# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022



LOVVORN & KIESCHNICK, LLP



# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

# **AUGUST 31, 2022**

# **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

PAUL MOSTELLA PRESIDENT

KIMBERLY BOONE VICE-PRESIDENT

STEPHEN HOELSCHER SECRETARY

JAN MOSTELLA VICE-SECRETARY

JANIE ANGUIANO MEMBER

BEN BENAVIDES MEMBER

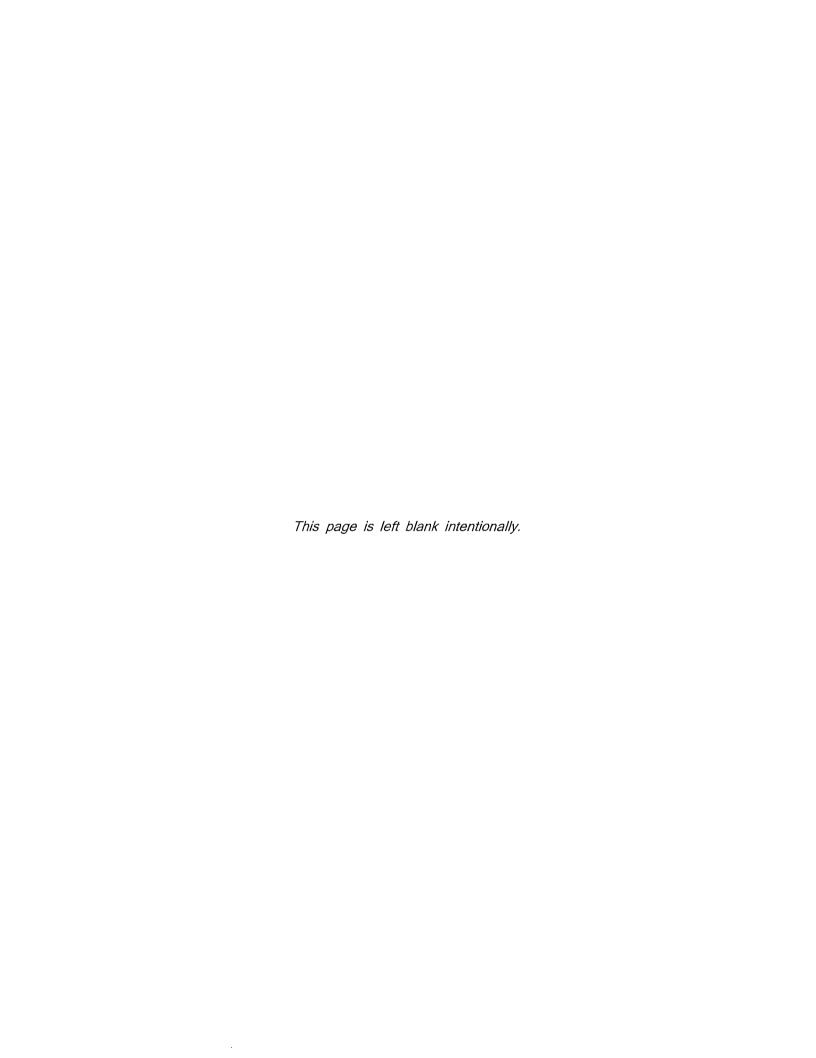
JOHN SAMANIEGO MEMBER

# OTHER OFFICIALS

STEVE VAN MATRE SUPERINTENDENT

PHILIP CARROLL CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CATHERINE SALDANA ASSISTANT BUSINESS MANAGER



# Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page	Exhibit
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
Certificate of Board	1	
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report	2	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	16	A-1
Statement of Activities	17	B-1
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20	C-1R
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21	C-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		C-3
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23	D-1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in		
Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds	24	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds		D-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		E-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	28	
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:		
General Fund	51	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net Pension Liability - Teacher Retirement System	53	G-2
Schedule of District's Contributions - Teacher Retirement System		G-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the		
Net OPEB Liability - TRS Care - OPEB Plan	55	G-4
Schedule of District's Contributions - TRS Care - OPEB Plan		G-5
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	57	
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	58	J-1
Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment Program	60	J-2
Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agency:		

# Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit
National School Breakfast and Lunch Program	61	J-3
Debt Service Fund	62	J-4
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and		
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	63	
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal		
Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	65	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	68	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	70	
Corrective Action Plan	71	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	72	K-1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	74	





# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Name of School District	Nueces County	<u>178-912</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annu	al financial reports of	the above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)approved _	disapproved for	the year ended August 31, 2022,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school dis	trict on the day of	:
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatur	e of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's rep (attach list as necessary)	oort, the reason(s) for d	isapproving it is (are):







# Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our

opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accouting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. part of ederal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic

financial statements. The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2023 on our consideration of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lover + Kurchnick, 778

Corpus Christi, TX February 16, 2023







# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

This section of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS**

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District (T-MISD) is located in South Texas, specifically in the Northwest area of Corpus Christi. Below are some district highlights:

- District Tagline: All Students Can Learn Believe It and Achieve It
- The mission of the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District is to educate every student to be a lifelong learner, a person of integrity, and a positive contributor to society.
- District Goals include:
  - Exceed increasing academic standards by addressing the needs of each student and enable students to develop and pursue their vision for success in education, life and career
  - o Recruit, retain and develop highly qualified employees with a sense of responsibility for the success of a new generation of students
  - o Commit to fostering a community that will support the success of all students
  - o Provide a safe, healthy and drug-free environment that promotes positive lifestyles
  - Aggressively obtain and allocate resources to facilitate optimal student achievement
  - o Incorporate innovative technologies to optimize teaching, learning, and working
  - o Demonstrate effective planning of maintenance, options and facilities
- T-MISD is known as the "School District of Choice in the Coastal Bend" with 423 out-ofdistrict transfer students.
- The District operates on a year-round calendar that provides one week of intercession after each six weeks of instruction.
- The Texas Education Agency rated T-MISD as a B on the A-F Accountability scale during the 2021-2022 school year.
- Annual drop-out rate for the District is less than 1%.
- T-MISD consists of 5 campuses throughout the district.
  - o High School Serves grade 9 through 12
  - o Academic Career Center Serves as an alternative high school
  - Middle School Serves grade 6 through 8
  - o Intermediate School Serves grade 3 through 5
  - Primary School Serves Pre-Kindergarten through 2<sup>nd</sup> grade.
- T-MISD is a large 4A school district that encompasses 415 square miles in Nueces County. Industrial (oil and gas) and agriculture provide the economic base of the district.
- The enrollment of the district decreased by 87 or 2.3%. Snapshot enrollment was 3,750, with the average daily attendance approximating 3,425.75 students.

- T-MISD employees approximately 649 full-time and part-time employees, including 275 teachers.
- The district is considered a wealthy school district based on property tax revenue per student accounting to the Texas Education Agency. The district sent \$521,402 of local property tax revenue to the State of Texas to fund other school districts during the current fiscal year.
- The oldest school building in use in the district is the Middle School gym built in 1952 and the newest building in use is the Intermediate classroom addition built in 2017.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$21,483,717 at August 31, 2022.
- During the year, the District's government-wide expenses were \$2,411,652 less than the \$51,020,284 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$20,907,473.

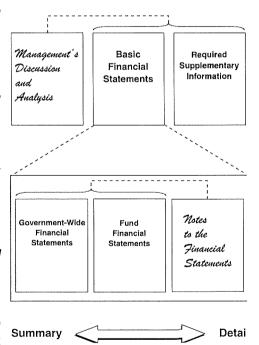
#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial* statements that provide both *long-term* and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as after-school care.

• Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or custodian* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses; after-school care	Instances in which the district is the trustee or custodian for someone else' resources
	*Statement of net assets	* Balance sheet	*Statement of net assets	*Statement of fiduciary net assets
Required financial statements	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
	. i		*Statement of cash flows	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of osset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2 Major Features of the District's Covernment wide and Fund Financial Statements

net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes, state formula revenue, and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds*—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.
- We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

(continued)

Table A-1
Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Net Position

							Total
	Governme	ental	Business	-type			Percentage
	Activitie	s	Activiti		Total		Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022-2021
Current Assets	2022	2021	ZVZZ	2021	2022	2021	LOZZ ZOZI
Cash and Cash Equivalents	26,196,303	21,037,926	306,548	274,053	26,502,851	21,311,979	24 4%
Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	10,842,819	7,710,099	-	27 1,000	10,842,819	7,710,099	40 6%
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(9,487,466)	(5,142,636)	_	_	(9,487 466)	(5,142,636)	84 5%
Due from Other Governments	2,647,487	4,192,209	_	42	2,647,487	4,192,251	-36 8%
Other Receivables, Net	92,768	7,991	_	72	92,768	7,991	1060 9%
Inventories	75,468	85,705	_	_	75,468	85,705	-11 9%
Other Current Assets	880,895	700,400	_	_	880,895	700,400	25 8%
Total Current Assets	31,248,274	28,591,694	306,548	274,095	31,554,822	28,865,789	9 3%
_	31,240,214	20,091,094	300,340	274,030	31,334,022	20,000,700	33/0
Noncurrent Assets	995,732	995,732			995,732	995,732	0.0%
Land	263.860	995,732 31.517	-	-	263,860	31,517	737 2%
Construction in Progress			-	-	•	69,720,520	-5 4%
Buildings, Net	65,958,645	69,720,520	-	-	65,958,645		-5 4% -13 6%
Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,117,406	2,451,520	-	-	2,117,406	2,451,520	
Capital Leases, Net	-	89,250		-		89,250	-100 0%
Total Noncurrent Assets	69,335,643	73,288,539	-	-	69,335,643	73,288,539	-5 4%
Total Assets	100,583,917	101,880,233	306,548	274,095	100,890,465	102,154,328	-1 2%
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Charge for Refunding	652,722	659,466	-	-	652,722	659,466	-1 0%
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pensions	2,440,941	3,500,161	-	-	2,440,941	3,500,161	-30 3%
Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	2,673,320	2,512,725	-	-	2,673,320	2,512,725	6 4%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,766,983	6,672,352	-	_	5,766,983	6,672,352	-13 6%
_							-
Current Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	1,079,818	603,085	6,539	-	1,086,357	603,085	80 1%
Interest Payable	67,198	80,734	-	-	67,198	80,734	-16 8%
Accrued Liabilities	335,228	216,080	9,768	4,321	344,996	220,401	56 5%
Due to Other Governments	1,829,287	23,398	-	-	1,829,287	23,398	7718 1%
Uneamed Revenue	73,314	56,044	-	-	73,314	56,044	30 8%
Total Current Liabilities	3,384,845	979,341	16,307	4,321	3,401,152	983,662	245 8%
Non-current Liabilities							-
Due Within One Year	3,943,394	4,978,132	-	_	3,943,394	4,978,132	-20 8%
Due in More Than One Year	50,150,221	54,096,098	-	-	50,150,221	54,096,098	-7 3%
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	4,117,310	9,066,163	-	-	4,117,310	9,066,163	-54 6%
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	9,720,952	10,390,863	_	-	9,720,952	10,390,863	-6 4%
Total Liabilities	71,316,722	79,510,597	16,307	4,321	71,333,029	79,514,918	-10 3%
Total Elabilities	1 1,0 10,122	. 0,0.0,00.		1,021	, ,		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pensions	5,175,603	1,795,014	_	_	5,175,603	1,795,014	188 3%
Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	8,665,098	8,465,150	_	_	8,665,098	8,465,150	2 4%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13.840.701	10,260,164	-		13.840.701	10,260,164	34 9%
Total Deterred fillows of Nesources	13,040,701	10,200,104			13,040,701	10,200,104	
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	17,267,593	16,223,358			17,267,593	16,223,358	6 4%
Restricted For	17,207,090	10,223,330	-	-	17,207,033	10,223,330	U 4 /0
	2,693,971	1,546,836			2,693,971	1,546,836	74 2%
Federal and State Programs  Debt Service	2,693,971 81,646	64,682	-	-	2,693,971 81,646	64,682	26 2%
Unrestricted	1,150,266	946,948	290,241	269,774	1,440,507	1,216,722	18 4%
				<del></del>		19,051,598	12 8%
Total Net Position =	21,193,476	18,781,824	290,241	269,774	21,483,717	19,051,598	= 120%

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# Net position

The District's combined net position was \$21,483,717 at August 31, 2021. (See Table A-1.)

# Changes in net position

The District's total governmental revenues were \$51,020,284. A significant portion, 68%, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. 14.6% comes from state aid, while 2.5% relates to charges for services.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$48,809,767.

Table A-2
Changes in Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Net Position

	Shanges in Tuloso inionaly independent control bisalots (ver) conton					Total Percentage		
	Governm			Business-type				
	Activit 2022	ies 2021	Activiti 2022	es 2021	Tota 2022	2021	Change 2022-2021	
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	1,266,637	678,045	215,123	163,933	1,481,760	841,978	75 99%	
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,773,810	5,480,309	6,478	6,357	6,780,288	5,486,666	23 58%	
General Revenues								
Property Taxes	34,773,715	37,057,183	-	-	34,773,715	37,057,183	-6 16%	
State Aid - Formula	7,472,559	10,562,280	-	-	7,472,559	10,562,280	-29 25%	
Investment Earnings	159,817	39,664	-	_	159,817	39,664	302 93%	
Other	573,746	595,946	-	-	573,746	595,946	-3 73%	
Total Revenues	51,020,284	54,413,427	221,601	170,290	51,241,885	54,583,717	-6 12%	
Expenses								
Instruction	23,690,250	25,558,312	_	-	23,690,250	25,558,312	-7 31%	
Instruc I Res and Media Serv	444,306	464,600	_	-	444,306	464,600	-4 37%	
Curncu Dev & Instr Staff Dev	441,684	308,482	-	_	441,684	308,482	43 18%	
Instructional Leadership	1,208,243	1,010,315	-	-	1,208,243	1,010,315	19 59%	
School Leadership	2,309,340	2,346,050	-	-	2,309,340	2,346,050	-1 56%	
Guid , Couns and Eval Srvs	1,664,832	1,742,575	-	-	1,664,832	1,742,575	-4 46%	
Social Work Services	79,496	17,583	-	-	79,496	17,583	352 12%	
Health Services	383,173	410,115	-	-	383,173	410,115	-6 57%	
Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,182,451	1,112,223	-	_	1,182,451	1,112,223	6 31%	
Food Services	2,667,948	2,057,123	_	-	2,667,948	2,057,123	29 69%	
Curricular/Extracurr Activities	2,734,415	2,164,215	-	_	2,734,415	2,164,215	26 35%	
General Administration	2,045,733	1,873,663	-	-	2,045,733	1,873,663	9 18%	
Plant Maintenance & Oper	6,251,971	6,849,688	-	_	6,251,971	6,849,688	-8 73%	
Security & Monitoring Services	444,109	322,047	-	-	444,109	322,047	37 90%	
Data Processing Services	703,676	717,835	-	_	703,676	717,835	-1 97%	
Community Services	8,853	14,476	-	-	8,853	14,476	-38 84%	
Debt Service	1,143,593	2,771,011	<del>-</del>	_	1,143,593	2,771,011	-58 73%	
Contracted Instruct Services	521,402	529,298	_	-	521,402	529,298	-1 49%	
Payments to Juvenile Justice	37,392	21,924	_	_	37,392	21,924	70 55%	
Other Intergovernmental	456,530	452,911	201,135	128,574	657,665	581,485	13 10%	
Other Financing Uses	189,235	-			189,235		-100 00%	
Total Expenses	48,608,632	50,744,446	201,135	128,574	48,809,767	50,873,020	-4 06%	
Increase (Dec ) in Net Position	2,411,652	3,668,981	20,466	41,716	2,432,118	3,710,697	-34 46%	
Net Position Beginning	18,781,824	15,112,843	269,775	228,059	19,051,599	15,340,902	24 19%	
Net Position Ending	21,193,476	18,781,824	290,241	269,775	21,483,717	19,051,599	12 77%	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							=	

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$48,608,632.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$34,773,715.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$1,266,637 or
- By grants and contributions \$6,773,810.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

Table A-3

Net Cost of Selected Tuloso-Midway Independent School District Functions

	Total Cost of Services			Net Co Servio		
-	2022	2021	% Change	2022	2021	% Change
Instruction	23,690,250	25,558,312	-7 31%	21,690,056	21,721,816	-0 15%
General Administration	2,045,733	1,873,663	9 18%	1,905,420	1,738,891	9 58%
Plant Maintenance & Operations	6,251,971	6,849,688	-8 73%	5,633,650	6,404,890	-12 04%
Food Service	2,667,948	2,057,123	29 69%	(838,814)	1,602,894	-152 33%

# **Business-type Activities**

Revenues of the District's business-type activities increased \$51,311 and expenses increased \$72,561 from the preceding year.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$54,520,494, an increase of 2.5% from the preceding year.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees reviewed the District budget and made budget amendments. Actual expenditures were \$6,714,835 below final budget amounts, primarily due to budgeted athletic improvements of \$5.5 million carried over for completion during FY2023.

Actual revenues were \$151,295 below the final budgeted amount.

(continued)

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

# **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2021-22, the District had invested \$131,702,768 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$838,898 or (0.63%) from last year.

 Table A-4

 Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Capital Assets

							Total
	Governme	ental	Busines	ss-type			Percentage
	Activitie	es	Activities T		Total		Change
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022-2021
Land	995,733	995,733	-	_	995,733	995,733	0 00%
Construction in Progress	263,860	31,518	-	-	263,860	31,518	737 17%
Buildings and Improvements	122,250,432	122,230,523	-	-	122,250,432	122,230,523	0 02%
Vehicles	3,727,579	3,727,579	-	-	3,727,579	3,727,579	0 00%
Equipment	4,465,164	5,229,465	-	-	4,465,164	5,229,465	-14 62%
Capital Leases	-	326,848	-	-	-	326,848	-100 00%
Totals at Historical Cost	131,702,768	132,541,666	-	-	131,470,426	132,541,666	-0 81%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(62,367,125)	(59,253,125)	-	-	(62,367,125)	(59,253,125)	5 26%
Net Capital Assets	69,335,643	73,288,541	-	-	69,103,301	73,288,541	-5 71%
=							

# **Long-Term Obligations**

More detailed information about the District's obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

The District had the following obligations at August 31, 2022:

Table A-5
Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's Long-Term Obligations

							l otal
	Governme	ental	Busines	ss-type			Percentage
	Activitie	es	Activ	rities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022-2021
Bonds Payable	48,001,066	52,469,379	-	_	48,001,066	52,469,379	-8 52%
Bond Premium	4,583,124	5,018,541	-	-	4,583,124	5,018,541	-8 68%
Accretion on Bonds	1,169,187	1,158,453	-	_	1,169,187	1,158,453	0 93%
Sub-Total	53,753,377	58,646,373	-	=	53,753,377	58,646,373	-8 34%
Loans	230,801	305,203	_	-	230,801	305,203	-24 38%
Compensated Absences	109,437	122,654	-	_	109,437	122,654	-10 78%
Net Pension Liability	4,117,310	9,066,163	-	-	4,117,310	9,066,163	-54 59%
Net OPEB Liability	9,720,952	10,390,863	-		9,720,952	10,390,863	-6 45%
Total Long-Term Obligations	67,931,877	78,531,256	-	_	67,931,877	78,531,256	-13 50%

### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The 2019 State Legislative session significantly changed education funding calculations for fiscal year 2019-2020 through 2022-2023.

In developing the 2022-2023 budget the effects of the following factors were again taken into consideration as they were for previous years:

- Tax rate compression eliminated the results of the tax ratification election (TRE) passed by the District's voters in September 2010. The M&O tax rate for 2019-2020 was compressed from the maximum \$1.17 to \$1.06835. The M&O tax rate for 2022-2023 was compressed further to \$1.006 as property values for the District increased at a higher rate than the state average. Before a District can seek voter approval to raise M&O rates above state calculated maximums an efficiency audit must be completed and posted on the District's website at least 30 days before the election.
- Increase in the Basic Allotment from \$5,140 to \$6,160.
- New Early Education Allotment with a 0.10 weight per ADA for each student in grades K-3 who is educationally disadvantaged or Limited English Proficient (LEP) to support implementing early literacy and mathematics proficiency plans that lead to improved third grade proficiency.
- Full day Pre-K for all eligible 4 year olds TMISD added four additional Pre-K teachers and para-professionals each for 2019-2020. Due to lower Pre-K enrollment only 5 of 6 allocated Pre-K teacher positions were utilized during 2021-2022.
- New Dyslexia Allotment with a 0.10 weight per ADA for each student that has been identified as having Dyslexia or a related disorder.
- Career and Technology (CTE) funding expansion with addition of Technology Application to funding weight and extending CTE and Tech Apps courses offered down to Grade 7.
- College, Career and Military Readiness (CCMR) established CCMR Outcomes Bonuses paid for each annual graduate above a certain threshold percentage.
- Additional Special Education weight from 1.1 to 1.15 for students served in a mainstream setting.
- New Compensatory Education Spectrum Increased State Comp Ed funding from 0.20 to a range of 0.225 -0.275 per student based on the census block group of the student's home address. The majority of TMISD's educationally/economically disadvantaged students are located in Tier 4 of the funding spectrum (0.2625). Only Tier 5 census block tracks have a lower socio-economic population/rating.
- Repeal of the Cost of Education Index
- Repeal of the High School Allotment
- Switch to utilizing current year property values (vs. prior tax year property values) for the local share calculation.
- Removal of the Gifted & Talented (GT) Allotments as a discrete, stand-alone Tier One Allotment with reallocation into the basic allotment. Districts are still required to provide GT programs.
- Amended statute for transportation from linear density to a simple \$1.00 per mile reimbursement.
- Recapture now based on local revenue in excess of entitlement instead of on a wealth per WADA basis.

#### **Property Values**

The 2022-2023 certified property values have increased \$139.4 million or 4.3% increase for M&O values and a 3.7% increase for I&S values.

# Recapture

Recapture for the 2021-2022 fiscal year was originally projected to be \$497,812. The near final about is \$523,709. Projected recapture for 2022-2023 is \$551,605.

#### **Enrollment**

October 2022 snapshot enrollment is 3,654, a decrease of 96 students or 2.6%. The two year decrease in enrollment trend is considered to be primarily COVID-19 related.

# **Chapter 313 Partner**

The manufacturing corporation M&G Resins USA, LLC has been purchased by Corpus Christi Polymers, LLC. The facility continues to be under construction and is tentatively scheduled for completion in 2024. The 2022 tax values for this property were identical to the previous two years. The hold harmless payment for 2022-2023 is \$175,660.

# **Employee Compensation**

Significant across the board raises for all employees were adopted for the 2022-2023 year. A retention incentive of \$5,000/\$3,000 for certified/auxiliary employees is budgeted for all full-time employees from ESSER (covid relief) funds in 2022-2023.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

The fund balance for the Debt Service Fund as of August 31, 2022 is \$1,145,508. For fiscal year 2022-2023 the I&S tax rate is maintained at \$0.1504 For 2022-2023 the Debt Service Fund is projected to have revenues in excess of expenditures of approximately \$47,124.

#### Food Service Fund

Fiscal year 2021-2022 was the fourth and final year the District participated in the Community Eligibility Program (CEP) as part of the National School Lunch/Breakfast Program for all campuses. All students ate for free and the District was reimbursed for 96% of eligible reimbursed meals served. For 2021-2022 only the Primary School campus operating under the CEP program. However, all students are continuing to be served free meals with the cost being subsidized by the General Fund. The Food Service Fund Balance is still in excess of three months of operating expenditures. The District has capital improvement and equipment replacements scheduled to expend this excess fund balance.

### COVID-19 and 2022-2023 Budgets

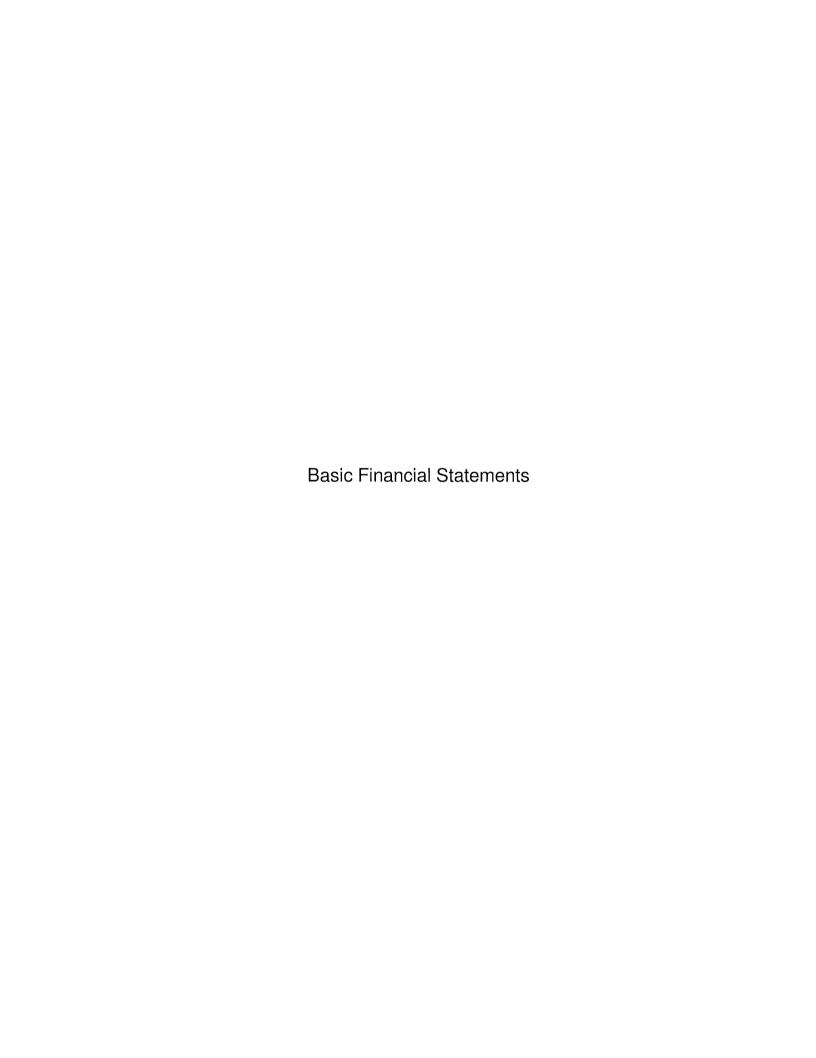
Regular in-person instruction schedules resumed for the District during 2021-2022 following previous school calendar adjustments and remote instruction periods.

The District has received over \$8 million in Covid relief funds through the 2023-2024 fiscal year. The Texas Education Agency provided hold-harmless relief for districts during 2019-2020, 2020-2021 and 2021-2022 to offset the decrease in average daily attendance due to Covid. For the 2022-2023 fiscal year no hold-harmless relief is anticipated.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District at (361) 903-6400.







# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

			1		2		3
Data							
Control		(	Governmental		siness-type		Tatal
Codes	ASSETS:		Activities		Activities		Total
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	26,196,303	\$	306,548	\$	26,502,851
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	Ψ	1,355,353	*		*	1,355,353
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,647,487				2,647,487
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		92,768				92,768
1300	Inventories		75,468				75,468
1410	Unrealized Expenses		880,895				880,895
	Capital Assets:		•				•
1510	Land		995,732				995,732
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		65,958,645		***		65,958,645
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		2,117,406				2,117,406
1580	Construction in Progress		263,860				263,860
1000	Total Assets	_	100,583,915		306,548		100,890,463
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		652,722				652,722
1701	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		2,440,941				2,440,941
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to PEB		2,673,320				2,673,320
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,766,983		***		5,766,983
1700	Total Deletted Outliews of Hesbardes		3,700,000	*****		********	0,700,000
	LIABILITIES:						
2110	Accounts Payable		1,079,818		6,539		1,086,357
2140	Interest Payable		67,198				67,198
2165	Accrued Liabilities		335,228		9,768		344,996
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,829,287				1,829,287
2300	Unearned Revenue		73,314				73,314
	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
2501	Due Within One Year		3,943,394				3,943,394
2502	Due in More Than One Year		50,150,221				50,150,221
2540	Net Pension Liability		4,117,310				4,117,310
2545	Net OPEB Liability		9,720,952				9,720,952
2000	Total Liabilities		71,316,721	•	16,307		71,333,028
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		5,175,603				5,175,603
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		8,665,098				8,665,098
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,840,701		***		13,840,701
	NET POSITION:						
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		17,267,593				17,267,593
0200	Restricted For:		,20,,000				,_3,,000
3820	Federal and State Programs		2,693,971				2,693,971
3850	Debt Service		81,646				81,646
3900	Unrestricted		1,150,266		290,241		1,440,507
3000	Total Net Position	\$	21,193,476	\$	290,241	\$_	21,483,717
		* ====				-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# **TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

					Program	Revenu	ıes
Data				_			Operating
Control					Charges for	(	Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Services	C	ontributions
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	23,690,250	\$		\$	2,000,194
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		444,306				39,587
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		441,684				7,841
21	Instructional Leadership		1,208,243				59,395
23	School Leadership		2,309,340				221,386
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,664,832				121,112
32	Social Work Services		79,496				
33	Health Services		383,173				40,937
34	Student Transportation		1,182,451				91,987
35	Food Service		2,667,948		287,819		3,218,943
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,734,415		970,191		86,848
41	General Administration		2,045,733				140,313
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		6,251,971		8,627		609,694
52	Security and Monitoring Services		444,109				19,598
53	Data Processing Services		703,676				62,558
61	Community Services		8,853				
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,138,093				35,581
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		5,500				
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools		521,402				17,836
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs		37,392				
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		456,530				
TG	Total Governmental Activities		48,419,397	_	1,266,637	_	6,773,810
	Business-type Activities:						
01	Enterprising Activities		201,135		215,123		6,478
TB	Total Business-type Activities		201,135	_	215,123		6,478
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	48,620,532	\$_	1,481,760	\$	6,780,288
	Genera	Rev	venues:				
ΜT	Proper	ty Ta	axes, Levied for Ge	eneral	Purposes		
DT	Propei	ty Ta	axes, Levied for De	ebt Se	rvice		
	Chapte	er 31	3 Payments				
ΙE	Investi	nent	Earnings				
GC	Grants	and	Contributions Not	Restr	icted to Specific I	⊃rogram	IS
MI	Miscel	lane	ous				
TR	Tota	Gei	neral Revenues				
	Special	Item	s:				
	Outflow	v - N	IOE Refund				
CN	Chai	nge i	n Net Position				
NB	Net Pos	ition	- Beginning				
NE	Net Pos	ition	- Ending				

1

3

4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

6 7 8

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		ness-type ctivities	Total		
-		<u> </u>		-		
\$	(21,690,056)			\$	(21,690,056)	
	(404,719)				(404,719)	
	(433,843)				(433,843)	
	(1,148,848)				(1,148,848)	
	(2,087,954)				(2,087,954)	
	(1,543,720)				(1,543,720)	
	(79,496)				(79,496)	
	(342,236)				(342,236)	
	(1,090,464)				(1,090,464)	
	838,814				838,814	
	(1,677,376)				(1,677,376)	
	(1,905,420)				(1,905,420)	
	(5,633,650)				(5,633,650)	
	(424,511)				(424,511)	
	(641,118)				(641,118)	
	(8,853)				(8,853)	
	(1,102,512)				(1,102,512)	
	(5,500)				(5,500)	
	(503,566)				(503,566)	
	(37,392)				(37,392)	
	(456,530)				(456,530)	
•	(40,378,950)				(40,378,950)	
				-		
_		\$	20,466	•	20,466	
	**		20,466		20,466	
-	(40,378,950)	************	20,466	-	(40,358,484)	
	20 606 614				20 606 644	
	29,686,614				29,686,614	
	5,087,101				5,087,101	
	330,090				330,090	
	159,817				159,817	
	7,472,559				7,472,559	
	243,656			-	243,656	
	42,979,837				42,979,837	
	(189,235)				(189,235)	
-	2,411,652		20,466		2,432,118	
	18,781,824		269,775		19,051,599	
\$	21,193,476	\$	290,241	\$_	21,483,717	

# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			10	FSS	ER Fund III o	of	Other		98 Total
Contro			General		American		Governmental	G	lovernmental
Codes		_	Fund	Res	cue Plan Act	_	Funds		Funds
	ASSETS:							_	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,501,657	\$		\$	4,554,923	\$	25,056,580
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		1,182,830				172,523		1,355,353
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,072,982		713,682		860,823		2,647,487
1260	Due from Other Funds		969,718						969,718
1290	Other Receivables		92,768						92,768
1300	Inventories		57,509				17,959		75,468
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		880,895			_			880,895
1000	Total Assets	===	24,758,359		713,682	=	5,606,228		31,078,269
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	500,241	\$	72,716	\$	413,689	\$	986,646
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	Ψ	118	Ψ	72,710	Ψ	710,000	Ψ	118
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		329,754						329,754
2170	Due to Other Funds		020,704		640,966		328,754		969,720
2180	Due to Other Governments		1,829,287						1,829,287
2200	Accrued Expenditures		5,356						5,356
2300	Unearned Revenue		3,300				70,014		73,314
2000	Total Liabilities	_	2,668,056		713,682	-	812,457		4,194,195
2000	rotal Elabilitios	_	2,000,000		7 10,002	-	0,12,101	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	1,182,830			_	172,523		1,355,353
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,182,830		***	-	172,523		1,355,353
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3410	Inventories		57,508				17,959		75,467
3430	Prepaid Items		880,895		AND 1400		40 Au		880,895
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		MP AN		***		2,676,012		2,676,012
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt						1,145,508		1,145,508
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance						94,219		94,219
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3570	Capital Expenditures		5,876,979				***		5,876,979
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		2,000,000				687,550		2,687,550
3600	Unassigned		12,092,091			_		_	12,092,091
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	20,907,473			_	4,621,248	_	25,528,721
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000		\$_	24,758,359	\$	713,682	\$_	5,606,228	\$	31,078,269

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet

\$ 25,528,721

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	69,335,643
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	1,355,353
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	1,046,551
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(48,001,066)
Payables for loans which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(230,801)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(67,198)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(109,437)
Deferred charge for refundings expended in the funds, but is amortized in the statement of net position.	652,722
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(4,117,310)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(5,175,603)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	2,440,941
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(1,169,186)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(4,583,124)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(9,720,952)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(8,665,098)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	2,673,320

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position

\$<u>21,193,476</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			10	ES	SER Fund III o	ıf	Other		98 Total
Control Codes			General Fund		e American scue Plan Act		Governmental Funds	G	iovernmental Funds
	REVENUES:		T CITCO		3000 1 1011 7 101	•		_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	31,515,664	\$		\$	6,470,360	\$	37,986,024
5800	State Program Revenues	*	7,126,107	•			352,124		7,478,231
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,212,494		1,667,961		6,175,784		9,056,239
5020	Total Revenues	-	39,854,265		1,667,961	•	12,998,268		54,520,494
0000	7 0 101 7 10 7 0 11 0 0 0	-	00,00 1,00		.,00.,00.	•		_	
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		20,827,200		1,161,358		1,780,567		23,769,125
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		411,255		9,989		12,219		433,463
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		187,569		12,000		255,883		455,452
0021	Instructional Leadership		698,740		63,176		457,980		1,219,896
0023	School Leadership		2,215,595		52,484		68,502		2,336,581
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,247,099		106,829		272,497		1,626,425
0032	Social Work Services				66,715		1,522		68,237
0033	Health Services		376,228		11,726		11,611		399,565
0034	Student Transportation		982,963		33,143		28,156		1,044,262
0035	Food Service						2,392,940		2,392,940
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,816,825		3,504		762,863		2,583,192
0041	General Administration		1,993,852		25,480		23,709		2,043,041
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		5,615,486		98,325		324,370		6,038,181
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		381,660		12,720		45,482		439,862
0053	Data Processing Services		739,472		10,512		11,017		761,001
0061	Community Services						18,936		18,936
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		882,715				3,660,000		4,542,715
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		101,775				1,467,794		1,569,569
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees						5,500		5,500
0081	Capital Outlay		232,343						232,343
0091	Contracted Instructional Services								
0091	Between Public Schools		521,402						521,402
	Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative		02.,						<b></b> ,
0095	Education Programs		37,392						37,392
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		456,530						456,530
6030	Total Expenditures		39,726,101		1,667,961		11,601,548		52,995,610
	γ	********			<del></del>				
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	, , ,		128,164				1,396,720		1,524,884
	'		<u> </u>		-				
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In						644,860		644,860
8911	Transfers Out						(644,860)		(644,860)
8949	Other Uses - MOE Refund		(189,235)						(189,235)
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(189,235)						(189,235)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(61,071)	•			1,396,720	-	1,335,649
	3		, , ,				. ,		
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		20,968,544				3,224,528		24,193,072
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	20,907,473	\$		\$		\$	25,528,721
	=			-				==	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,335,649

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	265,537
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(4,218,433)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(1,212,110)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	4,468,313
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	74,402
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(10,733)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	13,536
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	113,999
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	13,217
Amortization of bond premium and deferred amount is an expense in the SOA but not in the funds.	428,673
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	509,044
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized.	630,559

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

2,411,652

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data	31 31, 2022	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
Contro	1	After School	Insurance
Codes		Care	Fund
	ASSETS: Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Current Assets	\$ <u>306,548</u> 306,548	\$ <u>1,139,723</u> 1,139,723
1000	Total Assets	306,548	1,139,723
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 6,539	\$ 93,172
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	9,768	
	Total Current Liabilities	16,307	93,172
2000	Total Liabilities	16,307	93,172
	NET POSITION:		
3900	Unrestricted	290,241	1,046,551
3000	Total Net Position	\$	\$ 1,046,551

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

1 OIL	TIE TEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022				
			Nonmajor		Nonmajor
			Enterprise		Internal Service
			•		
		_	Fund		Fund
Data					
Contro			After School		Insurance
Codes			Care		Fund
	OPERATING REVENUES:	<del></del>		•	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	215,123	\$	276,141
5800	State Program Revenues	•	6,478	,	
5020	Total Revenues		221,601	•	276,141
	ODEDATING EVDENCES.				
	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
6100	Payroll Costs		181,328		
6200	Professional and Contracted Services				57,348
6300	Supplies and Materials		8,586		
6400	Other Operating Costs		550		104,794
6600	Capital Outlay - Land, Buildings and Equipment		10,671		No. 100
6030	Total Expenses		201,135		162,142
1300	Change in Net Position		20,466		113,999
			_==, 100		
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning		269,775		932,552
3300	Total Net Position - Ending	\$_	290,241	\$	1,046,551

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund After School Care	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Insurance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Customers	015 100	ф
Cash Received from Gustomers  Cash Received from Grants	\$ 215,123 6,520	\$
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external	0,320	<del></del>
Operating Transactions with Other Funds		276,141
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(175,881)	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(13,268)	(160,555)
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	32,495	115,586
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	32,495	115,586
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	274,053	1,024,137
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$306,548_	\$ <u>1,139,723</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 20,466	\$ 113,999
Depreciation		
Change in Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Receivables Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	42	 
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	6,539	1,587
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	5,447	
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		
Total Adjustments	12,029	1,587
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$32,495_	\$ 115,586

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund
Data Control Codes ASSETS:	Student Activity
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1000 Total Assets	\$ <u>89,605</u> <u>89,605</u>
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: 2110 Accounts Payable 2000 Total Liabilities	\$475
NET POSITION: 3800 Restricted for Student Activities 3000 Total Net Position	89,130 \$89,130

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Custodial Funds Student Activity
ADDITIONS:		
Student Group Fundraising Activities	\$	35,217
Contributions/Gifts		10,771
Student Club Fees/Dues		24,427
Commissions		2,488
Total Additions		72,903
DEDUCTIONS:		
Student Activities		91,264
Total Deductions	_	91,264
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(18,361)
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	_	107,491
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	89,130

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

ESSER III: This fund is used to account for money received to address the areas most impacted by

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

disruption and closure of school caused by COVID-19.

The District reports the following non-major enterprise funds:

After-School Care: This fund is used to account for the District's activity associated with providing care for students in an after school program.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

## 3. Financial Statement Amounts

#### a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

## b. Property Taxes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

#### c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

## d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	7-15
Office Equipment	8

## e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

Except for delinquent taxes, there are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

## g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

#### k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### I. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported the following:

Net Pension Asset

Net Pension Liability \$ 4,117,310

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

## 6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Management has determined that the District does not have any leases that meet the requirement to be recorded under the provisions of GASB 87, Leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation
In the General Fund and Food Service
Fund, several functional expenditures
exceeded the appropriated amounts.

Action Taken
In the future, the budget will be amended before overspending.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name None reported Amount Remarks
Not applicable Not applicable

#### C. Deposits and Investments

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the Disctrict to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar- weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$4,064,820 and the bank balance was \$4,926,274. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2022 and during the year ended August 31, 2022, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### 2. Investments:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

As of August 31, 2022 the District had the following investments and maturities:

#### Investment Maturities (In Years)

Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1	 1 to 2	 2 to 3
Investment Pools:						
Investment in TexPool	\$	208,361	\$	208,361	\$ 	\$ 
Investment in Lone Star Pool		19,196,009		19,196,009	***	
Investment in LOGIC		1,894,835		1,894,835	~	
Investment in Texas Class		1,228,431		1,228,431		
Total Fair Value	\$_	22,527,636	\$_	22,527,636	\$ 	\$ 

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with state law and District policy, the District does not purchase any investments with maturities greater than 10 years.

Credit Risk - In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy investments in mutual funds, and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, counties, etc. must be rated at least A. The District's investments in investment pools were rated AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District does not place a limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The District does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a custodial credit risk.

The local government investment pools such as TexPool and Lone Star Pool are not evidenced by securities in physical form. They are managed conservatively to provide safe, efficient and liquid investments to Texas governmental entities. The pools both seek to maintain a \$1 value per share as required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Federated Investors manages the assets, provides participant services, and arranges for all custody and other functions in support of TexPool operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. The state comptroller maintains oversight responsibility for TexPool, including the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. GASB 31 allows 2a7-like pools to use amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to report net assets to compute share price. The fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

Lone Star Investment Pool is administered by FIRST Public. The fair value of the funds in Lone Star is also the same as the value of Lone Star shares.

Texas Class is administered by Cutwater Investor Services Corporation. The fair value of the funds in Texas Class is also the same fair value as Texas Class shares.

LOGIC is co-administered by First Southwest Company and J.P Morgan Investment Management, Inc. The fair value of the funds in LOGIC is also the same fair value as LOGIC shares.

Limitations exist for withdrawals in this way: ACH (Automated Clearing House) withdrawals from Lone Star or TexPool are restricted to the account designated by the direct deposit form currently on record. The current authorized direct deposit form designates only the District Depository Bank as the entitiy to use for deposits or withdrawals by ACH. The Superintendent must authorize any new or replacement direct deposit form that would alter or replace the depository bank.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Limitations exist for wire transfers in this way: A Wire Transfer to or from Lone Star or TexPool requires two signatures from authorized representatives in order to be processed.

## D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	995,733 \$		\$		\$	995,733
Construction in progress		31,517	232,343				263,860
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,027,250	232,343				1,259,593
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		122,230,523	19,909				122,250,432
Equipment		5,556,313	13,285		1,104,434		4,465,164
Vehicles		3,727,579			<del></del>		3,727,579
Total capital assets being depreciated		131,514,415	33,194	_	1,104,434		130,443,175
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_	-	_	
Buildings and improvements		(52,510,004)	(3,781,784)				(56,291,788)
Equipment		(4,268,583)	(261,598)	ı	(1,104,434)		(3,425,747)
Vehicles		(2,474,539)	(175,051)		·		(2,649,590)
Total accumulated depreciation		(59,253,126)	(4,218,433)	_	(1,104,434)		(62,367,125)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		72,261,289	(4,185,239)	_		_	68,076,050
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	73,288,539 \$	(3,952,896)	\$_		\$	69,335,643

## Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,270,984
Instructional Resources and Media Services	52,233
Curriculum and Staff Development	2,547
Instructional Leadership	97,825
School Leadership	215,120
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	177,647
Social Work Services	16,748
Health Services	26,631
Student Transportation	219,412
Food Services	275,361
Extracurricular Activities	247,425
General Administration	126,294
Plant Maintenance and Operations	476,933
Security and Monitoring Services	13,083
Data Processing Services	10
Community Services	180
	\$ 4,218,433

## E. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Due To Fund	Due From Fund		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund	Other Governmental Funds ESSER III	\$	328,753 640.965	Short-term loans Short-term loans
denotal Fund	Total	\$	969,718	Chart term loans
All amounts due are schedule	ed to be repaid within one year.			
Transfers To and From Other	Funds			
Transfers to and from other fu	inds at August 31, 2022, consisted	d of the	following:	
Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	\$	644,860	Supplement other funds sources

644,860

## F. Long-Term Obligations

2.

## 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended 2022, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District, are as follows:

Total

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/21	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Maintenance Tax						_	
Series, 2008	4.38%	2,649,941	454,383		222,313	232,070	232,070
Unlimited Tax Sch Building Bonds Series 2013		15,300,000	685,000		685,000		
		15,500,000	665,000		665,000		
Unlimited Tax Sch Building Bonds Series 2014		9,380,000	1,395,000		450,000	945,000	465,000
Limited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2014	ds 2.31%	2,002,000	850,000		206,000	644,000	208,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2014	2.00% to 4.00%	7,645,000	2,115,000		385,000	1,730,000	405,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bond Series 2015	2.00% to 4.00%	5,615,000	2,710,000		670,000	2,040,000	690,000
Unlimited Tax							

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2016 5.00%	11,125,000	9,815,000		395,000	9,420,000	415,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 2.00% to Series 2017 4.00%	7,810,000	6,520,000		310,000	6,210,000	315,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 3.00% to Series 2017-A 4.00%	8,220,000	7,995,000		135,000	7,860,000	140,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonc 0.76% to Series 2020 4.00%	16,314,996	15,924,996		630,000	15,294,996	179,996
Limited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2021 1.36%	4,005,000	4,005,000 52,469,379		380,000 4,468,313	3,625,000 48,001,066	380,000 3,430,066
Loans		305,203		74,402	230,801	77,911
Accretion on Bonds		1,158,453	10,734		1,169,187	
Bond Premium		5,018,541		435,417	4,583,124	435,417
Net Pension Liability		9,066,163	(4,258,906)	689,947	4,117,310	
Net OPEB Liability		10,390,863	(473,038)	196,873	9,720,952	
Compensated Absences		122,654		13,217	109,437	
Total governmental activities		\$78,531,256_\$	(4,721,210) \$	5,878,169 \$	67,931,877 \$	3,943,394

## 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
	_	General Obligation Bonds				Limited Tax Debt			
Year Ending August 31,	-	Principal	Interest		Total		Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	2,609,996 \$	2,512,948	\$	5,122,944	\$	820,069 \$	71,957 \$	892,026
2024		3,890,000	1,246,407		5,136,407		600,000	51,720	651,720
2025		3,505,000	1,108,806		4,613,806		611,000	41,449	652,449
2026		3,610,000	1,004,369		4,614,369		400,000	33,592	433,592
2027		3,245,000	900,071		4,145,071		405,000	28,152	433,152
2028-2032		16,530,000	3,073,901		19,603,901		1,665,000	56,984	1,721,984
2035-2037		8,970,000	1,014,235		9,984,235				
2038-2039		1,140,000	45,200		1,185,200				
Totals	\$_	43,499,996 \$	10,905,937	\$	54,405,933	\$_	4,501,069 \$	283,854 \$	4,784,923

General obligation bonds are paid by the Debt Service Fund with the support of the General Fund. Maintenance Tax Notes and Limited Tax Refunding Bonds are paid by the General Fund.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions

The District had \$5,675,000 in defeased bonds outstanding at August 31, 2022.

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Events Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District.

#### 3. Loans

During 2020, the District entered into loan agreements for the acquisition of printers and copiers at a cost of \$387,481. Beginning in 2020, the monthly loan payment is \$7,245, payable in sixty equal monthly installments at 4.5966%.

Scheduled loan payments are as follows:

Year ending August 31:

	Principal	Interest		Total
2023	\$ 77,911	\$ 9,024	\$	86,935
2024	81,585	5,350		86,935
2025	71,305	1,528		72,833
Total	\$ 230,801	\$ 15,902	\$_	246,703

#### G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### H. Pension Plan

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about%20publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

#### Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates	2	
	2021	2022
Member	7.7%	 8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.75%
Employers	7.5%	7.75%
District's 2022 Employer Contributions		\$ 835,588
District's 2022 Member Contributions		\$ 1,962,553
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$ 1,481,890

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

 On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

## 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020 1.95% \*
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<sup>\*</sup> The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class *	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.0%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	(0.2)%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0.0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.0%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	(0.7)%	(0.01)%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.0%)	(0.5)%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ****	-		(0.95)%
Expected Return	100.0%		6.90%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

1%		1%	

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021)

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Decrease in Discount Increase in Discount Rate (6.25%) (7.25%) (8.25%)

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability: \$8,996,975 \$4,117,310 \$158,420

 Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$4,117,310 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability \$ 4,117,310

State's proportionate share that is associated with District 8,843,281

Total \$ 12,960,591

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0161675773%, which was an increase (decrease) of -0.0007601827% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$361,898 and revenue of \$35,354 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$	6,890 \$	289,862
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		1,455,389	634,425
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings			3,452,311
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions		143,074	799,005
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability (to be calculated by employer)		835,588	
Total	\$	2,440,941 \$	5,175,603

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount		
2023	\$ (638,942)		
2024	\$ (675,494)		
2025	\$ (959,668)		
2026	\$ (1,170,828)		
2027	\$ (100,053)		
Thereafter	\$ (25,265)		

#### I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

#### OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates					
Medicare Non-Medicare					
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$ 200		
Retiree and Spouse		529	689		
Retiree or Surviving Spouse					
and Children		468	408		
Retiree and Family		1,020	999		

## 4. Contributions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates	
	2022
Active Employee	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%
Employers	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%

District's 2022 Employer Contributions	\$ 212,937
District's 2022 Member Contributions	\$ 159,459
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 263,766

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to *(regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program)*. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

## 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the
	delivery of health care benefits are included in the
	the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Health Care Trend Rates	8.5% to 4.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement - 65% participation rate prior to
	age 65 and 40% participation rate after age 65.
	Pre-65 retirees - 25% are assumed to discontinue
	coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment	
benefit changes	None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to **not be able** to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

1% Decrease in Current Sing	le   1% Increase in
-----------------------------	---------------------

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate (0.95%)	Discount Rate (1.95%)	Discount Rate (2.95%)		
\$ 11,725,708	\$ 9,720,952	\$ 8,143,144		

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$9,720,952 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District

\$ 9,720,952 \$ 13,023,000

State's proportionate share that is associated with the Distric

\$ 13,023,909

Total \$\_\_\_22,744,861

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0252004822%, which was an increase (decrease) of -0.0021334522% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the health trend rates assumed.

District's proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability:

		Current Single					
Hea	althcare Trend	Hea	Ithcare Tren	eH b	althcare Trend		
	Rate	Rate			Rate		
\$	7,873,649	\$	9,720,952	\$	12,199,574		

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate was changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This
change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 418,533 \$	4,705,621
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,076,710	2,055,801

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Difference between projected and actual

investment earnings 10,554 --

Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate

share of contributions 954,586 1,903,676

Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the

measurement date 212,937

Total \$ 2,673,320 \$ 8,665,098

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount		
2023	\$ (1,117,260)		
2024	\$ (1,117,498)		
2025	\$ (1,117,433)		
2026	\$ (861,552)		
2027	\$ (515,134)		
Thereafter	\$ (1,475,838)		

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(898,303) and revenue of \$(480,682) for support provided by the State.

#### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$101,457.

#### J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2022, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$275 per pay period per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2022, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Blue Cross Blue Shield are available for the year and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

## K. Commitments and Contingencies

## 1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### 2. Litigation

At August 31, 2022, the District was not involved in any lawsuits or other legal actions which, in Administration's opinion (based on discussions with legal counsel) would result in any direct loss to the District which would be material to its financial position.

#### L. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2022, are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments and are summarized below:

Fund	 State Entitlements	Federal Grants	 Other	Total
General	\$ 1,058,410 \$	7,857	\$ 6,715 \$	1,072,982
ESSER II		713,682		713,682
Other Governmental	98,127	759,385	3,311	860,823
Total	\$ 1,156,537 \$	1,480,924	\$ 10,026 \$	2,647,487

#### M. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:

		Other					
		General		Governmental		Unearned	
Revenue Description		Fund	Funds			Amount	
Grant Programs	\$	= =	-\$	35,109	\$	35,109	
Other		3,300	)	34,905		38,205	
Total Unearned Revenue	\$	3,300	\$	70,014	\$_	73,314	

#### N. Fund Balances

The following is a summary of Governmental Fund fund balances of the District at the year ended August 31, 2022:

#### General Fund

Nonspendable: Inventories	\$	57,508
Prepaid Items	*	880,895
'		938,403
Assigned	<del></del>	
Tax Value Lawsuits/Settlements/Ins. Deductibles		2,000,000
Construction/E-rate Projects		5,750,549
Equipment/Bus		123,930
Other		2,500
		7,876,979

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Unassigned:	12,092,091
Total General Fund fund balance	20,907,473
Other Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable: Inventories	17,959
Restricted: Child Nutrition Retirement of Long-Term Debt Capital Acquisition	2,676,012 1,145,508 94,219 3,915,739
Assigned: Campus Activity Funds	687,550
Total Other Governmental Fund fund balance	4,621,248
Total Governmental fund balance	\$25,528,721

#### O. Tax Abatements

The Tuloso-Midway ISD Board of Trustees has approved agreements with various companies for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School Distict Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and date centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The applications, the agreements and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php.

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the district for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that a company terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or is successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, the the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec. 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

payment obligation is through the local state district court.

Below is the abatement information that is required by GASB Statement No. 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the District but does not include any I&S impact.

< A >	< B >	< C >	< D <	< E >	< F >	< G >
	Project's Value	Amount of	Amount of	Company Revenue Loss	Company Supplemental	Net Benefit (Loss) to the
Project	Limitation	Applicant's	Applicant's	Payment to	Payment to	School District
Value	Amount	M&O Taxes	M&O Taxes	School District	School District	2021
2021	2021	Paid 2021	Reduced 2021	2021	2021	(E+F)
\$530,606,843	\$30,000,000	\$309,120	\$5,158,253		\$330,090	\$330,090

## Project Description

1. CC Polymers, LLC (Application #277) First Year Value Limitation: 2016



Required Supplementary Information  Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the	e Governmental
Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		1 2		2	3		Variance with Final Budget		
Control			Budgeted Amounts Original Actual						Positive
Codes	_		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	31,302,054 8,086,129 503,800 39,891,983	\$	31,450,185 7,342,545 1,212,830 40,005,560	\$	31,515,664 7,126,107 1,212,494 39,854,265	\$	65,479 (216,438) (336) (151,295)
	EVDENDITUDEC.								
0011 0012 0013	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction and Instructional Related Services: Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services		21,465,616 431,113 121,427 22,018,156	-	21,258,027 419,067 245,883 21,922,977		20,827,200 411,255 187,569 21,426,024		430,827 7,812 58,314 496,953
0021 0023	Instructional and School Leadership: Instructional Leadership School Leadership Total Instructional and School Leadership	-	650,504 2,153,920 2,804,424	_	720,955 2,238,740 2,959,695	_	698,740 2,215,595 2,914,335		22,215 23,145 45,360
0031 0032 0033 0034 0036	Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Social Work Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	1,270,262 1,000 413,075 971,904 1,687,351 4,343,592	_	1,224,320 1,000 382,115 1,034,594 1,929,872 4,571,901		1,247,099  376,228 982,963 1,816,825 4,423,115		(22,779) 1,000 5,887 51,631 113,047 148,786
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration Total Administrative Support Services	-	1,604,368 1,604,368	-	2,020,895 2,020,895	-	1,993,852 1,993,852		27,043 27,043
0051 0052 0053	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	6,040,991 302,931 672,863 7,016,785	-	5,883,541 338,908 742,030 6,964,479		5,615,486 381,660 739,472 6,736,618		268,055 (42,752) 2,558 227,861
0061	Ancillary Services: Community Services Total Ancillary Services	-	300 300		300 300	-			300 300
0071 0072 0073	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees Total Debt Service		882,718 101,928 400 985,046	-	882,718 101,928 400 985,046		882,715 101,775  984,490		3 153 400 556
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay Total Capital Outlay	-	130,000 130,000		5,988,143 5,988,143		232,343 232,343		5,755,800 5,755,800
0091	Intergovernmental Charges: Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	s	497,812		530,000		521,402		8,598

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		1	2	3	Variance with
Data					Final Budget
Control		Budgetee	d Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative				
0095	Education Programs	36,500	37,500	37,392	108
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	460,000	460,000	456,530	3,470
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	994,312	1,027,500	1,015,324	12,176
6030	Total Expenditures	39,896,983	46,440,936	39,726,101	6,714,835
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	(5,000)	(6,435,376)	128,164	6,563,540
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	5,000	5,000		(5,000)
8949	Other Uses		(189,236)	(189,235)	` 1
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	5,000	(184,236)	(189,235)	(4,999)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,619,612)	(61,071)	6,558,541
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	20,968,544	20,968,544	20,968,544	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 20,968,544	\$ 14,348,932	\$ 20,907,473	\$ 6,558,541

# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0 0161675773%	0 0169277600%	0 0177098759%	0 0188083878%	0 0179568271%	0 0184805858%	0 0188781000%	0 0106957000%	
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,117,310	\$ 9,066,163	\$ 9,206,147	<b>\$</b> 10,352,593	\$ 5,741,626	\$ 6,983,539	\$ 6,673,157	\$ 2,856,969	
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	8,843,281	20,019,553	18,825,481	21,021,291	12,393,506	14,773,498	13,686,138	11,728,072	
Total	\$ 12,960,591	\$ 29,085,716	\$ 28,031,628	\$ 31,373,884	\$ 18,135,132	\$ 21,757,037	\$ 20,359,295	\$ 14,585,041	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 24,259,437	\$ 25,172,805	\$ 23,502,063	<b>\$</b> 23,774,796	\$ 22,656,661	\$ 22,128,117	\$ 20,359,295	<b>\$</b> 14,585,041	
Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroli	16 97%	36 02%	39 17%	43 54%	25 34%	31 56%	32 78%	19 59%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	88 79%	75 54%	75 24%	73 74%	82 17%	78 00%	78 43%	83 25%	

Note Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138 "The information for all periods for the 10 year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Fiscal Year Ended August 31,														
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	s	835,588	\$	689,997	s	698,444	\$	619,867	s	629,986	s	588,046	s	587,175	\$	588,989
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	-	(835,588)		(689,997)		(698,444)		(619,867)		(629,986)		(588,046)		(587,175)		(558,989)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		-		-	\$	-			\$	•	_\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>s</u>	30,000
District's Covered Payroll	s	25,342,964	s	24,259,437	\$	25,172,805	\$	23,502,063	S	24,903,114	\$	22,656,661	s	22,128,177	\$	20,650,249
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		3 30%		2 84%		2 77%		2 64%		2 53%		2 60%		2 65%		2 85%

Note Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138 "The information for all periods for the 10 year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0252004822%	0.0273339344%	0.0267498656%	0.0285170667%	0.0265717836%	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 9,720,952	\$ 10,390,863	\$ 12,650,339	\$ 14,238,832	\$ 11,555,072	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	13,023,909	13,962,829	16,809,471	21,147,981	18,300,293	
Total	\$ 22,744,861	\$ 24,353,692	\$ 29,459,810	\$ 35,386,813	\$ 29,855,365	
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 24,259,437	\$ 25,172,805	\$ 23,502,063	\$ 23,774,796	\$ 22,656,661	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	40.07%	41.28%	53.83%	59.89%	51.00%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### TULOSO-MIDWAY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

			Fis	cal Y	ear Ended August	31,				
	 2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 212,937	\$	196,873	\$	207,757	\$	189,850	\$	196,192	
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	 (212,937)		(196,873)		(207,757)		(189,850)		(196,192)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 ~	\$		_\$_	_		_			
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 25,342,964	\$	24,259,437	\$	25,172,805	\$	23,502,063	\$	23,774,796	
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	0.84%		0.81%		0.83%		0.81%		0.83%	

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### Budaet

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	1	2	3		
Year Ended August 31	T Maintenance	ax Rates  Debt Service	Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes		
2013 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various		
2014	1.04	.2771	2,195,544,346		
2015	1.09	.3045	2,212,755,633		
2016	1.1056	.2718	2,406,366,842		
2017	1.17	.2389	2,690,525,631		
2018	1.17	.2022	3,165,916,701		
2019	1.17	.2022	3,297,621,077		
2020	1.0684	.1456	3,690,885,087		
2021	1.0304	.1451	3,912,980,536		
2022 (School Year Under Audit)	1.0304	.1504	3,798,357,323		
1000 Totals					

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Beginning		20 Current		31		32		40 Entire		50 Ending
Balance		Year's		Maintenance		Debt Service	Year's			Balance
 9/1/21		Total Levy	_	Collections	-	Collections		Adjustments		8/31/22
\$ 282,863	\$		\$	501	\$	124	\$	(50,472)	\$	231,766
62,152				174		46				61,932
55,187				1,385		387				53,415
87,694				450		111		(1,605)		85,528
117,876				1,505		307		(3,707)		112,357
117,994				4,103		709		939		114,121
107,015		***		5,673		980		2,786		103,148
2,681,596				(2,044)		(279)		(20,856)		2,663,063
4,197,722				44,145		6,216		(54,930)		4,092,431
		39,484,847		30,580,108		5,216,458		(363,223)		3,325,058
\$ 7,710,099	\$_	39,484,847	\$_	30,636,000	\$	5,225,059	\$	(491,068)	\$_	10,842,819
\$ <b></b>	\$	····	\$	***	\$	•••	\$		\$	

Levies & Collections								
Fiscal Year	Levy		Current	Percent				
End	Year	Tax Levy	Collections	of Levy				
08/31/18	2017	37,160,579	34,048,780	91.63%				
08/31/19	2018	38,918,490	38,639,077	99.28%				
08/31/20	2019	39,169,187	36,333,004	92.76%				
08/31/21	2020	40,413,384	36,215,662	89.61%				
08/31/22	2021	39 121 624	35 796 566	91.50%				

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM AS OF AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes	_	R	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	3,623,851
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$	2,029,277
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	144,637
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	155,043

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control			1		2		3 Variance Positive
Codes	<del>-</del>		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:					•	<b>70.00</b> 4
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	222,600	\$	296,491	\$	73,891
5800	State Program Revenues		10,000		10,429		429
5900	Federal Program Revenues		2,235,000		3,304,993		1,069,993
5020	Total Revenues		2,467,600		3,611,913		1,144,313
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):						
0035	Food Services		2,399,941		2,392,940		7,001
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		2,399,941	-	2,392,940	-	7,001
		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:						
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		67,659		71,838		(4,179)
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		67,659		71,838		(4,179)
					····		
6030	Total Expenditures		2,467,600		2,464,778		2,822
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures				1,147,135		1,147,135
1100	Experialization			_	1,111,100	***************************************	.,,
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In				644,860		644,860
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				644,860		644,860
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-			1,791,995	********	1,791,995
0400	Fund Dalance Decimina		004.070		001.070		
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	Φ	901,976	φ	901,976	Φ	1 701 005
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	901,976	\$	2,693,971	Φ_	1,791,995

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

			1		2		3
Data							Variance
Control							Positive
Codes	_	_	Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,162,000	\$	5,266,049	\$	104,049
5800	State Program Revenues		35,000		35,581		581
5020	Total Revenues		5,197,000		5,301,630		104,630
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		3,660,000		3,660,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,467,795		1,467,794		1
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		12,000		5,500		6,500
	Total Debt Service		5,139,795		5,133,294		6,501
0000	Total Francis Steman		E 400 70E		E 100 004	-	6 501
6030	Total Expenditures	******	5,139,795		5,133,294		6,501
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		57,205		168,336		111,131
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	passes	57,205		168,336		111,131
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		977,172		977,172		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	1,034,377	\$	1,145,508	\$	111,131
		· —		'=			•

#### Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

#### Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be

reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lover + Kinchnick, 228

Corpus Christi, TX February 16, 2023

#### Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Tuloso-Midway Independent School District 9760 La Branch Drive Corpus Christi, Texas 78410

Members of the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We have audited Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Tuloso-Midway Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the

compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
  basis, evidence regarding Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
  the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lover + Kuschnick , 27

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Corpus Christi, TX February 16, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmod	dified		
	Internal control over financial reporting	:				
	One or more material weaknesse	s identified?	AND CONTRACTOR CONTRAC	Yes	X_	No
	One or more significant deficienci are not considered to be material		•	Yes	X	None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	X	No
2.	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesse	s identified?	***************************************	Yes	X	No
	One or more significant deficienci are not considered to be material			Yes	X_	None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on com major programs:	pliance for	Unmod	dified		
	Version of compliance supplement use	ed in audit:	April 20	022		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are re reported in accordance with Title 2 U. Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200,	.S. Code of	•	Yes	X	No
	Identification of major programs:					
	Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.010A	Name of Federal P Title I, Part A - Impl IDEA-B Cluster				
	84.027A 84.027X 84.173A 84.425D 84.425D 84.425U	IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula A IDEA-B Preschoo CARES - ESSER CRRSA - ESSER I ARP - ESSER III	ı			
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	tween	<b>A</b>			
	type A and type B programs:		\$750,0	000		
	Auditee qualified as low-rick auditee?		Y	Vac		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
N/A - No prior findings		

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Program Corrective Action Plan

N/A No corrective action required.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subre - cipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553	099580680	\$	\$ 882,838
National School Lunch Program Supply Chain Assistance State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer Emergency Operational Cost Reimbursement Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555 10.555 10.555	099580680 099580680 099580680 099580680	   	1,814,634 105,033 3,063 12,363 2,817,930
Commodity Supplemental Food Program Child and Adult Care Food Program Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.565 10.558	099580680 099580680	  	210,340 276,722 3,304,992 3,304,992
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Texas Health & Human Services Commission: Medicaid Administrative Claiming Total Passed Through Texas Health & Human Services Commission	93.778 sion	HHS000537900182		25,139 25,139
Passed Through State Department of Education: ELC Reopening Schools Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.323	HHS001114100001		148,127 148,127 173,266
U. S. Department of Education  Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Total AL Number 84.010A	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	21610101178912 22610101178912 23610101178912	  	57,470 874,196 2,917 934,583
IDEA-B Cluster: IDEA-Part B, Formula IDEA-Part B, Formula IDEA - Part B, Formula - American Rescue Plan (ARP)	84.027A 84.027A 84.027X	216600011789126600 226600011789126600 225350011789125000	  	45,277 715,287 20,045
Act of 2021 IDEA-Part B, Preschool IDEA-Part B, Preschool IDEA-Part B, Preschool Total IDEA-B Cluster	84.173A 84.173A 84.173A	216610011789126610 226610011789126610 236610011789126610		454 10,387 887 792,337
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006178912		45,270
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	22694501178912		10,488
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	22694501178912		152,729
Total AL Number 84.367A  Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES)  Act - ESSER	84.425D	20521001178912		163,217

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 2 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
		Pass- Through	Passed Through	
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity	to	
Pass-Through Grantor/	AL	Identifying	Subre -	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	cipients	Expenditures
ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act	84.425D	21521001178912		892,001
Total ALN Number 84.425D				907,772
ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	84.425U	21528001178912		1,979,253
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	22680101178912		17,449
				, , , , ,
Innovative Approaches to Literacy	84.215G	S215G210063		2,328
.,				·
LEP Summer School	84.369A	69552002		2,949
Total Passed Through State Department of Education				4,845,157
Total U. S. Department of Education				4,845,157
U. S. Department of Defense Passed Through State Department of Education:				
DFAS NJROTC	12.000	178-912		84,923
Total U. S. Department of Defense				84,923
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	\$8,408,339

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### Federal Assistance Reconciliation

Federal Grants and Contracts Revenues per Exhibit C-2	9,056,239
Less: School Health & Related Services (SHARS) reported in General Fund	(647,900)
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	8,408,339

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Tuloso-Midway Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Tuloso-Midway Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.