

Tuesday, September 5, 2023

City Council Chambers 3301 Silver Lake Road NE St. Anthony, MN 55418

7:00 pm

REGULAR MEETING

6:30 Listening Session
Please <u>click here</u> to access the listening session.
The Regular Meeting is available live on NineNorth

Call to Order

Board Chair Ben Phillip

Approval of Agenda

Board Chair Ben Phillip

Superintendent Report

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

Each school board meeting, the superintendent will take time to reflect on the school district's achievements, events and stories of students and staff.

Community Services Report

Director of Community Services - Wendy Webster

The Director of Community Services will take time to reflect on the achievements, events and stories of the programs at community services.

Superintendent Evaluation Summary

Board Chair Ben Phillip

The hiring and evaluation of a superintendent is one of a school board's most important responsibilities. The process and timeline for our annual superintendent evaluation includes a mid-year progress report and a year-end evaluation. In June, the Board conducted a detailed evaluation of Dr. Corneille's work for District 282 during the 2022-2023 school year. The school board discussed the findings of the evaluation as a board and with Dr. Corneille during a closed session after the June 6th regular meeting, in compliance with Minnesota Statute 13D.05 196 Subd. 3(a).

Approval of Minutes

Board Chair Ben Phillip

The recommended motion is to approve the minutes from the August 15, 2023 Regular meeting per BoardBook, as presented.

Approval of Consent Agenda

Board Chair Ben Phillip

Action:

Principal Contract

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

The principal contract, which includes ISD282's three principals, ended on June 30, 2023. Over the summer, Superintendent Corneille met and negotiated with the principals to create the contract presented to the Board this evening. The memo (attached) outlines the changes in the contract for the next three years (2023-2026).

The recommended motion is to approve the 2023-2026 principal contract, as presented.

Action Item:

MSHSL Membership

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

The Resolution for Membership is an annual resolution adopted by MSHSL member schools to renew their membership with the Minnesota State High School League.

The recommended motion is to approve the annual MSHSL membership, as presented.

Action Item:

Para Clerical Unit MOU

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

The following MOU is presented to the board with District Administration support. The Para/Clerical contract does not have language regarding job sharing - for the 2023-2024 school year two employees are requesting a job share option. This MOU articulates the requirements of job sharing and will not indicate past practice moving forward.

Action:

Policy Work

Board Member - Mageen Caines

This is the final reading of policies 722. The policy has been reviewed by MSBA and our policy committee.

The recommended motion is to approve Policy 722, as presented.

Discussion Item:

AIPAC Concurrence

Board Chair Ben Phillip

AIPAC (American Indian Parent Advisory Committee) has been affiliated with the St. Anthony New Brighton School District for a number of years and is funded by the State of Minnesota. In order to maintain funding, AIPAC needs to stay in concurrence. In this case, AIPAC has provided the Board a list of recommendations for the 2023-24 school year of which the Board will formalize a response.

Discussion Item:

School Board Professional Development Day Report

Board Chair Ben Phillip

On Wednesday, August 30, the board met to receive and discuss the results and recommendations from the equity review provided by Dr. Michelle Mason from the Center for Educational Leadership, as well as the comprehensive needs assessment by Dr. Tamika Fuller from Education Reform Enterprises. This is a high-level, initial summary from that day.

Discussion Item:

Success Metrics

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

District Administration will present potential goals for the school board linked to our district's success metrics. The board should review the document with the understanding that the goals - are listed as performance tasks. This structure is to stay in alignment with standards-based instruction (Success Metric = standard). The school board will review the draft of goals and determine which goals they would like to keep for the 2023-2024 school year. Each goal is linked to a success metric and the corresponding actions (What we do/We do this buy) articulate how district staff will accomplish stated goals.

Discussion:

Enrollment Update

Superintendent Dr. Renee Corneille

Superintendent Corneille will provide the school board with first day enrollment numbers. These numbers will be provided at the meeting.

Discussion:

Policy Work

Board Member - Mageen Caines

This is the first reading of polices 102; 504; 506; 507; and 509. Policies 406; 418; 419; 424; 425; 427; 708; 709; and 806 are presented for a second reading. The policies have been reviewed by MSBA and our policy committee.

Board Member Reports

Board Chair Ben Phillip

Adjourn

Board Chair Ben Phillip

Next Meeting(s):

Tuesday, September 15, 2023 - Work Session



Superintendent Report from Dr. Renee Corneille Superintendent of St. Anthony - New Brighton Schools

Each school board meeting, the superintendent will take time to reflect on the school district's achievements, events and stories of students and staff. The idea of these notes is to keep the board both informed and inspired of all the amazing work our school community has done over the past two weeks.

Tuesday, September 5, 2023

All Staff Kick-Off

Last week, all staff members came back to school for the first time all summer. Gathering in the Commons last Monday, staff heard from the new Executive Director of Operations and Human Relations Tim Anderson, Executive Director of Academics Hope Fagerland and Superintendent Renee Corneille about how we will work together to create a culture of belonging within our schools.

Staff mentioned how they felt excited about the upcoming year and feel welcomed and supported in their community,



Dr. Tamika Fuller shares results from Comprehensive Needs Assessment

Dr. Fuller met with each school site (Community Services, Wilshire Park, St. Anthony Middle, St. Anthony Village High School, and the St. Anthony New Brighton School Board) to discuss the results of both the 2017 and 2023 Comprehensive Needs Assessment. The results confirmed the district's desires to create standards-based instructional practices in all classrooms - by implementing the Effective Instruction Framework. Instructional staff will be working all year on building units and lessons of study aligned to state standards and SANB's framework for effective instruction.





Dr. Michelle Mason shares results and recommendations from Equity Review

The ISD282 School Board met with Dr. Mason to review the results of the district's Equity Review. The board heard that our district is in-line and positioned to continue their work at becoming an equitable school district. The review provided recommendations - many of the recommendations are already in place for the district. One area of increased need is to develop a more robust community engagement strategy.

Advisors and Coaches Professional Development





During workshop week over 50 coaches and advisors, from nearly 30 different programs, came together for a professional learning session to discuss the art of coaching / advising, reflecting on questions such as what are the characteristics of transformational coaches, what can we do to empower our athletes/performers, and how to mentor emotional intelligence. In addition to other various team-building activities, the athletics and activities team will hold three all-staff professional learning sessions this year.

Fall Sports and Activities

Beginning on August 14th 38 coaches welcomed back over 330 student-athletes for the 23-24 school year (nearly identical participation numbers to last year). Each team has now begun competitions and fall sports are well underway! Additionally, 16 advisors are anxiously awaiting the return of our students to begin our various fall activities and clubs! Homecoming this year

will be the week of October 9 - 13 (the football team will host South St. Paul on Friday, October 13).

Intramural sports will be a new way of connecting with our students and increasing participation rates in the 23-24 school year. Zach Siggelkow has been busy creating plans to engage more students at SAVHS.

Auditorium Ramp

Over the summer our district installed an accessibility ramp on the outside of the auditorium. Over the spring last year, the school board engaged in a review of accessibility in our auditorium space. As the board knows, the auditorium is original to the initial construction of the MS/HS building. This has caused accessibility issues within the auditorium. The ramp is a temporary fix and the board will continue to review this issue in our auditorium.





Community Services Report from Wendy Webster Director of Community Services and Communications

Tuesday, September 5, 2023

Welcome New Community Services Staff

Angela Frey, our new Community Engagement Coordinator, will primarily focus on developing and implementing a comprehensive and dynamic community engagement program to inspire the lifelong learning and belonging needs of the adults in the St. Anthony-New Brighton community. Jason Wong, our new Facilities, Sports and Adult Recreation Coordinator, is focused on reserving community use of facilities owned by the City of St. Anthony and St. Anthony-New Brighton School District and developing and implementing a responsive adult recreation program to support the physical health of our community members. In addition, Community Services hired the following staff to support our early childhood and Village Kids programs:

Tara Halverson - All Day Preschool, ECFE and Village Kids

Ledia Lema - Village Kids and All Day Preschool

Bella Nawrocki - Village Kids

Sam Rusher - Village Kids (shared staff with Wilshire Park)

Catherine (Ai Vi) Vu - Village KidsRianna Ziesmer - Village Kids

Community Services Staff Training

Community Services staff participated in 17.5 hours of training during the week of Aug. 28-Sept. 1. During our time together, the Community Services team collectively determined our department values as Belonging, Caring, and Teamwork. In addition, our Community Services team also identified the expected behaviors of Adaptability, Communication, Respect, Teamwork, being there for each other so we can be there and be present for the kids, and doing our best each day.

In addition to the all district staff meeting and compliance training, Community Services staff are required to complete six additional hours of training focused on child development (2 hours), behavior guidance (2 hours), active supervision, CPR and First Aid, and health and safety. This annual training is required by the Department of Human Services so All Day Preschool and Village Kids can remain DHS Certified Childcare Centers and serve children whose families receive childcare assistance through their respective county.

Early Childhood Programs

Our half day and all day preschool classrooms are full with waiting lists.

In half day preschool, we are planning to serve sixteen of our Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) students. This is our second year of providing special education services to

our preschool students while they attend class in our integrated classrooms. Five years ago, our early childhood team set a goal rooted in best practice to eliminate transitions and provide services to students at Community Services. Erika Hudson, our ECSE teacher and former half day preschool teacher, is the case manager for children ages 3 and 4.

We are experiencing an increase in the requests for scholarships this year. Community Services is a Parent Aware 4-star rated school-based program. Every two years, Community Services is eligible to apply for Pathway 2 Early Learning Scholarships that we award to families. Each year, we receive \$37,500 in Pathway 2 Early Learning Scholarships to distribute to families according to income guidelines set by the state. This year, unfortunately, we do not have enough scholarship funds to meet the requests from families. We are applying for \$10,000 in additional funds from the St. Anthony New Brighton Family Services Collaborative.

Village Kids Programs

Our Village Kids program has 123 enrolled children in our before and/or after school program and, as of August 31, 2023, five pending contracts. This school year, Village Kids will have three staff who also hold positions at Wilshire Park in food service, health office and special education departments.

2023 Community Services Staff Training Schedule

Key				
	Trainings/meetings/ events required for EC staff to attend	Trainings, meetings required for all CS staff (EC and VK) to attend	Trainings/meetings/ events required for VK staff to attend	
Monday, August 28	Tuesday, August 29	Wed, August 30	Thursday, August 31	Friday, September 1
EC & VK: 8 am-5 pm 8:00-11:00 am High School Commons All District Staff meeting 12:00-12:30 pm Lunch on your own 1:15-3:15 p.m. Erika at Special Ed Licensed Teacher meeting 12:30-3:00 pm EC staff work in classrooms VK staff work in classrooms VK staff work in classrooms 12:30-2:00 pm Tube Feeding Training for Half Day Preschool team Wilshire Park Kindergarten classroom hallway (part of Lori Watzl-King's training for district paras/health aides) 3:00-5:00 pm Council Chambers All CS Staff Meeting and	EC: 8 am-5 pm VK: 8 am-5 pm 8:00 am-12:00 pm VK Staff attend WP All Staff Training 8:00 am-12:00 pm Council Chambers Early Childhood Classroom Team meetings and trainings 12:00-12:30 pm Lunch on your own 12:30-5:00 pm EC staff work in classrooms VK staff work in classrooms	EC: 8 am-5 pm VK: 9 am-7 pm 8-9 am EC classrm mtgs 9:00 am-11:30 am Council Chambers Training for all EC/VK staff *Training with Karen Satre: Redefining Success in Programs to Ensure Equity *DHS Certification training 11:30 am-12:30 pm Council Chambers Lunch Provided 12:30-3:30 pm CPI Refresher Training* Council Chambers EC, VK staff, van drivers *For CS staff who completed 6 hr initial trng 3:30-5:00 pm	EC: 8 am-5 pm VK: 8 am-4 pm 8:00-10:00 am EC Staff Training with Tamika *Website Overview w/ Liz 8:00-9:00 am Fire Station CPR/First Aid refresher for VK staff 9:30-11:30 am Fire Station CPR/First Aid recertification for new staff 12:00-1:00 pm Fire Station CPR/First Aid refresher for EC Staff 9:30-4:00 pm VK work in classrooms	EC: 8 am-12 pm 8:00 am EC sets up for Open House 9:00-11:00 am All Day Preschool and ECSE Open House 11:00-12:00 pm Clean up VK: 8 am-12 pm VK meeting and work in classroom 12:00 pm Start your long weekend :)
		3:30-5:00 pm EC work in classrooms 4:30-7:00 pm WP/VK Open House		



2022-2023 Superintendent Evaluation Highlights

The Board assessed Dr. Corneille's performance qualitatively and quantitatively during a closed session on June 6, 2023. The scoring scale was 1-2 meaning "Least Skilled," 3-4 meaning "Not a Strength," 5-6 meaning "Meets Expectations," 7-8 meaning "A Strength," and 9-10 meaning "An Outstanding Skill."

In "Leadership," the Board rated her 7.41, acknowledging her team-building skills and relationship-building efforts for the betterment of the district.

For "Finance," her score was 8.91, highlighting her exceptional strength in this area and her positive partnership with the Director of Finance, Phan Tu.

Regarding "Board Relations," Dr. Corneille received an 8.58, reflecting her skill in providing context and fostering positive relationships with the Board.

In "Curriculum & Instruction Management," her score was 7.5, indicating her solid foundation and ongoing efforts to implement her subject matter expertise.

For "Community Relations & Engagement," she achieved an 8.0, signifying her availability to the community and active advocacy for the district.

In "Personnel/Organizational Management," she received a score of 7.65, with recognition that her actions in areas like contract negotiations were strong, although some of the evaluation questions fell beyond the Board's purview.

In "Student Support," Dr. Corneille scored 7.76, showing her commitment to student success, though with room for growth.

Cumulatively, the Board rated her at 7.97, reflecting a strong performance and confidence in her ongoing efforts and personal development into the 2023-24 season.

St. Anthony – New Brighton School District Independent School District 282 3301 Silver Lake Road St. Anthony, MN 55418

Regular Meeting -Tuesday, August 15, 2023

MINUTES

<u>Members Present</u>: Board Chair <u>Ben Phillip</u>; Vice Chair <u>Laura Oksnevad</u>; Treasurer <u>Mike Overman</u>; Director <u>Cassandra Palmer</u> and Director <u>Leah Slye **Absent**:</u> Clerk <u>Mageen Caines</u>;

<u>Staff Present</u>: Superintendent <u>Dr. Renee Corneille</u>; Facilities Coordinator <u>Mark Gibbs</u>; Director of Community Services and Communications <u>Wendy Webster</u>; Patriots Marching Band Director Chris Ravndal; and District Assessment Coordinator Kari Bodurtha

The Regular Meeting was called to order at 7:00 p.m. by School Board Chair Ben Phillip

APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA

A motion was made by Laura Oksnevad and seconded by Cassandra Palmer to approve the August 15, 2023 Regular Meeting agenda, as presented. <u>The motion carries 5-0.</u>

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

A motion was made by Mike Overman and seconded by Leah Slye to approve the minutes from the June 13, 2023 Regular Meeting, as presented. The motion carries 5-0.

APPROVAL OF CONSENT AGENDA

A motion was made by Cassandra Palmer and seconded by Laura Oksnevad to approve the August 15, 2023 Consent Agenda, as presented. <u>The motion carries 5-0.</u>

REPORTS

Chris Ravndal provided a summary of the Patriots Marching band's successful year.

DISCUSSION

1. Auditorium Access

Architect Ben Beery shared with the school board the structural options to update the auditorium. Currently, the auditorium structure prevents students with physical disabilities from accessing the stage, dressing rooms and other aspects of the auditorium.

2. Success Metrics

Instructional Coach Kari Bodurtha and Superintendent Corneille shared the history of how ISD282 generated their success metrics and desire to increase academic rigor in our

classrooms. The school board was asked to consider specific goals in the areas of: academic excellence, positive contributor to society and physical/emotional wellness. The categories make up the board's approved success metrics. These goals will correspond with the district's logic model and each department and school's logic models.

3. Policies

This was the second reading of policy 722 and the first reading of the following policies: 406; 418; 419; 424; 425; 427; 708, 709 and 806. The edits are from MSBA and the policy committee.

ACTION

1. Community Services Wage Agreement

Director of Community Services Wendy Webster recommended wage adjustments for the Community Services staff for the 23-24 school year. The recommended adjustments align wages to similar positions in the school district. Moving forward, recommendations for the Community Services wage agreement will follow the approval of wage agreements by the union(s) bargaining groups.

A motion was made by Leah Slye and seconded by Mike Overman to approve the 23-24 Community Services wage adjustments, as presented. The motion carries 5-0.

2. Directors Contracts

The Director of Community Services and Communications, Director of Student Services and Director of Athletics, Activities and Facilities contracts ended June 30, 2023. Over the summer, Superintendent Corneille met to negotiate with each of the stated employees.

A motion was made by Laura Oksnevad and seconded by Cassandra Palmer to approve the 2023-2026 contracts for the Director of Community Services and Communications, Executive Director of Academics and the Director of Athletics, Activities and Facilities, as presented. The motion carries 5-0.

3. Coordinator Contracts

The District Wellness and Special Education Coordinator contracts ended June 30, 2023. Over the summer, Director Fagerland met to negotiate with each of the stated employees.

A motion was made by Laura Oksnevad and seconded by Cassandra Palmer to approve the 2023-2025 contracts for the District Wellness Coordinator and the Special Education Coordinator, as presented. <u>The motion carries 5-0.</u>

Board Member Reports

School Board members attended the following meetings and events: Village Fest and the parade; fall sports meeting; MSBA Summer Leadership Seminar; City Sister picnic; policy committee; AMSD Board meeting; SAAAC; and the levy committee.

<u>Adjourn</u>

The Regular Meeting of August 15, 2023 was adjourned at 10:20 pm. Signed: Mageen Caines - School Board Clerk Attest: Kim Lannier



SCHOOL BOARD CONSENT AGENDA September 5, 2023

PRESENTER(S): School Board Chair

SCHOOL BOARD CHAIR'S RECOMMENDATION (in the form of a motion): "...to approve the Consent Agenda.

1. Personnel

a. Hire(s)

Last Name	First Name	Position	School	Date Effective
Johnson	Rachel	Special Education Teacher	SAVHS	August 28, 2023
Halverson	Tara	Assistant Teacher	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Arnold	Clyde	Paraeducator	SAVHS	August 28, 2023
Dill	Devine	Paraeducator	SAMS	August 28, 2023
Vu	Catherine	Assistant Teacher - Village Kids	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Lema	Ledia	Village Kids Aide	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Anderson	Royal	Van Driver	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Zurbey	Lisa	Van Driver	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Frey	Angela	Community Engagement	Community Services	August 28, 2023
Quehl	Maria	Language Arts LTS	SAMS	August 28, 2023
Pawlyshyn	Grace	Physical Education LTS	SAMS	August 28, 2023
Kagol	Andrew	Special Education Teacher	SAVHS	August 28, 2023

2. Payment of Bills Checks Paid - August 17, 2023

General Fund	\$158,197.42
Food Service Fund	\$ 4,310.50
Transportation Fund	\$ 6,292.26
Community Service Fund	\$8,581.04
Capital Expenditure Fund	\$518,675.57
Agency Fund	\$8,000.00
Student Activities	\$ 11,398.95

TOTAL: \$ 715,455.74

3. Donation

Wilshire Park Elementary received a \$2,200.00 donation to be used for kindergarten supplies.



Memorandum

To: ISD 282 School Board

From: Renee Corneille - Superintendent

Date: Sept. 5, 2023 Subject: Principal Contract

SUMMARY

The principal contract which includes ISD282's three principals ended on June 30, 2023. Over the summer of 2023 I met and negotiated with the principals to create the contract presented to the school board this evening. The memo will outline the changes in the principal contract for the next three years (2023-2026).

ANALYSIS

The principals have worked diligently to move our school buildings and classrooms to engage in effective instructional practices. Knowing that the work that occurs in our classrooms set the tone and culture of the school. As Dr. Michelle Mason has shared, principals matter and their work can increase the academic achievement and overall success of students in our district.

The majority of changes in their contracts are related to compensation. Below are some details regarding those changes.

- Compensation Each of the three years the principals will receive a market increase in salary. When reviewing the average principal compensation in our region (neighboring districts and district 917 it was clear that our principal contract was not on par with principals in our region). The difference in pay between comparable schools was over \$15,000 a year.
- *Holiday* Juneteenth added (state statue).

No other major changes were made in the contract.

I recommend that the board approves the contracts, as presented.



2023-2024 RESOLUTION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE MINNESOTA STATE HIGH SCHOOL LEAGUE Membership Renewal Form

This form must be completed once for each school in the district.

Must be completed and submitted to MSHSL NOT LATER THAN JULY 31, 2023. Retain one copy for the school files.

RESOLVED, that the Governing Board or Entity of	(Name of School)
located in the State of Minnesota delegates the control, supervision and regulation of interschola	stic activities and
athletics (referred to in MN Statutes, Section 128C.01) to the Minnesota State High School League, and	so hereby certifies
to the State Commissioner of Education as provided for by Minnesota Statutes.	

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the school listed is authorized by this, the Governing Board of said school district or school to renew its membership in the Minnesota State High School League; and. Participate in the approved interscholastic activities and athletics sponsored by said League and its various subdivisions.

FURTHER RESOLVED, that this Governing Board or Entity hereby adopts the Constitution, Bylaws, Policies, Rules and Regulations of said League and all amendments thereto as the same as are published in the latest edition of the League's *Official Handbook*, on file at the office of the school district or school, or as appears on the League's website, as the minimum standards governing participation in said League-sponsored activities and athletics. Further, the administration and responsibility for determining student eligibility and for the supervision of such activities and athletics are assigned to the official representatives identified by this Governing Board or Entity.

Signing this Resolution for Membership affirms that this Governing Board has reviewed all required membership materials provided by the League which defines the purpose and value of education-based activity and athletic and programs and defines each member school's responsibilities.

Member schools must develop and publicize administrative procedures to address eligibility suspensions related to Student Code of Responsibilities (Bylaw 206.2) violations for students participating in activity and athletic programs by member schools.

The above Resolution was adopted by the Governing Board or Entity of this school or district and is recorded in the official minutes of said Board and hereby is certified to the State Commissioner of Education as provided for by law.

The following is taken from the MSHSL Constitution:

208.00 LOCAL CONTROL

208.01 Designated School Representatives

At the beginning of the League's fiscal year, the governing board of each member school shall designate two (2) representatives who are authorized to vote for the member school at all district, region and section meetings and on mail ballots where member schools are called upon to vote, such as district meetings, region meetings, and mail ballots.

One of the designated representatives shall be a member of the school's governing board and the other shall be an administrator or full-time faculty member of the member school.

In school districts with multiple schools, the designated representative from the school district's governing body may represent more than one school and is entitled to one vote for each school they represent.

208.02 Designated Activity Representatives

At the beginning of the League's fiscal year, the governing board of each member school shall select individuals to represent its school in the following areas: (a) boys sports; (b) girls sports; (c) speech; and (d) music.

208.03 Local Advisory Committee

Each school is urged to form an advisory committee for League activities. Committee membership is not limited to but shall include a school board member, a student, a parent, and a faculty member, to advise the designated school representatives on all matters relating to the school's membership in the MSHSL.

Date:

	Name	of School (Please Prin	t)
	208.01 VOTE O	N BEHALF OF THE HIG	SH SCHOOL
	(Designated School Board Member – please print)	_	(Designated School Representative – please print)
	Email Address		Email Address
	208.02 AC	CTIVITY REPRESENTAT	TIVES
	(Boys Sports – please print)		(Girls Sports – please print)
	(Speech – please print)		(Music – please print)
_	208.03 LOCAL AI	DVISORY COMMITTEE	E MEMBERS
	(Board Member—please print)		(Student—please print)
	(Parent—please print)		(Faculty Member—please print)
	(Mailing Representative is the person	epresentative—please porton to whom mailings go.	
Print Name:	(Clerk/Secretary - Local Governing Board)	_ Print Name: _	(Superintendent or Head of School)
Signed:	(Clerk/Secretary - Local Governing Board)	Signed:	(Superintendent or Head of School)
Date:	,,,	Date:	,



School District Policy

Adopted: 2017 *Revised:* 2023

722 PUBLIC DATA AND DATA SUBJECT REQUESTS

I. PURPOSE

The school district recognizes its responsibility relative to the collection, maintenance, and dissemination of public data as provided in state statutes.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The school district will comply with the requirements of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minnesota Statutes chapter 13 (MGDPA), and Minnesota Rules parts 1205.0100-1205.2000 in responding to requests for public data.

III. DEFINITIONS

A. Confidential Data on Individuals

Data made not public by statute or federal law applicable to the data and are inaccessible to the individual subject of those data.

B. **Data on Individuals**

All government data in which any individual is or can be identified as the subject of that data, unless the appearance of the name or other identifying data can be clearly demonstrated to be only incidental to the data and the data are not accessed by the name or other identifying data of any individual.

C. <u>Data Practices Compliance Officer</u>

The data practices compliance official is the designated employee of the school district to whom persons may direct questions or concerns regarding problems in obtaining access to data or other data practices problems. The responsible authority may be the data practices compliance official.

D. Government Data

All data collected, created, received, maintained or disseminated by any government entity regardless of its physical form, storage media or conditions of use.

E. **Individual**

"Individual" means a natural person. In the case of a minor or an incapacitated person as defined in Minnesota Statutes section 524.5-102, subdivision 6, "individual" includes a parent or guardian or an individual acting as a parent or guardian in the absence of a parent or guardian, except that the responsible authority shall withhold data from parents or guardians, or individuals acting as parents or guardians in the absence of parents or guardians, upon request by the minor if the responsible authority determines that withholding the data would be in the best interest of the minor.

F. **Inspection**

"Inspection" means the visual inspection of paper and similar types of government data. Inspection does not include printing copies by the school district, unless printing a copy is the only method to provide for inspection of the data.

For data stored in electronic form and made available in electronic form on a remote access basis to the public by the school district, inspection includes remote access to the data by the public and the ability to print copies of or download the data on the public's own computer equipment.

G. Not Public Data

Any government data classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as confidential, private, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic.

H. Nonpublic Data

Data not on individuals made by statute or federal law applicable to the data: (a) not accessible to the public; and (b) accessible to the subject, if any, of the data.

I. Private Data on Individuals

Data made by statute or federal law applicable to the data: (a) not public; and (b) accessible to the individual subject of those data.

J. **Protected Nonpublic Data**

Data not on individuals made by statute or federal law applicable to the data (a) not public and (b) not accessible to the subject of the data.

K. Public Data

All government data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated by the school district, unless classified by statute, temporary classification pursuant to statute, or federal law, as nonpublic or protected nonpublic; or, with respect to data on individuals, as private or confidential.

L. **Public Data Not on Individuals**

Data accessible to the public pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 13.03.

M. **Public Data on Individuals**

Data accessible to the public in accordance with the provisions of section 13.03.

N. Responsible Authority

The individual designated by the school board as the individual responsible for the collection, use, and dissemination of any set of data on individuals, government data, or summary data, unless otherwise provided by state law. Until an individual is designated by the school board, the responsible authority is the superintendent.

O. Summary Data

Statistical records and reports derived from data on individuals but in which individuals are not identified and from which neither their identities nor any other characteristic that could uniquely identify an individual is ascertainable. Unless classified pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 13.06, another statute, or federal law, summary data is public.

IV. REQUESTS FOR PUBLIC DATA

- **A.** All requests for public data must be made in writing directed to the responsible authority.
 - 1. A request for public data must include the following information:
 - a. Date the request is made;
 - b. A clear description of the data requested;
 - c. Identification of the form in which the data is to be provided (e.g., inspection, copying, both inspection and copying, etc.); and
 - d. Method to contact the requestor (such as phone number, address, or email address).
 - 2. Unless specifically authorized by statute, the school district may not require persons to identify themselves, state a reason for, or justify a request to gain access to public government data. A person may be asked to provide certain identifying or clarifying information for the sole purpose of facilitating access to the data.
 - 3. The identity of the requestor is public, if provided, but cannot be required by the government entity.
 - 4. The responsible authority may seek clarification from the requestor if the request is not clear before providing a response to the data request.
- **B.** The responsible authority will respond to a data request at reasonable times and places as follows:
 - 1. The responsible authority will notify the requestor in writing as follows:
 - a. The requested data does not exist; or
 - b. The requested data does exist but either all or a portion of the data is not accessible to the requestor; or
 - 1) If the responsible authority determines that the requested data is classified so that access to the requestor is denied, the responsible authority will inform the requestor of the determination in writing, as soon thereafter as possible, and shall cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law on which the determination is based.
 - 2) Upon the request of a requestor who is denied access to data, the responsible authority shall certify in writing that the request has been denied and cite the specific statutory section, temporary classification, or specific provision of federal law upon which the denial was based.

- c. The requested data does exist and provide arrangements for inspection of the data, identify when the data will be available for pick-up, or indicate that the data will be sent by mail. If the requestor does not appear at the time and place established for inspection of the data or the data is not picked up within ten (10) business days after the requestor is notified, the school district will conclude that the data is no longer wanted and will consider the request closed.
- 2. The school district's response time may be affected by the size and complexity of the particular request, including necessary redactions of the data, and also by the number of requests made within a particular period of time.
- 3. The school district will provide an explanation of technical terminology, abbreviations, or acronyms contained in the responsive data on request.
- 4. The school district is not required by the MGDPA to create or collect new data in response to a data request, or to provide responsive data in a specific form or arrangement if the school district does not keep the data in that form or arrangement.
- 5. The school district is not required to respond to questions that are not about a particular data request or requests for data in general.

V. REQUEST FOR SUMMARY DATA

- A. A request for the preparation of summary data shall be made in writing directed to the responsible authority.
 - 1. A request for the preparation of summary data must include the following information:
 - a) Date the request is made;
 - b) A clear description of the data requested;
 - c) Identify the form in which the data is to be provided (e.g., inspection, copying, both inspection and copying, etc.); and
 - d) Method to contact requestor (phone number, address, or email address).
- B. The responsible authority will respond within ten (10) business days of the receipt of a request to prepare summary data and inform the requestor of the following:
 - 1. The estimated costs of preparing the summary data, if any; and
 - 2. The summary data requested; or
 - 3. A written statement describing a time schedule for preparing the requested summary data, including reasons for any time delays; or

- 4. A written statement describing the reasons why the responsible authority has determined that the requestor's access would compromise the private or confidential data.
- C. The school district may require the requestor to pre-pay all or a portion of the cost of creating the summary data before the school district begins to prepare the summary data.

VI. DATA BY AN INDIVIDUAL DATA SUBJECT

- A. Collection and storage of all data on individuals and the use and dissemination of private and confidential data on individuals shall be limited to that necessary for the administration and management of programs specifically authorized by the legislature or local governing body or mandated by the federal government.
- B. Private or confidential data on an individual shall not be collected, stored, used, or disseminated by the school district for any purposes other than those stated to the individual at the time of collection in accordance with Minnesota Statutes section 13.04, except as provided in Minnesota Statutes section 13.05, subdivision 4.
- C. Upon request to the responsible authority or designee, an individual shall be informed whether the individual is the subject of stored data on individuals, and whether it is classified as public, private or confidential. Upon further request, an individual who is the subject of stored private or public data on individuals shall be shown the data without any charge and, if desired, shall be informed of the content and meaning of that data.
- D. After an individual has been shown the private data and informed of its meaning, the data need not be disclosed to that individual for six months thereafter unless a dispute or action pursuant to this section is pending or additional data on the individual has been collected or created.
- E. The responsible authority or designee shall provide copies of the private or public data upon request by the individual subject of the data. The responsible authority or designee may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of making and certifying the copies.
- F. The responsible authority or designee shall comply immediately, if possible, with any request made pursuant to this subdivision, or within ten days of the date of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, if immediate compliance is not possible.
- G. An individual subject of the data may contest the accuracy or completeness of public or private data. To exercise this right, an individual shall notify in writing the responsible authority describing the nature of the disagreement. The responsible authority shall within 30 days either: (1) correct the data found to be inaccurate or incomplete and attempt to notify past recipients of inaccurate or incomplete data, including recipients named by the individual; or (2) notify the individual that the authority believes the data to be correct. Data in dispute shall be disclosed only if the individual's statement of disagreement is included with the disclosed data.

- H. The determination of the responsible authority may be appealed pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to contested cases. Upon receipt of an appeal by an individual, the commissioner shall, before issuing the order and notice of a contested case hearing required by Minnesota Statutes chapter 14, try to resolve the dispute through education, conference, conciliation, or persuasion. If the parties consent, the commissioner may refer the matter to mediation. Following these efforts, the commissioner shall dismiss the appeal or issue the order and notice of hearing.
- I. Data on individuals that have been successfully challenged by an individual must be completed, corrected, or destroyed by a government entity without regard to the requirements of Minnesota Statutes section 138.17.
- J. After completing, correcting, or destroying successfully challenged data, the school district may retain a copy of the commissioner of administration's order issued under Minnesota Statutes chapter 14 or, if no order were issued, a summary of the dispute between the parties that does not contain any particulars of the successfully challenged data.

VII. REQUESTS FOR DATA BY AN INDIVIDUAL SUBJECT OF THE DATA

- A. All requests for individual subject data must be made in writing directed to the responsible authority.
- B. A request for individual subject data must include the following information:
 - 1. Statement that one is making a request as a data subject for data about the individual or about a student for whom the individual is the parent or guardian;
 - 2. Date the request is made;
 - 3. A clear description of the data requested;
 - 4. Proof that the individual is the data subject or the data subject's parent or guardian;
 - 5. Identification of the form in which the data is to be provided (e.g., inspection, copying, both inspection and copying, etc.); and
 - 6. Method to contact the requestor (such as phone number, address, or email address).
- C. The identity of the requestor of private data is private.
- D. The responsible authority may seek clarification from the requestor if the request is not clear before providing a response to the data request.
- E. Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil Records) addresses requests of students or their parents for educational records and data.

VIII. COSTS

A. Public Data

- 1. The school district will charge for copies provided as follows:
 - a) 100 or fewer pages of black and white, letter or legal sized paper copies will be charged at 25 cents for a one-sided copy or 50 cents for a two-sided copy.
 - b) More than 100 pages or copies on other materials are charged based upon the actual cost of searching for and retrieving the data and making the copies or electronically sending the data, unless the cost is specifically set by statute or rule.
 - (1) The actual cost of making copies includes employee time, the cost of the materials onto which the data is copied (paper, CD, DVD, etc.), and mailing costs (if any).
 - (2) Also, if the school district does not have the capacity to make the copies, e.g., photographs, the actual cost paid by the school district to an outside vendor will be charged.
- 2. All charges must be paid for in cash or electronically in advance of receiving the copies.

B. Summary Data

- 1. Any costs incurred in the preparation of summary data shall be paid by the requestor prior to preparing or supplying the summary data.
- 2. The school district may assess costs associated with the preparation of summary data as follows:
 - a) The cost of materials, including paper, the cost of the labor required to prepare the copies, any schedule of standard copying charges established by the school district, any special costs necessary to produce such copies from a machine-based record-keeping system, including computers and microfilm systems;
 - b) The school district may consider the reasonable value of the summary data prepared and, where appropriate, reduce the costs assessed to the requestor.

C. Data Belonging to an Individual Subject

1. The responsible authority or designee may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of making and certifying the copies.

The responsible authority shall not charge the data subject any fee in those instances where the data subject only desires to view private data.

The responsible authority or designee may require the requesting person to pay the actual costs of making and certifying the copies. Based on the factors set forth in Minnesota Rule 1205.0300, subpart 4, the school district determines that a reasonable fee would be the charges set forth in section VIII.A of this policy that apply to requests for data by the public.

2. The school district may not charge a fee to search for or to retrieve educational records of a child with a disability by the child's parent or guardian or by the child upon the child reaching the age of majority.

IX. ANNUAL REVIEW AND POSTING

- A. The responsible authority shall prepare a written data access policy and a written policy for the rights of data subjects (including specific procedures the school district uses for access by the data subject to public or private data on individuals). The responsible authority shall update the policies no later than August 1 of each year, and at any other time as necessary to reflect changes in personnel, procedures, or other circumstances that impact the public's ability to access data.
- B. Copies of the policies shall be easily available to the public by distributing free copies to the public or by posting the policies in a conspicuous place within the school district that is easily accessible to the public or by posting them on the school district's website.

Data Practices Contacts

Responsible Authority:

Renee Corneille [3303 33rd Avenue NE, St. Anthony, MN 55418] [612-706-1000; communications@isd282.org]

Data Practices Compliance Official:

Wendy Webster [3301 Silver Lake Road, St. Anthony, MN 55418] [612-706-1170; communications@isd282.org]

Data Practices Designee(s):

Liz Anderson [3301 Silver Lake Road, St. Anthony, MN 55418] [612-706-1170; communications@isd282.org]

Legal References: Minn. Stat. Ch. 13 (Minnesota Government Data Practices Act)

Minn. Stat. § 13.01 (Government Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.02 (Definitions)

Minn. Stat. § 13.025 (Government Entity Obligation) Minn. Stat. § 13.03 (Access to Government Data) Minn. Stat. § 13.04 (Rights of Subjects to Data) Minn. Stat. § 13.05 (Duties of Responsible Authority) Minn. Stat. § 13.32 (Educational Data)

Minn. Rules Part 1205.0300 (Access to Public Data) Minn. Rules Part 1205.0400 (Access to Private Data)

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 406 (Public and Private Personnel Data)
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil Records)



AIPAC Recommendations for SANB School Board:

AIPAC Coordinator to provide and present current academic outcome data for all American Indian students at ISD 282 to the AIPAC members September 13th, 2023 and May 15th, 2024.

AIPAC Coordinator to prepare and present information on the number of American Indian students (1st semester, 9/12/2023 and 2nd semester 2/6/24).

AIPAC Coordinator to prepare and present an infrastructure plan for AIPAC to ensure compliance moving forward by 9/12/2023.

AIPAC Coordinator to provide an updated Indian Education budget as well as how previous funding has been spent (9/12/2023 and 2/6/24).

AIPAC Coordinator, in collaboration with the AIPAC members, will set quarterly meeting dates for AIPAC meetings by 9/15/2023).

AIPAC members agree on and set at minimum two family engagement activities/nights (August Welcome Back families 23' and April 24').

AIPAC Coordinator/Liaison will plan training for staff on American Indian Culture and History via Tribal Nations Education Committee during Professional development days for staff (Oct. 18th 2023 and February 19th 2024). Materials that will be used will follow guidelines covering: professional development, student engagement resources, and parent/community involvement opportunities to continue to give well deserved understanding and meaning to the traditions and how they have been underrepresented in educational systems, while building a plan of action that will give our district a better understanding of the needs of our American Indian community.

AIPAC Liaison and Parent members will plan communications for activities in and around the St. Anthony community for American Indian month beginning Nov. 1, 2023 via newsletter/publication. (*Events that have been mentioned by parents include: 'Our Home: Native Minnesota Exhibit', Indigenous Food Lab, American Indian Cultural Corridor, and community Pow Wows.)

These activities will help to promote and reinforce students' self image while embracing indigenous culture (guest speakers, academic resources and literature, field trips, etc).

AIPAC members will develop as part of the budget a plan for athletics and activities in order to support students participating in school, neighborhood, and community activities (i.e. fee payments, breaking down participation barriers, tutoring services to better reflect and represent students and families in the St. Anthony educational community).

Draft

Success Metrics Goals for 2023-2024

Success Metric	Academic Excellence: Students think critically and apply their acquired knowledge and skills to solve problems.							
Essential Learning Target		Students in St. Anthony New Brighton schools exhibit deep and meaningful learning.						
Performance Task	By the spring of 2024, 75% of K-3 students will reach the reading proficiency benchmark as measured by FAST.	We will increase the number of special education students who meet or exceed proficiency in Reading by 5% or more, as measured by the 2023-2024 FAST screeners	We will increase the proficiency of each of the following groups of students by 5% or more as measured by the 2024 MCA Reading and Math test in grades K-8. Listed as shown on MDE-SPED F/RL ELL Asian African American Hispanic	By the spring of 2024, 60 % of junior students taking the ACT will earn at least a composite score of 22.	By the spring of 2024, 40% of all students assessed will have met CCR benchmarks in all four subject areas as measured by 2024 ACT.	100 % of the students who attend preschool at St. Anthony Community Services during the 23-24 school year and enter Kindergarten in the fall of 2024, will meet expectations as measured by the Teaching Strategies Gold Assessment.	100% of SAVHS Seniors in the graduation class of 2024 will conclude their senior year in either the "graduating" or "continuing" categories of the cohort-adjusted graduation rate calculation.	
What we do or We do this by:	Creating an instructional framework that outlines instructional expectations Create clear and focused End of	Creating an instructional framework that outlines instructional expectations Create clear and focused End of	Creating an instructional framework that outlines instructional expectations Create clear and focused End of	Conduct staff evaluations, observations, and walkthroughs Create a schedule that reflects the school and district values and vision and allows for	T&L Department district-wide, department-based professional development aligned with the district curriculum review process Conduct staff	Create a professional development plan for early childhood teachers. Prioritize time to collaborate with the Teaching and Learning	T&L Department district-wide, department-based professional development aligned with the district curriculum review process Conduct staff	

				Ι		
Year Expectations	Year Expectations	Year Expectations	department	evaluations,	Department and/or	evaluations,
			collaboration	observations, and	Tamika to design	observations, and
Developing a data	Developing a data	Developing a data		walkthroughs	learning	walkthroughs
infrastructure so	infrastructure so	infrastructure so	Build effective		progressions.	Create a schedule
teachers access to	teachers access to	teachers access to	leadership team	Create a schedule		that reflects the
the data they need	the data they need	the data they need	that collaborates	that reflects the		school and district
to make	to make	to make	and makes	school and district		values and vision
instructional	instructional	instructional	school-wide	values and vision		and allows for
decisions	decisions	decisions	decisions	and allows for		department
				department		collaboration
Design and lead	Lead review of data	T&L Department	Establish a WIN	collaboration		
professional	at child study	district-wide,	program that is			Build effective
development for	meetings with	department-based	meaningful and	Build effective		leadership team
the self-selected	protocols and a	professional	engaging for	leadership team		that collaborates
literacy cohort	structure for	development	students	that collaborates		and makes
aligned to RRR in	reviewing student	aligned with the		and makes		school-wide
the Science of	data.	district curriculum	Establish a	school-wide		decisions
Reading (SOR)		review process	universal protocol	decisions		
PreK-12	Provide PD and		for identifying and			Establish a WIN
	coaching around	Lead development	requesting	Establish a WIN		program that is
Design and lead	interventions and	and	students (including	program that is		meaningful and
professional	gathering and	implementation of	difference between	meaningful and		engaging for
development and	analyzing relevant	EL/ML Learning	high, medium, and	engaging for		students
provide ongoing	data.	Progressions (at	low priority)	students		
support for K-5		least 1 per EL/ML				Establish a
teachers on the	Create	teacher) that are	Collaborate with	Establish a		universal protocol
implementation	structure/system	aligned with the	leadership team to	universal protocol		for identifying and
and evaluation of	to measure growth	2020 WIDA	decide best	for identifying and		requesting
universal	of IEP goals.	Standards	program practices	requesting		students (including
screeners, progress				students (including		difference between
monitoring, and		Lead EL/ML staff to	Create a system to	difference between		high, medium, and
curricular		collaborate with	monitor student	high, medium, and		low priority)
resources		Gen Ed teachers to	improvement to be	low priority)		
		explicitly embed	shared out			Collaborate with
Develop and lead		language	monthly with staff	Collaborate with		leadership team to
MTSS systems for		acquisition		leadership team to		decide best
literacy		practices in their	Create	decide best		program practices
		learning	opportunities for	program practices		
Co-lead and		progression and/or	small groups to			Create a system to
co-design with the		assessment system	meet during WIN	Create a system to		monitor student
T&L Department			time -Establish	monitor student		improvement to be
district-wide,		Lead EL/ML staff	student	improvement to be		shared out
department-based		through a book	accountability	shared out		monthly with staff
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CRT and Toby Dr. Zar Hammond Support to learning home support independ learners in classroom. Provide ti structure level tean Multilinguand Interventimeet and units with entry point.	nent with the urriculum ocess nal nent using The Brain retta d to eachers in now to lent n the n. lime and for grade ns, ual, Sped lionists to I build n multiple nts and	study on gaining skills to better partner with gen ed teachers	system aligned with appropriate disciplinary responses	monthly with staff Create opportunities for small groups to meet during WIN time -Establish student accountability system aligned with appropriate disciplinary responses		Create opportunities for small groups to meet during WIN time -Establish student accountability system aligned with appropriate disciplinary responses
learning h support independ learners i	ent n the					
structure level tean Multiling	for grade ns,					
Interventi meet and units with	build n multiple nts and					
Develop a team mad our interv team that bi-weekly	de up of ventionist t meets					

Success Metric Standard	Student Wellness: Students holistically develop an adaptive skill-set that includes empathy, self-advocacy, teamwork, communication, inclusion and interpersonal abilities, and coping skills to thrive in a constantly changing world. Students are equipped to navigate demands and opportunities they encounter, enabling them to enjoy meaningful, productive, healthy lives.				
Essential Learning Target	Students in St. Anthony N	lew Brighton schools exhibit physical, emot	ional, and social well being.		
Performance Task	All students have a connection with a caring adult within the school system, beyond their parent or guardian. (use panorama)	We will increase the number of students participating in a school-sponsored activity for grades 7-12 by 5%.	We will collect baseline data regarding Physical Education metrics (i.e. Pacer, Pull-Ups) and Student use of weight room.		
What we do or We do this by:	Create the MTSS process for academics, SEL, and student mental health Implement and progress monitor the MTSS process at each site for each area	Develop and implement intramural offerings for students 9-12.	Coordinate and develop strength and fitness programming and instruction		

Success Metric Standard	Love of Learning: Even when confronted with challenges, students have the capacity, motivation, and persistence to acquire new knowledge and skills, creatively seek out solutions, and confidently take action.				
Essential Learning Target	Students in St. Anthony New Brighton schools will enhance their brilliance by developing a robust love of learning.				
Performance Task	By the end of 9th grade, all students will have identified their interests, goals, and a vision for their future - using Xello	Determine the percentage (get baseline data) of SAVHS students who, by end of their senior year, have completed at least a course that is potentially post-secondary crediting bearing (College in the Schools, Post-Secondary Educational Option, Advanced Placement, CTE at 916).			
What we do or We do this by:	5th Grade Capstone, 8th Grade Capstone and 9th Grade Husky Seminar.	Design a Pathways system at SAVHS: CTE, Career, College (Post-Grad), PSEO, AP, CIS, Capstones.			

Success Metric Standard	Positive Contributor to Society: Students understand their brilliance as well as their rights and responsibilities as an individual, and as a member of society. Students can reflect on the needs of a diverse community, activating their resourcefulness, intellect, and skills to positively and authentically contribute to and serve their community.				
Essential Learning Target	Students in St. Anthony New Brighton schools exhibit ethical and educated engagement as a citizen of the community.				
Performance Task	We will collectively contribute over 5000 Service Learning Hours to our community and surrounding area throughout the 23-24 school year. St. Anthony New Brighton students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or al always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or all always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or all always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or all always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or all always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering "extremely or always" to the statement " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11 answering " I accept per are different from me" on the MN students in 8,9 and 11				
What we do or We do this by:	National Honor Society Kiwanis Student Clubs: K-Kids, Builders Club, Key Club. Athletic + Activities service learning requirements.	Capture teachable moments using life lessons and moral - performance character using weekly lessons.			



MSBA/MASA Model Policy - 102 Orig. 1995 - Rev. 2015 -

Rev.2016, Rev. 2020 Adopted October 6,

2020, Adopted 2023

102 EQUAL EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that equal educational opportunity is provided for all students of the school district.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. The policy of the school district is to provide equal educational opportunity for all students. The school district does not unlawfully discriminate on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, gender, marital status, parental status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, sexual orientation, or age. The school district also makes reasonable accommodations for disabled students.
- B. Students with disabilities are entitled to a free appropriate public education that includes general education, special education, and/or related aids and services. The district will provide to students with disabilities appropriate educational services designed to meet the individual needs of such students to the same extent as the needs of students without disabilities are met.
- C. The school district prohibits the harassment of any individual for any of the categories listed above. For information about the types of conduct that constitute violation of the school district's policy on harassment and violence and the school district's procedures for addressing such complaints, refer to the school district's policy on harassment and violence.
- D. This policy applies to all areas of education including academics, coursework, co-curricular and extracurricular activities, or other rights or privileges of enrollment.
- E. Every school district employee shall be responsible for complying with this policy conscientiously.
- F. Any student, parent, or guardian having a question regarding this policy should discuss it with the appropriate school district official as provided by policy. In the absence of a specific designee, an inquiry or a complaint should be referred to the superintendent.
- G. The school district shall provide equal opportunity for members of each sex and to members of all races and ethnicities to participate in its athletic program. In determining whether equal opportunity to participate in athletic programs is available for the purposes of this law, at least the following factors shall be considered to the extent that they are applicable to a given situation: whether the opportunity for males and females to participate in the athletic program reflects the demonstrated interest in athletics of the males and females in the student body of the educational institution; whether the opportunity for members of all races and ethnicities to

participate in the athletic program reflects the demonstrated interest in athletics of members of all races and ethnicities in the student body of the educational institution; whether the variety and selection of sports and levels of competition effectively accommodate the demonstrated interests of members of each sex; whether the variety and selection of sports and levels of competition effectively accommodate the demonstrated interests of members of all races and ethnicities; the provision of equipment and supplies; scheduling of games and practice times; assignment of coaches; provision of locker rooms; practice and competitive facilities; and the provision of necessary funds for teams of one sex.

- H. The school board hereby designates Wendy Webster (office is at 3301 Silver Lake Rd. NE, St. Anthony, MN 55418; phone is 612-706-1170; e-mail is wwebster@stanthony.k12.mn.us as its Title IX coordinator. This employee coordinates the school district's efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under Title IX.
- I. Any student, parent, or guardian having questions regarding the application of Title IX and its regulations and/or this policy should discuss them with the Title IX coordinator. Questions relating solely to Title IX and its regulations may be referred to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Education. In the absence of a specific designee, an inquiry or complaint should be referred to the superintendent or the school district human rights officer.

III. COORDINATOR

A. Persons who have questions or comments should contact Wilshire Park Principal, Kari Page; address—3600 Higherest Rd., St. Anthony, MN 55418; telephone number—612 706 1201. This person is the school district's Americans with Disabilities Act/Section 504 coordinator.

IV. GRIEVANCE REPORTING PROCEDURE

A. Refer to procedure 103.1- Grievance Procedure for Complaints of Discrimination

B. TITLE IX COORDINATOR
Wendy Webster
3303 33rd Ave NE
St. Anthony, MN 55418
612-706-1170
wwebster@isd282.org

SECTION 504 COORDINATOR

Kari Page Hope Fagerland
3600 Higherest Rd NE 3303 33rd Ave
Minneapolis, MN 55418
612 706 1201612-706-1000
kpage@isd282.org hfagerland@isd282.org

C. A student, parent, or employee can file a complaint with OCR at any time at:

Office for Civil Rights

Chicago Office U.S. Department of Education John C. Kluczynski Federal Building 230 S. Dearborn Street, 37th Floor Chicago, IL 60604

Telephone: 312-730-1560 Facsimile: (312) 730-1576 Email: OCR.Chicago@ed.gov

D. Students, parents, and employees may file a complaint of discrimination with:

Minnesota Department of Human Rights

Griggs Midway Building

540 Fairview Avenue North, Suite 201

St. Paul, MN 55104

Telephone: 1-800-657-3704 or (651) 539 1100

Email: Info.mdhr@state.mn.us

E. Employees may file a complaint of discrimination with:

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission

Towle Building

330 South 2nd Avenue, Suite 720

Minneapolis, MN 55401 Telephone: (612) 552-7306

Fax: (612) 335-4066 TTY: 1-800-669-4000

ASL Video Phone: 1-844-234-5122

This document provides general information and is not to be a substitute for legal advice. Changes in the law, including timelines for filing a complaint, may affect your rights.

V. RESOURCES:

Office for Civil Rights

Chicago Office

U.S. Department of Education John C. Kluczynski Federal Building

230 S. Dearborn Street, 37th Floor

Chicago, IL 60604

Telephone: 312-730-1560 Facsimile: (312) 730-1576 Email: OCR.Chicago@ed.gov

Reading Room, U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights:

http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/publications.html

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 121A.03, Subd. 2 (Sexual, Religious, and Racial Harassment

and Violence Policy)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 363A (Minnesota Human Rights Act) 20 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.* (Title IX of the Education

Amendments of 1972)

42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq. (Americans with Disabilities

Act)

34 C.F.R. Section 104.7(b) (Section 504 of the

Rehabilitation Act)

34 C.F.R. Section 106.8(b) (Title IX of the Education

Amendments of 1972)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 402 (Disability

Nondiscrimination) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence) MSBA/MASA Model Policy

521 (Student Disability Nondiscrimination) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 522 (Student Sex

Nondiscrimination)

504 STUDENT DRESS AND APPEARANCE

1. **PURPOSE:** The purpose of this policy is to enhance the education of students by establishing expectations of dress and grooming that are related to educational goals and community standards.

2. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- 2.1. It is the policy of this school district to encourage students to be dressed appropriately for school activities and in keeping with community standards. This is a joint responsibility of the student and the student's parent(s) or guardian(s).
- 2.2. A student's clothing or appearance may not materially and substantially disrupt or interfere with the educational mission, school environment, classwork, or school activities. A student's dress or appearance may not incite or contribute to substantial disorder or invasion of the rights of others or pose a threat to the health or safety of the students or others.
- 2.3. There are two basic principles/rules that govern our dress code:
 - 2.3.1. Certain body parts must be covered for all students
 - 2.3.2. Genitals, buttocks, chest, and nipples must be fully covered by opaque fabric. This does not include cleavage, midriff, or shoulders as part of this standard.
 - 2.3.2.1. Students must wear
 - 2.3.2.2. A shirt with opaque fabric in the front, the back, and on the sides under the arms
 - 2.3.2.3. Pants/jeans/shorts or the equivalent
 - 2.3.2.4. Shoes or footwear
- 2.4. Dress and grooming on a school location must be appropriate to the school setting and not be lewd*, obscene*, abusive* related, or discriminatory.
 - 2.4.1. *Lewd and Obscene is defined as follows:
 - 2.4.1.1. The average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that the clothing taken as a whole appeals to the prurient interest of minors of like age;
 - 2.4.1.2. The clothing depicts or describes sexual conduct in a manner that is patently offensive to prevailing standards in the adult community concerning how such conduct should be presented to minors of like age, and
 - 2.4.1.3. The clothing taken as a whole lacks serious literary, artistic, political or scientific value for minors.
 - 2.4.2. *Abusive is defined as insulting, contemptuous or defamatory.
 - 2.4.2.1. Wearing clothing that includes words or pictures which are obscene, vulgar, abusive, and discriminatory or which promote or advertise alcohol, chemical, tobacco, guns /weapons or any other product that is illegal for use by minors.
 - 2.4.2.2. Wearing clothing and other items or grooming in a manner that represents and/or promotes threat /hate groups, hate speech, or written or expressed language that creates a hostile or intimidating environment based on any protected class or consistently marginalized group
 - <u>2.4.2.3.</u> Wearing of clothing or grooming that poses a threat to the health and safety of others.
 - 2.4.2.3.2.4.2.4. Hair, including but not limited to hair texture and hair styles such as braids, locks, and twists.
- 2.5. Students Cannot Wear:
 - 2.5.1.1. Any item that obscures the face, except as a religious observation or for medical reasons (no masks or face paint).

- 2.5.1.2. Any clothing that reveals visible undergarments (visible waistbands on undergarments or visible straps on undergarments worn under other clothing are allowed as long as the basic principles of dress and grooming are upheld).
- 2.5.1.3. No backpacks during the school day. Backpacks must be stored in locker during the school day.
- 2.6. It is not the intention of this policy to abridge the rights of students to express political, religious, philosophical, or similar opinions by wearing apparel on which such messages are stated. Such messages are acceptable as long as they are not lewd, vulgar, obscene, defamatory, profane or do not advocate violence or harassment against others.
- 2.7. "Gang," as defined in this policy, means any ongoing organization, association or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more criminal acts, which has an identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or whose members engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity. "Pattern of gang activity" means the commission, attempt to commit, conspiring to commit, or solicitation of two or more criminal acts, provided the criminal acts were committed on separate dates or by two or more persons who are members of or belong to the same criminal street gang.

3. **PROCEDURES**

- 3.1. When, in the judgment of the administration, a student's appearance, grooming, or mode of dress interferes with or disrupts the educational process or school activities, or poses a threat to the health or safety of the student or others, the student will be directed to make modifications or will be sent home for the day. Parents/guardians will be notified.
- 3.2. The administration may recommend a form of dress considered appropriate for a specific event and communicate the recommendation to students and parents/guardians. A school district or charter school must not prohibit an American Indian student from wearing American Indian regalia, Tribal regalia, or objects of cultural significance at a graduation ceremony.
- 3.3. Likewise, an organized student group may recommend a form of dress for students considered appropriate for a specific event and make such recommendation to the administration for approval.
- 3.4. Students may be asked to remove hats or hoods for educational or safety reasons

Legal References:

- U. S. Const., amend. I Tinker v. Des Moines Indep. Sch. Dist., 393 U.S. 503, 89 S.Ct. 733, 21 L.Ed.2d
- 731 (1969) Stephenson v. Davenport Cmty. Sch. Dist., 110 F.3d 1303 (8 Cir. 1997)
- D.B. ex rel. Brogdon v. Lafen, 217 Fed.Appx. 518 (6 Cir. 2007)
- B.W.A. v. Farmington R-7 Sch. Dist., 508 F.Supp.2d 740 (E.D. Mo. 2007) Harper v. Poway Unified Sch. Dist., 545
 F.Supp.2d 1072 (S.D. Cal. 2007) Madrid v. Anthony, 510 F.Supp.2d 425 (S.D. Tex. 2007) Lowry v. Watson Chapel Sch. Dist., 508 F.Supp.2d 713 (E.D. Ark. 2007) Hicks v. Halifax County Bd. of Educ., 93 F.Supp.2d 649 (E.D. N.C. 1999) McIntire v. Bethel School, Indep. Sch. Dist. No. 3, 804 F.Supp. 1415, 78 Educ. L.Rep. 828
- (W.D. Okla. 1992) Olesen v. Board of Educ. of Sch. Dist. No. 228, 676 F.Supp. 820, 44 Educ. L.Rep. 205 (N.D. Ill. 1987)

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)
 MSBA/MASA Model Policy 525 (Violence Prevention)



Orig. 1995 Rev. Oct. 4, 2022

Rev. Sept. X, 2023

506 STUDENT DISCIPLINE

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that students are aware of and comply with the school district's expectations for student conduct. Such compliance will enhance the school district's ability to maintain discipline and ensure that there is no interference with the educational process. The school district will take appropriate disciplinary action when students fail to adhere to the Code of Student Conduct established by this policy.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The school board recognizes that individual responsibility and mutual respect are essential components of the educational process. The school board further recognizes that nurturing the maturity of each student is of primary importance and is closely linked with the balance that must be maintained between authority and self-discipline as the individual progresses from a child's dependence on authority to the more mature behavior of self-control.

All students are entitled to learn and develop in a setting which promotes respect of self, others, and property. Proper positive discipline can only result from an environment which provides options and stresses student self-direction, decision-making, and responsibility. Schools can function effectively only with internal discipline based on mutual understanding of rights and responsibilities.

Students must conduct themselves in an appropriate manner that maintains a climate in which learning can take place. Overall decorum affects student attitudes and influences student behavior. Proper student conduct is necessary to facilitate the education process and to create an atmosphere conducive to high student achievement.

Although this policy emphasizes the development of self-discipline, it is recognized that there are instances when it will be necessary to administer disciplinary measures. The position of the school district is that a fair and equitable district-wide student discipline policy will contribute to the quality of the student's educational experience. This discipline policy is adopted in accordance with and subject to the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56.

In view of the foregoing and in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 121A.55, the school board, with the participation of school district administrators, teachers, employees, students, parents, community members, and such other individuals and organizations as appropriate, has developed this policy which governs student conduct and applies to all students of the school district.

HI. DEFINITIONS

A. "Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices" means policies and practices that are alternatives to dismissing a pupil from school, including but not limited to evidence-based positive behavior interventions and supports, social and emotional services, school-linked mental health services, counseling services, social work services, academic screening for Title 1 services or reading interventions, and alternative education services. Nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices include but are not limited to the policies and practices under sections 120B.12; 121A.575, clauses (1) and (2); 121A.031, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1); 121A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (r); and 122A.627, clause (3).

B. "Pupil withdrawal agreement" means a verbal or written agreement between a school administrator or district administrator and a pupil's parent to withdraw a student from the school district to avoid expulsion or exclusion dismissal proceedings. The duration of the withdrawal agreement cannot be for more than a 12-month period.

IV. **POLICY**

- A. The school board must establish uniform criteria for dismissal and adopt written policies and rules to effectuate the purposes of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act. The policies must include nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and practices consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.41, subdivision 12, and must emphasize preventing dismissals through early detection of problems. The policies must be designed to address students' inappropriate behavior from recurring.
- B. The policies must recognize the continuing responsibility of the school for the education of the pupil during the dismissal period.
- C. The school is responsible for ensuring that alternative educational services, if the pupil wishes to take advantage of them, must be adequate to allow the pupil to make progress toward meeting the graduation standards adopted under Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.02 and help prepare the pupil for readmission in accordance with section Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.46, subdivision 5.
- D. For expulsion and exclusion dismissals and pupil withdrawal agreements as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.41, subdivision 13:
 - 1. for a pupil who remains enrolled in the school district or is awaiting enrollment in a new district, the school district's continuing responsibility includes reviewing the pupil's schoolwork and grades on a quarterly basis to ensure the pupil is on track for readmission with the pupil's peers. The school district must communicate on a regular basis with the pupil's parent or quardian to ensure that the pupil is completing the work assigned through the alternative educational services as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.41, subdivision 11. These services are required until the pupil enrolls in another school or returns to the same school;
 - 2. a pupil receiving school-based or school-linked mental health services in the school district under Minnesota Statutes, section 245.4889 continues to be eligible for those services until the pupil is enrolled in a new district; and
 - 3. the school district must provide to the pupil's parent or guardian information on accessing mental health services, including any free or sliding fee providers in the community. The information must also be posted on the school district website.

V. AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

- A. <u>The School Board</u>. The school board holds all school personnel responsible for the maintenance of order within the school district and supports all personnel acting within the framework of this discipline policy.
- B. <u>Superintendent</u>. The superintendent shall establish guidelines and directives to carry out this policy, hold all school personnel, students, and parents responsible for conforming to this policy, and support all school personnel performing their duties within the framework of this policy. The superintendent shall also establish guidelines and directives for using the services of appropriate agencies for assisting students and parents. Any guidelines or directives established to implement this policy shall be submitted to the school board for approval and shall be attached as an addendum to this policy.
- C. <u>Principal</u>. The school principal is given the responsibility and authority to formulate building rules and regulations necessary to enforce this policy, subject to final school board approval. The principal shall give direction and support to all school personnel performing their duties within the framework of this policy. The principal shall consult with parents of students conducting themselves in a manner contrary to the policy. The principal shall also involve other professional employees in the disposition of behavior referrals and shall make use of those agencies appropriate for assisting students and parents. A principal, in exercising his or her lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to correct or restrain a student toor prevent imminent bodily harm or death to the student or another.
- D. <u>Teachers</u>. All teachers shall be responsible for providing a well-planned teaching/learning environment and shall have primary responsibility for student conduct, with appropriate assistance from the administration. All teachers shall enforce the Code of Student Conduct. In exercising the teacher's lawful authority, a teacher may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to correct or restrain a student toor prevent imminent bodily harm or death to the student or another.
- E. <u>Other School District Personnel</u>. All school district personnel shall be responsible for contributing to the atmosphere of mutual respect within the school. Their responsibilities relating to student behavior shall be as authorized and directed by the superintendent. A school employee, school bus driver, or other

agent of a school district, in exercising his or her lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to restrain a student <u>toor</u> prevent bodily harm or death to <u>the</u> student or another.

- F. <u>Parents or Legal Guardians</u>. Parents and guardians shall be held responsible for the behavior of their children as determined by law and community practice. They are expected to cooperate with school authorities and to participate regarding the behavior of their children.
- G. <u>Students</u>. All students shall be held individually responsible for their behavior and for knowing and obeying the Code of Student Conduct and this policy.
- H. <u>Community Members</u>. Members of the community are expected to contribute to the establishment of an atmosphere in which rights and duties are effectively acknowledged and fulfilled.

I. Reasonable Force Reports

- 1. The school district must report data on its use of any reasonable force used on a student with a disability to correct or restrain the student to prevent imminent bodily harm or death to the student or another that is consistent with the definition of physical holding under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.0941, paragraph (c), as outlined in section 125A.0942, subdivision 3, paragraph (b).
- 2. Beginning with the 2024-2025 school year, the school district must report annually by July 15, in a form and manner determined by the MDE Commissioner, data from the prior school year about any reasonable force used on a general education student to correct or restrain the student to prevent imminent bodily harm or death to the student or another that is consistent with the definition of physical holding under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.0941, paragraph (c).
- 3. Any reasonable force used under Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.582; 609.06, subdivision 1; and 609.379 which intends to hold a child immobile or limit a child's movement where body contact is the only source of physical restraint or confines a child alone in a room from which egress is barred shall be reported to the Minnesota Department of Education as a restrictive procedure, including physical holding or seclusion used by an unauthorized or untrained staff person.

<u>I.</u>

VIIV. STUDENT RIGHTS

All students have the right to an education and the right to learn.

VII. STUDENT RESPONSIBILITIES

All students have the responsibility:

- A. For their behavior and for knowing and obeying all school rules, regulations, policies, and procedures;
- B. To attend school daily, except when excused, and to be on time to all classes and other school functions;
- To pursue and attempt to complete the courses of study prescribed by the state and local school authorities;
- D. To make necessary arrangements for making up work when absent from school;
- E. To assist the school staff in maintaining a safe school for all students;
- F. To be aware of all school rules, regulations, policies, and procedures, including those in this policy, and to conduct themselves in accord with them;
- G. To assume that until a rule or policy is waived, altered, or repealed, it is in full force and effect;
- H. To be aware of and comply with federal, state, and local laws;
- I. To volunteer information in disciplinary cases should they have any knowledge relating to such cases and to cooperate with school staff as appropriate;
- J. To respect and maintain the school's property and the property of others;
- K. To dress and groom in a manner which meets standards of safety and health and common standards of

decency and which is consistent with applicable school district policy;

- L. To avoid inaccuracies in student newspapers or publications and refrain from indecent or obscene language;
- M. To conduct themselves in an appropriate physical or verbal manner; and
- N. To recognize and respect the rights of others.

VIII. CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT

- A. The following are examples of unacceptable behavior subject to disciplinary action by the school district. These examples are not intended to be an exclusive list. Any student who engages in any of these activities shall be disciplined in accordance with this policy. This policy applies to all school buildings, school grounds, and school property or property immediately adjacent to school grounds; school-sponsored activities or trips; school bus stops; school buses, school vehicles, school contracted vehicles, or any other vehicles approved for school district purposes; the area of entrance or departure from school premises or events; and all school-related functions, school-sponsored activities, events, or trips. School district property also may mean a student's walking route to or from school for purposes of attending school or school-related functions, activities, or events. While prohibiting unacceptable behavior subject to disciplinary action at these locations and events, the school district does not represent that it will provide supervision or assume liability at these locations and events. This policy also applies to any student whose conduct at any time or in any place interferes with or obstructs the mission or operations of the school district or the safety or welfare of the student, other students, or employees.
 - 1. Violations against property including, but not limited to, damage to or destruction of school property or the property of others, failure to compensate for damage or destruction of such property, arson, breaking and entering, theft, robbery, possession of stolen property, extortion, trespassing, unauthorized usage, or vandalism;
 - 2. The use of profanity or obscene language, or the possession of obscene materials;
 - 3. Gambling, including, but not limited to, playing a game of chance for stakes;
 - 4. Violation of the school district's Hazing Prohibition Policy;
 - 5. Attendance problems including, but not limited to, truancy, absenteeism, tardiness, skipping classes, or leaving school grounds without permission;
 - 6. Violation of the school district's Student Attendance Policy;
 - 7. Opposition to authority using physical force or violence;
 - 8. Using, possessing, or distributing tobacco, tobacco-related devices, electronic cigarettes, or tobacco paraphernalia in violation of the school district's Tobacco-Free Environment; Possession and Use of Tobacco, Tobacco-Related Devices, and Electronic Delivery Devices Policy:
 - 9. Using, possessing, distributing, intending to distribute, making a request to another person for (solicitation), or being under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicating substances or lookalike substances;
 - 10. Using, possessing, distributing, intending to distribute, making a request to another person for (solicitation), or being under the influence of narcotics, drugs, or other controlled substances (except as prescribed by a physician), or look-alike substances (these prohibitions include medical marijuana or medical cannabis, even when prescribed by a physician, and one student sharing prescription medication with another student);
 - 11. Using, possessing, or distributing items or articles that are illegal or harmful to persons or property including, but not limited to, drug paraphernalia;
 - 12. Using, possessing, or distributing weapons, or look-alike weapons or other dangerous objects;
 - 13. Violation of the school district's Weapons Policy;
 - 14. Violation of the school district's Violence Prevention Policy;
 - 15. Possession of ammunition including, but not limited to, bullets or other projectiles designed to

- be used in or as a weapon;
- 16. Possession, use, or distribution of explosives or any compound or mixture, the primary or common purpose or intended use of which is to function as an explosive;
- 17. Possession, use, or distribution of fireworks or any substance or combination of substances or article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or an audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration or detonation;
- 18. Using an ignition device, including a butane or disposable lighter or matches, inside an educational building and under circumstances where there is a risk of fire, except where the device is used in a manner authorized by the school;
- 19. Violation of any local, state, or federal law as appropriate;
- 20. Acts disruptive of the educational process, including, but not limited to, disobedience, disruptive or disrespectful behavior, defiance of authority, cheating, insolence, insubordination, failure to identify oneself, improper activation of fire alarms, or bomb threats;
- 21. Violation of the school district's Internet Acceptable Use and Safety Policy;
- 22. <u>Use of a cell phone in violation of the school district's Technology Acceptable Use and Safety Policy</u>; Possession of nuisance devices or objects which cause distractions and may facilitate cheating including, but not limited to, pagers, radios, and phones, including picture phones;
- 23. Violation of school bus or transportation rules or the school district's Student Transportation Safety Policy;
- 24. Violation of parking or school traffic rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, driving on school property in such a manner as to endanger persons or property;
- 25. Violation of directives or guidelines relating to lockers or improperly gaining access to a school locker;
- 26. Violation of the school district's Search of Student Lockers, Desks, Personal Possessions, and Student's Person Policy;
- 27. Violation of the school district's Student Use and Parking of Motor Vehicles; Patrols, Inspections, and Searches Policy;
- 28. Possession or distribution of slanderous, libelous, or pornographic materials;
- 29. Violation of the school district' Bullying Prohibition Policy;
- 30. Student attire or personal grooming which creates a danger to health or safety or creates a disruption to the educational process, including clothing which bears a message which is lewd, vulgar, or obscene, apparel promoting products or activities that are illegal for use by minors, or clothing containing objectionable emblems, signs, words, objects, or pictures communicating a message that is racist, sexist, or otherwise derogatory to a protected minority group or which connotes gang membership;
- 31. Criminal activity;
- 32. Falsification of any records, documents, notes, or signatures;
- 33. Tampering with, changing, or altering records or documents of the school district by any method including, but not limited to, computer access or other electronic means;
- 34. Scholastic dishonesty which includes, but is not limited to, cheating on a school assignment or test, plagiarism, or collusion, including the use of picture phones or other technology to accomplish this end;
- 35. Impertinent or disrespectful words, symbols, acronyms, or language, whether oral or written, related to teachers or other school district personnel;
- 36. Violation of the school district's Harassment and Violence Policy;

- 37. Actions, including fighting or any other assaultive behavior, which causes or could cause injury to the student or other persons or which otherwise endangers the health, safety, or welfare of teachers, students, other school district personnel, or other persons;
- 38. Committing an act which inflicts great bodily harm upon another person, even though accidental or a result of poor judgment;
- 39. Violations against persons, including, but not limited to, assault or threatened assault, fighting, harassment, interference or obstruction, attack with a weapon, or look-alike weapon, sexual assault, illegal or inappropriate sexual conduct, or indecent exposure;
- 40. Verbal assaults or verbally abusive behavior including, but not limited to, use of words, symbols, acronyms, or language, whether oral or written, that are discriminatory, abusive, obscene, threatening, intimidating, degrading to other people, or threatening to school property;
- 41. Physical or verbal threats including, but not limited to, the staging or reporting of dangerous or hazardous situations that do not exist;
- 42. Inappropriate, abusive, threatening, or demeaning actions based on race, color, creed, religion, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, national origin, or sexual orientation;
- 43. Violation of the school district's Distribution of Nonschool-Sponsored Materials on School Premises by Students and Employees Policy;
- 44. Violation of the school district's one-to-one device rules and regulations;
- 45. Violation of school rules, regulations, policies, or procedures, including, but not limited to, those policies specifically enumerated in this policy;
- 46. Other acts, as determined by the school district, which are disruptive of the educational process or dangerous or detrimental to the student or other students, school district personnel or surrounding persons, or which violate the rights of others or which damage or endanger the property of the school, or which otherwise interferes with or obstruct the mission or operations of the school district or the safety or welfare of students or employees.

IX. RECESS AND OTHER BREAKS

- A. "Recess detention" means excluding or excessively delaying a student from participating in a scheduled recess period as a consequence for student behavior. Recess detention does not include, among other things, providing alternative recess at the student's choice.
- B. The school district is encouraged to ensure student access to structured breaks from the demands of school and to support teachers, principals, and other school staff in their efforts to use evidence-based approaches to reduce exclusionary forms of discipline.
- C. The school district must not use recess detention unless:
 - a student causes or is likely to cause serious physical harm to other students or staff;
 - 2. the student's parent or quardian specifically consents to the use of recess detention; or
 - 3. for students receiving special education services, the student's individualized education program team has determined that withholding recess is appropriate based on the individualized needs of the student.
- D. The school district must not withhold recess from a student based on incomplete schoolwork.
- E. The school district must require school staff to make a reasonable attempt to notify a parent or quardian within 24 hours of using recess detention.
- F. The school district must compile information on each recess detention at the end of each school year, including the student's age, grade, gender, race or ethnicity, and special education status. This information must be available to the public upon request. The school district is encouraged to use the data in professional development promoting the use of nonexclusionary discipline.

G. The school district must not withhold or excessively delay a student's participation in scheduled mealtimes. This section does not alter a district or school's existing responsibilities under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.111 or other state or federal law.

XVII. DISCIPLINARY ACTION OPTIONS

The general policy of the school district is to utilize progressive discipline to the extent reasonable and appropriate based upon the specific facts and circumstances of student misconduct. The specific form of discipline chosen in a particular case is solely within the discretion of the school district. At a minimum, violation of school district rules, regulations, policies, or procedures will result in discussion of the violation and a verbal warning. The school district shall, however, impose more severe disciplinary sanctions for any violation, including exclusion or expulsion, if warranted by the student's misconduct, as determined by the school district. Disciplinary action may include, but is not limited to, one or more of the following:

- A. Student conference with teacher, principal, counselor, or other school district personnel, and verbal warning;
- B. Confiscation by school district personnel and/or by law enforcement of any item, article, object, or thing, prohibited by, or used in the violation of, any school district policy, rule, regulation, procedure, or state or federal law. If confiscated by the school district, the confiscated item, article, object, or thing will be released only to the parent/guardian following the completion of any investigation or disciplinary action instituted or taken related to the violation.
- C. Parent contact;
- D. Parent conference;
- E. Removal from class;
- F. In-school suspension;
- G. Suspension from extracurricular activities;
- H. Detention or restriction of privileges;
- Loss of school privileges;
- J. In-school monitoring or revised class schedule;
- K. Referral to in-school support services;
- L. Referral to community resources or outside agency services;
- M. Financial restitution;
- N. Referral to police, other law enforcement agencies, or other appropriate authorities;
- O. A request for a petition to be filed in district court for juvenile delinquency adjudication;
- P. Out-of-school suspension under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act;
- Q. Preparation of an admission or readmission plan;
- R. Saturday school;
- S. Expulsion under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act;
- T. Exclusion under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act; and/or
- U. Other disciplinary action as deemed appropriate by the school district.

XIVIII. REMOVAL OF STUDENTS FROM CLASS

A. The teacher of record shall have the general control and government of the classroom. Teachers have the responsibility of attempting to modify disruptive student behavior by such means as conferring with the student, using positive reinforcement, assigning detention or other consequences, or contacting the

student's parents. When such measures fail, or when the teacher determines it is otherwise appropriate based upon the student's conduct, the teacher shall have the authority to remove the student from class pursuant to the procedures established by this discipline policy. "Removal from class" and "removal" mean any actions taken by a teacher, principal, or other school district employee to prohibit a student from attending a class or activity period for a period of time not to exceed five (5) days, pursuant to this discipline policy.

Grounds for removal from class shall include any of the following:

- 1. Willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, including conduct that interferes with a teacher's ability to teach or communicate effectively with students in a class or with the ability of other students to learn;
- 2. Willful conduct that endangers surrounding persons, including school district employees, the student or other students, or the property of the school;
- 3. Willful violation of any school rules, regulations, policies or procedures, including the Code of Student Conduct in this policy; or
- 4. Other conduct, which in the discretion of the teacher or administration, requires removal of the student from class.

Such removal shall be for at least one (1) activity period or class period of instruction for a given course of study and shall not exceed five (5) such periods.

A student must be removed from class immediately if the student engages in assault or violent behavior. "Assault" is an act done with intent to cause fear in another of immediate bodily harm or death; or the intentional infliction of, or attempt to inflict, bodily harm upon another. The removal from class shall be for a period of time deemed appropriate by the principal, in consultation with the teacher.

- B. If a student is removed from class more than ten (10) times in a school year, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of the student's tenth removal from class and make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the student's parent or guardian to discuss the problem that is causing the student to be removed from class.
- C. School district discipline procedures will follow state statute.

[1] XII**IX.**

XIIIX. DISMISSAL

A. "Dismissal" means the denial of the current educational program to any student, including exclusion, expulsion and suspension. Dismissal does not include removal from class.

The school district shall not deny due process or equal protection of the law to any student involved in a dismissal proceeding which may result in suspension, exclusion or expulsion.

The school district shall not dismiss any student without attempting to <u>use nonexclusionary disciplinary policies and procedures provide alternative educational services</u> before dismissal proceedings, <u>pupil withdrawal agreements</u>, except where it appears that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property.

- B. Violations leading to suspension, based upon severity, may also be grounds for actions leading to expulsion, and/or exclusion. A student may be dismissed on any of the following grounds:
 - 1. Willful violation of any reasonable school board regulation, including those found in this policy;
 - 2. Willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, or the ability of school personnel to perform their duties, or school sponsored extracurricular activities; or
 - 3. Willful conduct that endangers the student or other students, or surrounding persons, including school district employees, or property of the school.

C. Disciplinary Dismissals Prohibited

- 1. A pupil enrolled in the following is not subject to dismissals under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act:
 - a. preschool or prekindergarten program, including an early childhood family education, school readiness, school readiness plus, voluntary prekindergarten, Head Start, or other school-based preschool or prekindergarten program; or

- b. kindergarten through Grade 3.
- 2. This section does not apply to a dismissal from school for less than one school day, except as provided under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 125A and federal law for a student receiving special education services.
- 3. Notwithstanding this section, expulsions and exclusions may be used only after resources outlined under Nonexclusionary discipline have been exhausted, and only in circumstances where there is an ongoing serious safety threat to the child or others.

D.C.—Suspension Procedures

- 1. "Suspension" means an action by the school administration, under rules promulgated by the School Board, prohibiting a student from attending school for a period of no more than ten (10) school days; provided, however, if a suspension is longer than five (5) school days, the suspending administrator shall provide the superintendent with a reason for the longer term of suspension. This definition does not apply to dismissal for one (1) school day or less where a student with a disability does not receive regular or special education instruction during that dismissal period.
- 2. School administration must allow a suspended pupil the opportunity to complete all school work assigned during the period of the pupil's suspension and to receive full credit for satisfactorily completing the assignments. The school principal or other person having administrative control of the school building or program is encouraged to designate a district or school employee as a liaison to work with the pupil's teachers to allow the suspended pupil to (1) receive timely course materials and other information, and (2) complete daily and weekly assignments and receive teachers' feedback.
- If a student's total days of removal from school exceed ten (10) cumulative days in a school year, the school district shall make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the student and the student's parent or guardian before subsequently removing the student from school and, with the permission of the parent or guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the student at the parent or guardian's expense. The purpose of this meeting is to attempt to determine the student's need for assessment or other services or whether the parent or guardian should have the student assessed or diagnosed to determine whether the student needs treatment for a mental health disorder.
- The definition of suspension under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.41, subdivision 10, 43. does not apply to a student's dismissal from school for one school day or less, except as provided under federal law for a student with a disability. Each suspension action may include a readmission plan. The plan shall include, where appropriate, a provision for implementing alternative educational services upon readmission which must not be used to extend the current suspension. A readmission plan must not obligate a parent or guardian to provide psychotropic drugs to their student as a condition of readmission. School administration must not use the refusal of a parent or guardian to consent to the administration of psychotropic drugs to their student or to consent to a psychiatric evaluation, screening, or examination of the student as a ground, by itself, to prohibit the student from attending class or participating in a school-related activity, or as a basis of a charge of child abuse, child neglect, or medical or educational neglect. The school administration may not impose consecutive suspensions against the same student for the same course of conduct, or incident of misconduct, except where the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property or where the school district is in the process of initiating an expulsion, in which case the school administration may extend the suspension to a total of fifteen (15) days.
- 54. A child with a disability may be suspended. When a child with a disability has been suspended for more than five (5) consecutive days or ten (10) cumulative school days in the same year, and that suspension does not involve a recommendation for expulsion or exclusion or other change in placement under federal law, relevant members of the child's IEP team, including at least one of the child's teachers, shall meet and determine the extent to which the child needs services in order to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the child's IEP. That meeting must occur as soon as possible, but no more than ten (10) days after the sixth (6th) consecutive day of suspension or the tenth (10th) cumulative day of suspension has elapsed.
- <u>Alternative education services must be provided to a pupil who is suspended for more than five (5) consecutive school days. The school administration shall implement alternative educational services when the suspension exceeds five (5) days.</u> Alternative educational services may include, but are not limited to, special tutoring, modified curriculum, modified

instruction, other modifications or adaptations, instruction through electronic media, special education services as indicated by appropriate assessments, homebound instruction, supervised homework, or enrollment in another district or in an alternative learning center under Minn. Stat. § 123A.05 selected to allow the student to progress toward meeting graduation standards under Minn. Stat. § 120B.02, although in a different setting.

- The school administration shall not suspend a student from school without an informal administrative conference with the student. The informal administrative conference shall take place before the suspension, except where it appears that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property, in which case the conference shall take place as soon as practicable following the suspension. At the informal administrative conference, a school administrator shall notify the student of the grounds for the suspension, provide an explanation of the evidence the authorities have, and the student may present the student's version of the facts. A separate administrative conference is required for each period of suspension.
- <u>87.</u> After school administration notifies a student of the grounds for suspension, school administration may, instead of imposing the suspension, seek an alternative to suspension.
- 98. A written notice containing the grounds for suspension, a brief statement of the facts, a description of the testimony, a readmission plan, and a copy of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56, shall be personally served upon the student at or before the time the suspension is to take effect, and upon the student's parent or guardian by mail within forty-eight (48) hours of the conference. (See attached sample Notice of Suspension.)
- <u>109</u>. The school administration shall make reasonable efforts to notify the student's parent or guardian of the suspension by telephone as soon as possible following suspension.
- <u>1110</u>. In the event a student is suspended without an informal administrative conference on the grounds that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to surrounding persons or property, the written notice shall be served upon the student and the student's parent or guardian within forty-eight (48) hours of the suspension. Service by mail shall be complete upon mailing.
- <u>12</u>11. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the student may be suspended pending the school board's decision in an expulsion or exclusion proceeding, provided that alternative educational services are implemented to the extent that suspension exceeds five (5) <u>consecutive school</u> days.

ED. Expulsion and Exclusion Procedures

- 1. "Expulsion" means a school board action to prohibit an enrolled student from further attendance for up to twelve (12) months from the date the student is expelled. The authority to expel rests with the school board.
- 2. "Exclusion" means an action taken by the school board to prevent enrollment or re-enrollment of a student for a period that shall not extend beyond the school year. The authority to exclude rests with the school board.
- 3. All expulsion and exclusion proceedings will be held pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§121A.40-121A.56.
- 4. No expulsion or exclusion shall be imposed without a hearing, unless the right to a hearing is waived in writing by the student and parent or guardian.
- 5. The student and parent or guardian shall be provided written notice of the school district's intent to initiate expulsion or exclusion proceedings. This notice shall be served upon the student and his or her parent or guardian personally or by mail, and shall contain a complete statement of the facts; a list of the witnesses and a description of their testimony; state the date, time and place of hearing; be accompanied by a copy of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56; describe the non exclusionary discipline practices alternative educational services accorded the student in an attempt to avoid the expulsion proceedings; and inform the student and parent or guardian of their right to: (1) have a representative of the student's own choosing, including legal counsel at the hearing; (2) examine the student's records before the hearing; (3) present evidence; and (4) confront and cross-examine witnesses. The school district shall advise the student's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from the Minnesota Department

of Education (MDE) and is posted on its website.

- 6. The hearing shall be scheduled within ten (10) days of the service of the written notice unless an extension, not to exceed five (5) days, is requested for good cause by the school district, student, parent, or quardian.
- 7. All hearings shall be held at a time and place reasonably convenient to the student, parent, or guardian and shall be closed, unless the student, parent, or guardian requests an open hearing.
- 8. The school district shall record the hearing proceedings at district expense, and a party may obtain a transcript at its own expense.
- 9. The student shall have a right to a representative of the student's own choosing, including legal counsel, at the student's sole expense. The school district shall advise the student's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from MDE. The school board may appoint an attorney to represent the school district in any proceeding.
- 10. If the student designates a representative other than the parent or guardian, the representative must have a written authorization from the student and the parent or guardian providing them with access to and/or copies of the student's records.
- 11. All expulsion or exclusion hearings shall take place before and be conducted by an independent hearing officer designated by the school district. The hearing shall be conducted in a fair and impartial manner. Testimony shall be given under oath and the hearing officer shall have the power to issue subpoenas and administer oaths.
- 12. At a reasonable time prior to the hearing, the student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative shall be given access to all school district records pertaining to the student, including any tests or reports upon which the proposed dismissal action may be based.
- 13. The student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative, shall have the right to compel the presence of any school district employee or agent or any other person who may have evidence upon which the proposed dismissal action may be based, and to confront and cross-examine any witnesses testifying for the school district.
- 14. The student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative, shall have the right to present evidence and testimony, including expert psychological or educational testimony.
- 15. The student cannot be compelled to testify in the dismissal proceedings.
- 16. The hearing officer shall prepare findings and a recommendation based solely upon substantial evidence presented at the hearing, which must be made to the school board and served upon the parties within two (2) days after the close of the hearing.
- 17. The school board shall base its decision upon the findings and recommendation of the hearing officer and shall render its decision at a meeting held within five (5) days after receiving the findings and recommendation. The school board may provide the parties with the opportunity to present exceptions and comments to the hearing officer's findings and recommendation provided that neither party presents any evidence not admitted at the hearing. The decision by the school board must be based on the record, must be in writing, and must state the controlling facts on which the decision is made in sufficient detail to apprise the parties and the Commissioner of Education (Commissioner) of the basis and reason for the decision.
- 18. A party to an expulsion or exclusion decision made by the school board may appeal the decision to the Commissioner within twenty-one (21) calendar days of school board action pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 121A.49. The decision of the school board shall be implemented during the appeal to the Commissioner.
- 19. The school district shall report any suspension, expulsion or exclusion action taken to the appropriate public service agency, when the student is under the supervision of such agency.
- 20. The school district must report, through the MDE electronic reporting system, each expulsion or exclusion within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the action to the Commissioner. This report must include a statement of alternative educational services given the student and the reason for, the effective date, and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion. The report must also include the student's age, grade, gender, race, and special education status. The dismissal report must include state student identification numbers of affected students.

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21. Whenever a student fails to return to school within ten (10) school days of the termination of dismissal, a school administrator shall inform the student and his/her parent or guardian by mail of the student's right to attend and to be reinstated in the school district.

XIII. ADMISSION OR READMISSION PLAN

A school administrator <u>mustshall</u> prepare and enforce an admission or readmission plan for any student who is excluded or expelled from school. The plan <u>mustmay</u> include measures to improve the student's behavior, <u>which may include including</u> completing a character education program consistent with Minn. Stat. § 120B.232, Subd. 1, <u>social and emotional learning</u>, <u>counseling</u>, <u>social work services</u>, <u>mental health services</u>, <u>referrals for special education or 504 evaluation</u>, and <u>evidence-based academic interventions</u>. The plan <u>must include reasonable attempts to obtain</u> and require parental involvement in the admission or readmission process, and may indicate the consequences to the student of not improving the student's behavior. The readmission plan must not obligate parents to provide a sympathomimetic medication for their child as a condition of readmission.

XIV. NOTIFICATION OF POLICY VIOLATIONS

Notification of any violation of this policy and resulting disciplinary action shall be as provided herein, or as otherwise provided by the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act or other applicable law. The teacher, principal or other school district official may provide additional notification as deemed appropriate.

In addition, the school district must report, through the MDE electronic reporting system, each exclusion or expulsion, each physical assault of a school district employee by a pupil, and each pupil withdrawal agreement within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the dismissal action, pupil withdrawal, or assault, to the MDE Commissioner. This report must include a statement of the nonexclusionary disciplinary practices, or other sanction, intervention, or resolution in response to the assault given to the pupil and the reason for, the effective date, and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution. The report must also include the pupil's age, grade, gender, race, and special education status.

In addition, the school district must report, through the MDE electronic reporting system, <u>each exclusion or expulsion</u>, each physical assault of a school district employee by a <u>pupil</u>, and each <u>pupil</u> withdrawal agreement student within thirty (30) days of the <u>effective date of the dismissal action</u>, <u>pupil withdrawal</u>, <u>or assault</u>, to the <u>MDE Commissioner</u>. assault. This report must include a statement of the <u>non exclusionary disciplinary practices</u>, alternative educational services or other sanction, intervention, or resolution given to the student in response to the assault and the reason for, the effective date, and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution <u>in response to the assault</u>. The report must also include the student's age, grade, gender, race, and special education status.

XVII. STUDENT DISCIPLINE RECORDS

The policy of the school district is that complete and accurate student discipline records be maintained. The collection, dissemination, and maintenance of student discipline records shall be consistent with applicable school district policies and federal and state law, including the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minn. Stat. Ch. 13.

XVIII. DISABLED STUDENTS[2]

Students who are currently identified as eligible under the IDEA or Section 504 will be subject to the provisions of this policy, unless the student's IEP or 504 plan specifies a necessary modification.

Before initiating an expulsion or exclusion of a student with a disability, relevant members of the child's IEP team and the child's parent shall, consistent with federal law, conduct a manifestation determination and determine whether the child's behavior was (i) caused by or had a direct and substantial relationship to the child's disability and (ii) whether the child's conduct was a direct result of a failure to implement the child's IEP. If the student's educational program is appropriate and the behavior is <u>not</u> a manifestation of the student's disability, the school district will proceed with discipline – up to and including expulsion – as if the student did not have a disability, unless the student's educational program provides otherwise. If the team determines that the behavior subject to discipline <u>is</u> a manifestation of the student's disability, the team shall conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such student provided that the school district had not conducted such assessment prior to the manifestation determination before the behavior that resulted in a change of placement. Where a behavioral intervention plan previously has been developed, the team will review the behavioral intervention plan and modify it as necessary to address the behavior.

When a student who has an IEP is excluded or expelled for misbehavior that is not a manifestation of the student's disability, the school district shall continue to provide special education and related services during the period of expulsion or exclusion.

XIVII. OPEN ENROLLED STUDENTS

The school district may terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student enrolled under an Enrollment Option Program (Minn. Stat. § 124D.03) or Enrollment in Nonresident District (Minn. Stat. § 124D.08) at the end of a school year if the student meets the definition of a habitual truant, the student has been provided appropriate services for truancy (Minn. Stat. Ch. 260A), and the student's case has been referred to juvenile court. The school district may also terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student over the age of seventeen (17) enrolled under an Enrollment Options Program if the student is absent without lawful excuse for one or more periods on fifteen (15) school days and has not lawfully withdrawn from school.

XVIII. DISCIPLINE COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

Students, parents and other guardians, and school staff may file a complaint and seek corrective action when the requirements of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, including the implementation of the local behavior and discipline policies, are not being implemented appropriately or are being discriminately applied.

The Discipline Complaint Procedure must, at a minimum:

- 1. provide procedures for communicating this policy including the ability for a parent to appeal a decision under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.49 that contains explicit instructions for filing the complaint;
- 2. provide an opportunity for involved parties to submit additional information related to the complaint;
- 3. provide a procedure to begin to investigate complaints within three school days of receipt, and identify personnel who will manage the investigation and any resulting record and are responsible for keeping and regulating access to any record;
- 4. provide procedures for issuing a written determination to the complainant that addresses each allegation and contains findings and conclusions;
- 5. if the investigation finds the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 121A.40 to 121A.61, including any local policies that were not implemented appropriately, contain procedures that require a corrective action plan to correct a student's record and provide relevant staff with training, coaching, or other accountability practices to ensure appropriate compliance with policies in the future; and
- 6. prohibit reprisals or retaliation against any person who asserts, alleges, or reports a complaint, and provide procedures for applying appropriate consequences for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation.

XIXY. DISTRIBUTION OF POLICY

The school district will notify students and parents of the existence and contents of this policy in such manner as it deems appropriate. Copies of this discipline policy shall be made available to all students and parents at the commencement of each school year and to all new students and parents upon enrollment. This policy shall also be available upon request in each principal's office.

XXVI. REVIEW OF POLICY

The principal and representatives of parents, students and staff in each school building shall confer at least annually to review this discipline policy, determine if the policy is working as intended, and to assess whether the discipline policy has been enforced. Any recommended changes shall be submitted to the superintendent for consideration by the school board, which shall conduct an annual review of this policy.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. Ch. 13 (Minnesota Government Data Practices Act)

Minn. Stat. § 120B.02 (Educational Expectations for Minnesota Students)Minn. Stat. § 120B.232

(Character Development Education)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.26 (School Preassessment Teams)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.29 (Reporting; Chemical Abuse)

Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.575 (Alternatives to Pupil Suspension)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.582 (Reasonable Force)

Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.60-121A.61 (Removal from Class)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.42 (General Control of Schools)

Minn. Stat. § 123A.05 (Area Learning Center Organization)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.03 (Enrollment Options Program) Minn. Stat. § 124D.08 (Enrollment in Nonresident District) Minn. Stat. Ch.125A (Students with Disabilities) Minn. Stat. § 152.22 (Medical Cannabis; Definitions) Minn. Stat. § 152.23 (Medical Cannabis; Limitations) Minn. Stat. Ch. 260A (Truancy) Minn. Stat. Ch. 260C (Juvenile Court Act) 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400-1487 (Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004) 29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq. (Rehabilitation Act of 1973, § 504) 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(e)(1) (Manifestation Determination) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 419 (Tobacco-Free Environment; Possession and Use of Tobacco, Tobacco-Related Devices, and Electronic Delivery Devices) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 501 (School Weapons) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 502 (Search of Student Lockers, Desks, Personal Possessions, and Student's Person) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 503 (Student Attendance) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 505 (Distribution of Nonschool-Sponsored Materials on School Premises by Students and Employees) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 514 (Bullying Prohibition Policy) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 524 (Internet Acceptable Use and Safety Policy) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 525 (Violence Prevention) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 526 (Hazing Prohibition) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 527 (Student Use and Parking of Motor Vehicles; Patrols, Inspections, and Searches) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 610 (Field Trips) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 709 (Student Transportation Safety Policy) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 711 (Video Recording on School Buses) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 712 (Video Surveillance Other Than on Buses) (Sample Form) **NOTICE OF SUSPENSION** (Date) (Name of Parent or Guardian) Dear (Parent or Guardian) (Name of Student) has been suspended from (name of school) for (number of days) commencing on (date). The grounds for suspension are: Briefly, the facts that have been determined are: The testimony received was: An administrative conference to determine the above was conducted before (Name of Administrator) (Time) (Date)

The plan of readmission is:

pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56, a copy of which is enclosed.

Cross References:

(Address)

(City, State, Zip)

	Administrator
	Sincerely,
If you have any questions, please call.	
While suspended, the student may not come conduct.	on any school campus except with you for the purpose of discussing
·	
Alternative educational services in the form of he	omework will be available to be picked up at the school after <u>[date]</u>

Enc: Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56



Adopted:	January	5,	2010
Revised	l:		

507 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT AND PRONE RESTRAINT

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to describe limitations on <u>use of</u> corporal punishment <u>and prone</u> <u>restraint upon a of</u> students.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

No employee or agent of the school district <u>shall inflict corporal punishment or use prone</u> <u>restraint upon a student.</u>

III. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Corporal punishment" means conduct involving:
 - a. hitting or spanking a person with or without an object; or
 - b. unreasonable physical force that causes bodily harm or substantial emotional harm.
- 2. "Prone restraint" means placing a child in a face-down position.

IV. PROHIBITIONS

- 1. An employee or agent of a district shall not inflict corporal punishment or cause corporal punishment to be inflicted upon a pupil to reform unacceptable conduct or as a penalty for unacceptable conduct.
- 2. An employee or agent of a district, including a school resource officer, security personnel, or police officer contracted with a district, shall not use prone restraint.
- 3. An employee or agent of a district, including a school resource officer, security personnel, or police officer contracted with a district, shall not inflict any form of physical holding that restricts or impairs a pupil's ability to breathe; restricts or impairs a pupil's ability to communicate distress; places pressure or weight on a pupil's head, throat, neck, chest, lungs, sternum, diaphragm, back, or abdomen; or results in straddling a pupil's torso.
- 4. Conduct that violates this Article is not a crime under Minnesota Statutes, section 645.241, but may be a crime under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609 if the conduct violates a provision of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609. Conduct that violates IV.1 above is not per se corporal punishment under the statute. Nothing in this

Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.58 or 125A.0941 precludes the use of reasonable force under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.582.

shall cause corporal punishment to be inflicted upon a student to reform unacceptable conduct or as a penalty for unacceptable conduct. As used in this policy, the term "corporal punishment" means conduct involving hitting or spanking a person with or without an object, or unreasonable physical force that causes bodily harm or substantial emotional harm.

III. EXCEPTIONS

A teacher or school principal may use reasonable force under the conditions set forth in Policy 506 (Student Discipline).

A teacher or school principal may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to correct or restrain a student or prevent bodily harm or death to another. Other school district employees, school bus drivers, or other agents of a school district may use reasonable force when necessary under the circumstances to restrain a student or prevent bodily harm or death to another.

IV. VIOLATION

Employees who violate the provisions of this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action as appropriate. Any such disciplinary action shall be made pursuant to and in accordance with applicable statutory authority, collective bargaining agreements and school district policies. Violation of this policy may also result in civil or criminal liability for the employee.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 121A.58 (Corporal Punishment)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.582 (Student Discipline; Reasonable Force)
Minn. Stat. § 123B.25 (Legal Actions Against Districts and Teachers)
Minn. Stat. § 609.06 Subd. 1 (6)(7) (Authorized Use of Force)

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 403 (Discipline, Suspension, and Dismissal of School District Employees)

School District Employees)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 414 (Mandated Reporting of Child Neglect or

Physical or Sexual Abuse)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 415 (Mandated Reporting of Maltreatment of

Vulnerable Adults)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

Adopted:	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 509
	Orig. 1995
Revised:	Rev. 202 <u>3</u>

509 ENROLLMENT OF NONRESIDENT STUDENTS

[Note: The provisions of this policy substantially reflect statutory requirements.]

I. PURPOSE

The school district desires to participate in the Enrollment Options Program (Open Enrollment) established by Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03. The purpose of this policy is to set forth the application and exclusion procedures used by the school district in making said determination.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The school board adopts specific standards for acceptance and rejection of Open Enrollment applications.

III. OPEN ENROLLMENT PROCESS

- A. Open Enrollment <u>applications</u> will be approved provided that acceptance of the application will not exceed the capacity of a program, excluding special education services; class; grade level; or school building as established by school board resolution and provided that:
 - 1. space is available for the applicant under enrollment cap standards established by school board policy or other directive; and
 - 2. in considering the capacity of a grade level, the school district may only limit the enrollment of nonresident students to a number not less than the lesser of: (a) one percent of the total enrollment at each grade level in the school district; or (b) the number of school district resident students at that grade level enrolled in a nonresident school district in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03.
 - 3. the applicant is not otherwise excluded by action fo the school district because of previous conduct in another school district.
- B. If the school district limits enrollment of nonresident students pursuant to this section, the district shall report to the Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) by July 15 on the number of nonresident pupils denied admission due to the limitations on the enrollment of nonresident pupils.

IV. BASIS FOR DECISIONS

A. Standards that may be used for rejection of application

In addition to the provisions above, the school district may refuse to allow a pupil who is expelled under Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.45 to enroll during the term of the expulsion if the student was expelled for:

1. possessing a dangerous weapon, including a weapon, device, instruments, material, or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of, causing death or serious bodily injury, with except that such term does

<u>not include</u> the exception of a pocket knife with a blade less than two and one-half inches in length, at school or a school function;

- 2. possessing or using an illegal drug at school or a school function;
- 3. selling or soliciting the sale of a controlled substance while at school or a school function; or
- 4. committing a third-degree assault involving assaulting another and inflicting substantial bodily harm.

C. Standards that may not be used for rejection of application

The school district may not use the following standards in determining whether to accept or reject an application for open enrollment:

- 1. previous academic achievement of a student;
- 2. athletic or extracurricular ability of a student;
- disabling conditions of a student;
- 4. a student's proficiency in the English language;
- 5. the student's district of residence except where the district of residence is directly included in an enrollment options strategy included in an approved achievement and integration program; or
- 6. previous disciplinary proceedings involving the student. This shall not preclude the school district from proceeding with exclusion as set out in this policy.

D. Application

The student and parent or guardian must complete and submit the "General Statewide
Enrollment Options Application for K-12 and Early Childhood Special Education (or the Statewide Enrollment Options Application for State-funded Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK)
or School Readiness Plus (SRP) Application if applicable) developed by MDE and available on its website.

The school district may require a nonresident student enrolled in a program under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.13, or in a preschool program, except for a program under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.151 or Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 8, section 9, to follow the application procedures under this subdivision to enroll in kindergarten. A district must allow a nonresident student enrolled in a program under Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.151 or Laws 2017, First Special Session chapter 5, article 8, section 9, to remain enrolled in the district when the student enters kindergarten without submitting annual or periodic applications, unless the district terminates the student's enrollment under subdivision 12.

The school district shall notify the parent or quardian in writing by February 15 or within ninety (90) days for applications submitted after January 15 in the case of achievement and integration district transfers whether the application has been accepted or rejected. If an application is rejected, the district must state in the notification the reason for rejection. The parent or guardian must notify the nonresident district by March 1 or within ten (10) business days whether the pupil intends to enroll in the nonresident district.

E. Lotteries

If a school district has more applications than available seats at a specific grade level, it must hold an impartial lottery following the January 15 deadline to determine which students will receive seats. The district must give priority to enrolling siblings of currently enrolled students, students whose applications are related to an approved integration and achievement plan, children of the school district's staff, and students residing in that part of a municipality (a statutory or home rule charter city or town) where:

- 1. the student's resident district does not operate a school building;
- 2. the municipality is located partially or fully within the boundaries of at least five school districts;
- 3. the nonresident district in which the student seeks to enroll operates one or more school buildings within the municipality; and
- 4. no other nonresident, independent, special, or common school district operates a school building within the municipality.

The process for the school district lottery must be established by school board policy and posted on the school district's website.

F. Exclusion

- Administrator's initial determination. If a school district administrator knows
 or has reason to believe that an applicant has engaged in conduct that has
 subjected or could subject the applicant to expulsion or exclusion under law or
 school district policy, the administrator will transmit the application to the
 superintendent with a recommendation of whether exclusion proceedings should
 be initiated.
- Superintendent's review. The superintendent may make further inquiries. If the superintendent determines that the applicant should be admitted, he or she will notify the applicant and the school board chair. If the superintendent determines that the applicant should be excluded, the superintendent will notify the applicant and determine whether the applicant wishes to continue the application process. Although an application may not be rejected based on previous disciplinary proceedings, the school district reserves the right to initiate exclusion procedures pursuant to the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act as warranted on a case-by-case basis.

G. <u>Termination of Enrollment</u>

The school district may terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student enrolled under an enrollment options program pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 124D.03 or 124D.08 at the end of a school year if the student meets the definition of a habitual truant, the student has been provided appropriate services for truancy under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 260A, and the student's case has been referred to juvenile court. A "habitual truant" is a child under 17 years of age who is absent from attendance at school without lawful excuse for seven school days in a school year if the child is in elementary school or for one or more class periods on seven school days in a school year if the child is in middle school, junior high school, or high school, or a child who is 17 years of age who is absent from attendance at school without lawful

excuse for one or more class periods on seven school days in a school year and who has not lawfully withdrawn from school under Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.22, subdivision 8. The school district may also terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student over 17 years of age if the student is absent without lawful excuse for one or more periods on 15 school days and has not lawfully withdrawn from school under Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.22, subdivision 8.

A student who has not applied for and been accepted for open enrollment pursuant to this policy and does not otherwise meet the residency requirements for enrollment may be terminated from enrollment and removed from school. Prior to removal from school, the school district will send to the student's parents a written notice of the school district's belief that the student is not a resident of the school district. The notice shall include the facts upon which the belief is based and notice to the parents of their opportunity to provide documentary evidence, in person or in writing, of residency to the superintendent or the superintendent's designee. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee will make the final determination as to the residency status of the student.

Notwithstanding the requirement that an application must be approved by the board of the nonresident district, a student who has been enrolled in a district, who is identified as homeless, and whose parent or legal guardian moves to another district, or who is placed in foster care in another school district, may continue to enroll in the nonresident district without the approval of the board of the nonresident district. The approval of the board of the student's resident district is not required.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 120A.22, Subd. 3(e) and Subd. 8 (Compulsory_Instruction)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.40-121A.56 (The Pupil Fair Dismissal Act)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.03 (Enrollment Options Program)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.08 (School Board Approval to Enroll in Nonresident

District; Exceptions)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.68 (Graduation Incentives Program)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 260A (Truancy)

Minn. Stat. § 260C.007, Subd. 19 (Definitions) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 169-f (Aug. 13, 1986)

Indep. Sch. Dist. No. 623 v. Minn. Dept. of Educ., Co. No. A05-361, 2005

WL 3111963 (Minn. Ct. App. 2005) (unpublished) 18 U.S.C. 930, para. (g)(2) (Definition of weapon)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 517 (Student Recruiting)

Adopted:	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 406
•	Orig. ###
Revised:	Rev. 2023 2

406 PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PERSONNEL DATA

I. **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance to school district employees as to the data the school district collects and maintains regarding its employees, volunteers, independent contractors, and applicants ("personnel").

Policy 406 Orig. ####

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. All data on individuals collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated by the school district, which is classified by statute or federal law as public, shall be accessible to the public pursuant to the procedures established by the school district.
- B. All other data on individuals is private or confidential.

III. **DEFINITIONS**

- A. "Public" means that the data is available to anyone who requests it.
- B. "Private" means the data is not public and is accessible only to the following: the subject of the data, as limited by any applicable state or federal law; individuals within the school district whose work assignments reasonably require access; entities and agencies as determined by the responsible authority who are authorized by law to gain access to that specific data; and entities or individuals given access by the express written direction of the data subject.
- \mathbf{C} "Confidential" means the data are not public and are not accessible to the subject.
- D. "Parking space leasing data" means the following government data on an applicant for, or lessee of, a parking space: residence address, home telephone number, beginning and ending work hours, place of employment, location of parking space, and work telephone number.
- E. "Personnel data" means government data on individuals maintained because they are or were employees, applicants for employment, volunteers or independent contractors for the school district. Personnel data include data submitted by an employee to the school district as part of an organized self-evaluation effort by the school district to request suggestions from all employees on ways to cut costs, make the school district more efficient, or to improve school district operations.
- F. "Finalist" means an individual who is selected to be interviewed by the school board for a position.

- G. "Protected health information" means individually identifiable health information as defined in 45 Code of Federal Regulations § 160.103, that is transmitted by electronic media, maintained in electronic media, or transmitted or maintained in any other form or medium by a health care provider, in connection with a transaction covered by 45 Code of Federal Regulations Parts 160, 162 and 164. "Protected health information" excludes individually identifiable health information in education records covered by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, employment records held by a school district in its role as employer; and records regarding a person who has been deceased for more than fifty (50) years.
- H. "Public officials" means business managers; human resource directors; athletic directors whose duties include at least fifty (50) percent of their time spent in administration, personnel, supervision, and evaluation; chief financial officers; directors; and individuals defined as superintendents and principals and in a charter school, individuals employed in comparable positions.

IV. PUBLIC PERSONNEL DATA

- A. The following information on current and former employees, volunteers and independent contractors of the school district, is public:
 - 1. name;
 - 2. employee identification number, which may not be the employee's Social Security number;
 - 3. actual gross salary;
 - 4. salary range;
 - 5. terms and conditions of employment relationship;
 - 6. contract fees;
 - 7. actual gross pension;
 - 8. the value and nature of employer-paid fringe benefits;
 - 9. the basis for and the amount of any added remuneration, including expense reimbursement, in addition to salary;
 - 10. job title;
 - 11. bargaining unit;
 - 12. job description;
 - 13. education and training background;

- 14. previous work experience;
- 15. date of first and last employment;
- 16. the existence and status of any complaints or charges against the employee, regardless of whether the complaint or charge resulted in a disciplinary action;
- 17. the final disposition of any disciplinary action, as defined in Minnesota. Statutes, section 13.43, subdivision. 2(b), together with the specific reasons for the action and data documenting the basis of the action, excluding data that would identify confidential sources who are employees of the school district:
- 18. the complete terms of any agreement settling any dispute arising out of the employment relationship, including superintendent buyout agreements, except that the agreement must include specific reasons for the agreement if it involves the payment of more than \$10,000 of public money, and such agreement may not have the purpose or effect of limiting access to or disclosure of personnel data or limiting the discussion of information or opinions related to personnel data;
- 19. work location;
- 20. work telephone number;
- 21. badge number;
- 22. work-related continuing education;
- 23. honors and awards received; and
- 24. payroll time sheets or other comparable data that are used only to account for employee's work time for payroll purposes, except to the extent that release of time sheet data would reveal the employee's reasons for the use of sick or other medical leave or other not public data.
- B. The following information on current and former applicants for employment by the school district is public:
 - 1. veteran status;
 - 2. relevant test scores;
 - 3. rank on eligible list;
 - 4. job history;

- 5. education and training; and
- 6. work availability.
- C. Names of applicants are private data except when certified as eligible for appointment to a vacancy or when applicants are considered by the school board to be finalists for public employment.
- D. Applicants for appointment to a public body.
 - 1. Data about applicants for appointment to a public body collected by the school district as a result of the applicant's application for employment are private data on individuals except that the following are public:
 - a. name;
 - b. city of residence, except when the appointment has a residency requirement that requires the entire address to be public;
 - c. education and training;
 - d. employment history;
 - e. volunteer work;
 - f. awards and honors;
 - g. prior government service;
 - h. any data required to be provided or that are voluntarily provided in an application for appointment to a multimember agency pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 15.0597; and
 - i. veteran status.
 - 2. Once an individual is appointed to a public body, the following additional items of data are public:
 - a. residential address;
 - b. either a telephone number or electronic mail address where the appointee can be reached, or both at the request of the appointee;
 - c. first and last dates of service on the public body;
 - d. the existence and status of any complaints or charges against an appointee; and
 - e. upon completion of an investigation of a complaint or charge against

an appointee, the final investigative report is public, unless access to the data would jeopardize an active investigation.

- 3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2., any electronic mail address or telephone number provided by a public body for use by an appointee shall be public. An appointee may use an electronic mail address or telephone number provided by the public body as the designated electronic mail address or telephone number at which the appointee can be reached.
- E. Regardless of whether there has been a final disposition as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.43, subdivision 2(b), upon completion of an investigation of a complaint or charge against a public official, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.43, subdivision 2(e), or if a public official resigns or is terminated from employment while the complaint or charge is pending, all data relating to the complaint or charge are public, unless access to the data would jeopardize an active investigation or reveal confidential sources. Data relating to a complaint or charge against a public official is public only if:
 - 1. the complaint or charge results in disciplinary action or the employee resigns or is terminated from employment while the complaint or charge is pending; or
 - 2. potential legal claims arising out of the conduct that is the subject of the complaint or charge are released as part of a settlement agreement.

Data that is classified as private under another law is not made public by this provision.

V. PRIVATE PERSONNEL DATA

- A. All other personnel data not listed in Section IV are private data will not be otherwise released unless authorized by law.
- B. Data pertaining to an employee's dependents are private data on individuals.
- C. Data created, collected, or maintained by the school district to administer employee assistance programs are private.
- D. Parking space leasing data with regard to data on individuals are private.
- E. An individual's checking account number is private when submitted to a government entity.
- F. Personnel data mustmay be disseminated to labor organizations to the extent the responsible authority determines if the dissemination is necessary for the labor organization to conduct elections, investigate and process grievances, notify employees of fair share fee assessments and implement the provisions of Minnesota Statutes chapters 179 and 179A. Personnel data shall be disseminated to labor organizations and the Bureau of Mediation Services ("BMS") to the extent the

dissemination is ordered or authorized by the Commissioner of the BMS. Employee Social Security numbers are not necessary to implement the provisions of Chapter 179 and 179A.

The home addresses, nonemployer issued phone numbers and email addresses, dates of birth, and emails or other communications between exclusive representatives and their members, prospective members, and nonmember are private data on individuals.

Dissemination of personnel data to a labor organization pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 13.43, subdivision 6, shall not subject the school district to liability under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.08.

Personnel data described under Minnesota Statutes, section 179A.07, subdivision 8, must be disseminated to an exclusive representative under the terms of that subdivision.

- G. The school district may display a photograph of a current or former employee to prospective witnesses as part of the school district's investigation of any complaint or charge against the employee.
- H. The school district may, if its responsible authority or designee reasonably determines that the release of personnel data is necessary to protect an employee from harm to self or to protect another person who may be harmed by the employee, release data that are relevant to the concerns for safety to:
 - 1. the person who may be harmed and to the attorney representing the person when the data are relevant to obtaining a restraining order;
 - 2. a prepetition screening team conducting an investigation of the employee under Minnesota Statutes. section 253B.07, subdivision 1; or
 - 3. a court, law enforcement agency, or prosecuting authority.
- I. Private personnel data or confidential investigative data on employees may be disseminated to a law enforcement agency for the purpose of reporting a crime or alleged crime committed by an employee, or for the purpose of assisting law enforcement in the investigation of a crime or alleged crime committed by an employee.
- J. A complainant has access to a statement provided by the complainant to the school district in connection with a complaint or charge against an employee.
- K. When allegations of sexual or other types of harassment are made against an employee, the employee does not have access to data that would identify the complainant or other witnesses if the responsible authority determines that the employee's access to that data would:
 - 1. threaten the personal safety of the complainant or a witness; or

2. subject the complainant or witness to harassment.

If a disciplinary proceeding is initiated against the employee, data on the complainant or witness shall be available to the employee as may be necessary for the employee to prepare for the proceeding.

- L. The school district must report to the Minnesota Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board ("PELSB") or the Board of School Administrators ("BOSA"), whichever has jurisdiction over the teacher's or administrator's license, as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.20, subdivision. 2, and shall, upon written request from the licensing board having jurisdiction over license, provide the licensing board with information about the teacher or administrator from the school district's files, any termination or disciplinary proceeding, and settlement or compromise, or any investigative file in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.20, subdivision 2.
- M. Private personnel data shall be disclosed to the Department of Employment and Economic Development for the purpose of administration of the unemployment insurance program under Minnesota Statutes. Ch. 268.
- N. When a report of alleged maltreatment of a student in an elementary, middle school, high school or charter school is made to the Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Education ("MDE") under Minnesota Statutes Chapter 260E, data that are relevant and collected by the school facility about the person alleged to have committed maltreatment must be provided to the Commissioner on request for purposes of an assessment or investigation of the maltreatment report. Additionally, personnel data may be released for purposes of providing information to a parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a child in accordance with MDE Screening Guidelines.
- O. The school district shall release to a requesting school district or charter school private personnel data on a current or former employee related to acts of violence toward or sexual contact with a student, if
 - 1. an investigation conducted by or on behalf of the school district or law enforcement affirmed the allegations in writing prior to release and the investigation resulted in the resignation of the subject of the data; or
 - 2. the employee resigned while a complaint or charge involving the allegations was pending, the allegations involved acts of sexual contact with a student, and the employer informed the employee in writing, before the employee resigned, that if the employee resigns while the complaint or charge is still pending, the employer must release private personnel data about the employee's alleged sexual contact with a student to a school district or charter school requesting the data after the employee applies for employment with that school district or charter school and the data remain classified as provided in Minnesota Statutes Chapter 13.

Data that are released under this paragraph must not include data on the student.

- P. Data submitted by an employee to the school district as part of an organized self-evaluation effort by the school district to request suggestions from all employees on ways to cut costs, make the school district more efficient, or improve the school district operations is private data. An employee who is identified in a suggestion, however, shall have access to all data in the suggestion except the identity of the employee making the suggestion.
- Q. Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R. Parts 160 and 164, on employees is private and will not be disclosed except as permitted or required by law.
- R. Personal home contact information for employees may be used by the school district to ensure that an employee can be reached in the event of an emergency or other disruption affecting continuity of school district operations and may be shared with another government entity in the event of an emergency or other disruption to ensure continuity of operation for the school district or government entity.
- S. The personal telephone number, home address, and electronic mail address of a current or former employee of a contractor or subcontractor maintained as a result of a contractual relationship between the school district and a contractor or subcontractor entered on or after August 1, 2012, are private data. These data must be shared with another government entity to perform a function authorized by law. The data also must be disclosed to a government entity or any person for prevailing wage purposes.
- T. When a continuing contract teacher is discharged immediately because the teacher's license has been revoked due to a conviction for child abuse or sexual offenses involving a child as set forth in Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.40. subdivision 13(b), or when the Commissioner of the MDE makes a final determination of child maltreatment involving a teacher under Minnesota Statues, section 260E.21, subdivision 4 or 260E.35, the school principal or other person having administrative control of the school must include in the teacher's employment record the information contained in the record of the disciplinary action or the final maltreatment determination, consistent with the definition of public data under Minnesota Statutes, section 13.41, subdivision. 5, and must provide PELSB and the licensing division at MDE with the necessary and relevant information to enable PELSB and MDE's licensing division to fulfill their statutory and administrative duties related to issuing, renewing, suspending, or revoking a teacher's license. In addition to the background check required under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.03, a school board or other school hiring authority must contact PELSB and MDE to determine whether the teacher's license has been suspended or revoked, consistent with the discharge and final maltreatment determinations. Unless restricted by federal or state data practices law or by the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, the responsible authority for a school district must disseminate to another school district private personnel data on a current or former teacher (employee or contractor) of the district,

including the results of background investigations, if the requesting school district seeks the information because the subject of the data has applied for employment with the requesting school district.

VI. MULTIPLE CLASSIFICATIONS

If data on individuals are classified as both private and confidential by Minnesota Statutes Chapter 13, or any other state or federal law, the data are private.

VII. CHANGE IN CLASSIFICATIONS

The school district shall change the classification of data in its possession if it is required to do so to comply with either judicial or administrative rules pertaining to the conduct of legal actions or with a specific statute applicable to the data in the possession of the disseminating or receiving agency.

VIII. RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY

The school district has designated *Renee Corneille, Superintendent, 612-706-1150* as the authority responsible for personnel data.

The responsible authority, or a school district employee if so designated, shall serve as the school district's data practices compliance official and, as such, shall be the employee to whom persons may direct questions or concerns regarding problems in obtaining access to data or other data practices problems.

IX. EMPLOYEE AUTHORIZATION/RELEASE FORM

An employee authorization form is included as an addendum to this policy.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. Ch. 13 (Minnesota Government Data Practices Act)

Minn. Stat. § 13.02 (Definitions)

Minn. Stat. § 13.03 (Access to Government Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.05 (Duties of Responsible Authority)

Minn. Stat. § 13.37 (General Nonpublic Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.39 (Civil Investigation Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.41 (Licensing Data – Public Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.43 (Personnel Data)

Minn. Stat. § 13.601, subd. 3 (Applicants for Employment)

Minn. Stat. § 15.0597 (Appointment to Multimember Agencies)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.20, subd. 2 (Mandatory Reporting)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.40, subds. 13 and 16 (Employment; Contracts;

Termination)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.03 (Background Check)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.143, subd. 2 (Disclose Past Buyouts)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 179 (Minnesota Labor Relations Act)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 179A (Minnesota Public Labor Relations Act)

Minn. Stat. § 253B.07(Judicial Commitment: Preliminary Procedures)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 260E (Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 268 (Unemployment Insurance)

Minn. R. Pt. 1205 (Data Practices)

P.L. 104-191 (HIPAA)

45 C.F.R. Parts 160, 162 and 164 (HIPAA Regulations)

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 206 (Public Participation in School Board Meetings/Complaints about Persons at School Board Meetings and Data Privacy Considerations)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil

Records)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 722 (Public Data Requests)

MSBA Law Bulletin "I" (School Records – Privacy – Access to Data)

***CONSENT TO RELEASE DATA (POLICY FORM 406) - REQUEST FROM AN INDIVIDUAL FORM MUST BE INCLUDED AT THE END OF THIS POLICY. ***

Adopted:	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 418
•	Orig. 1995
Revised:	Rev. 2023 <mark>2</mark>

418 DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE/DRUG-FREE SCHOOL

I. **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this policy is to maintain a safe and healthful environment for employees and students by prohibiting the use of alcohol, toxic substances, medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, edible cannabinoid products, and controlled substances without a physician's prescription.

II. **GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY**

- Use or possession of alcohol, toxic substances, medical cannabis, nonintoxicating Α. cannabinoids, edible cannabinoid products, and controlled substances before, during, or after school hours, at school or in any other school location, is prohibited as general policy. Paraphernalia associated with controlled substances is prohibited.
- В. A violation of this policy occurs when any student, teacher, administrator, other school district personnel, or member of the public uses or possesses alcohol, toxic substances, medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, edible cannabinoid products, or controlled substances in any school location.
- C. An individual may not use or possess cannabis flower, cannibus products, lower-potency hemp edibles, or hemp-derived consumer products in a public school, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 120A.05, subdivisions 9, 11, and 13, including all facilities, whether owned, rented, or leased, and all vehicles that the district owns, leases, rents, contracts for, or controls.
- €D. The school district will act to enforce this policy and to discipline or take appropriate action against any student, teacher, administrator, school personnel, or member of the public who violates this policy.

III. **DEFINITIONS**

- Α. "Alcohol" includes any alcoholic beverage containing more than one-half of one percent alcohol by volume.
- В. "Controlled substances" include narcotic drugs, hallucinogenic drugs, amphetamines, barbiturates, marijuana, anabolic steroids, or any other controlled substance as defined in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 United States Code section 812, including analogues and look-alike drugs.
- C. "Edible cannabinoid product" means any product that is intended to be eaten or consumed as a beverage by humans, contains a cannabinoid in combination with food ingredients, and is not a drug.
- D. "Nonintoxicating cannabinoid" means substances extracted from certified hemp plants that do not produce intoxicating effects when consumed by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or by any other immediate means. any route of administration.
- F. "Medical cannabis" means any species of the genus cannabis plant, or any mixture or preparation of them, including whole plant extracts and resins, and is delivered in the form of: (1) liquid, including, but not limited to, oil; (2) pill; (3) vaporized delivery method with use of liquid or oil but which does not require the use of dried leaves or plant form; (4) combustion with use of dried raw cannabis; or (5) any other method

- approved by the commissioner.
- F. "Possess" means to have on one's person, in one's effects, or in an area subject to one's control.
- G. "School location" includes any school building or on any school premises; in any school-owned vehicle or in any other school-approved vehicle used to transport students to and from school or school activities; off school property at any school-sponsored or school-approved activity, event, or function, such as a field trip or athletic event, where students are under the jurisdiction of the school district; or during any period of time such employee is supervising students on behalf of the school district or otherwise engaged in school district business.
- H. "Sell" means to sell, give away, barter, deliver, exchange, distribute or dispose of to another, or to manufacture; or to offer or agree to perform such an act, or to possess with intent to perform such an act.
- HI. "Toxic substances" includes: (1) glue, cement, aerosol paint, containing toluene, benzene, xylene, amyl nitrate, butyl nitrate, nitrous oxide, or containing other aromatic hydrocarbon solvents, but does not include glue, cement, or paint contained in a packaged kit for the construction of a model automobile, airplane, or similar item; (2) butane or a butane lighter; or (3) any similar substance declared to be toxic to the central nervous system and to have a potential for abuse, by a rule adopted by the commissioner of health.
- *Use" means to sell, buy, manufacture, distribute, dispense, be under the influence of, or consume in any manner, including, but not limited to, consumption by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or by any other immediate means. includes to sell, buy, manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, use, or be under the influence of alcohol, toxic substances, medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, edible cannabinoid products, and/or controlled substances, whether or not for the purpose of receiving remuneration or consideration.

IV. EXCEPTIONS

- A. A violation of this policy does not occur when a person brings onto a school location, for such person's own use, a controlled substance, except medical cannabis, non intoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products, which has a currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States and the person has a physician's prescription for the substance. The person shall comply with the relevant procedures of this policy.
- B. A violation of this policy does not occur when a person possesses an alcoholic beverage in a school location when the possession is within the exceptions of Minnesota Statutes section 624.701, subdivision 1a (experiments in laboratories; pursuant to a temporary license to sell liquor issued under Minnesota laws or possession after the purchase from such a temporary license holder).
- C. A violation of this policy does not occur when a person uses or possesses a toxic substance unless they do so with the intent of inducing or intentionally aiding another in inducing intoxication, excitement, or stupefaction of the central nervous system, except under the direction and supervision of a medical doctor.

V. PROCEDURES

A. Students who have a prescription from a physician for medical treatment with a controlled substance, except medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products, must comply with the school district's student medication policy.

- B. Employees who have a prescription from a physician for medical treatment with a controlled substance, except medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products, are permitted to possess such controlled substance and associated necessary paraphernalia, such as an inhaler or syringe. The employee must inform his or her supervisor. The employee may be required to provide a copy of the prescription.
- C. Each employee shall be provided with written notice of this Drug-Free Workplace/Drug-Free School policy and shall be required to acknowledge that he or she has received the policy.
- Employees are subject to the school district's drug and alcohol testing policies and procedures.
- E. Members of the public are not permitted to possess controlled substances, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products, in a school location except with the express permission of the superintendent.
- F. No person is permitted to possess or use medical cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products, on a school bus or van; or on the grounds of any preschool or primary or secondary school; or on the grounds of any child care facility. This prohibition includes (1) vaporizing or combusting medical cannabis on any form of public transportation where the vapor or smoke could be inhaled by a minor child or in any public place, including indoor or outdoor areas used by or open to the general public or place of employment; and (2) operating, navigating, or being in actual physical control of any motor vehicle or working on transportation property, equipment or facilities while under the influence of medial cannabis, nonintoxicating cannabinoids, or edible cannabinoid products.
- G. Possession of alcohol on school grounds pursuant to the exceptions of Minnesota Statutes section 624.701, subdivision 1a, shall be by permission of the school board only. The applicant shall apply for permission in writing and shall follow the school board procedures for placing an item on the agenda.

VI. SCHOOL PROGRAMS

- A. Starting in the 2026-2027 school year, the school district must implement a comprehensive education program on cannabis use and substance use, including but not limited to the use of fentanyl or mixtures containing fentanyl, for students in middle school and high school. The program must include instruction on the topics listed in Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.215, subdivision 1 and must:
 - 1. respect community values and encourage students to communicate with parents, guardians, and other trusted adults about cannabis use and substance use, including but not limited to the use of fentanyl or mixtures containing fentanyl; and
 - refer students to local resources where students may obtain medically accurate information about cannabis use and substance use, including but not limited to the use of fentanyl or mixtures containing fentanyl, and treatment for a substance use disorder.
- B. School district efforts to develop, implement, or improve instruction of curriculum as a result of the provisions of this section must be consistent with Minnesota Statutes, sections 120B.10 and 120B.11.
- C. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the school district shall have a procedure for a parent, a guardian, or an adult student 18 years of age or older to review the content of the instructional materials to be provided to a minor child or to an adult student pursuant to this article. The district must allow a parent of adult student to opt out of instruction under this article with no academic or other penalty for the student and must inform parents and adult students of this right to opt out.

VII. ENFORCEMENT

A. Students

- 1. Students may be required to participate in programs and activities that provide education against the use of alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, smokeless tobacco products, electronic cigarettes, and nonintoxicating cannabinoids, and edible cannabinoid products,
- 2. Students may be referred to drug or alcohol assistance or rehabilitation programs; school based mental health services, mentoring and counseling, including early identification of mental health symptoms, drug use and violence and appropriate referral to direct individual or group counseling service. which may be provided by school based mental health services providers; and/or referral to law enforcement officials when appropriate.
- 3. A student who violates the terms of this policy shall be subject to discipline in accordance with the school district's discipline policy. Such discipline may include suspension or expulsion from school.

B. <u>Employees</u>

- 1. As a condition of employment in any federal grant, each employee who is engaged either directly or indirectly in performance of a federal grant shall abide by the terms of this policy and shall notify his or her supervisor in writing of his or her conviction of any criminal drug statute for a violation occurring in any of the places listed above on which work on a school district federal grant is performed, no later than five (5) calendar days after such conviction. Conviction means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the federal or state criminal drug statutes.
- 2. An employee who violates the terms of this policy is subject to disciplinary action, including nonrenewal, suspension, termination, or discharge as deemed appropriate by the school board.
- In addition, any employee who violates the terms of this policy may be required to satisfactorily participate in a drug and/or alcohol abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved by the school district. Any employee who fails to satisfactorily participate in and complete such a program is subject to nonrenewal, suspension, or termination as deemed appropriate by the school board.
- 4. Sanctions against employees, including nonrenewal, suspension, termination, or discharge shall be pursuant to and in accordance with applicable statutory authority, collective bargaining agreements, and school district policies.

C. The Public

A member of the public who violates this policy shall be informed of the policy and asked to leave. If necessary, law enforcement officials will be notified and asked to provide an escort.

Legal References:

Minn. Stat. § 121A.22 (Administration of Drugs and Medicine) Minn. Stat. § 121A.40-§ 121A.56 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act) Minn. Stat. § 151.72 (Sale of Certain Cannabinoid Products) Minn. Stat. § 152.01, Subd. 15a (Definitions) Minn. Stat. § 152.0264 (Cannabis Sale Crimes) Minn. Stat. § 152.22, subd. 6 (Definitions; Medical Cannabis) Minn. Stat. § 152.23 (Limitations; Medical Cannabis) Minn. Stat. § 169A.31 (Alcohol-Related School Bus or Head Start Bus Driving) Minn. Stat. § 340A.101 (Definitions; Alcoholic Beverage) Minn. Stat. § 340A.403 (3.2 Percent Malt Liquor Licenses) Minn. Stat. § 340A.404 (Intoxicating Liquor; On-Sale Licenses) Minn. Stat. § 342.09 (Personal Adult Use of Cannibus) Minn. Stat. § 342.56 (Limitations) Minn. Stat. § 609.684 (Abuse of Toxic Substances) Minn. Stat. § 624.701 (Alcohol in Certain Buildings or Grounds) 20 U.S.C. § 7101-7122 (Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants) 21 U.S.C. § 812 (Schedules of Controlled Substances) 41 U.S.C. §§ 8101-8106 (Drug-Free Workplace Act) 21 C.F.R. §§ 1308.11-1308.15 (Controlled Substances) 34 C.F.R. Part 84 (Government-Wide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace)

Cross References:

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 403 (Discipline, Suspension, and Dismissal of School District Employees)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 416 (Drug and Alcohol Testing) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 417 (Chemical Use and Abuse)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 419 (Tobacco-Free Environment; Possession and use of Tobacco, Tobacco-Related Devices, and Electronic Delivery Devices; Vaping

Awareness and Prevention Instruction)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 516 (Student Medication)

419 TOBACCO-FREE ENVIRONMENT; POSSESSION AND USE OF TOBACCO, TOBACCO-RELATED DEVICES, AND ELECTRONIC DELIVERY DEVICES; VAPING AWARENESS AND PREVENTION INSTRUCTION

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to maintain a learning and working environment that is tobacco free.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. A violation of this policy occurs when any student, teacher, administrator, other school personnel of the school district, or person smokes or uses tobacco, tobacco-related devices, or carries or uses an activated electronic delivery device in a public school. This prohibition extends to all facilities, whether owned, rented, or leased, and all vehicles that a school district owns, leases, rents, contracts for, or controls. In addition, this prohibition includes vehicles used, in whole or in part, for work purposes, during hours of school operation, if more than one person is present. This prohibition includes all school district property and all off-campus events sponsored by the school district.
- B. A violation of this policy occurs when any elementary school, middle school, or secondary school student possesses any type of tobacco, tobacco-related devices, or electronic delivery devices in a public school. This prohibition extends to all facilities, whether owned, rented, or leased, and all vehicles that a school district owns, leases, rents, contracts for, or controls and includes vehicles used, in whole or in part, for school purposes, during hours of school operation, if more than one person is present. This prohibition includes all school district property and all off-campus events sponsored by the school district.
- C. The school district will act to enforce this policy and to discipline or take appropriate action against any student, teacher, administrator, school personnel, or person who is found to have violated this policy.
- D. The school district will not solicit or accept any contributions or gifts of money, curricula, materials, or equipment from companies that directly manufacture and are identified with tobacco products, tobacco-related devices, or electronic delivery devices. The school district will not promote or allow promotion of tobacco products or electronic delivery devices on school property or at school-sponsored events.

III. DEFINITIONS

A. "Electronic delivery device" means any product containing or delivering nicotine, lobelia, or any other substance, whether natural or synthetic, intended for human consumption that can be used by a person to simulate smoking in the delivery of nicotine or any other substance through inhalation of aerosol or vapor from the product. Electronic delivery devices includes but is not limited to devices manufactured, marketed, or sold as electronic cigarettes, electronic cigars, electronic pipe, vape pens, modes, tank systems, or under any other product name or descriptor. Electronic delivery device includes any component part of a product, whether or not marketed or sold separately. Electronic delivery device excludes drugs, devices, or combination products, as those terms are defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, that are authorized for sale by the United States Food and Drug Administration.

- B. "Heated tobacco product" means a tobacco product that produces aerosols containing nicotine and other chemicals which are inhaled by users through the mouth.
- C. "Tobacco" means cigarettes and any product containing, made, or derived from tobacco that is intended for human consumption, whether chewed, smoked, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, snorted, sniffed, or ingested by any other means, or any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product, including, but not limited to, cigars; cheroots; stogies; perique; granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine cut and other chewing tobacco; shorts; refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco; and other kinds and forms of tobacco. Tobacco excludes any drugs, devices, or combination products, as those terms are defined in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, that are authorized for sale by the United States Food and Drug Administration.
- D. "Tobacco-related devices" means cigarette papers or pipes for smoking or other devices intentionally designed or intended to be used in a manner which enables the chewing, sniffing, smoking, or inhalation of vapors aerosol or vapor of tobacco or tobacco products. Tobacco-related devices include components of tobacco-related devices which may be marketed or sold separately.
- E. "Smoking" means inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, or any other lighted or heated product containing, made, or derived from nicotine, tobacco, marijuana, or other plant, whether natural or synthetic, that is intended for inhalation. Smoking includes carrying or using an activated electronic delivery device.
- F. "Vaping" means using an activated electronic delivery device or heated tobacco product.

IV. EXCEPTIONS

- A. A violation of this policy does not occur when a Native American adult lights tobacco on school district property as a part of a traditional Native American spiritual or cultural ceremony. An [American Indian] student may carry a medicine pouch containing loose tobacco intended as observance of traditional spiritual or cultural practices. A Native American is a person who is a member of an Indian tribe as defined under Minnesota law, a person whose child is participating in the district's American Indian education program, or a person performing the ceremony at the invitation of the district, building, or the American Indian Parent Advisory Committee.
- B. A violation of this policy does not occur when an adult nonstudent possesses a tobacco or nicotine product that has been approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for sale as a tobacco-cessation product, as a tobacco-dependence product, or for other medical purposes, and is being marketed and sold solely for such an approved purpose. Nothing in this exception authorizes smoking or use of tobacco, tobacco-related devices, or electronic delivery devices on school property or at off-campus events sponsored by the school district.

V. VAPING PREVENTION INSTRUCTION

- A. The school district must provide vaping prevention instruction at least once to students in grades 6 through 8.
- B. The school district may use instructional materials based upon the Minnesota Department of Health's school e-cigarette toolkit or may use other smoking prevention instructional materials with a focus on vaping and the use of electronic delivery devices and heated tobacco products. The instruction may be provided as part of the school district's locally developed health standards.

VI. ENFORCEMENT

- A. All individuals on school premises shall adhere to this policy.
- B. Persons who violate this tobacco-free policy may be referred to the building administration or other school district supervisory personnel responsible for the area or program at which the violation occurred.
- C. Students who violate this tobacco-free policy shall be subject to school district discipline procedures.
- D. School district administrators and other school personnel who violate this tobacco-free policy shall be subject to school district discipline procedures.
- E. School district action taken for violation of this policy will be consistent with requirements of applicable collective bargaining agreements, Minnesota or federal law, and school district policies.
- F. School administrators may call the local law enforcement agency to assist with enforcement of this policy. Smoking or use of any tobacco product in a public school is a violation of the Minnesota Clean Indoor Air Act and/or the Freedom to Breathe Act of 2007 and is a petty misdemeanor. A court injunction may be instituted against a repeated violator.
- G. No persons shall be discharged, refused to be hired, penalized, discriminated against, or in any manner retaliated against for exercising any right to a smoke-free environment provided by the Freedom to Breathe Act of 2007 or other law.

VII. DISSEMINATION OF POLICY

- A. This policy shall appear in the student handbook.
- B. The school district will develop a method of discussing this policy with students and employees.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 120B.238 (Vaping Awareness and Prevention)

Minn. Stat. §§ 144.411-144.417 (Minnesota Clean Indoor Air Act) Minn. Stat. § 609.685 (Sale of Tobacco to Persons Under Age 21)

2007 Minn. Laws Ch. 82 (Freedom to Breathe Act of 2007)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 403 (Discipline, Suspension, and Dismissal of School

District Employees)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

Adopted:	_	
Revised:	_	

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 424 Orig. Nov. 3, 2009 Rev. 2023

424 LICENSE STATUS

[Note: The provisions of this policy substantially reflect legal requirements.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that qualified teachers are employed by the school district and to fulfill its duty to ascertain the licensure status of its teachers. A school board that employs a teacher who does not hold a valid teaching license or permit places itself at risk for a reduction in state aid. This policy does not negate a teacher's duty and responsibility to maintain a current and valid teaching license.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. A qualified teacher is one holding a valid license to perform the particular service for which the teacher is employed by the school district.
- B. No person shall be a qualified teacher until the school district verifies, through the Minnesota education licensing system available on the Minnesota Department of EducationProfessional Educator Licensing and Standards Board website, that the person is a qualified teacher consistent with state law.
- C. The school district has a duty to ascertain the licensure status of its teachers and ensure that the school district's teacher license files are up to date. The school district shall establish a procedure for annually reviewing its teacher license files to verify that every teacher's license is current and appropriate to the particular service for which the teacher is employed by the school district.
- D. The school district must annually report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board: (1) all new teacher hires and terminations, including layoffs, by race and ethnicity; and (2) the reasons for all teacher resignations and requested leaves of absence. The report must not include data that would personally identify individuals.

III. PROCEDURE

- A. The superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall establish a schedule for the annual review of teacher licenses.
- B. Where it is discovered that a teacher's license will expire within one year from the date of the annual review, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee will advise the teacher in writing of the approaching expiration and that the teacher must complete the renewal process and file the license with the superintendent prior to the expiration of the current license. However, failure to provide this notice does not relieve a teacher from his/her duty and responsibility of ensuring that his/her teaching license is valid, current and appropriate to his/her teaching assignment.
- C. If it is discovered that a teacher's license has expired, the superintendent will immediately investigate the circumstances surrounding the lack of license and will take appropriate action. The teacher shall be advised that the teacher's failure to have the license reinstated will constitute gross insubordination, inefficiency and willful neglect of duty which are grounds for immediate discharge from employment.
- D. The duty and responsibility of maintaining a current and valid teaching license

appropriate to the teaching assignment as required by this policy shall remain with the teacher, notwithstanding the superintendent's failure to discover a lapsed license or license that does not support the teaching assignment. A teacher's failure to comply with this policy may be grounds for the teacher's immediate discharge from employment.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 122A.16 (Highly Qualified Teacher Defined)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.22 (District Verification of Teacher Licenses)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.40, Subd. 13 (Employment; Contracts; Termination -

Immediate Discharge)

Minn. Stat. § 127A.42 (Reduction of Aid for Violation of Law)

Vettleson v. Special Sch. Dist. No. 1, 361 N.W.2d 425 (Minn. App. 1985) Lucio v. School Bd. of Independent Sch. Dist. No. 625, 574 N.W.2d 737 (Minn.

App. 1998)

In the Matter of the Proposed Discharge of John R. Statz (Christine D.

VerPloeg), June 8, 1992, affirmed, 1993 WL 129639 (Minn. App. 1993)

Cross References: None



School District Policy

Adopted: June 5, 2012	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 425
	Orig. 2001
Revised:	Rev. 2023

425 STAFF DEVELOPMENT AND MENTORING

[Note: The provisions of this policy substantially reflect statutory requirements.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish a staff development program and structure to carry out planning and reporting on staff development that supports improved student learning.

II. ADVISORY STAFF DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE AND SITE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TEAMS

- A. The School Board school board will establish an Advisory Staff Development Committee to develop a Staff Development Plan, assist Site Professional Development Teams in developing a site plan consistent with the goals of the Staff Development Plan, and evaluate staff development efforts at the site level.
 - 1. The majority of the membership of the Advisory Staff Development Committee shall consist of teachers representing various grade levels, subject areas, and special education. The Committee also will include nonteaching staff, parents, and administrators.
 - 2. Members of the Advisory Staff Development Committee shall be appointed by the School Board school board. Committee members shall serve a two-year term^{1*} based upon nominations by board members, teachers, and paraprofessionals. The School Board school board shall appoint replacement members of the Advisory Staff Development Committee as soon as possible following the resignation, death, serious illness, or removal of a member from the Committee.
- B. The School Board school board will establish the Site Professional Development Teams.

^{1*} This time period may be changed to accommodate individual school district needs.

- 1. Members of the Site Professional Development Teams will be appointed by the School Board school board. Team members shall serve a two-year term* based upon nominations by board members, teachers, and paraprofessionals. The School Board school board shall appoint replacement members of the Site Professional Development Teams as soon as possible following the resignation, death, serious illness, or removal of a member from the Team.
- 2. The majority of the Site Professional Development Teams shall be teachers representing various grade levels, subject areas, and special education.

III. DUTIES OF THE ADVISORY STAFF DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

- A. The Advisory Staff Development Committee will develop a Staff Development Plan which that will be reviewed and subject to approval by the School Board once a year school board twice a year.^{2*}
- B. The Staff Development Plan must contain the following elements:
 - Staff development outcomes which that are consistent with the education outcomes as may be determined periodically by the School Board school board;

[Note: The board-determined education outcomes for your district could be inserted here.]

- 2. The means to achieve the Staff Development outcomes;
- 3. The procedures for evaluating progress at each school site toward meeting educational outcomes consistent with relicensure requirements under Minn. Stat. §Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.18, subdivisionSubd. 4187;
- 4. Ongoing staff development activities that contribute toward continuous improvement in achievement of the following goals:
 - a. Improve student achievement of state and local education standards in all areas of the curriculum, including areas of regular academic and applied and experiential learning, by using research-based best practices methods;
 - b. Effectively meet the needs of a diverse student population, including at-risk children, children with disabilities, English learners, and gifted children, within the regular classroom, applied and experiential learning settings, and other settings;

^{2*} This time period may be changed to accommodate individual school district needs.

- c. Provide an inclusive curriculum for a racially, ethnically, linguistically, and culturally diverse student population that is consistent with state education diversity rule and the district's education diversity plan;
- d. Improve staff collaboration and develop mentoring and peer coaching programs for teachers new to the school or district;
- e. Effectively teach and model violence prevention policy and curriculum that address early intervention alternatives, issues of harassment, and teach nonviolent alternatives for conflict resolution;
- f. Effectively deliver digital and blended learning and curriculum and engage students with technology; and
- g. Provide teachers and other members of site-based management teams with appropriate management and financial management skills.

5. The Staff Development Plan also must:

- a. Support stable and productive professional communities achieved through ongoing and schoolwide progress and growth in teaching practice;
- b. Emphasize coaching, professional learning communities, classroom action research, and other job-embedded models;
- c. Maintain a strong subject matter focus premised on students' learning goals consistent with Minnesota. Statutes section 120B.125;
- d. Ensure specialized preparation and learning about issues related to teaching English learners and students with special needs by focusing on long-term systemic efforts to improve educational services and limited English proficiency; and opportunities and raise student achievement; and
- e. Reinforce national and state standards of effective teaching practice.

6. Staff development activities must:

- a. Focus on the school classroom and research-based strategies that improve student learning;
- b. Provide opportunities for teachers to practice and improve their instructional skills over time;

- c. Provide opportunities for teachers to use student data as part of their daily work to increase student achievement;
- d. Enhance teacher content knowledge and instructional skills, including to accommodate the delivery of digital and blended learning and curriculum and engage students with technology;
- e. Align with state and local academic standards;
- f. Provide opportunities to build professional relationships, foster collaboration among principals and staff who provide instruction, and provide opportunities for teacher-to-teacher mentoring; and
- g. Align with the plan, if any, of the district or site for an alternative teacher professional pay system;
- h. Provide teachers of English learners, including English as a second language, and content teachers with differentiated instructional strategies critical for ensuring students long-term academic success, the means to effectively use assessment data on the academic literacy, oral academic language, and English language development of English learners, and skills to support native and English language development across the curriculum; and
- i. Provide opportunities for staff to learn about current workforce trends, the connections between workforce trends and postsecondary education, and training options, including career and technical education options.
- 7. Staff development activities may include curriculum development and curriculum training programs and activities that provide teachers and other members of site-based teams training to enhance team performance.
- 8. The school district may implement other staff development activities required by law and activities associated with professional teacher compensation models.

[Note: To the extent the school board offers K-12 teachers the opportunity for more staff development training under Minnesota. Statutes. section 122A.40, Subdivisions. 7 and 7a, or Minnesota Statutes section 122A.41, subdivisions. 4 and 4a, such additional days of staff development should include peer mentoring, peer gathering, continuing education, professional development, or other training which enable teachers to achieve the staff development outcomes enumerated above in Section III.B.4.]

C. The Advisory Staff Development Committee will assist Site Professional Development Teams in developing a site plan consistent with the goals and outcomes of the Staff Development Plan.

- D. The Advisory Staff Development Committee will evaluate staff development efforts at the site level and will report to the School Board one a quarterly basis^{3*} the extent to which staff at the site have met the outcomes of the Staff Development Plan.
- E. In addition to developing a Staff Development Plan, the Staff Development Advisory Committee also must develop teacher mentoring programs for teachers new to the profession or school district, including teaching residents, teachers of color, teachers who are American Indian, teachers in license shortage areas, teachers with special needs, or experienced teachers in need of peer coaching. Teacher mentoring programs must be included in or aligned with the school district's teacher evaluation and peer review processes under Minnesota Statutes, sections 122A.40, subdivision 8 or 122A.41, subdivision 5.
- F. The Advisory Staff Development Committee shall assist the School Districtschool district in preparing any reports required by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) relating to staff development or teacher mentoring including, but not limited to, the reports referenced in Section VII. below.

IV. DUTIES OF THE SITE PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT TEAM

- A. Each Site Professional Development Team shall develop a site plan, consistent with the goals of the Staff Development Plan. The School Board will review the site plans for consistency with the Staff Development Plan once twice a year.*
- B. The Site Professional Development Team must demonstrate to the School Boardschool board the extent to which staff at the site have met the outcomes of the Staff Development Plan. The actual reports to the School Boardschool board can be made by the Advisory Staff Development Committee to avoid duplication of effort.
- C. If the School Board determines that staff development outcomes are not being met, it may withhold a portion of the initial allocation of revenue referenced in Section V. below.

V. STAFF DEVELOPMENT FUNDING

A. Unless the School Districtschool district is in statutory operating debt or the state waives the requirement, a majority of the School District Boardschool board and a majority of its licensed teachers annually vote to waive the requirement to reserve basic revenue for staff development, the School Districtschool district will reserve an amount equal to at least two percent of its basic revenue for: (1) teacher development and evaluation under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.40,

^{3*} This time period may be changed to accommodate individual school district needs.

subdivision 8 or 122A.41, subdivision 5; (2) principal development and evaluation under section 123B.147, subdivision. 3; (3) professional development under section 122A.60; (4) in-service education for programs to help students learn how to resolve conflicts within their families and

- teacher mentorship under section 122A.70, subdivision 1. To the extent extra funds remain staff development revenue may be used for development plans, including plans for challenging instructional activities and experiences under section 122A.60, and for curriculum development and programs, other in-service education; teachers' teacher's workshops, teacher conferences, the cost of substitute teachers for staff development purposes, preservice and in-service education for special education professionals and paraprofessionals, and other related costs for staff development efforts. The school district also may use the revenue reserved for staff development for grants to the school district's teachers to pay for coursework and training leading to certification as either a college in the schools teacher or a concurrent enrollment teacher. In order to To receive a grant, the teacher must be enrolled in a program that includes coursework and training focused on teaching a core subject.
 - 1. The School District will allocate 50 percent of the reserved revenue to each school site in the district on a per teacher basis and will retain such funds for each school site until used.
 - 2. The School District will allocate 25 percent of the reserved revenue to make grants to school sites for best practices methods. These grants may be used by the school sites for: any purpose authorized by Minn. Stat. § 120B.22, Subd. 2, or § 122A.60; the costs of curriculum development and programs; other in-service education; teachers' workshops; teacher conferences; substitute teachers for staff development purposes; and other staff development efforts determined by the Site Professional Development Team. Criteria used by the School District in awarding best practice staff development grants to sites include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Grant application includes objectives which have a elear connection to the building/district Staff Development Plan;
 - b. Grant application includes provisions for discussion, collaborating, informing, and coaching one another on an ongoing basis;
 - e. Grant application provides for ongoing assessment of professional practice and student performance; and
 - d. Grant application specifies best practices to be addressed.
 - 3. The School District may retain 25 percent of the revenue to be used for district-wide staff development efforts.

The School District may, in its discretion, expend an additional amount of unreserved revenue for staff development based on its needs. This additional expenditure does not need to follow the allocation described in Part V.A. above.

B. If the School District operates a career teacher program, it will reserve from its basic revenue an amount equal to five dollars (\$5) times the number of resident pupil units to provide staff development for the career teacher program.

Release time provided for teachers to supervise students on field trips and school activities, or independent tasks not associated with enhancing the teacher's knowledge and instructional skills, such as preparing report cards, calculating grades, or organizing classroom materials, may not be counted as staff development time that is financed with staff development reserved revenue under Minnesota Statutes section 122A.61.

- D. The school district may use staff development revenue, special grant programs established by the legislature, or another funding source to pay a stipend to a mentor who may be a current or former teacher who has taught at least three (3) years and is not on an improvement plan. Other initiatives using such funds or funds available under Minnesota Statutes, sections 124D.861 and 124D.862, may include:
 - 1. additional stipends as incentives to mentors of color or who are American Indian;
 - 2. financial supports for professional learning community affinity groups across schools within and between districts for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups to come together throughout the school year;
 - 3. programs for induction aligned with the school district or school mentorship program during the first three (3) years of teaching, especially for teachers from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups; or
 - 4. grants supporting licensed and nonlicensed educator participation in professional development, such as workshops and graduate courses, related to increasing student achievement for students of color and American Indian students in order to close opportunity and achievement gaps.

To the extent the school district receives a grant for any of the above purposes, it will negotiate additional retention strategies or protection from unrequested leave of absences in the beginning years of employment for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian. Retention strategies may include providing financial incentives for teachers of color and teachers who are American Indian to work in the school or district for at least five (5) years and placing American Indian educators at sites with other American Indian educators and educators of color at sites with other educators of color to reduce isolation and increase opportunity for collegial support.

VI. PROCEDURE FOR USE OF STAFF DEVELOPMENT FUNDS

A. On a <u>yearly</u>^{4*} basis, the Advisory Staff Development Committee, with the assistance of the Site Professional Development Teams, shall prepare a projected budget setting forth proposals for allocating staff development and mentoring funds

^{4*} This time period may be changed to accommodate individual school district needs.

reserved for each school site. Such budgets shall include, but not be limited to, projections as to the cost of building site training programs, costs of individual staff seminars, and cost of substitutes.

B. Upon approval of the budget by the School Boardschool board, the Advisory Committee shall be responsible for monitoring the use of such funds in accordance with the Staff Development Plan and budget. The requested use of staff development funds must meet or make progress toward the goals and objectives of the Staff Development Plan. All costs/expenditures will be reviewed by the School Board and/or Superintendentsuperintendent for consistency with the Staff Development Plan once or twice on a quarterly basis.*

Individual requests from staff for leave to attend staff development activities shall be submitted and reviewed according to school district policy, staff procedures, contractual agreement, and the effect on school district operations. Failure to timely submit such requests may be cause for denial of the request.

VII. PARAPROFESSIONAL, TITLE I AIDES, AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT STAFF

- A. The school district must provide a minimum of eight hours of paid orientation or professional development annually to all paraprofessional, Title I aides, and other instructional support staff. Six of the eight hours must be completed before the first instructional day of the school year or within 30 days of hire.
- B. The orientation or professional development must be relevant to the employee's occupation and may include collaboration time with classroom teachers and planning for the school year.
- C. For paraprofessionals who provide direct support to students, at least 50 percent of the professional development or orientation must be dedicated to meeting the requirements of this section. Professional development for paraprofessionals may also address the requirements of the Minnesota Statutes, section 120B.363, subdivision 3.
- D. A school administrator must provide an annual certification of compliance with this requirement to the MDE Commissioner.

VIII. REPORTING

- By October 15 of each year, the School District A. The school district and site staff development committee shall prepare a report of the previous fiscal year's staff development activities and expenditures and submit it to the Commissioner of the Department of Education (Commissioner). as part of the school district's world's best workforce report.
 - 1. The report must include assessment and evaluation data indicating progress toward district and site staff development goals based on teaching and

learning outcomes, including the percentage of teachers and other staff involved in instruction who participate in effective staff development activities.

2. The report will provide a breakdown of expenditures for:

curriculum development and curriculum training programs;

staffb. Staff development training models, workshops, and conferences; and

thec. The cost of releasing teachers or providing substitute teachers for staff development purposes.

The report also must indicate whether the expenditures were incurred at the district level or the school site level and whether the school site expenditures were made possible by the grants to school sites that demonstrate exemplary use of allocated staff development revenue. These expenditures must be reported using the uniform financial and accounting and reporting standards (UFARS).

The School District will utilize the reporting form and/or system designated by the Commissioner. 3. The report will be signed by the superintendent and staff development chair.

B. To the extent the school district receives a grant for mentorship activities described in Section V.D., by June 30 of each year after receiving a grant, the site staff development committee must submit a report to the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board on program efforts that describes mentoring and induction activities and assesses the impact of these programs on teacher effectiveness and retention.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 120A.41 (Length of School Year; Days of Instruction)

Minn. Stat. § 120A.415 (Extended School Calendar)

Minn. Stat. § 120B.125 (Planning for Students' Successful Transition to Postsecondary Education and Employment; Personal Learning Plans)

Minn. Stat. § 120B.22, subd. 2 (Violence Prevention Education)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.642 (Paraprofessional Training)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.18, Subd. 4 (Board to Issue Licenses; 187 (Expiration and Renewal)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.40, subds. 7-and 7a and 8 (Employment; Contracts; Termination - Additional Staff Development and Salary)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.41, subds. 4, 4a and 5 (Teacher Tenure Act; Cities of the First Class; Definitions - Additional Staff Development and Salary)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.60 (Staff Development Program)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.61 (Reserved Revenue for Staff Development) Minn. Stat. § 126C.10, Subds. 2 and 2b (General Education Revenue) Minn. Stat. § 126C.13, Subd. 5 (General Education Levy and Aid§ 122A.70 (Teacher Mentorship and Retention of Effective Teachers)

Minn. Stat. § 122A.61 (Reserved Revenue for Staff Development)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.147, subd. 3 (Principals)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.861 (Achievement and Integration for Minnesota)

Minn. Stat. § 124D.862 (Achievement and Integration Revenue)

Minn. Stat. § 126C.10, subds. 2 and 2b (General Education Revenue)

Minn. Stat. § 126C.13, subd. 5 (General Education Levy and Aid)

Cross References: None.

This is a new policy for ISD282. It is a mandatory policy

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 427 Orig. 2015; Rev. 2023

427 WORKLOAD LIMITS FOR CERTAIN SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHERS

[Note: School districts are required by Minnesota Rules 3525.2340, subpart 4.B., to have a policy for determining the workload limits of special education staff who provide services to students who receive direct special education services 60 percent or less of the instructional day.]

[Note: Minnesota Statutes section 179A.07, subdivision 1, of the Public Employment Labor Relations Act (PELRA) provides that a public employer is not required to meet and negotiate on matters of inherent managerial policy. Matters of inherent managerial policy include, but are not limited to, such areas of discretion or policy as the functions and programs of the employer, its overall budget, utilization of technology, the organizational structure, selection of personnel, and direction of personnel. MSBA's position is that this policy is not a mandatory subject of bargaining. School districts, therefore, are cautioned to not relinquish their inherent managerial right to determine workload limits for special education teachers.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to establish general parameters for determining the workload limits of special education staff who provide services to children with disabilities receiving direct special education services 60 percent or less of the instructional day.

II. DEFINITIONS

A. <u>Special Education Staff; Special Education Teacher</u>

"Special education staff" and "special education teacher" both mean a teacher employed by the school district who is licensed under the rules of the Minnesota Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board to instruct children with specific disabling conditions.

B. <u>Direct Services</u>

"Direct services" means special education services provided by a special education teacher or a related service professional when the services are related to instruction, including cooperative teaching.

C. <u>Indirect Services</u>

"Indirect services" means special education services provided by a special education teacher or a related service professional which include ongoing progress

reviews; cooperative planning; consultation; demonstration teaching; modification and adaptation of the environment, curriculum, materials, or equipment; and direct contact with the pupil to monitor and observe.

D. Workload

"Workload" means a special education teacher's total number of minutes required for all due process responsibilities, including direct and indirect services, evaluation and reevaluation time, management of individualized education programs (IEPs), travel time, parental contact, and other services required in the IEPs.

III. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

- A. Workload limits for special education teachers shall be determined by the appropriate special education administrator, in consultation with the building principal and the superintendent.
- B. In determining workload limits for special education staff, the school district shall take into consideration the following factors: student contact minutes, evaluation and reevaluation time, indirect services, management of IEPs, travel time, and other services required in the IEPs of eligible students.

IV. COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT UNAFFECTED

This policy shall not be construed as a reopening of negotiations between the school district and the special education teachers' exclusive representative, nor shall it be construed to alter or limit in any way the managerial rights or other authority of the school district set forth in the Public Employment Labor Relations Act or in the collective bargaining agreement between the school district and the special education teachers' exclusive representative.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 179A.07, Subd. 1 (Inherent Managerial Policy)

Minn. Rule 3525.0210, Subps. 14, 27, 44, and 49

(Definitions)

Minn. Rule 3525.2340, Subp. 4.B. (Case Loads for School-Age Educational Service Alternatives)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 508 (Extended School Year for Certain Students with Individualized Education Programs)
MSBA/MASA Model Policy 608 (Instructional Services – Special Education)

708 TRANSPORTATION OF NONPUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENTS

[Note: The obligations stated in this policy are largely governed by statute. Statutory references are included throughout the policy. A school district may choose to add obligations to the model policy.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to address transportation rights of nonpublic school students and to provide equality of treatment in transporting such students pursuant to law.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The policy of the school district is to recognize the rights of nonpublic school students and to provide equal transportation to those students as required by law.

III. ELIGIBILITY

- A. The school district shall provide equal transportation within the school district for all students to any school when transportation is deemed necessary by the school district because of distance or traffic conditions in like manner and form as provided inMinnesota Statutes, sections. §§ 123B.88 and 123B.92 when applicable. (Minnesota Statutes, section § 123B.86, Subd. 1)
- Upon the request of a parent or guardian, the school district shall provide school bus transportation to the school district boundary for students residing in the school district at least the same distance from a nonpublic school actually attended in another school district as public school students are transported in the transporting school district. Such transportation shall be provided whether there is or is not another nonpublic school within the transporting school district, if the transportation is to schools maintaining grades or departments not maintained in the school district or if the attendance of such students at school can more safely, economically, or conveniently be provided for by such means. (Minn. Stat. § 123B.88, Subd. 1; Minn. Stat. § 123B.86, Subd. 2(a))
- C. The school district may provide school bus transportation to a nonpublic school in another school district for students residing in the school district and attending that school, whether there is or is not another nonpublic school within the transporting school district, if the transportation is to schools maintaining grades or departments not maintained in the school district or if the attendance of such students at school can more safely, economically, or conveniently be provided for by such means. If the school district transports students to a nonpublic school located in another school district, the nonpublic school shall pay the cost of such transportation provided outside the school district boundaries. (Minn. Stat. § 123B.86, Subd. 2(b))
- D. The school district shall provide the necessary transportation within school district boundaries between the nonpublic school and a public school or neutral site for nonpublic school students who are provided pupil support services if the school district elects to provide pupil support services at a site other than a nonpublic school. (Minn. Stat. § 123B.44, Subd. 1)
- E. When transportation is provided, the scheduling of routes, manner and method of transportation, control and discipline of students, and any other matter relating thereto shall be within the sole discretion, control, and management of the school district. A nonpublic or charter school student transported by the school district shall comply with school district student bus conduct and student bus discipline policies. If the discipline involves a nonpublic student, the nonpublic school is advised and given the opportunity to respond. (Minn. Stat. § 123B.86, Subd. 3; Minn. Stat. § 123B.91, Subd. 1a)
- F. The school board and a nonpublic school may mutually agree to a written plan for the board to provide nonpublic pupil transportation to nonpublic school students. The school

district must report the number of nonpublic school students transported and the nonpublic pupil transportation expenditures incurred in the form and manner specified by the Minnesota Commissioner of Education.

- G. If the school board provides pupil transportation through the school's employees, the school board may transport nonpublic school students according to the plan and retain the nonpublic pupil transportation aid attributable to that plan. A nonpublic school may make a payment to the school district to cover additional transportation services agreed to in the written plan for nonpublic pupil transportation services not required under Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.84 to 123B.87.
- H. A school board that contracts for pupil transportation services may enter into a contractual arrangement with a school bus contractor according to the written plan adopted by the school board and the nonpublic school to transport nonpublic school students and retain the nonpublic pupil transportation aid attributable to that plan for the purposes of paying the school bus contractor. A nonpublic school may make a payment to the school district to cover additional transportation services agreed to in the written plan for nonpublic pupil transportation services included in the contract that are not required under Minnesota Statutes, sections 123B.84 to 123B.87.
- Additional transportation to and from a nonpublic school may be provided at the expense
 of the school district where such services are provided in the discretion of the school
 district.

SPECIAL EDUCATION/DISABLED-IV. STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

If a resident student with a disability attends a nonpublic school located within the school district, the school district shall provide necessary transportation for the student within the school district between the nonpublic school and the educational facility where special instruction and services are provided on a shared-time basis. If a resident student with a disability attends a nonpublic school located in another school district and if no agreement exists for the provision of special instruction and services on a shared time basis to that student by the school district of attendance and where the special instruction and services are provided within the school district, the school district shall provide necessary transportation for that student between the school district boundary and the educational facility. The school district may provide necessary transportation for that student between its boundary and the nonpublic school attended, but the nonpublic school shall pay the cost of transportation provided outside the school district. School districts may make agreements for who provides transportation. Parties serving students on a shared time basis have access to a due process hearing system as provided by law. (Minn. Stat. § 125A.18)

Disabled students whose handicapped

B. When the disabling conditions of a student with a disability are such that the student cannot be safely transported on the regular school bus and/or school bus route and/or when the student is transported on a special route for the purpose of attending an approved special education program shall be entitled to special transportation at the expense of the school district or the day training and habilitation program attended by the student. The school district shall determine the type of vehicle used to transport disabled students with a disability on the basis of the handicapping conditiondisabling conditions and applicable laws. This section shall not be applicable to parents who transport their own child under a contract with the school district. (Minn. Stat. § 123B.88, Subd. 19; Minn. Rules Part 7470.1600, Subd. 1)

Each driver and aide assigned to a vehicle transporting students with a disability will be provided with appropriate training for the students in their care, will assist students with their safe

ingress and egress from the bus, will ensure the proper use of protective safety devices, and will be provided with access to emergency health care information as required by law. (Minn. Rules Part 7470.1700)

D. Any parent of a disabled student with a disability who believes that the transportation services provided for that child are not in compliance with the applicable law may utilize the alternative dispute resolution and due process procedures provided for in Minn. Stat. Ch. 125A. (Minn. Rules Part 7470.1600, Subd. 2)

the alternative dispute resolution and due process procedures provided for in Minn. Stat. Ch. 125A. (Minn. Rules Part 7470.1600, Subd. 2)

APPLICATION OF GENERAL POLICY

The provisions of the school district's policy on transportation of public school students [Model Policy 707] shall apply to the transportation of nonpublic school students except as specifically provided herein.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 123B.44 (Provision of Pupil Support Services)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.84 (Policy)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.86 (Equal Treatment)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.88 (Independent School Districts, Transportation)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.91, Subd. 1a (Compliance by Nonpublic and

Charter School Students)

Minn. Stat. § 123B.92 (Transportation Aid Entitlement)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 125A (Children With a Disability)

Minn. Stat. § 125A.18 (Special Instruction; Nonpublic Schools) Minn. Rules Part 7470.1600 (Transporting Pupils with Disability) Minn. Rules Part 7470.1700 (Drivers and Aides for Pupils with

Disabilities)

Americans United, Inc. as Protestants and Other Am. United for Separation of Church and State, et al. v. Independent Sch. Dist. No.

622, et al., 288 Minn. 1996, 179 N.W.2d 146 (Minn. 1970)

Eldredge v. Independent Sch. Dist. No. 625, 422 N.W.2d 319 (Minn.

Ct. App. 1988)

Healy v. Independent Sch. Dist. No. 625, 962 F.2d 1304 (8th Cir. 1992)

Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (June 3, 1983) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (Sept. 14, 1981) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (July 15, 1976) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (July 17, 1970) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (Oct. 3, 1969) Minn. Op. Atty. Gen. 166a-7 (Sept. 12, 1969)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 707 (Transportation of Public School

Students)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 709 (Student Transportation Safety Policy)

MSBA Service Manual, Chapter 2, Transportation

Adopted:	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 709
	Orig. 1995
Revised:	Rev. 202 <mark>3</mark>

709 STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY POLICY

[Note: School districts are required by statute to have a policy addressing these issues.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to provide safe transportation for students and to educate students on safety issues and the responsibilities of school bus ridership.

II. PLAN FOR STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY TRAINING

A. School Bus Safety Week

The school district may designate a school bus safety week. The National School Bus Safety Week is the third week in October.

B. <u>Student School Bus Safety Training</u>

- 1. The school district shall provide students enrolled in grades kindergarten (K) through 10 with age-appropriate school bus safety training of the following concepts:
 - a. transportation by school bus is a privilege, not a right;
 - b. school district policies for student conduct and school bus safety;
 - c. appropriate conduct while on the bus;
 - d. the danger zones surrounding a school bus;
 - e. procedures for safely boarding and leaving a school bus;
 - f. procedures for safe vehicle lane crossing; and
 - g. school bus evacuation and other emergency procedures.
- 2. All students in grades K through 6 who are transported by school bus and are enrolled during the first or second week of school must receive the school bus safety training by the end of the third week of school. All students in grades 7 through 10 who are transported by school bus and are enrolled during the first or second week of school must receive the school bus safety training or receive bus safety instruction materials by the end of the sixth week of school, if they have not previously received school bus training. Students in grades K through 10 who enroll in a school after the second week of school, are transported by school bus, and have not received training in their previous school districts shall undergo school bus safety training or receive bus safety instructional materials within 4 weeks of their first day of attendance.
- 3. The school district and a nonpublic school with students transported by school bus at public expense must provide students enrolled in grades K through 3 school bus safety training twice during the school year.
- 4. Students taking driver's training instructional classes must receive training in the laws and proper procedures for operating a motor vehicle in the vicinity of a

- school bus as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 169.446, subdivision 2.
- 5. The school district and a nonpublic school with students transported by school bus at public expense must conduct a school bus evacuation drill at least once during the school year.
- The school district will make reasonable accommodations in training for students known to speak English as a second language and students with disabilities.
- 7. The school district may provide kindergarten students with school bus safety training before the first day of school.
- The school district may provide student safety education for bicycling and pedestrian safety for students in grades K through 5.
- The school district shall adopt and make available for public review a curriculum for transportation safety education.
- 9. Nonpublic school students transported by the school district will receive school bus safety training by their nonpublic school. The nonpublic schools may use the school district's school transportation safety education curriculum. Upon request by the school district superintendent, the nonpublic school must certify to the school district's school transportation safety director that all students enrolled in grades K through 10 have received the appropriate training.

C. Active Transportation Safety Training

1. Training required

- a. The school district must provide public school pupils enrolled in kindergarten through grade 3 with age-appropriate active transportation safety training. At a minimum, the training must include pedestrian safety, including crossing roads.
- b. The school district must provide pupils enrolled in grades 4 through 8 with age-appropriate active transportation safety training. At a minimum, the training must include:
 - (1) pedestrian safety, including crossing roads safely using the searching left, right, left for vehicles in traffic technique; and
 - (2) bicycle safety, including relevant traffic laws, use and proper fit of protective headgear, bicycle parts and safety features, and safe biking techniques.

2. Deadlines.

- a. Students under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), who are enrolled during the first or second week of school and have not previously received active transportation safety training specified in that paragraph must receive the safety training by the end of the third week of school.
- b. Students under subdivision 1, paragraph (b), who are enrolled during the first or second week of school and have not previously received active transportation safety training specified in that paragraph must receive the safety training by the end of the sixth week of school.
- c. Students under subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (b), who enroll in a school after the second week of school and have not received the appropriate active transportation safety training in their previous school

- district must undergo the training or receive active transportation safety instructional materials within four weeks of the first day of attendance.
- d. The school district and a nonpublic school may provide kindergarten pupils with active transportation safety training before the first day of school.

3. Instruction

- a. The school district may provide active transportation safety training through distance learning.
- b. The district and a nonpublic school must make reasonable accommodations for the active transportation safety training of pupils known to speak English as a second language and pupils with disabilities.

III. CONDUCT ON SCHOOL BUSES AND CONSEQUENCES FOR MISBEHAVIOR

- A. Riding the school bus is a privilege, not a right. The school district's general student behavior rules are in effect for all students on school buses, including nonpublic and charter school students.
- B. Consequences for school bus/bus stop misconduct will be imposed by the school district under adopted administrative discipline procedures. In addition, all school bus/bus stop misconduct will be reported to the school district's transportation safety director. Serious misconduct may be reported to local law enforcement.
 - 1. <u>School Bus and Bus Stop Rules</u>. The school district school bus safety rules are to be posted on every bus. If these rules are broken, the school district's discipline procedures are to be followed. In most circumstances, consequences are progressive and may include suspension of bus privileges. It is the school bus driver's responsibility to report unacceptable behavior to the school district's Transportation Office/School Office.

2. Rules at the Bus Stop

- a. Get to your bus stop 5 minutes before your scheduled pick up time. The school bus driver will not wait for late students.
- b. Respect the property of others while waiting at your bus stop.
- c. Keep your arms, legs, and belongings to yourself.
- d. Use appropriate language.
- e. Stay away from the street, road, or highway when waiting for the bus.
- f. Wait until the bus stops before approaching the bus.
- g. After getting off the bus, move away from the bus.
- h. If you must cross the street, always cross in front of the bus where the driver can see you. Wait for the driver to signal to you before crossing the street.
- i. No fighting, harassment, intimidation, or horseplay.
- j. No use of alcohol, tobacco, or drugs.

3. Rules on the Bus

- Immediately follow the directions of the driver. a.
- b. Sit in your seat facing forward.
- c. Talk quietly and use appropriate language.
- d. Keep all parts of your body inside the bus.
- e. Keep your arms, legs, and belongings to yourself.
- f. No fighting, harassment, intimidation, or horseplay.
- Do not throw any object. g.
- h. No eating, drinking, or use of alcohol, tobacco, or drugs.
- i. Do not bring any weapons or dangerous objects on the school bus.
- j. Do not damage the bus.

4. **Consequences**

Consequences for school bus/bus stop misconduct will apply to all regular a. and late routes. Decisions regarding a student's ability to ride the bus in connection with cocurricular and extracurricular events (for example, field trips or competitions) will be in the sole discretion of the school district. Parents or guardians will be notified of any suspension of bus privileges.

(1) Elementary (K-6)

1st offense - warning

2nd offense - 3 school-day suspension from riding the bus

3rd offense – 5 school-day suspension from riding the bus

4th offense - 10 school-day suspension from riding the bus/meeting with parent

Further offenses - individually considered. Students may be suspended for longer periods of time, including the remainder of the school year.

Secondary (7-12) (2)

1st offense - warning

2nd offense – 5 school-day suspension from riding the bus

3rd offense – 10 school-day suspension from riding the bus

4th offense - 20 school-day suspension from riding the

bus/meeting with parent

5th offense – suspended from riding the bus for the remainder of the school year

Note: When any student goes 60 transportation days without a report, the student's consequences may start over at the first offense.

Other Discipline (3)

Based on the severity of a student's conduct, more serious consequences may be imposed at any time. Depending on the nature of the offense, consequences such as suspension or expulsion from school also may result from school bus/bus stop misconduct.

(4) Records

Records of school bus/bus stop misconduct will be forwarded to the individual school building and will be retained in the same manner as other student discipline records. Reports of student misbehavior on a school bus or in a bus-loading or unloading area that are reasonably believed to cause an immediate and substantial danger to the student or surrounding persons or property shall be provided by the school district to local law enforcement and the Department of Public Safety in accordance with state and federal law.

(5) <u>Vandalism/Bus Damage</u>

Students damaging school buses will be responsible for the damages. Failure to pay such damages (or make arrangements to pay) within 2 weeks may result in the loss of bus privileges until damages are paid.

(6) Notice

School bus and bus stop rules and consequences for violations of these rules will be reviewed with students annually and copies of these rules will be made available to students. School bus rules are to be posted on each school bus.

(7) <u>Criminal Conduct</u>

In cases involving criminal conduct (for example, assault, weapons, drug possession, or vandalism), the appropriate school district personnel and local law enforcement officials will be informed.

IV. PARENT AND GUARDIAN INVOLVEMENT

A. <u>Parent and Guardian Notification</u>

The school district school bus and bus stop rules will be provided to each family. Parents and guardians are asked to review the rules with their children.

B. <u>Parents/Guardians Responsibilities for Transportation Safety</u>

Parents/Guardians are responsible to:

- 1. Become familiar with school district rules, policies, regulations, and the principles of school bus safety, and thoroughly review them with their children;
- 2. Support safe riding and walking practices, and recognize that students are responsible for their actions;
- 3. Communicate safety concerns to their school administrators;
- 4. Monitor bus stops, if possible;
- 5. Have their children to the bus stop 5 minutes before the bus arrives;
- 6. Have their children properly dressed for the weather; and
- 7. Have a plan in case the bus is late.

V. SCHOOL BUS DRIVER DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. School bus drivers shall have a valid Class A, B, or C Minnesota driver's license with a school bus endorsement. A person possessing a valid driver's license, without a school bus endorsement, may drive a type III vehicle set forth in Sections VII.B. and VII.C., below. Drivers with a valid Class D driver's license, without a school bus endorsement, may operate a "type A-I" school bus as set forth in Section VII.D., below.
- B. The school district shall conduct mandatory drug and alcohol testing of all school district bus drivers and bus driver applicants in accordance with state and federal law and school district policy.
- C. A school bus driver, with the exception of a driver operating a type A-I school bus or type III vehicle, who has a commercial driver's license and who is convicted of a criminal offense, a serious traffic violation, or of violating any other state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, in any type of motor vehicle in a state or jurisdiction other than Minnesota, shall notify the Minnesota Division of Driver and Vehicle Services (Division) of the conviction within 30 days of the conviction. For purposes of this paragraph, a "serious traffic violation" means a conviction of any of the following offenses:
 - 1. excessive speeding, involving any single offense for any speed of 15 miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit;
 - reckless driving;
 - 3. improper or erratic traffic lane changes;
 - 4. following the vehicle ahead too closely;
 - 5. a violation of state or local law, relating to motor vehicle traffic control, arising in connection with a fatal accident;
 - 6. driving a commercial vehicle without obtaining a commercial driver's license or without having a commercial driver's license in the driver's possession;
 - 7. driving a commercial vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver's license and/or endorsements for the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passengers or type of cargo being transported;
 - 8. a violation of a state or local law prohibiting texting while driving a commercial vehicle; and
 - 9. a violation of a state or local law prohibiting the use of a hand-held mobile telephone while driving a commercial vehicle.
- D. A school bus driver, with the exception of a driver operating a type A-I school bus or type III vehicle, who has a commercial driver's license and who is convicted of violating, in any type of motor vehicle, a Minnesota state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, shall notify the person's employer of the conviction within 30 days of conviction. The notification shall be in writing and shall contain all the information set forth in Attachment A accompanying this policy.
- E. A school bus driver, with the exception of a driver operating a type A-I school bus or type III vehicle, who has a Minnesota commercial driver's license suspended, revoked, or cancelled by the state of Minnesota or any other state or jurisdiction and who loses the right to operate a commercial vehicle for any period or who is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for any period shall notify the person's employer of the suspension, revocation, cancellation, lost privilege, or disqualification. Such notification shall be made before the end of the business day following the day the

employee received notice of the suspension, revocation, cancellation, lost privilege, or disqualification. The notification shall be in writing and shall contain all the information set forth in Attachment B accompanying this policy.

F. A person who operates a type III vehicle and who sustains a conviction as described in Section VII.C.1.g. (i.e., driving while impaired offenses), VII.C.1.h. (i.e., felony, controlled substance, criminal sexual conduct offenses, or offenses for surreptitious observation, indecent exposure, use of minor in a sexual performance, or possession of child pornography or display of pornography to a minor), or VII.C.1.i. (multiple moving violations) while employed by the entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the school bus, shall report the conviction to the person's employer within 10 days of the date of the conviction. The notification shall be in writing and shall contain all the information set forth in Attachment C accompanying this policy.

VI. SCHOOL BUS DRIVER TRAINING

A. Training

1. All new school bus drivers shall be provided with pre-service training, including in-vehicle (actual driving) instruction, before transporting students and shall meet the competency testing specified in the Minnesota Department of Public Safety Model School Bus Driver Training Manual. All school bus drivers shall receive in-service training annually. For purposes of this section, "annually" means at least once every 380 days from the initial or previous evaluation and at least once every 380 days from the initial or previous license verification. The school district shall retain on file an annual individual school bus driver "evaluation certification" form for each school district driver as contained in the Model School Bus Driver Training Manual.

[Note: The Model School Bus Driver Training Manual is available online through the Minnesota Department of Public Safety State Patrol web page.]

 All bus drivers operating a type III vehicle will be provided with annual training and certification as set forth in Section VII.C.1.b., below, by either the school district or the entity from whom such services are contracted by the school district.

B. <u>Evaluation</u>

School bus drivers with a Class D license will be evaluated annually and all other bus drivers will be assessed periodically for the following competencies:

- 1. Safely operate the type of school bus the driver will be driving;
- Understand student behavior, including issues relating to students with disabilities;
- 3. Ensure orderly conduct of students on the bus and handling incidents of misconduct appropriately;
- 4. Know and understand relevant laws, rules of the road, and local school bus safety policies;
- 5. Handle emergency situations; and
- 6. Safely load and unload students.

The evaluation must include completion of an individual "school bus driver evaluation form" (road test evaluation) as contained in the Model School Bus Driver Training Manual.

[Note: The school district may use alternative assessments rather than those set forth in the Model School Bus Driver Training Manual for bus driver training competencies with the approval of the Commissioner of Public Safety. A driver also may receive at least 8 hours of school bus in-service training in any year as an alternative to being assessed for bus driver competencies after the initial year of being assessed for bus driver competencies.]

VII. OPERATING RULES AND PROCEDURES

A. General Operating Rules

1. School buses shall be operated in accordance with state traffic and school bus safety laws and the procedures contained in the Minnesota Department of Public Safety Model School Bus Driver Training Manual.

[Note: The Model School Bus Driver Training Manual is available online through the Minnesota Department of Public Safety State Patrol web page.]

- 2. Only students assigned to the school bus by the school district shall be transported. The number of students or other authorized passengers transported in a school bus shall not be more than the legal capacity for the bus. No person shall be allowed to stand when the bus is in motion.
- 3. The parent/guardian may designate, pursuant to school district policy, a day care facility, respite care facility, the residence of a relative, or the residence of a person chosen by the parent or guardian as the address of the student for transportation purposes. The address must be in the attendance area of the assigned school and meet all other eligibility requirements.
- 4. Bus drivers must minimize, to the extent practical, the idling of school bus engines and exposure of children to diesel exhaust fumes.
- 5. To the extent practical, the school district will designate school bus loading/unloading zones at a sufficient distance from school air-intake systems to avoid diesel fumes from being drawn into the systems.

[Note: A school district is not required to comply with Section VII.A.5. if the school board determines that alternative locations block traffic, impair student safety, or are not cost effective.]

6. A bus driver may not operate a school bus while communicating over, or otherwise operating, a cellular phone for personal reasons, whether hand-held or hands free, when the vehicle is in motion or a part of traffic. For purposes of this paragraph, "school bus" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 169.011, subdivision 71. In addition, "school bus" also includes type III vehicles when driven by employees or agents of the school district. "Cellular phone" means a cellular, analog, wireless, or digital telephone capable of sending or receiving telephone or text messages without an access line for service.

B. <u>Type III Vehicles</u>

1. Type III vehicles are restricted to passenger cars, station wagons, vans, and buses having a maximum manufacturer's rated seating capacity of 10 or fewer people including the driver and a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. A van or bus converted to a seating capacity of 10 or fewer and placed in service on or after August 1, 1999, must have been originally manufactured to comply with the passenger safety standards.

- 2. Type III vehicles must be painted a color other than national school bus yellow.
- 3. Type III vehicles shall be state inspected in accordance with legal requirements.
- 4. A Type III vehicle cannot be older than 12 years old unless excepted by state and federal law.
 Vehicles model year 2007 or older must not be used as type III vehicles to transport school children, except those vehicles that are manufactured to meet the structural requirements of federal motor vehicle safety standard 222, Code
- 5. If a type III vehicle is school district owned, the school district name will be clearly marked on the side of the vehicle. The type III vehicle must not have the words "school bus" in any location on the exterior of the vehicle or in any interior location visible to a motorist.
- 6. A "type III vehicle" must not be outwardly equipped and identified as a type A, B, C, or D bus.
- 7. Eight-lamp warning systems and stop arms must not be installed or used on type III vehicles.
- 8. Type III vehicles must be equipped with mirrors as required by law.

of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 571.

- 9. Any type III vehicle may not stop traffic and may not load or unload before making a complete stop and disengaging gears by shifting into neutral or park. Any type III vehicle used to transport students must not load or unload so that a student has to cross the road, except where not possible or impractical, then the driver or assistant must escort a student across the road. If the driver escorts the student across the road, then the motor must be stopped, the ignition key removed, the brakes set, and the vehicle otherwise rendered immobile.
- 10. Any type III vehicle used to transport students must carry emergency equipment including:
 - a. Fire extinguisher. A minimum of one 10BC rated dry chemical type fire extinguisher is required. The extinguisher must be mounted in a bracket and must be located in the driver's compartment and be readily accessible to the driver and passengers. A pressure indicator is required and must be easily read without removing the extinguisher from its mounted position.
 - b. First aid kit and body fluids cleanup kit. A minimum of a 10-unit first aid kit and a body fluids cleanup kit is required. They must be contained in removable, moisture- and dust-proof containers mounted in an accessible place within the driver's compartment and must be marked to indicate their identity and location.
 - c. Passenger cars and station wagons may carry a fire extinguisher, a first aid kit, and warning triangles in the trunk or trunk area of the vehicle if a label in the driver and front passenger area clearly indicates the location of these items.
- 11. Students will not be regularly transported in private vehicles that are not state inspected as type III vehicles. Only emergency, unscheduled transportation may be conducted in vehicles with a seating capacity of 10 or fewer without meeting the requirements for a type III vehicle. Also, parents may use a private vehicle to transport their own children under a contract with the district. The school district has no system of inspection for private vehicles.

- 12. All drivers of type III vehicles will be licensed drivers and will be familiar with the use of required emergency equipment. The school district will not knowingly allow a person to operate a type III vehicle if the person has been convicted of an offense that disqualifies the person from operating a school bus.
- 13. Type III vehicles will be equipped with child passenger restraints, and child passenger restraints will be utilized to the extent required by law.

C. <u>Type III Vehicle Driven by Employees with a Driver's License Without a School Bus</u> Endorsement

- 1. The holder of a Class A, B, C, or D driver's license, without a school bus endorsement, may operate a type III vehicle, described above, under the following conditions:
 - a. The operator is an employee of the entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the school bus, which may include the school district.
 - b. The operator's employer, which may include the school district, has adopted and implemented a policy that provides for annual training and certification of the operator in:
 - (1) safe operation of a type III vehicle;
 - (2) understanding student behavior, including issues relating to students with disabilities;
 - encouraging orderly conduct of students on the bus and handling incidents of misconduct appropriately;
 - (4) knowing and understanding relevant laws, rules of the road, and local school bus safety policies;
 - (5) handling emergency situations;
 - (6) proper use of seat belts and child safety restraints;
 - (7) performance of pre trip vehicle inspections;
 - (8) safe loading and unloading of students, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) utilizing a safe location for loading and unloading students at the curb, on the nontraffic side of the roadway, or at off-street loading areas, driveways, yards, and other areas to enable the student to avoid hazardous conditions;
 - (b) refraining from loading and unloading students in a vehicular traffic lane, on the shoulder, in a designated turn lane, or a lane adjacent to a designated turn lane;
 - (c) avoiding a loading or unloading location that would require a student to cross a road, or ensuring that the driver or an aide personally escort the student across the road if it is not reasonably feasible to avoid such a location;
 - (d) placing the type III vehicle in "park" during loading and unloading;

- (e) escorting a student across the road under clause (c) only after the motor is stopped, the ignition key is removed, the brakes are set, and the vehicle is otherwise rendered immobile; and
- (9) compliance with paragraph V.F. concerning reporting convictions to the employer within 10 days of the date of conviction.
- c. A background check or background investigation of the operator has been conducted that meets the requirements under Minnesota Statutes, section 122A.18, subdivision 8, or Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.03 for school district employees; Minnesota Statutes, section 144.057 or Minnesota Statutes, chapter 245C for day care employees; or Minnesota Statutes, section 171.321, subdivision 3, for all other persons operating a type III vehicle under this section.
- d. Operators shall submit to a physical examination as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 171.321, subdivision 2.
- e. The operator's employer requires pre employment drug testing of applicants for operator positions. Current operators must comply with the employer's policy under Minnesota Statutes, section 181.951, subdivisions 2, 4, and 5. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the operator's employer may use a breathalyzer or similar device to fulfill random alcohol testing requirements.
- f. The operator's driver's license is verified annually by the entity that owns, leases, or contracts for the type III vehicle as required by Minnesota Statutes section 171.321, subdivision 5.
- g. A person who sustains a conviction, as defined under Minnesota Statutes, 609.02, of violating Minnesota Statutes, section 169A.25, 169A.26, 169A.27 (driving while impaired offenses), or 169A.31 (alcohol-related school bus driver offenses), or whose driver's license is revoked under Minnesota Statutes, sections 169A.50 to 169A.53 of the implied consent law, or who is convicted of violating or whose driver's license is revoked under a similar statute or ordinance of another state, is precluded from operating a type III vehicle for 5 years from the date of conviction.
- h. A person who has ever been convicted of a disqualifying offense as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 171.3215, subdivision1(c), (i.e., felony, controlled substance, criminal sexual conduct offenses, or offenses for surreptitious observation, indecent exposure, use of minor in a sexual performance, or possession of child pornography or display of pornography to a minor) may not operate a type III vehicle.
- i. A person who sustains a conviction, as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.02, of a moving offense in violation of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 169 within 3 years of the first of 3 other moving offenses is precluded from operating a type III vehicle for 1 year from the date of the last conviction.
- j. Students riding the type III vehicle must have training required under Minnesota Statutes, section 123B.90, Subd. 2 (See Section II.B., above).
- k. Documentation of meeting the requirements listed in this section must be maintained under separate file at the business location for each type III vehicle operator. The school district or any other entity that owns,

leases, or contracts for the type III vehicle operating under this section is responsible for maintaining these files for inspection.

- 2. The Type III vehicle must bear a current certificate of inspection issued under Minnesota Statutes, section 169.451.
- 3. An employee of the school district who is not employed for the sole purpose of operating a type III vehicle may, in the discretion of the school district, be exempt from paragraphs VII.C.1.d. (physical examination) and VII.C.1.e. (drug testing), above.

D. <u>Type A-I "Activity" Buses Driven by Employees with a Driver's License Without a School</u> Bus Endorsement

- The holder of a Class D driver's license, without a school bus endorsement, may operate a type A-I school bus or a Multifunction School Activity Bus (MFSAB) under the following conditions:
 - a. The operator is an employee of the school district or an independent contractor with whom the school district contracts for the school bus and is not solely hired to provide transportation services under this paragraph.
 - The operator drives the school bus only from points of origin to points of destination, not including home-to-school trips to pick up or drop off students.
 - c. The operator is prohibited from using the 8-light system if the vehicle is so equipped.
 - d. The operator has submitted to a background check and physical examination as required by Minnesota Statutes, section 171.321, subdivision 2.
 - e. The operator has a valid driver's license and has not sustained a conviction of a disqualifying offense as set forth in Minnesota Statutes, section 171.02, subdivisions 2a(h) 2a(j).
 - f. The operator has been trained in the proper use of child safety restraints as set forth in the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's "Guideline for the Safe Transportation of Pre- school Age Children in School Buses," if child safety restraints are used by passengers, in addition to the training required in Section VI., above.
 - g. The bus has a gross vehicle weight rating of 14,500 pounds or less and is designed to transport 15 or fewer passengers, including the driver.
- 2. The school district shall maintain annual certification of the requirements listed in this section for each Class D license operator.
- 3. A school bus operated under this section must bear a current certificate of inspection.
- 4. The word "School" on the front and rear of the bus must be covered by a sign that reads "Activities" when the bus is being operated under authority of this section.

VIII. SCHOOL DISTRICT EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

A. If possible, school bus drivers or their supervisors shall call "911" or the local

emergency phone number in the event of a serious emergency.

B. School bus drivers shall meet the emergency training requirements contained in Unit III "Crash & Emergency Preparedness" of the Minnesota Department of Public Safety Model School Bus Driver Training Manual. This includes procedures in the event of a crash (accident).

[Note: The Model School Bus Driver Training Manual is available online through the Minnesota Department of Public Safety State Patrol web page.]

- C. School bus drivers and bus assistants for special education students requiring special transportation service because of their handicapping condition shall be trained in basic first aid procedures, shall within one (1) month after the effective date of assignment participate in a program of in-service training on the proper methods for dealing with the specific needs and problems of students with disabilities, assist students with disabilities on and off the bus when necessary for their safe ingress and egress from the bus; and ensure that protective safety devices are in use and fastened properly.
- D. Emergency Health Information shall be maintained on the school bus for students requiring special transportation service because of their handicapping condition. The information shall state:
 - 1. the student's name and address;
 - 2. the nature of the student's disabilities;
 - 3. emergency health care information; and
 - 4. the names and telephone numbers of the student's physician, parents, guardians, or custodians, and some person other than the student's parents or custodians who can be contacted in case of an emergency.

IX. SCHOOL DISTRICT VEHICLE MAINTENANCE STANDARDS

- A. All school vehicles shall be maintained in safe operating conditions through a systematic preventive maintenance and inspection program adopted or approved by the school district.
- B. All school vehicles shall be state inspected in accordance with legal requirements.
- C. A copy of the current daily pre-trip inspection report must be carried in the bus. Daily pre-trip inspections shall be maintained on file in accordance with the school district's record retention schedule. Prompt reports of defects to be immediately corrected will be submitted.
- D. Daily post-trip inspections shall be performed to check for any children or lost items remaining on the bus and for vandalism.

X. SCHOOL TRANSPORTATION SAFETY DIRECTOR

The school board has designated an individual to serve as the school district's school transportation safety director. The school transportation safety director shall have day-to-day responsibility for student transportation safety, including transportation of nonpublic school children when provided by the school district. The school transportation safety director will assure that this policy is periodically reviewed to ensure that it conforms to law. The school transportation safety director shall certify annually to the school board that each school bus driver meets the school bus driver training competencies required Minnesota Statutes, section 171.321, subdivision 4. The transportation safety director also shall annually verify or ensure that the private contractor utilized by the school has verified the validity of the driver's license of each employee who regularly transports students for the school district in a type A, B, C, or D school bus, type III vehicle, or MFSAB with the National Driver Register or the Department of

Public Safety. Upon request of the school district superintendent or the superintendent of the school district where nonpublic students are transported, the school transportation safety director also shall certify to the superintendent that students have received school bus safety training in accordance with state law. The name, address and telephone number of the school transportation safety director are on file in the school district office. Any questions regarding student transportation or this policy may be addressed to the school transportation safety director.

XI. STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY COMMITTEE

The school board may establish a student transportation safety committee. The chair of the student transportation safety committee is the school district's school transportation safety director. The school board shall appoint the other members of the student transportation safety committee. Membership may include parents, school bus drivers, representatives of school bus companies, local law enforcement officials, other school district staff, and representatives from other units of local government.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. § 122A.18, Subd. 8 (Board to Issue Licenses) Minn. Stat. § 123B.03 (Background Check) Minn. Stat. § 123B.42 (Textbooks; Individual Instruction or Cooperative Learning Material; Standard Tests) Minn. Stat. § 123B.88 (Independent School Districts; Transportation) Minn. Stat. § 123B.885 (Diesel School Buses; Operation of Engine; Parking) Minn. Stat. § 123B.90 (School Bus Safety Training) Minn. Stat. § 123B.91 (School District Bus Safety Responsibilities) Minn. Stat. § 123B.935 (Active Transportation Safety Training) Minn. Stat. § 144.057 (Background Studies on Licensees and Other Personnel) Minn. Stat. Ch. 169 (Traffic Regulations) Minn. Stat. § 169.011, Subds. 15, 16, and 71 (Definitions) Minn. Stat. § 169.02 (Scope) Minn. Stat. § 169.443 (Safety of School Children; Bus Driver's Duties) Minn. Stat. § 169.446, Subd. 2 (Safety of School Children; Training and Education Rules) Minn. Stat. § 169.451 (Inspecting School and Head Start Buses; Rules; Misdemeanor) Minn. Stat. § 169.454 (Type III Vehicle Standards) Minn. Stat. § 169.4582 (Reportable Offense on School Buses) Minn. Stat. §§ 169A.25-169A.27 (Driving While Impaired) Minn. Stat. § 169A.31 (Alcohol-Related School Bus or Head Start Bus Driving) Minn. Stat. §§ 169A.50-169A.53 (Implied Consent Law) Minn. Stat. § 171.02, Subds. 2, 2a, and 2b (Licenses; Types, Endorsements, Restrictions) Minn. Stat. § 171.168 (Notice of Violation by Commercial Driver) Minn. Stat. § 171.169 (Notice of Commercial License Suspension) Minn. Stat. § 171.321 (Qualifications of School Bus and Type III Vehicle Drivers) Minn. Stat. § 171.3215, Subd. 1(c) (Canceling Bus Endorsement for Certain Offenses) Minn. Stat. § 181.951 (Authorized Drug and Alcohol Testing) Minn. Stat. Ch. 245C (Human Services Background Studies) Minn. Stat. § 609.02 (Definitions) Minn. Rules Parts 7470.1000-7470.1700 (School Bus Inspection) 49 C.F.R. Part 383 (Commercial Driver's License Standards; Requirements and Penalties) 49 C.F.R. § 383.31 (Notification of Convictions for Driver Violations) 49 C.F.R. § 383.33 (Notification of Driver's License Suspensions)

> 49 C.F.R. § 383.5 (Transportation Definitions) 49 C.F.R. § 383.51 (Disqualification of Drivers)

49 C.F.R. Part 571 (Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 416 (Drug and Alcohol Testing) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline) **Cross References:**

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil Records) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 707 (Transportation of Public Students) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 708 (Transportation of Nonpublic Students) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 710 (Extracurricular Transportation)

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806 CRISIS MANAGEMENT POLICY

[Note: The Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Education is required to maintain and make available to school boards and charter schools a Model Crisis Management Policy. See Minnesota Statutes section 121A.035. School boards and charter schools must adopt a Crisis Management Policy to address potential crisis situations in their school districts or charter schools. <u>Id</u>. This Model Crisis Management Policy was originally the result of a collaborative effort among the Minnesota Department of Education, Division of Compliance and Assistance; the Minnesota Department of Public Safety, Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management; and the Minnesota School Boards Association.]

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Model Crisis Management Policy is to act as a guide for school district and building administrators, school employees, students, school board members, and community members to address a wide range of potential crisis situations in the school district. For purposes of this Policy, the term, "school districts," shall include charter schools. The step-by-step procedures suggested by this Policy will provide guidance to each school building in drafting crisis management plans to coordinate protective actions prior to, during, and after any type of emergency or potential crisis situation. Each school district should develop tailored building-specific crisis management plans for each school building in the school district, and sections or procedures may be added or deleted in those crisis management plans based on building needs.

The school district will, to the extent possible, engage in ongoing emergency planning within the school district and with emergency responders and other relevant community organizations. The school district will ensure that relevant emergency responders in the community have access to their building-specific crisis management plans and will provide training to school district staff to enable them to act appropriately in the event of a crisis.

II. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. The Policy and Plans

The school district's Crisis Management Policy has been created in consultation with local community response agencies and other appropriate individuals and groups that would likely be involved in the event of a school emergency. It is designed so that each building administrator can tailor a building-specific crisis management plan to meet that building's specific situation and needs.

The school district's administration and/or the administration of each building shall present tailored building-specific crisis management plans to the school board for review and approval. The building-specific crisis management plans will include general crisis procedures and crisis-specific procedures. Upon approval by the school board, such crisis management plans shall be an addendum to this Crisis Management Policy. This Policy and the plans will be maintained and updated on an annual basis.

B. <u>Elements of the District Crisis Management Policy</u>

1. <u>General Crisis Procedures</u>. The Crisis Management Policy includes general crisis procedures for securing buildings, classroom evacuation, building evacuation, campus evacuation, and sheltering. The Policy designates the

individual(s) who will determine when these actions will be taken. These district-wide procedures may be modified by building administrators when creating their building-specific crisis management plans. A communication system will be in place to enable the designated individual to be contacted at all times in the event of a potential crisis, setting forth the method to contact the designated individual, the provision of at least two designees when the contact person is unavailable, and the method to convey contact information to the appropriate staff persons. The alternative designees may include members of the emergency first responder response team. A secondary method of communication should be included in the plan for use when the primary method of communication is inoperable. Each building in the school district will have access to a copy of the Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition) to assist in the development of building-specific crisis management plans.

All general crisis procedures will address specific procedures for the safe evacuation of children and employees with special needs such as physical, sensory, motor, developmental, and mental health challenges.

[Note: More specific information on planning for children with special needs can be found in the Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition) and United States Department of Education's document entitled, "Practical Information on Crisis Planning, a Guide for Schools and Communities." A website link is provided in the resource section of this Policy.]

a. <u>Lock-Down Procedures</u>. Lock-down procedures will be used in situations where harm may result to persons inside the school building, such as a shooting, hostage incident, intruder, trespass, disturbance, or when determined to be necessary by the building administrator or his or her designee. The building administrator or designee will announce the lock-down over the public address system or other designated system. Code words will not be used. Provisions for emergency evacuation will be maintained even in the event of a lock-down. Each building administrator will submit lock-down procedures for their building as part of the building-specific crisis management plan.

[Note: State law requires a minimum of five school lock-down drills each school year. See Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.035.]

b. <u>Evacuation Procedures</u>. Evacuations of classrooms and buildings-shall be implemented at the discretion of the building administrator or his or her designee. Each building's crisis management plan will include procedures for transporting students and staff a safe distance from harm to a designated safe area until released by the building administrator or designee. Safe areas may change based upon the specific emergency situation. The evacuation procedures should include specific procedures for children with special needs, including children with limited mobility (wheelchairs, braces, crutches, etc.), visual impairments, hearing impairments, and other sensory, developmental, or mental health needs. The evacuation procedures should also address transporting necessary medications for students that take medications during the school day.

[Note: State law requires a minimum of five school fire drills, consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.30, and one school tornado drill each school year. See Minnesota Statutes section121A.035.]

c. <u>Sheltering Procedures</u>. Sheltering provides refuge for students, staff, and visitors within the school building during an emergency. Shelters are safe areas that maximize the safety of inhabitants. Safe areas may change based upon the specific emergency. The building administrator or his or her designee will announce the need for sheltering over the public address system or other designated system. Each building administrator will submit sheltering procedures for his or her building as part of the building-specific crisis management plan.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition) has sample lock-down procedures, evacuation procedures, and sheltering procedures.]

2. <u>Crisis-Specific Procedures</u>. The Crisis Management Policy includes crisis-specific procedures for crisis situations that may occur during the school day or at school-sponsored events and functions. These district-wide procedures are designed to enable building administrators to tailor response procedures when creating building-specific crisis management plans.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition) includes crisis-specific procedures.]

3. School Emergency Response Teams

Composition. The building administrator in each school building will a. select a school emergency response team that will be trained to respond to emergency situations. All school emergency response team members will receive on-going training to carry out the building's crisis management plans and will have knowledge of procedures, evacuation routes, and safe areas. For purposes of student safety and accountability, to the extent possible, school emergency response team members will not have direct responsibility for the supervision of students. Team members must be willing to be actively involved in the resolution of crises and be available to assist in any crisis situation as deemed necessary by the building administrator. Each building will maintain a current list of school emergency response team members which will be updated annually. The building administrator, and his or her alternative designees, will know the location of that list in the event of a school emergency. A copy of the list will be kept on file in the school district office, or in a secondary location in single building school districts.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition) has a sample School Emergency Response Team list.]

b. <u>Leaders</u>. The building administrator or his or her designee will serve as the leader of the school emergency response team and will be the primary contact for emergency response officials. In the event the primary designee is unavailable, the designee list should include more than one alternative designee and may include members of the emergency response team. When emergency response officials are present, they may elect to take command and control of the crisis. It is critical in this situation that school officials assume a resource role and be available as necessary to emergency response officials.

III. PREPARATION BEFORE AN EMERGENCY

A. <u>Communication</u>

- 1. <u>District Employees</u>. Teachers generally have the most direct contact with students on a day-to-day basis. As a result, they must be aware of their role in responding to crisis situations. This also applies to non-teaching school personnel who have direct contact with students. All staff shall be aware of the school district's Crisis Management Policy and their own building's crisis management plan. Each school's building-specific crisis management plan shall include the method and dates of dissemination of the plan to its staff. Employees will receive a copy of the relevant building-specific crisis management plans and shall receive periodic training on plan implementation.
- 2. <u>Students and Parents</u>. Students and parents shall be made aware of the school district's Crisis Management Policy and relevant tailored crisis management plans for each school building. Each school district's building-specific crisis management plan shall set forth how students and parents are made aware of the district and school-specific plans. Students shall receive specific instruction on plan implementation and shall participate in a required number of drills and practice sessions throughout the school year.

B. <u>Planning and Preparing for Fire</u>

1. Designate a safe area at least 50 feet away from the building to enable students and staff to evacuate. The safe area should not interfere with emergency responders or responding vehicles and should not be in an area where evacuated persons are exposed to any products of combustion. (Depending on the wind direction, where the building on fire is located, the direction from which the fire is arriving, and the location of fire equipment, the distance may need to be extended.)

[Note: Evacuation areas at least 50 feet from school buildings are recommended but not mandated by statute or rule. Evacuation areas should be selected based on safety and the individual school site's proximity to streets, traffic patterns, and other hazards.]

- 2. Each building's facility diagram and site plan shall be available in appropriate areas of the building and shall identify the most direct evacuation routes to the designated safe areas both inside and outside of the building. The facility diagram and site plan must identify the location of the fire alarm control panel, fire alarms, fire extinguishers, hoses, water spigots, and utility shut offs.
- 3. Teachers and staff will receive training on the location of the primary emergency evacuation routes and alternate routes from various points in the building. During fire drills, students and staff will practice evacuations using primary evacuation routes and alternate routes.
- 4. Certain employees, such as those who work in hazardous areas in the building, will receive training on the locations and proper use of fire extinguishers and protective clothing and equipment.
- Fire drills will be conducted periodically without warning at various times of the day and under different circumstances, e.g., lunchtime, recess, and during assemblies. State law requires a minimum of five fire drills each school year, consistent with Minnesota Statutes section 299F.30. See Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.035.

[Note: The State Fire Marshal advises schools to defer fire drills during the winter months.]

6. A record of fire drills conducted at the building will be maintained in the

building administrator's office.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Preparedness/Planning section, has a sample fire drills schedule and log.]

- 7. The school district will have prearranged sites for emergency sheltering and transportation as needed.
- 8. The school district will determine which staff will remain in the building to perform essential functions if safe to do so (e.g., switchboard, building engineer, etc.). The school district also will designate an administrator or his or her designee to meet local fire or law enforcement agents upon their arrival.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Response section, has a sample fire procedure form, evacuation/relocation and student reunification/release procedures, and planning for student reunification.]

C. <u>Facility Diagrams and Site Plans</u>

All school buildings will have a facility diagram and site plan that includes the location of primary and secondary evacuation routes, exits, designated safe areas inside and outside of the building, and the location of fire alarm control panel, fire alarms, fire extinguishers, hoses, water spigots, and utility shut offs. All facility diagrams and site plans will be updated regularly and whenever a major change is made to a building. Facility diagrams and site plans will be maintained by the building administrator and will be easily accessible and on file in the school district office. Facility diagrams and site plans will be provided to first responders, such as fire and law enforcement personnel.

[Note: For single building school districts, such as charter schools, a secondary location for the diagrams and site plans will be included in the district's Crisis Management Policy and may include filing documents with a charter school sponsor, or compiling facility diagrams and site plans and on a CD-Rom and distributing copies to first responders or sharing the documents with first responders during the crisis planning process.]

[Note: To the extent data contained in facility diagrams and site plans constitute security information pursuant to Minnesota Statutes section 13.37, school districts are advised to consult with appropriate officials and/or legal counsel prior to dissemination of the facility diagrams or site plans to anyone other than first responders.]

D. <u>Emergency Telephone Numbers</u>

Each building will maintain a current list of emergency telephone numbers and the names and addresses of local, county, and state personnel who may be involved in a crisis situation. The list will include telephone numbers for local police, fire, ambulance, hospital, the Poison Control Center, county and state emergency management agencies, local public works departments, local utility companies, the public health nurse, mental health/suicide hotlines, and the county welfare agency. A copy of this list will be kept on file in the school district office, or at a secondary location for single building school districts and will be updated annually.

School district employees will receive training on how to make emergency contacts, including 911 calls, when the school district's main telephone number and location is electronically conveyed to emergency personnel instead of the specific building in need of emergency services.

School district plans will set forth a process to internally communicate an emergency, using telephones in classrooms, intercom systems, or two-way radios, as well as the procedure to enable the staff to rapidly convey emergency information to a building designee. Each plan will identify a primary and secondary method of communication for both internal and secondary use. It is recommended that the plan include several methods of communication because computers, intercoms, telephones, and cell phones may not be operational or may be dangerous to use during an emergency.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Preparedness/Planning section, has a sample Emergency Phone Numbers list.]

E. Warning and Notification Systems

The school district shall maintain a warning system designed to inform students, staff, and visitors of a crisis or emergency. This system shall be maintained on a regular basis under the maintenance plan for all school buildings. The school district should consider an alternate notification system to address the needs of staff and students with special needs, such as vision or hearing.

The building administrator shall be responsible for informing students and employees of the warning system and the means by which the system is used to identify a specific crisis or emergency situation. Each school's building-specific crisis management plan will include the method and frequency of dissemination of the warning system information to students and employees.

F. Early School Closure Procedures

The superintendent will make decisions about closing school or buildings as early in the day as possible. The early school closure procedures will set forth the criteria for early school closure (e.g., weather-related, utility failure, or a crisis situation), will specify how closure decisions will be communicated to staff, students, families, and the school community (designated broadcast media, local authorities, e-mail, or district or school building web sites), and will discuss the factors to be considered in closing and reopening a school or building.

Early school closure procedures also will include a reminder to parents and guardians to listen to designated local radio and TV stations for school closing announcements, where possible.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Response section, provides universal procedures for severe weather shelter.]

G. Media Procedures

The superintendent has the authority and discretion to notify parents or guardians and the school community in the event of a crisis or early school closure. The superintendent will designate a spokesperson who will notify the media in the event of a crisis or early school closure. The spokesperson shall receive training to ensure that the district is in strict compliance with federal and state law relative to the release of private data when conveying information to the media.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Response section, has a sample Media Procedures form.]

H. Behavioral Health Crisis Intervention Procedures

Short-term behavioral health crisis intervention procedures will set forth the procedure for initiating behavioral health crisis intervention plans. The procedures will utilize available resources including the school psychologist, counselor, community behavioral

health crisis intervention, or others in the community. Counseling procedures will be used whenever the superintendent or the building administrator determines it to be necessary, such as after an assault, a hostage situation, shooting, or suicide. The behavioral health crisis intervention procedures shall include the following steps:

- Administrator will meet with relevant persons, including school psychologists and counselors, to determine the level of intervention needed for students and staff.
- 2. Designate specific rooms as private counseling areas.
- 3. Escort siblings and close friends of any victims as well as others in need of emotional support to the counseling areas.
- 4. Prohibit media from interviewing or questioning students or staff.
- 5. Provide follow-up services to students and staff who receive counseling.
- 6. Resume normal school routines as soon as possible.

I. Long-Term Recovery Intervention Procedures

Long-term recovery intervention procedures may involve both short-term and long-term recovery planning:

- Physical/structural recovery.
- 2. Fiscal recovery.
- 3. Academic recovery.
- 4. Social/emotional recovery.

[Note: The Comprehensive School Safety Guide (2011 Edition), under the Recovery section, addresses the recovery components in more detail.]

IV. ACTIVE SHOOTER DRILL

A. Definitions

- 1. "Active shooter drill" means an emergency preparedness drill designed to teach students, teachers, school personnel, and staff how to respond in the event of an armed intruder on campus or an armed assailant in the immediate vicinity of the school. An active shooter drill is not an active shooter simulation, nor may an active shooter drill include any sensorial components, activities, or elements which mimic a real life shooting.
- 2. "Active shooter simulation" means an emergency exercise including full-scale or functional exercises, designed to teach adult school personnel and staff how to respond in the event of an armed intruder on campus or an armed assailant in the immediate vicinity of the school which also incorporates sensorial components, activities, or elements mimicking a real life shooting. Activities or elements mimicking a real life shooting include, but are not limited to, simulation of tactical response by law enforcement. An active shooter simulation is not an active shooter drill.
- 3. "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that demonstrates any of the following:

- a. a statistically significant effect on relevant outcomes based on any of the following:
 - i. strong evidence from one or more well designed and well implemented experimental studies;
 - ii. moderate evidence from one or more well designed and well implemented quasi-experimental studies; or
 - iii. promising evidence from one or more well designed and well implemented correlational studies with statistical controls for selection bias; or
- b. a rationale based on high-quality research findings or positive evaluations that the program or practice is likely to improve relevant outcomes, including the ongoing efforts to examine the effects of the program or practice.
- 4. "Full-scale exercise" means an operations-based exercise that is typically the most complex and resource-intensive of the exercise types and often involves multiple agencies, jurisdictions, organizations, and real-time movement of resources.
- 5. "Functional exercises" means an operations-based exercise designed to assess and evaluate capabilities and functions while in a realistic, real-time environment, however, movement of resources is usually simulated.

B. Criteria

An active shooter drill conducted according to Minnesota Statutes, section 121A.037 with students in early childhood through grade 12 must be:

- 1. accessible;
- developmentally appropriate and age appropriate, including using appropriate safety language and vocabulary;
- culturally aware;
- 4. trauma-informed; and
- 5. inclusive of accommodations for students with mobility restrictions, sensory needs, developmental or physical disabilities, mental health needs, and auditory or visual limitations.

C. Student Mental Health and Wellness

Active shooter drill protocols must include a reasonable amount of time immediately following the drill for teachers to debrief with their students. The opportunity to debrief must be provided to students before regular classroom activity may resume. During the debrief period, students must be allowed to access any mental health services available on campus, including counselors, school psychologists, social workers, or cultural liaisons. An active shooter drill must not be combined or conducted consecutively with any other type of emergency preparedness drill. An active shooter drill must be accompanied by an announcement prior to commencing. The announcement must use concise and age-appropriate language and, at a minimum, inform students there is no immediate danger to life and safety.

D. Notice

- 1. The school district must provide notice of a pending active shooter drill to every student's parent or legal guardian before an active shooter drill is conducted. Whenever practicable, notice must be provided at least 24 hours in advance of a pending active shooter drill and inform the parent or legal guardian of the right to opt their student out of participating.
- 2. If a student is opted out of participating in an active shooter drill, no negative consequence must impact the student's general school attendance record nor may nonparticipation alone make a student ineligible to participate in or attend school activities.
- 3. The Commissioner of the Minnesota Department of Education must ensure the availability of alternative safety education for students who are opted out of participating or otherwise exempted from an active shooter drill. Alternative safety education must provide essential safety instruction through less sensorial safety training methods and must be appropriate for students with mobility restrictions, sensory needs, developmental or physical disabilities, mental health needs, and auditory or visual limitations.

E. Participation in Active Shooter Drills

Any student in early childhood through grade 12 must not be required to participate in an active shooter drill that does not meet the Criteria set forth above.

F. Active Shooter Simulations

A student must not be required to participate in an active shooter simulation. An active shooter simulation must not take place during regular school hours if a majority of students are present, or expected to be present, at the school. A parent or legal guardian of a student in grades 9 through 12 must have the opportunity to opt their student into participating in an active shooter simulation.

G. Violence Prevention

- 1. A school district or charter school conducting an active shooter drill must provide students in middle school and high school at least one hour, or one standard class period, of violence prevention training annually.
- 2. The violence prevention training must be evidence-based and may be delivered in-person, virtually, or digitally. Training must, at a minimum, teach students the following:
 - a. how to identify observable warning signs and signals of an individual who may be at risk of harming oneself or others;
 - b. the importance of taking threats seriously and seeking help; and
 - c. the steps to report dangerous, violent, threatening, harmful, or potentially harmful activity.
- 3. A school district or charter school must ensure that students have the opportunity to contribute to their school's safety and violence prevention planning, aligned with the recommendations for multihazard planning for schools, including but not limited to:
 - a. student opportunities for leadership related to prevention and safety;
 - b. encouragement and support to students in establishing clubs and programs focused on safety; and

c. providing students with the opportunity to seek help from adults and to learn about prevention connected to topics including bullying, sexual harassment, sexual assault, and suicide.

H. Board Meeting

At a regularly scheduled school board meeting, a school board of a district that has conducted an active shooter drill must consider the following:

- 1. the effect of active shooter drills on the safety of students and staff; and
- the effect of active shooter drills on the mental health and wellness of students and staff.

IV. SAMPLE PROCEDURES INCLUDED IN THIS POLICY

Sample procedures for the various hazards/emergencies listed below are attached to this Policy for use when drafting specific crisis management plans. Additional sample procedures may be found in the Response section of the *Comprehensive School Safety Guide* (2011 Edition). After approval by the school board, an adopted procedure will become an addendum to the Crisis Management Policy.

- A. Fire
- B. Hazardous Materials
- C. Severe Weather: Tornado/Severe Thunderstorm/Flooding
- D. Medical Emergency
- E. Fight/Disturbance
- F. Assault
- G. Intruder
- H. Weapons
- I. Shooting
- J. Hostage
- K. Bomb Threat
- L. Chemical or Biological Threat
- M. Checklist for Telephone Threats
- N. Demonstration
- O. Suicide
- P. Lock-down Procedures
- Q. Shelter-In-Place Procedures
- R. Evacuation/Relocation
- S. Media Procedures

- T. Post-Crisis Procedures
- U. School Emergency Response Team
- V. Emergency Phone Numbers
- W. Highly Contagious Serious Illness or Pandemic Flu

VI. MISCELLANEOUS PROCEDURES

A. Chemical Accidents

Procedures for reporting chemical accidents shall be posted at key locations such as chemistry labs, art rooms, swimming pool areas, and janitorial closets.

[Note: School buildings must maintain Material Safety Data Sheets (M.S.D.S.) for all chemicals on campus. State law, federal law, and OSHA require that pertinent staff have access to M.S.D.S. in the event of a chemical accident.]

B. <u>Visitors</u>

The school district shall implement procedures mandating visitor sign in and visitors in school buildings. See MSBA/MASA Model Policy 903 (Visitors to School District Buildings and Sites).

The school district shall implement procedures to minimize outside entry into school buildings except at designated check-in points and assure that all doors are locked prior to and after regular building hours.

C. Student Victims of Criminal Offenses at or on School Property

The school district shall establish procedures allowing student victims of criminal offenses on school property the opportunity to transfer to another school within the school district.

[Note: The Every Student Succeeds Act, 20 United States Code section 6301, et seq.; Title IX, 20 United States Code section 1681, et seq.; and the Unsafe School Choice Option, 20 United States Code section 7912, require school districts to establish such transfer procedures.]

D. <u>Radiological Emergencies at Nuclear Generating Plants</u> [OPTIONAL]

School districts within a 10-mile radius of the Monticello or Prairie Island nuclear power plants will implement crisis plans in the event of an accident or incident at the power plant.

Questions relative to the creation or implementation of such plans will be directed to the Minnesota Department of Public Safety.

Legal References: Minn. Stat. Ch. 12 (Emergency Management)

Minn. Stat. Ch. 12A (Natural Disaster; State Assistance)
Minn. Stat. § 121A.035 (Crisis Management Policy)
Minn. Stat. § 121A.038 (Students Safe at School)

Minn. Stat. § 121A.06 (Reports of Dangerous Weapon Incidents in School

Zones)

Minn. Stat. § 299F.30 (Fire Drill in School; Doors and Exits)

Minn. Stat. § 326B.02, Subd. 6 (Powers)

Minn. Stat. § 326B.106 (General Powers of Commissioner of Labor and

Industry)

Minn. Stat. § 609.605, Subd. 4 (Trespasses)

Minn. Rules Ch. 7511 (Fire Code) 20 U.S.C. § 1681, et seq. (Title IX)

20 U.S.C. § 6301, et seq. (Every Student Succeeds Act)

20 U.S.C. § 7912 (Unsafe School Choice Option)

42 U.S.C. § 5121 et seq. (Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance)

Cross References: MSBA/MASA Model Policy 407 (Employee Right to Know – Exposure to

Hazardous Substances)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 501 (School Weapons Policy) MSBA/MASA Model Policy 506 (Student Discipline)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 532 (Use of Peace Officers and Crisis Teams to

Remove Students with IEPs from School Grounds)

MSBA/MASA Model Policy 903 (Visitors to School District Buildings and Sites

Comprehensive School Safety Guide

Minnesota School Safety Center - Resources (mn.gov)