physically active alongside students whenever possible.						
Physical Activity Topics in Health Education						
Middle and high school students are required to take and pass at least one health education course.						
At least 12 of the following essential topics on physical activity are in the health education curriculum:						
<ul> <li>□ The physical, physiological, or social benefits of physical activity</li> <li>□ How physical activity can contribute to a healthy weight</li> <li>□ Preventing injury during physical activity</li> <li>□ Weather-related safety, for example, avoiding heat stroke, hypothermia, and sunburn while being physically active</li> </ul>						

## School Version of the ADE Local Wellness Policy Activity & Assessment Tool

<ul> <li>How physical activity can contribute to the academic learning process</li> </ul>	☐ How much physical activity is enough, including determining frequency, intensity,						
☐ How an inactive lifestyle contributes to chronic	time and type of physical activity						
disease  Health-related fitness, including cardiovascular	<ul> <li>Developing an individualized physical activity and fitness plan</li> </ul>						
endurance, muscular endurance, muscular strength, flexibility, and body composition	<ul> <li>Monitoring progress toward reaching goals in an individualized physical activity plan</li> </ul>						
☐ Differences between physical activity, exercise and fitness	<ul> <li>Dangers of using performance-enhancing drugs such as steroids</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Phases of an exercise session including warm up, workout, and cool down</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social influences on physical activity including media, family, peers, and culture</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Decreasing sedentary activities such as TV watching</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How to find valid information or services related to physical activity and fitness</li> </ul>						
☐ How to influence, support, or advocate for others	<ul><li>Overcoming barriers to physical activity</li></ul>						
to engage in physical activity  Opportunities for physical activity in the	<ul> <li>How to resist peer pressure that discourages physical activity</li> </ul>						
community	<u> </u>						
Active Transport (best practice is to choose a minim	num of 6)	1	1				
Safe or preferred routes to school are designated.							
Crosswalks on streets leading to school are used.							
Secure storage facilities for bicycles and helmet are present on	school grounds.						
Instruction on walking/bicycling safety is provided to students.							
The number of children walking and/or biking to and from scho	ool is documented.						
Maps of the school environment (sidewalks, crosswalks, roads,	, pathways, bike racks) are distributed.						
Safe routes to school program are promoted to students, staff, newspaper.	, parents via newsletters, websites, and local						
COAL OTHER ACTIVITIES THAT BROAD	TE CTUDENT WELLNESS						
GOAL: OTHER ACTIVITIES THAT PROMO	OTE STUDENT WELLNESS	2021	– 2022	2022	– 2023	2023	<del>-</del> 2024
		working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed	working on this	successfully completed
School Sponsored Events							
School-sponsored events incorporate wellness components incorportunities.	cluding physical activity and healthy eating						
Relationships with Community Partnerships							
Universities/colleges							

Local businesses			
Community Health Promotion and Family Engagement			
The benefits of and approaches to healthy eating and physical activity are promoted to parents/caregivers, families, and the general community throughout the school year (i.e. the school provides information about nutrition and physical activity to parents throughout the year).			
Families are informed and invited to participate in school-sponsored activities and receive information about health promotion efforts.			
Electronic and non-electronic mechanisms are used to ensure that all families are notified of opportunities to participate in school-sponsored activities and receive information about health promotion efforts.			
Staff Wellness and Health Promotion			
School implements the strategies listed below to support staff in actively promoting and modeling healthy eating and physical activity behaviors.			
School has a healthy meeting policy for all events to optimize healthy food options.			
Other Activities to Promote Wellness			
Each school has a health professional on site for at least half the school day.			

## **II. DISTRICT POLICIES**

In the following sections, check the box for the correct year *if your school currently meets the district wellness policy requirements*.

DISTRICT POLICY: SCHOOL MEALS STANDARDS	2021 – 2022	2022 – 2023	2023 – 2024
At a minimum, the school meal standards should meet the New Meal Pattern requirements. This section also includes standards for the meal service area, menu composition (use of local produce) and guidelines for water availability during meals.	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
National School Lunch Program			
Participates in the National School Lunch Program.			
Lunch meals served meet the new meal pattern requirements including minimum requirements for fruits, vegetables (and subgroups), whole-grain rich foods, meat/meat alternates and 2 varieties of milk.			
Students are served lunch at a reasonable and appropriate time of the day.			
Students have adequate time to eat:			
$\square$ Students have 10 minutes of seated time.			
☐ Students have 20 minutes of seated time.			
$\square$ Students have 30 minutes of seated time (ADE best practice).			
☐ Students have minutes of seated time.			
School Breakfast Program			

Participates in the School Breakfast Program.			
Breakfast meals served meet the new meal pattern requirements including minimum requirements for fruits/vegetables, whole-grain rich foods, and 2 varieties of milk.			
School provides breakfast via mobile grab and go carts.			
School Meal Standards meet the following additional guidelines established by the district:			
Meals are appealing and attractive to students.			
Meals are served in clean and pleasant settings.			
Fresh fruits and vegetables are served 5 days per week.			
School meals are administered by a team of nutrition professionals.			
Water			
Free, potable water is available to all students during the meal period.			
Water sources and containers are maintained on a regular basis to ensure good hygiene and health safety standards.			
Students are allowed to bring and carry approved water bottles with only water in them throughout the day.			
Students are allowed to bring and carry approved water bottles with only water in them throughout the day.			
	2021 – 2022	2022 – 2023	2023 – 2024
DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES	2021 – 2022	2022 – 2023	2023 – 2024
	2021 – 2022 in compliance	2022 – 2023 in compliance	2023 – 2024 in compliance
DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES  (SOLD TO STUDENTS)  Competitive foods and beverages are sold outside of and in competition with federally reimbursable meal programs. At a minimum, LEAs must ensure all foods and beverages sold on campus, during the school day defined as midnight to 30 minutes after the end of	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES (SOLD TO STUDENTS)  Competitive foods and beverages are sold outside of and in competition with federally reimbursable meal programs. At a minimum, LEAs must ensure all foods and beverages sold on campus, during the school day defined as midnight to 30 minutes after the end of the school, meet the USDA Smart Snack guidelines for grades K-12. LEAs can establish additional standards.  Foods and beverages sold outside the school meal programs meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards on the school	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES (SOLD TO STUDENTS)  Competitive foods and beverages are sold outside of and in competition with federally reimbursable meal programs. At a minimum, LEAs must ensure all foods and beverages sold on campus, during the school day defined as midnight to 30 minutes after the end of the school, meet the USDA Smart Snack guidelines for grades K-12. LEAs can establish additional standards.  Foods and beverages sold outside the school meal programs meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards on the school the end of the school day). This applies to items sold:	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
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DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES (SOLD TO STUDENTS)  Competitive foods and beverages are sold outside of and in competition with federally reimbursable meal programs. At a minimum, LEAs must ensure all foods and beverages sold on campus, during the school day defined as midnight to 30 minutes after the end of the school, meet the USDA Smart Snack guidelines for grades K-12. LEAs can establish additional standards.  Foods and beverages sold outside the school meal programs meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards on the school the end of the school day). This applies to items sold:  A la carte (Snack Bar)  In student stores	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
DISTRICT POLICY: COMPETITIVE FOOD AND BEVERAGES (SOLD TO STUDENTS)  Competitive foods and beverages are sold outside of and in competition with federally reimbursable meal programs. At a minimum, LEAs must ensure all foods and beverages sold on campus, during the school day defined as midnight to 30 minutes after the end of the school, meet the USDA Smart Snack guidelines for grades K-12. LEAs can establish additional standards.  Foods and beverages sold outside the school meal programs meet the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards on the school the end of the school day). This applies to items sold:  A la carte (Snack Bar)  In student stores  In vending machines	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance

(FOOD SERVED TO STUDENTS)  Arizona Nutrition Standards (ANS) state that all food and beverages supplied at school sponsored events to students in grades K-8 must meet the USDA's Smart Snacks in Schools guidelines. The USDA's Smart Snacks in Schools and ANS guidelines do not apply to foods brought to school in bagged lunches or for activities such as birthday parties, holidays, or other celebrations.	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
School Sponsored Events			
Foods and beverages served to students in grades 9-12 meet (or exceed) the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, per the <u>Arizona Nutrition Standards (ARS 15-242)</u> .			
Classroom Celebrations/Rewards			
Foods and beverages served to students during classroom celebrations and parties (holidays and birthdays) meet (or exceed) the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, per the Arizona Nutrition Standards (ARS 15-242).			
Classroom snacks brought in by parents meet (or exceed) the USDA Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, per the Arizona Nutrition Standards (ARS 15-242).			
DISTRICT POLICY: FUNDRAISING	2021 2022	2022 2022	2022 2024
In Arizona, all fundraisers are exempted from the Smart Snacks guidelines when an exemption request form is submitted, per HNS	2021 – 2022	2022 – 2023	2023 – 2024
04-2015. However, no exempted fundraiser foods or beverages may be sold in competition with school meals in the food service area during the meal service. LEAs have the authority to implement more restrictive fundraising food standards.	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
The school allows infrequent, exempt fundraisers, where food sold on campus during the school day does not meet Smart Snacks gui	delines and complies v	with the following:	
☐ The school adheres to the district's exemption request to ADE for all food-related fundraisers, intended for consumption on school campus during the school day, that do not meet the Smart Snacks guidelines.			
$\square$ An appropriate short duration for exempt fundraisers is defined as: not to exceed one school week or five days.			
DISTRICT POLICY: FOOD AND BEVERAGE MARKETING	2021 – 2022	2022 – 2023	2023 – 2024
Schools that allow marketing of food and beverages to students must include plans and policies that allow the marketing of only those foods and beverages that may be sold on the school campus during the school day (i.e. that meet the USDA's Smart Snacks in Schools) LEAs have the discretion to enact broader policies that address marketing that occurs at events outside of school hours.	in compliance	in compliance	in compliance
All foods and beverages advertised on the school campus during the school day meet or exceed the USDA Smart Snacks in School nut apply):	rition guidelines. Thes	e guidelines apply to (	Check all that
☐ Vending machine exteriors			
☐ School equipment such as marquees, message boards, scoreboards, busses, etc.			
☐ Cups used for beverage dispensing, menu boards, coolers, trach cans, and other food service equipment			
☐ Posters, book covers, school supply displays, etc.			
☐ Advertisements in school publications or mailings			
☐ Free product samples, taste tests, or coupons of a product or free samples displaying advertising of a product			