

STUDENTS

Emergency Treatment

All employees are encouraged to become trained and/or maintain skills in recognized first aid procedures. Employees have the duty to aid an injured student and act in a reasonable and prudent manner in obtaining immediate care.

The employee who exercises his/her judgment and skills in aiding an injured person during the school day or during a school event is protected by the district's liability insurance except when the individual is operating outside the scope of his/her employment or designated duties.

Any child who appears to be very ill or who has received a serious injury should be either sent home or to a physician or hospital as quickly as possible. The school principal shall be responsible for making the appropriate decision. In the event the principal or school nurse is not available, the employee designated by the principal to take charge in emergency situations shall be responsible for the decision. The principal, nurse, responsible designated person, or involved employee should contact the parent as quickly as possible to determine whether the child should:

1. be sent to a hospital, or
2. be sent to a doctor, or
3. be sent home, or
4. remain at school.

If the parent cannot be contacted, call the emergency number listed on the child's enrollment card to determine the next course of action.

Any child who appears to be very ill or who has received a serious injury should be sent home or to a physician or hospital as quickly as possible. For a life-threatening emergency (severe bleeding, shock, breathing difficulty, heart attack), emergency medical care providers (ambulance) should be called. If a seriously ill or injured child is sent home or to the hospital by private automobile, be sure that someone trained in first aid accompanies the child. This is in addition to the driver of the vehicle. Do not let a child walk home if he/she has a high fever, a head injury, or is likely to go into shock from injury. Even if the parent says to send the child home, do not send home unaccompanied if the way home is not likely to be a safe route.

If illness or injury is not life-threatening, the parent should arrange transportation. If ambulance service is required, ask the parent to call the ambulance or secure permission from the parent to call one. The child should be sent to the hospital of the parent's choice. Be sure to notify the hospital that the child is on the way.

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If the injury is deemed to be minor, the trained employee should:

1. Administer first aid to the child as necessary.
2. Notify school nurse, principal or responsible designated person. The nurse may be consulted by phone if not in the building.
3. Remain with the child until released by the principal, nurse, responsible person, or the parent.
4. The nurse, principal or other responsible person so designated should make the decision whether an ill or injured child who has received first aid should return to class. If there is any doubt the parent should be consulted.

An accident report must be completed by the principal, as soon as possible, from the information provided by the person at the scene of the accident. The written report should include a description of the circumstances of the illness or injury and procedures followed in handling it at school. A copy should be included in the student's folder and a copy should be sent to the superintendent.